

## **ATTACHMENT N – SAR MEASUREMENT REPORT**

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# PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, Inc.

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## CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)

GTRAN KOREA, INC.  
1600-1 Kwanyang 2-Dong, Dongan-Ku  
Anyang, Kyunggi-Ko, KOREA 431-060  
Attn: Mr. Howard Kim, Project Manager

Dates of Tests: July 24-27, 2000  
Test Report S/N: SAR.200724342.O5T  
Test Site: PCTEST Lab, Columbia MD USA

FCC ID

**O5TGCP-2000**

APPLICANT

**GTRAN KOREA, Inc.**

EUT Type: Dual-Mode Cellular Phone (AMPS/CDMA)  
Tx Frequency: 824.04 – 848.97 MHz (AMPS) / 824.70 – 848.31 MHz (CDMA)  
Rx Frequency: 869.04 – 893.97 MHz (AMPS) / 869.70 – 893.31 MHz (CDMA)  
Max. RF Output Power: 0.559W ERP AMPS (27.47 dBm) / 0.353W ERP CDMA (25.48 dBm)  
Trade Name/Model(s): **GTRAN GCP-2000**  
FCC Classification: Non-Broadcast Transmitter Held to Ear (TNE)  
Application Type: Certification  
FCC Rule Part(s): 2.1093; ET Docket 96.326

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.3-1992 (See Test Report).

Part 22 AMPS Mode -	Head Max. SAR: 1.1314 W/kg	FCC Limit: 1.6 W/kg
	Body Max. SAR: 1.0005 W/kg	FCC Limit: 1.6 W/kg
Part 22 CDMA Mode -	Head Max. SAR: 0.6423 W/kg	FCC Limit: 1.6 W/kg
	Body Max. SAR: 0.4656 W/kg	FCC Limit: 1.6 W/kg



I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

NVLAP accreditation does not constitute any product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the United States Government.

PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been denied the FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 862.

  
Randy Ortanez  
President & Chief Engineer

**200724342. O5T**

**NVLAP**  
LAB CODE 100431-0

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# SAR MEASUREMENT REPORT

## 1.1 SCOPE

*Environmental evaluation measurements of specific absorption rate<sup>1</sup> (SAR) distributions in simulated human head and body tissues exposed to radiofrequency (RF) radiation from wireless portable devices for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).<sup>2</sup>*

Company Name:	GTRAN Korea, Inc.
Address:	1600-1 Kwanyang 2-Dong, Dongan-Ku Anyang, Kyunggi-Ko, KOREA 431-060
Attention:	Mr. Howard Kim, Project Manager

- EUT Type: Dual-Mode Cellular Phone (AMPS/CDMA)
- Trade Name: **GTRAN**
- FCC IDENTIFIER: **O5GCP-2000**
- Model: **GCP-2000**
- Tx Frequency: 824.04 – 848.97 MHz (AMPS)  
824.70 – 848.31 MHz (CDMA)
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869.70 – 893.31 MHz (CDMA)
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- FCC Rule Part(s): §2.1093, Docket 96-326
- Max. RF Output Power: 0.559W ERP AMPS (27.47 dBm)  
0.353W ERP CDMA (25.48 dBm)
- Modulation: AMPS / CDMA
- Antenna Type: Fixed Helical
- Dates of Test(s): July 24-27, 2000
- Place of Test(s): PCTEST Engineering Lab.  
Columbia, MD, U.S.A.
- Report Serial No.: SAR.200724342.O5T



Fig. 1 SAR Test Setup



<sup>1</sup> Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source (wireless portable device).

<sup>2</sup> IEEE/ANSI Std. C95.1-1992 limits are used to determine compliance with FCC ET-Docket 93-62.

## 2.1 INTRODUCTION

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The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radiofrequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.[1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in *IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz*. (c) 1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017.[2] The measurement procedure described in *IEEE/ANSI C95.3-1992 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave*[3] is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in *Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields*, NCRP Report No. 86 (c) NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814.[4] SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

## 2.2 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy ( $dU$ ) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass ( $dm$ ) contained in a volume element ( $dV$ ) of a given density ( $r$ ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. 2).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{d t} \left( \frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{d t} \left( \frac{dU}{r dV} \right)$$

Figure 1. SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = s E^2 / r$$

where:

**s** = conductivity of the tissue-simulant material (S/m)

**r** = mass density of the tissue-simulant material (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

**E** = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[4]

### 3.1 SAR MEASUREMENT SET-UP

PCTEST Lab SAR measurement system consists of completely automated robotics system, cell controller (Pentium Pro 200 computer), E-field probe, and phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 3).

The Robot table consists of the power supply, robot controller, safety computer, teach pendant (Joystick), six-axis robot arm, and the probe. The cell controller consists of PCTEST Pentium-Pro 200 MHz computer with Windows NT system and SAR Measurement software, National Instruments analog card, NEC monitor, keyboard, and mouse. The robot controller is connected to the cell controller to communicate between the two computers. The probe data is connected to the cell controller via high-impedance carbon-fiber cable to avoid field distortions and minimize external noise from interfering with the data.

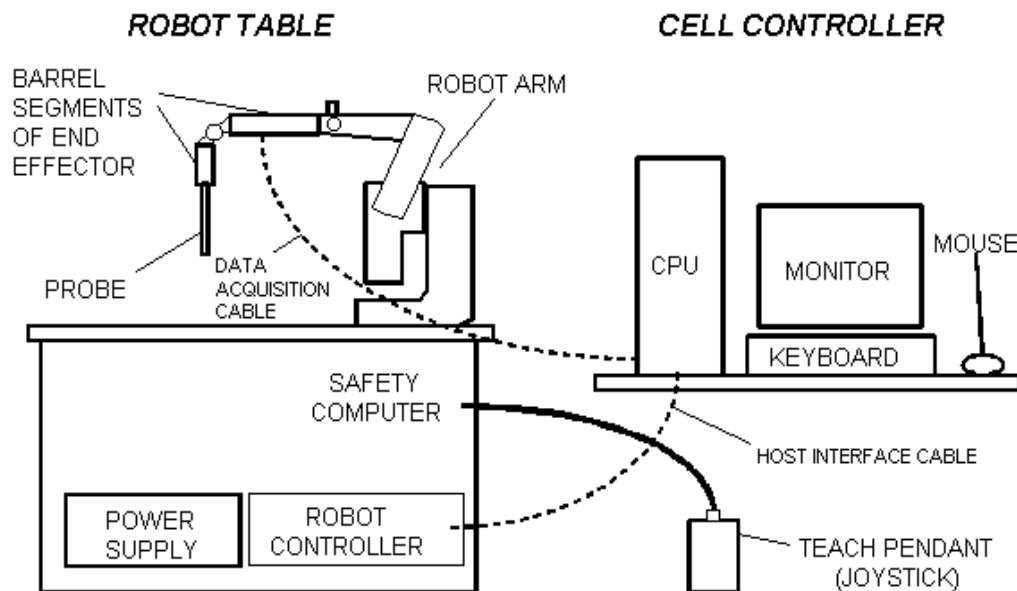


Figure 2. PCTEST Robotics SAR Test Measurement Set-up

When the Robot is in the home position, the Y-axis of the coordinate system parallels the line of intersection between the tabletop and the long axis of the Robot's Large Shoulder. The Teach Pendant may be used to establish the X,Y coordinate directions by depressing the 0-X and 0-Y MOTOR/AXIS switches while in axis mode.

The robot is first taught to position the probe sensor following a specific pattern of points. In the first sweep the sensor enclosure touches the inside of the phantom head. The SAR is measured on a defined grid of points which are concentrated on the surface of the head closest to the antenna of the transmitting device (EUT).

## 4.1 ISOTROPIC E-FIELD PROBE SYSTEM

### 4.2 E-Field Probe

The near-field probe is an implantable isotropic E-field probe that measures the voltages proportional to the  $|E|^2$  (electric) or  $|H|^2$  (magnetic) fields. The probe is enclosed in a hollow plastic protective cylinder 9 mm. outer diameter, 0.48 mm. thickness and 30 cm. in length. This SAR measurement system and the probe are similar to the one developed by Motorola.[8] The E-probe contains three electrically small array of orthogonal dipoles strategically placed to provide greater accuracy and to compensate for near-field spatial gradients. The probe contains diodes which are placed over the gap of the dipoles to improve RF detection. The electrical signal detected by each diode is amplified by three dc amplifiers and are contained in an shielded container in the robot end effector so its performance is not affected by the presence of incident electromagnetic fields (see Fig. 4).

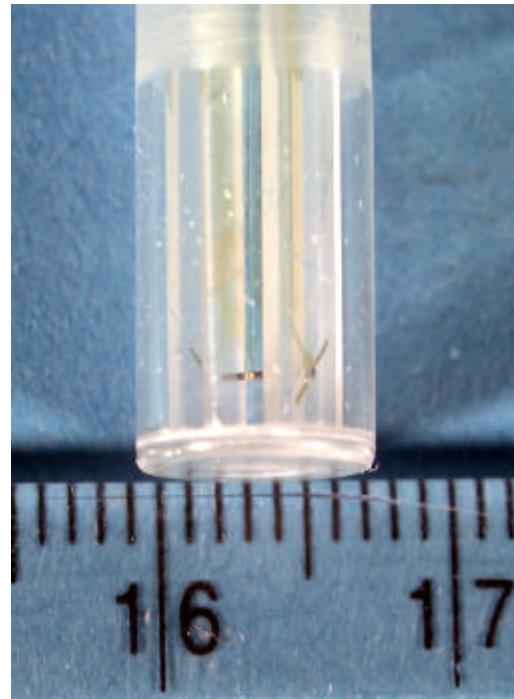


Figure 4. Isotropic E-field Probe



Figure 5. Photograph of the Probe and the Phantom

(See Section 6.2 for E-Probes Specifications)

## 5.1 E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION PROCESS

### 5.2 E-Probe Calibration

Each E-Probe/Probe amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the Probe to a known E-field density ( $1\text{mW/cm}^2$ ) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter. The SAR measurement software is used for Probe calibration (see Fig. 6).

Calibration is performed in two steps:

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or some other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, we place the probe in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. We then rotate the probe 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to  $1\text{mW/cm}^2$ .

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium.

For temperature correlation calibration, a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe. The location of the maximum E-field close to the phantom's bottom is determined as a function of power into the RF source; in this case, a dipole. The E-field probe is moved sideways so that the temperature probe, while affixed to the E-field probe, is placed at the previous location of power levels used for the E-field measurement are recorded. The following equation related SAR to initial temperature slope :

$$\text{SAR} = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t} \quad \text{where:}$$

$\Delta t$  = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

$\Delta T$  = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to  $\Delta T / \Delta t$ , the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E-field;

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{|\mathbf{E}|^2 \cdot \sigma}{P} \quad \text{where:}$$

$\sigma$  = simulated tissue conductivity,

P = Tissue density ( $1.25\text{ g/cm}^3$  for brain tissue)

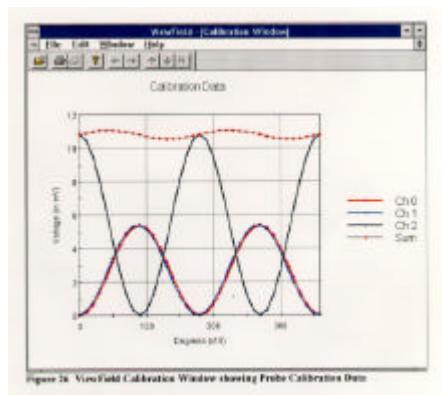


Figure 6. Probe Calibration Data in ViewField Window

### 5.3 Data Extrapolation

The probe offset is determined by measuring the distance between the center of the sensor to the end of the protective tube. The data is collected when the probe outer surface makes contact with the surface of the phantom and measures the corresponding field in the simulated tissue near the shell surface. An average slope is obtained from these data points nearest the surface and is used to define an exponential decay of the energy density with the depth.

The field attenuation versus depth is recorded and extrapolated to obtain the  $|E|^2$  value at the surface of the phantom where the maximum SAR is located.

$$Slope = \frac{\frac{E_{total} \cdot Z_1}{E_{total} \cdot Z_2} + \frac{E_{total} \cdot Z_2}{E_{total} \cdot Z_3}}{2}$$

$$\exp = \ln(slope) \frac{\text{offset}}{\text{spacing}}$$

$$E_{total} \cdot Z_0 = E_{total} \cdot Z_1 \cdot e^{\exp}$$

### 5.4 Interpolation and Gram Averaging

The 1 cm. voltage ( $E_{total}$  1 cm) above the phantom's surface is needed to calculate the exposure of one gram of tissue. The SAR value (mW/g) estimates the average over a one gram cube obtained from the extrapolated value ( $E_{total} Z_0$ ) and interpolated value ( $E_{total} 1\text{cm}$ ) obtained by interpolation as shown below.

$$SAR(\text{mW/g}) = \frac{E_{total} \cdot Z_0 + E_{total} 1\text{cm}}{2} \cdot \frac{CF}{SensorFactor}$$

$$SensorFactor = \frac{10.8 \text{ mV}}{\text{mW} / \text{cm}^2} = \frac{0.0108 \text{ V}}{\text{mW} / \text{cm}^2}$$

Conversion Factor (CF) = *intermediate scaling constant for a particular probe which produced an output of 10.8 mV in the TEM cell when the flux density is 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>*

## 6.1 PHANTOM with EQUIVALENT TISSUES

### 6.2 Phantom

The phantom is an anatomically-shaped homogeneous torso model filled with a liquid simulating brain or muscle tissue. The phantom is placed at 0 degrees (horizontal position) with the left/right ear placed on the EUT (see Fig. 5). The phantom is made of a shell of fiberglass 1.5mm. thick (giving the worst case SAR value absorbed by brain or muscle tissue and the skull bones) and the EUT supported by a non-metallic (delrin) material\*. Similar phantoms have been used to simulate human head modeling studies[6][7].

### 6.3 Brain & Muscle Simulating Mixture Characterization

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydroxethylcellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 1). Preservation with a bacteriocide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixtures are calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of either muscle or brain tissue. The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Hartsgrove [9].

MIXTURE %	FREQUENCY (BRAIN) 800 - 850 MHz	FREQUENCY (MUSCLE) 800-850 MHz
WATER	40.4	52.4
SUGAR	56.0	45.0
SALT	2.5	1.4
BACTERIACIDE	0.1	0.2
HEC	1.0	1.0

Table 1. Composition of the Brain & Muscle Tissue Equivalent Matter

\* Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations [8]. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.

## 7.1 SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

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### 7.2 Robotic System Specifications

#### **Specifications**

**POSITIONER:** IDX Robot with 6 axis  
**Repeatability:** 0.002 in.  
**Accuracy:** 0.004 in.

#### **Data Acquisition**

**Processor:** Pentium PRO CPU  
**Clock Speed:** 200 MHz  
**Operating System:** Windows NT  
**Data Card:** National Instruments Analog Card  
**Software:** IDX Flexware  
**AMPLIFIER GAIN:** Adjustable 20 - 40, high isolation between channels  
**Connecting Lines:** High Impedance 4.5 kohm/foot  
**Sample Rate:** 6000

#### **E-Field Probe**

<b>Probe Offset:</b>	2.5 mm	<b>E-Probe #2</b>
<b>Frequency Band:</b>	150 - 2200 MHz	2.5 mm
<b>Conversion Factor:</b>	0.4801 (800-880MHz)	150 - 2200 MHz
<b>Conversion Factor:</b>	1.20 (1850-1910MHz)	0.79 (800-880MHz)
<b>Dynamic Response:</b>	2 $\mu$ W/g - 10 mW/g	1.20 (1850-1910MHz)
<b>Input:</b>	2.2 meg	2 $\mu$ W/g - 10 mW/g
<b>Isotropicity:</b>	$\pm$ 0.48 dB	2.2 meg
<b>Resolution:</b>	0.1 cm <sup>3</sup>	$\pm$ 0.48 dB

#### **Phantom**

<b>Phantoms:</b>	Homogenous	<b>Phantom #2 (Right)</b>
<b>Shell Material:</b>	Fiberglass	Homogenous
<b>Thickness:</b>	1 - 1.5 mm	Fiberglass
<b>Head:</b>	with Left ear	1 - 1.5 mm

#### **Tissue Parameters**

	<b>BRAIN</b>	<b>MUSCLE</b>
	800-850 MHz	800-850 MHz
<b>Dielectric Constant: <math>\epsilon</math></b>	43.4	51.7
<b>Conductivity: <math>\sigma</math></b>	0.90	1.10

## 8.1 MEASUREMENT PROCESS

The measurement process consists of the process parameters, probe parameters, EUT product data, and measurement scans (teach points). The measurement process is a set of predefined points to be scanned and measured by the probe, DC amplified and process by the cell controller. The corresponding voltages determined by the electric and magnetic fields are extrapolated to determine peak SAR value.

### 8.2 Area & Zoom Scan Grids

The SAR Measurement System measures field strength by employing three different types of systematic measurement scans; an Area scan, a Zoom scan, and an SAR scan. Area and Zoom scans measure field strength in a rectangular area within the XY plane (a plane parallel to the top of the Robot Table). The measurement area is divided into a grid of small squares defined by equally-spaced grid lines. During an actual measurement process, the probe moves along grid lines systematically recording the field strength at grid line intersections. Typically, after an Area scan is completed, a Zoom scan is conducted at the peak field strength value (hot spots) that was measured in the Area scan. The Zoom scan usually has a greater resolution (smaller grid squares) than the Area scan, and covers only a fraction of the measurement area in the Area scan (see Fig. 7).

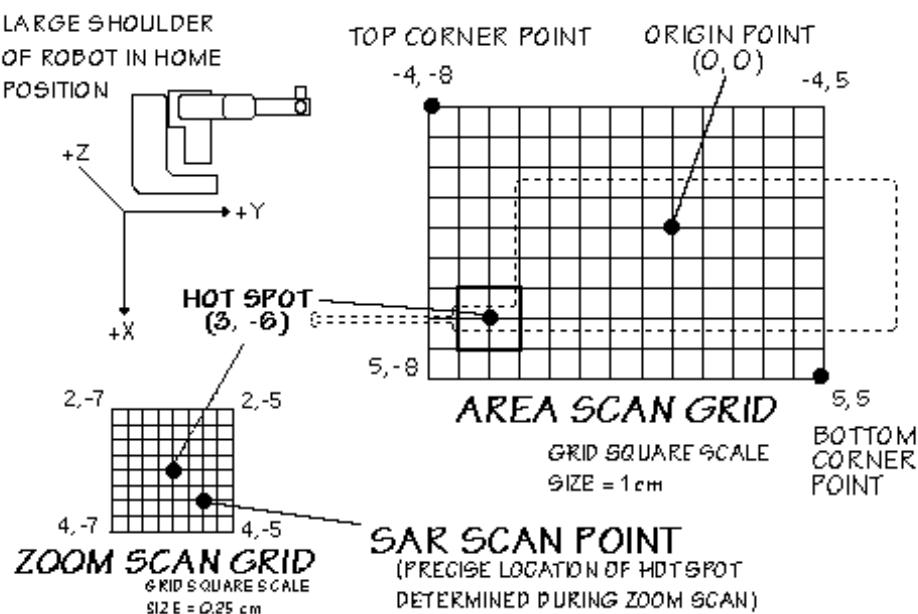
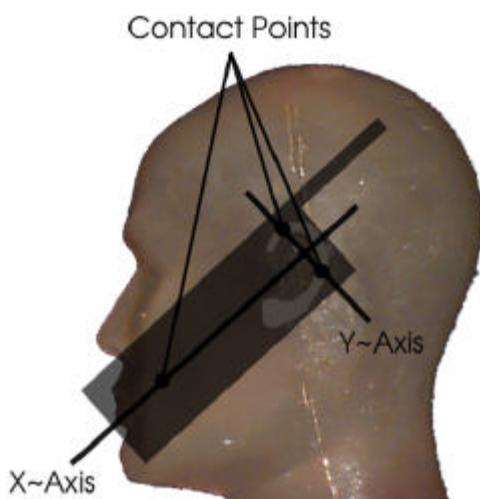


Figure 7. SAR Measurement Points in Area Scan and Zoom Scan Grids  
Showing the Typical Hot Spot with respect to the Phone

## 9.1 TEST POSITION OF THE PHONE



**Figure 8. Diagram showing Typical Alignment & Contact Points**

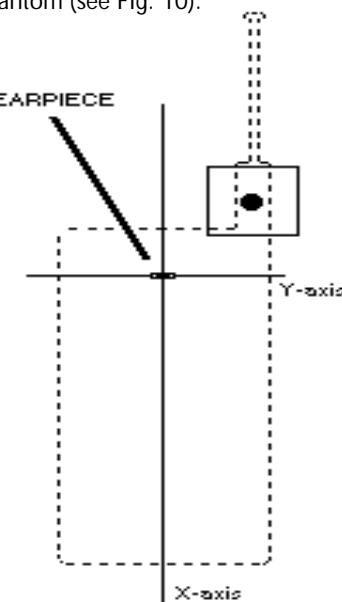


**Figure 9. Sample of Handset alignment with the Ear Canal of the Phantom**

## 9.2 HANDSET TEST POSITION

The device was placed in a normal operating position with the center of its ear-piece aligned with the location of the ear canal on the phantom (See Fig. 9). With the ear-piece pressed against the head, the vertical center line of the body of the handset was aligned with an imaginary plane consisting of the three lines joining both ears and the tip of the mouth. While maintaining these alignments, the body of the handset was gradually moved towards the cheek until any point on the mouth-piece or keypad contacted the cheek (See Fig 8).

An upper right-hand corner antenna requires the left-hand phantom while handsets with an upper left antenna require the right-hand phantom. The handset was tested both with its antenna extended (out) and retracted (in). A sample diagram of a typical handset shows the ear-piece at the center of the X and Y axis, placed at the center of the ear canal of the phantom (see Fig. 10).



**Figure 10. Origin of Axis at Ear-piece Position**

## 10.1 BODY-WORN TEST SETUP

### 10.2 Ear-Microphone Jack

Portable transmitting devices that have an ear-microphone jack must be evaluated for RF exposure in a body-worn configuration. The testing is performed with the use of a torso phantom filled with muscle equivalent tissue. The EUT is positioned with the keypad facing away from the phantom, and the ear-microphone wires attached to the phone jack, simulating the device placed in a shirt pocket or attached to a body holster. The SAR tests are then performed in both the antenna in and antenna out positions using the low, middle, and high channels to investigate the worst case SAR value (see Figure 11). Please note that body-worn configurations which have not been SAR tested may result in operating conditions that could exceed FCC RF exposure limits, therefore, users are cautioned to use tested and/or approved accessories.



Figure 11.  
Ear-Microphone Jack

### 10.3 Shirt Pocket Configuration

The shirt pocket configuration is used for devices designed to be body-worn, and small enough to be placed inside a shirt pocket. To simulate the worst-case configuration, the EUT is placed in a torso position on the phantom with the keypad facing away from the phantom, and the Ear-Microphone wire connected to the phone to simulate hands-free operation in a shirt-pocket configuration (see Figure 12).



Figure 12.  
Shirt Pocket Configuration

### 10.4 Body Holster/Belt Clip Configuration

The body holster/belt-clip configuration is used for body-worn devices that have a body holster or belt-clip accessory. Typically, a holster, belt-clip, or carrying case is provided or available as an accessory item for supporting headset and body-worn operations. SAR may vary depending on the body separation distance provided by the type of holster/belt-clip and batteries supplied for a phone. In most cases, the antenna may become closer to the user's body than next to the head. The design of the holster/belt-clip permits the phone to be positioned with the keypad facing away from the phantom. Proper usage of the holster restricts the antenna to a specified distance away from the surface of the body. For this test, the EUT is placed into the holster/belt-clip which is placed against the torso of the phantom in a normal operating position. The Ear-Microphone wire is then connected to the phone to simulate hands-free operation in a body holster/belt-clip configuration (see Figure 13).



