



# FCC RF Test Report

**APPLICANT** : Lenovo(Shanghai) Electronics  
Technology Co., Ltd.  
**EQUIPMENT** : Portable Tablet Computer  
**BRAND NAME** : Lenovo  
**MODEL NAME** : Lenovo YT-X703X  
**FCC ID** : O57YTX703X  
**STANDARD** : FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247  
**CLASSIFICATION** : (DSS) Spread Spectrum Transmitter

The product was received on Jul. 04, 2016 and testing was completed on Jul. 25, 2016. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Prepared by: James Huang / Manager

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



**SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.**  
No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P. R. China



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

**REVISION HISTORY..... 3**

**SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT ..... 4**

**1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION..... 5**

    1.1 Applicant..... 5

    1.2 Manufacturer..... 5

    1.3 Product Feature of Equipment Under Test..... 5

    1.4 Product Specification of Equipment Under Test..... 6

    1.5 Component List..... 6

    1.6 Modification of EUT ..... 6

    1.7 Testing Location ..... 7

    1.8 Applicable Standards..... 7

**2 TEST CONFIGURATION OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST..... 8**

    2.1 Descriptions of Test Mode..... 8

    2.2 Test Mode..... 9

    2.3 Connection Diagram of Test System..... 10

    2.4 Support Unit used in test configuration and system ..... 11

    2.5 EUT Operation Test Setup ..... 11

    2.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example..... 12

**3 TEST RESULT ..... 13**

    3.1 Number of Channel Measurement ..... 13

    3.2 Hopping Channel Separation Measurement ..... 15

    3.3 Dwell Time Measurement..... 22

    3.4 20dB and 99% Bandwidth Measurement ..... 25

    3.5 Peak Output Power Measurement ..... 38

    3.6 Conducted Band Edges Measurement..... 40

    3.7 Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement ..... 47

    3.8 Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement ..... 57

    3.9 AC Conducted Emission Measurement..... 63

    3.10 Antenna Requirements..... 67

**4 LIST OF MEASURING EQUIPMENT..... 68**

**5 UNCERTAINTY OF EVALUATION..... 69**

**APPENDIX A. RADIATED TEST RESULTS**

**APPENDIX B. SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS**





### SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

Report Section	FCC Rule	Description	Limit	Result	Remark
3.1	15.247(a)(1)	Number of Channels	$\geq 15$ Chs	Pass	-
3.2	15.247(a)(1)	Hopping Channel Separation	$\geq 2/3$ of 20dB BW	Pass	-
3.3	15.247(a)(1)	Dwell Time of Each Channel	$\leq 0.4$ sec in 31.6sec period	Pass	-
3.4	15.247(a)(1)	20dB Bandwidth	NA	Pass	-
3.4	-	99% Bandwidth	-	Pass	-
3.5	15.247(b)(1)	Peak Output Power	$\leq 125$ mW	Pass	-
3.6	15.247(d)	Conducted Band Edges	$\leq 20$ dBc	Pass	-
3.7	15.247(d)	Conducted Spurious Emission	$\leq 20$ dBc	Pass	-
3.8	15.247(d)	Radiated Band Edges and Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209(a) & 15.247(d)	Pass	Under limit 4.85 dB at 65.890 MHz
3.9	15.207	AC Conducted Emission	15.207(a)	Pass	Under limit 10.21 dB at 0.600 MHz
3.10	15.203 & 15.247(b)	Antenna Requirement	N/A	Pass	-



# 1 General Description

## 1.1 Applicant

Lenovo(Shanghai) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.

NO.68 BUILDING, 199 FENJU RD., China (Shanghai) Pilot Free Trade Zone, 200131, CHINA

## 1.2 Manufacturer

Lenovo PC HK Limited

23/F, Lincoln House, Taikoo Place 979 King's Road, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong

## 1.3 Product Feature of Equipment Under Test

Product Feature	
Equipment	Portable Tablet Computer
Brand Name	Lenovo
Model Name	Lenovo YT-X703X
FCC ID	O57YTX703X
EUT supports Radios application	GPRS/EGPRS/WCDMA/HSPA/ HSPA+(16QAM uplink is not supported)/LTE WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth v3.0 + EDR/Bluetooth v4.0 LE
IMEI Code	Conducted: 861688030009815 Conduction: N/A Radiation: 861688030009773
HW Version	Lenovo Tablet YT-X703X
SW Version	YT-X703X_160914
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

**Remark:** The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.



### 1.4 Product Specification of Equipment Under Test

Standards-related Product Specification	
Tx/Rx Frequency Range	2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Number of Channels	79
Carrier Frequency of Each Channel	2402+n*1 MHz; n=0~78
Maximum Output Power to Antenna	Bluetooth BR(1Mbps) : 7.51 dBm (0.0056 W) Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : 7.58 dBm (0.0057 W) Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 7.85 dBm (0.0061 W)
99% Occupied Bandwidth	Bluetooth BR(1Mbps) : 0.896MHz Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : 1.172MHz Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 1.152MHz
Antenna Type/Gain	PIFA Antenna with gain 0.05 dBi
Type of Modulation	Bluetooth BR (1Mbps) : GFSK Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : $\pi/4$ -DQPSK Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 8-DPSK

### 1.5 Component List

Note: there are two types of EUT, the details refer the following table. According to the difference, we evaluate it is not affect RF performance, so only choose sample 1 to perform RF test.

Component	Sample 1	Sample 2
Battery	Sunwoda: L16D3K31 3.75 Vdc, 9300 mAh	SCUD: L16D3K31 3.75 Vdc, 9300 mAh
Rear Camera	Qtech: F5695AK	AVC: CCBFL05006
LCM+TP ASM	Ofilm : AUO 10.1 WQXGA IPS+10.1 inch GFF Direct bounding + S7813	GIS : Innolux 10.1 WQXGA IPS+10.1 inch GFF Direct bounding + S7813
DRAM	Samsung: K3QF4F40BM-FGCF	Hynix: H9CKNNNDATMUPR-NUH
EMMC	Samsung: KLMCG4JENB-B041	Toshiba: THGBMFG8C2LBAIL

### 1.6 Modification of EUT

No modifications are made to the EUT during all test items.



### 1.7 Testing Location

Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.			
Test Site Location	No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P. R. China TEL: +86-0512-5790-0158 FAX: +86-0512-5790-0958			
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.			FCC Registration No.
	TH01-KS	CO01-KS	03CH03-KS	306251

**Note:** The test site complies with ANSI C63.4 2014 requirement.

### 1.8 Applicable Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247
- ANSI C63.10-2013
- IC RSS-247 Issue 1
- IC RSS-Gen Issue 4

**Remark:**

1. All test items were verified and recorded according to the standards and without any deviation during the test.
2. This EUT has also been tested and complied with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart B, recorded in a separate test report.



## 2 Test Configuration of Equipment Under Test

### 2.1 Descriptions of Test Mode

Preliminary tests were performed in different data rates and recorded the RF output power in the following table:

Channel	Frequency	Bluetooth RF Output Power		
		Data Rate / Modulation		
		GFSK	$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	8-DPSK
		1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps
Ch00	2402MHz	7.45 dBm	7.55 dBm	7.83 dBm
Ch39	2441MHz	5.60 dBm	5.66 dBm	5.92 dBm
Ch78	2480MHz	7.51 dBm	7.58 dBm	7.85 dBm

**Remark:**

1. All the test data for each data rate were verified, but only the worst case was reported.
  2. The data rate was set in 3Mbps for all the test items due to the highest RF output power.
- a. The EUT has been associated with peripherals and configuration operated in a manner tended to maximize its emission characteristics in a typical application. Frequency range investigated: conduction (150 kHz to 30 MHz), radiation (9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower). Pre-scanned tests, X, Y, Z and laptop in four orthogonal panels, and different data rates were conducted to determine the final configuration (X plane as worst plane) from all possible combinations, and the worst mode of radiated spurious emissions is Bluetooth 3Mbps mode, and recorded in this report.
- b. AC power line Conducted Emission was tested under maximum output power.



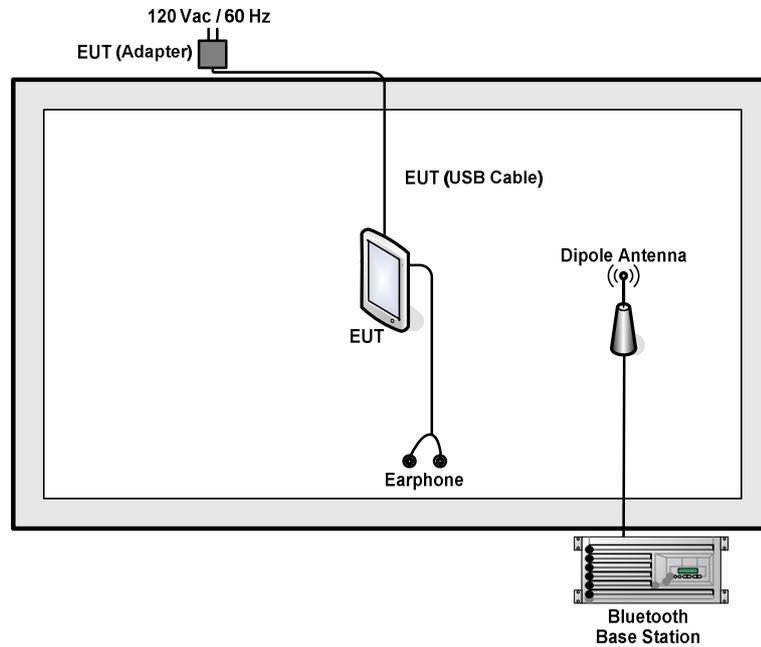
## 2.2 Test Mode

The following summary table is showing all test modes to demonstrate in compliance with the standard.

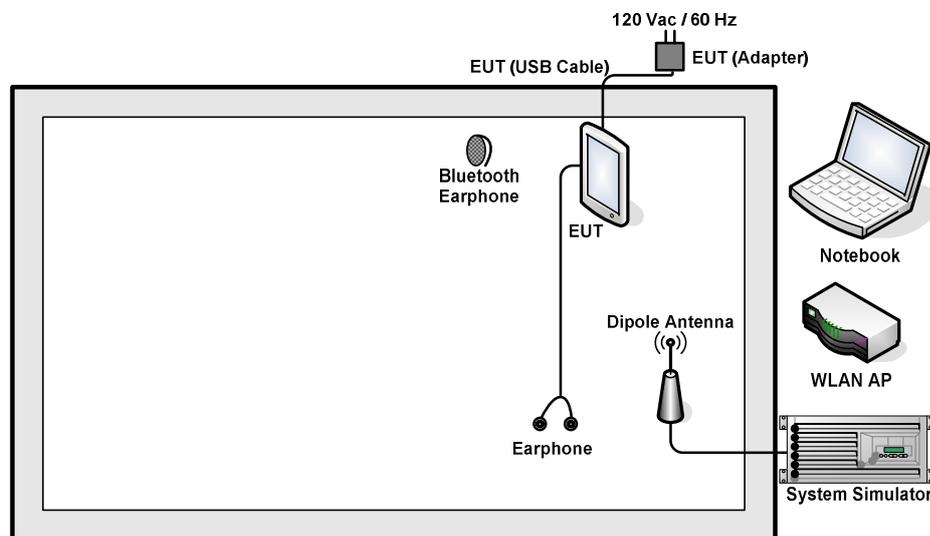
Summary table of Test Cases			
Test Item	Data Rate / Modulation		
	Bluetooth BR 1Mbps GFSK	Bluetooth EDR 2Mbps $\pi/4$ -DQPSK	Bluetooth EDR 3Mbps 8-DPSK
Conducted Test Cases	Mode 1: CH00_2402 MHz	Mode 4: CH00_2402 MHz	Mode 7: CH00_2402 MHz
	Mode 2: CH39_2441 MHz	Mode 5: CH39_2441 MHz	Mode 8: CH39_2441 MHz
	Mode 3: CH78_2480 MHz	Mode 6: CH78_2480 MHz	Mode 9: CH78_2480 MHz
Radiated Test Cases	Bluetooth EDR 3Mbps 8-DPSK		
	Mode 1: CH00_2402 MHz Mode 2: CH39_2441 MHz Mode 3: CH78_2480 MHz		
AC Conducted Emission	Mode 1 : <b>GPRS 850 Idle + Bluetooth Link + WLAN (2.4G) Link + USB Cable (Charging from Adapter 12V) + Earphone + Battery 1 for Sample 1</b>		
	Mode 2 GPRS 850 Idle + Bluetooth Link + WLAN (2.4G) Link + USB Cable (Charging from Adapter 5.2V) + Earphone + Battery 2 for Sample 2		
<b>Remark:</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For radiated test cases, the worst mode data rate 3Mbps was reported only, because this data rate has the highest RF output power at preliminary tests, and no other significantly frequencies found in conducted spurious emission.</li> <li>The worst case of conducted emission is mode 1; only the test data of it was reported.</li> <li>For radiated test cases, the tests were performed with adapter, earphone, battery 1 and USB cable for sample 1.</li> </ol>			

## 2.3 Connection Diagram of Test System

### <Bluetooth Tx Mode>



### <AC Conducted Emission Mode>





## 2.4 Support Unit used in test configuration and system

Item	Equipment	Trade Name	Model Name	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	System Simulator	R&S	CMU200	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
2.	Bluetooth Base Station	R&S	CBT32	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
3.	WLAN AP	D-Link	DIR-855	KA2DIR855A2	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
4.	Notebook	Lenovo	G480	N/A	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.8 m DC O/P: Shielded, 1.8 m
5.	Bluetooth Earphone	Lenovo	LBH505	N/A	N/A	N/A
6.	Earphone	Lenovo	SH100	N/A	Unshielded,1.2m	N/A
7.	Earphone	Lenovo	LH102	N/A	Unshielded,1.2m	N/A

## 2.5 EUT Operation Test Setup

For Bluetooth test items, an engineering test program was provided and enabled to make EUT contact with Bluetooth base station for continuous transmitting and receiving signals.

For AC power line conducted emissions, the EUT was set to connect with the WLAN AP under large package sizes transmission.



## 2.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

For all conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Example:

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss.

*Offset = RF cable loss.*

Following shows an offset computation example with cable loss 5.5 dB.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Offset(dB)} &= \text{RF cable loss(dB)}. \\ &= 5.5 \text{ (dB)} \end{aligned}$$

### 3 Test Result

#### 3.1 Number of Channel Measurement

##### 3.1.1 Limits of Number of Hopping Frequency

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

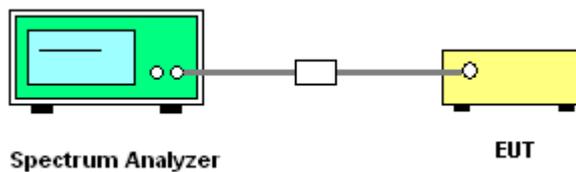
##### 3.1.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

##### 3.1.3 Test Procedure

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.3.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = the frequency band of operation; RBW = 300kHz; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. The number of hopping frequency used is defined as the number of total channel.
7. Record the measurement data derived from spectrum analyzer.

