

FCC SAR TEST REPORT

APPLICANT : Lenovo(Shanghai) Electronics
Technology Co., Ltd.

EQUIPMENT : Portable Tablet Computer

BRAND NAME : Lenovo

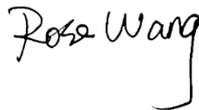
Model Name : Lenovo TB-8505XC

FCC ID : O57TB8505XC

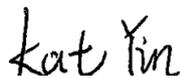
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE 1528-2013

The product was received on Apr. 28, 2020 and testing was started from Jun. 08, 2020 and completed on Jun. 15, 2020. We, Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Rose Wang / Supervisor



Approved by: Kat Yin / Manager



Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300
People's Republic of China



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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Lenovo(Shanghai) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd., Portable Tablet Computer, Lenovo TB-8505XC**, are as follows.

Highest Standalone 1g SAR Summary				
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Body	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
			1g SAR (W/kg)	
Licensed	GSM	GSM850	1.06	1.59
		GSM1900	1.02	
	WCDMA	Band II	1.02	
		Band IV	1.09	
		Band V	1.00	
	LTE	Band 2	1.08	
		Band 5	1.03	
		Band 12/Band 17	0.82	
		Band 13	0.82	
		Band 14	0.84	
		Band 30	1.07	
		Band 66/Band 4	1.10	
	DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	
NII	5GHz WLAN		1.04	1.59
DSS	Bluetooth	Bluetooth	0.35	1.45
Date of Testing:		2020/6/8~2020/6/15		
Remark: This device supports LTE B4 / B17 and B66 / B12. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B4 / B17 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B66 / B12, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for B66 / B12.				

Declaration of Conformity:
The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.
Comments and Explanations:
The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications



2. Administration Data

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

Testing Laboratory		
Test Firm	Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.	
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL : +86-512-57900158 FAX : +86-512-57900958	
Test Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.
	CN1257	314309

Applicant	
Company Name	Lenovo (Shanghai) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Section 304-305, Building No. 4, # 222, Meiyue Road, China (Shanghai) Pilot Free Trade Zone

Manufacturer	
Company Name	Lenovo PC HK Limited
Address	23/F, Lincoln House, Taikoo Place 979 King's Road, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong, P.R.China

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05



4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Portable Tablet Computer
Brand Name	Lenovo
Model Name	Lenovo TB-8505XC
FCC ID	O57TB8505XC
IMEI Code	860949040008044
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz LTE Band 13: 779.5 MHz ~ 784.5 MHz LTE Band 14: 790.5 MHz ~ 795.5 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz LTE Band 30: 2307.5 MHz ~ 2312.5 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1779.3 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+ (16QAM uplink) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
HW Version	Lenovo TB-8505XC
SW Version	TB-8505XC_RF01_200508
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. WLAN operation in 5600 MHz ~ 5650 MHz is notched. 2. This device has voice function, but limited to speakerphone mode. 3. This device does not support DTM operation and supports GRPS/EGRPS mode up to multi-slot class 12. 4. The device employs proximity sensors that detect the presence of the user's body also a finger or hand near the bottom face, edge 1 or edge 4 of the device, reduced power will be active for all WWAN bands. (P-sensor can't work at detecting presence of the user's body at other edges of the device.) 5. For WLAN, the device employs proximity sensors that detect the presence of the user's body also a finger or hand near the bottom face, edge 1 or edge 2 of the device, reduced power will be active for all WLAN bands. (P-sensor can't work at detecting presence of the user's body at other edges of the device.) 6. There are two types of EUT, for change note, please refer the product equality declaration exhibit submitted. According to the difference, we only evaluate the sample 1 to full test. 7. There are two types of batteries, the capacity are all the same, except for different suppliers. We only chose battery 1 to do full SAR testing.



4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05																																																															
FCC ID	O57TB8505XC																																																														
Equipment Name	Portable Tablet Computer																																																														
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz LTE Band 13: 779.5 MHz ~ 784.5 MHz LTE Band 14: 790.5 MHz ~ 795.5 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz LTE Band 30: 2307.5 MHz ~ 2312.5 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1779.3 MHz																																																														
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 02: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 04: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 05: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 12: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 13: 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 14: 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 17: 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 30: 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 66: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz																																																														
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM																																																														
LTE release	R11, Cat 4																																																														
CA support	No.																																																														
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data																																																														
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	<p>Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Modulation</th> <th colspan="6">Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N_{RB})</th> <th rowspan="2">MPR (dB)</th> </tr> <tr> <th>1.4 MHz</th> <th>3.0 MHz</th> <th>5 MHz</th> <th>10 MHz</th> <th>15 MHz</th> <th>20 MHz</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>QPSK</td> <td>> 5</td> <td>> 4</td> <td>> 8</td> <td>> 12</td> <td>> 16</td> <td>> 18</td> <td>≤ 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16 QAM</td> <td>≤ 5</td> <td>≤ 4</td> <td>≤ 8</td> <td>≤ 12</td> <td>≤ 16</td> <td>≤ 18</td> <td>≤ 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16 QAM</td> <td>> 5</td> <td>> 4</td> <td>> 8</td> <td>> 12</td> <td>> 16</td> <td>> 18</td> <td>≤ 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>64 QAM</td> <td>≤ 5</td> <td>≤ 4</td> <td>≤ 8</td> <td>≤ 12</td> <td>≤ 16</td> <td>≤ 18</td> <td>≤ 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>64 QAM</td> <td>> 5</td> <td>> 4</td> <td>> 8</td> <td>> 12</td> <td>> 16</td> <td>> 18</td> <td>≤ 3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>256 QAM</td> <td colspan="6">≥ 1</td> <td>≤ 5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N _{RB})						MPR (dB)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2	64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2	64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3	256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5
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256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5																																																								
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)																																																														
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.																																																														
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance	Yes, Proximity Sensor. Power reduction will be active at bottom face, edge 1 or edge 4 for all WWAN bands.																																																														

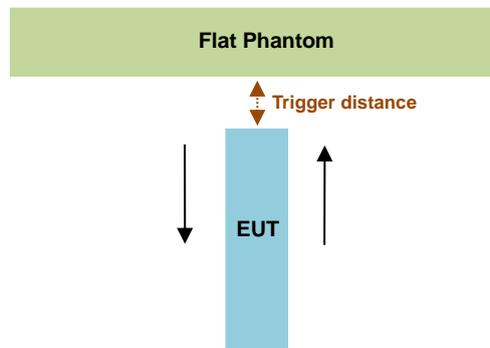


Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band												
LTE Band 2												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900
LTE Band 4												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745
LTE Band 5												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20450	829	20475	830.5	20500	833
M	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5
H	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20600	844	20575	842.5	20550	840
LTE Band 12												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	23017	699.7	23025	700.5	23035	701.5	23060	704	23085	707	23110	710
M	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5
H	23173	715.3	23165	714.5	23155	713.5	23130	711	23105	708.5	23080	706
LTE Band 13												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz				Bandwidth 10 MHz				Bandwidth 15 MHz			
	Channel #		Freq.(MHz)		Channel #		Freq.(MHz)		Channel #		Freq.(MHz)	
L	23205		779.5		23230		782		23255		785	
M	23230		782		23230		782		23255		785	
H	23255		784.5		23230		782		23255		785	
LTE Band 14												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz				Bandwidth 10 MHz				Bandwidth 15 MHz			
	Channel #		Channel #		Channel #		Freq.(MHz)		Channel #		Freq.(MHz)	
L	23305		790.5		23330		793		23355		796	
M	23330		793		23330		793		23355		796	
H	23355		795.5		23330		793		23355		796	
LTE Band 17												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz				Bandwidth 10 MHz				Bandwidth 15 MHz			
	Channel #		Freq.(MHz)		Channel #		Freq. (MHz)		Channel #		Freq. (MHz)	
L	23755		706.5		23780		709		23805		712	
M	23790		710		23790		710		23805		712	
H	23825		713.5		23800		711		23805		712	
LTE Band 30												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz				Bandwidth 10 MHz				Bandwidth 15 MHz			
	Channel #		Freq.(MHz)		Channel #		Freq.(MHz)		Channel #		Freq.(MHz)	
L	27685		2307.5		27710		2310		27735		2313	
M	27710		2310		27710		2310		27735		2313	
H	27735		2312.5		27710		2310		27735		2313	
LTE Band 66												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	131979	1710.7	131987	1711.5	131997	1712.5	132022	1715	132047	1717.5	132072	1720
M	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745
H	132665	1779.3	132657	1778.5	132647	1777.5	132622	1775	132597	1772.5	132572	1770

5. Proximity Sensor Triggering Test

<Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2)>:

1. Proximity sensor triggering distance testing was performed according to the procedures outlined in KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2, and EUT moving further away from the flat phantom and EUT moving toward the flat phantom were both assessed and the tissue-equivalent medium for highest frequency 5825MHz and lowest 750MHz frequency was used for proximity sensor triggering testing.
2. Capacitive proximity sensor placed coincident with antenna elements at the Bottom Face and Edge 1 and Edge 2 and Edge 4 of the device are utilized to determine when the device comes in proximity of the user's body at the Bottom Face or Edge 1 or Edge 2 or Edge 4 side of the device. There is no need to do sensor coverage testing for the proximity sensor is designed to support sufficient detection range and sensitivity to cover regions of the sensors in all applicable directions since the proximity sensor entirely covers the antenna.
3. When the sensor is active, all WWAN/WLAN bands reduced power will be active.
4. The sensors used to detect the proximity of the user's body at the Bottom Face or Edge 1 or Edge 4 side for WWAN, Bottom Face or Edge 1 or Edge 2 side for WLAN of the device use a detection threshold distance. The data shown in the sections below shows the distance(s).



<WWAN Frequency Bands>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)						
Position	Bottom Face		Edge 1		Edge 4	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	24	29	31	34	16	19

<WLAN Frequency Bands>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)						
Position	Bottom Face		Edge 1		Edge 2	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	17	20	22	24	10	11

<Proximity Sensor Triggering Coverage (KDB 616217 D04 section 6.3)>:

If a sensor is spatially offset from the antenna(s), it is necessary to verify sensor triggering for conditions where the antenna is next to the user but the sensor is laterally further away to ensure sensor coverage is sufficient for reducing the power to maintain compliance. For p-sensor coverage testing, the device is moved and "along the direction of maximum antenna and sensor offset".

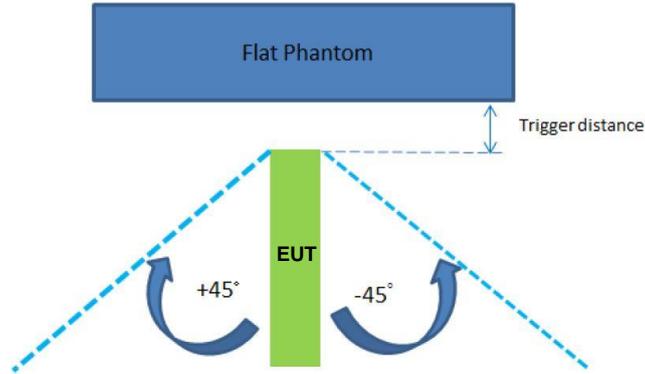
Illustrated in the internal photo exhibit, although the sensor is spatially offset, there is no trigger condition where the antenna is next to the user but the sensor is laterally further away, therefore proximity sensor coverage testing is not required.

This procedure is not required because antenna and sensor are collocated and the peak SAR location is overlapping with the sensor.

<Tablet Tilt angle influences to proximity sensor triggering (KDB 616217 D04 section 6.4)>:

The influence of table tilt angles to proximity sensor triggering was determined by positioning each tablet edge that contains a transmitting antenna, perpendicular to the flat phantom, at 31 mm at Edge 1, 16 mm at Edge 4 separation for WWAN bands and 22mm at Edge 1, 10 mm at Edge 2 for WLAN.

Rotating the tablet around the edge next to the phantom in $\leq 10^\circ$ increments until the tablet is $\pm 45^\circ$ from the vertical position at 0° , and the maximum output power remains in the reduced mode.



<WWAN Frequency Bands>

The Sensor Trigger Distance (mm)		
Position	Edge 1	Edge 4
Minimum	31	16

<WLAN Frequency Bands>

The Sensor Trigger Distance (mm)		
Position	Edge 1	Edge 2
Minimum	22	10

Proximity sensor power reduction

Exposure Position / wireless mode	Bottom Face ⁽¹⁾	Edge 1 ⁽¹⁾	Edge 2 ⁽¹⁾	Edge 3	Edge 4 ⁽¹⁾
GSM850 GPRS 3 Tx slots	4.5 dB	4.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	4.5 dB
GSM1900 GPRS 3 Tx slots	6.5 dB	6.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	6.5 dB
WCDMA Band II	7.0 dB	7.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	7.0 dB
WCDMA Band IV	6.0 dB	6.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	6.0 dB
WCDMA Band V	6.0 dB	6.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	6.0 dB
LTE Band 2	6.0 dB	6.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	6.0 dB
LTE Band 4/66	6.5 dB	6.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	6.5 dB
LTE Band 5	4.5 dB	4.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	4.5 dB
LTE Band 12/17	6.0 dB	6.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	6.0 dB
LTE Band 13	6.5 dB	6.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	6.5 dB
LTE Band 14	6.0 dB	6.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	6.0 dB
LTE Band 30	7.0 dB	7.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	7.0 dB
WLAN 2.4GHz	5.5 dB	5.5 dB	5.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB
WLAN 5.2GHz	4.5 dB	4.5 dB	4.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB
WLAN 5.3GHz	4.5 dB	4.5 dB	4.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB
WLAN 5.5GHz	5.0 dB	5.0 dB	5.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB
WLAN 5.8GHz	5.5 dB	5.5 dB	5.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB

