

SAR TEST REPORT

For

Shenzhen Four Seas Global Link Network Technology Co., Ltd

Wireless Adapter

Test Model: CF-943AX

Additional Model No.: Please Refer to Page 8

Prepared for
Address

: Shenzhen Four Seas Global Link Network Technology Co., Ltd
: Room 607-610, Block B, TAOJINDI Electronic Business
Incubation Base, Tenglong Road, Longhua District, Shenzhen,
China

Prepared by
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Date of receipt of test sample

: April 19, 2024

Number of tested samples

: 1

Sample number

: A240410040-1

Serial number

: Prototype

Date of Test

: April 19, 2024 ~ May 10, 2024

: December 09, 2024 ~ December 10, 2024

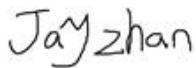
Date of Report

: December 11, 2024

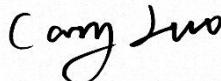


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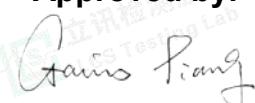
SAR TEST REPORT	
Report Reference No.....	: LCSA10284248EB
Date Of Issue.....	: December 11, 2024
Testing Laboratory Name.....	: Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.
Address.....	: 101, 201 Bldg A & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000, China
Testing Location/ Procedure.....	: Full application of Harmonised standards <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Partial application of Harmonised standards <input type="checkbox"/> Other standard testing method <input type="checkbox"/>
Applicant's Name.....	: Shenzhen Four Seas Global Link Network Technology Co., Ltd
Address.....	: Room 607-610, Block B, TAOJINDI Electronic Business Incubation Base, Tenglong Road, Longhua District, Shenzhen, China
Test Specification:	
Standard.....	: FCC 47CFR §2.1093, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2019, IEEE 1528-2013
Test Report Form No.....	: TRF-4-E-102 A/0
TRF Originator.....	: Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.
Master TRF.....	: Dated 2014-09
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Test Item Description.....	: Wireless Adapter
Trade Mark.....	: COMFAST
Model/Type Reference.....	: CF-943AX
Ratings.....	: Input: DC 5V, 500mA
Result	: Positive

Compiled by:

Jay Zhan/ File administrators

Supervised by:

Cary Luo / Technique principal

Approved by:

Gavin Liang/ Manager



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SAR -- TEST REPORT

Test Report No. :	LCSA10284248EB	December 11, 2024 Date of issue
EUT.....	: Wireless Adapter	
Type/Model	: CF-943AX	
Applicant.....	: Shenzhen Four Seas Global Link Network Technology Co., Ltd	
Address.....	: Room 607-610, Block B, TAOJINDI Electronic Business Incubation Base, Tenglong Road, Longhua District, Shenzhen, China	
Telephone.....	: /	
Fax.....	: /	
Manufacturer.....	: Shenzhen Four Seas Global Link Network Technology Co., Ltd	
Address.....	: Room 607-610, Block B, TAOJINDI Electronic Business Incubation Base, Tenglong Road, Longhua District, Shenzhen, China	
Telephone.....	: /	
Fax.....	: /	
Factory.....	: Shenzhen Four Seas Global Link Network Technology Co., Ltd	
Address.....	: Room 607-610, Block B, TAOJINDI Electronic Business Incubation Base, Tenglong Road, Longhua District, Shenzhen, China	
Telephone.....	: /	
Fax.....	: /	

Test Result	Positive
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The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.



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Revision History

Revision	Issue Date	Revision Content	Revised By
000	December 11, 2024	Initial Issue	---

Note: At the customer's request, the revised report was submitted to LCSA10284248EB applicant by quoting the test data of LCSA04124141EB original report.



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1. TEST STANDARDS AND TEST DESCRIPTION

1.1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum of results of SAR found during testing for CF-943AX are follows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

Classment Class	Frequency Band	Body
		(Report SAR1-g (W/kg)) (Separation Distance 0mm)
DTS	WIFI2.4G	0.267
NII	WIFI5.2G	0.130
	WIFI5.3G	0.135
	WIFI5.5G	0.123
	WIFI5.8G	0.198

Note

- 1) This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47CFR §2.1093 and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2019, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.
- 2) The USB cable is smaller than 12 inches and does not affect the radiation characteristics and output power of the transmitter.



1.2. Test Location

Company: Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.
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1.3. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

Site Description

SAR Lab.	:	NVLAP	Accreditation	Code	is	600167-0.
		FCC	Designation	Number	is	CN5024.
		CAB	Identifier		is	CN0071.
CNAS Registration Number is L4595.						
Test Firm Registration Number: 254912.						

1.4. Test Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.	



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1.5. Product Description

The **Shenzhen Four Seas Global Link Network Technology Co., Ltd** 's Model: CF-943AX or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

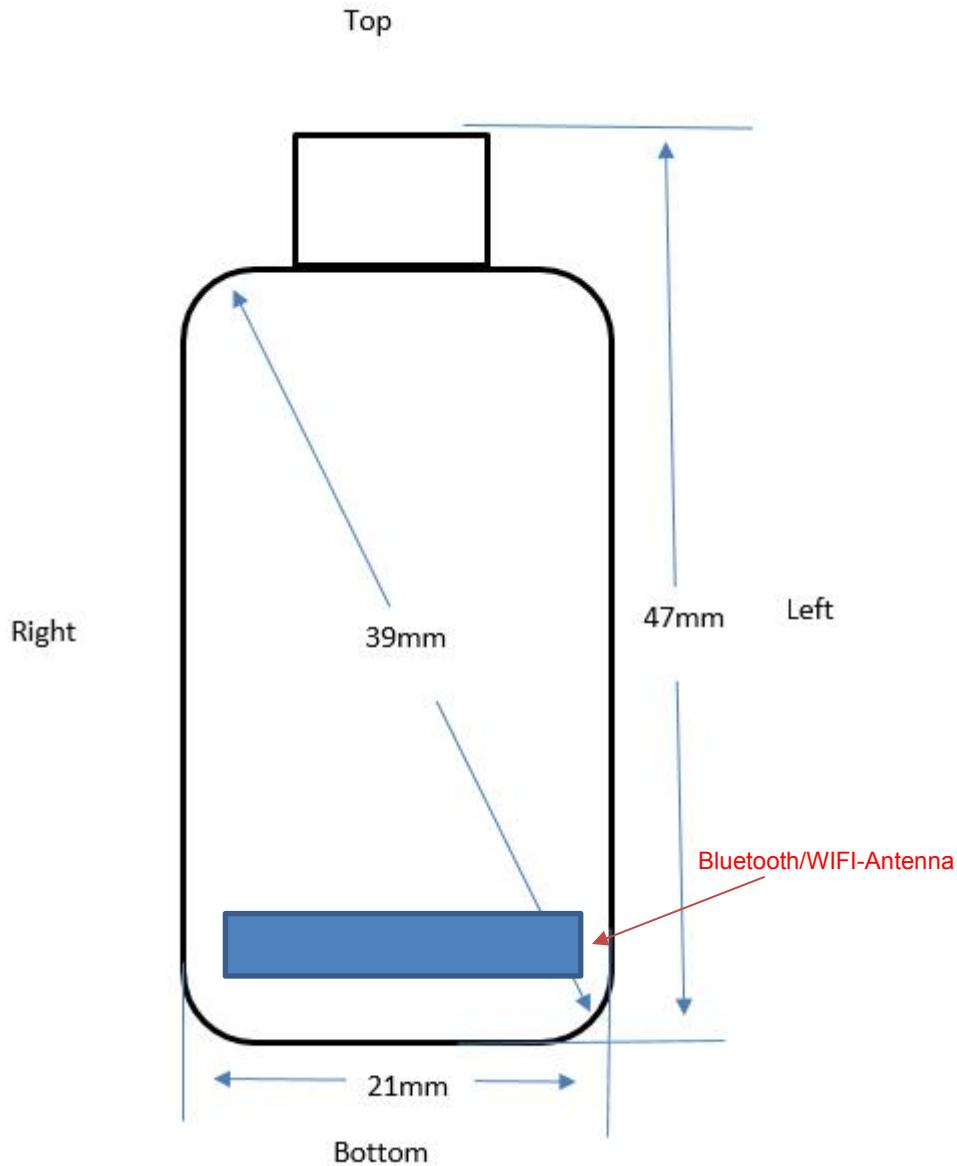
EUT	: Wireless Adapter
Test Model	: CF-943AX
Additional Model No.	: CF-940AX CF-943AX CF-952AX V2,CF-965AX,CF-966AX,CF-970AX, CF-972AX,CF-975AX,CF-977AX,CF-979AX,CF-951AX,CF-953AX CF-957AX,V2,CF-940F,CF-941AX,CF-941F,CF-943F
Model Declaration	: PCB board, structure and internal of these model(s) are the same, So no additional models were tested
Ratings	: Input: DC 5V, 500mA
Hardware Version	: /
Software Version	: /
Bluetooth	:
Frequency Range	: 2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel Number	: 79 channels for Bluetooth V5.2 (DSS) 40 channels for Bluetooth V5.2 (DTS)
Channel Spacing	: 1MHz for Bluetooth V5.2 (DSS) 2MHz for Bluetooth V5.2 (DTS)
Modulation Type	: GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK for Bluetooth V5.2 (DSS) GFSK for Bluetooth V5.2 (DTS)
Bluetooth Version	: V5.2
Antenna Description	: Internal Antenna, 1.75dBi (max.)
WIFI(2.4G Band)	:
Frequency Range	: 2412MHz~2462MHz
Channel Spacing	: 5MHz
Channel Number	: 11 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth (2412~2462MHz) 7 Channels for 40MHz bandwidth (2422~2452MHz)
Modulation Type	: IEEE 802.11b: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
Antenna Description	: Internal Antenna, 1.75dBi (max.)
WIFI(5.2G Band)	:
Frequency Range	: 5180MHz~5240MHz
Channel Number	: 4 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5180MHz~5240MHz) 2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5190MHz~5230MHz) 1 channels for 80MHz bandwidth(5210MHz)
Modulation Type	: IEEE 802.11a/n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11ac: OFDM (256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11ax: OFDMA (1024QAM, 256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
Antenna Description	: Internal Antenna, 1.87dBi (max.)
WIFI(5.3G Band)	:



Frequency Range	: 5260MHz~5320MHz
Channel Number	: 4 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5260MHz~5320MHz) 2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5270MHz~5310MHz) 1 channels for 80MHz bandwidth(5290MHz)
Modulation Type	: IEEE 802.11a/n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11ac: OFDM (256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11ax: OFDMA (1024QAM, 256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
Antenna Description	: Internal Antenna, 1.82dBi (max.)
WIFI(5.5G Band)	:
Frequency Range	: 5500MHz~5700MHz
Channel Number	: 11 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5500MHz~5700MHz) 5 Channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5510MHz~5670MHz) 2 Channels for 80MHz bandwidth(5530MHz, 5610MHz)
Modulation Type	: IEEE 802.11a/n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11ac: OFDM (256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11ax: OFDMA (1024QAM, 256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
Antenna Description	: Internal Antenna, 1.82dBi (max.)
WIFI(5.8G Band)	:
Frequency Range	: 5745MHz~5825MHz
Channel Number	: 5 channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5745MHz~5825MHz) 2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5755MHz~5795MHz) 1 channels for 80MHz bandwidth(5775MHz)
Modulation Type	: IEEE 802.11a/n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11ac: OFDM (256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11ax: OFDMA (1024QAM, 256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
Antenna Description	: Internal Antenna, 2.11dBi (max.)
Exposure category	: Uncontrolled Environment General Population



1.6. DUT Antenna Locations



Note:

- 1) The test device is a WIFI Dongle. The overall length and width of a device is < " 9 cm x 5 cm "

According to the WIFI antennas we can draw the conclusion that:

EUT Sides for SAR Testing							
Mode	Exposure Condition	Front	Back	Left	Right	Top	Bottom
WIFI Antenna	Body 1g SAR	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes

Table 1: EUT Sides for SAR Testing



1.7. Test Specification

Identity	Document Title
FCC 47CFR §2.1093	Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2019	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.
IEEE 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
KDB 248227 D01	SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
KDB 616217 D04	SAR for Tablet and Laptop
KDB 447498 D01	General RF Exposure Guidance v06
KDB 865664 D01	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
KDB 865664 D02	RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
KDB 690783 D01	SAR Listings on Grants v01r03



1.8. RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain*Trunk)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

Notes:

* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time

** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

*** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.)



1.9. Equipment list

Test Platform		SPEAG DASY5 Professional				
Description		SAR Test System (Frequency range 300MHz-6GHz)				
Software Reference		DASY52; SEMCAD X				
Hardware Reference						
Equipment		Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Due date of calibration
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PC	Lenovo	NA	NA	NA ¹	NA ¹
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Twin Phantom	SPEAG	SAM V5.0	1850	NA ¹	NA ¹
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ELI Phantom	SPEAG	ELI V6.0	2010	NA ¹	NA ¹
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	DAE	SPEAG	DAE3	373	2024/1/3	2025/1/2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3805	2023/11/23 2024/11/23	2024/11/22 2025/11/22
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D2450V2	808	2023/10/23	2026/10/22
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1046	2023/10/23	2026/10/22
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Agilent Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753E	SU38432944	2023/6/9 2024/6/6	2024/6/8 2025/6/5
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Dielectric Probe Kit	SPEAG	DAK3.5	1425	2023/6/9 2024/6/6	2024/6/8 2025/6/5
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	42115	2023/10/29 2024/10/8	2024/10/28 2025/10/7
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Directional Coupler	MCLI/USA	4426-20	03746	2023/6/9 2024/6/6	2024/6/8 2025/6/5
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45104493	2023/10/29 2024/10/8	2024/10/28 2025/10/7
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45100308	2023/10/29 2024/10/8	2024/10/28 2025/10/7
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495616	2023/10/29 2024/10/8	2024/10/28 2025/10/7
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495234	2023/10/29 2024/10/8	2024/10/28 2025/10/7
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49072627	2023/6/9 2024/6/6	2024/6/8 2025/6/5
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Broadband Preamplifier	/	BP-01M18G	P190501	2023/6/9 2024/6/6	2024/6/8 2025/6/5
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	DC POWER SUPPLY	I-SHENG	SP-504	NA	2023/6/9 2024/6/6	2024/6/8 2025/6/5
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Speed reading thermometer	HTC-1	NA	LCS-E-138	2023/6/9 2024/6/6	2024/6/8 2025/6/5

Note: All the equipments are within the valid period when the tests are performed.

“1” : NA as this is not measurement equipment.



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2. SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

2.1. SAR Measurement System

This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY5 professional system). A E-field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation $SAR = \sigma (|E|^2) / \rho$ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-Simulate.

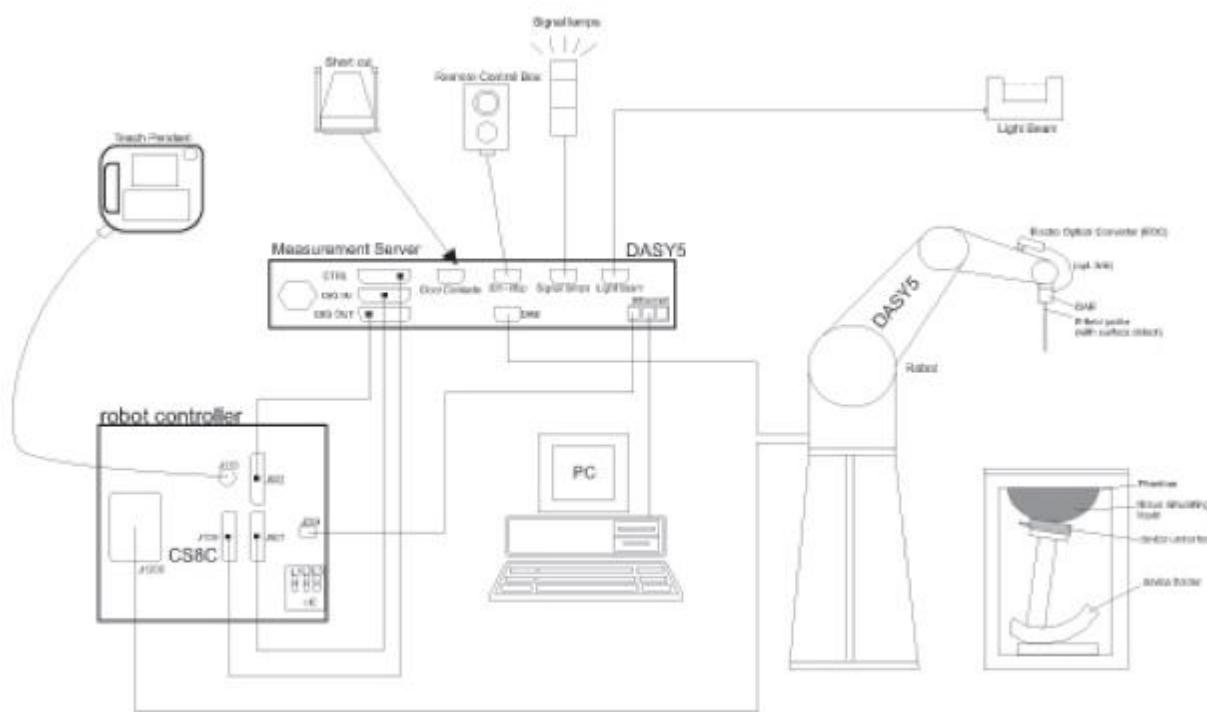
The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stable RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software .An arm extension for accommodation the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.



F-1. SAR Measurement System Configuration



- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand, right-hand and Body Worn usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validating the proper functioning of the system.

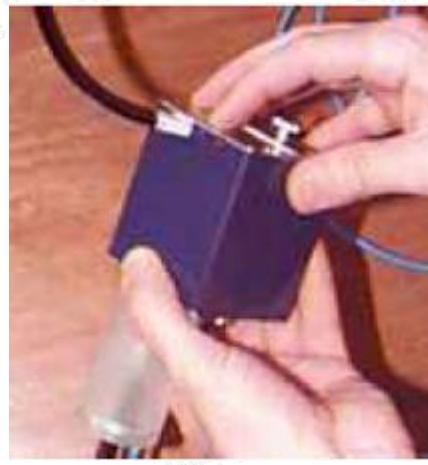


2.2. Isotropic E-field Probe EX3DV4

	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI



2.3. Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV,400mV)	
Input Offset Voltage	< 5µV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 f A	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

2.4. SAM Twin Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)		
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)		
Dimensions (incl. Wooden Support)	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet		
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters		
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table		
The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.			
Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.			



2.5. ELI Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)		
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)		
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)		
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm		
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters		
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table		
Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.			
ELI V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as ELI4, but has reinforced top structure.			



2.6. Device Holder for Transmitters



F-2. Device Holder for Transmitters

- The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centres for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.
- The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon=3$ and loss tangent $\delta=0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



2.7. Measurement procedure

2.7.1. Scanning procedure

Step 1: Power reference measurement

The “reference” and “drift” measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure.

Step 2: Area scan

The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15mm*15mm or 12mm*12mm or 10mm*10mm. Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

Step 3: Zoom scan

Around this point, a volume of 32mm*32mm*30mm (f≤2GHz), 30mm*30mm*30mm (f for 2-3GHz) and 24mm*24mm*22mm (f for 5-6GHz) was assessed by measuring 5x5x7 points (f≤2GHz), 7x7x7 points (f for 2-3GHz) and 7x7x12 points (f for 5-6GHz). On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

The data at the surface was extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 2.0mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. (This can be variable. Refer to the probe specification). The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points were interpolated to calculate the average. All neighbouring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std. 1528-2013.



