Test report No. : 10229872S-A Page : 15 of 47 Issued date : May 14, 2014

FCC ID : OCS-MT1000A

APPENDIX 2: SAR Measurement data

Appendix 2-1: Evaluation procedure

The SAR evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- **Step 1:** Measurement of the E-field at a fixed location above the central position of flat phantom was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop.
- **Step 2:** The SAR distribution at the exposed side of head or body position was measured at a distance of each device from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the antenna of EUT and suitable horizontal grid spacing of EUT. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by splines interpolation.
- Step 3: Around this point found in the Step 2 (area scan), a volume of 30mm(X axis)×30mm(Y axis)×30mm(Z axis) (or more) was assessed by measuring 7×7×7 points (or more) under 3GHz.

 And for any secondary peaks found in the Step2 which are within 2dB of the SAR limit (1.6W/kg), this Step3 (Zoom scan) is repeated.

On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

- (1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 2mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- (2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10×10×10) were interpolated to calculate the average.
- (3) All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
- **Step 4**: Re-measurement of the E-field at the same location as in Step 1 for the assessment of the power drift.
- **Step 5**: Repeat Step 1-Step 4 with other condition or/and setup of EUT.

Test report No. : 10229872S-A Page : 16 of 47 Issued date : May 14, 2014

FCC ID : OCS-MT1000A

Appendix 2-2: SAR measurement data

Step 1: Change the setup positions

Plot 1-1: Top&touch (separation distance=0mm) / 11b(1Mbps), 2412MHz (1ch.)

EUT: Network Master Pro; Type: MT1000A; Serial: 708336014

Communication System: Wi-fi 2.4GHz; Communication System Frame Length in ms: 0; Communication System PAR: 0; PMF: 1

Frequency: 2412 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0

Medium: M2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.923$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.147$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

-Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3679; ConvF(6.82, 6.82, 6.82); Calibrated: 2013/07/22; -Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0, 161.0

-Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2013/09/17

-Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

-DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

(14.0408)Top,11b,1Mbps,1ch,2412MHz,d0mm,pwr=12500/

Area Scan:96x264,stp12(mm) (9x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.817 W/kg

Area Scan:96x264,stp12(mm) (81x221x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm, Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.932 W/kg

Z Scan;160,stp5(mm) (1x1x33): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.909 W/kg

Zoom Scan:30x30x30x505-5-5(mm) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.805 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.898 W/kg, Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.269 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.540 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.202 mW/g



Remarks:

- *. Date tested: 2014/04/08; Tested by: Tomochika Sato; Tested place: No.7 shielded room,
- *.liquid depth: 153mm; Position: distance of EUT to phantom: 0mm (2mm to liquid); ambient: 22.5 ± 1 deg.C. $/40 \pm 10$ %RH,
- *liquid temperature: 21.7(start)/21.8(end)/21.6(in check) deg.C.; *White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g)/small=SAR(1g)

Test report No. : 10229872S-A Page : 17 of 47 Issued date : May 14, 2014

FCC ID : OCS-MT1000A

Appendix 2-2: SAR measurement data (cont'd)

Step 1: Change the setup positions (cont'd)

Plot 1-2: Front&touch (separation distance=0mm) / 11b(1Mbps), 2412MHz (1ch.)

EUT: Network Master Pro; Type: MT1000A; Serial: 708336014

Communication System: Wi-fi 2.4GHz; Communication System Frame Length in ms: 0; Communication System PAR: 0; PMF: 1

Frequency: 2412 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0

Medium: M2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.923$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.147$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

-Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3679; ConvF(6.82, 6.82, 6.82); Calibrated: 2013/07/22;

-Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0, 161.0

-Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2013/09/17

-Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

-DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

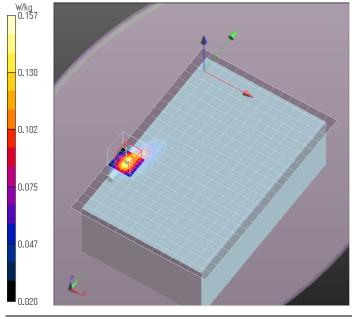
(14.0408)Front,11b,1Mbps,1ch,2412MHz,d0mm,pwr=12500/

Area Scan:180x264,stp12(mm) (16x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.119 W/kg Area Scan:180x264,stp12(mm) (151x221x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm, Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.151 W/kg

Z Scan;160,stp5(mm) (1x1x33): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.348 W/kg Zoom Scan:30x30x30,stp5-5-5(mm) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.038 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.157 W/kg, Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.206 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.110 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.058 mW/g



Remarks:

- *. Date tested: 2014/04/08; Tested by: Tomochika Sato; Tested place: No.7 shielded room,
- *.liquid depth: 153mm; Position: distance of EUT to phantom: 0mm (2mm to liquid); ambient: $22.5 \pm 1 \text{deg.C.} / 40 \pm 10 \text{ %RH}$,

*.liquid temperature: 21.8(start)/21.8(end)/21.6(in check) deg.C.; *.White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g)/small=SAR(1g)

Test report No. : 10229872S-A Page : 18 of 47 : May 14, 2014 **Issued date**

FCC ID : OCS-MT1000A

Appendix 2-2: SAR measurement data (cont'd)

Step 2: Change the channel

Plot 2-1: 2437MHz (6ch.) / Top&touch (separation distance=0mm)

EUT: Network Master Pro; Type: MT1000A; Serial: 708336014

Communication System: Wi-fi 2.4GHz; Communication System Frame Length in ms: 0; Communication System PAR: 0; PMF: 1

Frequency: 2437 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0

Medium: M2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.962 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.082$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

-Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3679; ConvF(6.82, 6.82, 6.82); Calibrated: 2013/07/22;

-Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0, 161.0

-Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2013/09/17

-Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

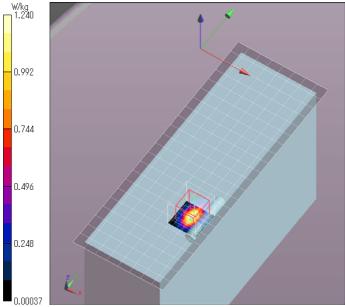
-DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

(14.0408)Top,11b,1Mbps,6ch,2437MHz,d0mm,pwr=12500/

Area Scan:96x264,stp12(mm) (9x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.54 W/kg Area Scan:96x264,stp12(mm) (81x221x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm, Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.65 W/kg Z Scan;160,stp5(mm) (1x1x33): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.27 W/kg Zoom Scan:30x30x50,stp5-5-5(mm) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.591 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 W/kg, Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.787





Remarks:

- *. Date tested: 2014/04/08; Tested by: Tomochika Sato; Tested place: No.7 shielded room,
- *.liquid depth: 153mm; Position: distance of EUT to phantom: 0mm (2mm to liquid); ambient: $22.5 \pm 1 \text{deg.C.} / 40 \pm 10 \text{ \%RH}$, *.liquid temperature: 21.8 (start) / 21.8 (end) / 21.6 (in check) / deg.C.; *.White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g)/small=SAR(1g)

Test report No. : 10229872S-A Page : 19 of 47 Issued date : May 14, 2014

FCC ID : OCS-MT1000A

Appendix 2-2: SAR measurement data (cont'd)

Step 2: Change the channel (cont'd)

Plot 2-2: 2462MHz (11ch.) / Top&touch (separation distance=0mm)

EUT: Network Master Pro; Type: MT1000A; Serial: 708336014

Communication System: Wi-fi 2.4GHz; Communication System Frame Length in ms: 0; Communication System PAR: 0; PMF: 1

Frequency: 2462 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0

Medium: M2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.988$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.922$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

-Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3679; ConvF(6.82, 6.82, 6.82); Calibrated: 2013/07/22;

-Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0, 161.0

-Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2013/09/17

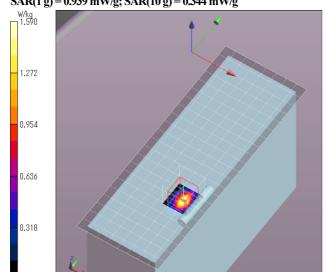
-Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

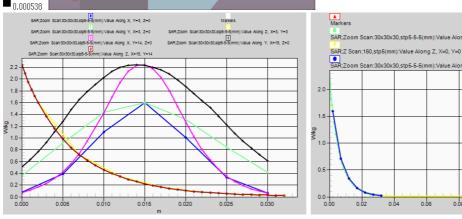
-DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

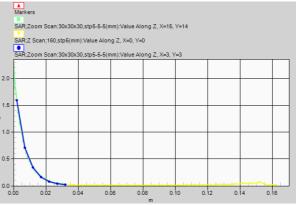
(14.0408)Top,11b,1Mbps,11ch,2462MHz,d0mm,pwr=12500/

Area Scan:96x264,stp12(mm) (9x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.68 W/kg
Area Scan:96x264,stp12(mm) (81x221x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm, Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.82 W/kg
Z Scan;160,stp5(mm) (1x1x33): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.60 W/kg
Zoom Scan:30x30x30,stp5-5-5(mm) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.768 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.59 W/kg, Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.245 mW/g SAR(1 g) = 0.939 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.344 mW/g