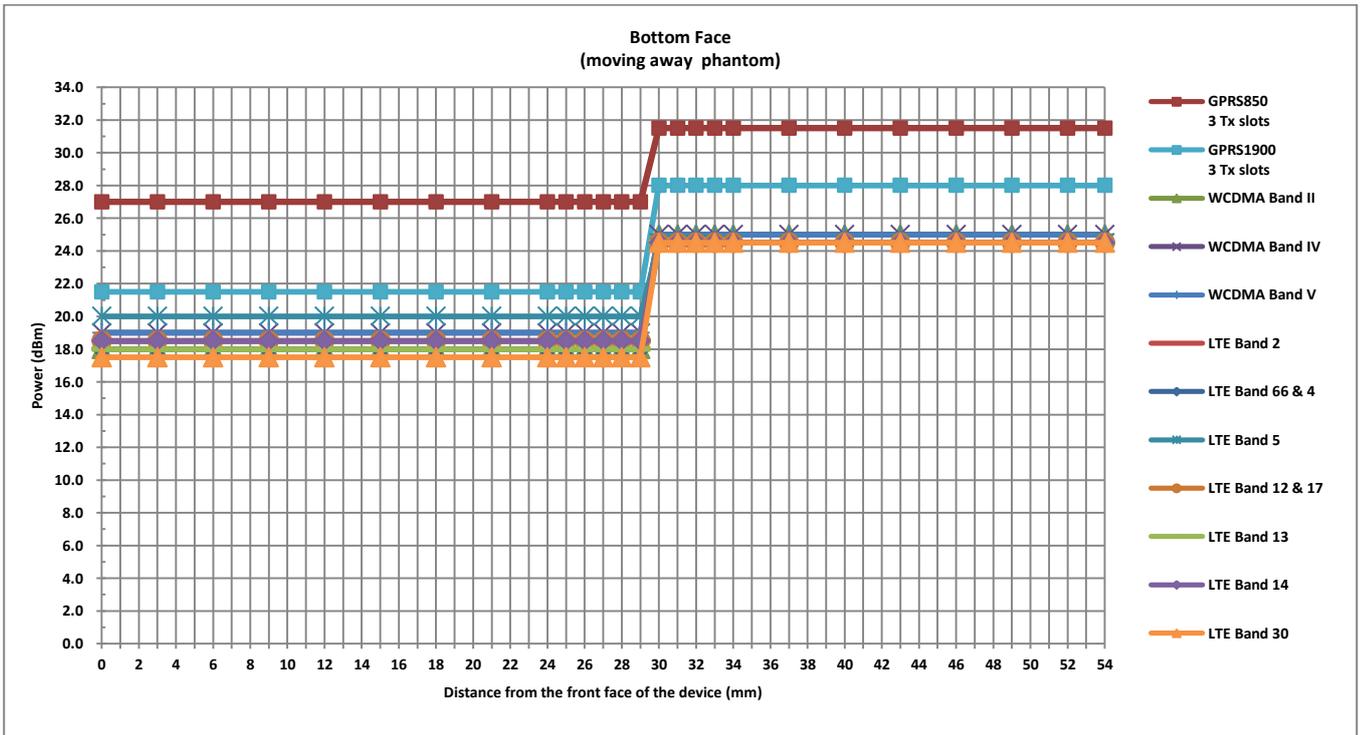
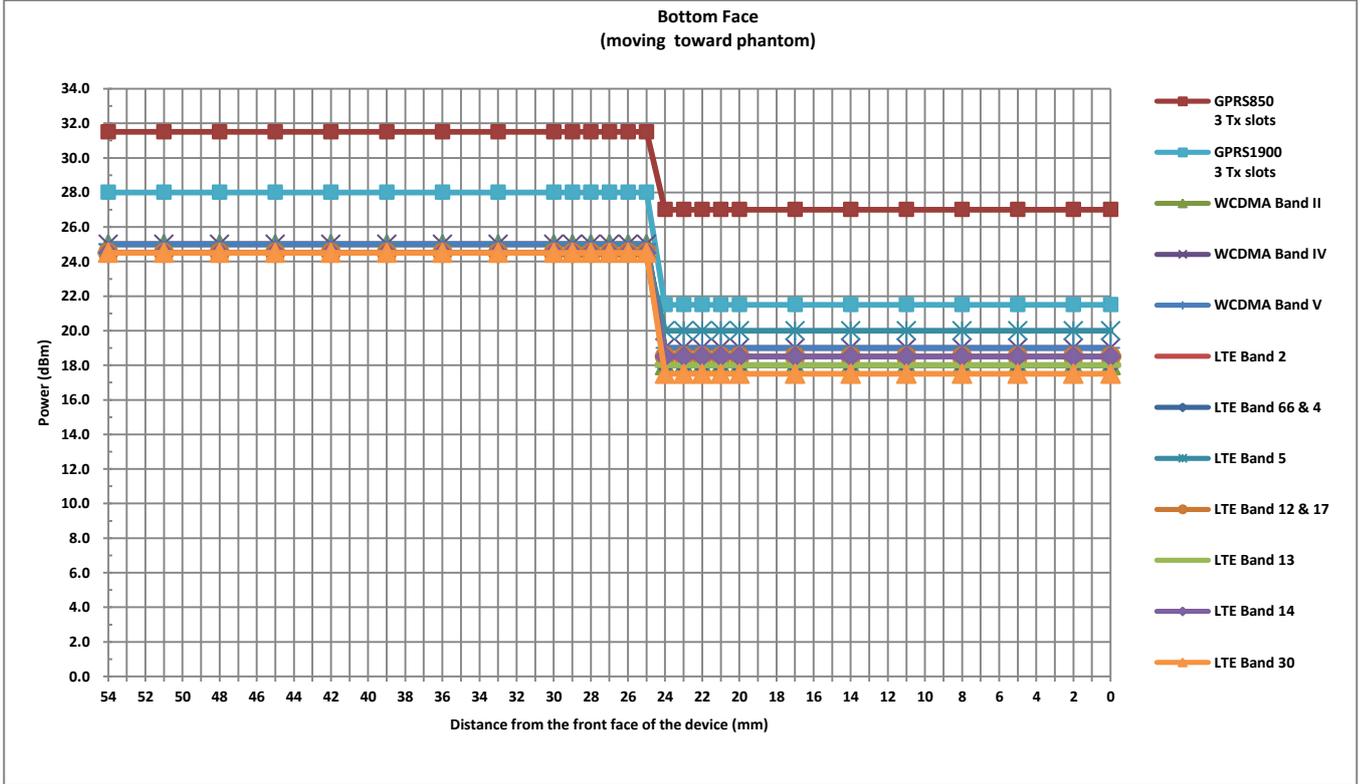
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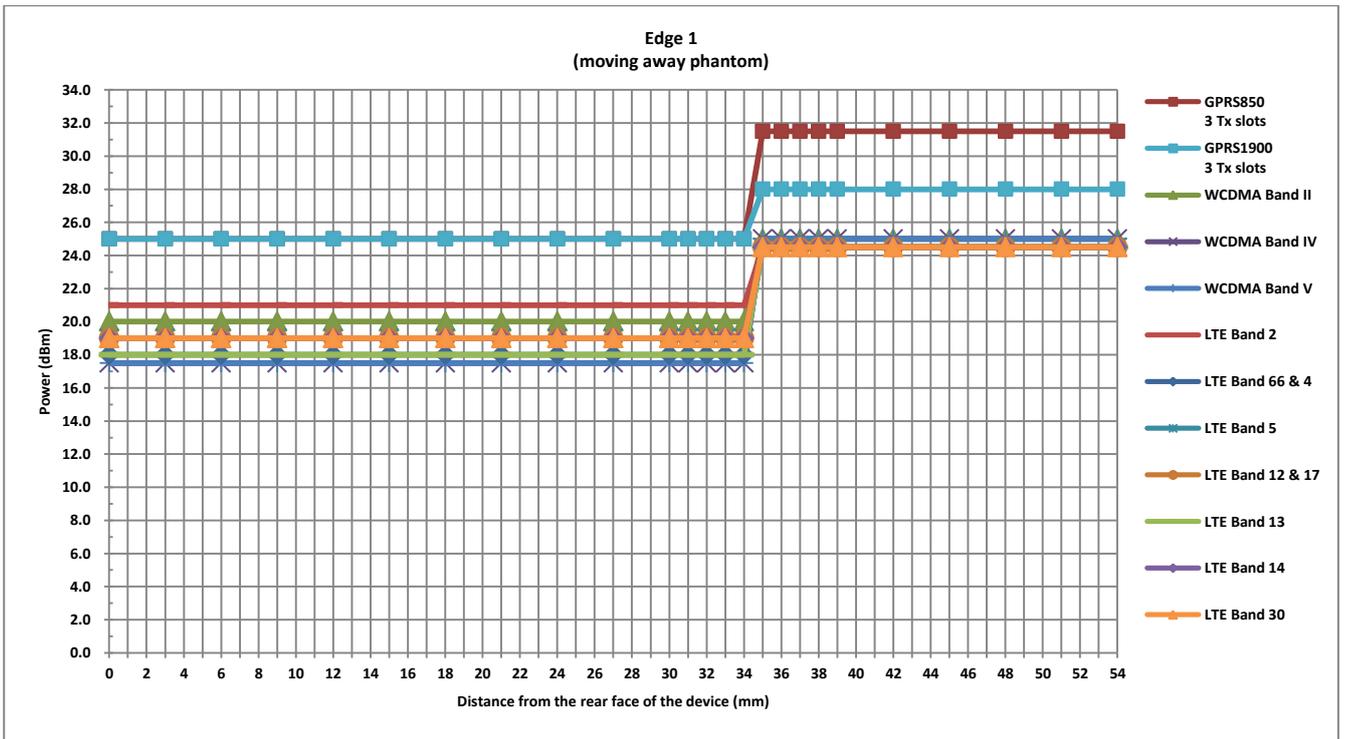
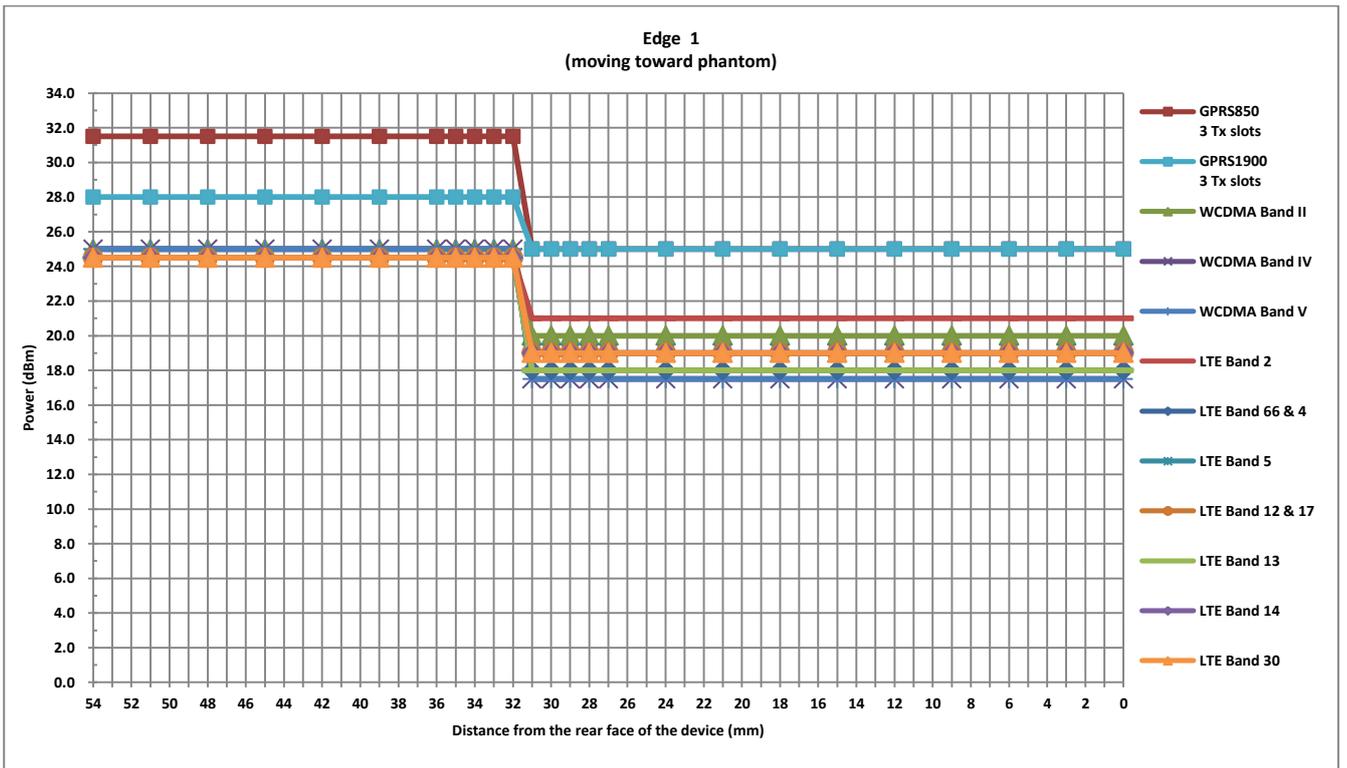
1. ⁽¹⁾: Reduced maximum limit applied by activation of proximity sensor.
2. Power reduction is not applicable for Bluetooth.
3. Tests were performed in accordance with KDB 616217 D04 section 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 6.4 and 6.5 and compliant results are shown and described in exhibit "P-Sensor operational description"
4. For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance was performed:
 - Bottom Face: 13 mm (manufacturer declared)
 - Edge 1: 12 mm (manufacturer declared)
 - Edge 2: 5 mm (manufacturer declared)
 - Edge 4: 10 mm (manufacturer declared)

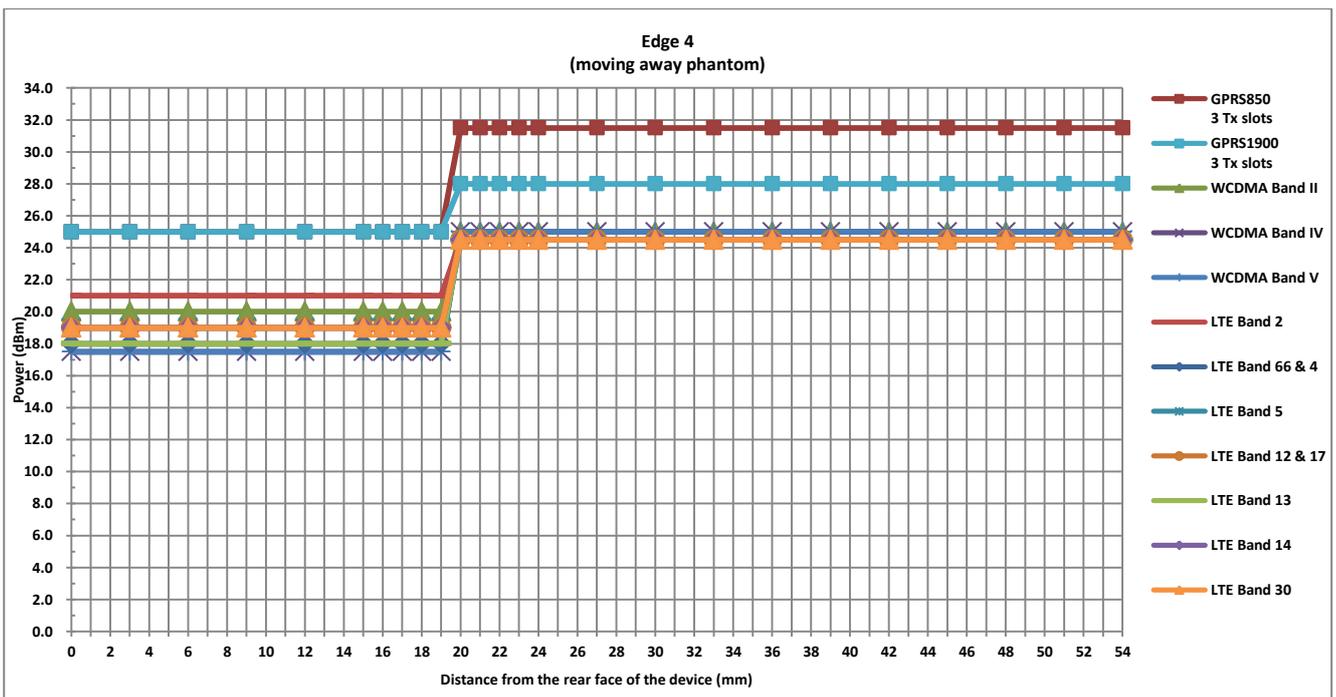
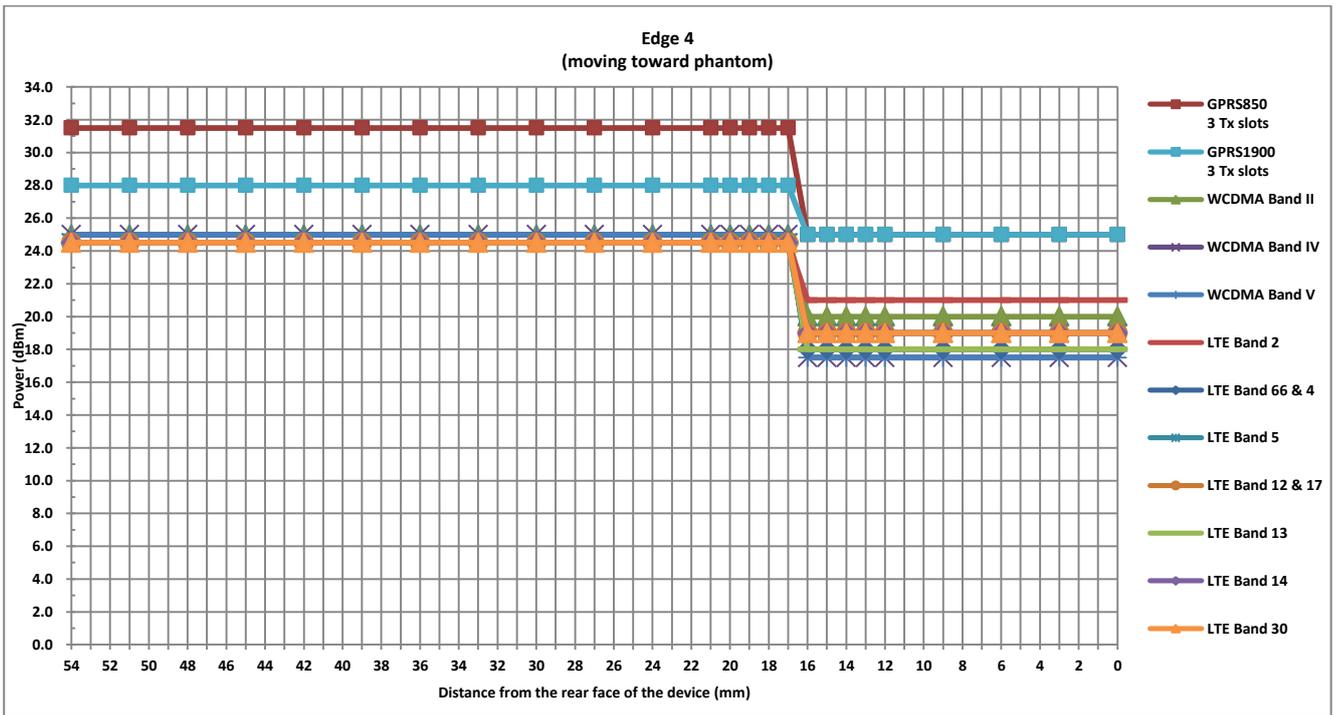


