



Test Report

Test Report No.:	KT115EF09002		
Registration No.:	KR0023		
Applicant:	MONDAY		
Applicant Address:	404-3, Deokpo-dong, Sasang-gu, Busan-si, 617-040, Korea		
Product:	RF Card Reader and Controller		
FCC ID:	OD2-FR200NM	Model No.	FR200NM
Receipt No.:	15-0812	Date of receipt:	August 20, 2015
Date of Issue:	September 10, 2015		
Testing location	Korea Technology Institute Co., Ltd. 58-10, Sagiso-gil, Docheok-myeon, Gwangju-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea		
Test Standards:	FCC/ANSI. C63.4:2006		
Rule Parts: FCC	Part 15. 225 NFC TX		
Equipment Class:	DXX		
Test Result:	The above-mentioned product has been tested with compliance.		

Tested by: Y.D.Kim


/ Engineer

Signature, Date September 10, 2015

Approved by: S. H. Song

/ Technical Manager

Signature, Date September 10, 2015

Other Aspects:	
Abbreviations:	* OK, Pass=passed * Fail=failed * N/A=not applicable
<p> - This test report is not permitted to copy partly without our permission.</p> <p>- This test result is dependent on only equipment to be used.</p> <p>- This test result is based on a single evaluation of one sample of the above mentioned.</p> <p>- This test report must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S Government.</p> <p>- We certify this test report has been based on the measurement standards that is traceable to the national or international standards.</p>	

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1. General

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures as indicated in this report.

We attest to the accuracy of data. Korea Technology Institute Co., Ltd. performed all measurements reported herein. And were made under Chief Engineer's supervisor.

We assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

2. Test Site

Korea Technology Institute Co., Ltd.

2.1 Location

58-10, Sagiso-gil, Docheok-myeon, Gwangju-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea

The Test Site is in compliance with ANSI C63.4:2006 for measurement of radio Interference.



2.2 List of Test and Measurement Instruments

Table 1: List of Test and Measurement Equipment

• Conducted Emissions

Kind of Equipment	Type	S/N	Calibrated until
Field Strength Meter	ESCI	100025	10.2015
LISN	AFJ LS16C	16011328326	11.2015
Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	US40420682	04.2016
Conducted Cable	N/A	N/A	N/A
EMC32	Software	N/A	N/A

• Radiated Emissions

Kind of Equipment	Type	S/N	Calibrated until
Field Strength Meter	ESIB40	100093	07.2016
Biconic Logarithmic Periodic Antenna	VULB9163	9163-281	11.2016
Horn Antenna	KTI-HD-1080	130003	10.2016
PREAMPLIFIER	8449B	3008A02104	08.2016
Open Site Cable	N/A	N/A	N/A
TURNTABLE	K401	K100	N/A
Antenna Mast	K402	K200	N/A
Antenna & Turntable controller	K401OS	K300	N/A
EMC32	Software	N/A	N/A

2.3 Test Date

Date of Application: August 20, 2015

Date of Test: September 04, 2015

2.4 Test Environment

Indoor: 24℃/44%/1012mbar

Outdoor: 21℃/75%/1012mbar



3. Description of the tested samples

The EUT is Card Reader and controller.

3.1 Rating and Physical Characteristics

SIZE	73mm x 126mm x 19mm
WEIGHT	100g
Inputs & Outputs	Customizable 2 inputs and 1 outputs
Communications	Wiegand Standard 26-bit and Ethernet
NOTCH FREQUENCY	60Hz
COMMUNICATION PROTOCOLS	TCP/IP, UDP
operating environment (temperature)	-20C ~ 65C
operating environment (humidity)	0 ~ 90 %
INPUT POWER	DC 12V
SUPPLY CURRENT	150mA
Lightning protection degree	BF Type equipment
Reader Type	Mifare Card reader
Antenna Type	Pcb pattern
Frequency	13.56MHz
Radio Frequency Type	F1D
Communication Type	Single Type
Modulation Type	FSK
Antenna Dimension	50x60 mm

3.2 Submitted Documents

- User's Guide
- Block Diagram
- Circuit Total



4. Measurement Conditions

Testing Input Voltage: DC 12V

4.1 Modes of Operation

The EUT was in the following operation mode during all testing;

Prior to a measurement, the Instruments of education shall be operated until stabilization has been reached.