		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface		5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location		$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 5 mm* $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 4 mm $4 - 5$ GHz: ≤ 3 mm $5 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 3 mm $4 - 5$ GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm $5 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≥ 28 mm $4 - 5$ GHz: ≥ 25 mm $5 - 6$ GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Step 4: Power reference measurement (drift)

The Power Drift Measurement job measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. $\pm 5\%$

2.7.2. Data Storage

The DASY software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DAE4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated. The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [m W/g], [m W/cm²], [dB_{rel}], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.



2.7.3. Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
- Conversion factor	ConvFi	
- Diode compression point	Dcp <i>i</i>	
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
- Crest factor	cf	
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	ϵ
- Density	ρ	

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot cf / dcp_i$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)

U_i = input signal of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

$$E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$$



H-field probes:

$$H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2) / f$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i $(i = x, y, z)$

Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel i $(i = x, y, z)$

[mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\epsilon \cdot 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot = total field strength in V/m

σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ϵ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770 \quad \text{or} \quad P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with Ppwe = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

Etot = total electric field strength in V/m

Htot = total magnetic field strength in A/m



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3. SAR measurement variability and uncertainty

3.1. SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.

3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).

4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

3.2. SAR measurement uncertainty

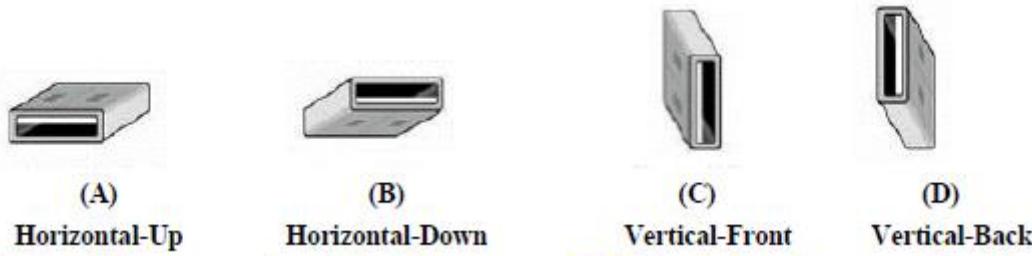
Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.



4. Description of Test Position

4.1. Test Positions Configuration

Test all USB orientations [see figure below: (A) Horizontal-Up, (B) Horizontal-Down, (C) Vertical-Front, and (D) Vertical-Back] with a device-to-phantom separation distance of 5 mm or less, according to KDB Publication 447498 D01 requirements. These test orientations are intended for the exposure conditions found in typical laptop/notebook/netbook or tablet computers with either horizontal or vertical USB connector configurations at various locations in the keyboard section of the computer. Current generation portable host computers should be used to establish the required SAR measurement separation distance. The same test separation distance must be used to test all frequency bands and modes in each USB orientation. The typical Horizontal-Up USB connection (A), found in the majority of host computers, must be tested using an appropriate host computer. A host computer with either Vertical-Front (C) or Vertical-Back (D) USB connection should be used to test one of the vertical USB orientations. If a suitable host computer is not available for testing the Horizontal-Down (B) or the remaining Vertical USB orientation, a high quality USB cable, 12 inches or less, may be used for testing these other orientations. It must be documented that the USB cable does not influence the radiating characteristics and output power of the transmitter.



5. SAR System Verification Procedure

5.1. Tissue Simulate Liquid

5.1.1. Recipes for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The bellowing tables give the recipes for tissue simulating liquids to be used in different frequency bands:

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)				
	450	700-900	1750-2000	2300-2500	2500-2700
Water	38.56	40.30	55.24	55.00	54.92
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.38	0.31	0.2	0.23
Sucrose	56.32	57.90	0	0	0
HEC	0.98	0.24	0	0	0
Bactericide	0.19	0.18	0	0	0
Tween	0	0	44.45	44.80	44.85
Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride	Sucrose: 98+% Pure Sucrose				
Water: De-ionized, 16 MΩ ⁺ resistivity	HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose				
Tween: Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monolaurate					
HSL5GHz is composed of the following ingredients:					
Water: 50-65%					
Mineral oil: 10-30%					
Emulsifiers: 8-25%					
Sodium salt: 0-1.5%					

Table 2: Recipe of Tissue Simulate Liquid



5.1.2. Measurement for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The dielectric properties for this Tissue Simulate Liquids were measured by using the DAKS. The Conductivity (σ) and Permittivity (ρ) are listed in bellow table. For the SAR measurement given in this report. The temperature variation of the Tissue Simulate Liquids was $22\pm2^{\circ}\text{C}$.

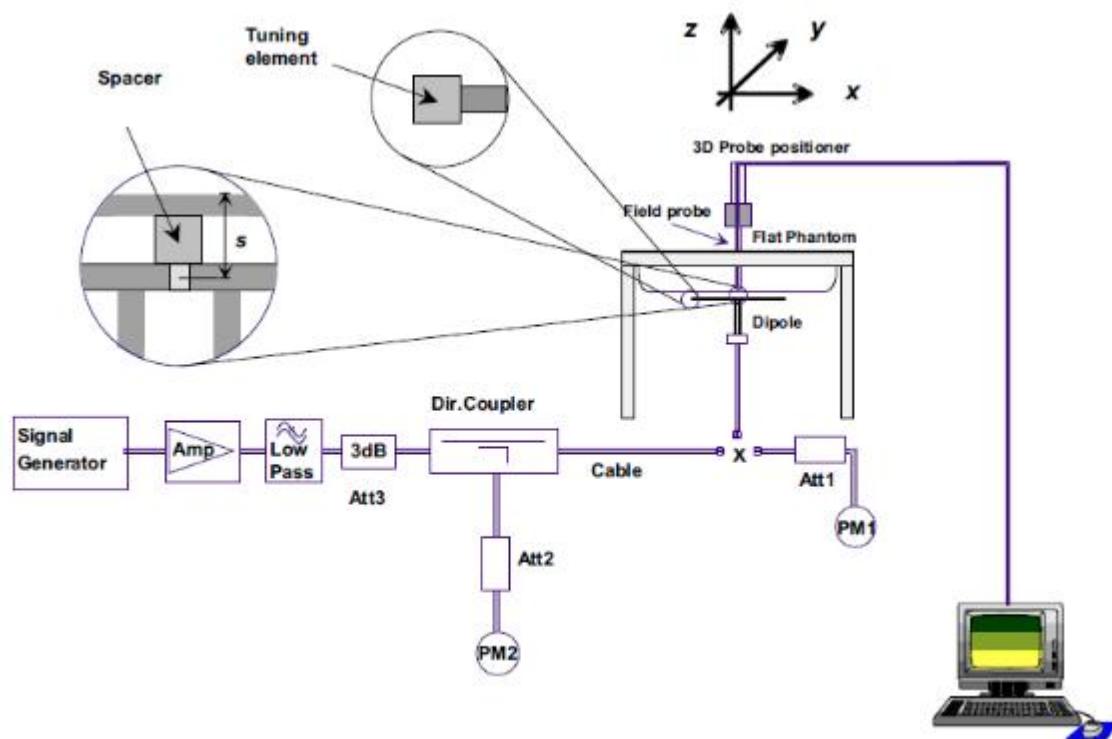
Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Target Tissue ($\pm 5\%$)		Measured Tissue		Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured Date
		ϵ_r	$\sigma(\text{S/m})$	ϵ_r	$\sigma(\text{S/m})$		
2450 Head	2450	39.2 (37.24~41.16)	1.8 (1.71~1.89)	38.764	1.796	22.0	April 19, 2024
5250 Head	5250	36.0 (34.20~37.80)	4.66 (4.43~4.89)	36.214	4.709	23.2	May 10, 2024
5750 Head	5750	35.3 (33.54~37.07)	5.27 (5.01~5.53)	35.754	5.335	23.2	May 10, 2024
5250 Head	5250	36.0 (34.20~37.80)	4.66 (4.43~4.89)	35.654	4.662	24.1	December 09, 2024
5600 Head	5600	35.5 (33.73~37.28)	5.07 (4.82~5.32)	34.521	4.965	24.1	December 09, 2024

Table 3: Measurement result of Tissue electric parameters



5.2. SAR System Check

The microwave circuit arrangement for system Check is sketched in F-1. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within $\pm 10\%$ from the target SAR values. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the EUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the following table (A power level of 250mW (below 3GHz) or 100mW (3-6GHz) was input to the dipole antenna). During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range $22 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, the relative humidity was in the range 60% and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15 ± 0.5 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.



F-1. the microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system check

5.2.1. Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

1) Referring to KDB865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.