Power Measurement during Sensor Trigger distance testing

Band/Mode	Ch #	Measured power reduction (dBm)		Reduction Levels
		w/o power back-off	w/ power back-off	(dB)
GSM850 GPRS 3 Tx slots	189	30.21	26.54	3.67
GSM1900 GPRS 3 Tx slots	661	27.04	20.21	6.83
WCDMA Band II	9400	23.75	17.92	5.83
WCDMA Band IV	1413	23.62	17.88	5.74
WCDMA Band V	4182	23.84	18.78	5.06
LTE Band 2	18900	23.35	17.28	6.07
LTE Band 66/4	132322	23.44	16.63	6.81
LTE Band 5	20525	23.54	19.12	4.42
LTE Band 12/17	23095	22.89	18.45	4.44
LTE Band 13	23230	22.97	17.98	4.99
LTE Band 14	23330	22.99	18.13	4.86
LTE Band 30	27710	23.08	16.15	6.93

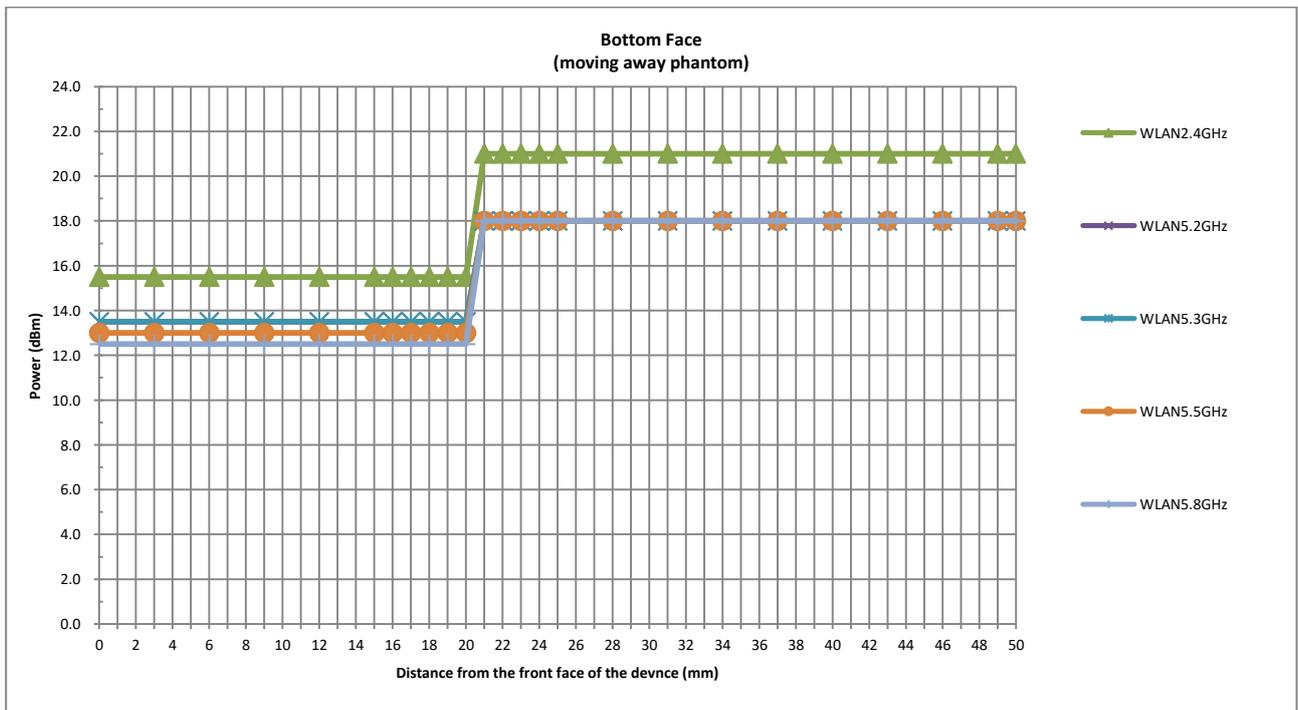
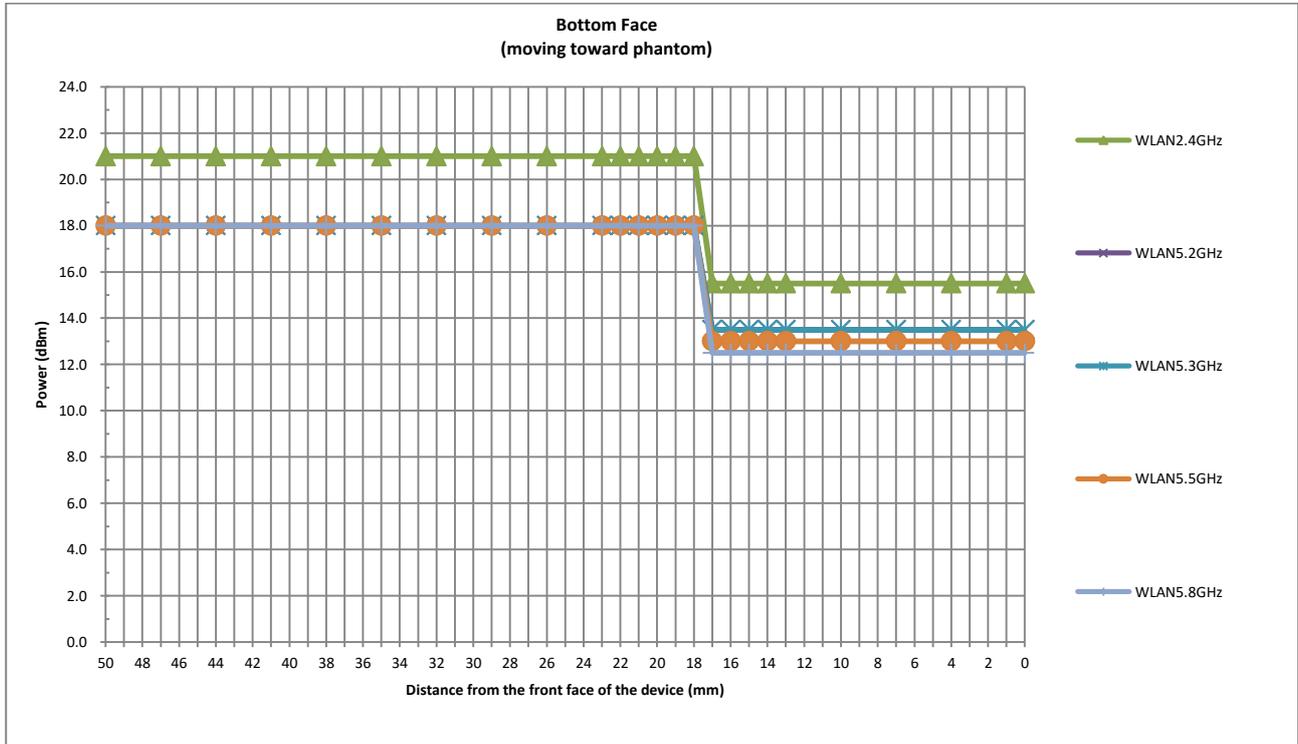


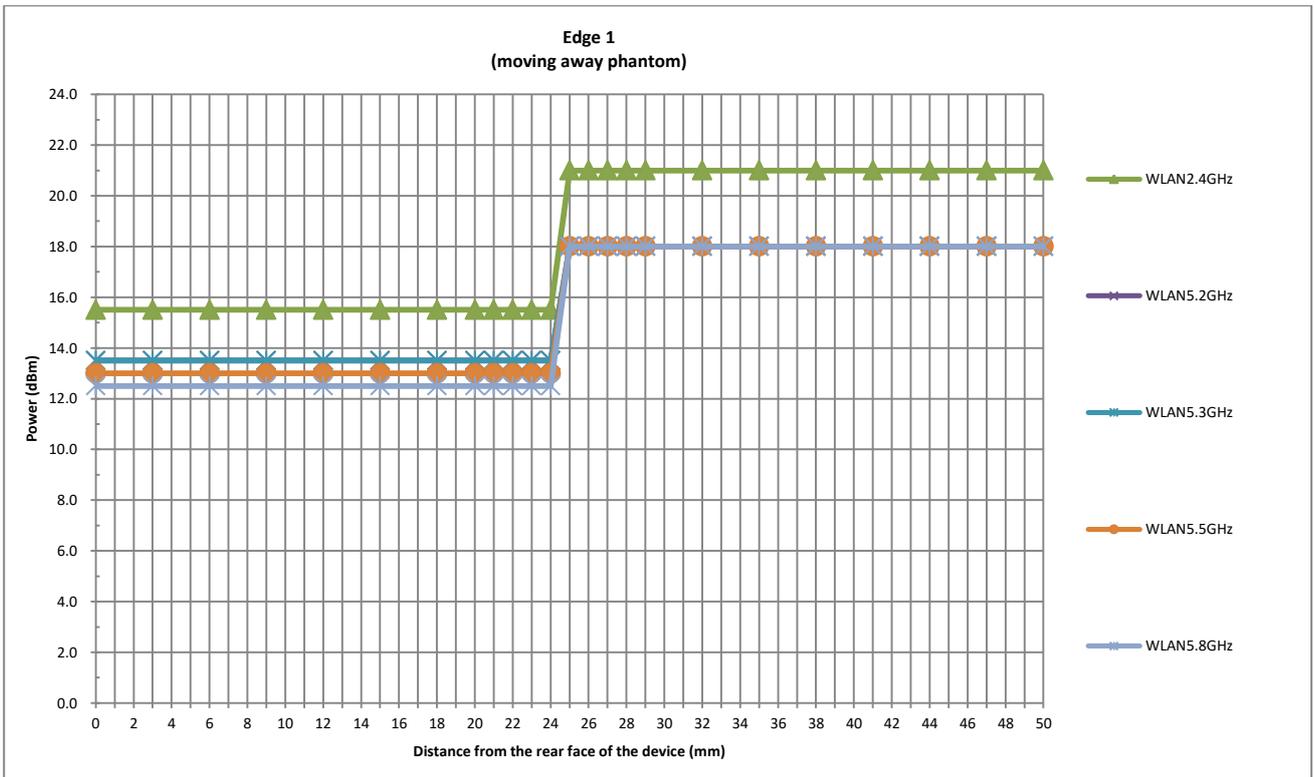
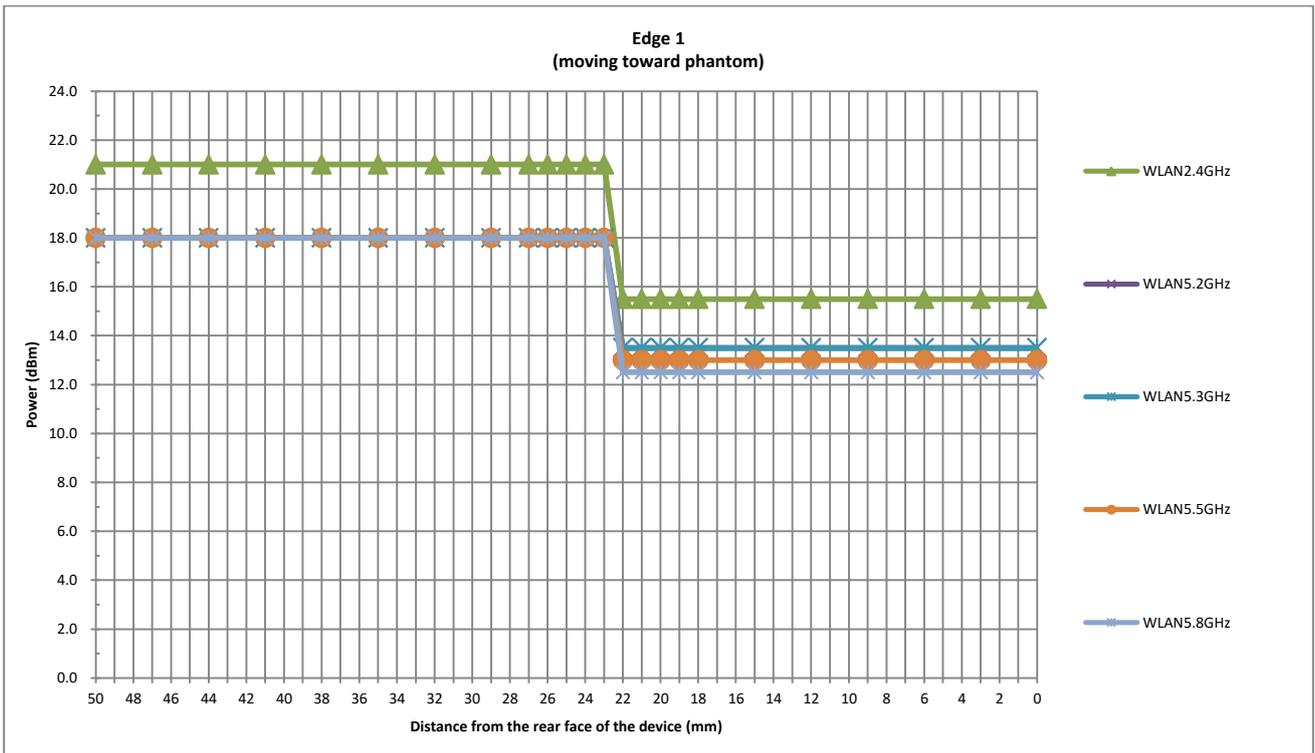


