

*Electromagnetic Emissions Test Report  
In Accordance With Industry Canada  
Radio Standards Specification 133 issue 2,  
FCC Part 24 Subpart E  
on the  
Handspring  
Model: Treo 600 (GSM VERSION)*

FCC ID NUMBER: **O8FDK**

UPN: **3959A-DK**

APPLICANT: Handspring  
189 Bernardo Avenue  
Mountain View, CA 94043

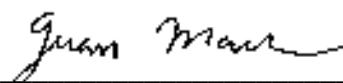
TEST SITE: Elliott Laboratories, Inc.  
684 W. Maude Ave  
Sunnyvale, CA 94086

TEST SITE: Elliott Laboratories, Inc.  
41039 Boyce Road  
Fremont, CA 94538

REPORT DATE: July 03, 2003

FINAL TEST DATE: June 24, June 25, and June 27, 2003

AUTHORIZED SIGNATORY:

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Sr. EMC Engineer

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## FCC CERTIFICATION INFORMATION

The following information is in accordance with FCC Rules, 47CFR Part 2, Subpart J, Section 2.1033(C) & to Industry Canada RSP-100.

**2.1033(c)(1)** Applicant: Hardspring  
189 Bernardo Avenue  
Mountain View, CA 94043

**2.1033(c)(2) & RSP-100 (4)** FCC ID: **O8FDK**  
UPN: **3959A-DK**

### **2.1033(c)(3) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Instructions/Installation Manual**

Please refer to Exhibit 7: User Manual, Theory of Operation, and Tune-up Procedure

### **2.1033(c)(4) & RSP-100 (7.2(b)(iii)) Type of emissions**

FCC 24E & RSS-133: **235KGXW**

### **2.1033(c)(5) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Frequency Range**

FCC 24E & RSS-133: 1850.2 - 1909.8 MHz (1900)

### **2.1033(c)(6) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Range of Operation Power**

FCC 24E & RSS-133: 29.9 dBm EIRP (.966 Watts EIRP)

### **2.1033(c)(7) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Maximum FCC & IC Allowed Power Level**

24.235(b) & RSS-133 (6.2): Mobile/portable stations are limited to 2 watts E.I.R.P. peak power and the equipment must employ means to limit the power to the minimum necessary for successful communications.

### **2.1033(c)(8) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Applied voltage and currents into the final transistor elements**

Refer to Exhibit 6. The schematic diagram

### **2.1033(c)(9) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Tune-up Procedure**

Please refer to Exhibit 7: User Manual, Theory of Operation, and Tune-up Procedure

**2.1033(c)(10) & RSP 100 (7.2(a)) Schematic Diagram of the Transmitter**

Refer to Exhibit 6. The schematic diagram

**2.1033(c)(10) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Means for Frequency Stabilization**

Refer to Exhibit 6. The schematic diagram

**2.1033(c)(10) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Means for Suppression of Spurious radiation**

Refer to Exhibit 6. The schematic diagram

**2.1033(c)(10) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Means for Limiting Modulation**

For more information please refer to Exhibit 7: Theory of Operation

**2.1033(c)(10) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Means for Limiting Power**

Refer to Exhibit 6. The schematic diagram

**2.1033(c)(11) & RSP-100 (7.2(g)) Photographs or Drawing of the Equipment Identification Plate or Label**

Refer to Exhibit 4

**2.1033(c)(12) & RSP-100 (7.2(c)) Photographs of equipment**

Refer to Exhibit 5

**2.1033(c)(13) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Equipment Employing Digital Modulation**

Provided by manufacture.

**2.1033(c)(14) & RSP-100 (7.2(b)(ii)) Data taken per Section 2.1046 to 2.1057 and RSS-133 issue 2, Rev. 1.**

Refer to Exhibit 2

**DECLARATIONS OF COMPLIANCE**

Equipment Name and Model:  
Treo 600 (GSM Version)

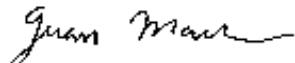
Manufacturer:  
Handspring  
189 Bernardo Avenue  
Mountain View, CA 94043

Tested to applicable standards:  
RSS-133 Issue 2, Rev. 1 November 6, 1999 (2GHz Personal Communications Services)  
FCC Part 24 Subpart E

Measurement Facility Description Filed With Department of Industry:

Departmental Acknowledgement Number: IC2845 **SV4** Dated July 30, 2001  
Departmental Acknowledgement Number: IC4549\_3 Dated March 5, 2003  
Departmental Acknowledgement Number: IC2549\_4 Dated March 5, 2003

I declare that the testing was performed or supervised by me; that the test measurements were made in accordance with the above mentioned departmental standards (through the use of TIA/EIA-603 and the specific RSS standards applicable to this device); and that the equipment performed in accordance with the data submitted in this report.



Signature	
Name	Juan Martinez
Title	Sr. EMC Engineer
Company	Elliott Laboratories Inc.
Address	684 W. Maude Ave Sunnyvale, CA 94086 USA

Date: July 3, 2003

Maintenance of compliance with the above standards is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product which may result in increased emissions should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained (i.e., printed circuit board layout changes, different line filter, different power supply, harnessing or I/O cable changes, etc.).

***SCOPE***

FCC Part 24 Subpart E & IC RSS-133 testing was performed for the equipment mentioned in this report. The equipment was tested in accordance with the procedures specified in Sections 2.1046 to 2.1057 of the FCC Rules & IC RSS-133. TIA-603 was also used as a test procedure guideline to perform some of the required tests.

The intentional radiator above was tested in a simulated typical installation to demonstrate compliance with the relevant FCC & RSS performance and procedural standards.

Final system data was gathered in a mode that tended to maximize emissions by varying orientation of EUT, orientation of power and I/O cabling, antenna search height, and antenna polarization.

Every practical effort was made to perform an impartial test using appropriate test equipment of known calibration. All pertinent factors have been applied to reach the determination of compliance.

***OBJECTIVE***

The primary objective of the manufacturer is compliance with the FCC 24 Subpart E & IC RSS-133. Certification of these devices is required as a prerequisite to marketing as defined in Section 2.1033 & RSP-100.

Certification is a procedure where the manufacturer or a contracted laboratory makes measurements and submits the test data and technical information to FCC & Industry Canada. FCC & Industry Canada issues a grant of equipment authorization and a certification number upon successful completion of their review of the submitted documents. Once the equipment authorization has been obtained, the label indicating compliance must be attached to all identical units subsequently manufactured.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product that may result in increased emissions should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained (i.e., printed circuit board layout changes, different line filter, different power supply, harnessing or I/O cable changes, etc.).

**SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS****Part 24E and RSS-133 Test Summary**

Part 2 Measurements Required Section	FCC Part 24 Subpart E Section	RSS-133 Section	Test Performed	Measured Value	Test Procedure Used	Result
Modulation Tested	GSM	GSM	-	-	-	-
2.1047: Modulation characteristics	24.238 (b)	5.6	99% Bandwidth	235 kHz	D	Complies
2.1046: RF power output	24.232 (b)	6.2	Output Power Test	29.9 dBm (1.0 Watts EIRP)	A	Complies
2.1046: RF power output	24.232 (b)	6.2	Conducted Output Power Test <b>(Antenna Conducted)</b>	29.93 dBm (.984Watts)	B	Complies
2.1051: Spurious emissions at antenna Port	24.238 (a) & (b)	6.3	Emission Limits and/or Unwanted Emission 30MHz – 25GHz <b>(Antenna Conducted)</b>	All spurious emissions < -13dBm	J	Complies
2.1049: Occupied Bandwidth	24.238 (a) & (b)	6.3	Out of Block Emissions <b>(Antenna Conducted)</b>	All spurious emissions < -13dBm	I	Complies
2.1053 Field strength of spurious radiation	24.238 (a) & (b)	6.3	Radiated Spurious Emissions 30MHz – 25GHz	-15.5 dBm @ 3756.506 MHz (-2.5 dB)	N	Complies
2.1055: Frequency stability	24.235	7(a)	Frequency Stability (Frequency Vs. Temperature)	-1240 Hz	K	Complies
2.1055: Frequency stability	24.235	7(b)	Frequency Stability (Frequency Vs. Voltage)	10 Hz	L & M	Complies
2.1093: Exposure to portable devices	24.52	8	Exposure of Humans to RF Fields	SAR Report provided	N/A	-
-	-	9 (ii)	Receiver Spurious Emissions <b>(Antenna Conducted)</b>	All spurious emission below 1 GHz < 2 nanowatts and above 1 GHz < 5 nanowatts	P	Complies

**MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES**

ISO Guide 17025 requires that an estimate of the measurement uncertainties associated with the emissions test results be included in the report. The measurement uncertainties given below are based on a 95% confidence level and were calculated in accordance with NAMAS document NIS 81.

Measurement Type	Frequency Range (MHz)	Calculated Uncertainty (dB)
Conducted Emissions	0.15 to 30	$\pm 2.4$
Radiated Emissions	30 to 1000	$\pm 3.6$

**EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DETAILS****GENERAL**

The EUT is a personal digital assistant with a built-in cellular phone. Normally, the EUT would be placed on a tabletop during operation. The EUT was, therefore, treated as table-top equipment during testing to simulate the end-user environment. The electrical rating of the EUT is 120/240 V, 50/60 Hz, 1 Amps.

The sample was received on June 23, 2003 and tested on June 24, June 25, and June 27, 2003. The EUT consisted of the following component(s):

Manufacturer/Model/Description	Serial Number	Proposed FCC ID #
Handspring/Treo 600 (GSM Version)/PDA phone	N/A	<b>O8FDK</b>

**ENCLOSURE**

The EUT enclosure is primarily constructed of plastic. It measures approximately 6.5 cm wide by 1.5 cm deep by 13 cm high.

**MODIFICATIONS**

The EUT did not require modifications during testing in order to comply with the emission specifications.

**SUPPORT EQUIPMENT**

No remote support equipment was used during testing.

**EUT INTERFACE PORTS**

The I/O cabling configuration during emissions testing was as follows:

Port	Connected to	Description	Shielded or Unshielded	Length (m)
Docking Port (EUT)	Serial (Computer) and AC Mains	Multiconductor (Y-cable)	Shielded	1.9

**EUT OPERATION DURING TESTING**

EUT was set to operated on the low, middle, and high channel at full power.

**TEST SITE****GENERAL INFORMATION**

Final test measurements were taken on June 24 at the Elliott Laboratories Chamber # 3 and 4 located Fremont, 41039 Boyce Road, Fremont CA 94538. Final test measurements were taken on June 25 &, 27, 2003 at the Elliott Laboratories Open Area Test Site # 4 located at 684 West Maude Avenue, Sunnyvale, California. Pursuant to Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules, construction, calibration, and equipment data has been filed with the Commission.

**CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS**

Conducted emissions testing are performed in conformance with Section 2 of FCC Rules. Measurements are made with the EUT connected to a spectrum analyzer through an attenuator to prevent overloading the analyzer.

**RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS**

Radiated measurements are performed in an open field environment or Anechoic Chamber. The test site is maintained free of conductive objects within the CISPR 16-1 defined elliptical area.

## MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION

### RECEIVER SYSTEM

An EMI receiver as specified in CISPR 16-1 is used for emissions measurements. The receivers are capable of measuring over the frequency range of 9 kHz up to 2000 MHz. These receivers allow both ease of measurement and high accuracy to be achieved. The receivers have Peak, Average, and CISPR (Quasi-peak) detectors built into their design so no external adapters are necessary. The receiver automatically sets the required bandwidth for the particular detector used during measurements.

For measurements above the frequency range of the receivers, a spectrum analyzer is utilized because it provides visibility of the entire spectrum along with the precision and versatility required to support engineering analysis. If average measurements above 1000MHz are performed, the linear-average method with a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz and a video bandwidth of 10 Hz is used.

### INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER

A personal computer is utilized to record the receiver measurements of the field strength at the antenna, which is then compared directly with the appropriate specification limit. The receiver is programmed with appropriate factors to convert the received voltage into field strength at the antenna. Results are printed in a graphic and/or tabular format, as appropriate.

The test receiver also provides a visual display of the signal being measured.

### PEAK POWER METER

A peak power meter and thermister mount may be used for output power measurements from transmitters as they provide a broadband indication of the power output.

### FILTERS/ATTENUATORS

External filters and precision attenuators are often connected between the receiving antenna or EUT and the receiver. This eliminates saturation effects and non-linear operation due to high amplitude transmitters and transient events.

**ANTENNAS**

A biconical antenna is used to cover the range from 30 MHz to 300 MHz and a log periodic antenna is utilized from 300 MHz to 1000 MHz. Narrowband tuned dipole antennas are used over the 30 to 1000 MHz range for precision measurements of field strength. Above 1000 MHz, a horn antenna is used. The antenna calibration factors are included in site factors programmed into the test receivers

**ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE**

The antennas used to measure the radiated electric field strength are mounted on a non-conductive antenna mast equipped with a motor drive to vary the antenna height.

The requirements of ANSI C63.4 were used for configuration of the equipment turntable. It specifies that the test height above ground for table-mounted devices shall be 80 centimeters. Floor mounted equipment shall be placed on the ground plane if the device is normally used on a conductive floor or separated from the ground plane by insulating material from 3 to 12 mm if the device is normally used on a non-conductive floor. During radiated measurements, the EUT is positioned on a motorized turntable in conformance with this requirement.

**INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION**

All test equipment is regularly checked to ensure that performance is maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. All antennas are calibrated at regular intervals with respect to tuned half-wave dipoles. An appendix of this report contains the list of test equipment used and calibration information.

## TEST PROCEDURES

**General:** For Transmitters with detachable antenna, direct measurements for output power, modulation characterization, occupied bandwidth, and frequency stability are performed with the antenna port of the EUT connected to either the power meter, modulation analyzer, or spectrum analyzer via a suitable attenuator and/or filter. The attenuators and/or filters are used to ensure that the transmitter fundamental will not overload the front end of the measurement instrument.

**Procedure A – Power Measurement (Radiated Method):** The following procedure was used for transmitters that do not use external antennas or with devices with test port were the output power can be measured directly, but Power must still be made with antenna attached.

- 1) Set the EUT to maximum power and to the lowest channel.
- 2) A spectrum analyzer was used to measure the power output. The search antenna was located 3 meter from the EUT.
- 3) The spectrum analyzer resolution and video bandwidth was set to 2 MHz to measure the power output. No amplifier was used since the fundamental will cause the amplifier to saturate.
- 4) The EUT was then rotated for a complete 360 degrees and the search antenna was raised and lowered to maximize the fundamental. Both vertical and horizontal polarization's were performed. All correction factors are applied to the fundamental.
- 5) Substitution is then performed. Substitution method is performed by replacing the EUT with a horn antenna and signal generator. The horn antenna factors can be reference to a half-wave dipole in dBi. The signal generator power level is adjusted until a similar level, which was measured, in step 4, is achieved on the spectrum analyzer. The level on the signal generator is then added to the antenna factor, in dBi, which will give the corrected value.
- 6) Steps 1 to 5 are repeated for the middle and the highest channel.

**Procedure B – Power Measurement (Conducted Method):** The following procedure was used for transmitters that do use external antennas.

- 1) Set the EUT to maximum power and to the lowest channel.
- 2) Either a power meter or a spectrum analyzer was used to measure the power output.
- 3) If a spectrum analyzer was used a resolution and video bandwidth 1MHz was used to measure the power output. Corrected for any external attenuation used for the protection of the input of analyzer. In addition, For CDMA or TDMA modulations set spectrum analyzer resolution to 1MHz and video to 30 kHz. Use video averaging with a 100-sample rate.
- 4) If a power meter was used, corrected for any external attenuation used for the protection of the input of the sensor head. Also set the power sensor correction by setting up the frequency range that will be measured.
- 5) Repeat this for the high channel and all modulations that will be used and all output ports used for transmission

**Procedure D - Occupied Bandwidth (Conducted Method):** Either for analog, digital, or data modulations, occupied bandwidth was performed. The EUT was set to transmit the appropriate modulation at maximum power. The bandwidth was measured using following methods:

- 1) The built-in 99% function of the spectrum analyzer was used.
- 2) If the built-in 99% is not available then the following method is used:

26-dB was subtracted to the maximum peak of the emission. Then the display line function was used, in conjunction with the marker delta function, to measure the emissions bandwidth.

- 3) For the above two methods a resolution and video bandwidth of 10 or 30 kHz was used to measure the emission's bandwidth.

**Procedure H - Other Types of Equipment:** Either digital or data modulated signals were simulated, by software or external sources, to performed the required tests. The EUT was set to transmit the appropriate digital modulation.

**Procedure I – Bandedge:** Where Bandedge measurements are specified the following procedure was performed:

- 1) Set the transmitting signal as close as possible to the edge of the frequency band/block as specified in the standard. Power is set to maximum
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer display line function to -13 dBm.
- 3) Set the spectrum analyzer bandwidth to the minimum 1% of the emission bandwidth. The emission bandwidth is determined by using **procedure D**.
- 4) Set the marker function to the FCC or IC specified frequency band/block.
- 5) Set the spectrum analyzer span to show any emission within 2 MHz above or below the frequency band/block. All spurious or intermodulation emission must not exceed the -13 dBm limit.
- 6) Steps 1 to 5 were repeated for all modulations and output ports that will be used for transmission. Also, bandedge is determined for blocks A (high edge), D, B, E, F, C (low edge).

**Procedure J – Antenna Conducted Emissions:** For spurious emission measurements at the antenna terminal the following procedure was performed:

- 1) Set the transmitting signal as close as possible to the edge of the frequency band/block as specified in the standard. Power is set to maximum
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer display line function to -13-dBm.
- 3) Set the spectrum analyzer bandwidth to 1 MHz.
- 4) For the spectrum analyzer, the start frequency was set to 30 MHz and the stop frequency set to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the fundamental. All spurious or intermodulation emission must not exceed the -13dBm limit.
- 5) Steps 1 to 4 were repeated for all modulations and output ports that will be used for transmission.

**Procedure K - Frequency Stability:** The EUT is placed inside a temperature chamber with all support and test equipment located outside of the chamber. The spectrum analyzer is configured to give a 6-digit display for the marker-frequency function. The spectrum analyzer's built-in frequency counter is used to measure the maximum deviation of the fundamental frequency at each temperature. The Temperature chamber was varied from  $-30$  to  $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$  (or  $+60^{\circ}\text{C}$  for some IC RSS standards) in 10 degrees increment. The EUT was allowed enough time to stabilize for each temperature variation.

**Procedure L - Frequency Stability:** For AC or DC operated devices the nominal voltage is varied to 85% and to 115% at either room temperature or at a controlled  $+20^{\circ}\text{C}$  temperature.

**Procedure M - Frequency Stability:** For battery-powered devices the voltage battery end-point is determined by reducing the dc voltage until the unit ceases to function. This is performed at either room temperature or at a controlled  $+20^{\circ}\text{C}$  temperature.

**Procedure N - Field Strength Measurement:** The EUT was set on the turntable and the search antenna position 3 meters away. The output antenna terminal was terminated with a 50-ohm terminator. The EUT was set at the middle of the frequency band and set at maximum output power.

For the first scan, a pre-liminary measurement is performed. A preliminary scan of emissions is conducted in which all significant EUT frequencies are identified with the system in a nominal configuration. One or more of these is with the antenna polarized vertically while the one or more of these are with the antenna polarized horizontally. During the preliminary scans, the EUT is rotated through  $360^{\circ}$ , the antenna height is varied and cable positions are varied to determine the highest emission relative to the limit.

For the final measurement, Substitution method is performed on spurious emissions not being 20-dB below the calculated radiated limit. Substitution method is performed by replacing the EUT with a horn antenna and signal generator. The horn antenna factors can be reference to a half-wave dipole in dBi. The signal generator power level was adjusted until a similar level, which was measured on the first scan, is achieved on the spectrum analyzer. The level on the signal generator is than added to the antenna factor, in dBi, which will give the corrected value.

**Procedure O – Antenna Conducted Emissions (22.917(f)):** For Mobile spurious emission in base frequency the following procedure was performed:

- 1) Set the transmitting signal as close as possible to the edge of the frequency band/block as specified in the standard. Power is set to maximum
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer display line function to -80-dBm.
- 3) Set the spectrum analyzer bandwidth to 1 kHz. The reason for using 1 kHz BW was to bring the analyzer noise floor down below the limit and provide more dynamic range, since no notch filter was available to attenuate the fundamental.
- 4) For the spectrum analyzer, the start frequency was set to 869 MHz and the stop frequency set to 894 MHz. All spurious or intermodulation emission must not exceed the -80-dBm limit.
- 5) Steps 1 to 4 were repeated for low, middle, and high channels.

**Procedure P – Receiver Antenna Conducted Emissions:** Receiver spurious emission was measured at the antenna terminal, as a port was available.

- 1) Set the receiver was set to the midpoint of the operating band as specified in the standard.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer display line function to 2 nanowatts for measurements below 1 GHz and 5 nanowatts for measurements above 1 GHz.
- 3) Set the spectrum analyzer bandwidth to 1 MHz.
- 4) For the spectrum analyzer, the start frequency was set to 30 MHz and the stop frequency set to the 5<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the receiver LO. All spurious or intermodulation emission must not exceed the specified limit.

**SPECIFICATION LIMITS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS****RADIATED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS**

The limits for radiated emissions are based on the power of the transmitter at the operating frequency. Data is measured in the logarithmic form of decibels relative to one milliwatt (dBm) or one microvolt/meter (dBuV/m.). The field strength of the emissions from the EUT is measured on a test site with a receiver.

Below is a formula example used to calculate the attenuation requirement, relative to the transmitters power output, in dBuV/m. For this example an operating power range of 3 watts is used. The radiated emissions limit for spurious signals outside of the assigned frequency block is  $43 + 10\log_{10}$  (mean output power in watts) dB below the measured amplitude at the operating power.

**CALCULATIONS – EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER**

$$E(V/m) = \frac{\sqrt{30 * P * G}}{d}$$

E= Field Strength in V/m

P= Power in Watts (for this example we use 3 watts)

G= Gain of antenna in numeric gain (Assume 1.64 for ERP)

d= distance in meters

$$E(V/m) = \frac{\sqrt{30 * 3 \text{ watts} * 1.64 \text{ dB}}}{3 \text{ meters}}$$

$$20 * \log (4.049 \text{ V/m} * 1,000,000) = 132.14 \text{ dBuV/m} @ 3 \text{ meters}$$

FCC Rules request an attenuation of  $43 + 10 \log (3)$  or 47.8 dB for all emissions outside the assigned block, the limit for spurious and harmonic emissions is:

$$132.1 \text{ dBuV/m} - 47.8 \text{ dB} = 84.3 \text{ dBuV/m} @ 3 \text{ meter.}$$

**Note: Substitution Method is performed for spurious emission not being 20-dB below the calculated field strength.**

***EXHIBIT 1: Test Equipment Calibration Data***

**Antenna Conducted Emissions, 27-Jun-03****Engineer: jmartinez**

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Model #</u>	<u>Assett #</u>	<u>Cal interval</u>	<u>Last Calibrated</u>	<u>Cal Due</u>
Hewlett Packard	Spectrum Analyzer 30Hz - 40 GHz	8564E (84125C)	1148	12	4/2/2003	4/2/2004

**Power Measurement, 27-Jun-03****Engineer: jmartinez**

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Model #</u>	<u>Assett #</u>	<u>Cal interval</u>	<u>Last Calibrated</u>	<u>Cal Due</u>
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter, Single Channel	NRVS	1290	12	4/8/2003	4/8/2004
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor 100uW - 10 Watts	NRV-Z53	1236	12	8/15/2002	8/15/2003

**Radiated Emissions, 1 - 25 GHz, 09-Jul-03****Engineer: jmartinez**

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Model #</u>	<u>Assett #</u>	<u>Cal interval</u>	<u>Last Calibrated</u>	<u>Cal Due</u>
EMCO	LISN, 10kHz-100MHz	3825/2	1293	12	7/1/2003	7/1/2004
Hewlett Packard	Microwave EMI test system (SA40, 30Hz - 40GHz), system 2	84125C	1410	12	4/2/2003	4/2/2004
Sunol Sciences	Biconilog, 30-3000MHz	JB3	1548	12	2/6/2003	2/6/2004

**Radiated Emissions, 1 - 25 GHz, 09-Jul-03****Engineer: jmartinez**

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Model #</u>	<u>Assett #</u>	<u>Cal interval</u>	<u>Last Calibrated</u>	<u>Cal Due</u>
EMCO	Horn Antenna, D. Ridge 1-18GHz	3115	487	12	4/24/2003	4/24/2004
Elliott Laboratories	Log Periodic Antenna 300-1000 MHz	EL300.1000	297	12	1/21/2003	1/21/2004
Hewlett Packard	Signal Generator (sweep) 0.01 - 26.5 GHz	8340A	1244	N/A		

***EXHIBIT 2: Test Measurement Data***

The following data includes conducted and radiated emission measurements of the Handspring, Model No: Treo 600 (GSM VERSION).

