



MET Laboratories, Inc. *Safety Certification - EMI - Telecom Environmental Simulation*

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February 19, 2013

Boyce Technologies, Inc.
40 Wall Street, Floor 25
New York, NY 10005

Dear Charles Boyce,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the Boyce Technologies, Inc., AP-7161 as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), Part 15, Subpart B, ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004 for a Class B Digital Device, and FCC Part 15.407 and Industry Canada RSS-210, Annex 9, Issue 8, Dec. 2010 for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,
MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Warnell
Documentation Department

Reference: (\Boyce Technologies, Inc.\EMC34855-FCC407 (UNII3) Rev. 4)

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

**Boyce Technologies, Inc.
AP-7161**

Tested under
the FCC Certification Rules
contained in
Title 47 of the CFR, Parts 15 Subpart B & ICES-003
for Class B Digital Devices
&
FCC Part 15.407 & RSS-210, Annex 9
for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMC34855-FCC407 (UNII3) Rev. 4

February 19, 2013

Prepared For:

**Boyce Technologies, Inc.
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New York, NY 10005**

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for Intentional Radiators

Benjamin Taylor, Project Engineer
Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Jennifer Warnell
Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of FCC Rules Parts 15B, Part 15.407 and Industry Canada standards ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004, RSS-210 Annex 9 under normal use and maintenance.

Asad Bajwa, Director
Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision
Ø	July 22, 2012	Initial Issue.
1	December 4, 2012	Revised to reflect engineer corrections.
2	December 12, 2012	Revised to reflect engineer corrections.
3	January 21, 2013	Revised to reflect engineer corrections.
4	February 19, 2013	Revised to reflect engineer corrections.



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List of Terms and Abbreviations

AC	Alternating Current
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor
Cal	Calibration
<i>d</i>	Measurement Distance
dB	Decibels
dB μ A	Decibels above one microamp
dB μ V	Decibels above one microvolt
dB μ A/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter
dB μ V/m	Decibels above one microvolt per meter
DC	Direct Current
E	Electric Field
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
EUT	Equipment Under Test
<i>f</i>	Frequency
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
GRP	Ground Reference Plane
H	Magnetic Field
HCP	Horizontal Coupling Plane
Hz	Hertz
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
kHz	kilohertz
kPa	kilopascal
kV	kilovolt
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network
MHz	Megahertz
μ H	microhenry
μ	microfarad
μ s	microseconds
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root-Mean-Square
TWT	Traveling Wave Tube
V/m	Volts per meter
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane



I. Executive Summary



A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the Boyce Technologies, Inc. AP-7161, with the requirements of FCC Part 15, §15.407 and Industry Canada RSS-210 Annex 9. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the AP-7161. Boyce Technologies, Inc. should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the AP-7161, has been **permanently** discontinued.

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with FCC Part 15, §15.407 and Industry Canada RSS-210, Annex 9, in accordance with Boyce Technologies, Inc., purchase order number 1059. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference	Industry Canada Reference	Description	Results
47 CFR Part 15.107 (a)	ICES-003 Issue 4 February 2004	Conducted Emission Limits for a Class B Digital Device	Compliant
47 CFR Part 15.109 (a)	ICES-003 Issue 4 February 2004	Radiated Emission Limits for a Class B Digital Device	Compliant
15.203	RSS-GEN 7.1.4	Antenna Requirements	Compliant
15.207	RSS-GEN 7.2.2; RSS-210 2.2	AC Conducted Emissions 150KHz – 30MHz	Compliant
15.403 (i)	A8.2	26dB Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
15.407 (a)(3)	A9.2(3)	Conducted Transmitter Output Power	Compliant
15.407 (a)(3)	A9.2(3)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant
15.407 (a)(6)	N/A	Peak Excursion	Compliant
15.407 (b)(4), (6)	A9.3(4)	Undesirable Emissions (15.205/15.209 - General Field Strength Limits (Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	Compliant
15.407(f)	RSS-GEN	RF Exposure	Compliant
15.407(g)	2.1	Frequency Stability	Compliant
N/A	RSS-Gen(4.8)	Receiver Spurious Emissions	Compliant

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.407 & RSS-210 Annex 9 Compliance Testing



II. Equipment Configuration



A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by Boyce Technologies, Inc. to perform testing on the AP-7161, under Boyce Technologies, Inc.'s purchase order number 1059.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the Boyce Technologies, Inc. AP-7161.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	AP-7161	
Model(s) Covered:	AP-7161	
EUT Specifications:	Primary Power: 120 VAC, 60 Hz	
	FCC ID: OEXBTIAP716101	
	Type of Modulations:	OFDM
	Emission Designators:	W7D
	Output Power:	802.11a – 19.86 dBm 802.11n HT20 – 19.69 dBm 802.11n HT40 – 22.66 dBm
	Frequency Range:	5745 – 5805 MHz 5755 – 5805 MHz (HT40)
	Equipment Code:	NII
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.	
Environmental Test Conditions:	Temperature: 15-35° C	
	Relative Humidity: 30-60%	
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar	
Evaluated by:	Ben Taylor	
Report Date(s):	February 19, 2013	

Table 2. EUT Summary



B. References

RSS-210, Issue 8, Dec. 2010	Low-power License-exempt Radiocommunications Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart E	Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure Devices (UNII)
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices
ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices
ANSI C63.4:2003	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ISO/IEC 17025:2005	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories
ANSI C63.10-2009	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

Table 3. References

C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 W. Patapsco Ave., Baltimore, MD 21230. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.

D. Description of Test Sample

The Boyce Technologies, Inc. BTI-HPU-7161, Equipment Under Test (EUT), is Wireless Access Point.



E. Equipment Configuration

All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Name / Description	Model Number	Serial Number
Boyce Wireless Radio	BTI-HPU-7161	000002

Table 4. Equipment Configuration

F. Support Equipment

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number
--	Laptop	--	--
--	PoE Injector	--	--

Table 5. Support Equipment

G. Ports and Cabling Information

Port Name on EUT	Cable Description	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielded (Y/N)	Termination Point
--	GE1/PoE	--	--	--	--
--	Console	--	--	--	--

Table 6. Ports and Cabling Information

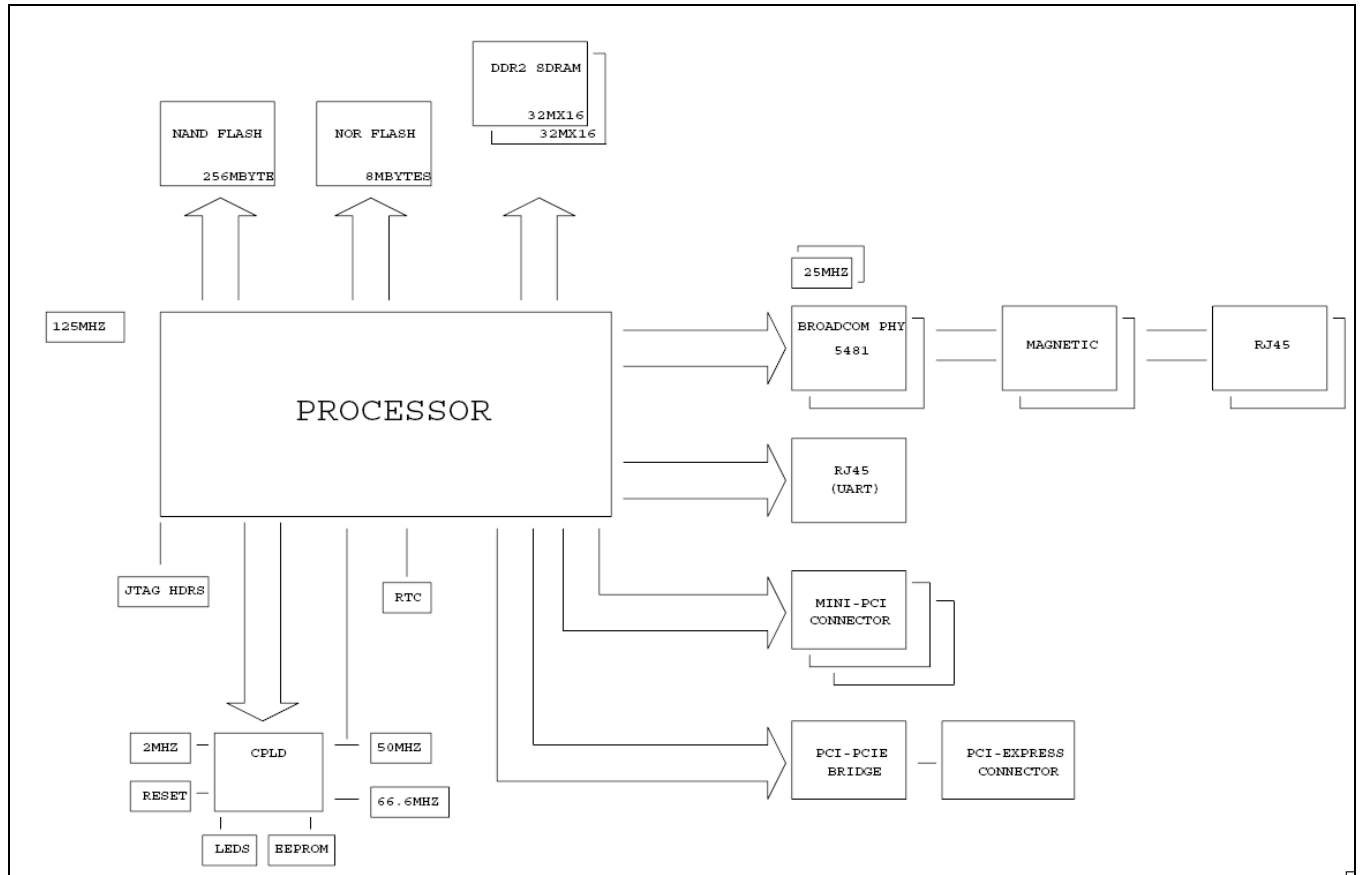


Figure 1. Setup Block Diagram



H. Mode of Operation

Laptop connected through Ethernet runs Winprius software. Commands are entered to control channel, power and data rate on all radios.

I. Method of Monitoring

Spectrum Analyzer.

J. Modifications

a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

K. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to Boyce Technologies, Inc. upon completion of testing.



III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Unintentional Radiators



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria

§ 15.107 Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): **15.107 (a)** Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 7. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals.

15.107 (b) For a Class A digital device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 7. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

Frequency range (MHz)	Class A Conducted Limits (dB μ V)		*Class B Conducted Limits (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	79	66	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	79	66	56	46
0.5 - 30	73	60	60	50
Note 1 — The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies. Note 2 — The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm if the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz. * -- Limits per Subsection 15.207(a).				

Table 7. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15 Subsections 15.107(a) (b) and 15.207(a)

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Class B requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

Test Engineer(s): Ben Taylor

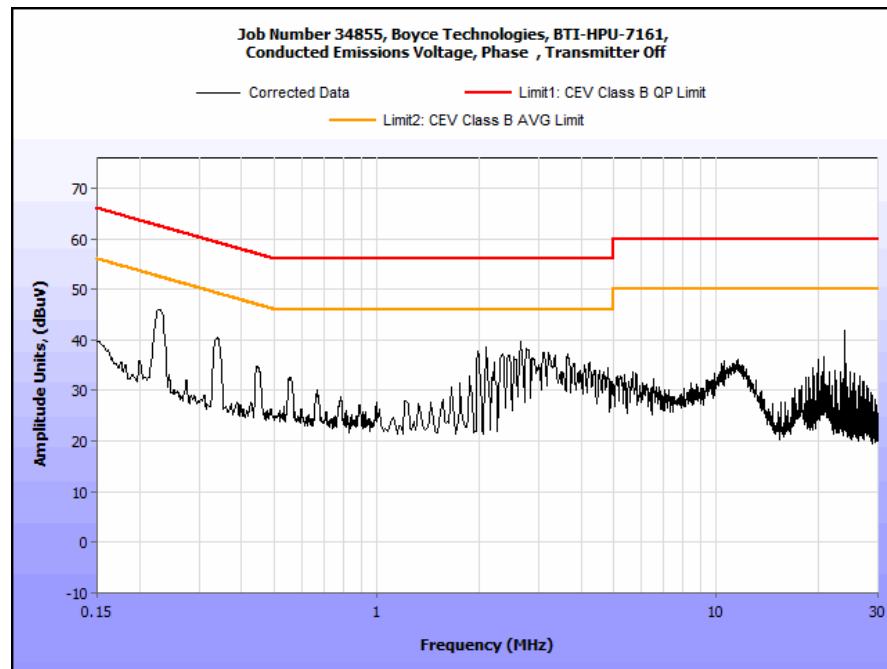
Test Date(s): 04/20/12



Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.2188	43.64	0.02	43.66	62.86	-19.2	30.76	0.02	30.78	52.86	-22.08
0.3335	38.71	0.04	38.75	59.36	-20.61	34.61	0.04	34.65	49.36	-14.71
0.442	33.31	0.03	33.34	57.02	-23.68	30.52	0.03	30.55	47.02	-16.47
1.972	31.89	0.15	32.04	56	-23.96	16.73	0.15	16.88	46	-29.12
11.866	30.22	0.43	30.65	60	-29.35	22.36	0.43	22.79	50	-27.21
23.923	40.93	0.61	41.54	60	-18.46	40.26	0.61	40.87	50	-9.13

Table 8. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)



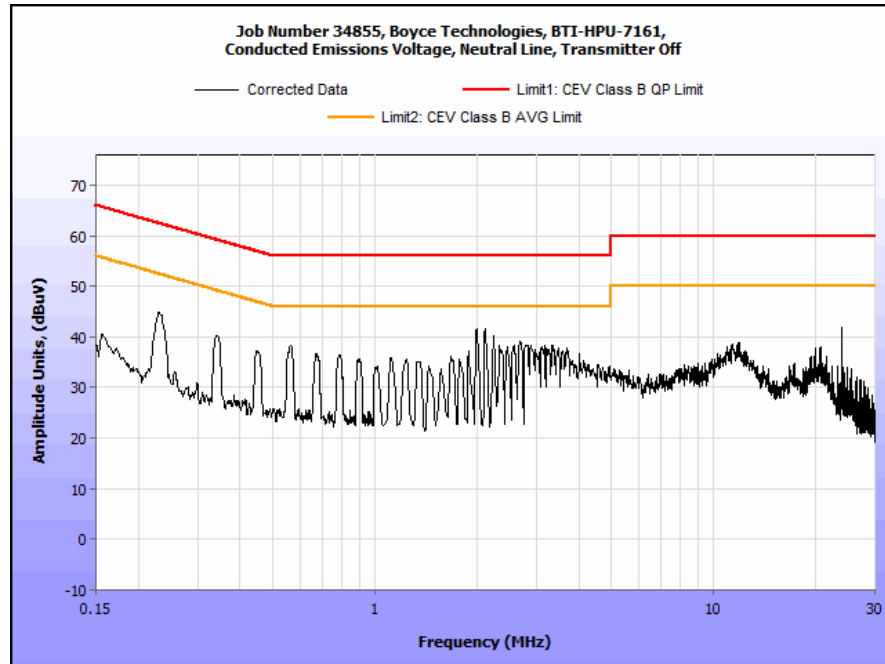
Plot 1. Conducted Emission, Phase Line Plot



Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.223	42.98	0.03	43.01	62.71	-19.7	37.22	0.03	37.25	52.71	-15.46
0.3355	38.52	0.04	38.56	59.31	-20.75	34.54	0.04	34.58	49.31	-14.73
0.5602	36.9	0.03	36.93	56	-19.07	33.9	0.03	33.93	46	-12.07
2.112	33.34	0.16	33.5	56	-22.5	22.12	0.16	22.28	46	-23.72
11.833	33.98	0.43	34.41	60	-25.59	24.65	0.43	25.08	50	-24.92
23.938	40.65	0.61	41.26	60	-18.74	40.11	0.61	40.72	50	-9.28

Table 9. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)



Plot 2. Conducted Emission, Neutral Line Plot



Radiated Emission Limits

§ 15.109 Radiated Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): **15.109 (a)** Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the Class B limits expressed in Table 10.

15.109 (b) The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the Class A limits expressed in Table 10.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dB μ V/m)	
	§15.109 (b), Class A Limit (dB μ V) @ 10m	§15.109 (a), Class B Limit (dB μ V) @ 3m
30 - 88	39.00	40.00
88 - 216	43.50	43.50
216 - 960	46.40	46.00
Above 960	49.50	54.00

Table 10. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, §15.109 (a) (b)

Test Procedures: The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table, 80 cm above the ground plane inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The method of testing and test conditions of ANSI C63.4 were used. An antenna was located 3m from the EUT on an adjustable mast. A pre-scan was first performed in order to find prominent radiated emissions. For final emissions measurements at each frequency of interest, the EUT was rotated and the antenna height was varied between 1 m and 4 m in order to maximize the emission. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were made and the data was recorded. Unless otherwise specified, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Class B requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

Test Engineer(s): Ben Taylor

Test Date(s): 04/24/12

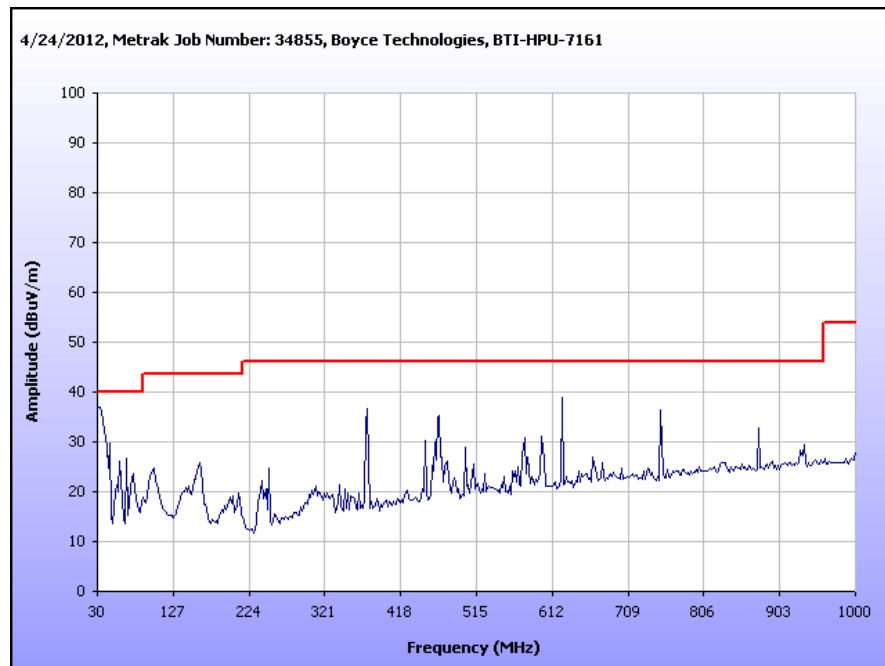


Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class B

Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
38.777555	280	H	1.12	5.10	15.18	0.42	0.00	20.70	40.00	-19.30
38.777555	329	V	1.01	17.08	15.18	0.42	0.00	32.68	40.00	-7.32
374.9953	295	H	1.01	13.25	15.60	1.54	0.00	30.39	46.00	-15.61
374.9953	357	V	1.03	10.50	15.60	1.54	0.00	27.64	46.00	-18.36
465.63126	65	H	1.02	12.80	17.63	1.78	0.00	32.21	46.00	-13.79
465.63126	56	V	1.02	9.30	17.63	1.78	0.00	28.71	46.00	-17.29
624.97839	187	H	1.02	11.04	19.80	2.09	0.00	32.93	46.00	-13.07
624.97839	175	V	1.03	14.03	19.80	2.09	0.00	35.92	46.00	-10.08
752.24637	15	H	1.01	5.21	21.30	2.41	0.00	28.92	46.00	-17.08
752.24637	25	V	1.03	5.26	21.30	2.41	0.00	28.97	46.00	-17.03
875.8694	11	H	1.03	5.65	22.70	2.51	0.00	30.86	46.00	-15.14
875.8694	21	V	1.01	5.57	22.70	2.51	0.00	30.78	46.00	-15.22

Table 11. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, FCC Limits

Note: The EUT was tested at 3 m.



Plot 3. Radiated Emissions, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, FCC Limits

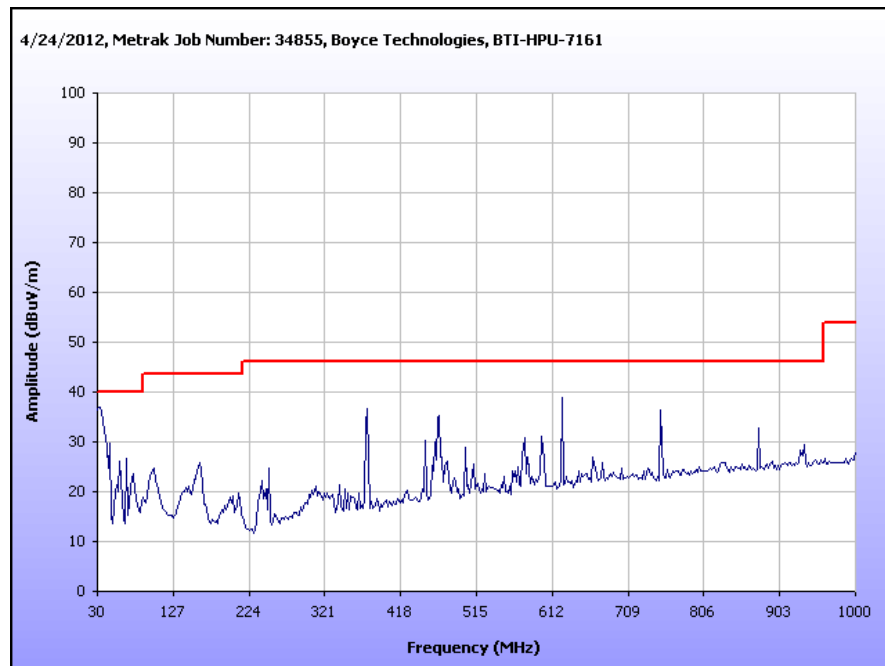


Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class B

Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
38.777555	280	H	1.12	5.10	15.18	0.42	10.46	10.24	30.00	-19.76
38.777555	329	V	1.01	17.08	15.18	0.42	10.46	22.22	30.00	-7.78
374.9953	295	H	1.01	13.25	15.60	1.54	10.46	19.93	37.00	-17.07
374.9953	357	V	1.03	10.50	15.60	1.54	10.46	17.18	37.00	-19.82
465.63126	65	H	1.02	12.80	17.63	1.78	10.46	21.75	37.00	-15.25
465.63126	56	V	1.02	9.30	17.63	1.78	10.46	18.25	37.00	-18.75
624.97839	187	H	1.02	11.04	19.80	2.09	10.46	22.47	37.00	-14.53
624.97839	175	V	1.03	14.03	19.80	2.09	10.46	25.46	37.00	-11.54
752.24637	15	H	1.01	5.21	21.30	2.41	10.46	18.46	37.00	-18.54
752.24637	25	V	1.03	5.26	21.30	2.41	10.46	18.51	37.00	-18.49
875.8694	11	H	1.03	5.65	22.70	2.51	10.46	20.40	37.00	-16.60
875.8694	21	V	1.01	5.57	22.70	2.51	10.46	20.32	37.00	-16.68

Table 12. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, ICES-003 Limits

Note: The EUT was tested at 3 m.



Plot 4. Radiated Emissions, ICES-003 Limits



IV. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement: § 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Results: This EUT is compliant as it has an integrated antenna.

Test Engineer(s): Ben Taylor

Test Date(s): 04/18/12



I. Introduction

FXP.503 is a 3-in-1 MIMO antenna. The three identical 2.4/5GHz antenna elements on the FPCB can be separately be used as either transmit antenna or receive antenna. Having three antenna integrated in one FPCB can greatly reduce the antenna assembly time.

II. Antenna Specification

ELECTRICAL						
Band	2.4 ~ 2.5GHz			4.9 ~ 5.9GHz		
Antenna	Left	Center	Right	Left	Center	Right
Peak Gain (Free Space)	1.3dBi	0.8dBi	0.0dBi	7.2dBi	6.3dBi	4.9dBi
Peak Gain (ABS)	4.2dBi	1.6dBi	2.7dBi	7.5dBi	6.8dBi	7.3dBi
Average Gain (Free Space)	-5.3dBi	-6.0dBi	-6.2dBi	-3.2dBi	-3.2dBi	-5.0dBi
Average Gain (ABS)	-2.6dBi	-3.9dBi	-3.1dBi	-1.5dBi	-1.8dBi	-1.4dBi
Efficiency (Free Space)	31%	26%	24%	52%	50%	34%
Efficiency (ABS)	55%	41%	50%	71%	66%	73%
Polarization	Linear					
Impedance	50 ohms					
Max Input Power	10 watts					
VSWR	<2.5:1					
MECHANICAL						
Dimensions	61 x 41 mm					
Cable	70mm 1.37 co-axial					
Connector	IPEX MHFHT					
ENVIRONMENTAL						
Temperature Range	-40°C to +85°C					
Humidity	Non-condensing 65°C 95% RH					



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.207 Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): § 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range (MHz)	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	56	46
0.5 - 30	60	50

Table 13. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

Test Procedure: The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table, 80 cm above the ground plane inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50 Ω /50 μ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with ANSI C63.4-1992 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz". The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50 Ω /50 μ H LISN as the input transducer to an EMC/field intensity meter.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with this requirement. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

Test Engineer(s): Ben Taylor

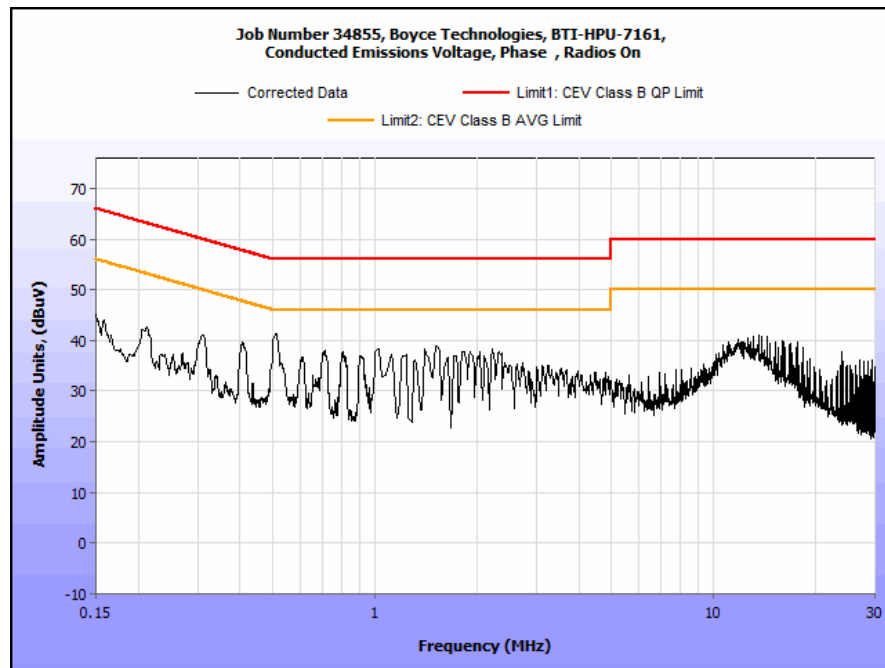
Test Date(s): 04/23/12



Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, (120V/60Hz)

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.2024	41.26	0.01	41.27	63.51	-22.24	36.58	0.01	36.59	53.51	-16.92
0.3047	39.59	0.05	39.64	60.11	-20.47	35.69	0.05	35.74	50.11	-14.37
0.5074	39.89	0.02	39.91	56	-16.09	36.98	0.02	37	46	-9
1.521	36.89	0.13	37.02	56	-18.98	30.34	0.13	30.47	46	-15.53
2.333	35.15	0.16	35.31	56	-20.69	27.35	0.16	27.51	46	-18.49
13.106	39.95	0.44	40.39	60	-19.61	36.37	0.44	36.81	50	-13.19

Table 14. Conducted Emissions, 15.207, Test Results, Phase Line



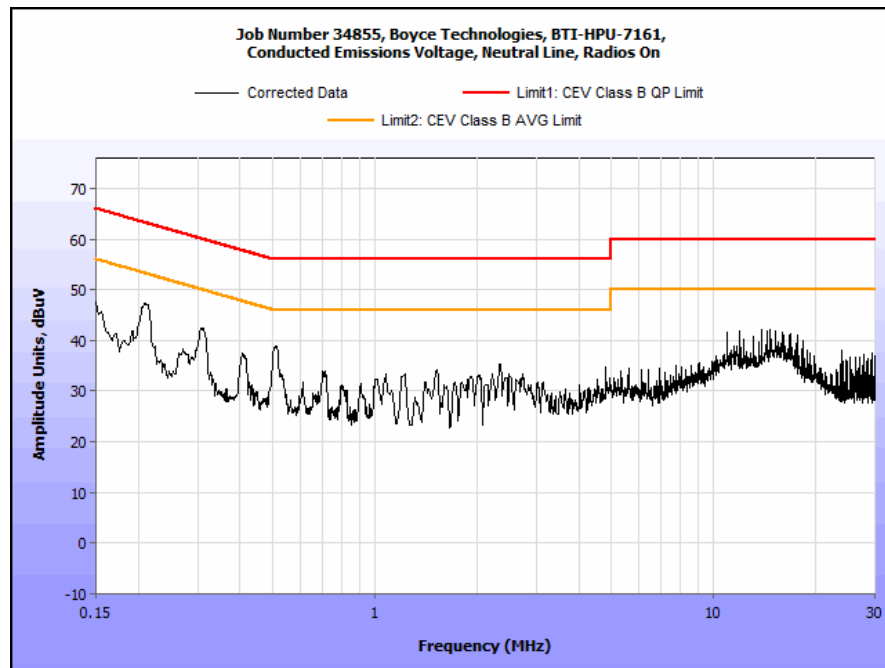
Plot 5. Conducted Emissions, 15.207, Phase Line Plot



Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, (120V/60Hz)

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.201	44.67	0.01	44.68	63.57	-18.89	33.62	0.01	33.63	53.57	-19.94
0.3076	39.16	0.05	39.21	60.04	-20.83	33.91	0.05	33.96	50.04	-16.08
0.504	36.53	0.02	36.55	56	-19.45	32.46	0.02	32.48	46	-13.52
2.3235	31.35	0.16	31.51	56	-24.49	24.44	0.16	24.6	46	-21.4
12.001	40.68	0.43	41.11	60	-18.89	37.82	0.43	38.25	50	-11.75
23.909	37.09	0.61	37.7	60	-22.3	35.46	0.61	36.07	50	-13.93

Table 15. Conducted Emissions, 15.207, Test Results, Neutral Line



Plot 6. Conducted Emissions, 15.207, Neutral Line Plot



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15. 403(c) 26dB Bandwidth

Test Requirements:	§ 15.403 (i): For purposes of this subpart the emission bandwidth shall be determined by measuring the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, that are 26 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. Determination of the emissions bandwidth is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a peak detector function with an instrument resolution bandwidth approximately equal to 1.0 percent of the emission bandwidth of the device under measurement.
Test Procedure:	The transmitter was set to low, mid and high operating frequencies at the highest output power and connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately equal to 1% of the total emission bandwidth, VBW > RBW. The 26 dB Bandwidth was measured and recorded.
Test Results	The 26 dB Bandwidth was compliant with the requirements of this section and was determined from the plots on the following pages.
Test Engineer(s):	Jeff Pratt
Test Date(s):	05/11/11



Figure 2. Occupied Bandwidth, Test Setup

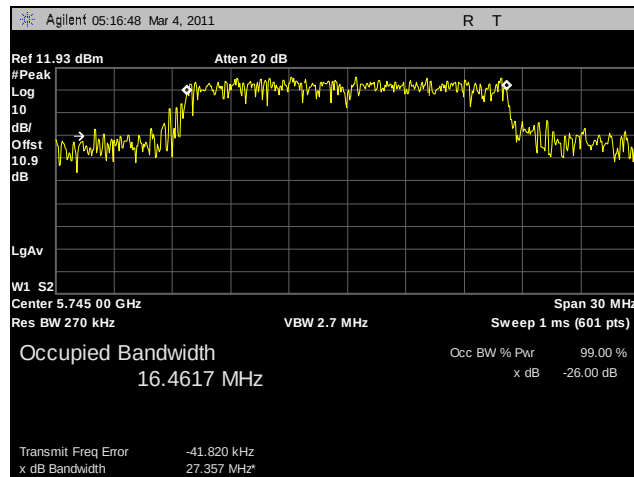


Mode	Frequency (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)			99% Bandwidth (MHz)		
		Port A	Port B	Port C	Port A	Port B	Port C
802.11a	5745	27.357	20.594	20.917	16.7210	16.4370	16.6645
	5785	21.612	21.165	24.412	16.4216	16.4801	16.4554
	5805	23.410	20.983	28.652	16.5105	16.4053	16.5539
802.11n HT20	5745	23.836	22.538	22.611	17.7357	17.5893	17.6970
	5785	26.056	21.443	24.108	17.7035	17.6520	17.7057
	5805	22.303	21.089	25.191	17.7264	17.5597	17.7176
802.11n HT40	5755	43.137	41.977	42.241	36.3834	36.2618	36.2325
	5785	44.098	45.853	45.879	36.2760	36.1499	36.1568
	5805	42.510	42.632	47.517	36.2074	36.1568	36.2986

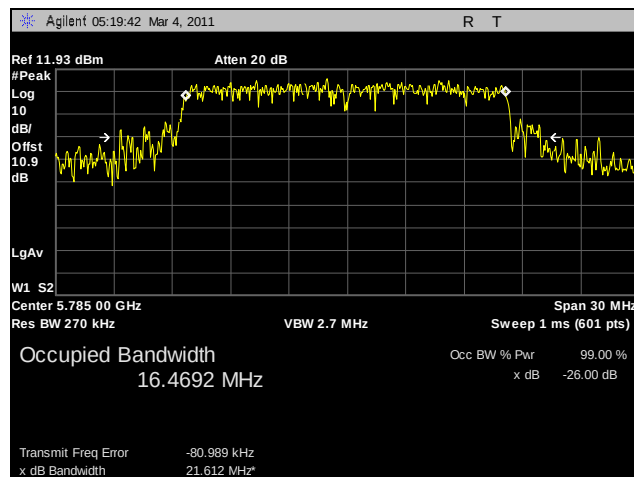
Table 16. Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results



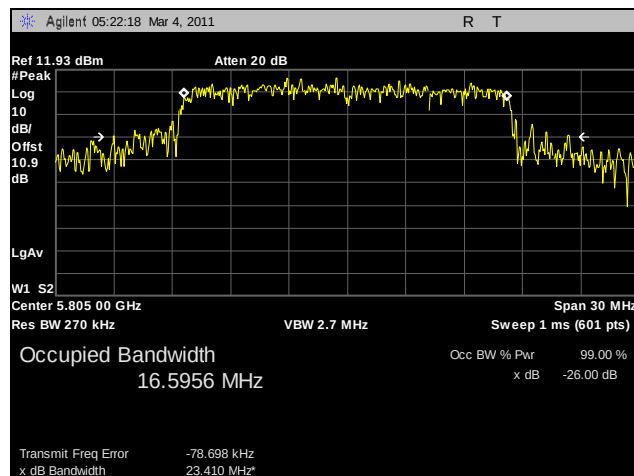
26 dB Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11a, Port A



Plot 7. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11a, Low Channel, Port A



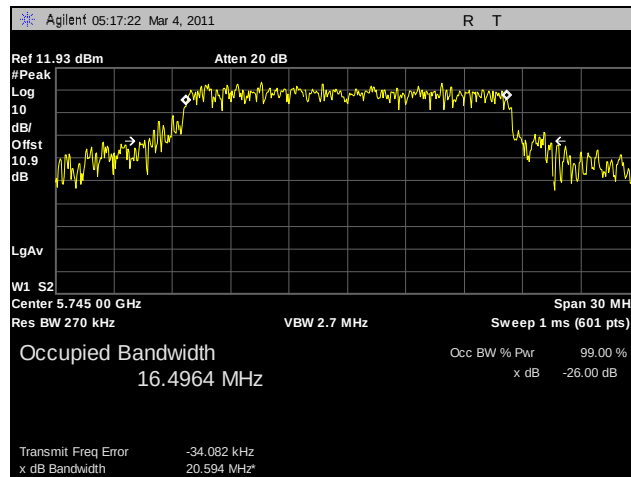
Plot 8. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11a, Mid Channel, Port A



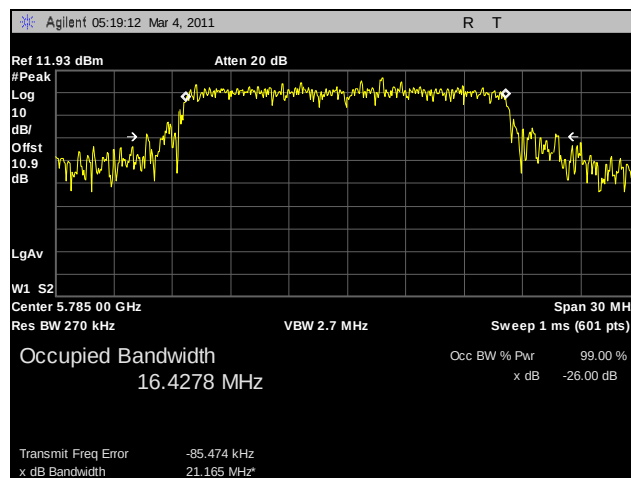
Plot 9. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11a, High Channel, Port A



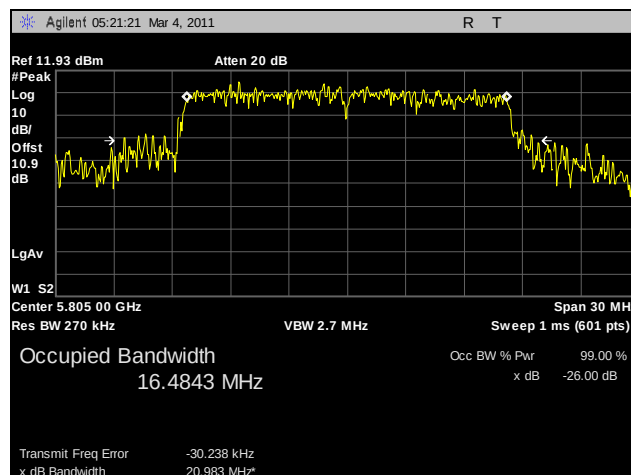
26 dB Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11a, Port B



Plot 10. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11a, Low Channel, Port B



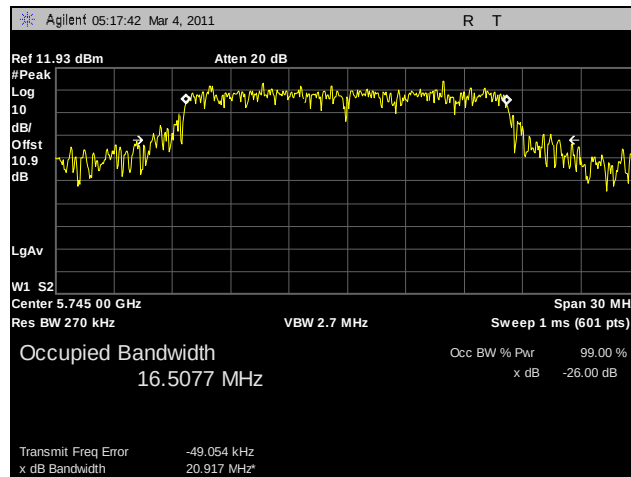
Plot 11. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11a, Mid Channel, Port B



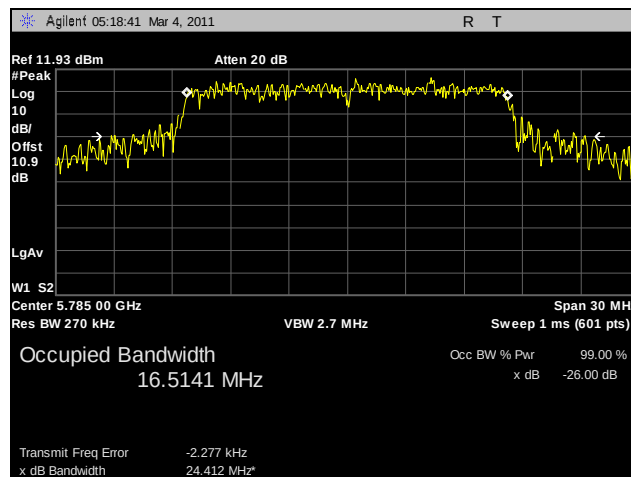
Plot 12. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11a, High Channel, Port B



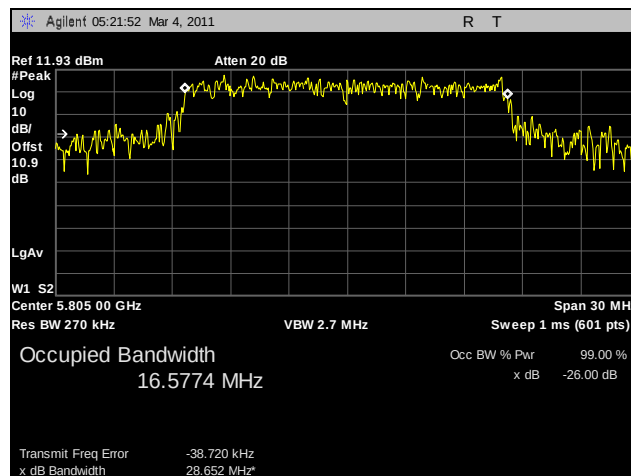
26 dB Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11a, Port C



Plot 13. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11a, Low Channel, Port C



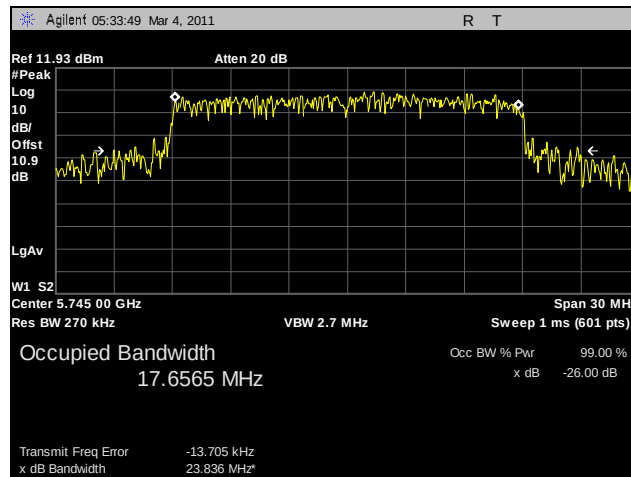
Plot 14. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11a, Mid Channel, Port C



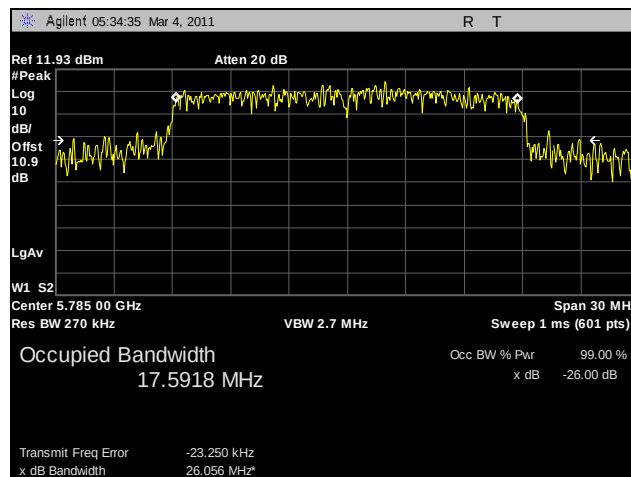
Plot 15. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11a, High Channel, Port C



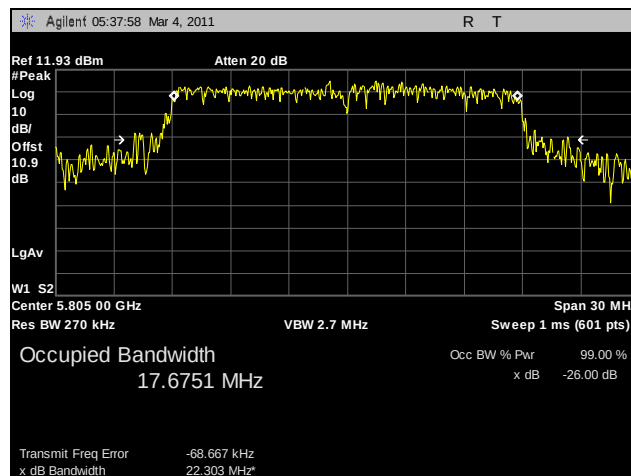
26 dB Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11n 20 MHz, Port A



Plot 16. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 20 MHz, Low Channel, Port A



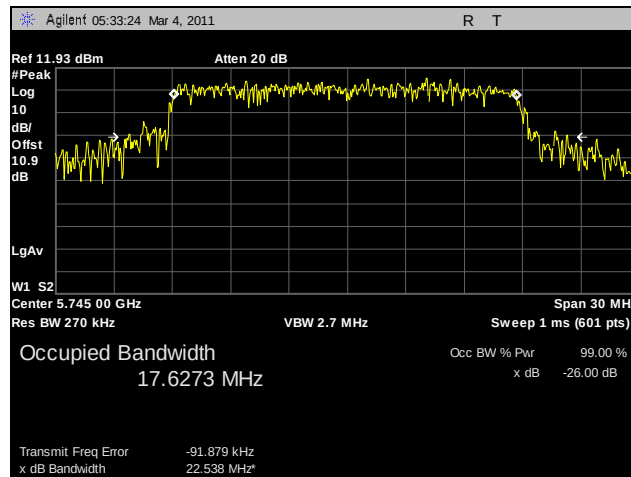
Plot 17. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 20 MHz, Mid Channel, Port A



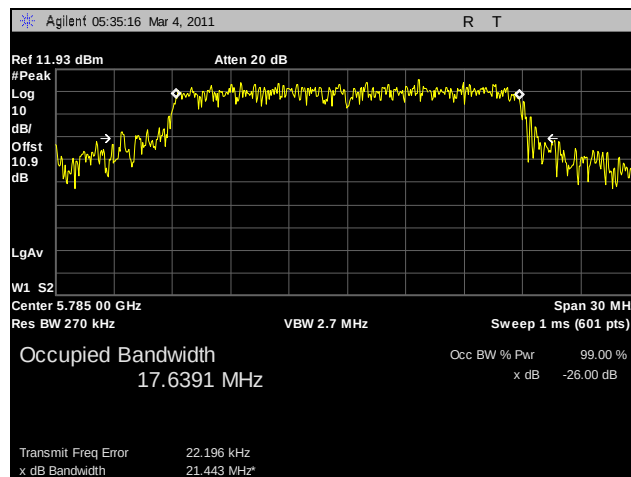
Plot 18. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 20 MHz, High Channel, Port A



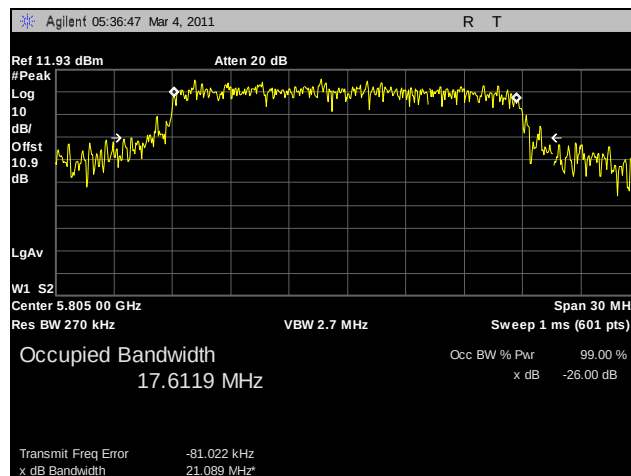
26 dB Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11n 20 MHz, Port B



Plot 19. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 20 MHz, Low Channel, Port B



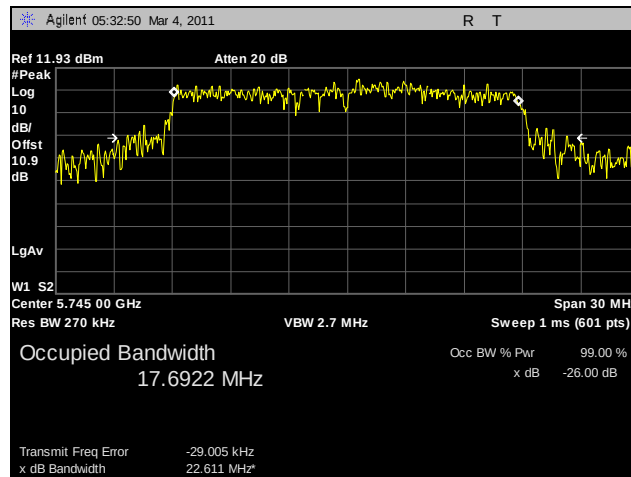
Plot 20. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 20 MHz, Mid Channel, Port B



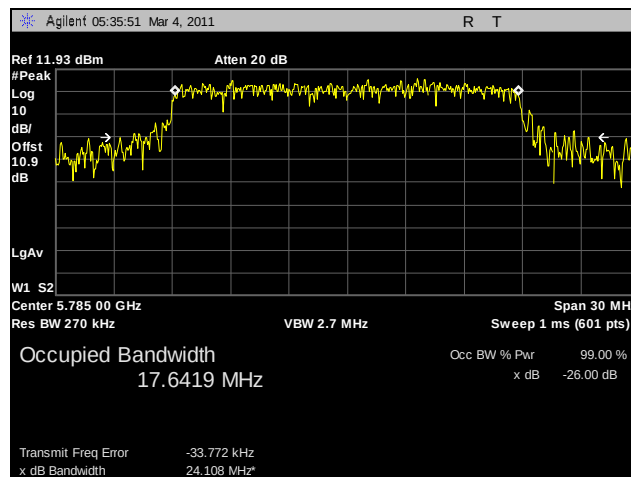
Plot 21. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 20 MHz, High Channel, Port B



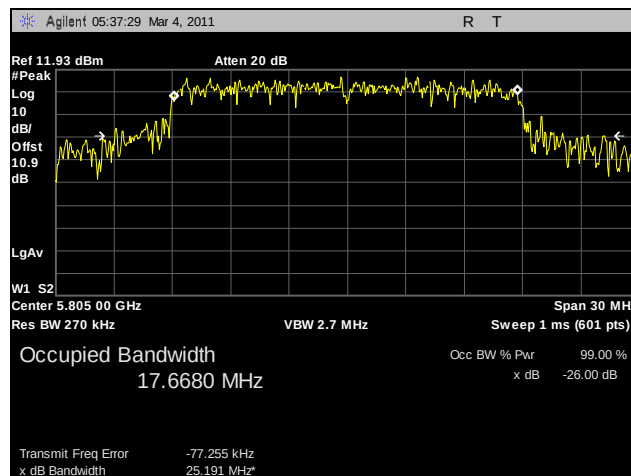
26 dB Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11n 20 MHz, Port C



Plot 22. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 20 MHz, Low Channel, Port C



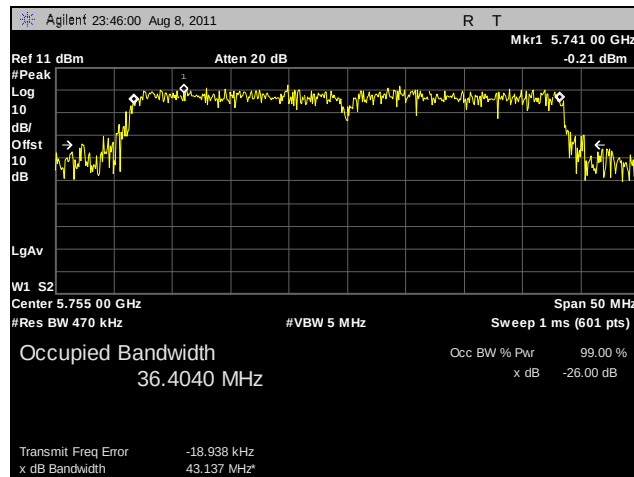
Plot 23. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 20 MHz, Mid Channel, Port C



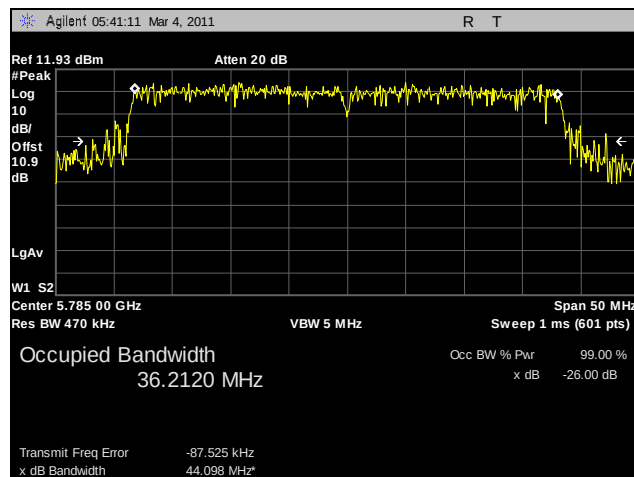
Plot 24. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 20 MHz, High Channel, Port C



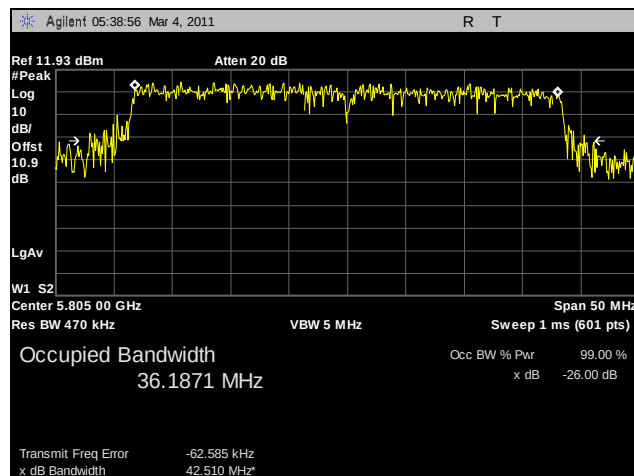
26 dB Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11n 40 MHz, Port A



Plot 25. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 40 MHz, Low Channel, Port A



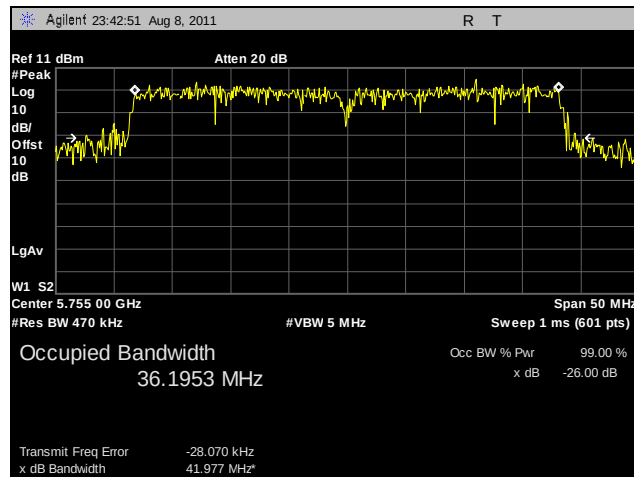
Plot 26. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 40 MHz, Mid Channel, Port A



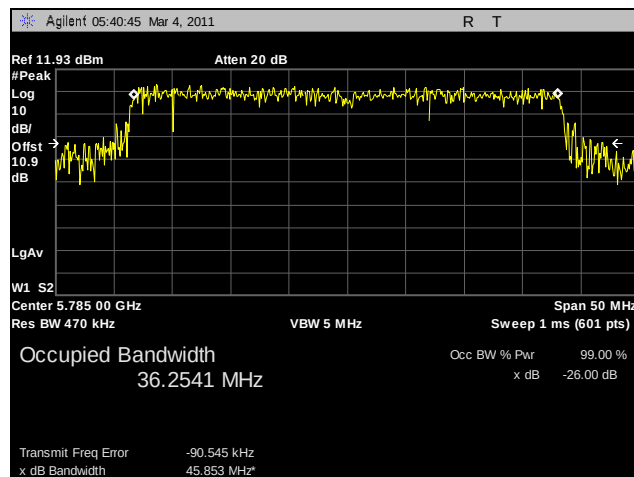
Plot 27. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 40 MHz, High Channel, Port A



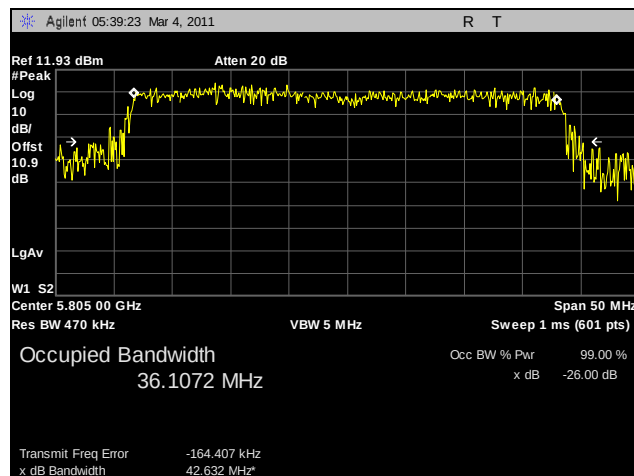
26 dB Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11n 40 MHz, Port B



Plot 28. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 40 MHz, Low Channel, Port B



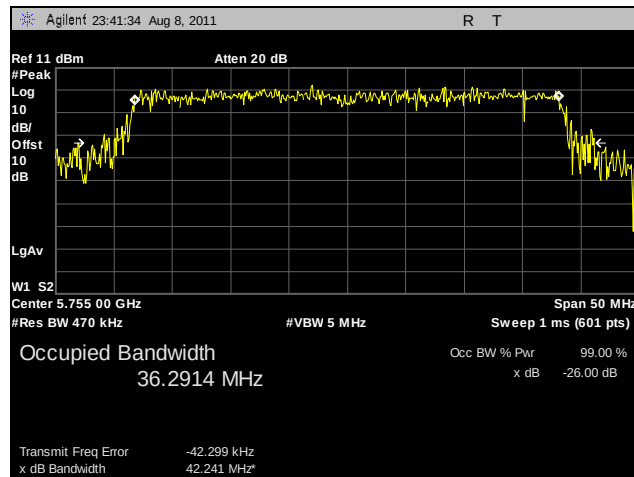
Plot 29. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 40 MHz, Mid Channel, Port B



