Tantalus Systems Corp.

TR-1901

Report of Measurements

per

Industry Canada RSS-210 Issue 8

and

FCC CFR47 Part 15/B; FCC CFR47 Part 15/C - 15.247

Revision 1.0 Feb 5, 2013

Approval			
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		1	
Checked By:	Parm Singh, EMC Division Manager	<u>Feb 6, 2013</u> Date	
Tested By:		Feb 5 2013	
	Aman Jathaul, EMC Project Manager	Date	

Quality Auditing Institute 19473 Fraser Way, Pitt Meadows, BC, V3Y 2V4, Canada

Test Report Summary

FCC 15.247 / IC RSS-210

Frequency Hopping 902.17 – 927.83MHz communication Module

FCC ID: OZFDC1901 IC: 3669A-DC1901

Organization Requesting Report: Tantalus Systems Corp.

Contact: Mark Fairburn, RF Design Engineer

Test Organization: Quality Auditing Institute Ltd.

Contact: Lawrence Gibson, P. Eng

Test Personnel: Aman Jathaul

Checked By: Parm Singh, EMC Division Manager

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Section 1: Information for Test Report of Measurements

Testing Details

TESTED BY: Aman Jathaul

TEST CONDITIONS: Temperature and Humidity: 22°, 47%

TEST VOLTAGE: 240V A.C. – XR-3100

120V A.C. - XR-3100

Test Facilities

Testing Laboratory: Quality Auditing Institute

Address: 19473 Fraser Way, Pitt Meadows, BC, V3Y 2V4, Canada

Test Site Registration: FCC (OATS 10m and SAC-3m): 226383

Industry Canada (SAC-3m): 9543B-1 Industry Canada (OATS-10m): 9543C-1

Accreditations (ISO 17025): Standard Council of Canada: Accredited Laboratory No. 743

International Accreditation Service Inc: Accredited Laboratory: No. TL-239

Test Equipment List

Device	Model Number	Equipment Description	Serial No.	Next Cal
Antenna	Sunol Sciences JB3	Biconilog Antenna (30MHz-3GHz)	A042004	Mar 12, 2015
EMI Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz ESU40	EMI Receiver (20Hz-40GHz)	100011	June 26, 2015
LISN	COM-POWER LI- 115	LISN (150kHz-30MHz)	241036	Mar 9, 2014
Horn Antenna	COM-POWER AHA-118	Horn Antenna with LNA (1-18Ghz)	711040	Mar 11, 2014
Turntable	ETS Lindgren 2165	00043677	N/A	N/A
Mast	ETS Lindgren 2165	00077487	N/A	N/A

Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter	Uncertainty	
Radio Frequency	±1 x 10-5 MHz	
Radiated Emissions	±3 dB	
Temperature	±1°C	
Humidity	±5 %	
DC and low frequency voltages	±3 %	

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EMC Compatibility Report

Company Tested

NAME: Tantalus Systems Corp.

ADDRESS: 301–3480 Gilmore Way

Burnaby, BC V5G 4Y1

Canada

CONTACT PERSON: Mr. Mark Fairburn

PHONE NUMBER: 1-604-299-0458 x:229

Equipment Under Test

THE TEST SYSTEM:

The Tantalus Systems TR-1901 is a RF repeater that houses a Part 15 transceiver. This device faciltates deployment of the Tantalus real-time two-way communication network in areas of aggressive terrain or to extend coverage. The LAN module can support a variety of data rates and multi-level FSK modulation formats to achieve data rates upto 640kbps.

Product ID: TR-1901

Comm. Module:

Manufacturer: Tantalus Systems Corp.

Part Numbers: 100-0127-F Serial number: 000C74491E

TEST SETUP: This EUT is designed to communicate with other Part 15 devices and employs a

Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS) system operating in the 902-928

MHz band.

CABLING:

Cable	Pins	Connector	Load/Termination	Shielded	Ferrites
Power	3	Terminal	No	No	No

MODIFICATIONS: No modifications were made for this unit to pass.

CONCLUSION: The TR-1901 complies with the requirements of FCC CFR47 and the

requirements of Industry Canada RSS-210.

Section II: IC RSS-210 Iss.8 & FCC CFR47 Part 15/B Report of Measurements

Markings

According to FCC Section 15.19 and ICES 003, a statement similar to the following must be included on an identification label, which also uniquely identifies the Manufactured date, either explicitly or through a Serial number etc.:

"This equipment complies with FCC Rules, Part 15 and Industry Canada's ICES 003 for a Class A Digital Device. Operation is subject to two conditions:

- 1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- 2) This device must accept any interference that may cause any undesired operation"

Additionally, if the manufacturer markets product to Quebec, the following supplemental information should be added to the label:

"Cet Apparreil numerique de la Classe A respecte toutes les exigences du Reglement sur le material broilleur due Canada."

Labeling

According to FCC Section 15.105, and ICES 003, the following statement must be included in a prominent location in your User's Manual:

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful intereference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy, and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

It is also required according to FCC Part B Section 15.21 that a caution is included such as:

Caution: Changes or modifications to this equipment, not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This product is License Exempt for FCC and IC. There is a requirement for this product to be submitted for certification and requires both an FCC ID and an IC ID number to be added to the labels in accordance with FCC CFR47 Part 2 Subpart J (2.901 to 2.956) as well as IC Self-Marking standards.

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Section III: IC RSS-210 Issue 8 Emissions Testing

Test Results - Summary

Testing was performed pursuant to Industry Canada RSS-210 Issue 8.

Test	Standard	Description	Result
Radiated Emissions Idle Mode	RSS-210 2.2(b)	The radiated emissions are measured in the 0.009 - 9280MHz range	Complies
Subclause 8.2			
Conducted Emissions Idle Mode Subclause 8.3	EN55022 Class A Limits	The Conducted Emissions are measured on the phase and neutral power lines in the 0.15 – 30.0 MHz range	Complies
Radiated Emissions Transmit Mode	RSS-210 A8.5	The radiated emissions are measured in the 0.009 -9280MHz range	Complies
Output Power and EIRP Emissions	RSS-210 A8.4(1)	Output power will not exceed 1 Watt and the E.I.R.P. will not exceed 4 Watts	Complies

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Part 1 - Radiated Emissions Testing

DATE Dec 17, 2012

TEST STANDARD: RSS-210 2.2(b)

TEST SETUP: The EUT was operated and tested at 240Vac and 120Vac 60Hz in its normal

mode of operation. It was in receive mode for these tests.

MINIMUM STANDARD: Class B Limit:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30 – 88	100	3
88 – 216	150	3
216 – 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT: Measurements were made using a spectrum analyzer with a 9kHz RBW, Peak

detector. Any emissions that are close to the limit are measured using a test receiver with a 9kHz bandwidth, CISPR Quasi-Peak detector as well as an averaging meter. The EUT was set up in a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber, using the manufacturer's specified normal cabling configuration, with all cables over 1 meter in length bundled at 1 meter and retained from the floor. A typical

application was tested.

Emissions in both horizontal and vertical polarization were measured while rotating the EUT on a turntable to maximize the emissions signal strength and

the results recorded on the attached plots.

EMISSIONS DATA: See 1 in Appendix A for corresponding frequencies.

PERFORMANCE: Complies.

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Part 2 - Conducted Emissions Testing

DATE: Dec 17, 2012

TEST STANDARD: EN55022

MINIMUM STANDARD: Class A Limit:

TEST SETUP: The EUT was connected to the conducted emissions LISN appartus. The device

was operated and tested at 240Vac and 120Vac 60Hz.

MINIMUM STANDARD: Class A Limit:

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBμV)		
	Quasi-Peak	Average	
0.15 – 0.5	79	66	
0.5 – 30	73	60	

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT: Measurements were made using a spectrum analyzer with a 9kHz RBW, Peak

detector. Any emissions that are close to the limit are measured using a test receiver with a 9kHz bandwidth, CISPR Quasi-Peak detector as well as an

averaging meter.

