

FCC RF Test Report

APPLICANT : Lenovo(Shanghai) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.
EQUIPMENT : Portable Tablet Computer
BRAND NAME : Lenovo
MODEL NAME : TB-X704A
FCC ID : O57TBX704A
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2, 27
CLASSIFICATION : PCS Licensed Transmitter (PCB)

The product was received on Mar. 13, 2017 and completely tested on May 27, 2017. We, Sporton International (KunShan) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI / TIA / EIA-603-D-2010 and shown compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (KunShan) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Prepared by: James Huang / Manager



Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



Sporton International (KunShan) INC.

No.3-2, Pingxiang Road, Kunshan Development Zone, Jiangsu, China



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION 6
1.1 Applicant 6
1.2 Manufacturer 6
1.3 Product Feature of Equipment Under Test 6
1.4 Product Specification of Equipment Under Test 6
1.5 Modification of EUT 7
1.6 Component List 7
1.7 Maximum Frequency Tolerance, Emission Designator and Conducted Power 7
1.8 Testing Site 8
1.9 Applied Standards 9
2 TEST CONFIGURATION OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST 10
2.1 Test Mode 10
2.2 Connection Diagram of Test System 11
2.3 Support Unit used in test configuration and system 11
2.4 Measurement Results Explanation Example 12
2.5 Frequency List of Low/Middle/High Channels 12
3 CONDUCTED TEST ITEMS 13
3.1 Measuring Instruments 13
3.2 Test Setup 13
3.3 Test Result of Conducted Test 13
3.4 Conducted Output Power Measurement 14
3.5 Peak-to-Average Ratio 15
3.6 EIRP Power Density 16
3.7 Occupied Bandwidth 17
3.8 Conducted Band Edge Measurement 18
3.9 Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement 19
3.10 Frequency Stability Measurement 20
4 RADIATED TEST ITEMS 21
4.1 Measuring Instruments 21
4.2 Test Setup 21
4.3 Test Result of Radiated Test 21
4.4 Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement 22
5 LIST OF MEASURING EQUIPMENT 23
6 UNCERTAINTY OF EVALUATION 24

APPENDIX A. TEST RESULTS OF CONDUCTED TEST

APPENDIX B. TEST RESULTS OF RADIATED TEST



APPENDIX C. TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS



SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

Report Section	FCC Rule	Description	Limit	Result	Remark
3.4	§2.1046	Conducted Output Power	Reporting Only	PASS	-
3.5	-	Peak-to-Average Ratio	<13dB	N/A	Reporting only
3.6	§27.50 (a)(3)	EIRP Power Density	EIRP < 250mW/5MHz	PASS	-
3.7	§2.1049	Occupied Bandwidth	Reporting Only	PASS	-
3.8	§2.1051 §27.53 (a)(4)	Conducted Band Edge Measurement	Refer standard	PASS	-
3.9	§2.1051 §27.53 (a)(4)	Conducted Spurious Emission	< 70+10log ₁₀ (P[Watts])	PASS	-
3.10	§2.1055 §27.54	Frequency Stability Temperature & Voltage	Within the band	PASS	-
4.4	§2.1053 §27.53 (a)(4)	Radiated Spurious Emission	< 70+10log ₁₀ (P[Watts])	PASS	Under limit 7.26 dB at 16140.000 MHz

1 General Description

1.1 Applicant

Lenovo(Shanghai) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.

NO.68 BUILDING, 199 FENJU RD, China (Shanghai) Pilot Free Trade Zone, 200131, CHINA

1.2 Manufacturer

Lenovo PC HK Limited

23/F, Lincoln House, Taikoo Place 979 King's Road, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong

1.3 Product Feature of Equipment Under Test

Product Feature	
Equipment	Portable Tablet Computer
Brand Name	Lenovo
Model Name	TB-X704A
FCC ID	O57TBX704A
EUT supports Radios application	WCDMA/HSPA/DC-HSDPA/HSPA+(16QAM uplink is not supported)/LTE/ WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth v3.0 + EDR/Bluetooth v4.0 LE/ Bluetooth v4.1 LE/Bluetooth v4.2 LE
IMEI Code	Conducted: 865301030001065 for Sample 1 Radiation: 865301030001123 for Sample 1 865301030005033 for Sample 2
HW Version	Lenovo Tablet TB-X704A
SW Version	TB-X704A_RF04_170515
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

1.4 Product Specification of Equipment Under Test

Product Feature	
Tx Frequency	LTE Band 30 : 2307.5 MHz ~ 2312.5 MHz
Rx Frequency	LTE Band 30 : 2352.5 MHz ~ 2357.5 MHz
Bandwidth	5MHz / 10MHz
Maximum Output Power to Antenna	LTE Band 30 : 23.50 dBm
Antenna Type / Gain	PIFA Antenna with -2.42 dBi
Type of Modulation	QPSK / 16QAM

1.5 Modification of EUT

No modifications are made to the EUT during all test items.

1.6 Component List

There are two types of EUT, the detailed differences between them are shown in the table. According to the differences, we choose sample 1 to perform full test and sample 2 to verify worst case.

Component	Sample 1		Sample 2	
	spec	supplier	spec	supplier
CPU	MSM8953	Qualcomm	MSM8953	Qualcomm
Flash	MCP_32GB-eMMC_16Gb-LPDDR3	Samsung	MCP_32GB-eMMC_16Gb-LPDDR3	Hynix
LCD+TP	A6090A_OCA_4.8 mm_G+F+F_NEG_COF_10.1_1200*1920_IPS_400_GT 9110P_INX_INX_OFLIM_ZIF+ZIF	O-film	A6090A_OCA_4.7 mm_GFF_NEG_COF_10.1_1200*1920_IPS_350_GT9110P_BOE_BOE_ZIF+ZIF	GIS
Front Camera	Camera_6.5*6.5*3.9_OV5695_5_5M_FF	Q Technology Limited	Camera_6.5*6.5*3.9_500W_OV5695_FF	AVC
Rear Camera	camera_8.62*8.56*5.06_IMX219_8MP_AF_	Q Technology Limited	Camera_8.5*8.5*5.0mm-800W-OV8856-AF-BB	O-film
Battery	7000 mAh_4.4V_ATL268494	SCUD(FUJIAN)	7000mAh_4.4V_CA278494G_A6090	Celxpert

1.7 Maximum Frequency Tolerance, Emission Designator and Conducted Power

LTE Band 30		QPSK			16QAM		
BW (MHz)	Frequency Range (MHz)	Emission Designator (99%OBW)	Frequency Tolerance (ppm)	Maximum Conducted power(W)	Emission Designator (99%OBW)	Frequency Tolerance (ppm)	Maximum Conducted power(W)
5	2307.5 ~ 2312.5	4M51G7D	-	0.2213	4M53W7D	-	0.1718
10	2310.0	8M97G7D	0.0026	0.2239	9M05W7D	-	0.1656



1.8 Testing Site

Test Site	Sporton International (KunShan) INC.		
Test Site Location	No.3-2, Pingxiang Road, Kunshan Development Zone, Jiangsu, China TEL: +86-0512-5790-0158 FAX: +86-0512-5790-0958		
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.		FCC/IC Registration No.
	TH01-KS	03CH03-KS	306251/4086E

Note: The test site complies with ANSI C63.4 2014 requirement.



1.9 Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- ♦ 47 CFR Part 2, Part 27(D)
- ♦ ANSI / TIA / EIA-603-D-2010
- ♦ FCC KDB 971168 Power Meas License Digital Systems D01 v02r02

Remark:

1. All test items were verified and recorded according to the standards and without any deviation during the test.
2. This EUT has also been tested and complied with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart B, recorded in a separate test report.



2 Test Configuration of Equipment Under Test

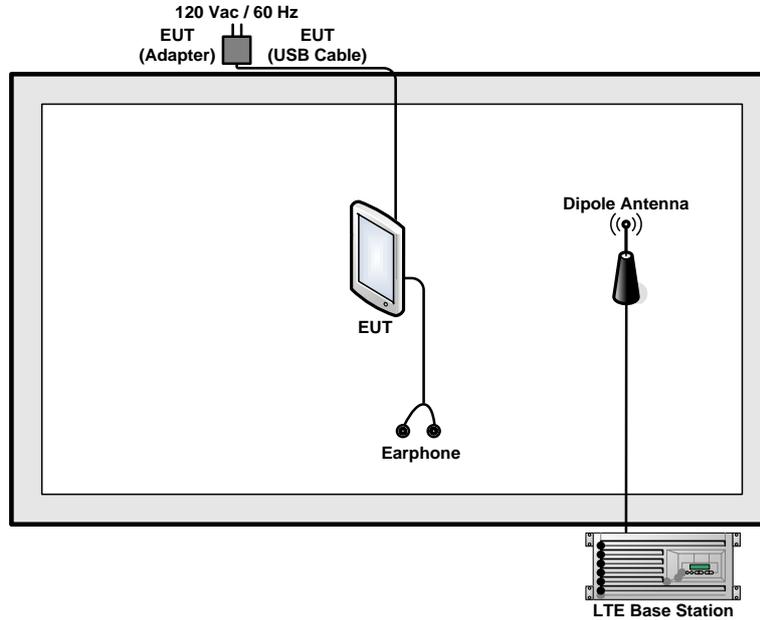
2.1 Test Mode

Antenna port conducted and radiated test items listed below are performed according to KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas. License Digital Systems v02r02 with maximum output power.

Radiated measurements are performed by rotating the EUT in three different orthogonal test planes to find the maximum emission.

Conducted Test Cases	Band	Bandwidth (MHz)						Modulation		RB #			Test Channel		
		1.4	3	5	10	15	20	QPSK	16QAM	1	Half	Full	L	M	H
Max. Output Power	30	-	-	V		-	-	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
		-	-		V	-	-	V	V	V	V	V		V	
Peak-to-Average Ratio	30	-	-		V	-	-	V	V	V		V		V	
E.I.R.P PSD	30	-	-	V		-	-	V	V	V			V	V	V
		-	-		V	-	-	V	V	V				V	
26dB and 99% Bandwidth	30	-	-	V		-	-	V	V			V	V	V	V
		-	-		V	-	-	V	V			V		V	
Conducted Band Edge	30	-	-	V		-	-	V	V	V		V	V		V
		-	-		V	-	-	V	V	V		V		V	
Conducted Spurious Emission	30	-	-	V		-	-	V	V	V			V	V	V
		-	-		V	-	-	V	V	V				V	
Frequency Stability	30	-	-		V	-	-	V				V		V	
Radiated Spurious Emission	30	-	-	V		-	-	V		V			V	V	V
		-	-		V	-	-	V		V				V	
Note	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> The mark "v" means that this configuration is chosen for testing The mark "-" means that this bandwidth is not supported. The device is investigated from 30MHz to 10 times of fundamental signal for radiated spurious emission test under different RB size/offset and modulations in exploratory test. Subsequently, only the worst case emissions are reported. 														

