



Engineering Solutions & Electromagnetic Compatibility Services

FCC & IC Certification Report

Harris Corporation
221 Jefferson Ridge Parkway
Lynchburg, VA 24501
Contact: Jeremy Johnson

Model: XG-75 UHF-H
Portable Radio

FCC ID: OWDTR-0131-E
IC: 3636B-0131

August 27, 2014

Standards Referenced for this Report	
Part 2: 2013	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
Part 22: 2013	Public Mobile Services
Part 80: 2013	Stations in the Maritime Services
Part 90: 2013	Private Land Mobile Radio Services
TIA-EIA-603-C August 2004	Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment – Measurement and Performance Standards
ANSI/TIA/EIA-102.CAAA-2002	Digital C4FM/CQPSK Transceiver Measurement Methods
ANSI/TIA-102.CAAB-A-2002	Land Mobile Radio Transceiver Performance Recommendations - Project 25 - Digital Radio Technology, C4FM/CQPSK Modulation
TIA-102.CCAA August 2011	Two-Slot Time Division Multiple Access Transceiver Measurement Methods
TIA-102.CCAB October 2011	Two-Slot Time Division Multiple Access Transceiver Performance Recommendations
RSS-119 Issue 11	Land Mobile and Fixed Radio Transmitters and Receivers 27.41 to 960.0 MHz

Report Prepared By: Daniel Baltzell

Document Number: 2014082

This report may not be reproduced, except in full, without the full written approval of Rhein Tech Laboratories, Inc. and Harris Corporation. Test results relate only to the item tested.

These tests are accredited and meet the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025 as verified by ANSI-ASQ National Accreditation Board/ACLASS. Refer to certificate and scope of accreditation AT-143.98755.

FCC Rule Parts	Frequency Range (MHz)	Rated Conducted Output Power (W)	Frequency Tolerance (ppm)	Transmit Mode	Emission Designator
22, 80	450-470 (FCC/IC)	5.0	0.2	Analog FM WB	16K0F3E
22, 80	450-470 (FCC/IC)	5.0	0.2	2-level FSK 9600 Data/ Digital Voice WB	16K0F1D/E
22, 80, 90	470-512 (FCC) 512-522 (Federal)	5.0	0.2	Analog FM WB	16K0F3E
22, 80, 90	470-512 (FCC) 512-522 (Federal)	5.0	0.2	2-level FSK 9600 Data/ Digital Voice WB	16K0F1D/E
22, 80, 90	450-512 (FCC) 512-522 (Federal) 450-470 (IC)	5.0	0.2	Analog FM	11K0F3E
22, 80, 90	450-512 (FCC) 512-522 (Federal) 450-470 (IC)	5.0	0.2	2-level FSK 4800 Data/ Digital Voice	7K10F1D, 7K10F1E
22, 80, 90	450-512 (FCC) 512-522 (Federal) 450-470 (IC)	5.0	0.2	2-level FSK 9600 Data/ Digital Voice (XNB)	7K10F1D, 7K10F1E
22, 80, 90	450-512 (FCC) 512-522 (Federal) 450-470 (IC)	5.0	0.2	H-CPM Data & Voice	8K10DXW
22, 80, 90	450-512 (FCC) 512-522 (Federal) 450-470 (IC)	5.0	0.2	C4FM Data/Voice	8K40F1D 8K40F1E
22, 80, 90	450-512 (FCC) 512-522 (Federal) 450-470 (IC)	5.0	0.2	2-level FSK 9600 Data/ Digital Voice FM	11K7F1D 11K7F1E

Table of Contents

1	Test Result Summary	8
2	General Information	8
2.1	Test Facility	8
2.2	Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)	8
2.3	Grant Notes	9
2.4	Tested System Details	9
3	FCC Part 2.1033(C)(8) Voltages and Currents through the Final Amplifying Stage	11
4	FCC Part 2.1046(a), 22.659, 80.215, 90.205; IC RSS-119 5.4: Transmitter Power	11
4.1	Test Procedure	11
4.2	Test Data	12
5	FCC Part 2.1051, 22.359, 80.217, 90.210; RSS-119 5.8: Conducted Spurious Emissions	13
5.1	Test Procedure	13
5.2	Test Data	14
6	FCC Part 2.1053(a), 80.211, 90.210; IC RSS-119 5.8.9.2: Radiated Emissions	22
6.1	Test Procedure	22
6.2	Test Data	22
7	FCC Part 2.1049(c)(1), 22.359(b), 80.205, 90.210; IC RSS-119 5.5: Bandwidths/Masks	27
7.1	Test Procedure	27
7.2	Test Data	29
8	FCC Part 2.1055, 22.355, 80.209, 90.213; IC RSS-119 5.3: Frequency Stability	56
8.1	Test Procedure	56
8.2	Test Data	57
8.2.1	Temperature Frequency Stability	57
8.2.2	Frequency Stability/Voltage Variation	59
9	FCC Rules and Regulations Part 90.214; IC RSS-119 5.9: Transient Frequency Response	60
9.1	Test Procedure	60
9.2	Test Data	62
10	FCC Part 2.1047(a)(b), 80.213; IC RSS-119 5.8: Modulation Characteristics	67
10.1	Test Procedures	67
10.1.1	Audio Frequency Response	67
10.1.2	Audio Low Pass Filter Response	67
10.1.3	Modulation Limiting	67
10.2	Test Data	68
10.2.1	Audio Frequency Response	68
10.2.2	Audio Low Pass Filter Response	69
10.2.3	Modulation Limiting	70
11	FCC Part 2.202: Necessary Bandwidth and Emission Bandwidth	72
12	Conclusion	73

Table of Figures

Figure 2-1: Configuration of Tested System	10
--	----

Table of Tables

Table 2-1: Equipment Under Test (EUT)	9
Table 4-1: RF Conducted Output Power – Measured	12
Table 4-2: Test Equipment Used for Testing RF Power Output - Conducted	12
Table 5-1: Test Equipment Used for Testing Spurious Emissions	21
Table 6-1: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation – 450.0125 MHz	22
Table 6-2: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation – 453.9875 MHz	23
Table 6-3: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation – 456.0125 MHz	23
Table 6-4: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation – 469.9875 MHz	24
Table 6-5: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation – 511.9875 MHz	24
Table 6-6: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation – 521.9875 MHz	25
Table 6-7: Test Equipment Used for Testing Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	26
Table 7-1: Test Equipment Used for Testing Occupied Bandwidth	54
Table 8-1: Temperature Frequency Stability – 450.0125 MHz	57
Table 8-2: Temperature Frequency Stability – 469.9875 MHz	57
Table 8-3: Test Equipment Used for Testing Frequency Stability	58
Table 8-4: Frequency Stability/Voltage Variation – 450.0125 MHz	59
Table 8-5: Frequency Stability/Voltage Variation – 469.9875 MHz	59
Table 8-6: Test Equipment Used for Testing Frequency Stability/Voltage Variation	59
Table 9-1: Test Equipment Used for Testing Transient Frequency Behavior	66
Table 10-1: Test Equipment Used for Testing Modulation Requirements	71

Table of Plots

Plot 5-1:	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals – 450.0125 MHz	15
Plot 5-2:	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals – 453.9875 MHz	16
Plot 5-3:	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals – 456.0125 MHz	17
Plot 5-4:	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals – 469.9875 MHz	18
Plot 5-5:	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals – 511.9875 MHz	19
Plot 5-6:	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals – 521.9875 MHz	20
Plot 7-1:	Occupied Bandwidth – 450.0125 MHz; Analog (FCC Part 22)	29
Plot 7-2:	Occupied Bandwidth – 450.0125 MHz; NB Mask; (FCC Part 22)	30
Plot 7-3:	Occupied Bandwidth – 450.0125 MHz; Narrowband Analog; Mask D	31
Plot 7-4:	Occupied Bandwidth – 453.9875 MHz; Narrowband Analog; Mask D	32
Plot 7-5:	Occupied Bandwidth – 456.0125 MHz; Narrowband Analog; Mask D	33
Plot 7-6:	Occupied Bandwidth – 469.9875 MHz; Narrowband Analog; Mask D	34
Plot 7-7:	Occupied Bandwidth – 511.9875 MHz; Narrowband Analog; Mask D	35
Plot 7-8:	Occupied Bandwidth – 521.9875 MHz; Narrowband Analog; Mask D	36
Plot 7-9:	Occupied Bandwidth – 450.0125 MHz; Narrowband 2-level 9600 FSK; Mask D	37
Plot 7-10:	Occupied Bandwidth – 453.9875 MHz; Narrowband 2-level 9600 FSK; Mask D	38
Plot 7-11:	Occupied Bandwidth – 456.0125 MHz; Narrowband 2-level 9600 FSK; Mask D	39
Plot 7-12:	Occupied Bandwidth – 469.9875 MHz; Narrowband 2-level 9600 FSK; Mask D	40
Plot 7-13:	Occupied Bandwidth – 511.9875 MHz; Narrowband 2-level 9600 FSK; Mask D	41
Plot 7-14:	Occupied Bandwidth – 521.9875 MHz; Narrowband 2-level 9600 FSK; Mask D	42
Plot 7-15:	Occupied Bandwidth – 450.0125 MHz; Narrowband H-CPM TDMA; Mask D	43
Plot 7-16:	Occupied Bandwidth – 453.9875 MHz; Narrowband H-CPM TDMA; Mask D	44
Plot 7-17:	Occupied Bandwidth – 456.0125 MHz; Narrowband H-CPM TDMA; Mask D	45
Plot 7-18:	Occupied Bandwidth – 469.9875 MHz; Narrowband H-CPM TDMA; Mask D	46
Plot 7-19:	Occupied Bandwidth – 511.9875 MHz; Narrowband H-CPM TDMA; Mask D	47
Plot 7-20:	Occupied Bandwidth – 521.9875 MHz; Narrowband H-CPM TDMA; Mask D	48
Plot 7-21:	Occupied Bandwidth – 450.0125 MHz; Narrowband P25; Mask D	49
Plot 7-22:	Occupied Bandwidth – 453.9875 MHz; Narrowband P25; Mask D	50
Plot 7-23:	Occupied Bandwidth – 456.0125 MHz; Narrowband P25; Mask D	51
Plot 7-24:	Occupied Bandwidth – 469.9875 MHz; Narrowband P25; Mask D	52
Plot 7-25:	Occupied Bandwidth – 511.9875 MHz; Narrowband P25; Mask D	53
Plot 7-26:	Occupied Bandwidth – 521.9875 MHz; Narrowband P25; Mask D	54
Plot 9-1:	Transient Frequency Behavior – NB; Carrier On Time; 450.0125 MHz	62
Plot 9-2:	Transient Frequency Behavior – NB; Carrier Off Time; 450.0125 MHz	63
Plot 9-3:	Transient Frequency Behavior – NB; Carrier On Time; 469.9875 MHz	64
Plot 9-4:	Transient Frequency Behavior – NB; Carrier Off Time; 469.9875 MHz	65
Plot 10-1:	Modulation Characteristics - Audio Frequency Response – 450.0125 MHz	68
Plot 10-2:	Modulation Characteristics – Audio Low Pass Filter – 450.0125 MHz	69
Plot 10-3:	Modulation Characteristics – Modulation Limiting – 450.0125 MHz; NB, Positive Peak	70
Plot 10-4:	Modulation Characteristics – Modulation Limiting – 450.0125 MHz; NB, Negative Peak	71

Table of Appendixes

Appendix A: FCC Part 1.1307, 1.1310, 2.1091, 2.1093: RF Exposure	74
Appendix B: Agency Authorization	75
Appendix C: FCC Confidentiality Request Letter	76
Appendix D: FCC Extended Frequency Attestation.....	77
Appendix E: IC Letters	78
Appendix F: IC Confidentiality Request Letter.....	79
Appendix G: Canadian Based Representative Attestation Letter	80
Appendix H: ID Label & Location	81
Appendix I: Operational Description	84
Appendix J: Parts List.....	85
Appendix K: Test / Tune Procedure.....	86
Appendix L: Schematics	87
Appendix M: Block Diagram	88
Appendix N: Manuals	89
Appendix O: Test Configuration Photographs.....	90
Appendix P: External Photographs	92
Appendix Q: Internal Photographs	107

Table of Photographs

Photograph 1:	FCC ID Label Sample	81
Photograph 2:	IC ID Label Samples for Midnight Black System and Scan Models	81
Photograph 3:	ID Label Locations	82
Photograph 4:	ID Labels for 6 Additional Models for IC Family Certification	83
Photograph 5:	Radiated Emissions (Spurious/Harmonics) – Front View	90
Photograph 6:	Radiated Emissions (Spurious/Harmonics) – Back View	91
Photographs 7:	Midnight Black Scan (EVXG-PBU4M))	92
Photograph 8:	Midnight Black System (EVXG-PFU4M)	93
Photograph 9:	Black/Gray Scan (EVXG-PBU4B)	94
Photograph 10:	Black/Gray System (EVXG-PFU4B)	95
Photograph 11:	Tactical Green Scan (EVXG-PBU4G)	96
Photograph 12:	Tactical Green System (EVXG-PFU4G)	97
Photograph 13:	Black/Yellow Scan (EVXG-PBU4Y)	98
Photograph 14:	Black/Yellow System (EVXG-PFU4Y)	99
Photograph 15:	Back with Battery and Back without Battery	100
Photograph 16:	Top	101
Photograph 17:	Left and Right Sides	102
Photograph 18:	Antenna Part # KRE 101 1219/12	103
Photograph 19:	Antenna Part # KRE 101 1219/13	104
Photograph 20:	Antenna Part # KRE 101 1219/14	105
Photograph 21:	Antenna Part # KRE 101 1223/12	106
Photograph 22:	Main Board in Radio	107
Photograph 23:	Main Board - Top	108
Photograph 24:	Main Board – Bottom	109
Photograph 25:	Interface PWB in EUT	110
Photograph 26:	Interface PWB LCD Side	111
Photograph 27:	Interface PWB Component Side	111
Photograph 28:	Inside Front Cover	112
Photograph 29:	Inside Rear Cover	113

1 Test Result Summary

Test	FCC/IC Reference	Result
RF Power Output	2.1046(a), 22.659, 80.215, 90.205/ RSS-119 5.4	Complies
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	2.1051, 22.359, 80.217, 90.210/ RSS-119 5.5 5.8	Complies
Field strength of spurious radiation	2.1053(a), 80.211, 90.210/ RSS-119 5.8.9.2	Complies
Occupied Bandwidth/Emission Masks	2.1049(c)(1), 22.359(b), 80.205, 80.211(f), 90.210/ , RSS-119 5.5 5.8	Complies
Frequency Stability vs. Temperature and Voltage	2.1055, 22.355, 80.209, 90.213/ RSS-119 5.3	Complies
Modulation Characteristics	2.1047(a)(b), 80.213/ RSS-119 5.8	Complies
Transient Frequency Response (421-512 MHz)	90.214, 80.213/ RSS-119 5.9	Complies

2 General Information

The following Certification Report is prepared on behalf of Harris Corporation in accordance with the Federal Communications Commission and Industry Canada rules and regulations. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was the XG-75 UHF-H portable radio; FCC ID: OWDTR-0131-E, IC: 3636B-0131.

The radio is subject to FCC DoC. DoC testing was performed and the data is contained in a separate DoC report.

All measurements contained in this application were conducted in accordance with the applicable sections of FCC Rules and Regulations CFR 47 Parts 2, 22, 80 and 90. Calibration checks are performed regularly on the instruments, and all accessories including high pass filter, coaxial attenuator, preamplifier and cables.

2.1 Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data is located on the parking lot of Rhein Tech Laboratories, Inc. 360 Herndon Parkway, Suite 1400, Herndon, Virginia 20170. This site has been fully described in a report submitted to, and approved by, the Federal Communications Commission to perform AC line conducted and radiated emissions testing.

2.2 Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

This is a new family certification application for Industry Canada. The 8 model numbers in the XG-75 UHF-H portable radio family are electrically identical, and are differentiated by external colors and keypad. The System models have a full size keypad and the Scan models have a limited keypad. The model numbers to be included in the IC family certification are:

EVXG-PBU4B, EVXG-PFU4B, EVXG-PBU4Y, EVXG-PFU4Y, EVXG-PBU4M, EVXG-PFU4M, EVXG-PBU4G and EVXG-PFU4G.

2.3 Grant Notes

Power is continuously variable from 0.5 - 5 W. The grant listed power is rated power and actual measured power is shown in the test report.

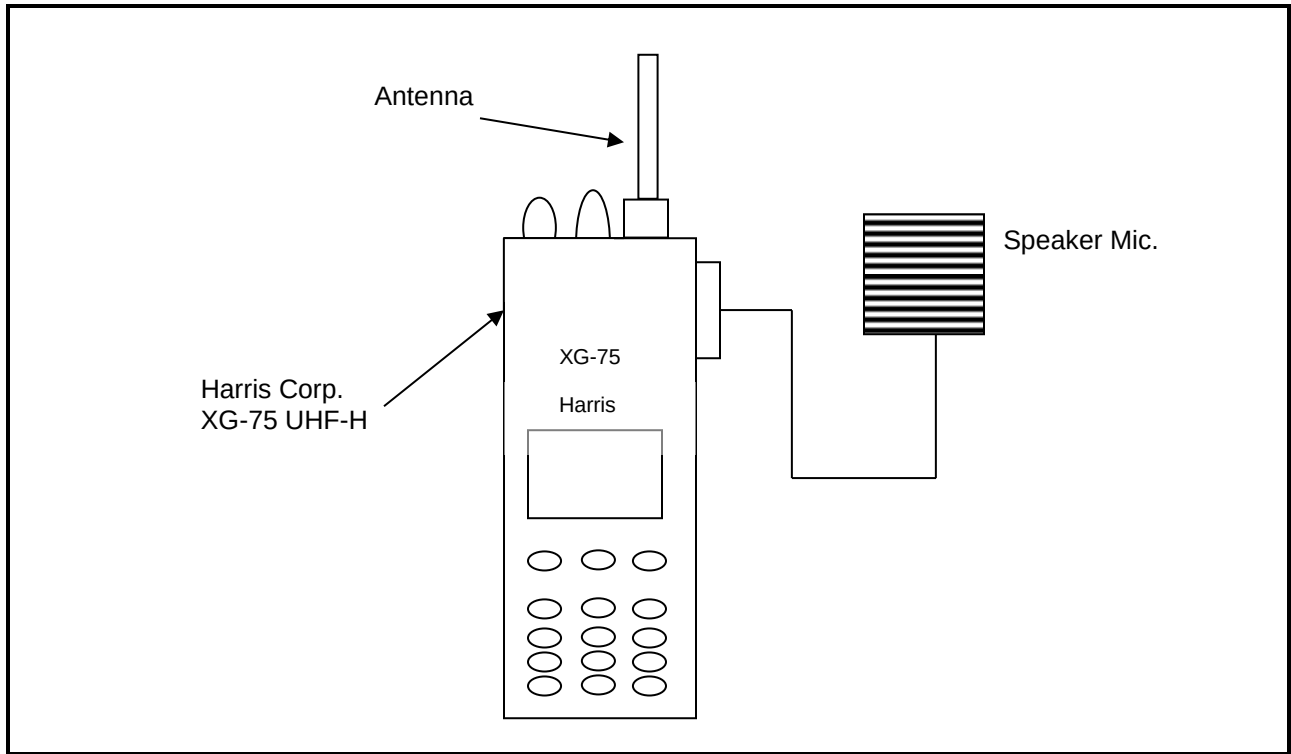
2.4 Tested System Details

The test sample was received on April 30, 2014. Listed below are the identifiers and descriptions of all equipment, cables, and internal devices used with the EUT for this test, as applicable. The device was programmed for multiple modes of operation and modulation types.

Table 2-1: Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Part	Manufacturer	Model	Part Number	Serial Number	FCC ID	RTL Bar Code
Portable, XG-75, UHF-H, Scan, Midnight Black	Harris Corporation	EVXG-PBU4M	RU-018271-005	T32-UH-017 FCC 3/20/2014	OWDTR-0131-E	21125
Portable, XG-75, UHF-H, System, Midnight Black	Harris Corporation	EVXG-PFU4M	RU-018271-006	T32-UH-016 FCC 3/20/2014	OWDTR-0131-E	21124

Figure 2-1: Configuration of Tested System



3 FCC Part 2.1033(C)(8) Voltages and Currents through the Final Amplifying Stage

7.5 VDC and 1.68 Amps

4 FCC Part 2.1046(a), 22.659, 80.215, 90.205; IC RSS-119 5.4: Transmitter Power

4.1 Test Procedure

ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-2004, section 2.2.1

The EUT was connected to a coaxial attenuator having a 50 Ω load impedance.

§80.215 Transmitter Power

(a) Transmitter power shown on the radio station authorization is the maximum power the licensee is authorized to use. Power is expressed in the following terms:

(5) For all other emissions: the carrier power multiplied by 1.67.

(e) Ship stations frequencies above 27500 kHz, the maximum power must not exceed the values listed below:

(3) On board stations 456–468 MHz—4W

NOTE: Certification based on a carrier power of 4 watts with transmitter connected to a dummy load of matching impedance. The effective radiated power must not exceed 2 watts.

(f) *Fixed stations*. The maximum power must not exceed the values listed below.

(1) Maritime support (receiver test): F3E emission—50W

Maximum Power Authorized to Use: 83.5 W for UHF less than 456 MHz, or EIRP 2W from 456-468 MHz.

Manufacturer's Rated Power: 5.0 W

4.2 Test Data

Table 4-1: RF Conducted Output Power – Measured

Frequency (MHz)	High Power (dBm)	High Power (W)	Low Power (dBm)	Low Power (W)
450.0125	37.3	5.3	27.3	0.5
453.9875	37.3	5.4	27.5	0.6
456.0125	37.3	5.4	27.5	0.6
469.9875	37.3	5.4	27.5	0.6
511.9875	37.4	5.4	27.5	0.6
521.9875	37.2	5.2	27.4	0.6

Notes: Data presented is for analog mode. All other modes were investigated and found to have equivalent power within measurement tolerances.

Table 4-2: Test Equipment Used for Testing RF Power Output - Conducted

RTL Asset #	Manufacturer	Model	Part Type	Serial Number	Calibration Due Date
901581	Rohde & Schwarz	FSU	Spectrum Analyzer	1166.1660.50	11/13/14
901537	Aeroflex	48-40-34	40 dB Attenuator	CB6628	11/22/14

Test Personnel:

Daniel Baltzell
EMC Test Engineer



Signature

April 30, 2014
Date of Test

5 FCC Part 2.1051, 22.359, 80.217, 90.210; RSS-119 5.8: Conducted Spurious Emissions

5.1 Test Procedure

ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-2004, Section 2.2.13

The transmitter is terminated with a 50 Ω load and interfaced with a spectrum analyzer.

Device with digital modulation: Modulated to its maximum extent using a pseudo-random data sequence.

Part 80.217 Suppression of Interference Aboard Ships

(a) A voluntarily-equipped ship station receiver must not cause harmful interference to any receiver required by statute or treaty.