MEASUREMENT DATA: See Appendix A for Plots.

EMISSIONS DATA: See Table 3 to Table 6 in Appendix A for corresponding frequencies.

PERFORMANCE: Complies.

Part 3 - Radiated Emissions - Transmit Mode

DATE: Dec 18, 2012

TEST STANDARD: RSS-210 Iss.8 Annex 8 Frequency Hopping Systems 902-928MHz Band.

MINIMUM STANDARD: A8.1 – Frequency Hopping Systems (General Conditions)

Frequency hopping systems are spread spectrum systems in which the carrier is modulated with coded information in a conventional manner causing a conventional spreading of the RF energy about the carrier frequency. The frequency of the carrier is not fixed but changes at fixed intervals under the direction of a coded sequence. Frequency hopping systems are not required to employ all available hopping frequencies during each transmission. However the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream.

Incorporation of intelligence into a frequency hopping system that enables it to recognize other users of the band and to avoid occupied frequencies is permitted, provided that the frequency hopping system does it individually, and independently chooses or adapts its hopset. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

- (a) The bandwidth of a frequency hopping channel is the 20 dB emission bandwidth, measured with the hopping stopped. The system RF bandwidth is equal to the channel bandwidth multiplied by the number of channels in the hopset. The hopset shall be such that the near-term distribution of frequencies appears random, with sequential hops randomly distributed in both direction and magnitude of change in the hopset while the long-term distribution appears evenly distributed.
- **(b)** Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.
- (c) For frequency hopping systems in the band 902-928 MHz: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping channels and the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period. If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping channels and the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period. The maximum allowed 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 500 kHz.

A8.4 Transmitter Output Power and e.i.r.p. Requirements

(1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the band 902-928 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1.0 W, and the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, if the hopset uses 50 or more hopping channels; the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 0.25 W, and the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 1 W, if the hopset uses less than 50 hopping channels. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power (see RSS-Gen).

A8.5 Out-of-band Emissions

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In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section A8.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

TEST SETUP:

The EUT was operated and tested at 240Vac and 120V 60Hz for the tests and the unit was transmitting at its maximum rate based on the energy that it could sustain in normal operation.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT: Measurements were made using a spectrum analyzer. The EUT was set up in a 3 meter Semi-Anechoic test site, using the manufacturer's specified normal cabling configuration, with all cables over 1 meter in length bundled at 1 meter and retained from the floor.

> Emissions in both horizontal and vertical polarization were measured while rotating the EUT on a turntable to maximize the emissions signal strength and the results recorded on the attached plots.

All frequencies 0.009 -1000MHz were tested at 3m and all frequencies 1GHz and up were tested at 1m in accordance with ANSI c63.4.

EMISSIONS DATA:

See Figures 3-12 and Tables 7-10 in Appendix A for corresponding data. A summary of the results as per the above requirements.

Test	Standard	Results
Spread Spectrum Method of Modulation	RSS-210 A8.1	This product meets the requirements of a Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS) system operating in the 902-928MHz band
Channel Bandwidth	RSS-210 A8.1(a)	See Figure 3 in Appendix A. The 20dB bandwidth was measured to be 100.8 kHz.
Channel Separation	RSS-210 A8.1(c)	See Figure 4 in Appendix A. The Channel separation was measured to be 128.2 kHz.
Number of Hopping Channels	RSS-210 A8.1(c)	See Figures 5 -9 in Appendix A. The number of channels is 50 channels.
Hopping Channels Time of Occupancy	RSS-210 A8.1(c)	See Figures 10 and 11 in Appendix A; the time of occupancy is 5.06 milliseconds at an interval of 4.34 seconds. This is equal to an average time "ON" of 23.3 mSecs within a 20 second period.
Output Power and EIRP	RSS-210 A8.4(1)	See the Measurement Data section in Part 4 of this Section. The output EIRP is a maximum of 3.31W. The conducted output power is 871mW.
Out of Band Emissions	RSS-210 A8.5	See Figures 12 and 13 in Appendix A. All radiated emissions were within the RSS-210 A8.5 limit.

PERFORMANCE: Complies.

Part 4 - Output Power and EIRP Emissions

DATE: Dec 19, 2012

TEST STANDARD: RSS-210 Iss.8 A8.4 – Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems 902-

928MHz

MINIMUM STANDARD: For frequency hopping systems operating in the band 902-928 MHz, the

maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1.0 W, and the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, if the hopset uses 50 or more hopping channels; the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 0.25 W, and the e.i.r.p.

shall not exceed 1 W, if the hopset uses less than 50 hopping channels.

TEST SETUP: Refer to setup in Part 3 above.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT: The Antenna has a connection at the bulkhead of the internal housing, the

conducted output power was measured at this point. A 40dB attenuator was

used to protect the instumentation. See Figures 13-16.

EIRP was measured at the 3m distance and the measurement was adjusted to

account for cable loss and Antenna factor.

EIRP measurements

Freq(MHz)	Corrected Field at 3m (dBμV/m)	3m EIRP (dBm)
902.17	130.3	35.1
915	129.5	34.3
927.83	129.7	34.5

Conducted Output Power measurements

Freq(MHz)	Meas. Output Power (dBm)	Correction Factor* (dB)	Output Power (dBm)	
902.17	-11.33	40.53	29.5	
915	-11.36	40.56	29.5	
927.83	-11.43	40.58	29.45	

^{*} Correction Factor accounts for 40dB attenuator and 0.3dB cable loss.

PERFORMANCE: Complies.

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Part 5: Out of Band Emissions

DATE: Dec 18, 2012
TEST STANDARD: RSS-210 A8.5

MINIMUM STANDARD: In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread

spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section A8.4(4), the attenuation required

shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

TEST SETUP: Refer to the setup in Part 3 above.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT: Measurements were made using a horn antenna connected directly into a

spectrum analyzer. The EUT was set up in a 1 meter open field test site, using the manufacturer's specified normal cabling configuration, with all cables over 1 meter in length bundled at 1 meter and retained from the floor. An application which transmitted a constant CW at the highest output power was used.

Emissions in the horizontal and vertical polarization were measured while rotating the EUT on a turntable to maximize the emissions signal strength and the results recorded on the attached plots.

Due to the presence of high ambient noise making it impossible to measure an emission at the required distance, the measurement was performed at 1 meter distance and the limit is adjusted per EN61000-6-3:2001

The following formula was used to convert the maximum field strength (FS) in volts/meter to calculate the EUT output power (TP) in Watts:

 $TP = ((FS \times D) \times 2) / (30 \times G)$

Where D is the distance in meters between the two antennas and G is the EUT

antenna numerical gain referenced to isotropic gain.

MEASUREMENT DATA: See Tables 7 to 10 in Appendix A.

PERFORMANCE: Complies.

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Section IV: FCC CFR47 Part 15/C Report of Measurements

General

Tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with FCC Part 15 – Subpart C - Intentional Radiators. The Testing was performed pursuant to ANSI 63.4, 2003.

Additionally, the specific section used for compliance is 15.247 – Operation within the bands 902-928MHz – limited to frequency hopping intentional radiator. This includes the use of the FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 (Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency hopping Spread Spectrum Systems) that was used as a guide to the tests that were performed.

Labeling Requirements

Please refer to labeling requirements as outlined above in Section 1.

Test Results - Summary

Testing was performed pursuant to ANSI 63.4, 2003.

