

FCC HAC (RF Emission) Test Report

Report No. : HC190417C15

Applicant : UNIMAX Communications

Address : Unimax Communications LLC 18201 McDermott Street W. Suite E Irvine, CA 92614

Product : U505TL

FCC ID : P46-U505TL

Brand : UNIMAX

Model No. : U505TL

Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 20.19, ANSI C63.19-2011
KDB 285076 D01 v05, KDB 285076 D02 v03

Sample Received Date : Apr. 17, 2019

Date of Testing : Apr. 17, 2019

Summary M-Rating : M4

Lab Address : No. 47-2, 14th Ling, Chia Pau Vil., Lin Kou Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Test Location : No. 19, Hwa Ya 2nd Rd, Wen Hwa Vil, Kwei Shan Dist., Taoyuan City 33383, Taiwan (R.O.C)

CERTIFICATION: The above equipment have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch – Lin Kou Laboratories**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's HAC characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any government agencies.

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FCC Accredited No.: TW0003

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Table of Contents

Release Control Record	3
1. Summary of Maximum M-Rating	4
2. Description of Equipment Under Test	5
3. HAC RF Emission Measurement System	7
3.1 SPEAG DASY52 System	7
3.1.1 Robot.....	8
3.1.2 Probes.....	8
3.1.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	9
3.1.4 Phantoms.....	9
3.1.5 Device Holder.....	9
3.1.6 RF Emission Calibration Dipoles	9
3.2 DASY52 System Verification	10
3.3 EUT Measurements Reference and Plane.....	11
3.4 HAC RF Emission Measurement Procedure	12
3.5 Modulation Interference Factor	14
4. HAC Measurement Evaluation.....	16
4.1 M-Rating Category	16
4.2 EUT Configuration and Setting.....	16
4.3 System Verification.....	16
4.4 Maximum Target Conducted Power	17
4.5 Low Power Exemption Evaluation.....	18
4.6 Measured Conducted Power Results	18
4.7 HAC RF Emission Testing Results	18
5. Calibration of Test Equipment.....	18
6. Measurement Uncertainty.....	19
7. Information of the Testing Laboratories.....	20

Appendix A. Photographs of EUT and Setup

Release Control Record

Report No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
HC190417C15	Initial release	Jun. 10, 2019

FCC HAC (RF Emission) Test Report

1. Summary of Maximum M-Rating

Mode	Band	Maximum Audio Interference Level (dBV/m)	M-Rating
WCDMA	Band II	N/A	M4
	Band IV	N/A	M4
	Band V	N/A	M4
FDD-LTE	Band 2	N/A	M4
	Band 4	N/A	M4
	Band 5	N/A	M4
	Band 12	N/A	M4
	Band 66	N/A	M4
	Band 71	N/A	M4
WLAN	2.4G	N/A	M4
Summary		M4	

Note:

1. The HAC RF emission limit (**M-rating Category M3**) is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 20.19 and ANSI C63.19.
2. The device RF emission rating is determined by the minimum rating.

FCC HAC (RF Emission) Test Report

2. Description of Equipment Under Test

EUT Type	U505TL
FCC ID	P46-U505TL
Brand Name	UNIMAX
Model Name	U505TL
Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	WCDMA Band II : 1852.4 ~ 1907.6 Band IV : 1712.4 ~ 1752.6 Band V : 826.4 ~ 846.6 FDD-LTE Band 2 : 1850.7 ~ 1909.3 (BW: 1.4M, 3M, 5M, 10M, 15M, 20M) Band 4 : 1710.7 ~ 1754.3 (BW: 1.4M, 3M, 5M, 10M, 15M, 20M) Band 5 : 824.7 ~ 848.3 (BW: 1.4M, 3M, 5M, 10M) Band 12 : 699.7 ~ 715.3 (BW: 1.4M, 3M, 5M, 10M) Band 66 : 1710.7 ~ 1779.3 (BW: 1.4M, 3M, 5M, 10M, 15M, 20M) Band 71 : 665.5 ~ 695.5 (BW: 5M, 10M, 15M, 20M) WLAN 2412 ~ 2462 Bluetooth 2402 ~ 2480
Modulations Supported in Uplink	WCDMA : QPSK LTE : QPSK, 16QAM 802.11b : DSSS 802.11g/n : OFDM Bluetooth : GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
EUT Stage	Engineering Sample