(b) The electromagnetic field from receivers required by statute or treaty must not exceed the following value at a distance over sea water of one nautical mile from the receiver:

Frequency of Interfering Emissions	Power to Artificial Antenna in Microwatts
Below 30 MHz	0.1
30 to 100 MHz	3.0
100 to 300 MHz	1.0
Over 300 MHz	3.0

or deliver not more than the following amounts of power to an artificial antenna having electrical characteristics equivalent to those of the average receiving antenna(s) used on shipboard:

Frequency of Interfering Emissions	Power to Artificial Antenna in Microwatts
Below 30 MHz	400 (4 dBm)
30 to 100 MHz	4,000 (6 dBm)
100 to 300 MHz	40,000 (16 dBm)
Over 300 MHz	400,000 (26 dBm)

5.2 Test Data

Frequency range of measurement per Part 2.1057: 9 kHz to 10 x Fc

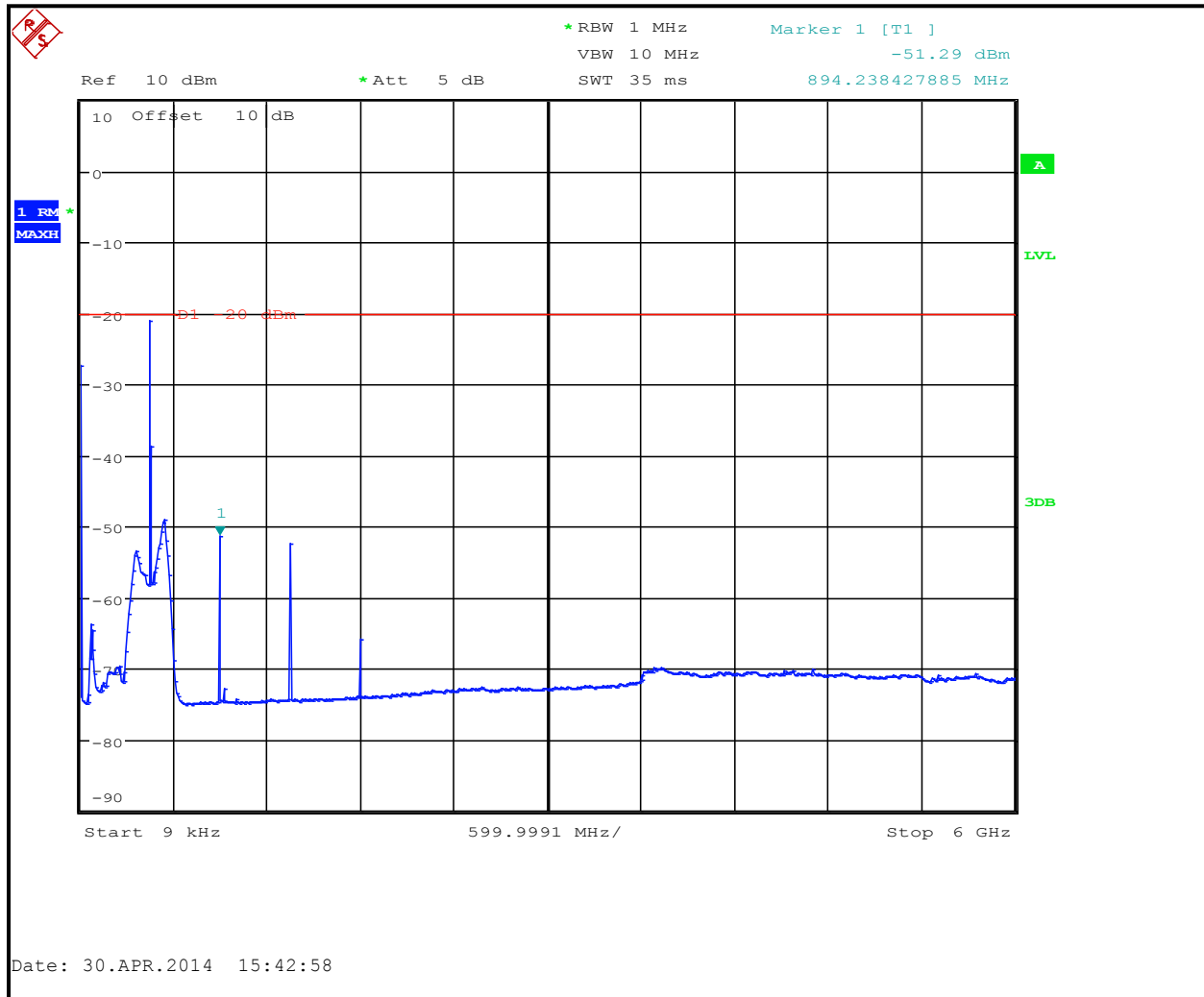
Limits: $(43+10\log P(W))$ for wideband and $(50+10 \log P(W))$ for narrowband

The following channels (in MHz) were investigated:

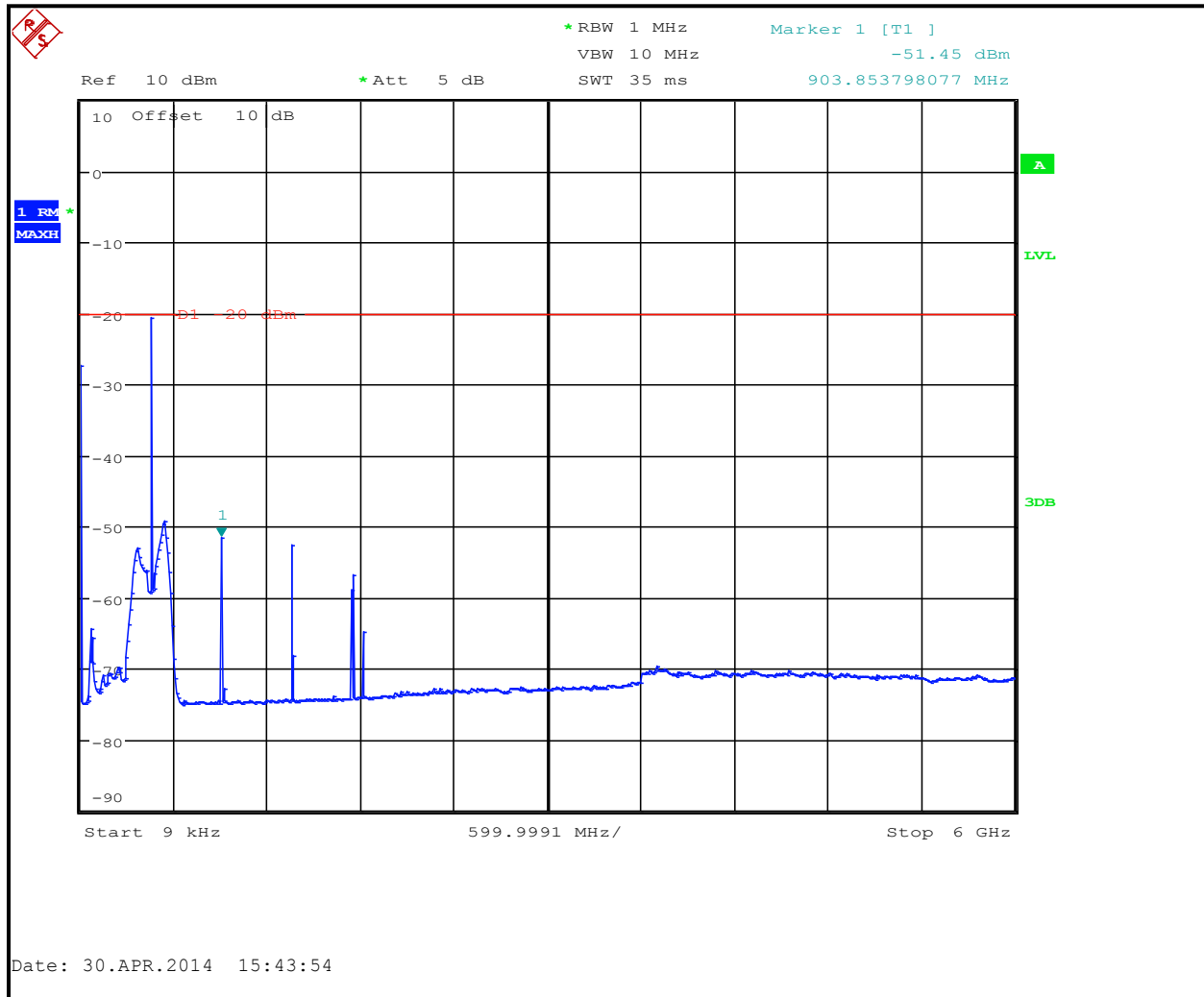
UHF Test Frequencies
450.0125
453.9875
456.0125
469.9875
511.9875
521.9875

Both high and low power settings were checked; high power was found to be worst case, and is presented. All modes were investigated and analog mode is presented as representative data.

Plot 5-1: Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals – 450.0125 MHz



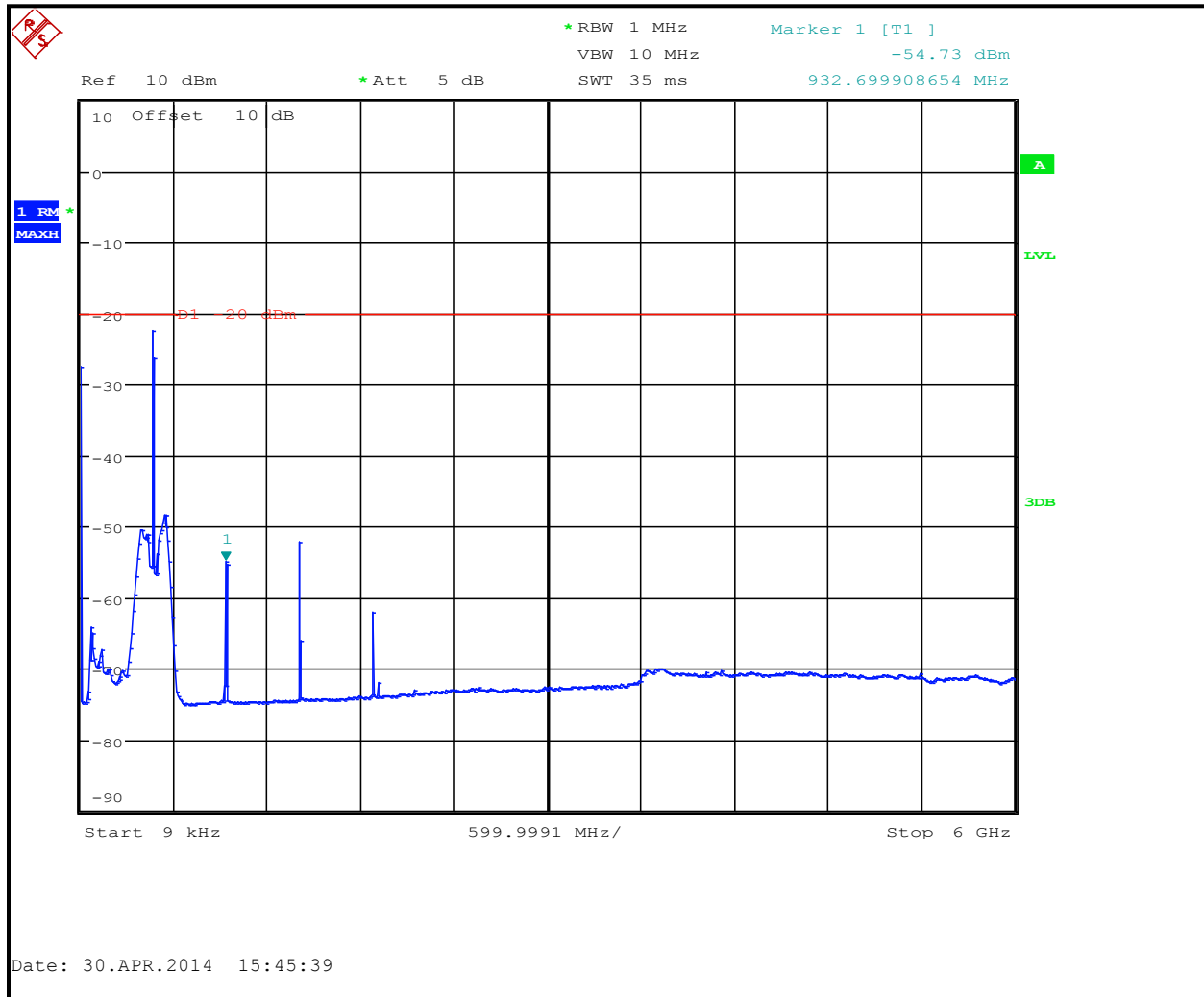
Plot 5-2: Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals – 453.9875 MHz



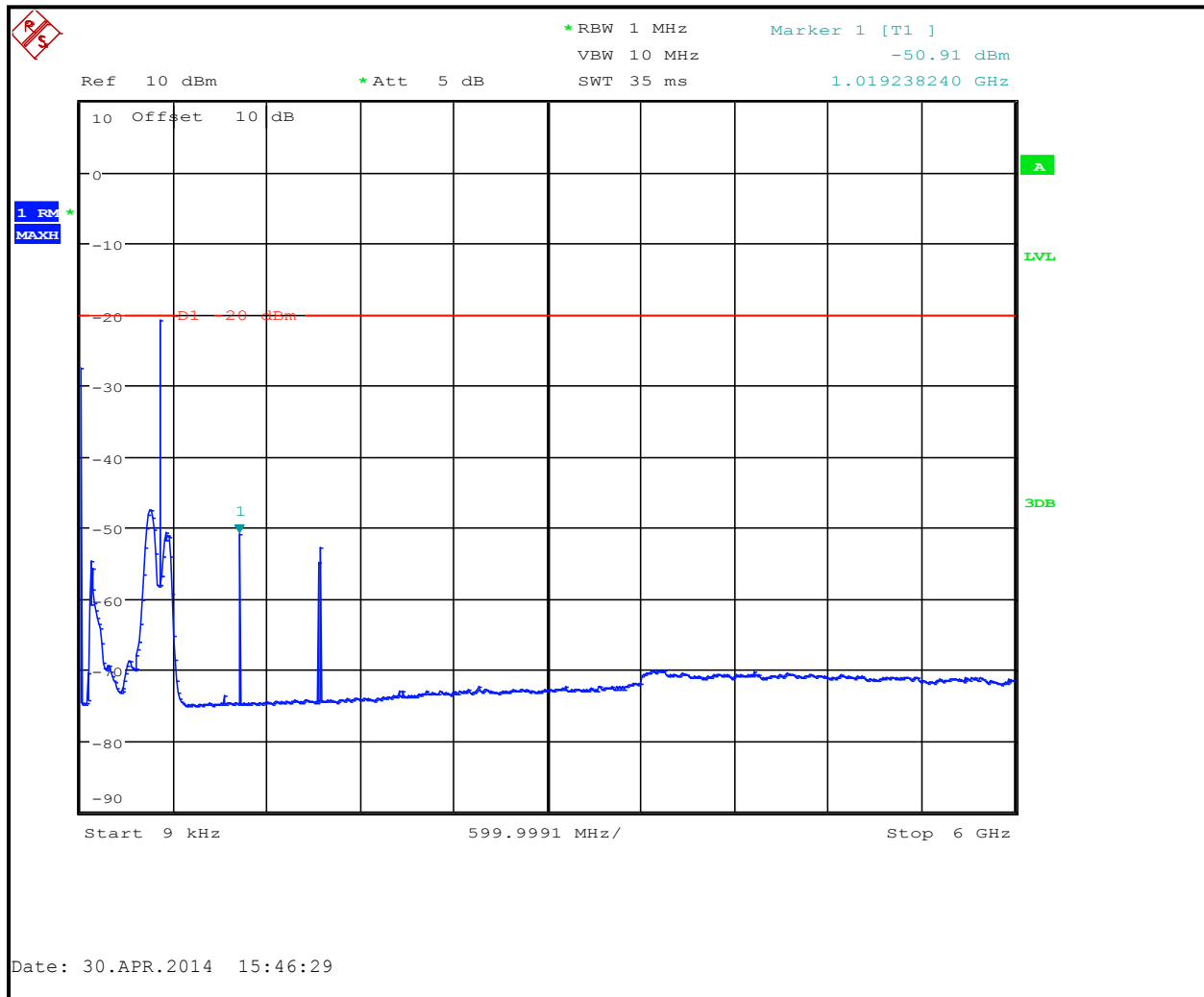
Plot 5-3: Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals – 456.0125 MHz



Plot 5-4: Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals – 469.9875 MHz



Plot 5-5: Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals – 511.9875 MHz



Plot 5-6: Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals – 521.9875 MHz

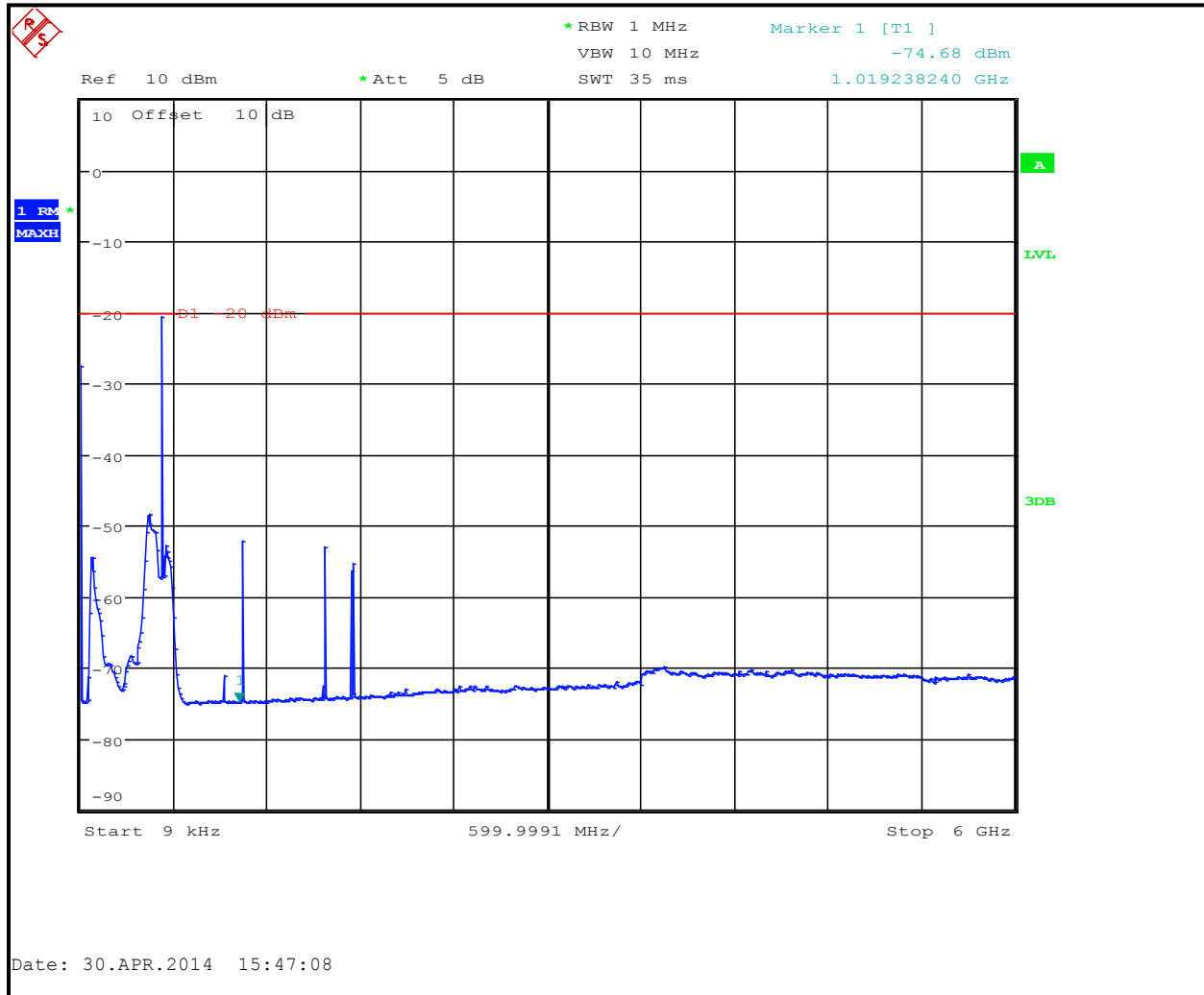


Table 5-1: Test Equipment Used for Testing Spurious Emissions

RTL Asset #	Manufacturer	Model	Part Type	Serial Number	Calibration Due Date
901581	Rohde & Schwarz	FSU	Spectrum Analyzer	1166.1660.50	11/13/14
900819	Narda Microline	766-10	10 dB Attenuator; 20 W	06242	9/3/14
901129	Par Electronics	400-512 (25W)	UHF Notch Filter	N/A	2/29/15

Test Personnel:

Daniel Baltzell		April 30, 2014
EMC Test Engineer	Signature	Date of Test

6 FCC Part 2.1053(a), 80.211, 90.210; IC RSS-119 5.8.9.2: Radiated Emissions

6.1 Test Procedure

ANSI/TIA-603-2004, section 2.2.12

The device uses digital modulation modulated to its maximum extent using a pseudo-random data sequence. The spurious emissions levels were measured, and the device under test was replaced by a substitution antenna connected to a signal generator. This signal generator level was then corrected by subtracting the cable loss from the substitution antenna to the signal generator, and the gain of the antenna (dBi) was added to achieve the EIRP level, then converted from the corrected signal generator level (dBm) to dBc, and compared to the limit.

6.2 Test Data

Table 6-1: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation – 450.0125 MHz

Conducted Power 37.3 dBm; 5.4 W; Limit=50+10LogP=57.3 dBc

Frequency (MHz)	Spectrum Analyzer Level (dBuV)	Signal Generator Level (dBm)	Cable Loss to Transmit Antenna (dB)	Substitution Antenna Gain (dBi)	Corrected Signal Generator Level (dBc)	Margin (dB)
900.0250	8.6	-69.3	0.3	6.9	100.0	-42.7
1350.0375	12.6	-64.3	0.4	6.5	95.5	-38.2
1800.0500	21.5	-53.8	0.5	7.2	84.4	-27.1
2250.0630	12.0	-67.4	0.6	9.0	96.3	-39.0
2700.0750	-1.0	-79.4	0.7	9.6	107.8	-50.5
3150.0875	-12.1	-89.4	0.7	8.9	118.5	-61.2
3600.1000	-21.4	-97.6	0.8	9.3	126.3	-69.0
4050.1125	-23.0	-94.7	0.8	9.6	123.2	-65.9
4500.1250	-15.8	-87.9	0.8	10.6	115.5	-58.2

Table 6-2: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation – 453.9875 MHz

Conducted Power 37.3 dBm; 5.4 W; Limit=50+10LogP=57.3 dBc

Frequency (MHz)	Spectrum Analyzer Level (dBuV)	Signal Generator Level (dBm)	Cable Loss to Transmit Antenna (dB)	Substitution Antenna Gain (dBi)	Corrected Signal Generator Level (dBc)	Margin (dB)
907.9750	45.4	-74.3	0.3	0.9	111.0	-53.7
1361.9625	59.8	-58.4	0.4	7.6	88.5	-31.2
1815.9500	60.4	-54.0	0.5	8.4	83.4	-26.1
2269.9375	48.9	-65.6	0.7	9.0	94.6	-37.3
2723.9250	42.0	-70.0	0.7	9.6	98.4	-41.1
3177.9125	34.6	-76.3	0.7	8.9	105.4	-48.1
3631.9000	26.5	-83.2	0.8	9.2	112.1	-54.8
4085.8875	24.8	-81.4	0.8	9.8	109.7	-52.4
4539.8750	27.1	-79.7	0.8	10.7	107.1	-49.8

Table 6-3: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation – 456.0125 MHz

Conducted Power 37.3 dBm; 5.4W; Limit=50+10LogP=57.3 dBc

Frequency (MHz)	Spectrum Analyzer Level (dBuV)	Signal Generator Level (dBm)	Cable Loss to Transmit Antenna (dB)	Substitution Antenna Gain (dBi)	Corrected Signal Generator Level (dBc)	Margin (dB)
912.0250	45.3	-74.4	0.4	1.0	111.1	-53.8
1368.0375	59.8	-55.8	0.4	7.6	85.9	-28.6
1824.0500	59.5	-57.2	0.5	8.4	86.6	-29.3
2280.0625	49.6	-64.6	0.7	9.0	93.6	-36.3
2736.0750	38.5	-73.5	0.7	9.7	101.8	-44.5
3192.0875	34.7	-76.1	0.7	8.9	105.2	-47.9
3648.1000	25.7	-83.9	0.8	9.1	112.9	-55.6
4104.1125	26.2	-80.3	0.8	9.9	108.5	-51.2
4560.1250	25.7	-80.9	0.8	10.7	108.3	-51.0

Table 6-4: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation – 469.9875 MHz

Conducted Power 37.3 dBm; 5.4 W; Limit=50+10LogP=57.3 dBc

Frequency (MHz)	Spectrum Analyzer Level (dBuV)	Signal Generator Level (dBm)	Cable Loss to Transmit Antenna (dB)	Substitution Antenna Gain (dBi)	Corrected Signal Generator Level (dBc)	Margin (dB)
939.9750	45.2	-71.5	0.4	1.1	108.1	-50.8
1409.9625	59.7	-58.4	0.4	7.9	88.2	-30.9
1879.9500	44.2	-70.2	0.5	7.9	100.1	-42.8
2349.9375	49.5	-64.7	0.7	9.0	93.7	-36.4
2819.9250	44.1	-69.4	0.7	9.7	97.7	-40.4
3289.9125	36.0	-74.6	0.7	9.0	103.6	-46.3
3759.9000	27.7	-81.6	0.8	8.6	111.1	-53.8
4229.8875	27.8	-78.5	0.8	10.4	106.2	-48.9
4699.8750	26.3	-80.5	0.8	10.7	107.9	-50.6

Table 6-5: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation – 511.9875 MHz