Figure 13.  
Body Holster Configuration

### 10.5 Other Configurations

If other operating configurations are possible (i.e.: pants pocket, car adapter kit, etc), a warning statement will be placed in the instruction manual informing the user regarding untested conditions and accessories which may exceed FCC RF exposure limits for such use.

## 11.1 ANSI/IEEE C95.1 - 1992 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

HUMAN EXPOSURE	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT Occupational (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Brain)	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.00

Table 2. Safety Limits for Partial Body Exposure [2]

**NOTES:**

\* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

\*\* The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole-body.

\*\*\* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

**Uncontrolled Environments** are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

**Controlled Environments** are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

## 12.1 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

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Measurement uncertainties in SAR measurements are difficult to quantify due to several variables including biological, physiological, and environmental. However, we estimate the measurement uncertainties in SAR to be less than 15-25 %.

According to ANSI/IEEE C95.3, the overall uncertainty is difficult to assess and will vary with the type of meter and usage situation. However, accuracy's of  $\pm 1$  to  $3$  dB can be expected in practice, with greater uncertainties in near-field situations and at higher frequencies (shorter wavelengths), or areas where large reflecting objects are present. Under optimum measurement conditions, SAR measurement uncertainties of at least  $\pm 2$ dB can be expected.[3]

According to CENELEC [5], typical worst-case uncertainty of field measurements is  $\pm 5$  dB. For well-defined modulation characteristics the uncertainty can be reduced to  $\pm 3$  dB.

Estimated Errors	Percent
Measurement of the Conductivity/Dielectric Constant of the Tissue Simulant	$\pm 5$ %
Temperature Rise Calibration of Probe	$\pm 5$ %
Measurement of Thermal Capacity of Tissue Simulant	$\pm 5$ %
Accuracy of a Repeatable Phone Position	$\pm 10$ %
Probe Isotropic Response	$\pm 12$ %
Total Root-Sum Square Calculation	$\pm 17.9$ %

Table 3. Breakdown of Individual Errors

## 13.1 SAR TEST DATA SUMMARY

Ambient TEMPERATURE (°C)	23.5
Relative HUMIDITY (%)	66.0
Atmospheric PRESSURE (kPa)	101.5

Mixture Type: Brain

Dielectric Constant: 43.40

Conductivity: 0.90 S/m

Closest Distance (between E-Probe & Phone): 1.8 cm

## 13.2 Measurement Results (AMPS Head SAR)

FREQUENCY		Modulation	POWER (dBm)	Phantom Position	Antenna Position	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.					
824.04	991	AMPS	28.0	Left Ear	fixed	1.1314
836.49	383	AMPS	28.0	Left Ear	fixed	1.0811
848.97	799	AMPS	28.0	Left Ear	fixed	0.7988
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population			Brain 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			

### NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration.
2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
3. Power Measured  Conducted  EIRP  ERP
4. SAR Measurement System  SPEAG  IDX
5. SAR Configuration  Head  Body  Hand

  
Randy Ortanez  
President & Chief Engineer



Figure 14. Head SAR Test Setup

## 13.1 SAR TEST DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Ambient TEMPERATURE (°C)	22.8
Relative HUMIDITY (%)	61.0
Atmospheric PRESSURE (kPa)	102.0

Mixture Type: Muscle

Dielectric Constant: 51.7

Conductivity: 1.10 S/m

## 13.3 Measurement Results (AMPS Body SAR)

FREQUENCY		Modulation	POWER * (dBm)	Separation Distance (cm)**	Antenna Position	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.					
824.04	991	AMPS	28.0	1.7	fixed	1.005
836.49	383	AMPS	28.0	1.7	fixed	0.7156
848.97	799	AMPS	28.0	1.7	fixed	0.4857
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population				Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram		

### NOTES:

1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
2. Battery condition is fully charged for all readings.
3. Battery Type  Standard  Extended
4. \* Power Measured  Conducted  EIRP  ERP
5. SAR Measurement System  SPEAG  IDX
6. SAR Configuration  Head  Body  Hand
7. \*\* Test Configuration  Body Holster  Without Body Holster

  
Randy Ortanez  
President & Chief Engineer



Figure 15. Body SAR  
Test Setup

## 13.1 SAR TEST DATA SUMMARY

Ambient TEMPERATURE (°C)	22.8
Relative HUMIDITY (%)	61.0
Atmospheric PRESSURE (kPa)	102.0

Mixture Type: Brain

Dielectric Constant: 43.40

Conductivity: 0.90 S/m

Closest Distance (between E-Probe & Phone): 1.8 cm

## 13.4 Measurement Results (CDMA Head SAR)

FREQUENCY		Modulation	POWER (dBm)	Phantom Position	Antenna Position	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.					
824.70	1013	CDMA	26.0	Left Ear	fixed	0.6423
835.89	363	CDMA	26.0	Left Ear	fixed	0.5880
848.31	777	CDMA	26.0	Left Ear	fixed	0.6113
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population			Brain 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			

### NOTES:

3. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration.
4. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
3. Power Measured  Conducted  EIRP  ERP
4. SAR Measurement System  SPEAG  IDX
5. SAR Configuration  Head  Body  Hand

  
Randy Ortanez  
President & Chief Engineer



Figure 14. Head SAR Test Setup

## 13.1 SAR TEST DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Ambient TEMPERATURE (°C)	22.8
Relative HUMIDITY (%)	61.0
Atmospheric PRESSURE (kPa)	102.0

Mixture Type: Muscle

Dielectric Constant: 51.7

Conductivity: 1.10 S/m

### 13.5 Measurement Results (CDMA Body SAR)

FREQUENCY		Modulation	POWER * (dBm)	Separation Distance (cm)**	Antenna Position	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.					
824.70	1013	CDMA	26.0	1.7	fixed	0.4656
835.89	363	CDMA	26.0	1.7	fixed	0.3722
848.31	777	CDMA	26.0	1.7	fixed	0.4085
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population				Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram		

#### NOTES:

1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
2. Battery condition is fully charged for all readings.
3. \* Power Measured  Conducted  EIRP  ERP
4. SAR Measurement System  SPEAG  IDX
5. SAR Configuration  Head  Body  Hand
6. \*\* Test Configuration  Body Holster  Without Body Holster

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Randy Ortanez  
President & Chief Engineer



Figure 15. Body SAR  
Test Setup

## 14.1 SAR TEST EQUIPMENT

Type / Model	Calib. Date	S/N
PCTEST Robot Arm	Jan. 00	PCT482
PCTEST Computer 200 MHz Pentium Pro Windows NT	Jan. 00	PCT480
Robot Controller	Jan. 00	PCT464
Teach Pendant (Joystick)	Jan. 00	PCT467
Phantom Head Model (Right)	Jan. 00	PCT484
Phantom Head Model (Left)	Apr. 00	PCT497
Brain Equivalent Matter (800MHz)	July 00	PCTBEM10
Muscle Equivalent Matter (800MHz)	July 00	PCTMEM12
E-Field Probe	Feb. 00	PCT486A
E-Field Probe	Apr. 00	PCT486B
HP Spectrum Analyzer	Dec. 99	PCT200
IFI TEM Cell Model: CC110EXX (DC - 2000 MHz)	Jan. 00	A427-0697
Microwave Amp. Model: 5S1G4 (800MHz - 4.2GHz, 5 Watts)	Jan. 00	22332
Non-metallic Handset Tripod		PCT487

NOTE:

The E-field probe was calibrated by IDX Systems, Inc. The SAR calibration of the E-field probe is performed by temperature measurement procedure. A TEM cell is used for the free space calibration of the probe. The brain simulating material is calibrated by PCTEST using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain-equivalent material.

The following list of equipment was used to calibrate the system (from IDX):

Power Meter	HP-437B
RF Generator	HP-8657B
Power Amp	Power System Technology (Amplifier Research)
TEM cell	IFI CC-110
Network Analyzer	HP-8753C

## 15.1 CONCLUSION

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The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.[3]

### REFERENCES:

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, *Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radiofrequency Radiation*, Aug. 1996.
- [2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1 - 1991, *American National Standard safety levels with respect to human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields, 300kHz to 100GHz*, New York: IEEE, Aug. 1992
- [3] ANSI/IEEE C95.3 - 1991, *IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave*, New York: IEEE, 1992.
- [4] NCRP, National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements, *Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for RadioFrequency Electromagnetic Fields*, NCRP Report No. 86, 1986. Reprinted Feb. 1995.
- [5] CENELEC CLC/SC111B, European Prestandard (prENV 50166-2), *Human Exposure to Electromagnetic Fields High-Frequency: 10kHz-300GHz*, Jan. 1995.
- [6] V. Hombach, K. Meier, M. Burkhardt, E. Kuhn, N. Kuster, *The Dependence of EM Energy Absorption upon Human Head Modeling at 900 MHz*, IEEE Transaction on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44 no. 10, Oct. 1996, pp. 1865-1873.
- [7] N. Kuster and Q. Balzano, *Energy absorption mechanism by biological bodies in the near field of dipole antennas above 300MHz*, IEEE Transaction on Vehicular Technology, vol. 41, no. 1, Feb. 1992, pp. 17-23.
- [8] Q. Balzano, O. Garay, T. Manning Jr., *Electromagnetic Energy Exposure of Simulated Users of Portable Cellular Telephones*, IEEE Transactions on Vehicular Technology, vol. 44, no.3, Aug. 1995.
- [9] G. Hartsgrove, A. Kraszewski, A. Surowiec, *Simulated Biological Materials for Electromagnetic Radiation Absorption Studies*, University of Ottawa, Bioelectromagnetics, Canada: 1987, pp. 29-36.

## **ATTACHMENT O - SAR TEST DATA**

---

File : c:/idx3/SYSTEM/SARMEAS3/data/Normal/00072506\_ZOOM.VLT  
Start : 25-Jul-100 10:12:58 am End : 25-Jul-100 10:25:33 am

Radio Type : GTRAN KOREA  
Model Number : GCP-2000  
Serial Number : 1  
Frequency : 824.04 MHz  
Peak Trans. Pwr : 0.640 W  
Start Trans. Pwr : 0.640 W  
Antenna Type : Helical  
Antenna Posn. : Internal  
Phantom Type : Head  
Phantom Posn. : Left Ear  
Scan Type : ZOOM/SAR  
Probe Name : PCTEST  
Field Type : E Field  
Orientation : 0 Degrees

Mixture Type = Brain  
Mixture Dielectric Constant = 43.400  
Mixture Conductivity = 0.900

Comment :

GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE - AMPS Mode  
CHAN 0991 28.0 dBm conducted  
GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE

Robot : PCTEST

Probe Offset = 0.25 cm  
Sensor Factor = 0.0108  
Conversion Factor = 0.788

PCTEST Amplifier Channel Settings : 0.166 0.135 0.132

Max Location : X = 1.250, Y = -4.250, Z = 0.000 (cm) Value = 16.893

Measured Values (volts) =  
1.704E-002 1.308E-002 1.071E-002 9.517E-003 8.434E-003 7.836E-003  
7.356E-003 6.789E-003 6.138E-003 5.176E-003 4.153E-003 3.010E-003  
2.114E-003 1.400E-003 1.107E-003 1.178E-003 1.547E-003 2.015E-003  
2.419E-003 2.515E-003 1.900E-003

Calc. Voltage @ Surface (Vs) = 0.0215

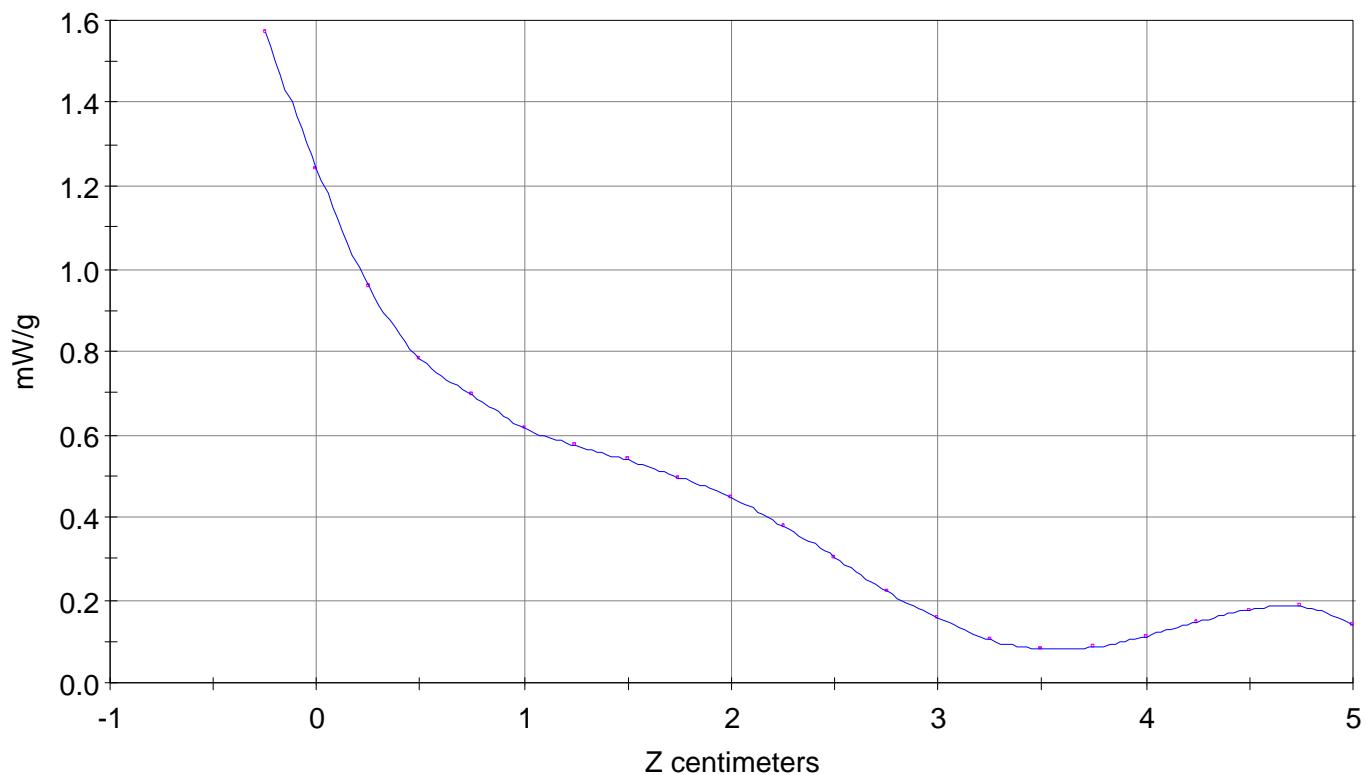
Voltage @ 1.00 cm (Vt) = 0.0095

Ave. Voltage (Vs+Vt)/2 = 0.0155

Ave. SAR over 1 g (mW/g) = 1.1314

SAR Scan  
File : 00072506\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 10:12:58 am End : 25-Jul-100 10:25:33 am  
GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;824.04MHz;W;Helical/Internal;  
Head/Left Ear;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 Degrees Brain/43.400/0.900

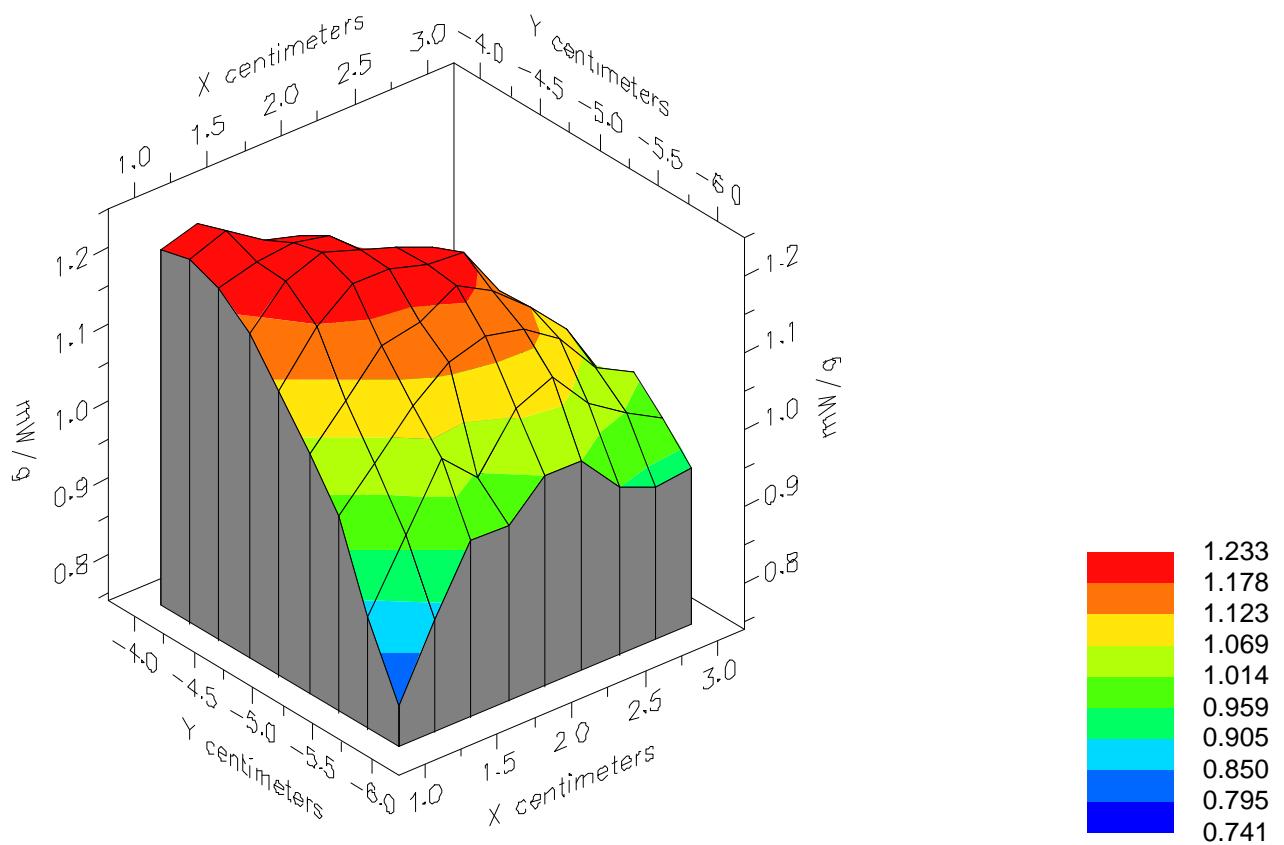


File : 00072506\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 10:12:58 am End : 25-Jul-100 10:25:33 am

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;824.04MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Head/Left Ear;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesBrain/43.400/0.900

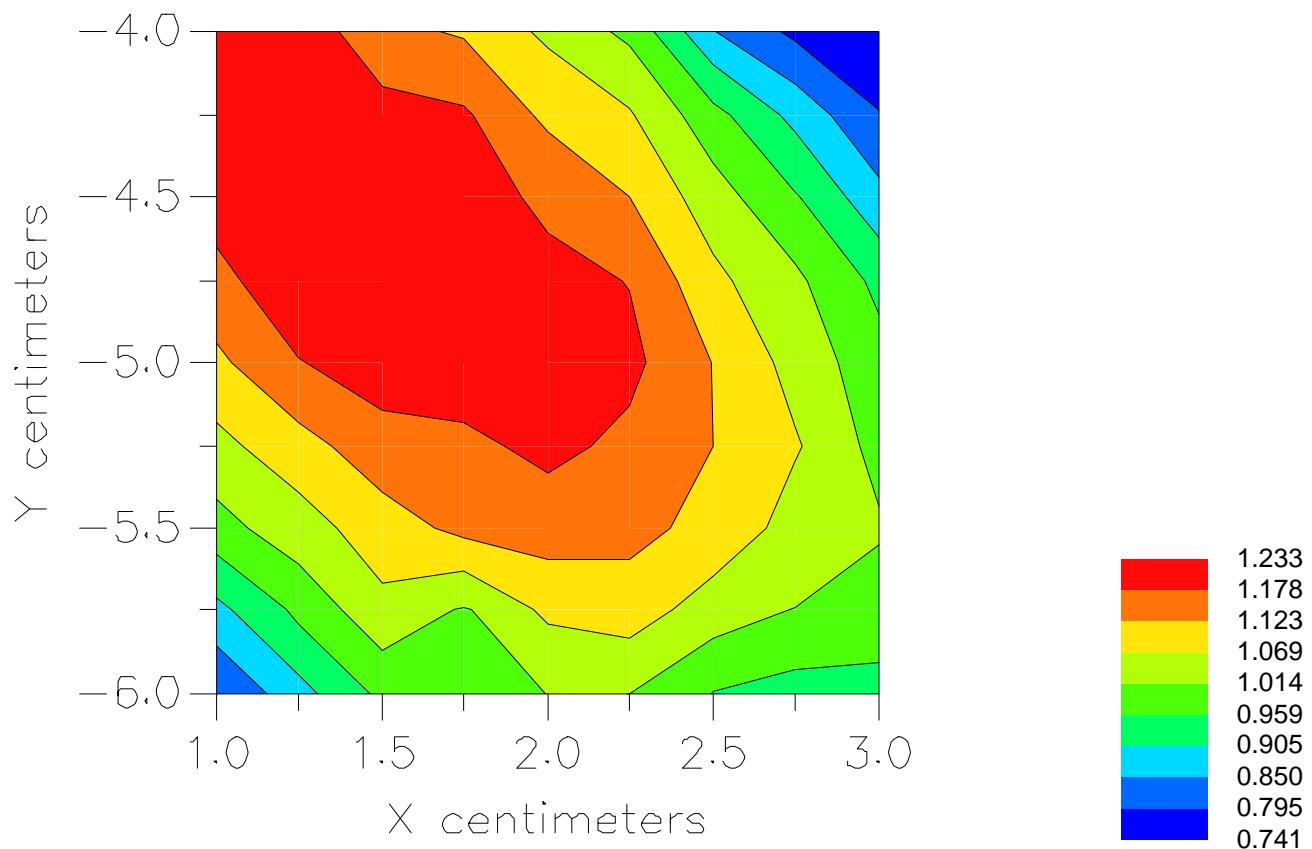


File : 00072506\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 10:12:58 am End : 25-Jul-100 10:25:33 am

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;824.04MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Head/Left Ear;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesBrain/43.400/0.900



File : c:/idx3/SYSTEM/SARMEAS3/data/Normal/00072413\_ZOOM.VLT  
Start : 24-Jul-100 05:47:16 pm End : 24-Jul-100 05:58:30 pm

Radio Type	:	GTRAN KOREA
Model Number	:	GCP-2000
Serial Number	:	1
Frequency	:	836.49 MHZ
Peak Trans. Pwr	:	0.640 W
Start Trans. Pwr	:	0.640 W
Antenna Type	:	Helical
Antenna Posn.	:	Internal
Phantom Type	:	Head
Phantom Posn.	:	Left Ear
Scan Type	:	ZOOM/SAR
Probe Name	:	PCTEST
Field Type	:	E Field
Orientation	:	0 Degrees

Mixture Type = Brain  
Mixture Dielectric Constant = 43.400  
Mixture Conductivity = 0.900