Remarks: *. Date tested: 2014/04/08; Tested by: Tomochika Sato; Tested place: No.7 shielded room,

*.liquid depth: 153mm; Position: distance of EUT to phantom: 0mm (2mm to liquid); ambient: 22.5 ± 1 deg.C. $/40 \pm 10$ %RH,

*.liquid temperature: 21.8(start)/21.8(end)/21.6(in check) deg.C.; *.White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g)/small=SAR(1g)

Test report No. : 10229872S-A Page : 20 of 47 : May 14, 2014 **Issued date**

FCC ID : OCS-MT1000A

Appendix 2-2: SAR measurement data (cont'd)

Step 3: Repeat measurement of worst mode

Plot 3-1: 2462MHz (11ch.) / Top&touch (separation distance=0mm)

EUT: Network Master Pro; Type: MT1000A; Serial: 708336014

Communication System: Wi-fi 2.4GHz; Communication System Frame Length in ms: 0; Communication System PAR: 0; PMF: 1

Frequency: 2462 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0

Medium: M2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.988$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.922$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

-Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3679; ConvF(6.82, 6.82, 6.82); Calibrated: 2013/07/22;

-Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0, 161.0

-Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2013/09/17

-Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

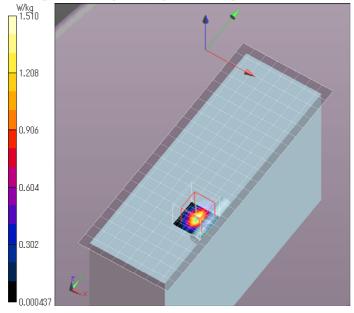
-DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

(14.0408)(Repeat)Top,11b,1Mbps,11ch,2462MHz,d0mm,pwr=12500/

Area Scan:96x264.stp12(mm) (9x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.56 W/kg Area Scan:96x264.stp12(mm) (81x221x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm, Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.68 W/kg Z Scan;160,stp5(mm) (1x1x33): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.55 W/kg **Zoom Scan:30x30x30,stp5-5-5(mm)** (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.659 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.51 W/kg, Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.199

SAR(1 g) = 0.917 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.339 mW/g



Remarks:

- *. Date tested: 2014/04/08; Tested by: Tomochika Sato; Tested place:No.7 shielded room,
 *.liquid depth: 153mm; Position: distance of EUT to phantom: 0mm (2mm to liquid); ambient: 22.5 ± 1 deg.C. / 40 ± 10 %RH,
 *.liquid temperature: 21.8(start)/21.8(end)/21.6(in check) deg.C.; *.White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g)/small=SAR(1g)

Test report No. : 10229872S-A Page : 21 of 47 Issued date : May 14, 2014

FCC ID : OCS-MT1000A

Appendix 2-2: SAR measurement data (cont'd)

Step 1: Change the setup positions

Plot 4-1: Top&touch (separation distance=0mm) / Bluetooth(DH5), 2402MHz (1ch.)

EUT: Network Master Pro; Type: MT1000A; Serial: 708336014

Communication System: Bluetooth; Communication System Frame Length in ms: 0; Communication System PAR: 0; PMF: 1

Frequency: 2402 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0

Medium: M2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; $\sigma = 1.906$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.191$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

-Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3679; ConvF(6.82, 6.82, 6.82); Calibrated: 2013/07/22; -Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0, 161.0

-Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2013/09/17

-Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

-DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

(14.0408)Top,Bluetooth,DH5,1ch,2402MHz,d0mm/

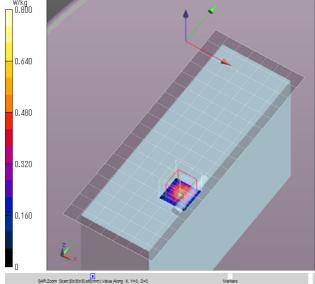
Area Scan:105x270,st15(mm) (8x19x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.379 W/kg

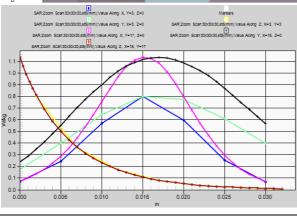
Area Scan:105x270,st15(mm) (71x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm, Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.843 W/kg Z Scan:160,5 (1x1x33): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.791 W/kg

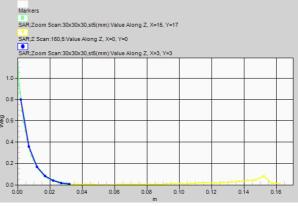
Zoom Scan:30x30x30,st5(mm) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.820 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.800 W/kg, Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.134 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.493 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.196 mW/g