4.2 Additional Equipment

DEVICE TYPE	Manufacturer	M/N	S/N
NOTE BOOK	LG-	RB400-E.C757L	709KSXL004746-
-	-	-	-

4.3 Uncertainty

1) Radiated Emissions from 30 MHz to 6000 MHz

Expanded Uncertainty

$$U = k \times U_c(x_i) = 2 \times 1.93 = \pm 3.86 \text{ dB (for 30 MHz to 300 MHz)}$$

$$U = k \times U_c(x_i) = 2 \times 2.49 = \pm 4.98 \text{ dB (for 300 MHz to 1000 MHz)}$$

The coverage factor $k=2$ yields approximately a 95 % level of confidence.

2) Conducted missions from 150 kHz to 30 MHz

Expanded uncertainty

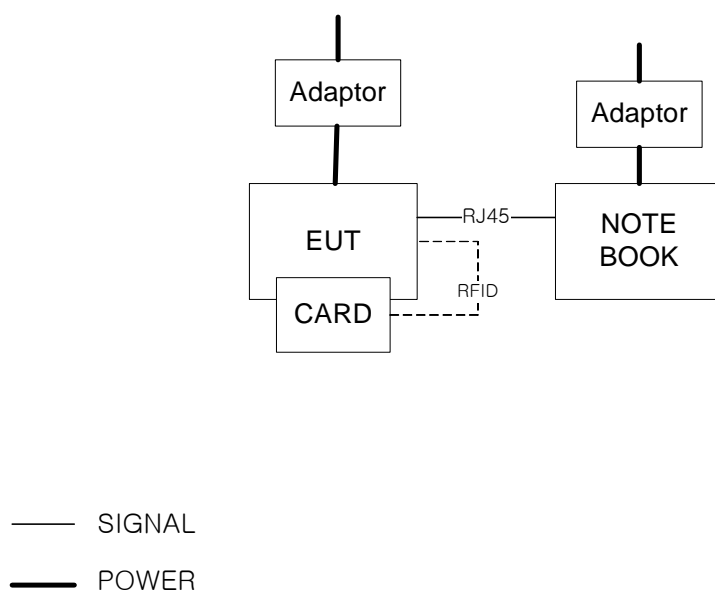
$$U = k \times U_c(x_i) = 2 \times 1.40 = \pm 2.8 \text{ dB}$$

The coverage factor $k=2$ yields approximately a 95 % level of confidence.



4.4 Test Setup

Figure 1: Test Setup





5. TEST AND MEASUREMENTS

Summary of Test Results

Requirement	FCC, 47CFR15	Report Section	Test Result
Antenna Requirement	15.203	5.1	PASS
Conducted Emissions Radiated Emissions Field strength 9 kHz to 30 MHz Field strength 30 MHz to 1000 MHz	15.209 & 15.205	5.2	PASS
Spectrum mask and Occupied bandwidth	15.225(a),(b),(c) & (d)	5.3	PASS
Frequency Tolerance of the Carrier Signal	15.225(e)	5.4	PASS

*According to the Section 15.33(b)(1)&(c), Radiated Emissions & Conducted Emissions were reported in Report

5.1 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

5.1.1 Regulation

FCC 47CFR15 – 15.203

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of Sections 15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, or 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with Section 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this Part are not exceeded.

5.1.2 Result:

PASS

The transmitter has an integral PCB loop antenna that is enclosed within the housing of the EUT, and meets the requirements of this section.



5.2 EMISSION TEST

5.2.1. Conducted Emissions

Result:

Pass

The line-conducted facility is located inside a 2.3M x 3.5M x 5.5M shielded closure.

The shielding effectiveness of the shielded room is in accordance with MIL-Std-285 or NSA 605-05. A 1m x 1.5m wooden table 80cm high is placed 80cm away from the conducting ground plane and 40cm away from the sidewall of the shielded room. Electro-Metroics Model EM-7823 (9kHz-30MHz) 50ohm/50 uH Line-Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISN) are bonded to the shielded room.

The EUT is powered from the Electro-Metroics LISN and the support equipment is powered from the Kyoritsu LISN. Power to the LISN are filtered by a high-current high-insertion loss shield enclosures power line filters (100dB 14kHz-1GHz).

The purpose of the filter is to attenuate ambient signal interference and this filter is also bonded to the shielded enclosure.

All electrical cables are shielded by copper pipe with inner diameter of 1".

If the EUT is a DC-Powered device, power will be derived from the source power supply it normally will be powered from and this supply lines will be connected to the Rohde & Schwarz LISN.

All interconnecting cables more than 1 meter were shortened by non-inductive bundling (serpentine fashion) to a 1-meter length.