- There is no physical damage on the dipole;
 - System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
 - Return-loss is within 20% of calibrated measurement;
 - Impedance is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

D5GHzV2 SN 1046 Extend Dipole Calibrations(5250MHz)

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2023-10-23	-28.6		49.9		-3.71	
2024-10-22	-28.5	-0.35	49.6	-0.3	-3.70	0.01



D5GHzV2 SN 1046 Extend Dipole Calibrations(5600MHz)

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2023-10-23	-25.9		55.3		0.26	
2024-10-22	-25.6	-1.16	55.1	-0.2	0.24	-0.02



5.2.2. Summary System Check Result(s)

Validation Kit		Measured SAR 250mW	Measured SAR 250mW	Measured SAR	Measured SAR	Target SAR (normalized to 1W) (±10%)	Target SAR (normalized to 1W) (±10%)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured Date
				(normalized to 1W)	(normalized to 1W)				
		1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1-g(W/kg)	10-g(W/kg)		
D2450V2	Head	12.61	5.87	50.44	23.48	53.5 (48.15~58.85)	24.8 (22.32~27.28)	22.2	April 19, 2024
Validation Kit		Measured SAR 100mW	Measured SAR 100mW	Measured SAR	Measured SAR	Target SAR (normalized to 1W) (±10%)	Target SAR (normalized to 1W) (±10%)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured Date
				(normalized to 1W)	(normalized to 1W)				
		1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1-g(W/kg)	10-g(W/kg)		
D5GHzV2	Head (5.25GHz)	7.68	2.22	76.80	22.20	78.1 (70.29~85.91)	22.2 (19.98~24.42)	23.2	May 10, 2024
	Head (5.75GHz)	8.15	2.18	81.50	21.80	77.4 (69.66~85.14)	21.6 (19.44~23.76)	23.2	May 10, 2024

Validation Kit		Measured SAR 100mW	Measured SAR 100mW	Measured SAR	Measured SAR	Target SAR (normalized to 1W) (±10%)	Target SAR (normalized to 1W) (±10%)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured Date
				(normalized to 1W)	(normalized to 1W)				
		1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1-g(W/kg)	10-g(W/kg)		
D5GHzV2	Head (5.25GHz)	8.02	2.14	80.20	21.40	78.1 (70.29~85.91)	22.2 (19.98~24.42)	24.1	December 09, 2024
	Head (5.75GHz)	8.36	2.29	83.60	22.90	81.9 (73.71~90.09)	23.1 (20.79~25.41)	24.1	December 09, 2024

Table 4: Please see the Appendix A



6. SAR measurement procedure

The measurement procedures are as follows:

6.1. Conducted power measurement

- a. For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously Transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- b. Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

6.2. WIFI Test Configuration

For WiFi SAR testing, a communication link is set up with the testing software for WiFi mode test. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Per KDB 248227D01, a minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

6.2.1. Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure condition with multiple test position, such as handsets operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or IJMPc mini-tablet, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DS55 procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all position in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated(peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is $\leq 0.4\text{W/kg}$, no additional testing for the remaining test position is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is $\leq 0.8\text{W/kg}$ or all test position are measured. For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is $> 0.8\text{ W/kg}$, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is $\leq 1.2\text{ W/kg}$ or all required channels are tested.

6.2.2. Initial Test Configuration Procedure

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required (see section 5.3.2 of KDB 248227D01). SAR test reduction of subsequent highest output test channels is based on the reported SAR of the initial test configuration.

For next to the ear, hotspot mode and CIMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the initial test position procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the initial test configuration transmission mode. For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the initial test configuration. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is $> 0.8\text{ W/kg}$, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until the reported SAR is $\leq 1.2\text{ W/kg}$ or all required channels are tested.

6.2.3. Sub Test Configuration Procedure

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units.

When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration, according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2\text{ W/kg}$, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.



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6.2.4. WiFi 2.4G SAR Test Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions.

a) 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1 of of KD8 248227D01) for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

b) 2.4GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3 of of KD8 248227D01 SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

c) SAR Test Requirements for OFDM configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 a/g/n/ac OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, additional SAR test reduction applies. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C band and 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band are supported, the highest maximum output power transmission mode configuration and maximum output power channel across the bands must be used to determine SAR test reduction, according to the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration requirements. In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

6.3. Power Reduction

The product without any power reduction.

6.4. Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, SAR system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within ± 0.2 dB.



7. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

7.1. Conducted Power Results

According KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 Section 4.1.2) states that "Unless it is specified differently in the published RF exposure KDB procedures, these requirements also apply to test reduction and test exclusion considerations. Time-averaged maximum conducted output power applies to SAR and, as required by § 2.1091(c), time-averaged ERP applies to MPE. When an antenna port is not available on the device to support conducted power measurement, such as FRS and certain Part 15 transmitters with built-in integral antennas, the maximum output power allowed for production units should be used to determine RF exposure test exclusion and compliance."

7.1.1. Conducted Power Measurement Results(WIFI 2.4G)

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune Up (dBm)
NVNT	b	2412	Ant1	15.57	16.00
NVNT	b	2437	Ant1	15.82	16.00
NVNT	b	2462	Ant1	15.42	16.00
NVNT	g	2412	Ant1	14.87	15.00
NVNT	g	2437	Ant1	14.19	15.00
NVNT	g	2462	Ant1	14.94	15.00
NVNT	n20	2412	Ant1	13.23	14.00
NVNT	n20	2437	Ant1	13.47	14.00
NVNT	n20	2462	Ant1	13.31	14.00
NVNT	n40	2422	Ant1	12.71	13.00
NVNT	n40	2437	Ant1	12.67	13.00
NVNT	n40	2452	Ant1	12.52	13.00

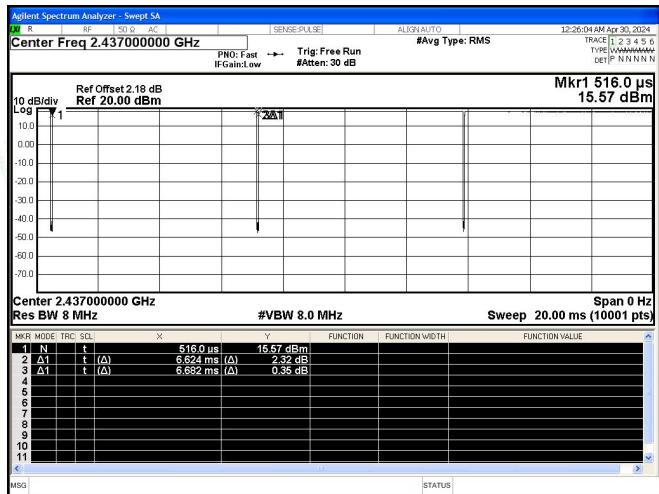
Note:

- a) Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.
- b) Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- 1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
- 2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.
- c) For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.

WIFI 2.4G (802.11b):

Duty cycle=99.13%





7.1.2. Conducted Power Measurement Results(WIFI 5.2G)

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Duty Factor (dB)	Total Power (dBm)	Tune Up (dBm)
NVNT	a	5180	Ant1	12.75	0.24	12.99	13.00
NVNT	a	5200	Ant1	12.53	0.24	12.77	13.00
NVNT	a	5240	Ant1	12.6	0.24	12.84	13.00
NVNT	n20	5180	Ant1	11.17	0.28	11.45	12.00
NVNT	n20	5200	Ant1	11.76	0.28	12.04	12.50
NVNT	n20	5240	Ant1	11.82	0.28	12.1	12.50
NVNT	n40	5190	Ant1	10.63	0.24	10.87	11.00
NVNT	n40	5230	Ant1	10.08	0.24	10.32	11.00
NVNT	ac20	5180	Ant1	11.13	0.28	11.41	12.00
NVNT	ac20	5200	Ant1	11.84	0.28	12.12	12.50
NVNT	ac20	5240	Ant1	11.93	0.28	12.21	12.50
NVNT	ac40	5190	Ant1	10.01	0.12	10.13	11.00
NVNT	ac40	5230	Ant1	10.11	0.12	10.23	11.00
NVNT	ac80	5210	Ant1	9.07	0.25	9.32	10.00
NVNT	ax20	5180	Ant1	11.16	0.28	11.44	12.00
NVNT	ax20	5200	Ant1	11.77	0.28	12.05	12.50
NVNT	ax20	5240	Ant1	11.9	0.28	12.18	12.50
NVNT	ax40	5190	Ant1	10.69	0.12	10.81	11.00
NVNT	ax40	5230	Ant1	10.14	0.12	10.26	11.00
NVNT	ax80	5210	Ant1	9.06	0.25	9.31	10.00

Note:

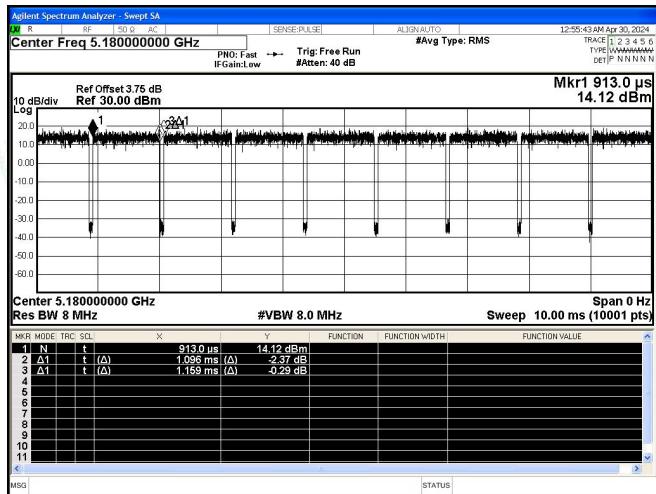
- a) Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.
- b) Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- 1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
- 2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.
- c) For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.

WIFI 5.2G (802.11a):

Duty cycle=94.56%



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7.1.3. Conducted Power Measurement Results(WIFI 5.3G)

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Duty Factor (dB)	Total Power (dBm)	Tune Up (dBm)
NVNT	a	5260	Ant1	12.61	0.24	12.85	13.00
NVNT	a	5300	Ant1	11.9	0.24	12.14	13.00
NVNT	a	5320	Ant1	12.17	0.24	12.41	13.00
NVNT	n20	5260	Ant1	11.03	0.12	11.15	12.00
NVNT	n20	5300	Ant1	11.25	0.12	11.37	12.00
NVNT	n20	5320	Ant1	10.84	0.12	10.96	11.00
NVNT	n40	5270	Ant1	10.5	0.24	10.74	11.00
NVNT	n40	5310	Ant1	10.43	0.24	10.67	11.00
NVNT	ac20	5260	Ant1	11.08	0.12	11.2	12.00
NVNT	ac20	5300	Ant1	11.73	0.12	11.85	12.00
NVNT	ac20	5320	Ant1	10.85	0.12	10.97	11.00
NVNT	ac40	5270	Ant1	10.28	0.24	10.52	11.00
NVNT	ac40	5310	Ant1	10.61	0.24	10.85	11.00
NVNT	ac80	5290	Ant1	9.11	0.25	9.36	10.00
NVNT	ax20	5260	Ant1	11.06	0.12	11.18	12.00
NVNT	ax20	5300	Ant1	11.77	0.12	11.89	12.00
NVNT	ax20	5320	Ant1	11.34	0.12	11.46	12.00
NVNT	ax40	5270	Ant1	10.27	0.24	10.51	11.00
NVNT	ax40	5310	Ant1	10.43	0.24	10.67	11.00
NVNT	ax80	5290	Ant1	9.01	0.25	9.26	10.00

Note:

- Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.
- Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
 - When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
 - When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.
 - For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.