T51639_24E	29 Pages
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## ***EMC Test Data***

Client:	Handspring	Job Number:	J49635
Model:	Batman	T-Log Number:	T51639
Contact:			Account Manager: Christine Vu
Emissions Spec:	David Waitt FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133	Class:	-
Immunity Spec:	-	Environment:	-

## **EMC Test Data**

For The

**Handspring**

Model

**Batman**

Date of Last Test: 6/27/2003



## EMC Test Data

Client:	Handspring	Job Number:	J49635
Model:	Batman	T-Log Number:	T51639
		Account Manager:	Christine Vu
Contact:	David Waitt		
Emissions Spec:	FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-	Class:	-
Immunity Spec:	-	Environment:	-

### EUT INFORMATION

#### General Description

The EUT is a personal digital assistant with a built-in cellular phone.. Normally, the EUT would be placed on a table top during operation. The EUT was, therefore, treated as table-top equipment during testing to simulate the end-user environment. The electrical rating of the EUT is 120/240 V, 50/60 Hz, 1 Amps.

#### Equipment Under Test

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
Handspring	Trio 600	Batman	N/A	O8FDK
Motorola	MU12-1052100-A1	Power Supply	N/A	N/A

#### Other EUT Details

#### EUT Enclosure

The EUT enclosure is primarily constructed of plastic. It measures approximately 6.5 cm wide by 1.5 cm deep by 13 cm high.

#### Modification History

Mod. #	Test	Date	Modification
1			
2			
3			

Modifications applied are assumed to be used on subsequent tests unless otherwise stated as a further modification.



## EMC Test Data

Client:	Handspring	Job Number:	J49635
Model:	Batman	T-Log Number:	T51639
		Account Manager:	Christine Vu
Contact:	David Waitt		
Emissions Spec:	FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-	Class:	-
Immunity Spec:	-	Environment:	-

### Test Configuration #1

#### Local Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
IBM	Think Pad 600X	Laptop	78-RXBL3	DoC
IBM	02K6665	Power Supply	N/A	N/A

#### Remote Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
None				

#### Interface Cabling and Ports

Port	Connected To	Cable(s)		
		Description	Shielded or Unshielded	Length(m)
Docking Port(EUT)	Serial (Computer) and AC Mains	Multiconductor (Y-cabe)	Shielded	1.9

Note: The paralleled port was not connected as would not normally be connected for the radio to function properly.

#### EUT Operation During Emissions Radio

EUT was set to operated on the low, middle, and high channel at full power.



## *EMC Test Data*

Client: Handspring	Job Number: J49635
Model: Batman	T-Log Number: T51639
Contact: David Waitt	Account Manager: Christine Vu
Spec: FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133	Class: -

## Power Output Measurements

## Test Specifics

**Objective:** The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 6/24/2003 Config. Used: 1  
Test Engineer: Marissa Faustino Config Change: None  
Test Location: Chamber #3 EUT Voltage: 120V/60Hz

## General Test Configuration

The EUT was located on the turntable for radiated field strength measurements and the local support equipment was located underneath the table.

For radiated measurements were taken with receive antenna located 3 meters from the EUT.

**Ambient Conditions:** Temperature: 15 °C  
Rel. Humidity: 55 %

## Summary of Results

Run #	Test Performed	Limit	Result	Margin
1	Power Output	22.917(a)	Pass	30.8 dBm (ERP)
1	Conducted Output Power	22.917(a)	Pass	32.96 dBm
1	Power Output	24.232(b)	Pass	29.9 dBm (EIRP)
1	Conducted Output Power	24.232(b)	Pass	29.93 dBm

### Modifications Made During Testing:

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

## Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.



## EMC Test Data

Client: Handspring	Job Number: J49635
Model: Batman	T-Log Number: T51639
	Account Manager: Christine Vu
Contact: David Waitt	

Spec: FCC 22H &amp; 24E, RSS-132 &amp; RSS-133

Class: -

### Run #1: Fundamental 800 & 1900 MHz

Frequency	Level	Pol	FCC 24E & 22H		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
824.282	125.9	v	-	-	Pk	-	-	
836.838	125.8	v	-	-	Pk	-	-	
848.891	126.2	v	-	-	Pk	-	-	
1850.170	126.0	v	-	-	Pk	-	-	
1880.000	125.5	v	-	-	Pk	-	-	
1909.870	124.2	v	-	-	Pk	-	-	

### Output Power (Substitution Method)

Substitution Note 1							Comment
Frequency	Level	Pol	Pin	Gain	EIRP	ERP	
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h	dBm	dBi	dBm	dBm	
824.282	125.9	V	25.4	7.4	32.8	30.6	Note 1 and 2
836.838	125.8	V	25.9	6.9	32.8	30.6	Note 1 and 2
848.891	126.2	V	25.9	7.1	33.0	30.8	Note 1 and 2
1850.170	126.0	V	22.5	7.3	29.8	27.6	Note 1 and 2
1880.000	125.5	V	22.6	7.3	29.9	27.7	Note 1 and 2
1909.870	124.2	V	21.7	7.3	29.0	26.8	Note 1 and 2

Note 1:	Field Strength = Measured - reduced by dB = S.A. level that will be measured. The reduced by dB was then added to the signal generators (Pin) level to get the correct output power and then added the Gain (dBi) of the antenna.
Note 2:	Pin is the power input (dBm) to the substitution antenna to obtain the field strength recorded from the EUT. G is the gain (dBi) for the substitution antenna. ERP is the effective radiated power (Pin + GdBi - 2.2) from the substitution antenna. EIRP is calculated as follows (Pin+GdBi)

### Antenna Conducted Output Power (Power Meter)

Frequency	Power Output
MHz	(dBm)
848.800	32.96
1880.000	29.93



## *EMC Test Data*

Client:	Handspring	Job Number:	J49635
Model:	Batman	T-Log Number:	T51639
Contact:	David Waitt	Account Manager:	Christine Vu
Spec:	FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133	Class:	-

## Antenna Conducted Emission (24E & RSS-133)

## Test Specifics

**Objective:** The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 6/27/2003 Config. Used: 1  
Test Engineer: jmartinez Config Change: None  
Test Location: SVOATS #4 EUT Voltage: 120V/60Hz

## General Test Configuration

The Eut was connected directly to Spectrum Analyzer. A 20-dB attenuator was used between the EUT and Spectrum Analyzer.

**Ambient Conditions:** Temperature: 16 °C  
Rel. Humidity: 45 %

## Summary of Results

Run #	Test Performed	Limit	Result	Margin
1	Bandedges	24.238(a)	Pass	-27 dBm @1885 MHz
2	Out of Band	24.238(a)	Pass	all emission < -13 dBm
2	99% Bandwidth	24.238(a)	Pass	235 kHz

### Modifications Made During Testing:

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

## Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.