Sufficient time for the EUT, Support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The RF output of the LISN was connected to the spectrum analyzer to determine the frequency producing the maximum EME from the EUT. The frequency producing the maximum level was reexamined using EMI field Intensity meter (ESIB40). The detector function was set to CISPR quasi-peak mode.

The bandwidth of the receiver was set to 10kHz. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Each emission was maximized by: switching power lines; varying the mode of operation or resolution; clock or data exchange speed; if applicable; whichever determined the worst-case emission.

Photographs of the worst-case emission can be seen in photograph of conducted test.

Each EME reported was calibrated using self-calibrating mode.



Figure 2: Spectral Diagram_LINE-PE

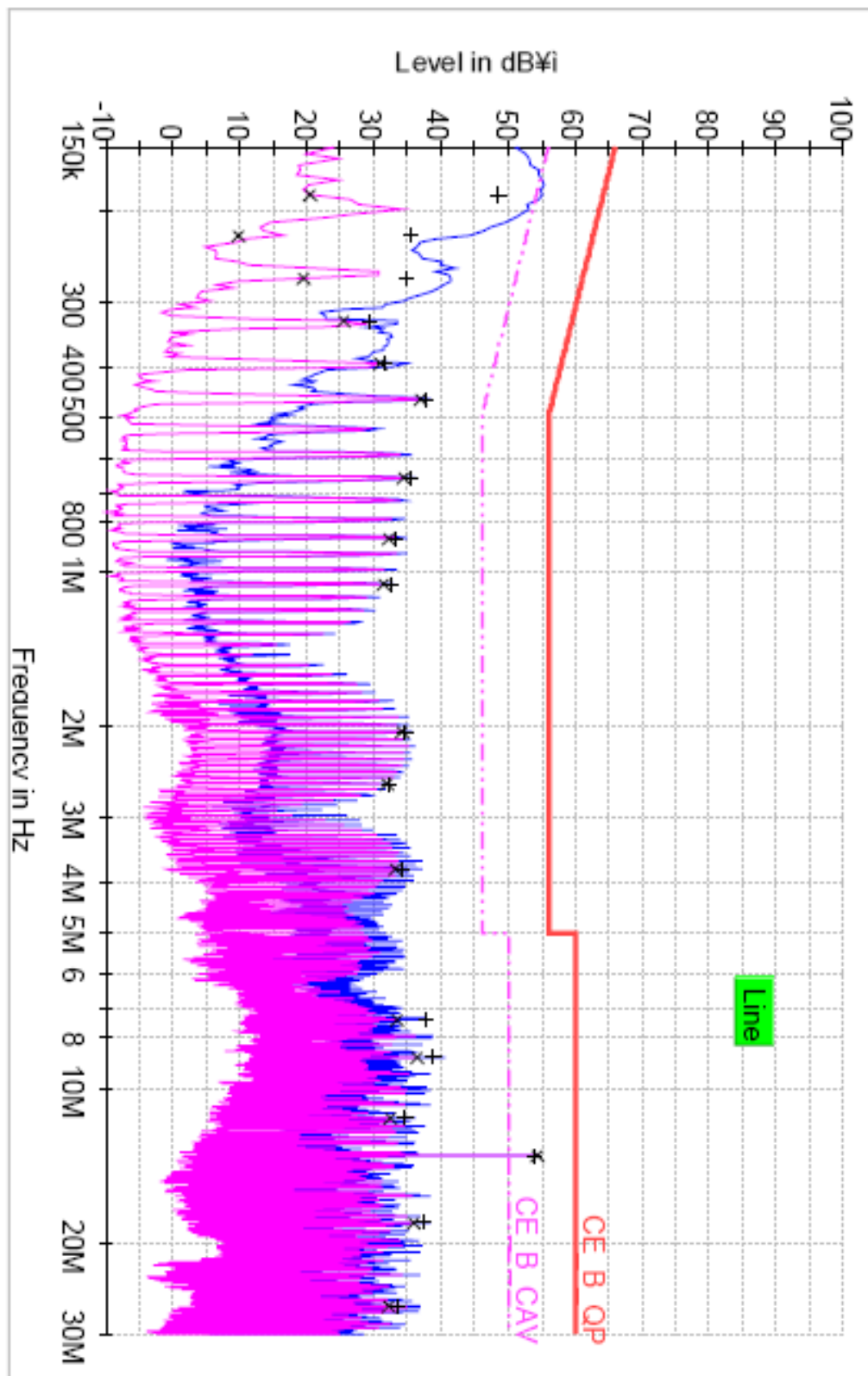




Figure 3: Spectral Diagram_NEUTRAL-PE

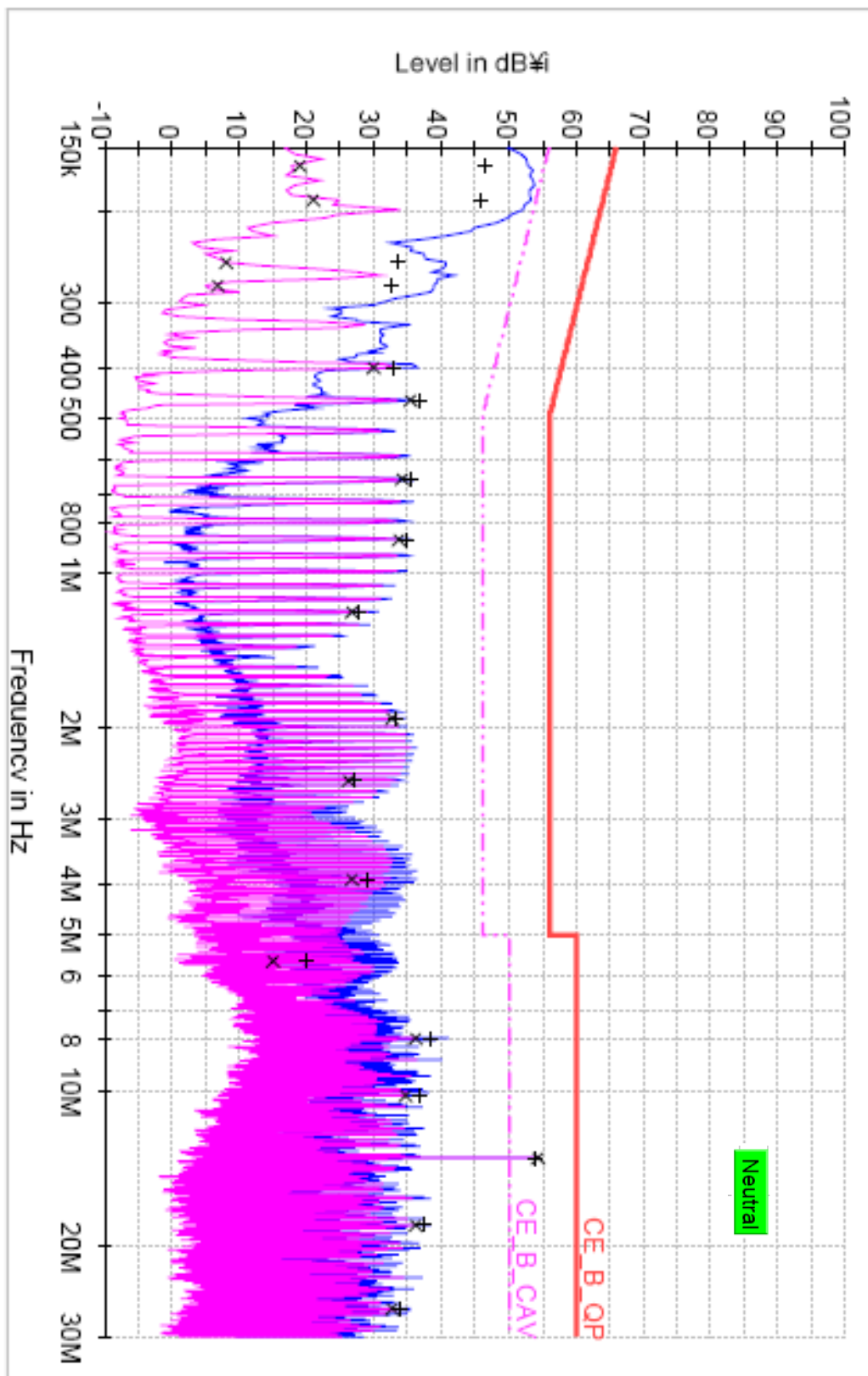




Table 2: Test Data, Conducted Emissions

Frequency (MHz)	(1) Reading (dB μ V)		Line	(2) Limit (dB μ V)		(3) Margin (dB)	
	QP	AV		QP	AV	QP	AV
0.18	48.5	20.4	L1	66	56	17.5	35.6
0.46	37.7	36.9	L1	56	46	18.3	9.1
1.91	33.3	32.7	L2	56	46	22.7	13.3
3.75	34.2	33.2	L1	60	50	25.8	16.8
7.92	38.4	36.2	L2	60	50	21.6	13.8
18.24	37.4	35.9	L1	60	50	22.6	14.1

NOTES:

1. All modes of operation were investigated
And the worst-case emissions are reported.
2. All other emissions are non-significant.
3. All readings are calibrated by self-mode in receiver.
4. Measurements using CISPR quasi-peak mode.
5. L1 = LINE-PE, L2 = NEUTRAL-PE
6. The limit for Class B digital device is 66dBuV to 56dBuV from 150KHz to 500KHz, 56dBuV from 500KHz to 5MHz, 60dBuV Above 5MHz.