2.2 Connection Diagram of Test System



2.3 Support Unit used in test configuration and system

Item	Equipment	Trade Name	Model No.	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	LTE Base Station	Anritsu	MT8820C	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
2.	Earphone	Apple	MC690ZP/A	N/A	Shielded, 1.0m	N/A

2.4 Measurement Results Explanation Example

For all conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss.

$Offset = RF\ cable\ loss.$

Following shows an offset computation example with cable loss 5.7 dB.

Example :

$Offset(dB) = RF\ cable\ loss(dB).$
 $= 5.7\ (dB)$

2.5 Frequency List of Low/Middle/High Channels

LTE Band 30 Channel and Frequency List				
BW [MHz]	Channel/Frequency(MHz)	Lowest	Middle	Highest
10	Channel	-	27710	-
	Frequency	-	2310	-
5	Channel	27685	27710	27735
	Frequency	2307.5	2310	2312.5

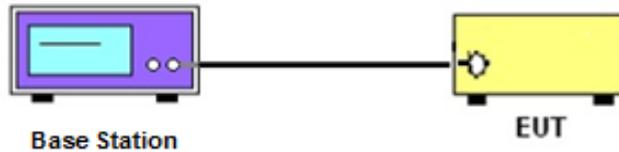
3 Conducted Test Items

3.1 Measuring Instruments

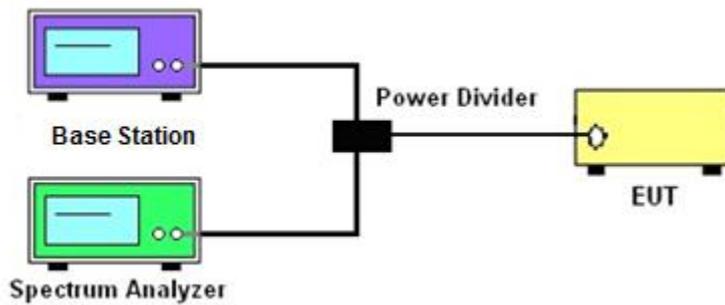
See list of measuring instruments of this test report.

3.2 Test Setup

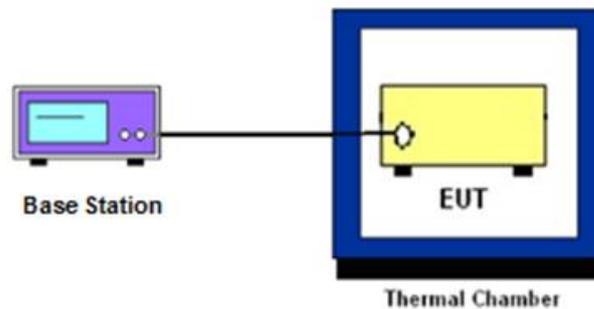
3.2.1 Conducted Output Power



3.2.2 Peak-to-Average Ratio, Occupied / 26dB Bandwidth ,Band-Edge and Conducted Spurious Emission



3.2.3 Frequency Stability



3.3 Test Result of Conducted Test

Please refer to Appendix A.



3.4 Conducted Output Power Measurement

3.4.1 Description of the Conducted Output Power Measurement

A system simulator was used to establish communication with the EUT. Its parameters were set to force the EUT transmitting at maximum output power. The measured power in the radio frequency on the transmitter output terminals shall be reported.

3.4.2 Test Procedures

1. The transmitter output port was connected to the system simulator.
2. Set EUT at maximum power through the system simulator.
3. Select lowest, middle, and highest channels for each band and different modulation.
4. Measure and record the power level from the system simulator.



3.5 Peak-to-Average Ratio

3.5.1 Description of the PAR Measurement

Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) curves provide a means for characterizing the power peaks of a digitally modulated signal on a statistical basis. A CCDF curve depicts the probability of the peak signal amplitude exceeding the average power level. Most contemporary measurement instrumentation include the capability to produce CCDF curves for an input signal provided that the instrument's resolution bandwidth can be set wide enough to accommodate the entire input signal bandwidth. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

3.5.2 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v02r02 Section 5.7.1.
2. The EUT was connected to spectrum and system simulator via a power divider.
3. Set the CCDF (Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function) option in spectrum analyzer.
4. The highest RF powers were measured and recorded the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1 %.
5. Record the deviation as Peak to Average Ratio.



3.6 EIRP Power Density

3.6.1 Description of EIRP Power Density

For mobile and portable stations transmitting in the 2305-2315 MHz band or the 2350-2360 MHz band, the average EIRP must not exceed 50 milliwatts within any 1 megahertz of authorized bandwidth, *except that* for mobile and portable stations compliant with 3GPP LTE standards or another advanced mobile broadband protocol that avoids concentrating energy at the edge of the operating band the average EIRP must not exceed 250 milliwatts within any 5 megahertz of authorized bandwidth but may exceed 50 milliwatts within any 1 megahertz of authorized bandwidth. For mobile and portable stations using time division duplexing (TDD) technology, the duty cycle must not exceed 38 percent in the 2305-2315 MHz and 2350-2360 MHz bands. Mobile and portable stations using FDD technology are restricted to transmitting in the 2305-2315 MHz band. Power averaging shall not include intervals in which the transmitter is off.

3.6.2 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v02r02 Section 5.7.1.
2. Set instrument center frequency to OBW center frequency.
3. Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW.
4. Set the RBW to the specified reference bandwidth (5MHz).
5. Set VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
6. Detector = RMS (power averaging).
7. Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep $\geq 2 \times$ span/RBW.
8. Sweep time = auto couple.
9. Employ trace averaging (RMS) mode over a minimum of 100 traces.
10. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the reference bandwidth (PSD).

3.7 Occupied Bandwidth

3.7.1 Description of Occupied Bandwidth Measurement

The occupied bandwidth is the width of a frequency band such that, below the lower and above the upper frequency limits, the mean powers emitted are each equal to a specified percentage 0.5% of the total mean transmitted power.

The 26dB occupied bandwidth is the width of a frequency band such that, below the lower and above the upper frequency limits, the mean powers emitted are each equal 26 dB.

The 26 dB emission bandwidth(EBW) is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and one below the carrier frequency, at which the spectral density of the emission is attenuated 26 dB below the maximum in-band spectral density of the modulated signal. Spectral density (power per unit bandwidth) is to be measured with a detector of resolution bandwidth equal to approximately 1.0% of the emission bandwidth.

3.7.2 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v02r02 Section 4.1 and 4.2.
2. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
3. The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the spectrum analyzer shall be between two and five times the anticipated OBW.
4. The nominal resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1 to 5 % of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be at least 3 times the RBW.
5. Set the detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max hold.
6. Determine the reference value: Set the EUT to transmit a modulated signal. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest level of the displayed trace.
(this is the reference value)
7. Determine the “-26 dB down amplitude” as equal to (Reference Value – X).
8. Place two markers, one at the lowest and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display such that each marker is at or slightly below the “-X dB down amplitude” determined in step 6. If a marker is below this “-X dB down amplitude” value it shall be placed as close as possible to this value. The OBW is the positive frequency difference between the two markers.
9. Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the spectrum analyzer and report the measured bandwidth.

3.8 Conducted Band Edge Measurement

3.8.1 Description of Conducted Band Edge Measurement

27.53 (a)(4)

For mobile and portable stations operating in the 2305-2315 MHz and 2350-2360 MHz bands:

(i) By a factor of not less than: $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2305 and 2320 MHz and on all frequencies between 2345 and 2360 MHz that are outside the licensed band(s) of operation, not less than $55 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2320 and 2324 MHz and on all frequencies between 2341 and 2345 MHz, not less than $61 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2324 and 2328 MHz and on all frequencies between 2337 and 2341 MHz, and not less than $67 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2328 and 2337 MHz;

(ii) By a factor of not less than $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2300 and 2305 MHz, $55 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2296 and 2300 MHz, $61 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2292 and 2296 MHz, $67 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2288 and 2292 MHz, and $70 + 10 \log (P)$ dB below 2288 MHz;

(iii) By a factor of not less than $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2360 and 2365 MHz, and not less than $70 + 10 \log (P)$ dB above 2365 MHz.

3.8.2 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v02r02 Section 6.0.
2. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
3. The band edges of low and high channels for the highest RF powers were measured.
4. Set RBW \geq 1% EBW in the 1MHz band immediately outside and adjacent to the band edge.
5. Beyond the 1 MHz band from the band edge, RBW=1MHz was used or a narrower RBW was used and the measured power was integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth of 1 MHz.
6. Set spectrum analyzer with RMS detector.
7. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.
8. Checked that all the results comply with the emission limit line.

Example:

The limit line is derived from $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB below the transmitter power P(Watts)

$$= P(W) - [43 + 10 \log (P)] \text{ (dB)}$$

$$= [30 + 10 \log (P)] \text{ (dBm)} - [43 + 10 \log (P)] \text{ (dB)} = -13 \text{ dBm.}$$

3.9 Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement

3.9.1 Description of Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be lower than the transmitter power (P) by a factor of at least $70 + 10 \log (P)$ dB.

It is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer and scanned from 9 kHz up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic.

3.9.2 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v02r02 Section 6.0.
2. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
3. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
4. The middle channel for the highest RF power within the transmitting frequency was measured.
5. The conducted spurious emission for the whole frequency range was taken.
6. Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz.
7. Set spectrum analyzer with RMS detector.
8. Taking the record of maximum spurious emission.
9. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.
10. The limit line is derived from $70 + 10\log(P)$ dB below the transmitter power P(Watts)
= $P(W) - [70 + 10\log(P)]$ (dB)
= $[30 + 10\log(P)]$ (dBm) - $[70 + 10\log(P)]$ (dB)
= -40dBm.

3.10 Frequency Stability Measurement

3.10.1 Description of Frequency Stability Measurement

The frequency stability shall be measured by variation of ambient temperature and variation of primary supply voltage to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within $\pm 0.00025\%$ ($\pm 2.5\text{ppm}$) of the center frequency.

3.10.2 Test Procedures for Temperature Variation

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v02r02 Section 9.0.
2. The EUT was set up in the thermal chamber and connected with the system simulator.
3. With power OFF, the temperature was decreased to -30°C and the EUT was stabilized before testing. Power was applied and the maximum change in frequency was recorded within one minute.
4. With power OFF, the temperature was raised in 10°C step up to 50°C . The EUT was stabilized at each step for at least half an hour. Power was applied and the maximum frequency change was recorded within one minute.

3.10.3 Test Procedures for Voltage Variation

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v02r02 Section 9.0.
2. The EUT was placed in a temperature chamber at $20\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ and connected with the system simulator.
3. The power supply voltage to the EUT was varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value measured at the input to the EUT.
4. The variation in frequency was measured for the worst case.