Comment :  
GTRAN DUAL MODE PHONE - AMPS MODE  
CHAN 0383 28.0 dBm conducted  
GTRAN DUAL MODE PHONE

Robot : PCTEST

Probe Offset = 0.25 cm  
Sensor Factor = 0.0108  
Conversion Factor = 0.788

PCTEST    Amplifier Channel Settings :    0.166    0.135    0.132

Max Location : X = 2.000, Y = -4.750, Z = 0.000 (cm) Value = 15.926

```

Measured Values (volts) =
  1.639E-002  1.181E-002  9.878E-003  8.470E-003  7.612E-003  6.933E-003
  6.347E-003  5.765E-003  4.993E-003  4.029E-003  3.074E-003  2.123E-003
  1.423E-003  1.012E-003  9.418E-004  1.145E-003  1.533E-003  1.930E-003
  2.123E-003  1.823E-003  1.146E-003

```

Calc. Voltage @ Surface (Vs) = 0.0212

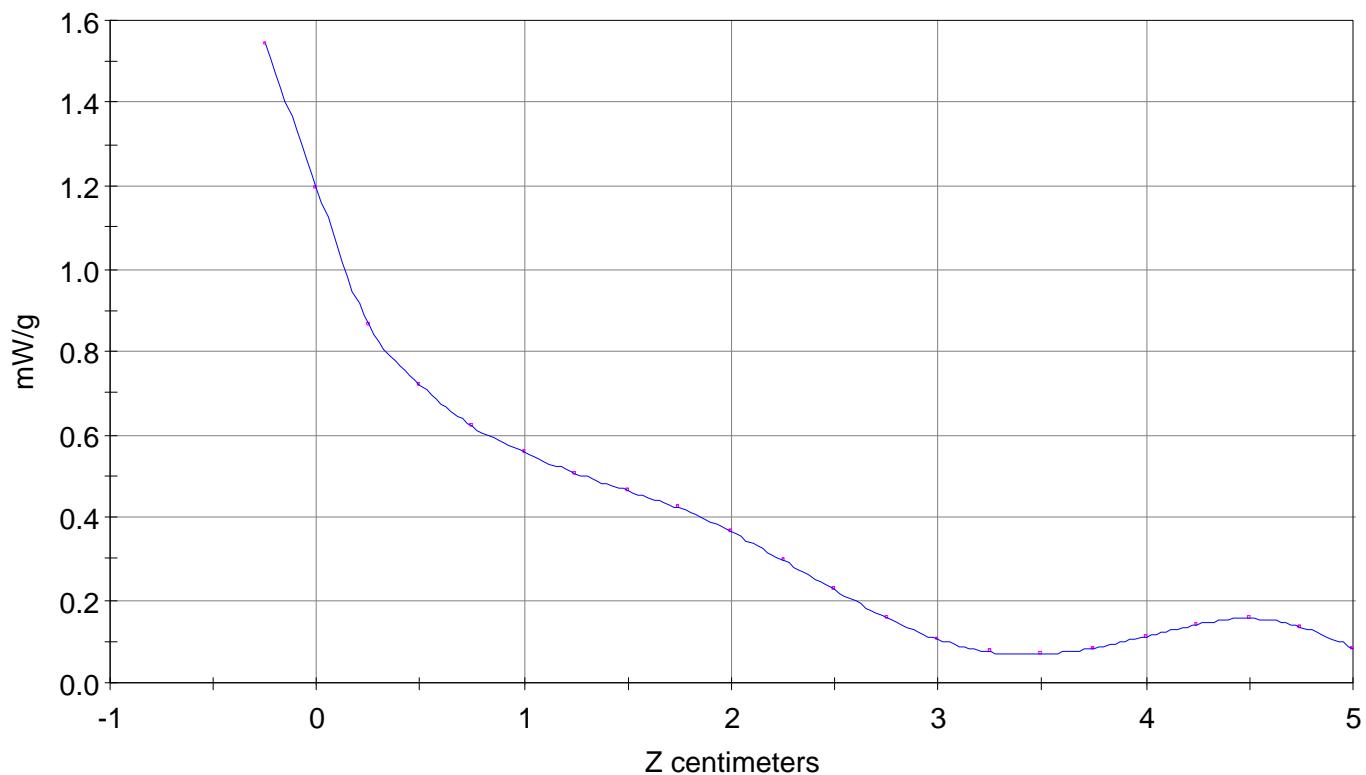
Voltage @ 1.00 cm (V<sub>t</sub>) = 0.0085

$$\text{Ave. Voltage } (V_s + V_t) / 2 = 0.0148$$

Ave. SAR over 1 g (mW/g) = 1.0811

SAR Scan  
File : 00072413\_ZOOM

Start : 24-Jul-100 05:47:16 pm End : 24-Jul-100 05:58:30 pm  
GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;836.49MHz;W;Helical/Internal;  
Head/Left Ear;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesBrain/43.400/0.900

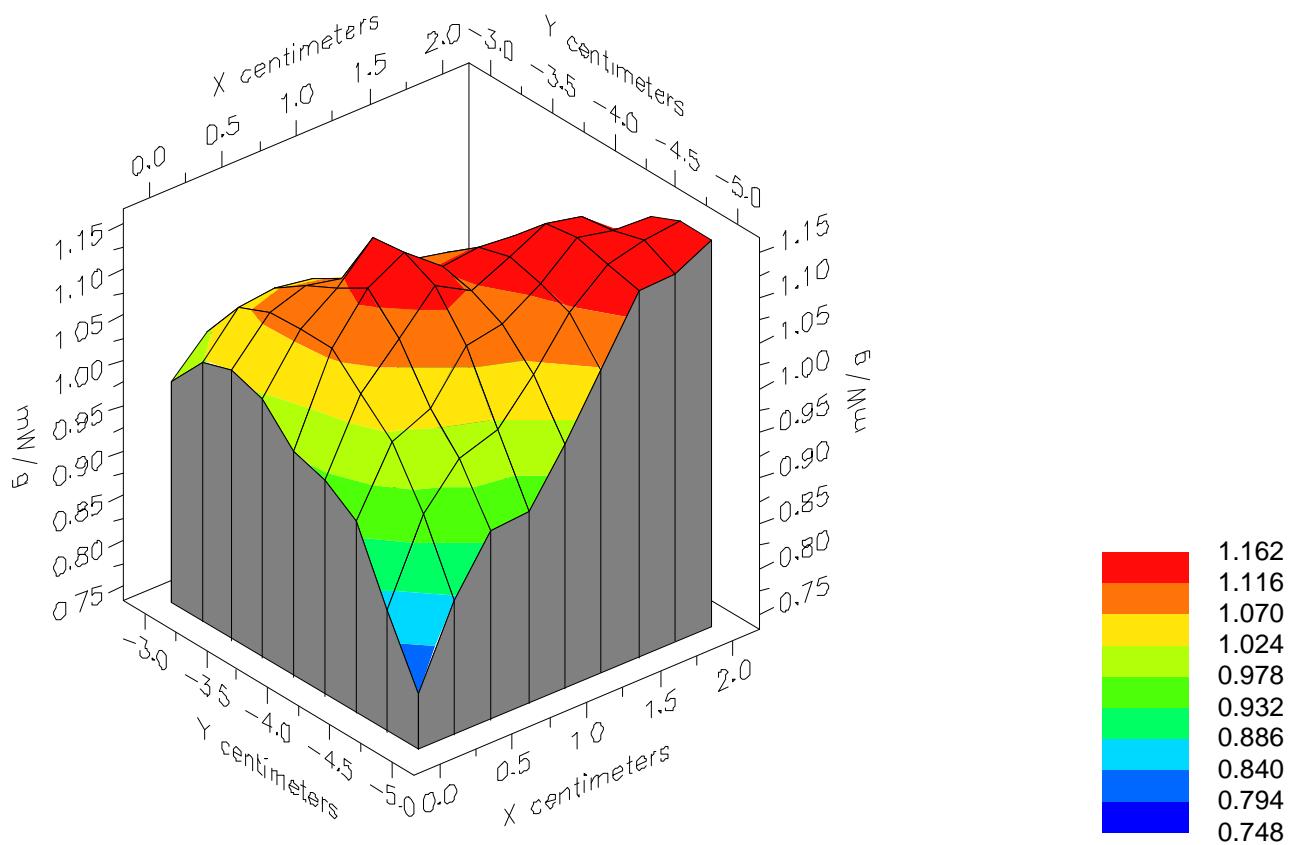


File : 00072413\_ZOOM

Start : 24-Jul-100 05:47:16 pm End : 24-Jul-100 05:58:30 pm

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;836.49MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Head/Left Ear;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesBrain/43.400/0.900

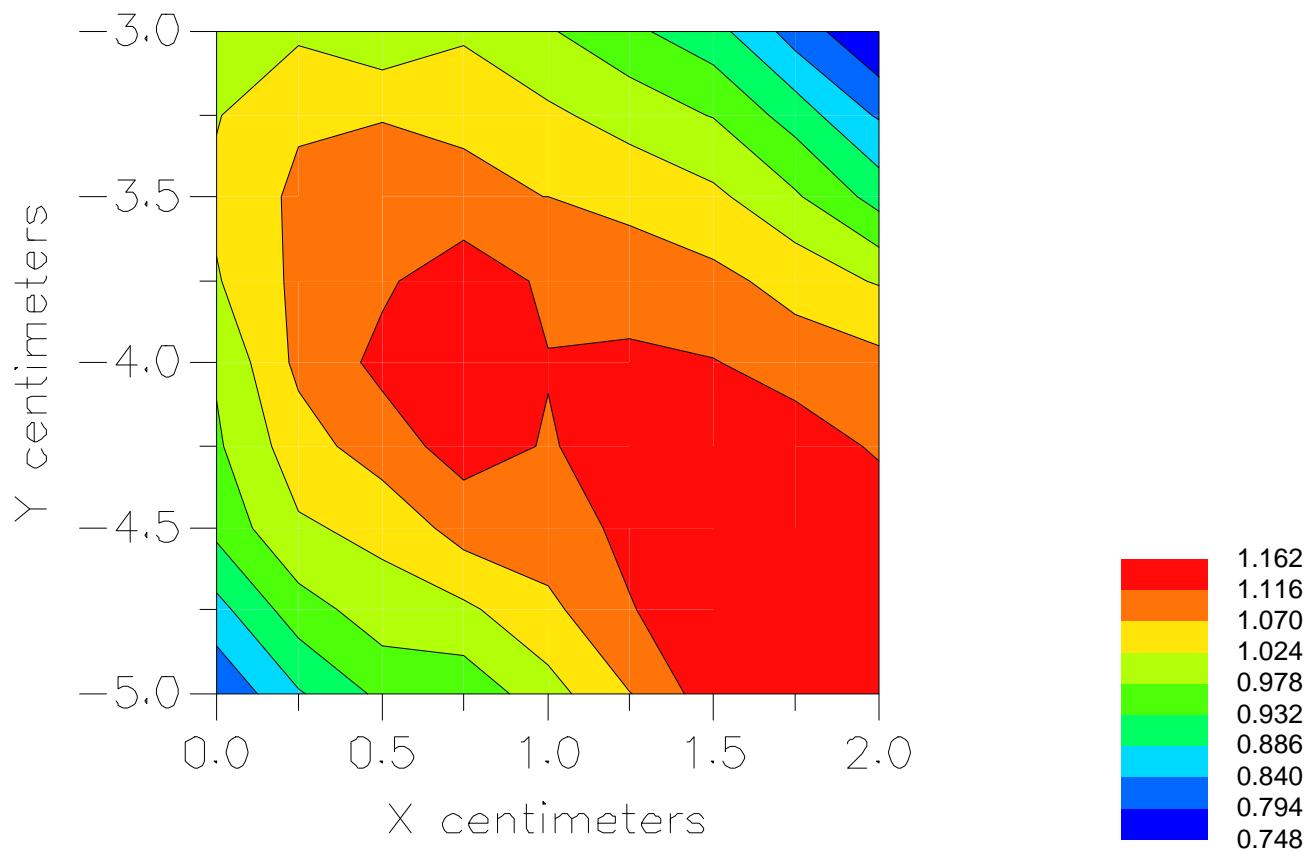


File : 00072413\_ZOOM

Start : 24-Jul-100 05:47:16 pm End : 24-Jul-100 05:58:30 pm

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;836.49MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Head/Left Ear;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesBrain/43.400/0.900



File : c:/idx3/SYSTEM/SARMEAS3/data/Normal/00072507\_ZOOM.VLT  
Start : 25-Jul-100 10:36:53 am End : 25-Jul-100 10:51:19 am

Radio Type : GTRAN KOREA  
Model Number : GCP-2000  
Serial Number : 1  
Frequency : 848.97 MHz  
Peak Trans. Pwr : 0.640 W  
Start Trans. Pwr : 0.640 W  
Antenna Type : Helical  
Antenna Posn. : Internal  
Phantom Type : Head  
Phantom Posn. : Left Ear  
Scan Type : ZOOM/SAR  
Probe Name : PCTEST  
Field Type : E Field  
Orientation : 0 Degrees

Mixture Type = Brain  
Mixture Dielectric Constant = 43.400  
Mixture Conductivity = 0.900

Comment :

GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE - AMPS Mode  
CHAN 0991 28.0 dBm conducted  
GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE

Robot : PCTEST

Probe Offset = 0.25 cm  
Sensor Factor = 0.0108  
Conversion Factor = 0.788

PCTEST Amplifier Channel Settings : 0.166 0.135 0.132

Max Location : X = 1.750, Y = -5.000, Z = 0.000 (cm) Value = 12.115

Measured Values (volts) =  
1.207E-002 8.820E-003 7.413E-003 6.462E-003 5.878E-003 5.413E-003  
5.017E-003 4.493E-003 3.880E-003 3.165E-003 2.377E-003 1.688E-003  
1.162E-003 9.388E-004 9.552E-004 1.220E-003 1.499E-003 1.775E-003  
1.825E-003 1.561E-003 9.313E-004

Calc. Voltage @ Surface (Vs) = 0.0154

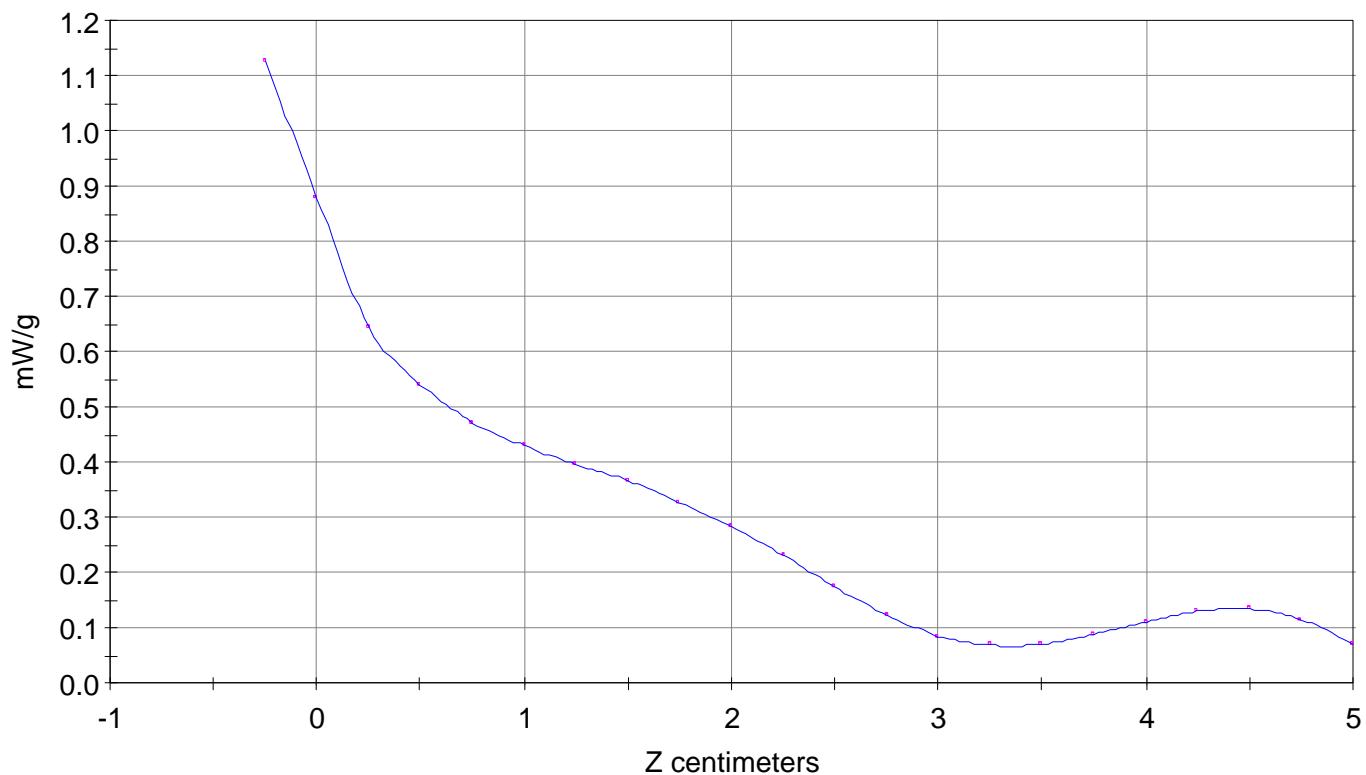
Voltage @ 1.00 cm (Vt) = 0.0065

Ave. Voltage (Vs+Vt)/2 = 0.0109

Ave. SAR over 1 g (mW/g) = 0.7988

SAR Scan  
File : 00072507\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 10:36:53 am End : 25-Jul-100 10:51:19 am  
GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;848.97MHz;W;Helical/Internal;  
Head/Left Ear;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesBrain/43.400/0.900

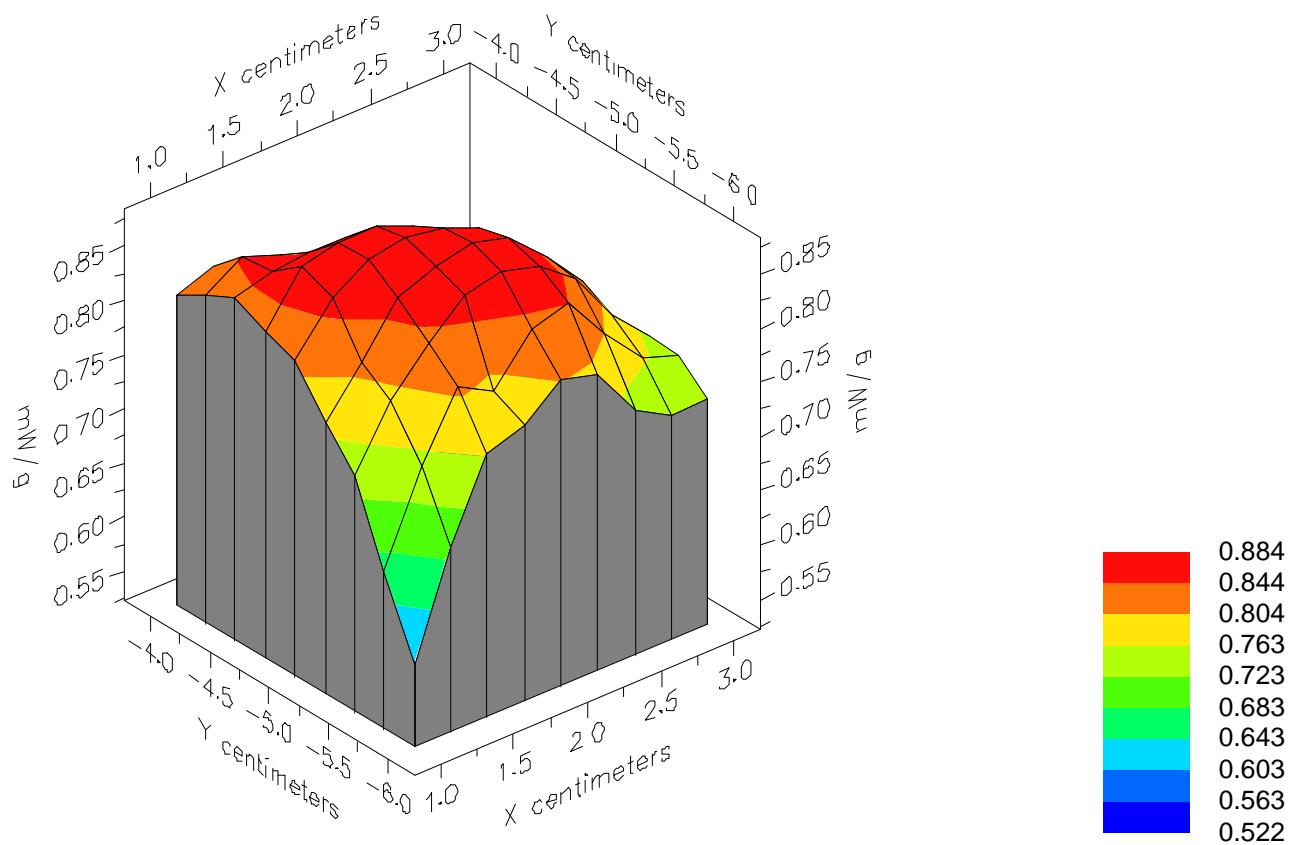


File : 00072507\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 10:36:53 am End : 25-Jul-100 10:51:19 am

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;848.97MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Head/Left Ear;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesBrain/43.400/0.900

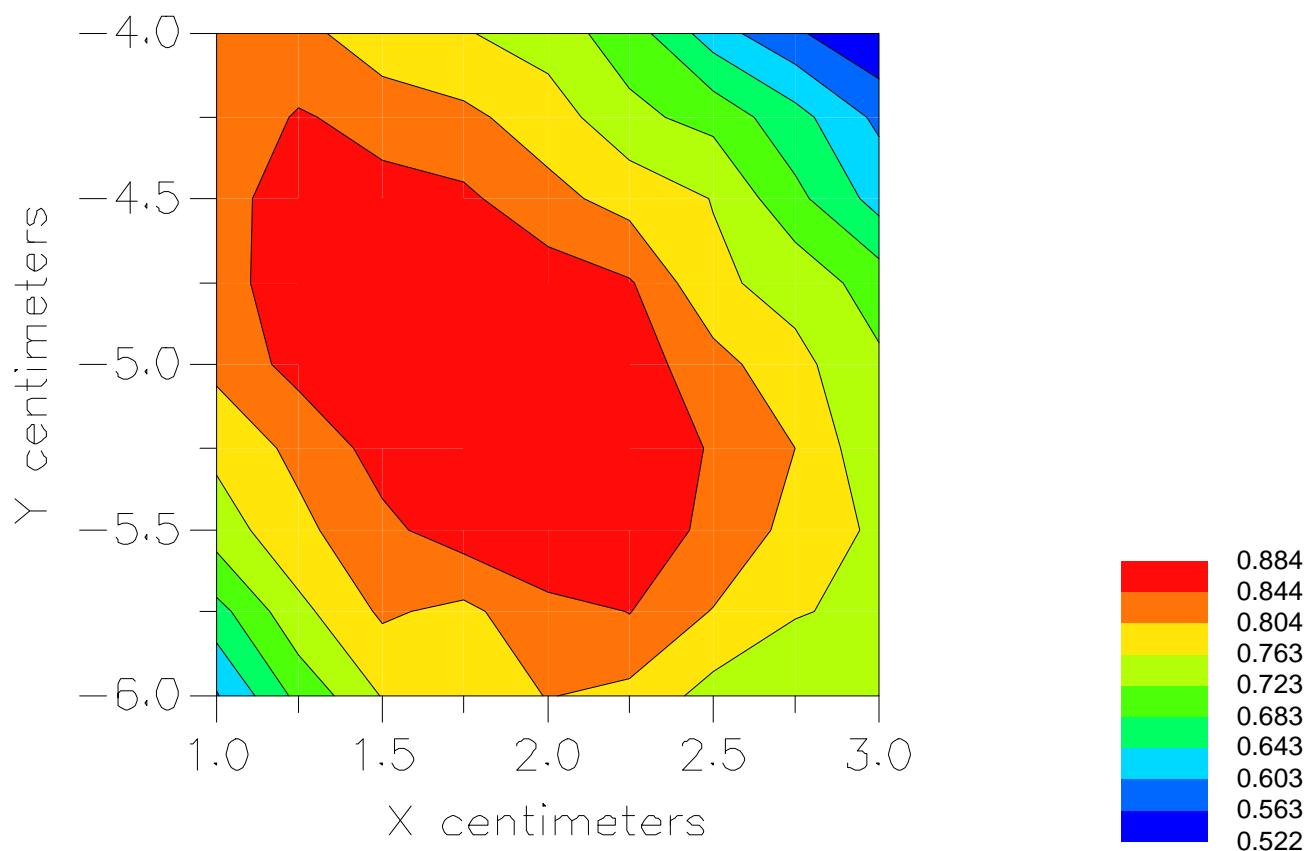


File : 00072507\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 10:36:53 am End : 25-Jul-100 10:51:19 am

