

# TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

## Test Report

Report No. RZA1203-0317SAR

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**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

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### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	ELI4 Flat Phantom	Shell thickness: $2 \pm 0.2$ mm
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Area Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 15 mm	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	43.5	-0.87 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	44.2 $\pm$ 6 %	0.86 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	----	----

### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	398 mW input power	1.87 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	4.70 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>4.76 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 18.1 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	398 mW input power	1.25 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	3.14 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>3.17 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 17.6 % (k=2)</b>

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### Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	56.7	0.94 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.1 ± 6 %	0.90 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

### SAR result with Body TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	398 mW input power	1.77 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	4.37 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>4.51 mW / g ± 18.1 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	398 mW input power	1.18 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	2.94 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>3.03 mW / g ± 17.6 % (k=2)</b>

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### Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	59.2 $\Omega$ - 4.9 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 20.5 dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.5 $\Omega$ - 7.9 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 20.4 dB

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.354 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 16, 2010

### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 09.11.2010 10:36:58

Test Laboratory: The name of your organization

**DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: D450V3 - SN:1065**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL450

Medium parameters used:  $f = 450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.86 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 44.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (LF); ConvF(6.66, 6.66, 6.66); Calibrated: 03.07.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 04.05.2010
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

**Pin=398mW /d=15mm /Area Scan (41x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.99 mW/g

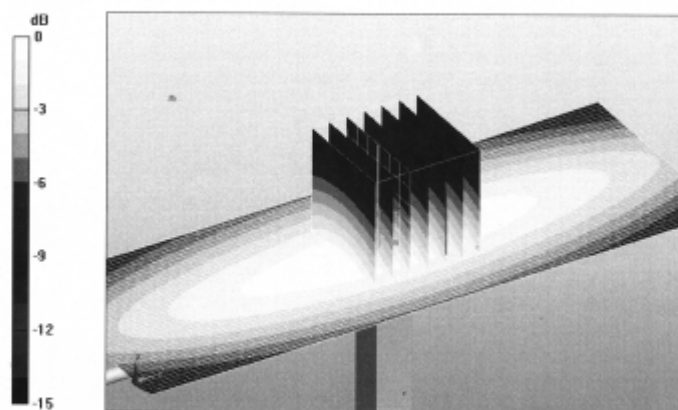
**Pin=398mW /d=15mm /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 50.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00664 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.81 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.87 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.25 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.01 mW/g



0 dB = 2.01mW/g

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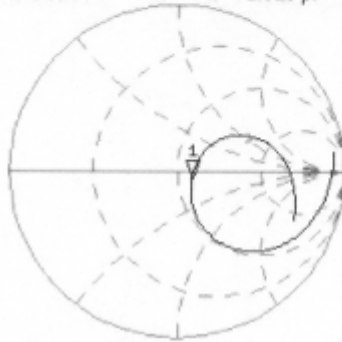
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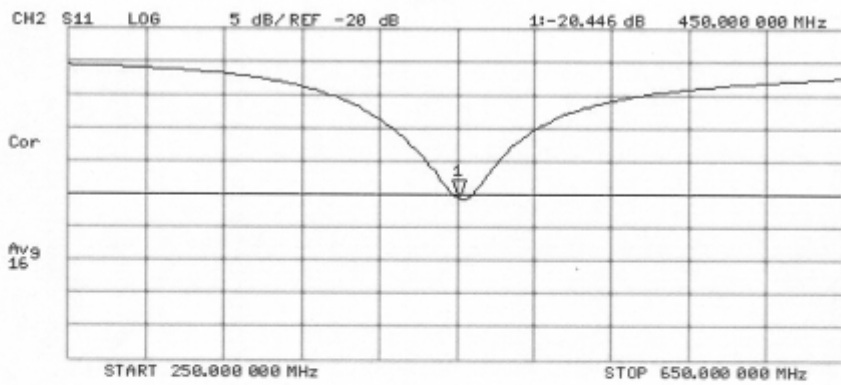
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