Conducted Power 37.3 dBm; 5.4 W; Limit=50+10LogP=57.3 dBc

Frequency (MHz)	Spectrum Analyzer Level (dBuV)	Signal Generator Level (dBm)	Cable Loss to Transmit Antenna (dB)	Substitution Antenna Gain (dBi)	Corrected Signal Generator Level (dBc)	Margin (dB)
1023.9750	7.0	-70.4	0.4	6.7	101.4	-44.1
1535.9625	1.4	-75.0	0.5	6.8	106.0	-48.7
2047.9500	3.1	-76.7	0.6	8.4	106.2	-48.9
2559.9375	7.7	-71.0	0.6	9.1	99.8	-42.5
3071.9250	6.1	-71.5	0.7	9.0	100.5	-43.2
3583.9125	-9.1	-85.3	0.8	9.3	114.1	-56.8
4095.9000	-18.1	-89.8	0.8	9.8	118.1	-60.8
4607.8875	-23.7	-96.0	0.8	10.8	123.4	-66.1
5119.8750	0.5	-72.0	0.9	10.4	99.7	-42.4

Table 6-6: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation – 521.9875 MHz

Conducted Power 37.2 dBm; 5.4 W; Limit=50+10LogP=57.2 dBc

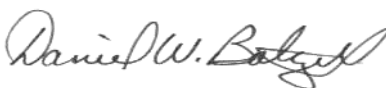
Frequency (MHz)	Spectrum Analyzer Level (dBuV)	Signal Generator Level (dBm)	Cable Loss to Transmit Antenna (dB)	Substitution Antenna Gain (dBi)	Corrected Signal Generator Level (dBc)	Margin (dB)
1043.9750	54.0	-65.3	0.4	6.3	96.6	-39.4
1565.9625	51.2	-63.9	0.5	8.6	93.0	-35.8
2087.9500	35.6	-78.1	0.6	8.5	107.4	-50.2
2609.9375	46.8	-66.2	0.7	9.1	95.0	-37.8
3131.9250	46.6	-64.4	0.7	8.9	93.4	-36.2
3653.9125	32.5	-78.3	0.8	9.0	107.3	-50.1
4175.9000	24.1	-82.2	0.8	10.2	110.0	-52.8
4697.8875	23.7	-83.1	0.9	10.7	110.5	-53.3
5219.8750	22.7	-84.3	1.0	10.4	112.1	-54.9

Table 6-7: Test Equipment Used for Testing Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

RTL Asset #	Manufacturer	Model	Part Type	Serial Number	Calibration Due Date
900932	Hewlett Packard	8449B OPT H02	Preamplifier (1 - 26.5 GHz)	3008A00505	8/27/14
900878	Rhein Tech Laboratories	AM3-1197-0005	3 meter antenna mast, polarizing	OATS1	N/A
901592	Insulated Wire Inc.	KPS-1503-3600-KPR	SMK RF Cables 20'	NA	8/27/14
901593	Insulated Wire Inc.	KPS-1503-360-KPR	SMK RF Cables 36"	NA	8/27/14
901594	Insulated Wire Inc.	KPS-1503-360-KPR	SMK RF Cables 36"	NA	8/27/14
901242	Rhein Tech Laboratories	WRT-000-0003	Wood rotating table	N/A	N/A
900724	Antenna Research Associates, Inc.	LPB-2520	BiLog Antenna (25 – 1000 MHz)	1037	4/19/15
900321	EMCO	3161-03	Horn Antennas (4 – 8 GHz)	9508-1020	4/20/15
900772	EMCO	3161-02	Horn Antenna (2 - 4 GHz)	9804-1044	4/19/15
901135	Par Electronics	400-512 (25W)	UHF Notch Filter	273 MHz-1GHz	3/1/15
901582	Rohde & Schwarz	1167.0000.02	Signal Generator	101903	11/14/14
901629	Teledyne Cougar	A4C2123	Amplifier	003-003	9/4/14

Test Personnel:

Daniel Baltzell
 Test Engineer



Signature

May 4 and August 1, 2014
 Dates of Tests

7 FCC Part 2.1049(c)(1), 22.359(b), 80.205, 90.210; IC RSS-119 5.5: Bandwidths/Masks

Occupied Bandwidth - Compliance with the Emission Masks

FCC 22.359(a) *Out of band emissions*. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB.

(b) *Measurement procedure*: In the 60 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the authorized frequency range or channel, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e., 30 kHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

7.1 Test Procedure

ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-2004, section 2.2.11 and TIA/EIA-102.CAAA-2002 section 2.2.5

TIA-102.CCAA August 2011, section 2.2.5

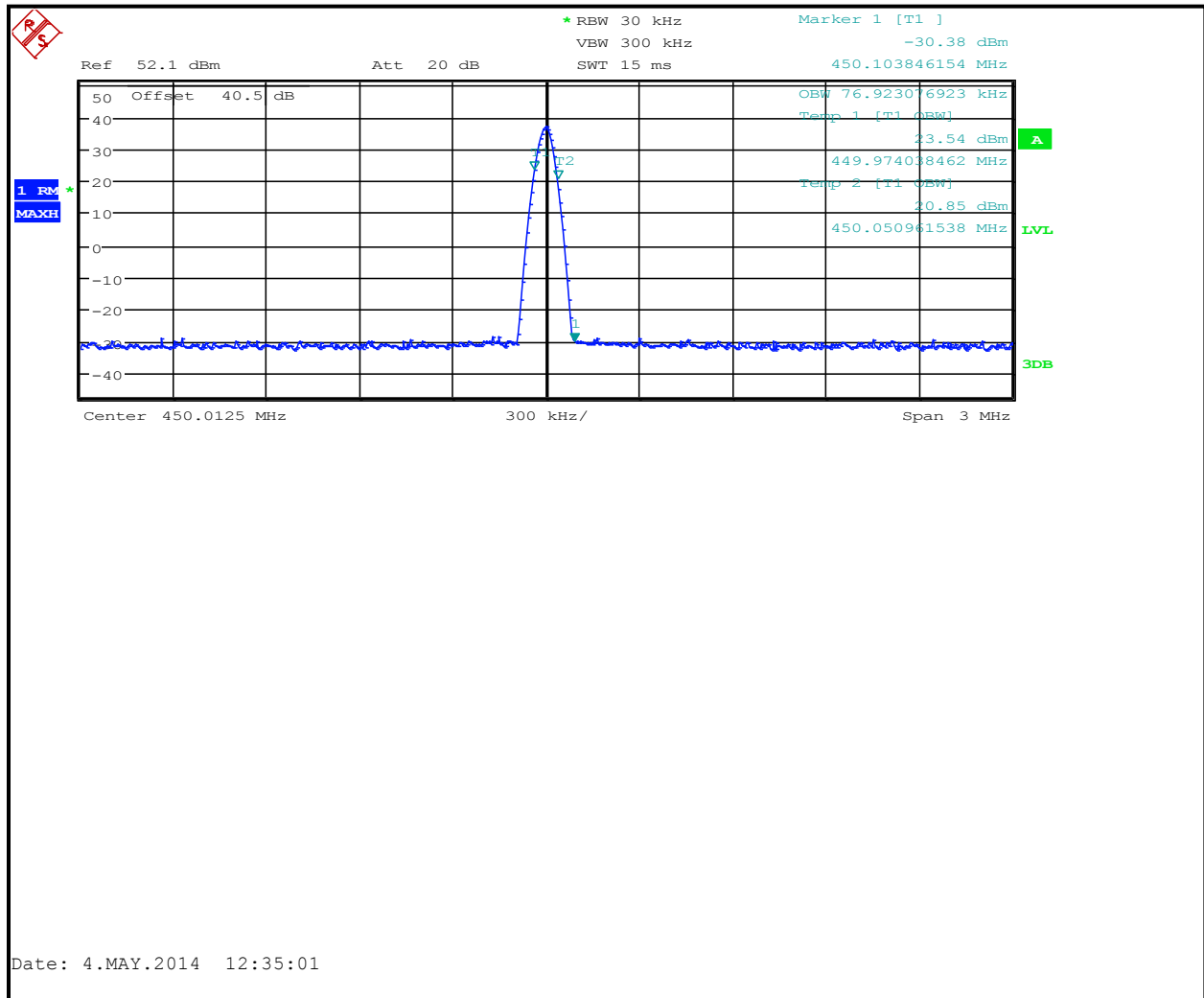
Notes: FCC 90.210, RSS-119 and TIA-102.CCAB October 2011 section 3.2.5.1 all specify mask D

Device with digital modulation: Modulated to its maximum extent using a pseudo-random data sequence.

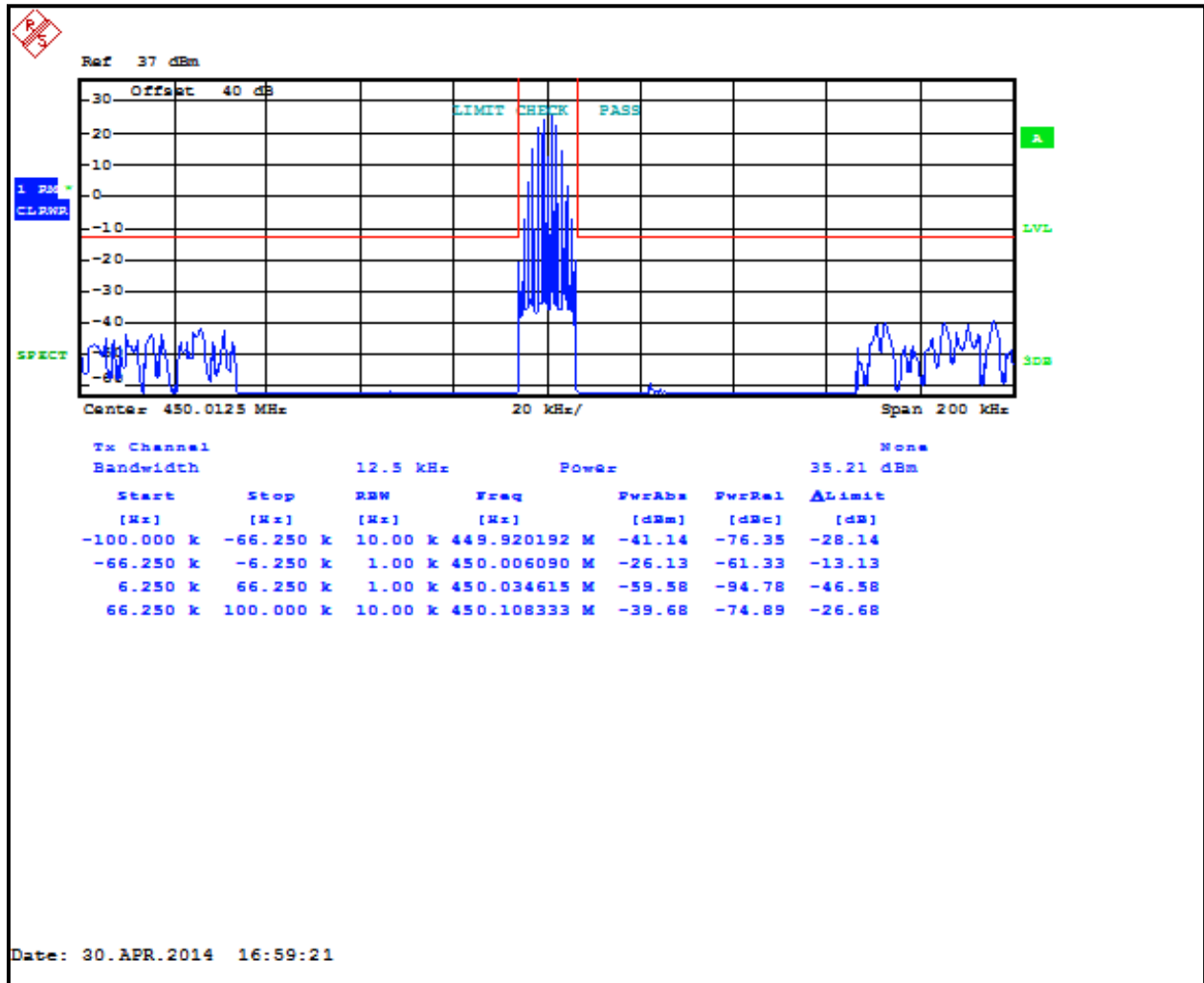
Applicable Emission Masks		
Frequency Band (MHz)	Mask for Equipment With Audio Low Pass Filter	Mask for Equipment Without Audio Low Pass Filter
Below 25 ¹	A or B	A or C
25–50.....	B	C
72–76.....	B	C
150–174 ²	B, D, or E	C, D, or E
150 Paging-only	B	C
220–222	F	F
421–512 ²	B, D, or E	C, D, or E
450 Paging-only	B	G
806–809/851–854	B	H
809–824/854–869 ³	B	G
896–901/935–940	I	J
902–928	K	K
929–930	B	G
4940–4990 MHz	L or M	L or M
5850–5925 ⁴		
All other bands	B	C
¹ Equipment using single sideband J3E emission must meet the requirements of Emission Mask A. Equipment using other emissions must meet the requirements of Emission Mask B or C, as applicable. ² Equipment designed to operate with a 25 kHz channel bandwidth must meet the requirements of Emission Mask B or C, as applicable. Equipment designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth must meet the requirements of Emission Mask D, and equipment designed to operate with a 6.25 kHz channel bandwidth must meet the requirements of Emission Mask E. ³ Equipment used in this licensed to EA or non-EA systems shall comply with the emission mask provisions of §90.691. ⁴ DSRCS Roadside Unit equipment in the 5850–5925 MHz band is governed under subpart M of this part.		

7.2 Test Data

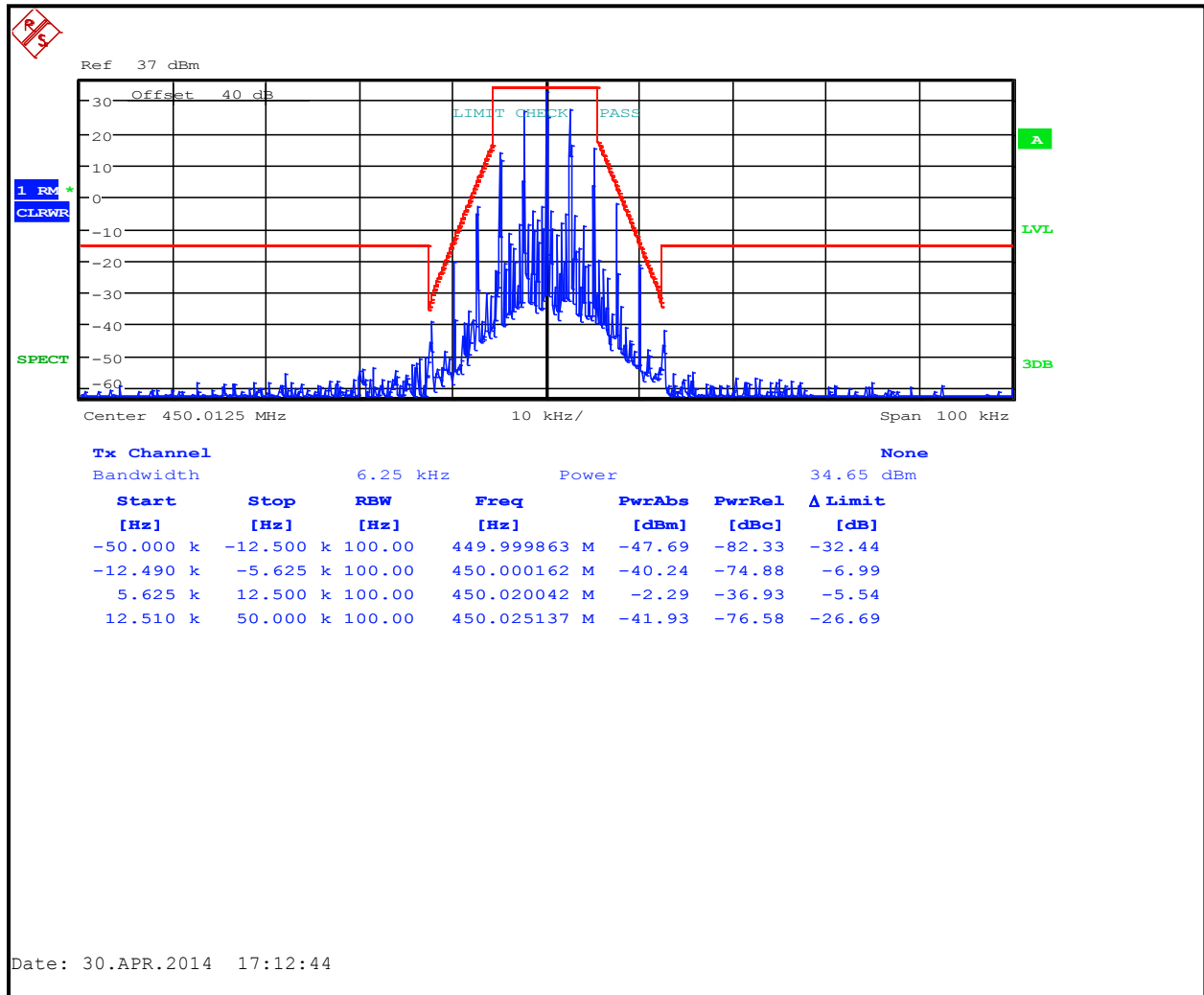
Plot 7-1: Occupied Bandwidth – 450.0125 MHz; Analog (FCC Part 22)



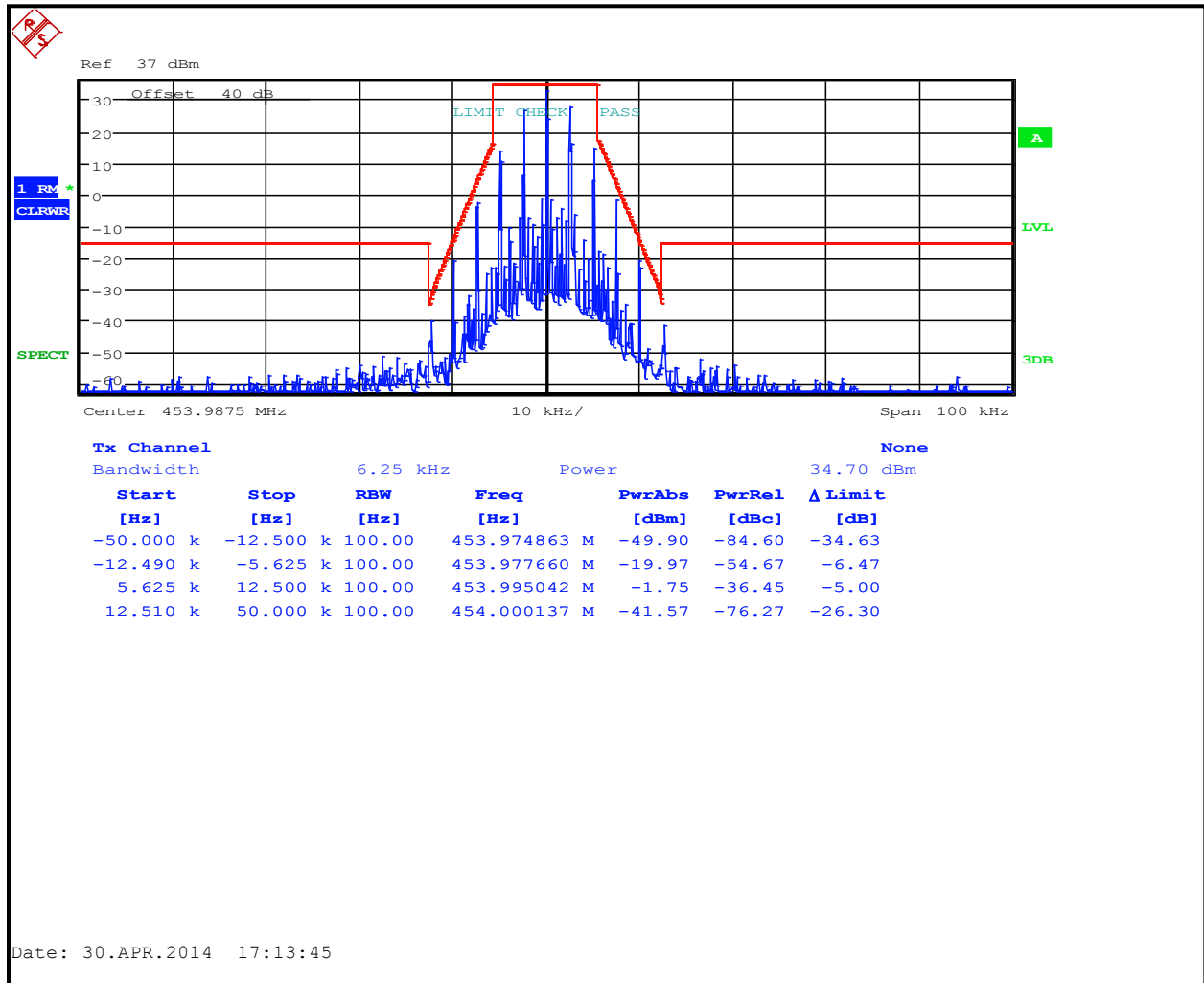
Plot 7-2: Occupied Bandwidth – 450.0125 MHz; NB Mask; (FCC Part 22)



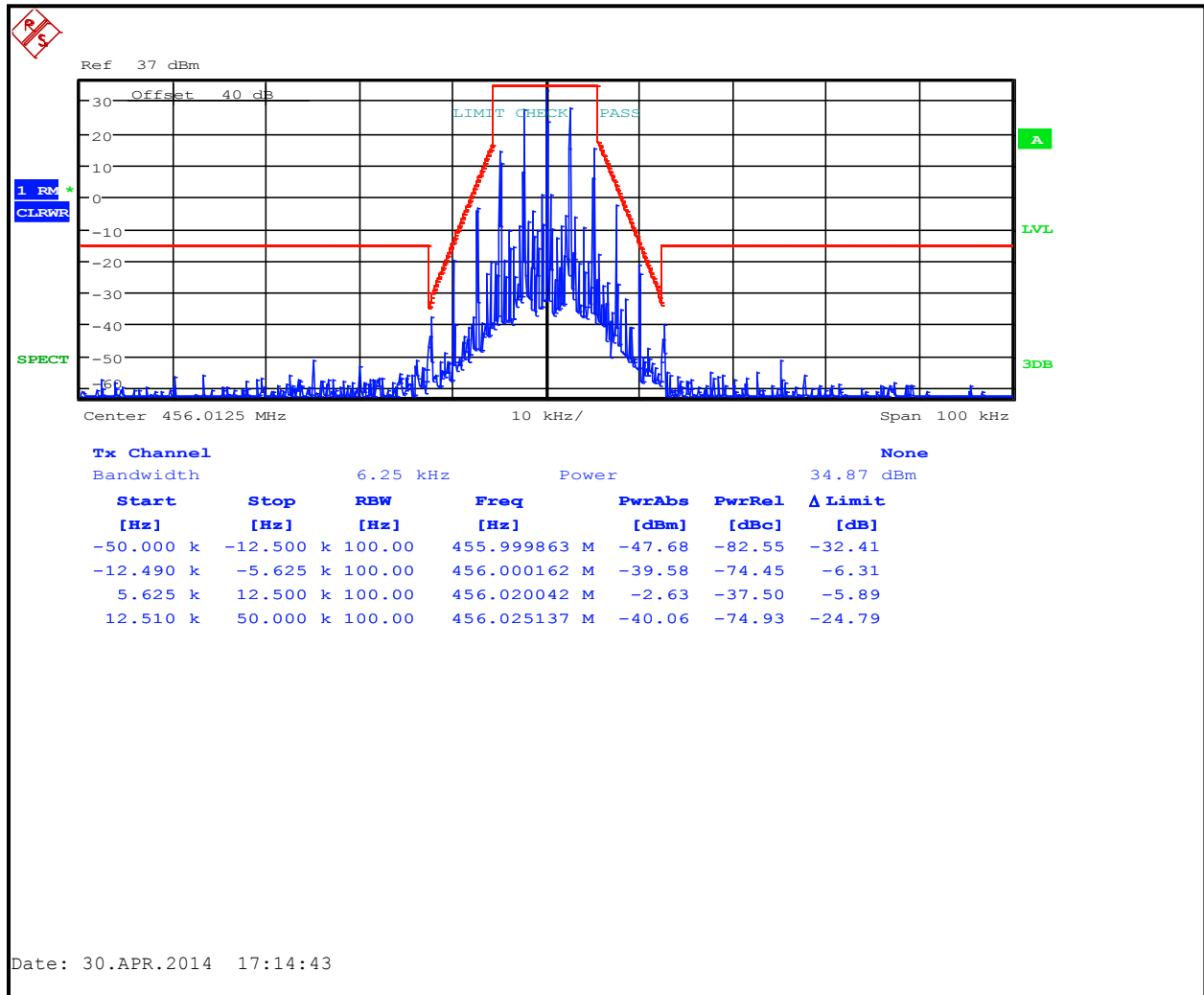
Plot 7-3: Occupied Bandwidth – 450.0125 MHz; Narrowband Analog; Mask D