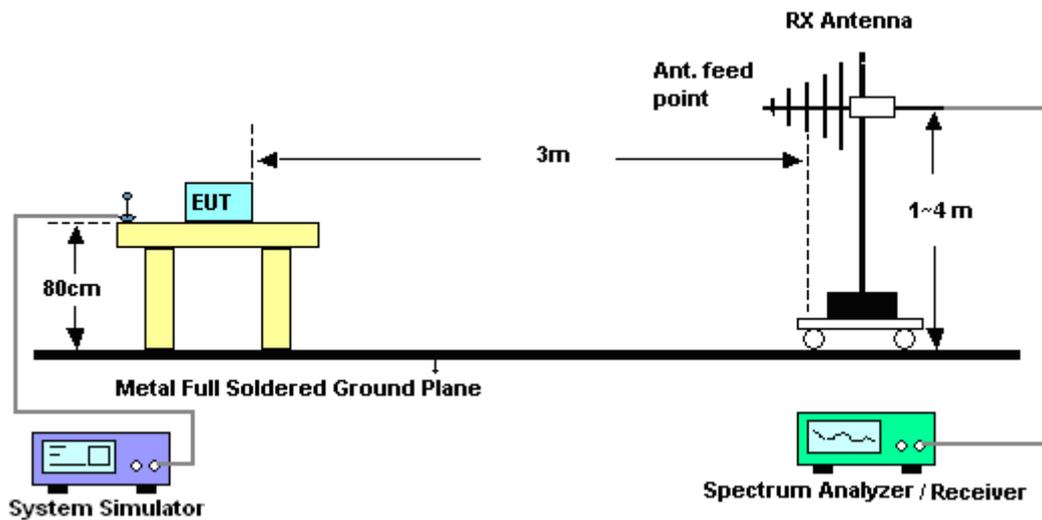
4 Radiated Test Items

4.1 Measuring Instruments

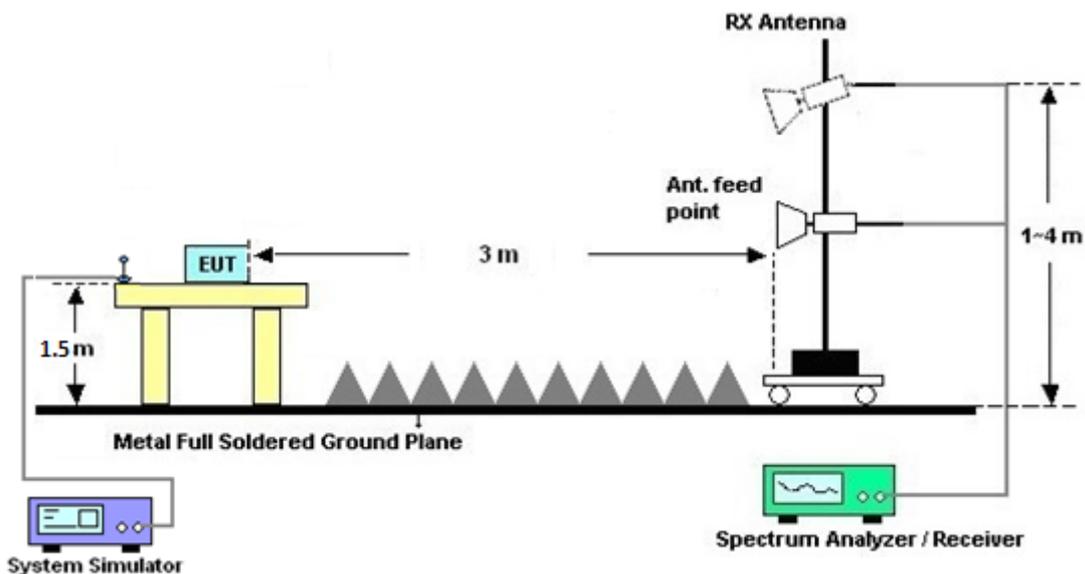
See list of measuring instruments of this test report.

4.2 Test Setup

4.2.1 For radiated test from 30MHz to 1GHz



4.2.2 For radiated test above 1GHz



4.3 Test Result of Radiated Test

Please refer to Appendix B.

4.4 Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement

4.4.1 Description of Radiated Spurious Emission

The radiated spurious emission was measured by substitution method according to ANSI / TIA / EIA-603-D-2010. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by a factor of at least $70 + 10 \log (P)$ dB.

The spectrum is scanned from 30 MHz up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic.

4.4.2 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v02r02 Section 5.8 and ANSI / TIA-603-D-2010 Section 2.2.12.
2. The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter height for frequency below 1GHz and 1.5 meter height for frequency above 1GHz respectively above ground.
3. The EUT was set 3 meters from the receiving antenna mounted on the antenna tower.
4. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest spurious emission.
5. The height of the receiving antenna is varied between 1m to 4m to search the maximum spurious emission for both horizontal and vertical polarizations.
6. During the measurement, the system simulator parameters were set to force the EUT transmitting at maximum output power.
7. Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz, taking the record of maximum spurious emission.
8. A horn antenna was substituted in place of the EUT and was driven by a signal generator.
9. Tune the output power of signal generator to the same emission level with EUT maximum spurious emission.
10. $EIRP \text{ (dBm)} = S.G. \text{ Power} - Tx \text{ Cable Loss} + Tx \text{ Antenna Gain}$
11. $ERP \text{ (dBm)} = EIRP - 2.15$
12. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.

The limit line is derived from $70 + 10\log(P)$ dB below the transmitter power P(Watts)
 $= P(W) - [70 + 10\log(P)] \text{ (dB)}$
 $= [30 + 10\log(P)] \text{ (dBm)} - [70 + 10\log(P)] \text{ (dB)}$
 $= -40\text{dBm}.$



5 List of Measuring Equipment

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Test Date	Due Date	Remark
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	101040	10Hz~40GHz	Aug. 09, 2016	May 12, 2017	Aug. 08, 2017	Conducted (TH01-KS)
Thermal Chamber	Ten Billion	TTC-B3S	TBN-960502	-40~+150°C	Oct.13, 2016	May 12, 2017	Oct.13, 2017	Conducted (TH01-KS)
EXA Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9010A	MY55150244	10Hz-44GHz	Apr. 18, 2017	May 27, 2017	Apr.17, 2018	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
Bilog Antenna	TeseQ	CBL6112D	35406	25MHz-2GHz	Apr. 22, 2017	May 27, 2017	Apr 21, 2018	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	9120D-1356	1GHz~18GHz	Apr. 22, 2017	May 27, 2017	Apr 21, 2018	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
SHF-EHF Horn	com-power	AH-840	101070	18GHz ~40GHz	Oct. 19, 2016	May 27, 2017	Oct. 18, 2017	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
Amplifier	com-power	PA-103A	161069	1MHz ~1000MHz / 32 dB	Apr 18, 2017	May 27, 2017	Apr 17, 2018	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
Amplifier	MITEQ	TTA1840-35-HG	1887435	18~40GHz	Oct. 13, 2016	May 27, 2017	Oct. 12, 2017	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
high gain Amplifier	MITEQ	AMF-7D-00 101800-30-1	2025788	1Ghz-18Ghz	Apr. 18. 2017	May 27, 2017	Apr. 17, 2018	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A02370	1GHz~26.5GHz	Oct. 13, 2016	May 27, 2017	Oct. 12, 2017	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
AC Power Source	Chroma	61601	F104090004	N/A	NCR	May 27, 2017	NCR	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
Turn Table	ChamPro	EM 1000-T	060762-T	0~360 degree	NCR	May 27, 2017	NCR	Radiation (03CH03-KS)
Antenna Mast	ChamPro	EM 1000-A	060762-A	1 m~4 m	NCR	May 27, 2017	NCR	Radiation (03CH03-KS)

NCR: No Calibration Required



6 Uncertainty of Evaluation

Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (30 MHz ~ 1000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U = 2Uc(y)$)	2.8dB
---	-------

Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (1 GHz ~ 40 GHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U = 2Uc(y)$)	3.3dB
---	-------



Appendix A. Test Results of Conducted Test

Conducted Output Power(Average power)



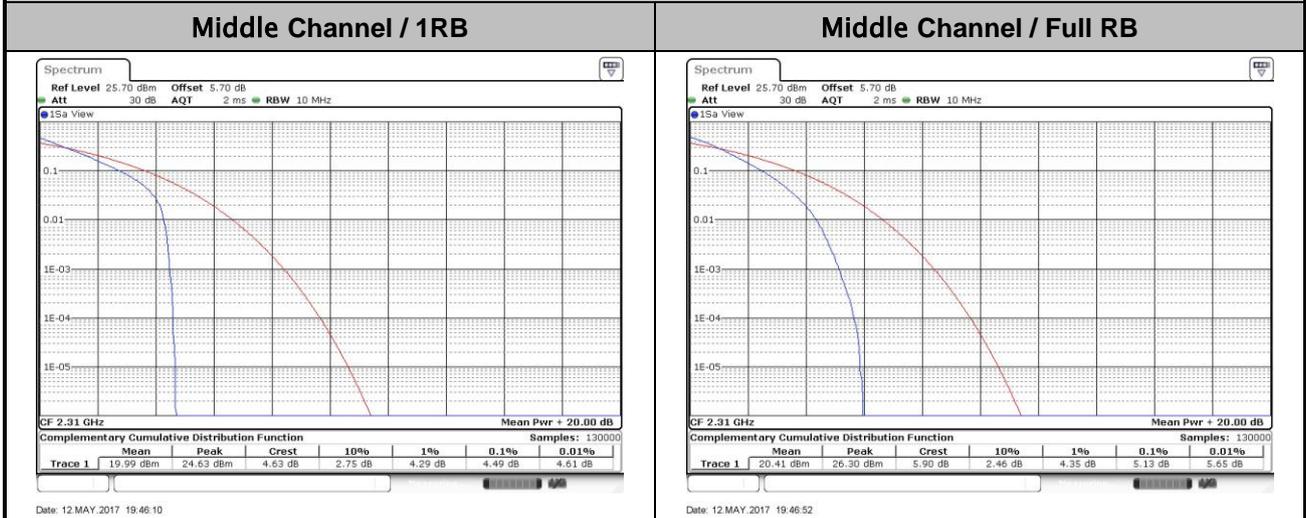
LTE Band 30 Maximum Average Power [dBm]						
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest
10	1	0	QPSK		23.17	
10	1	25			23.24	
10	1	49			23.50	
10	25	0			22.35	
10	25	12			22.30	
10	25	25			22.23	
10	50	0			22.35	
10	1	0	16-QAM	-	22.19	-
10	1	25			22.10	
10	1	49			21.99	
10	25	0			21.30	
10	25	12			21.36	
10	25	25			21.21	
10	50	0			21.28	
5	1	0	QPSK	23.00	23.11	23.00
5	1	12		23.38	23.45	23.36
5	1	24		22.95	23.12	23.06
5	12	0		22.30	22.29	22.37
5	12	7		22.27	22.34	22.38
5	12	13		22.22	22.28	22.25
5	25	0		22.21	22.33	22.36
5	1	0	16-QAM	22.35	22.02	22.02
5	1	12		22.19	22.06	21.98
5	1	24		21.91	21.85	22.03
5	12	0		21.12	21.22	21.00
5	12	7		21.34	21.46	21.26
5	12	13		21.19	21.39	21.15
5	25	0		21.10	21.45	21.09