9 Nov 2010 10:19:27  
CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 59.156  $\Omega$  -4.8770  $\Omega$  72.520 pF 450.000 000 MHz

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16



## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 09.11.2010 13:52:55

Test Laboratory: The name of your organization

**DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: D450V3 - SN:1065**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL450

Medium parameters used:  $f = 450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.9 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (LF); ConvF(7.11, 7.11, 7.11); Calibrated: 03.07.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 04.05.2010
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

**Pin=398mW /d=15mm /Area Scan (61x201x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.89 mW/g

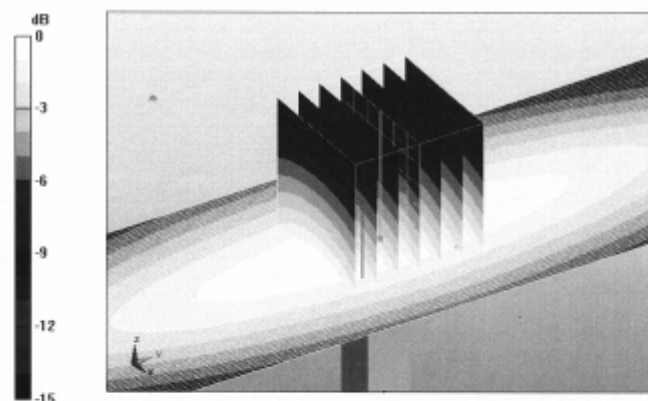
**Pin=398mW /d=15mm, /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 47.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.7 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.77 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.18 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.89 mW/g



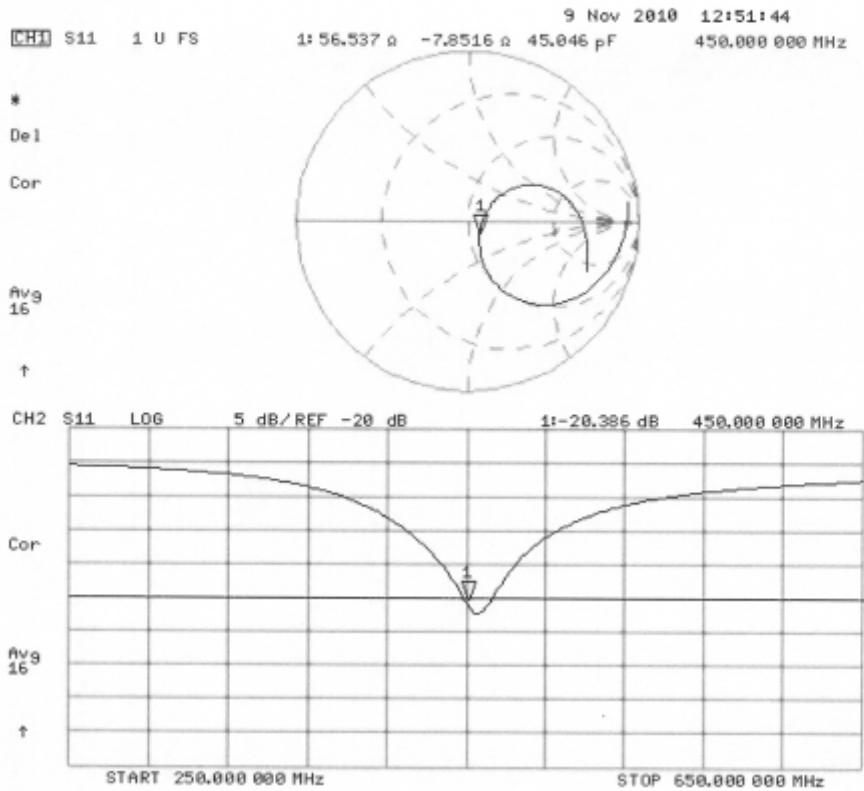
0 dB = 1.89mW/g

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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ANNEX F: DAE4 Calibration Certificate

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Client TA-SH (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE4-871\_Nov11