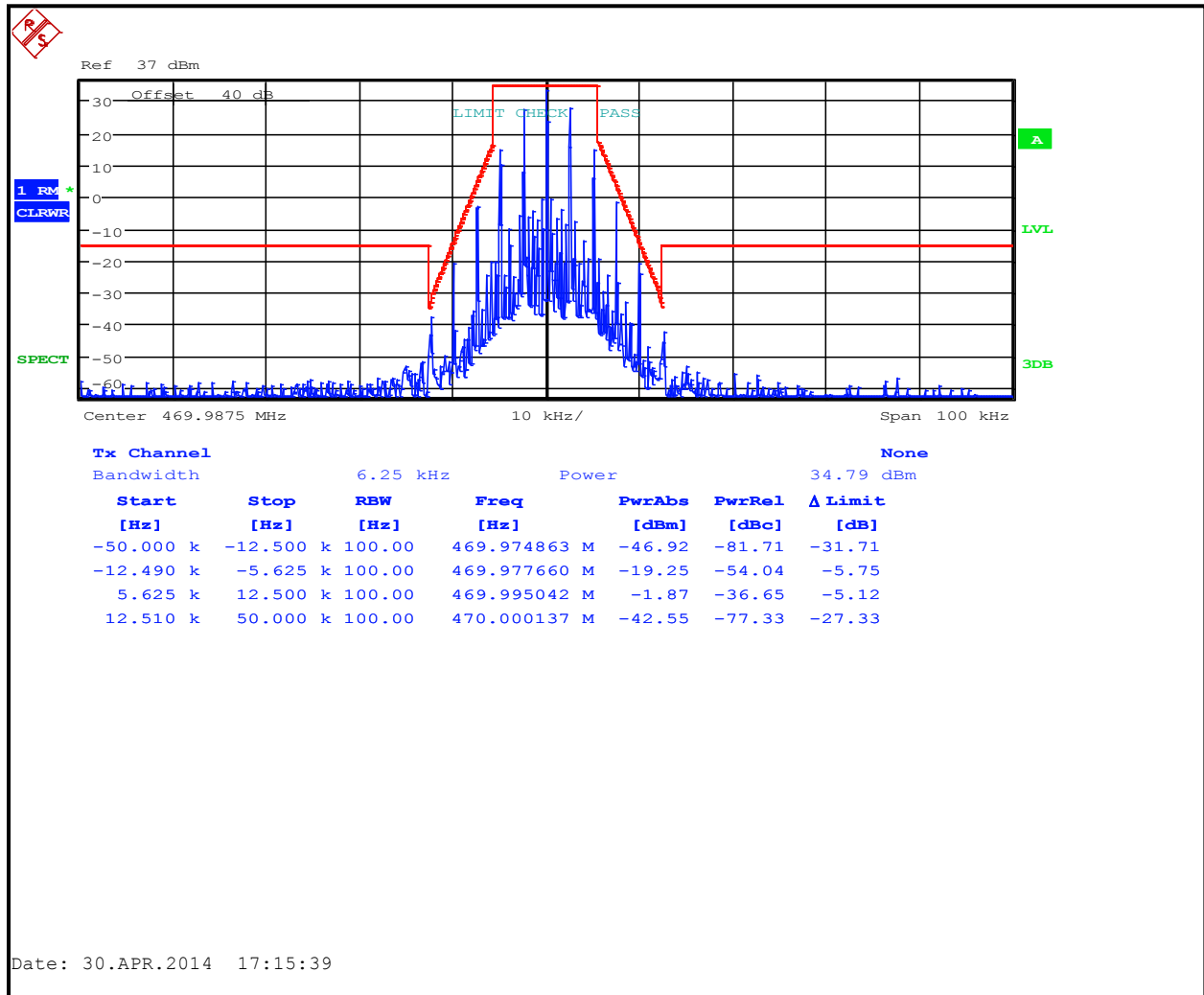
Plot 7-4: Occupied Bandwidth – 453.9875 MHz; Narrowband Analog; Mask D



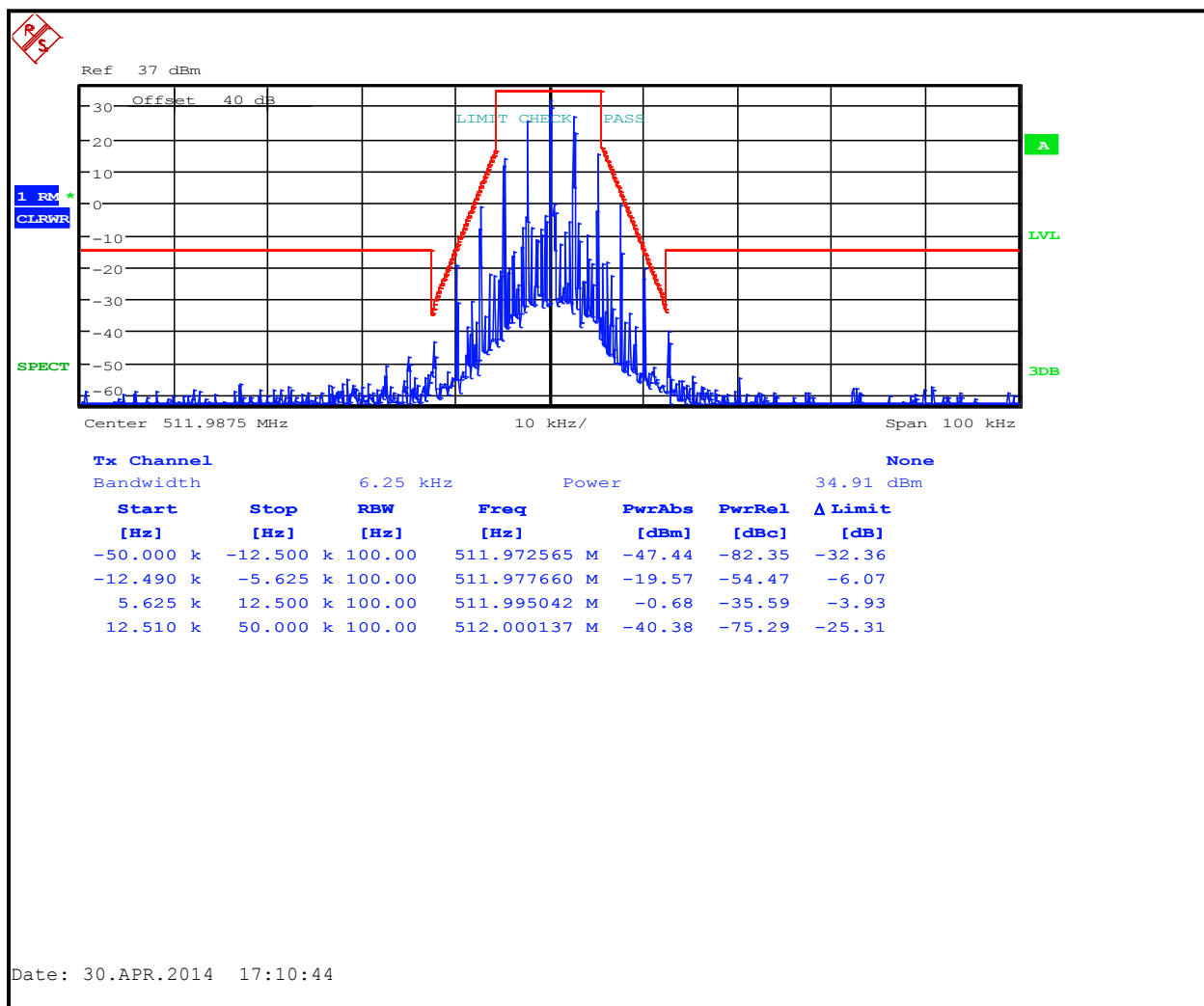
Plot 7-5: Occupied Bandwidth – 456.0125 MHz; Narrowband Analog; Mask D



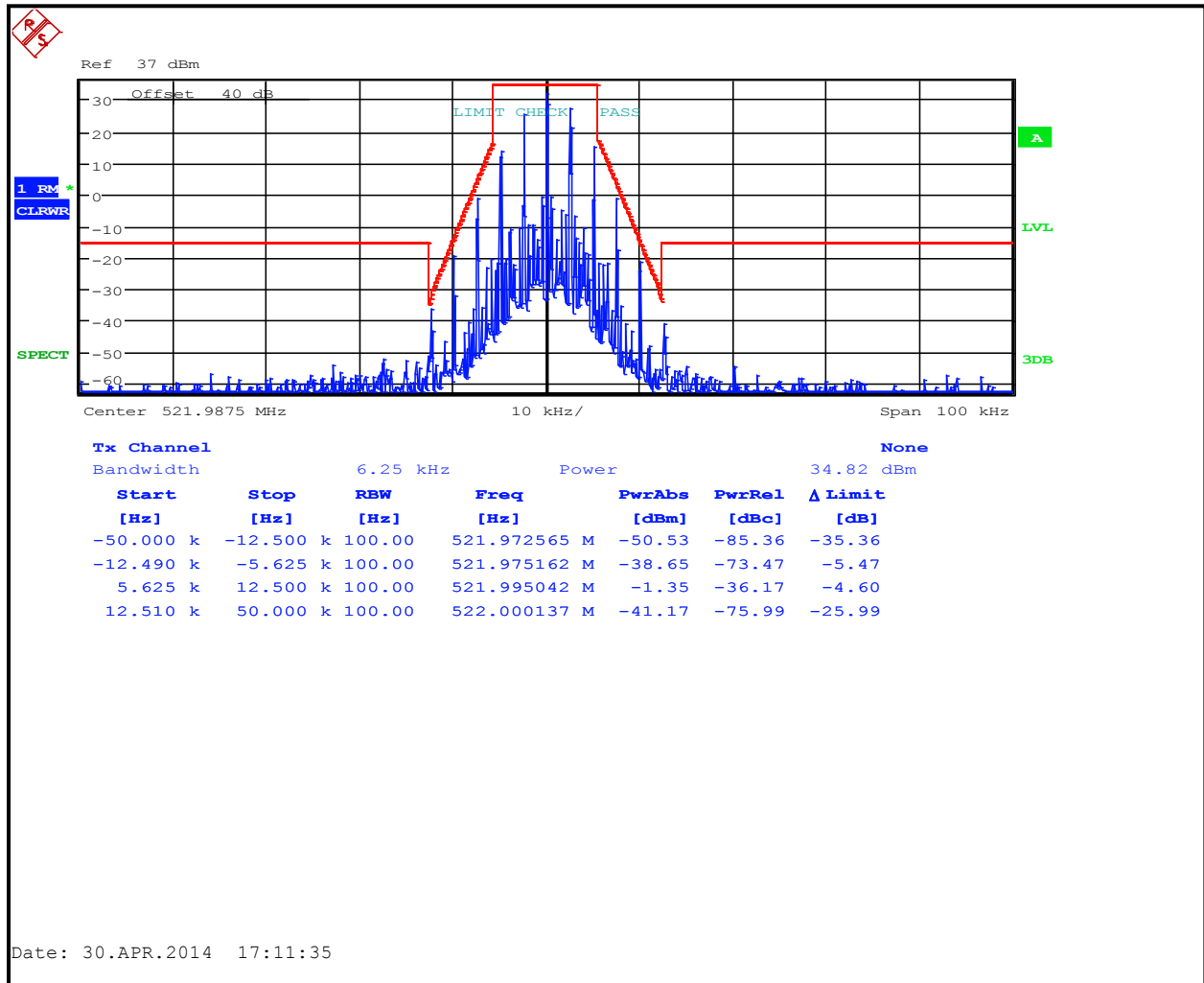
Plot 7-6: Occupied Bandwidth – 469.9875 MHz; Narrowband Analog; Mask D



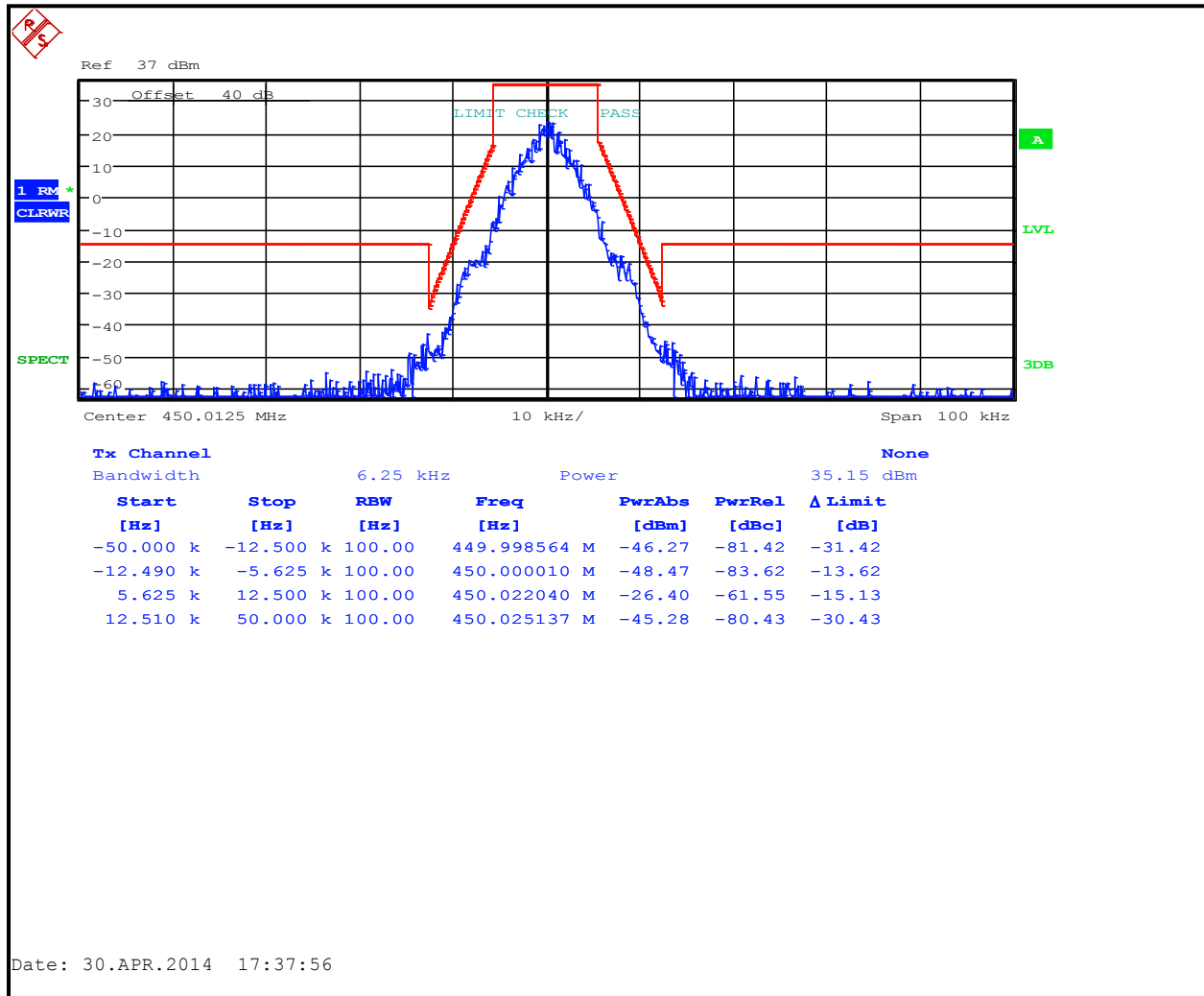
Plot 7-7: Occupied Bandwidth – 511.9875 MHz; Narrowband Analog; Mask D



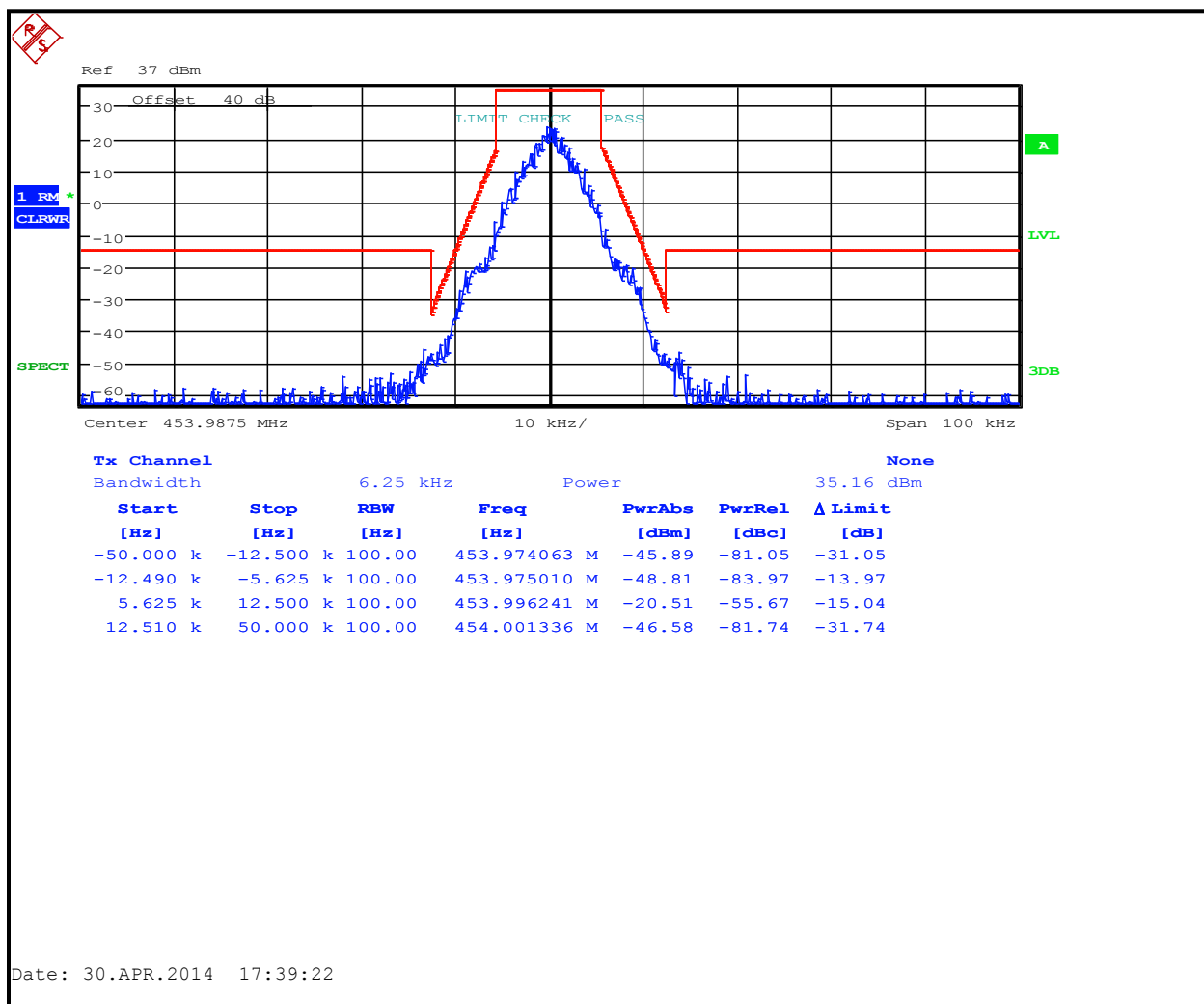
Plot 7-8: Occupied Bandwidth – 521.9875 MHz; Narrowband Analog; Mask D



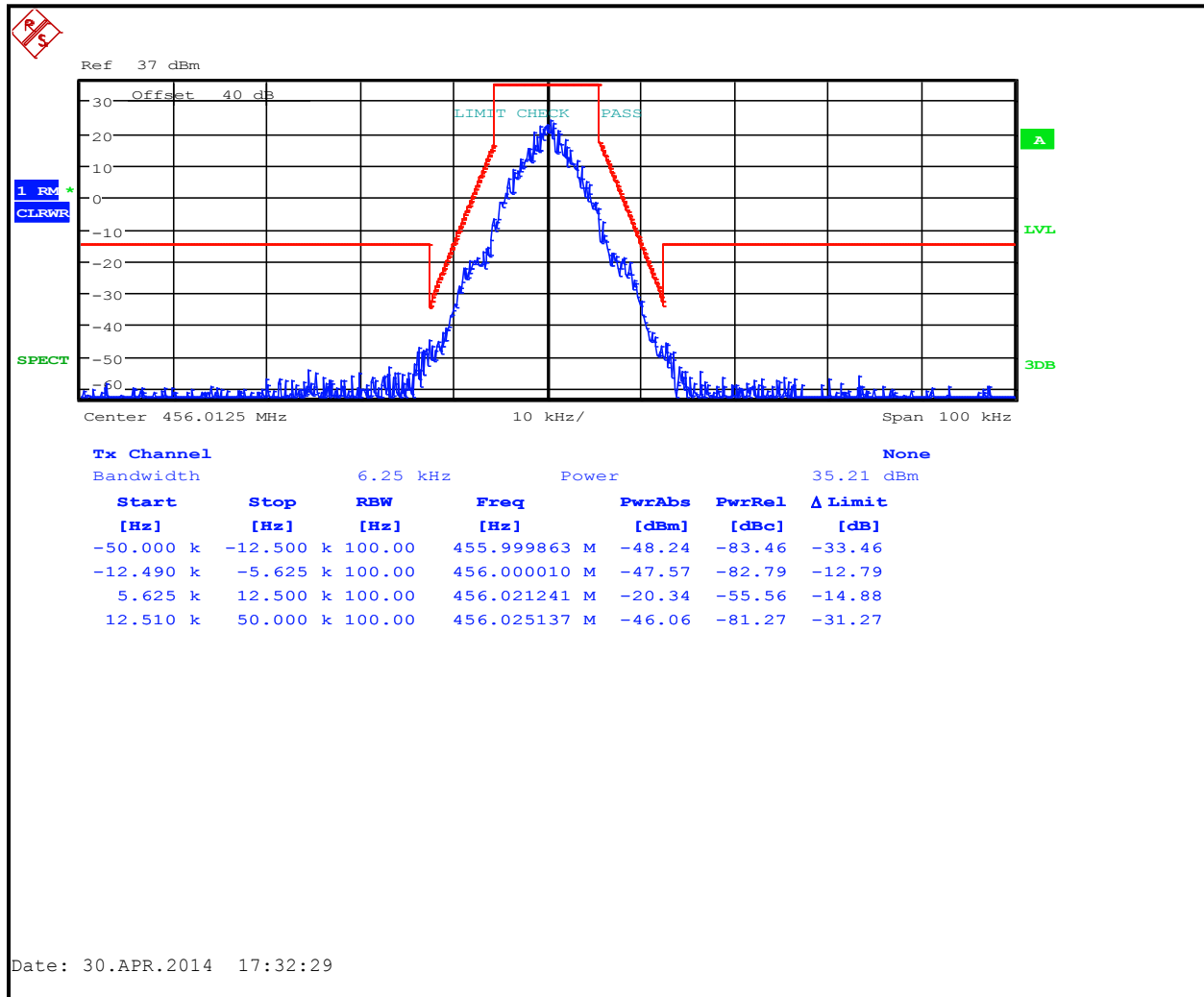
Plot 7-9: Occupied Bandwidth – 450.0125 MHz; Narrowband 2-level 9600 FSK; Mask D