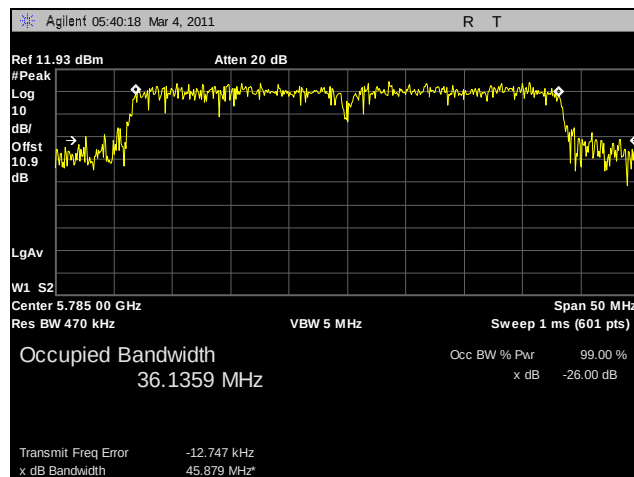
Plot 30. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 40 MHz, High Channel, Port B



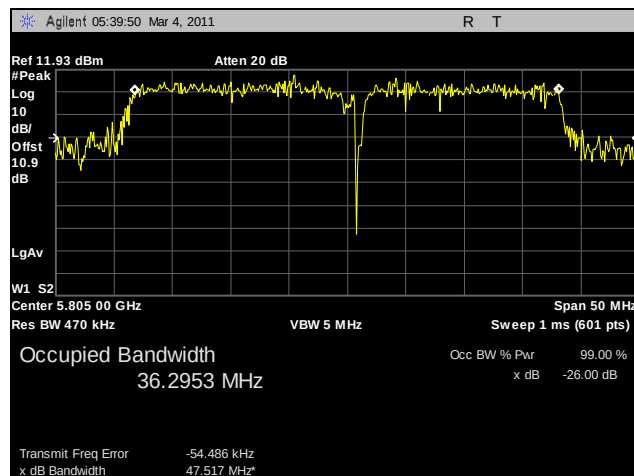
26 Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11n 40 MHz, Port C



Plot 31. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 40 MHz, Low Channel, Port C



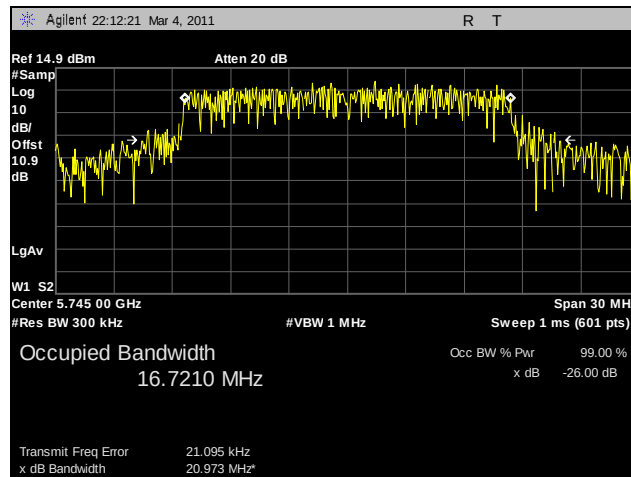
Plot 32. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 40 MHz, Mid Channel, Port C



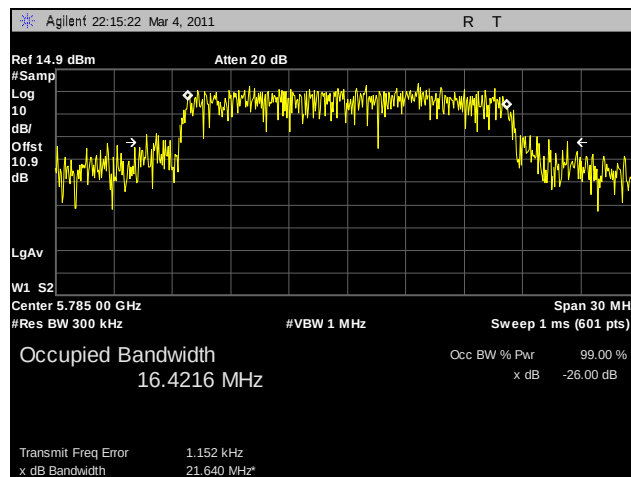
Plot 33. 26 dB Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 40 MHz, High Channel, Port C



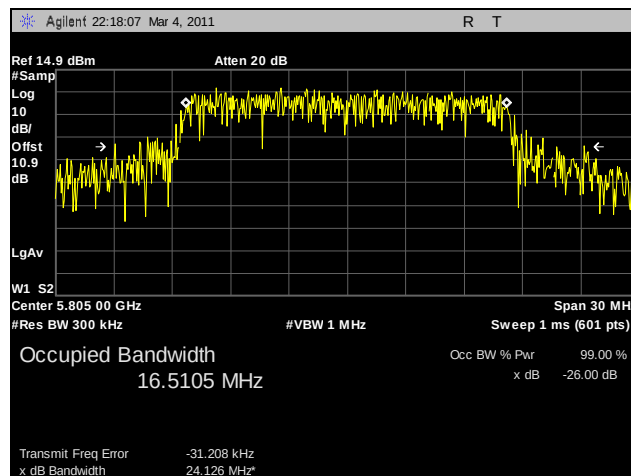
99% Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11a, Port A



Plot 34. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11a, Low Channel, Port A



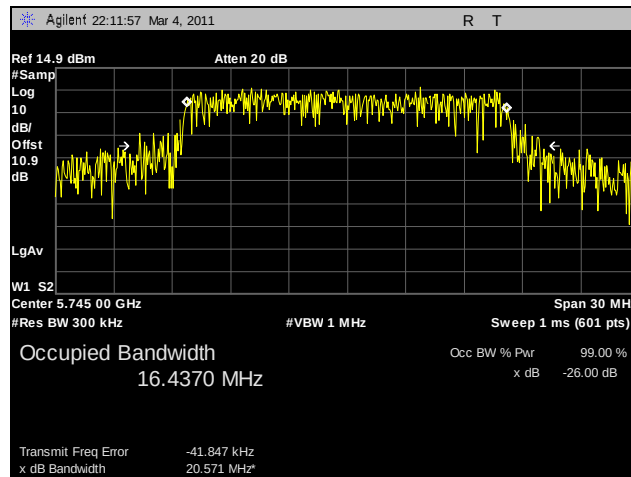
Plot 35. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11a, Mid Channel, Port A



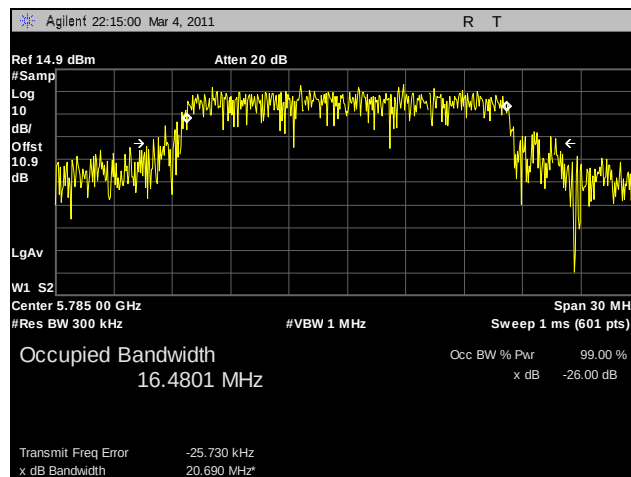
Plot 36. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11a, High Channel, Port A



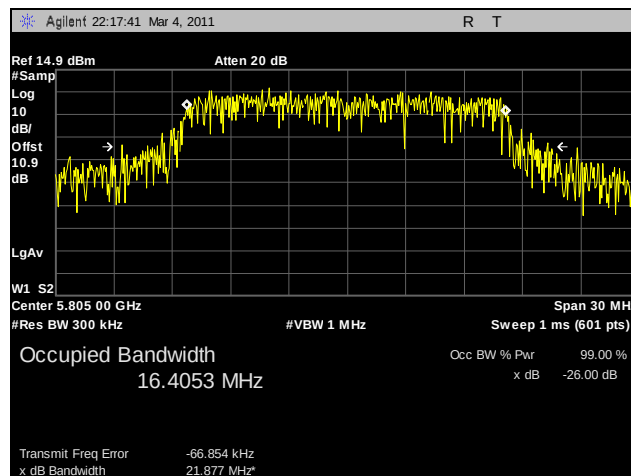
99% Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11a, Port B



Plot 37. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11a, Low Channel, Port B



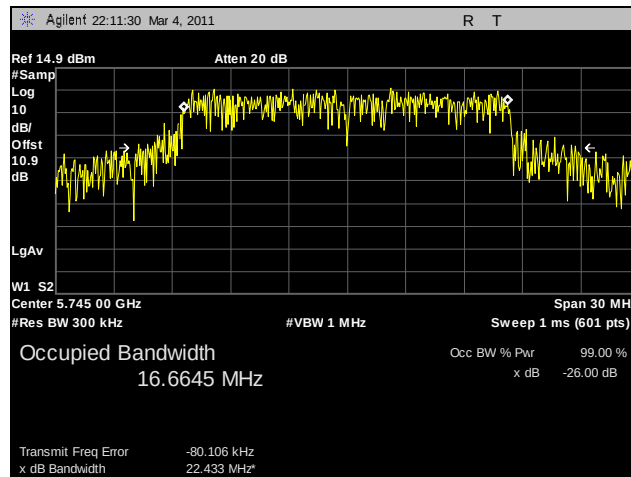
Plot 38. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11a, Mid Channel, Port B



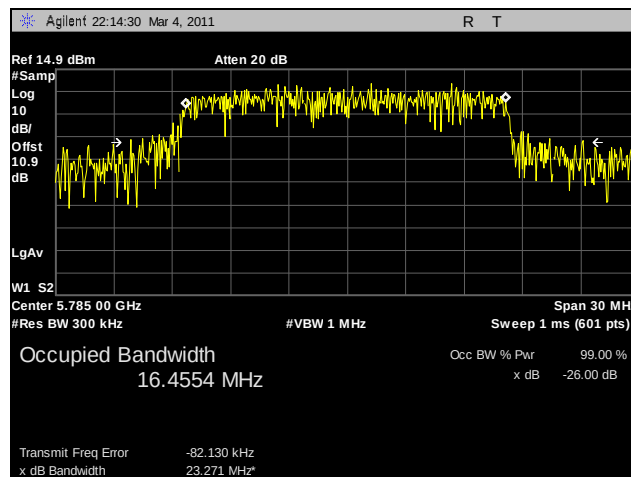
Plot 39. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11a, High Channel, Port B



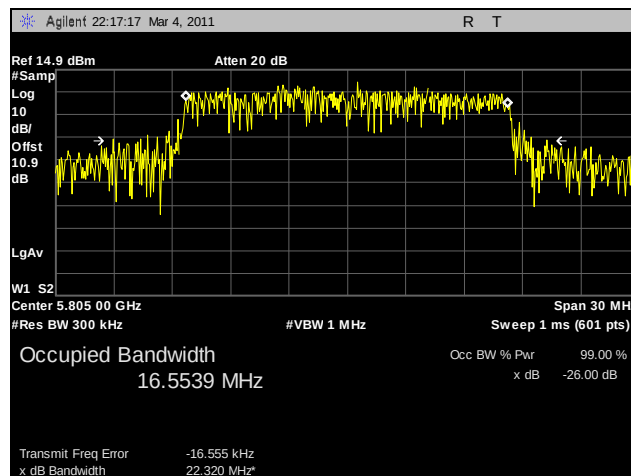
99% Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11a, Port C



Plot 40. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11a, Low Channel, Port C



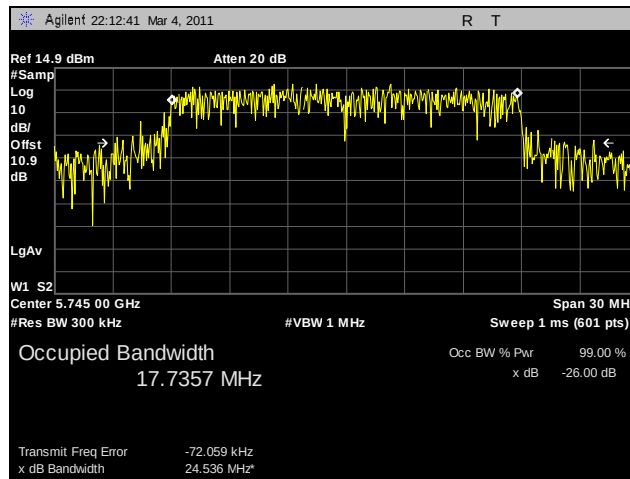
Plot 41. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11a, Mid Channel, Port C



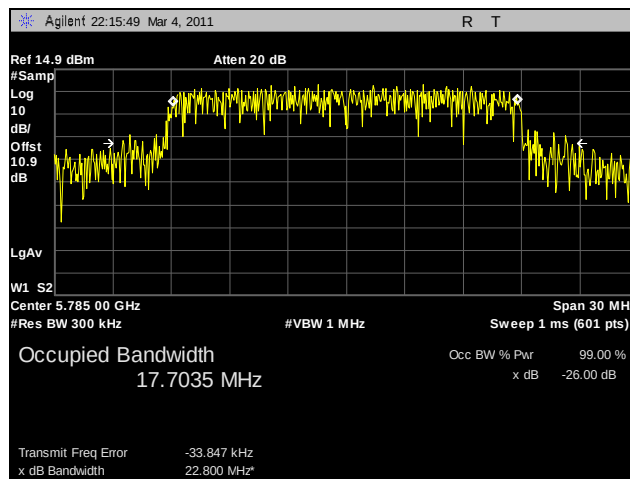
Plot 42. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11a, High Channel, Port C



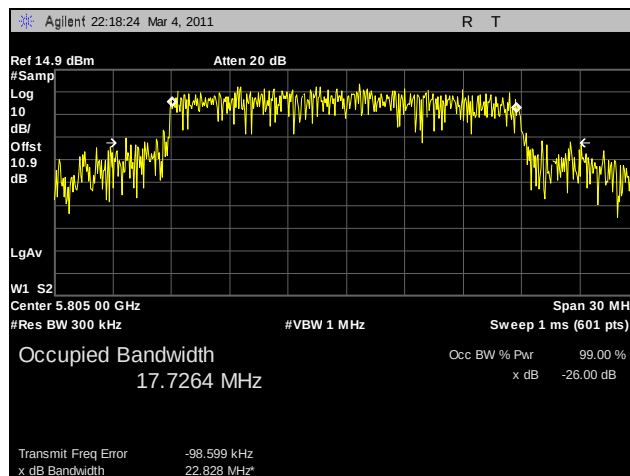
99% Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11n 20 MHz, Port A



Plot 43. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 20 MHz, Low Channel, Port A



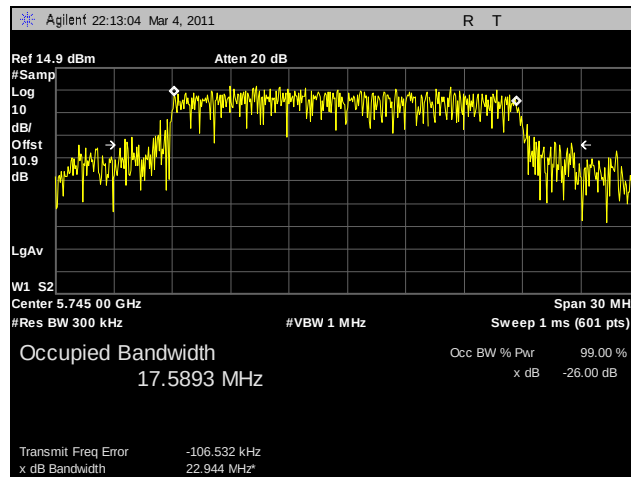
Plot 44. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 20 MHz, Mid Channel, Port A



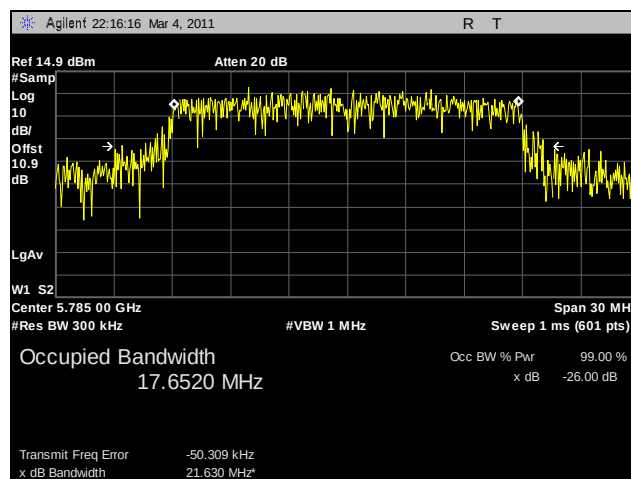
Plot 45. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 20 MHz, High Channel, Port A



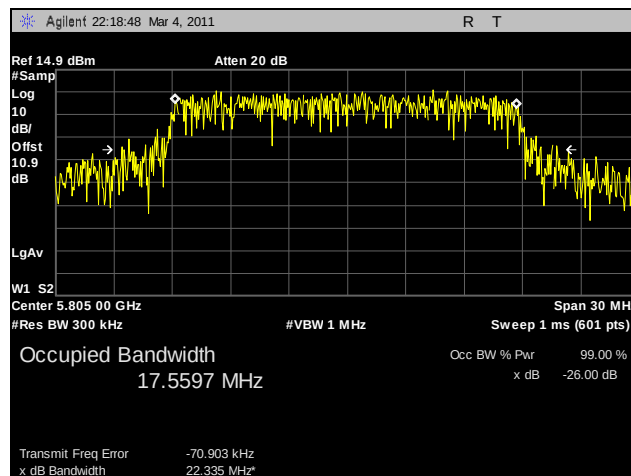
99% Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11n 20 MHz, Port B



Plot 46. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 20 MHz, Low Channel, Port B



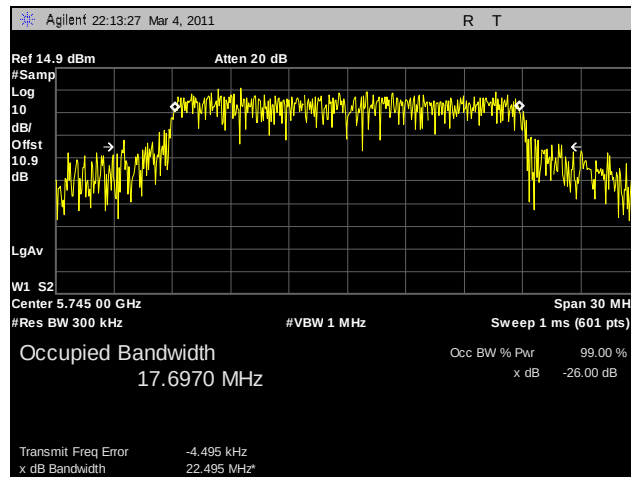
Plot 47. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 20 MHz, Mid Channel, Port B



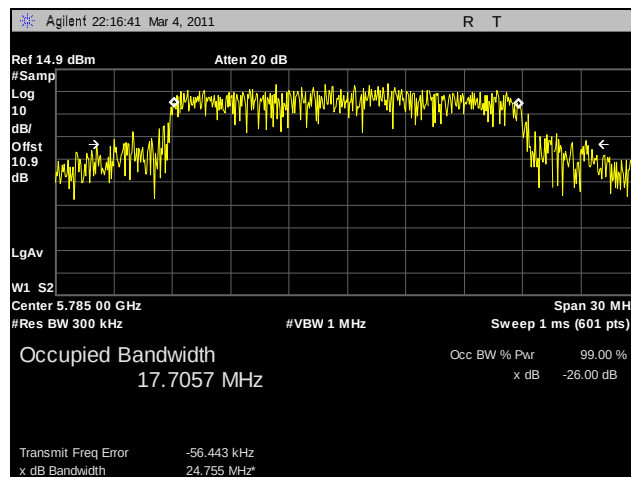
Plot 48. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 20 MHz, High Channel, Port B



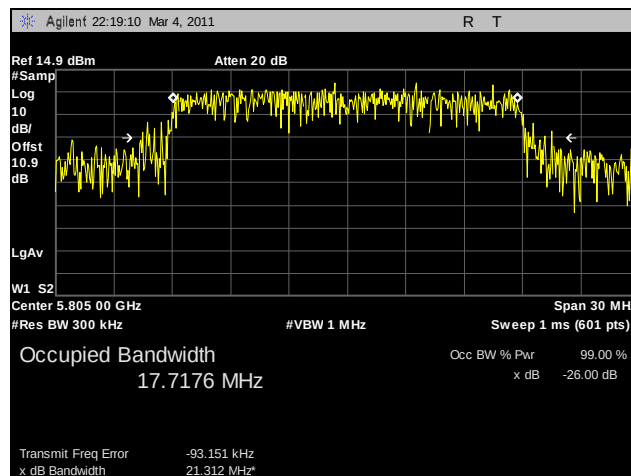
99% Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11n 20 MHz, Port C



Plot 49. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 20 MHz, Low Channel, Port C



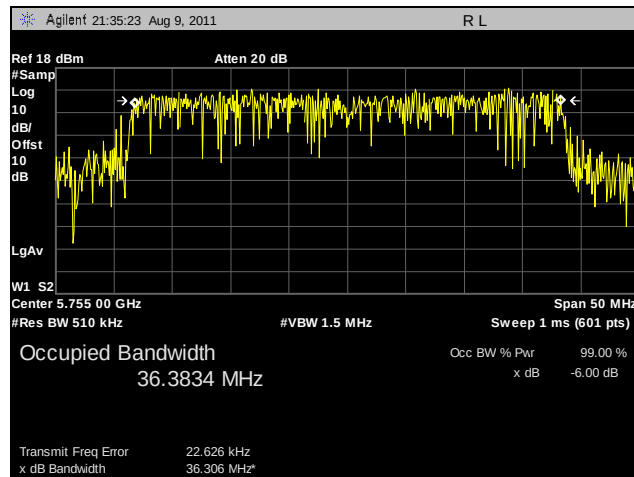
Plot 50. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 20 MHz, Mid Channel, Port C



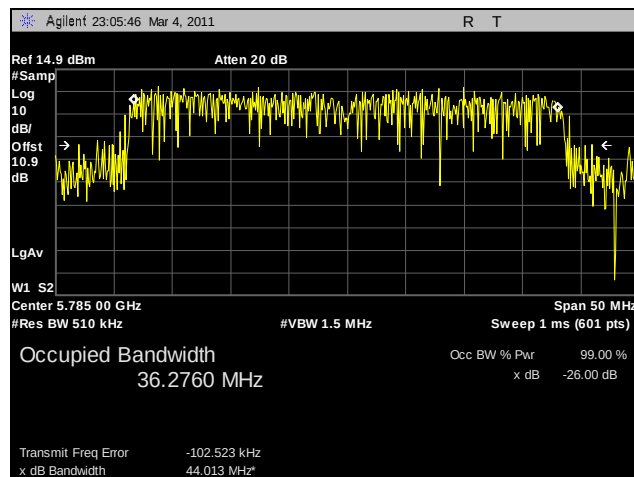
Plot 51. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 20 MHz, High Channel, Port C



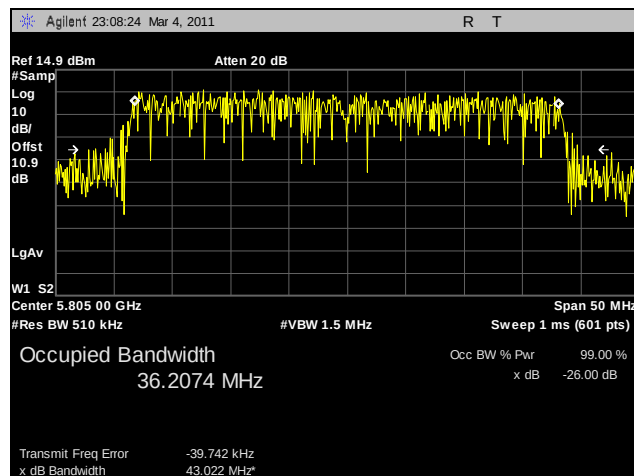
99% Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11n 40 MHz, Port A



Plot 52. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 40 MHz, Low Channel, Port A



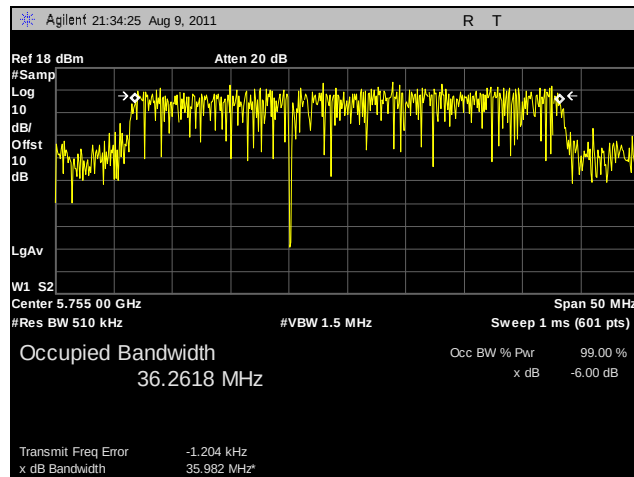
Plot 53. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 40 MHz, Mid Channel, Port A



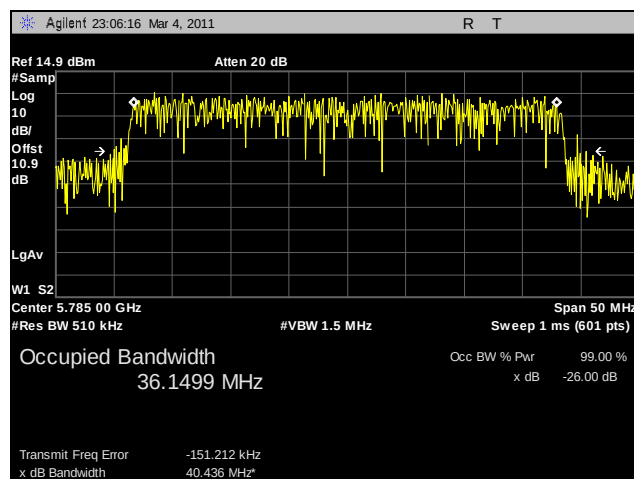
Plot 54. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 40 MHz, High Channel, Port A



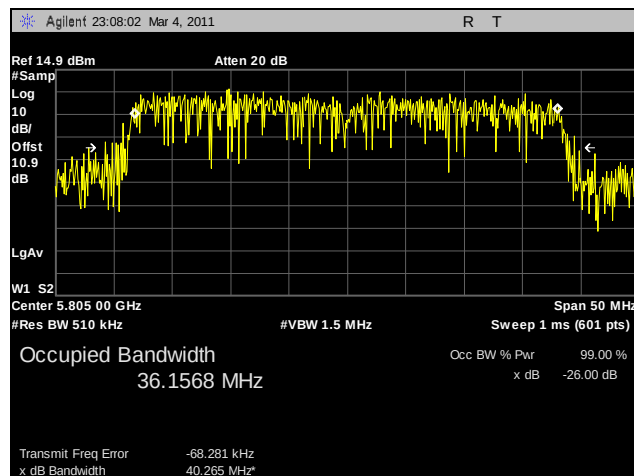
99% Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11n 40 MHz, Port B



Plot 55. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 40 MHz, Low Channel, Port B



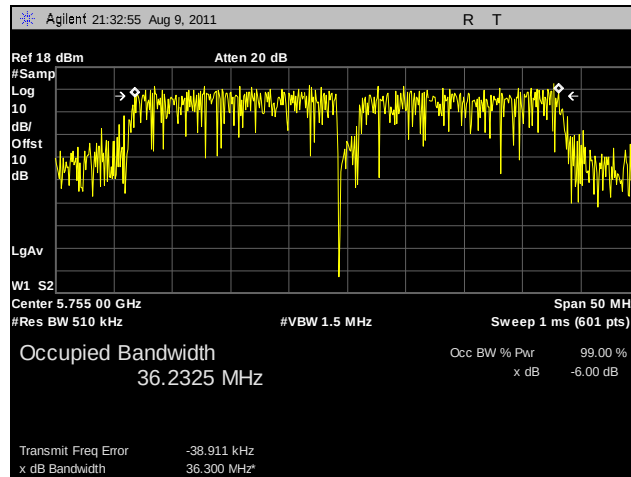
Plot 56. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 40 MHz, Mid Channel, Port B



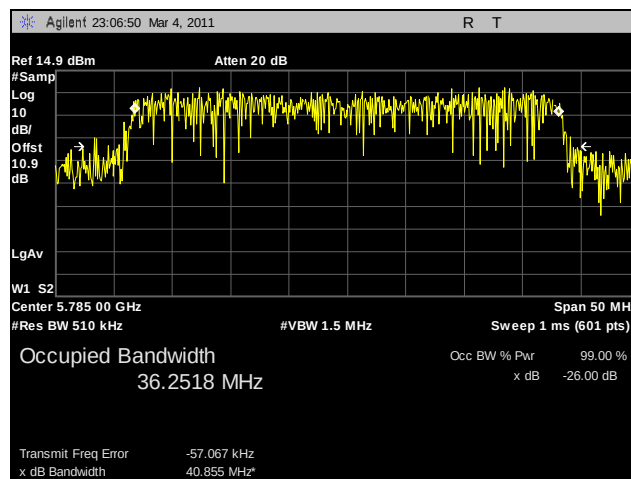
Plot 57. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 40 MHz, High Channel, Port B



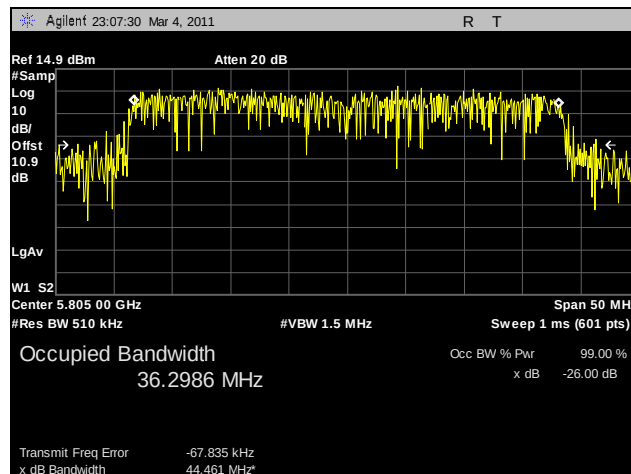
26 Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11n 40 MHz, Port C



Plot 58. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 40 MHz, Low Channel, Port C



Plot 59. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 40 MHz, Mid Channel, Port C



Plot 60. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 40 MHz, High Channel, Port C



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.407(a)(3) RF Power Output

Test Requirements: §15.407(a)(3): The maximum output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit
5150-5250	50mW
5250-5350	250mW
5470-5725	250mW
5725-5825	1W

Table 17. Output Power Requirements from §15.407

§15.407(a)(3): For the band 5.725–5.825 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 1 W or $17 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log B$, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz.