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BJ - SN: 871

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v23  
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: November 22, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	28-Sep-11 (No:11450)	Sep-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Calibrator Box V1.1	SE UMS 006 AB 1004	08-Jun-11 (in house check)	In house check: Jun-12

Calibrated by:	Name Andrea Gunti	Function Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Fin Bontholt	R&D Director	

Issued: November 22, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

### Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics  
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- **DC Voltage Measurement:** Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- **Connector angle:** The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - **DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:** Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - **Common mode sensitivity:** Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - **Channel separation:** Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - **AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:** Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - **Input Offset Measurement:** Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - **Input Offset Current:** Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - **Input resistance:** Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - **Low Battery Alarm Voltage:** Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - **Power consumption:** Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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### DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 $\mu$ V, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.749 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2)	404.733 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2)	405.174 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98175 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)	3.93601 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)	3.96830 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)

### Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	90.0 $^{\circ}$ $\pm$ 1 $^{\circ}$
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### Appendix

#### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	199991.9	-0.91	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20000.28	0.48	0.00
Channel X - Input	-19998.51	0.59	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	200003.0	1.24	0.00
Channel Y + Input	19999.67	0.17	0.00
Channel Y - Input	-20000.04	-0.34	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200010.1	-0.11	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	19999.33	-0.07	-0.00
Channel Z - Input	-20001.45	-0.85	0.00

Low Range	Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000.0	0.05	0.00
Channel X + Input	199.81	-0.09	-0.04
Channel X - Input	-199.63	0.37	-0.19
Channel Y + Input	1999.9	-0.22	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	198.81	-1.19	-0.59
Channel Y - Input	-201.62	-1.72	0.86
Channel Z + Input	2000.4	0.48	0.02
Channel Z + Input	199.30	-0.70	-0.35
Channel Z - Input	-200.86	-1.06	0.53

#### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )
Channel X	200	14.43	13.13
	- 200	-12.22	-13.72
Channel Y	200	-10.07	-9.78
	- 200	9.61	8.66
Channel Z	200	-0.56	-0.83
	- 200	-0.01	0.11

#### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Channel Y ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Channel Z ( $\mu\text{V}$ )
Channel X	200	-	3.08	0.09
Channel Y	200	3.19	-	4.59
Channel Z	200	0.90	-0.06	-

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#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15920	15519
Channel Y	16179	17567
Channel Z	15791	15270

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10M $\Omega$

	Average ( $\mu$ V)	min. Offset ( $\mu$ V)	max. Offset ( $\mu$ V)	Std. Deviation ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	0.03	-1.16	2.66	0.46
Channel Y	-0.63	-3.22	0.29	0.46
Channel Z	-0.87	-2.03	0.28	0.46

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

#### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

## ANNEX G: The EUT Appearances and Test Configuration



Picture 3-1: EUT



Picture 3-2: Thicker Battery

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Picture 3-3: Thinner Battery