Test Standard		Description	Result
Radiated Emissions Idle Mode	FCC Part 15 Subpart B Class B Limits The radiated emissions are measured in the 0.009 - 9280MHz range		Complies
Conducted Emissions Idle Mode	ons Idle FCC Part 15 Subpart B Class A Limits The conducted emissions are measured on the phase and neutral power lines in the 0.15 – 30.0 MHz range.		Complies
Antenna Requirement	Antenna Requirement FCC Part 15 Subpart Proper Anter 15.203 specified and		Complies
Radiated Emissions Transmit Mode – Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Operation	Radiated Emissions Transmit Mode – Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247		Complies

Part 1 - Radiated Emission Testing

DATE: Dec 18, 2012

TEST STANDARD: FCC CFR47, Part 15, Subpart B Class B and Subpart C-Section 15.247

TEST VOLTAGE: 240Vac 60Hz

TEST SETUP: The equipment was set up in a 3-meter semi-anechoic chamber. Emissions in

both horizontal and vertical polarization's were measured while rotating the EUT on a turntable to maximize the emissions signal strength and the results recorded on the attached plots. In cases where the presence of high ambient noise makes it impossible to measure an emission at the required distance, the measurement is performed at a closer distance and the limit is adjusted 20dB

per Decade using the formula

20*Log (d1/d2)

Where d1 is the required distance and d2 is the new distance.

MINIMUM STANDARD: When the EUT is operating in Receive mode FCC Part 15 Subpart B

Unintentional Radiators Limits for a Class B product.:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 – 88	100	3
88 – 216	150	3
216 – 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

DEVICE DESCRIPTIONS: Refer to the Equipment Under Test information in the Section 1 above, for EUT

Descriptions.

CABLING DETAILS: The EUT was set up using the manufacturer's specified normal cabling

configuration.

CABLING:

Cable	Pins	Connector	Load/Termination	Shielded	Ferites
Power	3	Terminal	No	No	No

MODIFICATIONS: No modifications were required for the devices to pass the test.

MEASUREMENT DATA: See Appendix A for Plots.

EMISSIONS DATA: See Table 1 in Appendix A for corresponding frequencies. Emmisions that were

attenuated by more than 20dB from the permissible value are not reported in accordance with 15.31(o). The device was tested to 12MHz since it uses clock

circuitry at this frequency.

PERFORMANCE: Complies.

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Part 2 - Antenna Requirement - 15.203

2.1 APPLICABLE REGULATIONS:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of Sections 15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, or 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with Section 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this Part are not exceeded.

2.2 RESULTS:

The Part 15 device inside the EUT is comprised of an internal antenna that connects to a bulhead SMA connection, The Part 90 device inside the EUT can either use its internal antenna or it has the provisions to install one of 2 antennas that must be purchased directly from Tantalus Systems Corp. The EUT must be professionally installed and it is protected with a locking mechanism that requires a key to open the EUT to get access to the internal or external antenna connections.

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Part 3 - Conducted Emissions Tests - 15.207

3.1 Applicable Regulations

15.207 - (a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 $\mu\text{H/}50$ ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dbμV)			
	Quasi-Peak	Average		
0.15 – 0.5	79	66		
0.5 – 30	73	60		

3.2 RESULT

MEASUREMENT DATA: See Appendix A for Plots.

EMISSIONS DATA: See Tables 3 to 6 in Appendix A for corresponding frequencies.

PERFORMANCE: Complies.

Part 4 – Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Operation – 15.247

4.1 APPLICABLE REGULATIONS:

- **15.247(a)** Operation under the provisions of this Section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:
- (1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudorandomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.
- (i) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period; if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period. The maximum allowed 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 500 kHz.
- **(b)** The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:
- (2) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: 1 watt for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels, as permitted under paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section.
- (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).
- (g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

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(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

4.2 TEST PROCEDURES:

TEST STANDARD: FCC CFR47, Part 15, Subpart C 15.247

DEVICE DESCRIPTIONS: Refer to the Equipment Under Test Section, above, for EUT Descriptions. TEST SETUP: Frequency Range Measured 30MHz – 10000MHz

Test Distance 1m and 3m

Test Instrumentation Resolution 120kHz (30MHz to 1000MHz) 1MHz (1000MHz to 10000MHz)

Receive Antenna Scan Height 1m – 4m

Receive Antenna Polarization Vertical and Horizontal

The EUT was set up in a semi-anechoic chamber for the tests. Emissions in both horizontal and vertical polarizations were measured while rotating the EUT on a turntable to maximize the emissions signal strength and the results recorded on the attached plots. The EUT was programmable to broadcast on standalone frequencies at the low (902), middle (915) and high (928) channels; 2 channel hopping at the end frequencies (902.5 and 927.5); standalone hopping at the middle frequency (915) and full 50 channel hopping frequencies 902.5 to 927.5MHz.

For this product, the EUT worst case "ON" time was measured to be 5.06 ms per 100ms interval. This equates to a possible correction factor of -25.9dB, which is applied to the emissions data in Table 13 and Table 14.

CABLING DETAILS:

Cable	Pins	Connector	Load/Termination	Shielded	Ferrites
Power	3	Terminal	No	No	No

4.3 RESULTS: A sequence of 50 frequencies out of a possible 201 frequencies is generated

where the seed for the generator is factory preset and is a function of the customer and network configuration. The payload/packet is equally divided into the 50 frequencies. In order to receive the packet successfully the receiver must hop in synchronization with the transmitter. This design inherently meets the FCC requirements of a frequency hopping system, since each frequency is used

to receive the packet and therefore all frequencies are used equally.

MODIFICATIONS No modifications were required for the devices to pass the test.

MEASUREMENT DATA: See Figures 3-13 and Tables 7-10 in Appendix A.

PERFORMANCE: Complies.

Part 5: Output Power and EIRP Emissions

DATE: Dec 19, 2012

TEST STANDARD: FCC 15.247(b)(2) – Hopping Frequency Systems 902-928MHz

MINIMUM STANDARD: 15.247(b)(2) – For the band 902-928MHz, the transmitter output power shall not

exceed 1.0 watt and the E.I.R.P shall not exceed 4W for systems employing at

least 50 Hopping Channels.

TEST SETUP: Refer to setup in Part 1 above.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT: The Antenna has a connection at the bulkhead of the internal housing, the

conducted output power was measured at this point. A 40dB attenuator was

used to protect the instumentation. See Figures 13-16.

EIRP was measured at the 3m distance and the measurement was adjusted to

account for cable loss and Antenna factor.

MEASUREMENT DATA:

EIRP

Freq(MHz)	Corrected Field at 3m (dBµV/m)	3m EIRP (dBm)
902.17	130.3	35.1
915	129.5	34.3
927.83	129.7	34.5

Conducted Output Power measurements

Freq(MHz)	Meas. Output Power (dBm)	Correction Factor* (dB)	Output Power (dBm)	
902.17	-11.33	40.53	29.5	
915	-11.36	40.56	29.5	
927.83	-11.43	40.58	29.45	

^{*} Correction Factor accounts for 40dB attenuator and 0.3dB cable loss.

PERFORMANCE: Complies.

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Part 6: Restricted Bands Review – 15.205(b)

6.1 APPLICABLE REGULATIONS:

(b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

6.2 PART 15 RESULT

All of the measurements for the Part 15 device were made when the EUT was set into transmitting mode to allow measurements of spurious emissions. The spurious frequencies that have been identified to fall into restricted bands are the various harmonics generated from 902 to 928 MHz. The restricted bands affected are 2655-2900MHz, 3600-4400MHz, 4500-5150MHz, 5350- 5460MHz, 7250-7750MHz, 8025-8500MHz and 9000-9200MHz.

6.2 CO-LOCATED ANTENNA

RESULT For these measurements, both transmitters were operating simultaneously. All

mixing products produced by up to and including the 10th harmonic of each transmitter were calculated. Those products that fell within the restricted band

were checked for compliance.

EMISSIONS DATA: See Tables 7-10 in Appendix A for corresponding data.