Remarks: *. Date tested: 2014/04/08; Tested by: Tomochika Sato; Tested place: No.7 shielded room,

* liquid depth: 153mm; Position: distance of EUT to phantom: 0mm (2mm to liquid); ambient: $22.5 \pm 1 \text{deg.C.} / 40 \pm 10 \text{ %RH}$,

*liquid temperature: 21.8(start)/21.8(end)/21.6(in check) deg.C.; *.White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g)/small=SAR(1g)

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Test report No. : 10229872S-A Page : 22 of 47 Issued date : May 14, 2014

FCC ID : OCS-MT1000A

Appendix 2-2: SAR measurement data (cont'd)

Step 1: Change the setup positions (cont'd)

Plot 4-2: Front&touch (separation distance=0mm) / Bluetooth(DH5), 2402MHz (1ch.)

EUT: Network Master Pro; Type: MT1000A; Serial: 708336014

Communication System: Bluetooth; Communication System Frame Length in ms: 0; Communication System PAR: 0; PMF: 1

Frequency: 2402 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0

Medium: M2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; $\sigma = 1.906$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.191$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

-Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3679; ConvF(6.82, 6.82, 6.82); Calibrated: 2013/07/22;

-Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0, 161.0

-Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2013/09/17

-Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section

-DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

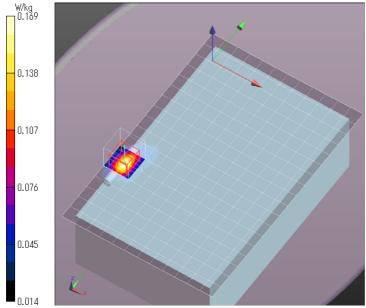
(14.0408)Front,Bluetooth,DH5,1ch,2402MHz,d0mm/

Area Scan:180x270,st15(mm) (13x19x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.173 W/kg Area Scan:180x270,st15(mm) (121x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm, Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.173 W/kg

Z Scan:160,5 (1x1x33): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.318 W/kg Zoom Scan:30x30x30,st5(mm) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.646 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.169 W/kg, Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.231 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.117 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.057 mW/g



Remarks:

- *. Date tested: 2014/04/08; Tested by: Tomochika Sato; Tested place: No.7 shielded room,
- *.liquid depth: 153mm; Position: distance of EUT to phantom: 0mm (2mm to liquid); ambient: $22.5 \pm 1 \text{deg.C.} / 40 \pm 10 \text{ %RH}$,
- *.liquid temperature: 21.8(start)/21.8(end)/21.6(in check) deg C; *.White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g)/small=SAR(1g)