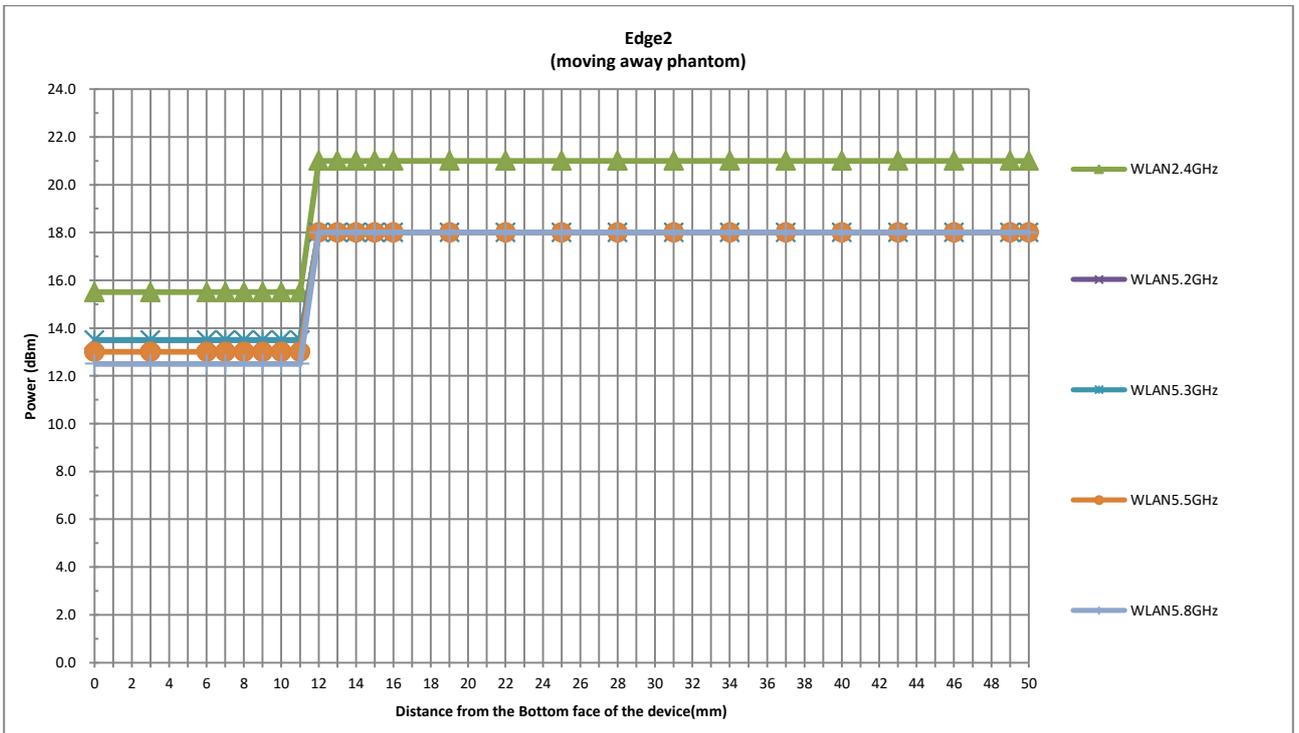
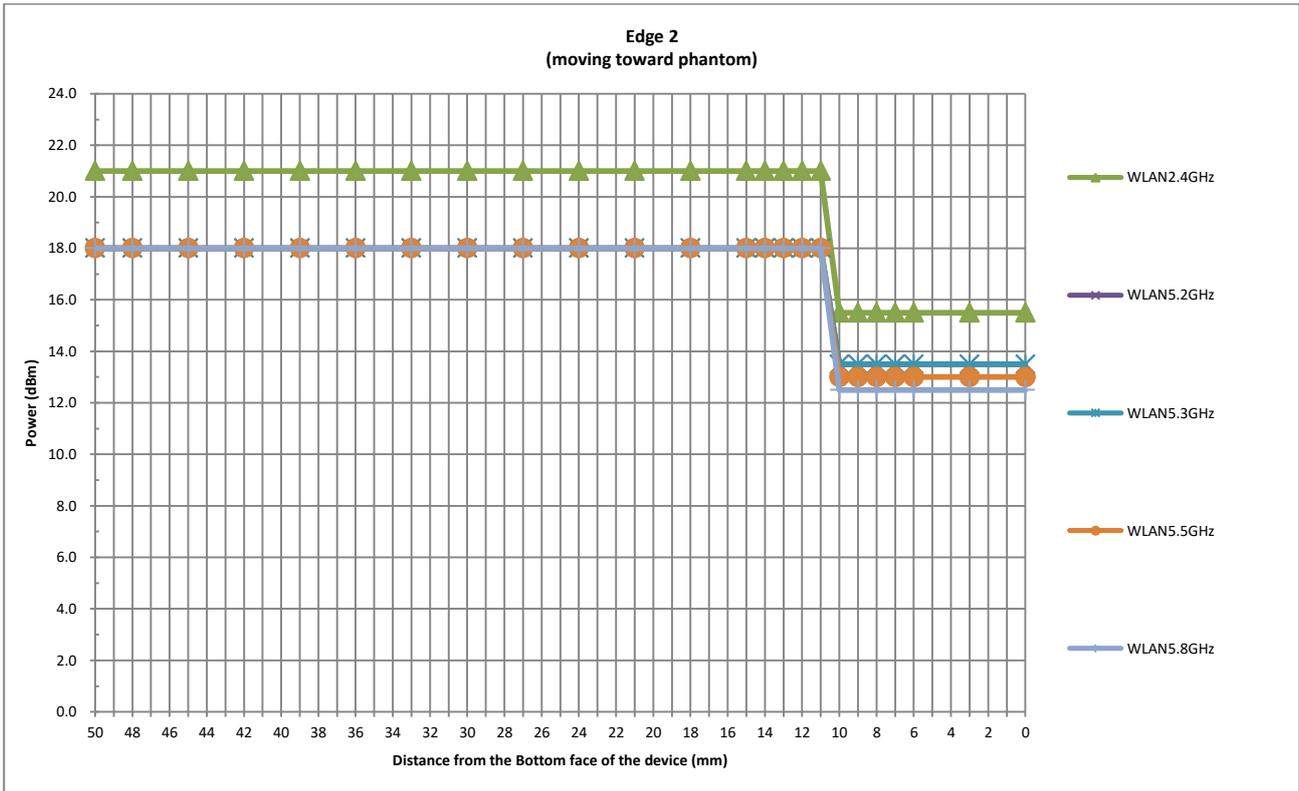


Power Measurement during Sensor Trigger distance testing

Band/Mode	Ch #	Measured power reduction (dBm)		Reduction Levels (dB)
		w/o power back-off	w/ power back-off	
WLAN 2.4GHz	6	19.55	14.53	5.02
WLAN 5.2&5.3GHz	64	16.94	13.43	3.51
WLAN 5.5GHz	132	16.95	12.34	4.61
WLAN 5.8GHz	149	16.78	12.13	4.65







6. RF Exposure Limits

6.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

6.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

7. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

7.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

7.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

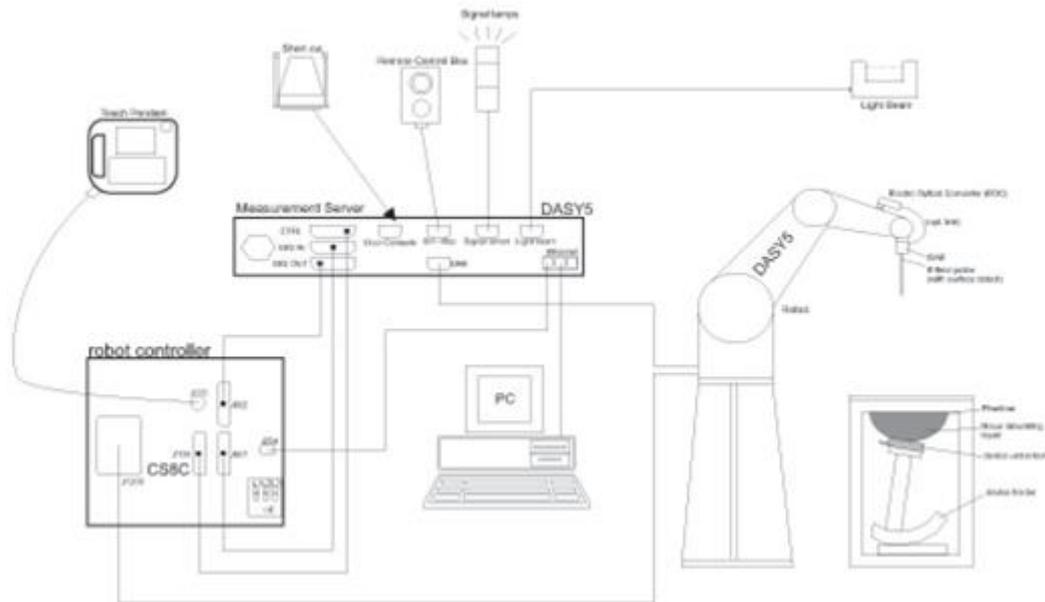
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

8. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

8.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

8.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

8.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

9.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

9.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}, \Delta y_{Zoom}$		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details. * When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

9.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASy measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



10. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1087	2019/3/27	2022/3/26
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d151	2019/3/27	2022/3/26
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1090	2019/3/27	2022/3/26
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d170	2019/3/26	2022/3/25
SPEAG	2300MHz System Validation Kit	D2300V2	1055	2018/9/20	2021/9/19
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	908	2019/3/25	2022/3/24
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1113	2019/9/24	2020/9/23
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	799	2020/2/10	2021/2/9
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3843	2019/9/26	2020/9/25
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD 0VA 002 AA	TP-1201	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6201432831	2020/4/16	2021/4/15
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY52102706	2020/4/16	2021/4/15
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	2020/4/16	2021/4/15
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1071	2019/10/28	2020/10/27
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2020/1/8	2021/1/7
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2019/8/15	2020/8/14
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2019/8/14	2020/8/13
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2019/8/14	2020/8/13
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101641	2020/1/8	2021/1/7
EXA	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101631	2020/1/8	2021/1/7
Testo	Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332088	2020/1/8	2021/1/7
FLUKE	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	51II	97240029	2019/8/15	2020/8/14
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	Note 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	Note 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	Note 1	

Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.
2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
3. The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

11. System Verification

11.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASy, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1.

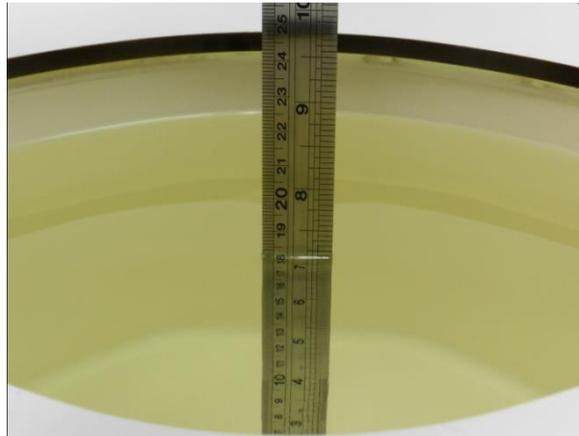


Fig 11.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

11.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.6	0.895	41.700	0.89	41.90	0.56	-0.48	±5	2020/6/8
835	Head	22.7	0.902	41.240	0.90	41.50	0.22	-0.63	±5	2020/6/14
1750	Head	22.8	1.356	39.059	1.37	40.10	-1.02	-2.60	±5	2020/6/9
1900	Head	22.6	1.397	39.035	1.40	40.00	-0.21	-2.41	±5	2020/6/15
2300	Head	22.7	1.680	39.022	1.67	39.50	0.60	-1.21	±5	2020/6/10
2450	Head	22.6	1.799	40.589	1.80	39.20	-0.06	3.54	±5	2020/6/10
5250	Head	22.8	4.667	35.173	4.71	35.90	-0.91	-2.03	±5	2020/6/11
5600	Head	22.7	5.012	34.639	5.07	35.50	-1.14	-2.43	±5	2020/6/11
5750	Head	22.6	5.174	34.396	5.22	35.40	-0.88	-2.84	±5	2020/6/12

11.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2020/6/8	750	Head	250	1087	3843	799	2.19	8.36	8.76	4.78
2020/6/14	835	Head	250	4d151	3843	799	2.48	9.30	9.92	6.67
2020/6/9	1750	Head	250	1090	3843	799	8.48	36.40	33.92	-6.81
2020/6/15	1900	Head	250	5d170	3843	799	9.75	39.00	39	0.00
2020/6/10	2300	Head	250	1055	3843	799	12.70	48.70	50.8	4.31
2020/6/10	2450	Head	250	908	3843	799	12.40	52.80	49.6	-6.06
2020/6/11	5250	Head	100	1113	3843	799	8.12	80.50	81.2	0.87
2020/6/11	5600	Head	100	1113	3843	799	7.90	83.40	79	-5.28
2020/6/12	5750	Head	100	1113	3843	799	7.94	80.00	79.4	-0.75

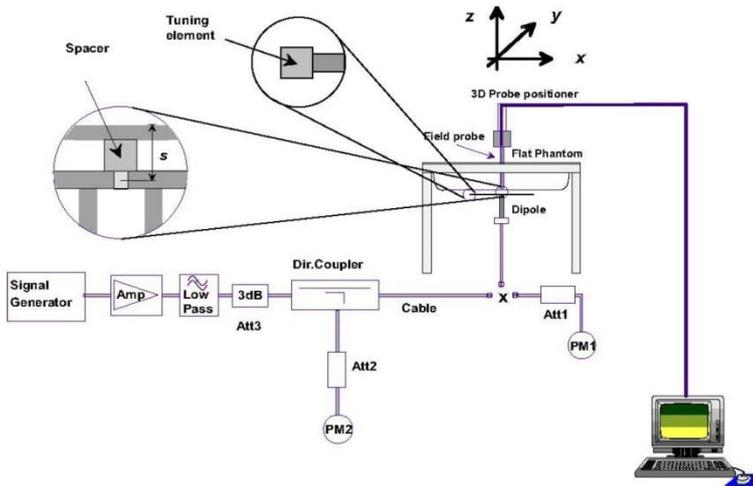


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo



12. RF Exposure Positions

12.1 SAR Testing for Tablet

This device can be used also in full sized tablet exposure conditions, due to its size. Per FCC KDB 616217, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom. The SAR exclusion threshold in KDB 447498 D01v06 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. The closest distance from the antenna to an adjacent tablet edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned against the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

<EUT Setup Photos>

Please refer to Appendix D for the test setup photos.

13. GSM/UMTS/CDMA/LTE Output Power (Unit: dBm)

The detailed conducted power table can refer to Appendix E.

<GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
3. For HSPA+ devices supporting 16 QAM in the uplink, power measurements procedure is according to the configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1.
4. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCl
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCl is equal to the target E-TFCl of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCl
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E-TFCl
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 5/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 5: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration below
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 - iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
 - iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - v. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
 - b). Subtest 2: $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$
 - c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
 - d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
 - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table. Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.		

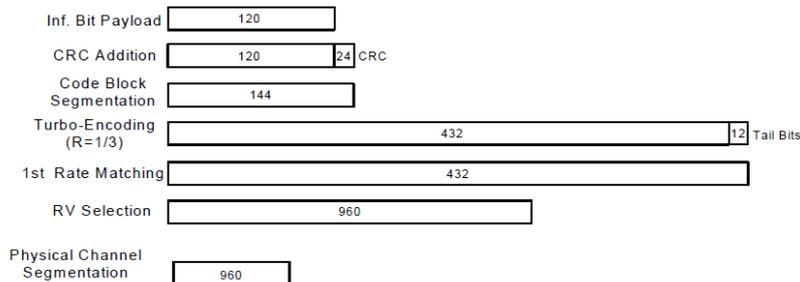


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration

HSPA+ 3GPP release 7 (uplink category 7) 16QAM, Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2E:HSPA+:UL with 16QAM
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121-1 s5.2E
 - iii. Set Channel Parm
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set Channel Type = HSPA
 - vi. Set UE Target Power =21 dBm
 - vii. Power Ctrl Mode= All Up Bits
 - viii. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc/Bd = Manual
 - ix. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc and Bd=15,15(for 34.121-1 v8.10.0 table C11.1.4 sub-test 1)
 - x. Set HSPA Conn DL Channel Levels
 - xi. Set HS-SCCH Configs
 - xii. Set RB Test Mode Setup
 - xiii. Set Common HSUPA Parameters
 - xiv. Set Serving Grant
 - xv. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 105 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM

Sub-test	β_c (Note3)	β_d	β_{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β_{ed} (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 30/15 β_{ed2} : 30/15	β_{ed3} : 24/15 β_{ed4} : 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).

Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the β_c is set to 1 and $\beta_d = 0$ by default.

Note 4: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signaled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

Setup Configuration



<WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+) are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+.

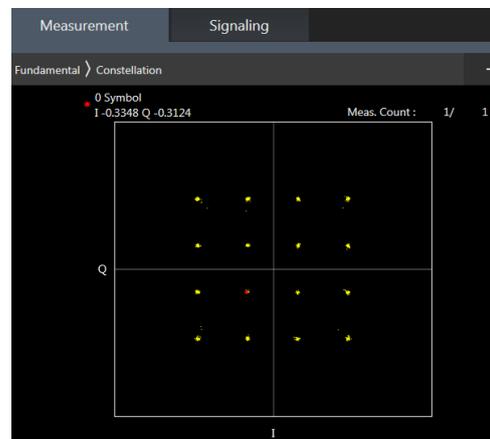
<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
8. For LTE B4 / B5 / B12 / B17 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
9. LTE band 4/17 SAR test was covered by Band 66/12; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is \leq the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band
10. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.



64QAM



16QAM



14. WiFi/Bluetooth Output Power (Unit: dBm)

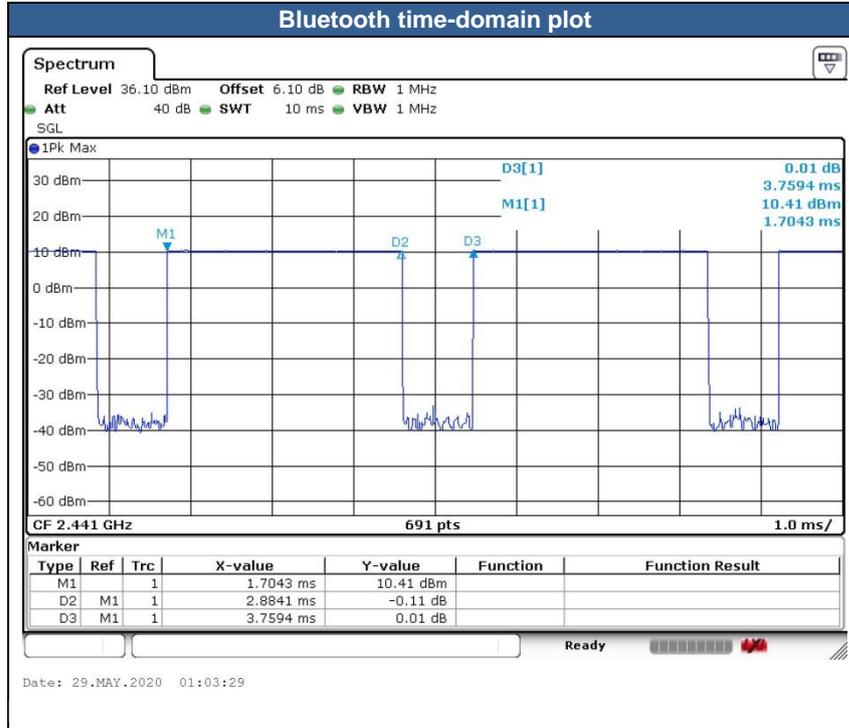
General Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

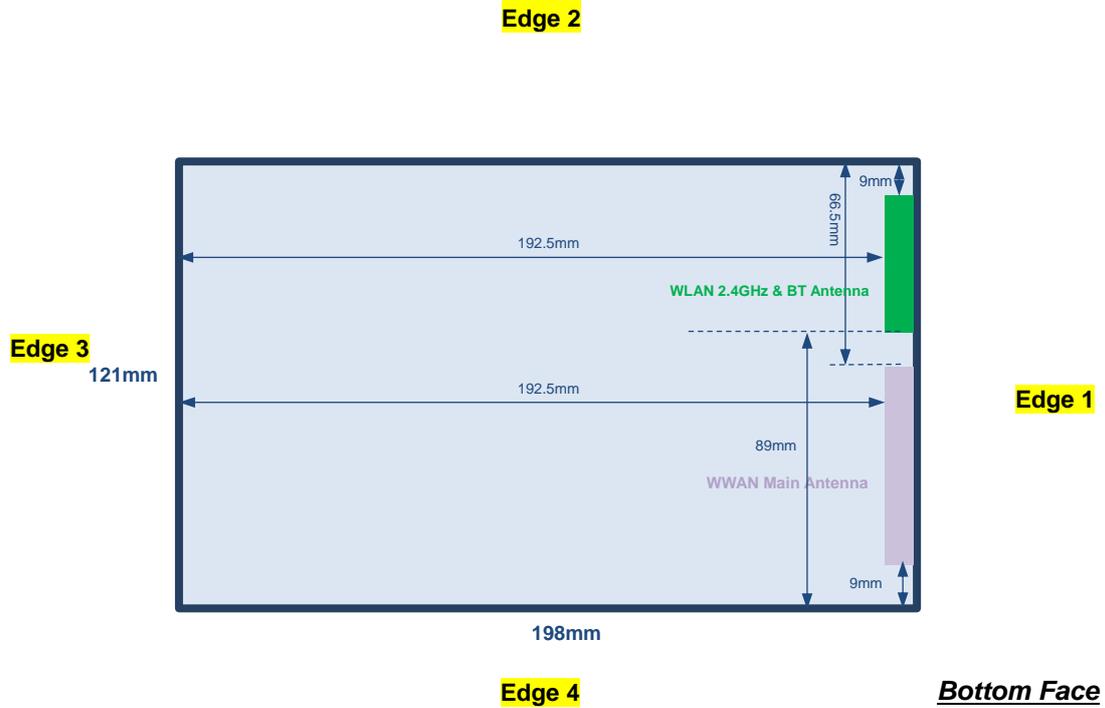
<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

General Note:

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
2. The Bluetooth duty cycle is 76.72 % as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 83.3%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation



15. Antenna Location





<SAR test exclusion table>

General Note:

- The below table, when the distance is < 50 mm exclusion threshold is "Ratio", when the distance is > 50 mm exclusion threshold is "mW"
- Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the test separation distance is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:
 - $[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR
 - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, at 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for *test separation distances* > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following
 - [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) · (f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
 - [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) · 10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz

Exposure Position	Wireless Interface	GPRS 850 Class 11	GPRS 1900 Class 11	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band IV	WCDMA Band II	LTE Band 14	LTE Band 12	LTE Band 17	LTE Band 13	LTE Band 5	LTE Band 4	LTE Band 66	LTE Band 2	LTE Band 30	BT	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN
	Calculated Frequency	848MHz	1909MHz	846MHz	1750MHz	1907MHz	796MHz	715MHz	713MHz	784MHz	848MHz	1754MHz	1779MHz	1909MHz	2312MHz	2480MHz	2462MHz	5825MHz
Maximum power (dBm)	27.24	23.50	25.00	25.00	25.00	24.50	24.50	24.50	24.50	24.50	24.50	24.50	24.50	24.50	10.50	21.00	18.00	
Maximum rated power(mW)	530.0	224.0	316.0	316.0	316.0	282.0	282.0	282.0	282.0	282.0	282.0	282.0	282.0	282.0	11.0	126.0	63.0	
Bottom Face	Separation distance(mm)	5.0														5.0	5.0	5.0
	exclusion threshold	97.6	61.9	58.1	83.6	87.3	47.0	47.7	47.6	49.9	51.9	74.7	75.2	77.9	85.8	3.5	39.5	30.4
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Edge 1	Separation distance(mm)	5.0														5.0	5.0	5.0
	exclusion threshold	97.6	61.9	58.1	83.6	87.3	47.0	47.7	47.6	49.9	51.9	74.7	75.2	77.9	85.8	3.5	39.5	30.4
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Edge 2	Separation distance(mm)	66.5														9.0	9.0	9.0
	exclusion threshold	256.0	274.0	256.0	278.0	274.0	256.0	256.0	256.0	256.0	256.0	278.0	277.0	274.0	264.0	1.9	22.0	16.9
	Testing required?	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Edge 3	Separation distance(mm)	192.5														192.5	192.5	192.5
	exclusion threshold	968.0	1534.0	967.0	1538.0	1534.0	840.0	857.0	855.0	914.0	968.0	1538.0	1537.0	1534.0	1524.0	1520.0	1521.0	1487.0
	Testing required?	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Edge 4	Separation distance(mm)	9.0														89.0	89.0	89.0
	exclusion threshold	54.2	34.4	32.3	46.5	48.5	26.1	26.5	26.5	27.7	28.9	41.5	41.8	43.3	47.6	485.0	486.0	452.0
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No



16. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
 - d. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg.
4. The device employs proximity sensors that detect the presence of the user's body also a finger or hand near the bottom face, edge 1 or edge 4 of the device, reduced power will be active for all WWAN bands. (P-sensor can't work at detecting presence of the user's body at other edges of the device.)
5. For WLAN, the device employs proximity sensors that detect the presence of the user's body also a finger or hand near the bottom face, edge 1 or edge 2 of the device, reduced power will be active for all WLAN bands. (P-sensor can't work at detecting presence of the user's body at other edges of the device.)
6. There are two types of EUT, for change note, please refer the product equality declaration exhibit submitted. According to the difference, we only evaluate the sample 1 to full test.
7. There are two types of batteries, the capacity are all the same, except for different suppliers. We only chose battery 1 to do full SAR testing.

GSM Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
2. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode

UMTS Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+. is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+. to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+.A, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA, DC-HSDPA / HSPA+.) are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+.

LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
6. For LTE B4 / B5 / B12 / B17 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
7. LTE band 4/17 SAR test was covered by Band 66/12; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is \leq the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band

WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.



16.1 Body SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Edge 1	0	Reduced	189	836.4	26.54	27.00	1.112	0.04	0.544	0.605
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Edge 2	0	Full	189	836.4	30.21	31.50	1.346	0.06	0.102	0.137
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Edge 3	0	Full	189	836.4	30.21	31.50	1.346	0.00	<0.001	<0.001
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Edge 4	0	Reduced	189	836.4	26.54	27.00	1.112	0.03	0.356	0.396
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	189	836.4	26.54	27.00	1.112	0.04	0.948	1.054
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	128	824.2	26.53	27.00	1.114	0.03	0.821	0.915
01	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	251	848.8	26.52	27.00	1.117	0.1	0.949	1.060
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Edge 1	12	Full	189	836.4	30.21	31.50	1.346	-0.06	0.341	0.459
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Edge 4	10	Full	189	836.4	30.21	31.50	1.346	0.04	0.269	0.362
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Bottom Face	13	Full	189	836.4	30.21	31.50	1.346	0.12	0.385	0.518
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Edge 1	0	Reduced	661	1880	20.21	21.50	1.346	-0.03	0.637	0.857
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Edge 1	0	Reduced	512	1850.2	20.12	21.50	1.374	0.09	0.612	0.841
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Edge 1	0	Reduced	810	1909.8	20.10	21.50	1.380	-0.06	0.549	0.758
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Edge 2	0	Full	661	1880	27.04	28.00	1.247	0.05	0.069	0.086
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Edge 4	0	Reduced	661	1880	20.21	21.50	1.346	-0.03	0.253	0.341
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	661	1880	20.21	21.50	1.346	0.06	0.743	1.000
02	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	512	1850.2	20.12	21.50	1.374	0.04	0.739	1.015
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	810	1909.8	20.10	21.50	1.380	0.02	0.588	0.812
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Edge 1	12	Full	661	1880	27.04	28.00	1.247	0.06	0.175	0.218
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Edge 4	10	Full	661	1880	27.04	28.00	1.247	-0.06	0.288	0.359
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Bottom Face	13	Full	661	1880	27.04	28.00	1.247	0.04	0.297	0.370



<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	9400	1880	17.92	18.00	1.019	0.03	0.627	0.639
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 2	0	Full	9400	1880	23.75	25.00	1.334	0.05	0.054	0.072
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 4	0	Reduced	9400	1880	17.92	18.00	1.019	0.06	0.251	0.256
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	9400	1880	17.92	18.00	1.019	0.02	0.798	0.813
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	9538	1907.6	17.87	18.00	1.030	0.03	0.611	0.630
03	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	9262	1852.4	17.91	18.00	1.021	0.01	0.996	1.017
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	12	Full	9400	1880	23.75	25.00	1.334	0.16	0.496	0.661
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 4	10	Full	9400	1880	23.75	25.00	1.334	0.02	0.324	0.432
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	13	Full	9400	1880	23.75	25.00	1.334	-0.13	0.592	0.789
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	1413	1732.6	17.88	19.00	1.294	0.02	0.384	0.497
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 2	0	Full	1413	1732.6	23.62	25.00	1.374	0.08	0.037	0.050
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 4	0	Reduced	1413	1732.6	17.88	19.00	1.294	0.06	0.303	0.392
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	1413	1732.6	17.88	19.00	1.294	0.09	0.653	0.845
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	1312	1712.4	17.83	19.00	1.309	0.02	0.624	0.817
04	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	1513	1752.6	17.87	19.00	1.297	-0.02	0.843	1.094
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	12	Full	1413	1732.6	23.62	25.00	1.374	0.08	0.230	0.316
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 4	10	Full	1413	1732.6	23.62	25.00	1.374	0.06	0.280	0.385
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	13	Full	1413	1732.6	23.62	25.00	1.374	0.04	0.467	0.642
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	4182	836.4	18.78	19.00	1.052	-0.03	0.518	0.545
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 2	0	Full	4182	836.4	23.84	25.00	1.306	0.01	0.067	0.088
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 3	0	Full	4182	836.4	23.84	25.00	1.306	0.00	<0.001	<0.001
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 4	0	Reduced	4182	836.4	18.78	19.00	1.052	0.01	0.262	0.276
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	4182	836.4	18.78	19.00	1.052	0.13	0.766	0.806
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	4233	846.6	18.72	19.00	1.067	0.09	0.703	0.750
05	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	4132	826.4	18.78	19.00	1.052	0.07	0.953	1.003
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	12	Full	4182	836.4	23.84	25.00	1.306	-0.06	0.595	0.777
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 4	10	Full	4182	836.4	23.84	25.00	1.306	0.01	0.242	0.316
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	13	Full	4182	836.4	23.84	25.00	1.306	0.03	0.583	0.761



