

Emissions Testing
Performed
on the
S + S Consulting, Inc.
Transceiver
Model: TempTrak Commander

To

FCC Part 15 Subpart B Class B (Receiver) and Subpart C, Section 15.249

Date of Test: April 6, 10 and 15, 2000

Page 1 of 22

Report Number: J20003710

Contact: Mr. Steve Fister

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I – Introduction and Summary

TO: Mr. Steve Fister

FROM: Michael J. Peters, Senior Project Engineer

DATE: April 6, 2000 JOB #: J20003702

RE: Emissions Testing Performed on the Transceiver Base Station, Model: TempTrak Commander

On April 6, 10 and 15, 2000 we tested the Transceiver Base Station, Model: TempTrak Commander to determine if it was in compliance with the FCC Part 15, Subpart B Class B (receiver) and Subpart C, Section 15.249 requirements. A Prototype version of the sample was received on Wednesday, April 05, 2000 in good condition. We found that the unit met the Part 15 requirements when tested as received. Please note that a separate FCC Part 15 Subpart B Class A report will be generated for the Digital Device Portion of the product.

The following Table summarizes the results of testing.

Test	Frequency	Measurement	Requirement	Pass/Fail	Section of FCC	Section of
	(MHz)				Rules	Test Report
Fundamental	906.0		94.0 dBμV	Pass	15.249	Table 1
Field Strength	916.4		94.0 dBμV	Pass		Table 2
Rectricted Band &	9164.4	46.9 dBμV	54.0 dBμV	Pass	15.205	Table 1
Spurious Emissions	9164.4	46.9 dBμV	54.0 dBµV	Pass	15.209	Table 2
Transmitter	0.450	36.7 dBμV	48.0 dBμV	Pass	15.207	Table 4
Line-conducted		•	•			
Bandwidth	906.0	72.5 kHz	Na	N/a	N/a	XI
	916.4	74.0 kHz	Na	N/a	N/a	
Duty Cycle	N/a	61.3%	N/a	N/a	15.31	X
Receiver Radiated	59.8	37.6 dBµV	$40.0~\mathrm{dB}\mu\mathrm{V}$	Pass	15.107	Table 3
Emissions			·			
Receiver Conducted	0.450	36.7 dBμV	$48.0~\mathrm{dB}\mu\mathrm{V}$	Pass	15.207	Table 4
Emissions		·	•			

In summary, this report confirms that the Model: TempTrak Commander is compliant with the FCC Part 15, Subpart B Class B(Receiver Component) and Subpart C Section 15.249 requirements when production units conform with the initial sample. Please address all questions and comments concerning this report to Candy Campbell, ITE Team Leader.

Explanation and Justification of Device as a Class A Digital Device.

The TempTrak Commander Base Station Unit is a transceiver designed to collect temperature data in an industrial environment.

II - Technical Requirements

15.1 Scope

The device is an intentional radiator intended to operate in accordance with

15.249 Operation within the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, 5725-5875 MHz, and 24.0-24.25 GHz Of Part 15 of the FCC rules without a license.

The receiver is integral to the device and has been verified to meet the requirements of Part 15 Subpart B Class B. The digital device portion of the device is separately verified in another report. It meets the requirements of FCC Part 15 Subpart B Class A.

15.15 General Technical Requirements

There are no controls accessible to the user that would cause the device to operate in violation of the FCC rules.

15.27 Special Accessories

No special accessories are necessary to meet compliance requirements.

15.31 Measurement Standards

The measurement procedures specified by ANSI C63.4:1992 were used to setup and test the device. See Section IV of this test report for detailed description of the test procedure.

The transmitter was tested standalone and as part of computer system (digital device report).

15.33 Frequency range of measurement

The device was scanned for spurious and harmonic emissions from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental emission.

15.35 Measurement detector functions and bandwidth

The following table illustrates the detector functions and bandwidth used to test the device.

No deviations to the following were made.

Frequency Range	Measurement Detector	Measurement Bandwidth
450 kHz to 30 MHz	Quasi-Peak	9 kHz
30 MHz to 1000 MHz	Quasi-Peak	120 kHz
1000 MHz to 10 th harmonic	Average	1 MHz

The quasi-peak detector meets the requirements of CISPR 16.