Test Procedure: The EUT was connected to a Spectrum Analyzer. The power was measured on three channels.

$$\text{Directional Gain} = G + 10\log(n)$$

Where: n is the number of antenna elements (3)
G is the antenna gain (10 dBi)

$$\text{Directional Gain} = 10 + 10\log(3) = 14.77$$

Test Results: Equipment was compliant with the Peak Power Output limits of § 15.401(a)(2).

Test Engineer(s): Ben Taylor

Test Date(s): 05/25/12



Figure 3. Power Output Test Setup



Freq. (MHz)	Mode / Modulation Type	Maximum Antenna Gain (dBi)	Maximum Allowable Conducted Power (dBm)	Port A Conducted Power (dBm)	Port A Conducted Power (mW)	Port B Conducted Power (dBm)	Port B Conducted Power (mW)	Port C Conducted Power (dBm)	Port C Conducted Power (mW)	Summed Conducted Power (mW)	Summed Conducted Power (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5745	802.11a	12.27	23.73	13.01	20.00	15.80	38.02	14.02	25.23	83.25	19.20	-4.53
5785	802.11a	12.27	23.73	12.89	19.45	16.01	39.90	15.44	34.99	94.35	19.75	-3.98
5805	802.11a	12.27	23.73	15.95	39.36	14.20	26.30	14.93	31.12	96.77	19.86	-3.87
5745	802.11n HT20	12.27	23.73	13.5	22.39	15.33	34.12	14.98	31.48	87.98	19.44	-4.29
5785	802.11n HT20	12.27	23.73	13	19.95	15.55	35.89	15.45	35.08	90.92	19.59	-4.14
5805	802.11n HT20	12.27	23.73	15.83	38.28	14.02	25.23	14.72	29.65	93.17	19.69	-4.04
5755	802.11n HT40	12.27	23.73	15.71	37.24	18.21	66.22	18.74	74.82	178.28	22.51	-1.22
5785	802.11n HT40	12.27	23.73	16.01	39.90	18.11	64.71	18.29	67.45	172.07	22.36	-1.37
5805	802.11n HT40	12.27	23.73	18.36	68.55	17.34	54.20	17.91	61.80	184.55	22.66	-1.07

Table 18. RF Power Output, Test Results



§ 15.407(f) RF Exposure

RF Exposure Requirements: §1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2): Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

RF Radiation Exposure Limit: §1.1310: As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of this chapter.

MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequencies @ 5725-5825 MHz; highest conducted power = 22.66 dBm (peak) therefore, **Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm² or 10 W/m²**

Gain of Antenna Elements @ 5.8GHz = 7.5 dBi

of Antenna Elements = 3

EUT maximum antenna gain = 7.5dBi + 10*log(3)dBi = 12.27 dBi.

Equation from page 18 of OET 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG / 4\pi R^2 \quad \text{or} \quad R = \sqrt{PG / 4\pi S}$$

where, S = Power Density (1 mW/cm²)

P = Power Input to antenna (184.50mW)

G = Antenna Gain (16.87 numeric)

$$R = (184.50 * 16.87 / 4 * 3.14 * 1.0)^{1/2} = (3112.52 / 12.56)^{1/2} = 15.74 \text{ cm}$$



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.407(a)(3) Peak Power Spectral Density

Test Requirements: § 15.407(a)(3): The peak power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1-MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain up to 23dBi without any corresponding reduction in the transmitter peak output power or peak power spectral density. For fixed, point-to-point U-NII transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in peak transmitter power and peak power spectral density for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi would be required. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, Omni directional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through an attenuator. The power level was set to the maximum level on the EUT. The RBW was set to 1MHz and the VBW was set to 3MHz. The method of measurement #2 from the FCC Public Notice DA 02-2138 was used.

Test Results: Equipment was compliant with the peak power spectral density limits of § 15.407 (a)(2). The peak power spectral density was determined from plots on the following page(s).

Test Engineer(s): Jeff Pratt

Test Date(s): 05/11/11



Figure 4. Power Spectral Density Test Setup



Frequency (MHz)	Mode / Modulation Type	Max. Antenna Gain (dBi)	Max. Allowable Spectral Density (dBm / MHz)	Port A Spectral Density (dBm / MHz)	Port A Spectral Density (mW / MHz)	Port B Spectral Density (dBm / MHz)	Port B Spectral Density (mW / MHz)	Port C Spectral Density (dBm / MHz)	Port C Spectral Density (mW / MHz)	Summed Spectral Density (mW / MHz)	Summed Spectral Density (dBm / MHz)	Margin (dB)
5745	802.11a	12.27	10.73	3.87	2.44	3.10	2.04	2.38	1.73	6.21	7.93	-2.80
5785	802.11a	12.27	10.73	3.08	2.03	2.92	1.96	3.75	2.37	6.36	8.04	-2.69
5805	802.11a	12.27	10.73	2.89	1.95	2.40	1.74	4.34	2.72	6.40	8.06	-2.67
5745	802.11n HT20	12.27	10.73	4.21	2.64	2.73	1.87	1.72	1.49	6.00	7.78	-2.95
5785	802.11n HT20	12.27	10.73	3.26	2.12	3.03	2.01	3.47	2.22	6.35	8.03	-2.70
5805	802.11n HT20	12.27	10.73	2.38	1.73	2.18	1.65	3.61	2.30	5.68	7.54	-3.19
5755	802.11n HT40	12.27	10.73	3.69	2.34	2.96	1.98	3.18	2.08	6.40	8.06	-2.67
5785	802.11n HT40	12.27	10.73	3.04	2.01	2.29	1.69	3.44	2.21	5.92	7.72	-3.01
5805	802.11n HT40	12.27	10.73	2.58	1.81	2.19	1.66	4.65	2.92	6.38	8.05	-2.68

Table 19. Power Spectral Density, Test Results



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.407(a)(6) Peak Excursion Ratio

Test Requirements: § 15.407(a)(6): The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the maximum conducted output power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

Test Procedure: The EUT was connected directly to the spectrum analyzer through cabling and attenuation. The 1st trace on the spectrum analyzer was set to RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz. The peak detector mode was used and the trace max held. The 2nd trace on the spectrum analyzer was set according to measurement method #1 from the FCC Public Notice DA 02-2138 for making conducted power measurements.

Test Results: Equipment was compliant with the peak excursion ratio limits of § 15.407(a)(6). The peak excursion ratio was determined from plots on the following page(s).

Test Engineer(s): Jeff Pratt

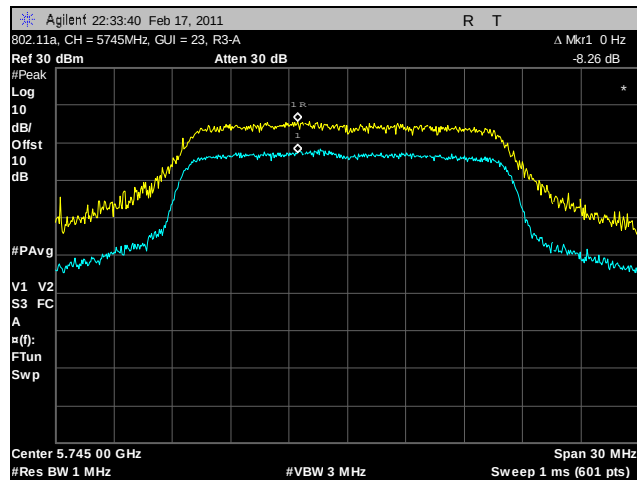
Test Date(s): 05/11/11



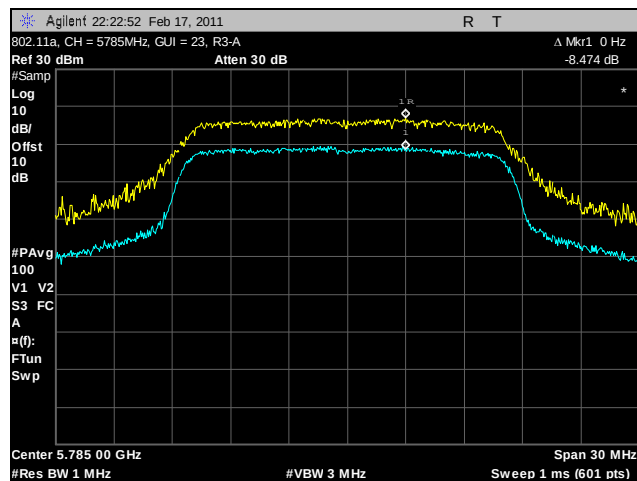
Figure 5. Peak Excursion Ration Test Setup



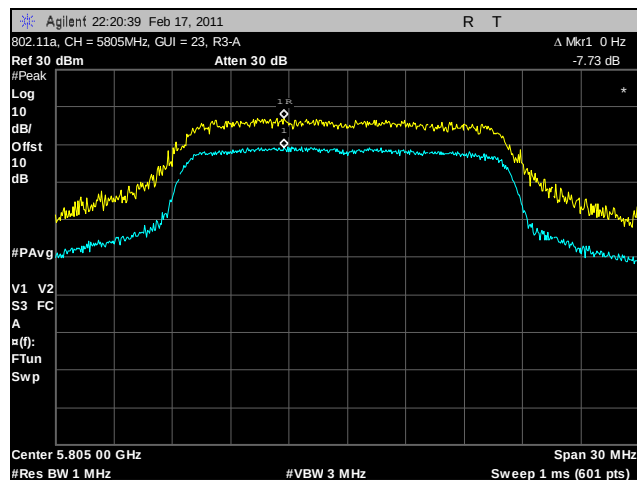
Peak Excursion Test Results, 802.11a, Port A



Plot 61. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11a, Low Channel, Port A



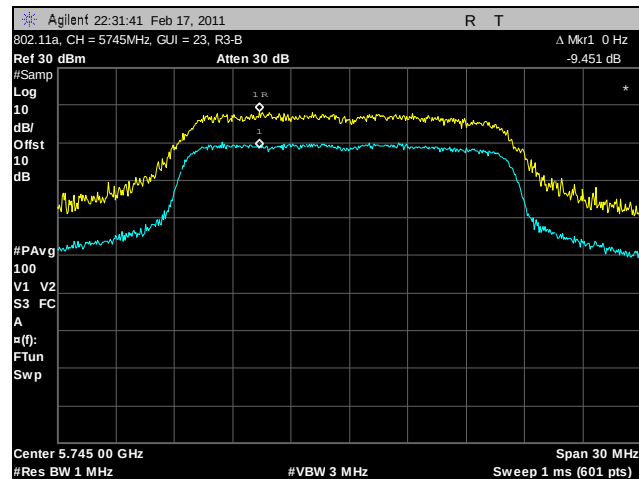
Plot 62. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11a, Mid Channel, Port A



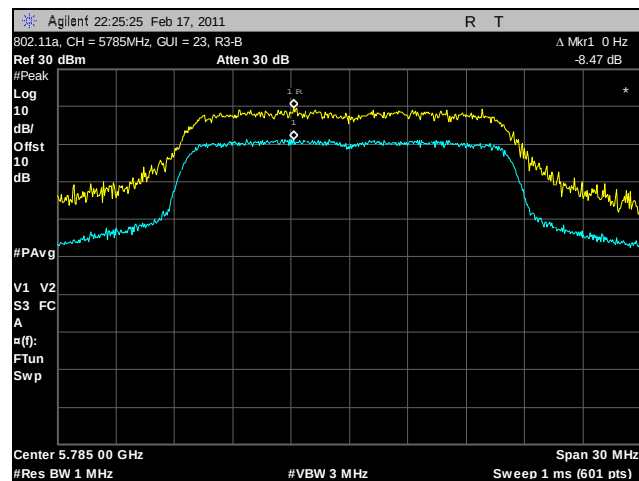
Plot 63. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11a, High Channel, Port A



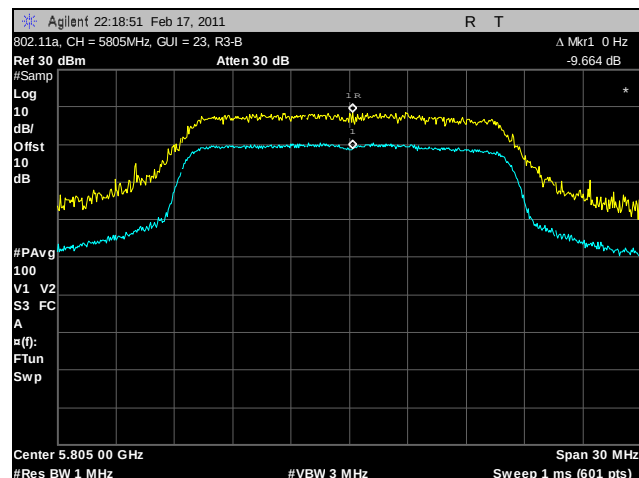
Peak Excursion Test Results, 802.11a, Port B



Plot 64. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11a, Low Channel, Port B



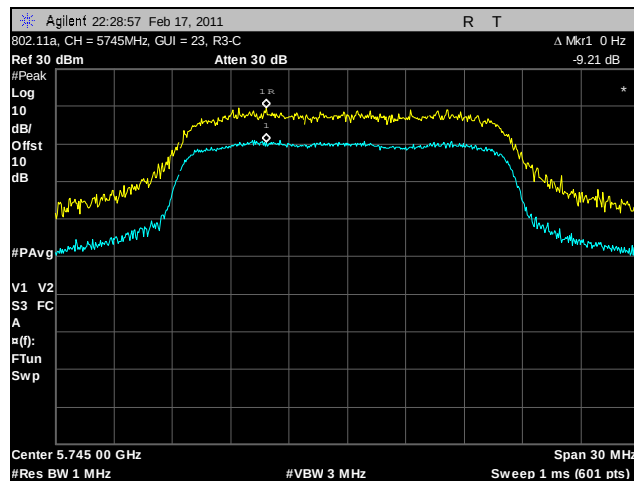
Plot 65. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11a, Mid Channel, Port B



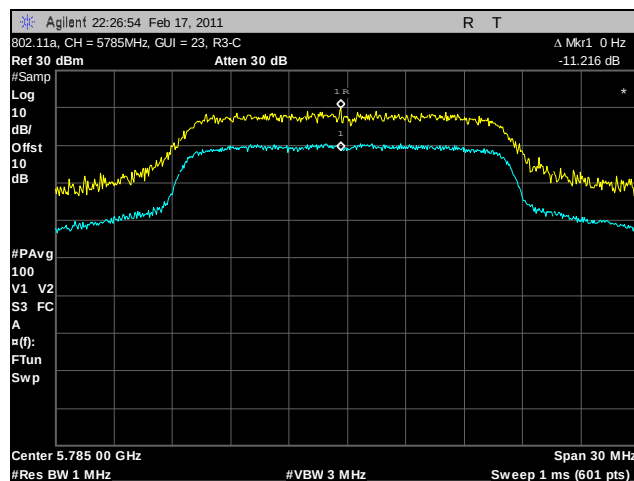
Plot 66. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11a, High Channel, Port B



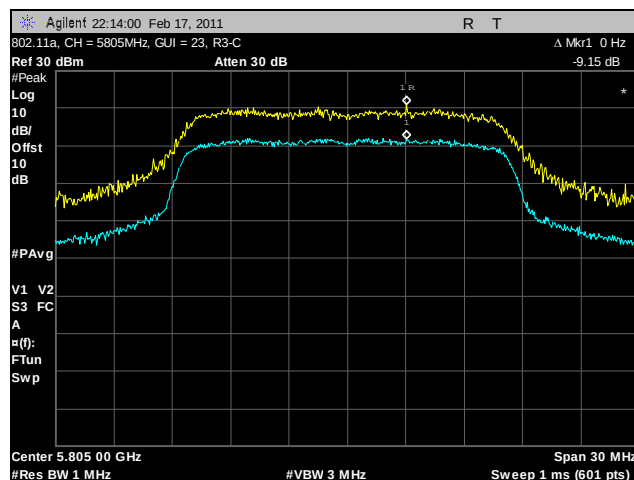
Peak Excursion Test Results, 802.11a, Port C



Plot 67. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11a, Low Channel, Port C



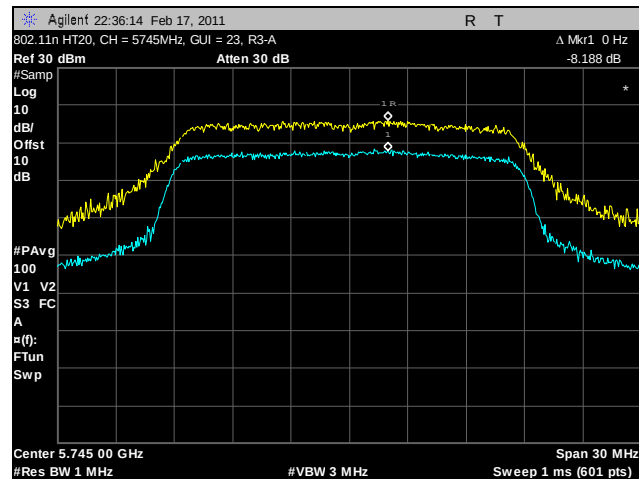
Plot 68. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11a, Mid Channel, Port C



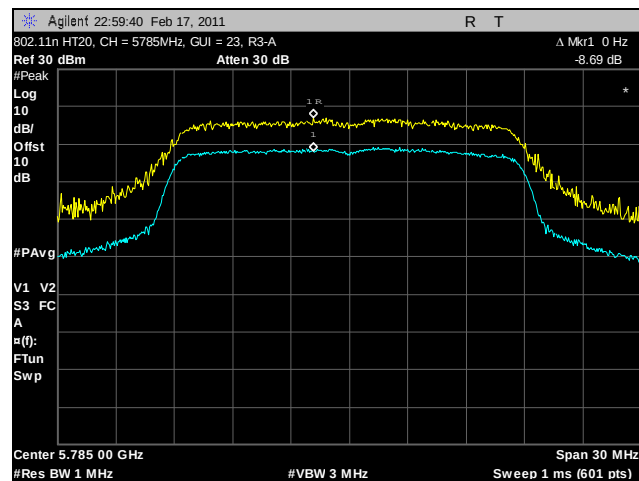
Plot 69. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11a, High Channel, Port C



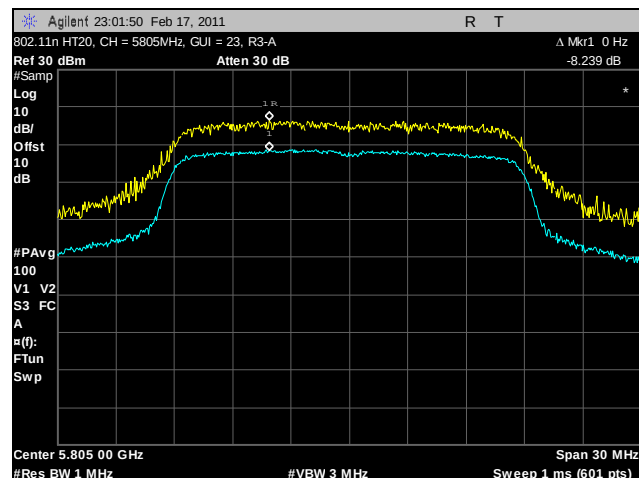
Peak Excursion Test Results, 802.11n HT20, Port A



Plot 70. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11n 20 MHz, Low Channel, Port A



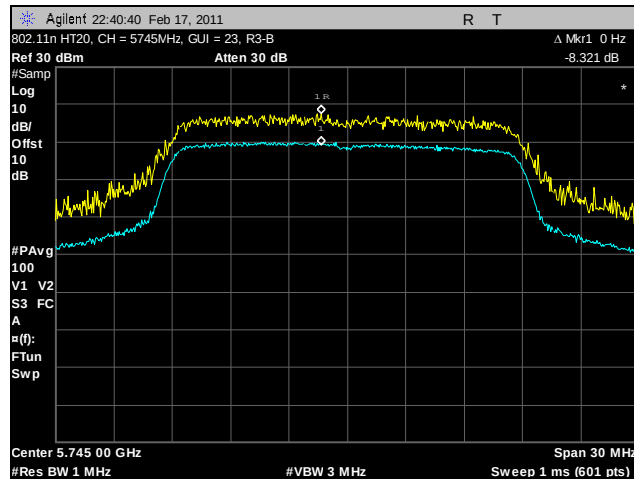
Plot 71. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11n 20 MHz, Mid Channel, Port A



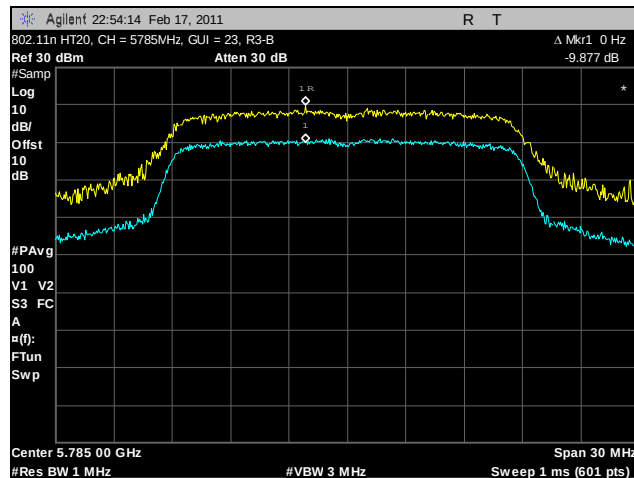
Plot 72. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11n 20 MHz, High Channel, Port A



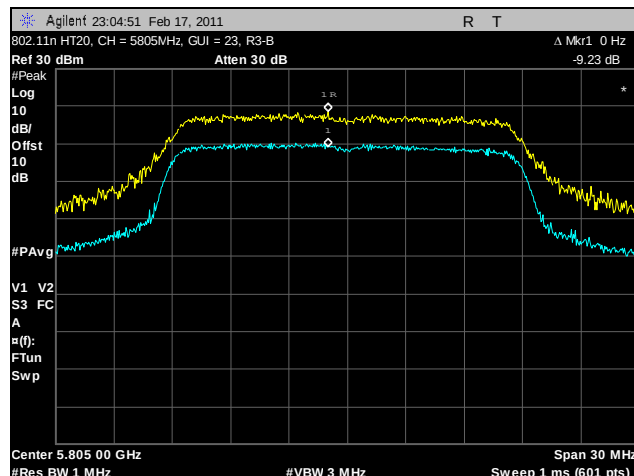
Peak Excursion Test Results, 802.11n HT20, Port B



Plot 73. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11n 20 MHz, Low Channel, Port B



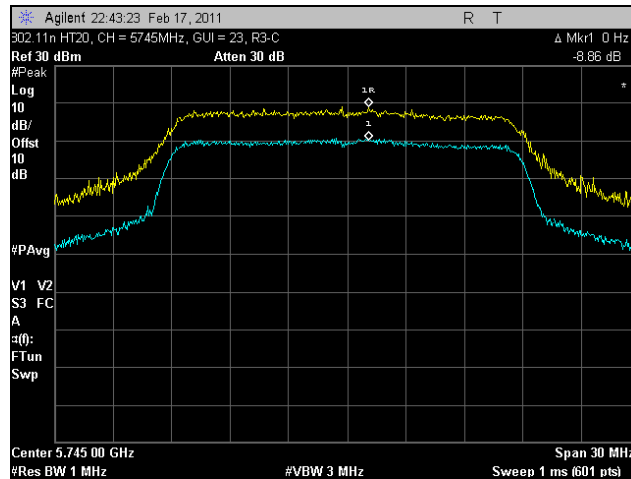
Plot 74. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11n 20 MHz, Mid Channel, Port B



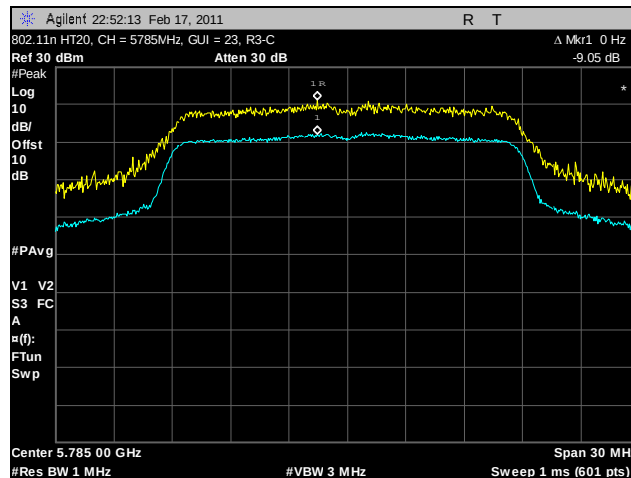
Plot 75. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11n 20 MHz, High Channel, Port B



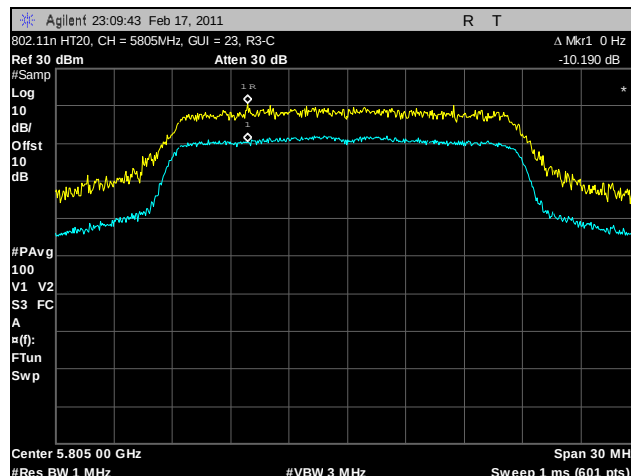
Peak Excursion Test Results, 802.11n HT20, Port C



Plot 76. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11n 20 MHz, Low Channel, Port C



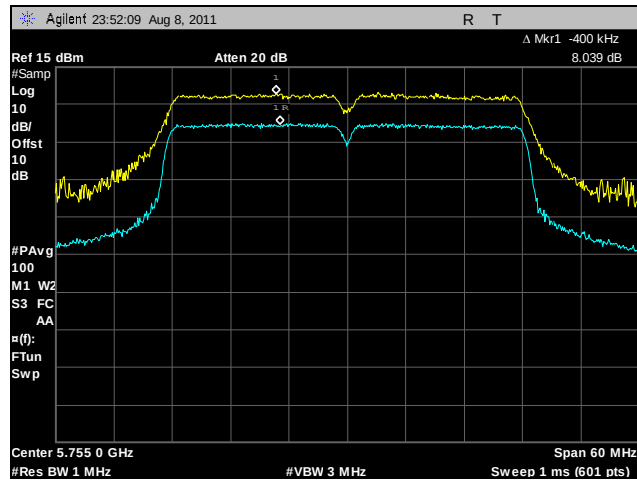
Plot 77. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11n 20 MHz, Mid Channel, Port C



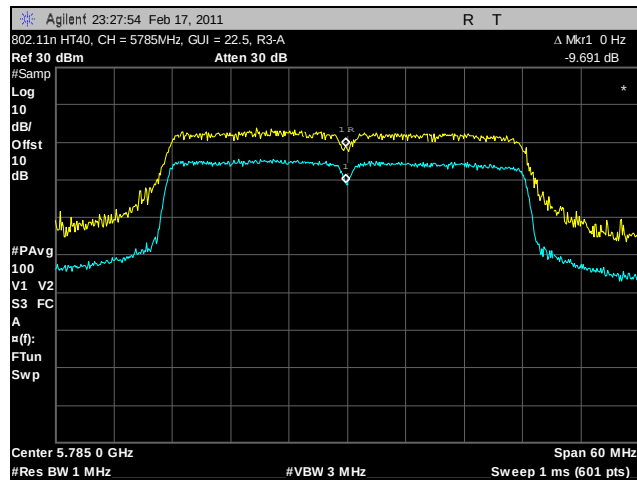
Plot 78. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11n 20 MHz, High Channel, Port C



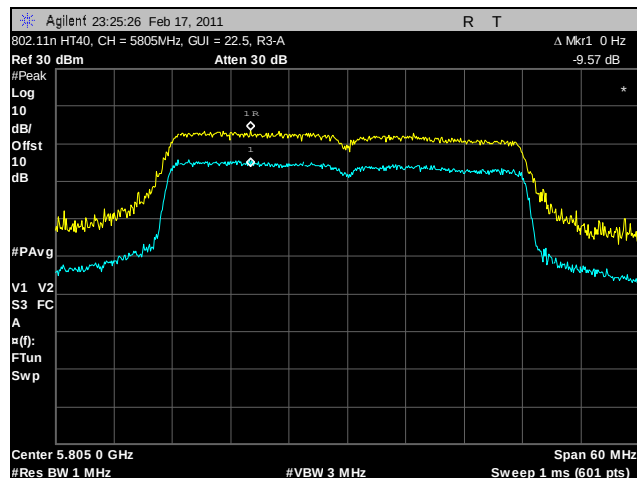
Peak Excursion Test Results, 802.11n HT40, Port A