Note:

- The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

List of Accessory:

Battery	Brand Name	HONDEE
	Manufacturer	Shenzhen HongDe Battery Co.,Ltd
	Model Name	U505TLBATT
	Power Rating	9.24Wh, 2400mA
	Type	Li-ion
LCD Panel	Brand Name	LIDE
	Manufacturer	ShenZhen Lide Communications LTD
	Model Name	4.98" FWVGA 4.98inch
Photo Camera	Part Number	ZN50KPSN3H1FKDC
	Brand Name	shinotech
	Manufacturer	ShineTech Optical Co.,Ltd
Video Camera	Model Name	5M
	Brand Name	shinotech
	Manufacturer	ShineTech Optical Co.,Ltd
Video Camera	Model Name	2M

FCC HAC (RF Emission) Test Report

Air Interface and Operational Mode:

Air Interface	Bands	Transport Type	HAC Tested	Simultaneous But Not Tested	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
WCDMA	II	VO	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN or BT	CMRS Voice	No
	IV					No
	V					No
	HSPA	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN or BT	Google Duo	No
FDD-LTE	2	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN or BT	VoLTE Google Duo	No
	4					No
	5					No
	12					No
	66					No
	71					No
WLAN	2.4G	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	WWAN	VoWiFi Google Duo	No
Bluetooth	2.4G	DT	No	WWAN	N/A	No
Transport Type VO = Legacy Cellular Voice Service DT = Digital Transport Only (No Voice) VD = IP Voice Service over Digital Transport			Note 1. It applies the low power exemption per ANSI C63.19-2011.			

3. HAC RF Emission Measurement System

3.1 SPEAG DASY52 System

The SPEAG DASY52 system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY52 software defined. The DASY52 software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