Margin Calculation

$$(3) \text{ Margin} = (2) \text{ Limit} - (1) \text{ Reading}$$



5.2.2 Radiated Emissions

5.2.2.1 Regulation

FCC 47CFR15 – 15.209

(a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength limit (uV/m)	Field strength limit (dBuV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	48.5-13.8	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	33.8-23.0	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	29.5	30
30 – 88	100	40.0	3
88 – 216	150	43.5	3
216 – 960	200	46.0	3
Above 960	500	54.0	3

5.2.2.2 Measurement Procedure

Radiated Emissions Test, 9kHz to 30MHz (Magnetic Field Test)

1. The preliminary radiated measurements were performed to determine the frequency producing the maximum emissions at a distance of 3 meters according to Section 15.31(f)(2).
2. The EUT was placed on the top of the 0.8-meter height, 1 x 1.5 meter non-metallic table.
3. Emissions from the EUT are maximized by adjusting the orientation of the Loop antenna and rotating the EUT on the turntable. Manipulating the system cables also maximizes EUT emissions if applicable.
4. To obtain the final measurement data, each frequency found during preliminary measurements was re-examined and investigated. The test-receiver system was set up to average, peak, and quasi-peak detector with specified bandwidth.

**Radiated Emissions Test, 30 MHz to 1000 MHz**

1. The preliminary radiated measurements were performed to determine the frequency producing the maximum emissions in an anechoic chamber at a distance of 3 meters.
2. The EUT was placed on the top of the 0.8-meter height, 1 x 1.5 meter non-metallic table. To find the maximum emission levels, the height of a measuring antenna was changed and the turntable was rotated 360
3. The antenna polarization was also changed from vertical to horizontal. The spectrum was scanned from 30 to 1000 MHz using the Biconical and Logperiodic broadband antenna,
4. To obtain the final measurement data, the EUT was arranged on a turntable situated on a 4 x 4 meter at the Open Area Test Site. The EUT was tested at a distance 3 meters.
5. Each frequency found during preliminary measurements was re-examined and investigated. The test-receiver system was set up to average, peak, and quasi-peak detector function with specified bandwidth.
6. The presence of ambient signals was verified by turning the EUT off. In case an ambient signal was detected, the measurement bandwidth was reduced temporarily and verification was made that an additional adjacent peak did not exist. This ensures that the ambient signal does not hide any emissions from the EUT

5.2.2.3 Calculation of the field strength limits below 30 MHz

1. No special calculation for obtaining the field strength in dBuV/m is necessary, because the EMI receiver and the active loop antenna operate as a system, where the reading gives directly the field strength result (dBuV/m). The antenna factors and cable losses are already taken into consideration.
2. For test distance other than what is specified, but fulfilling the requirements of section 15.31 (f)(2) the field strength is calculated by adding additionally an extrapolation factor of 40dB/decade (inverse linear distance for field strength measurements).
3. All following emission measurements were performed using the test receiver's average, peak, and quasi-peak detector function with specified bandwidth.



5.2.2.4 Test Results (Test mode : TX on)

PASS

Table 3: Test Data, Fundamental Frequency (Ver / Hor)

Frequency (MHz)	Pol.	Reading (dB μ V)	AFCL (dB/m)	Actual (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
13.56	V	32.7	10.6	43.3	124.0	80.7	QP

Frequency (MHz)	Pol.	Reading (dB μ V)	AFCL (dB/m)	Actual (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
13.56	H	23.9	10.6	34.5	124.0	89.5	QP

FCC 47CFR15 – 15.209 (9 kHz - 30 MHz)

Table 4: Test Data, Radiated Emission below 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Pol.	Height [m]	Angle [°]	(1) Reading (dB μ V)	(2) AFCL (dB/m)	(3) Actual (dB μ V/m)	(4) Limit (dB μ V/m)	(5) Margin (dB)
0.06	H	1.72	168	18.5	12.7	31.2	112.0	80.8
0.18	V	1.65	171	22.0	12.4	34.4	82.5	48.1
0.59	H	1.88	158	16.4	11.9	28.3	51.2	22.9
1.95	H	1.90	181	11.7	11.5	23.2	69.5	46.3
2.48	V	1.64	177	16.2	10.6	26.8	69.5	42.7
20.06	V	1.78	182	8.0	9.5	17.5	69.5	52.0