Test report No. : 10229872S-A Page : 23 of 47 : May 14, 2014 **Issued date**

FCC ID : OCS-MT1000A

APPENDIX 3: Test instruments

Appendix 3-1: Equipment used

Control No.	Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Test Item	Calibration Date * Interval(month)
COTS-SSAR-0 2	DASY52	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	DASY52 V8.2 B969	-	SAR	-
COTS-SSEP-0	Dielectric assessment kit	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	DAK		SAR	-
SSAR-02	SAR measurement system	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	DASY5	1324	SAR	Pre Check
SSRBT-02	SAR robot	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	TX60 Lspeag	F12/5L2QA1/A /01	SAR	2013/09/02 * 12
KDAE-01	Data Acquisition Electronics	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	DAE4	626	SAR	2013/09/17 * 12
KPB-01	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	EX3DV4	3679	SAR	2013/07/13 * 12
KSDA-01	Dipole Antenna	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	D2450V2	822	SAR(daily)	2014/01/10 * 12
KPFL-01	Flat Phantom	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	Oval flat phantom ELI 4.0	1059	SAR	2013/10/30 * 12
SSNA-01	Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US39171777	SAR	2013/12/10 * 12
SEPP-02	Dielectric probe	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	DAK3.5	1129	SAR	2013/08/24 * 12
KSG-08	Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMT06	100763	SAR(daily)	2013/07/31 * 12
KPA-12	RF Power Amplifier	MILMEGA	AS2560-50	1018582	SAR(daily)	Pre Check
KCPL-07	Directional Coupler	Pulsar Microwave Corp.	CCS30-B26	0621	SAR(daily)	Pre Check
KPM-06	Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz	NRVD	101599	SAR(daily)	2013/09/03 * 12
KIU-08	Power sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z4	100372	SAR(daily)	2013/09/03 * 12
KIU-09	Power sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z4	100371	SAR(daily)	2013/09/03 * 12
KAT10-P1	Attenuator	Weinschel	24-10-34	BY5927	SAR(daily)	2014/01/14 * 12
KPM-05	Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41290718	SAR(daily)	2013/04/18 * 12
KPSS-01	Power sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40440544	SAR(daily)	2013/04/18 * 12
SAT20-SAR1	Attenuator	TME	SFA-01AXPJ-20	-	SAR(daily)	2014/01/14 * 12
KRU-01	Ruler(300mm)	Shinwa	13134	-	SAR	2014/03/27 * 12
KRU-05	Ruler(100x50mm,L)	Shinwa	12101	-	SAR	2013/05/27 * 12
KOS-13	Digtal thermometer	HANNA	Checktemp-2	KOS-13	SAR	2013/12/17 * 12
KOS-14	Thermo-Hygrometer data logger	SATO KEIRYOKI	SK-L200THII α / SK-LTHII α -2	015246/08169	SAR	2013/12/17 * 12
SOS-11	Humidity Indicator	A&D	AD-5681	4063424	SAR	2014/02/21 * 12
SOS-12	Digtal thermometer	HANNA	Checktemp-4	SOS-12	SAR	2014/02/26 * 12
KPM-08	Power meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	6K00003356	Ant.pwr	2013/09/04 * 12
KPSS-04	Power sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	012088	Ant.pwr	2013/09/04 * 12
KAT10-S3	Attenuator	Agilent	8490D 010	50924	Ant.pwr	2014/01/14 * 12
SSA-04	Spectrum Analyzer	Advantest	R3272	101100994	SAR(moni.)	2013/12/26 * 12
KSDH-01	Device holder	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	Mounting device for transmitter	-	SAR	2013/09/02 * 12
SWTR-03	DI water	MonotaRo	34557433	-	SAR	Pre Check
KSLM245-01	Tissue simulation liqud (2450MHz,body)	Schmid&Partner Engineering AG	SL AAM 245 BA	-	SAR	(Daily check) Target value ±5%
No.7 Shielded room	SAR shielded room (2.76m(W)x3.76m(D)x2.4m(H))	TDK	-	-	SAR	(Daily check) Ambient noise: < 12mW/kg

The expiration date of calibration is the end of the expired month.

As for some calibrations performed after the tested dates, those test equipment have been controlled by means of an unbroken chains of calibrations. All equipment is calibrated with valid calibrations. Each measurement data is traceable to the national or international standards.

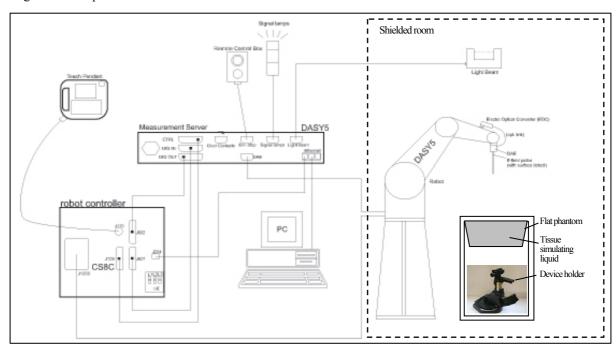
[Test Item] SAR: Specific Absorption Rate, Ant.pwr: Antenna terminal conducted power

Test report No. : 10229872S-A Page : 24 of 47 Issued date : May 14, 2014

FCC ID : OCS-MT1000A

Appendix 3-2: Configuration and peripherals

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The system is based on a high precision robot), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than \pm 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetry probes EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli TX/RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software.
- An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- 2 An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements,
- 3 mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- 6 The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- 7 A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY5 software.
- 8 R Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- 9 The phantom.
- 10 The device holder for EUT. (low-loss dielectric palette) (*. when it was used.)
- 11 Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- 12 Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

Test report No. : 10229872S-A Page : 25 of 47 : May 14, 2014 **Issued date**

FCC ID : OCS-MT1000A

Appendix 3-3: Test system specification

TX60 Lsepag robot/CS8Csepag-TX60 robot controller

 Number of Axes Repeatability ± 0.02 mm

 Manufacture Stäubli Unimation Corp.

DASY5 Measurement server

 Features The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a

400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly

connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

 Calibration No calibration required.

 Manufacture Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE)

 Features Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic.

> Serial optical link for communication with DASY5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). 2 step probe touch detector for mechanical surface

detection and emergency robot stop (not in -R version)

 Measurement Range $1\mu V$ to > 200 mV (16bit resolution and 2 range settings: 4 mV, 400 mV)

•Input Offset voltage < 1µV (with auto zero)

•Input Resistance $200M\Omega$

 Battery Power > 10hr of operation (with two 9V battery) Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Electro-Optical Converter (EOC61)

 Manufacture Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Light Beam Switch (LB5/80)

 Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

SAR measurement software

Item Dosimetric Assessment System DASY5

 Software version DASY52, V8.2 B969

 Manufacture Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

E-Field Probe

 Model EX3DV4 (serial number: 3679)

 Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges.