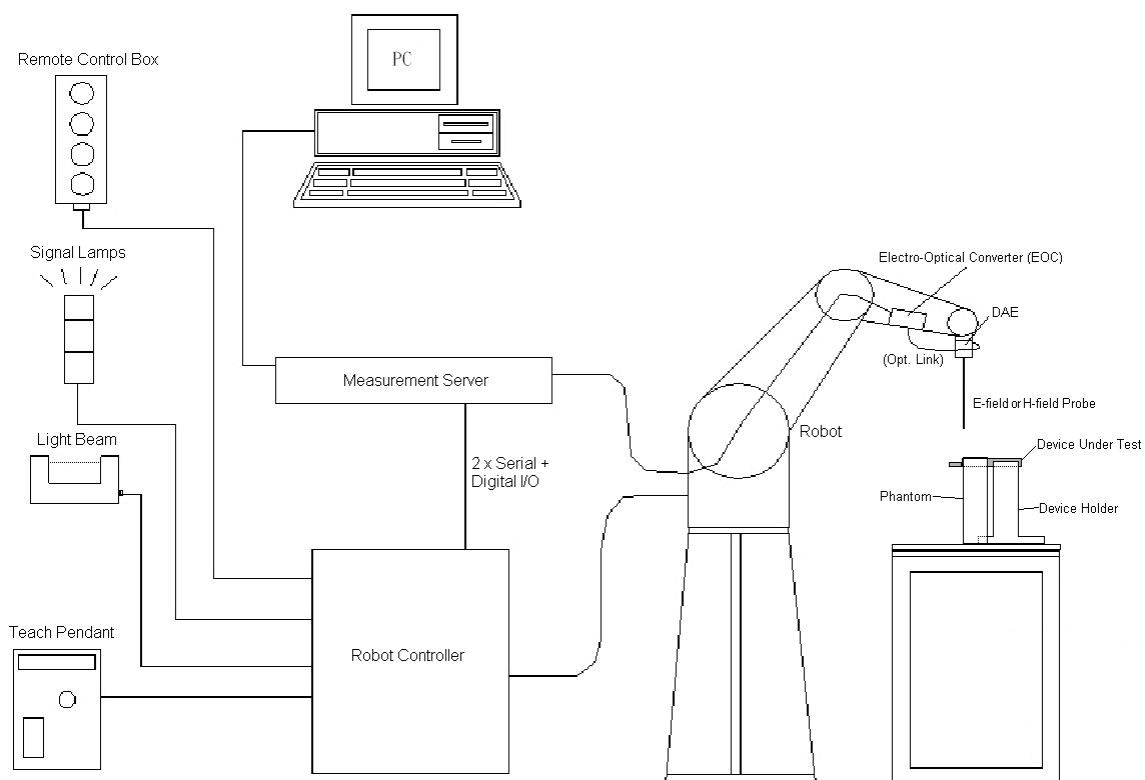


Fig-3.1 DASY52 System Setup

FCC HAC (RF Emission) Test Report

3.1.1 Robot

The DASY52 system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY52: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ± 0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

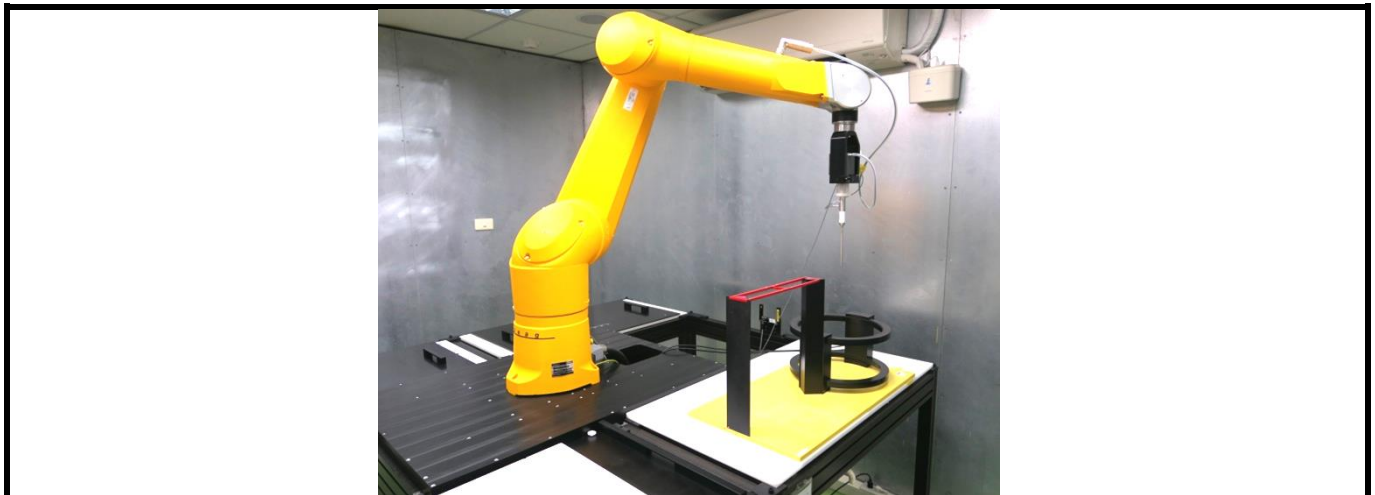


Fig-3.2 DASY52 Measurement System

3.1.2 Probes

Model	ER3DV6	
Construction	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Built-in shielding against static charges	
Frequency	40 MHz to 3 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	2 V/m to 1000 V/m Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm	

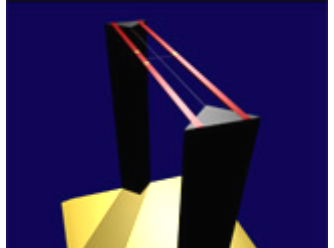
Model	EF3DV3	
Construction	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Built-in shielding against static charges	
Frequency	40 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	2 V/m to 1000 V/m Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.5 mm	

FCC HAC (RF Emission) Test Report

3.1.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)	
Input Offset Voltage	< 5µV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

3.1.4 Phantoms

Model	Test Arch	
Construction	Enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot.	
Dimensions	Length : 370 mm Width : 370 mm Height : 370 mm	