<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 1	0	Reduced	18900	1880	17.28	18.50	1.324	0.01	0.565	0.748
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 1	0	Reduced	18900	1880	17.02	18.50	1.406	0.02	0.555	0.780
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 2	0	Full	18900	1880	23.35	24.50	1.303	0.03	0.064	0.084
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 2	0	Full	18900	1880	22.27	23.50	1.327	0.06	0.069	0.091
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 4	0	Reduced	18900	1880	17.28	18.50	1.324	0.03	0.270	0.358
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 4	0	Reduced	18900	1880	17.02	18.50	1.406	0.08	0.276	0.388
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	18900	1880	17.28	18.50	1.324	0.06	0.706	0.935
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	18700	1860	16.95	18.50	1.429	0.01	0.733	1.047
06	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	19100	1900	16.85	18.50	1.462	0.03	0.739	1.081
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	18900	1880	17.02	18.50	1.406	0.03	0.741	1.042
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	18700	1860	16.92	18.50	1.439	0.03	0.745	1.072
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	19100	1900	17.01	18.50	1.409	0.07	0.764	1.077
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	18900	1880	16.95	18.50	1.429	0.05	0.754	1.077
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 1	12	Full	18900	1880	23.35	24.50	1.303	0.02	0.407	0.530
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 1	12	Full	18900	1880	22.27	23.50	1.327	0.01	0.356	0.473
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 4	10	Full	18900	1880	23.35	24.50	1.303	0.03	0.286	0.373
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 4	10	Full	18900	1880	22.27	23.50	1.327	0.04	0.243	0.323
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	13	Full	18900	1880	23.35	24.50	1.303	-0.01	0.586	0.764
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Face	13	Full	18900	1880	22.27	23.50	1.327	-0.12	0.498	0.661
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 1	0	Reduced	20525	836.5	19.12	20.00	1.225	0.06	0.437	0.535
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 1	0	Reduced	20525	836.5	19.01	20.00	1.256	0.03	0.427	0.536
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 2	0	Full	20525	836.5	23.54	24.50	1.247	0.05	0.066	0.082
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 2	0	Full	20525	836.5	22.20	23.50	1.349	0.01	0.065	0.088
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 3	0	Full	20525	836.5	23.54	24.50	1.247	0.00	<0.001	<0.001
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 3	0	Full	20525	836.5	22.20	23.50	1.349	0.00	<0.001	<0.001
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 4	0	Reduced	20525	836.5	19.12	20.00	1.225	0.03	0.224	0.274
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 4	0	Reduced	20525	836.5	19.01	20.00	1.256	-0.06	0.225	0.283
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	20525	836.5	19.12	20.00	1.225	0.02	0.783	0.959
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	20525	836.5	19.01	20.00	1.256	0.03	0.782	0.982
07	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	20525	836.5	18.84	20.00	1.306	0.05	0.786	1.027
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 1	12	Full	20525	836.5	23.54	24.50	1.247	0.07	0.390	0.486
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 1	12	Full	20525	836.5	22.20	23.50	1.349	0.05	0.316	0.426
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 4	10	Full	20525	836.5	23.54	24.50	1.247	0.03	0.186	0.232
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 4	10	Full	20525	836.5	22.20	23.50	1.349	0.03	0.151	0.204
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	13	Full	20525	836.5	23.54	24.50	1.247	0.01	0.381	0.475
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Face	13	Full	20525	836.5	22.20	23.50	1.349	0.03	0.326	0.440
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 1	0	Reduced	23095	707.5	18.45	18.50	1.012	0.03	0.792	0.801
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 1	0	Reduced	23095	707.5	18.33	18.50	1.040	0.02	0.784	0.815
08	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 1	0	Reduced	23095	707.5	18.40	18.50	1.023	0.06	0.797	0.816
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 2	0	Full	23095	707.5	22.89	24.50	1.449	0.08	0.075	0.109
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 2	0	Full	23095	707.5	21.84	23.50	1.466	-0.02	0.075	0.110
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 3	0	Full	23095	707.5	22.89	24.50	1.449	0.00	<0.001	<0.001
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 3	0	Full	23095	707.5	21.84	23.50	1.466	0.00	<0.001	<0.001
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 4	0	Reduced	23095	707.5	18.45	18.50	1.012	0.06	0.119	0.120
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 4	0	Reduced	23095	707.5	18.33	18.50	1.040	0.03	0.127	0.132
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	23095	707.5	18.45	18.50	1.012	0.04	0.601	0.608
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	23095	707.5	18.33	18.50	1.040	-0.09	0.592	0.616
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 1	12	Full	23095	707.5	22.89	24.50	1.449	0.03	0.178	0.258
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 1	12	Full	23095	707.5	21.84	23.50	1.466	0.02	0.150	0.220
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 4	10	Full	23095	707.5	22.89	24.50	1.449	-0.02	0.068	0.098
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 4	10	Full	23095	707.5	21.84	23.50	1.466	0.04	0.055	0.081
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	13	Full	23095	707.5	22.89	24.50	1.449	0.03	0.152	0.220
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Face	13	Full	23095	707.5	21.84	23.50	1.466	0.06	0.131	0.192



Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
09	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 1	0	Reduced	23230	782	17.98	18.00	1.005	-0.06	0.791	0.795
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 1	0	Reduced	23230	782	17.93	18.00	1.016	0.01	0.804	0.817
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 1	0	Reduced	23230	782	17.90	18.00	1.023	0.01	0.735	0.752
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 2	0	Full	23230	782	22.97	24.50	1.422	0.03	0.051	0.073
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 2	0	Full	23230	782	21.99	23.50	1.416	0.06	0.052	0.074
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 3	0	Full	23230	782	22.97	24.50	1.422	0.00	<0.001	<0.001
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 3	0	Full	23230	782	21.99	23.50	1.416	0.00	<0.001	<0.001
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 4	0	Reduced	23230	782	17.98	18.00	1.005	0.09	0.181	0.182
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 4	0	Reduced	23230	782	17.93	18.00	1.016	-0.06	0.193	0.196
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	23230	782	17.98	18.00	1.005	0.02	0.561	0.564
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	23230	782	17.93	18.00	1.016	0.01	0.579	0.588
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 1	12	Full	23230	782	22.97	24.50	1.422	0.03	0.422	0.600
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 1	12	Full	23230	782	21.99	23.50	1.416	0.06	0.336	0.476
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 4	10	Full	23230	782	22.97	24.50	1.422	0.06	0.134	0.191
10	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 4	10	Full	23230	782	21.99	23.50	1.416	0.05	0.108	0.153
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	13	Full	23230	782	22.97	24.50	1.422	0.06	0.337	0.479
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Face	13	Full	23230	782	21.99	23.50	1.416	-0.03	0.276	0.391
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 1	0	Reduced	23330	793	18.13	18.50	1.089	0.06	0.721	0.785
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 1	0	Reduced	23330	793	17.91	18.50	1.146	0.02	0.737	0.844
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 1	0	Reduced	23330	793	17.93	18.50	1.140	-0.03	0.706	0.805
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 2	0	Full	23330	793	22.99	24.50	1.416	0.08	0.065	0.092
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 2	0	Full	23330	793	21.92	23.50	1.439	0.03	0.072	0.104
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 3	0	Full	23330	793	22.99	24.50	1.416	0.00	<0.001	<0.001
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 3	0	Full	23330	793	21.92	23.50	1.439	0.00	<0.001	<0.001
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 4	0	Reduced	23330	793	18.13	18.50	1.089	0.06	0.183	0.199
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 4	0	Reduced	23330	793	17.91	18.50	1.146	-0.03	0.180	0.206
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	23330	793	18.13	18.50	1.089	0.02	0.668	0.727
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	23330	793	17.91	18.50	1.146	0.03	0.554	0.635
11	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 1	12	Full	23330	793	22.99	24.50	1.416	0.02	0.352	0.498
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 1	12	Full	23330	793	21.92	23.50	1.439	0.05	0.292	0.420
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 4	10	Full	23330	793	22.99	24.50	1.416	0.03	0.148	0.210
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 4	10	Full	23330	793	21.92	23.50	1.439	0.03	0.118	0.170
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	13	Full	23330	793	22.99	24.50	1.416	0.03	0.386	0.546
	LTE Band 14	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Face	13	Full	23330	793	21.92	23.50	1.439	0.01	0.314	0.452
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 1	0	Reduced	27710	2310	16.15	17.50	1.365	0.01	0.549	0.749
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 1	0	Reduced	27710	2310	16.03	17.50	1.403	0.09	0.579	0.812
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 1	0	Reduced	27710	2310	16.01	17.50	1.409	0.06	0.566	0.798
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 2	0	Full	27710	2310	23.08	24.50	1.387	0.05	0.043	0.059
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 2	0	Full	27710	2310	22.03	23.50	1.403	-0.03	0.034	0.047
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 4	0	Reduced	27710	2310	16.15	17.50	1.365	0.02	0.724	0.988
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 4	0	Reduced	27710	2310	16.03	17.50	1.403	0.01	0.751	1.054
	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 4	0	Reduced	27710	2310	16.01	17.50	1.409	0.02	0.735	1.036
LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	27710	2310	16.15	17.50	1.365	0.09	0.782	1.067	
LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	27710	2310	16.03	17.50	1.403	0.05	0.703	0.986	
LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	27710	2310	16.01	17.50	1.409	-0.02	0.701	0.988	
LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 1	12	Full	27710	2310	23.08	24.50	1.387	-0.1	0.557	0.772	
LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 1	12	Full	27710	2310	22.03	23.50	1.403	0.02	0.360	0.505	
LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 4	10	Full	27710	2310	23.08	24.50	1.387	0.03	0.754	1.046	
LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	25	0	Edge 4	10	Full	27710	2310	22.03	23.50	1.403	0.02	0.724	1.016	
LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 4	10	Full	27710	2310	21.99	23.50	1.416	0.03	0.655	0.927	
LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	13	Full	27710	2310	23.08	24.50	1.387	0.02	0.472	0.655	
LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Face	13	Full	27710	2310	22.03	23.50	1.403	-0.02	0.403	0.565	

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 1	0	Reduced	132322	1745	16.63	18.00	1.371	0.06	0.355	0.487
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 1	0	Reduced	132322	1745	16.38	18.00	1.452	0.04	0.408	0.592
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 2	0	Full	132322	1745	23.44	24.50	1.276	0.02	0.151	0.193
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 2	0	Full	132322	1745	22.34	23.50	1.306	-0.08	0.136	0.178
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 4	0	Reduced	132322	1745	16.63	18.00	1.371	0.04	0.501	0.687
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 4	0	Reduced	132322	1745	16.38	18.00	1.452	0.09	0.499	0.725
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	132322	1745	16.63	18.00	1.371	-0.04	0.605	0.829
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	132072	1720	16.60	18.00	1.380	0.03	0.534	0.737
12	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	132572	1770	16.51	18.00	1.409	0.07	0.780	1.099
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	132322	1745	16.38	18.00	1.452	0.08	0.678	0.985
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	132072	1720	16.37	18.00	1.455	0.06	0.607	0.883
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	132572	1770	16.34	18.00	1.466	0.08	0.736	1.079
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	132322	1745	16.24	18.00	1.500	0.01	0.669	1.003
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 1	12	Full	132322	1745	23.44	24.50	1.276	0.03	0.159	0.203
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 1	12	Full	132322	1745	22.34	23.50	1.306	0.01	0.145	0.189
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 4	10	Full	132322	1745	23.44	24.50	1.276	0.01	0.269	0.343
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 4	10	Full	132322	1745	22.34	23.50	1.306	0.03	0.242	0.316
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	13	Full	132322	1745	23.44	24.50	1.276	0.02	0.469	0.599
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Face	13	Full	132322	1745	22.34	23.50	1.306	0.06	0.423	0.553

<WLAN 2.4GHz SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	6	2437	14.53	15.50	1.250	100	1.000	0.06	0.466	0.583
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 2	0	Reduced	6	2437	14.53	15.50	1.250	100	1.000	0.01	0.397	0.496
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 4	0	Full	6	2437	19.55	21.00	1.396	100	1.000	0.02	0.077	0.108
13	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	6	2437	14.53	15.50	1.250	100	1.000	0.06	0.839	1.049
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	1	2412	14.52	15.50	1.253	100	1.000	0.02	0.814	1.020
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	11	2462	14.35	15.50	1.303	100	1.000	0.06	0.687	0.895
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 1	12	Full	6	2437	19.55	21.00	1.396	100	1.000	0.08	0.144	0.201
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 2	5	Full	6	2437	19.55	21.00	1.396	100	1.000	0.01	0.498	0.695
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	13	Full	6	2437	19.55	21.00	1.396	100	1.000	0.07	0.316	0.441



<WLAN5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	64	5320	13.43	13.50	1.016	100	1.000	0.01	0.810	0.823
14	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	52	5260	13.03	13.50	1.114	100	1.000	0.03	0.937	1.044
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	56	5280	13.33	13.50	1.040	100	1.000	-0.02	0.617	0.642
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 2	0	Reduced	64	5320	13.43	13.50	1.016	100	1.000	0.02	0.117	0.119
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 4	0	Full	64	5320	16.94	18.00	1.276	100	1.000	0.03	0.010	0.013
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	64	5320	13.43	13.50	1.016	100	1.000	0.05	0.370	0.376
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	12	Full	64	5320	16.94	18.00	1.276	100	1.000	0.09	0.308	0.393
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 2	5	Full	64	5320	16.94	18.00	1.276	100	1.000	-0.05	0.164	0.209
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	13	Full	64	5320	16.94	18.00	1.276	100	1.000	0.04	0.169	0.216
15	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	132	5660	12.34	13.00	1.164	100	1.000	0.02	0.890	1.036
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	100	5500	12.25	13.00	1.189	100	1.000	-0.14	0.644	0.765
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	140	5700	12.26	13.00	1.186	100	1.000	0.08	0.748	0.887
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 2	0	Reduced	132	5660	12.34	13.00	1.164	100	1.000	0.02	0.144	0.168
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 4	0	Full	132	5660	16.95	18.00	1.274	100	1.000	0.05	0.026	0.033
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	132	5660	12.34	13.00	1.164	100	1.000	0.02	0.763	0.888
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	100	5500	12.25	13.00	1.189	100	1.000	0.05	0.565	0.672
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	140	5700	12.26	13.00	1.186	100	1.000	0.03	0.685	0.812
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	12	Full	132	5660	16.95	18.00	1.274	100	1.000	0.05	0.502	0.639
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 2	5	Full	132	5660	16.95	18.00	1.274	100	1.000	-0.03	0.384	0.489
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	13	Full	132	5660	16.95	18.00	1.274	100	1.000	0.07	0.183	0.233
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	149	5745	12.13	12.50	1.089	100	1.000	-0.04	0.774	0.843
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	157	5785	11.98	12.50	1.127	100	1.000	-0.02	0.808	0.911
16	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	165	5825	11.99	12.50	1.125	100	1.000	0.14	0.906	1.019
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 2	0	Reduced	149	5745	12.13	12.50	1.089	100	1.000	0.02	0.171	0.186
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 4	0	Full	149	5745	16.78	18.00	1.324	100	1.000	0.03	0.025	0.033
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	149	5745	12.13	12.50	1.089	100	1.000	0.01	0.734	0.799
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	157	5785	11.98	12.50	1.127	100	1.000	0.04	0.755	0.851
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	165	5825	11.99	12.50	1.125	100	1.000	0.09	0.716	0.805
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	12	Full	149	5745	16.78	18.00	1.324	100	1.000	0.06	0.380	0.503
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 2	5	Full	149	5745	16.78	18.00	1.324	100	1.000	0.04	0.214	0.283
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	13	Full	149	5745	16.78	18.00	1.324	100	1.000	0.02	0.202	0.268