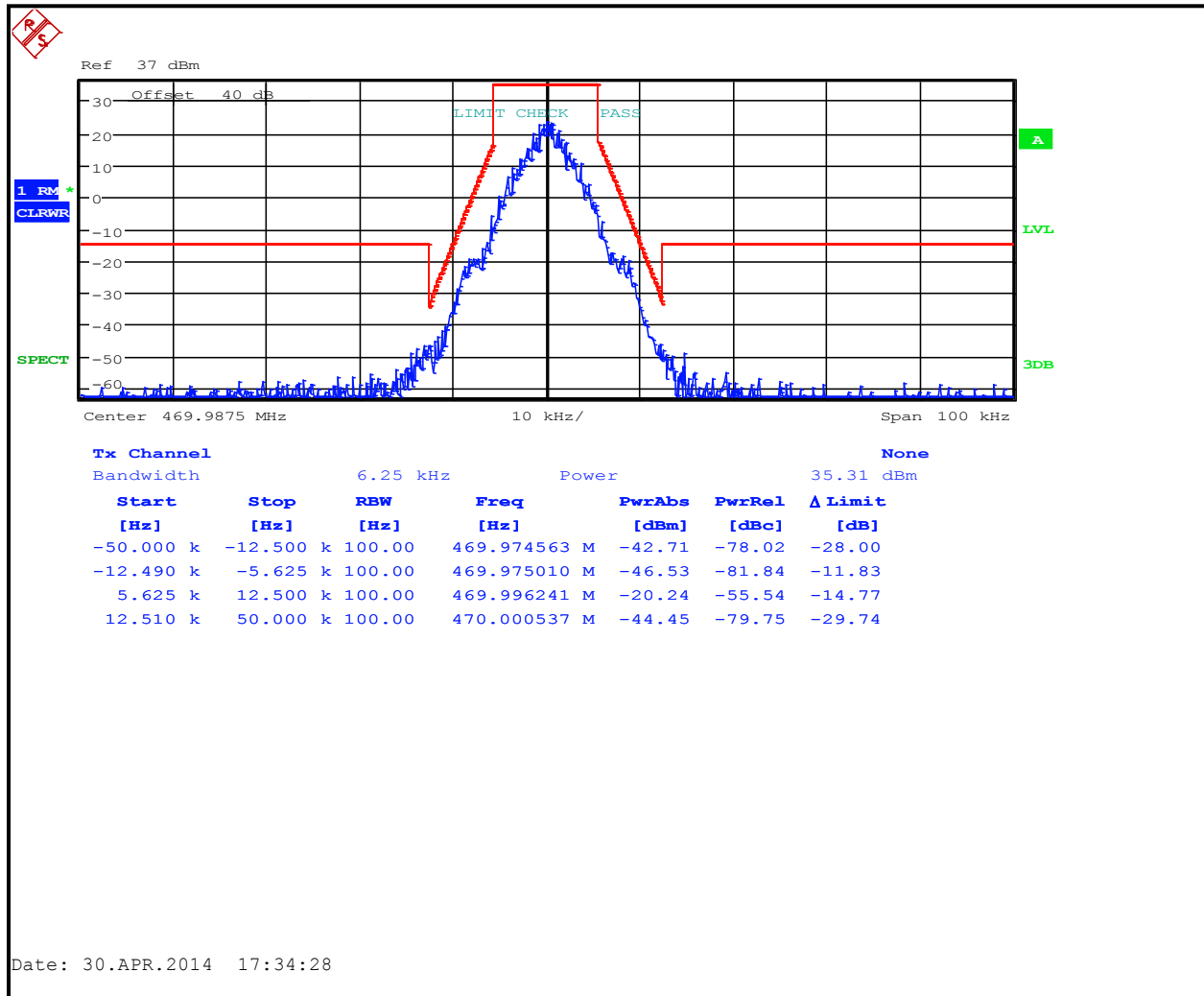
Plot 7-10: Occupied Bandwidth – 453.9875 MHz; Narrowband 2-level 9600 FSK; Mask D



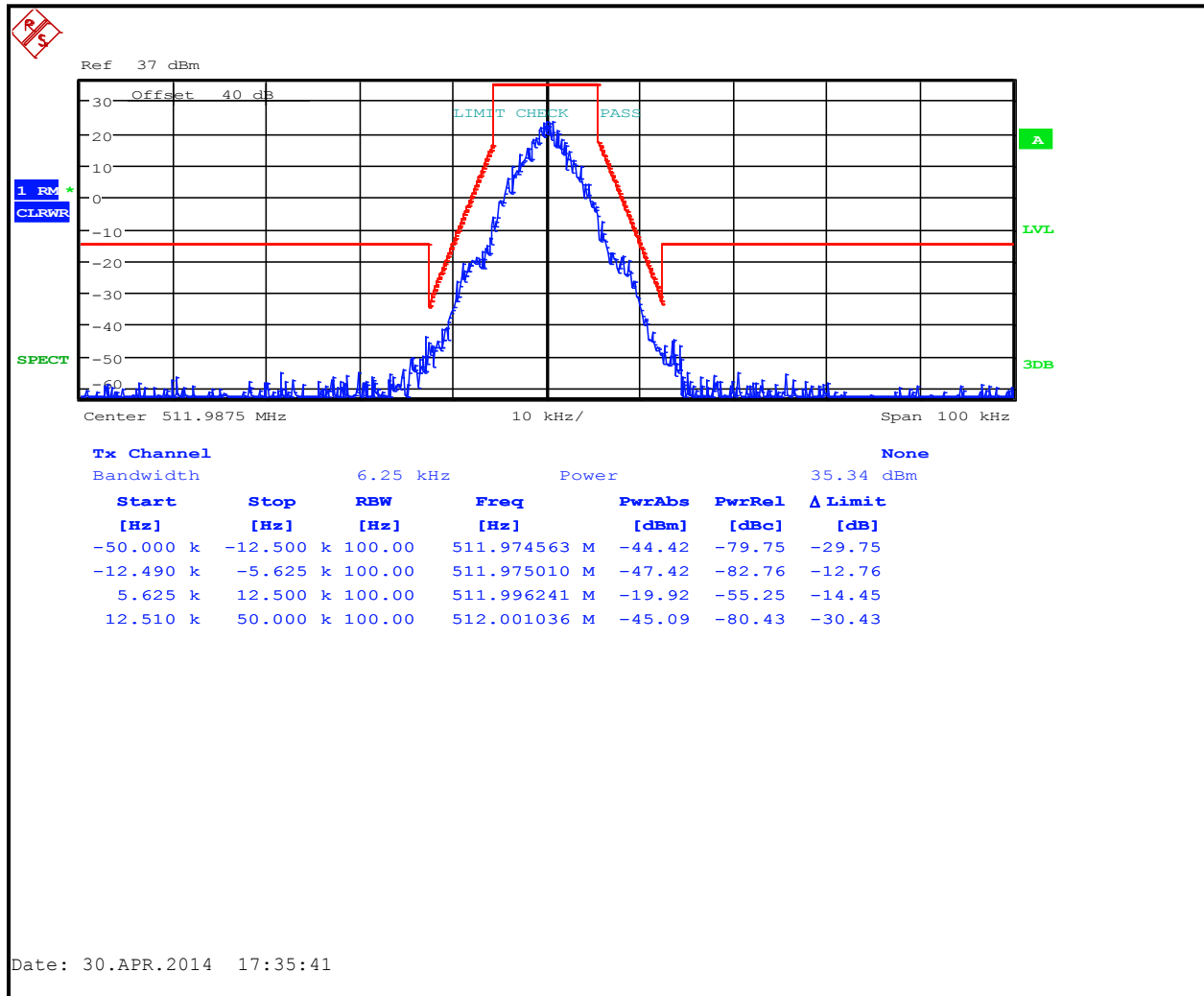
Plot 7-11: Occupied Bandwidth – 456.0125 MHz; Narrowband 2-level 9600 FSK; Mask D



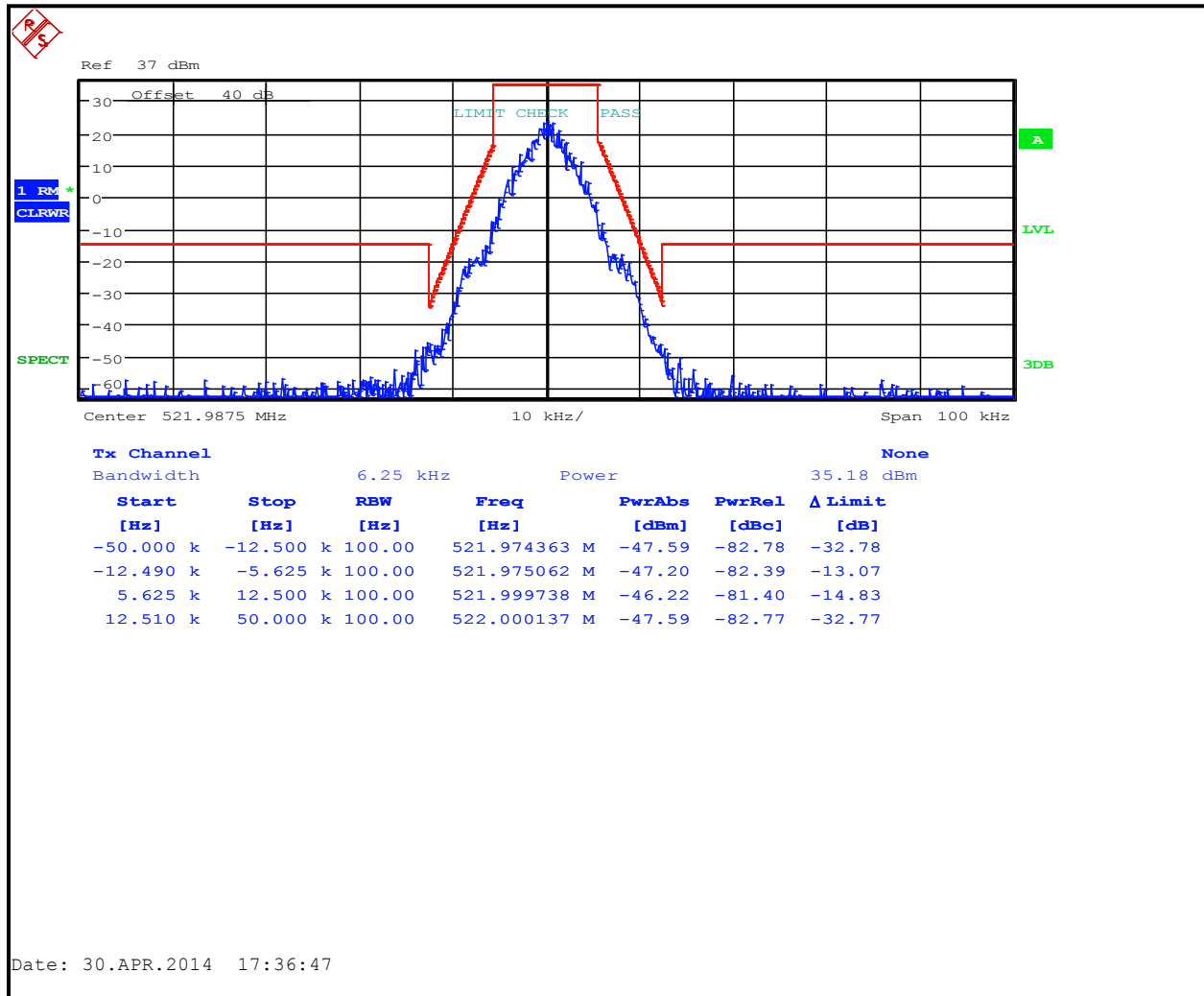
Plot 7-12: Occupied Bandwidth – 469.9875 MHz; Narrowband 2-level FSK; Mask D



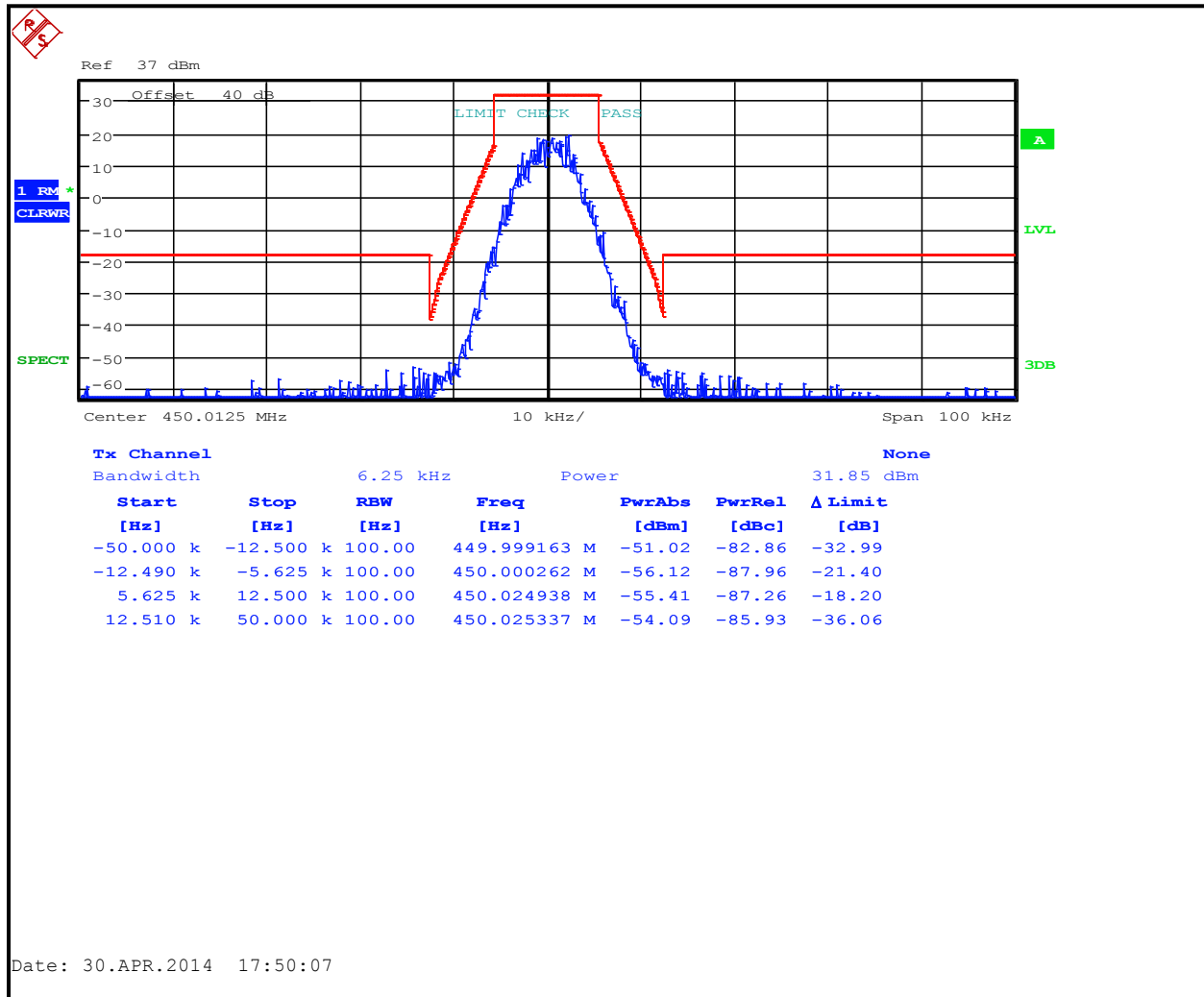
Plot 7-13: Occupied Bandwidth – 511.9875 MHz; Narrowband 2-level 9600 FSK; Mask D



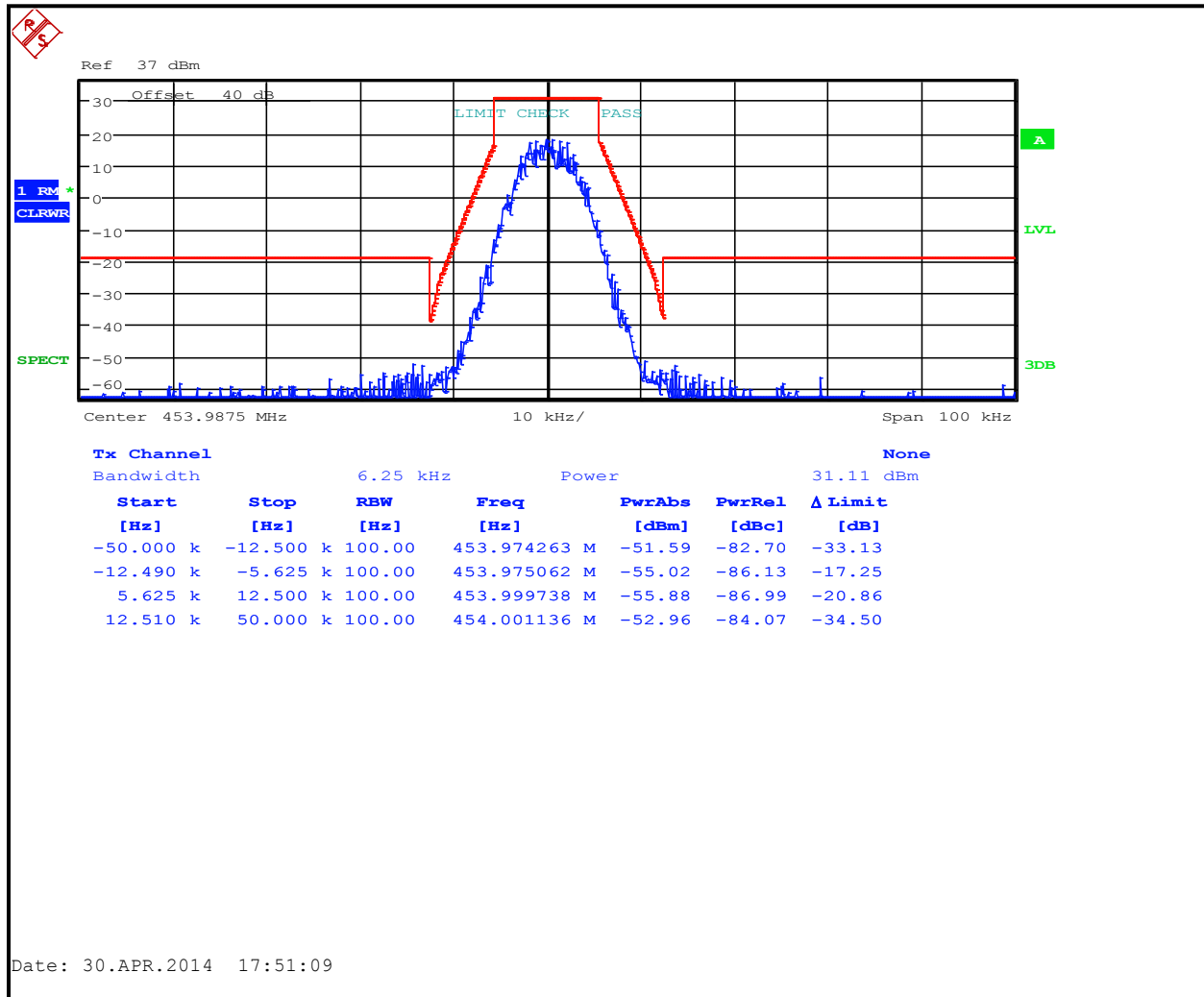
Plot 7-14: Occupied Bandwidth – 521.9875 MHz; Narrowband 2-level 9600 FSK; Mask D



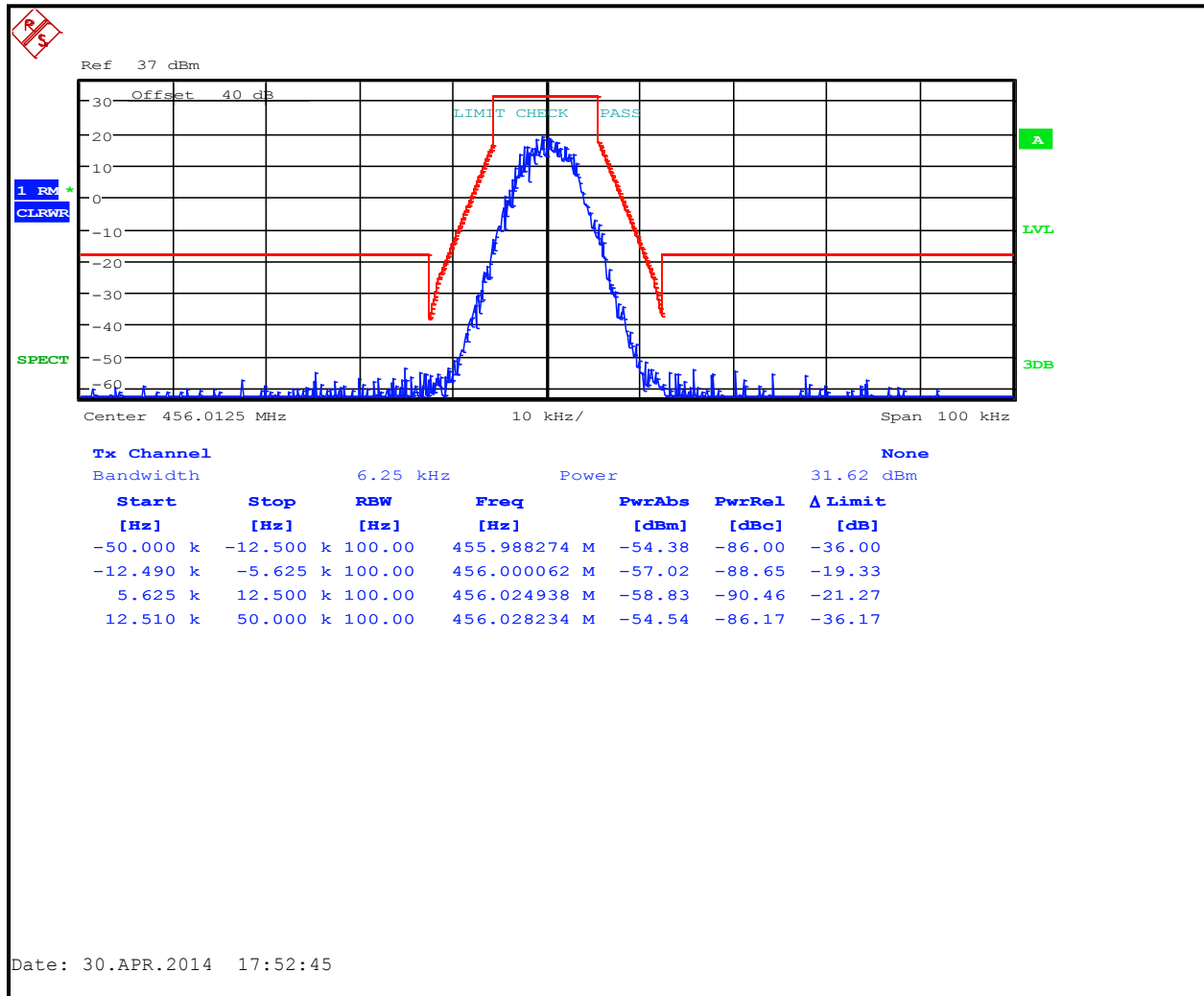
Plot 7-15: Occupied Bandwidth – 450.0125 MHz; Narrowband H-CPM TDMA; Mask D



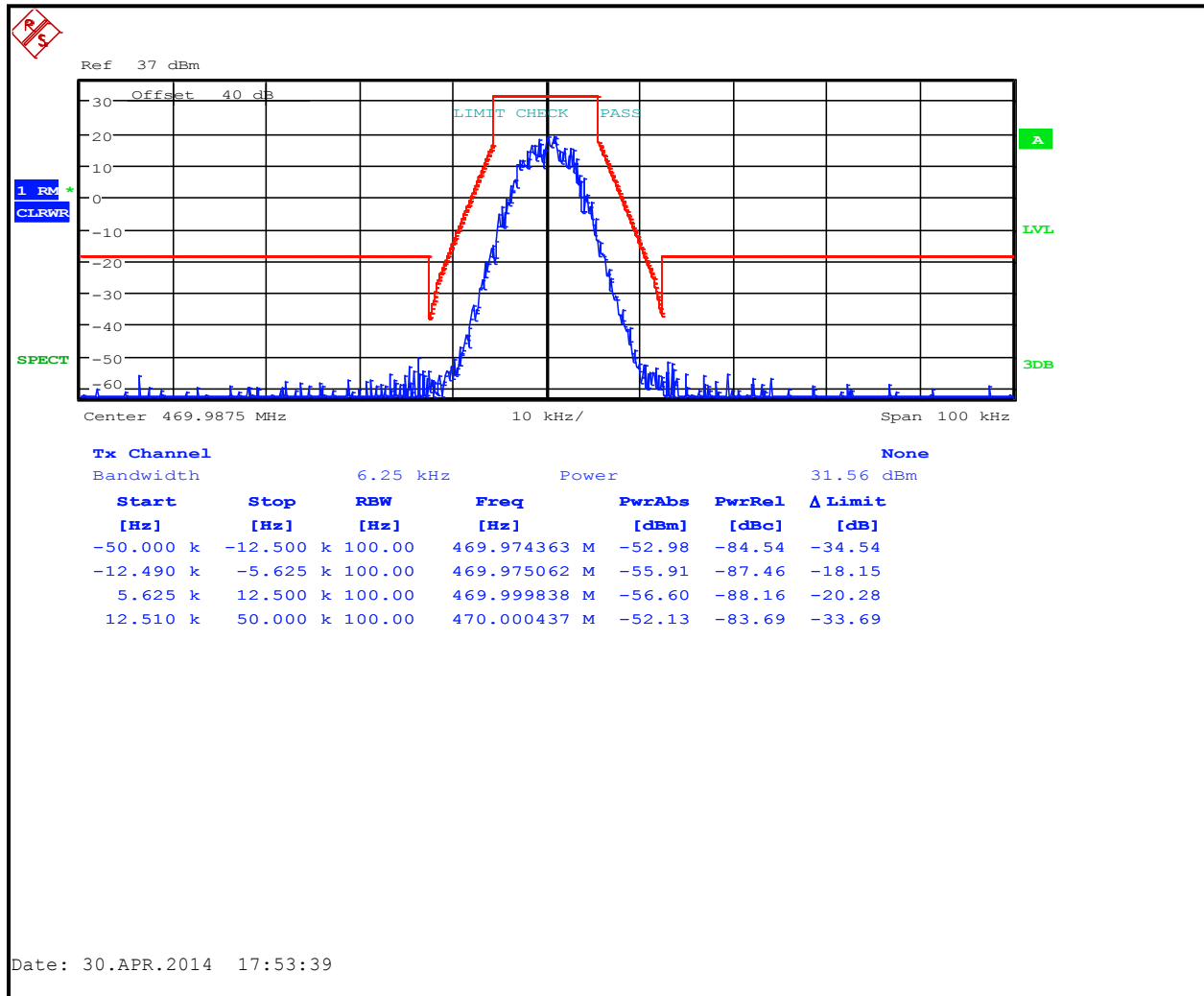
Plot 7-16: Occupied Bandwidth – 453.9875 MHz; Narrowband H-CPM TDMA; Mask D