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;848.97MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Head/Left Ear;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesBrain/43.400/0.900



File : c:/idx3/SYSTEM/SARMEAS3/data/Normal/00072511\_ZOOM.VLT  
Start : 25-Jul-100 12:30:37 pm End : 25-Jul-100 12:41:36 pm

Radio Type : GTRAN KOREA  
Model Number : GCP-2000  
Serial Number : 1  
Frequency : 824.70 MHz  
Peak Trans. Pwr : 0.400 W  
Start Trans. Pwr : 0.400 W  
Antenna Type : Helical  
Antenna Posn. : Internal  
Phantom Type : Head  
Phantom Posn. : Left Ear  
Scan Type : ZOOM/SAR  
Probe Name : PCTEST  
Field Type : E Field  
Orientation : 0 Degrees

Mixture Type = Brain  
Mixture Dielectric Constant = 43.400  
Mixture Conductivity = 0.900

Comment :

GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE - CDMA Mode  
CHAN 1013 26.0 dBm conducted  
GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE

Robot : PCTEST

Probe Offset = 0.25 cm  
Sensor Factor = 0.0108  
Conversion Factor = 0.788

PCTEST Amplifier Channel Settings : 0.166 0.135 0.132

Max Location : X = 1.000, Y = -4.250, Z = 0.000 (cm) Value = 11.071

Measured Values (volts) =  
9.916E-003 8.226E-003 6.887E-003 5.707E-003 4.991E-003 4.522E-003  
4.255E-003 3.998E-003 3.714E-003 3.265E-003 2.792E-003 2.166E-003  
1.616E-003 1.091E-003 7.662E-004 6.244E-004 6.891E-004 9.202E-004  
1.164E-003 1.363E-003 1.315E-003

Calc. Voltage @ Surface (Vs) = 0.0119

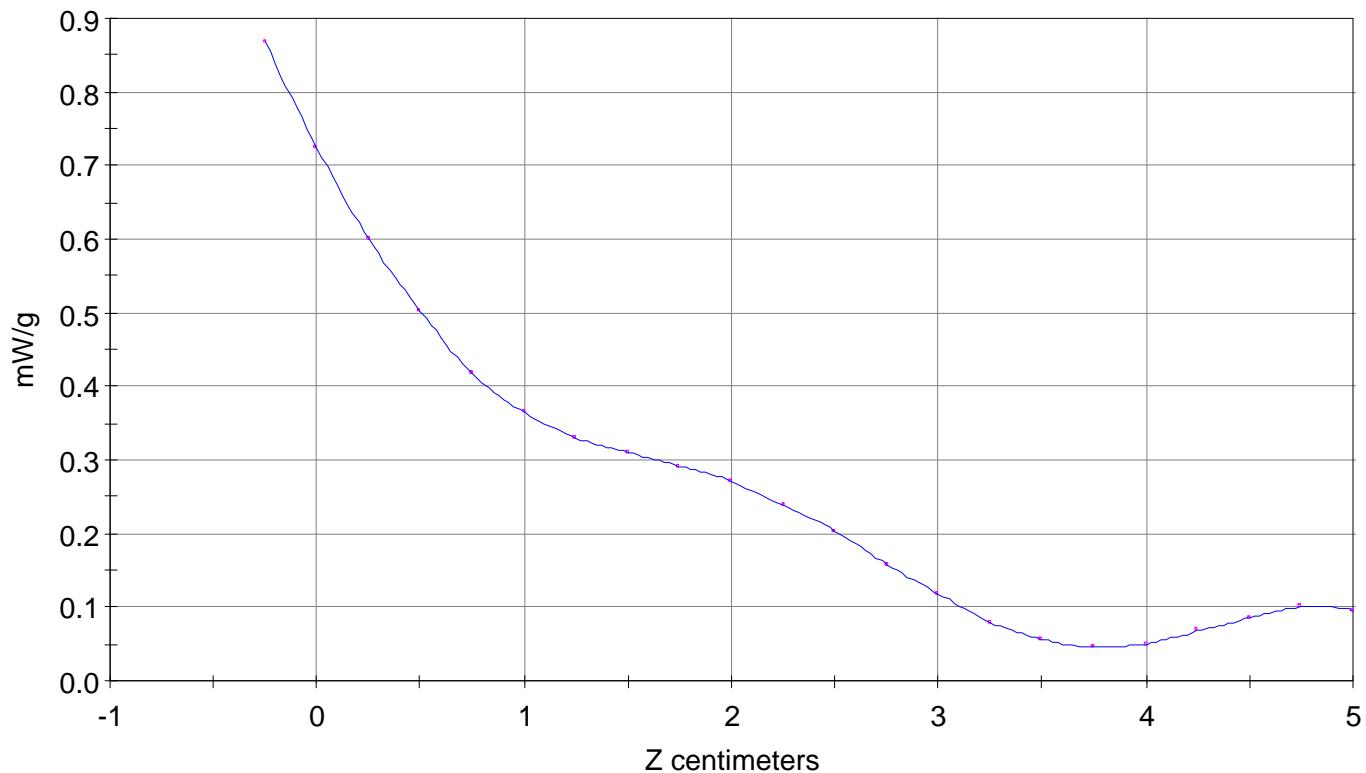
Voltage @ 1.00 cm (Vt) = 0.0057

Ave. Voltage (Vs+Vt)/2 = 0.0088

Ave. SAR over 1 g (mW/g) = 0.6423

SAR Scan  
File : 00072511\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 12:30:37 pm End : 25-Jul-100 12:41:36 pm  
GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;824.70MHz;W;Helical/Internal;  
Head/Left Ear;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 Degrees Brain/43.400/0.900

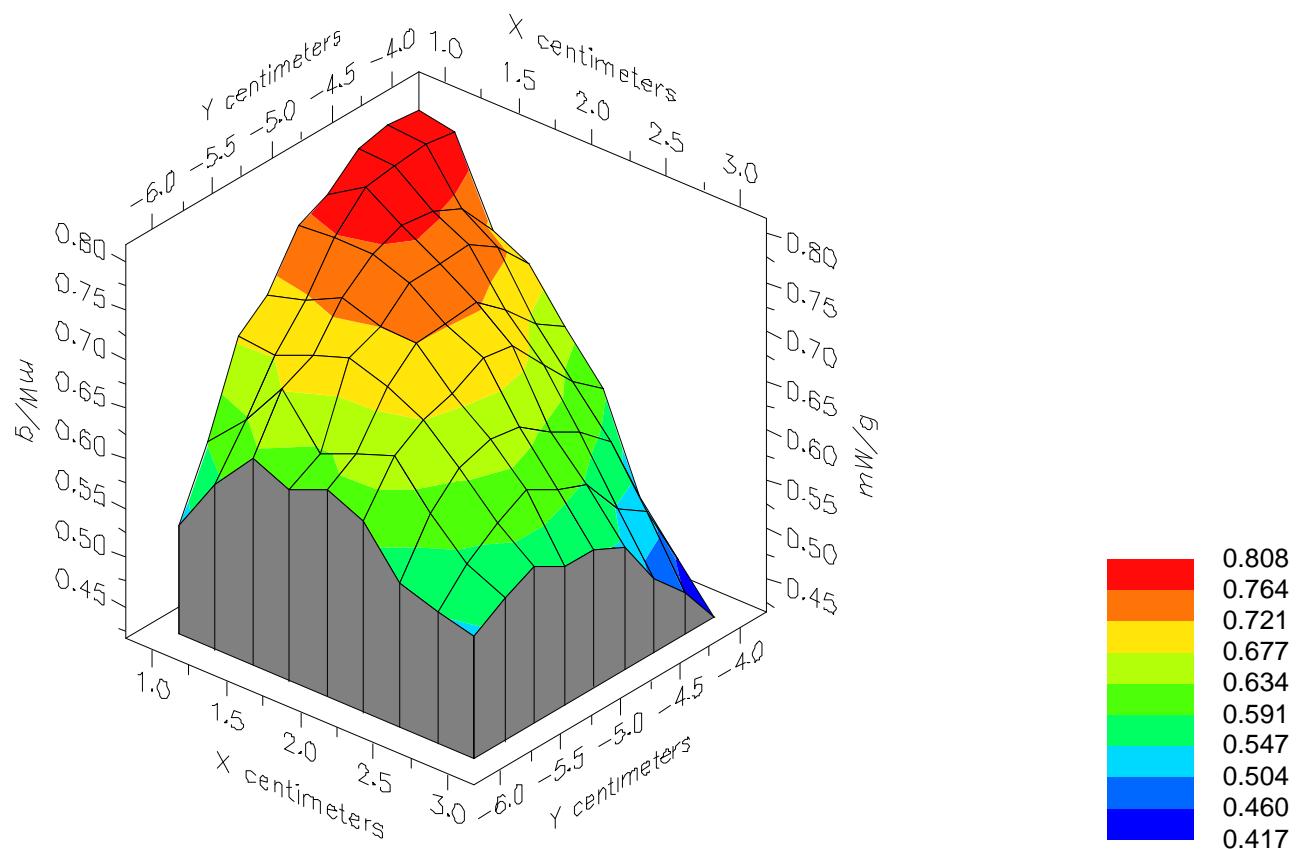


File : 00072511\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 12:30:37 pm End : 25-Jul-100 12:41:36 pm

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;824.70MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Head/Left Ear;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesBrain/43.400/0.900

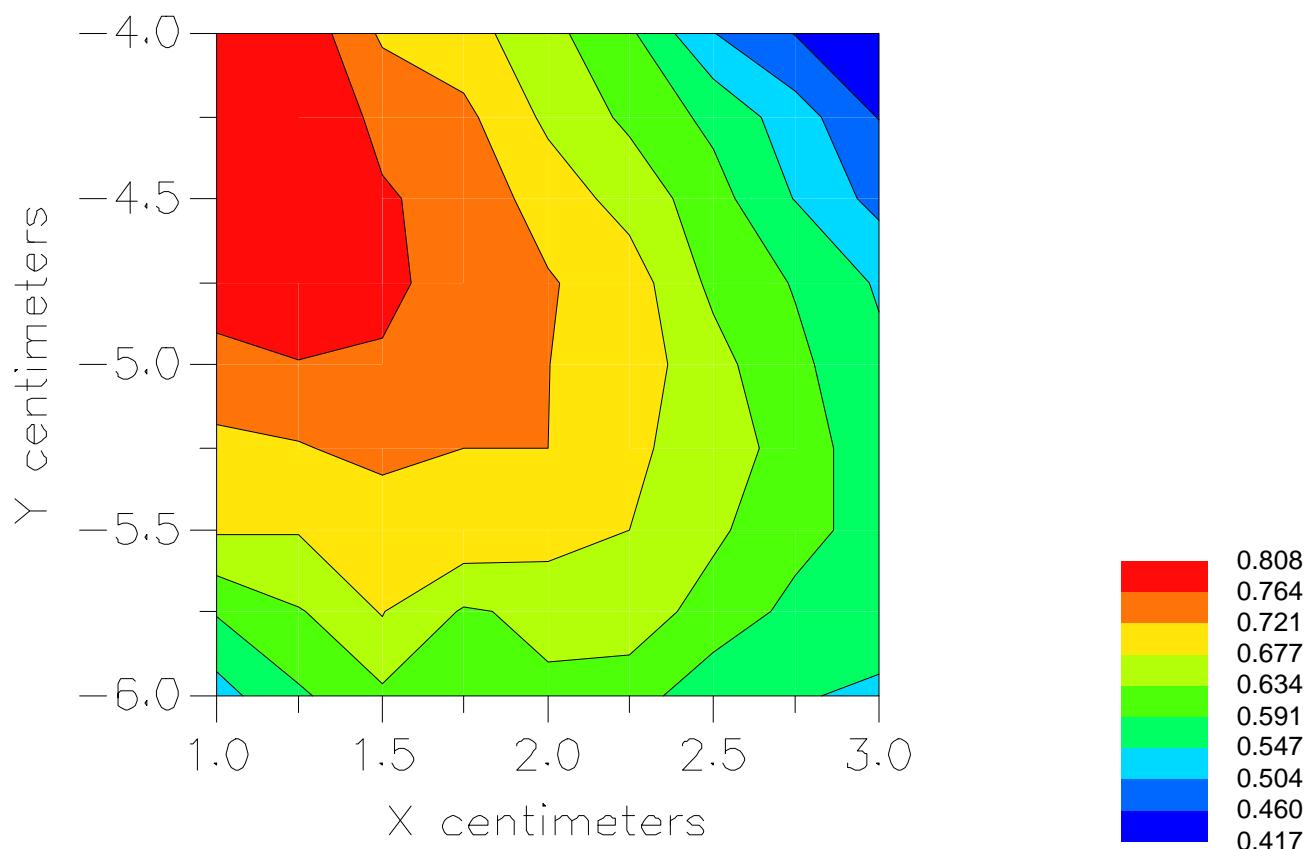


File : 00072511\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 12:30:37 pm End : 25-Jul-100 12:41:36 pm

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;824.70MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Head/Left Ear;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesBrain/43.400/0.900



File : c:/idx3/SYSTEM/SARMEAS3/data/Normal/00072509\_ZOOM.VLT  
Start : 25-Jul-100 11:32:18 am End : 25-Jul-100 11:43:18 am

Radio Type : GTRAN KOREA  
Model Number : GCP-2000  
Serial Number : 1  
Frequency : 835.89 MHz  
Peak Trans. Pwr : 0.400 W  
Start Trans. Pwr : 0.400 W  
Antenna Type : Helical  
Antenna Posn. : Internal  
Phantom Type : Head  
Phantom Posn. : Left Ear  
Scan Type : ZOOM/SAR  
Probe Name : PCTEST  
Field Type : E Field  
Orientation : 0 Degrees

Mixture Type = Brain  
Mixture Dielectric Constant = 43.400  
Mixture Conductivity = 0.900

Comment :

GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE - CDMA Mode  
CHAN 0363 26.0 dBm conducted  
GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE

Robot : PCTEST

Probe Offset = 0.25 cm  
Sensor Factor = 0.0108  
Conversion Factor = 0.788

PCTEST Amplifier Channel Settings : 0.166 0.135 0.132

Max Location : X = 1.750, Y = -5.000, Z = 0.000 (cm) Value = 8.644

Measured Values (volts) =  
8.857E-003 6.418E-003 5.464E-003 4.804E-003 4.351E-003 3.973E-003  
3.677E-003 3.311E-003 2.783E-003 2.211E-003 1.682E-003 1.152E-003  
8.358E-004 7.124E-004 7.127E-004 9.239E-004 1.124E-003 1.348E-003  
1.389E-003 1.120E-003 7.347E-004

Calc. Voltage @ Surface (Vs) = 0.0113

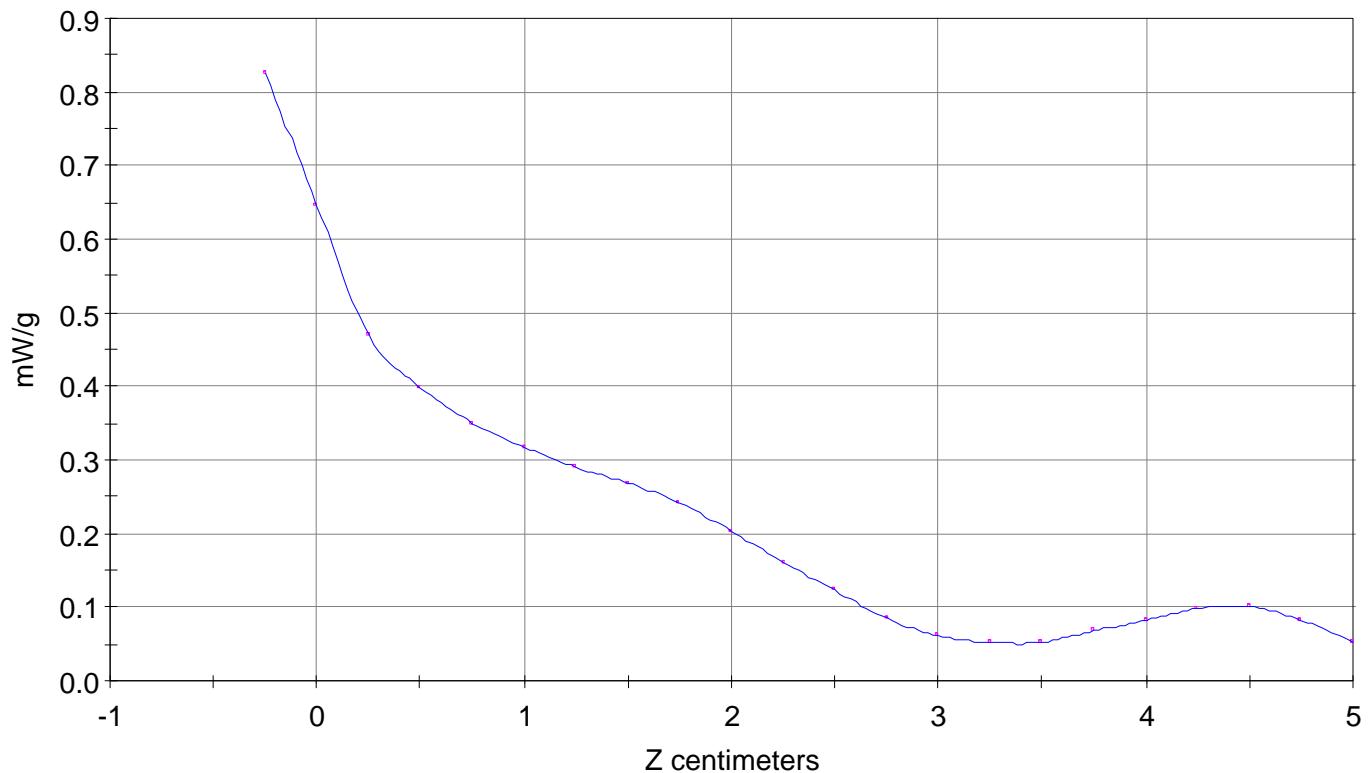
Voltage @ 1.00 cm (Vt) = 0.0048

Ave. Voltage (Vs+Vt)/2 = 0.0081

Ave. SAR over 1 g (mW/g) = 0.5880

SAR Scan  
File : 00072509\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 11:32:18 am End : 25-Jul-100 11:43:18 am  
GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;835.89MHz;W;Helical/Internal;  
Head/Left Ear;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesBrain/43.400/0.900

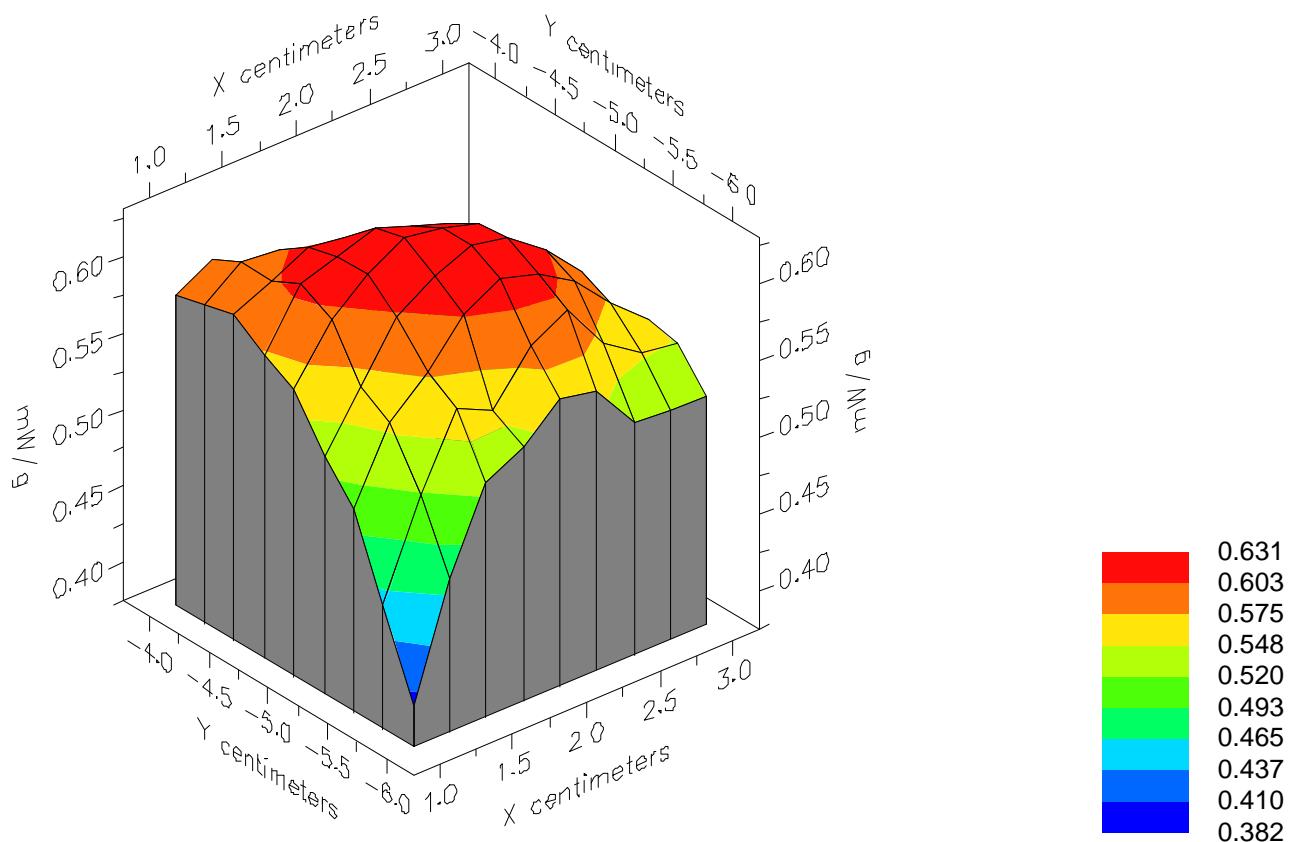


File : 00072509\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 11:32:18 am End : 25-Jul-100 11:43:18 am

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;835.89MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Head/Left Ear;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesBrain/43.400/0.900