WIFI 5.8G (802.11a):

Duty cycle =94.56%

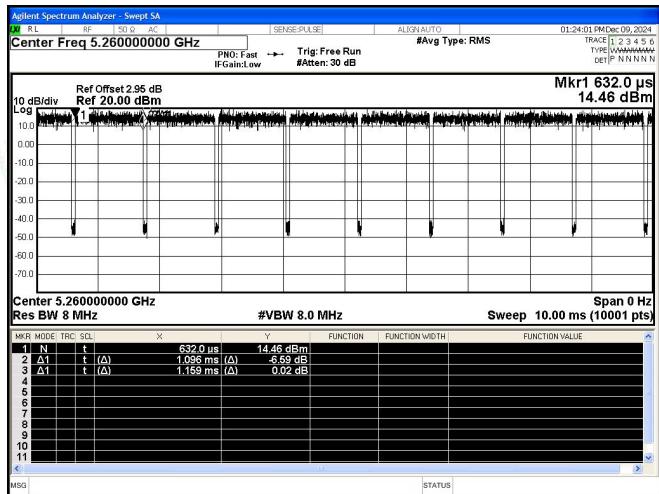


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7.1.4. Conducted Power Measurement Results(WIFI 5.5G)

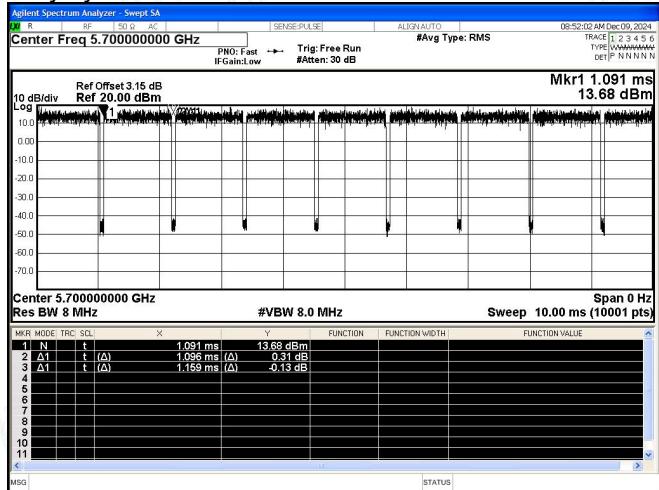
Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Duty Factor (dB)	Total Power (dBm)	Tune Up (dBm)
NVNT	a	5500	Ant1	11.73	0.24	11.97	12.00
NVNT	a	5580	Ant1	11.89	0.24	12.13	13.00
NVNT	a	5700	Ant1	12.18	0.24	12.42	13.00
NVNT	n20	5500	Ant1	10.84	0.12	10.96	11.00
NVNT	n20	5580	Ant1	11.14	0.12	11.26	12.00
NVNT	n20	5700	Ant1	11.07	0.12	11.19	12.00
NVNT	n40	5510	Ant1	10.21	0.23	10.44	11.00
NVNT	n40	5550	Ant1	10.11	0.24	10.35	11.00
NVNT	n40	5670	Ant1	10.96	0.24	11.2	12.00
NVNT	ac20	5500	Ant1	10.86	0.12	10.98	11.00
NVNT	ac20	5580	Ant1	11.13	0.12	11.25	12.00
NVNT	ac20	5700	Ant1	11.38	0.12	11.5	12.00
NVNT	ac40	5510	Ant1	10.17	0.24	10.41	11.00
NVNT	ac40	5550	Ant1	10.01	0.24	10.25	11.00
NVNT	ac40	5670	Ant1	10.88	0.24	11.12	12.00
NVNT	ac80	5530	Ant1	9.22	0.25	9.47	10.00
NVNT	ac80	5610	Ant1	9.53	0.25	9.78	10.00
NVNT	ax20	5500	Ant1	11.65	0.12	11.77	12.00
NVNT	ax20	5580	Ant1	10.93	0.12	11.05	12.00
NVNT	ax20	5700	Ant1	11.17	0.12	11.29	12.00
NVNT	ax40	5510	Ant1	10.01	0.24	10.25	11.00
NVNT	ax40	5550	Ant1	9.92	0.24	10.16	11.00
NVNT	ax40	5670	Ant1	10.78	0.24	11.02	12.00
NVNT	ax80	5530	Ant1	9.23	0.25	9.48	10.00
NVNT	ax80	5610	Ant1	9.24	0.25	9.49	10.00

Note:

- a) Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.
- b) Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- 1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
- 2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.
- c) For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.

WIFI 5.8G (802.11a):

Duty cycle =94.56%



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7.1.5. Conducted Power Measurement Results(WIFI 5.8G)

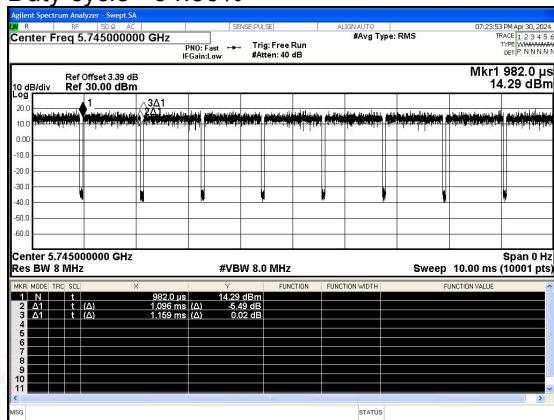
Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Duty Factor (dB)	Total Power (dBm)	Tune Up (dBm)
NVNT	a	5745	Ant1	12.96	0.24	13.2	14.00
NVNT	a	5785	Ant1	12.64	0.24	12.88	13.00
NVNT	a	5825	Ant1	12.11	0.24	12.35	13.00
NVNT	n20	5745	Ant1	11.25	0.28	11.53	12.00
NVNT	n20	5785	Ant1	11.08	0.28	11.36	12.00
NVNT	n20	5825	Ant1	11.4	0.28	11.68	12.00
NVNT	n40	5755	Ant1	10.44	0.12	10.56	11.00
NVNT	n40	5795	Ant1	10.57	0.12	10.69	11.00
NVNT	ac20	5745	Ant1	11.24	0.28	11.52	12.00
NVNT	ac20	5785	Ant1	11.12	0.28	11.4	12.00
NVNT	ac20	5825	Ant1	11.42	0.28	11.7	12.00
NVNT	ac40	5755	Ant1	10.78	0.12	10.9	11.00
NVNT	ac40	5795	Ant1	10.93	0.12	11.05	12.00
NVNT	ac80	5775	Ant1	9.77	0.25	10.02	11.00
NVNT	ax20	5745	Ant1	11.21	0.28	11.49	12.00
NVNT	ax20	5785	Ant1	11	0.28	11.28	12.00
NVNT	ax20	5825	Ant1	11.37	0.28	11.65	12.00
NVNT	ax40	5755	Ant1	10.74	0.12	10.86	11.00
NVNT	ax40	5795	Ant1	10.57	0.12	10.69	11.00
NVNT	ax80	5775	Ant1	9.71	0.25	9.96	10.00

Note:

- a) Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.
- b) Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- 1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
- 2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.
- c) For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.

WIFI 5.8G (802.11a):

Duty cycle =94.56%



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7.1.6. Conducted Power Measurement Results(Bluetooth)

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune Up (dBm)
NVNT	1-DH5	2402	Ant1	-0.95	0.00
NVNT	1-DH5	2441	Ant1	-1	-1.00
NVNT	1-DH5	2480	Ant1	-0.87	0.00
NVNT	2-DH5	2402	Ant1	-0.02	0.00
NVNT	2-DH5	2441	Ant1	0.33	1.00
NVNT	2-DH5	2480	Ant1	0.56	1.00
NVNT	3-DH5	2402	Ant1	0.09	1.00
NVNT	3-DH5	2441	Ant1	0.51	1.00
NVNT	3-DH5	2480	Ant1	0.67	1.00

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
NVNT	BLE 1M	2402	Ant1	0.82	1.00
NVNT	BLE 1M	2440	Ant1	0.58	1.00
NVNT	BLE 1M	2480	Ant1	-0.47	0.00
NVNT	BLE 2M	2402	Ant1	0.59	1.00
NVNT	BLE 2M	2440	Ant1	0.35	1.00
NVNT	BLE 2M	2480	Ant1	-0.85	0.00



7.2. Stand-alone SAR test evaluation

Unless specifically required by the published RF exposure KDB procedures, standalone 1-g head or body and Product specific 10g SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions, by measurement or numerical simulation, is not required when the corresponding SAR Test Exclusion Threshold condition is satisfied. These test exclusion conditions are based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power of the RF channel requiring evaluation, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions.

Freq. Band	Frequency (GHz)	Position	Average Power		Test Separation (mm)	Calculate Value	Exclusion Threshold	Exclusion (Y/N)
			dBm	mW				
Bluetooth	2.48	Body	1.0	1.26	5	0.397	3	Y

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.