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Edge 1	0	Full	39	2441	10.13	11.00	1.222	76.72	1.086	0.03	0.113	0.150
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Edge 2	0	Full	39	2441	10.13	11.00	1.222	76.72	1.086	0.02	0.116	0.154
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Edge 4	0	Full	39	2441	10.13	11.00	1.222	76.72	1.086	0.01	0.003	0.004
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Full	39	2441	10.13	11.00	1.222	76.72	1.086	-0.03	0.203	0.269
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Full	0	2402	9.91	11.00	1.285	76.72	1.086	0.09	0.215	0.300
17	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Full	78	2480	9.47	11.00	1.422	76.72	1.086	-0.03	0.227	0.351



16.2 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	9262	1852.4	17.91	18.00	1.021	-	-	0.01	0.996	1	1.017
2nd	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	9262	1852.4	17.91	18.00	1.02	-	-	0.04	0.982	1.014	1.003
1st	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	1513	1752.6	17.87	19.00	1.297	-	-	-0.02	0.843	1	1.094
2nd	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	1513	1752.6	17.87	19.00	1.297	-	-	-0.01	0.833	1.012	1.081
1st	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	4132	826.4	18.78	19.00	1.052	-	-	0.07	0.953	1	1.003
2nd	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	4132	826.4	18.78	19.00	1.052	-	-	0.07	0.945	1.008	0.994
1st	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Edge 1	0	Reduced	23230	782	17.93	18.00	1.016	-	-	0.01	0.804	1	0.817
2nd	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Edge 1	0	Reduced	23230	782	17.93	18.00	1.016	-	-	0.06	0.794	1.013	0.807
1st	WLAN2.4GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	6	2437	14.53	15.50	1.250	100	1.000	0.06	0.839	1	1.049
2nd	WLAN2.4GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	6	2437	14.53	15.50	1.250	100	1.000	0.06	0.822	1.021	1.028
1st	WLAN5.3GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	52	5260	13.03	13.50	1.114	100	1.000	0.03	0.937	1	1.044
2nd	WLAN5.3GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	52	5260	13.03	13.50	1.114	100	1.000	0.03	0.922	1.016	1.027
1st	WLAN5.5GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	132	5660	12.34	13.00	1.164	100	1.000	0.02	0.890	1	1.036
2nd	WLAN5.5GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	132	5660	12.34	13.00	1.164	100	1.000	0.02	0.881	1.010	1.026
1st	WLAN5.8GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	165	5825	11.99	12.50	1.125	100	1.000	0.14	0.906	1	1.019
2nd	WLAN5.8GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	165	5825	11.99	12.50	1.125	100	1.000	0.14	0.889	1.019	1.000

General Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is $\geq 0.8W/kg$.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR $< 1.45W/kg$, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured* SAR.
4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

17. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Body
1.	GSM Voice + 2.4GHz WLAN	Yes
2.	GPRS/EDGE + 2.4GHz WLAN	Yes
3.	WCDMA + 2.4GHz WLAN	Yes
4.	LTE + 2.4GHz WLAN	Yes
5.	GSM Voice + 5GHz WLAN	Yes
6.	GPRS/EDGE + 5GHz WLAN	Yes
7.	WCDMA + 5GHz WLAN	Yes
8.	LTE + 5GHz WLAN	Yes
9.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth	Yes
10.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth	Yes
11.	WCDMA + Bluetooth	Yes
12.	LTE + Bluetooth	Yes

General Note:

1. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation.
2. According to the EUT character, WLAN 5GHz and Bluetooth can't transmit simultaneously
3. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
4. EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment though they have independent antenna.
5. WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna so can't transmit simultaneously.
6. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
7. All licensed modes share the same antenna part and cannot transmit simultaneously.
8. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where $(x1, y1, z1)$ and $(x2, y2, z2)$ are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
 - v) The SPLSR calculated results please refer to section 17.2.



17.1 Body Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	2	4	6	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No	1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No	1+6 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	
		WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth								
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)								
GSM	GSM850	Bottom Face at 13 mm	0.518	0.441	0.268	0.351	0.96			0.79			0.87
		Edge 1 at 12 mm	0.459	0.201	0.639	0.150	0.66			1.10			0.61
		Edge 4 at 10 mm	0.362	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.47			0.40			0.37
		Bottom Face at 0mm	1.060	1.049	0.888	0.351	2.11	#01	0.03	1.95	#02	0.03	1.41
		Edge 1 at 0mm	0.605	0.583	1.044	0.150	1.19			1.65	#03	0.04	0.76
		Edge 2 at 0mm	0.137	0.496	0.186	0.154	0.63			0.32			0.29
		Edge 3 at 0mm	<0.001				<0.001			<0.001			<0.001
		Edge 4 at 0mm	0.396	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.50			0.43			0.40
		Edge 2 at 5 mm	0.137	0.695	0.489	0.154	0.83			0.63			0.29
	GSM1900	Bottom Face at 13 mm	0.370	0.441	0.268	0.351	0.81			0.64			0.72
		Edge 1 at 12 mm	0.218	0.201	0.639	0.150	0.42			0.86			0.37
		Edge 4 at 10 mm	0.359	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.47			0.39			0.36
		Bottom Face at 0mm	1.015	1.049	0.888	0.351	2.06	#04	0.03	1.90	#05	0.04	1.37
		Edge 1 at 0mm	0.857	0.583	1.044	0.150	1.44			1.90	#06	0.03	1.01
		Edge 2 at 0mm	0.086	0.496	0.186	0.154	0.58			0.27			0.24
		Edge 3 at 0mm					0.00			0.00			0.00
		Edge 4 at 0mm	0.341	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.45			0.37			0.35
		Edge 2 at 5 mm	0.086	0.695	0.489	0.154	0.78			0.58			0.24
WCDMA	WCDMA II	Bottom Face at 13 mm	0.789	0.441	0.268	0.351	1.23			1.06			1.14
		Edge 1 at 12 mm	0.661	0.201	0.639	0.150	0.86			1.30			0.81
		Edge 4 at 10 mm	0.432	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.54			0.47			0.44
		Bottom Face at 0mm	1.017	1.049	0.888	0.351	2.07	#07	0.03	1.91	#08	0.03	1.37
		Edge 1 at 0mm	0.639	0.583	1.044	0.150	1.22			1.68	#09	0.03	0.79
		Edge 2 at 0mm	0.072	0.496	0.186	0.154	0.57			0.26			0.23
		Edge 3 at 0mm					0.00			0.00			0.00
		Edge 4 at 0mm	0.256	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.36			0.29			0.26
		Edge 2 at 5 mm	0.072	0.695	0.489	0.154	0.77			0.56			0.23
	WCDMA IV	Bottom Face at 13 mm	0.642	0.441	0.268	0.351	1.08			0.91			0.99
		Edge 1 at 12 mm	0.316	0.201	0.639	0.150	0.52			0.96			0.47
		Edge 4 at 10 mm	0.385	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.49			0.42			0.39
		Bottom Face at 0mm	1.094	1.049	0.888	0.351	2.14	#10	0.03	1.98	#11	0.03	1.45
		Edge 1 at 0mm	0.497	0.583	1.044	0.150	1.08			1.54			0.65
		Edge 2 at 0mm	0.050	0.496	0.186	0.154	0.55			0.24			0.20
		Edge 3 at 0mm					0.00			0.00			0.00
		Edge 4 at 0mm	0.392	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.50			0.43			0.40
		Edge 2 at 5 mm	0.050	0.695	0.489	0.154	0.75			0.54			0.20



WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	2	4	6	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No	1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No	1+6 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	
		WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth								
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)								
WCDMA	WCDMA V	Bottom Face at 13 mm	0.761	0.441	0.268	0.351	1.20			1.03			1.11
		Edge 1 at 12 mm	0.777	0.201	0.639	0.150	0.98			1.42			0.93
		Edge 4 at 10 mm	0.316	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.42			0.35			0.32
		Bottom Face at 0mm	1.003	1.049	0.888	0.351	2.05	#12	0.03	1.89	#13	0.03	1.35
		Edge 1 at 0mm	0.545	0.583	1.044	0.150	1.13			1.59			0.70
		Edge 2 at 0mm	0.088	0.496	0.186	0.154	0.58			0.27			0.24
		Edge 3 at 0mm	<0.001				<0.001			<0.001			<0.001
		Edge 4 at 0mm	0.276	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.38			0.31			0.28
		Edge 2 at 5 mm	0.088	0.695	0.489	0.154	0.78			0.58			0.24
LTE	LTE Band 2	Bottom Face at 13 mm	0.764	0.441	0.268	0.351	1.21			1.03			1.12
		Edge 1 at 12 mm	0.530	0.201	0.639	0.150	0.73			1.17			0.68
		Edge 4 at 10 mm	0.373	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.48			0.41			0.38
		Bottom Face at 0mm	1.081	1.049	0.888	0.351	2.13	#14	0.03	1.97	#15	0.03	1.43
		Edge 1 at 0mm	0.780	0.583	1.044	0.150	1.36			1.82	#16	0.03	0.93
		Edge 2 at 0mm	0.091	0.496	0.186	0.154	0.59			0.28			0.25
		Edge 3 at 0mm					0.00			0.00			0.00
		Edge 4 at 0mm	0.388	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.50			0.42			0.39
		Edge 2 at 5 mm	0.091	0.695	0.489	0.154	0.79			0.58			0.25
	LTE Band 5	Bottom Face at 13 mm	0.475	0.441	0.268	0.351	0.92			0.74			0.83
		Edge 1 at 12 mm	0.486	0.201	0.639	0.150	0.69			1.13			0.64
		Edge 4 at 10 mm	0.232	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.34			0.27			0.24
		Bottom Face at 0mm	1.027	1.049	0.888	0.351	2.08	#17	0.03	1.92	#18	0.03	1.38
		Edge 1 at 0mm	0.536	0.583	1.044	0.150	1.12			1.58			0.69
		Edge 2 at 0mm	0.088	0.496	0.186	0.154	0.58			0.27			0.24
		Edge 3 at 0mm	<0.001				<0.001			<0.001			<0.001
		Edge 4 at 0mm	0.283	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.39			0.32			0.29
		Edge 2 at 5 mm	0.088	0.695	0.489	0.154	0.78			0.58			0.24
	LTE Band 12	Bottom Face at 13 mm	0.220	0.441	0.268	0.351	0.66			0.49			0.57
		Edge 1 at 12 mm	0.258	0.201	0.639	0.150	0.46			0.90			0.41
		Edge 4 at 10 mm	0.098	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.21			0.13			0.10
		Bottom Face at 0mm	0.616	1.049	0.888	0.351	1.67	#19	0.02	1.50			0.97
		Edge 1 at 0mm	0.816	0.583	1.044	0.150	1.40			1.86	#20	0.04	0.97
		Edge 2 at 0mm	0.110	0.496	0.186	0.154	0.61			0.30			0.26
Edge 3 at 0mm		<0.001				<0.001			<0.001			<0.001	
Edge 4 at 0mm		0.132	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.24			0.17			0.14	
Edge 2 at 5 mm		0.110	0.695	0.489	0.154	0.81			0.60			0.26	



WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	2	4	6	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No	1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No	1+6 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
		WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth							
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)							
LTE Band 13	Bottom Face at 13 mm	0.479	0.441	0.268	0.351	0.92			0.75			0.83
	Edge 1 at 12 mm	0.600	0.201	0.639	0.150	0.80			1.24			0.75
	Edge 4 at 10 mm	0.191	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.30			0.22			0.20
	Bottom Face at 0mm	0.588	1.049	0.888	0.351	1.64	#21	0.02	1.48			0.94
	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.817	0.583	1.044	0.150	1.40			1.86	#22	0.04	0.97
	Edge 2 at 0mm	0.074	0.496	0.186	0.154	0.57			0.26			0.23
	Edge 3 at 0mm	<0.001				<0.001			<0.001			<0.001
	Edge 4 at 0mm	0.196	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.30			0.23			0.20
LTE Band 14	Bottom Face at 13 mm	0.546	0.441	0.268	0.351	0.99			0.81			0.90
	Edge 1 at 12 mm	0.498	0.201	0.639	0.150	0.70			1.14			0.65
	Edge 4 at 10 mm	0.210	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.32			0.24			0.21
	Bottom Face at 0mm	0.727	1.049	0.888	0.351	1.78	#23	0.04	1.62	#24	0.02	1.08
	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.844	0.583	1.044	0.150	1.43			1.89	#25	0.04	0.99
	Edge 2 at 0mm	0.104	0.496	0.186	0.154	0.60			0.29			0.26
	Edge 3 at 0mm	<0.001				<0.001			<0.001			<0.001
	Edge 4 at 0mm	0.206	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.31			0.24			0.21
LTE Band 30	Bottom Face at 13 mm	0.655	0.441	0.268	0.351	1.10			0.92			1.01
	Edge 1 at 12 mm	0.772	0.201	0.639	0.150	0.97			1.41			0.92
	Edge 4 at 10 mm	1.046	0.108	0.033	0.004	1.15			1.08			1.05
	Bottom Face at 0mm	1.067	1.049	0.888	0.351	2.12	#26	0.03	1.96	#27	0.03	1.42
	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.812	0.583	1.044	0.150	1.40			1.86	#28	0.03	0.96
	Edge 2 at 0mm	0.059	0.496	0.186	0.154	0.56			0.25			0.21
	Edge 3 at 0mm					0.00			0.00			0.00
	Edge 4 at 0mm	1.054	0.108	0.033	0.004	1.16			1.09			1.06
LTE Band 66	Bottom Face at 13 mm	0.599	0.441	0.268	0.351	1.04			0.87			0.95
	Edge 1 at 12 mm	0.203	0.201	0.639	0.150	0.40			0.84			0.35
	Edge 4 at 10 mm	0.343	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.45			0.38			0.35
	Bottom Face at 0mm	1.099	1.049	0.888	0.351	2.15	#29	0.03	1.99	#30	0.03	1.45
	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.592	0.583	1.044	0.150	1.18			1.64	#31	0.03	0.74
	Edge 2 at 0mm	0.193	0.496	0.186	0.154	0.69			0.38			0.35
	Edge 3 at 0mm					0.00			0.00			0.00
	Edge 4 at 0mm	0.725	0.108	0.033	0.004	0.83			0.76			0.73
Edge 2 at 5 mm	0.193	0.695	0.489	0.154	0.89			0.68			0.35	