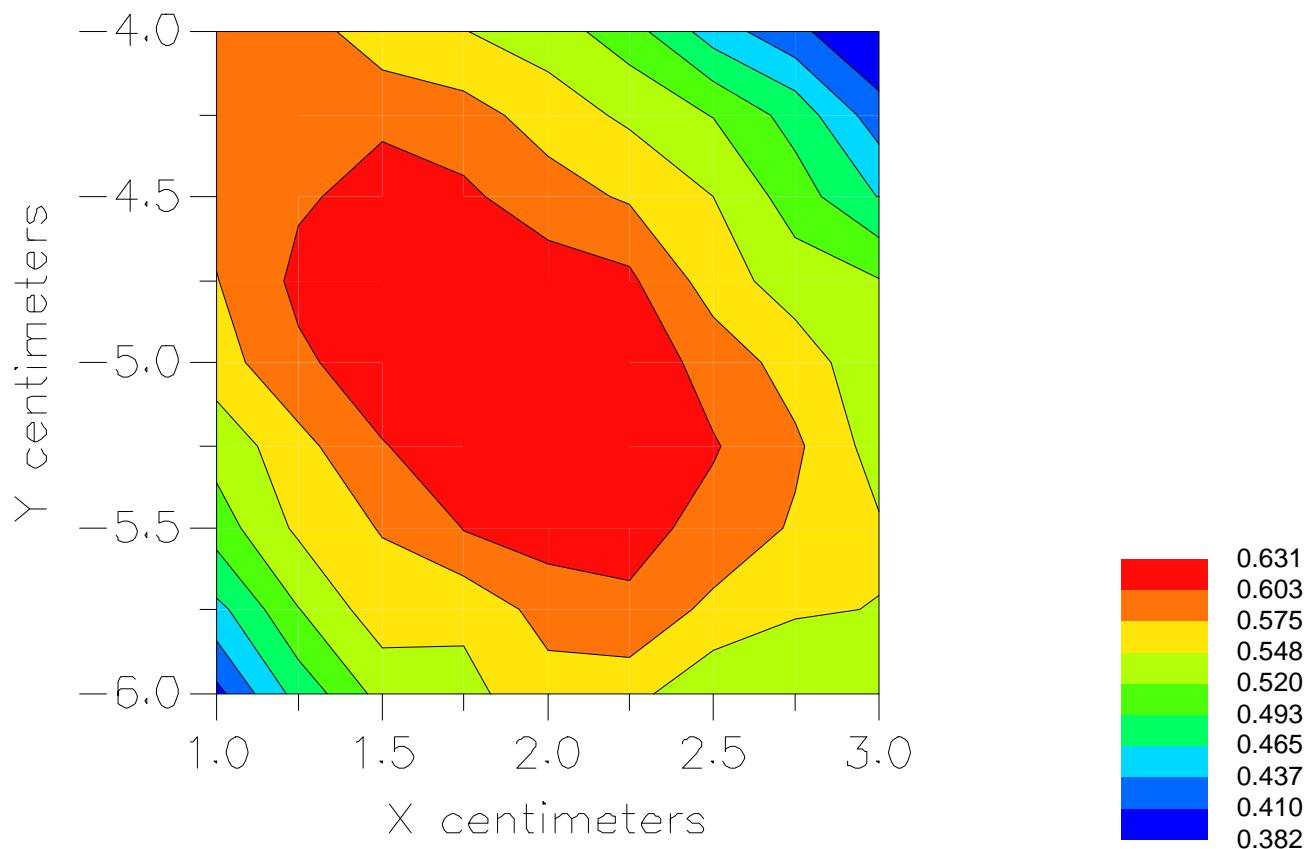


File : 00072509\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 11:32:18 am End : 25-Jul-100 11:43:18 am

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;835.89MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Head/Left Ear;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesBrain/43.400/0.900



File : c:/idx3/SYSTEM/SARMEAS3/data/Normal/00072508\_ZOOM.VLT  
Start : 25-Jul-100 11:07:46 am End : 25-Jul-100 11:18:35 am

Radio Type : GTRAN KOREA  
Model Number : GCP-2000  
Serial Number : 1  
Frequency : 848.31 MHz  
Peak Trans. Pwr : 0.400 W  
Start Trans. Pwr : 0.400 W  
Antenna Type : Helical  
Antenna Posn. : Internal  
Phantom Type : Head  
Phantom Posn. : Left Ear  
Scan Type : ZOOM/SAR  
Probe Name : PCTEST  
Field Type : E Field  
Orientation : 0 Degrees

Mixture Type = Brain  
Mixture Dielectric Constant = 43.400  
Mixture Conductivity = 0.900

Comment :

GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE - CDMA Mode  
CHAN 0777 26.0 dBm conducted  
GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE

Robot : PCTEST

Probe Offset = 0.25 cm  
Sensor Factor = 0.0108  
Conversion Factor = 0.788

PCTEST Amplifier Channel Settings : 0.166 0.135 0.132

Max Location : X = 1.750, Y = -5.000, Z = 0.000 (cm) Value = 9.264

Measured Values (volts) =  
9.240E-003 6.713E-003 5.645E-003 4.905E-003 4.510E-003 4.166E-003  
3.783E-003 3.457E-003 2.969E-003 2.398E-003 1.819E-003 1.290E-003  
9.164E-004 7.452E-004 7.331E-004 9.036E-004 1.128E-003 1.334E-003  
1.387E-003 1.214E-003 7.420E-004

Calc. Voltage @ Surface (Vs) = 0.0119

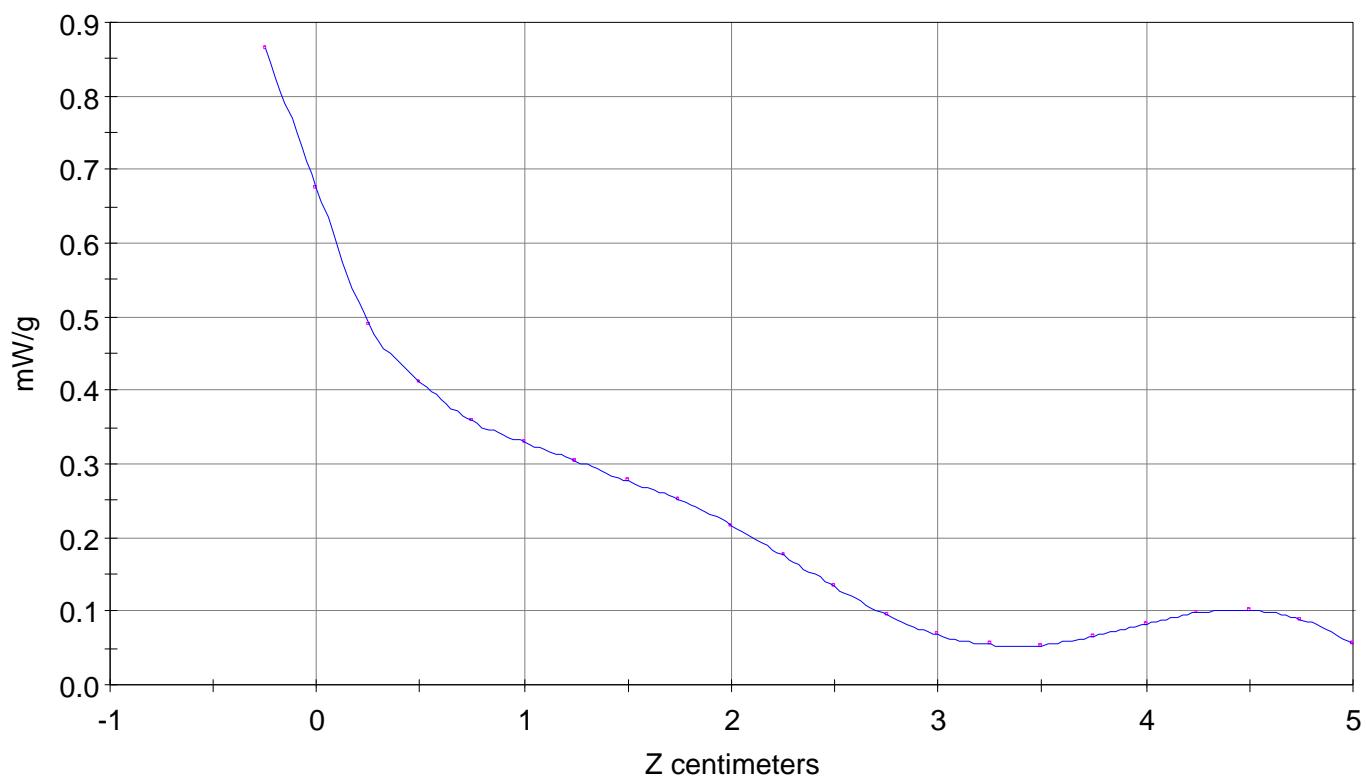
Voltage @ 1.00 cm (Vt) = 0.0049

Ave. Voltage (Vs+Vt)/2 = 0.0084

Ave. SAR over 1 g (mW/g) = 0.6113

SAR Scan  
File : 00072508\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 11:07:46 am End : 25-Jul-100 11:18:35 am  
GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;848.31MHz;W;Helical/Internal;  
Head/Left Ear;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesBrain/43.400/0.900

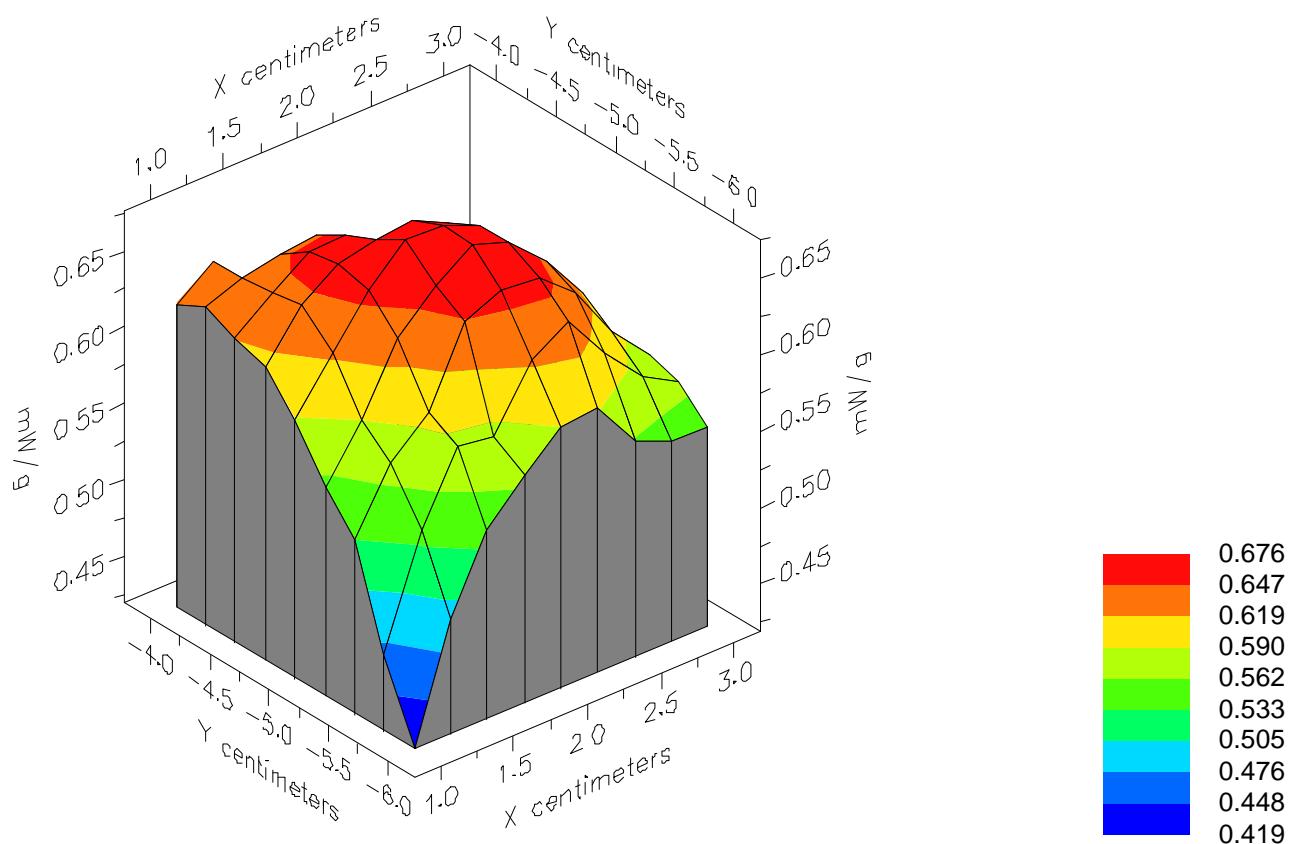


File : 00072508\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 11:07:46 am End : 25-Jul-100 11:18:35 am

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;848.31MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Head/Left Ear;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesBrain/43.400/0.900

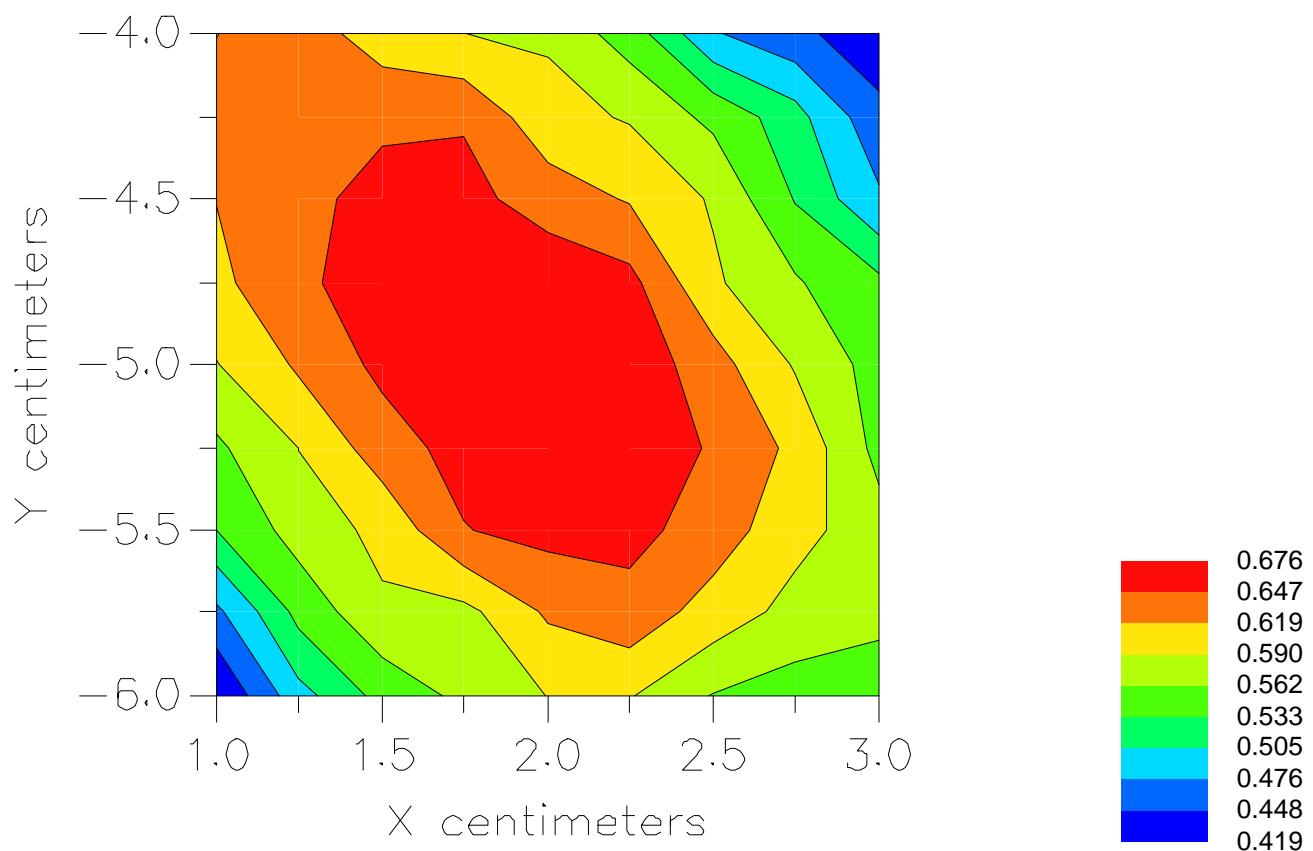


File : 00072508\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 11:07:46 am End : 25-Jul-100 11:18:35 am

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;848.31MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Head/Left Ear;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesBrain/43.400/0.900



File : c:/idx3/SYSTEM/SARMEAS3/data/Normal/00072514\_ZOOM.VLT  
Start : 25-Jul-100 02:58:45 pm End : 25-Jul-100 03:08:28 pm

Radio Type : GTRAN KOREA  
Model Number : GCP-2000  
Serial Number : 1  
Frequency : 824.04 MHz  
Peak Trans. Pwr : 0.640 W  
Start Trans. Pwr : 0.640 W  
Antenna Type : Helical  
Antenna Posn. : Internal  
Phantom Type : Body  
Phantom Posn. : Abdomen  
Scan Type : ZOOM/SAR  
Probe Name : PCTEST  
Field Type : E Field  
Orientation : 0 Degrees

Mixture Type = Muscle  
Mixture Dielectric Constant = 51.700  
Mixture Conductivity = 1.100

Comment :

GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE - AMPS Mode  
CHAN 0991 28.0 dBm conducted  
GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE

Robot : PCTEST

Probe Offset = 0.25 cm  
Sensor Factor = 0.0108  
Conversion Factor = 0.894

PCTEST Amplifier Channel Settings : 0.166 0.135 0.132

Max Location : X = -4.000, Y = -2.000, Z = 0.000 (cm) Value = 14.597

Measured Values (volts) =  
1.365E-002 1.221E-002 1.022E-002 8.396E-003 6.482E-003 4.546E-003  
3.121E-003 2.184E-003 1.857E-003 2.058E-003 2.693E-003 3.198E-003  
3.329E-003 2.703E-003 1.677E-003 1.175E-003 4.288E-004 3.408E-004  
2.642E-004 2.158E-004 1.641E-004

Calc. Voltage @ Surface (Vs) = 0.0158

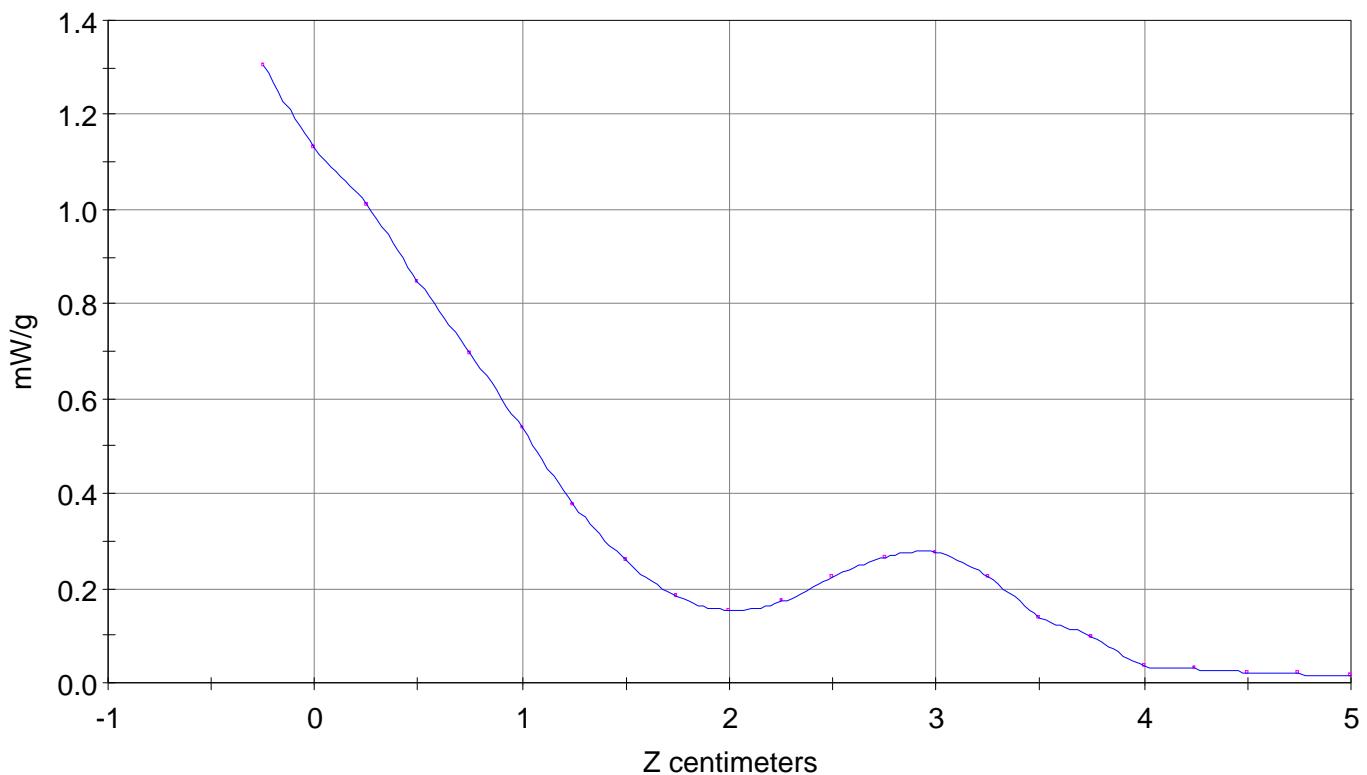
Voltage @ 1.00 cm (Vt) = 0.0084

Ave. Voltage (Vs+Vt)/2 = 0.0121

Ave. SAR over 1 g (mW/g) = 1.0005

SAR Scan  
File : 00072514\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 02:58:45 pm End : 25-Jul-100 03:08:28 pm  
GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;824.04MHz;W;Helical/Internal;  
Body/Abdomen;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 Degrees Muscle/51.700/1.100

