

**** MPE Calculations ****

The MPE calculation for this exposure is shown below.

The peak radiated output power (EIRP) is calculated as follows:

| | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| EIRP = P + G | Where, |
| EIRP = 21.53 dBm + 2.13 dBi | P = Power input to the antenna (mW) |
| EIRP = 23.66 dBm | G = Power gain of the antenna (dBi) |

Power density at the specific separation:

| | |
|--|---|
| S = PG/(4R ² π) | Where, |
| S = (142.23 * 1.63) / (4 * 20 ² * π) | S = Maximum power density (mW/cm ²) |
| S = 0.0462 mW/cm ² | P = Power input to the antenna (mW) |
| | G = Numeric power gain of the antenna |
| | R = Distance to the center of the radiation of the antenna (20 cm = limit for MPE) |

The Maximum permissible exposure (MPE) for the general population is 1 mW/cm² .

The power density does not exceed the 1 mW/cm² limit.

Therefore, the exposure condition is compliant with FCC rules.

Estimated safe separation:

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| R = √(PG / 4 π) | Where, |
| R = √(142.23*1.63 / 4 π) | P = Power input to the antenna (mW) |
| R = 4.30 cm | G = Numeric power gain of the antenna |
| | R = Distance to the center of the radiation of the antenna (20 cm = limit for MPE) |

The numeric gain(G) of the antenna with a gain specified in dB is determined by:

$$G = \text{Log}^{-1} (\text{dB antenna gain} / 10)$$

$$G = \text{Log}^{-1} (2.13 / 10)$$

$$G = 1.63$$