Plot 79. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11n 40 MHz, Low Channel, Port A



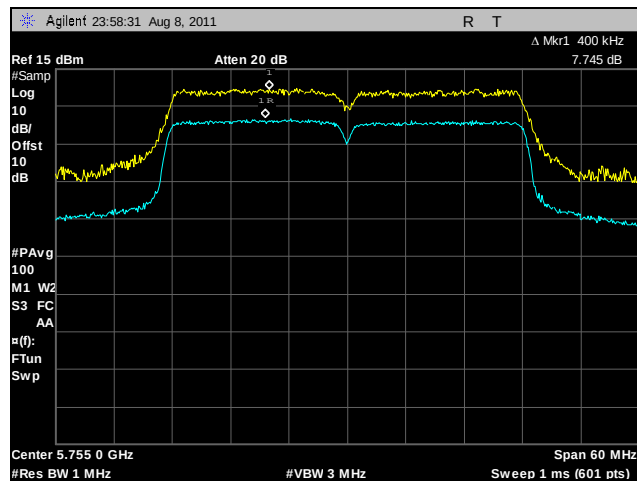
Plot 80. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11n 40 MHz, Mid Channel, Port A



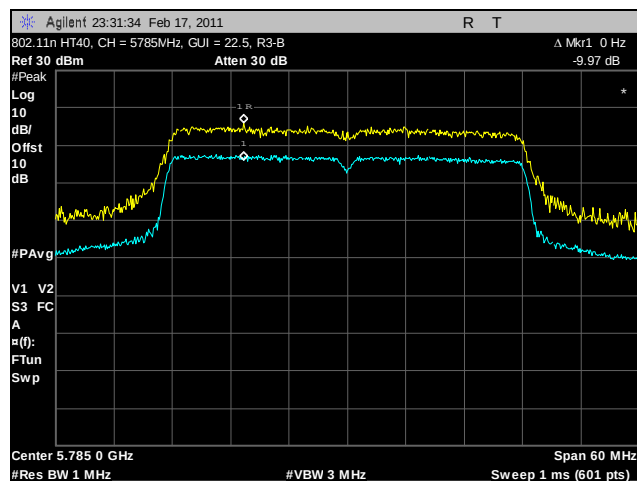
Plot 81. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11n 40 MHz, High Channel, Port A



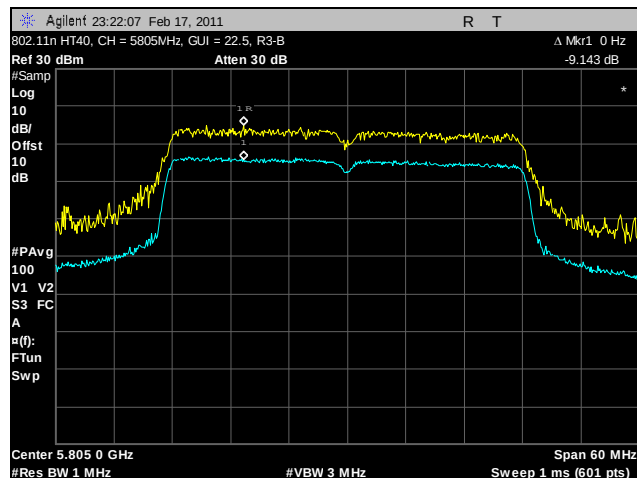
Peak Excursion Test Results, 802.11n HT40, Port B



Plot 82. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11n 40 MHz, Low Channel, Port B

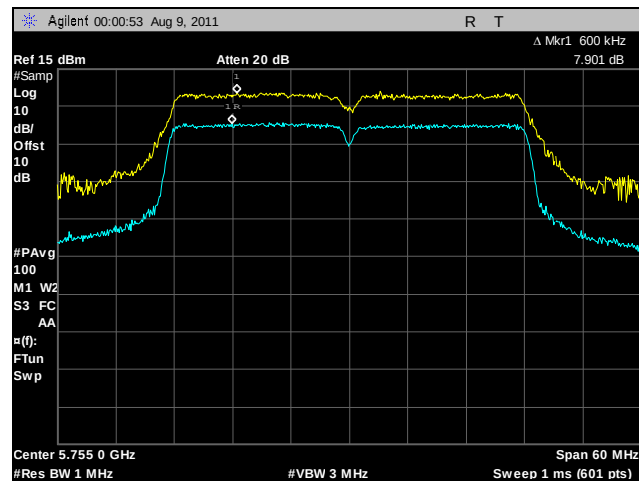


Plot 83. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11n 40 MHz, Mid Channel, Port B

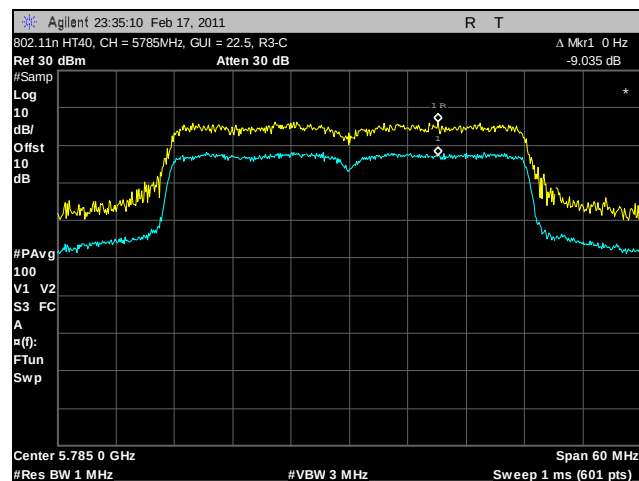


Plot 84. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11n 40 MHz, High Channel, Port B

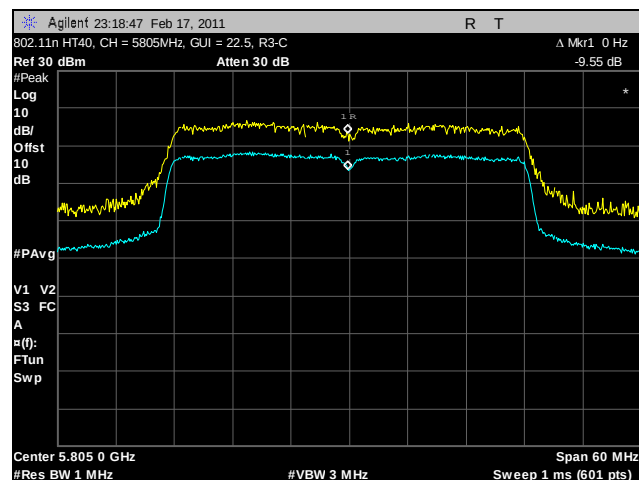
Peak Excursion Test Results, 802.11n HT40, Port C



Plot 85. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11n 40 MHz, Low Channel, Port C



Plot 86. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11n 40 MHz, Mid Channel, Port C



Plot 87. Peak Excursion Ratio, 802.11n 40 MHz, High Channel, Port C



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.407(b) Undesirable Emissions

Test Requirements: § 15.407(b)(4), (b)(6), (b)(7), §15.205: Emissions outside the frequency band.

§ 15.407(b)(4): For transmitters operating in the 5.725–5.825 GHz band: all emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an EIRP of –17 dBm/MHz; for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an EIRP of –27 dBm/MHz.

§ 15.407(b)(6): Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in Section 15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in Section 15.207.

§ 15.407(b)(7): The provisions of Section 15.205 of this part apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was placed on a wooden stand inside in a semi-anechoic chamber. Measurements were performed with the EUT rotated 360 degrees and varying the adjustable antenna mast height to determine worst case orientation for maximum emissions.

For frequencies from 30 MHz to 1 GHz, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth. Only noise floor was measured above 18GHz.

For measurements above 1 GHz, measurements were made with a Peak detector with 1 MHz resolution bandwidth. Where the spurious emissions fell into a restricted band, measurements were also made with an average detector to make sure they complied with 15.209 limits. Emissions were explored up to 40 GHz.

The equation, $EIRP = E + 20 \log D - 104.8$ was used to convert an EIRP limit to a field strength limit.

E = field strength (dBuV/m)

D = Reference measurement distance (m)

Measurements were made at 1m.

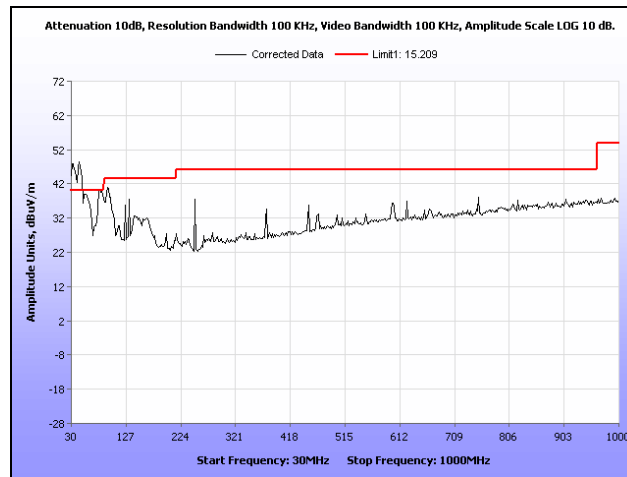
Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Radiated Emission limits for Intentional Radiators. See following pages for detailed test results. The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.

Test Engineer(s): Ben Taylor

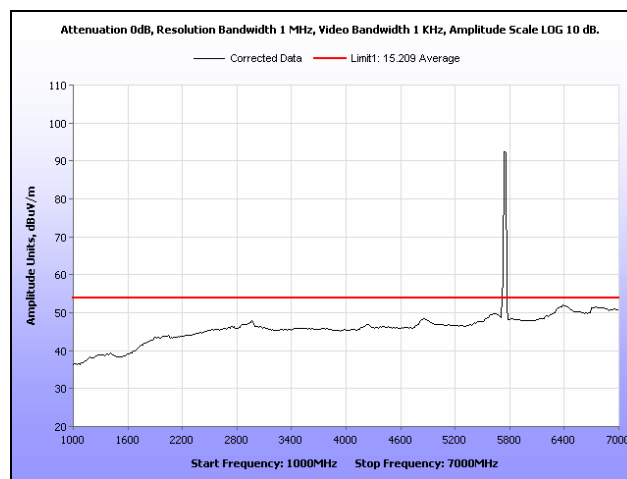
Test Date(s): 05/23/12



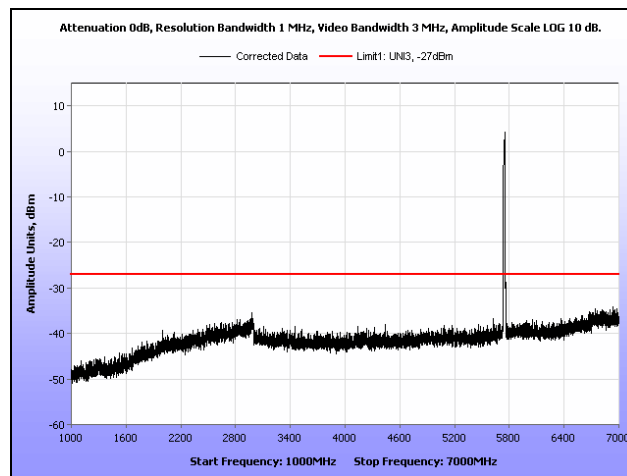
Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results, 802.11a



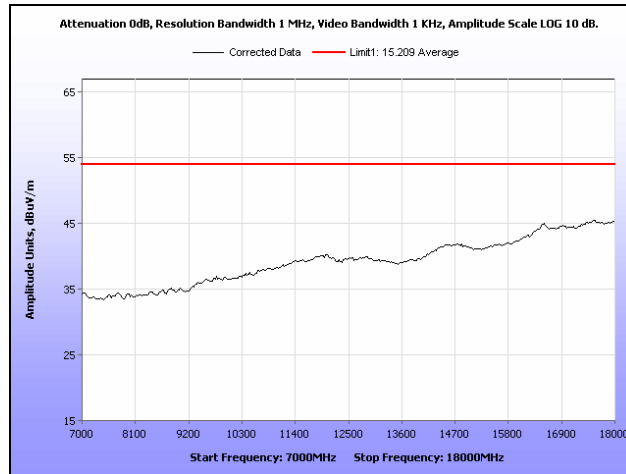
Plot 88. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11a, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



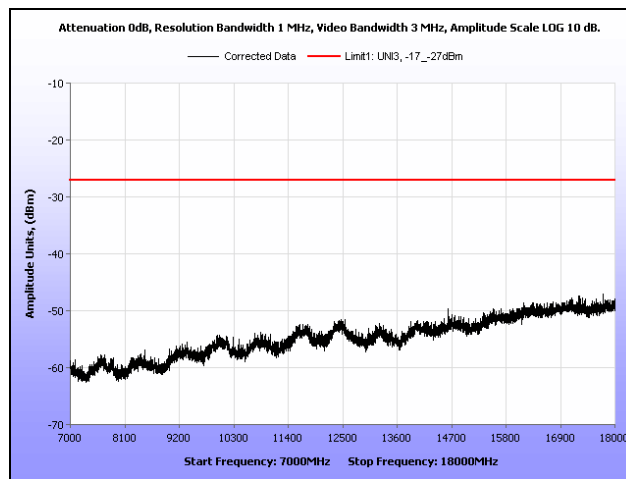
Plot 89. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11a, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, Average



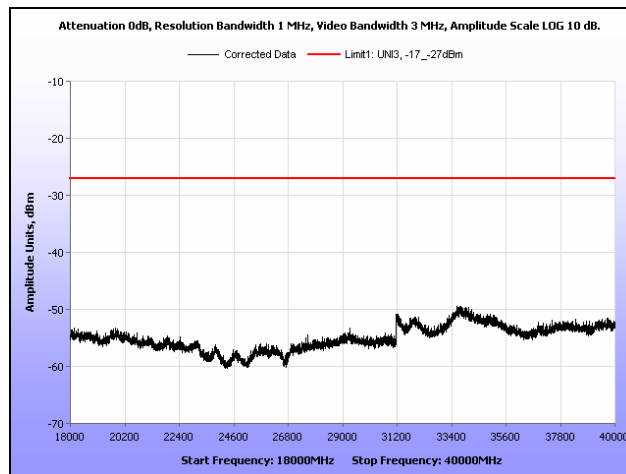
Plot 90. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11a, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 7 GHz



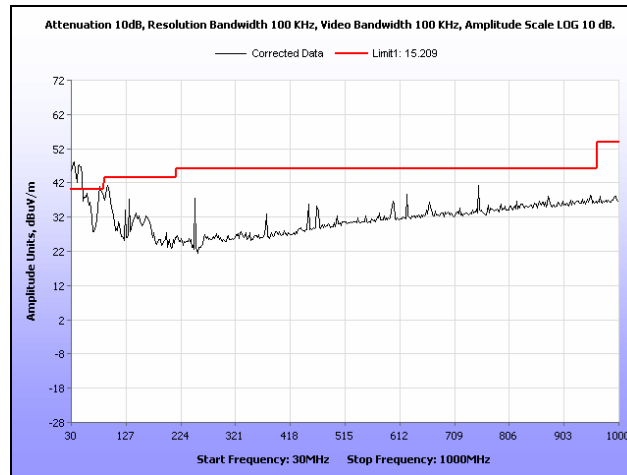
Plot 91. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11a, Low Channel, 7 GHz – 18 GHz, Average



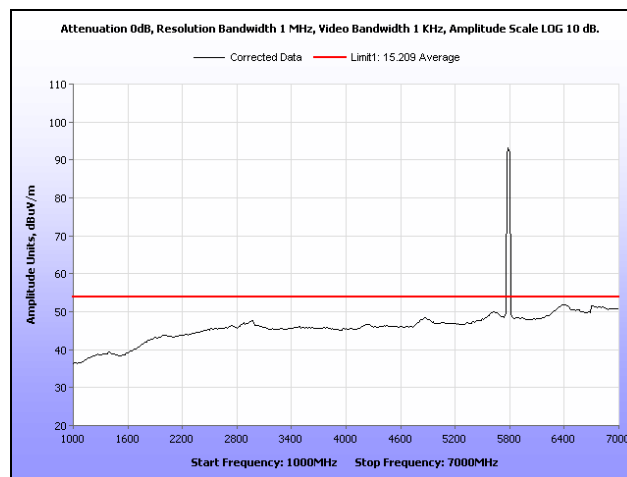
Plot 92. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11a, Low Channel, 7 GHz – 18 GHz



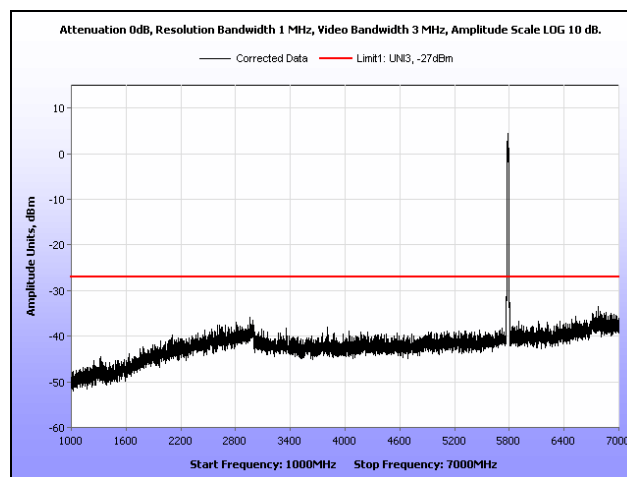
Plot 93. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11a, Low Channel, 18 GHz – 40 GHz



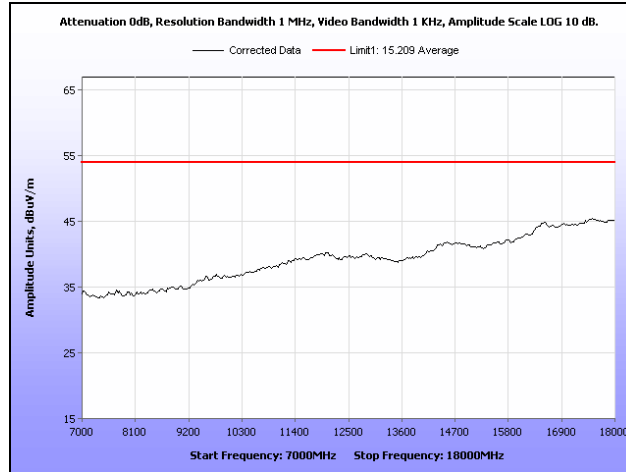
Plot 94. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11a, Mid Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



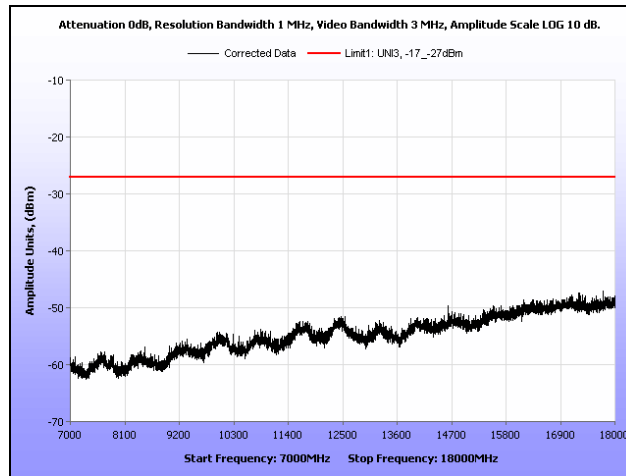
Plot 95. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11a, Mid Channel, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, Average



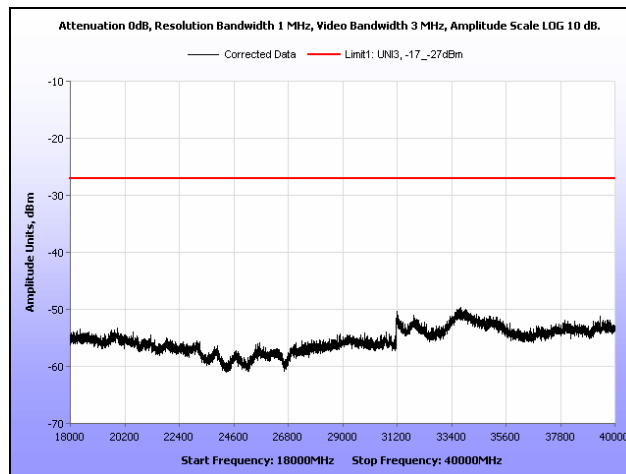
Plot 96. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11a, Mid Channel, 1 GHz – 7 GHz



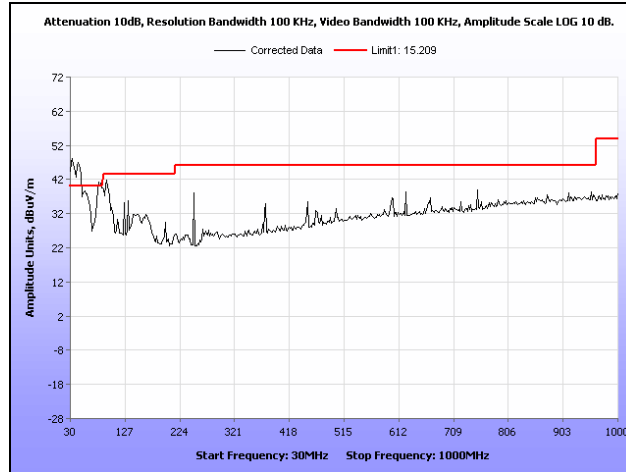
Plot 97. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11a, Mid Channel, 7 GHz – 18 GHz, Average



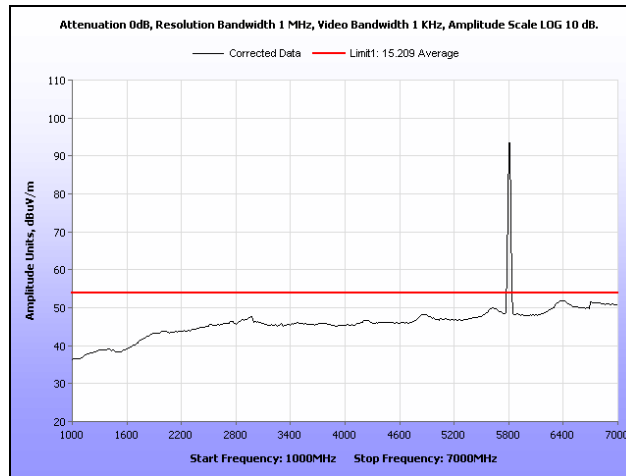
Plot 98. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11a, Mid Channel, 7 GHz – 18 GHz



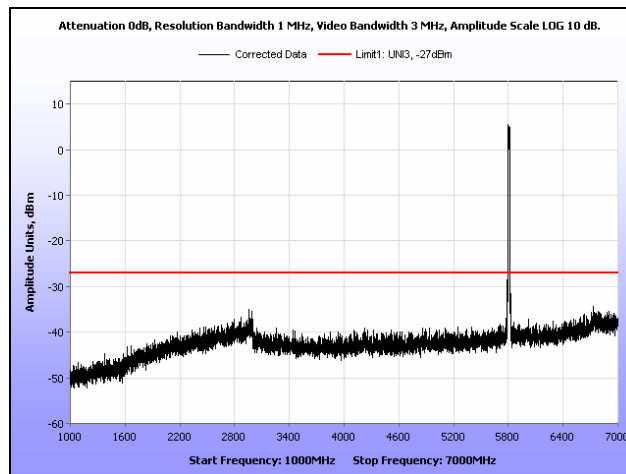
Plot 99. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11a, Mid Channel, 18 GHz – 40 GHz



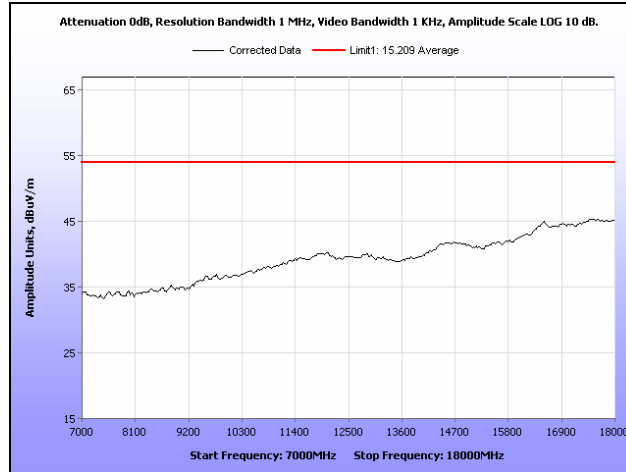
Plot 100. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11a, High Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



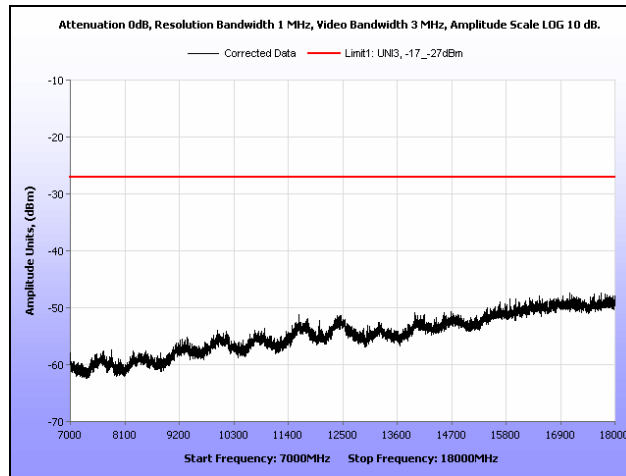
Plot 101. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11a, High Channel, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, Average



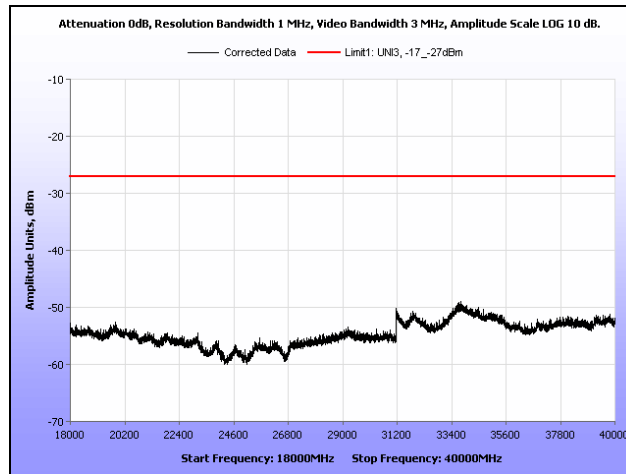
Plot 102. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11a, High Channel, 1 GHz – 7 GHz



Plot 103. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11a, High Channel, 7 GHz – 18 GHz, Average



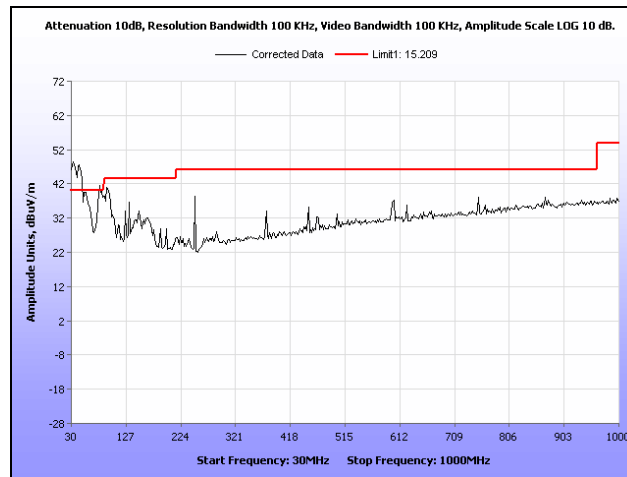
Plot 104. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11a, High Channel, 7 GHz – 18 GHz



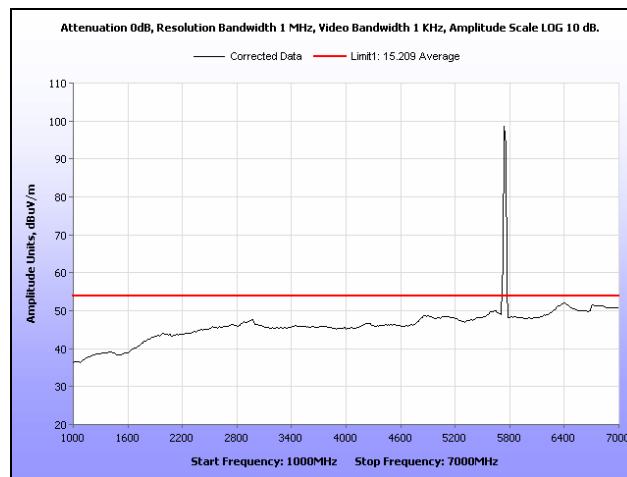
Plot 105. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11a, High Channel, 18 GHz – 40 GHz



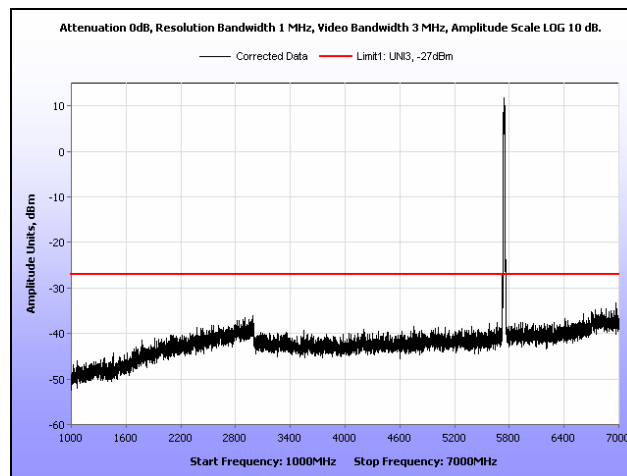
Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results, 802.11n HT20