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).

10MHz to 6GHz, Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30MHz to 6GHz) Frequency 2450, 5200, 5300, 5500, 5600, 5800MHz (Head and Body) Conversion Factors

Directivity ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

 ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

 Dynamic Range $10\mu\text{W/g}$ to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$ (noise: typically $< 1\mu\text{W/g}$)

Overall length: 330mm (Tip: 20mm) Dimension Tip diameter: 2.5mm (Body: 12mm)

Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1mm

 Application : High precision dosimetric measurement in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields).

Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6GHz with precision of better

 Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Phantom

Type ELI 4.0 oval flat phantom

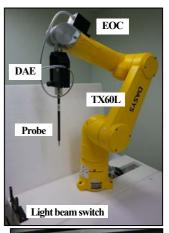
•Shell Material **Fiberglass** •Shell Thickness : Bottom plate: 2 ± 0.2 mm Bottom elliptical: 600×400mm, Depth: 190mm (Volume: Approx. 30 liters) Dimensions

 Manufacture Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Device Holder

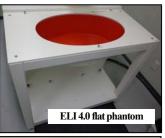
 ■ KSDH-01: In combination with the ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned. The low-loss dielectric urethane foam was used for the mounting section of device holder

•Material: POM •Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG











UL Japan, Inc. Shonan EMC Lab.

Test report No. : 10229872S-A Page : 26 of 47 Issued date : May 14, 2014

FCC ID : OCS-MT1000A

Appendix 3-4: Simulated tissue composition and parameter confirmation

Liquid type	Body
Model No.	MSL2450V2
Product No.	SL AAM 245 BA
Ingredient: Mixture (%)	Water:52-75%, DGBE:25-48%, NaCl:<1.0%
Manufacture.	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

*. The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the DAK3.5 dielectric probe kit.

	Dielectric parameter measurement results (Body tissue)											
Date	Frequency [MHz]	Ambient	** ****		Liquid Parameters Depth Relative permittivity:		Target	Measured	ΔSAR(1g)		Limit [%]	
	(Liquid)		Before	After	[mm]	Conductivity: σ	value (*1)		[%] (*2)	[%]	(*3)	
April	2450	22.5deg.C.	21.6	21.6	(153)	er [-]	52.7	52.02	+1.04	-1.3	-5≤εr-meas≤0	
8, 2014	(Body)	/47%RH	21.0	21.0	(133)	σ[S/m]	1.95	1.980	+1.04	+1.6	$0 \le \sigma$ -meas $\le +5$	

*1. The target value is a parameter defined in Appendix A of KDB865664 D01. The dielectric parameters suggested for head and body tissue simulating liquid are given at 2000, 2450 and 3000MHz. As an intermediate solution, dielectric parameters for the frequencies between 2000-2450 and 2450-3000 were obtained using linear interpolation.

	Sta	andard		Interpolated					
f (MHz)	Head	l Tissue	Body	Body Tissue		Head	l Tissue	Body Tissue	
	Еľ	σ[S/m]	Еľ	σ[S/m]	f (MHz)	er a	σ[S/m]	er	σ[S/m]
(1800-)2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	2412	39.27	1.766	52.75	1.914
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	2437	39.22	1.788	52.72	1.938
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	2462	39.18	1.813	52.68	1.967
					2402	30.20	1 757	52.76	1.004

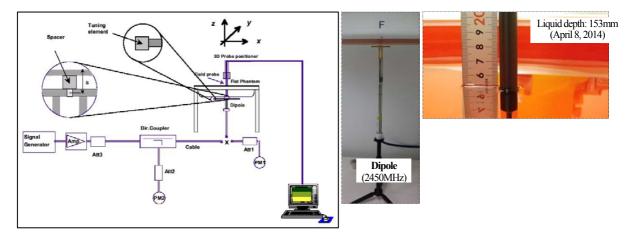
- *2. The coefficients are parameters defined in IEEE Std 1528-2013.
 - $\Delta SAR(1g) = Cer \times \Delta er + C\sigma \times \Delta \sigma, Cer = -7.854E 4 \times f^3 + 9.402E 3 \times f^2 2.742E 2 \times f 0.2026 / C\sigma = 9.804E 3 \times f^3 8.661E 2 \times f^2 + 2.981E 2 \times f + 0.7829E 2 \times f 0.2026 / C\sigma = 9.804E 3 \times f^3 8.661E 2 \times f^2 + 2.981E 2 \times f + 0.7829E 2 \times f 0.2026 / C\sigma = 9.804E 3 \times f^3 8.661E 2 \times f^2 + 2.981E 2 \times f + 0.7829E 2 \times f 0.2026 / C\sigma = 9.804E 3 \times f^3 8.661E 2 \times f^2 + 2.981E 2 \times f + 0.7829E 2 \times f$
- *3. Refer to KDB865664 D01, item 2), Clause 2.6; "When nominal tissue dielectric parameters are recorded in the probe calibration data; for example, only target values and tolerance are reported, the measured εr and σ of the liquid used in routine measurements must be: ≤ the target εr and ≥ the target σ values and also within 5% of the required target dielectric parameters."