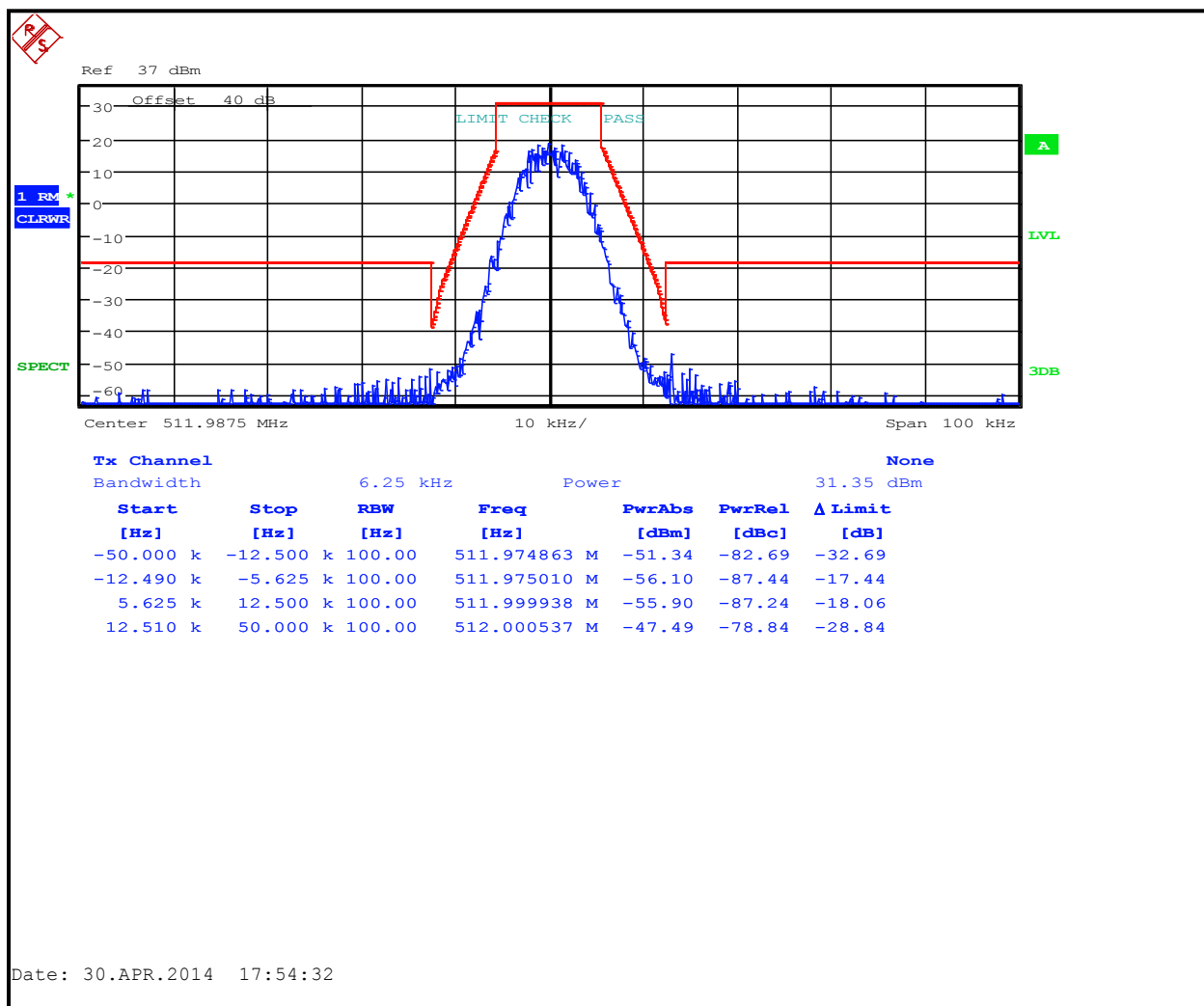
Plot 7-17: Occupied Bandwidth – 456.0125 MHz; Narrowband H-CPM TDMA; Mask D



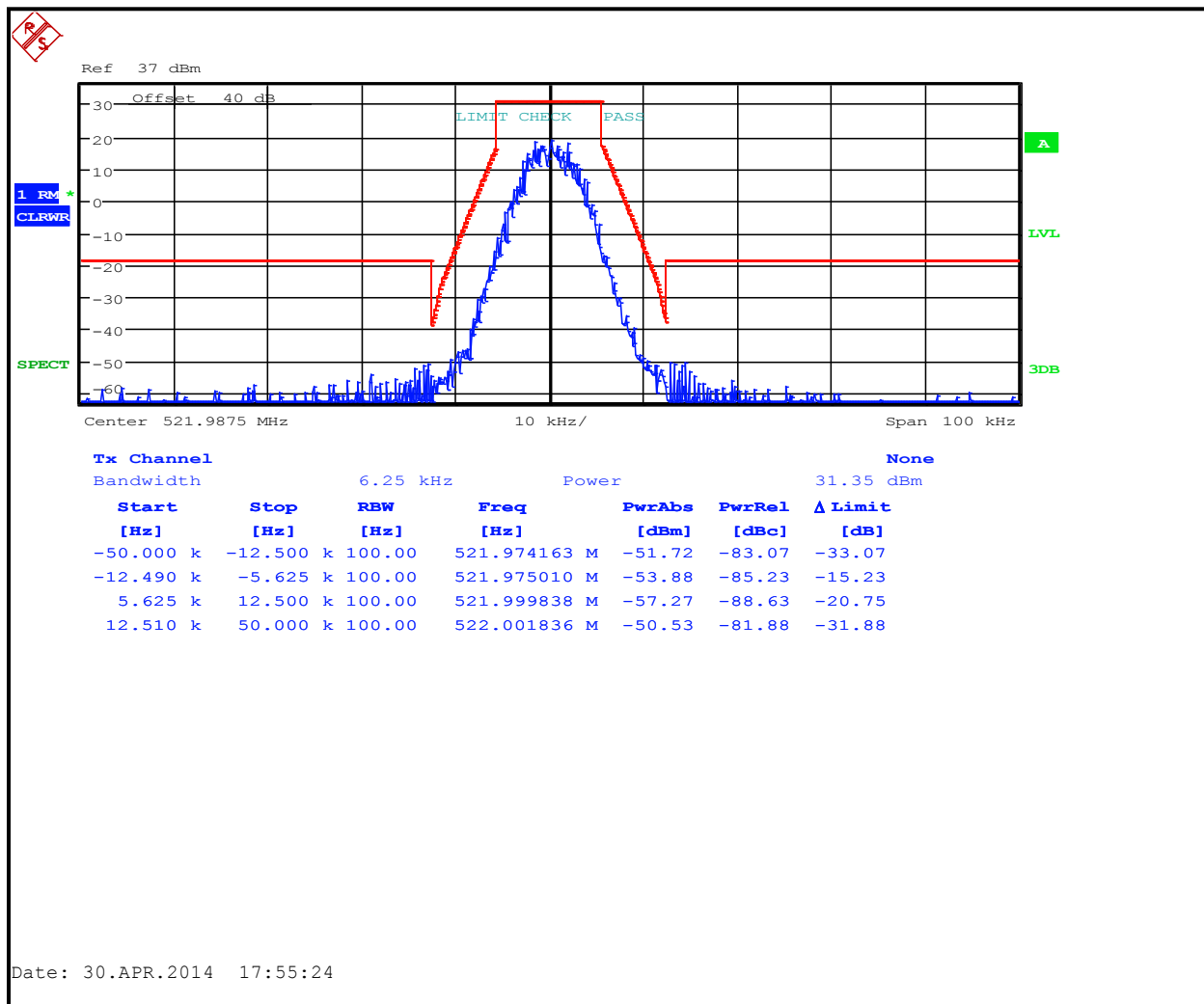
Plot 7-18: Occupied Bandwidth – 469.9875 MHz; Narrowband H-CPM TDMA; Mask D



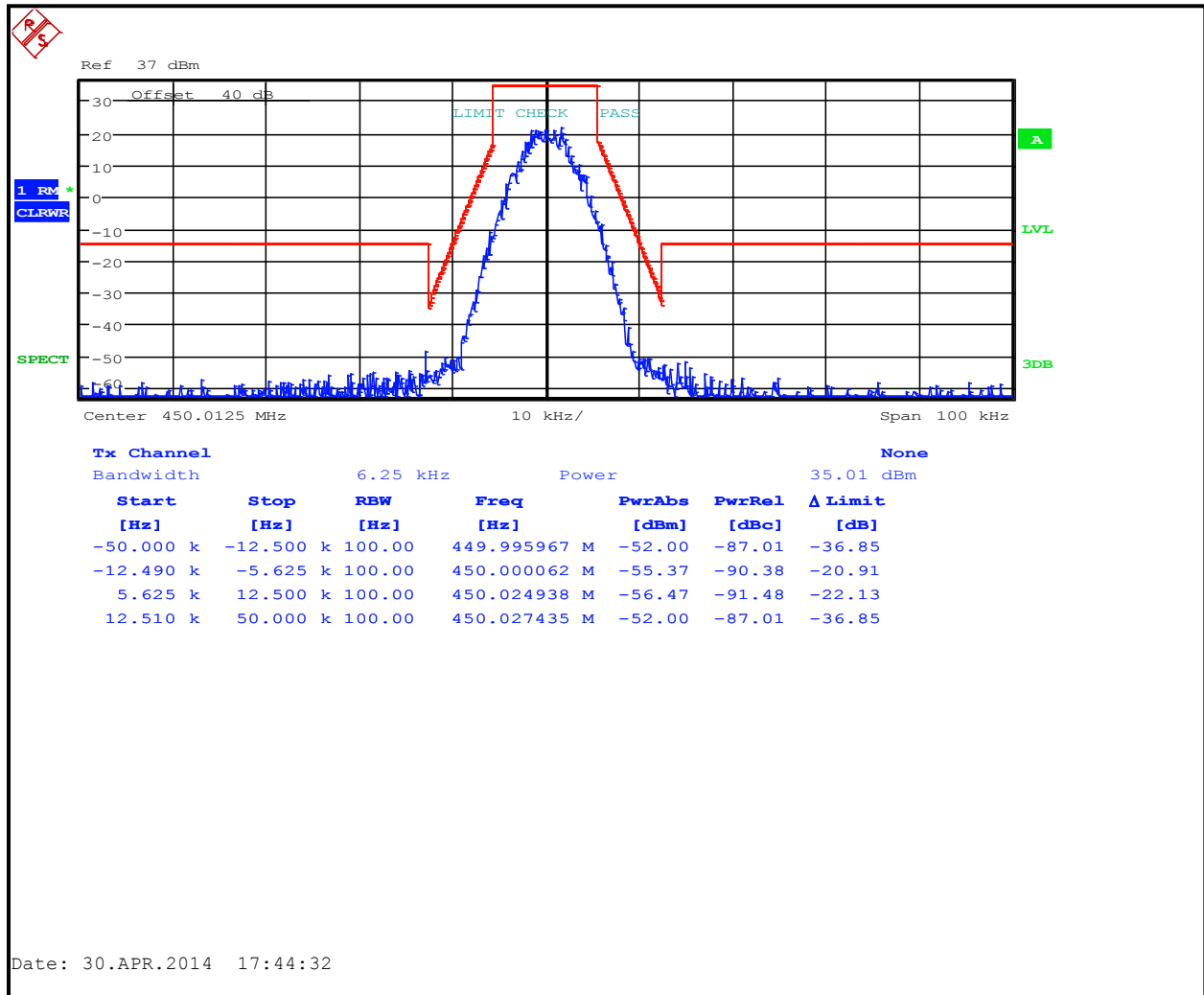
Plot 7-19: Occupied Bandwidth – 511.9875 MHz; Narrowband H-CPM TDMA; Mask D



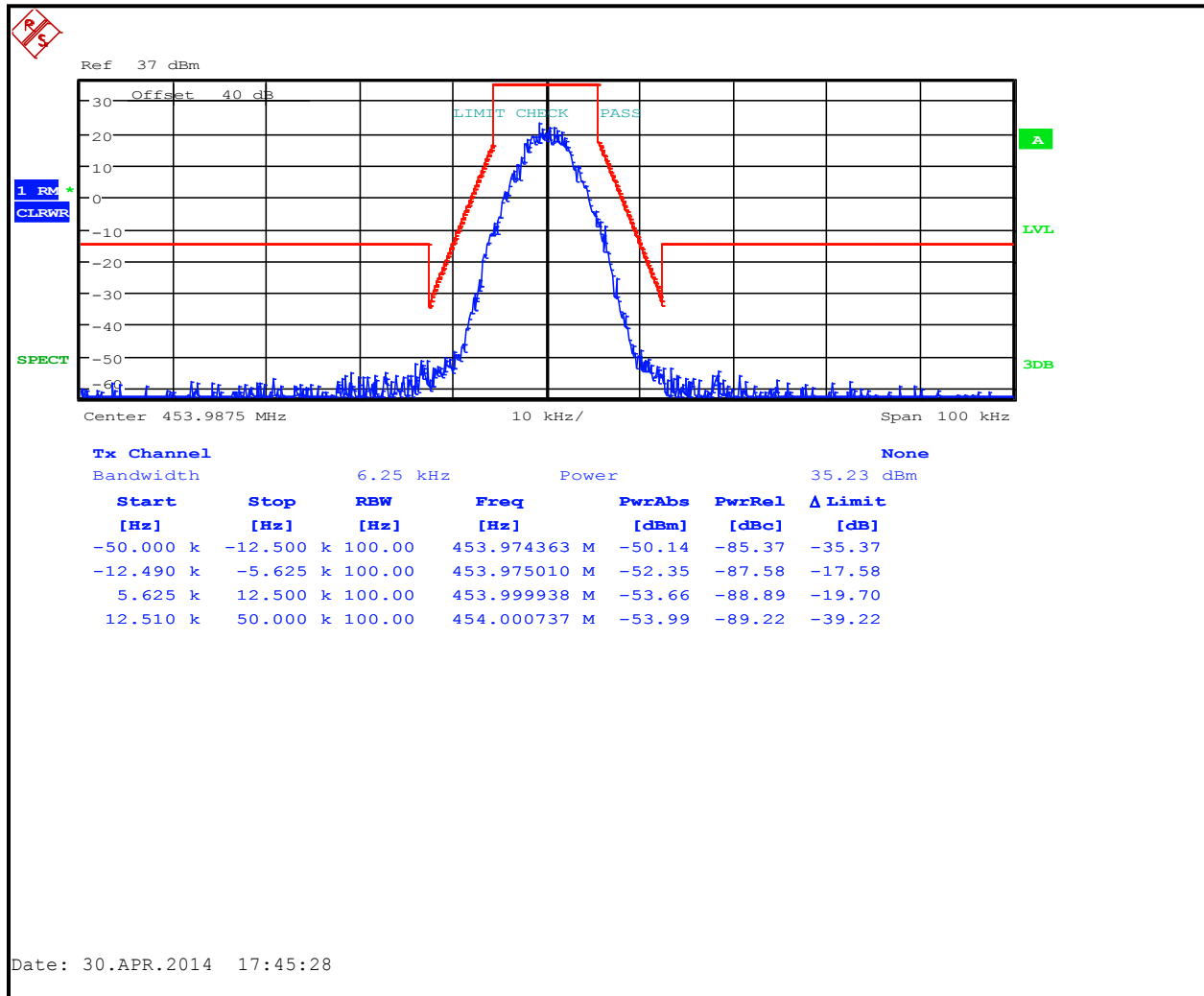
Plot 7-20: Occupied Bandwidth – 521.9875 MHz; Narrowband H-CPM TDMA; Mask D



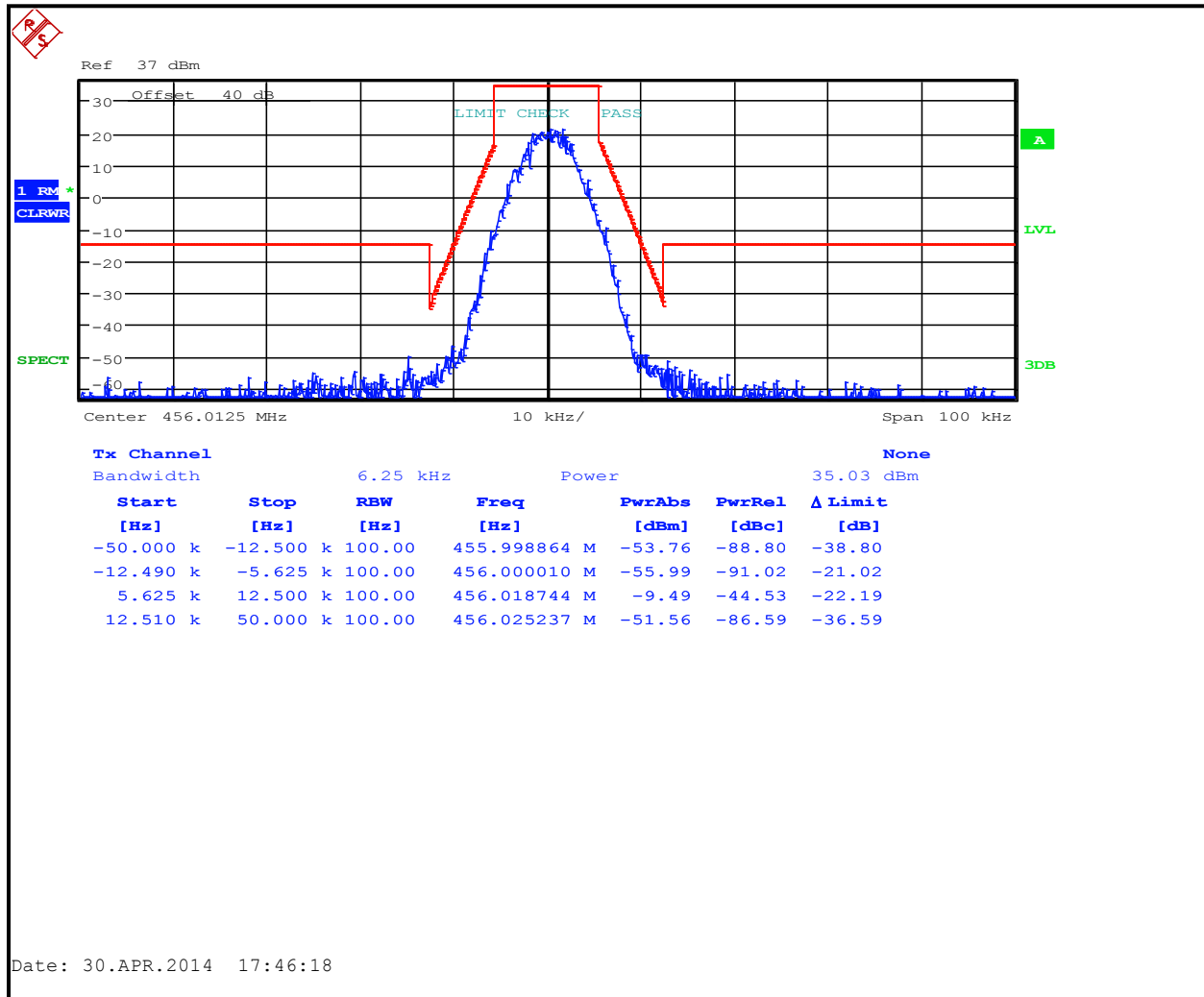
Plot 7-21: Occupied Bandwidth – 450.0125 MHz; Narrowband P25; Mask D



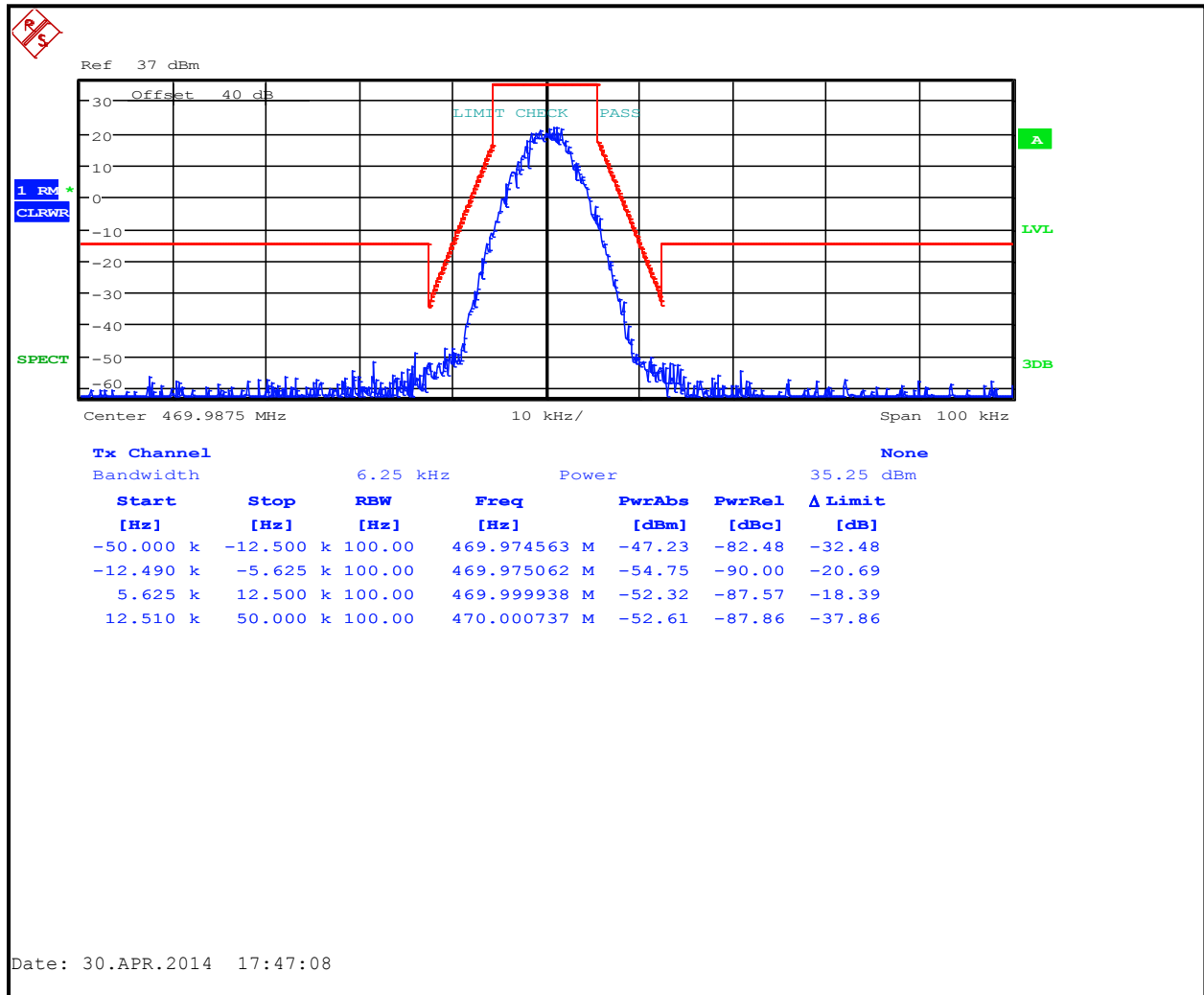
Plot 7-22: Occupied Bandwidth – 453.9875 MHz; Narrowband P25; Mask D