##### 3.1.4 Test Setup

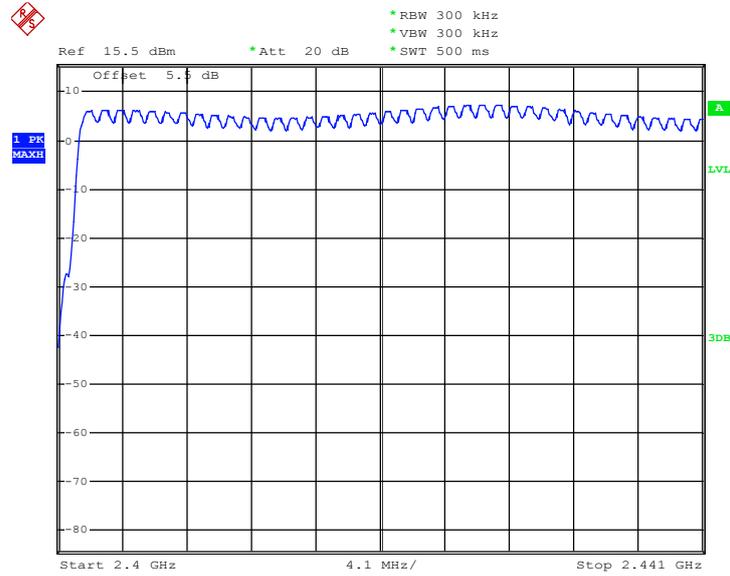


##### 3.1.5 Test Result of Number of Hopping Frequency

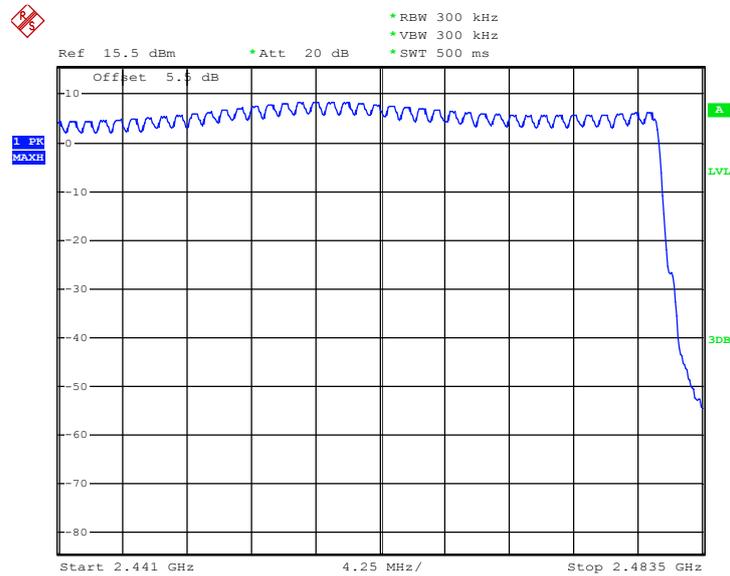
<b>Test Mode :</b>	3Mbps	<b>Temperature :</b>	24~25°C
<b>Test Engineer :</b>	Ivan Chen	<b>Relative Humidity :</b>	54~55%
<b>Number of Hopping (Channel)</b>	<b>Adaptive Frequency Hopping (Channel)</b>	<b>Limits (Channel)</b>	<b>Pass/Fail</b>
79	20	> 15	Pass



Number of Hopping Channel Plot on Channel 00 - 78



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Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:18:51

## 3.2 Hopping Channel Separation Measurement

### 3.2.1 Limit of Hopping Channel Separation

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

### 3.2.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

### 3.2.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.2.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels;  
RBW = 300kHz; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### 3.2.4 Test Setup



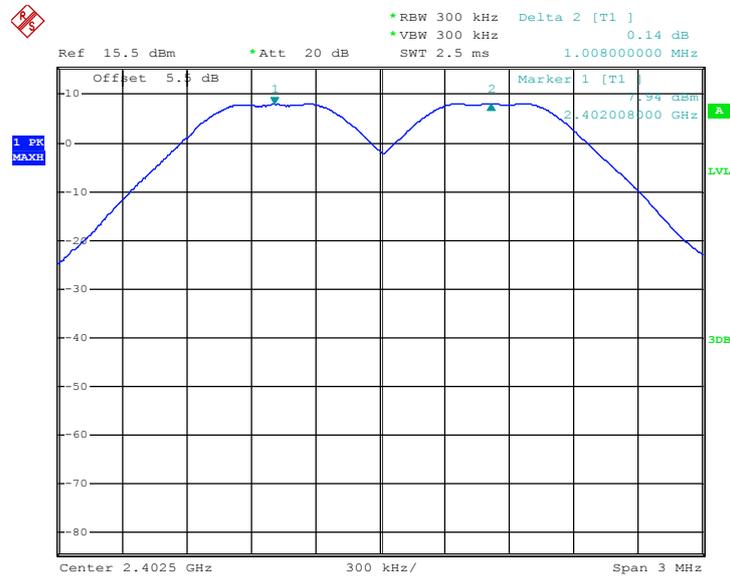


3.2.5 Test Result of Hopping Channel Separation

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen	Relative Humidity :	54~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.008	0.6507	Pass
39	2441	1.002	0.6453	Pass
78	2480	1.002	0.6453	Pass

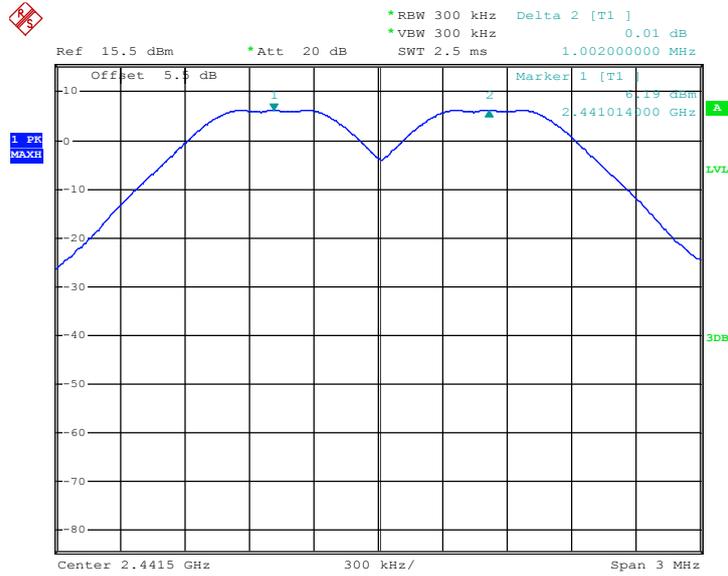
Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01



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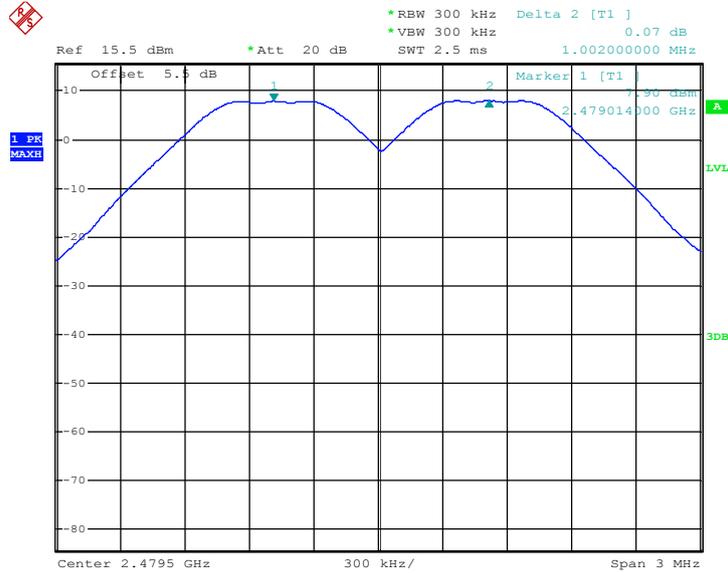


Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



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Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



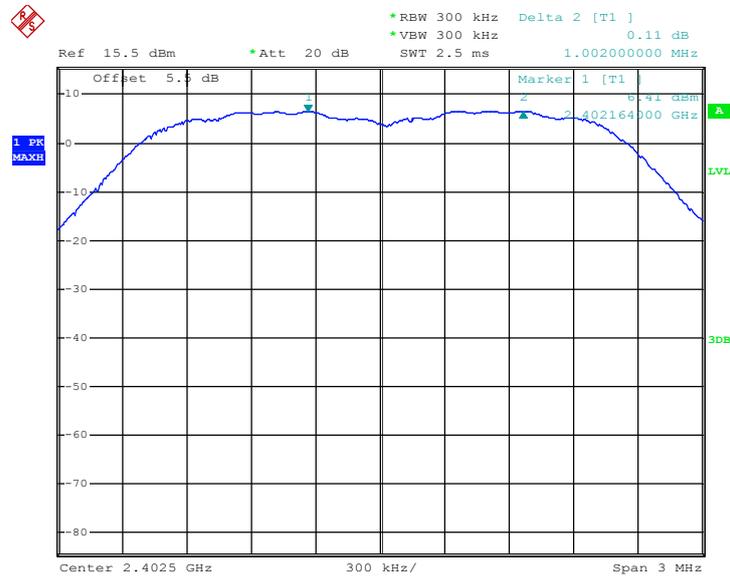
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Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen	Relative Humidity :	54~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.002	0.8520	Pass
39	2441	1.002	0.8520	Pass
78	2480	1.008	0.8480	Pass

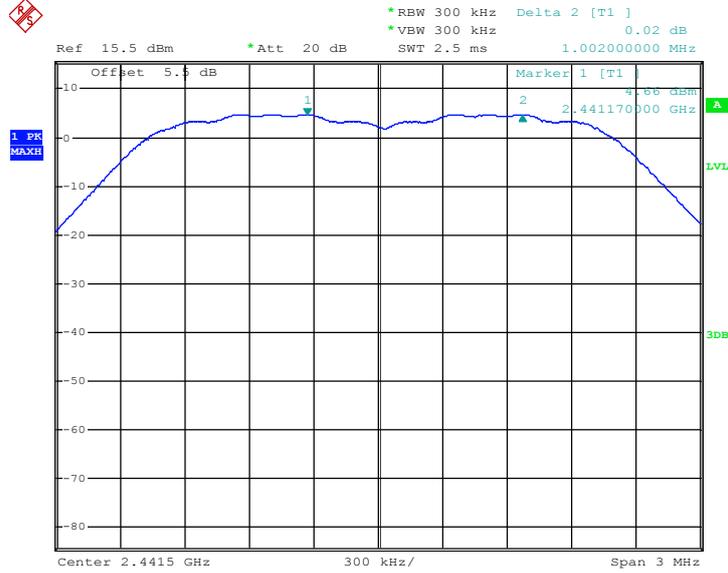
Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01



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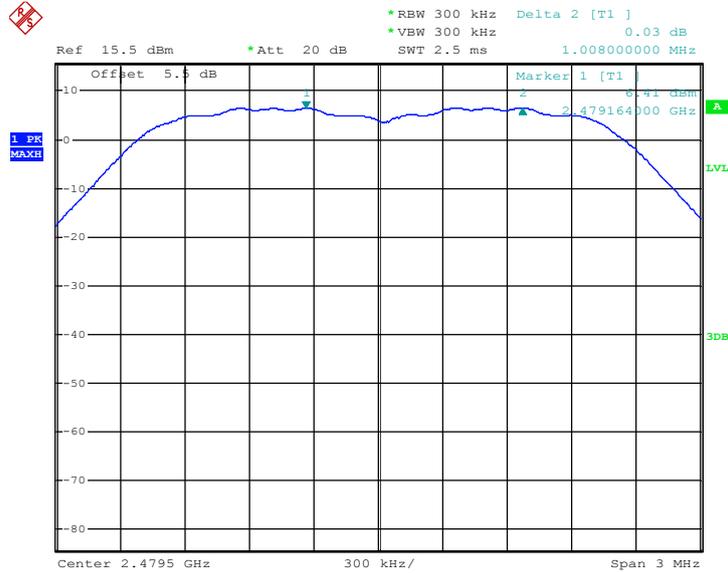


Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



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Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



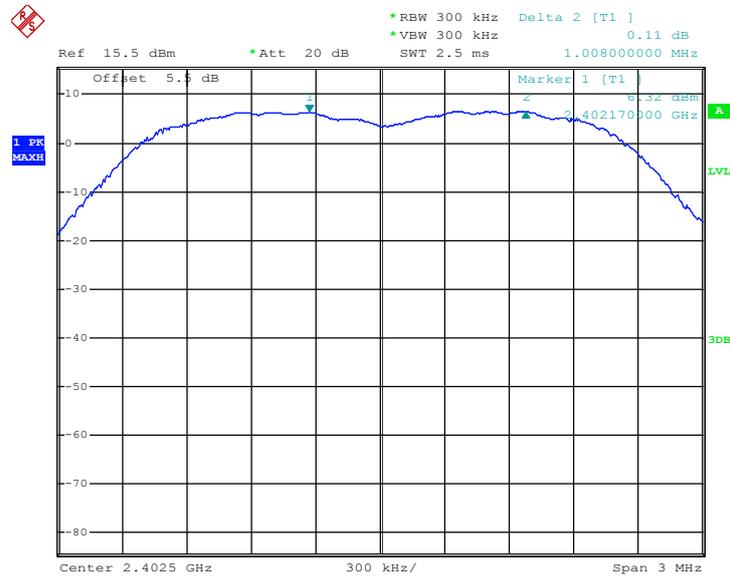
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Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen	Relative Humidity :	54~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.008	0.8280	Pass
39	2441	1.002	0.8280	Pass
78	2480	1.008	0.8280	Pass

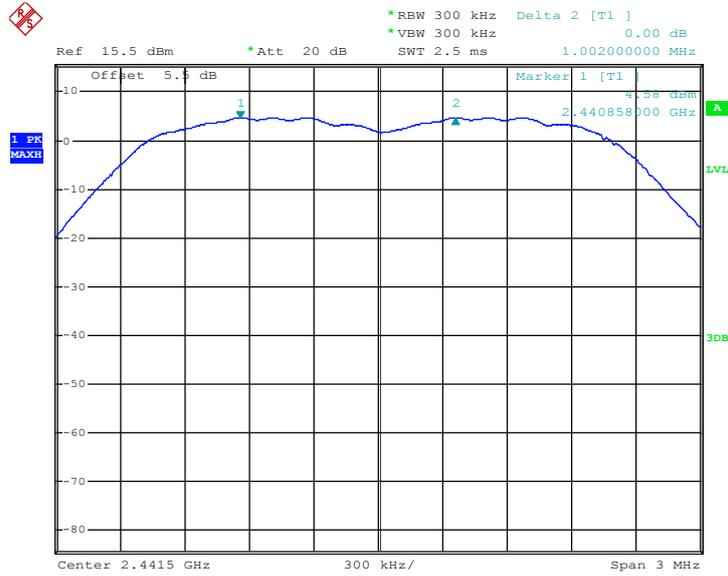
Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01



Date: 17.JUL.2016 14:50:52

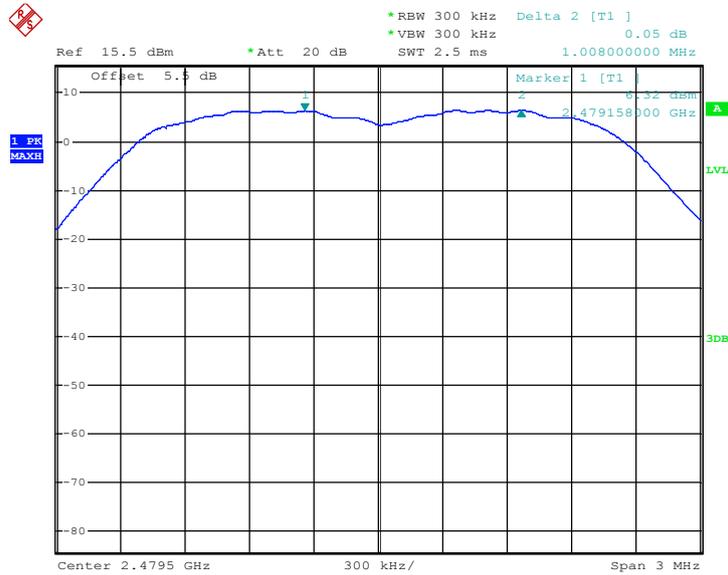


### Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



Date: 17.JUL.2016 14:52:21

### Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



Date: 17.JUL.2016 14:53:41

### 3.3 Dwell Time Measurement

#### 3.3.1 Limit of Dwell Time

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

#### 3.3.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

#### 3.3.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.4.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel; RBW = 1 MHz; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

#### 3.3.4 Test Setup





3.3.5 Test Result of Dwell Time

Test Mode :	3DH5	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen	Relative Humidity :	54~55%

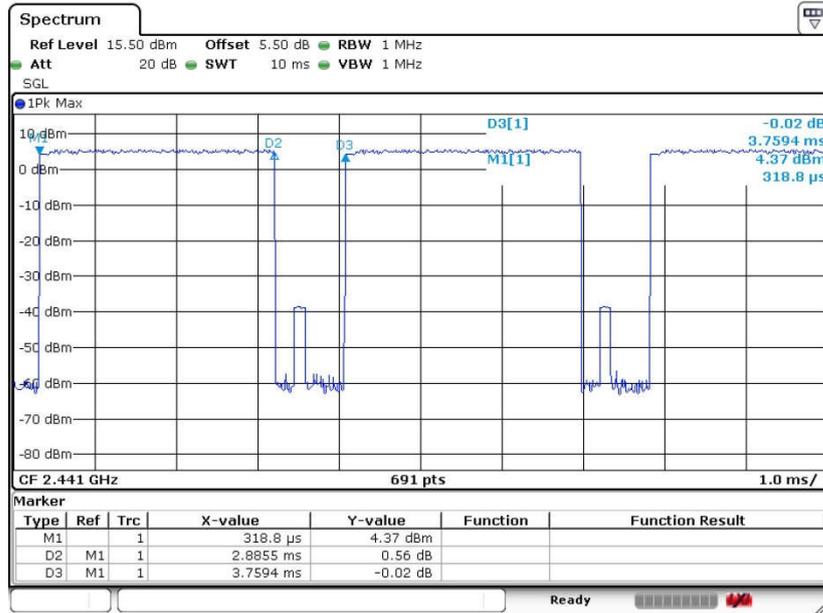
Mode	Hopping Channel Number	Hops Over Occupancy Time(hops)	Package Transfer Time (msec)	Dwell Time (sec)	Limits (sec)	Pass/Fail
Normal	79	106.67	2.8855	0.31	0.4	Pass
AFH	20	53.33	2.8855	0.15	0.4	Pass

Remark:

- In normal mode, hopping rate is 1600 hops/s with 6 slots in 79 hopping channels.  
With channel hopping rate (1600 / 6 / 79) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 79) (s),  
Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (1600 / 6 / 79) x (0.4 x 79) = 106.67 hops.
- In AFH mode, hopping rate is 800 hops/s with 6 slots in 20 hopping channels.  
With channel hopping rate (800 / 6 / 20) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 20) (s),  
Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (800 / 6 / 20) x (0.4 x 20) = 53.33 hops.
- Dwell Time(s) = Hops Over Occupancy Time (hops) x Package Transfer Time