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Appendix A: Test Plots XR-3100

Unintentional Radiated Emissions, Idle Mode

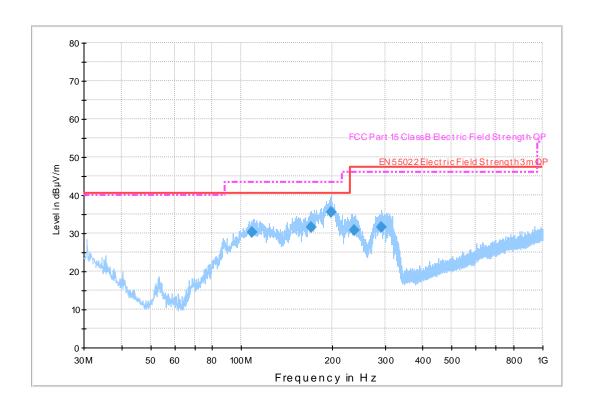


Table 1: FCC Class B Emissions, Idle Mode - 3m

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Antenna height (cm)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV/m)
108.987080	30.3	1000.000	120.000	100.0	v	231.0	13.5	9.7	40
169.937240	31.5	1000.000	120.000	224.0	Н	91.0	13.2	8.5	40
198.074320	35.6	1000.000	120.000	162.0	н	97.0	14.3	4.4	40
237.526560	30.7	1000.000	120.000	146.0	н	91.0	13.7	15.3	46.0
291.720600	31.7	1000.000	120.000	100.0	Н	83.0	15.4	14.3	46.0

Intentional Radiated Emissions, Tx Mode

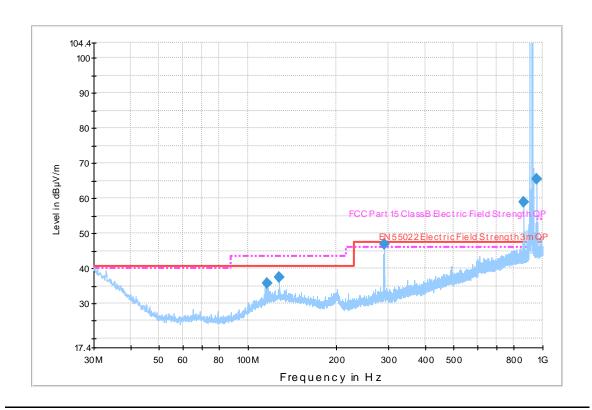


Table 2: FCC Class B Emissions, Tx Mode - 3m

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (mS)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Antenna height (cm)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV/m)
954.895*	65.4	1000.000	120.000	100.0	v	315.0	>20	-20dBc
862.745*	58.9	1000.000	120.000	200.0	v	45.0	>20	-20dBc
289.766*	46.9	1000.000	120.000	200.0	v	0.0	>20	-20dBc
127.970	37.5	1000.000	120.000	100.0	v	0.0	2.5	40.0
116.330	35.8	1000.000	120.000	200.0	v	180.0	4.2	40.0

Note: Above plot shows the limit line as per FCC Part 15.209. Frequencies above the limit lines or that are in the table and marked with (*) are either fundamental frequencies at 902-928MHz or intermodulated frequencies which do not fall under the restricted bands as described in FCC Part 15.205 and RSS-210 and their field strength is more than 20dB lower than the fundamental field strength.

A.C. Mains Conducted Emissions

FCC/CE Class A - Emissions

Table 3: AC Conducted Emissions – Line 1

120VAC 60Hz

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBµV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.168094	15.7	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.4	50.3	66.0
0.198811	23.2	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	42.8	66.0
0.257262	46.2	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	19.8	66.0
0.503420	25.5	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	34.5	60.0
0.770469	43.6	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	16.4	60.0
0.872075	0.7	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	59.3	60.0
1.029378	45.5	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	14.5	60.0
1.287537	26.1	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	33.9	60.0
1.471963	1.2	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	58.8	60.0
1.639660	-0.7	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	60.7	60.0
1.808308	21.9	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	38.1	60.0
2.063203	29.0	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	31.0	60.0
2.325976	28.3	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	31.7	60.0
2.565214	16.6	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	43.4	60.0
2.834716	21.3	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	38.7	60.0
3.082861	27.6	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	32.4	60.0
3.352727	17.3	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	42.7	60.0
4.338447	13.0	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	47.0	60.0
4.699408	9.5	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	50.5	60.0
4.910583	25.4	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	34.6	60.0

240VAC 60Hz

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBµV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.150902	30.6	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.4	35.4	66.0
0.173554	30.9	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.4	35.1	66.0
0.215783	26.7	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	39.3	66.0
0.408966	20.6	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	45.4	66.0
0.469419	23.6	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	42.4	66.0
0.529205	25.3	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	34.7	60.0
0.775101	24.9	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	35.1	60.0
1.025273	15.7	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	44.3	60.0
1.287537	19.6	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	40.4	60.0
1.408663	19.6	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	40.4	60.0
1.556658	19.3	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	40.7	60.0
1.793913	19.2	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	40.8	60.0
2.897708	14.5	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	45.5	60.0
3.631676	13.2	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	46.8	60.0
3.757149	25.8	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	34.2	60.0
3.989239	12.0	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	48.0	60.0
4.227211	11.9	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	48.1	60.0

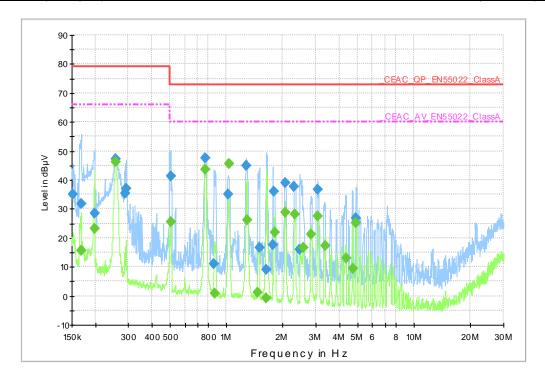
Table 4: AC Conducted Emissions - Line 2

120VAC 60Hz

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBµV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.186497	13.7	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	52.3	66.0
0.256749	48.8	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	17.2	66.0
0.515636	47.7	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	12.3	60.0
0.546395	6.4	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	53.6	60.0
0.772010	42.2	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	17.8	60.0
0.963696	4.7	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	55.3	60.0
1.023226	34.2	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	25.8	60.0
1.290112	40.9	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	19.1	60.0
1.547355	39.1	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	20.9	60.0
1.613660	0.2	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	59.8	60.0
1.804698	27.9	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	32.1	60.0
2.063203	32.6	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	27.4	60.0
2.321333	30.4	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	29.6	60.0
2.580636	3.3	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	56.7	60.0
2.691218	-2.1	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	62.1	60.0
2.863177	7.3	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	52.7	60.0
3.070566	26.1	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	33.9	60.0
3.352727	-1.9	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	61.9	60.0
4.390770	17.8	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	42.2	60.0
4.900781	18.9	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	41.1	60.0

240VAC 60Hz

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBµV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.167423	27.2	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.4	38.8	66.0
0.252678	26.8	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	39.2	66.0
0.429913	22.8	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	43.2	66.0
0.507460	27.4	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	32.6	60.0
0.818063	13.1	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	46.9	60.0
0.937113	48.6	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	11.4	60.0
1.009015	24.7	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	35.3	60.0
1.313520	22.3	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	37.7	60.0
2.344640	33.7	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	26.3	60.0
2.580636	15.8	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.2	44.2	60.0
3.046124	17.2	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	42.8	60.0
3.675475	7.9	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	52.1	60.0
6.666447	6.8	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	53.2	60.0
6.800983	6.9	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	53.1	60.0
7.035953	6.1	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	53.9	60.0
7.264512	5.6	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	54.4	60.0
7.500497	5.8	1000.000	9.000	On	L1	0.3	54.2	60.0