Picture 3-4: Belt

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Picture 3-5: Earphone 1

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Picture 3-6: Earphone 2

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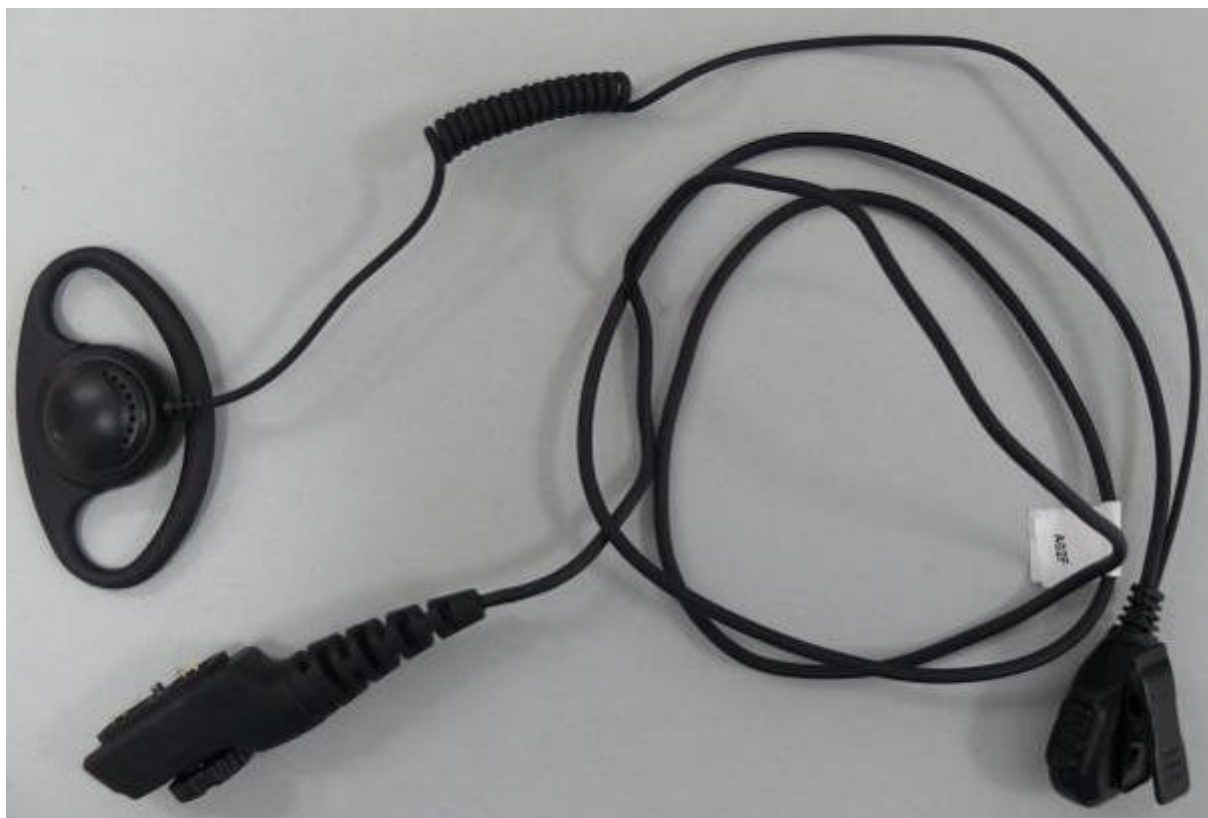
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Picture 3-7: Pocket and Leather



Picture 3-8: Accessory 1



Picture 3-9: Audio Accessory 2



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Picture 3-10: Audio Accessory 3