Margin (dB) = Limit – Actual
 [Actual = FS + AF + CL]

1. H = Horizontal, V = Vertical Polarization
2. AF/CL = Antenna Factor and Cable Loss
3. FS = RA + DF

Where FS = Field strength in dB μ V/m

RA = Receiver Amplitude in dB μ V/m

DF = Distance Extrapolation Factor in dB



5.2.2.5 Calculation of the field strength limits above 30 MHz

1. No special calculation for obtaining the field strength in dBuV/m is necessary, because the EMI receiver and the active loop antenna operate as a system, where the reading gives directly the field strength result (dBuV/m). The antenna factors and cable losses are already taken into consideration.
2. For test distance other than what is specified, but fulfilling the requirements of section 15.31 (f)(2) the field strength is calculated by adding additionally an extrapolation factor of 40dB/decade (inverse linear distance for field strength measurements).
3. All following emission measurements were performed using the test receiver's average, peak, and quasi-peak detector function with specified bandwidth.

5.2.2.6 Test Results (Test mode : TX on)

FCC 47CFR15 – 15.209

PASS

Table 5: Test Data, Radiated Emission above 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Pol.	Height [m]	Angle [°]	Reading (dBμV)	AFCL (dB/m)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
40.68	H	3.95	180	14.00	14.6	28.60	40.0	11.40
67.84	H	3.84	150	16.70	10.7	27.40	40.0	12.60
150.04	V	1.36	180	17.50	8.8	26.30	43.5	17.20
250.00	V	1.34	170	19.70	13.9	33.60	46.0	12.40
630.68	H	2.23	186	4.20	22.6	26.80	46.0	19.20
750.12	H	1.98	180	12.00	24.2	36.20	46.0	9.80

FCC 47CFR15-15.205 Restricted Band

Frequency (MHz)	Pol.	Height [m]	Angle [°]	Reading (dBμV)	AFCL (dB/m)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
40.68	H	3.88	165	12.00	14.60	28.60	40.0	11.40
56.04	H	3.82	178	18.30	13.70	32.00	40.0	8.00
131.56	H	3.45	180	7.90	9.20	17.1	43.5	26.40
288.00	V	3.03	180	2.80	15.00	17.80	46.0	28.20

Margin (dB) = Limit – Actual

[Actual = Reading + AF + CL]

1. H = Horizontal, V = Vertical Polarization

2. AF/CL = Antenna Factor and Cable Loss



5.3 Spectrum mask and Occupied bandwidth

5.3.1 Regulation

FCC 47CFR15 – 15.225

- (a) The field strength of any emissions within the band 13.553-13.567 MHz shall not exceed 15,848 microvolts/meter at 30 meters.
- (b) Within the bands 13.410-13.553 MHz and 13.567-13.710 MHz, the field strength of any emissions shall not exceed 334 microvolts/meter at 30 meters.
- (c) Within the bands 13.110-13.410 MHz and 13.710-14.010 MHz the field strength of any emissions shall not exceed 106 microvolts/meter at 30 meters.
- (d) The field strength of any emissions appearing outside of the 13.110-14.010 MHz band shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits in § 15.209.

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength limit (uV/m) @ 30m	Field strength limit (dBuV/m) @ 30m	Field strength limit (dBuV/m) @ 3m
13.110 – 13.410	106	40.5	80.5
13.410 – 13.553	334	50.5	90.5
13.553 – 13.567	15,848	84.0	124.0
13.567 – 13.710	334	50.5	90.5
13.710 – 14.010	106	40.5	80.5

5.3.2 Measurement Procedure

Spectrum Mask

1. Place the EUT in the test fixture and switch it on
2. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: RBW = VBW = 1 kHz, Span = wide enough to capture the whole 13 MHz band including the frequency ranges where the 15.209 limit applies, Trace mode = Max Hold, select the limit line 15.225(a),(b),(c)
3. After trace stabilization, set the marker to the single peak.
4. The reference level will be calculated by the amount of the margin of the wanted signal to its 30 m emission limit plus marker value.
5. The whole signal trace has to be below the limit line.



Occupied Bandwidth

1. Place the EUT in the test fixture and switch it on.
2. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: RBW = VBW = 1 kHz, Span = wide enough to capture the 20 dB bandwidth, Trace mode = Max Hold.
3. After trace stabilization, set the first marker and the first display line to the signal peak. Set the second display line 20 dB below the first display line. The Second marker and its delta marker shall be set to cross point of the spectrum line and the second display line and note these frequencies.
4. Alternatively the 20 dB down function of the analyzer could be used, if this function will be applicable to the displayed spectrum.