An averaging factor was used for the device because – the EUT operates with a 61.4% duty cycle.

15.36 Transition Provisions

Transition provisions were not applied to the device.

A receiver is not being certified with the device. The receiver is integral to the device and is not separately authorized.

The device does not operate in the band 902-905 MHz.

15.107 Conducted limits.

(a) Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line shall not exceed the following. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals.

Frequency of Emission Conducted Limit - Class B

Frequency	Limit	Limit
(MHz)	(µV)	(dBµV)
0.45 to 30	250	

The following option may be employed if the conducted emissions exceed the limits in paragraph (a) or (b) of this Section, as appropriate, when measured using instrumentation employing a quasi-peak detector function: if the level of the emission measured using the quasi-peak instrumentation is 6 dB, or more, higher than the level of the same emission measured with

instrumentation having an average detector and a 9 kHz minimum bandwidth, that emission is considered broadband and the level obtained with the quasi-peak detector may be reduced by 13 dB for comparison to the limits. When employing this option, the following conditions shall be observed:

- (1) The measuring instrumentation with the average detector shall employ a linear IF amplifier.
- (2) Care must be taken not to exceed the dynamic range of the measuring instrument when measuring an emission with a low duty
- (3) The test report required for verification or for an application for a grant of equipment authorization shall contain all details supporting the use of this option.

Summary of Test Results

Class	Configuration	nfiguration Frequency Measurement Measurement Limit Pa		Pass/		
	g	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(μV)	(µV)	Fail
В	Receiving	0.496	36.7	68.4	250	Pass

Part 15 Laboratory Measurements and ANSI C63.4-1992

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15.109 Radiated emission limits.

Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values:

Frequency of Emission Radiated Limit - Class B

Frequency	Limit	Limit		
(MHz)	$(\mu V/m)$	(dBµV/m)		
30 to 88	100	40.0		
88 to 216	150	43.5		
216 to 960	200	46.0		
Above 960	500	54.0		

In the emission tables above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges. Sections 15.33 and 15.35 which specify the frequency range over which radiated emissions are to be measured and the detector functions and other measurement standards apply.

For a receiver which employs terminals for the connection of an external receiving antenna, the receiver shall be tested to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this Section with an antenna connected to the antenna terminals unless the antenna conducted power is measured as specified in Section 15.111(a). If a permanently attached receiving antenna is used, the receiver shall be tested to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this Section.

Summary of Test Results

Class	Configuration	Frequency (MHz)	Measurement (dBµV)	Measurement (μV)	Limit (µV)	Pass/ Fail
В	Receiving	59.8	37.6	75.9	100	Pass

15.111 Antenna power conduction limits for receivers.

In addition to the radiated emission limits, receivers that operate (tune) in the frequency range 30 to 960 MHz and CB receivers that provide terminals for the connection of an external receiving antenna may be tested to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of Section 15.109 with the antenna terminals shielded and terminated with a resistive termination equal to the impedance specified for the antenna, provided these receivers also comply with the following: with the receiver antenna terminal connected to a resistive termination equal to the impedance specified or employed for the antenna, the power at the antenna terminal at any frequency within the range of measurements specified in Section 15.33 shall not exceed 2.0 nanowatts.

Summary of Test Results

_	2 dillimit j 01 1 050 1105 di 10							
	Configuration	Frequency	Measurement	Measurement	Limit	Pass/Fail		
		(MHz)	$(dB\mu V)$	(μV)	(μV)			
	The device does not have the ability to connect to an							
	External antenna. Measurements were not performed.							

15.201 Certification

The device is required to be certified in accordance with Part 2 of the FCC rules, Subpart J.

15.203 Antenna Requirements

The antennas are soldered to the PC board and cannot be readily removed from the device. The device itself is a closed plastic container that the user would not open to service.

15.204 External Radio Amplifier

The device is not an amplifier.

15.205 Restricted bands of operation

The attenuation required by 15.249 is greater than the general requirements of 15.209. All un-wanted emissions, from the transmitter, were compared to the general limits which are the requirement for restricted band emissions.

Below 1000 MHz a quasi-peak detector was employed to measure emissions.