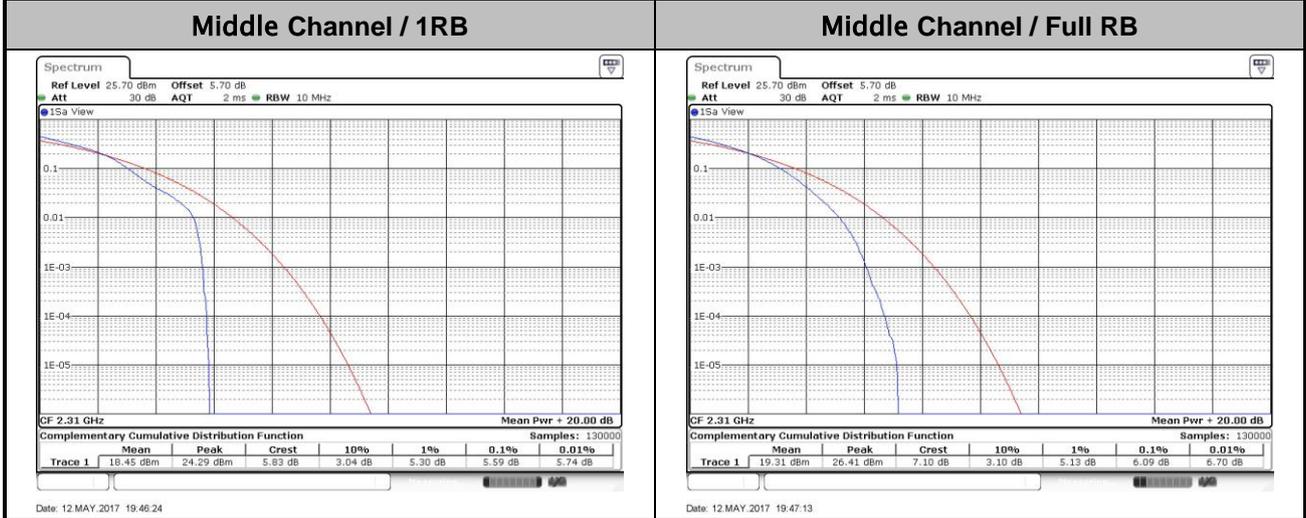
Peak-to-Average Ratio

Mode	LTE Band 30 / 10MHz			
Mod.	QPSK		16QAM	
RB Size	1RB	Full RB	1RB	Full RB
Middle CH	4.49	5.13	5.59	6.09

LTE Band 30 / 10MHz / QPSK



LTE Band 30 / 10MHz / 16QAM





EIRP Power Density

Mode	LTE Band 30 : Conducted Power Density (dBm/5MHz)											
	1.4MHz		3MHz		5MHz		10MHz		15MHz		20MHz	
Mod.	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Lowest CH					22.69	21.71						
Middle CH					22.77	21.39	22.68	21.71				
Highest CH					22.78	21.62						

Mode	LTE Band 30 : EIRP Power Density (dBm/5MHz)											
	1.4MHz		3MHz		5MHz		10MHz		15MHz		20MHz	
Mod.	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Lowest CH					20.27	19.29						
Middle CH					20.35	18.97	20.26	19.29				
Highest CH					20.36	19.2						
Antenna Gain	-2.42 dBi											
Limit	250mW / 5MHz = 24dBm / 5MHz											
Result	Pass											



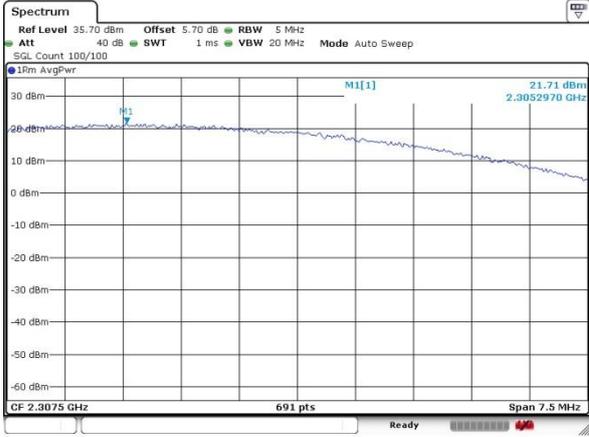
LTE Band 30 / 5MHz

Lowest Channel / 5MHz / 1RB0 / QPSK



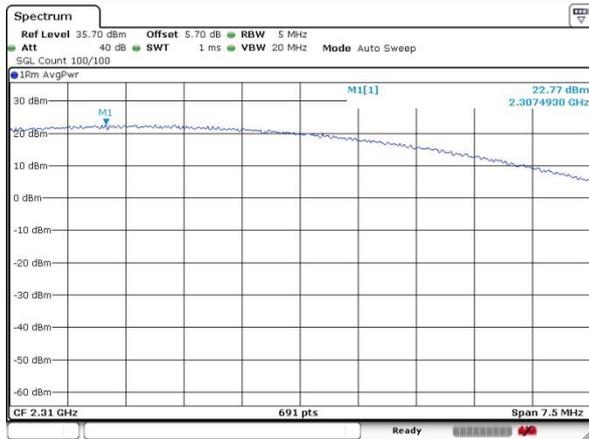
Date: 12 MAY 2017 19:57:05

Lowest Channel / 5MHz / 1RB0 / 16QAM



Date: 12 MAY 2017 19:57:40

Middle Channel / 5MHz / 1RB0 / QPSK



Date: 12 MAY 2017 19:58:16

Middle Channel / 5MHz / 1RBmax / 16QAM



Date: 12 MAY 2017 19:58:52

Highest Channel / 5MHz / Full RB / QPSK



Date: 12 MAY 2017 20:00:10

Highest Channel / 5MHz / Full RB / 16QAM



Date: 12 MAY 2017 20:00:38



LTE Band 30 / 10MHz

Lowest Channel / 10MHz / 1RB0 / QPSK



Date: 12 MAY 2017 19:53:34

Lowest Channel / 10MHz / 1RB0 / 16QAM



Date: 12 MAY 2017 19:54:04



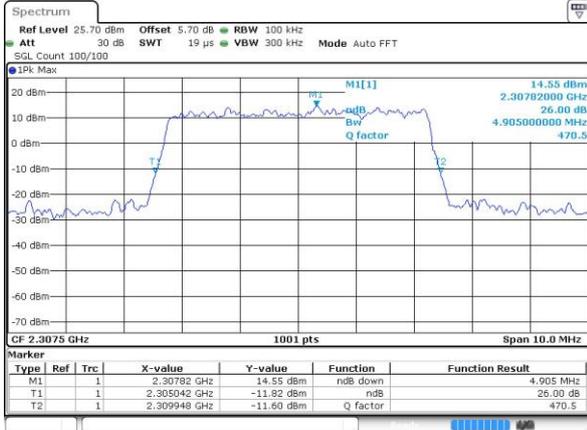
26dB Bandwidth

Mode	LTE Band 30 : 26dB BW(MHz)											
	1.4MHz		3MHz		5MHz		10MHz		15MHz		20MHz	
BW												
Mod.	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Lowest CH	-	-	-	-	4.905	4.945	-	-	-	-	-	-
Middle CH	-	-	-	-	4.905	4.895	9.75	9.93	-	-	-	-
Highest CH	-	-	-	-	4.905	4.995	-	-	-	-	-	-