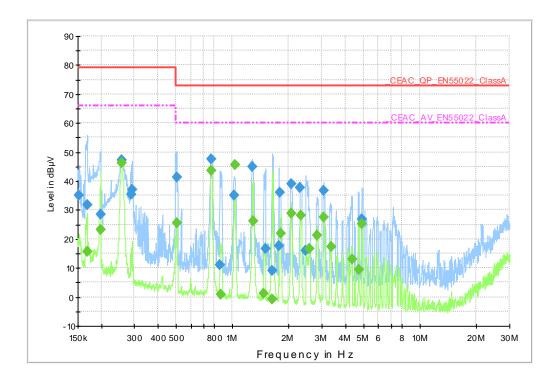
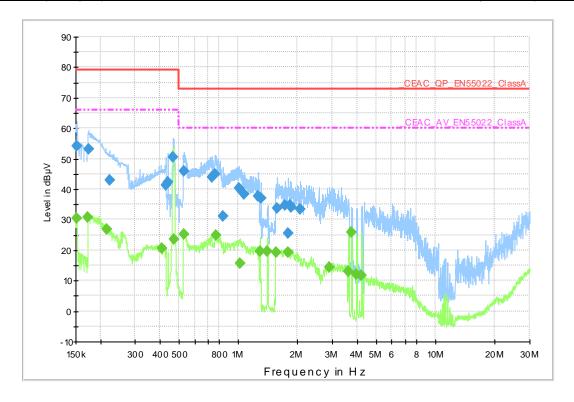


Figure 1: 120V AC Conducted Emissions - Line 1 and Line 2



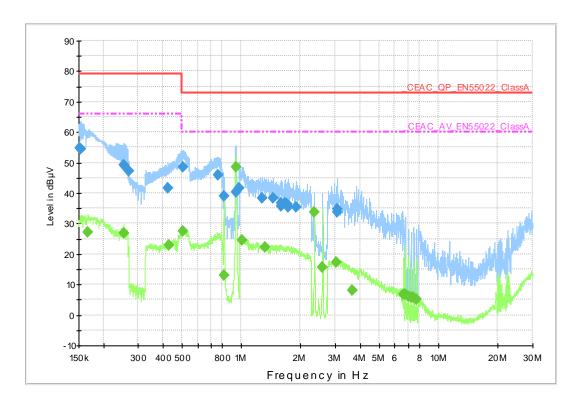
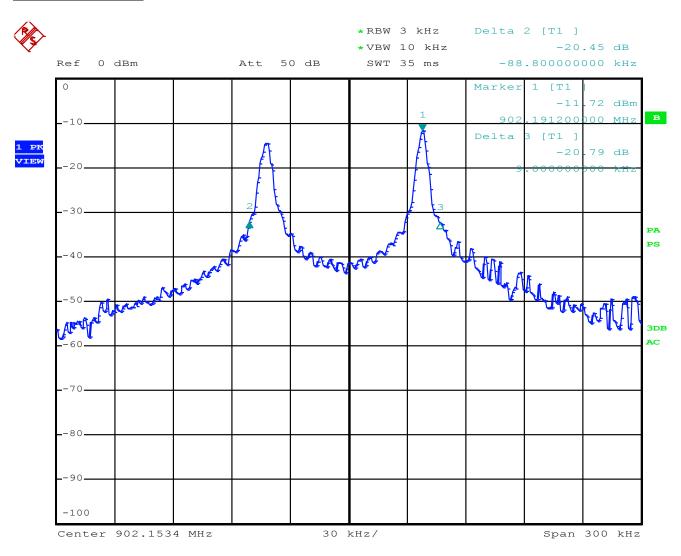


Figure 2: 240V AC Conducted Emissions - Line 1 and Line 2

FHSS Compliance Tests

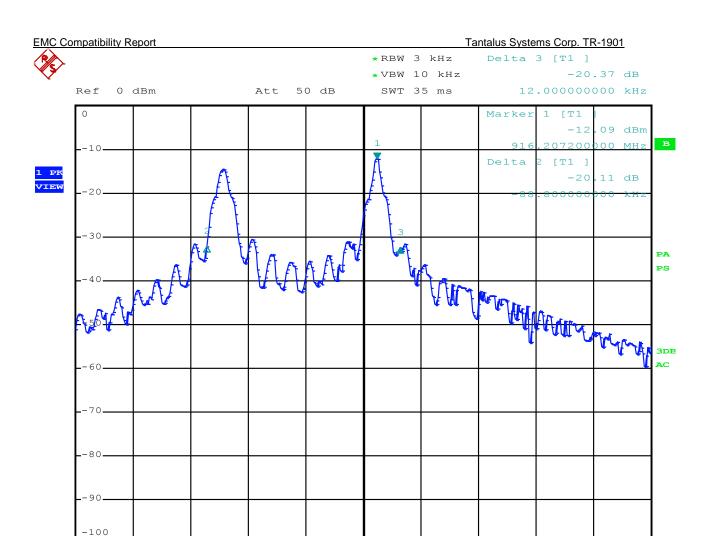
20 dB Bandwidth



Date: 20.DEC.2012 12:04:47

Figure 3: 20dB Bandwidth at LOW Frequency - 97.8kHz

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Date: 20.DEC.2012 12:29:18

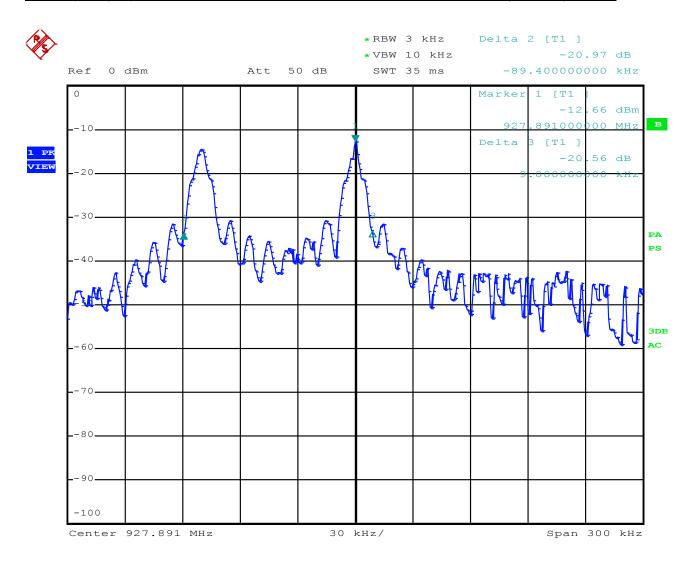
Center 916.2 MHz

Figure 4: 20dB Bandwidth at MID Frequency - 100.8kHz

30 kHz/

Span 300 kHz

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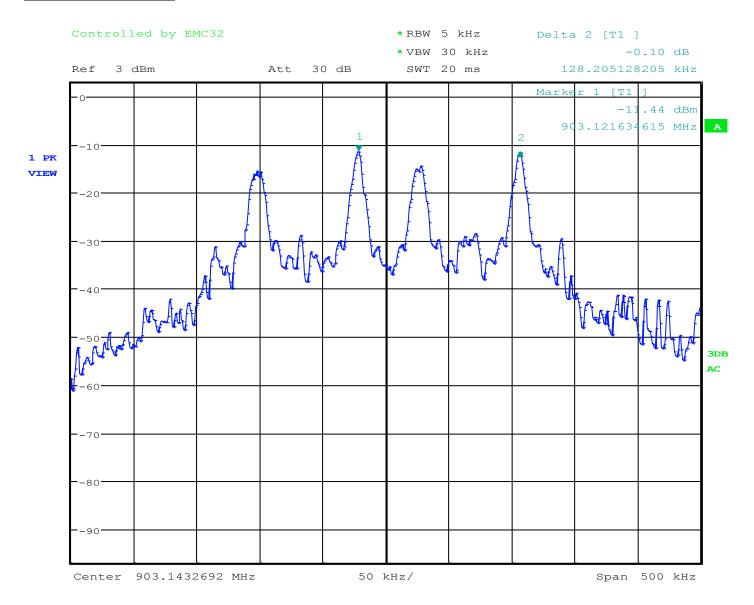