Above 1000 MHz an average detector was employed to measure emissions. Peak measurements were also performed above 1000 MHz to insure that they were not greater than 20 dB of the average.

15.207 Conducted limits

The device was tested for line-conducted emissions both in transmit and receive modes. See Table 5 for the summary of line-conducted emissions measured. Note that the limits are identical for a Class B Digital Device.

15.209 Radiated emission limits; general requirements

All un-wanted emissions from the transmitter were compared to the general requirements.

Detailed Description of Operation

The device was programmed to transmit or receive continuously. Two radiated emissions scans were performed while transmitting (while transmitting at 906.0 and 916.4 MHz). One radiated emissions scan was performed while the device was receiving. An additional scan was performed with device operating as a digital device. This testing is addressed in another report.

The TempTrak Commander consists of an RF circuit board and a Control circuit board contained within a plastic domed housing. The Control board provides control signals to the RF board to facilitate transmit and receive functions and sends data to the host system via a wired Ethernet connection. The RF board uses permanently attached wires for both the transmit and receive antennas. All circuitry is contained within the plastic housing and

will not normally be accessible to the user. The TempTrak Commander operates from a wall transformer included with the test unit.

The TempTrak Commander is a two channel transceiver operating at 906.0 MHz and 916.55 MHz. An ASK modulation scheme is used with only one channel active at any given time. Maximum transmission length is 99.8 ms with a maximum duty cycle of 61.4% in a 100ms period.

All timing is derived from the following:

- Control board timing for transceiver control and data collection: 3.6864 MHz and 20 MHz oscillators.
- Receive channel 1 timing: 7.0041 MHz oscillator.
- Receive channel 2 timing: 7.1244 MHz oscillator.
- Transmit channel 1 timing: 906.0 MHz oscillator.
- Transmit channel 2 timing: 916.55 MHz oscillator.

Test Method Justifications

For maximizing emissions, the system was rotated through 360 degrees, the antenna height was varied from 1 meter to 4 meters above the ground plane, and the antenna polarization was changed.

The EUT was mounted on a non-conductive box to allow the engineer to manipulate the EUT in the three orthogonal axes.

The system was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it), and in the confines as outlined in C63.4 (1992).

The arrangement of the cables dangling from the rear of the table was varied to the extent possible to produce the maximum emissions.

15.249 Operation within the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, 5725-5875 MHz, and 24.0-24.25 GHz

The Field strength limit for the device was based on the operating frequency of 906.0 and 916.4 MHz:

Frequency (MHz)	Emission Limit (mV/m)	Emission Limit (dBµV/m)	Test Distance (meters)
906.0	50	94.0	3
916.4	50	94.0	3

The emission requirement for harmonic emission is identical to the general requirement of 15.209. Spurious emission measurements were compared to the general requirement of 15.209.

The fundamental emission was measured with a quasi-peak detector. For above 1000 MHz, measurements were

made with a peak detector. Since the average factor is incorporated into the final measurement and it is significantly less than 20 dB, the device meets the requirement to limit peak emissions.

Part 2

2.201 Emission Modulation and transmission characteristics

The emission designator is determined as follows:

Parameter	Value		Symbol
Bandwidth	74 kHz		74K0
The main carrier modulation is	ASK, shift in duration/width of pulses		L
The modulating signal is	g signal is Single channel containing quantized information		1
The type of information transmitted	he type of information transmitted Telemetry		D
	The emissions designator is:	74	K0L1D

2.1041 Measurement Procedures

Only the measurement procedures of Part 15 are required for this device. The device was not evaluated to the requirements of 2.1046 through 2.1057.

2.1091 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: Mobile Devices

The device does not fall under any of the categories that require routine RF exposure measurements and is therefore exempt from the requirements of this section.

2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: Portable Devices

The device does not meet the definition of a portable device (That is it is not intended to operate within 20 cm of a persons body).