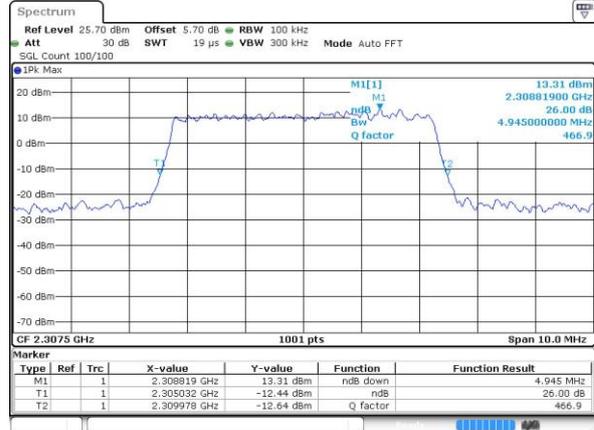
LTE Band 30

Lowest Channel / 5MHz / QPSK



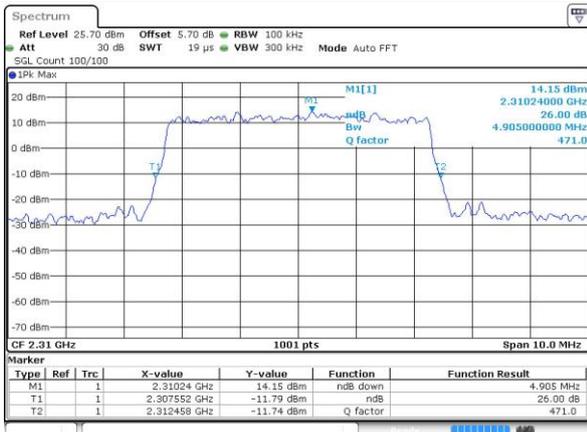
Date: 12 MAY 2017 18:54:43

Lowest Channel / 5MHz / 16QAM



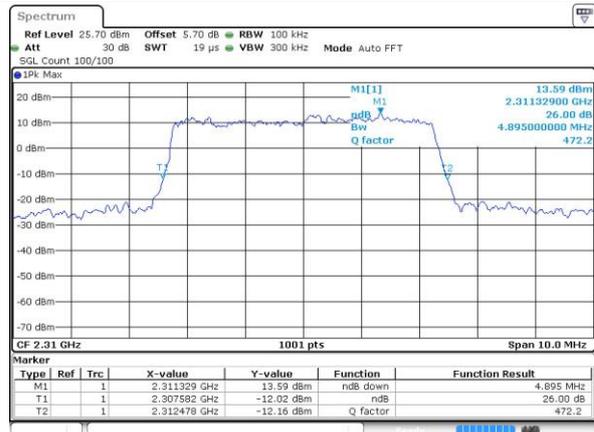
Date: 12 MAY 2017 18:55:02

Middle Channel / 5MHz / QPSK



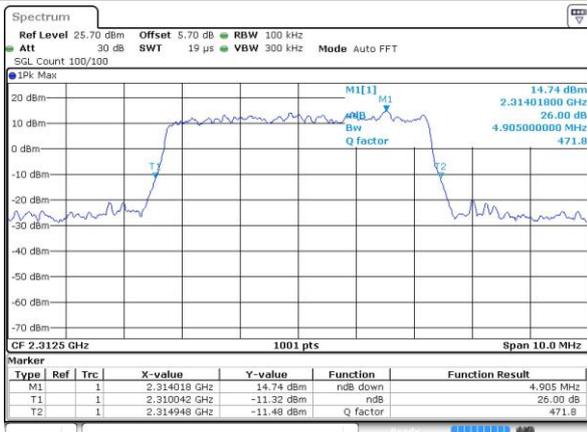
Date: 12 MAY 2017 18:55:24

Middle Channel / 5MHz / 16QAM



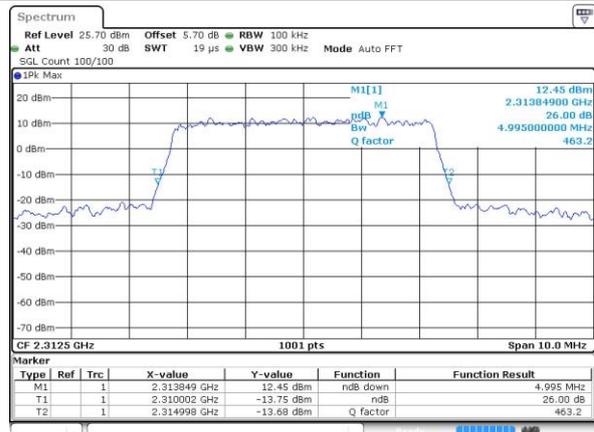
Date: 12 MAY 2017 18:55:44

Highest Channel / 5MHz / QPSK



Date: 12 MAY 2017 18:56:07

Highest Channel / 5MHz / 16QAM

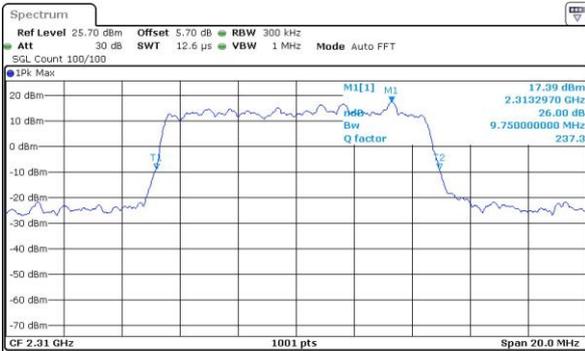


Date: 12 MAY 2017 18:56:26



LTE Band 30

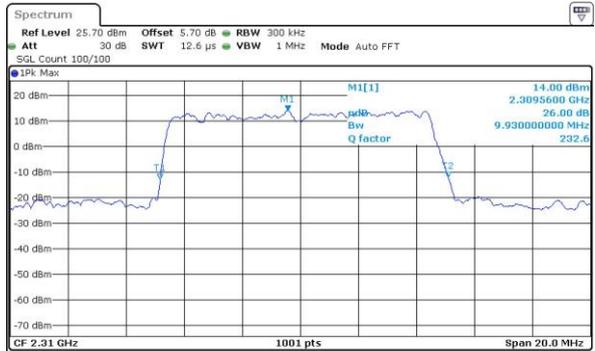
Middle Channel / 10MHz / QPSK



Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result
M1	1		2.313297 GHz	17.39 dBm	ndB down	9.75 MHz
T1	1		2.305185 GHz	-8.99 dBm	ndB	26.00 dB
T2	1		2.314935 GHz	-8.76 dBm	Q factor	237.3

Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:11:52

Middle Channel / 10MHz / 16QAM



Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result
M1	1		2.309560 GHz	14.00 dBm	ndB down	9.93 MHz
T1	1		2.305165 GHz	-13.00 dBm	ndB	26.00 dB
T2	1		2.315095 GHz	-12.00 dBm	Q factor	232.6

Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:12:15



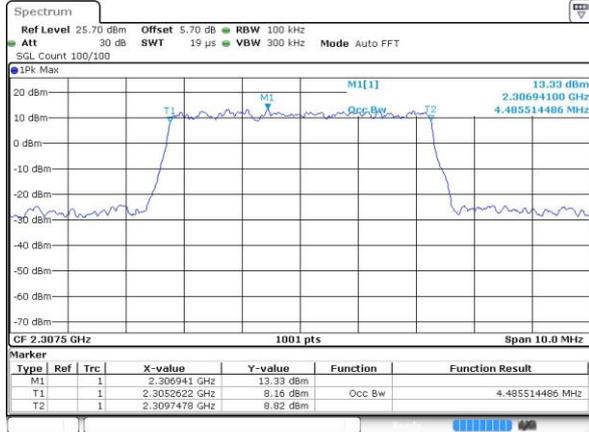
Occupied Bandwidth

Mode	LTE Band 30 : 99%OBW(MHz)											
	1.4MHz		3MHz		5MHz		10MHz		15MHz		20MHz	
BW												
Mod.	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Lowest CH	-	-	-	-	4.49	4.49	-	-	-	-	-	-
Middle CH	-	-	-	-	4.51	4.53	8.97	9.05	-	-	-	-
Highest CH	-	-	-	-	4.47	4.48	-	-	-	-	-	-



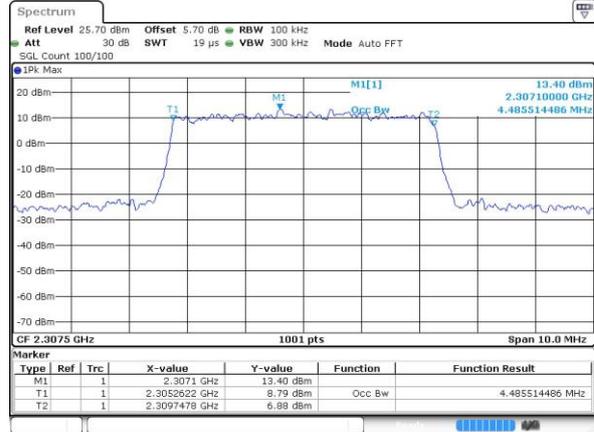
LTE Band 30

Lowest Channel / 5MHz / QPSK



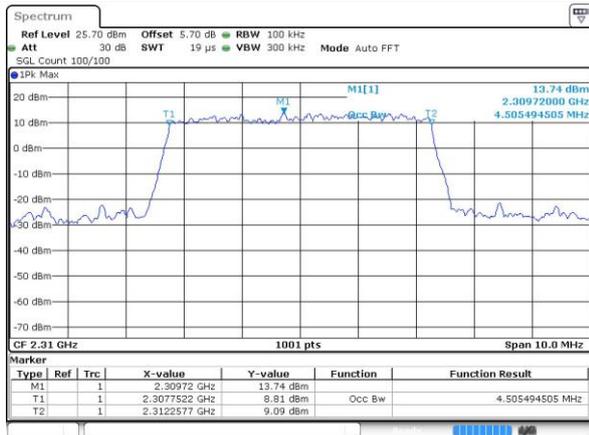
Date: 12 MAY 2017 18:54:34

Lowest Channel / 5MHz / 16QAM



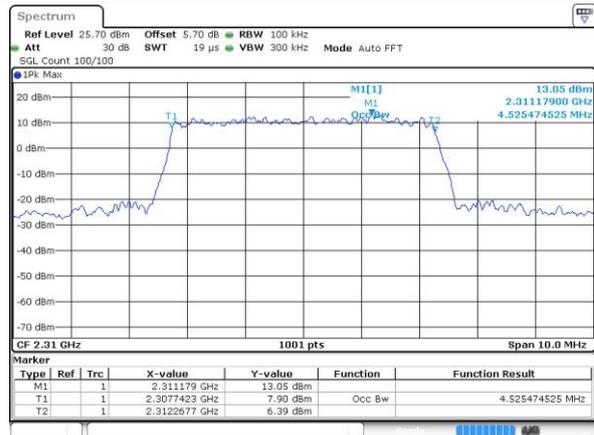
Date: 12 MAY 2017 18:54:53

Middle Channel / 5MHz / QPSK



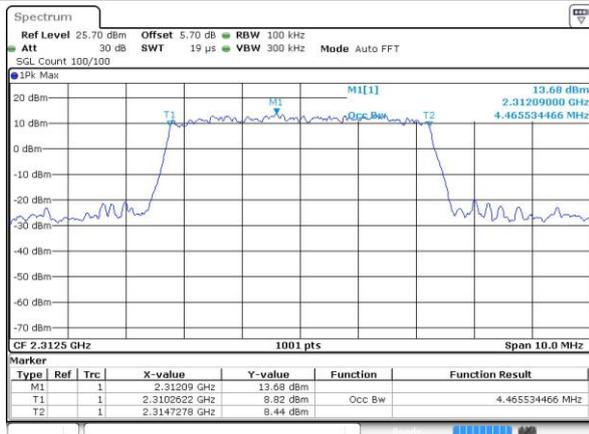
Date: 12 MAY 2017 18:55:15

Middle Channel / 5MHz / 16QAM



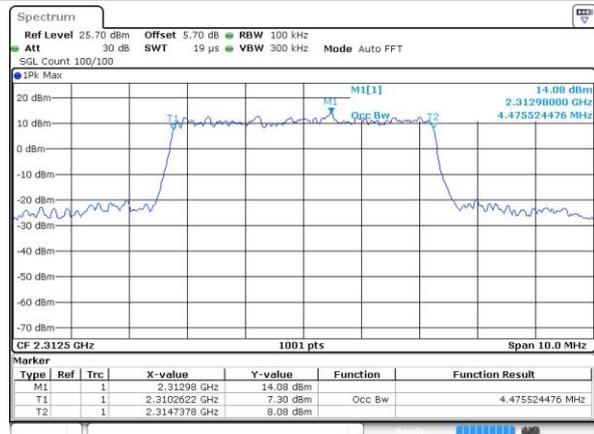
Date: 12 MAY 2017 18:55:36

Highest Channel / 5MHz / QPSK



Date: 12 MAY 2017 18:55:59

Highest Channel / 5MHz / 16QAM



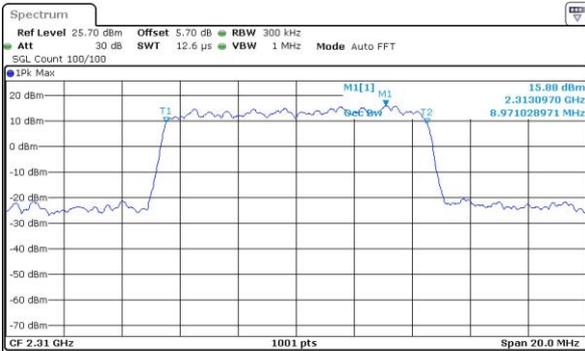
Date: 12 MAY 2017 18:56:17



LTE Band 30

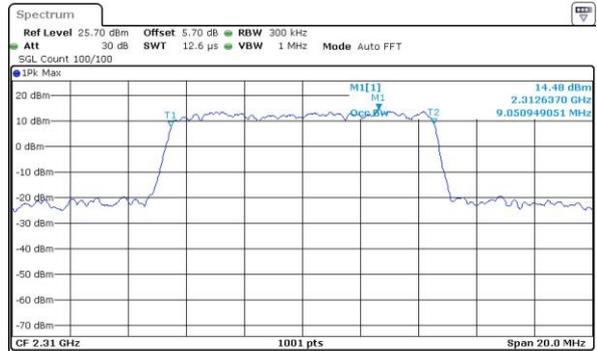
Middle Channel / 10MHz / QPSK

Middle Channel / 10MHz / 16QAM



Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result
M1	1		2.313097 GHz	15.88 dBm		
T1	1		2.3055245 GHz	9.50 dBm	Occ Bw	8.971028971 MHz
T2	1		2.3144955 GHz	8.94 dBm		

Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:11:21



Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result
M1	1		2.312637 GHz	14.48 dBm		
T1	1		2.3054845 GHz	7.73 dBm	Occ Bw	9.050949051 MHz
T2	1		2.3145355 GHz	8.98 dBm		

Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:12:03



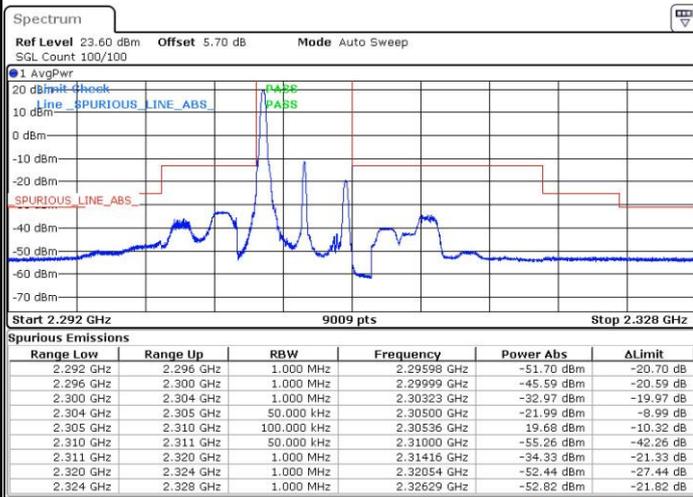
Conducted Band Edge



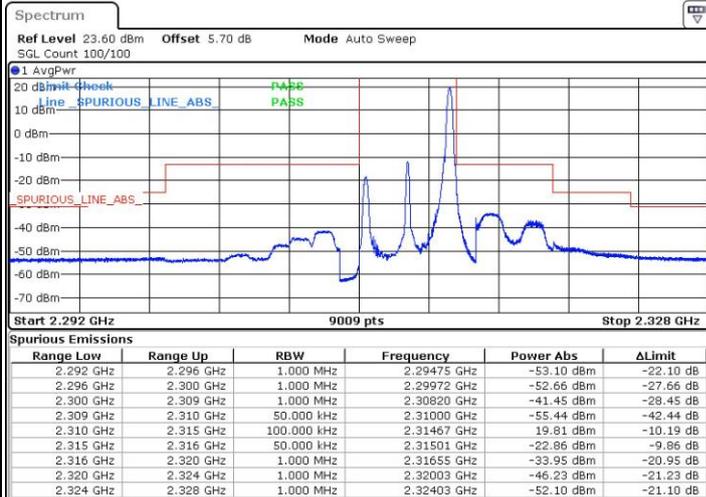
LTE Band 30 / 5MHz / QPSK

Lowest Band Edge / 1 RB

Highest Band Edge / 1 RB



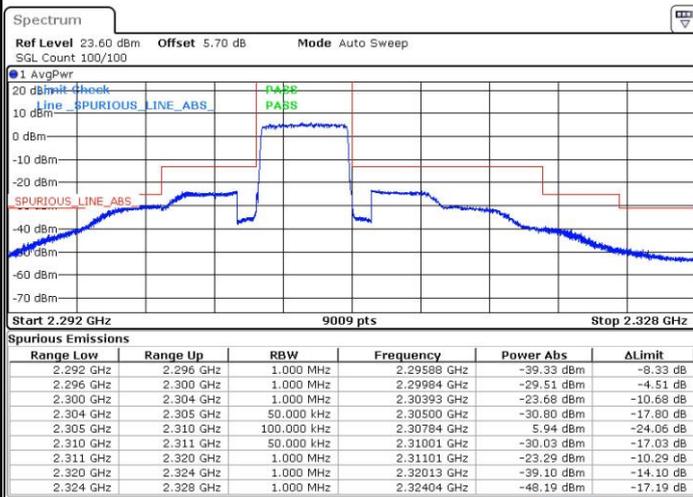
Date: 12.MAY.2017 18:57:22



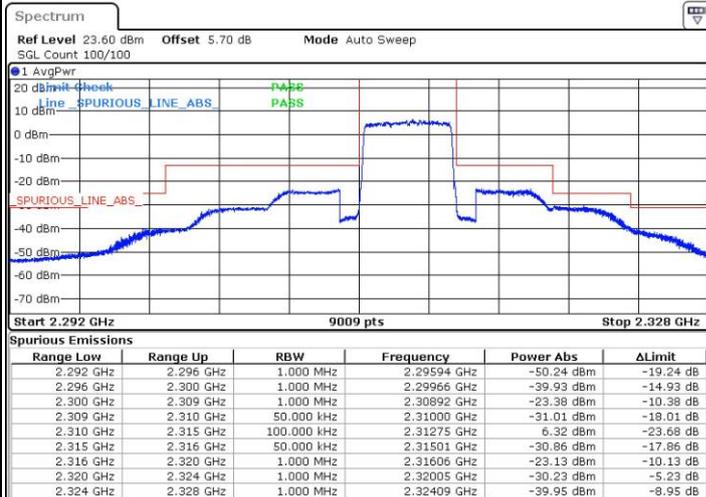
Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:02:53

Lowest Band Edge / Full RB

Highest Band Edge / Full RB



Date: 12.MAY.2017 18:58:39

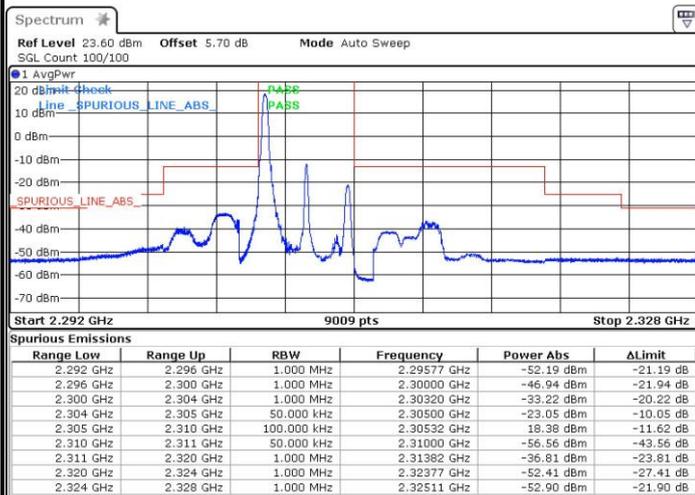


Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:04:38



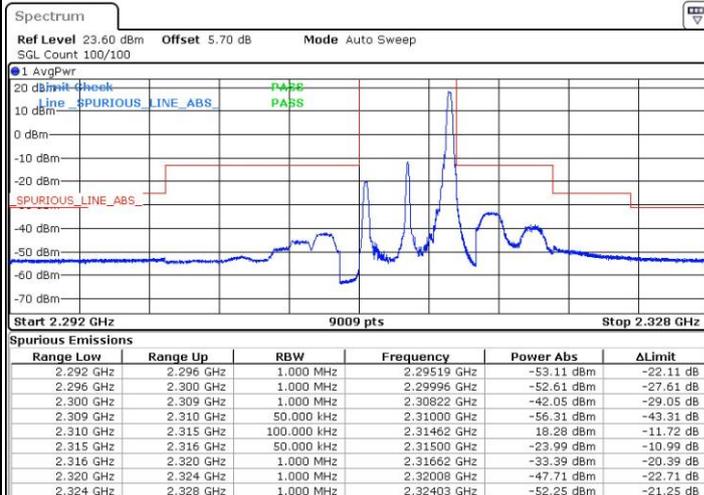
LTE Band 30 / 5MHz / 16QAM

Lowest Band Edge / 1RB



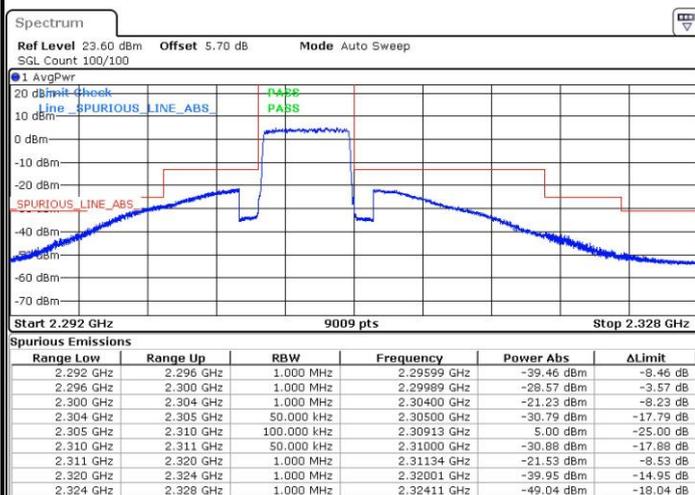
Date: 12.MAY.2017 20:04:17

Highest Band Edge / 1 RB



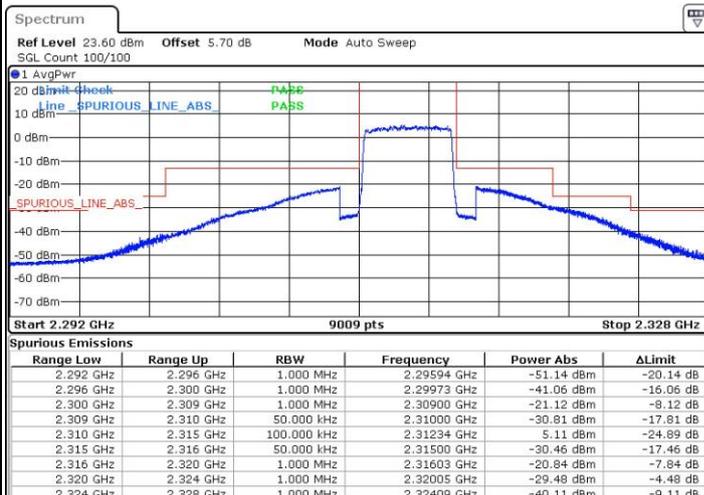
Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:03:27