Package Transfer Time Plot



Date: 10.JUL.2016 21:18:24

### 3.4 20dB and 99% Bandwidth Measurement

#### 3.4.1 Limit of 20dB and 99% Bandwidth

Reporting only

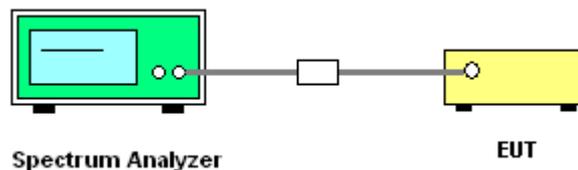
#### 3.4.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

#### 3.4.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 6.9.2 and 6.9.3.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings for 20dB Bandwidth measurement.  
Span = approximately 2 to 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel;  
RBW  $\geq$  1% of the 20 dB bandwidth; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak;  
Trace = max hold.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings for 99 % Bandwidth measurement.  
For 99% Bandwidth measurement, the RBW=30kHz, and VBW = 100kHz. Sweep = auto ;  
Detector function = sample. Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

#### 3.4.4 Test Setup



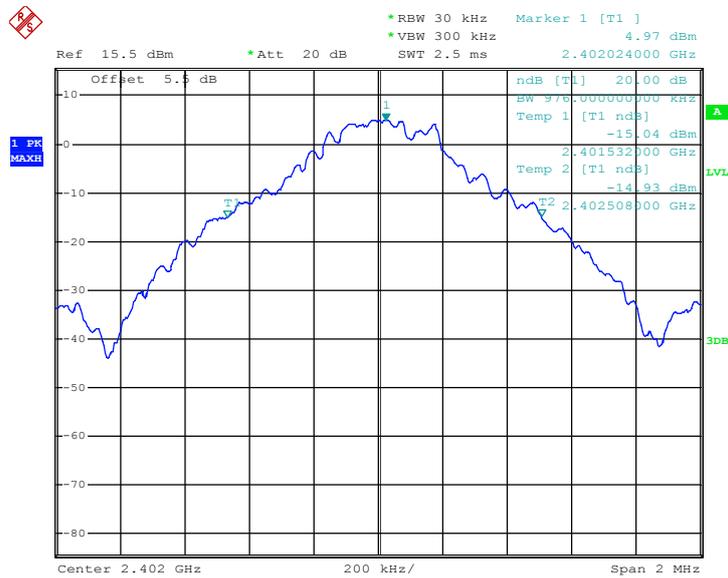


3.4.5 Test Result of 20dB Bandwidth

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen	Relative Humidity :	54~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	0.976
39	2441	0.968
78	2480	0.968

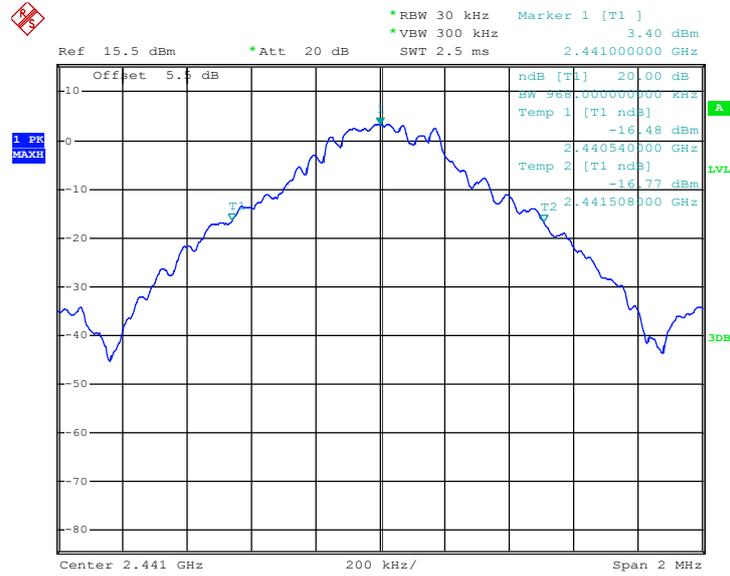
20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:24:39

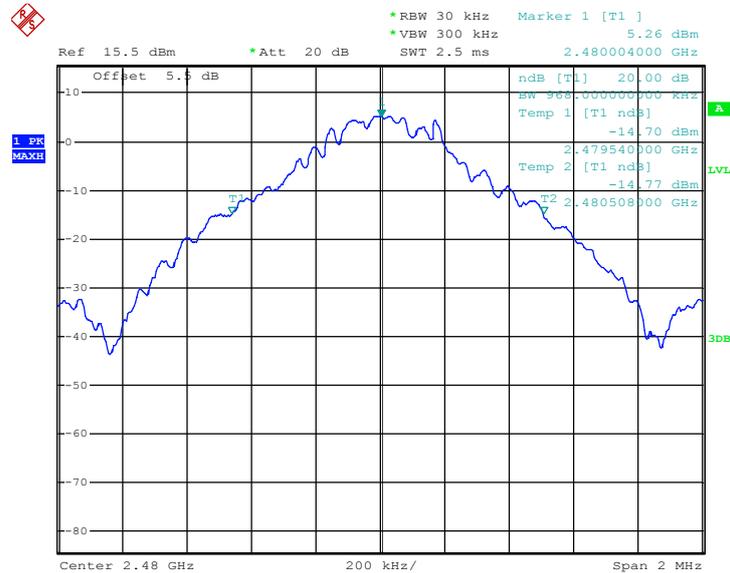


20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:25:08

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



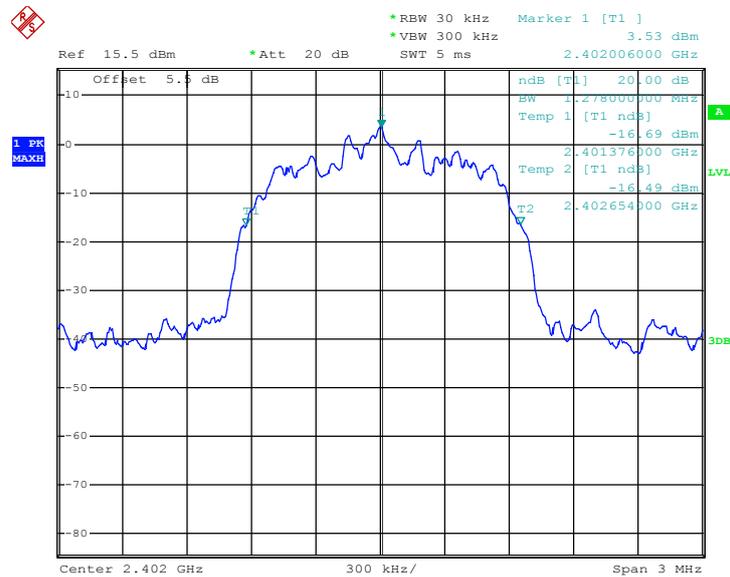
Date: 17.JUL.2016 14:54:16



Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen	Relative Humidity :	54~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.278
39	2441	1.278
78	2480	1.272

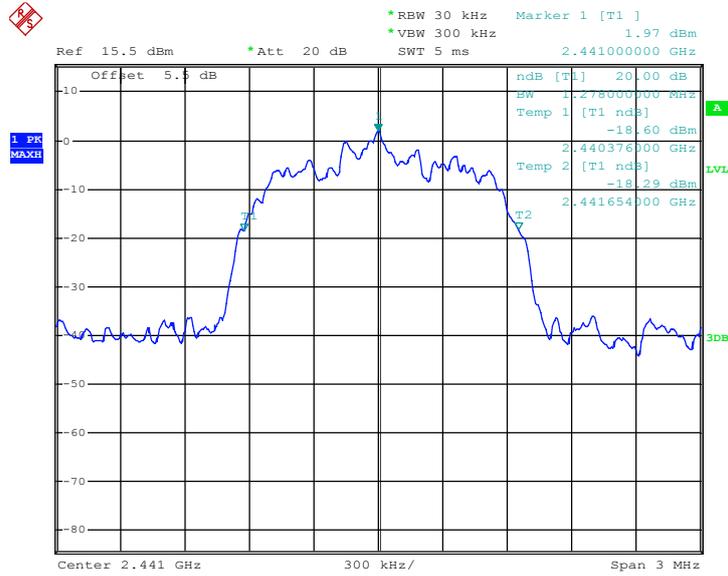
20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 17.JUL.2016 14:54:30

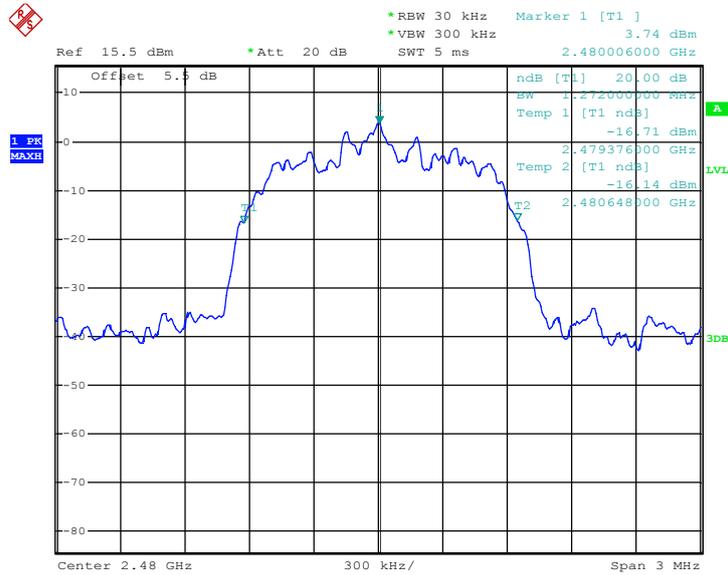


20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 17.JUL.2016 14:54:46

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



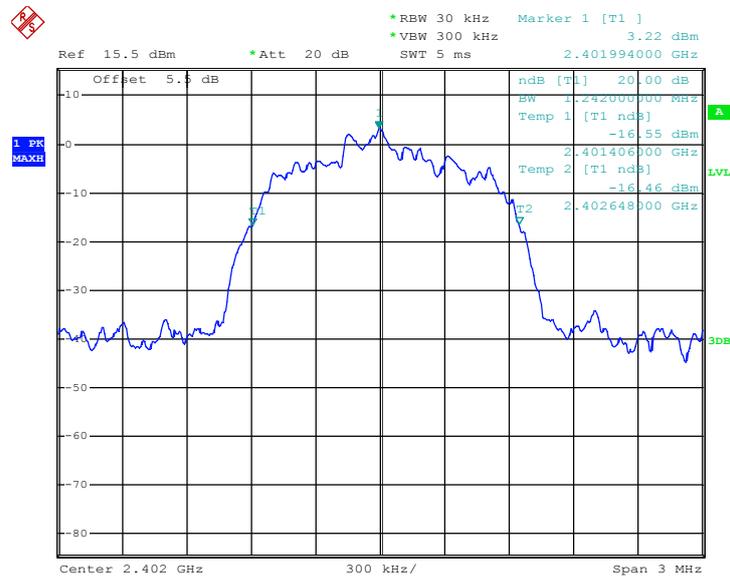
Date: 17.JUL.2016 14:55:15



Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen	Relative Humidity :	54~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.242
39	2441	1.242
78	2480	1.242

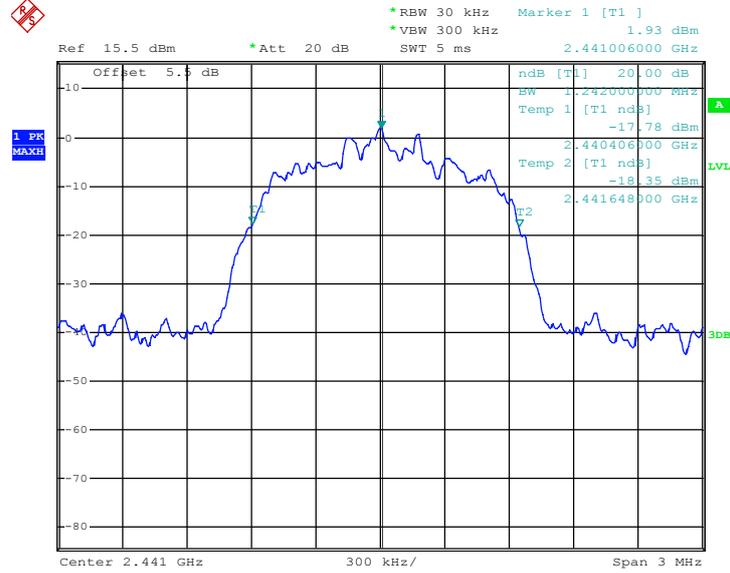
20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 17.JUL.2016 14:55:28

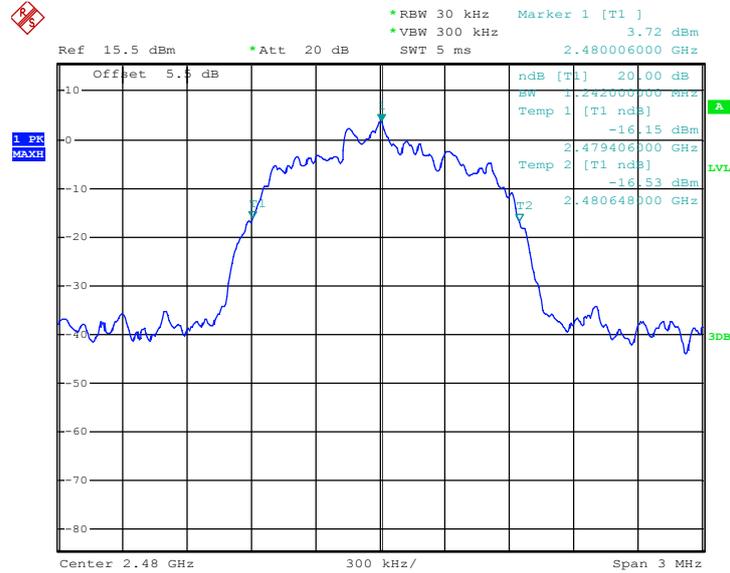


20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 17.JUL.2016 14:55:41

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



Date: 17.JUL.2016 14:56:06

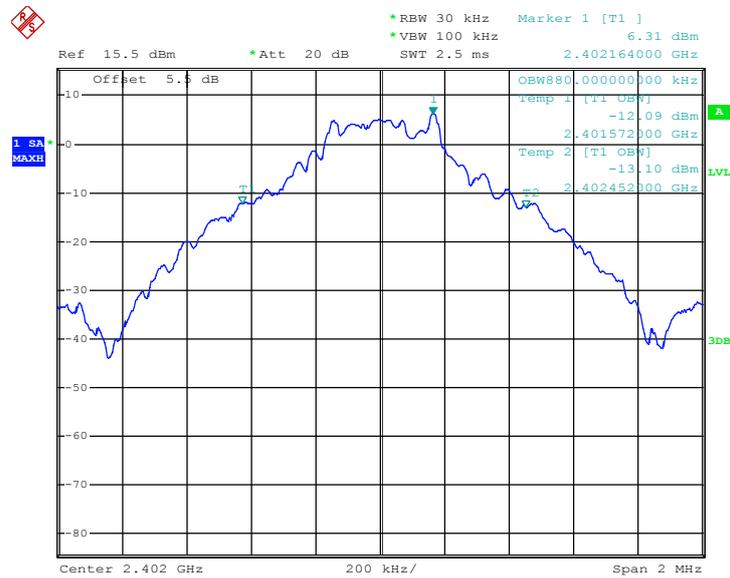


### 3.4.6 Test Result of 99% Occupied Bandwidth

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen	Relative Humidity :	54~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	0.880
39	2441	0.896
78	2480	0.896

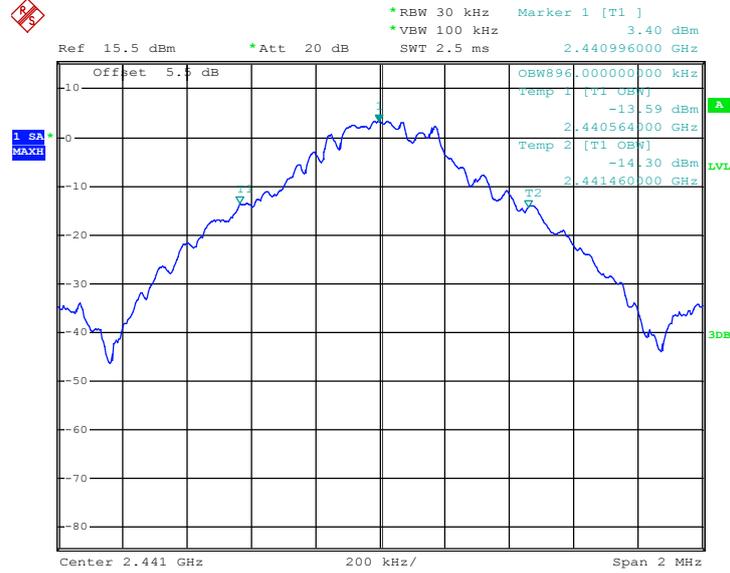
99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:01:55