Client: Handspring

Job Number: J49635

Model: Batman

T-Log Number: T51639

Account Manager: Christine Vu

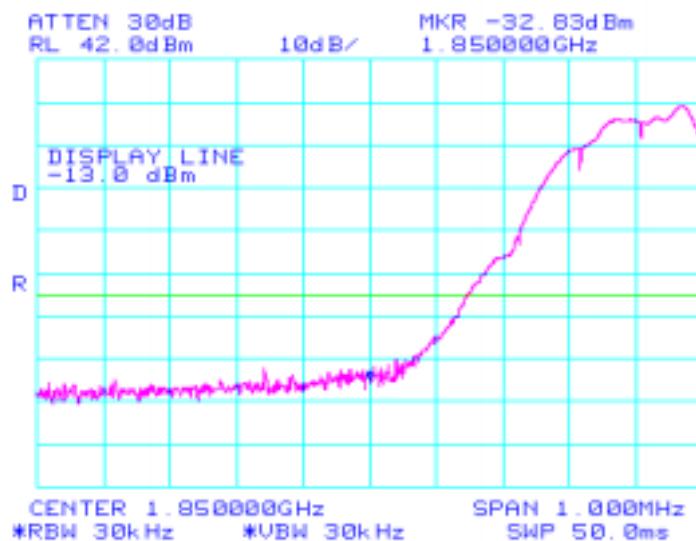
Contact: David Waitt

Spec: FCC 22H &amp; 24E, RSS-132 &amp; RSS-133

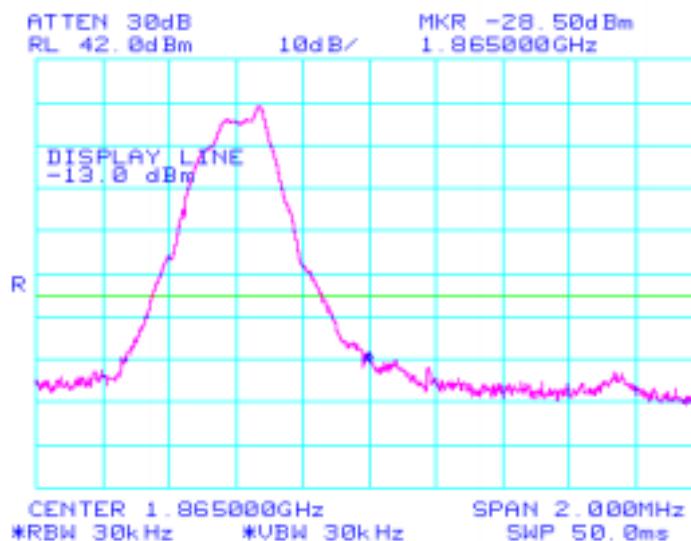
Class: -

**Run# 1: Bandedge**

Block A Low channel 513



Block A High channel 584





## EMC Test Data

Client: Handspring

Job Number: J49635

Model: Batman

T-Log Number: T51639

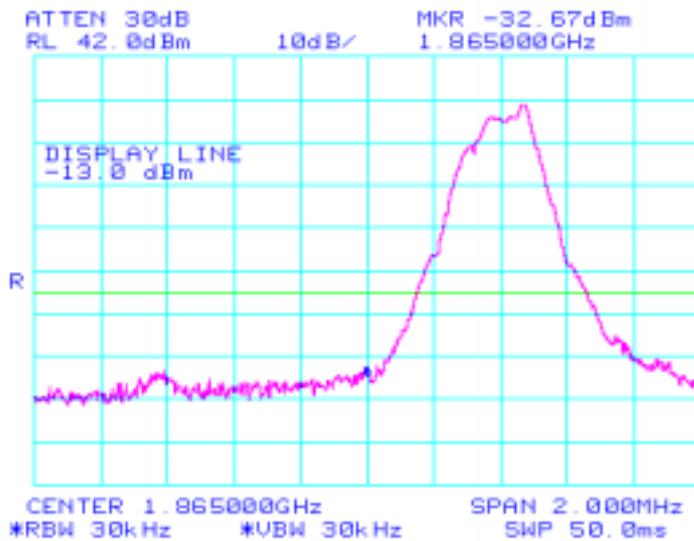
Account Manager: Christine Vu

Contact: David Waitt

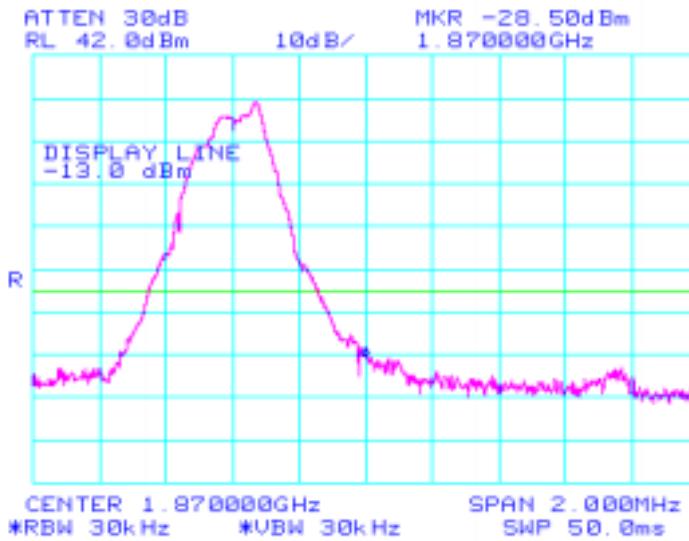
Spec: FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133

Class: -

Block D Low channel 588



Block D High channel 609





## EMC Test Data

Client: Handspring

Job Number: J49635

Model: Batman

T-Log Number: T51639

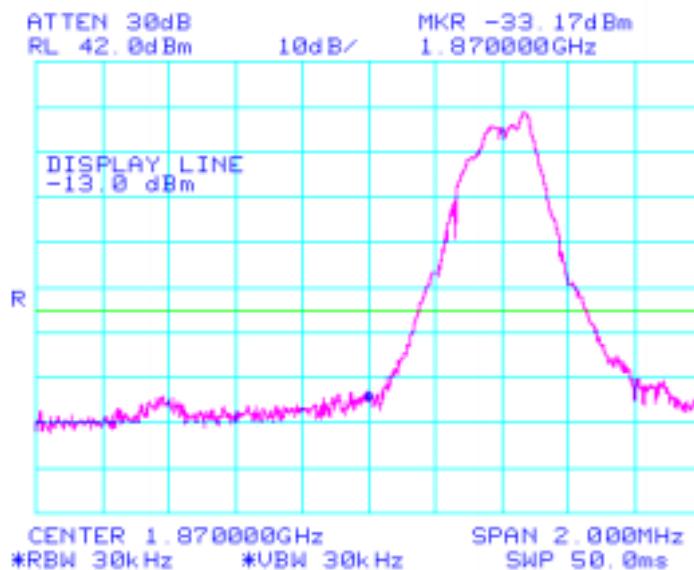
Account Manager: Christine Vu

Contact: David Waitt

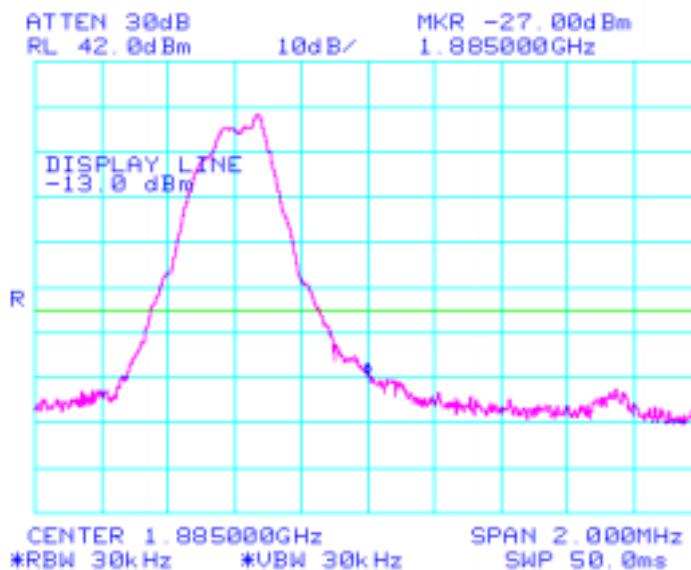
Spec: FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133

Class: -

Block B Low channel 613



Block B High channel 684





## EMC Test Data

Client: Handspring

Job Number: J49635

Model: Batman

T-Log Number: T51639

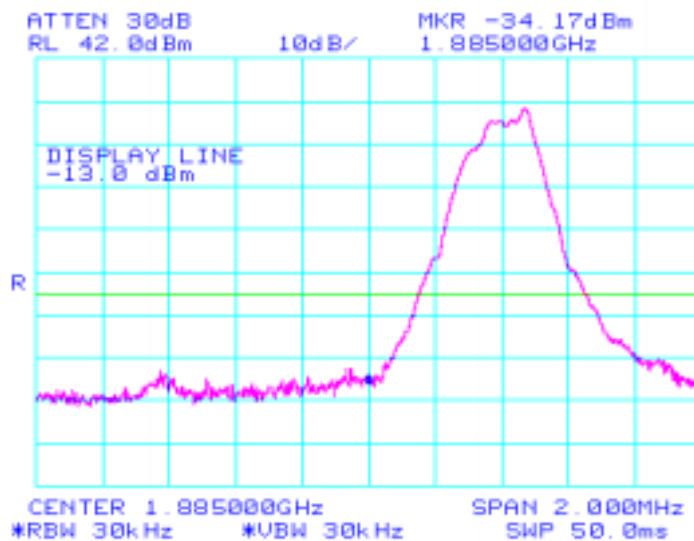
Account Manager: Christine Vu

Contact: David Waitt

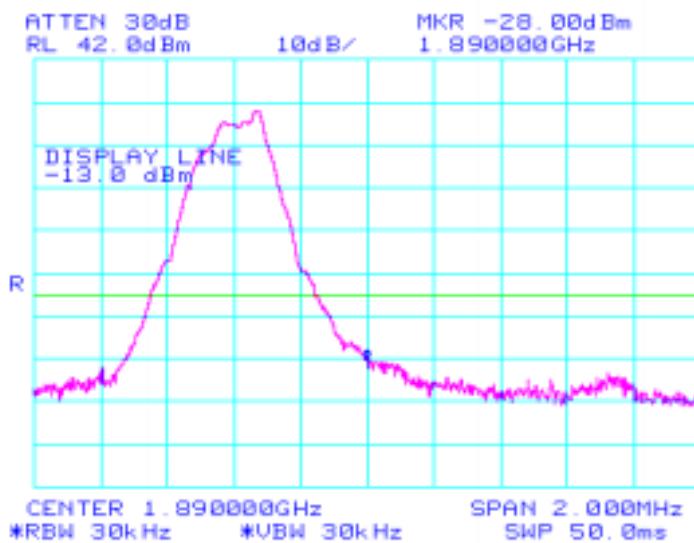
Spec: FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133

Class: -

Block E Low channel 688



Block E High channel 709





## EMC Test Data

Client: Handspring

Job Number: J49635

Model: Batman

T-Log Number: T51639

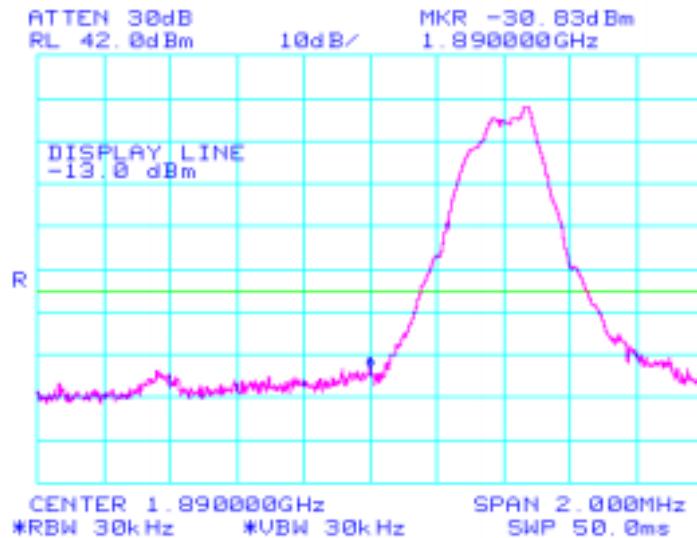
Account Manager: Christine Vu

Contact: David Waitt

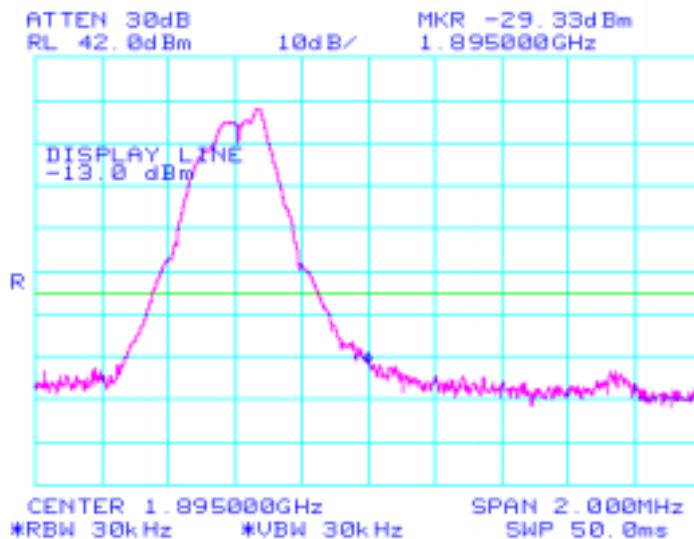
Spec: FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133

Class: -

Block FLow channel 713



Block FHigh channel 734





## EMC Test Data

Client: Handspring

Job Number: J49635

Model: Batman

T-Log Number: T51639

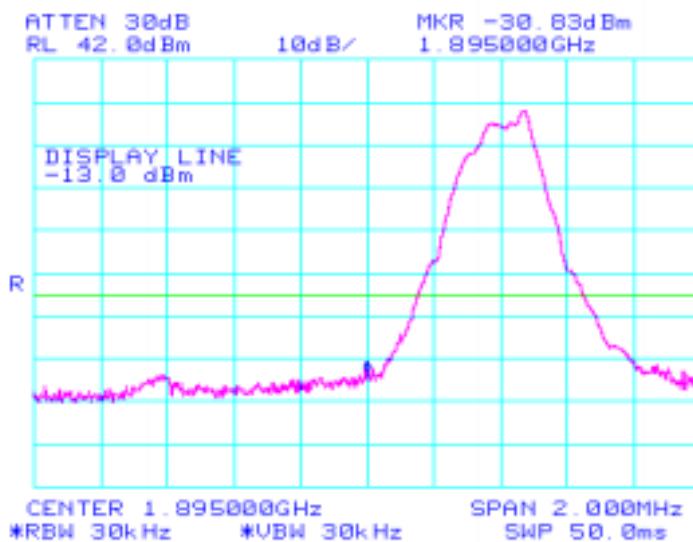
Account Manager: Christine Vu

Contact: David Waitt

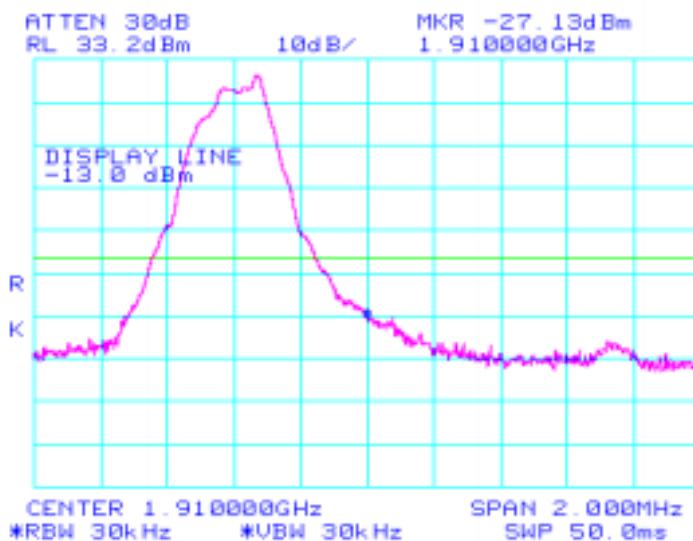
Spec: FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133