Lowest Band Edge / Full RB



Date: 12.MAY.2017 18:59:14

Highest Band Edge / Full RB

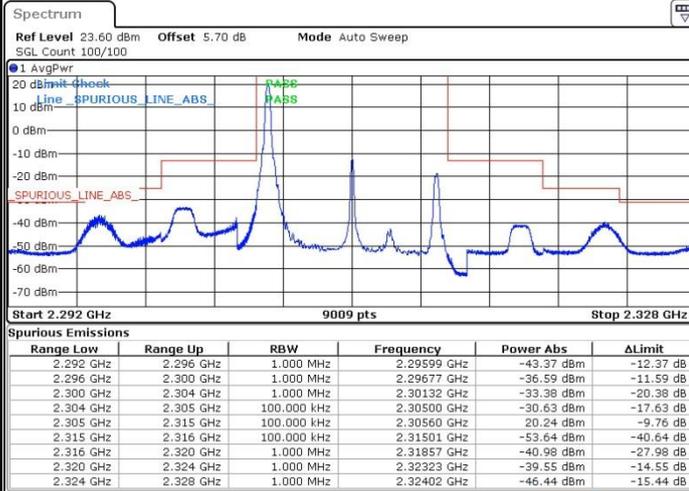


Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:05:11



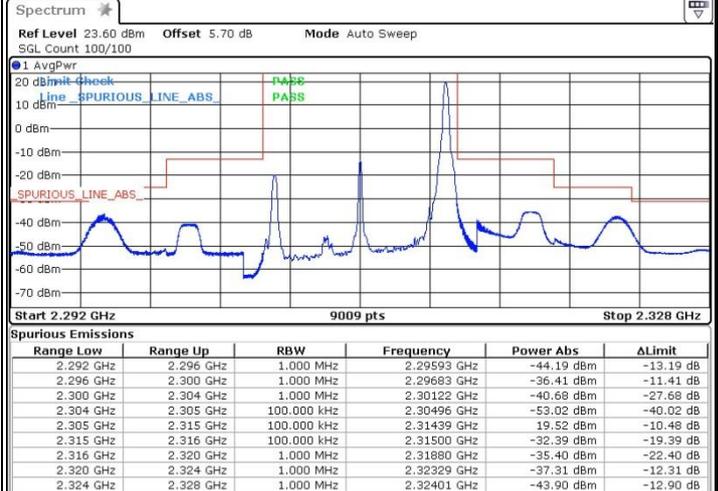
LTE Band 30 / 10MHz / QPSK

Lowest Band Edge / 1 RB



Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:12:51

Highest Band Edge / 1 RB



Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:15:28

Band Edge / Full RB



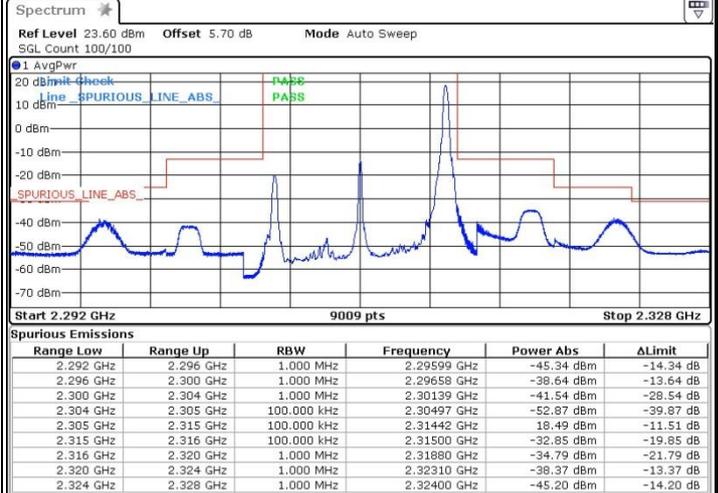
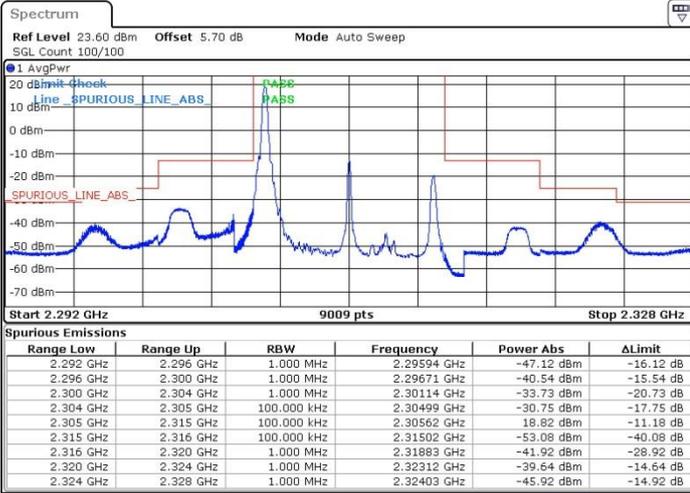
Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:20:10



LTE Band 30 / 10MHz / 16QAM

Lowest Band Edge / 1 RB

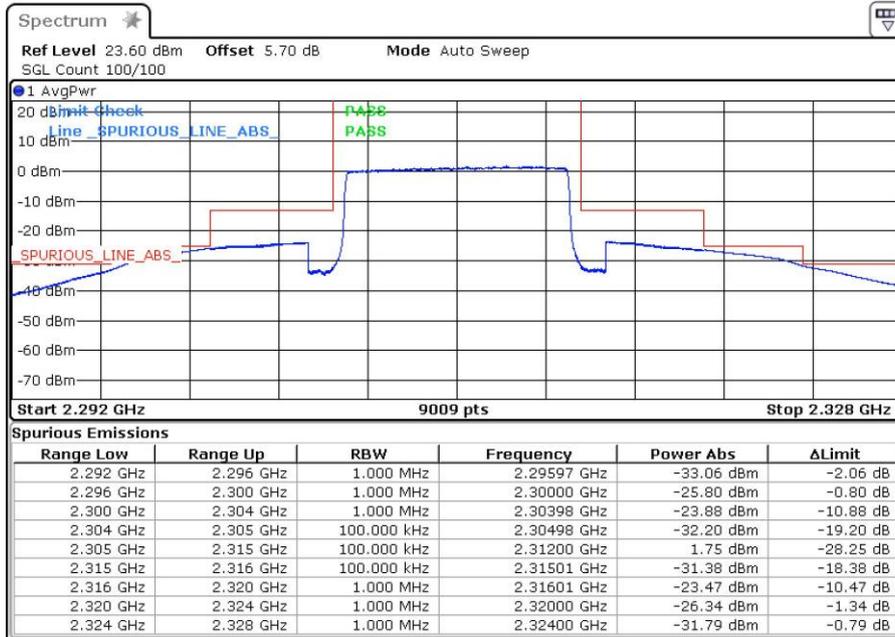
Highest Band Edge / 1 RB



Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:13:13

Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:17:20

Band Edge / Full RB



Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:38:55

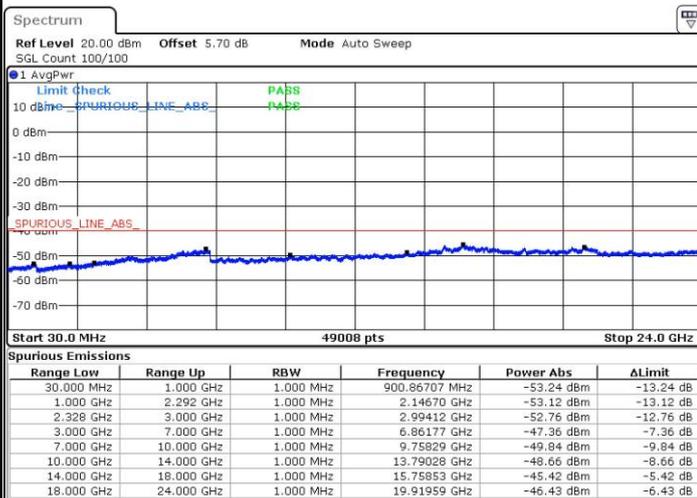


Conducted Spurious Emission



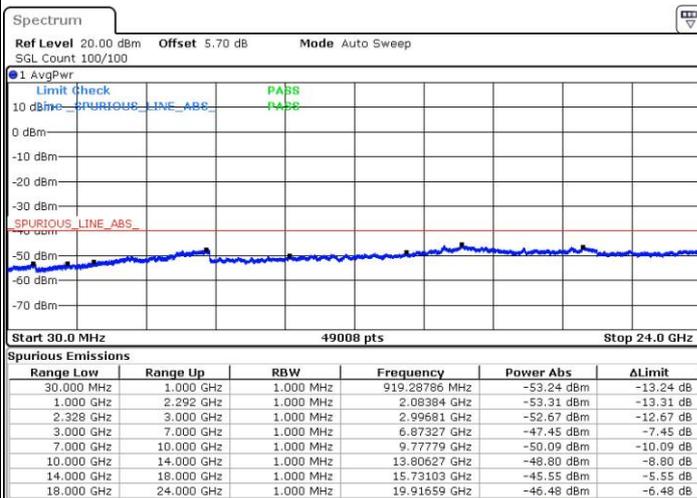
LTE Band 30 / 5MHz

Lowest Channel / QPSK



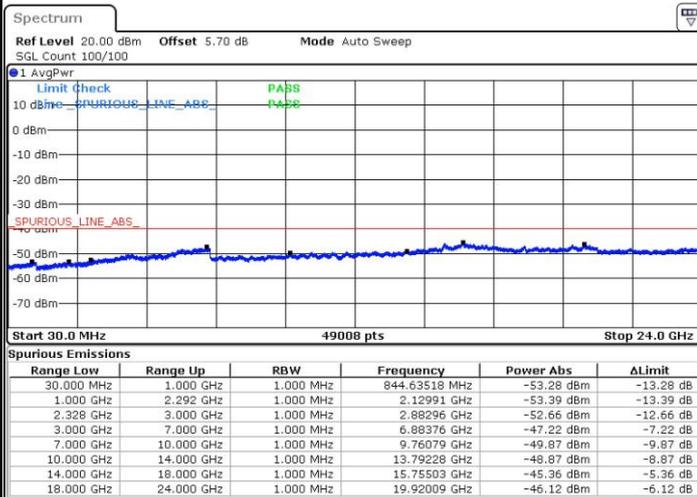
Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:06:10

Lowest Channel / 16QAM



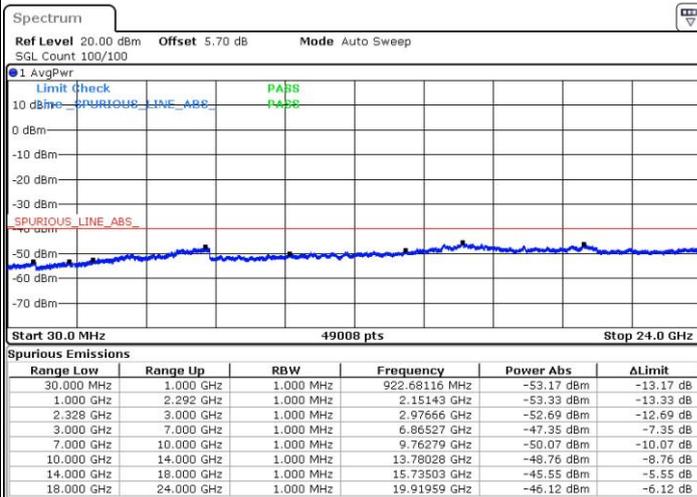
Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:06:55