III - Attestation

LABORATORY MEASUREMENTS

Pursuant To Part 15, Subpart C For **Intentional Radiators**

	
Company Name: Address:	S + S Consulting, Inc. PO Box 18999 Tucson, AZ 85731
Model:	TempTrak Commander
Date(s) of Test:	April 6, 10 and 15, 2000
Test Site Location:	INTERTEK TESTING SERVICES NA INC. 70 Codman Hill Road Boxborough, MA 01719
Site(s):	
We attest to the accuracy of this report:	
Michael J. Peters	Confi
Signature	Signature
Michael J. Peters	Candy Campbell
Testing Performed By:	Reviewer
Senior Project Engineer	ITE Team Leader
Title	Title

IV - Site Description

Introduction

The following is a description of the test procedure used by Intertek Testing Services in the measurements of transmitters operating under Part 15, Subpart C, General Requirements.

- A. **Test Set-Up**: The test set-up and procedures described below are designed to meet the requirements of ANSI C63.4 (1992).
 - 1. The test site is a Plastic/Fiberglass structure with a groundplane. The site has attenuation characteristics which meet the requirements of ANSI C63.4 (1992). Information on the site has been filed with the FCC as required by Rule 2.948. The address of the site is 70 Codman Hill Road, Boxborough, MA 01719.
 - 2. Power to the site is nominal line voltage of 117 V_{AC} and 230 V_{AC} , 60 Hz.
 - 3. The equipment under test (EUT) is placed on a wooden turntable which is four feet in diameter and approximately one meter in height above the groundplane. During the radiated emissions test, the turntable is rotated 360 degrees and any cables leaving the EUT are manipulated to find the configuration resulting in maximum emissions. The antenna height and polarization are also varied during the search for maximum signal levels. The height of the antenna is varied from one meter to four meters. Body-worn, hand-held and small portable devices are mounted on a non-conductive box and emissions are investigated on three orthogonal axis.
 - 4. Detector function for radiated emissions is in peak or quasi-peak mode. Average readings, when required, are taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings according to the following formula:

Averaging Factor in dB = 20 LOG (duty cycle)

The time period over which the duty cycle is measured is 100 msec. The worst-case (highest percentage on) duty cycle is used and described specifically in the data section. The duty cycle is measured by placing the spectrum analyzer in zero scan (receiver mode) and linear mode at maximum bandwidth (3 MHz at 3 dB down) and viewing the resulting time domain signal output from the analyzer on a Tektronix 465 Oscilloscope. The oscilloscope is used because of its superior time base and triggering facilities.

- 5. Antennas used below 1000 MHz were EMCO Model 3142 Biconolog Antennas and Compliance Design Inc. Model A100 tuned Dipole Antennas. For measurements between 1000 MHz and 18000 MHz above 1 GHz, an EMCO Model: 3115 Horn Antenna is used. The Antennas used are listed in the Test Equipment Summary in Section 6
- 6. The field strength measuring equipment used included:

V - Measurement Equipment

The following equipment was used to make measurements for emissions testing:

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial #	Cal Due
SPECTRUM ANALYZER	TEKTRONIX	2784	B010153	11/26/2000
LISN	SOLAR ELECTRONICS	8012-50-R-24-BNC	934610	06/16/2000
PREAMPLIFIER	MITEQ	NSP4000-NF	507145	11/25/2000
RECEIVER	HEWLETT PACKARD	8546A	3325A00160	12/13/2000
RF FILTER	HEWLETT PACKARD	85460A	3330A00158	12/13/2000
HORN ANTENNA	EMCO	3115	9602-4675	11/04/2000
RECEIVER	HEWLETT PACKARD	85422E	3520A00125	11/12/2000
RF FILTER	HEWLETT PACKARD	85420E	3427A00126	11/12/2000
BICONOLOG	EMCO	3142	9701-1225	12/30/2000