Class: -

Block C Low channel 738



Block C High channel 809



Client: Handspring

Job Number: J49635

Model: Batman

T-Log Number: T51639

Account Manager: Christine Vu

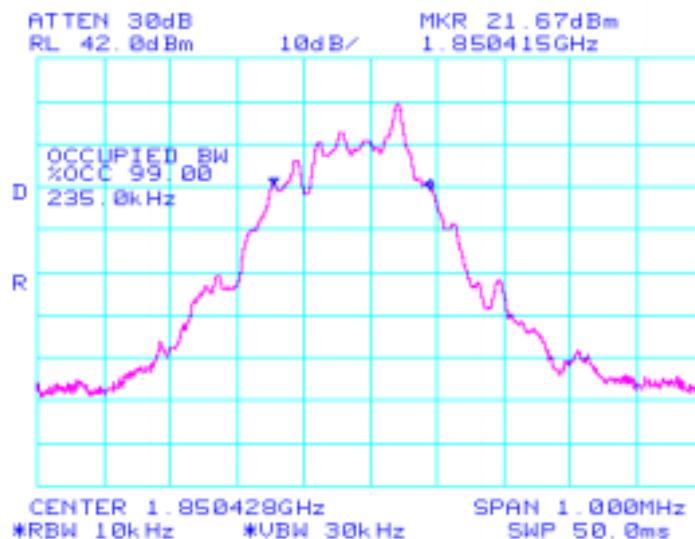
Contact: David Waitt

Spec: FCC 22H &amp; 24E, RSS-132 &amp; RSS-133

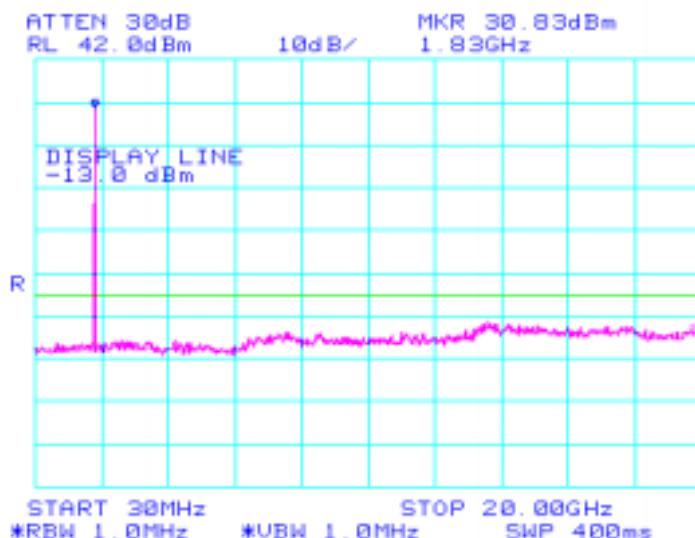
Class: -

**Run# 2: Out of band emissions and 99% Bandwidth:**

Low Channel Block A 99% Bandwidth



Low Channel Block A Out of Band Emission





## EMC Test Data

Client: Handspring

Job Number: J49635

Model: Batman

T-Log Number: T51639

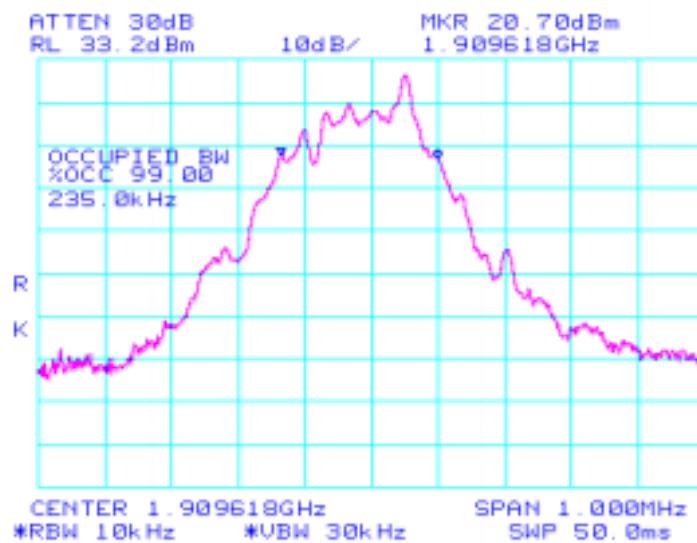
Account Manager: Christine Vu

Contact: David Waitt

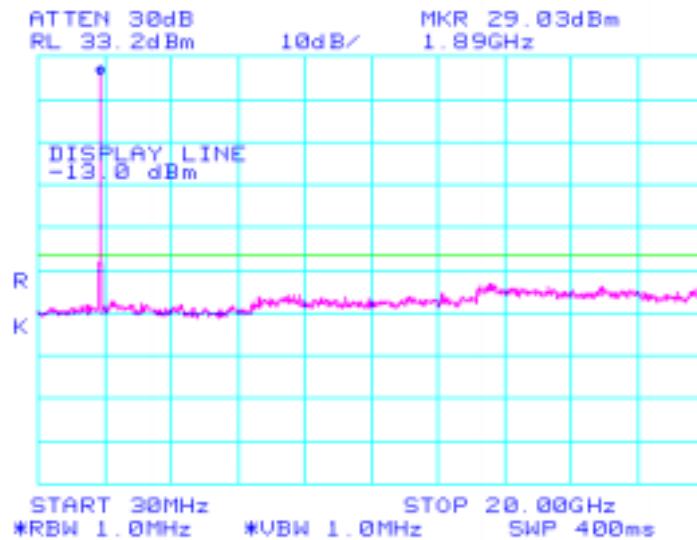
Spec: FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133

Class: -

### High Channel Block C 99% Bandwidth



### High Channel Block C Out of Band Emissions





## *EMC Test Data*

Client:	Handspring	Job Number:	J49635
Model:	Batman	T-Log Number:	T51639
		Account Manager:	Christine Vu
Contact:	David Waitt		
Spec:	FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133	Class:	-

## Radiated Emissions

## Test Specifics

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform engineering evaluation testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 6/24/2003 Config. Used: 1  
Test Engineer: Marissa Faustino Config Change: None  
Test Location: Chamber #3 EUT Voltage: 120V/60Hz

## General Test Configuration

The EUT was located on the turntable for radiated emissions testing.

On the OATS, the measurement antenna was located 3m from the EUT for the frequency range 1 - 20 GHz.

For radiated emissions testing the measurement antenna was located 3 meters from the EUT. For any Spurious emission more than 20-dB of the field strength limit, substitution was performed. If the Spurious emissions are 20-dB below the field strength limit, substitution does not have to be performed.

**Ambient Conditions:** Temperature: 15 °C  
Rel. Humidity: 55 %

## Summary of Results

Run #	Test Performed	Limit	Result	Margin
1-3	RE, 1000 - 9000 MHz Maximized Emissions	22.917(e)	Pass	-14.9dB @ 8486.673 MHz
4-6	RE, 1000 - 19000 MHz Maximized Emissions	24.238(a)	Pass	-2.5dB @ 3756.506 MHz

### Modifications Made During Testing:

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

## Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.



## EMC Test Data

Client: Handspring

Job Number: J49635

Model: Batman

T-Log Number: T51639

Account Manager: Christine Vu

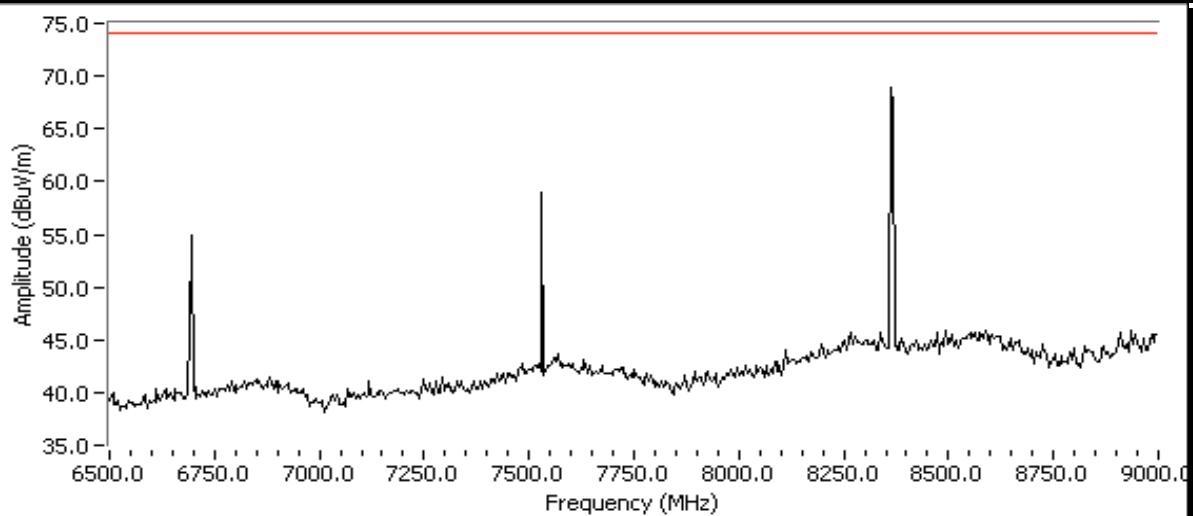
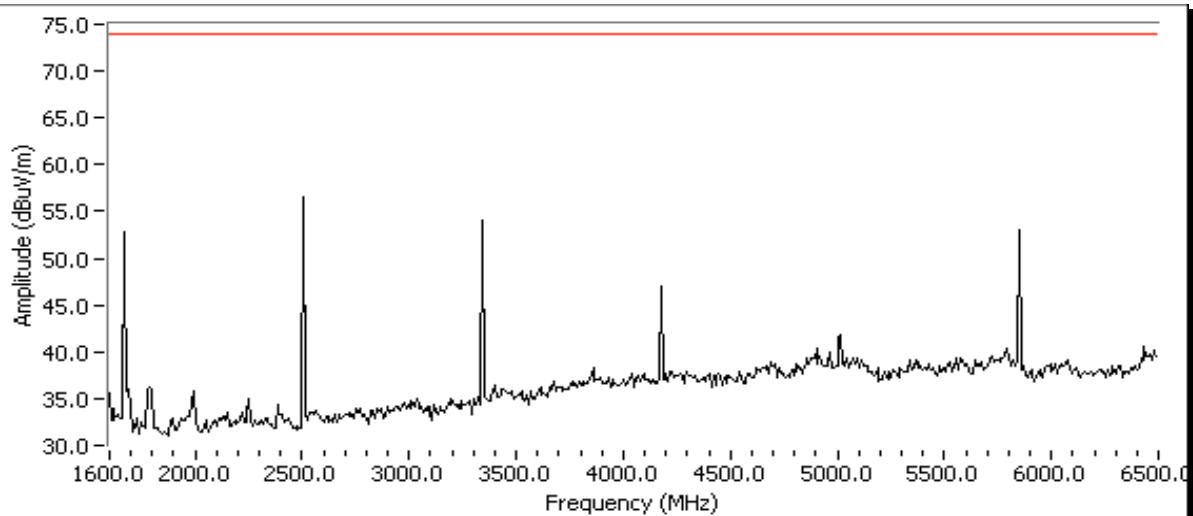
Contact: David Waitt

