

## 5.2 Field strength of fundamental

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **CPR 2**.

### 5.2.1 Description of the test location

Test location:                    OATS 1  
Test distance:                    3 m

### 5.2.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



#### 5.2.1 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15C, Section 15.249(a):

The field strength of emissions from intentional radiators operated within these frequency bands shall comply with the effective limits.

#### 5.2.2 Description of Measurement

The radiated emission of the fundamental wave from the EUT is measured using a spectrum analyser and appropriate linear polarized antennas. The set up of the EUT and the measurement procedure is in accordance to ANSI C63.10, Item 6.5. The EUT is measured in TX continuous mode modulated under normal conditions.

Analyser settings:

Peak measurement: RBW: 120 KHz

Detector: Max peak

### 5.3 Out-of-band emission, radiated

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **SER1, SER 2, SER 3**.

#### 5.3.1 Description of the test location

Test location:                    OATS 1  
Test location:                    Anechoic chamber 2

Test distance:                    3 m

#### 5.3.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up

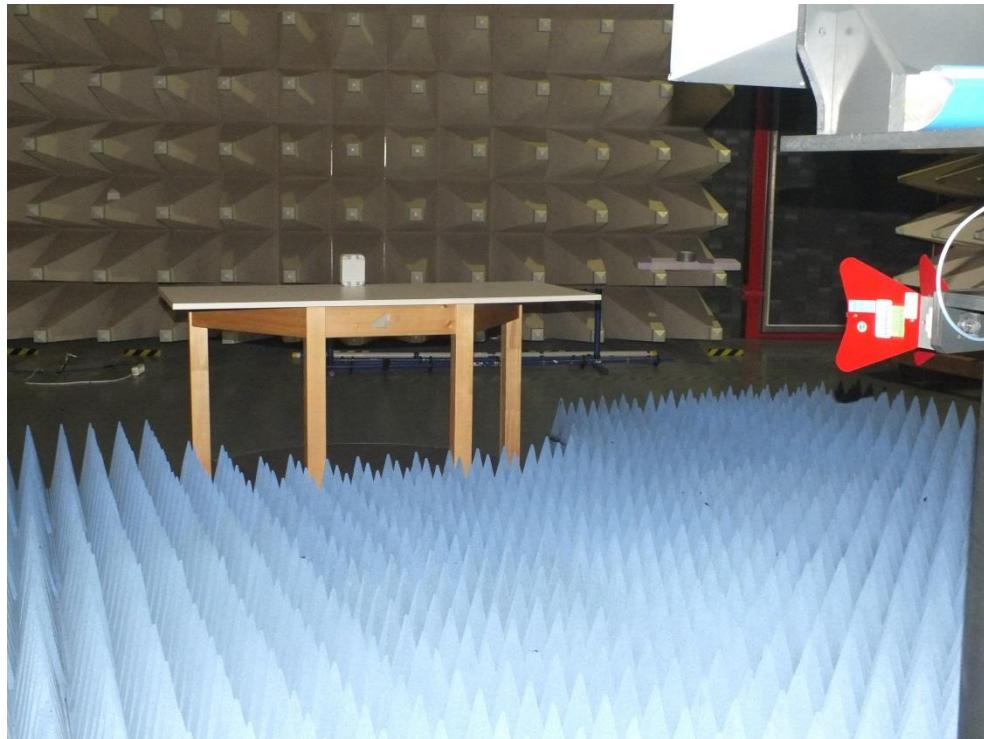
Test setup 9 kHz – 30 MHz:



Test setup 30 MHz – 1000 MHz:



Test setup 1 GHz – 12 GHz:



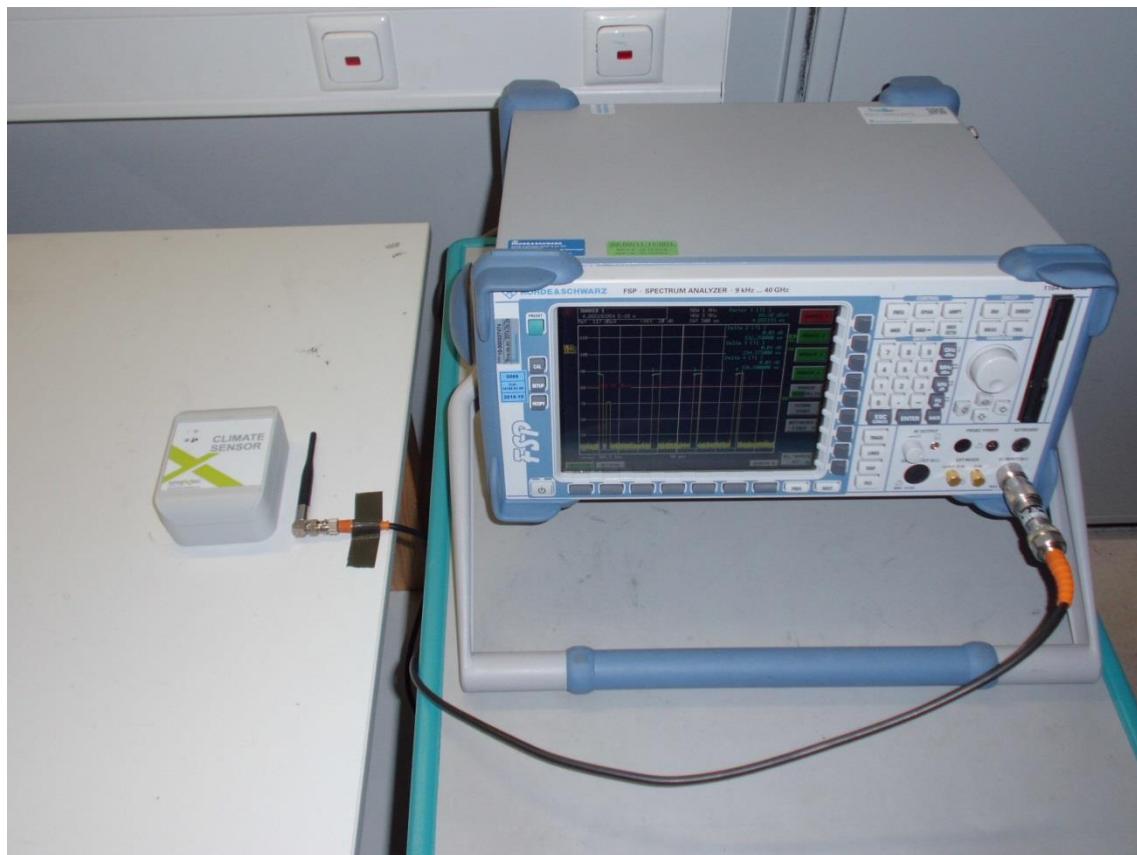
## 5.4 EBW and OBW

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **MB**.

### 5.4.1 Description of the test location

Test location: Shielded Room S4

### 5.4.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



### 5.4.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15, Section 15.215(c):

Intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in Section 15.217 through Section 15.257, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated.

### 5.4.4 Description of Measurement

The bandwidth is measured at an amplitude level reduced from the reference level by a specified ratio of -20 dB (99%). The x-dB-down (OBW) function of the analyser is used. The measurement is performed with normal modulation in TX continuous mode.

Spectrum analyser settings:

RBW: 10 kHz,      VBW: 30 kHz,      Span: 200 kHz,      Trace mode: max. hold,      Detector: max. peak;

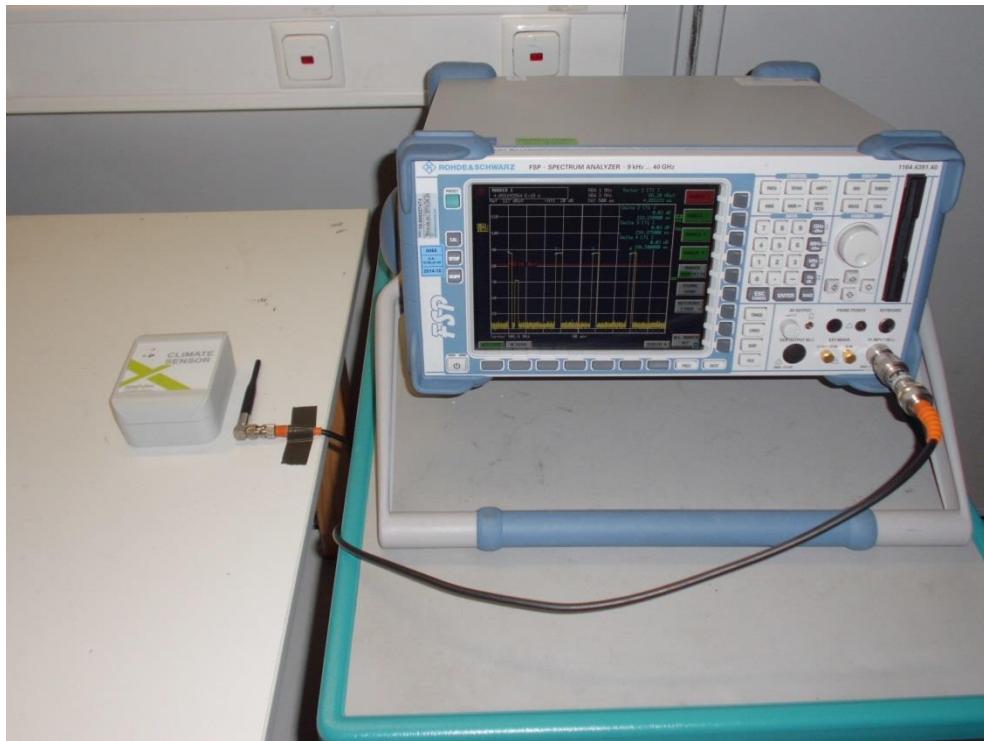
## 5.5 Correction for pulse operation (duty cycle)

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **DC**.

### 5.5.1 Description of the test location

Test location:      Shielded Room S4

### 5.5.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



### 5.5.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15A, Section 15.35(c):

When the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of average value and pulsed operation is employed, the measurement field strength shall be determined by averaging over one complete puls train, including blanking intervals, as long as the pulse train does not exceed 0.1s. In cases where the puls train exceeds 0.1s, the measured field strength shall be determined from the average absolute voltage during a 0.1s interval during which the field strength is at its maximum. The exact method of calculating the average field strength shall be submitted.

### 5.5.4 Description of Measurement

The duty cycle factor (dB) is calculated applying the following formula:

$$KE = 20 \log (T_{on} / 100 \text{ ms})$$

$KE$ : pulse operation correction factor

$T_{on}$  pulse duration of one pulse = 18.1 ms