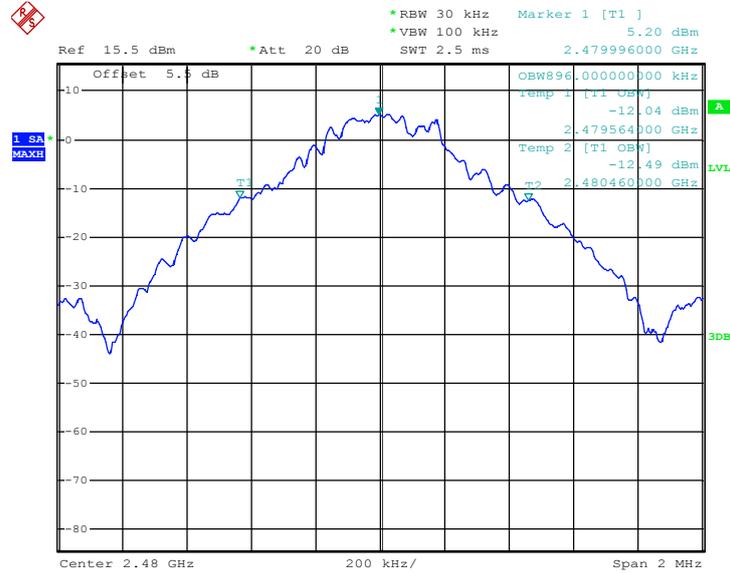


99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:02:31

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



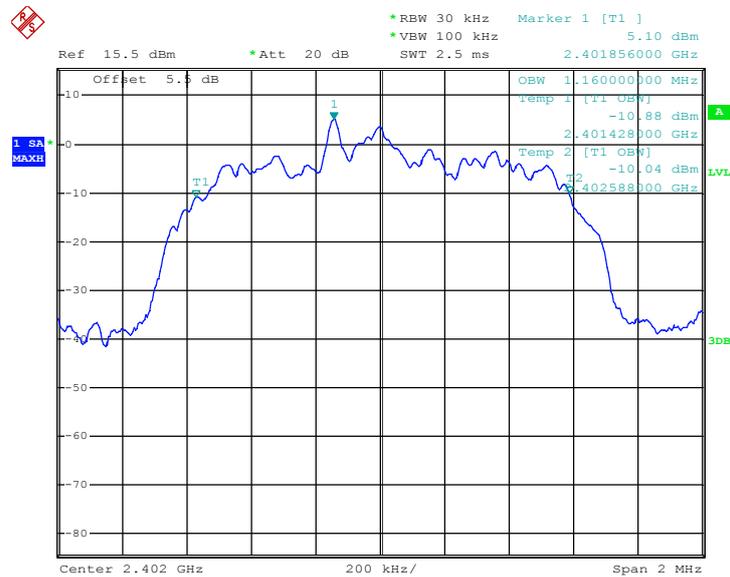
Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:03:07



Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen	Relative Humidity :	54~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.160
39	2441	1.172
78	2480	1.168

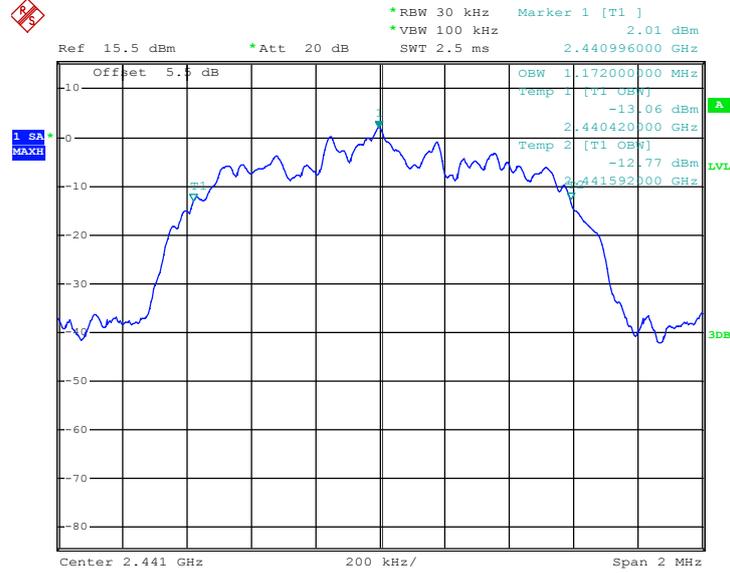
99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:03:43

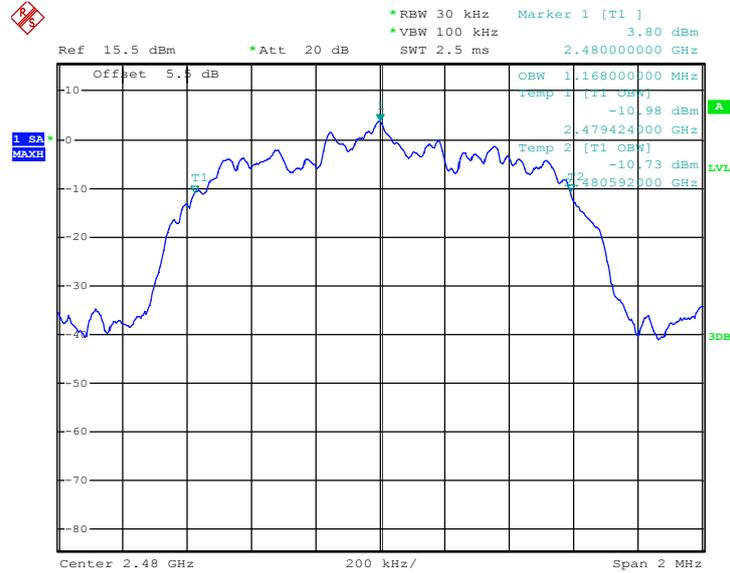


99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:04:19

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



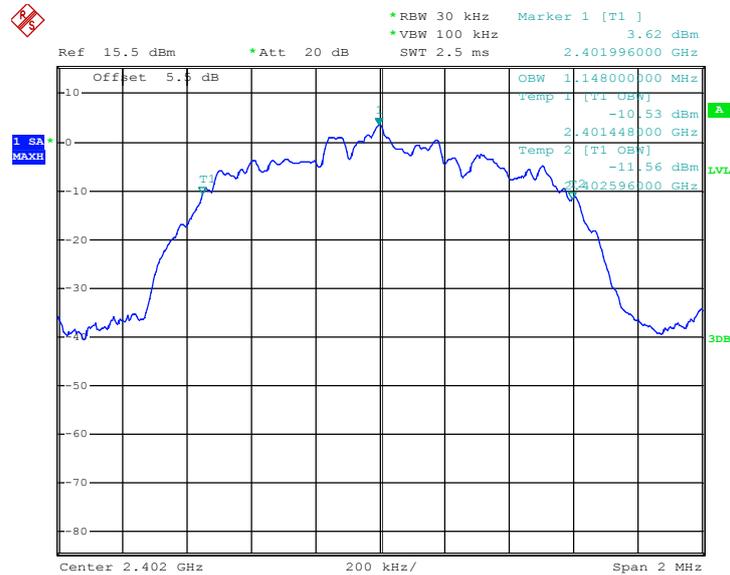
Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:04:55



Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen	Relative Humidity :	54~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.148
39	2441	1.152
78	2480	1.152

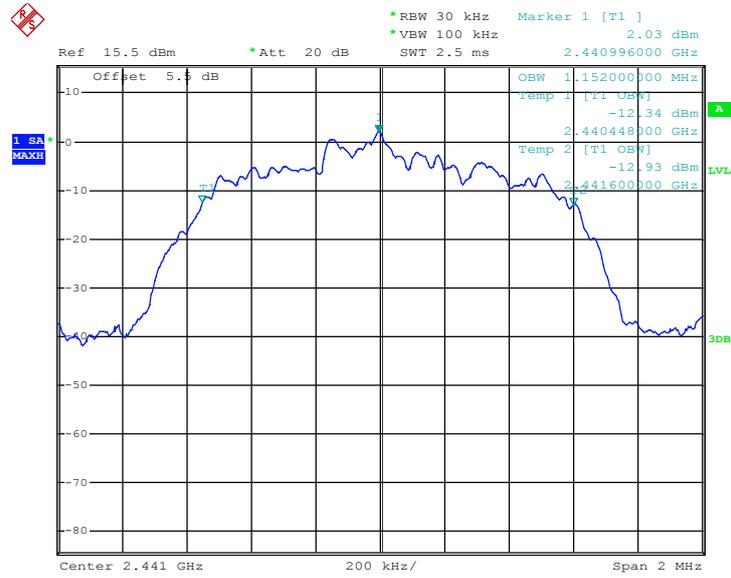
99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:05:31

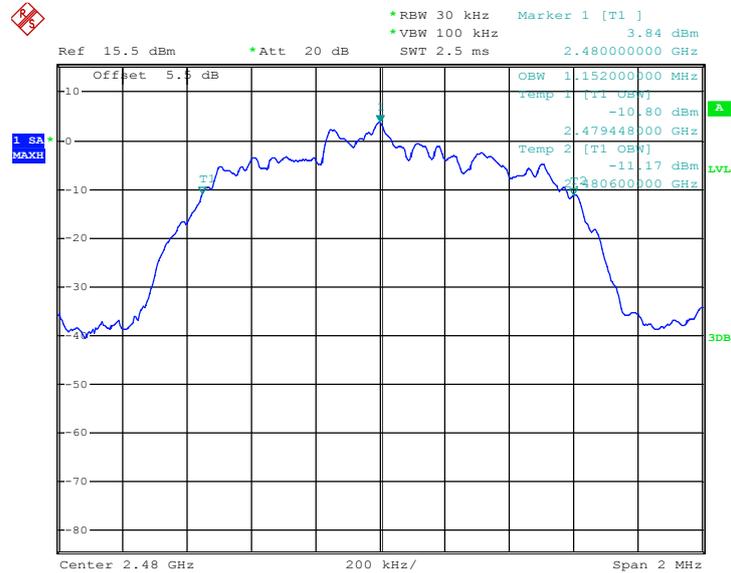


99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:06:07

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:06:43

Note : The occupied channel bandwidth is maintained within the band of operation for all of the modulations.

### 3.5 Peak Output Power Measurement

#### 3.5.1 Limit of Peak Output Power

Section 15.247 (b) The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following: (1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band 0.125 watts.

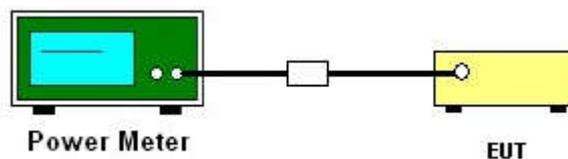
#### 3.5.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

#### 3.5.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.5.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the power meter by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Measure the conducted output power with cable loss and record the results in the test report.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.

#### 3.5.4 Test Setup





3.5.5 Test Result of Peak Output Power

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen	Relative Humidity :	54~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		GFSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		1 Mbps		
00	2402	7.45	20.97	Pass
39	2441	5.60	20.97	Pass
78	2480	7.51	20.97	Pass

Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen	Relative Humidity :	54~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		2 Mbps		
00	2402	7.55	20.97	Pass
39	2441	5.66	20.97	Pass
78	2480	7.58	20.97	Pass

Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen	Relative Humidity :	54~55%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		8-DPSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		3 Mbps		
00	2402	7.83	20.97	Pass
39	2441	5.92	20.97	Pass
78	2480	7.85	20.97	Pass

## 3.6 Conducted Band Edges Measurement

### 3.6.1 Limit of Band Edges

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.

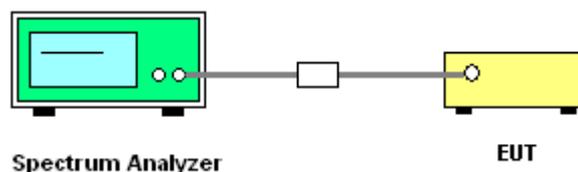
### 3.6.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

### 3.6.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.6.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Set RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz. Band edge emissions must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100kHz RBW. The attenuation shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB when RMS conducted output power procedure is used.
4. Enable hopping function of the EUT and then repeat step 2. and 3.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### 3.6.4 Test Setup

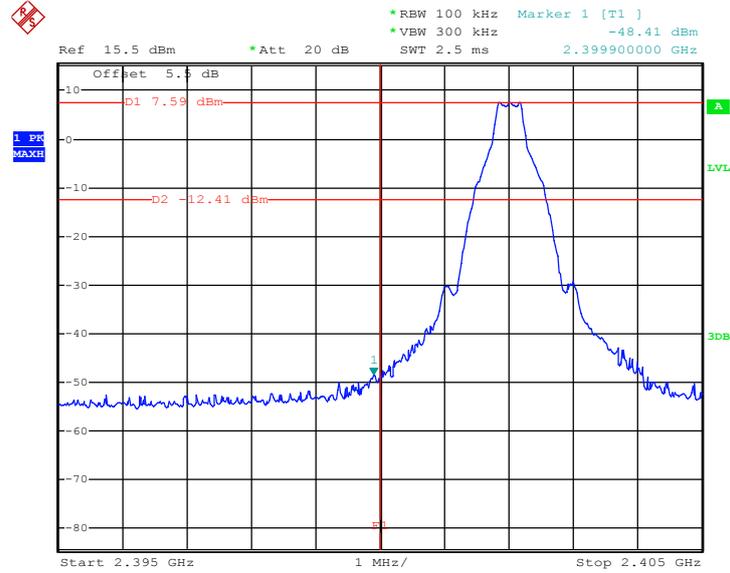




### 3.6.5 Test Result of Conducted Band Edges

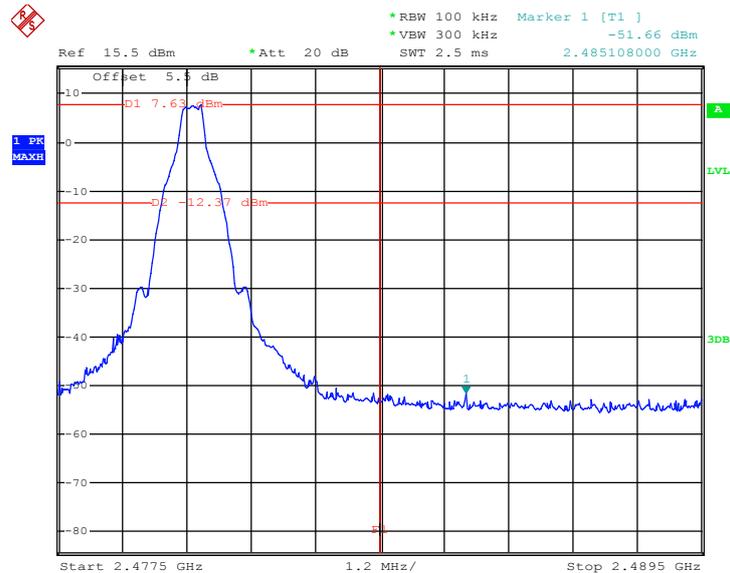
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	54~55%
		Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



Date: 17.JUL.2016 14:57:00

High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78

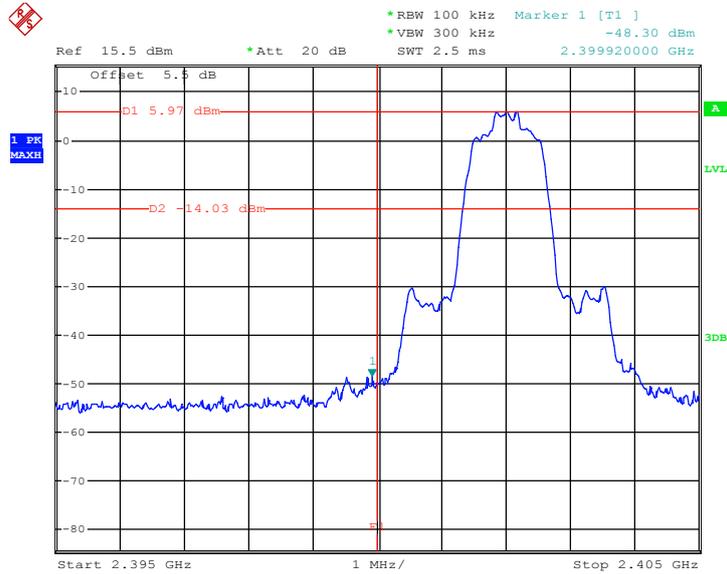


Date: 17.JUL.2016 14:57:51



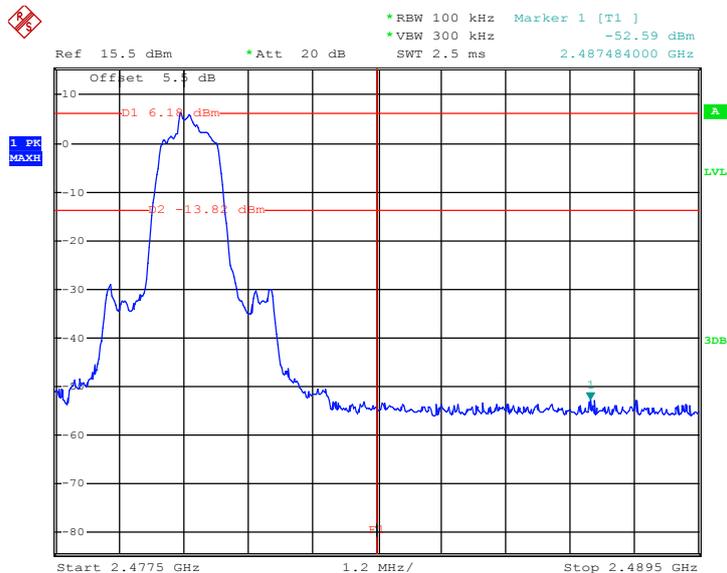
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	54~55%
		Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