Spec: FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133

Class: -

### Run #1: Maximized Radiated Emissions, 1600-9000 MHz

Channel 191





## EMC Test Data

Client: Handspring							Job Number: J49635	
Model: Batman							T-Log Number: T51639	
							Account Manager: Christine Vu	
Contact: David Waitt								
Spec: FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133							Class: -	
Frequency	Level	Pol	FCC 22H		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
5857.170	54.0	V	82.2	-28.2	PK	-	-	
4184.156	53.1	H	82.2	-29.1	PK	-	-	
3347.200	34.0	V	82.2	-48.3	PK	-	-	
8368.643	68.4	V	82.2	-13.8	PK	-	-	
2500.000	55.0	V	82.2	-27.2	PK	-	-	
7545.000	60.0	H	82.2	-22.2	PK	-	-	
6690.000	52.0	V	82.2	-30.2	PK	-	-	

### Harmonics Emissions (Substitution Method)

Substitution Note 1									
Frequency	Level	Pol	Pin	Gain	EIRP	ERP	Limit	Margin	Comment
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h	dBm	dBi	dBm	dBm	(dBm)	(dB)	
5857.170	54.0	V	-50.9	10.5	-40.4	-42.6	-13.0	-29.6	Note 1
4184.156	53.1	H	-51.8	9.6	-42.2	-44.4	-13.0	-31.4	Note 1
3347.200	54.0	V	-51.0	9.8	-41.2	-43.4	-13.0	-30.4	Note 1
8368.643	68.4	V	-39.5	10.8	-28.7	-30.9	-13.0	-17.9	Note 1
2500.000	55.0	V	-39.0	9.1	-29.9	-32.1	-13.0	-19.1	Note 1
7545.000	60.0	H	-38.1	11.0	-27.1	-29.3	-13.0	-16.3	Note 1
6690.000	52.0	V	-48.4	11.2	-37.2	-39.4	-13.0	-26.4	Note 1

Note 1: Pin is the power input (dBm) to the substitution antenna to obtain the field strength recorded from the EUT. G is the gain (dBi) for the substitution antenna. ERP is the effective radiated power (Pin + GdBi - 2.2) from the substitution antenna. EIRP is calculated as follows (Pin+GdBi)



## EMC Test Data

Client: Handspring

Job Number: J49635

Model: Batman

T-Log Number: T51639

Account Manager: Christine Vu

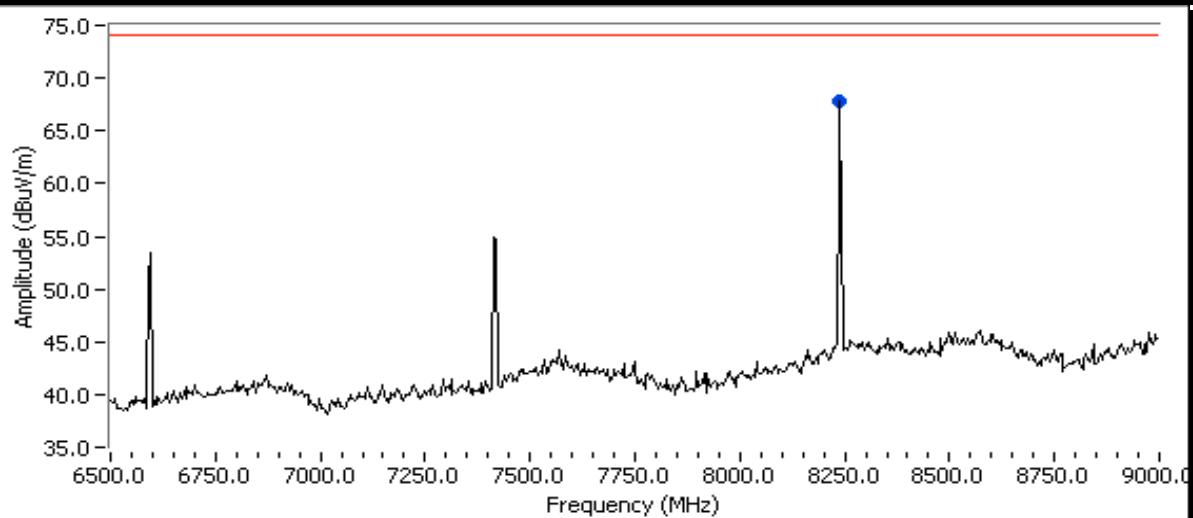
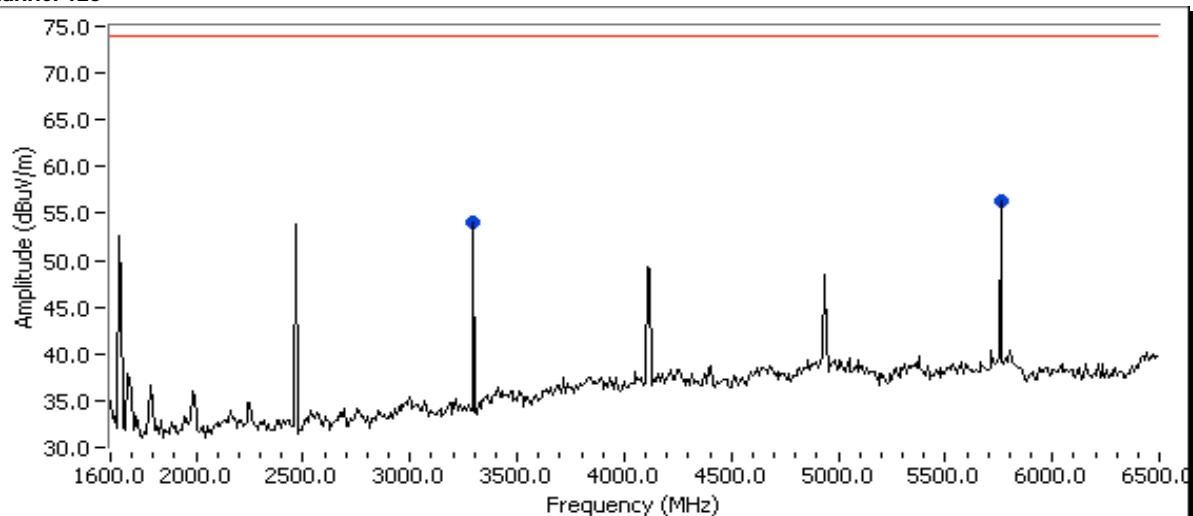
Contact: David Waitt

Spec: FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133

Class: -

### Run #2: Maximized Radiated Emissions, 1600-9000 MHz

Channel 128





## EMC Test Data

Client: Handspring							Job Number: J49635	
Model: Batman							T-Log Number: T51639	
							Account Manager: Christine Vu	
Contact: David Waitt								
Spec: FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133							Class: -	
Frequency	Level	Pol	FCC 22H		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
3296.545	54.1	V	82.2	-28.1	Peak	104	1.3	
5758.070	56.4	V	82.2	-25.8	Peak	8	1.3	
8242.618	68.0	H	82.2	-14.2	PK	87	1.3	

### Harmonics Emissions (Substitution Method)

Substitution Note 1									
Frequency	Level	Pol	Pin	Gain	EIRP	ERP	Limit	Margin	Comment
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h	dBm	dBi	dBm	dBm	(dBm)	(dB)	
3296.545	54.1	V	-52.0	9.8	-42.2	-44.4	-13.0	-31.4	Note 1
5758.070	56.4	V	-52.3	10.5	-41.8	-44.0	-13.0	-31.0	Note 1
8242.618	68.0	H	-39.5	10.8	-28.7	-30.9	-13.0	-17.9	Note 1

Note 1: Pin is the power input (dBm) to the substitution antenna to obtain the field strength recorded from the EUT. G is the gain (dBi) for the substitution antenna. ERP is the effective radiated power (Pin + GdBi - 2.2) from the substitution antenna. EIRP is calculated as follows (Pin+GdBi)



## EMC Test Data

Client: Handspring

Job Number: J49635

Model: Batman

T-Log Number: T51639

Account Manager: Christine Vu

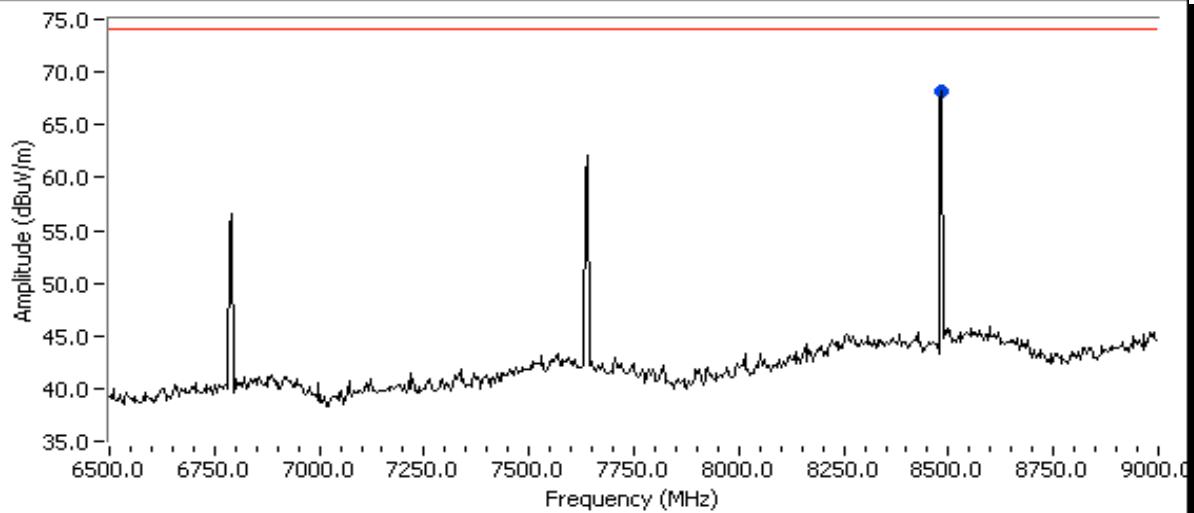
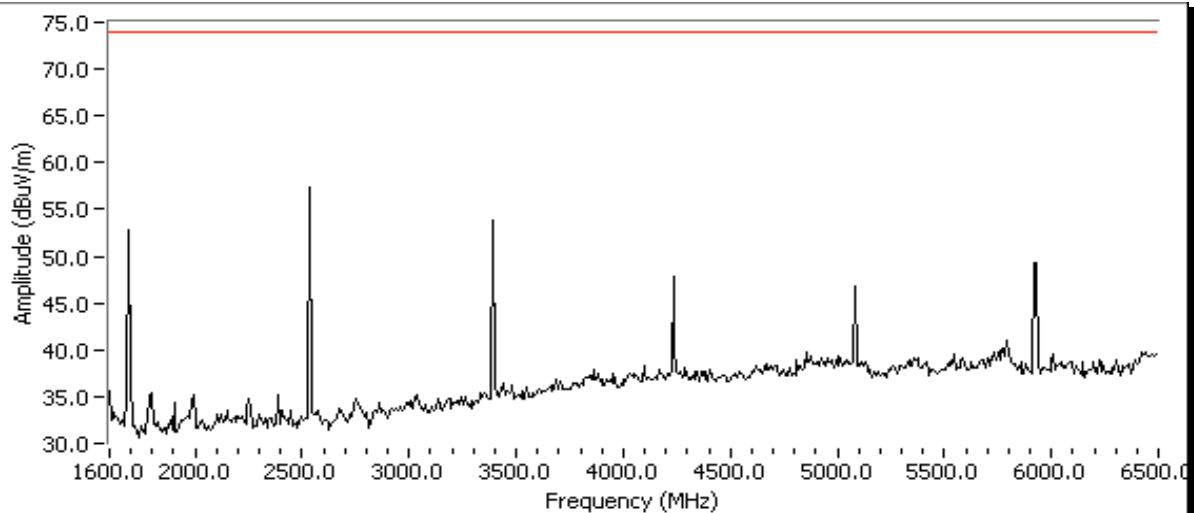
Contact: David Waitt

Spec: FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133

Class: -

### Run #3: Maximized Radiated Emissions, 1600-9000 MHz

Channel 250





## EMC Test Data

Client: Handspring

Job Number: J49635

Model: Batman

T-Log Number: T51639

Account Manager: Christine Vu

Contact: David Waitt

Spec: FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133

Class: -

Frequency	Level	Pol	FCC 22H		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
8486.673	70.3	V	82.2	-11.9	PK	242	1.6	Note 1

Note 1: All other emission were 20-dB below the limit.