3.1.5 Device Holder

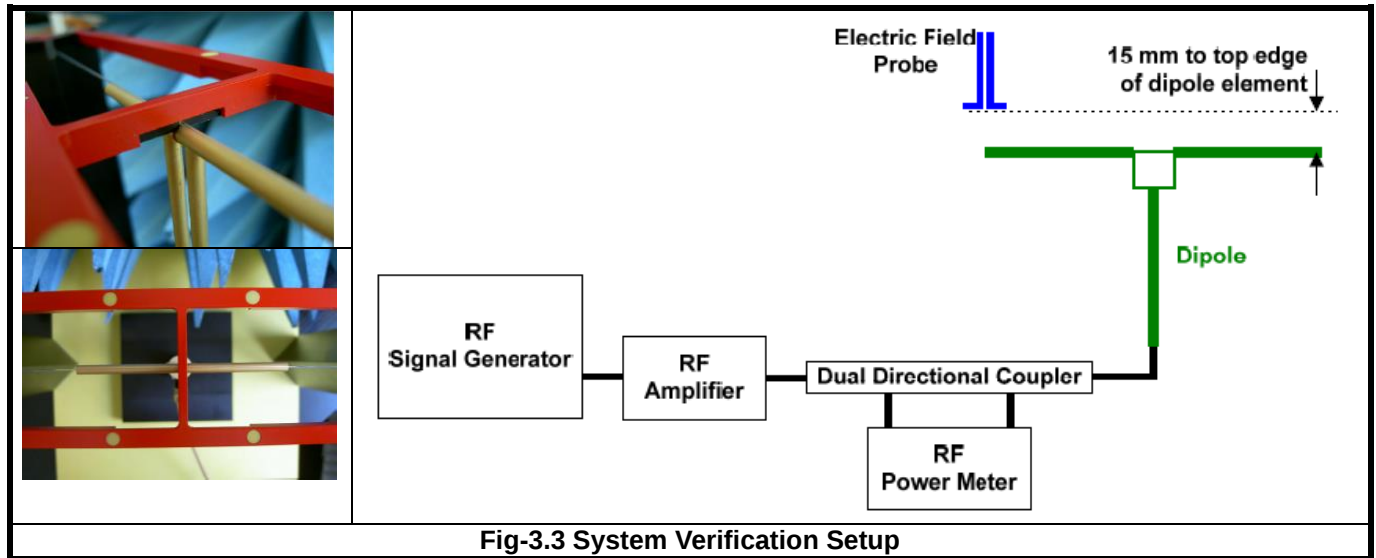
Model	Mounting Device	
Construction	The Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to ANSI C63.19.	
Material	POM	

3.1.6 RF Emission Calibration Dipoles

Model	CD-Serial	
Construction	Free space antenna Hearing Aid susceptibility measurements according to ANSI C63.19. Validation of Hearing Aid RF setup for wireless device emission measurements according to ANSI C63.19	
Frequency	CD700V3 : 698 ~ 806 MHz CD835V3 : 800 ~ 960 MHz CD1880V3 : 1710 ~ 2000 MHz CD2450V3 : 2250 ~ 2650 MHz CD2600V3 : 2450 ~ 2750 MHz CD3500V3 : 3300 ~ 3950 MHz CD5500V3 : 5000 ~ 5900 MHz	
Return Loss	CD700V3 : > 15 dB (750 MHz > 20 dB) CD835V3 : > 15 dB (835 MHz > 25 dB) CD1880V3 : > 18 dB (1880 MHz > 20 dB) CD2450V3 : > 18 dB (2450 MHz > 25 dB) CD2600V3 : > 18 dB (2600 MHz > 20 dB) CD3500V3 : > 16 dB (3500 MHz > 20 dB) CD5500V3 : > 18 dB (5500 MHz > 20 dB)	
Power Capability	> 40 W continuous	

3.2 DASY52 System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed before every E-field measurement. The system check uses normal measurements in the center section of the arch phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the center of arch phantom. The power meter measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power, 100 mW (20 dBm) at the dipole connector and the RF power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at RF power meter.

After system check testing, the E-field result will be compared with the reference value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 25 %.

The result of system verification is shown in section 4.3 of this report.