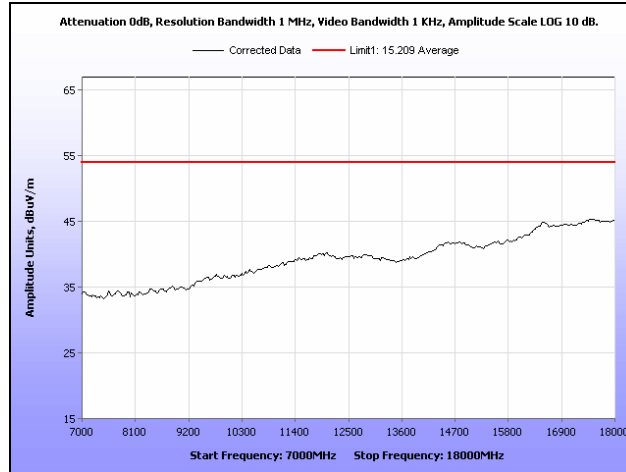
Plot 106. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 20 MHz, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



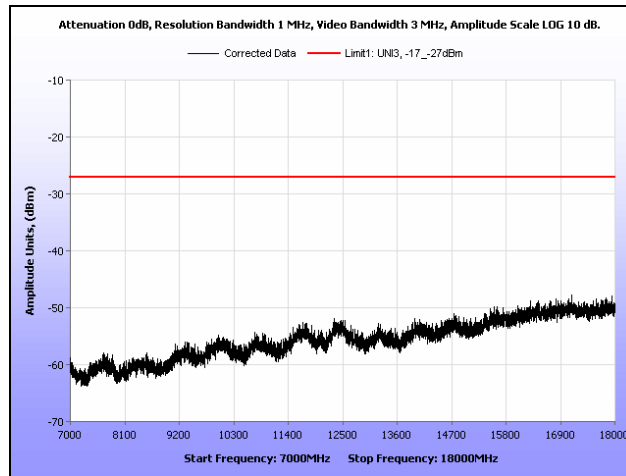
Plot 107. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 20 MHz, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, Average



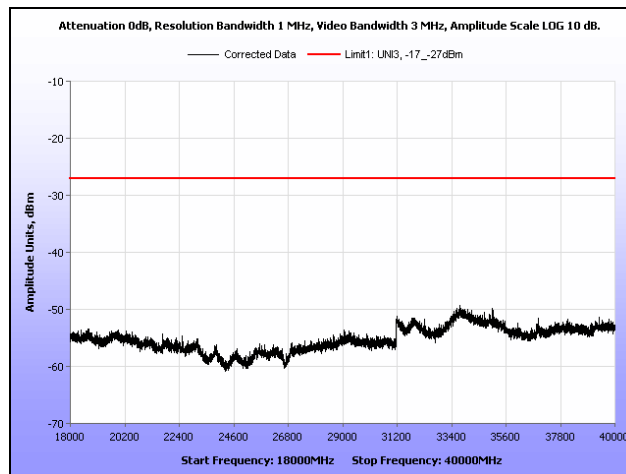
Plot 108. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 20 MHz, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 7 GHz



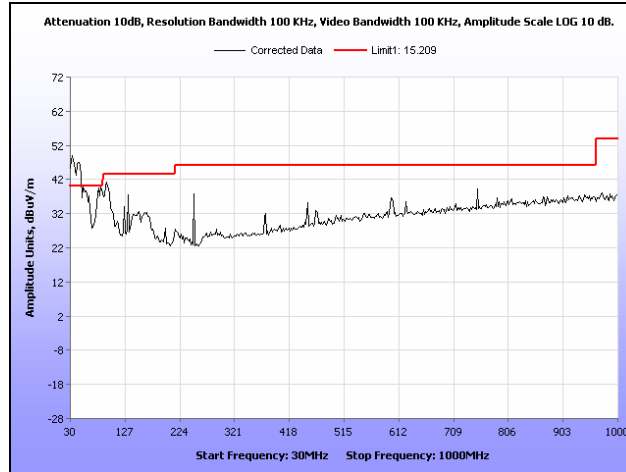
Plot 109. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 20 MHz, Low Channel, 7 GHz – 18 GHz, Average



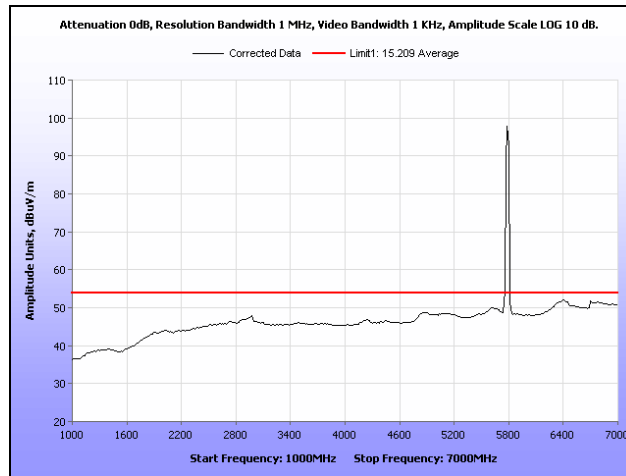
Plot 110. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 20 MHz, Low Channel, 7 GHz – 18 GHz



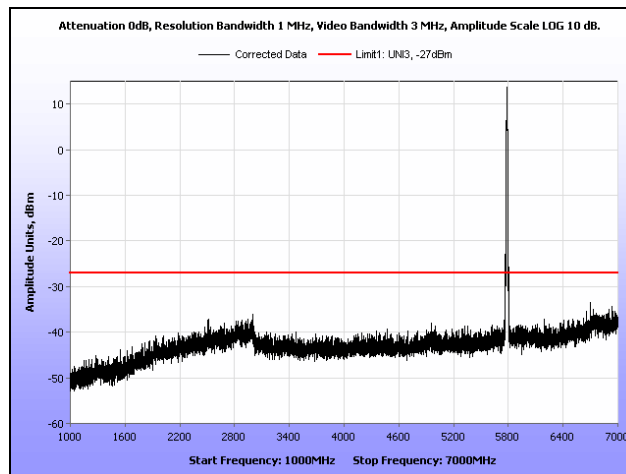
Plot 111. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 20 MHz, Low Channel, 18 GHz – 40 GHz



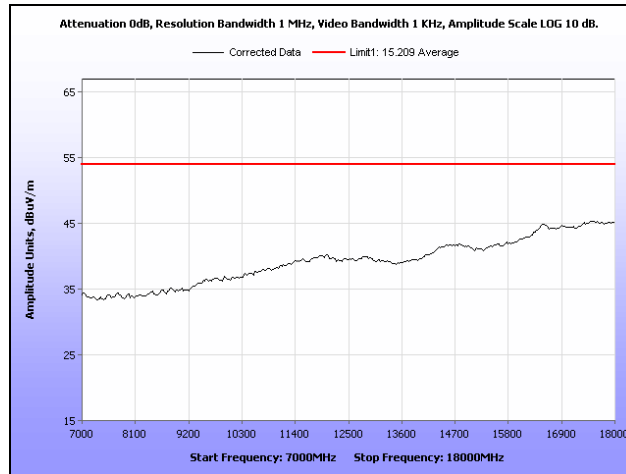
Plot 112. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 20 MHz, Mid Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



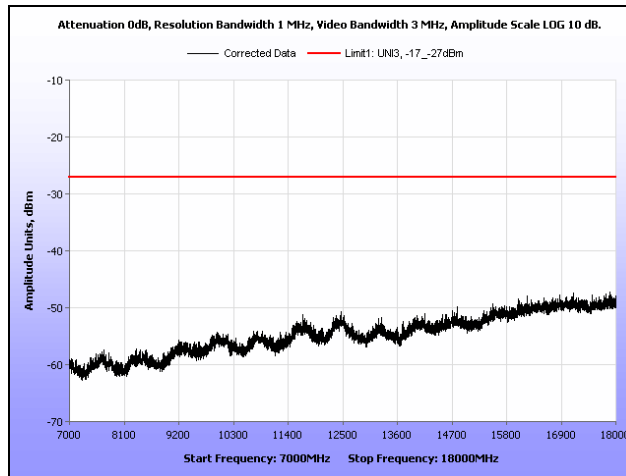
Plot 113. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 20 MHz, Mid Channel, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, Average



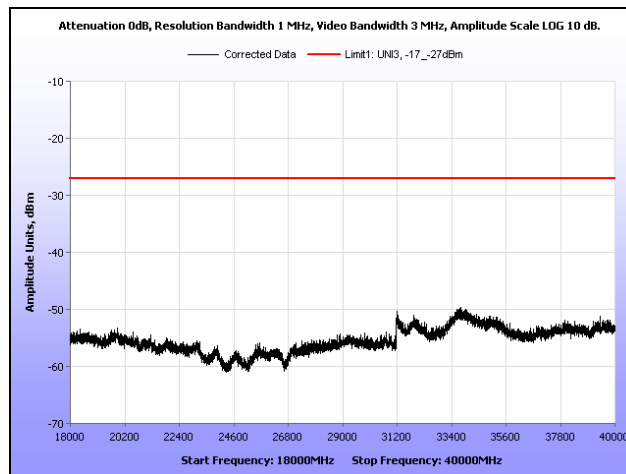
Plot 114. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 20 MHz, Mid Channel, 1 GHz – 7 GHz



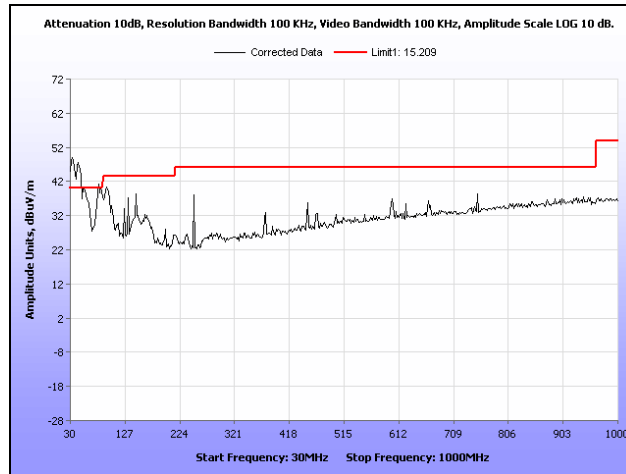
Plot 115. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 20 MHz, Mid Channel, 7 GHz – 18 GHz, Average



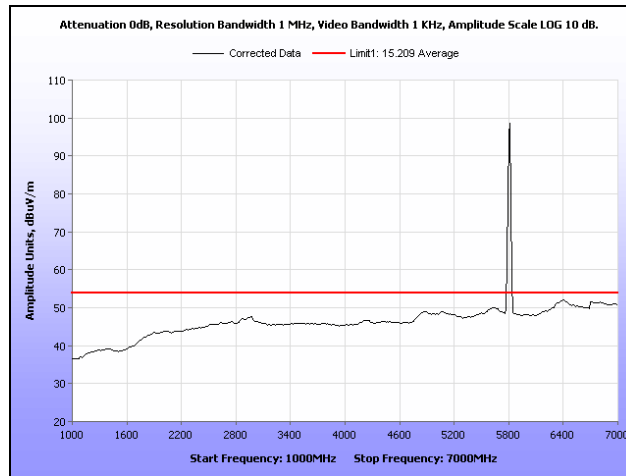
Plot 116. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 20 MHz, Mid Channel, 7 GHz – 18 GHz



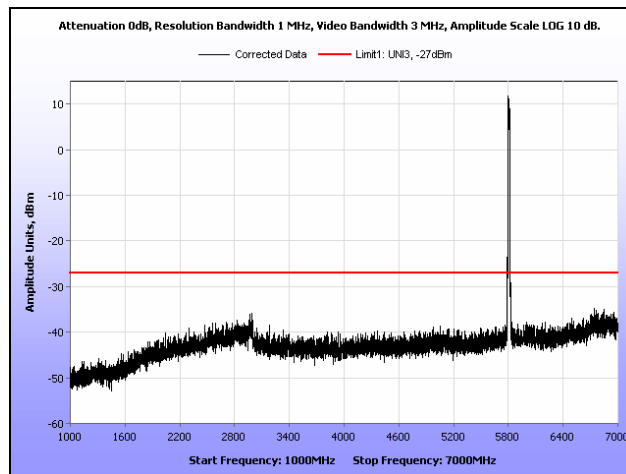
Plot 117. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 20 MHz, Mid Channel, 18 GHz – 40 GHz



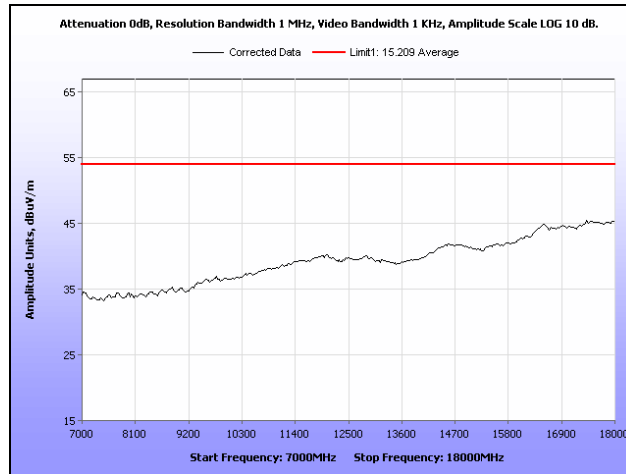
Plot 118. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 20 MHz, High Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



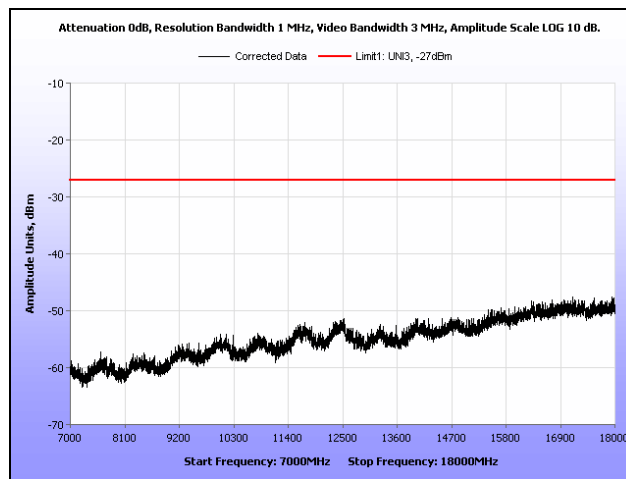
Plot 119. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 20 MHz, High Channel, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, Average



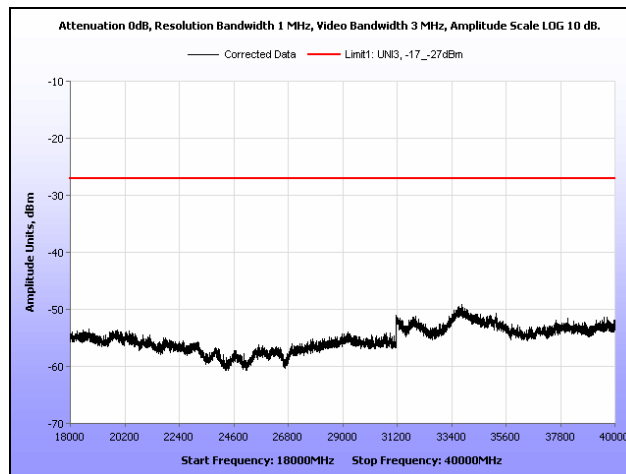
Plot 120. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 20 MHz, High Channel, 1 GHz – 7 GHz



Plot 121. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 20 MHz, High Channel, 7 GHz – 18 GHz, Average



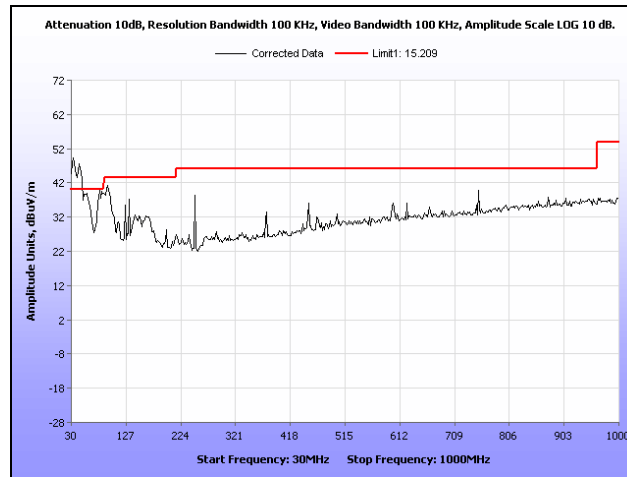
Plot 122. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 20 MHz, High Channel, 7 GHz – 18 GHz



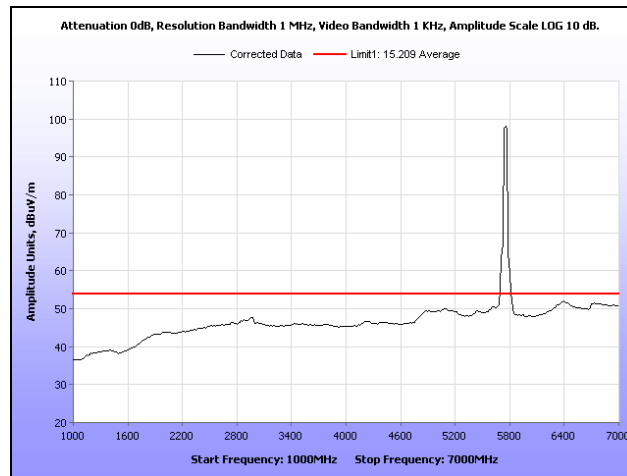
Plot 123. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 20 MHz, High Channel, 18 GHz – 40 GHz



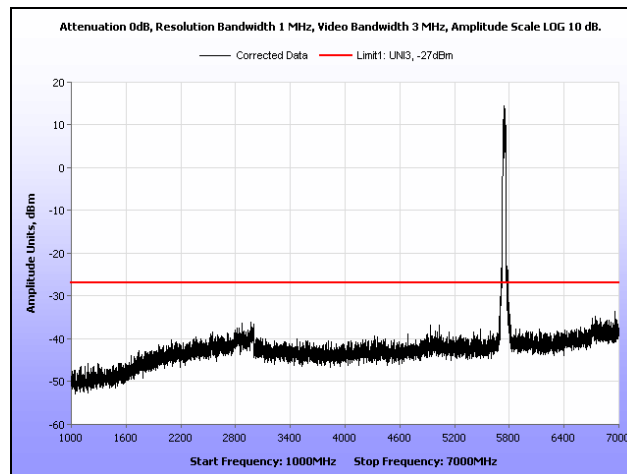
Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results, 802.11n HT40



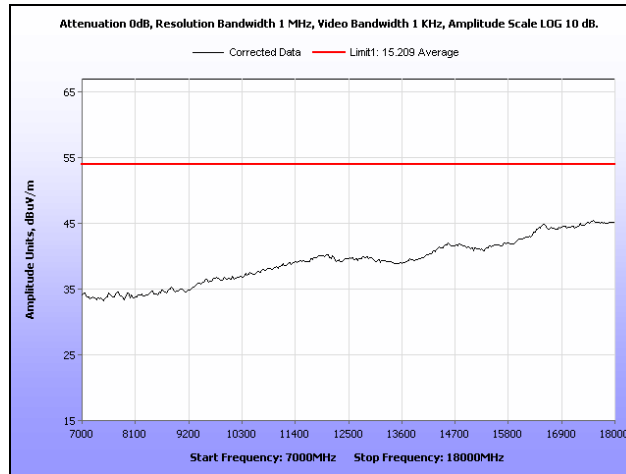
Plot 124. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 40 MHz, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



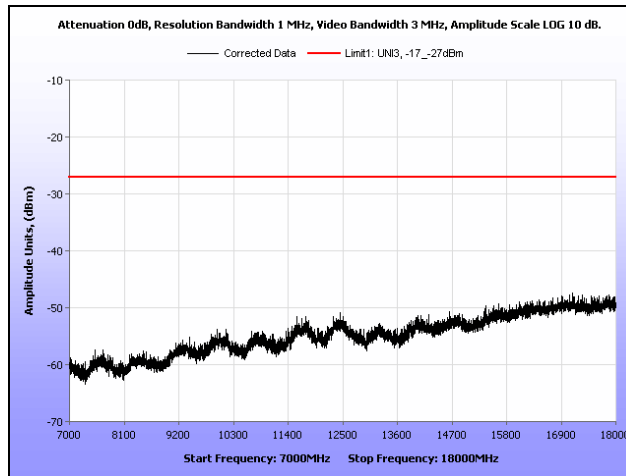
Plot 125. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 40 MHz, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, Average



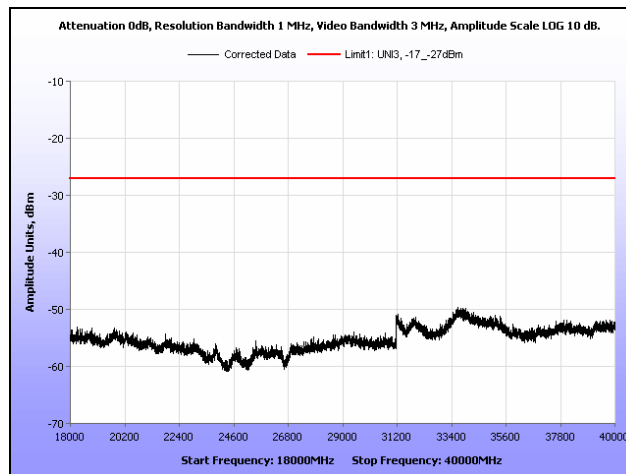
Plot 126. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 40 MHz, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 7 GHz



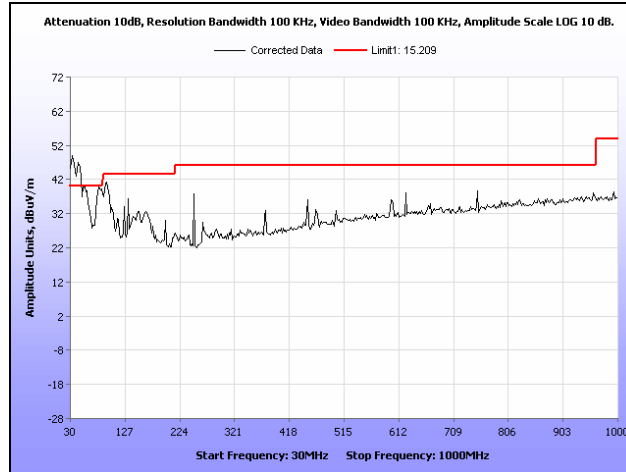
Plot 127. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 40 MHz, Low Channel, 7 GHz – 18 GHz, Average



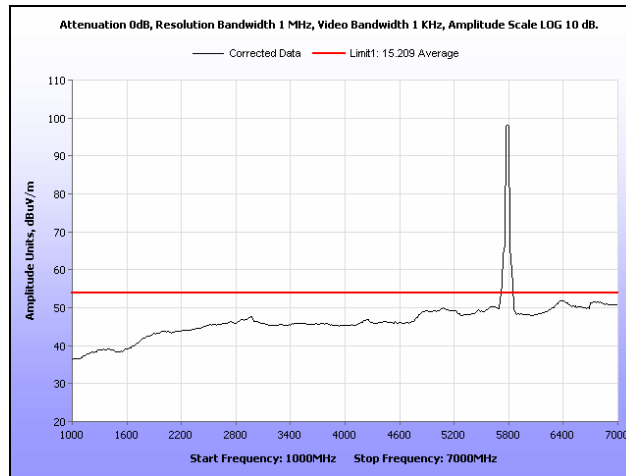
Plot 128. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 40 MHz, Low Channel, 7 GHz – 18 GHz



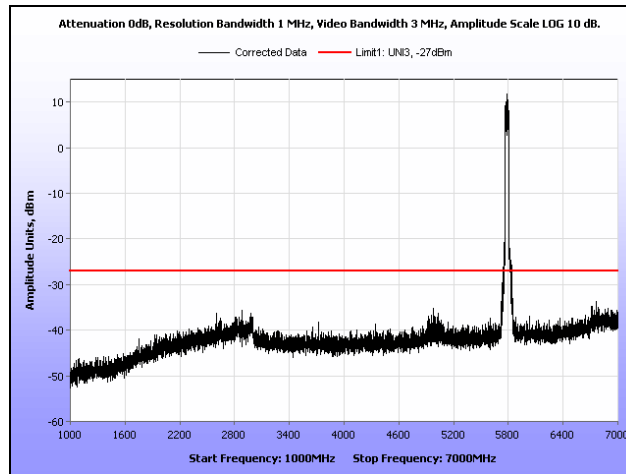
Plot 129. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 40 MHz, Low Channel, 18 GHz – 40 GHz



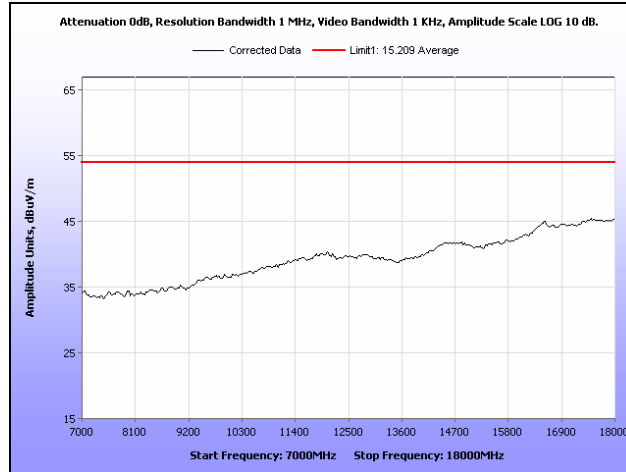
Plot 130. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 40 MHz, Mid Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



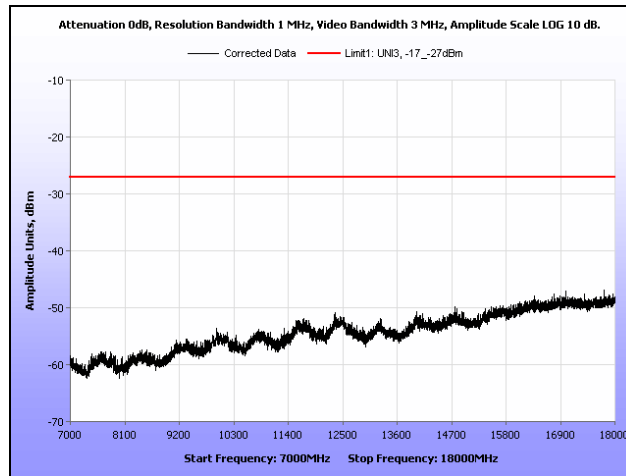
Plot 131. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 40 MHz, Mid Channel, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, Average



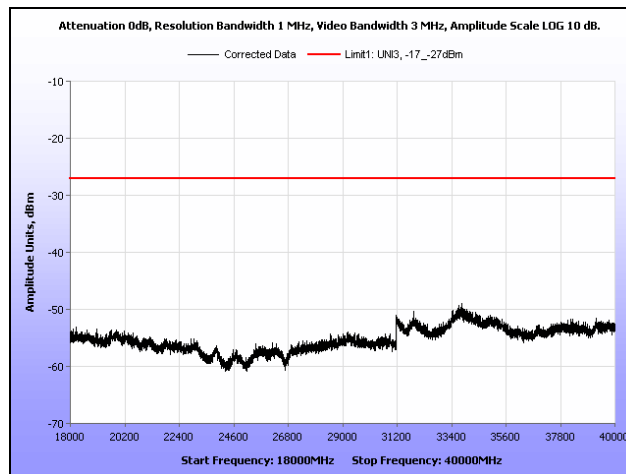
Plot 132. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 40 MHz, Mid Channel, 1 GHz – 7 GHz



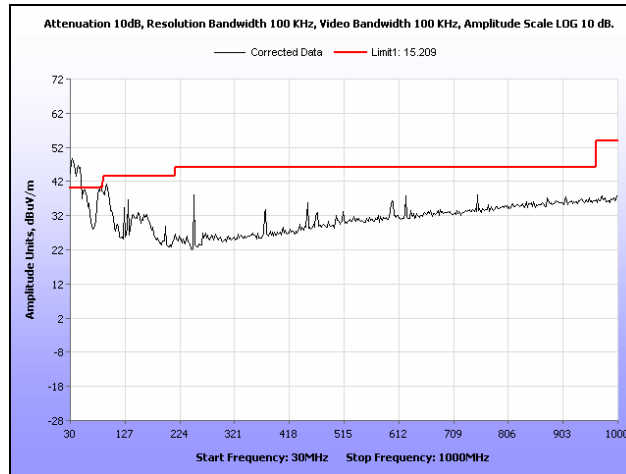
Plot 133. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 40 MHz, Mid Channel, 7 GHz – 18 GHz, Average