### Harmonics Emissions (Substitution Method)

Substitution Note 1									
Frequency	Level	Pol	Pin	Gain	EIRP	ERP	Limit	Margin	Comment
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h	dBm	dBi	dBm	dBm	(dBm)	(dB)	
8486.673	70.3	V	-36.5	10.8	-25.7	-27.9	-13.0	-14.9	Note 1
Note 1:	Pin is the power input (dBm) to the substitution antenna to obtain the field strength recorded from the EUT. G is the gain (dBi) for the substitution antenna. ERP is the effective radiated power (Pin + GdBi - 2.2) from the substitution antenna. EIRP is calculated as follows (Pin+GdBi)								



## EMC Test Data

Client: Handspring

Job Number: J49635

Model: Batman

T-Log Number: T51639

Account Manager: Christine Vu

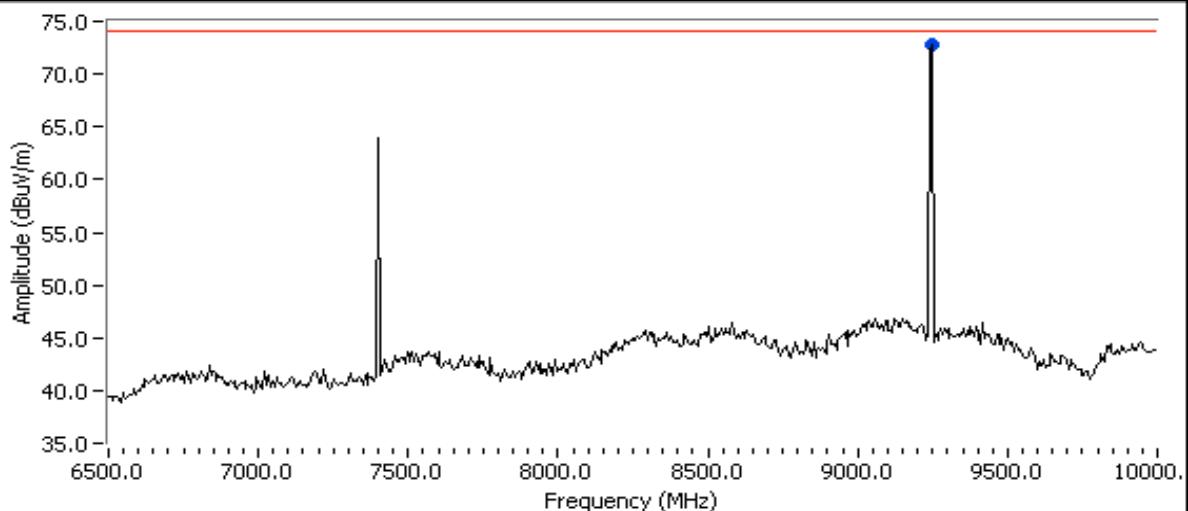
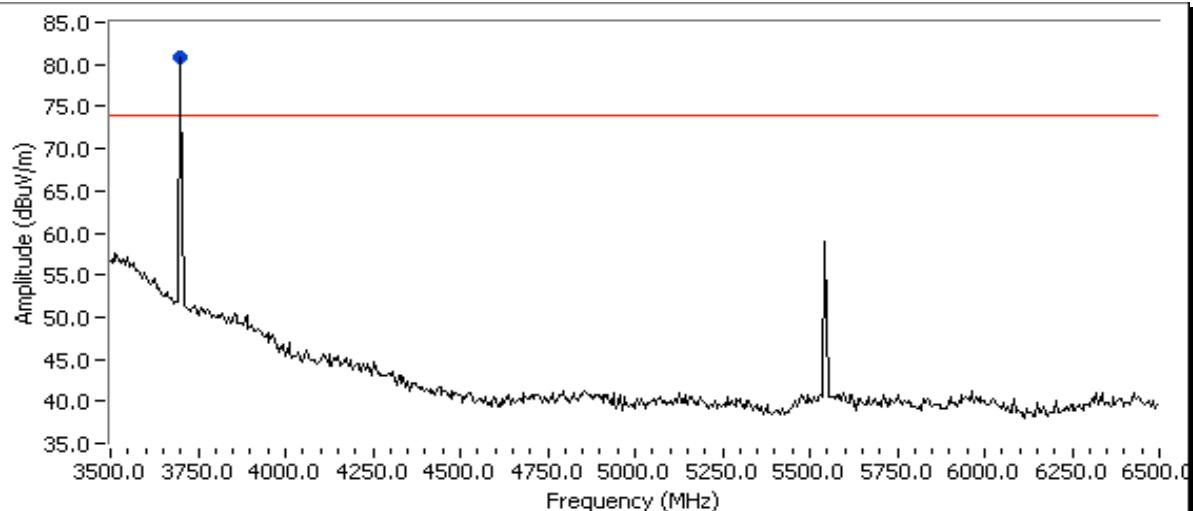
Contact: David Waitt

Spec: FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133

Class: -

### Run #4: Maximized Radiated Emissions, 3500-18000 MHz

#### Channel 512





## EMC Test Data

Client: Handspring

Job Number: J49635

Model: Batman

T-Log Number: T51639

Account Manager: Christine Vu

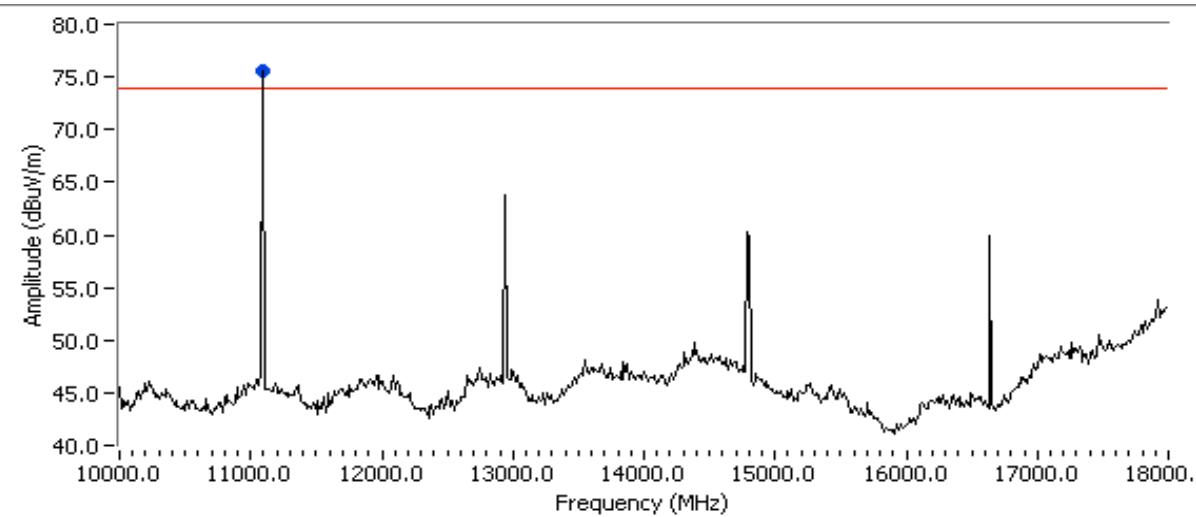
Contact: David Waitt

Spec: FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133

Class: -

### Run #4: Maximized Radiated Emissions, 3500-20000 MHz

#### Channel 512



Frequency	Level	Pol	FCC 24E		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
3700.501	80.9	H	84.0	-3.1	PK	188	2.0	
9250.650	73.1	V	84.0	-10.9	PK	193	1.5	
11100.83	76.0	V	84.0	-8.0	PK	266	1.3	

#### Harmonics Emissions (Substitution Method)

Substitution Note 1									
Frequency	Level	Pol	Pin	Gain	EIRP	ERP	Limit	Margin	Comment
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h	dBm	dBi	dBm	dBm	(dBm)	(dB)	
3700.501	80.9	H	-27.5	10.0	-17.5	-19.7	-13.0	-4.5	Note 1
9250.650	73.1	V	-37.4	11.2	-26.2	-28.4	-13.0	-13.2	Note 1
11100.83	76.0	V	-39.5	12.1	-27.4	-29.6	-13.0	-14.4	Note 1

Note 1: Pin is the power input (dBm) to the substitution antenna to obtain the field strength recorded from the EUT. G is the gain (dBi) for the substitution antenna. ERP is the effective radiated power (Pin + GdBi - 2.2) from the substitution antenna. EIRP is calculated as follows (Pin+GdBi)



## EMC Test Data

Client: Handspring

Job Number: J49635

Model: Batman

T-Log Number: T51639

Account Manager: Christine Vu

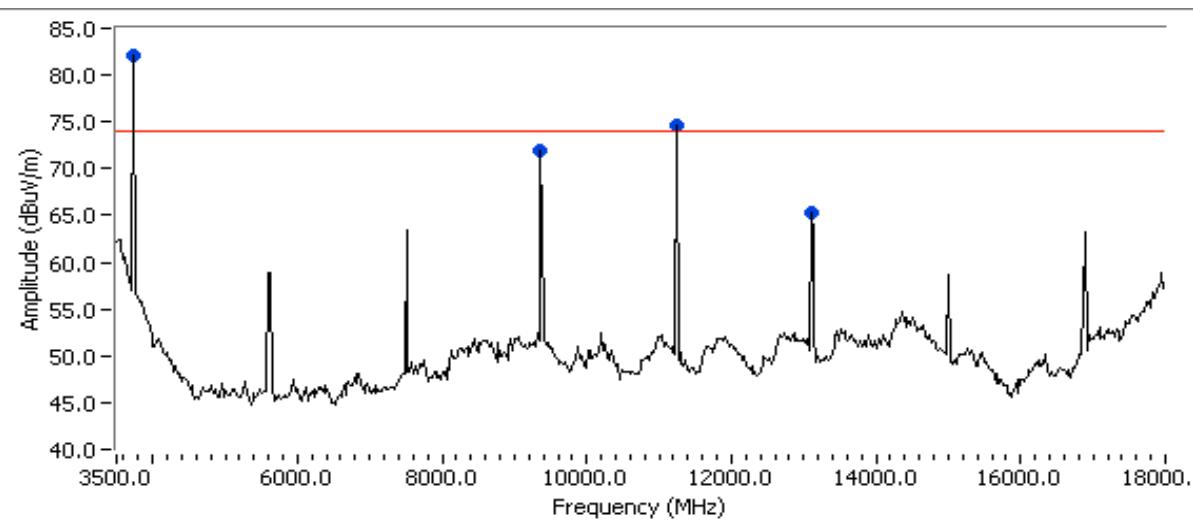
Contact: David Waitt

Spec: FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133

Class: -

### Run #5: Maximized Radiated Emissions, 3500-18000 MHz

#### Channel 652



Frequency	Level	Pol	FCC 24E		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
3756.506	81.9	H	84.0	-2.1	PK	308	1.0	
12996.81	51.8	V	84.0	-32.2	PK	274	1.0	
9391.393	65.0	V	84.0	-19.0	PK	89	2.5	
11269.53	70.5	H	84.0	-13.6	PK	0	1.0	