Date: 17.JUL.2016 14:58:43

High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78

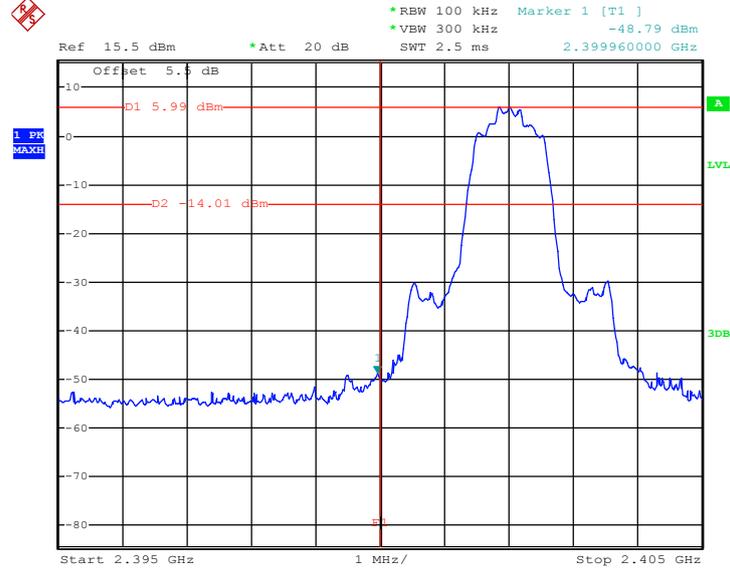


Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:22:19



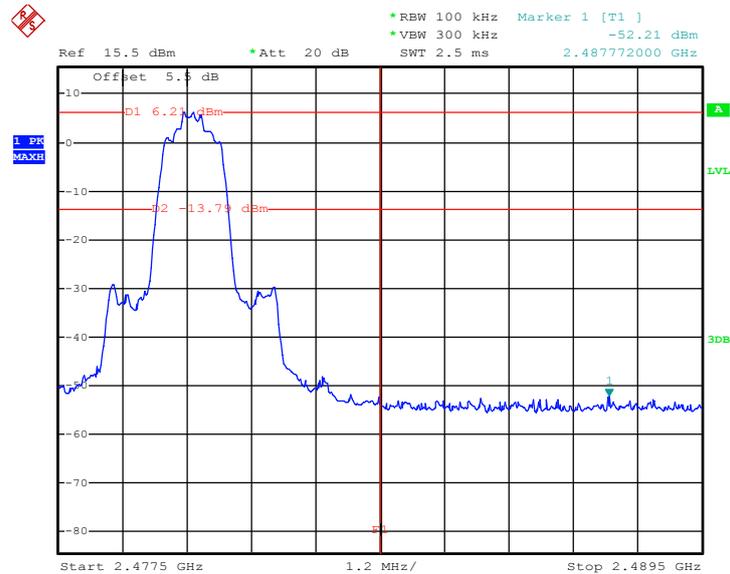
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	54~55%
		Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:00:26

High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78



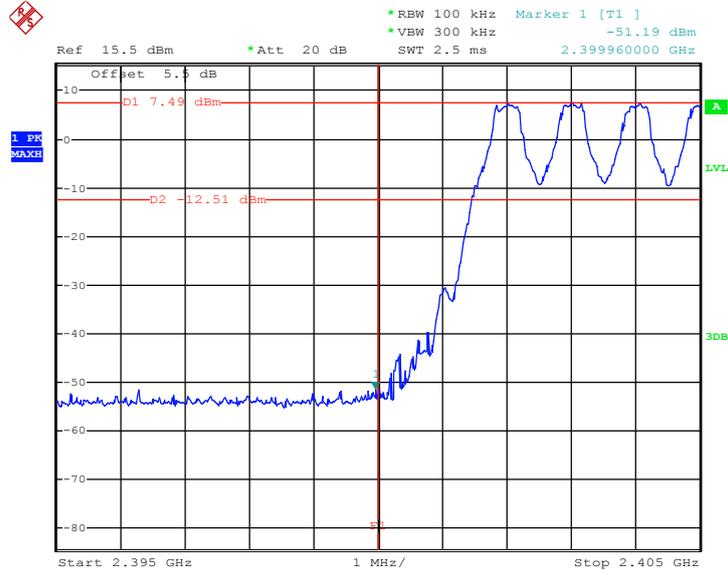
Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:01:18



### 3.6.6 Test Result of Conducted Hopping Mode Band Edges

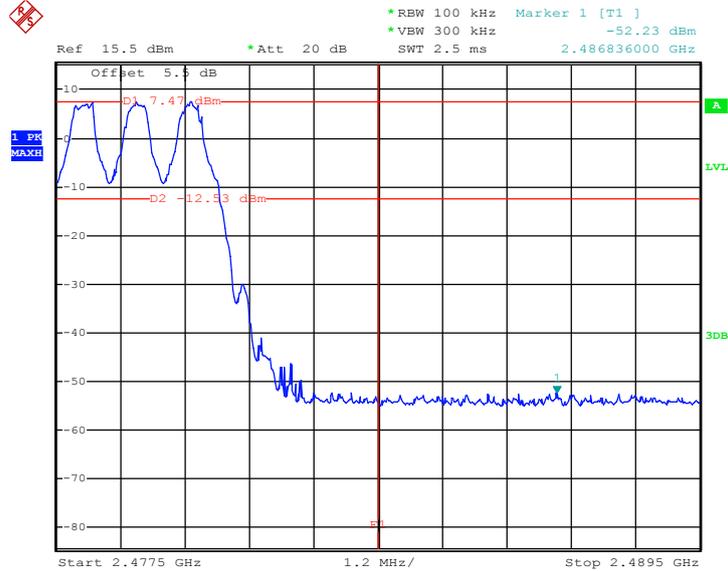
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen	Relative Humidity :	54~55%

#### 1Mbps Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:29:18

#### 1Mbps Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot

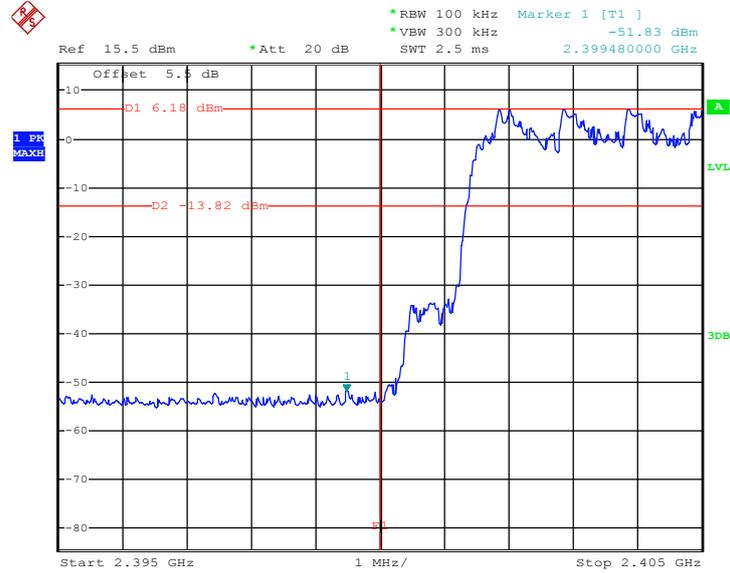


Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:30:56



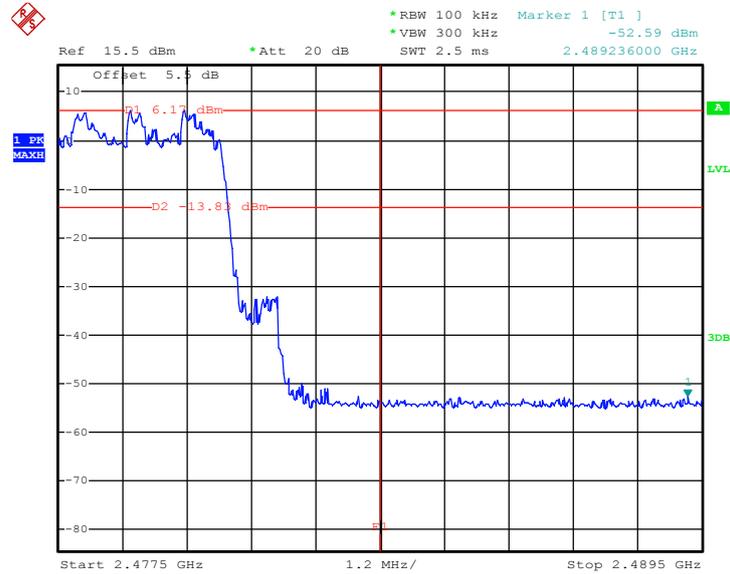
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen	Relative Humidity :	54~55%

2Mbps Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:35:48

2Mbps Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot

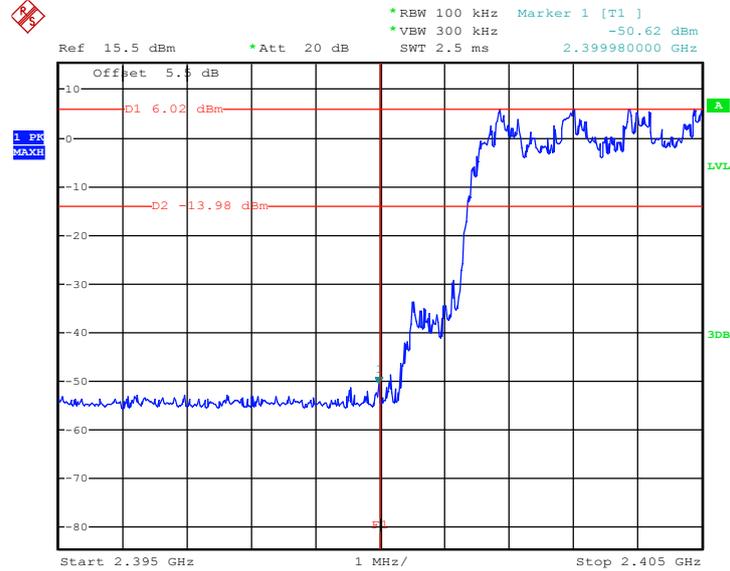


Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:44:32



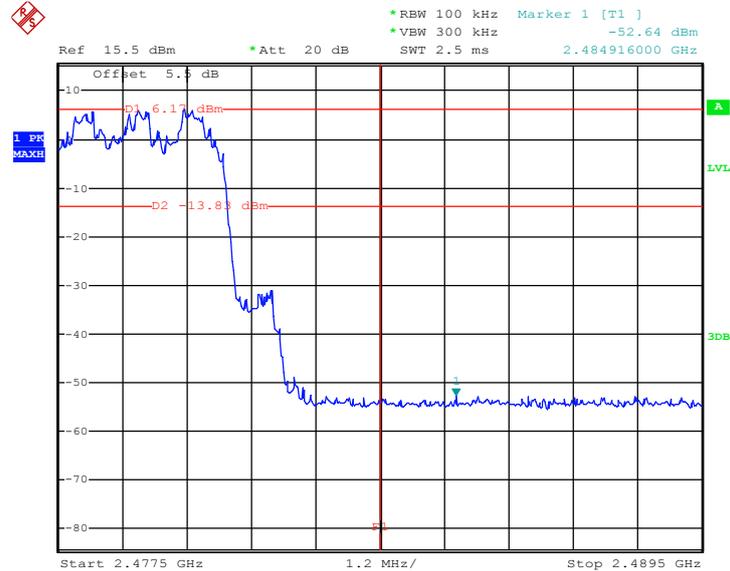
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen	Relative Humidity :	54~55%

3Mbps Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:39:56

3Mbps Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot



Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:41:25

## 3.7 Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement

### 3.7.1 Limit of Spurious Emission Measurement

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.

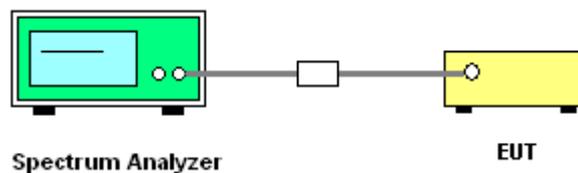
### 3.7.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

### 3.7.3 Test Procedure

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 7.8.8.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Set RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300kHz, scan up through 10th harmonic. All harmonics / spurs must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100 kHz RBW.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.
6. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.

### 3.7.4 Test Setup

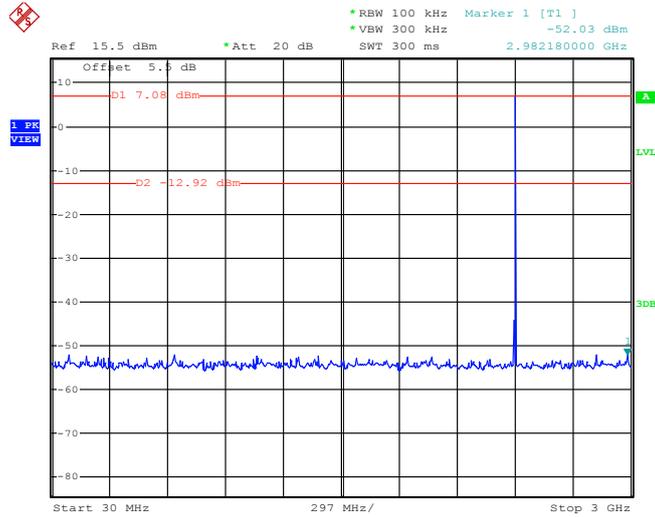




### 3.7.5 Test Result of Conducted Spurious Emission

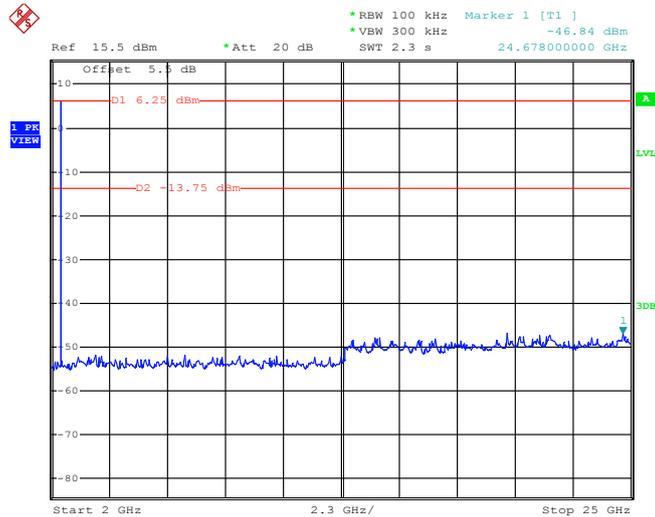
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	54~55%
		Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:46:16

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

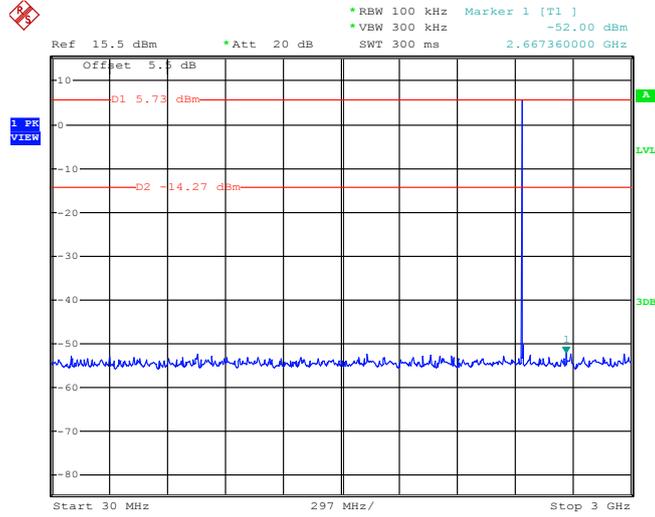


Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:46:38



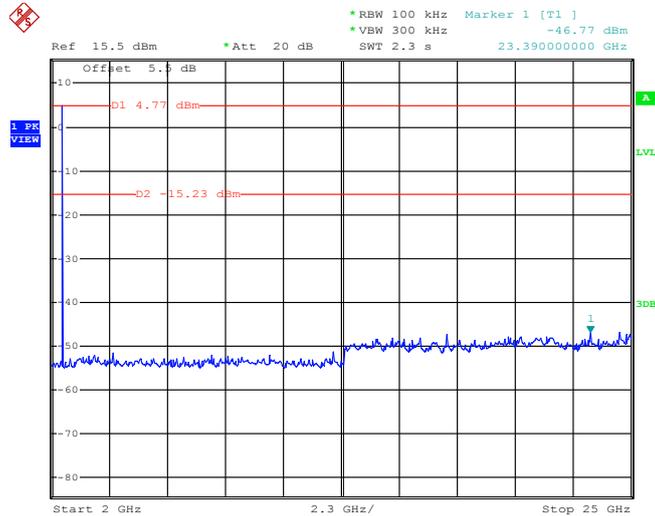
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	54~55%
		Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:47:24