FCC HAC (RF Emission) Test Report

3.3 EUT Measurements Reference and Plane

The EUT is mounted in the device holder. The acoustic output of the EUT will coincide with the center point of the area formed by the dielectric wire and the middle bar of the arch's top frame. Then EUT will be moved vertically upwards until it touches the frame.

Fig-3.4 and Fig-3.5 illustrate the references and reference plane that is used in the RF emissions measurement.

- The grid is 50 mm by 50 mm area that is divided into nine evenly sized blocks or sub-grids.
- The grid is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.
- The grid is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which in normal handset use rest against the ear.
- The measurement plane is parallel to and 15 mm in front of the reference plane.



Fig-3.4 EUT Reference and Plane

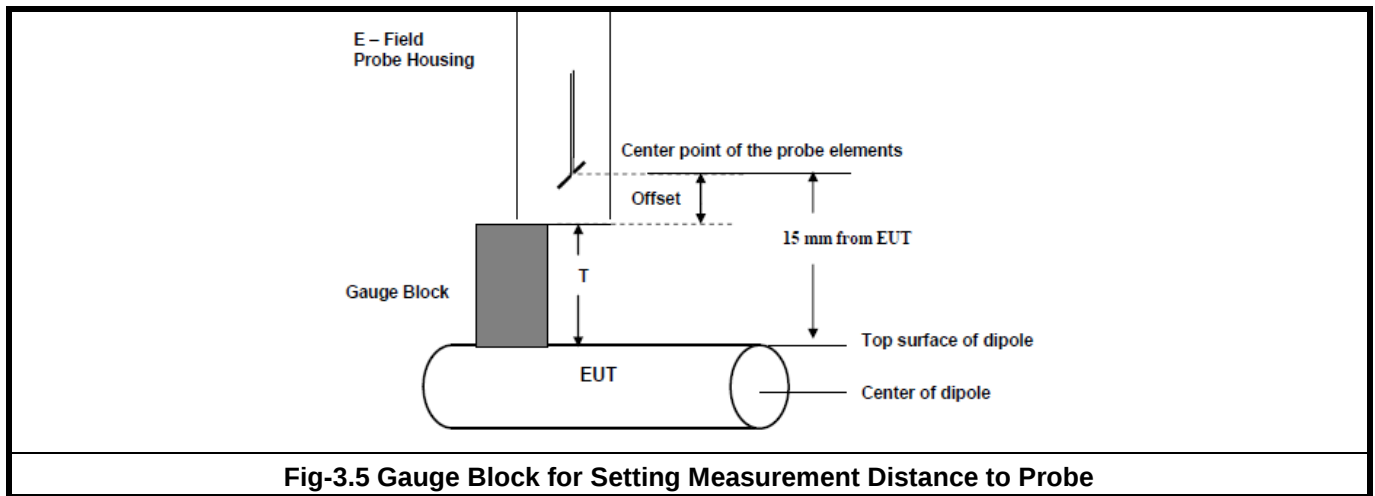


Fig-3.5 Gauge Block for Setting Measurement Distance to Probe

3.4 HAC RF Emission Measurement Procedure

The RF emissions test procedure for wireless communications device is as below.

1. Confirm the proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
2. Position the WD in its intended test position.
3. Set the WD to transmit a fixed and repeatable combination of signal power and modulation characteristic that is representative of the worst case (highest interference potential) encountered in normal use. Transiently occurring start-up, changeover, or termination conditions, or other operations likely to occur less than 1% of the time during normal operation, may be excluded from consideration.
4. The center sub-grid shall be centered on the T-Coil mode perpendicular measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the 50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane, illustrated in Fig-3.4. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
5. Record the reading at the output of the measurement system.
6. Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equally spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point. The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
7. Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
8. Identify the maximum reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in step 7.
9. Indirect Measurement Method: The RF audio interference level in dB(V/m) is obtained by adding the MIF (in dB) to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading, in dB(V/m), from step 8. Use this result to determine the category rating.