7.3. SAR Measurement Results

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

$$\text{Reported SAR} = \text{Measured SAR} * 10^{(\text{P}_{\text{target}} - \text{P}_{\text{measured}})/10}$$

$$\text{Scaling factor} = 10^{(\text{P}_{\text{target}} - \text{P}_{\text{measured}})/10}$$

$$\text{Reported SAR} = \text{Measured SAR} * \text{Scaling factor}$$

Where

P_{target} is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

$\text{P}_{\text{measured}}$ is the measured power;

Measured SAR is measured SAR at measured power which including power drift)

Reported SAR which including Power Drift and Scaling factor

7.3.1. SAR Results [WIFI 2.4G]

SAR Values [WIFI 2.4G]									
Ch/ Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type	Test Position	Duty Cycle Factor	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	PowerDrift (dB)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg)	
								Measured	Reported
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (distance 0mm)									
6/2437	802.11b	Front side	1.009	15.82	16.00	-0.02	1.042	0.221	0.232
6/2437	802.11b	Rear side	1.009	15.82	16.00	-0.04	1.042	0.254	0.267
6/2437	802.11b	Left side	1.009	15.82	16.00	-0.17	1.042	0.065	0.068
6/2437	802.11b	Right side	1.009	15.82	16.00	0.11	1.042	0.058	0.061
6/2437	802.11b	Bottom side	1.009	15.82	16.00	-0.13	1.042	0.124	0.130

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 2) When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required.
- 3) When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.

7.3.2. SAR Results [WIFI 5.2G]

SAR Values [WIFI 5.2G]									
Ch/ Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type	Test Position	Duty Cycle Factor	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	PowerDrift (dB)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg)	
								Measured	Reported
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (distance 0mm)									
36/5180	802.11a	Front side	1.058	12.99	13.00	-0.01	1.002	0.098	0.104
36/5180	802.11a	Rear side	1.058	12.99	13.00	0.11	1.002	0.123	0.130
36/5180	802.11a	Left side	1.058	12.99	13.00	0.17	1.002	0.026	0.028
36/5180	802.11a	Right side	1.058	12.99	13.00	-0.15	1.002	0.020	0.021
36/5180	802.11a	Bottom side	1.058	12.99	13.00	-0.16	1.002	0.052	0.055

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 2) When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required.



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- 3) When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.

7.3.3. SAR Results [WIFI 5.8G]

SAR Values [WIFI 5.8G]									
Ch/ Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type	Test Position	Duty Cycle Factor	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	PowerDrift (dB)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg)	
								Measured	Reported
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (distance 0mm)									
149/5745	802.11a	Front side	1.058	13.20	14.00	-0.15	1.202	0.121	0.154
149/5745	802.11a	Rear side	1.058	13.20	14.00	0.18	1.202	0.156	0.198
149/5745	802.11a	Left side	1.058	13.20	14.00	0.06	1.202	0.036	0.046
149/5745	802.11a	Right side	1.058	13.20	14.00	-0.09	1.202	0.030	0.038
149/5745	802.12a	Bottom side	1.058	13.20	14.00	-0.11	1.202	0.065	0.083

Note:

- The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required.
- When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.

7.3.4. SAR Results [WIFI 5.3G]

SAR Values [WIFI 5.3G]									
Ch/ Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type	Test Position	Duty Cycle Factor	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	PowerDrift (dB)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg)	
								Measured	Reported
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (distance 0mm)									
52/5260	802.11a	Front side	1.058	12.85	13.00	-0.10	1.035	0.089	0.097
52/5260	802.11a	Rear side	1.058	12.85	13.00	0.03	1.035	0.123	0.135
52/5260	802.11a	Left side	1.058	12.85	13.00	-0.11	1.035	0.021	0.023
52/5260	802.11a	Right side	1.058	12.85	13.00	-0.17	1.035	0.017	0.019
52/5260	802.12a	Bottom side	1.058	12.85	13.00	0.02	1.035	0.042	0.046

Note:

- The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required.
- When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.



7.3.5. SAR Results [WIFI 5.5G]

SAR Values [WIFI 5.5G]								
Ch/ Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type	Test Position	Duty Cycle Factor	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	PowerDrift (dB)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg)
								Measured
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (distance 0mm)								
140/5700	802.11a	Front side	1.058	12.42	13.00	0.05	1.143	0.062
140/5700	802.11a	Rear side	1.058	12.42	13.00	-0.17	1.143	0.102
140/5700	802.11a	Left side	1.058	12.42	13.00	0.04	1.143	0.006
140/5700	802.11a	Right side	1.058	12.42	13.00	-0.17	1.143	0.003
140/5700	802.12a	Bottom side	1.058	12.42	13.00	-0.19	1.143	0.015
								0.018

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 2) When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required.
- 3) When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.



7.4. Multiple Transmitter Evaluation

Note:

- 1) Wi-Fi 2.4G/5G and Bluetooth share the same Tx antenna and can't transmit simultaneously.



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APPENDIX A: DETAILED SYSTEM CHECK RESULTS

1. System Performance Check

System Performance Check 2450 MHz Head

System Performance Check 5250 MHz Head

System Performance Check 5600 MHz Head

System Performance Check 5750 MHz Head



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Test Laboratory: LCS-SAR Lab

System Check_2450Mhz

DUT: D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 808

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.796$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.764$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3805; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 2023/11/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn373; Calibrated: 2024/1/3
- Phantom: SAM v5.0; Type: SAM; Serial: 1850
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (4x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 W/kg

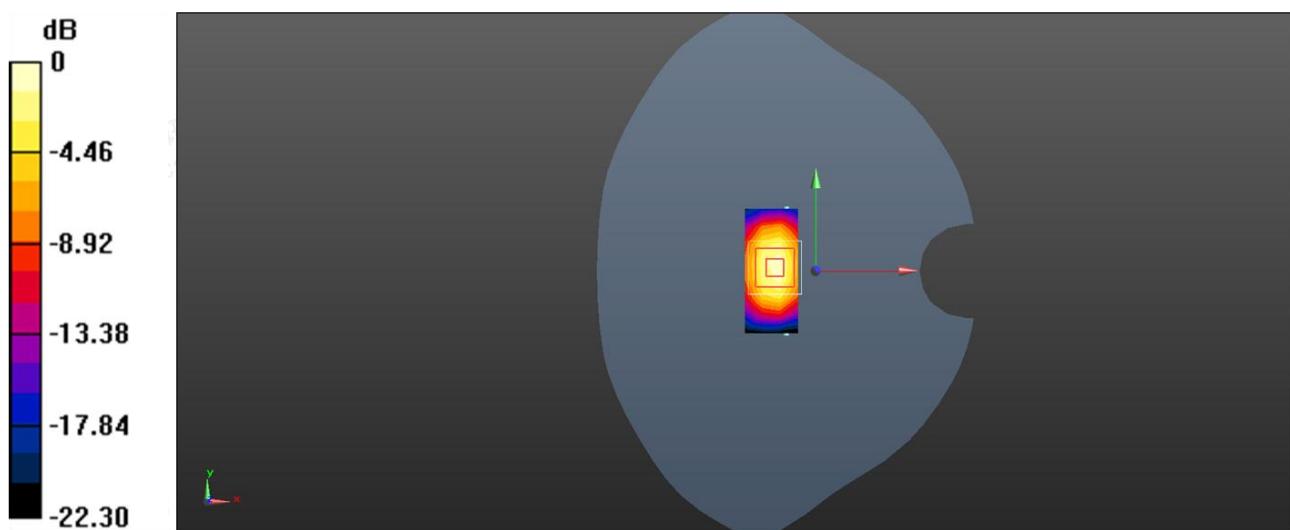
Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.87 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg



0 dB = 18.8 W/kg = 12.74 dBW/kg



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Test Laboratory: LCS-SAR Lab

System Check_5250Mhz

DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1046

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.709$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.214$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3805; ConvF(5.38, 5.38, 5.38); Calibrated: 2023/11/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn373; Calibrated: 2024/1/3
- Phantom: SAM v5.0; Type: SAM; Serial: 1850
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (5x5x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.1 W/kg

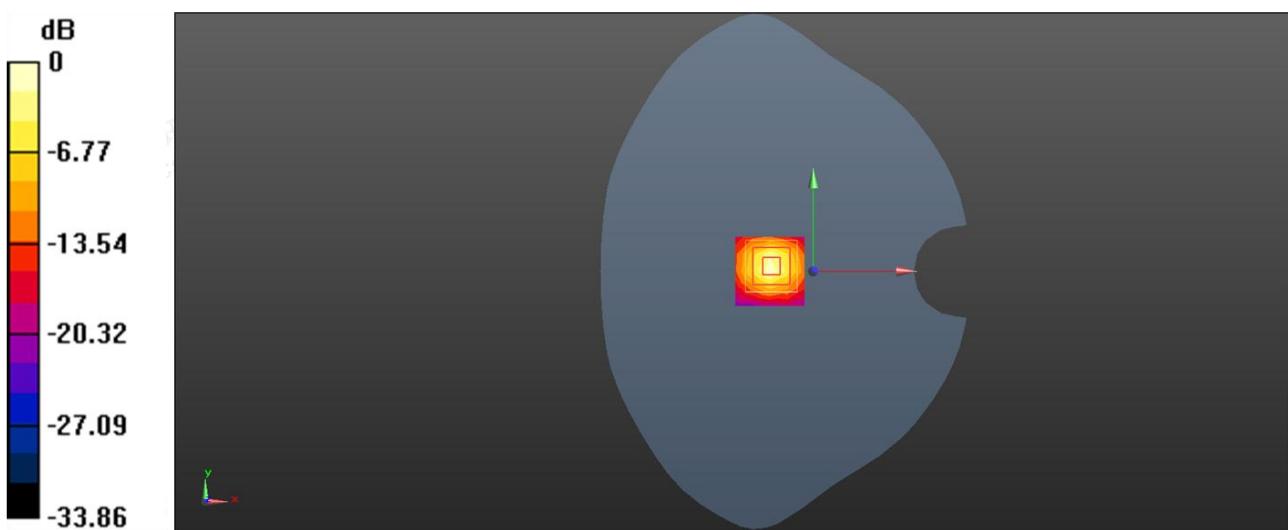
Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 67.77 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.68 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.6 W/kg



0 dB = 22.6 W/kg = 13.54 dBW/kg



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Test Laboratory: LCS-SAR Lab