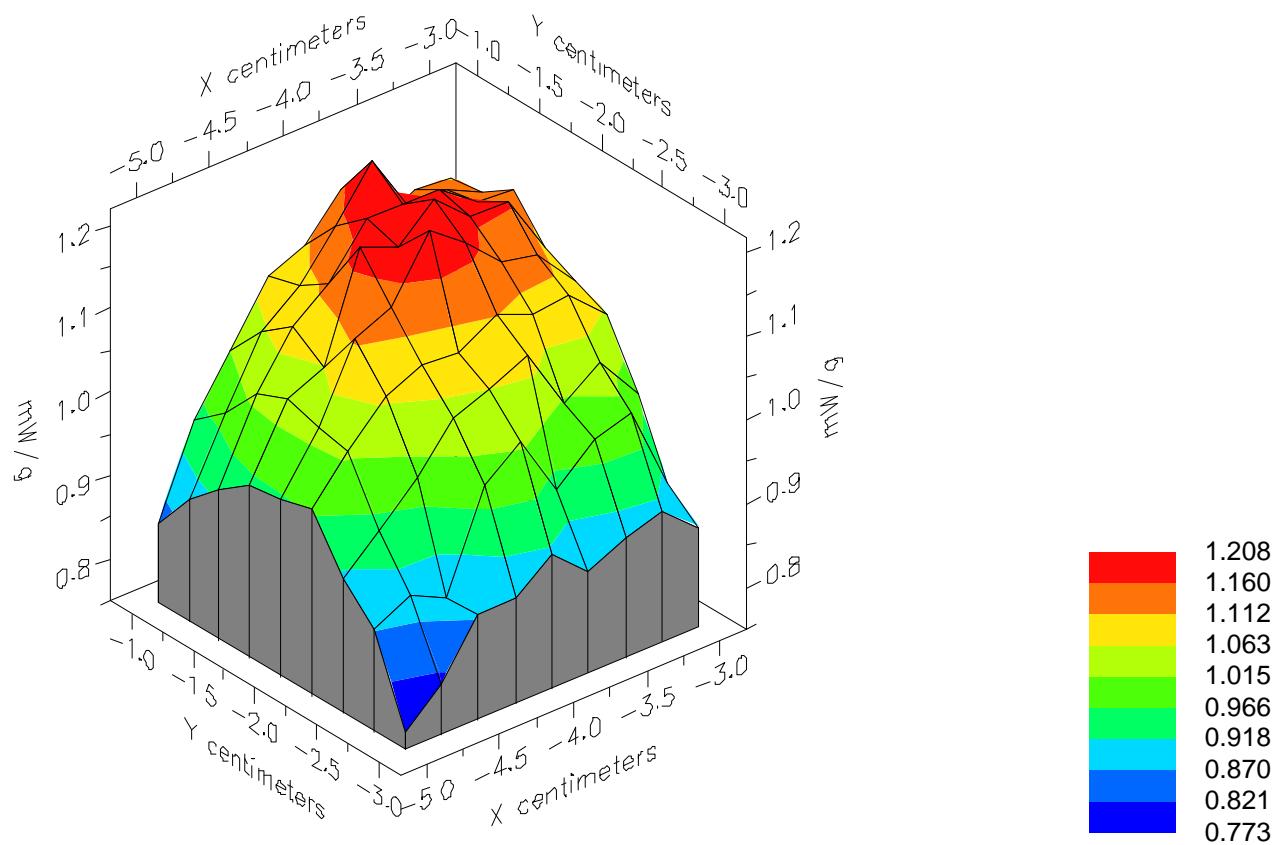


File : 00072514\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 02:58:45 pm End : 25-Jul-100 03:08:28 pm

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;824.04MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Body/Abdomen;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesMuscle/51.700/1.100

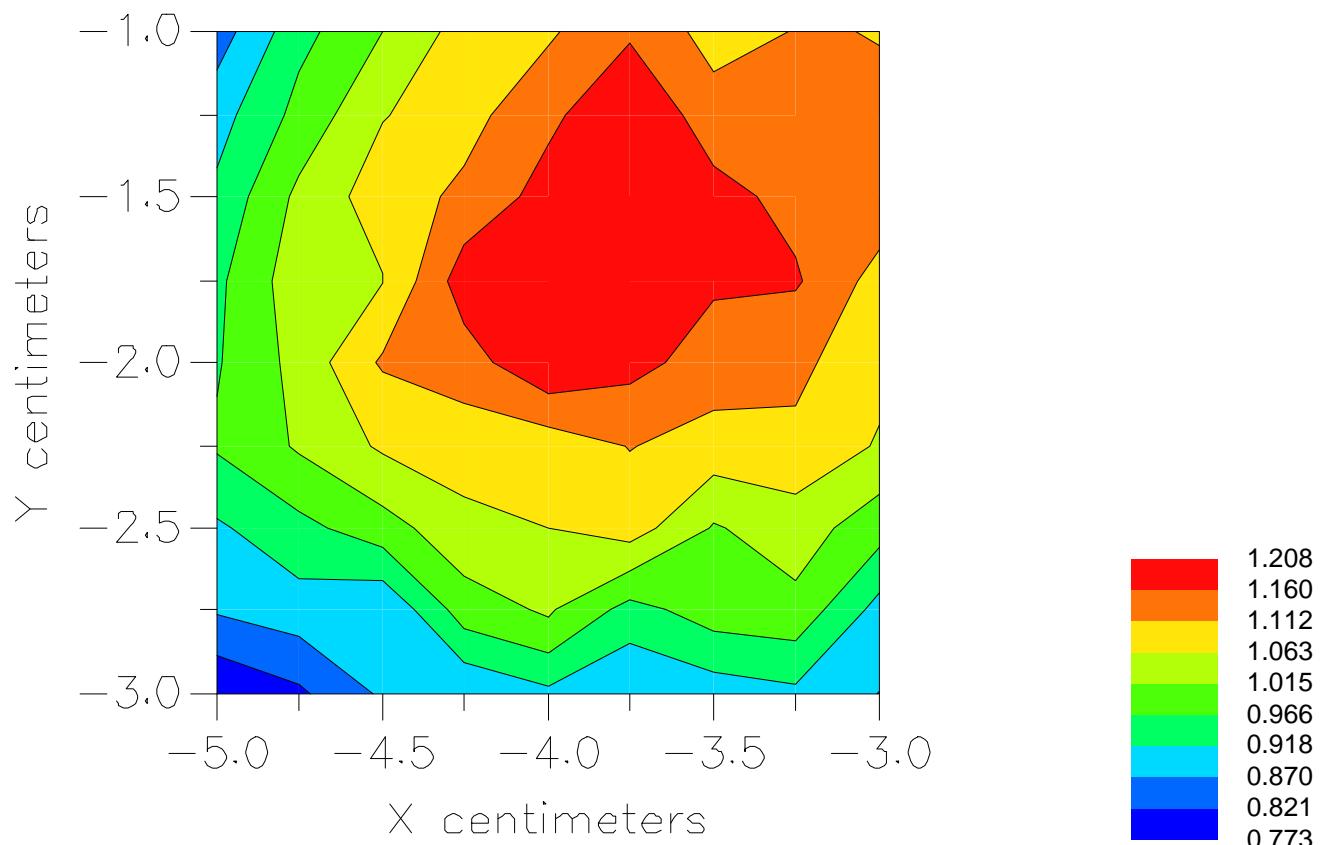


File : 00072514\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 02:58:45 pm End : 25-Jul-100 03:08:28 pm

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;824.04MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Body/Abdomen;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 Degrees Muscle/51.700/1.100



File : c:/idx3/SYSTEM/SARMEAS3/data/Normal/00072517\_ZOOM.VLT  
Start : 25-Jul-100 03:38:19 pm End : 25-Jul-100 03:47:21 pm

Radio Type : GTRAN KOREA  
Model Number : GCP-2000  
Serial Number : 1  
Frequency : 836.49 MHz  
Peak Trans. Pwr : 0.640 W  
Start Trans. Pwr : 0.640 W  
Antenna Type : Helical  
Antenna Posn. : Internal  
Phantom Type : Body  
Phantom Posn. : Abdomen  
Scan Type : ZOOM/SAR  
Probe Name : PCTEST  
Field Type : E Field  
Orientation : 0 Degrees

Mixture Type = Muscle  
Mixture Dielectric Constant = 51.700  
Mixture Conductivity = 1.100

Comment :

GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE - AMPS Mode  
CHAN 0383 28.0 dBm conducted  
GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE

Robot : PCTEST

Probe Offset = 0.25 cm  
Sensor Factor = 0.0108  
Conversion Factor = 0.894

PCTEST Amplifier Channel Settings : 0.166 0.135 0.132

Max Location : X = -3.000, Y = -1.500, Z = 0.000 (cm) Value = 10.402

Measured Values (volts) =  
9.474E-003 8.590E-003 7.789E-003 6.841E-003 5.747E-003 4.508E-003  
3.319E-003 2.143E-003 1.535E-003 1.327E-003 1.554E-003 1.963E-003  
2.422E-003 2.593E-003 2.234E-003 1.423E-003 9.554E-004 3.877E-004  
2.671E-004 2.322E-004 1.791E-004

Calc. Voltage @ Surface (Vs) = 0.0104

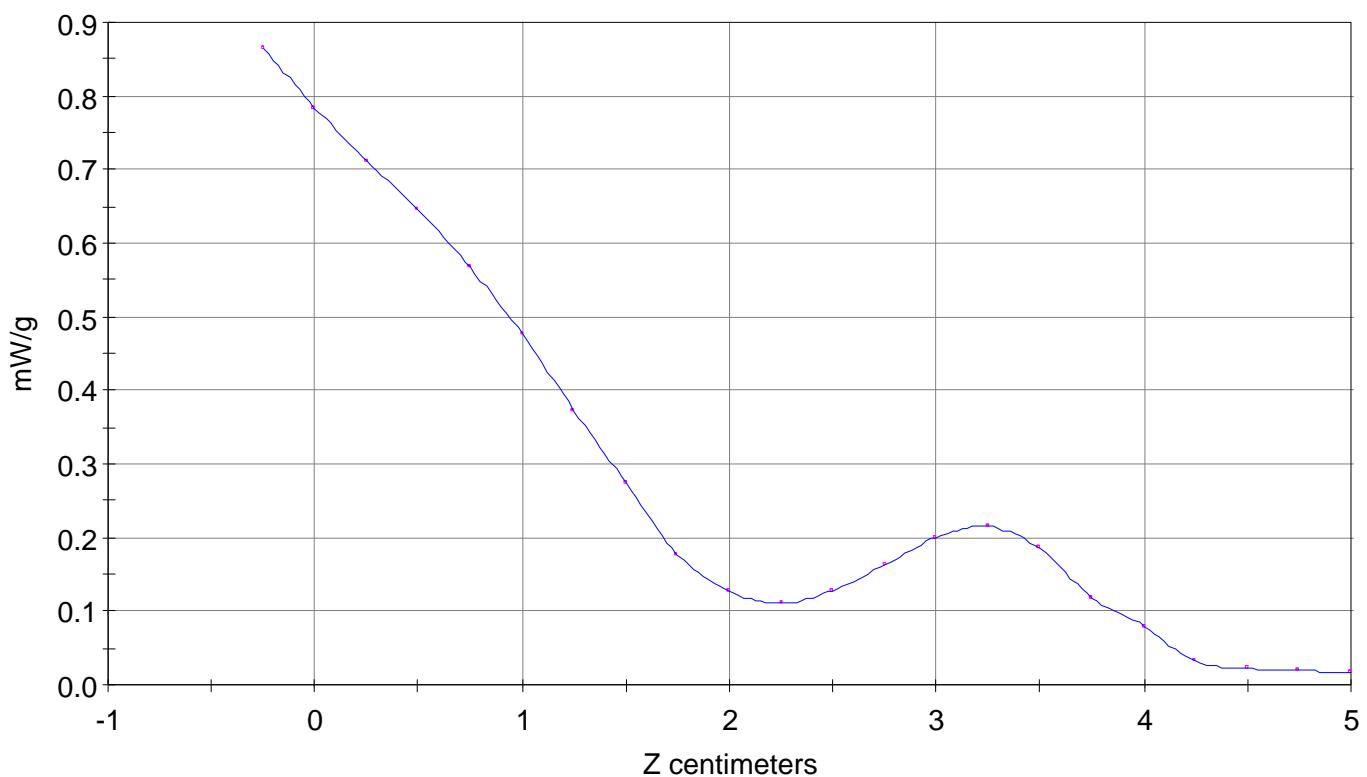
Voltage @ 1.00 cm (Vt) = 0.0068

Ave. Voltage (Vs+Vt)/2 = 0.0086

Ave. SAR over 1 g (mW/g) = 0.7156

SAR Scan  
File : 00072517\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 03:38:19 pm End : 25-Jul-100 03:47:21 pm  
GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;836.49MHz;W;Helical/Internal;  
Body/Abdomen;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 Degrees Muscle/51.700/1.100

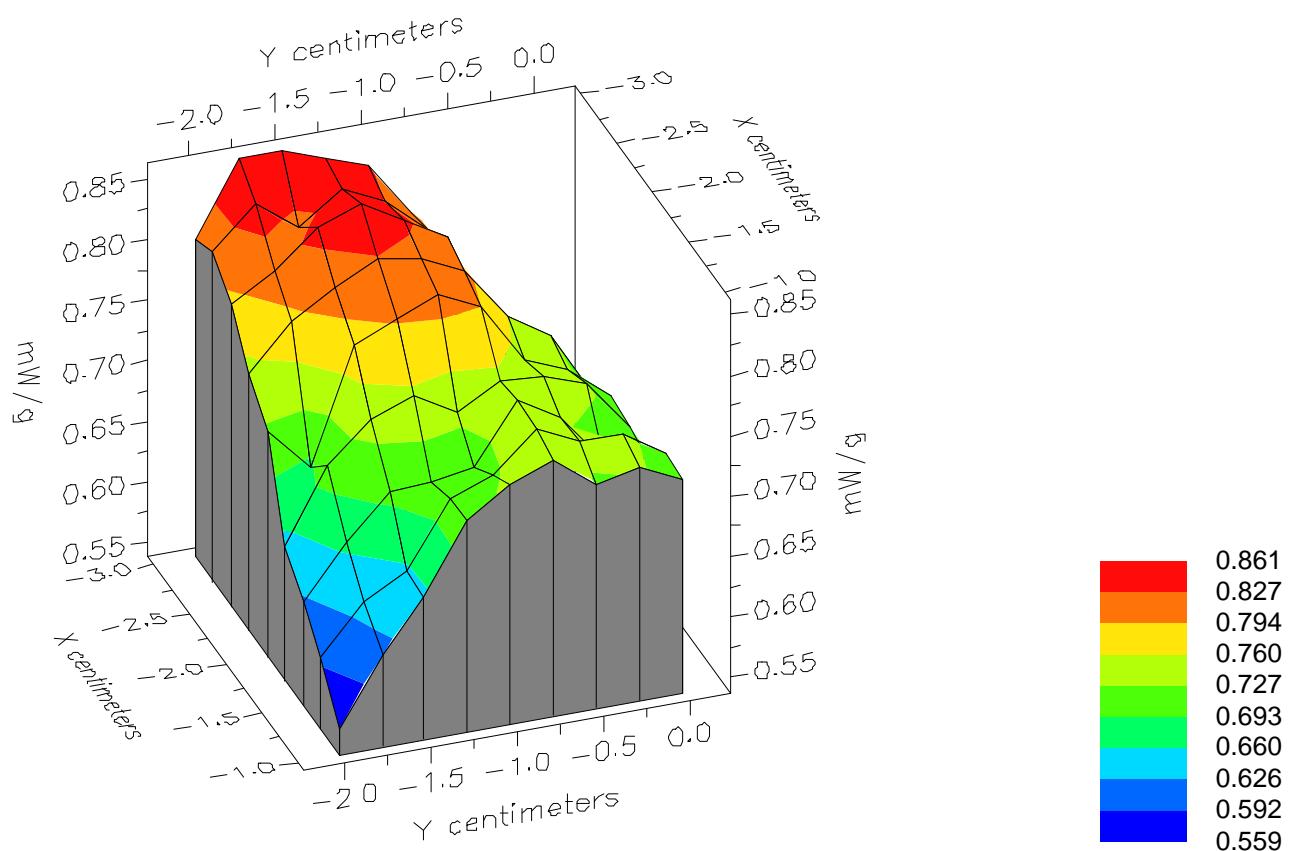


File : 00072517\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 03:38:19 pm End : 25-Jul-100 03:47:21 pm

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;836.49MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Body/Abdomen;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesMuscle/51.700/1.100

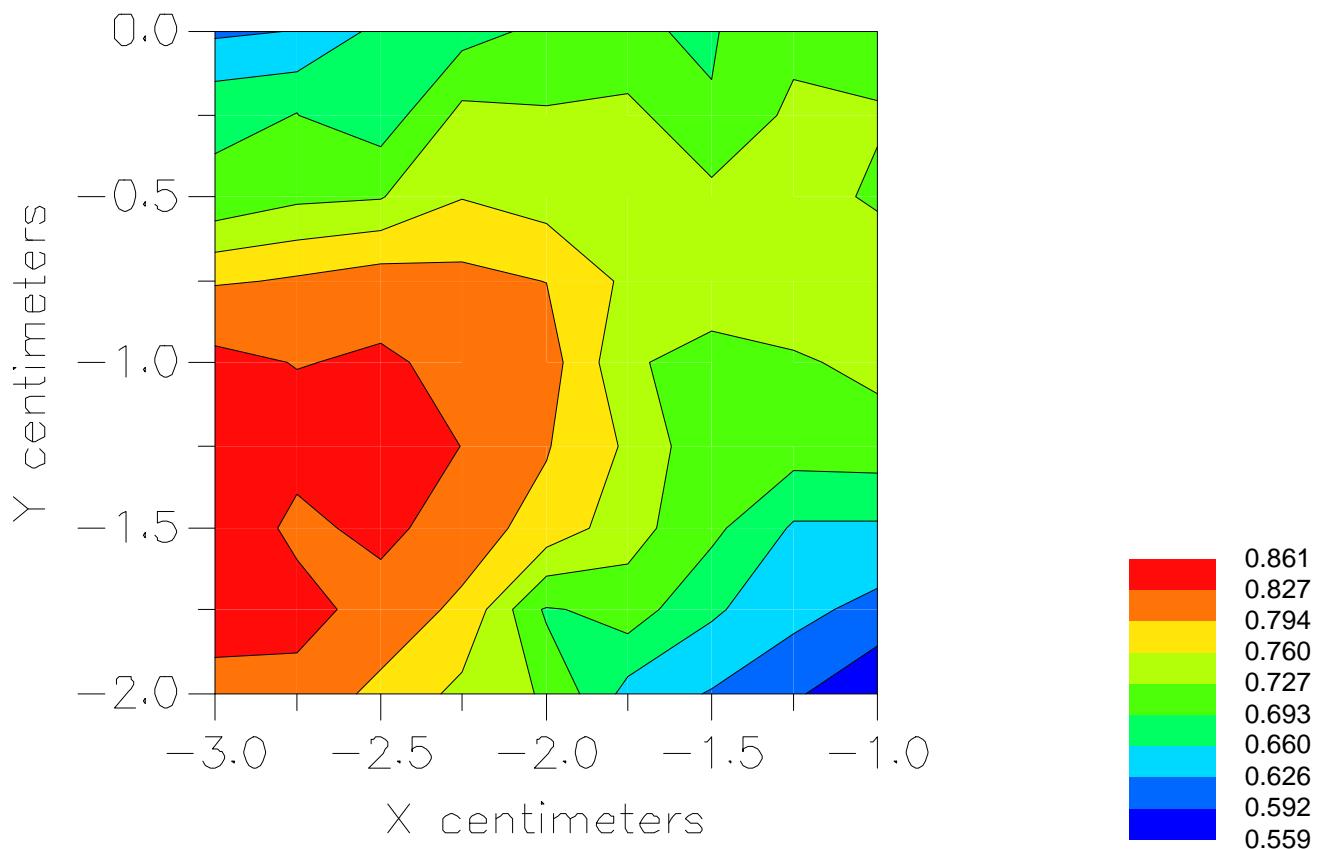


File : 00072517\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 03:38:19 pm End : 25-Jul-100 03:47:21 pm

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;836.49MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Body/Abdomen;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 Degrees Muscle/51.700/1.100



File : c:/idx3/SYSTEM/SARMEAS3/data/Normal/00072519\_ZOOM.VLT  
Start : 25-Jul-100 04:06:42 pm End : 25-Jul-100 04:17:58 pm

Radio Type : GTRAN KOREA  
Model Number : GCP-2000  
Serial Number : 1  
Frequency : 848.97 MHz  
Peak Trans. Pwr : 0.640 W  
Start Trans. Pwr : 0.640 W  
Antenna Type : Helical  
Antenna Posn. : Internal  
Phantom Type : Body  
Phantom Posn. : Abdomen  
Scan Type : ZOOM/SAR  
Probe Name : PCTEST  
Field Type : E Field  
Orientation : 0 Degrees

Mixture Type = Muscle  
Mixture Dielectric Constant = 51.700  
Mixture Conductivity = 1.100

Comment :

GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE - AMPS Mode  
CHAN 0799 28.0 dBm conducted  
GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE

Robot : PCTEST

Probe Offset = 0.25 cm  
Sensor Factor = 0.0108  
Conversion Factor = 0.894

PCTEST Amplifier Channel Settings : 0.166 0.135 0.132

Max Location : X = -3.000, Y = -1.250, Z = 0.000 (cm) Value = 7.149

Measured Values (volts) =  
6.350E-003 5.543E-003 5.200E-003 4.714E-003 4.020E-003 3.192E-003  
2.401E-003 1.648E-003 1.083E-003 9.002E-004 1.015E-003 1.330E-003  
1.652E-003 1.796E-003 1.609E-003 1.137E-003 7.425E-004 2.708E-004  
2.343E-004 1.686E-004 1.421E-004

Calc. Voltage @ Surface (Vs) = 0.0070

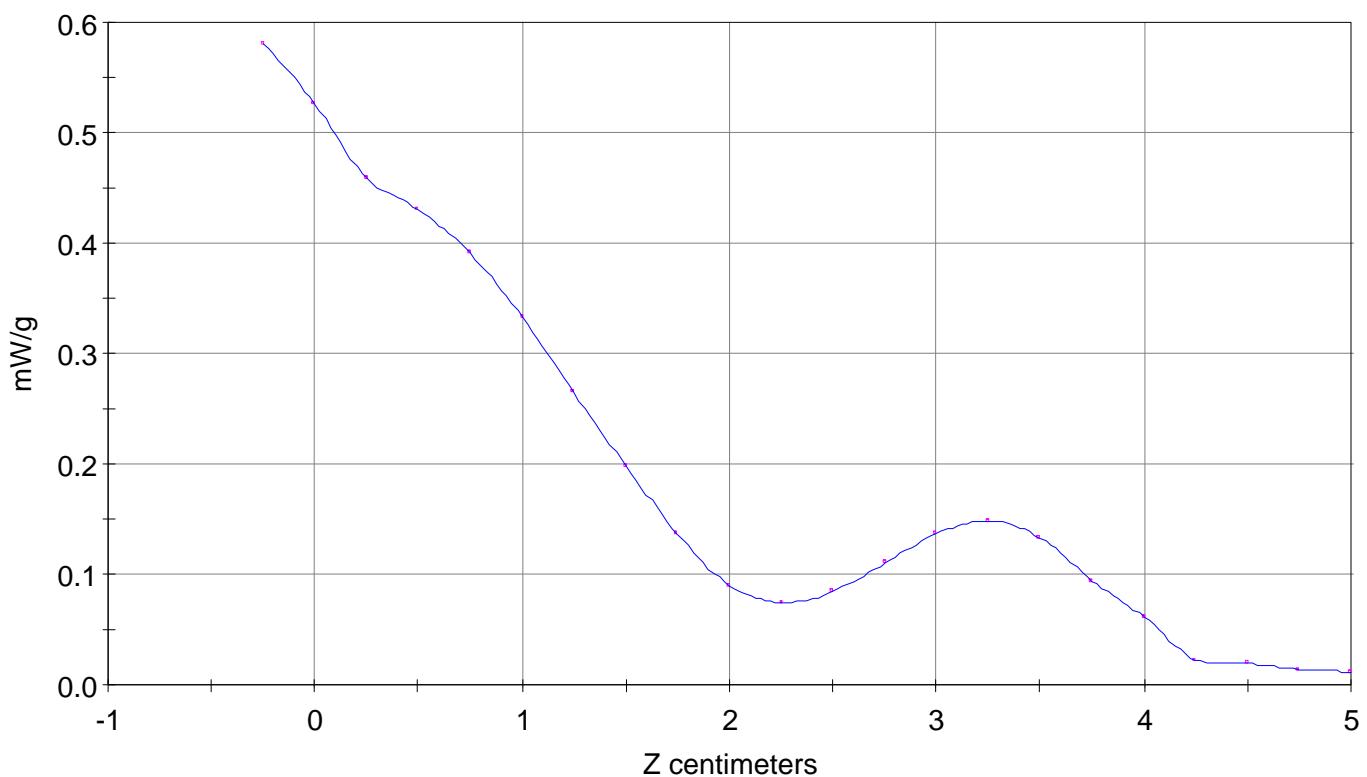
Voltage @ 1.00 cm (Vt) = 0.0047

Ave. Voltage (Vs+Vt)/2 = 0.0059

Ave. SAR over 1 g (mW/g) = 0.4857

SAR Scan  
File : 00072519\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 04:06:42 pm End : 25-Jul-100 04:17:58 pm  
GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;848.97MHz;W;Helical/Internal;  
Body/Abdomen;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 Degrees Muscle/51.700/1.100