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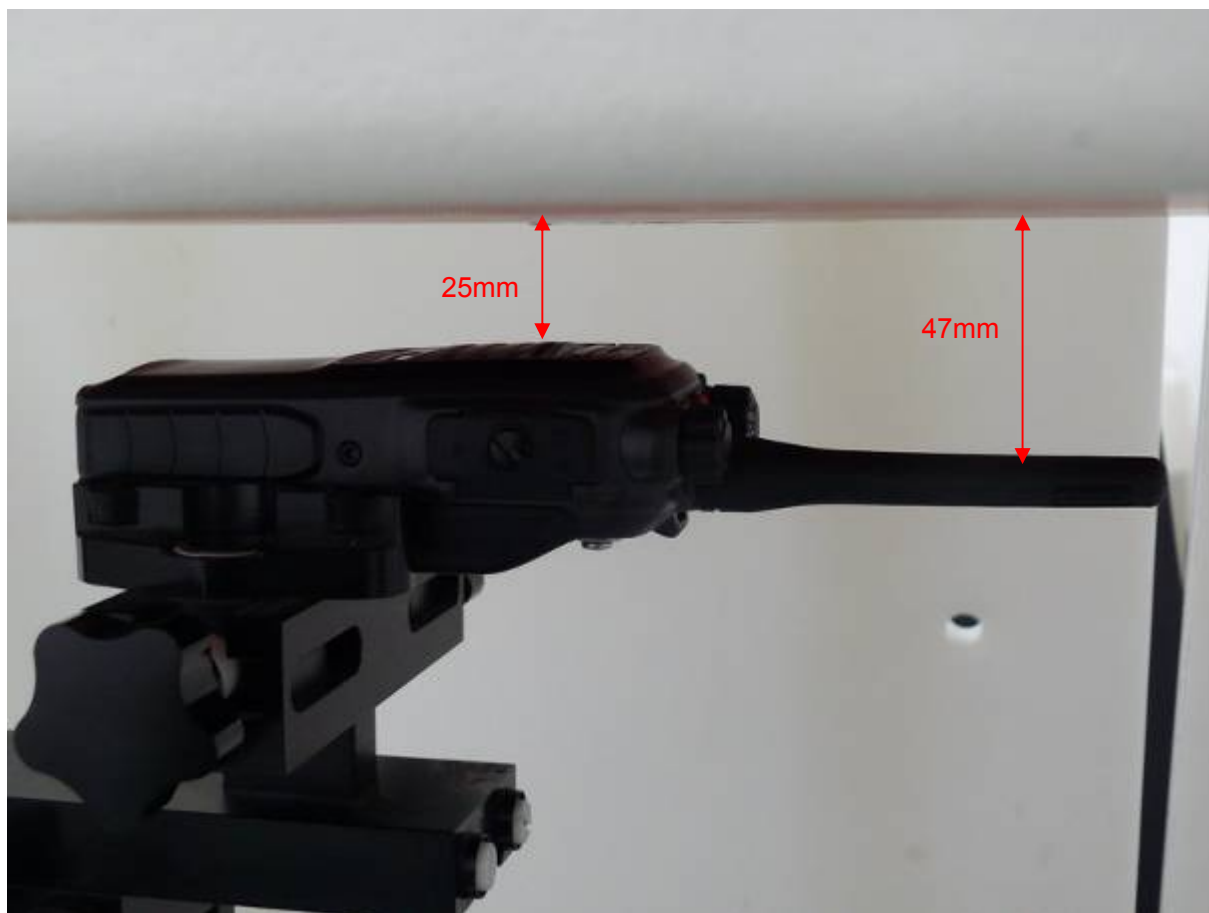