5.3.3 Test Results (Test mode : Modulated)

PASS

Figure 4: Spectrum Mask

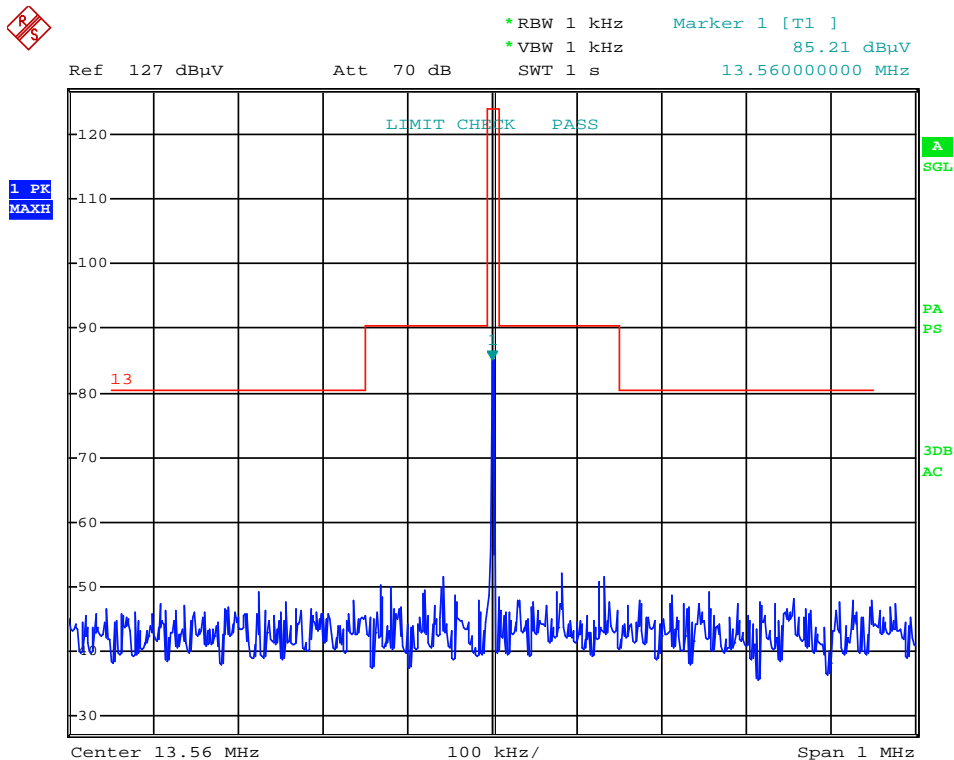
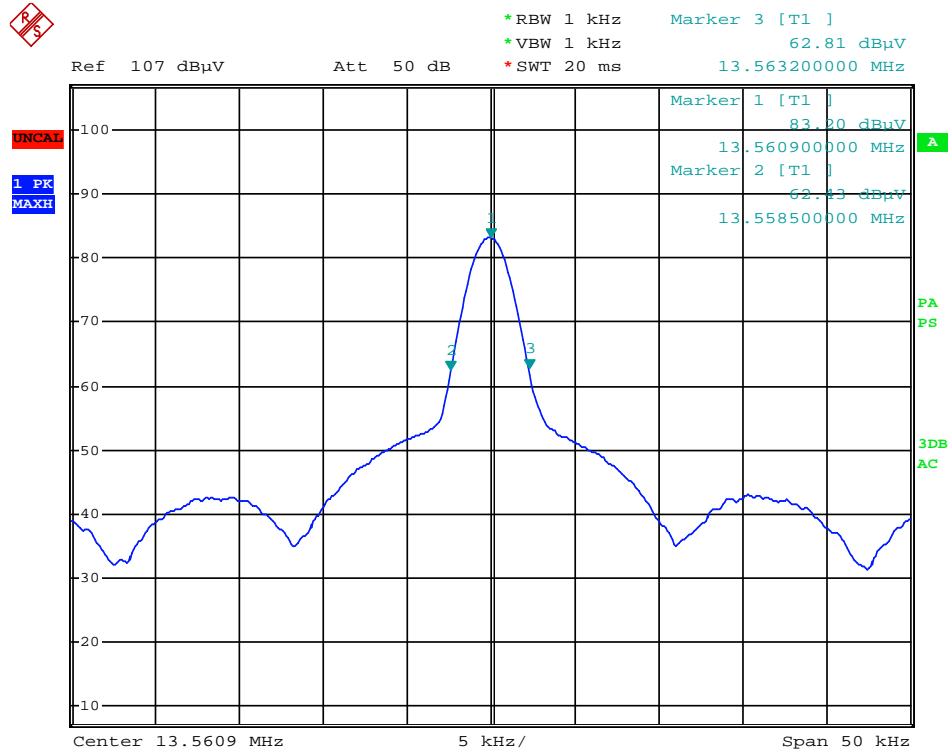