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Figure 5: 20dB Bandwidth at HIGH Frequency – 98.4kHz

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Channel Separation

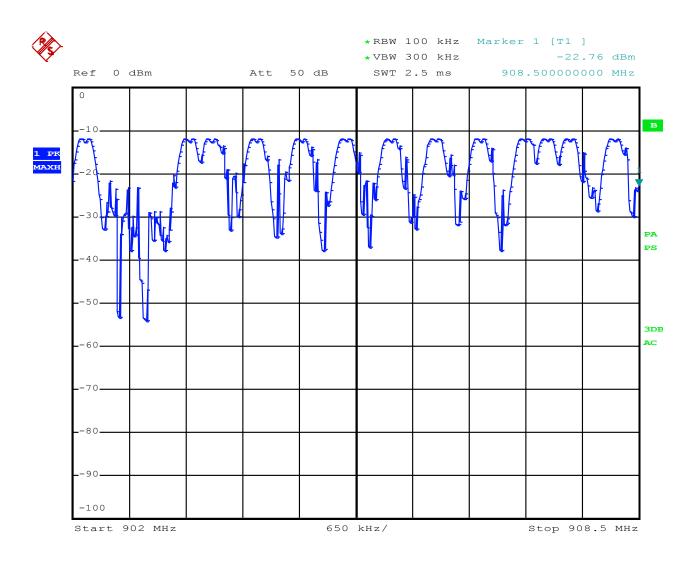


TTTTTT

Date: 22.NOV.2012 14:58:57

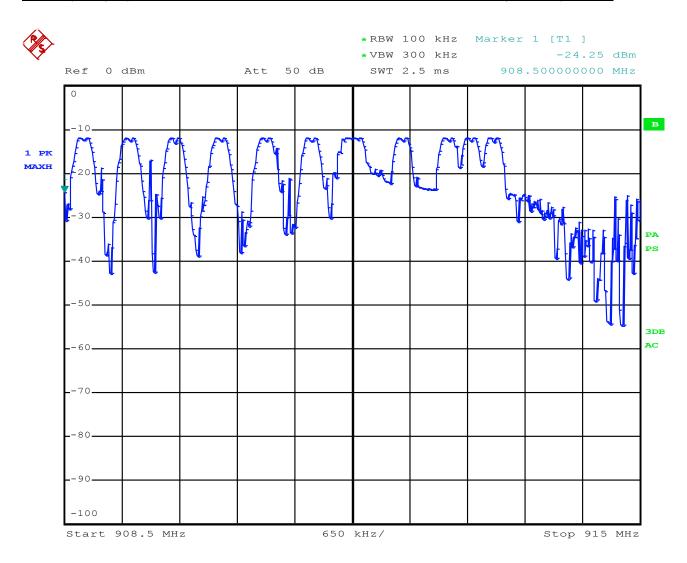
Figure 6: Channel Separation

Number of Hopping Channels



Date: 20.DEC.2012 14:19:31

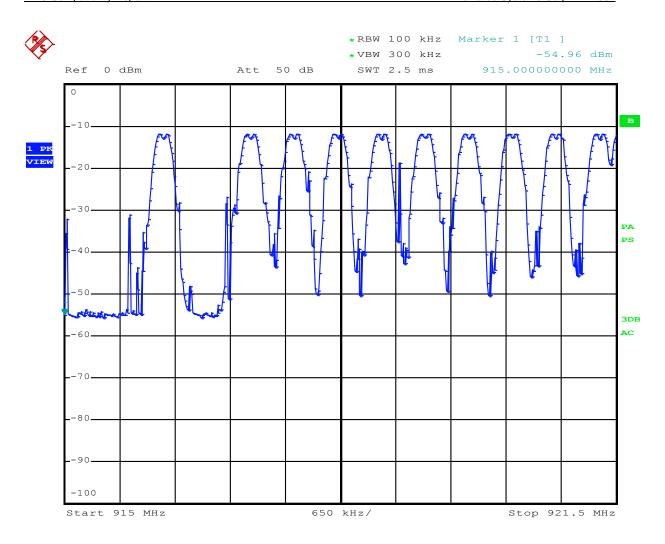
Figure 7: Number of Hopping Channels 902MHz to 908.5MHz - 13 Hops



Date: 20.DEC.2012 14:37:52

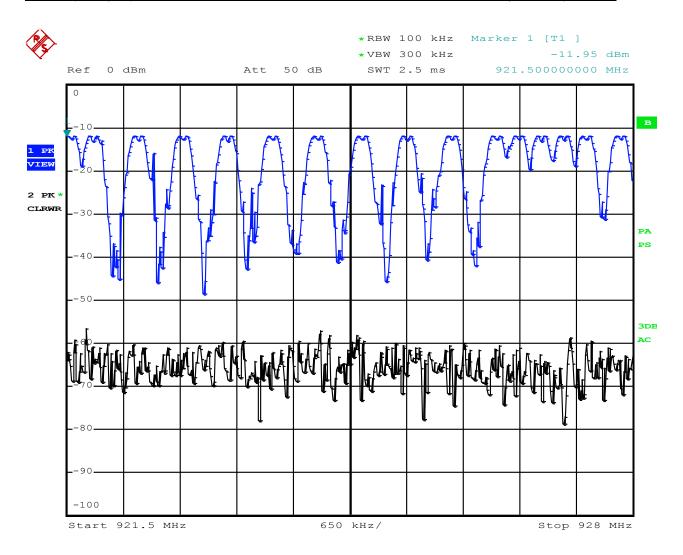
Figure 8: Number of Hopping Channels 908.5MHz to 915MHz - 11 Hops

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Date: 20.DEC.2012 14:42:33

Figure 9: Number of Hopping Channels 915MHz to 921.5MHz - 10 Hops



Date: 20.DEC.2012 16:14:37

Figure 10: Number of Hopping Channels 921.5MHz to 928MHz - 16 Hops

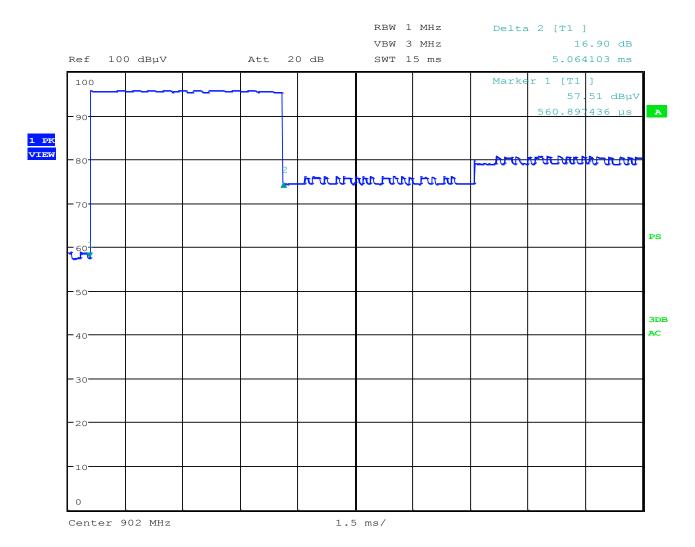
Frequency Hop Number	Frequency (MHz)
0	916.7
1	923.1
2	904.6
3	909.2
4	919.6
5	923.5
6	918.6
7	908.9
8	905.0
9	908.7
10	922.5
11	905.6
12	907.4
13	914.8
14	920.3
15	907.3
16	917.5
17	915.9
18	914.2
19	904.0
20	916.4
21	927.6
22	920.0
23	922.7
24	916.2
25	915.0
26	915.8
27	915.5
28	907.6
29	913.7
30	907.1
31	906.5
32	926.9

EMC Compatibility Report	Tantalus Systems Corp. TR-1901
33	923.7
34	915.7
35	923.6
36	920.9
37	927.5
38	920.4
39	905.3
40	916.3
41	922.4
42	916.0
43	918.5
44	903.2
45	926.7
46	921.8
47	922.2
48	919.1
49	915.3