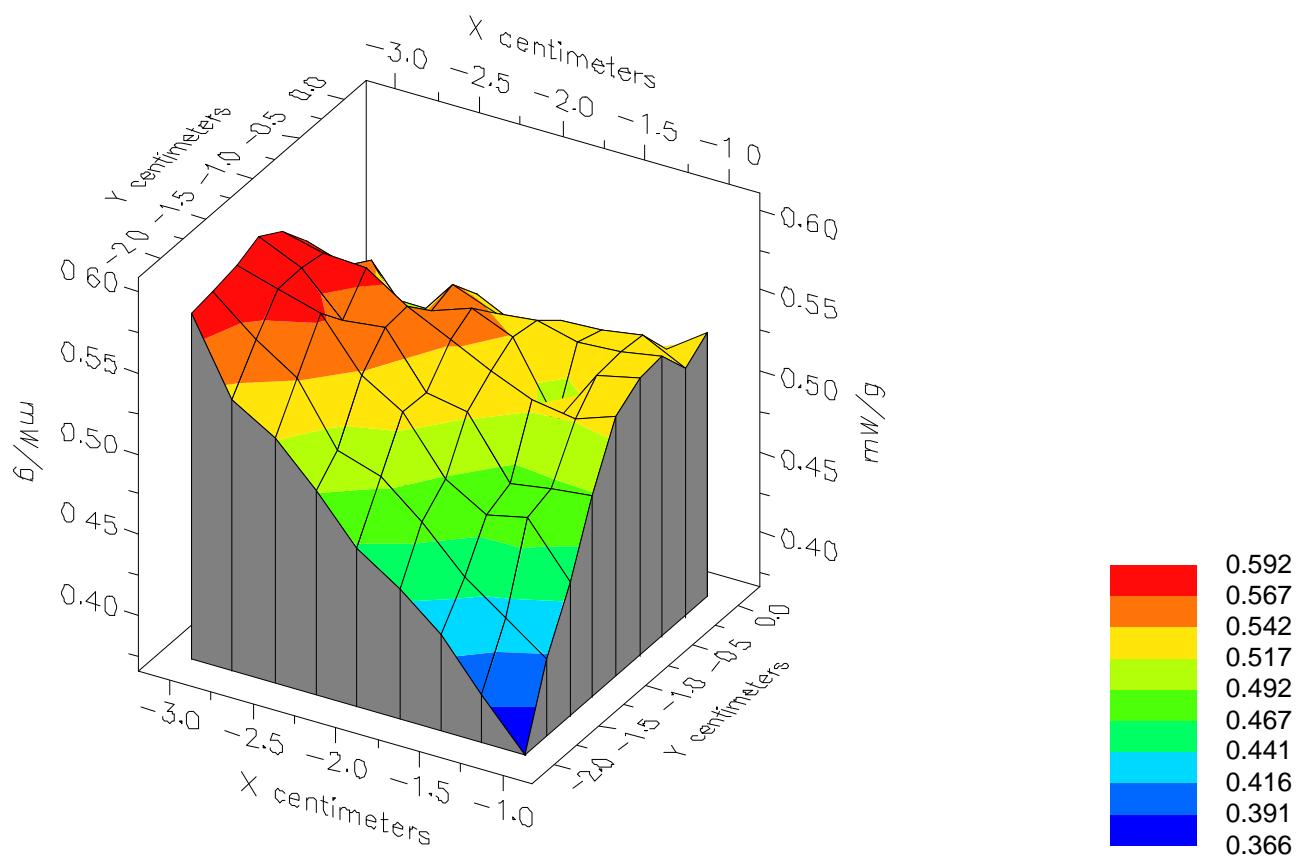


File : 00072519\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 04:06:42 pm End : 25-Jul-100 04:17:58 pm

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;848.97MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Body/Abdomen;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 Degrees Muscle/51.700/1.100

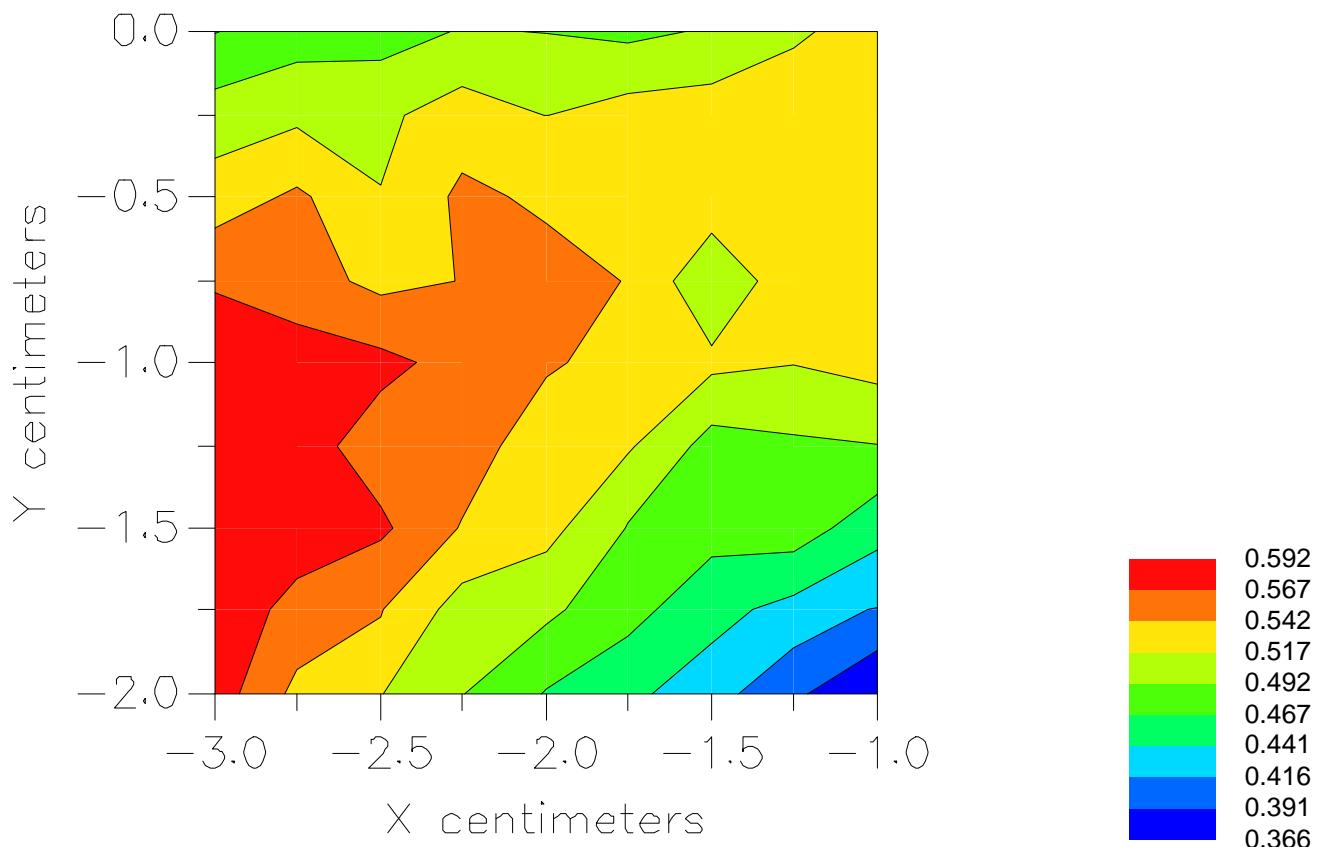


File : 00072519\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 04:06:42 pm End : 25-Jul-100 04:17:58 pm

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;848.97MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Body/Abdomen;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 Degrees Muscle/51.700/1.100



File : c:/idx3/SYSTEM/SARMEAS3/data/Normal/00072523\_ZOOM.VLT  
Start : 25-Jul-100 05:35:04 pm End : 25-Jul-100 05:45:31 pm

Radio Type : GTRAN KOREA  
Model Number : GCP-2000  
Serial Number : 1  
Frequency : 824.70 MHz  
Peak Trans. Pwr : 0.400 W  
Start Trans. Pwr : 0.400 W  
Antenna Type : Helical  
Antenna Posn. : Internal  
Phantom Type : Body  
Phantom Posn. : Abdomen  
Scan Type : ZOOM/SAR  
Probe Name : PCTEST  
Field Type : E Field  
Orientation : 0 Degrees

Mixture Type = Muscle  
Mixture Dielectric Constant = 51.700  
Mixture Conductivity = 1.100

Comment :

GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE - CDMA Mode  
CHAN 1013 26.0 dBm conducted  
GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE

Robot : PCTEST

Probe Offset = 0.25 cm  
Sensor Factor = 0.0108  
Conversion Factor = 0.894

PCTEST Amplifier Channel Settings : 0.166 0.135 0.132

Max Location : X = -4.000, Y = -1.500, Z = 0.000 (cm) Value = 7.082

Measured Values (volts) =  
6.290E-003 5.395E-003 4.563E-003 3.863E-003 2.870E-003 2.066E-003  
1.370E-003 1.059E-003 8.463E-004 9.882E-004 1.270E-003 1.592E-003  
1.562E-003 1.121E-003 7.228E-004 4.947E-004 1.833E-004 1.174E-004  
1.186E-004 1.032E-004 6.932E-005

Calc. Voltage @ Surface (Vs) = 0.0074

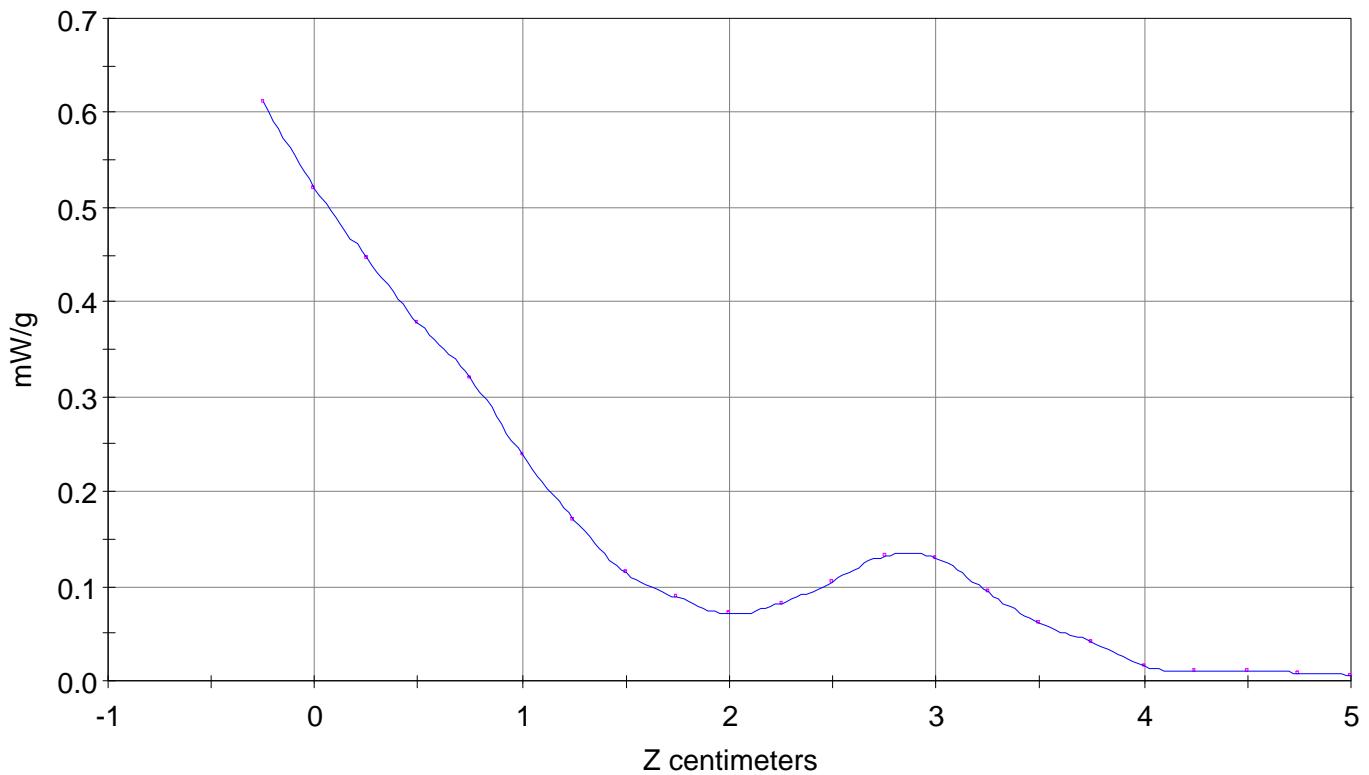
Voltage @ 1.00 cm (Vt) = 0.0039

Ave. Voltage (Vs+Vt)/2 = 0.0056

Ave. SAR over 1 g (mW/g) = 0.4656

SAR Scan  
File : 00072523\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 05:35:04 pm End : 25-Jul-100 05:45:31 pm  
GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;824.70MHz;W;Helical/Internal;  
Body/Abdomen;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 Degrees Muscle/51.700/1.100

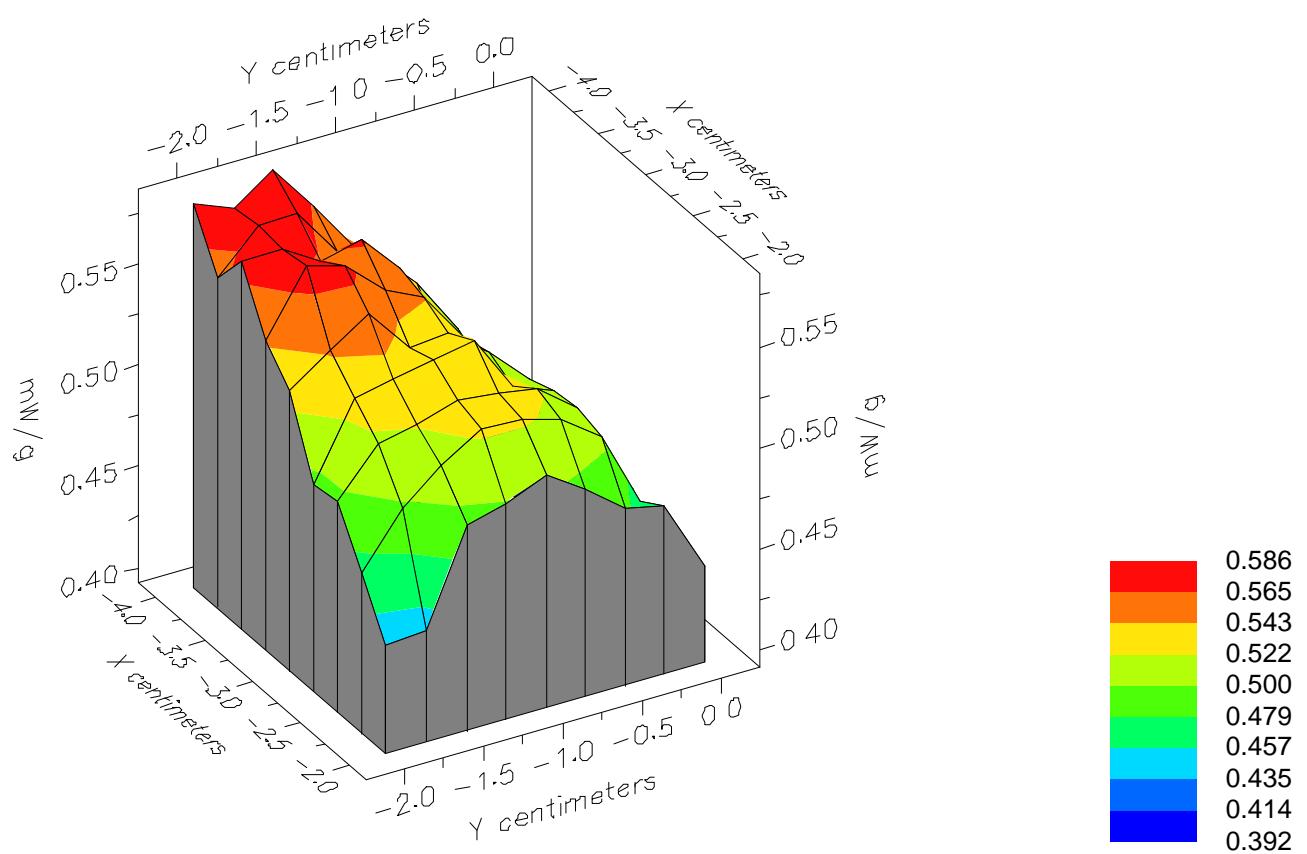


File : 00072523\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 05:35:04 pm End : 25-Jul-100 05:45:31 pm

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;824.70MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Body/Abdomen;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesMuscle/51.700/1.100

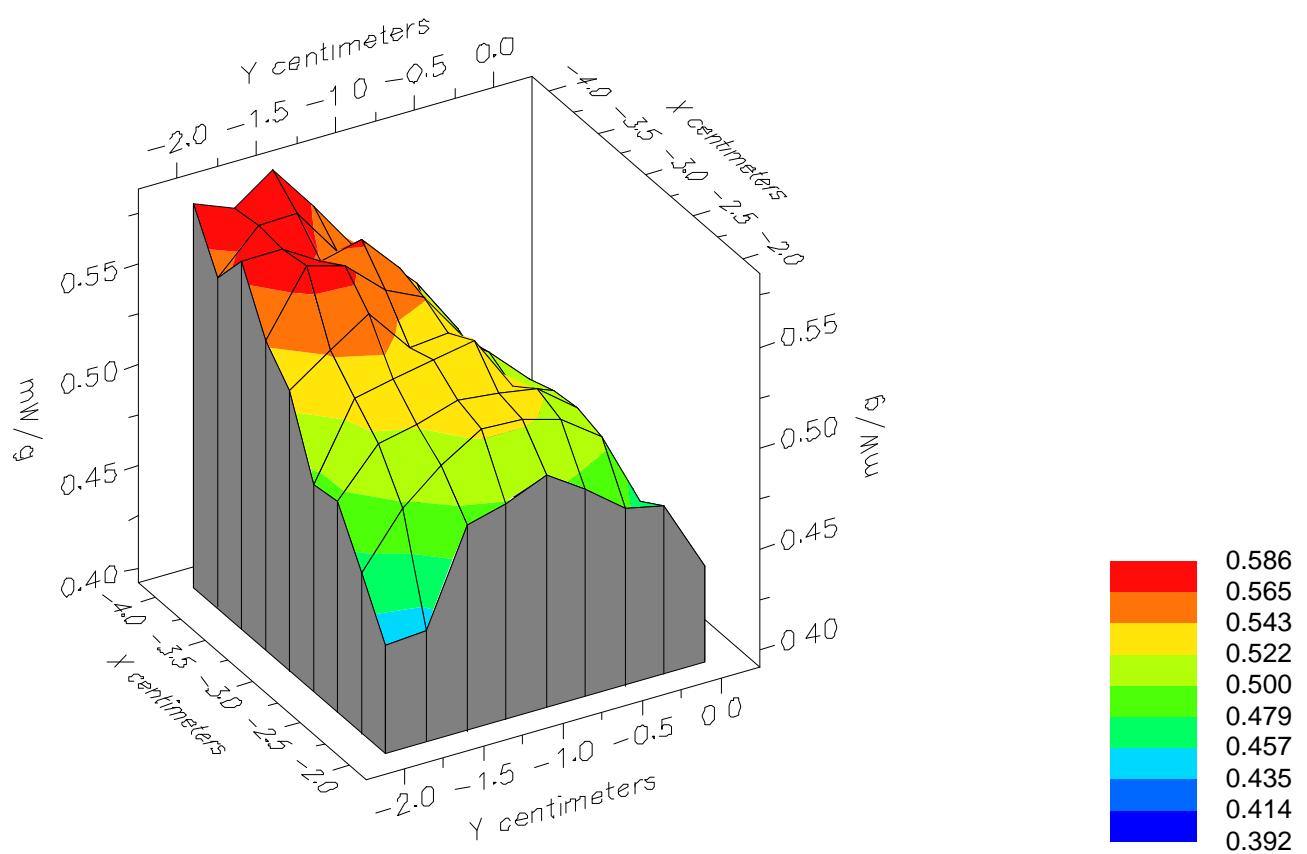


File : 00072523\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 05:35:04 pm End : 25-Jul-100 05:45:31 pm

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;824.70MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Body/Abdomen;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesMuscle/51.700/1.100

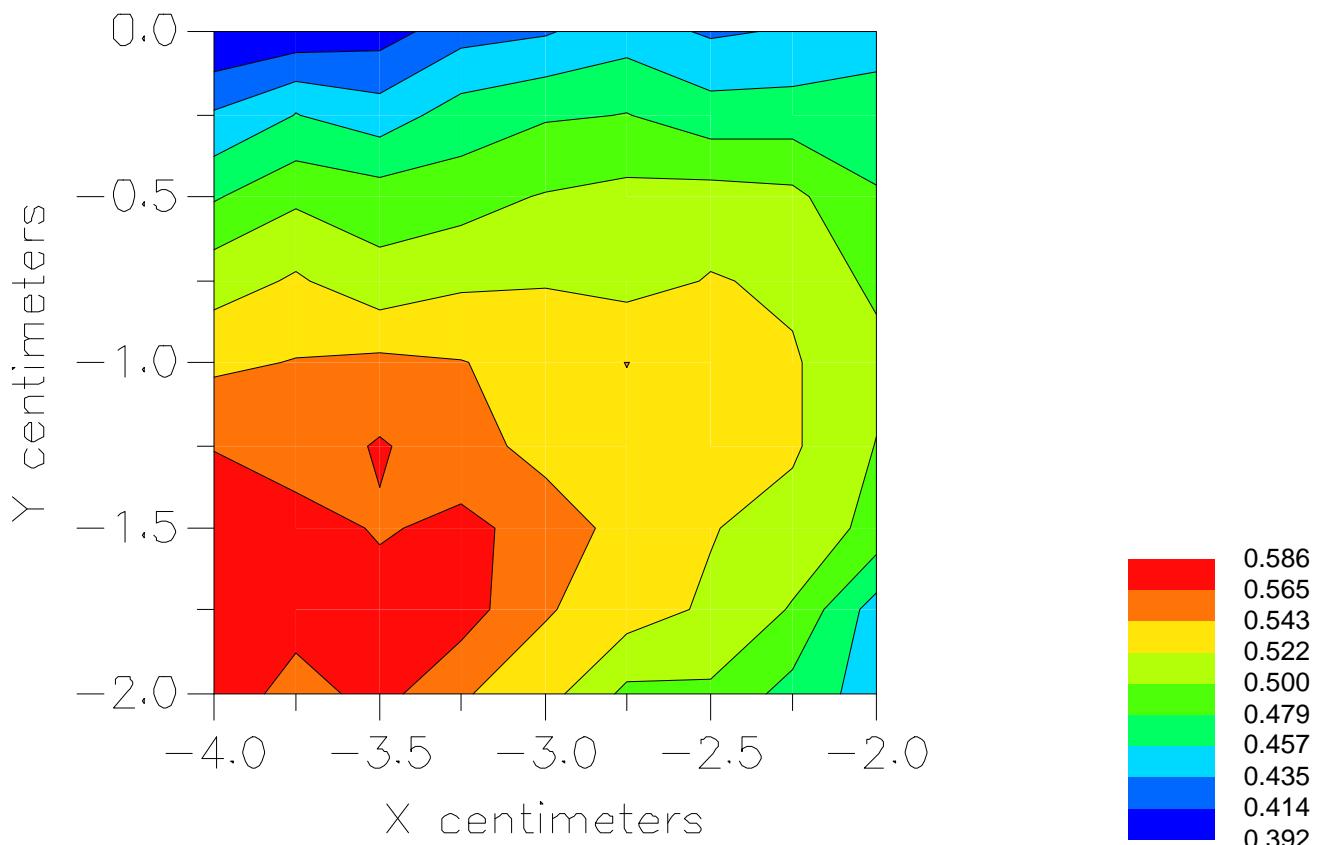


File : 00072523\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 05:35:04 pm End : 25-Jul-100 05:45:31 pm