System Check_5750Mhz

DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1046

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.335$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.754$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3805; ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88); Calibrated: 2023/11/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn373; Calibrated: 2024/1/3
- Phantom: SAM v5.0; Type: SAM; Serial: 1850
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (5x5x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.6 W/kg

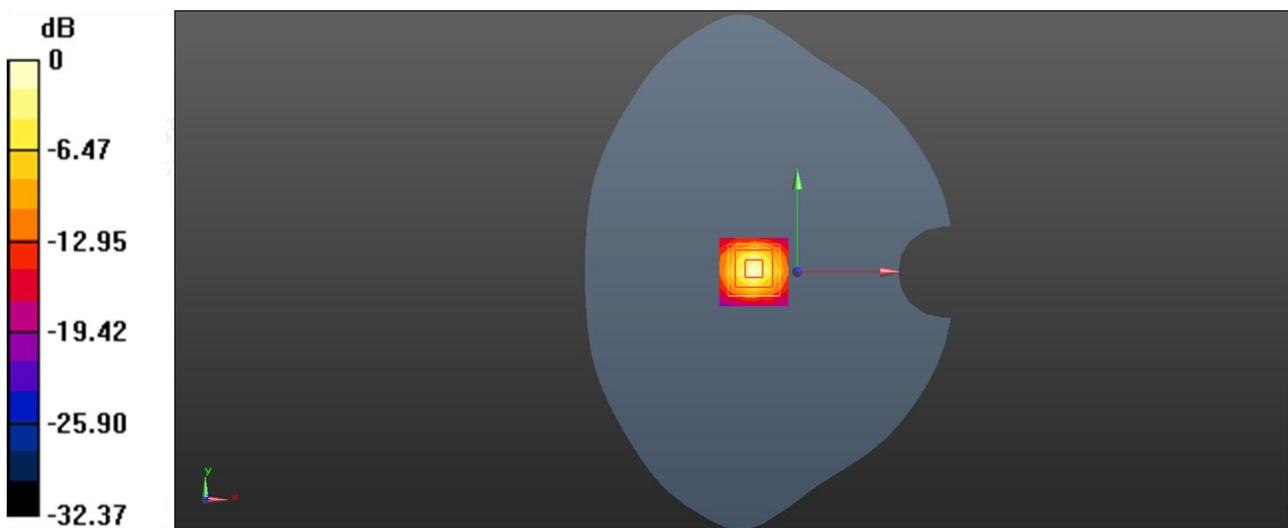
Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 71.23 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 W/kg



0 dB = 20.3 W/kg = 13.07 dBW/kg



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Test Laboratory: LCS-SAR Lab

System Check_5250Mhz

DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1046

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.662$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.654$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3805; ConvF(5.38, 5.38, 5.38); Calibrated: 2024/11/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn373; Calibrated: 2024/1/3
- Phantom: SAM v5.0; Type: SAM; Serial: 1850
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (5x5x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.2 W/kg

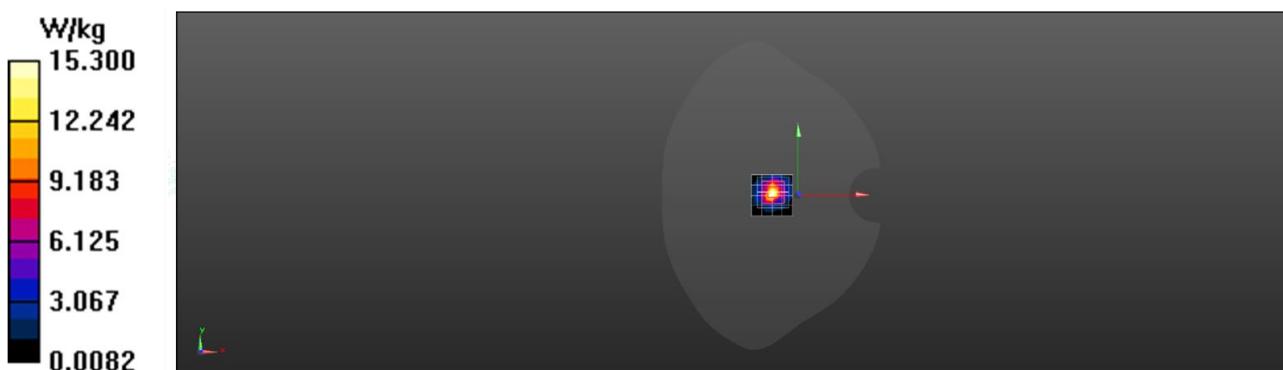
Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 87.21 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.3 W/kg



Test Laboratory: LCS-SAR Lab

System Check_5750Mhz

DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1046

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.965$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.521$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3805; ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88); Calibrated: 2024/11/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn373; Calibrated: 2024/1/3
- Phantom: SAM v5.0; Type: SAM; Serial: 1850
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (5x5x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.5 W/kg

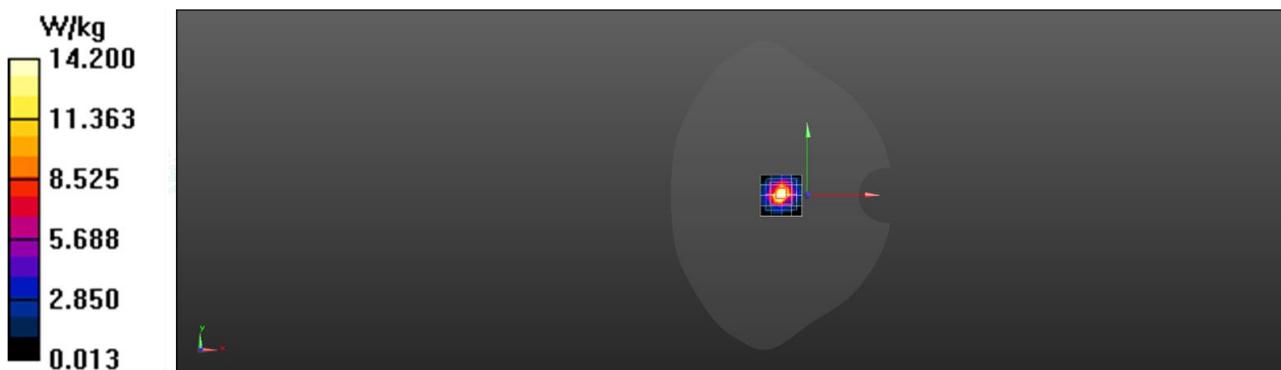
Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 66.54 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.2 W/kg



APPENDIX B: DETAILED TEST RESULTS

1. WIFI

WIFI-2.4G for Body

WIFI-5.2G for Body

WIFI-5.3G for Body

WIFI-5.5G for Body

WIFI-5.8G for Body



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Test Laboratory: LCS-SAR Lab

WIFI 2.4G 802.11b 6CH Rear side 0mm

DUT: Wireless Adapter; Type: CF-943AX; Serial: A240410040-1

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 2.4GHz (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.009

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.803$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.968$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3805; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 2023/11/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn373; Calibrated: 2024/1/3
- Phantom: SAM v5.0; Type: SAM; Serial: 1850
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (10x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.487 W/kg

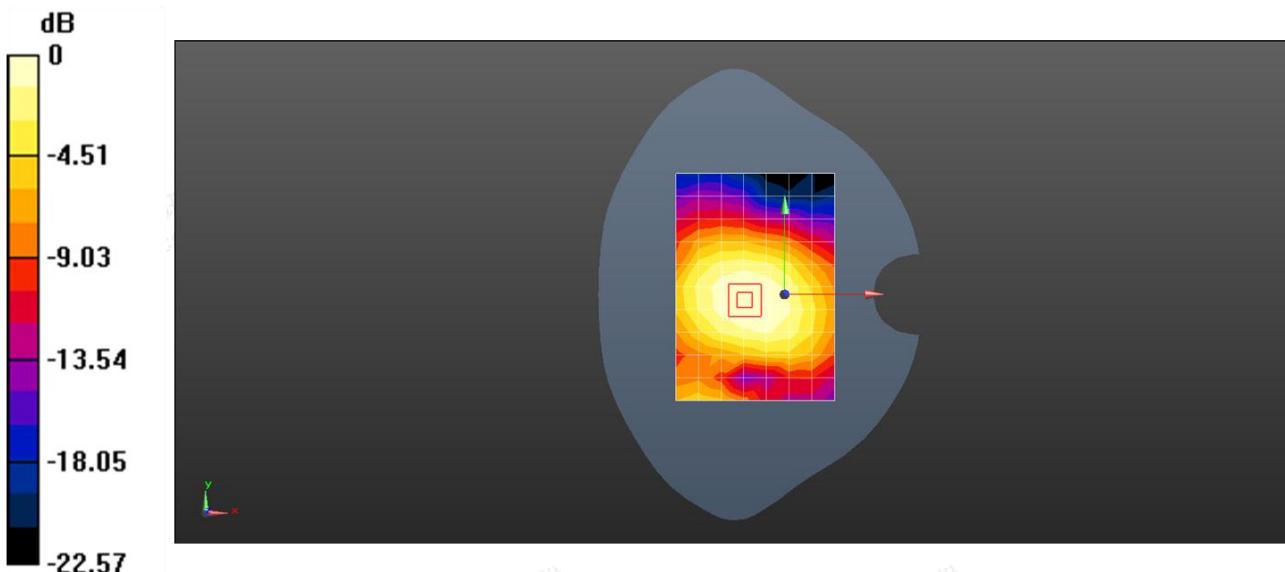
Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.215 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.254 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.098 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.489 W/kg



0 dB = 0.489 W/kg = -3.11 dBW/kg



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Test Laboratory: LCS-SAR Lab

WIFI 5.2G 802.11a 36CH Rear side 0mm

DUT: Wireless Adapter; Type: CF-943AX; Serial: A240410040-1

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5GHz (0); Frequency: 5180 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.058