Table 5: Example of a Channel Vector of 50 frequencies

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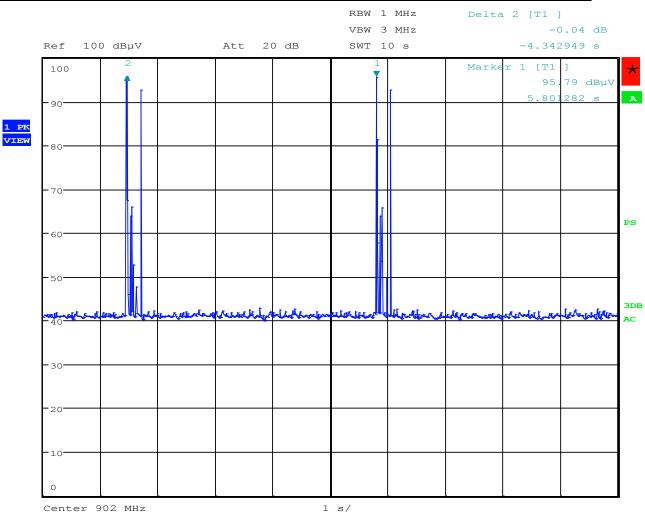
Dwell Time and Time of Occupancy



TTTTTT

Date: 4.DEC.2012 20:45:27

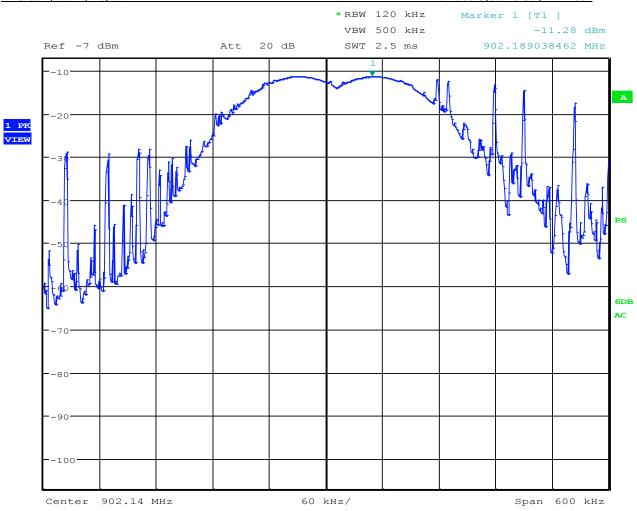
Figure 11: Dwell Time



Date: 4.DEC.2012 20:48:36

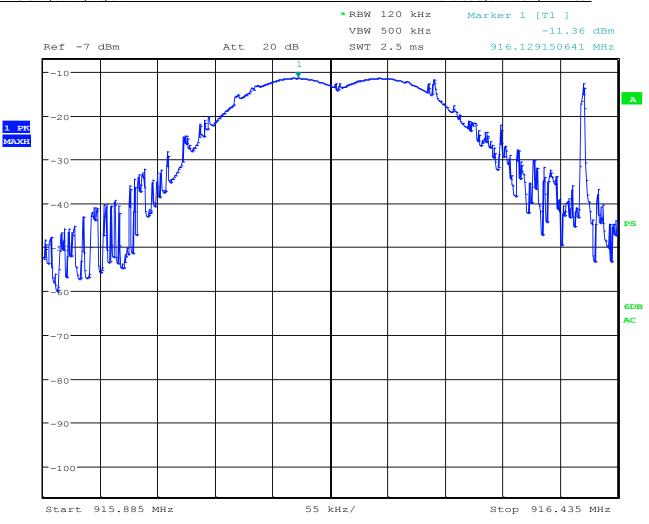
Figure 12: Time Occupancy Per Pulse

Output Power



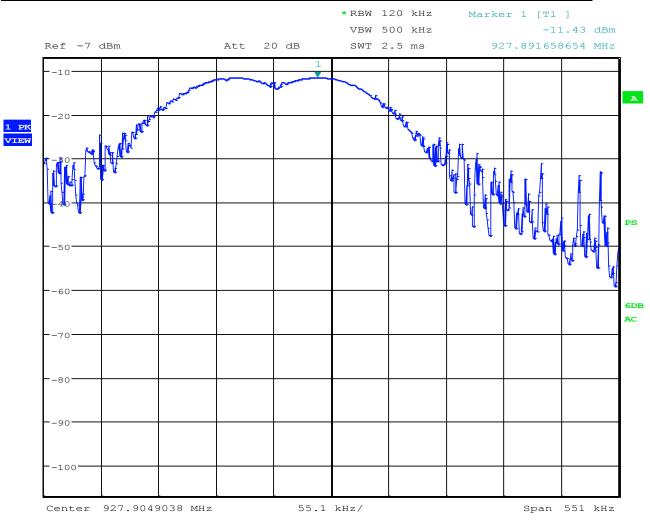
Date: 4.DEC.2012 21:12:09

Figure 13: Output Power at LOW Frequency



Date: 4.DEC.2012 21:31:42

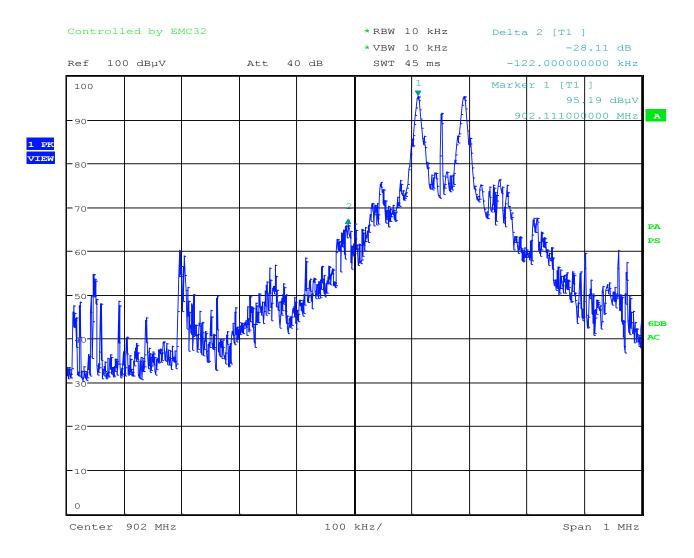
Figure 14: Output Power at MID Frequency



Date: 4.DEC.2012 21:16:38

Figure 15: Output Power at HIGH Frequency

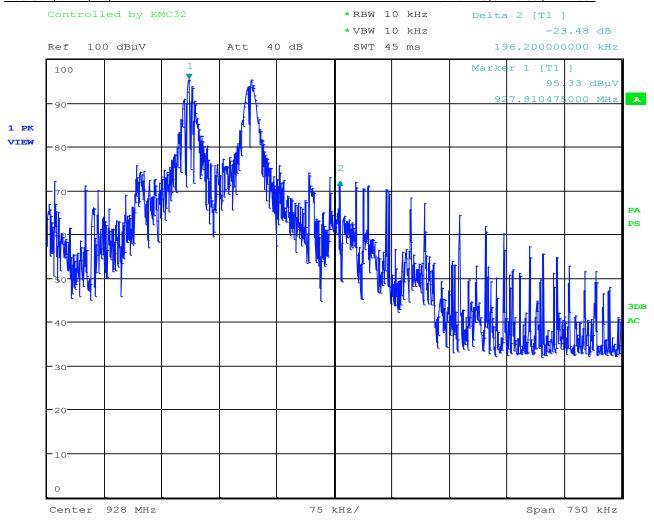
Channel Bandedge



TTTTTT

Date: 4.DEC.2012 14:34:54

Figure 16: Low Channel Bandedge



Date: 4.DEC.2012 17:29:35

Figure 17: High Channel Bandedge

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Radiated Spurious Harmonics

Measurement Date: Nov 23,26 2012

Setup:

Correction factor includes antenna, cables.