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

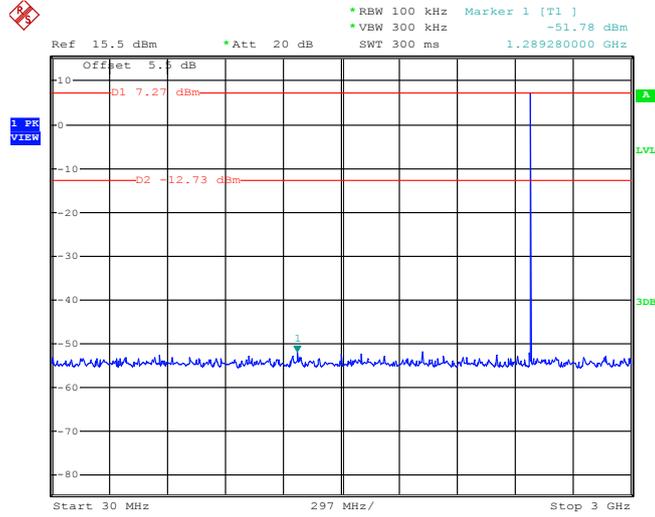


Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:47:46



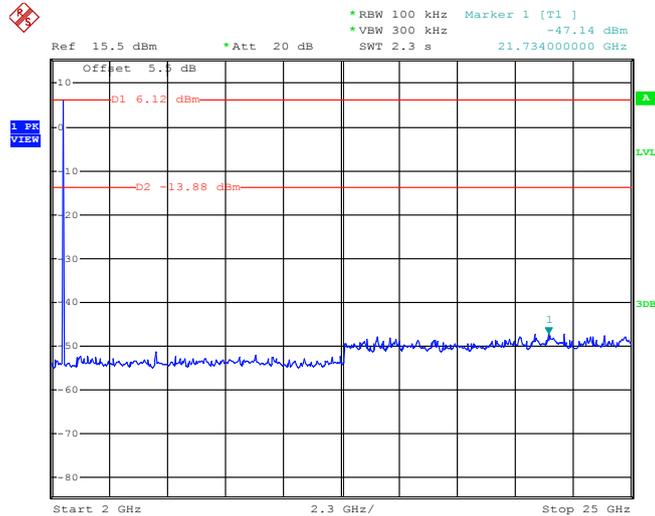
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	54~55%
		Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:48:22

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

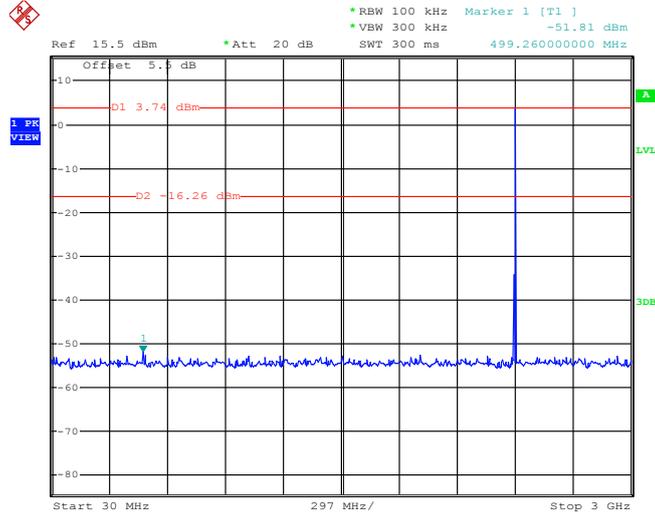


Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:48:43



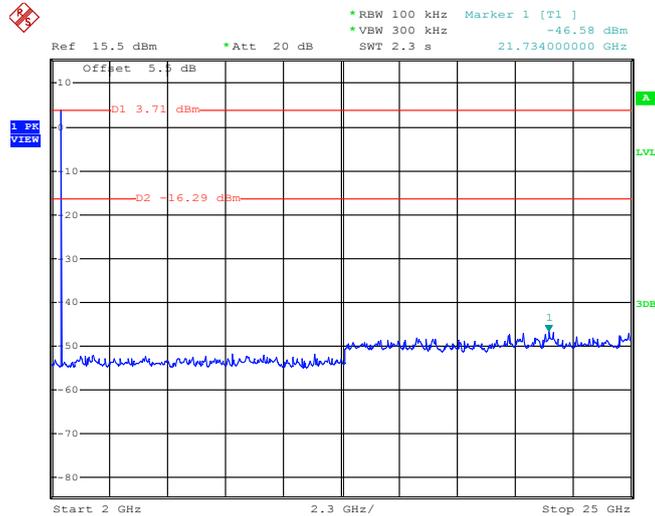
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	54~55%
		Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:50:55

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

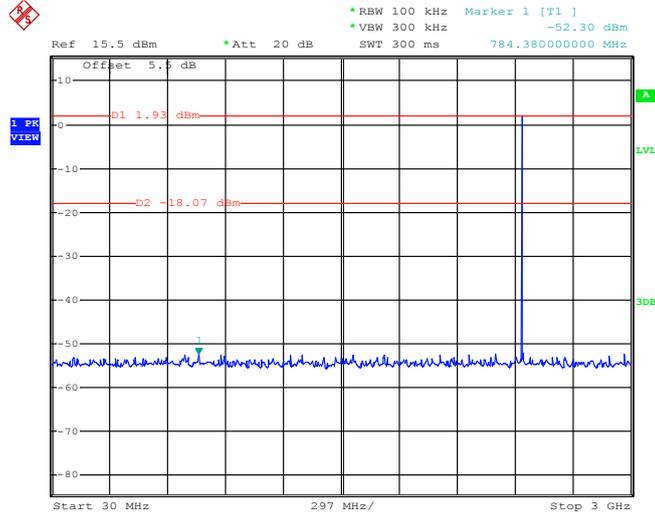


Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:51:16



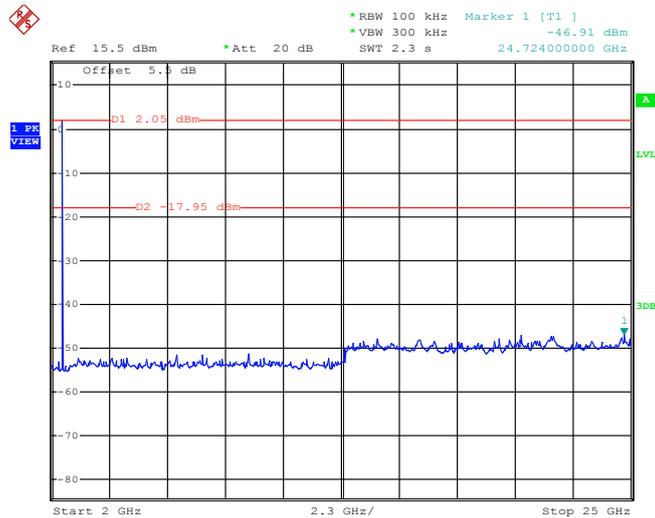
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	54~55%
		Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 17.JUL.2016 16:03:56

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

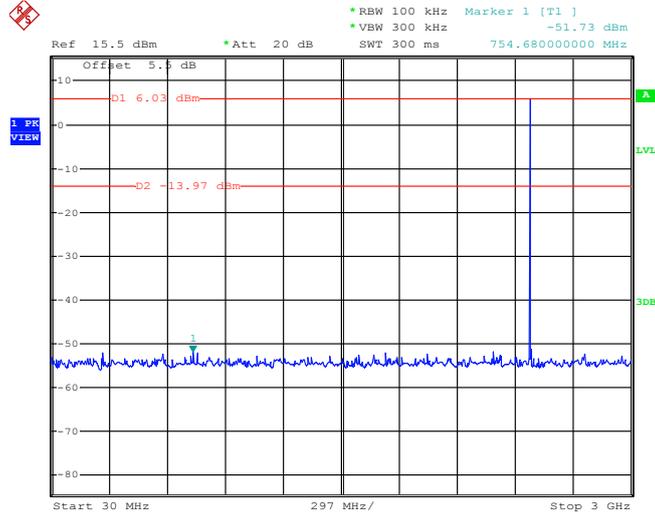


Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:53:38



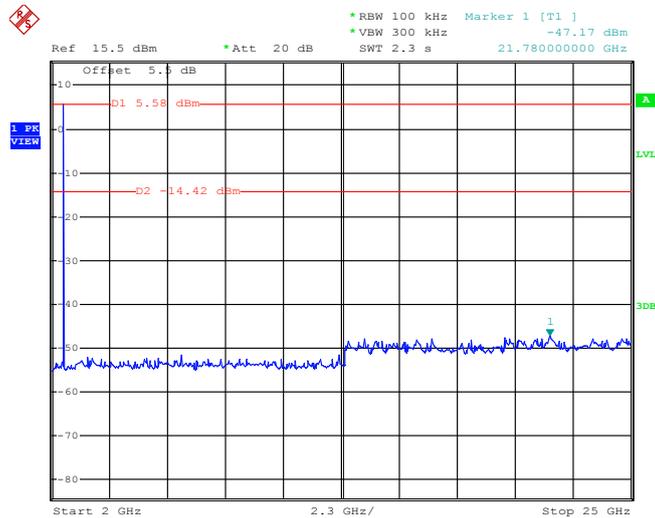
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	54~55%
		Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:55:22

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

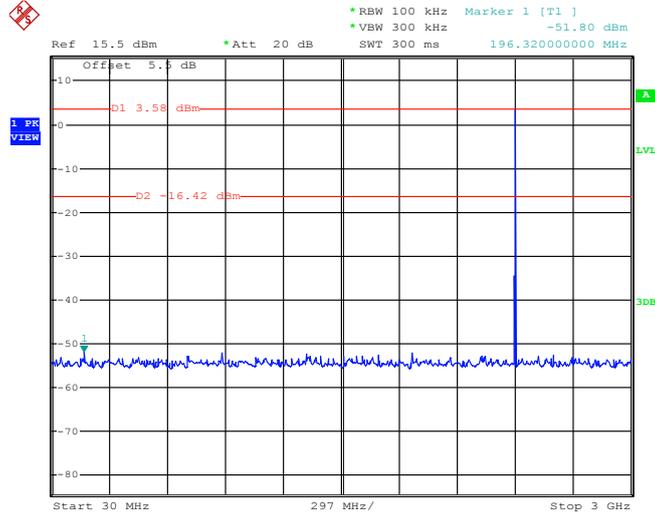


Date: 17.JUL.2016 15:55:44



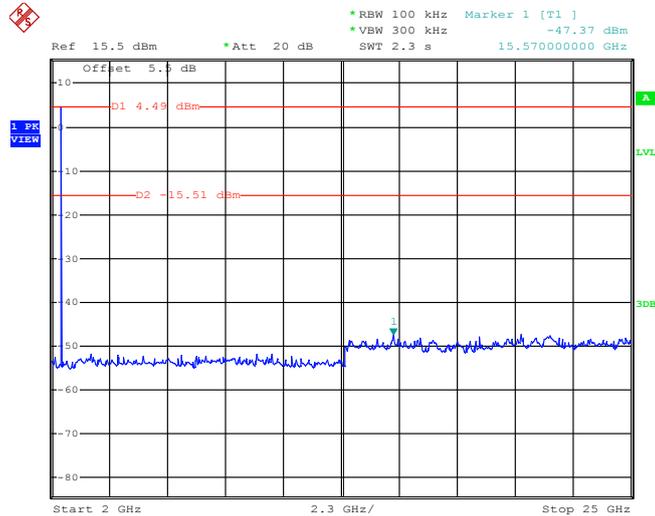
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	54~55%
		Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 17.JUL.2016 16:12:45

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

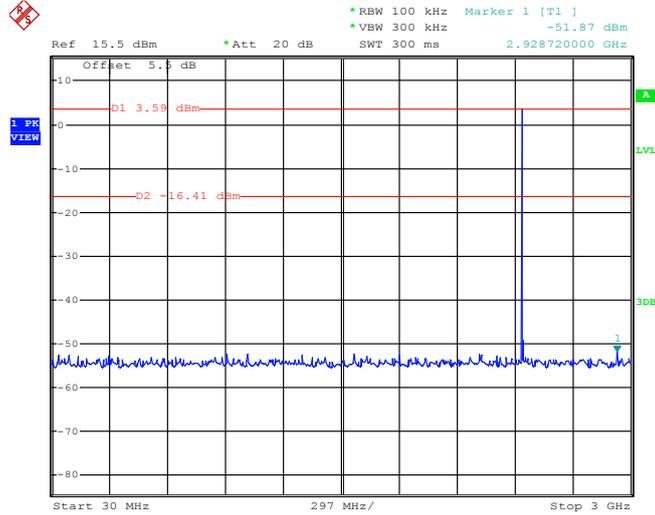


Date: 17.JUL.2016 16:13:06



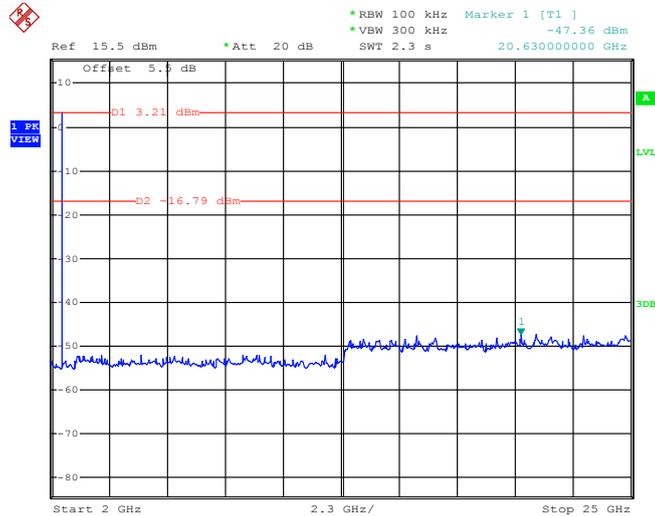
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	54~55%
		Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 17.JUL.2016 16:10:21

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

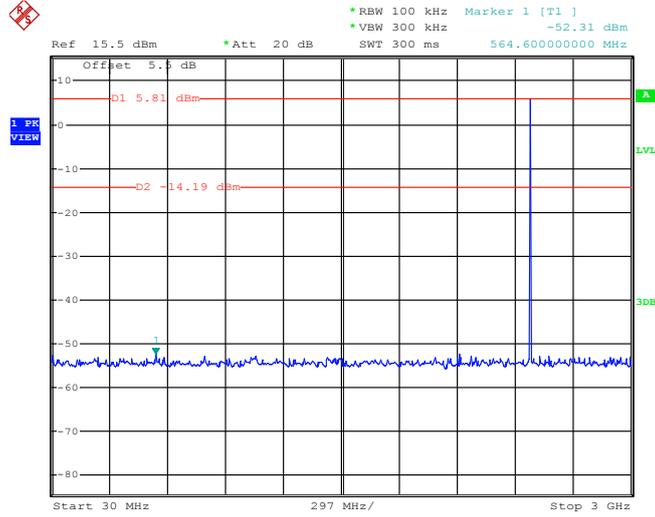


Date: 17.JUL.2016 16:15:00



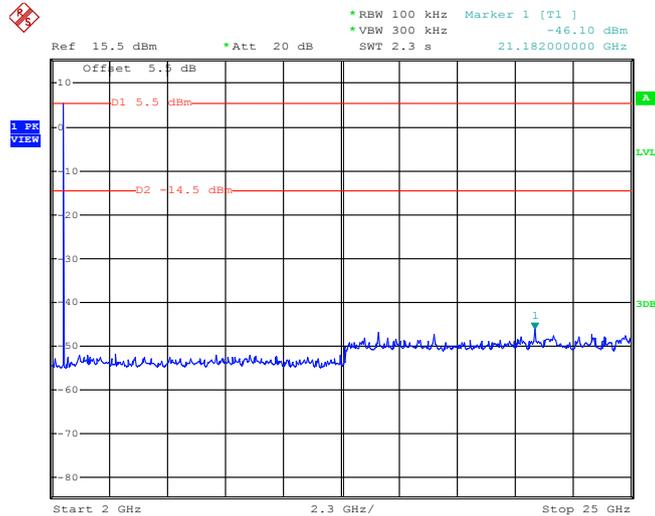
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	54~55%
		Test Engineer :	Ivan Chen

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 17.JUL.2016 16:09:07

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date: 17.JUL.2016 16:09:29



### 3.8 Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement

#### 3.8.1 Limit of Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiator frequency band, all harmonics/spurious must be at least 20 dB below the highest emission level within the authorized band. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the FCC section 15.209 limits as below.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 – 88	100	3
88 – 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