FCC HAC (RF Emission) Test Report

10. Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories in section 4.1 and record the resulting WD category rating.
11. For the T-Coil mode M-rating assessment, determine whether the chosen perpendicular measurement point is contained in an included sub-grid of the first can. If so, then a second scan is not necessary. The first scan and resultant category rating may be used for the T-Coil mode M-rating. Otherwise, repeat step 1 through step 9, with the grid shifted so that it is centered on the perpendicular measurement point. Record the WD category rating.

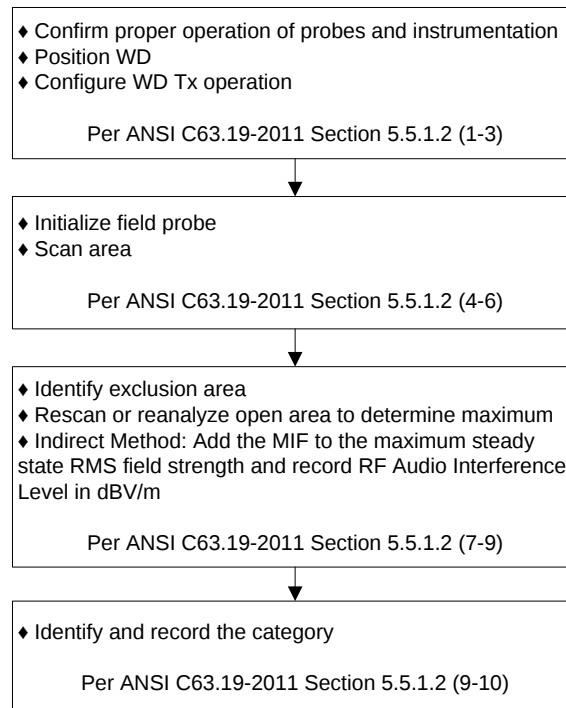


Fig-3.6 WD Near-Field Emission Test Flowchart

3.5 Modulation Interference Factor

The HAC Standard ANSI C63.19-2011 defines a new scaling using the Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) which replaces the need for the Articulation Weighting Factor (AWF) during the evaluation and is applicable to any modulation scheme.

The Modulation Interference Factor (MIF, in dB) is added to the measured average E-field (in dBV/m) and converts it to the RF audio interference potential (in dBV/m). This level considers the audible amplitude modulation components in the RF E-field. CW fields without amplitude modulation are assumed to not interfere with the hearing aid electronics. Modulations without time slots and low fluctuations at low frequencies have low MIF values, TDMA modulations with narrow transmission slots and repetition rates of few 100 Hz have high MIF values and give similar classification as ANSI C63.19-2007.

ER3D E-field probe have a bandwidth <10 kHz and can therefore not evaluate the RF envelope in the full audio band. DASY52 is therefore using the "indirect" measurement method according to ANSI C63.19-2011 which is the primary method. This near field probe read the averaged E-field. Especially for the new high peak-to-average (PAR) signal types, the probes shall be linearized by PMR calibration in order to not overestimate the field reading.

The evaluation method for the MIF is defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 section D.7. An RMS demodulated RF signal is fed to a spectral filter (similar to an A weighting filter) and forwarded to a temporal filter acting as a quasi-peak detector. The averaged output of these filtering is scaled to a 1 kHz 80% AM signal as reference. It may alternatively be determined through analysis and simulation, because it is constant and characteristic for a communication signal. DASY52 uses well-defined signals for PMR calibration. The MIF of these signals has been determined numerically. It allows a precise scaling and is therefore automatically applied.

The following table lists the MIF values evaluated by DASY52 manufacturer (SPEAG), and the test result will be calculated with the MIF parameter automatically. The detailed parameters for E-field probe can be found in the probe calibration report in SPEAG official website.

UID	Reversion	Communication System Name	MIF (dB)
10021	DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	3.63
10025	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	3.75
10460	AAA	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA, AMR)	-25.43
10225	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	-20.39
10081	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	-19.71
10295	AAB	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	3.26
10403	AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	-17.67
10170	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	-9.76
10172	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	-1.62
10173	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.44
10174	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.54
10061	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	-2.02
10077	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	0.12
10427	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	-13.44
10069	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	-3.15
10616	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	-5.57

FCC HAC (RF Emission) Test Report

The MIF measurement uncertainty listed in following table is estimated by SPEAG.