- 7. The frequency range to be scanned is from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency, or 40 GHz, whichever is lower. For line-conducted emissions, the range scanned is 450 kHz to 30 MHz.
- 8. The EUT is warmed up for 15 minutes prior to the test. AC power to the unit is varied from 85% to 115% nominal and variation in the fundamental emission field strength is recorded. If battery powered, a new battery is used.
- 9. Conducted measurements were made as described in ANSI C63.4 (1992). An IF bandwidth of 9 kHz is used, and peak or quasi-peak detection is employed.
- 10. The IF bandwidth used for measurement of radiated signal strength was 100 kHz or greater below 1000 MHz. Where pulsed transmissions of short enough pulse duration warrant, a greater bandwidth is selected according to the recommendations of Hewlett Packard Application No. 150-2. A discussion of whether pulse desensitivity is applicable to this unit is included in this report. Above 1000 MHz, a bandwidth of 1 MHz is used.
- 11. Transmitter measurements are normally conducted at a measurement distance of three meters. However, to assure low enough noise floor in the forbidden bands and above 1 GHz (where no preamplifier is used), signals are acquired at a distance of one meter or less. All measurements are extrapolated to three meters using inverse scaling, but those measurements taken at a closer distance are so marked.
- 12. For measurements made in the 9 kHz to 30 MHz range, a distance of 30 meters was used unless a good signal-to-noise ratio could not be obtained. In that case, a closer distance was used and that distance is so marked in the data table.

VI - Summary of Equipment Under Test

Manufacturer: Critical Link, LLC 404 Oak Street Syracuse, NY 13203 (315) 425-4045 TIN 16-1534393 Contact: John Fayos **Grantee:** KatchAll Technology Group 5800 Creek Road Cincinnati, Ohio 45242 (513) 793-5366 TIN 31-1037180 Contact: Jack Kennamer Model No.: TempTrak Commander **Trade Name:** TempTrak Serial No.: Not Labeled 5 **Date of Test:** Frequencies to which device can be tuned: 906.0, 916.4 MHz Can customer tune device? No

Detailed description of operation pursuant to 15.209:

Applicable emissions limits:

Job Number: J20003710

See 15.209

15.105, 15.109, 15.205, 15.207,15.209 and 15.249

VII - Configuration Information

Equipment Under Test: Transceiver

Model: TempTrak Commander

Serial No.: Not Labeled

FCC Identifier: Not Labeled

Support Equipment:

Power Supply Manufacturer: Not Labeled

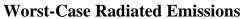
Model: Class 2 Power Supply Part Number: P41-060800-A000C

Serial Number: Not Labeled

Cables:

QTY	Description	Shield Description	Hood Description	Length (m)
1	Ethernet	None	Plastic	1.5
1	RJ11 (for RS232)	None	Plastic	1.5

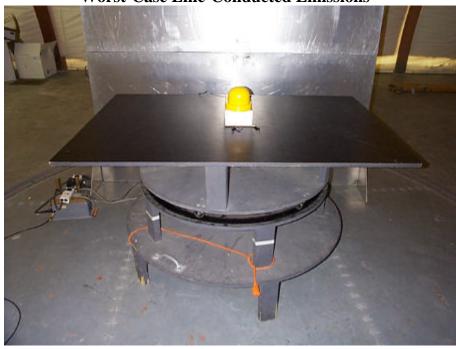
VIII - Configuration Photographs







Worst-Case Line-Conducted Emissions





IX - Sample Calculation

The following is how net field strength readings were determined:

$$NF = RF + AF + CF + PF + DF$$

Where,

 $NF = Net Reading in dB\mu V/m$

 $RF = Reading from receiver in dB\mu V/m$

AF = Antenna Correction Factor in dB

CF = Cable Correction Factor in dB

PF = Preamplifier Correction Factor in dB

DF = Distance Factor in dB (using 20 dB/decade), from 3 to 1 meters 10.5 dB was added for measurements performed at 1 meter

AVF = Average Factor derived from the Duty Cycle

To convert from $dB\mu V/m$ to $\mu V/m$ or mV/m the following was used:

$$UF = 10^{(NF/20)}$$

Where,

UF = Net Reading in μ V/m

Example:

For the fundamental field strength measurement at 906.0 (distance = 3 meters) see table [1].

$$NF = RF + AF + CF + PF + DF = 57.5 + 24.0 + 4.0 + 0.0 + AVF = 81.3$$

$$UF = 10^{(~81.3 dB\mu V \, / \, 20)} = ~11,\!614.5~\mu V/m$$

X - Data Tables

Radiated Emissions / Interference

Table: 1

Company: S + S Consulting Tested by: Vathana Ven Model: Commander Location: Site 2C

Job No.: **J20003710** Detector: HP 8542E TEK 2784

Date: 04/06/00 Antenna: HORN2 11-4-99 H3m Standard: FCC 15.249 PreAmp: PRE8 11-25-99