NOTE: <u>For this product</u>, the EUT worst case "ON" time was measured to be 5.06 ms per 100ms. This equates to a duty cycle correction factor of -25.91dB that has been applied to the measured average values in accordance with 15.35(c). In accordance with 15.31(o) emissions that are 20dB below the permissible value have not been reported.

Frequency	Pol.	Corrected Value	Average Limit at 3m	Duty Cycle Correction	Delta Lim-Avg	Peak Limit at 3m	Delta Lim-Peak
(MHz)		(dBuV/m)			(dB)	dB(uV/m)	(dB)
2706.4	Н	70.3	54	25.9	9.7	74	3.8
2706.4	V	67.1	54	25.9	12.9	74	7.0
3608.7	Н	60.3	54	25.9	19.6	74	13.7
3608.7	V	57.5	54	25.9	22.4	74	16.5
4510.6	Н	58.7	54	25.9	21.3	74	15.4
4510.6	V	59.9	54	25.9	20.1	74	14.2
5413.1	V	69.8	54	25.9	10.1	74	4.2
5413.1	Н	70.0	54	25.9	9.9	74	4.0
8119.6	Н	61.9	54	25.9	18.0	74	12.1
8119.6	V	61.6	54	25.9	18.3	74	12.4
9021.7	Н	58.3	54	25.9	21.6	74	15.7
9021.7	V	51.5	54	25.9	28.4	74	22.5

Table 6: Harmonics at Low Frequency

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Frequency	Pol.	Corrected Value	Average Limit at 3m	Duty Cycle Correction	Delta Lim-Avg	Peak Limit at 3m	Delta Lim-Peak
(MHz)		(dBuV/m)			(dB)	dB(uV/m)	(dB)
2745.1	Н	70.8	54	25.9	9.1	74	3.2
2745.1	V	69.3	54	25.9	10.6	74	4.7
3660.1	Н	65.2	54	25.9	14.7	74	8.8
3660.1	V	62.8	54	25.9	17.1	74	11.2
4575.4	Н	59.3	54	25.9	20.6	74	14.7
4575.4	V	60.7	54	25.9	19.2	74	13.3
7320.3	Н	67.0	54	25.9	12.9	74	7.0
7320.3	V	62.1	54	25.9	17.8	74	11.9
8234.6	V	62.5	54	25.9	17.4	74	11.5
8234.6	Н	58.3	54	25.9	21.6	74	15.7
9150.4	Н	60.3	54	25.9	19.6	74	13.7
9150.4	V	53.4	54	25.9	26.5	74	20.6

Table 7: Harmonics at Mid Frequency

Frequency	Pol.	Corrected Value	Average Limit at 3m	Duty Cycle Correction	Delta Lim-Avg	Peak Limit at 3m	Delta Lim-Peak
(MHz)		(dBuV/m)			(dB)	dB(uV/m)	(dB)
2783.5	Н	71.1	54	25.9	8.8	74	2.9
2783.5	V	70.4	54	25.9	9.5	74	3.6
3711.2	Н	65.0	54	25.9	14.9	74	9.0
3711.2	V	63.5	54	25.9	16.4	74	10.5
4639.3	Н	53.7	54	25.9	26.2	74	20.3
4639.3	V	57.1	54	25.9	22.8	74	16.9
7422.4	Н	70.0	54	25.9	9.9	74	4.0
7422.4	V	67.0	54	25.9	12.9	74	7.0
8350.9	Н	54.7	54	25.9	25.2	74	19.3
8350.9	V	55.6	54	25.9	24.3	74	18.4

Table 8: Harmonics at High Frequency

Appendix B: <u>Test Setup Photos</u>

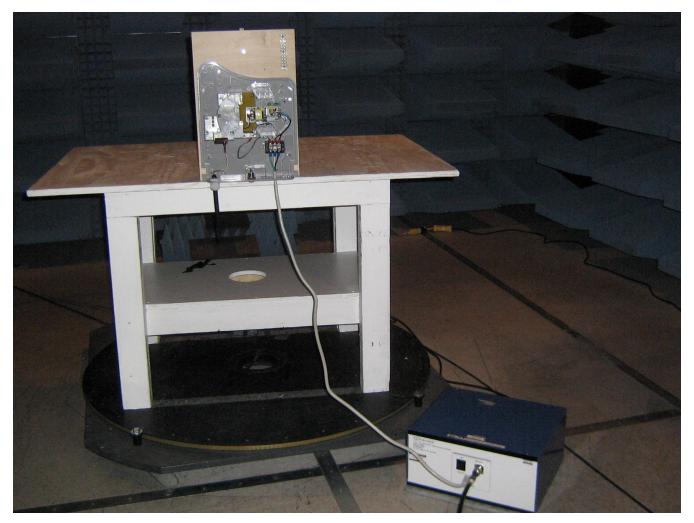
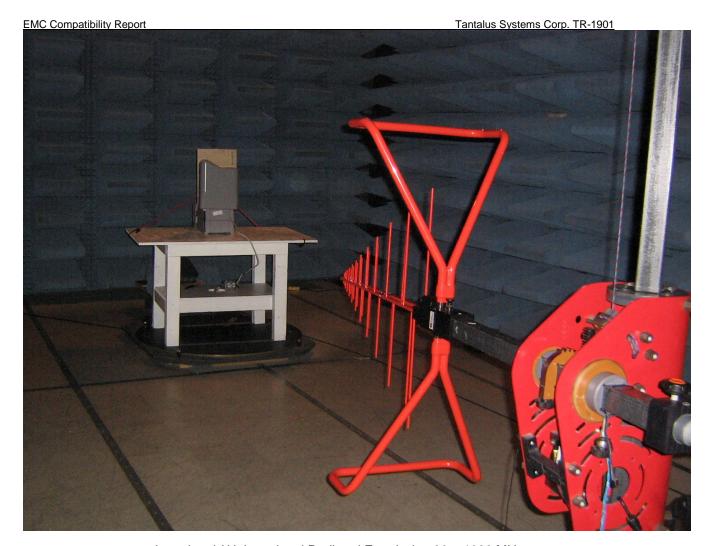


Figure 18: AC Conducted Test Setup

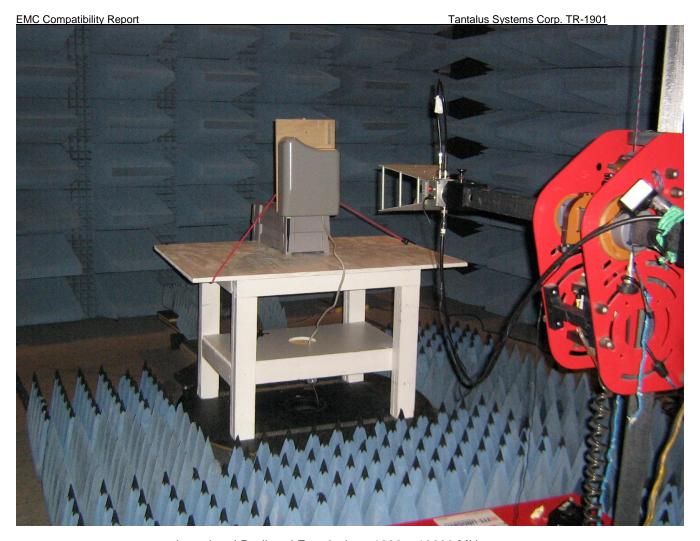


Intentional / Unintentional Radiated Emmission 30 – 1000 MHz setup



Intentional / Unintentional Radiated Emmission 0.009 – 30 MHz setup.

Figure 19: Emissions Test Setup – Intentional / Unintentional Radiated Emissions



Intentional Radiated Emmissions 1000 – 10000 MHz setup.

Figure 20: Emissions Test Setup – Intentional Harmonics