#### Harmonics Emissions (Substitution Method)

Substitution Note 1									
Frequency	Level	Pol	Pin	Gain	EIRP	ERP	Limit	Margin	Comment
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h	dBm	dBi	dBm	dBm	(dBm)	(dB)	
3756.506	81.9	H	-25.5	10.0	-15.5	-17.7	-13.0	-2.5	Note 1
9391.393	65.0	V	-45.5	11.2	-34.3	-36.5	-13.0	-21.3	Note 1
11269.53	70.5	H	-45.1	12.1	-33.0	-35.2	-13.0	-20.0	Note 1
12996.81	51.8	V	-69.3	11.7	-57.6	-59.8	-13.0	-44.6	Note 1

Note 1: Pin is the power input (dBm) to the substitution antenna to obtain the field strength recorded from the EUT. G is the gain (dBi) for the substitution antenna. ERP is the effective radiated power (Pin + GdB<sub>i</sub> - 2.2) from the substitution antenna. EIRP is calculated as follows (Pin+GdB<sub>i</sub>)



## EMC Test Data

Client: Handspring

Job Number: J49635

Model: Batman

T-Log Number: T51639

Account Manager: Christine Vu

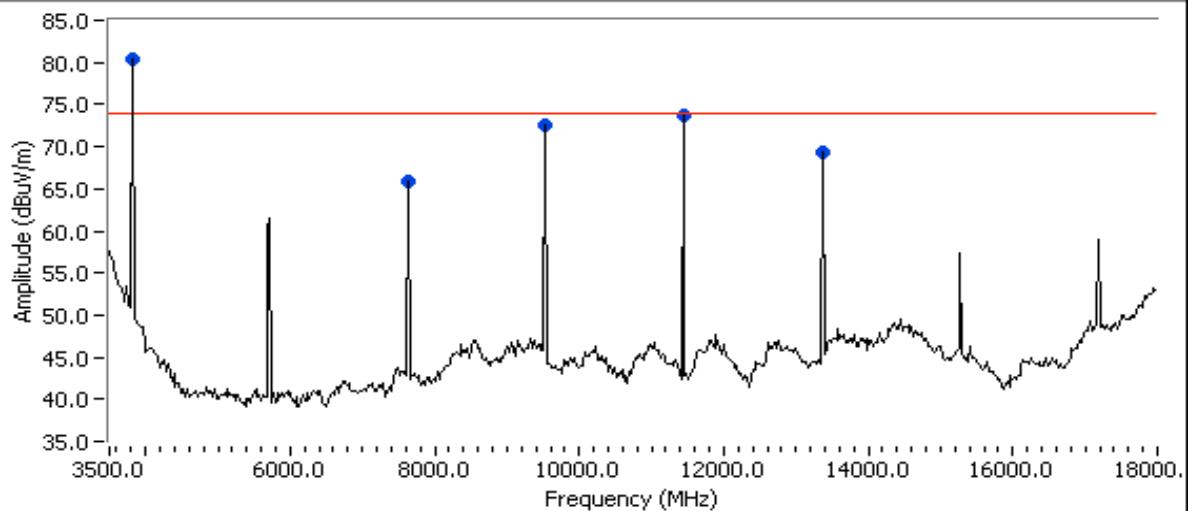
Contact: David Waitt

Spec: FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133

Class: -

### Run #6: Maximized Radiated Emissions, 3500-18000 MHz

#### Channel 810



Frequency	Level	Pol	FCC 24E		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
3819.575	80.5	H	74.0	6.5	Peak	285	1.0	
7625.624	65.8	H	74.0	-8.2	Peak	212	1.3	
9531.614	72.6	V	74.0	-1.4	Peak	214	1.6	
11437.60	73.6	H	74.0	-0.4	Peak	92	1.3	
13367.72	69.4	V	74.0	-4.6	Peak	202	1.6	

#### Harmonics Emissions (Substitution Method)

Substitution Note 1									
Frequency	Level	Pol	Pin	Gain	EIRP	ERP	Limit	Margin	Comment
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h	dBm	dBi	dBm	dBm	(dBm)	(dB)	
3819.575	80.5	H	-27.2	10.0	-17.2	-19.4	-13.0	-4.2	Note 1
7625.624	65.8	H	-43.2	11.4	-31.8	-34.0	-13.0	-18.8	Note 1
9531.614	72.6	V	-38.5	11.2	-27.3	-29.5	-13.0	-14.3	Note 1
11437.60	73.6	H	-42.2	12.1	-30.1	-32.3	-13.0	-17.1	Note 1
13367.72	69.4	V	-46.1	11.7	-34.4	-36.6	-13.0	-21.4	Note 1

Note 1: Pin is the power input (dBm) to the substitution antenna to obtain the field strength recorded from the EUT. G is the gain (dBi) for the substitution antenna. ERP is the effective radiated power (Pin + GdBi - 2.2) from the substitution antenna. EIRP is calculated as follows (Pin+GdBi)



## EMC Test Data

Client: Handspring	Job Number: J49635
Model: Batman	T-Log Number: T51639
	Proj Eng: Christine Vu
Contact: David Waitt	
Spec: FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133	Class: -

### Frequency Stability (24E & RSS-133)

#### Test Specifics

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 6/25/2003 Config. Used: 1  
Test Engineer: Juan Martinez Config Change: None  
Test Location: Environmental Chamber EUT Voltage: 120V/60Hz

#### General Test Configuration

EUT was place inside the Temperature Chamber and all local support equipment were located outside on a table for testing. The Eut was connected directly to Spectrum Analyzer. An attenuator was used between the EUT and Spectrum Analyzer. Chamber was set to -30 to 50 degrees Celsius (60 degrees Celsius for Canada). Incremented 10 degrees per temperature and let unit stabilized for every temperature.

Voltage stability was done at 20 degrees Celsius. For battery operated units decrease DC voltage until battery end-point was found.

Voltage stability was done at 20 degrees Celsius. For AC operated units varied voltage at 85% and 115% of the nominal AC voltage.

#### Summary of Results

Run #	Test Performed	Limit	Result	Margin
1	Temperature Vs. Frequency	24.235 & RSS-133 (7)	Pass	-1240 Hz
2-3	Voltage Vs. Frequency	24.235 & RSS-133 (7)	Pass	10 Hz

#### Modifications Made During Testing:

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

#### Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.



## EMC Test Data

Client: Handspring

Job Number: J49635

Model: Batman

T-Log Number: T51639

Proj Eng: Christine Vu

Contact: David Waitt

Spec: FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133

Class: -

### Run# 1: Temperature Vs. Frequency

Drift	Freq.	Limit
(ppm)	(MHz)	(Hz)
2.5	1854	4635.0

Temperature	Drift	Limit
(Celsius)	(Hz)	(Hz)
-30	-450.0	4635.0
-20	-310.0	4635.0
-10	-108.0	4635.0
0	4.0	4635.0
10	46.0	4635.0
20	451.0	4635.0
30	-345.0	4635.0
40	-850.0	4635.0
50	-1240.0	4635.0

### Run# 2: Voltage Vs. Frequency

Battery end point is 3.5 **Vdc**. This will be stated by the manufacturer. No frequency drift occurred, only power decreased as voltage decreased.

### Run# 3: Voltage Vs. Frequency

Nominal Voltage is 120Vac.

Voltage	Voltage	Drift	Limit
(Dc)	(AC)	(Hz)	(Hz)
85%	102.00	10.0	4635.0
115%	138.00	5.0	4635.0



## *EMC Test Data*

Client:	Handspring	Job Number:	J49635
Model:	Batman	T-Log Number:	T51639
		Proj Eng:	Christine Vu
Contact:	David Waitt		
Spec:	FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133	Class:	-

## 1900 MHz Receiver Emissions

## Test Specifics

**Objective:** The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 6/27/2003 Config. Used: 1  
Test Engineer: jmartinez Config Change: None  
Test Location: SVOATS #4 EUT Voltage: 120V/60Hz

## General Test Configuration

The Eut was connected directly to Spectrum Analyzer. A 20-dB attenuator was used between the EUT and Spectrum Analyzer. A external output connector was available to performed antenna receive conducted emissions. The device was set to received at midpoint of the operating range.

**Ambient Conditions:** Temperature: 16 °C  
Rel. Humidity: 45 %

## Summary of Results

Run #	Test Performed	Limit	Result	Margin
1	RE, 30 - 25,000 MHz, Antenna Conducted Emissions	RSS-133 (9)	Pass	794.3 pW @ 13,4800 MHz

## Modifications Made During Testing:

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

## Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.



## EMC Test Data

Client: Handspring

Job Number: J49635

Model: Batman

T-Log Number: T51639

Proj Eng: Christine Vu

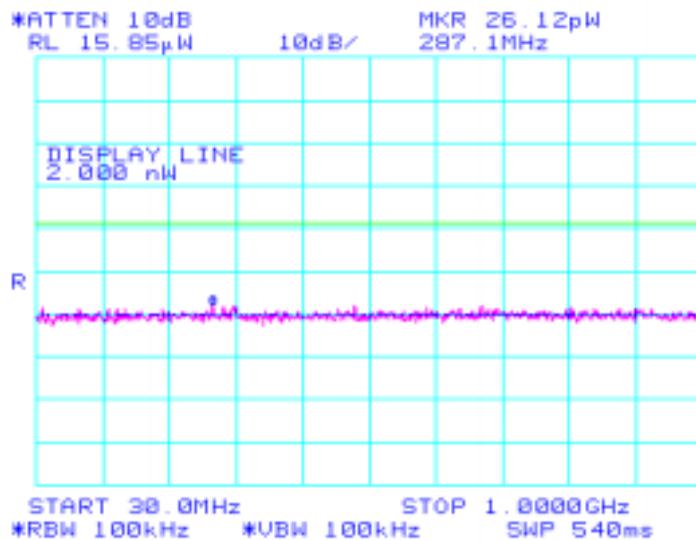
Contact: David Waitt

Spec: FCC 22H & 24E, RSS-132 & RSS-133

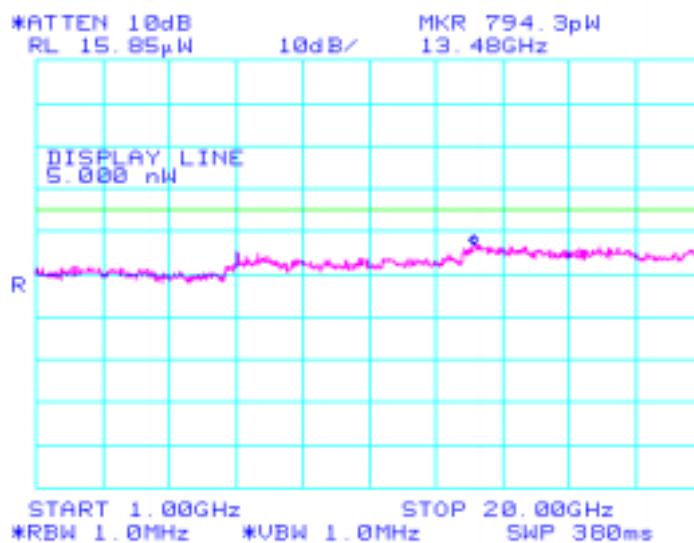
Class: -

### Run #1: Antenna Conducted Emissions, 30-25,000 MHz

#### RSS-133 (9)(ii) Rx



#### RSS-133 (9)(ii) Rx



***EXHIBIT 3: Test Configuration Photos***

***EXHIBIT 4: FCC ID Label and Label Location***

***EXHIBIT 5: Detailed Photographs***

***EXHIBIT 6: Schematics***

***EXHIBIT 7: Theory of Operation***

***EXHIBIT 8: User Manual***