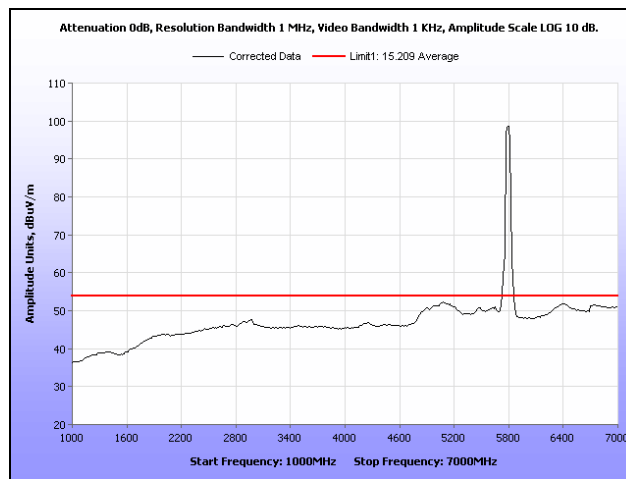
Plot 134. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 40 MHz, Mid Channel, 7 GHz – 18 GHz



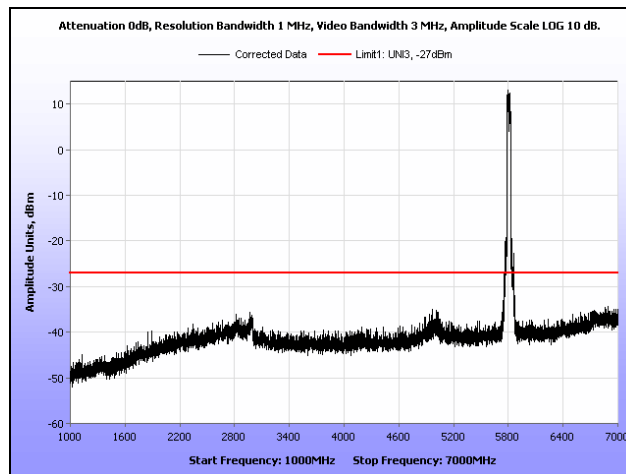
Plot 135. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 40 MHz, Mid Channel, 18 GHz – 40 GHz



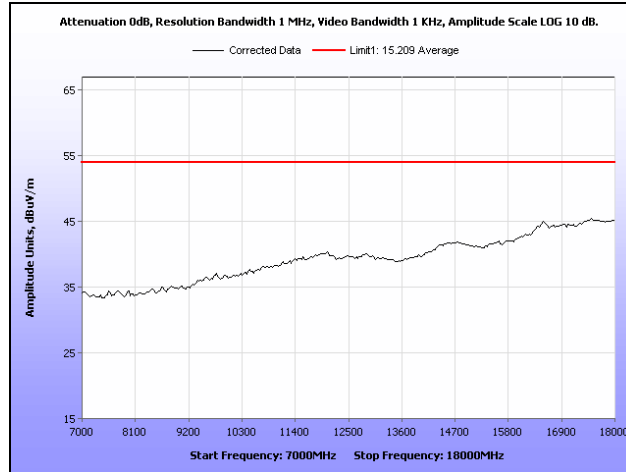
Plot 136. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 40 MHz, High Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



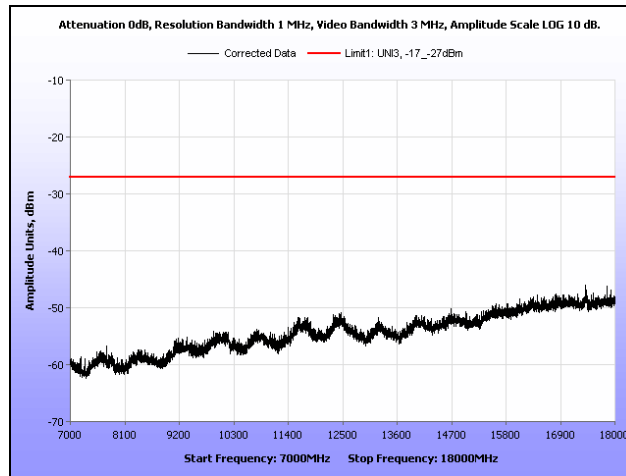
Plot 137. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 40 MHz, High Channel, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, Average



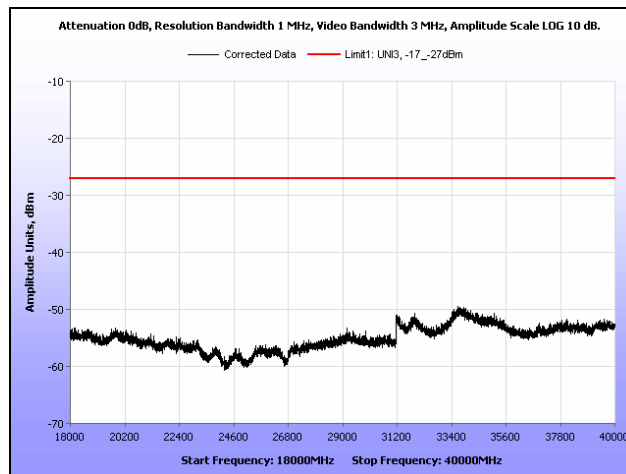
Plot 138. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 40 MHz, High Channel, 1 GHz – 7 GHz



Plot 139. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 40 MHz, High Channel, 7 GHz – 18 GHz, Average



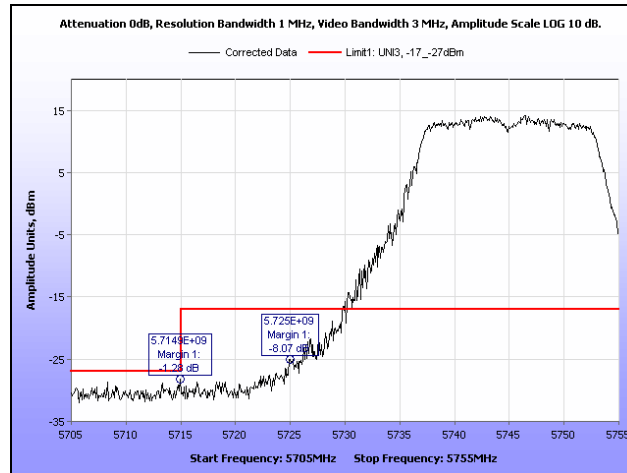
Plot 140. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 40 MHz, High Channel, 7 GHz – 18 GHz



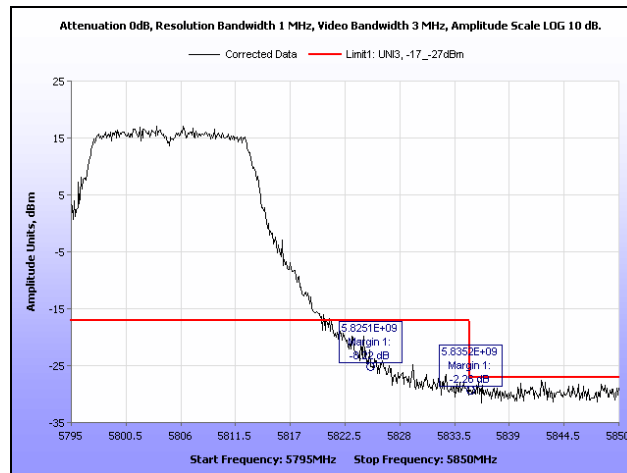
Plot 141. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11n 40 MHz, High Channel, 18 GHz – 40 GHz



§15.407 (b)(3) Radiated Band Edge, 802.11a



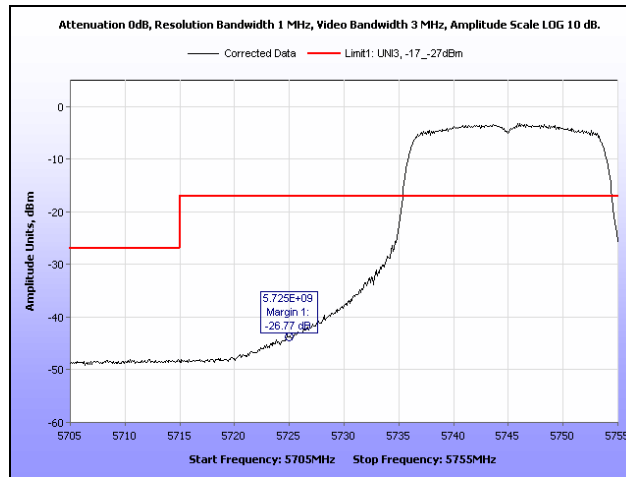
Plot 142. Band Edge, 802.11a, Low Channel



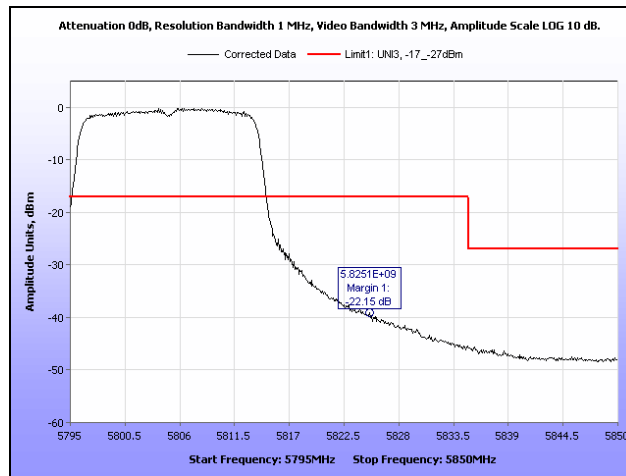
Plot 143. Band Edge, 802.11a, High Channel



Radiated Band Edge, 802.11n HT20



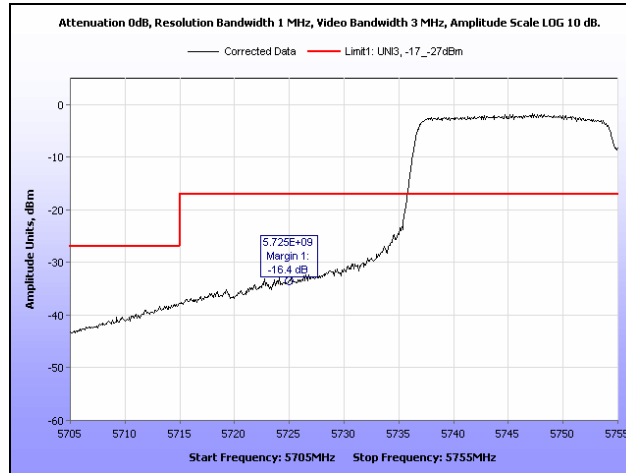
Plot 144. Band Edge, 802.11n HT20, Low Channel



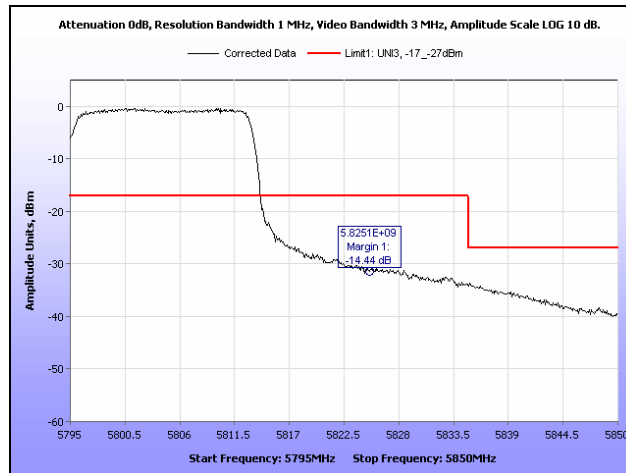
Plot 145. Band Edge, 802.11n HT20, High Channel



Radiated Band Edge, 802.11n HT40



Plot 146. Band Edge, 802.11n HT40, Low Channel



Plot 147. Band Edge, 802.11n HT40, High Channel



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.407(g) Frequency Stability

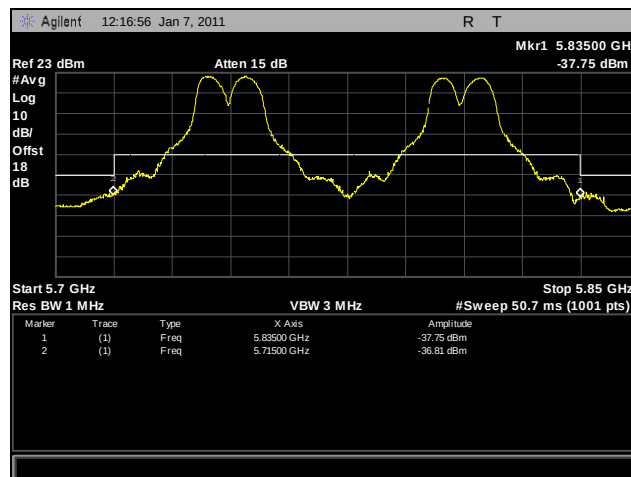
Test Requirements: § 15.407(g): Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user manual.

Test Procedure: The EUT was connected directly to a spectrum analyzer through a attenuator. The resolution band width of the spectrum analyzer was set to 1 MHz.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the requirements of §15.407(g).

Test Engineer(s): Jeff Pratt

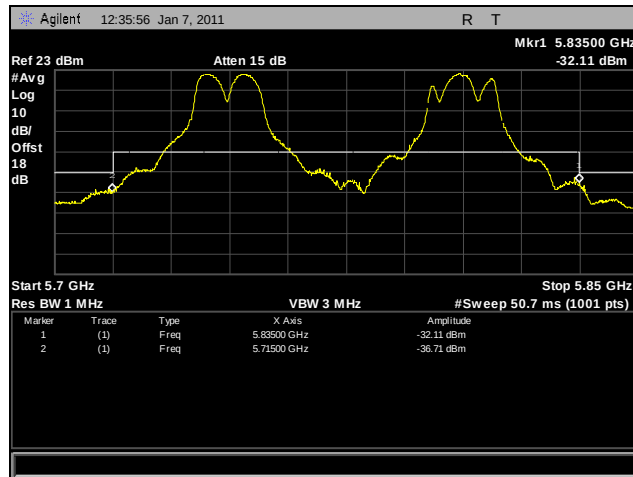
Test Date(s): 05/11/11



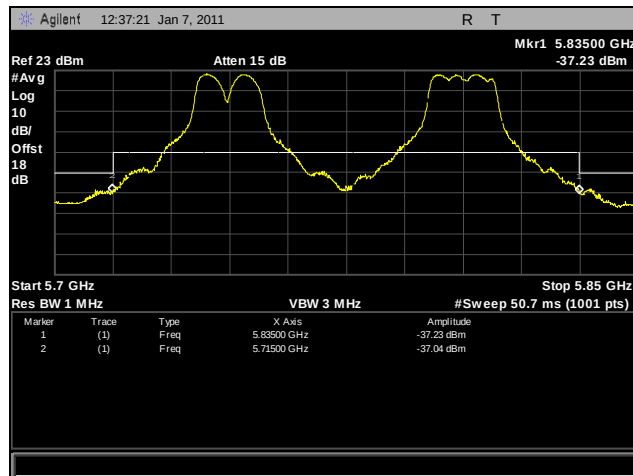
Plot 148. Frequency Stability, Ambient 5725 MHz – 5825 MHz



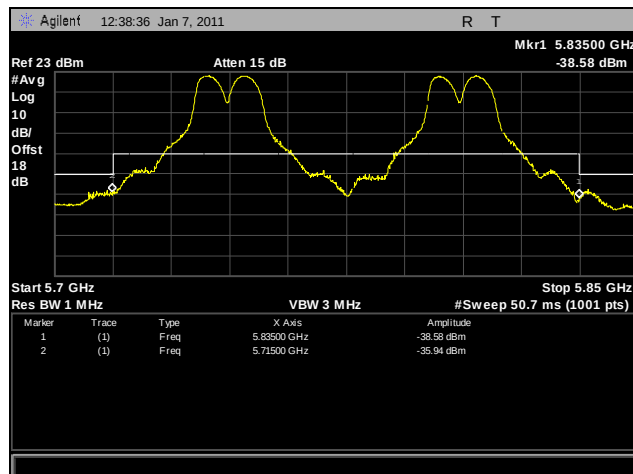
Frequency Stability Test Results



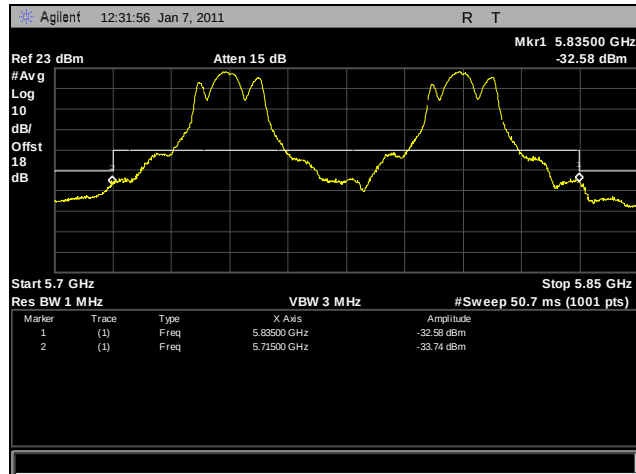
Plot 149. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 0°C, 102 VAC



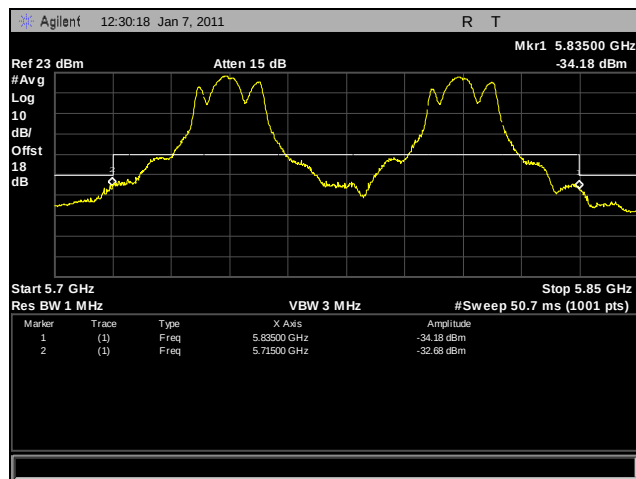
Plot 150. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 0°C, 120 VAC



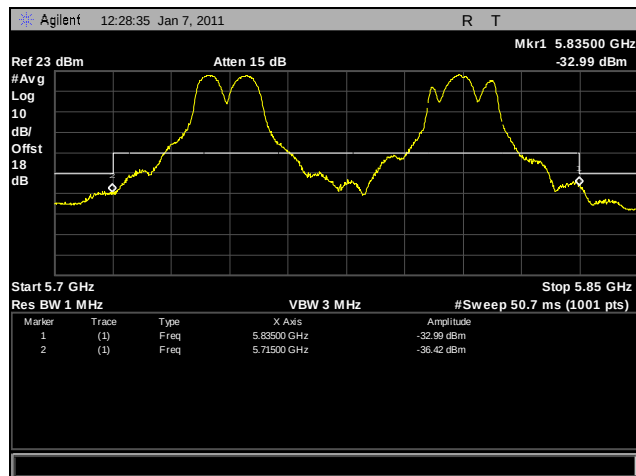
Plot 151. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 0°C, 138 VAC



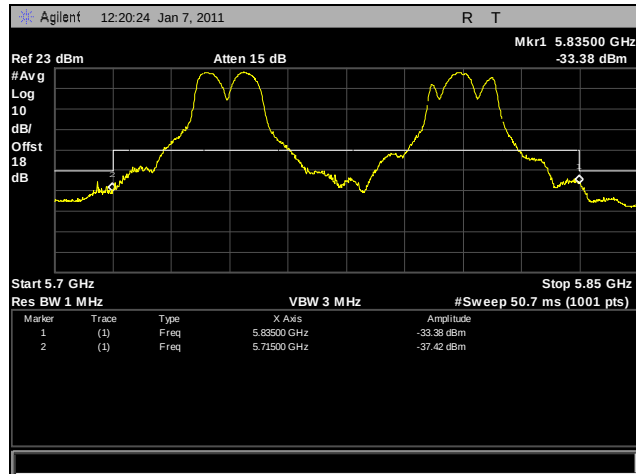
Plot 152. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 10°C, 102 VAC



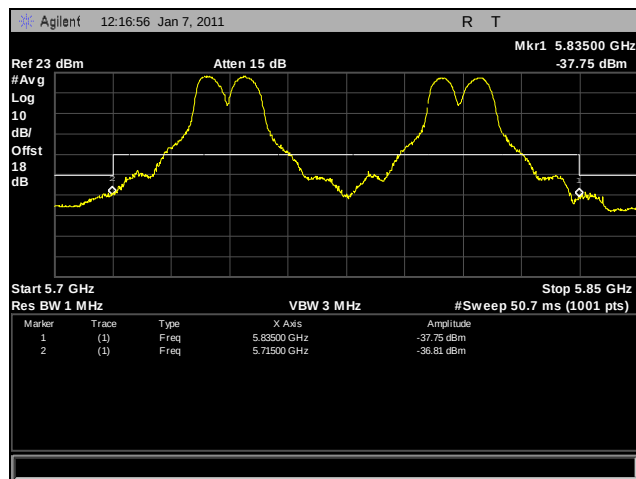
Plot 153. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 10°C, 120 VAC



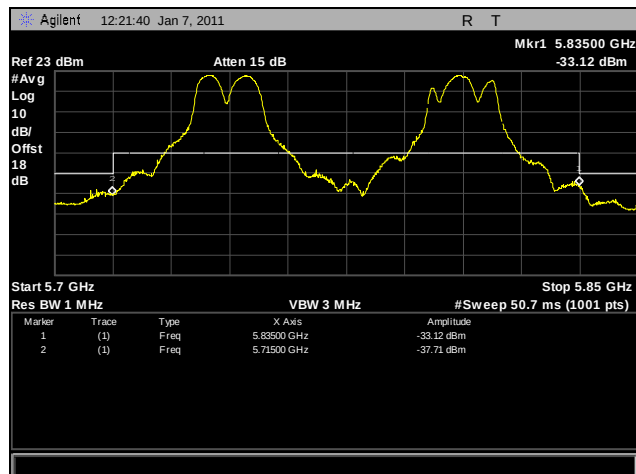
Plot 154. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 10°C, 138 VAC



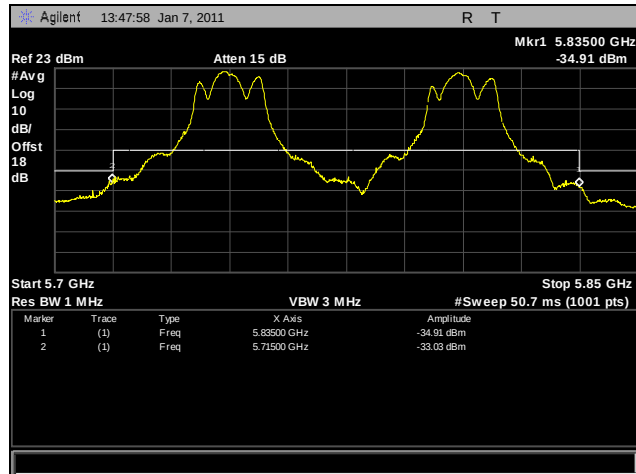
Plot 155. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 20°C, 102 VAC



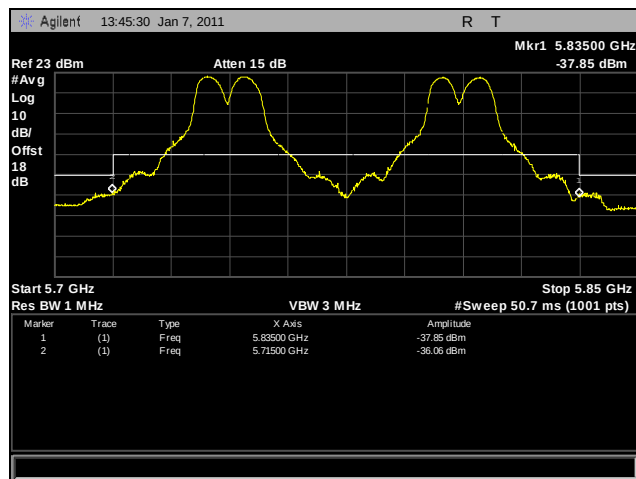
Plot 156. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 20°C, 120 VAC



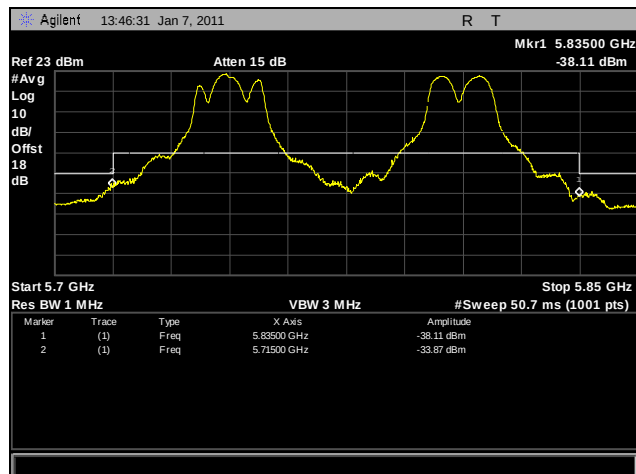
Plot 157. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 20°C, 138 VAC



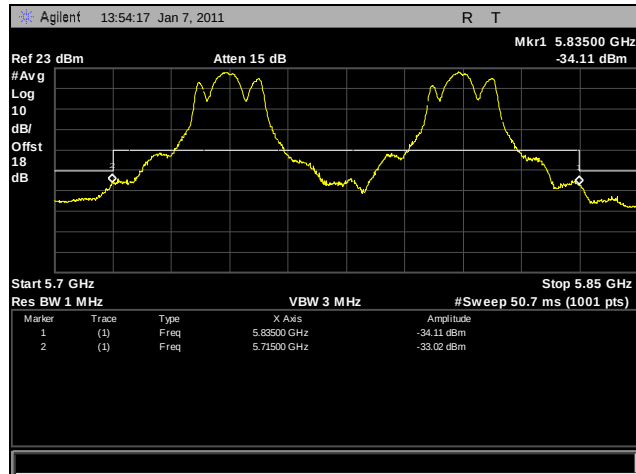
Plot 158. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 30°C, 102 VAC



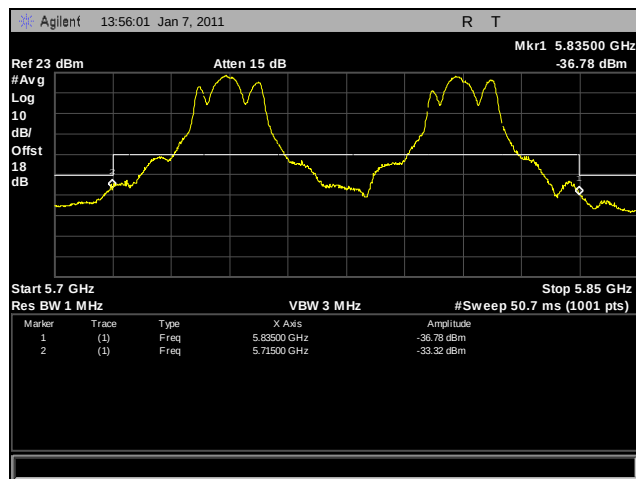
Plot 159. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 30°C, 120 VAC



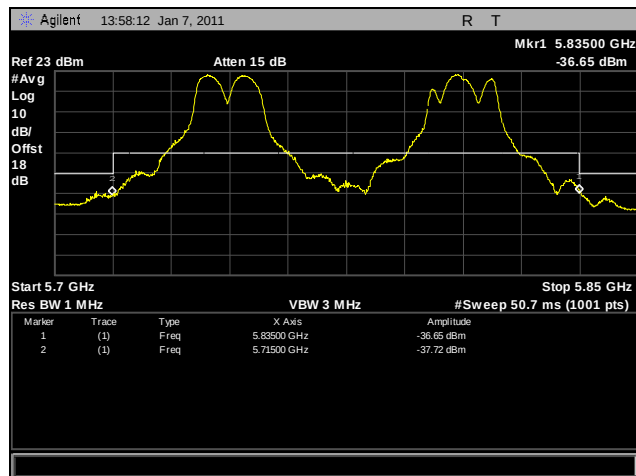
Plot 160. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 30°C, 138 VAC



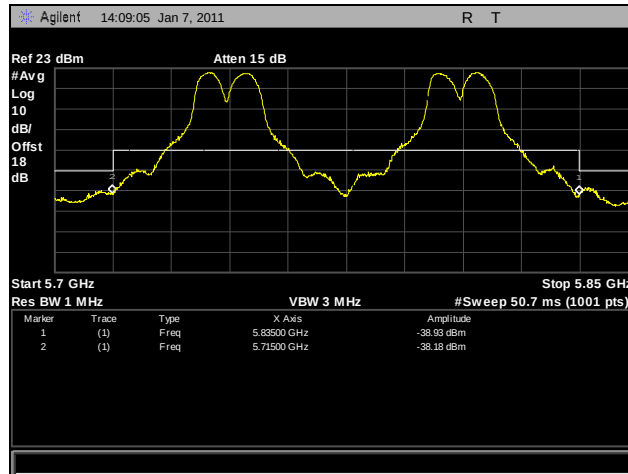
Plot 161. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 40°C, 102 VAC



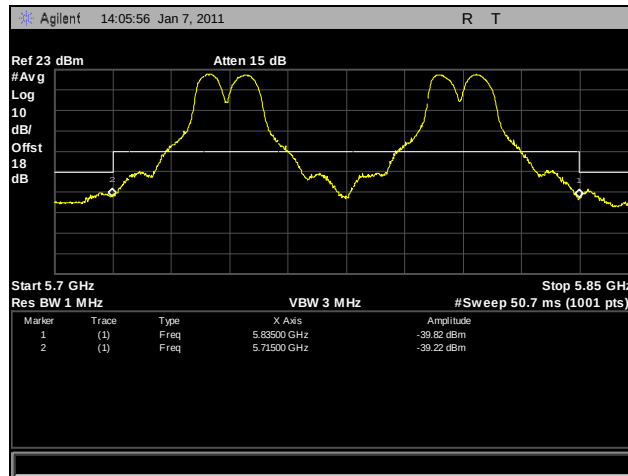
Plot 162. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 40°C, 120 VAC