Class: None Cable(s): CBL004 1-18-00 Group: None 216

Distance: 3 Notes: Transmitting at 906.0 MHz

	Ant.			Antenna	Cable	Pre-amp	Average			
	Pol.	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Loss	Factor	Factor	Net	Limit	Margin
	(V/H)	MHz	dB(uV)	dB(1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB(uV/m)	dB(uV/m)	dB
	V	906.000	57.5	24.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	85.5	94.0	-8.5
	At 1 meter	test distance	e				DF + AF			
	h	1812.20	49.6	28.0	2.6	21.6	13.7	44.9	54.0	-9.1
	h	2718.40	40.5	30.5	3.2	21.8	13.7	38.8	54.0	-15.2
nf	h	3634.00	36.9	32.9	4.0	22.0	13.7	38.1	54.0	-15.9
nf	h	4530.20	38.4	34.3	4.7	22.0	13.7	41.6	54.0	-12.4
nf	h	5436.00	33.6	35.9	5.4	21.6	13.7	39.6	54.0	-14.4
nf	h	6342.00	35.0	36.3	6.1	20.8	13.7	43.0	54.0	-11.0
nf	h	7248.00	31.0	37.8	6.8	20.1	13.7	41.9	54.0	-12.1
nf	h	8154.00	30.0	38.7	8.0	20.1	13.7	43.0	54.0	-11.0
nf	h	9060.00	30.5	39.7	9.8	19.8	13.7	46.5	54.0	-7.5

DF + AF is the Distance Factor from 3 to 1 meters (9.5 dB) + the Average Factor (4.2 dB) nf - noise floor

Radiated Emissions / Interference

Table: 2

Company: S + S Consulting
Model: Commander

Tested by: Kouma Sinn
Location: Site 2C

Job No.: **J20003710** Detector: HP 8542E TEK 2784

 Date: 04/10/00
 Antenna: HORN2 11-4-99 H3m

 Standard: FCC15.249
 PreAmp: PRE8 11-25-99

Class: None Group: None Cable(s): CBL004 1-18-00 216

Notes: Transmitting at 916.4 MHz Distance: 3 meters

Ant.			Antenna	Cable	Pre-amp	Average			
Pol.	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Loss	Factor	Factor	Net	Limit	Margin
(V/H)	MHz	dB(uV)	dB(1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB(uV/m)	dB(uV/m)	dB
V	916.400	58.9	24.0	4.0	0.0	3.5	83.4	94.0	-10.6
At 1 meter	test distance	e				DF + AF			
h	1833.08	46.7	28.1	2.6	21.6	13.7	42.1	54.0	-11.9
h	2749.32	40.3	30.6	3.3	21.8	13.7	38.7	54.0	-15.3
h	3665.76	33.2	33.0	4.0	22.0	13.7	34.5	54.0	-19.5
h	4582.20	33.6	34.4	4.7	22.0	13.7	36.9	54.0	-17.1
h	5498.64	33.6	36.0	5.4	21.6	13.7	39.8	54.0	-14.2
h	6415.08	35.0	36.4	6.1	20.7	13.7	43.1	54.0	-10.9
h	7331.52	31.0	38.0	6.9	20.1	13.7	42.1	54.0	-11.9
h	8247.96	30.0	38.7	8.2	20.1	13.7	43.2	54.0	-10.8
h	9164.44	30.5	39.7	10.0	19.7	13.7	46.9	54.0	-7.1

DF + AF is the Distance Factor from 3 to 1 meters (9.5 dB) + the Average Factor (4.2 dB) nf - noise floor