Medium parameters used: $f = 5180$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.524$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.232$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3805; ConvF(5.38, 5.38, 5.38); Calibrated: 2023/11/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn373; Calibrated: 2024/1/3
- Phantom: SAM v5.0; Type: SAM; Serial: 1850
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (11x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.111 W/kg

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

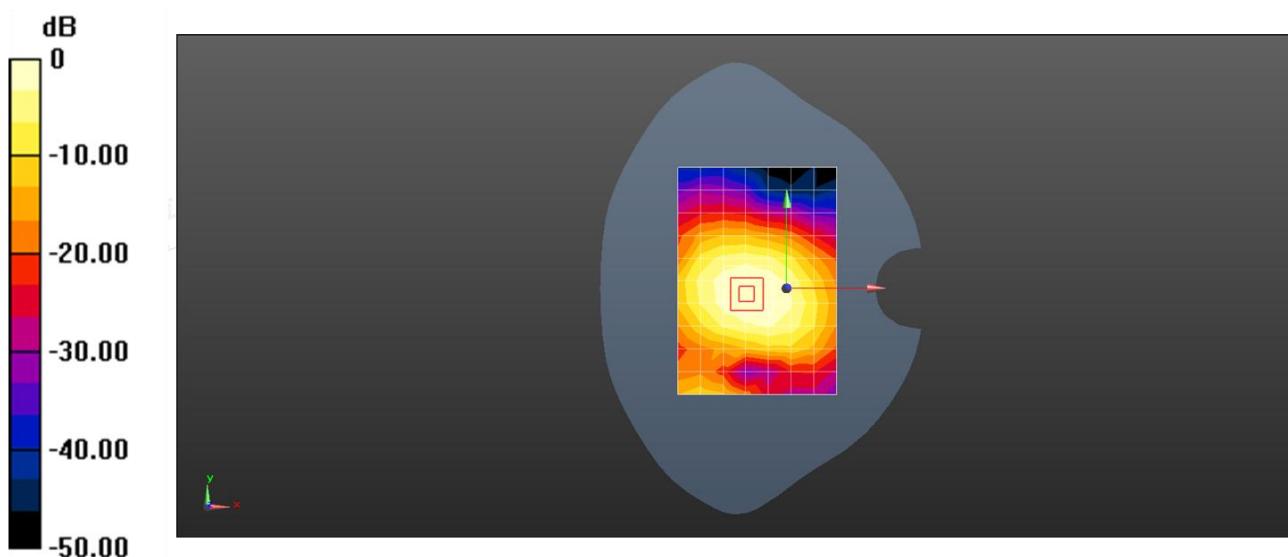
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0.6358 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.123 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.123 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.080 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.105 W/kg



0 dB = 0.105 W/kg = -9.79 dBW/kg



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Test Laboratory: LCS-SAR Lab

WIFI 5.3G 802.11a 52CH Rear side 0mm

DUT: Wireless Adapter; Type: CF-943AX; Serial: A240410040-1

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5GHz (0); Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.058

Medium parameters used: $f = 5260$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.485$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.124$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3805; ConvF(5.38, 5.38, 5.38); Calibrated: 2024/11/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn373; Calibrated: 2024/1/3
- Phantom: SAM v5.0; Type: SAM; Serial: 1850
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (11x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.98 W/kg

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

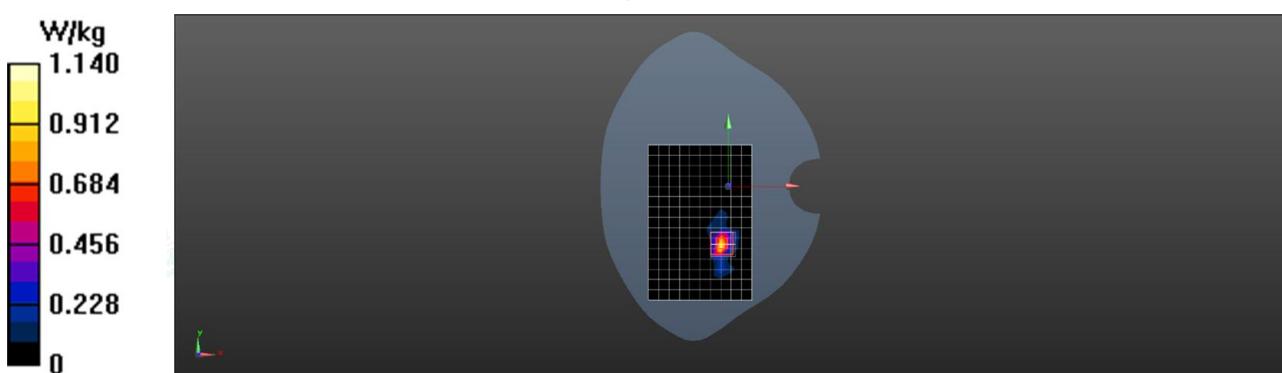
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0.2541 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.62 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.123 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.065 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg



Test Laboratory: LCS-SAR Lab

WIFI 5.5G 802.11a 140CH Rear side 0mm

DUT: Wireless Adapter; Type: CF-943AX; Serial: A240410040-1

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5GHz (0); Frequency: 5700 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.058

Medium parameters used: $f = 5700$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.914$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.452$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3805; ConvF(5.38, 5.38, 5.38); Calibrated: 2024/11/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn373; Calibrated: 2024/1/3
- Phantom: SAM v5.0; Type: SAM; Serial: 1850
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (11x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.633 W/kg

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

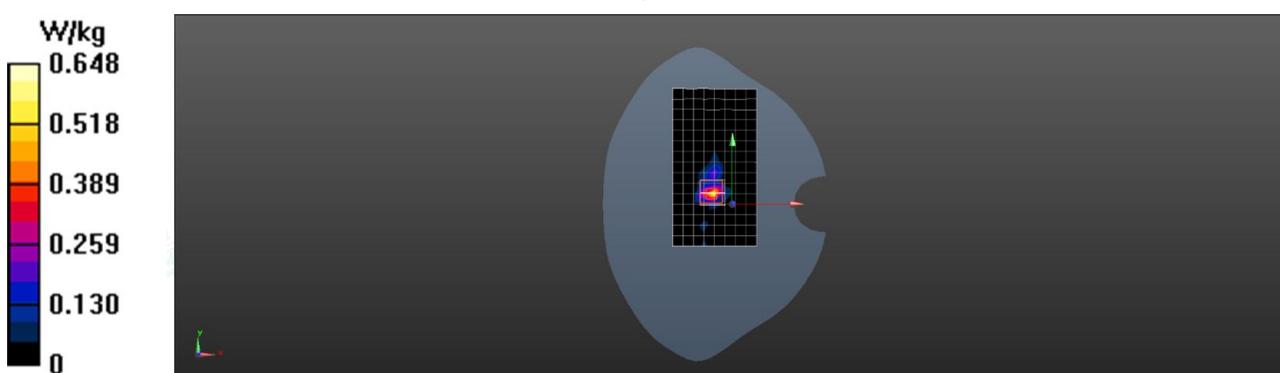
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.1021 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.102 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.062 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.648 W/kg



Test Laboratory: LCS-SAR Lab

WIFI 5.8G 802.11a 149CH Rear side 0mm

DUT: Wireless Adapter; Type: CF-943AX; Serial: A240410040-1

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5GHz; Frequency: 5745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.058

Medium parameters used: $f = 5745 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.422 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.254$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3805; ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88); Calibrated: 2023/11/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn373; Calibrated: 2024/1/3
- Phantom: SAM v5.0; Type: SAM; Serial: 1850
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (11x16x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.285 W/kg

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

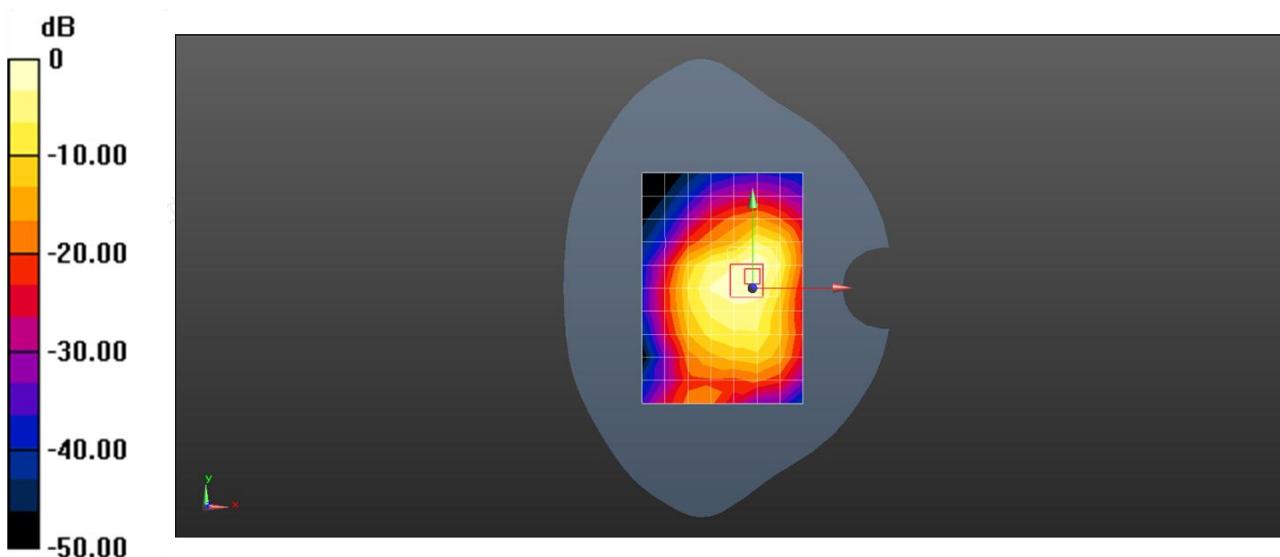
$dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 1.778 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.375 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.156 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.072 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.266 W/kg



0 dB = 0.266 W/kg = -5.75 dBW/kg



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