#### 3.8.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.



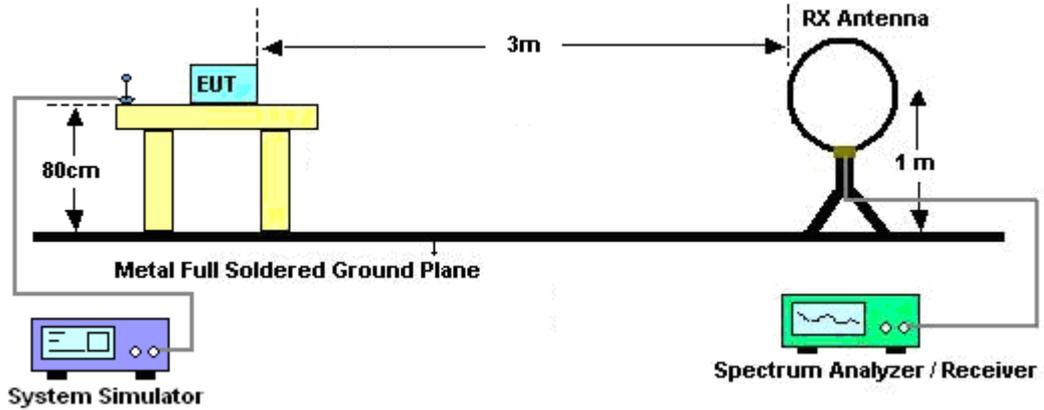
### 3.8.3 Test Procedures

1. The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter for frequency below 1GHz and 1.5 meter for frequency above 1GHz respectively above ground.
2. The EUT was set 3 meters from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower.
3. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then tune the Antenna tower (from 1 m to 4 m) and turntable (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are used for the test in order to get better signal level to comply with the guidelines.
4. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
  - (1) Span shall wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured;
  - (2) Set RBW=100 kHz for  $f < 1$  GHz, RBW=1MHz for  $f > 1$ GHz ; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold for peak
  - (3) For average measurement: use duty cycle correction factor method per 15.35(c).  
Duty cycle = On time/100 milliseconds  
On time =  $N_1 * L_1 + N_2 * L_2 + \dots + N_{n-1} * L_{n-1} + N_n * L_n$   
Where  $N_1$  is number of type 1 pulses,  $L_1$  is length of type 1 pulses, etc.  
Average Emission Level = Peak Emission Level +  $20 * \log(\text{Duty cycle})$
6. Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level

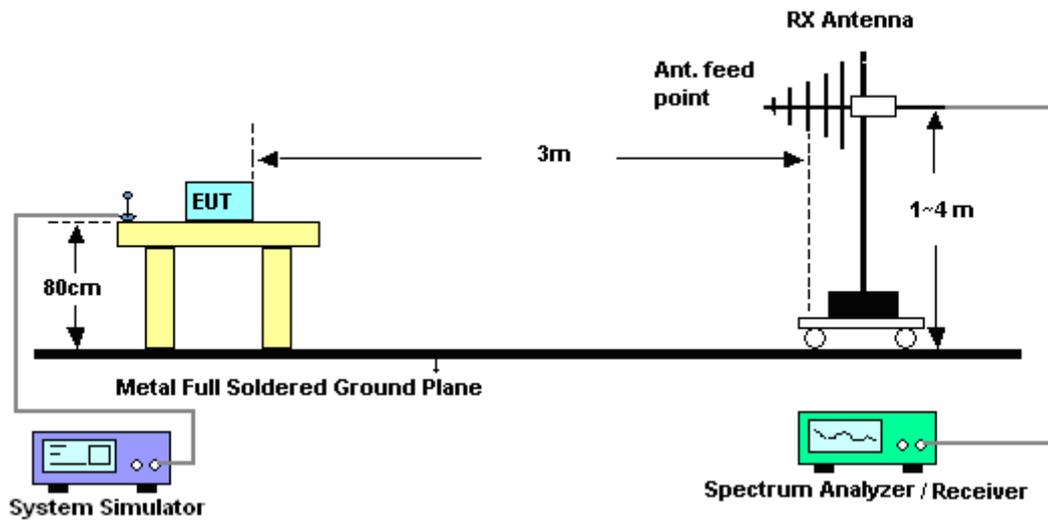
Note: The average levels were calculated from the peak level corrected with duty cycle correction factor (-24.79dB) derived from  $20 \log(\text{dwell time}/100\text{ms})$ . This correction is only for signals that hop with the fundamental signal, such as band-edge and harmonic. Other spurious signals that are independent of the hopping signal would not use this correction.

### 3.8.4 Test Setup

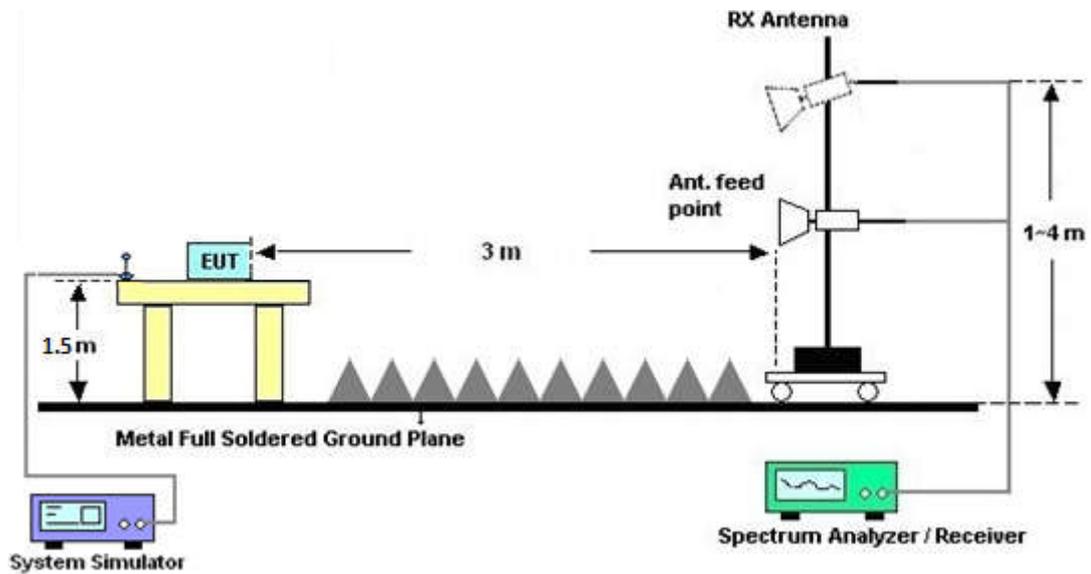
For radiated emissions below 30MHz



For radiated emissions from 30MHz to 1GHz



For radiated emissions above 1GHz

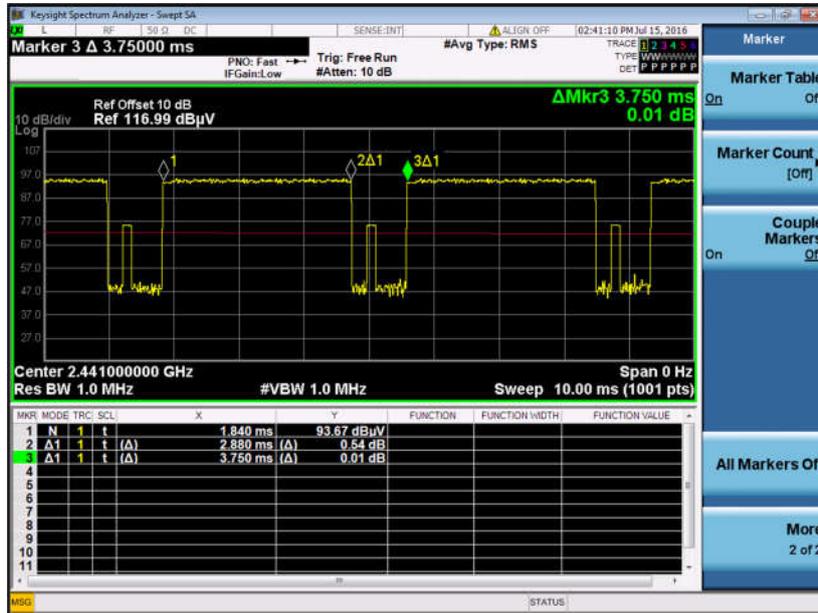


### 3.8.5 Test Results of Radiated Spurious Emissions (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)

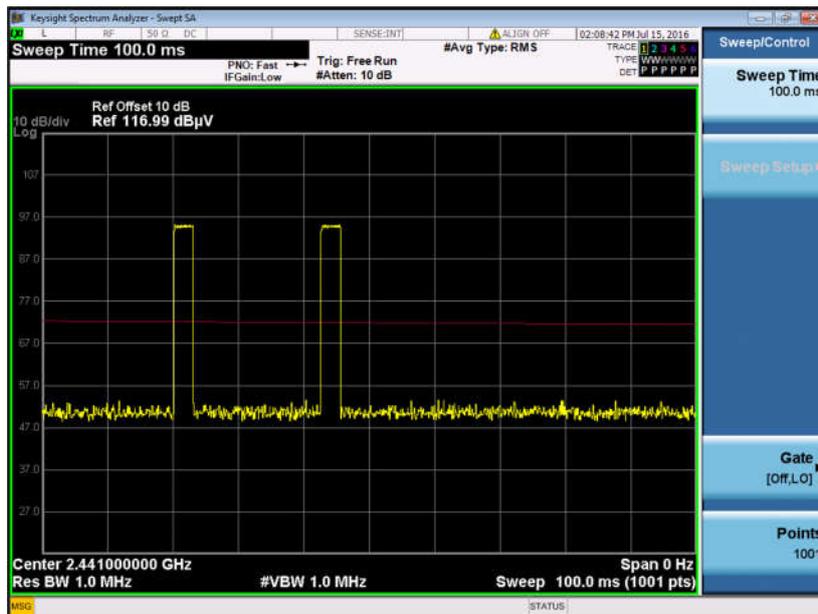
The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

### 3.8.6 Duty cycle correction factor for average measurement

3DH5 on time (One Pulse) Plot on Channel 39



3DH5 on time (Count Pulses) Plot on Channel 39



**Note:**

1. Worst case Duty cycle = on time/100 milliseconds =  $2 * 2.88 / 100 = 5.76 \%$
2. Worst case Duty cycle correction factor =  $20 * \log(\text{Duty cycle}) = -24.79 \text{ dB}$
3. 3DH5 has the highest duty cycle worst case and is reported.



**Duty Cycle Correction Factor Consideration for AFH mode:**

Bluetooth normal hopping rate is 1600Hz and reduced to 800Hz in AFH mode; due to the reduced number of hopping frequencies, with the same packet configuration the dwell time in each channel frequency within 100msec period is longer in AFH mode than normal mode.

In AFH mode, the minimum hopping frequencies are 20, to get the longest dwell time DH5 packet is observed; the period to have DH5 packet completing one hopping sequence is

$$2.88 \text{ ms} \times 20 \text{ channels} = 57.6 \text{ ms}$$

There cannot be 2 complete hopping sequences within 100ms period, considering the random hopping behavior, maximum 2 hops can be possibly observed within the period.  $[100\text{ms} / 57.6\text{ms}] = 2 \text{ hops}$

Thus, the maximum possible ON time:

$$2.88 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.76 \text{ ms}$$

Worst case Duty Cycle Correction factor, which is derived from the maximum possible ON time,

$$20 \times \log(5.76 \text{ ms}/100\text{ms}) = -24.79 \text{ dB}$$

**3.8.7 Test Result of Radiated Spurious at Band Edges**

Please refer to Appendix A.

**3.8.8 Test Result of Radiated Spurious Emission (30MHz ~ 10<sup>th</sup> Harmonic)**

Please refer to Appendix A.



### 3.9 AC Conducted Emission Measurement

#### 3.9.1 Limit of AC Conducted Emission

For equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table.

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dBµV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

\*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

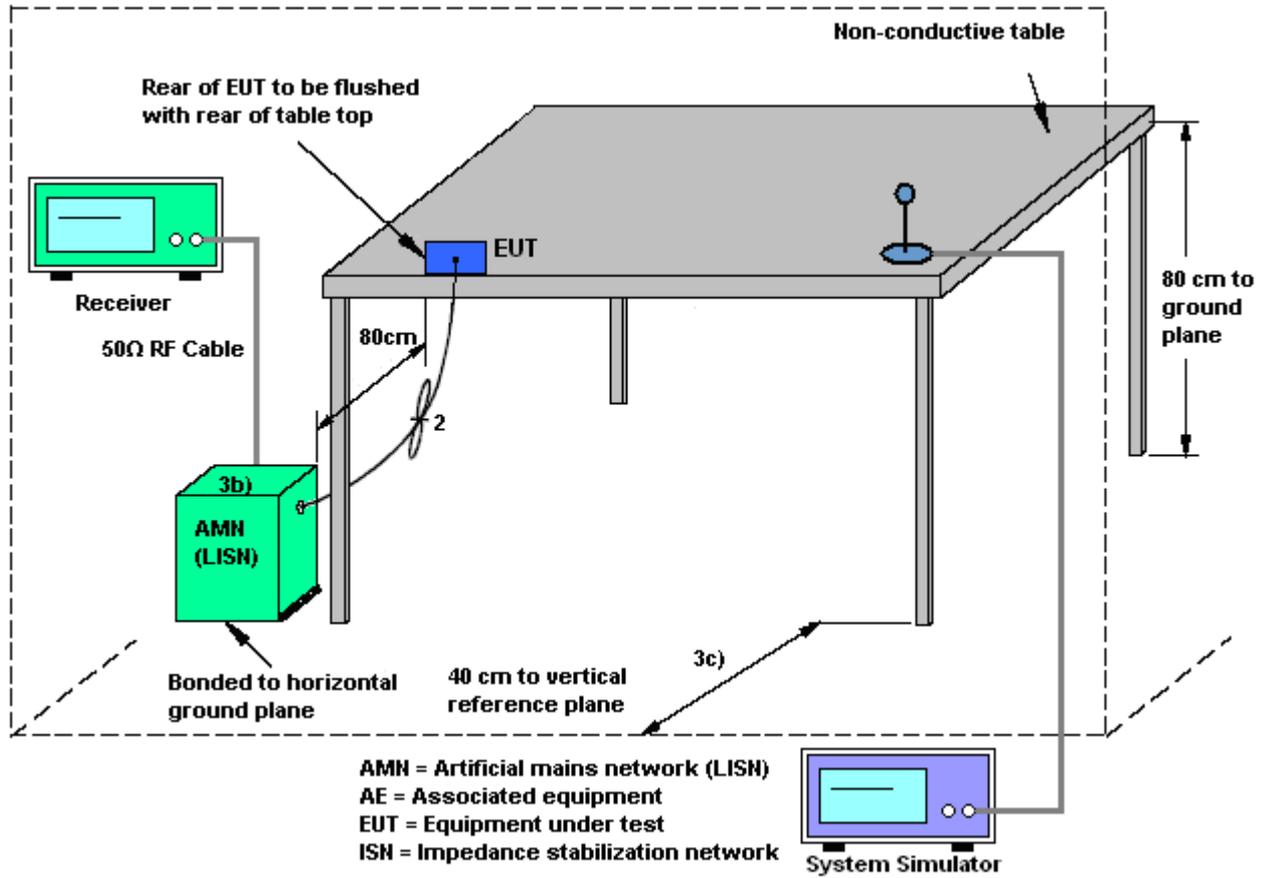
#### 3.9.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

#### 3.9.3 Test Procedures

1. The EUT was placed 0.4 meter from the conducting wall of the shielding room was kept at least 80 centimeters from any other grounded conducting surface.
2. Connect EUT to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN).
3. All the support units are connecting to the other LISN.
4. The LISN provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.
5. The FCC states that a 50 ohm, 50 microhenry LISN should be used.
6. Both sides of AC line were checked for maximum conducted interference.
7. The frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz was searched.
8. Set the test-receiver system to Peak Detect Function and specified bandwidth (IF Bandwidth = 9kHz) with Maximum Hold Mode. Then measurement is also conducted by Average Detector and Quasi-Peak Detector Function respectively.