Middle Channel / QPSK



Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:07:43

Middle Channel / 16QAM

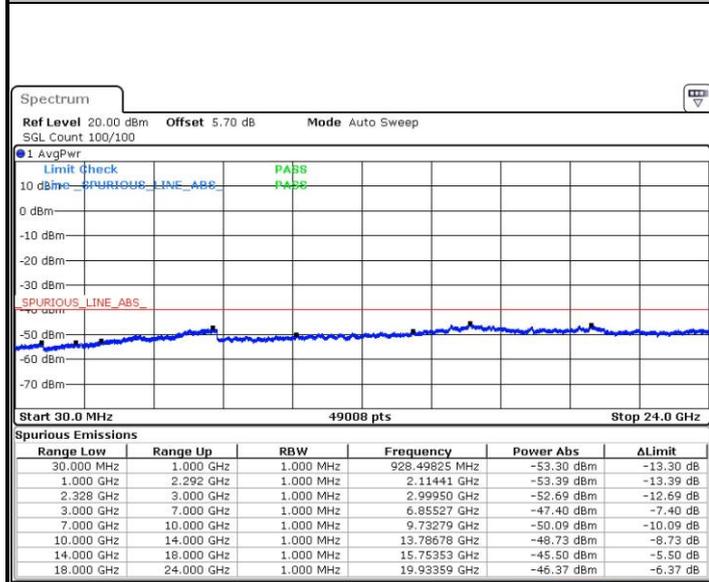


Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:08:32



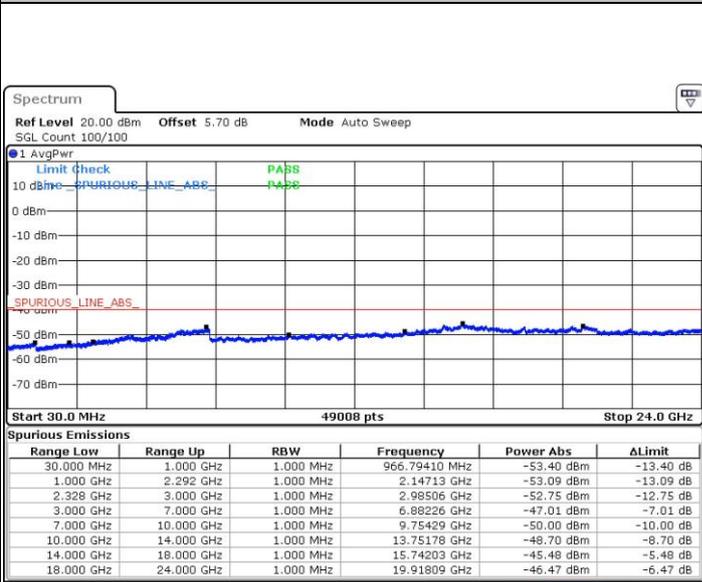
LTE Band 30 / 5MHz

Highest Channel / QPSK



Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:09:27

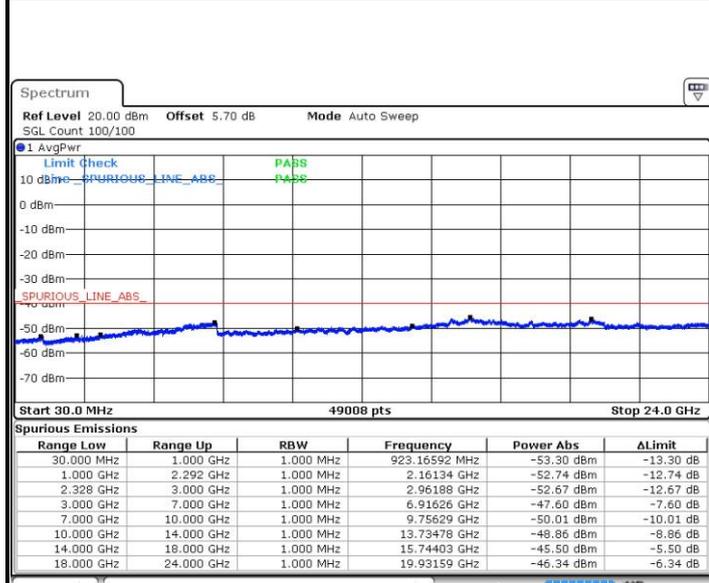
Highest Channel / 16QAM



Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:10:27

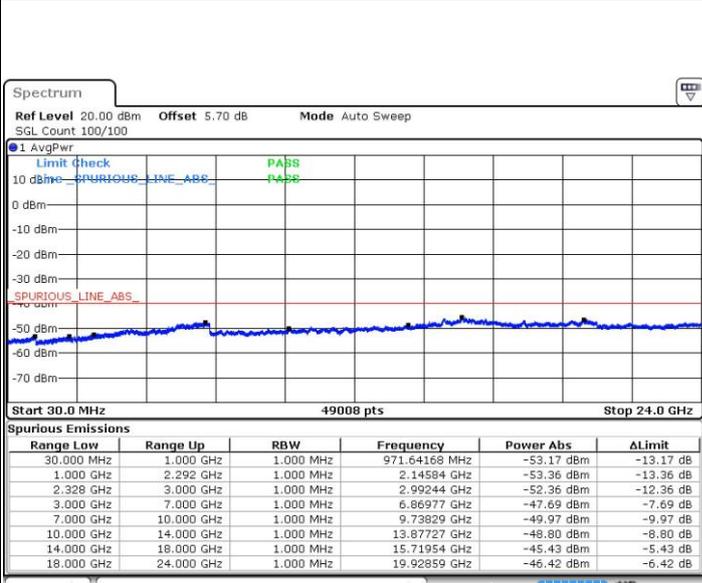
LTE Band 30 / 10MHz

Middle Channel / QPSK



Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:40:11

Middle Channel / 16QAM



Date: 12.MAY.2017 19:45:50



Frequency Stability

Test Conditions		LTE Band 30 (QPSK) / Middle Channel	Limit
Temperature (°C)	Voltage (Volt)	BW 10MHz	Note 2.
		Deviation (ppm)	Result
50	Normal Voltage	0.0021	PASS
40	Normal Voltage	0.0001	
30	Normal Voltage	0.0026	
20(Ref.)	Normal Voltage	0.0000	
10	Normal Voltage	0.0002	
0	Normal Voltage	0.0025	
-10	Normal Voltage	0.0017	
-20	Normal Voltage	0.0003	
-30	Normal Voltage	0.0019	
20	Maximum Voltage	0.0004	
20	Normal Voltage	0.0005	
20	Battery End Point	0.0018	

Note:

1. Normal Voltage =3.85 V. ; Battery End Point (BEP) =3.5 V. ; Maximum Voltage =4.2 V.
2. Note: The frequency fundamental emissions stay within the authorized frequency block.



Appendix B. Test Results of Radiated Test

Radiated Spurious Emission

For Sample 1

LTE Band 30 / 5MHz / QPSK / RB Size 1 Offset 0									
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Over Limit (dB)	SPA Reading (dBm)	S.G. Power (dBm)	TX Cable loss (dB)	TX Antenna Gain (dBi)	Polarization (H/V)
Middle	4615	-59.64	-40	-19.64	-52.41	-66.17	2.07	8.60	H
	6922	-55.80	-40	-15.80	-51.16	-63.87	2.60	10.67	H
	9230	-52.51	-40	-12.51	-57.93	-61.47	3.27	12.23	H
	11540	-55.21	-40	-15.21	-62.58	-64.06	3.51	12.36	H
	13848	-54.96	-40	-14.96	-62.86	-64.12	3.89	13.04	H
	16152	-49.93	-40	-9.93	-57.39	-59.38	4.36	13.82	H
	4615	-63.97	-40	-23.97	-56.91	-70.50	2.07	8.60	V
	6925	-62.16	-40	-22.16	-58.86	-70.23	2.60	10.67	V
	9230	-54.38	-40	-14.38	-58.5	-63.34	3.27	12.23	V
	11540	-54.12	-40	-14.12	-61.39	-62.98	3.51	12.36	V
	13848	-53.54	-40	-13.54	-61.5	-62.70	3.89	13.04	V
	16152	-51.96	-40	-11.96	-58.61	-61.42	4.36	13.82	V

Remark: Spurious emissions within 30-1000MHz were found more than 20dB below limit line.

LTE Band 30 / 10MHz / QPSK / RB Size 1 Offset 0									
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Over Limit (dB)	SPA Reading (dBm)	S.G. Power (dBm)	TX Cable loss (dB)	TX Antenna Gain (dBi)	Polarization (H/V)
Middle	4612	-59.12	-40	-19.12	-51.89	-65.65	2.07	8.60	H
	6916	-55.56	-40	-15.56	-50.92	-63.63	2.60	10.67	H
	9220	-50.12	-40	-10.12	-55.54	-59.08	3.27	12.23	H
	11530	-56.29	-40	-16.29	-63.66	-65.14	3.51	12.36	H
	13836	-55.94	-40	-15.94	-63.84	-65.10	3.89	13.04	H
	16140	-47.27	-40	-7.26	-54.73	-56.72	4.36	13.82	H
	4612	-63.54	-40	-23.54	-56.48	-70.07	2.07	8.60	V
	6916	-58.88	-40	-18.88	-55.58	-66.95	2.60	10.67	V
	9220	-55.39	-40	-15.39	-59.51	-64.35	3.27	12.23	V
	11530	-55.77	-40	-15.77	-63.04	-64.63	3.505	12.36	V
	13836	-56.30	-40	-16.30	-64.26	-65.46	3.888	13.04	V
	16140	-49.14	-40	-9.14	-55.79	-58.60	4.363	13.82	V

Remark: Spurious emissions within 30-1000MHz were found more than 20dB below limit line.



For Sample 2

LTE Band 30 / 5MHz / QPSK / RB Size 1 Offset 0									
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Over Limit (dB)	SPA Reading (dBm)	S.G. Power (dBm)	TX Cable loss (dB)	TX Antenna Gain (dBi)	Polarization (H/V)
Middle	4610	-56.31	-40	-16.31	-43.23	-62.66	2.24	8.60	H
	6915	-56.19	-40	-16.19	-47.91	-63.71	3.14	10.67	H
	9225	-58.17	-40	-18.17	-56.50	-66.49	3.91	12.23	H
	11529	-61.43	-40	-21.43	-63.50	-70.29	3.51	12.36	H
	13833	-59.70	-40	-19.70	-63.00	-68.85	3.89	13.04	H
	16137	-55.64	-40	-15.64	-58.89	-65.09	4.36	13.82	H
	4610	-59.06	-40	-19.06	-45.76	-65.42	2.24	8.60	V
	6915	-60.35	-40	-20.35	-50.71	-67.87	3.14	10.67	V
	9225	-61.32	-40	-21.32	-60.26	-69.64	3.91	12.23	V
	11529	-62.16	-40	-22.16	-64.32	-71.01	3.51	12.36	V
	13833	-59.50	-40	-19.50	-62.93	-68.65	3.89	13.04	V
	16137	-58.85	-40	-18.85	-61.54	-68.31	4.36	13.82	V

Remark: Spurious emissions within 30-1000MHz were found more than 20dB below limit line.