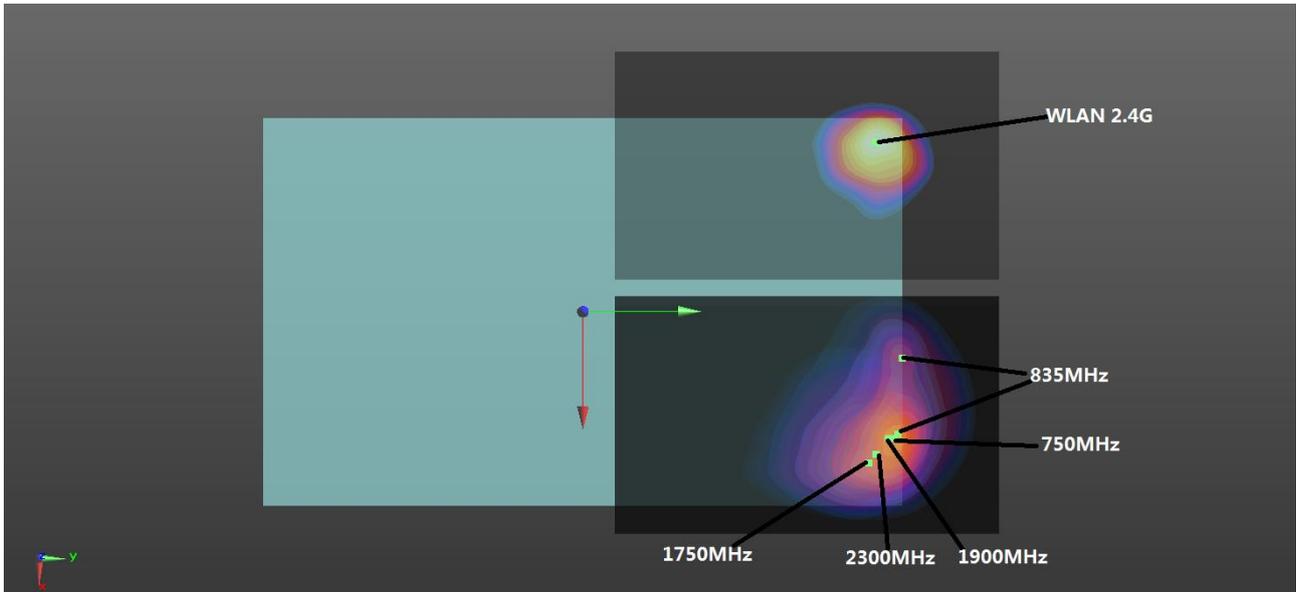
Note:

1. Chose WWAN Edge 2 at 0mm as Edge 2 at 5 mm SAR to do co-located with WLAN analysis.
2. Chose WLAN Edge 4 at 0mm as Edge 4 at 10 mm SAR to do co-located with WWAN analysis.
3. Chose Bluetooth Bottom Face/ Edge 1/ Edge 2/ Edge 4 at 0mm as Bottom Face at 13 mm, Edge 1 at 12 mm, Edge 2 at 5 mm and Edge 4 at 10 mm SAR to do co-located with WWAN analysis.

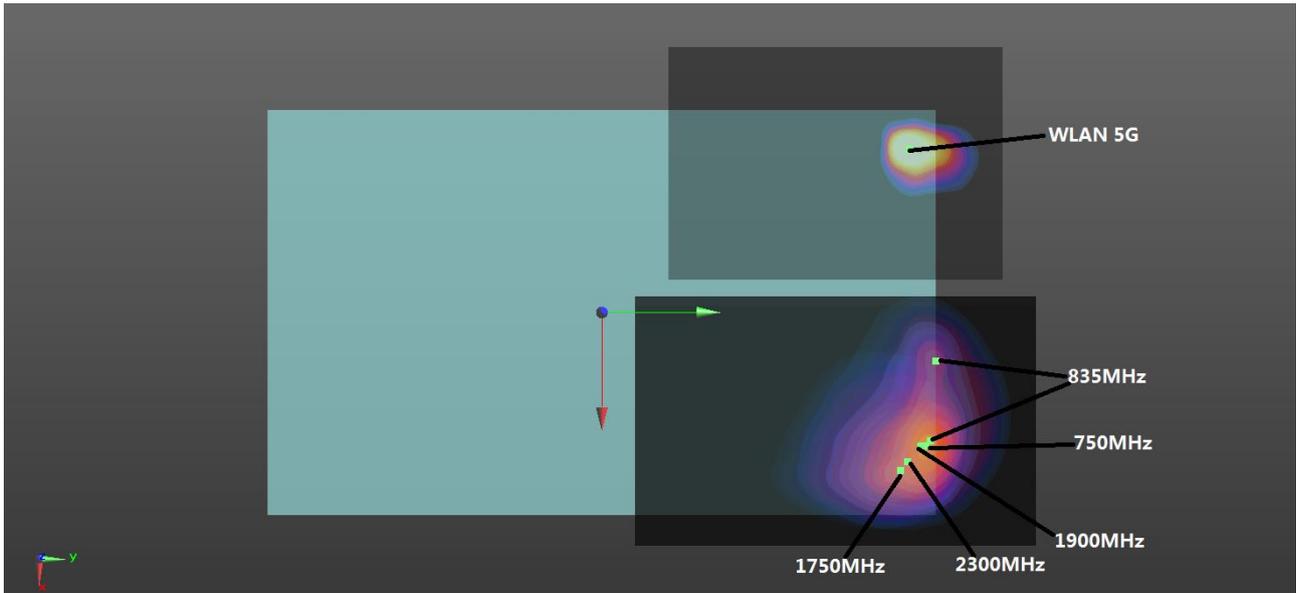
17.2 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

General Note:

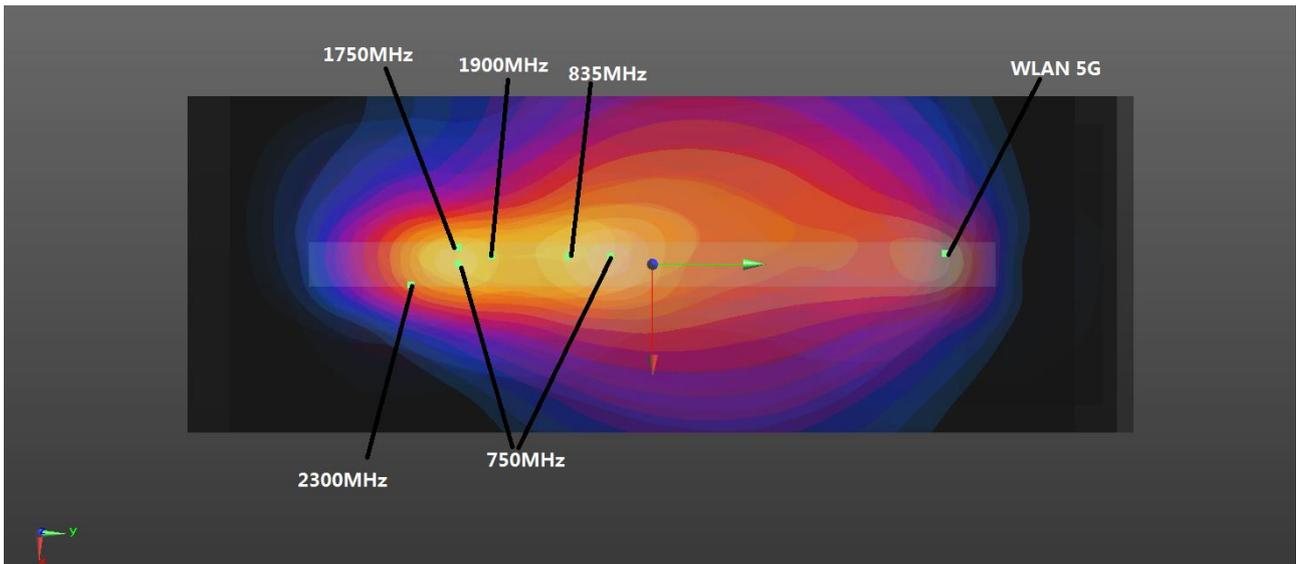
1. When standalone SAR is measured for both antennas in the pair, the peak location separation distance is computed by the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates in the area scans or extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scans, as appropriate.
2. $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)1.5 / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$. If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$ for 1g SAR and $SPLSR \leq 0.10$ for 10g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.



Bottom Face (0mm)+WLAN2.4GHz(0mm)



Bottom Face (0mm)+WLAN5GHz(0mm)



Edge 1 (0mm)+ WLAN5GHz(0mm)

Case 1	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
					X	Y	Z				
	GSM850	Bottom Face	1.06	0mm	48	95.3	-3.38	100.2	2.11	0.03	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.049	0mm	-52.2	93.6	-2.81				
Case 2	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
					X	Y	Z				
	GSM850	Bottom Face	1.06	0mm	48	95.3	-3.38	96.1	1.95	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.888	0mm	-48	100	-3.28				
Case 3	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
					X	Y	Z				
	GSM850	Edge 1	0.605	0mm	-3.1	-9.5	-4.52	57.5	1.65	0.04	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.044	0mm	-0.8	48	-4.04				
Case 4	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
					X	Y	Z				
	GSM1900	Bottom Face	1.015	0mm	46.4	93.9	-3.68	98.6	2.06	0.03	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.049	0mm	-52.2	93.6	-2.81				
Case 5	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
					X	Y	Z				
	GSM1900	Bottom Face	1.015	0mm	-0.8	48	-4.04	70.2	1.90	0.04	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.888	0mm	-48	100	-3.28				
Case 6	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
					X	Y	Z				
	GSM1900	Edge 1	0.857	0mm	-1.5	-27	-4.49	75.0	1.90	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.044	0mm	-0.8	48	-4.04				
Case 7	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
					X	Y	Z				
	WCDMA II	Bottom Face	1.017	0mm	46.4	93.9	-3.59	98.6	2.07	0.03	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.049	0mm	-52.2	93.6	-2.81				
Case 8	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
					X	Y	Z				
	WCDMA II	Bottom Face	1.017	0mm	46.4	93.9	-3.59	94.6	1.91	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.888	0mm	-48	100	-3.28				
Case 9	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
					X	Y	Z				
	WCDMA II	Edge 1	0.639	0mm	-1.6	-28.8	-4.49	76.8	1.68	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.044	0mm	-0.8	48	-4.04				

Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
Case 10	WCDMA IV	Bottom Face	1.094	0mm	45.9	92.7	-3.68	98.1	2.14	0.03	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.049	0mm	-52.2	93.6	-2.81				
Case 11	WCDMA IV	Bottom Face	1.094	0mm	45.9	92.7	-3.68	94.2	1.98	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.888	0mm	-48	100	-3.28				
Case 12	WCDMA V	Bottom Face	1.003	0mm	46.4	95.4	-3.51	98.6	2.05	0.03	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.049	0mm	-52.2	93.6	-2.81				
Case 13	WCDMA V	Bottom Face	1.003	0mm	46.4	95.4	-3.51	94.5	1.89	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.888	0mm	-48	100	-3.28				
Case 14	LTE Band 2	Bottom Face	1.081	0mm	45.9	100.2	-3.37	98.3	2.13	0.03	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.049	0mm	-52.2	93.6	-2.81				
Case 15	LTE Band 2	Bottom Face	1.081	0mm	45.9	100.2	-3.37	93.9	1.97	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.888	0mm	-48	100	-3.28				
Case 16	LTE Band 2	Edge 1	0.78	0mm	-1.6	-28.8	-4.49	76.8	1.82	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.044	0mm	-0.8	48	-4.04				
Case 17	LTE Band 5 Cube 0	Bottom Face	1.027	0mm	44.9	98.5	-3.74	97.2	2.08	0.03	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.049	0mm	-52.2	93.6	-2.81				
	LTE Band 5 Cube 1	Bottom Face	0.758	0mm	30.5	101.6	-3.92	83.1	1.81	0.03	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.049	0mm	-52.2	93.6	-2.81				

Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
Case 18	LTE Band 5 Cube 0	Bottom Face	1.027	0mm	44.9	98.5	-3.74	92.9	1.92	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.888	0mm	-48	100	-3.28				
	LTE Band 5 Cube 1	Bottom Face	0.758	0mm	30.5	101.6	-3.92	78.5	1.65	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.888	0mm	-48	100	-3.28				
Case 19	LTE Band 12	Bottom Face	0.616	0mm	45.5	96	-3.51	97.7	1.67	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.049	0mm	-52.2	93.6	-2.81				
Case 20	LTE Band 12 Cube 0	Edge 1	0.816	0mm	6.2	-10.2	-4.35	58.6	1.86	0.04	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.044	0mm	-0.8	48	-4.04				
	LTE Band 12 Cube 1	Edge 1	0.584	0mm	4.7	-34.5	-4.29	82.7	1.63	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.044	0mm	-0.8	48	-4.04				
Case 21	LTE Band 13	Bottom Face	0.588	0mm	45.5	97.5	-3.51	97.8	1.64	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.049	0mm	-52.2	93.6	-2.81				
Case 22	LTE Band 13	Edge 1	0.817	0mm	0	-10	-4.18	58.0	1.86	0.04	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.044	0mm	-0.8	48	-4.04				
Case 23	LTE Band 14	Bottom Face	0.727	0mm	45.5	96.5	-3.51	64.3	1.78	0.04	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.049	0mm	0.3	50.8	-4.13				
Case 24	LTE Band 14	Bottom Face	0.727	0mm	45.5	96.5	-3.51	93.6	1.62	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.888	0mm	-48	100	-3.28				
Case 25	LTE Band 14	Edge 1	0.844	0mm	0	-12	-4.19	60.0	1.89	0.04	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.044	0mm	-0.8	48	-4.04				

Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
Case 26	LTE Band 30	Bottom Face	1.067	0mm	45.2	93.4	-3.61	97.4	2.12	0.03	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.049	0mm	-52.2	93.6	-2.81				
Case 27	LTE Band 30	Bottom Face	1.067	0mm	45.2	93.4	-3.61	93.4	1.96	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.888	0mm	-48	100	-3.28				
Case 28	LTE Band 30	Edge 1	0.812	0mm	-3.6	-47.6	-4.33	95.6	1.86	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.044	0mm	-0.8	48	-4.04				
Case 29	LTE Band 66	Bottom Face	1.099	0mm	46.3	92.4	-3.58	98.5	2.15	0.03	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.049	0mm	-52.2	93.6	-2.81				
Case 30	LTE Band 66	Bottom Face	1.099	0mm	46.3	92.4	-3.58	94.6	1.99	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.888	0mm	-48	100	-3.28				
Case 31	LTE Band 66	Edge 1	0.592	0mm	-3	-33	-4.3	81.0	1.64	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.044	0mm	-0.8	48	-4.04				

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18. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be $\leq 30\%$, for a confidence interval of $k = 2$. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.



19. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.
- [7] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [9] FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers", Oct 2015
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015



Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.



Appendix B. Plots of SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.



Appendix C. DAS Y Calibration Certificate

The DAS Y calibration certificates are shown as follows.



Appendix E. Conducted RF Output Power Table

The detailed power tables are shown as follows.