Picture 3-11: Audio Accessory 4



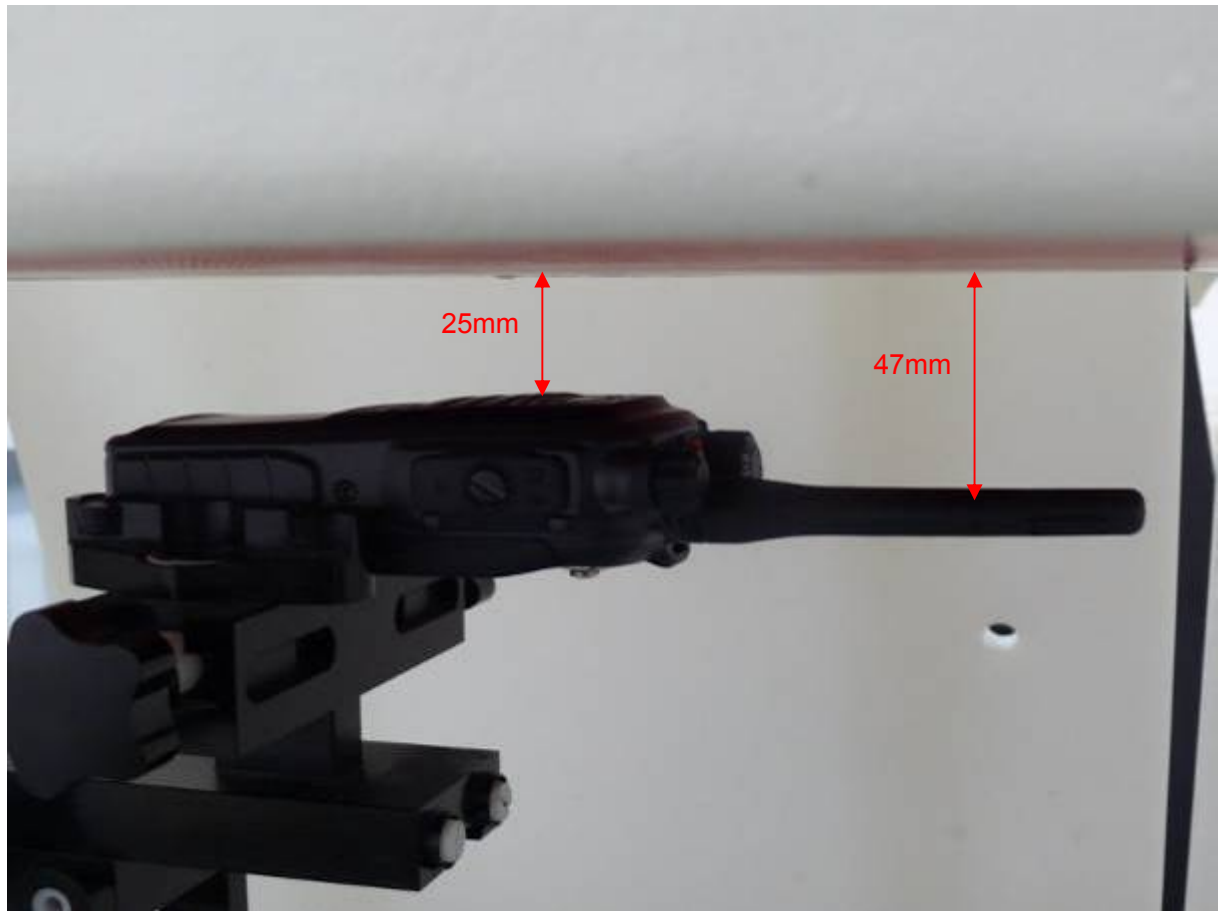
Picture 3-12: Audio Accessory 5

Picture 3: Constituents of the sample



Picture 4: Face-held with Thicker Battery, the front of the EUT towards phantom, the distance from EUT Antenna to the bottom of the Phantom is 47mm