Figure 5: Occupied bandwidth

Occupied Bandwidth =4.9 kHz

F_L	F_H	Bandwidth ($F_H - F_L$)
13.5583 (MHz)	13.5632 (MHz)	4.9 (kHz)



5.4 FREQUENCY TOLERANCE OF CARRIER SIGNAL

5.4.1 Regulation

FCC 47CFR15 – 15.225(e)

The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal shall be maintained within $\pm 0.01\%$ of the operating frequency over a temperature variation of -20 degrees to $+50$ degrees C at normal supply voltage, and for a variation in the primary supply voltage from 85% to 115% of the rated supply voltage at a temperature of 20 degrees C. For battery-operated equipment, the equipment tests shall be performed using a new battery.

5.4.2 Measurement Procedure

Frequency stability versus environmental temperature

1. Supply the EUT with nominal DC voltage.
2. Turn the EUT off, and place it inside an environmental temperature chamber. For devices that are normally operated continuously, the EUT may be energized while inside the test chamber. For devices that have oscillator heaters, energize only the heater circuit while the EUT is inside the chamber.
3. RF output was connected to a frequency counter or other frequency-measuring instrument via feed through attenuators.
4. Set the temperature control on the chamber to the highest specified EUT operating temperature, and allow the temperature inside the chamber to stabilize at the set temperature before starting frequency measurements.
5. While maintaining a constant temperature inside the environmental chamber, turn the EUT on and record the operating frequency at startup and two, five, and ten minutes after the EUT is energized.
6. After all measurements have been made at the highest specified temperature turn the EUT off.
7. Repeat the above measurement process for the EUT with the test chamber set at the appropriate temperature.

Frequency Stability versus Input Voltage

1. At temperature ($20 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$), supply the EUT with nominal DC voltage.
2. Couple RF output to a frequency counter or other frequency-measuring instrument.
3. Turn the EUT on, and measure the EUT operating frequency at startup and two, five, and ten minutes after startup.
4. Supply it with 85% of the nominal DC voltage and repeat above procedure.
5. Supply it with 115% of the nominal DC voltage and repeat above procedure.



5.4.3 Test Results :

PASS

TEST MODE : TX on

Table 6: Test Data, Frequency Tolerance of carrier signal

Reference Frequency : 13.56 MHz, LIMIT : within ± 1356 Hz

Environment Temperature [°C]	Power Supplied [V _{DC}]	Carrier Frequency Measured with Time Elapsed							
		STARTUP		2 minutes		5 minutes		10 minutes	
		[MHz]	Err[Hz]	[MHz]	Err[Hz]	[MHz]	Err[Hz]	[MHz]	Err[Hz]
+50	12	13.560857	857	13.560814	814	13.560834	834	13.560843	843
+40	12	13.560716	716	13.560776	776	13.560745	745	13.560734	734
+30	12	13.560816	816	13.560797	797	13.560708	708	13.560774	774
+20	12	13.560884	884	13.560793	793	13.560773	773	13.560725	725
+10	12	13.560916	916	13.560785	785	13.560843	843	13.560868	868
0	12	13.560754	754	13.560771	771	13.560728	728	13.560778	778
-10	12	13.560775	775	13.560835	835	13.560768	768	13.560816	816
-20	12	13.560698	698	13.560775	775	13.560746	746	13.560718	718

Reference Frequency : 13.56 MHz, LIMIT : within ± 1356 Hz

Power Supplied [V _{AC}]	Carrier Frequency Measured with Time Elapsed							
	STARTUP		2 minutes		5 minutes		10 minutes	
	[MHz]	Err[Hz]	[MHz]	Err[Hz]	[MHz]	Err[Hz]	[MHz]	Err[Hz]
85 %	13.560852	852	13.560846	846	13.560831	831	13.560825	825
100 %	13.560811	811	13.560835	835	13.560815	815	13.560848	848
115 %	13.560813	813	13.560826	826	13.560875	875	13.560865	865

Err[Hz] = Measured carrier frequency (MHz) – Reference Frequency (13.56 MHz)