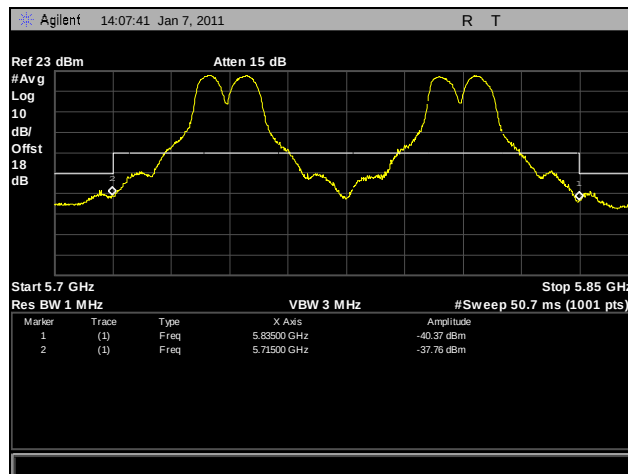
Plot 163. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 40°C, 138 VAC



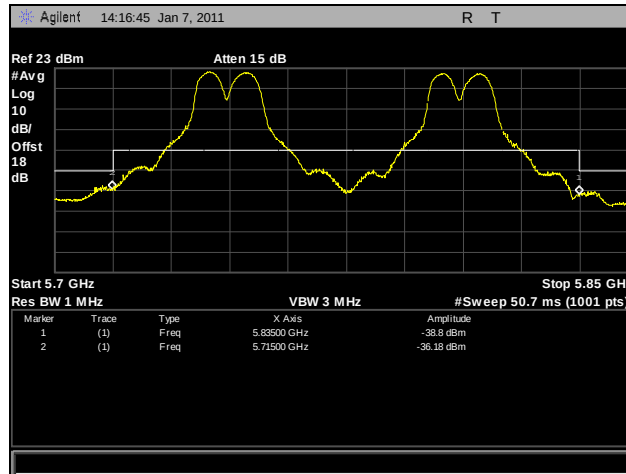
Plot 164. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 50°C, 102 VAC



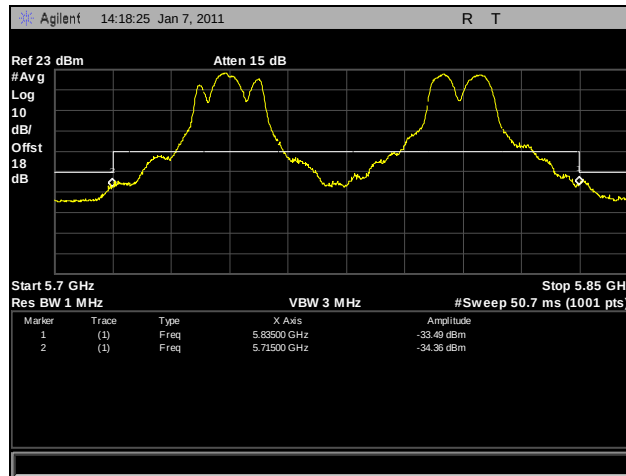
Plot 165. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 50°C, 120 VAC



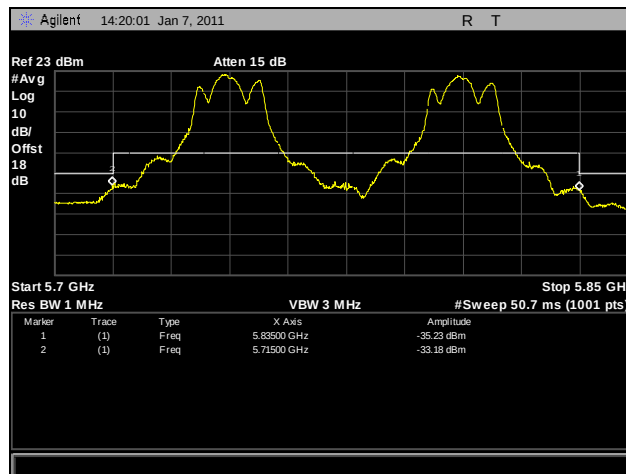
Plot 166. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 50°C, 138 VAC



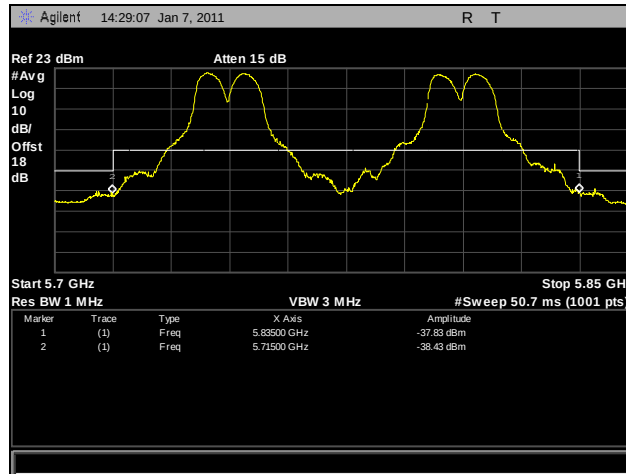
Plot 167. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 60°C, 102 VAC



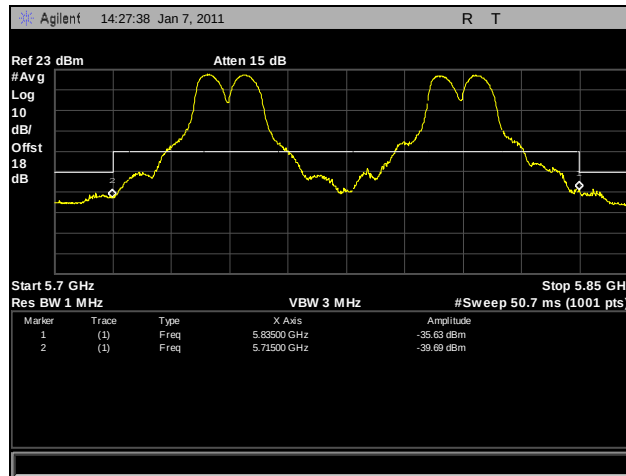
Plot 168. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 60°C, 120 VAC



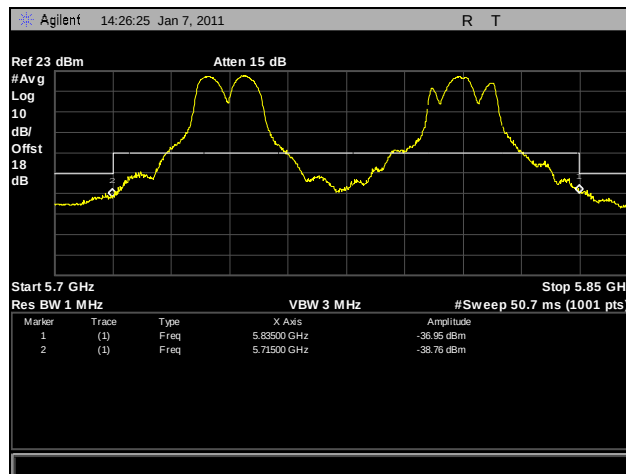
Plot 169. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 60°C, 138 VAC



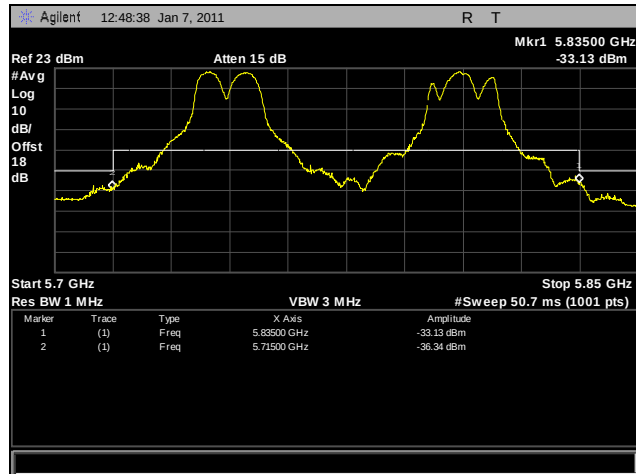
Plot 170. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 70°C, 102 VAC



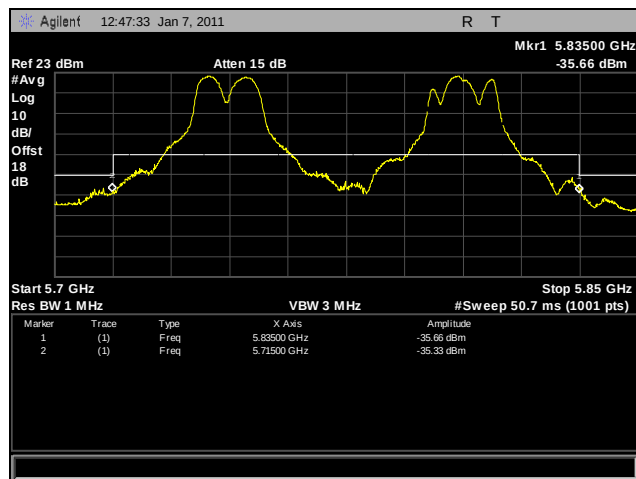
Plot 171. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 70°C, 120 VAC



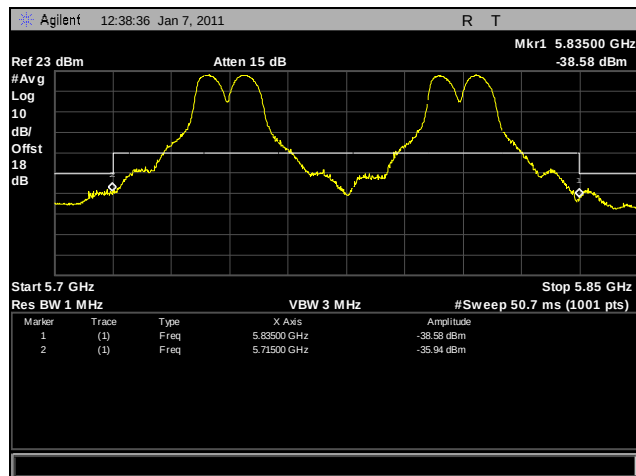
Plot 172. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, 70°C, 138 VAC



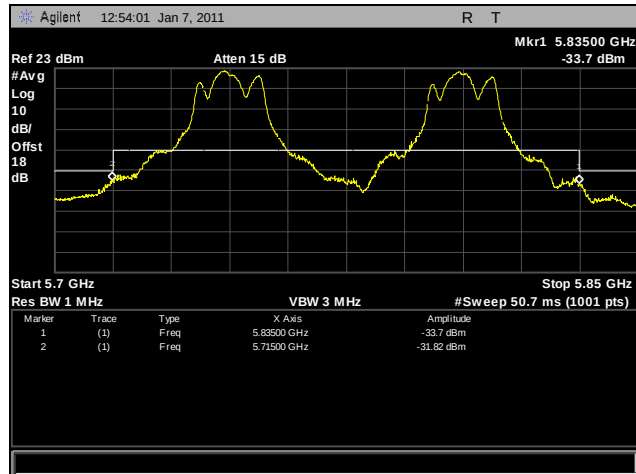
Plot 173. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, -10°C, 102 VAC



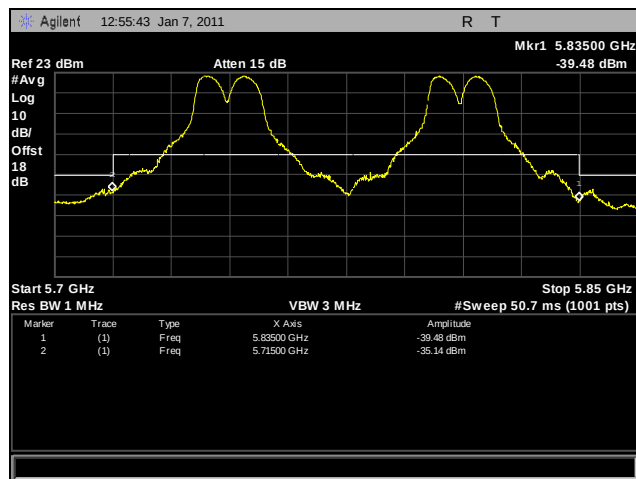
Plot 174. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, -10°C, 120 VAC



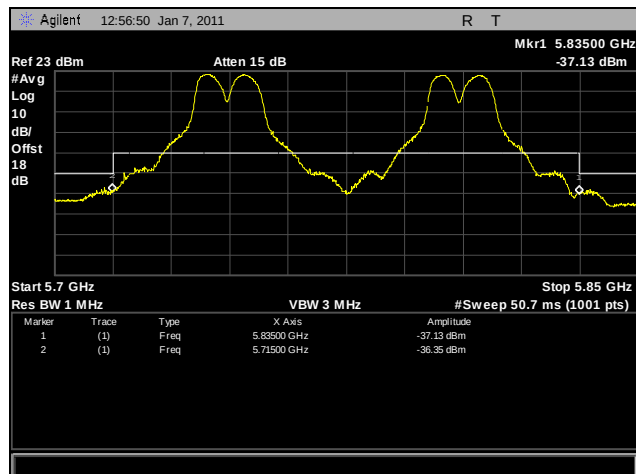
Plot 175. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, -10°C, 138 VAC



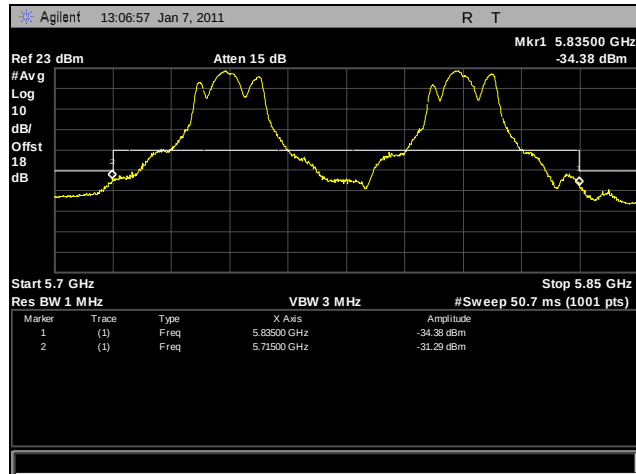
Plot 176. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, -20°C, 102 VAC



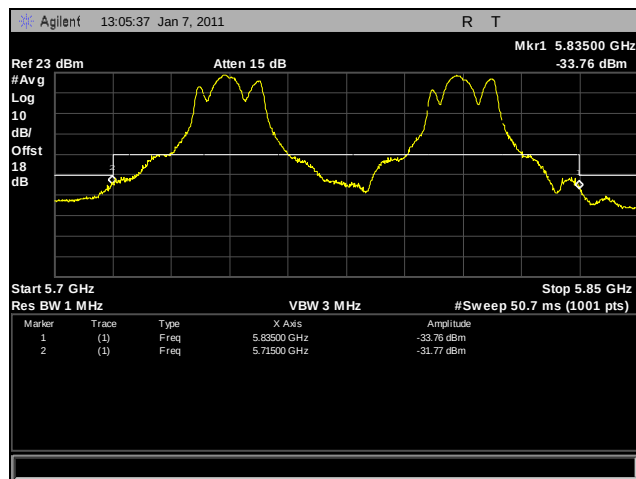
Plot 177. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, -20°C, 120 VAC



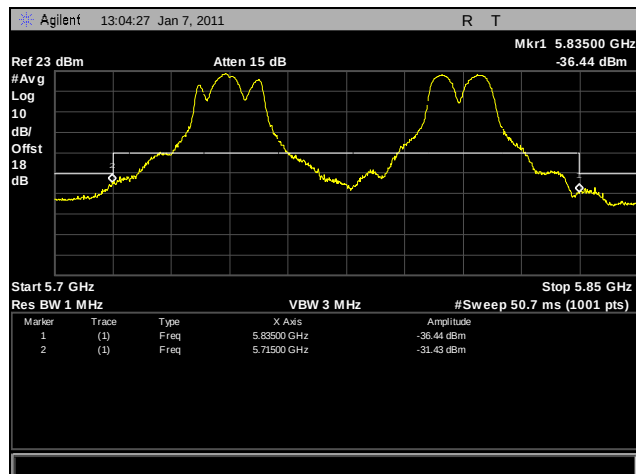
Plot 178. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, -20°C, 138 VAC



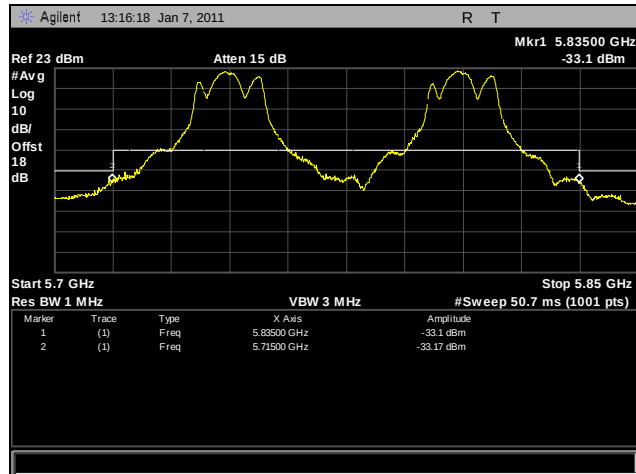
Plot 179. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, -30°C, 102 VAC



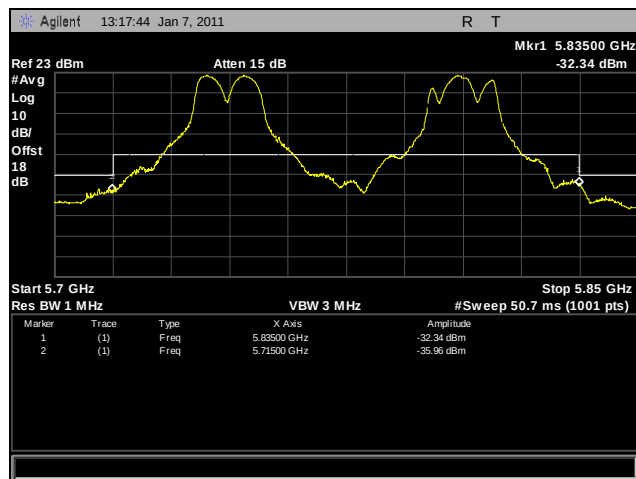
Plot 180. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, -30°C, 120 VAC



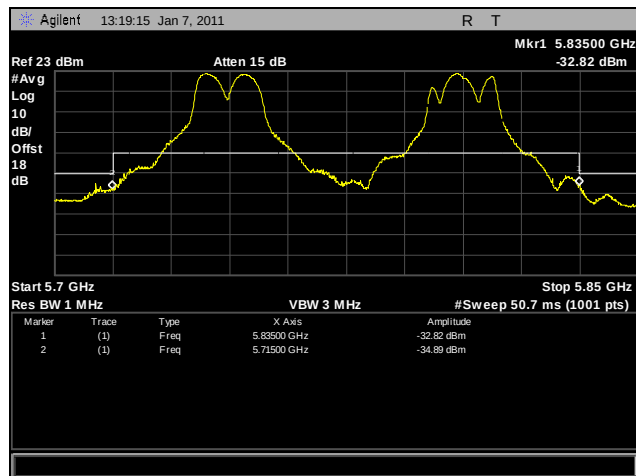
Plot 181. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, -30°C, 138 VAC



Plot 182. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, -40°C, 102 VAC



Plot 183. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, -40°C, 120 VAC



Plot 184. Frequency Stability, 5725 MHz – 2825 MHz, -40°C, 138 VAC



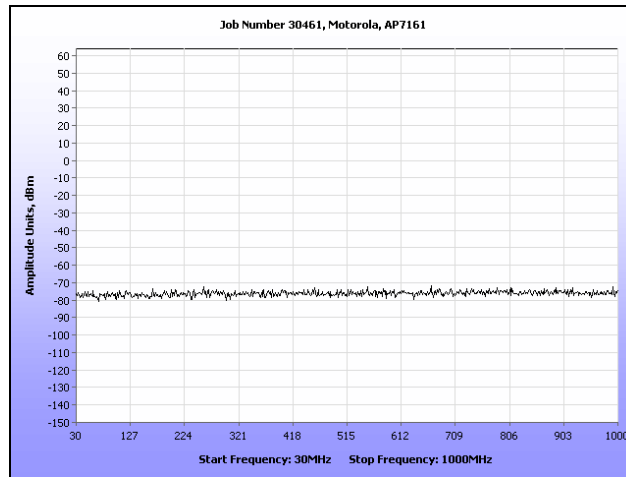
Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

RSS-GEN Receiver Spurious

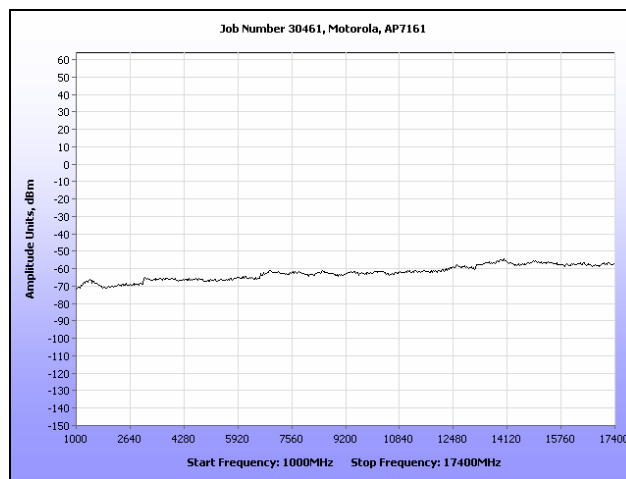
Test Requirement:	If the device has a detachable antenna of known antenna impedance, then the antenna conducted method is permitted in lieu of a radiated measurement. If a conducted measurement is made, no spurious output signals appearing at the antenna terminals shall exceed 2 nanowatts per any 4 kHz spurious frequency in the band 30 – 1000 MHz, or 5 nanowatts above 1 GHz.
Test Procedure:	The EUT was directly connected to a spectrum analyzer. Testing was performed when the EUT was receiving. Testing was performed conducted.
Results:	The EUT as tested is compliant with the requirements of RSS-GEN.
Test Engineer(s):	Jeff Pratt
Test Date(s):	05/18/11



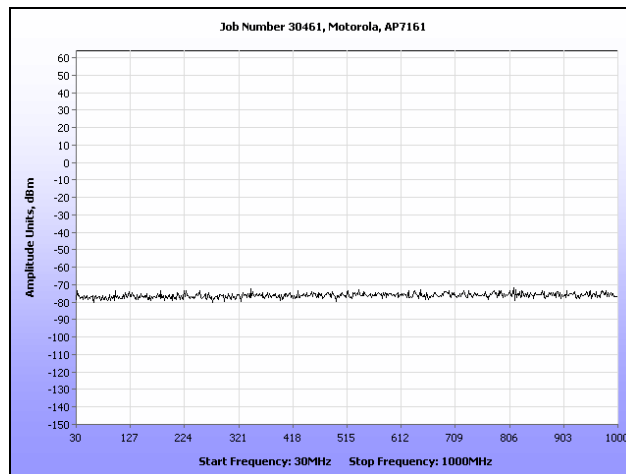
Receiver Spurious Emissions Test Results, 5.8 GHz



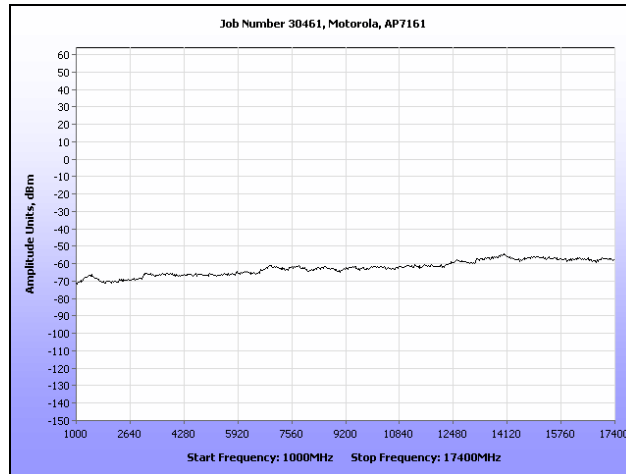
Plot 185. Receiver Spurious Emission, 5.8 GHz, Port A, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



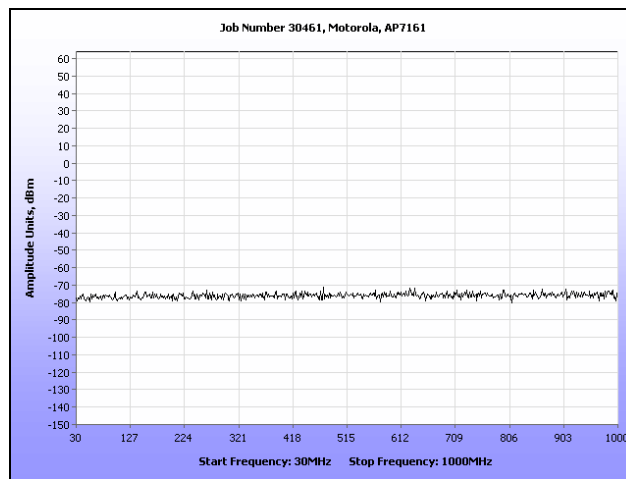
Plot 186. Receiver Spurious Emission, 5.8 GHz, Port A, 1 GHz – 7.5 GHz



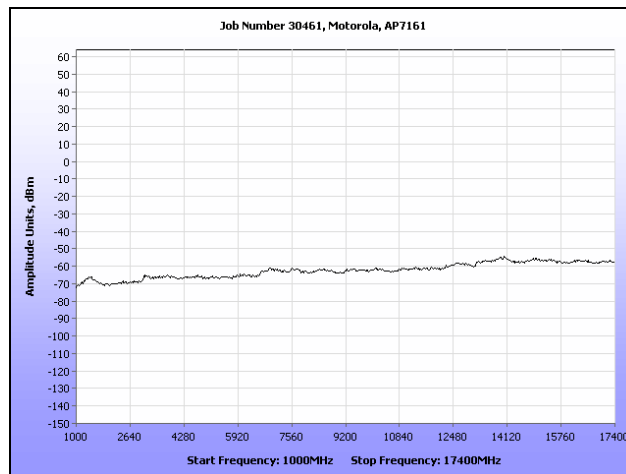
Plot 187. Receiver Spurious Emission, 5.8 GHz, Port B, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



Plot 188. Receiver Spurious Emission, 5.8 GHz, Port B, 1 GHz – 7.5 GHz



Plot 189. Receiver Spurious Emission, 5.8 GHz, Port C, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



Plot 190. Receiver Spurious Emission, 5.8 GHz, Port C, 1 GHz – 7.5 GHz



IV. Test Equipment



Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1T4612	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E4407B	9/27/2010	9/27/2011
1T4149	HIGH-FREQUENCY ANECHOIC CHAMBER	RAY-PROOF	81	SEE NOTE	
1T2511	ANTENNA; HORN	EMCO	3115	8/31/2010	8/31/2011
1T2511	ANTENNA; HORN	EMCO	3115	09/22/2011	03/22/2013
1T4621	ESA-E SERIES SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E4402B	05/10/2010	05/10/2011
1T4502	COMB GENERATOR	COM-POWER	CGC-255	10/06/2010	10/06/2011
1T4502	COMB GENERATOR	COM-POWER	CGC-255	08/21/2012	02/21/2014
1T4565	LISN (24 AMP)	SOLAR ELECTRONICS	9252-50-R-24-BNC	10/28/2010	10/28/2011
1T4565	LISN (24 AMP)	SOLAR ELECTRONICS	9252-50-R-24-BNC	12/15/2011	12/15/2012
1T4633	THERMO/HYGRO/BAROMETER	CONTROL COMPANY	02-401	03/11/2010	03/11/2012
1T4771	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES	E4446A	06/25/2011	06/25/2012
1T4773	THERMO/HYGROMETER	CONTROL COMPANY	4040	05/21/2010	05/21/2012
1S2200	MULTI-DEVICE CONTROLLER	EMCO	2090	SEE NOTE	
1T4214	SHIELD ROOM #4	UNIVERSAL SHIELD INC	N/A	N/A	
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB7	05/25/2010	05/25/2011
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB7	07/16/2012	07/16/2013
1T4627	THERMO/HYGROMETER	CONTROL COMPANY	S6-627-9	10/09/2009	10/09/2011
1T4751	ANTENNA - BILOG	SUNOL SCIENCES	JB6	11/03/2010	11/03/2011
1T4751	ANTENNA - BILOG	SUNOL SCIENCES	JB6	12/07/2011	12/07/2012

Table 20. Test Equipment List

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.



V. Certification & User's Manual Information



Certification & User's Manual Information

A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio- frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) *The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.*
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
 - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
 - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or pre-production stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements *provided* that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.



- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
- (i) *Compliance testing;*
 - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
 - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.



Certification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated.¹ *In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.*
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

¹ In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.



Certification & User's Manual Information

§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

- (a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.
 - (1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.
 - (i) *If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.*
 - (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
 - (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.



Certification & User's Manual Information

Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

(a) *In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:*

- (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

- (2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

- (3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.

- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



Verification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

- (a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

- (b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



Boyce Technologies, Inc.
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Electromagnetic Compatibility
End of Report
CFR Title 47, Part 15B, 15.407; RSS-210 Annex 9 & ICES-003

End of Report