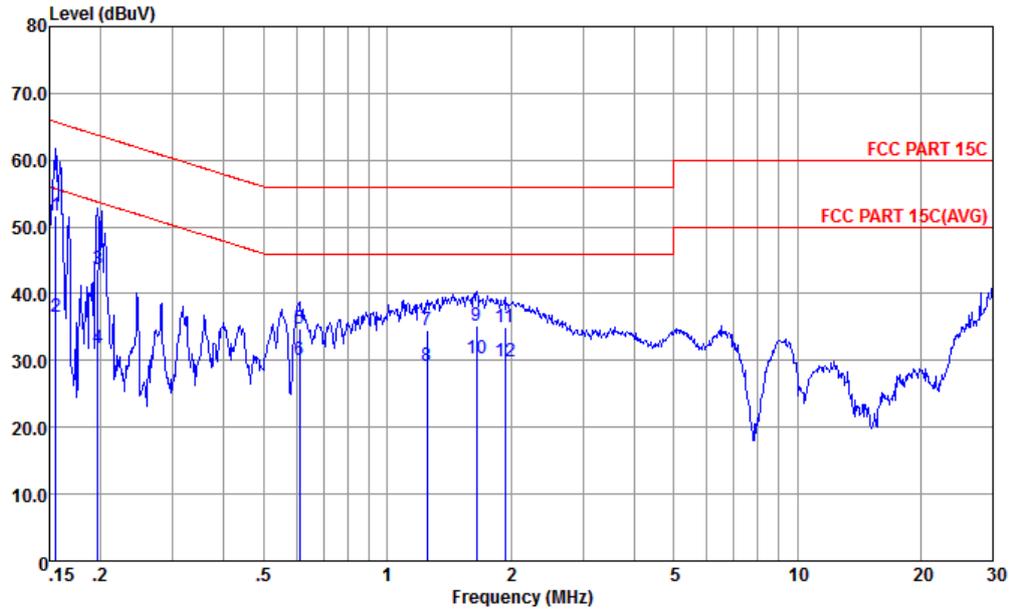
### 3.9.4 Test Setup





3.9.5 Test Result of AC Conducted Emission

Test Mode :	Mode 1	Temperature :	22~24°C
Test Engineer :	Amos Zhang	Relative Humidity :	44~47%
Test Voltage :	120Vac / 60Hz	Phase :	Line
Function Type :	GPRS850 Idle + Bluetooth Link + WLAN Link + USB Cable (Charging from Adapter 12V) + Earphone for Sample 1		

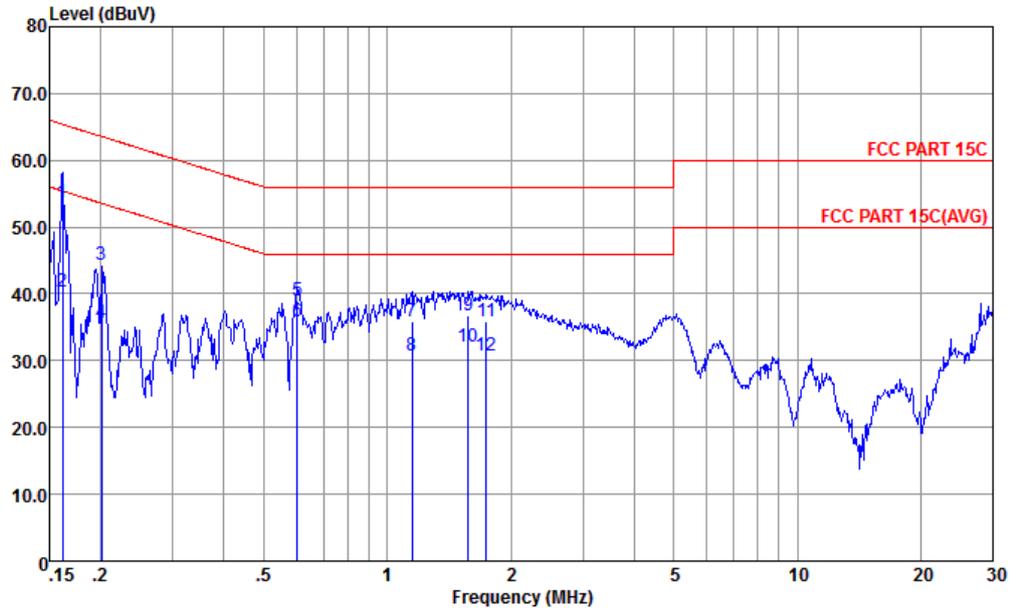


Site : CO01-KS  
 Condition : FCC PART 15C LISN-L-20151024 LINE  
 mode : Mode 1

	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	LISN Factor	Cable Loss	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB	
1 *	0.16	51.80	-13.89	65.69	41.20	0.49	10.11	QP
2	0.16	36.50	-19.19	55.69	25.90	0.49	10.11	Average
3	0.20	43.57	-20.19	63.76	33.20	0.24	10.13	QP
4	0.20	31.97	-21.79	53.76	21.60	0.24	10.13	Average
5	0.61	34.69	-21.31	56.00	24.29	0.24	10.16	QP
6	0.61	29.99	-16.01	46.00	19.59	0.24	10.16	Average
7	1.25	34.57	-21.43	56.00	24.20	0.23	10.14	QP
8	1.25	29.27	-16.73	46.00	18.90	0.23	10.14	Average
9	1.65	35.24	-20.76	56.00	24.90	0.20	10.14	QP
10	1.65	30.24	-15.76	46.00	19.90	0.20	10.14	Average
11	1.94	34.92	-21.08	56.00	24.60	0.18	10.14	QP
12	1.94	29.92	-16.08	46.00	19.60	0.18	10.14	Average



Test Mode :	Mode 1	Temperature :	22~24°C
Test Engineer :	Amos Zhang	Relative Humidity :	44~47%
Test Voltage :	120Vac / 60Hz	Phase :	Neutral
Function Type :	GPRS 850 Idle + Bluetooth Link + WLAN (2.4G) Link + USB Cable (Charging from Adapter 12V) + Earphone + Battery 1 for Sample 1		



Site : CO01-KS  
 Condition : FCC PART 15C LISN-N-20151024 NEUTRAL  
 mode : Mode 1

	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	LISN Factor	Cable Loss	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB	
1	0.16	53.71	-11.67	65.38	43.30	0.30	10.11	QP
2	0.16	40.31	-15.07	55.38	29.90	0.30	10.11	Average
3	0.20	44.34	-19.24	63.58	33.90	0.31	10.13	QP
4	0.20	35.64	-17.94	53.58	25.20	0.31	10.13	Average
5	0.60	39.09	-16.91	56.00	28.60	0.33	10.16	QP
6 *	0.60	35.79	-10.21	46.00	25.30	0.33	10.16	Average
7	1.15	35.81	-20.19	56.00	25.30	0.37	10.14	QP
8	1.15	30.81	-15.19	46.00	20.30	0.37	10.14	Average
9	1.58	36.82	-19.18	56.00	26.30	0.38	10.14	QP
10	1.58	32.12	-13.88	46.00	21.60	0.38	10.14	Average
11	1.74	35.82	-20.18	56.00	25.30	0.38	10.14	QP
12	1.74	30.82	-15.18	46.00	20.30	0.38	10.14	Average



## **3.10 Antenna Requirements**

### **3.10.1 Standard Applicable**

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

### **3.10.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction**

An embedded-in antenna design is used.

### **3.10.3 Antenna Gain**

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



## 4 List of Measuring Equipment

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Test Date	Due Date	Remark
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP40	100319	9kHz~40GHz	Oct. 24, 2015	Jul. 10, 2016~ Jul. 17, 2016	Oct. 23, 2016	Conducted (TH01-KS)
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	101040	10Hz~40GHz	Sep. 10, 2015	Jul. 10, 2016~ Jul. 17, 2016	Sep. 09, 2016	Conducted (TH01-KS)
Pulse Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0917070	300MHz~40GHz	Jan. 20, 2016	Jul. 10, 2016~ Jul. 17, 2016	Jan. 19, 2017	Conducted (TH01-KS)
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1005002	50MHz Bandwidth	Jan. 20, 2016	Jul. 10, 2016~ Jul. 17, 2016	Jan. 19, 2017	Conducted (TH01-KS)
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR7	101403	9kHz~7GHz; Max 30dBm	Sep. 10, 2015	Jul. 15, 2016	Sep. 09, 2016	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
EXA Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9010A	MY5515024 4	10Hz~44GHz	Apr. 22, 2016	Jul. 15, 2016	Apr. 21, 2017	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	100321	9kHz~30MHz	Nov. 07, 2015	Jul. 15, 2016	Nov. 06, 2016	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
Bilog Antenna	TeseQ	CBL6112D	35406	25MHz~2GHz	Apr. 16, 2016	Jul. 15, 2016	Apr. 15, 2017	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	9120D-1356	1GHz~18GHz	Apr. 16, 2016	Jul. 15, 2016	Apr. 15, 2017	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
SHF-EHF Horn	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	BBHA17024 9	15GHz ~40GHz	Mar. 03, 2016	Jul. 15, 2016	Mar. 02, 2017	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
Amplifier	Burgeon	BPA-530	102212	0.01MHz-3000M Hz	Aug. 10, 2015	Jul. 15, 2016	Aug. 09, 2016	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
Amplifier	MITEQ	TTA1840-35- HG	1887435	18~40GHz	Aug. 27, 2015	Jul. 15, 2016	Aug. 26, 2016	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A02370	1GHz~26.5GHz	Oct. 24, 2015	Jul. 15, 2016	Oct. 23, 2016	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
AC Power Source	Chroma	61601	F104090004	N/A	NCR	Jul. 15, 2016	NCR	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
Turn Table	ChamPro	EM 1000-T	060762-T	0~360 degree	NCR	Jul. 15, 2016	NCR	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
Antenna Mast	ChamPro	EM 1000-A	060762-A	1 m~4 m	NCR	Jul. 15, 2016	NCR	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR7	101403	9kHz~7GHz; Max 30dBm	Sep. 10, 2015	Jul. 25, 2016	Sep. 09, 2016	Conduction (CO01-KS)
AC LISN	MessTec	AN3016	060103	9kHz~30MHz	Oct. 24, 2015	Jul. 25, 2016	Oct. 23, 2016	Conduction (CO01-KS)
AC LISN (for auxiliary equipment)	MessTec	AN3016	060105	9kHz~30MHz	Oct. 24, 2015	Jul. 25, 2016	Oct. 23, 2016	Conduction (CO01-KS)
AC Power Source	Chroma	61602	ABP000000 811	AC 0V~300V, 45Hz~1000Hz	Oct. 24, 2015	Jul. 25, 2016	Oct. 23, 2016	Conduction (CO01-KS)

NCR: No Calibration Required



## 5 Uncertainty of Evaluation

### Uncertainty of Conducted Emission Measurement (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2Uc(y)$ )	2.3dB
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### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (30 MHz ~ 1000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2Uc(y)$ )	4.5dB
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### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (1GHz ~ 18GHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2Uc(y)$ )	4.5dB
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### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (18GHz~40GHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2Uc(y)$ )	4.6dB
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## Appendix A. Radiated Spurious Emission

### 2.4GHz 2400~2483.5MHz

#### BT (Band Edge @ 3m)

BT	Note	Frequency	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	Antenna Factor	Cable Loss	Preamp Factor	Ant Pos	Table Pos	Peak Avg.	Pol.
		( MHz )	( dBμV/m )	( dB )	( dBμV/m )	( dBμV )	( dB/m )	( dB )	( dB )	( cm )	( deg )	( P/A )	( H/V )
BT CH00 2402MHz		2386.7	50.7	-23.30	74	55.25	27	5.47	37.02	127	333	P	H
		2386.7	25.91	-28.09	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	H
	*	2402.04	97.42	-	-	101.97	27	5.47	37.02	127	333	P	H
	*	2402.04	72.63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	H
		2340.68	51.01	-22.99	74	55.75	26.86	5.41	37.01	109	222	P	V
		2340.68	26.22	-27.78	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	V
	*	2402.04	92.19	-	-	96.74	27	5.47	37.02	109	222	P	V
	*	2402.04	67.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	V
BT CH 39 2441MHz	*	2440.999	96.89	-	-	100.98	27.39	5.49	36.97	100	337	P	H
	*	2440.999	72.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	H
	*	2440.999	91.36	-	-	95.45	27.39	5.49	36.97	100	220	P	V
	*	2440.999	66.57	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	V
BT CH 78 2480MHz	*	2480.05	103.05	-	-	106.84	27.64	5.51	36.94	100	336	P	H
	*	2480.05	78.26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	H
		2483.55	54.96	-19.04	74	58.75	27.64	5.51	36.94	100	336	P	H
		2483.55	30.17	-23.83	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	H
	*	2479.98	97.83	-	-	101.62	27.64	5.51	36.94	100	305	P	V
	*	2479.98	73.04	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	V
		2499.51	51.45	-22.55	74	55.09	27.77	5.52	36.93	100	305	P	V
	2499.51	26.66	-27.34	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	V	
Remark	1. No other spurious found. 2. All results are PASS against Peak and Average limit line.												



2.4GHz 2400~2483.5MHz

BT (Harmonic @ 3m)

BT	Note	Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dBμV/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dBμV/m )	Read Level ( dBμV )	Antenna Factor ( dB/m )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Peak Avg. ( P/A )	Pol. ( H/V )
BT CH 00 2402MHz		4806	36.25	-37.75	74	58.32	31.48	5.91	59.46	100	302	P	H
		4806	37.13	-36.87	74	59.2	31.48	5.91	59.46	100	289	P	V
BT CH 39 2441MHz		4884	37.76	-36.24	74	59.78	31.59	5.53	59.14	100	168	P	H
		7320	37.93	-36.07	74	53.38	34.08	9.11	58.64	100	168	P	H
		4884	36.58	-37.42	74	58.6	31.59	5.53	59.14	100	129	P	V
		7320	37.72	-36.28	74	53.17	34.08	9.11	58.64	100	129	P	V
BT CH 78 2480MHz		4962	36.69	-37.31	74	58.65	31.72	5.06	58.74	100	0	P	H
		7440	37.95	-36.05	74	53.43	34.44	9.32	59.24	100	0	P	H
		4962	35.64	-38.36	74	57.60	31.72	5.06	58.74	100	244	P	V
		7440	36.9	-37.10	74	52.38	34.44	9.32	59.24	100	244	P	V
Remark	1. No other spurious found. 2. All results are PASS against Peak and Average limit line.												



Emission below 1GHz

2.4GHz BT (LF)

BT	Note	Frequency	Level	Over	Limit	Read	Antenna	Cable	Preamp	Ant	Table	Peak	Pol.
		( MHz )	( dBμV/m )	( dB )	( dBμV/m )	( dBμV )	( dB/m )	( dB )	( dB )	( cm )	( deg )	( P/A )	( H/V )
2.4GHz BT LF		68.8	32.08	-7.92	40	54.83	7.76	0.99	31.5	-	-	P	H
	!	86.26	34.59	-5.41	40	54.49	10.54	1.13	31.57	100	214	P	H
		159.98	28.38	-15.12	43.5	45.2	13.19	1.53	31.54	-	-	P	H
		246.31	34.89	-11.11	46	51.6	13.01	1.73	31.45	-	-	P	H
		271.53	34.94	-11.06	46	50.53	13.93	1.9	31.42	-	-	P	H
		415.09	28.43	-17.57	46	40.04	17.12	2.52	31.25	-	-	P	H
	!	30	34.27	-5.73	40	46.29	18.6	0.65	31.27	-	-	P	V
	!	65.89	35.15	-4.85	40	58.32	7.34	0.98	31.49	100	312	P	V
		86.26	33.32	-6.68	40	53.22	10.54	1.13	31.57	-	-	P	V
		161.92	30.56	-12.94	43.5	47.49	13.07	1.54	31.54	-	-	P	V
		254.07	38.53	-7.47	46	54.88	13.33	1.77	31.45	-	-	P	V
		344.28	36.06	-9.94	46	49.31	15.7	2.28	31.23	-	-	P	V
Remark	1. No other spurious found. 2. All results are PASS against limit line.												



Note symbol

*	<b>Fundamental Frequency</b> which can be ignored. However, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental frequency.
!	Test result is <b>over limit</b> line.
P/A	<b>Peak</b> or <b>Average</b>
H/V	<b>Horizontal</b> or <b>Vertical</b>



A calculation example for radiated spurious emission is shown as below:

WIFI	Note	Frequency	Level	Over	Limit	Read	Antenna	Cable	Preamp	Ant	Table	Peak	Pol.
Ant.				Limit	Line	Level	Factor	Loss	Factor	Pos	Pos	Avg.	
1+2		( MHz )	( dBμV/m )	( dB )	( dBμV/m )	( dBμV )	( dB/m )	( dB )	( dB )	( cm )	( deg )	( P/A )	( H/V )
802.11b		2390	55.45	-18.55	74	54.51	32.22	4.58	35.86	103	308	P	H
CH 01													
2412MHz		2390	43.54	-10.46	54	42.6	32.22	4.58	35.86	103	308	A	H

- Level(dBμV/m) =  
Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) + Read Level(dBμV) - Preamp Factor(dB)
- Over Limit(dB) = Level(dBμV/m) – Limit Line(dBμV/m)

**For Peak Limit @ 2390MHz:**

- Level(dBμV/m)  
= Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) + Read Level(dBμV) - Preamp Factor(dB)  
= 32.22(dB/m) + 4.58(dB) + 54.51(dBμV) – 35.86 (dB)  
= 55.45 (dBμV/m)
- Over Limit(dB)  
= Level(dBμV/m) – Limit Line(dBμV/m)  
= 55.45(dBμV/m) – 74(dBμV/m)  
= -18.55(dB)

**For Average Limit @ 2390MHz:**

- Level(dBμV/m)  
= Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) + Read Level(dBμV) - Preamp Factor(dB)  
= 32.22(dB/m) + 4.58(dB) + 42.6(dBμV) – 35.86 (dB)  
= 43.54 (dBμV/m)
- Over Limit(dB)  
= Level(dBμV/m) – Limit Line(dBμV/m)  
= 43.54(dBμV/m) – 54(dBμV/m)  
= -10.46(dB)

Both peak and average measured complies with the limit line, so test result is “PASS”.