MIF (dB)	MIF Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
-7 to +5	0.2
-13 to +11	0.5
> -20	1.0

4. HAC Measurement Evaluation

4.1 M-Rating Category

The HAC Standard ANSI C63.19-2011 represents performance requirements for acceptable interoperability of hearing aids with wireless communications devices. When these parameters are met, a hearing aid operates acceptably in close proximity to a wireless communications device.

Emission Categories	E-Field Emissions < 960 MHz (dB V/m)	E-Field Emissions > 960 MHz (dB V/m)
Category M1	50 - 55	40 - 45
Category M2	45 - 50	35 - 40
Category M3	40 - 45	30 - 35
Category M4	< 40	< 30

4.2 EUT Configuration and Setting

For HAC RF emission testing, the EUT was linked and controlled by base station emulator. Communication between the EUT and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the communicating antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during HAC testing.

4.3 System Verification

Not applicable.

FCC HAC (RF Emission) Test Report

4.4 Maximum Target Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

Air Interface			Max. Tune-up Power
			Antenna 0
WCDMA	Band II	AMR	25
		HSPA	24
	Band IV	AMR	25
		HSPA	24
	Band V	AMR	25
		HSPA	24
FDD-LTE	Band 2		25
	Band 4		25
	Band 5		25
	Band 12		25
	Band 66		25
	Band 71		25
WLAN 2.4G	802.11b		18.5
	802.11g		16.5
	802.11n HT20		14.5

FCC HAC (RF Emission) Test Report

4.5 Low Power Exemption Evaluation

According to ANSI C63.19-2011 section 4, RF air interface technologies that have low power have been found to produce sufficiently low RF interference potential, so it is possible to exempt them from the product testing. An RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its worst-case MIF is ≤ 17 dBm for any of its operating modes. If a device supports multiple RF air interfaces, each RF air interface shall be evaluated individually. An RF air interface technology that is exempted from testing by above method could be rated as M4.

The low power exemption for this device is analyzed in below.

Air Interface			Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF (dB)	C63.19 Testing Required
WCDMA	AMR		25	-25.43	-0.43	No
	HSPA		24	-20.39	3.61	No
FDD-LTE			25	-9.76	15.24	No
WLAN 2.4G	802.11b	ANT-0	18.5	-2.02	16.48	No
	802.11g	ANT-0	16.5	0.12	16.62	No
	802.11n HT20	ANT-0	14.5	-13.44	1.06	No

Note:

1. The TDD-LTE 16QAM/64QAM data modes were considered but not tested because QPSK mode was worst case for the TDD-LTE air interface.
2. The 802.11b modes were considered but not tested because 802.11g mode was worst case for the WLAN 2.4G air interface.

4.6 Measured Conducted Power Results

Not applicable.

4.7 HAC RF Emission Testing Results

All of the air interface technologies of this device apply to low power exemption and testing is not required.

5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Not applicable.

FCC HAC (RF Emission) Test Report

6. Measurement Uncertainty

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (E)	Standard Uncertainty (E)
Measurement System					
Probe Calibration	5.05	Normal	1	1	± 5.1 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.7 %
Sensor Displacement	16.5	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 9.5 %
Boundary Effects	2.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.4 %
Phantom Boundary Effect	7.2	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 4.2 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.7 %
Scaling with PMR Calibration	10.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 5.8 %
System Detection Limit	0.25	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.1 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.7 %
RF Reflections	12.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 6.9 %
Probe Positioner	1.2	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.7 %
Probe Positioning	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.7 %
Extrap. and Interpolation	2.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.2 %
Test Sample Related					
Device Positioning Vertical	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.7 %
Device Positioning Lateral	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.6 %
Device Holder and Phantom	2.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.4 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup Related					
Phantom Thickness	2.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.4 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty					± 16.3 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %					K = 2
Expanded Uncertainty					± 32.6 %

Uncertainty budget for HAC RF Emission

FCC HAC (RF Emission) Test Report

7. Information of the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Taiwan HwaYa EMC/RF/Safety/Telecom Lab:

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The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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