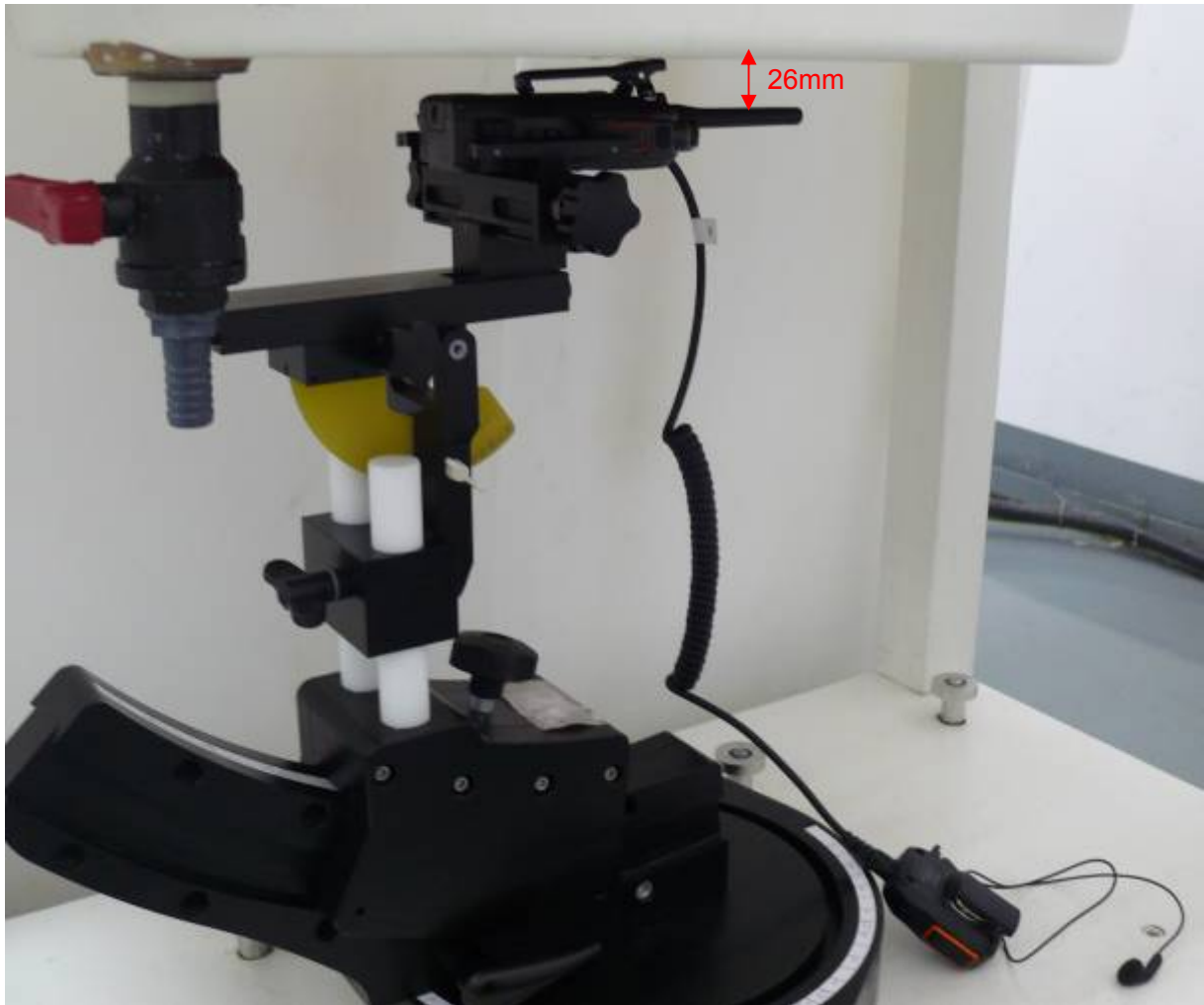
Picture 5: Face-held with Thinner Battery, the front of the EUT towards phantom, the distance from EUT Antenna to the bottom of the Phantom is 47mm



Picture 6: Body-worn with Thinner Battery, Belt and Accessory 1, the front of the EUT towards ground, the distance from EUT Antenna to the bottom of the Phantom is 26mm



Picture 7: Body-worn with Thinner Battery, Belt, Accessory 1 and Earphone 1, the front of the EUT towards ground, the distance from EUT Antenna to the bottom of the Phantom is 26mm



Picture 8: Body-worn with Thinner Battery, Belt, Accessory 1 and Earphone 2, the front of the EUT towards ground, the distance from EUT Antenna to the bottom of the Phantom is 26mm



Picture 9: Body-worn with Thinner Battery, Belt and Audio Accessory 2, the front of the EUT towards ground, the distance from EUT Antenna to the bottom of the Phantom is 26mm





Picture 10: Body-worn with Thinner Battery, Belt and Audio Accessory 3, the front of the EUT towards ground, the distance from EUT Antenna to the bottom of the Phantom is 26mm