Appendix 3-5: System check results

Prior to the SAR assessment of EUT, the system check was performed to test whether the SRA system was operating within its target of $\pm 10\%$. The System check results are in the table below. (*. Refer to Appendix 3-6 of measurement data.)

	System check results															
	E	T :: J		Liouid	Liquid Temp. [deg.C.]			Liquid Dielectric I		ielectric Power System check target & mea						
Date		Liquid	Ambient	Liquid	remp. [aeg.C.j	Depth parameter		Depth parameter		parameter		SAR (1g) [W/kg]	SAR (1g) [W/kg]		Limit
	[MHz]	Type		Check	Check Before After [mm] Er [-] \sigma [S/		σ[S/m]	[dB]	Measured (*4)	Target	[%]	[%]				
April	2450	Dody	22.5deg.C	21.6	21.7	21.7	153	52.02	1.980	-0.00	50.27 (1W scaled)	none (*5)	-	-		
8, 2014	2430	Body	/40%RH	21.0	21./	21./	133	32.02	1.980 -0.00		(12.7 (250mW)->∆SAR-corrected: <u>12.57</u>)	50.0 (*6)	+1.6	±10		

- *. Calculating formula: ΔSAR corrected SAR (1g) (W/kg) = (Observed SAR(1g) (W/kg)) × (100 (ΔSAR (%)) / 100 Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg) = (Observed SAR(1g) (W/kg)) × (Scaled factor (-))
- *4. The measured SAR value of system check was compensated for tissue dielectric deviations (delta-SAR) and scaled to 1W of output power in order to compare with the manufacture's calibration target value which was normalized.
- *5. The target value (normalized to 1W) is defined in IEEE Std.1528.
- *6. The target value is a parameter defined in the calibration data sheet of D2450V2 (sn:822) dipole calibrated by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (Certification No. D2450V2-822_Jan14, the data sheet was filed in this report). For 2.45GHz, the manufacture's calibration data of dipole for head liquid were within 1% of IEEE Std 1528 head liquid target value (=52.4W/kg, cal.=52.8W/kg, +0.8% vs. standard). This calibration result is enough, using this dipole as a reference. We decided to use body liquid calibration data of this dipole for the system check target.



Test setup for the system performance check

Test report No. : 10229872S-A Page : 27 of 47 : May 14, 2014 **Issued date**

FCC ID : OCS-MT1000A

Appendix 3-6: System check measurement data

(April 8, 2014) EUT: Dipole(2.45GHz); Type: D2450V2; Serial: 822; Forward conducted power: 250mW

Communication System: CW; Communication System Frame Length in ms: 0; Communication System PAR: 0; PMF: 1

Frequency: 2450 MHz; Crest Factor: 1.0

Medium: M2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.98 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.017$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

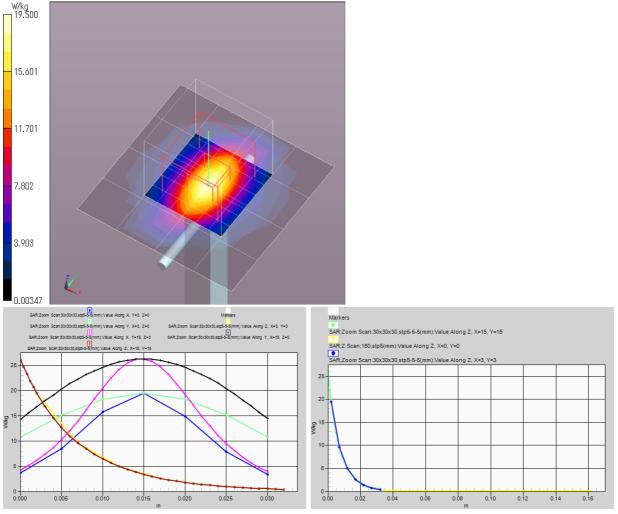
DASY Configuration:

- -Probe: EX3DV4 SN3679; ConvF(6.82, 6.82, 6.82); Calibrated: 2013/07/22;
- -Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0. 31.0. 161.0
- -Electronics: DAE4 Sn626; Calibrated: 2013/09/17
- -Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1059; Phantom section: Flat Section
- -DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

(14.0408)daily-m245,d10mm,pin=250mw/

Area Scan:60x60,stp15(mm) (5x5x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg Area Scan:60x60,stp15(mm) (41x41x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm, Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.4 W/kg Z Scan;160,stp5(mm) (1x1x33): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg Zoom Scan:30x30x30x5tp5-5-5(mm) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 99.897 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.217 mW/g (+0.8% vs. IEEE std.1528=26mW/g/-1.1% vs. spead cal.=26.5mW)





*. Date tested: 2014/04/08; Tested by: Tomochika Sato; Tested place: No.7 shielded room,

*.liquid depth: 153mm; Position: distance of dipole to phantom: 8mm (10mm to liquid); ambient: 22.5 deg.C. / 40 %RH, *.liquid temperature: 21.7(start)/21.7(end)/21.6(in check) deg.C.; *.White cubic: zoom scan area, Red cubic: big=SAR(10g)/small=SAR(1g)

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Test report No. : 10229872S-A Page : 28 of 47 Issued date : May 14, 2014

FCC ID : OCS-MT1000A

Appendix 3-7: System check uncertainty

Uncertainty of system check (2.4~6GHz) (*.ε&σ tolerance: ≤±5%, DAK3.5, CW) (v08)	1g SAR	10g SAR
Combined measurement uncertainty of the measurement system (k=1)	±11.0 %	± 10.9 %
Expanded uncertainty (k=2)	± 22.1 %	±21.8 %

	Error Description (v08)	Uncertainty Value	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	ui (1g)	ui (10g)	Vi, veff
Α	Measurement System (DASY5)						(std. uncertainty)	(std. uncertainty)	
1	Probe Calibration Error (2.45,5.2,5.3,5.5,5.6,5.8GHz±100MHz)	±6.55 %	Normal	1	1	1	±6.55 %	±6.55 %	∞
2	Axial isotropy error	±4.7 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	√0.5	√0.5	±1.9 %	±1.9 %	∞
3	Hemispherical isotropy error	±9.6 %	Rectangular	√3	0	0	0 %	0 %	∞
4	Probe linearity	±4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	∞
5	Probe modulation response (CW)	±0.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0 %	0 %	∞
6	System detection limit	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
7	Boundary effects	±4.8 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±2.8 %	±2.8 %	∞
8	System readout electronics (DAE)	±0.3 %	Normal	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	∞
9	Response Time Error (<5ms/100ms wait)	±0.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0 %	0 %	∞
10	Integration Time Error (CW)	±0.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0 %	0 %	∞
11	RF ambient conditions-noise	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
12	RF ambient conditions-reflections	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
13	Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	±3.3 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.9 %	±1.9 %	∞
14	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	±6.7 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.9 %	±3.9 %	∞
15	Max. SAR evaluation (Post-processing)	±4.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %	∞
В	Test Sample Related								
16	Deviation of the experimental source	±3.5 %	Normal	1	1	1	±3.5 %	±3.5 %	∞
17	Dipole to liquid distance (10mm±0.2mm,<2deg.)	±2.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %	∞
18	Drift of output power (measured, <0.2dB)	±2.3 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.3 %	±1.3 %	∞
C	Phantom and Setup								
19	Phantom uncertainty	±2.0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2%	∞
20	Algorithm for correcting SAR (e',σ: ≤5%)	±1.2 %	Normal	1	1	0.84	±1.2 %	±0.97 %	∞
21	Liquid conductivity (meas.) (DAK3.5)	±3.0 %	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	±2.3 %	±2.1 %	∞
22	Liquid permittivity (meas.) (DAK3.5)	±3.1 %	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	±0.7 %	±0.8 %	∞
23	Liquid Conductivity-temp.uncertainty (≤2deg.C.)	±5.3 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±2.4 %	±2.2 %	∞
24	Liquid Permittivity-temp.uncertainty (≤2deg.C.)	±0.9 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	±0.1 %	±0.1 %	∞
	Combined Standard Uncertainty						±11.0 %	±10.9 %	
	Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						±22.1 %	±21.8 %	

^{*.} This measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by IEEE Std 1528(2013), IEC 62209-2(2010) and determined by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (DASY5 Uncertainty Budget).