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;824.70MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Body/Abdomen;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 Degrees Muscle/51.700/1.100



File : c:/idx3/SYSTEM/SARMEAS3/data/Normal/00072521\_ZOOM.VLT  
Start : 25-Jul-100 04:56:58 pm End : 25-Jul-100 05:05:14 pm

Radio Type : GTRAN KOREA  
Model Number : GCP-2000  
Serial Number : 1  
Frequency : 835.89 MHz  
Peak Trans. Pwr : 0.400 W  
Start Trans. Pwr : 0.400 W  
Antenna Type : Helical  
Antenna Posn. : Internal  
Phantom Type : Body  
Phantom Posn. : Abdomen  
Scan Type : ZOOM/SAR  
Probe Name : PCTEST  
Field Type : E Field  
Orientation : 0 Degrees

Mixture Type = Muscle  
Mixture Dielectric Constant = 51.700  
Mixture Conductivity = 1.100

Comment :

GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE - CDMA Mode  
CHAN 0363 26.0 dBm conducted  
GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE

Robot : PCTEST

Probe Offset = 0.25 cm  
Sensor Factor = 0.0108  
Conversion Factor = 0.894

PCTEST Amplifier Channel Settings : 0.166 0.135 0.132

Max Location : X = -3.000, Y = -1.500, Z = 0.000 (cm) Value = 5.561

Measured Values (volts) =  
4.912E-003 4.420E-003 3.974E-003 3.531E-003 3.001E-003 2.321E-003  
1.702E-003 1.052E-003 7.775E-004 7.095E-004 8.234E-004 1.131E-003  
1.297E-003 1.369E-003 1.072E-003 5.981E-004 4.799E-004 1.699E-004  
1.130E-004 1.295E-004 9.303E-005

Calc. Voltage @ Surface (Vs) = 0.0055

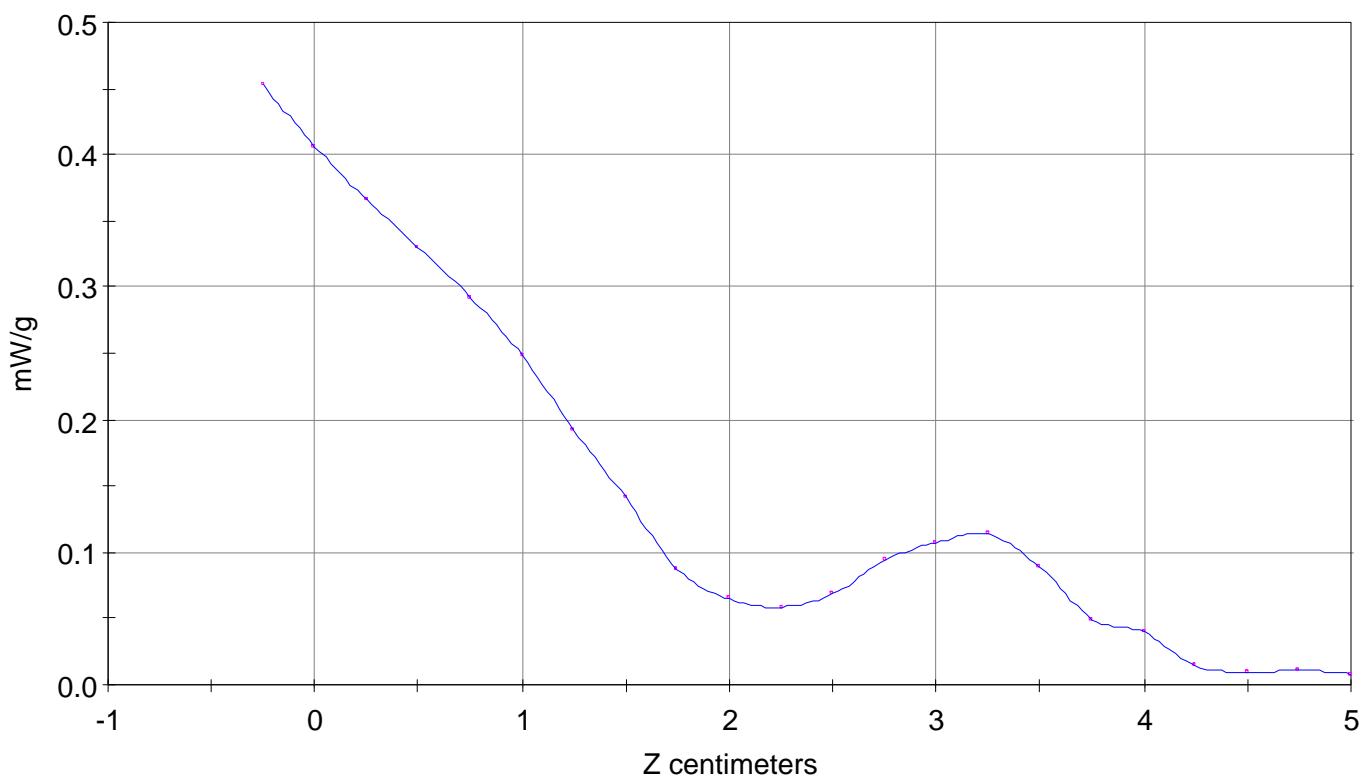
Voltage @ 1.00 cm (Vt) = 0.0035

Ave. Voltage (Vs+Vt)/2 = 0.0045

Ave. SAR over 1 g (mW/g) = 0.3722

SAR Scan  
File : 00072521\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 04:56:58 pm End : 25-Jul-100 05:05:14 pm  
GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;835.89MHz;W;Helical/Internal;  
Body/Abdomen;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesMuscle/51.700/1.100

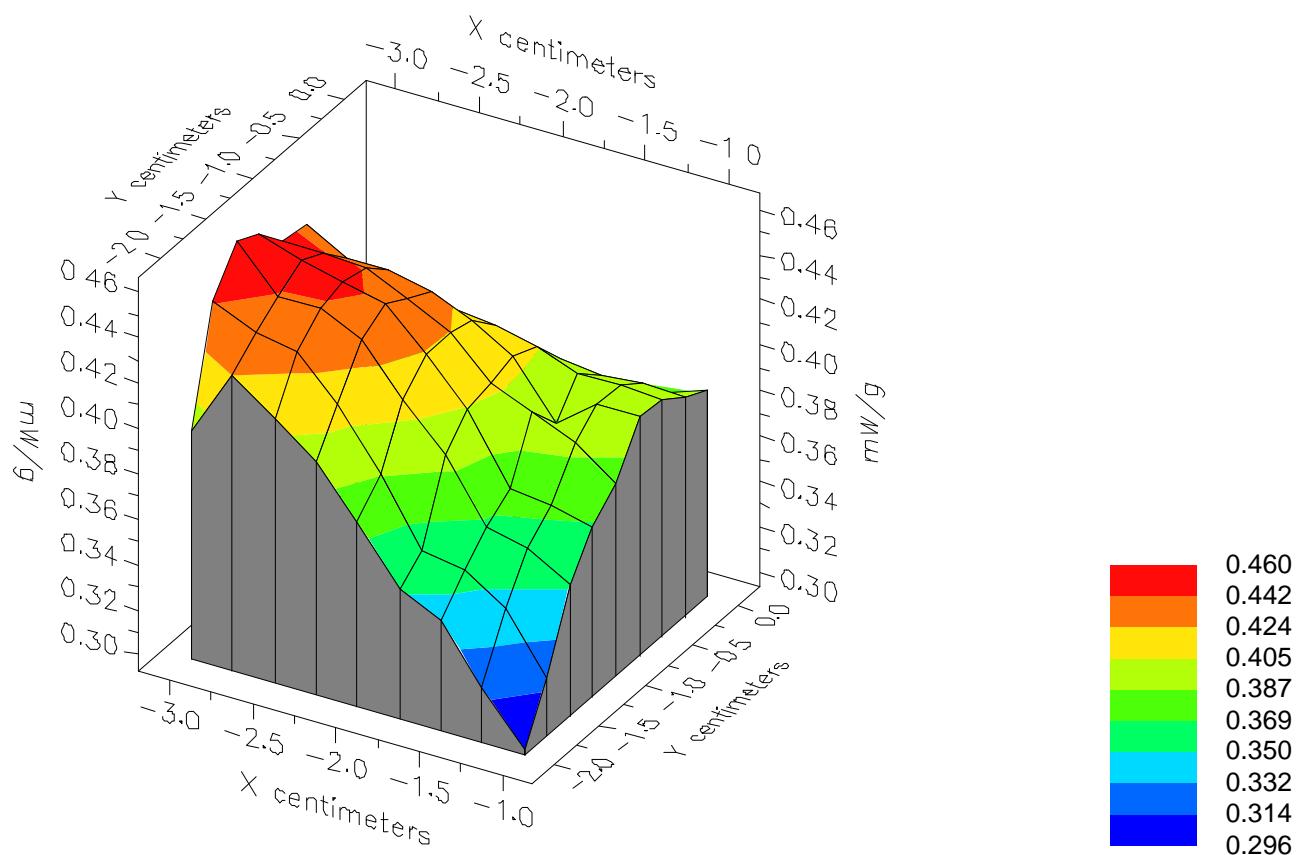


File : 00072521\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 04:56:58 pm End : 25-Jul-100 05:05:14 pm

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;835.89MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Body/Abdomen;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 Degrees Muscle/51.700/1.100

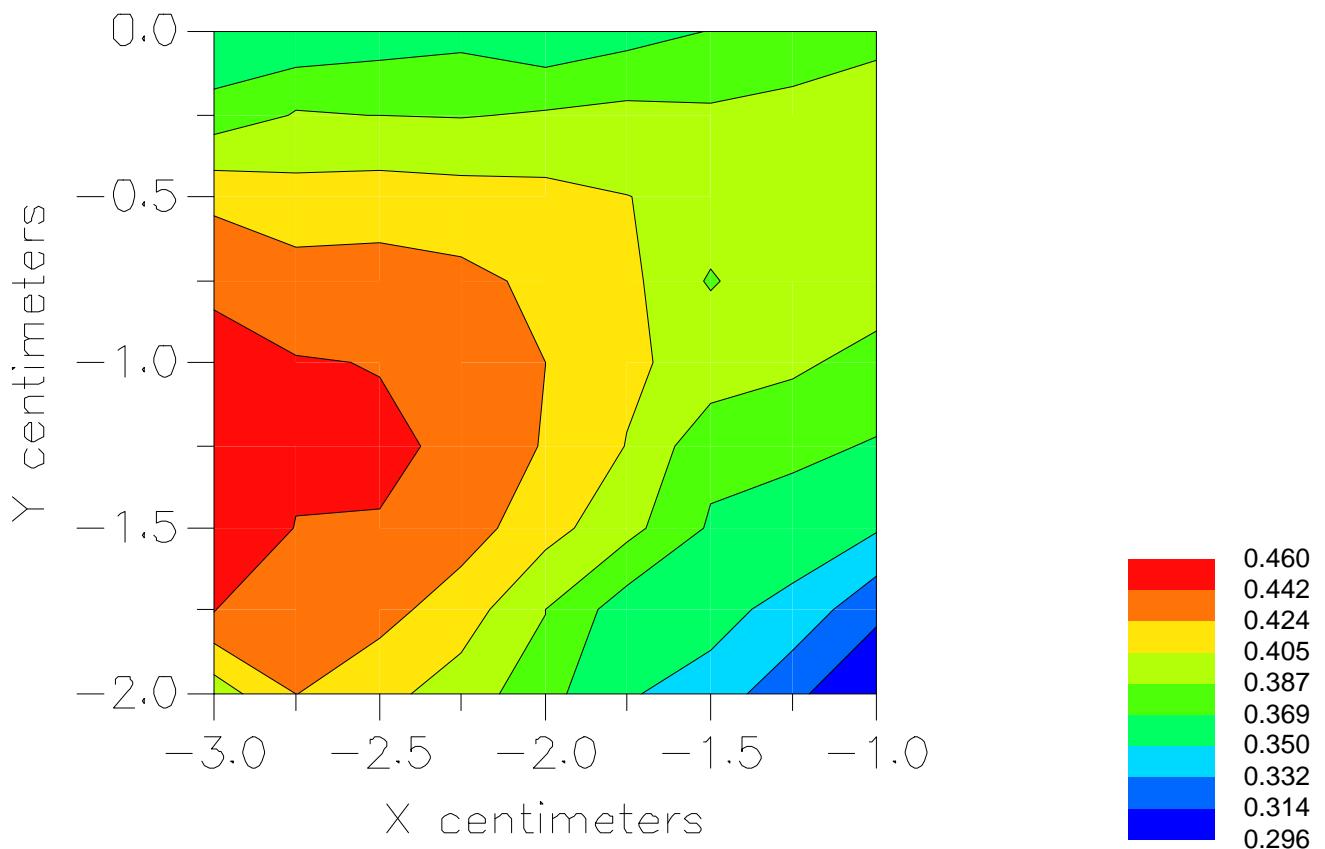


File : 00072521\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 04:56:58 pm End : 25-Jul-100 05:05:14 pm

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;835.89MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Body/Abdomen;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 Degrees Muscle/51.700/1.100



File : c:/idx3/SYSTEM/SARMEAS3/data/Normal/00072520\_ZOOM.VLT  
Start : 25-Jul-100 04:33:07 pm End : 25-Jul-100 04:41:23 pm

Radio Type : GTRAN KOREA  
Model Number : GCP-2000  
Serial Number : 1  
Frequency : 848.31 MHz  
Peak Trans. Pwr : 0.400 W  
Start Trans. Pwr : 0.400 W  
Antenna Type : Helical  
Antenna Posn. : Internal  
Phantom Type : Body  
Phantom Posn. : Abdomen  
Scan Type : ZOOM/SAR  
Probe Name : PCTEST  
Field Type : E Field  
Orientation : 0 Degrees

Mixture Type = Muscle  
Mixture Dielectric Constant = 51.700  
Mixture Conductivity = 1.100

Comment :

GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE - CDMA Mode  
CHAN 0777 26.0 dBm conducted  
GTRAN KOREA DUAL MODE PHONE

Robot : PCTEST

Probe Offset = 0.25 cm  
Sensor Factor = 0.0108  
Conversion Factor = 0.894

PCTEST Amplifier Channel Settings : 0.166 0.135 0.132

Max Location : X = -1.000, Y = -0.250, Z = 0.000 (cm) Value = 5.201

Measured Values (volts) =  
5.291E-003 4.067E-003 3.643E-003 3.475E-003 3.337E-003 3.259E-003  
2.990E-003 2.547E-003 2.008E-003 1.483E-003 9.595E-004 6.177E-004  
5.394E-004 6.719E-004 1.012E-003 1.265E-003 1.365E-003 1.187E-003  
8.280E-004 6.124E-004 2.568E-004

Calc. Voltage @ Surface (Vs) = 0.0064

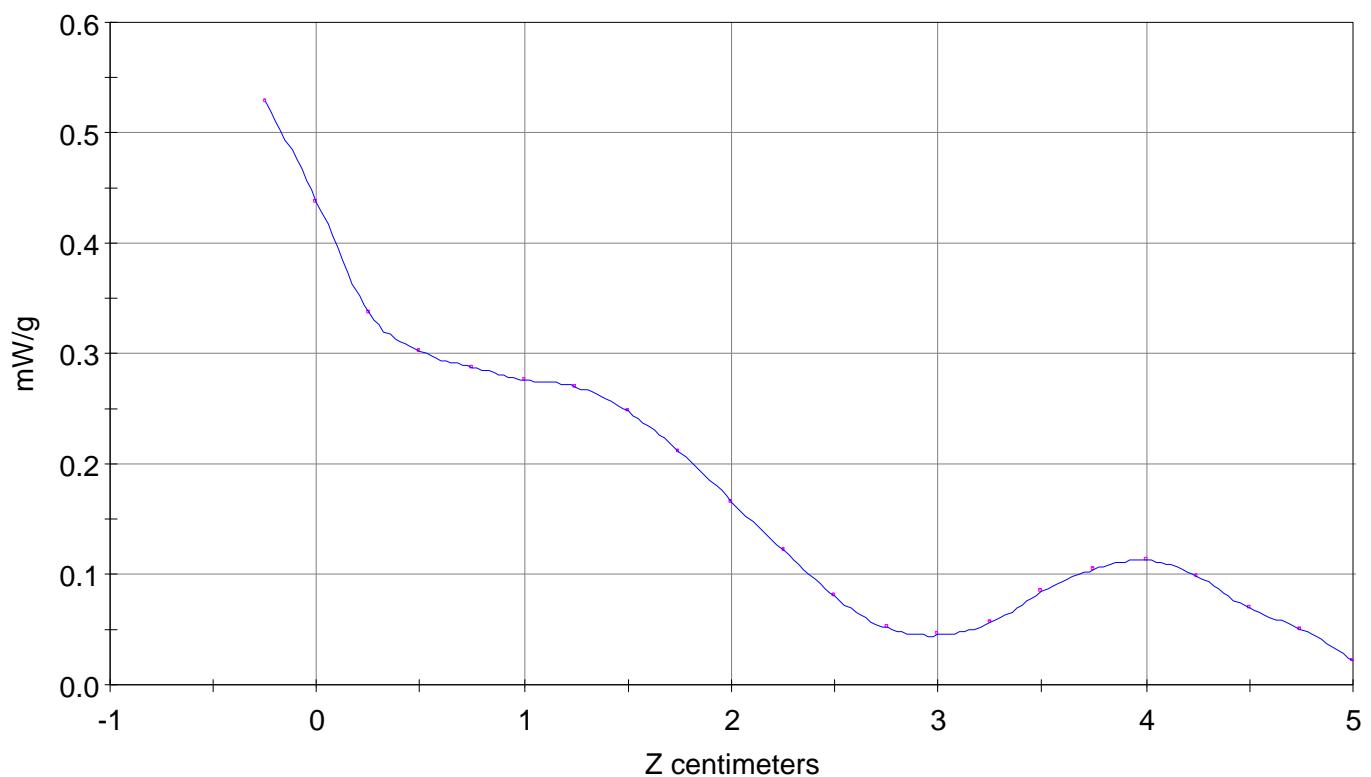
Voltage @ 1.00 cm (Vt) = 0.0035

Ave. Voltage (Vs+Vt)/2 = 0.009

Ave. SAR over 1 g (mW/g) = 0.4085

SAR Scan  
File : 00072520\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 04:33:07 pm End : 25-Jul-100 04:41:23 pm  
GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;848.31MHz;W;Helical/Internal;  
Body/Abdomen;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesMuscle/51.700/1.100

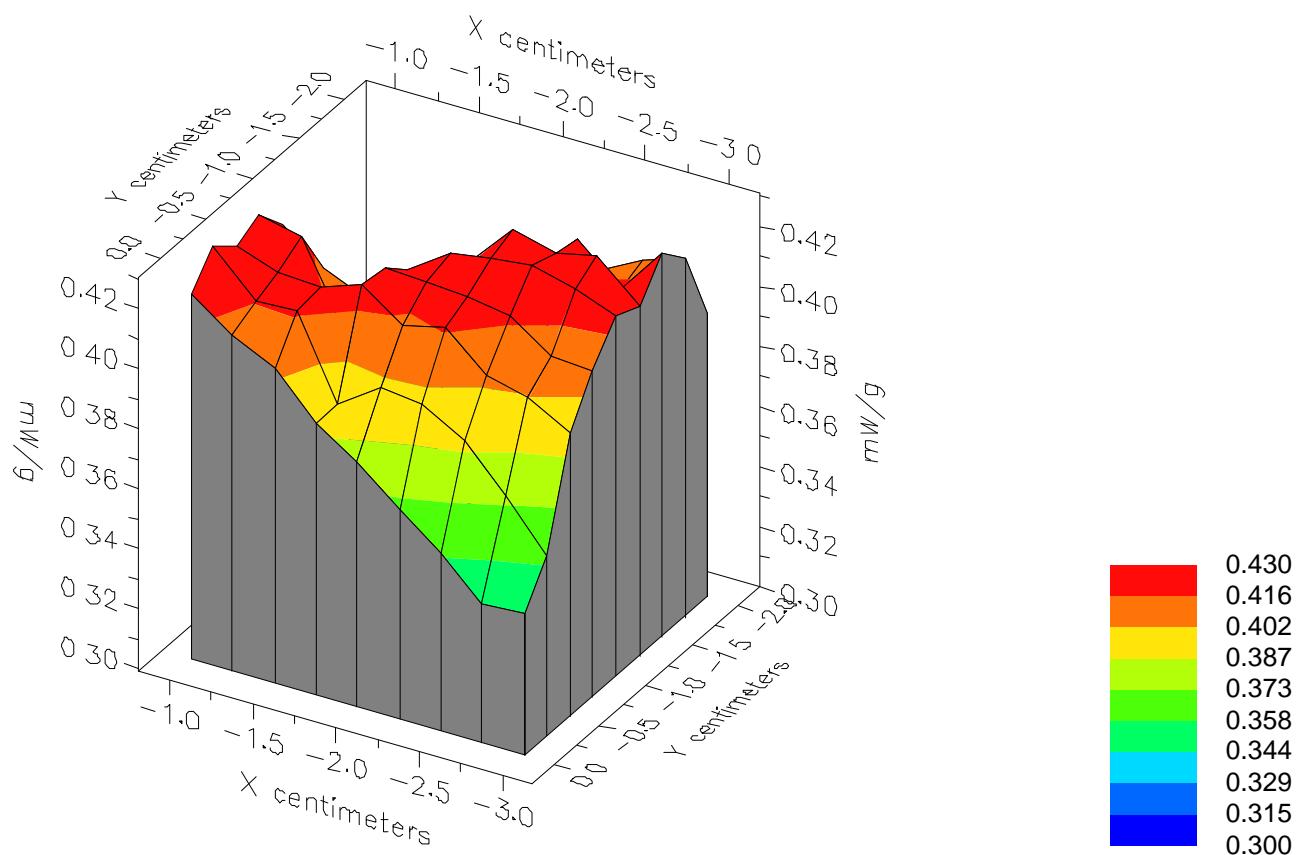


File : 00072520\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 04:33:07 pm End : 25-Jul-100 04:41:23 pm

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;848.31MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Body/Abdomen;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 DegreesMuscle/51.700/1.100



File : 00072520\_ZOOM

Start : 25-Jul-100 04:33:07 pm End : 25-Jul-100 04:41:23 pm

GTRAN KOREA/GCP-2000/1;848.31MHz;W;Helical/Internal;

Body/Abdomen;ZOOM/SAR;PCTEST/E Field/0 Degrees Muscle/51.700/1.100