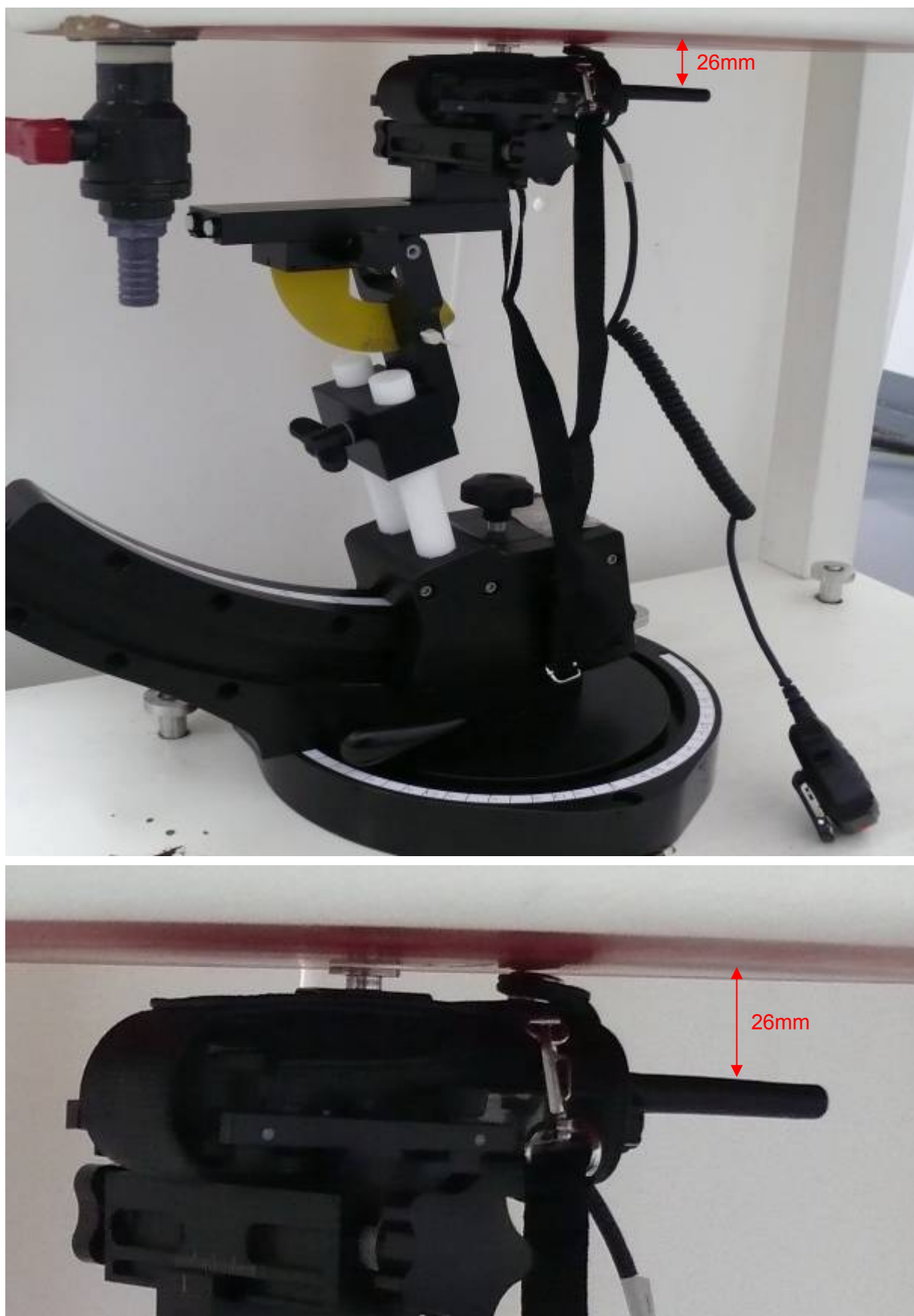


Picture 11: Body-worn with Thinner Battery, Belt and Audio Accessory 4, the front of the EUT towards ground, the distance from EUT Antenna to the bottom of the Phantom is 26mm



Picture 12: Body-worn with Thinner Battery, Belt and Audio Accessory 5, the front of the EUT towards ground, the distance from EUT Antenna to the bottom of the Phantom is 26mm





Picture 13: Body-worn with Thinner Battery, Pocket and Accessory 1, the front of the EUT towards ground, the distance from EUT Antenna to the bottom of the Phantom is 26mm



Picture 14: Body-worn with Thinner Battery, Pocket, Leather and Accessory 1, the front of the EUT towards ground, the distance from EUT Antenna to the bottom of the Phantom is 37mm



Picture 15: Body-worn with Thicker Battery, Belt and Accessory 1, the front of the EUT towards ground, the distance from EUT Antenna to the bottom of the Phantom is 24mm