nf

Radiated Emissions / Interference

Table: 3

Company: S + S Consulting

Model: Commander

Job No.: J20003710

Tested by: Michael Peters
Location: Site 1C

Detector: HP 8546A

Date: 04/15/00 Antenna: LOG3 12-16-99 H10

Standard: FCC15 PreAmp: None

Class: B Group: None Cable(s): 1C-10m 3-19-00 216

Notes: Receiver Spurious Emissions Distance: 3 meters

ſ	Ant.			Antenna	Cable	Pre-amp	Distance			
	Pol.	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Loss	Factor	Factor	Net	Limit	Margin
	(V/H)	MHz	dB(uV)	dB(1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB(uV/m)	dB(uV/m)	dB
	V	30.300	16.0	17.9	0.9	0.0	0.0	34.8	40.0	-5.2
	V	44.900	23.1	10.5	0.8	0.0	0.0	34.4	40.0	-5.6
	V	56.200	23.4	7.8	0.9	0.0	0.0	32.1	40.0	-7.9
	V	59.800	29.3	7.3	1.0	0.0	0.0	37.6	40.0	-2.4
	V	115.300	32.2	7.1	1.3	0.0	0.0	40.6	43.5	-2.9
	V	167.200	29.3	9.0	1.9	0.0	0.0	40.3	43.5	-3.2

Conducted Emissions / Interference

Table: 4

Company: S & S Consulting, Inc.

Model: Base Station

Job No.: J20003710

Date: 04/10/00

Tested by: Kouma Sinn

Location: Site 2

Detector: HP 8542E

Cable(s): 1

None

Standard: FCC 15

Class: B and 15.207 Group: None

Notes: Emissions checked in both transmit and receive modes, emissions limit are the same.

	Reading	Reading	Attenuator	Qausi-Peak		
Frequency	Side A	Side B	Factor	Net	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dB)
0.450	26.7	26.6	10.0	36.7	48.0	-11.3
0.602	23.3	22.7	10.0	33.3	48.0	-14.7
0.811	20.0	19.6	10.0	30.0	48.0	-18.0
7.124	13.0	11.8	10.0	23.0	48.0	-25.0

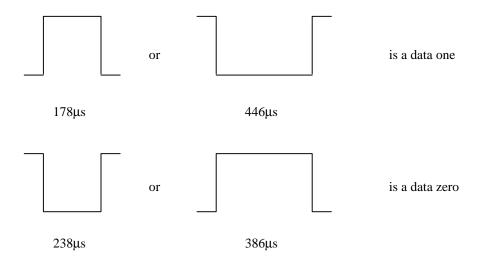
XI - Duty Cycle (Average Factor)

Average factor is subtracted from peak readings to compare emissions readings to average limits. The average factor is calculated from duty cycle measurements from the following plots.

The average factor is 20 Log (ON-TIME/PERIOD) of the emission. If the period is longer than 100 milliseconds then 100 milliseconds is used for the period. Average factor is determined using the worst-case duty cycle.

TempTrack Duty Cycle Derivation

The TempTrak system implements a variable pulse width modulated (VPWM) ASK data format. This format utilizes two distinct pulse widths to describe either a one or zero. The transmit pulse widths are shown below with a logic high state corresponding to RF on and a logic low state corresponding to RF off.



Bits in the data stream always alternate between the high and low state representations. The specific binary data being transmitted determines which of the pulse widths represent a one or a zero.

The maximum length data packet possible is 39 bytes (312 bits). Also included in each data packet is a start and stop bit each with a transmit pulse width of 594µs. Assuming a worse case scenario where RF on is always a long pulse yields a maximum RF on time of:

 $(156 \text{ bits } * 386 \mu \text{s}) + 594 \mu \text{s start bit} + 594 \mu \text{s stop bit} = 61.4 \text{ms maximum RF}$ on time per transmission

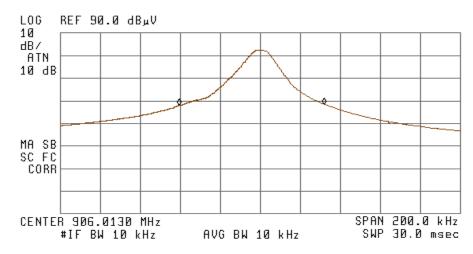
Maximum duty cycle over a 100ms period is 61.4% resulting in an averaging factor of 4.2 dB.

XII - Bandwidth

The following plot(s) show bandwidth measurements made. The Bandwidth is the 99% power.

🏘 14:05:24 MAY 01, 2000

ACTV DET: PEAK MEAS DET: PEAK QP AVG MKR⊿ 72.5 kHz .60 dB



🏘 13:59:24 MAY 01, 2000

ACTV DET: PEAK MEAS DET: PEAK QP AVG MKR₄ 74.0 kHz .77 dB