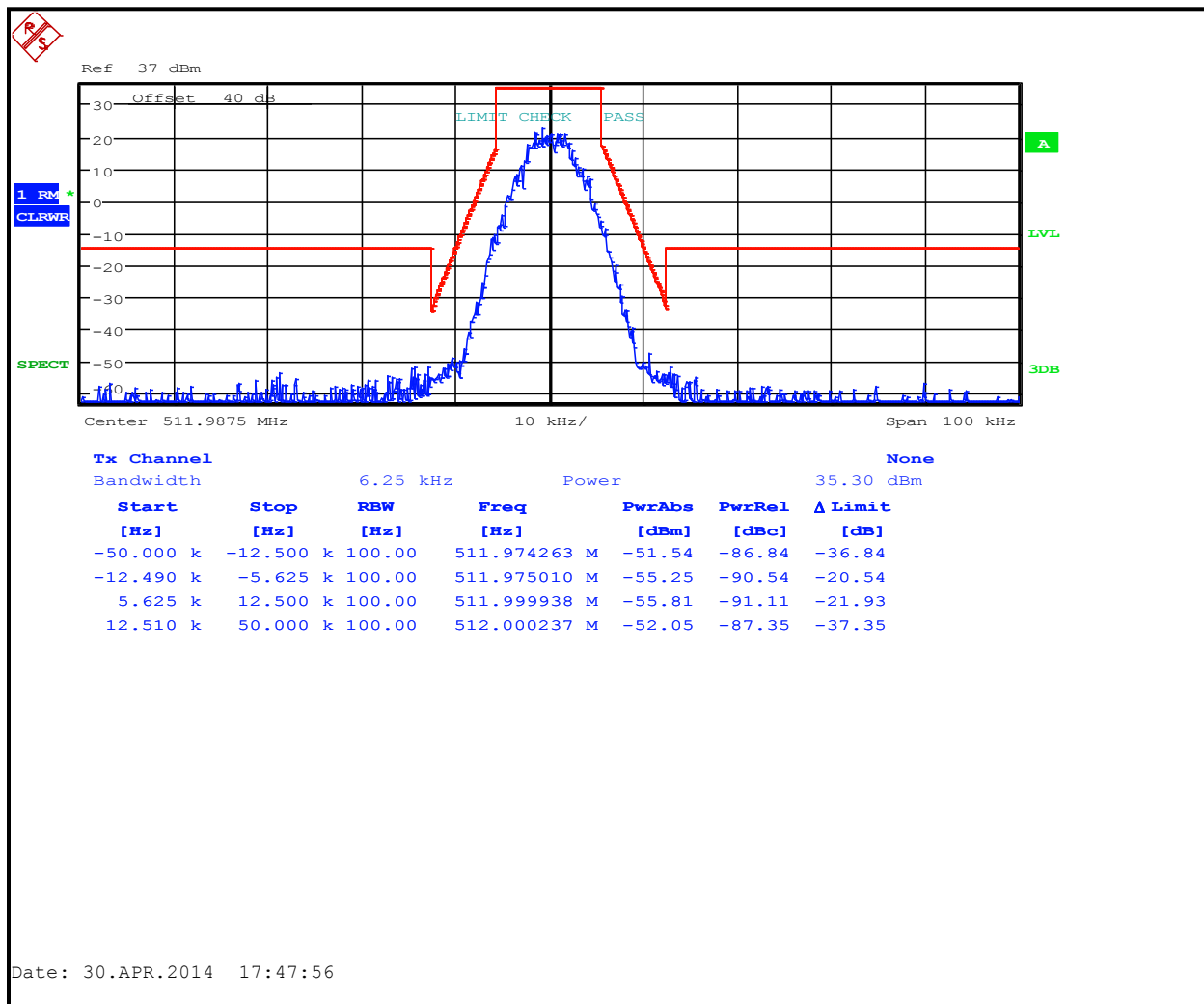
Plot 7-23: Occupied Bandwidth – 456.0125 MHz; Narrowband P25; Mask D



Plot 7-24: Occupied Bandwidth – 469.9875 MHz; Narrowband P25; Mask D



Plot 7-25: Occupied Bandwidth – 511.9875 MHz; Narrowband P25; Mask D



Plot 7-26: Occupied Bandwidth – 521.9875 MHz; Narrowband P25; Mask D

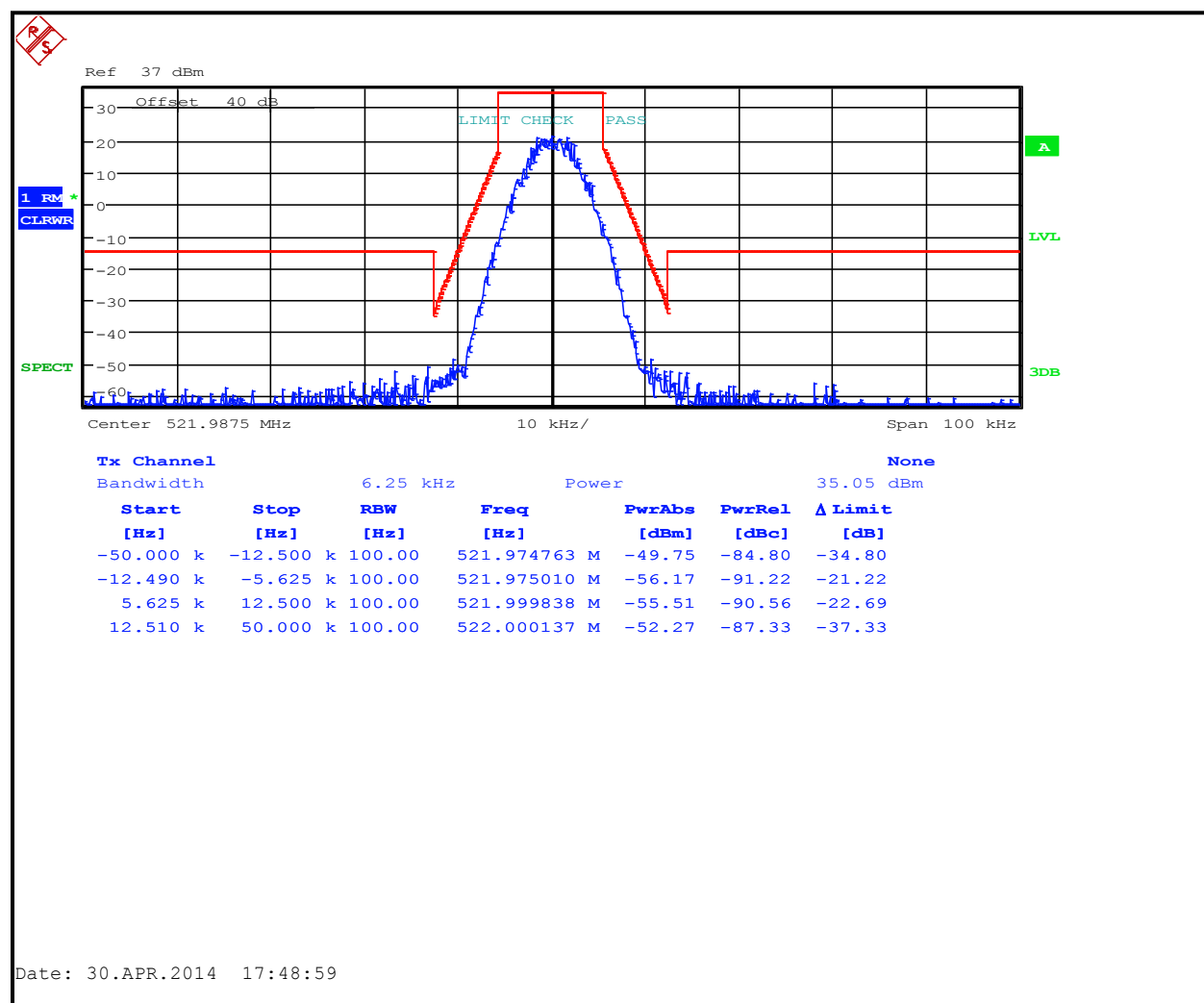


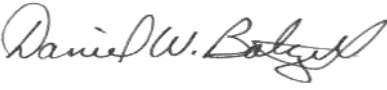
Table 7-1: Test Equipment Used for Testing Occupied Bandwidth

RTL Asset #	Manufacturer	Model	Part Type	Serial Number	Calibration Due Date
901581	Rohde & Schwarz	FSU	Spectrum Analyzer	1166.1660.50	11/13/14
901537	Aeroflex	48-40-34	40 dB Attenuator	CB6628	11/22/14
901057	Hewlett Packard	3336B	Synthesizer/ Level Generator	2514A02585	4/17/15

Rhein Tech Laboratories, Inc.
360 Herndon Parkway
Suite 1400
Herndon, VA 20170
<http://www.rheintech.com>

Client: Harris Corporation
Model: XG-75 UHF-H
IDs: OWDTR-0131-E/3636B-0131
Standards: FCC Pt 80/90/22/IC RSS-119
Report #: 2014082

Test Personnel:

Daniel Baltzell Test Engineer	 Signature	April 30 & May 4, 2014 Dates of Test
----------------------------------	--	---

8 FCC Part 2.1055, 22.355, 80.209, 90.213; IC RSS-119 5.3: Frequency Stability

8.1 Test Procedure

ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-2004, section 2.2.2

The carrier frequency stability is the ability of the transmitter to maintain an assigned carrier frequency.

The EUT was evaluated over the temperature range -30°C to +55°C.

The temperature was initially set to -30°C and a 1-hour period was observed for stabilization of the EUT. The frequency stability was measured within one minute after application of primary power to the transmitter. The temperature was raised at intervals of 10 degrees centigrade through the range. A ½-hour period was observed to stabilize the EUT at each measurement step and the frequency stability was measured within one minute after application of primary power to the transmitter. Additionally, the power supply voltage of the EUT was varied +/-15% nominal input voltage.

Part 22.355 and 90.213: Mobile stations over 2 W operating power - 5 ppm.

80.209(a)(7) Band 400–466 MHz: 5ppm.

8.2 Test Data

8.2.1 Temperature Frequency Stability

Table 8-1: Temperature Frequency Stability – 450.0125 MHz

Temperature (°C)	Measured Frequency (Hz)	ppm
-30	450.012581	-0.18
-20	450.012588	-0.20
-10	450.012562	-0.14
0	450.012525	-0.06
10	450.012540	-0.09
20 (reference)	450.012500	0.00
30	450.012445	0.12
40	450.012416	0.19
50	450.012434	0.15
55	450.012431	0.15

Table 8-2: Temperature Frequency Stability – 469.9875 MHz

Temperature (°C)	Measured Frequency (Hz)	ppm
-30	469.987580	-0.17
-20	469.987582	-0.17
-10	469.987554	-0.11
0	469.987516	-0.03
10	469.987537	-0.08
20	469.987500	0.00
30	469.987433	0.14
40	469.987405	0.20
50	469.987419	0.17
55	469.987419	0.17

Results: The EUT is compliant.

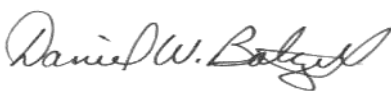
Rhein Tech Laboratories, Inc.
360 Herndon Parkway
Suite 1400
Herndon, VA 20170
<http://www.rheintech.com>

Client: Harris Corporation
Model: XG-75 UHF-H
IDs: OWDTR-0131-E/3636B-0131
Standards: FCC Pt 80/90/22/IC RSS-119
Report #: 2014082

Table 8-3: Test Equipment Used for Testing Frequency Stability

RTL Asset #	Manufacturer	Model	Part Type	Serial Number	Calibration Due Date
900946	Tenney Engineering, Inc.	TH65	Temperature Chamber with Humidity	11380	1/13/15
901300	Agilent Technologies	53131A (225 MHz)	Universal Frequency Counter	MY40001345	2/29/15
901537	Aeroflex	48-40-34	40 dB Attenuator	CB6628	11/22/14
901350	Meterman	33XR	Multimeter	040402802	3/20/15

Test Personnel:

Daniel Baltzell Test Engineer	 Signature	May 1, 2014 Date of Tests
----------------------------------	--	------------------------------

8.2.2 Frequency Stability/Voltage Variation

Table 8-4: Frequency Stability/Voltage Variation – 450.0125 MHz

Voltage (VDC)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	ppm
5.94 (battery end-point)	450.012492	0.02
6.375	450.012499	0.00
7.5 (reference)	450.012500	0.00
8.625	450.012502	0.00

Table 8-5: Frequency Stability/Voltage Variation – 469.9875 MHz

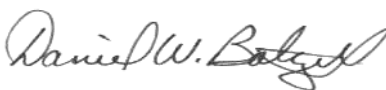
Voltage (VDC)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	ppm
5.68 (battery end-point)	469.987476	0.05
6.375	469.987497	0.01
7.5 (reference)	469.987500	0.00
8.625	469.987491	0.02

Table 8-6: Test Equipment Used for Testing Frequency Stability/Voltage Variation

RTL Asset #	Manufacturer	Model	Part Type	Serial Number	Calibration Due Date
900946	Tenney Engineering, Inc.	TH65	Temperature Chamber with Humidity	11380	1/13/15
901300	Agilent Technologies	53131A (225 MHz)	Universal Frequency Counter	MY40001345	2/29/15
901537	Aeroflex	48-40-34	40 dB Attenuator	CB6628	11/22/14
901350	Meterman	33XR	Multimeter	040402802	3/20/15

Test Personnel:

Daniel Baltzell
Test Engineer



Signature

May 1, 2014
Date of Tests

9 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 90.214; IC RSS-119 5.9: Transient Frequency Response

9.1 Test Procedure

ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004 Section 2.2.3

§ 90.214 Transient frequency behavior.

Transmitters designed to operate in the 150–174 MHz and 421–512 MHz frequency bands must maintain transient frequencies within the maximum frequency difference limits during the time intervals indicated:

Time intervals ^{1 2}	Maximum frequency difference ³	All equipment	
		150 to 174 MHz	421 to 512 MHz
Transient Frequency Behavior for Equipment Designed to Operate on 25 kHz Channels			
t ₁ ⁴	±25.0 kHz	5.0 ms	10.0 ms
t ₂	±12.5 kHz	20.0 ms	25.0 ms
t ₃ ⁴	±25.0 kHz	5.0 ms	10.0 ms

Time intervals ^{1 2}	Maximum frequency difference ³	All equipment	
		150 to 174 MHz	421 to 512 MHz

Transient Frequency Behavior for Equipment Designed to Operate on 12.5 kHz Channels

t ₁ ⁴	±12.5 kHz	5.0 ms	10.0 ms
t ₂	±6.25 kHz	20.0 ms	25.0 ms
t ₃ ⁴	±12.5 kHz	5.0 ms	10.0 ms

Transient Frequency Behavior for Equipment Designed to Operate on 6.25 kHz Channels

t ₁ ⁴	±6.25 kHz	5.0 ms	10.0 ms
t ₂	±3.125 kHz	20.0 ms	25.0 ms
t ₃ ⁴	±6.25 kHz	5.0 ms	10.0 ms

¹ t_{on} is the instant when a 1 kHz test signal is completely suppressed, including any capture time due to phasing.

t₁ is the time period immediately following t_{on}.

t₂ is the time period immediately following t₁.

t₃ is the time period from the instant when the transmitter is turned off until t_{off}.

t_{off} is the instant when the 1 kHz test signal starts to rise.

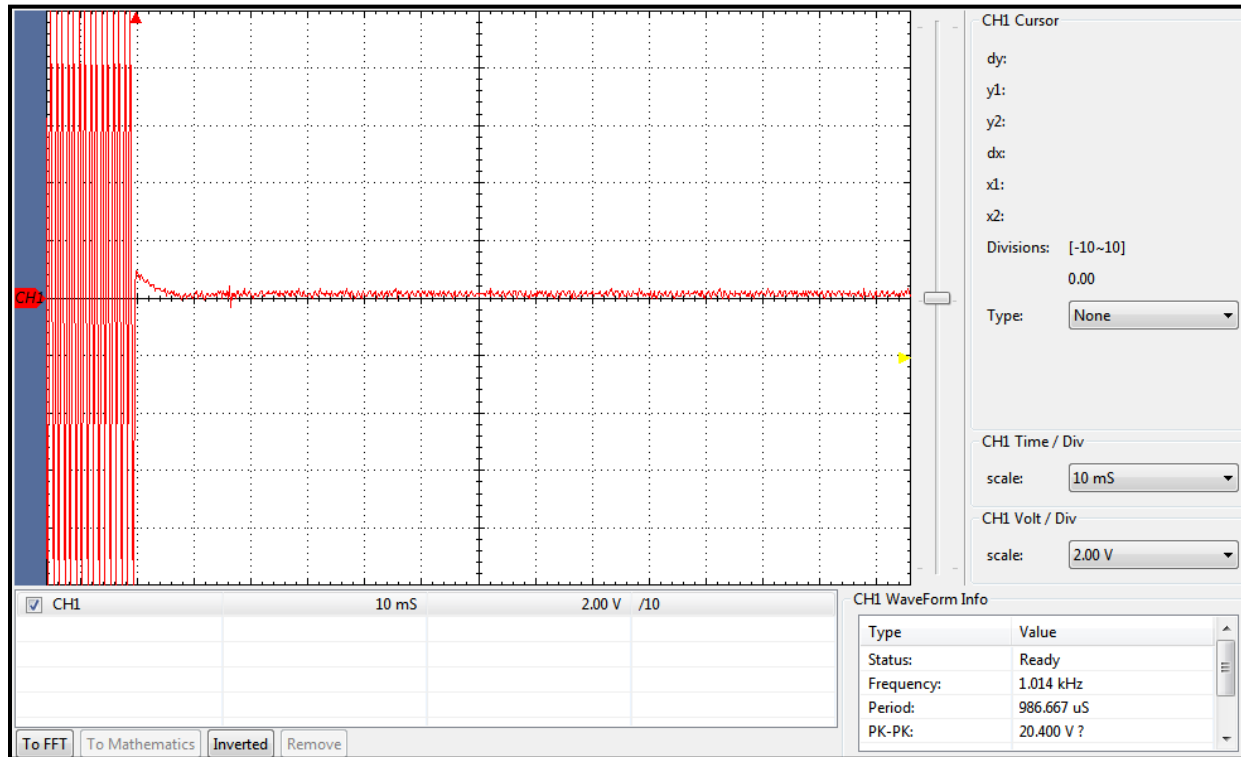
² During the time from the end of t₂ to the beginning of t₃, the frequency difference must not exceed the limits specified in §90.213.

³ Difference between the actual transmitter frequency and the assigned transmitter frequency.

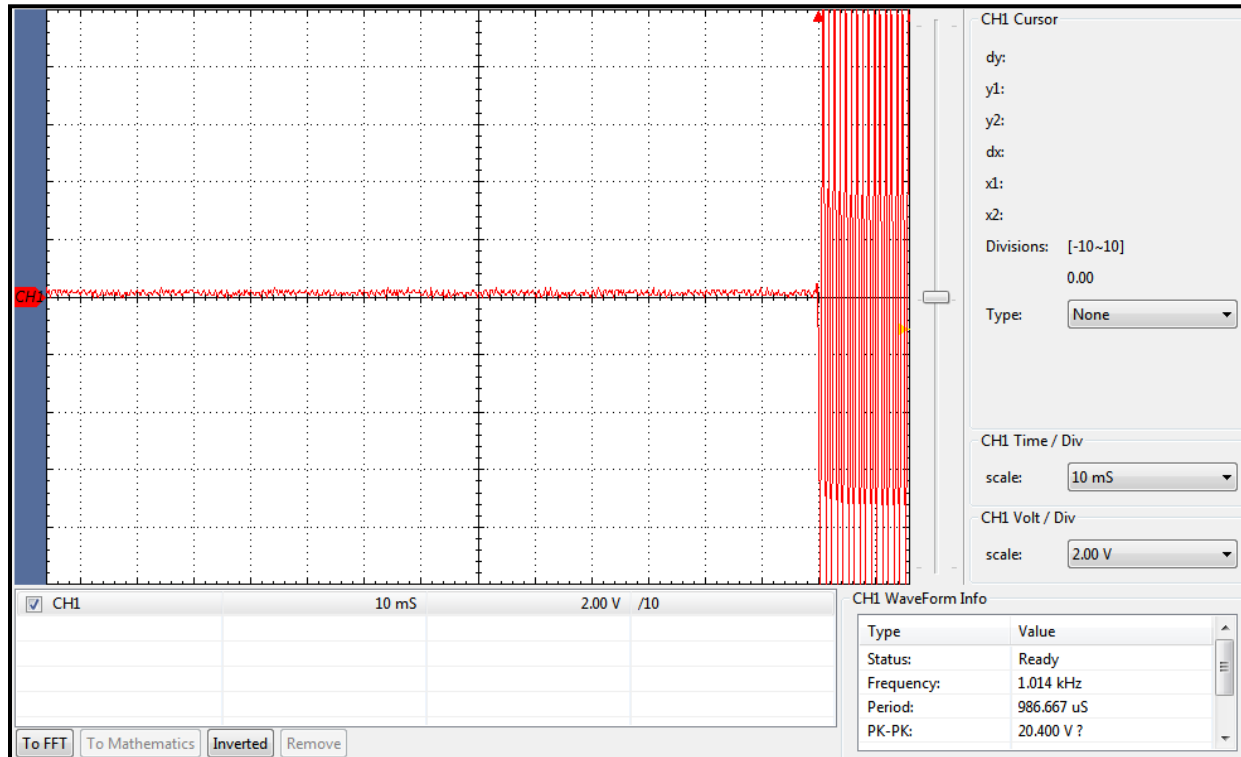
⁴ If the transmitter carrier output power rating is 6 watts or less, the frequency difference during this time period may exceed the maximum frequency difference for this time period.

9.2 Test Data

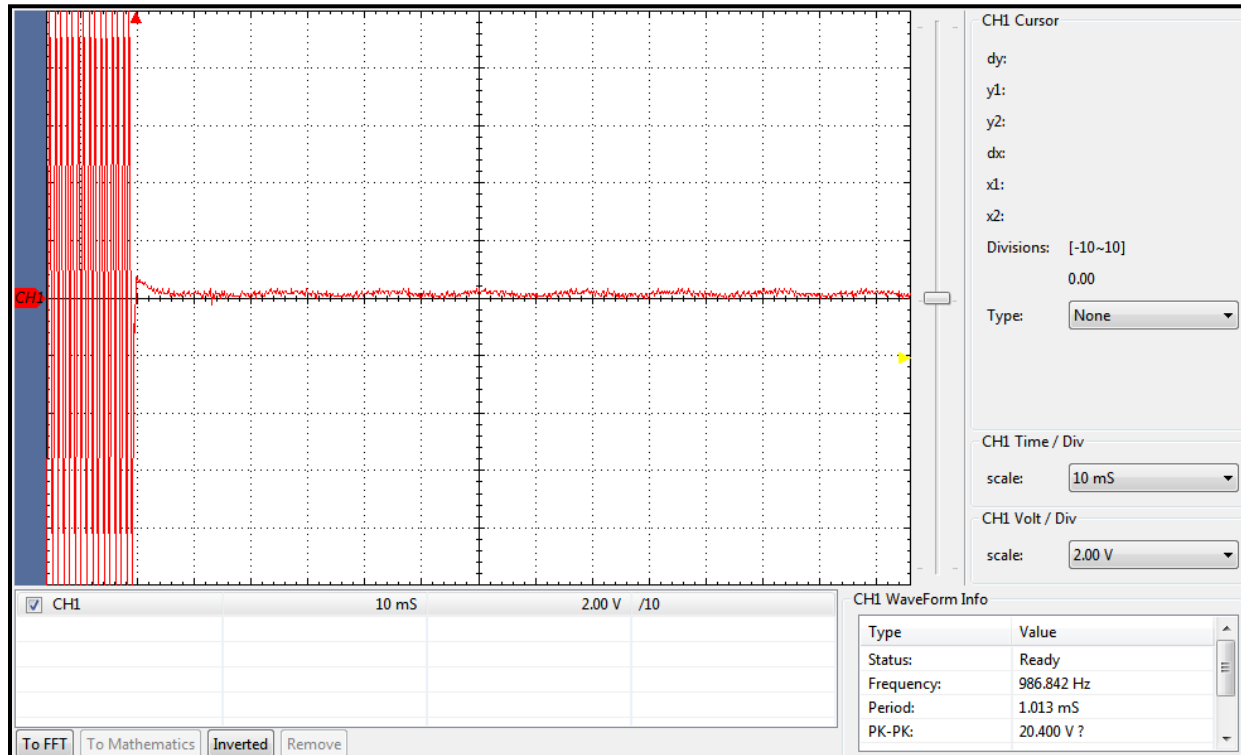
Plot 9-1: Transient Frequency Behavior – NB; Carrier On Time; 450.0125 MHz



Plot 9-2: Transient Frequency Behavior – NB; Carrier Off Time; 450.0125 MHz



Plot 9-3: Transient Frequency Behavior – NB; Carrier On Time; 469.9875 MHz



Plot 9-4: Transient Frequency Behavior – NB; Carrier Off Time; 469.9875 MHz

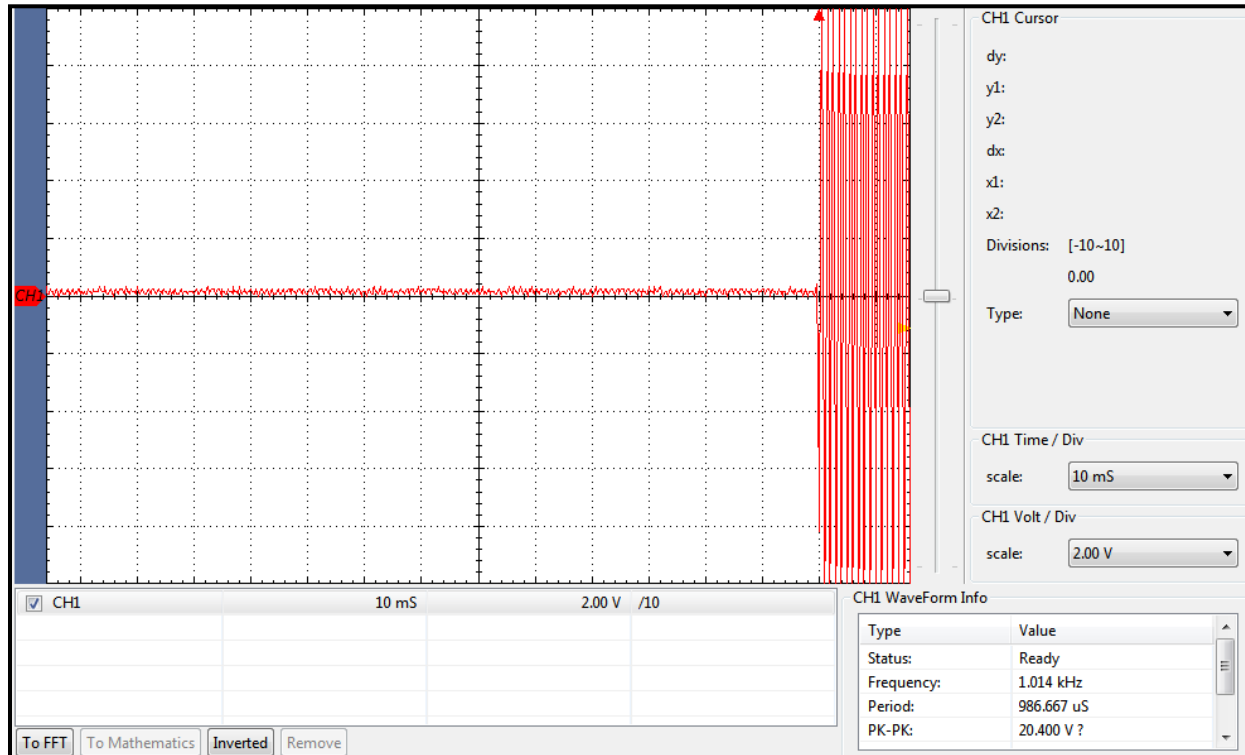
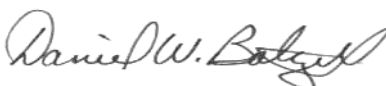


Table 9-1: Test Equipment Used for Testing Transient Frequency Behavior

RTL Asset #	Manufacturer	Model	Part Type	Serial Number	Calibration Due Date
901610	WON	SDS7102V	Oscilloscope	SDS71021312068	N/A
900917	Hewlett Packard	8648C	Synthesized. Signal Generator (9 kHz - 3200 MHz)	3537A01741	2/17/15
901337	Narda Microline	766-10	Attenuator (DC-4GHz, 10 dB, 20W)	6242	9/3/14
901511	Pasternack	PE 2003	Power Divider (10 MHz - 1 GHz)	NA	N/A
900352	Werlatone	Directional Coupler	Coupler	C1795/4989	11/22/14
901263	Agilent Technologies	.01-12 GHz	SMA Detector	2936A05505	N/A
901118	Hewlett Packard	8901A Opt. 002-003	Modulation Analyzer	2406A00178	4/1/15
901537	Aeroflex	48-40-34	40 dB Attenuator	CB6628	11/22/14

Test Personnel:

Daniel Baltzell
 Test Engineer



Signature

May 1, 2014
 Date of Tests

10 FCC Part 2.1047(a)(b), 80.213; IC RSS-119 5.8: Modulation Characteristics

§80.213 Modulation requirements.

(b) Radiotelephone transmitters using A3E, F3E and G3E emission must have a modulation limiter to prevent any modulation over 100 percent. This requirement does not apply to survival craft transmitters, to transmitters that do not require a license, or to transmitters whose output power does not exceed 3 watts.

10.1 Test Procedures

10.1.1 Audio Frequency Response

ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-2004, section 2.2.6

The audio frequency response is the degree of closeness to which the frequency deviation of the transmitter follows a prescribed characteristic.

The input audio level at 1000 Hz was set to produce 20% of the rated system deviation. This point is shown as the 0 dB reference level, noted DEVref. The audio signal generator was varied from 100 Hz to 5 kHz with the input level held constant. The deviation in kHz was recorded using a modulation analyzer as DEVfreq. The response in dB relative to 1 kHz was calculated as follows:

Audio Frequency Response = 20 LOG (DEVfreq/DEVref)

10.1.2 Audio Low Pass Filter Response

ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-2004, 2.2.15

The Audio Low Pass Filter Response is the frequency response of the post limiter low pass filter circuit above 3000 Hz.

10.1.3 Modulation Limiting

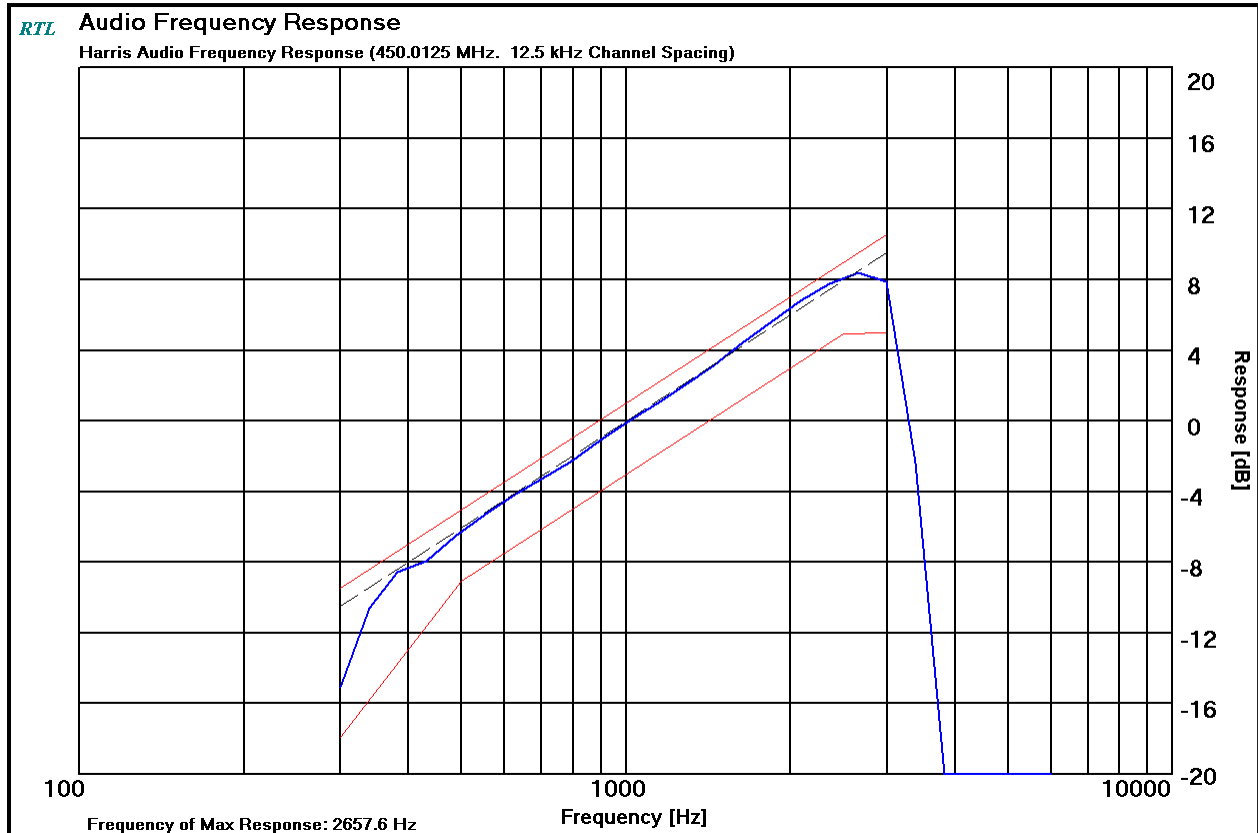
ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-2004, section 2.2.3

The transmitter was adjusted for full rated system deviation. The audio input level was adjusted for 60% of rated system deviation at 1000 Hz. Using this level (0 dB) as a reference, the audio input level was varied from the reference +/-20 dB for modulation frequencies of 300 Hz, 1,000 Hz, and 2,500 Hz. The system deviation obtained as a function of the input level was recorded. Both positive and negative peak deviations were recorded.

10.2 Test Data

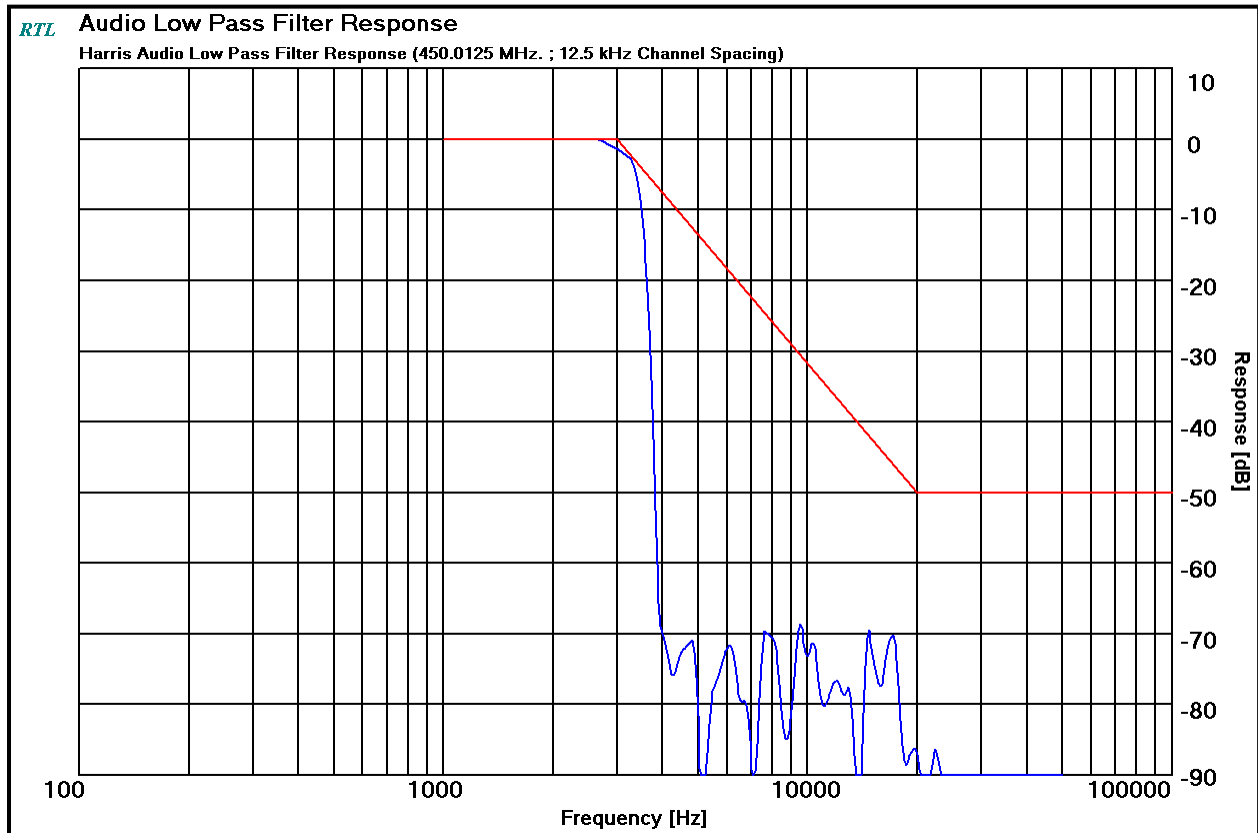
10.2.1 Audio Frequency Response

Plot 10-1: Modulation Characteristics - Audio Frequency Response – 450.0125 MHz



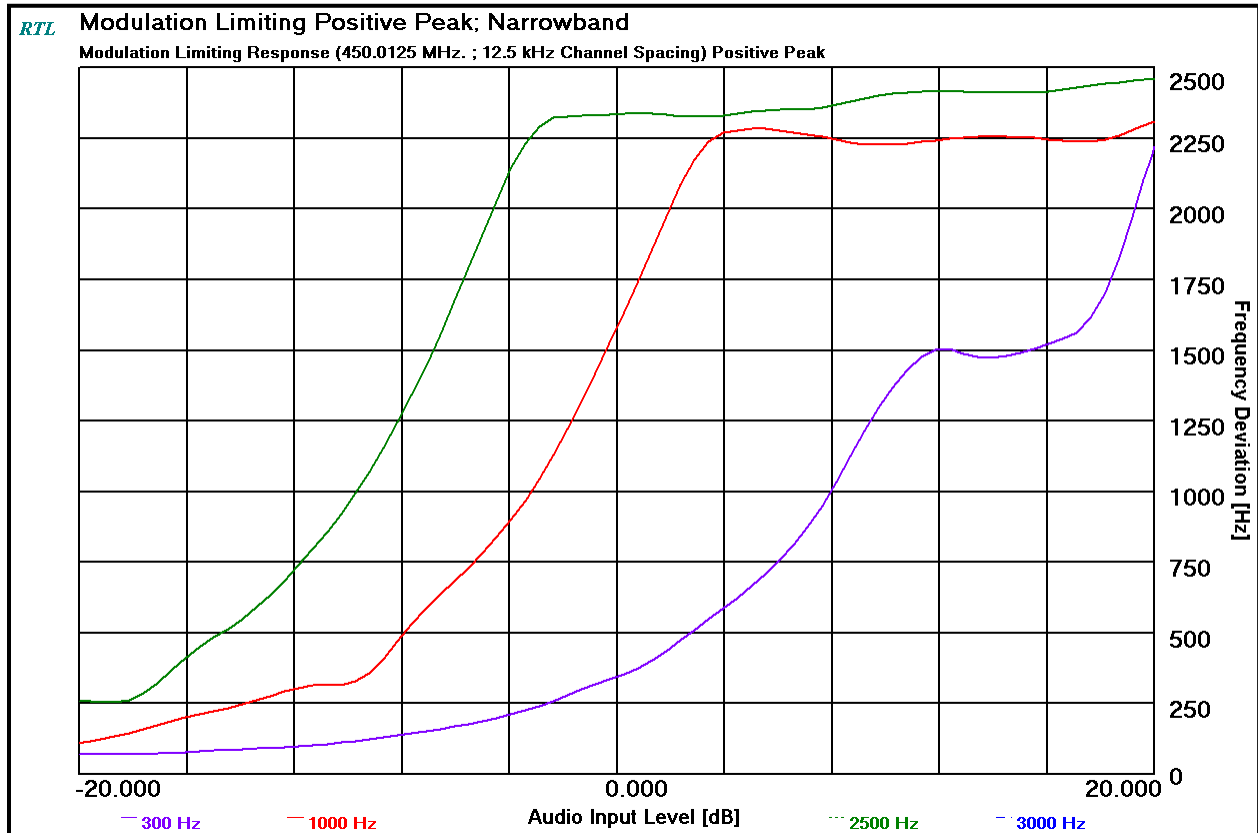
10.2.2 Audio Low Pass Filter Response

Plot 10-2: Modulation Characteristics – Audio Low Pass Filter – 450.0125 MHz



10.2.3 Modulation Limiting

Plot 10-3: Modulation Characteristics – Modulation Limiting – 450.0125 MHz; NB, Positive Peak



Plot 10-4: Modulation Characteristics – Modulation Limiting – 450.0125 MHz; NB, Negative Peak

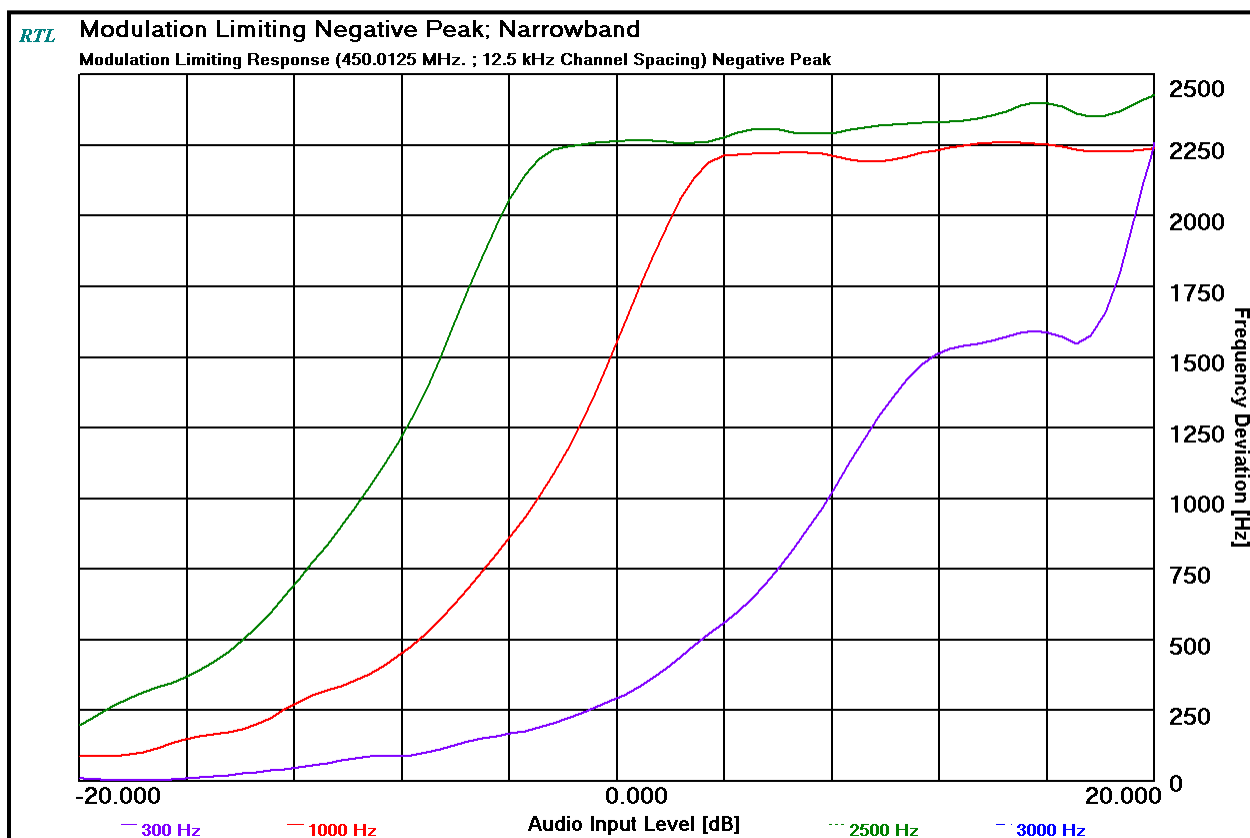


Table 10-1: Test Equipment Used for Testing Modulation Requirements

RTL Asset #	Manufacturer	Model	Part Type	Serial Number	Calibration Due Date
901057	Hewlett Packard	3336B	Synthesizer/ Level Generator	2514A02585	4/17/15
901118	Hewlett Packard	8901A Opt. 002-003	Modulation Analyzer	2406A00178	4/1/15
901537	Aeroflex	48-40-34	40 dB Attenuator	CB6628	11/22/14
901054	Hewlett Packard	HP 3586B	Selective Level Meter	1928A01892	4/9/15
901088	Hewlett Packard	HP8954A	Transceiver Interface	2146A00139	Not Required

Test Personnel:

Daniel Baltzell
Test Engineer

Signature

May 1, 2014
Date of Tests

11 FCC Part 2.202: Necessary Bandwidth and Emission Bandwidth

Voice – 25 kHz channel separation FM

Calculation:

Max modulation (M) in kHz: 3.0

Max deviation (D) in kHz: 5

Constant factor (K): 1

$B_n = 2 \times M + 2 \times D \times K = 16.0 \text{ kHz}$

Emission designator: 16K0F3E

9600 digital voice/data 2-level FSK

Calculation:

Data rate in bps (R) = 9600

Deviation Peak deviation of carrier (D) = 3475

Constant factor (K): 1

$B_n = 3.86D + 0.27RK = 3.86(3475) + 0.27(9600)(1) = 16.0 \text{ kHz}$

Emission designator: 16K0F1D/E

Voice – 12.5 kHz channel separation FM

Calculation:

Max modulation (M) in kHz: 3.0

Max deviation (D) in kHz: 2.5

Constant factor (K): 1 (default)

$B_n = 2 \times M + 2 \times D \times K = 11.0 \text{ kHz}$

Emission designator: 11K0F3E

4800 digital voice/data 2-level FSK

Calculation:

Data rate in bps (R) = 4800

Deviation Peak deviation of carrier (D) = 1500

Constant factor (K): 1 (default)

$B_n = 3.86D + 0.27RK = 3.86(1500) + 0.27(4800)(1) = 7.1 \text{ kHz}$

Emission designator: 7K10F1D, 7K10F1E

9600 digital voice/data 2-level FSK (XNB)

Calculation:

Data rate in bps (R) = 9600

Deviation Peak deviation of carrier (D) = 1170

Constant factor (K): 1 (default)

$B_n = 3.86D + 0.27RK = 3.86(1170) + 0.27(9600)(1) = 7.1 \text{ kHz}$

Emission designator: 7K10F1D, 7K10F1E

9600 digital voice/data 2-level FSK

Calculation:

Data rate in bps (R) = 9600

Deviation Peak deviation of carrier (D) = 2370

Constant factor (K): 1 (default)

$B_n = 3.86D + 0.27RK = 3.86(2370) + 0.27(9600)(1) = 11.7 \text{ kHz}$

Emission designator: 11K7F1D, 11K7F1E

Rhein Tech Laboratories, Inc.
360 Herndon Parkway
Suite 1400
Herndon, VA 20170
<http://www.rheintech.com>

Client: Harris Corporation
Model: XG-75 UHF-H
IDs: OWDTR-0131-E/3636B-0131
Standards: FCC Pt 80/90/22/IC RSS-119
Report #: 2014082

P25 – 9600 sps - 4-level FSK

Calculation:

Data rate in bps (R) = 9600

Peak deviation of carrier (D) = 1800

Constant factor (K): 1 (default)

$B_n = \lceil 9600 / \log_2(4) \rceil + 2 (1800) (1) = 8.4 \text{ kHz}$

Emission designator: 8K40F1D, 8K40F1E

P25 Phase 2 data/voice (H-CPM TDMA) 4-level FSK

Calculation:

Data rate in bps (R) = 9600

Peak deviation of carrier (D) = 1650

Constant factor (K): 1 (default)

$B_n = \lceil 9600 / \log_2(4) \rceil + 2 (1650) (1) = 8.1 \text{ kHz}$

Emission designator: 8K10DXW

12 Conclusion

The data in this measurement report shows that the Harris Corporation Model XG-75 UHF-H portable radio, FCC ID: OWDTR-0131-E, IC: 3636B-0131, complies with the applicable requirements of Parts 90, 80, 22 and 2 of the FCC Rules and Industry Canada RSS-119.