



# FCC RF Test Report

**APPLICANT** : Lenovo (Shanghai) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.  
**EQUIPMENT** : Portable Tablet Computer  
**BRAND NAME** : lenovo  
**MODEL NAME** : Lenovo TAB 2 A8-50F  
**FCC ID** : O57TAB2A850F  
**STANDARD** : FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247  
**CLASSIFICATION** : (DSS) Spread Spectrum Transmitter

The product was received on Feb. 04, 2015 and testing was completed on Mar. 10, 2015. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Joseph Lin / Supervisor

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



**SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.**  
**No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P. R. China**



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

**REVISION HISTORY..... 3**

**SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT ..... 4**

**1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION..... 5**

    1.1 Applicant..... 5

    1.2 Manufacturer..... 5

    1.3 Product Feature of Equipment Under Test..... 5

    1.4 Product Specification subjective to this standard ..... 6

    1.5 Modification of EUT ..... 8

    1.6 Testing Location ..... 8

    1.7 Applicable Standards..... 8

**2 TEST CONFIGURATION OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST..... 9**

    2.1 Descriptions of Test Mode ..... 9

    2.2 Test Mode..... 10

    2.3 Connection Diagram of Test System..... 11

    2.4 Support Unit used in test configuration and system ..... 12

    2.5 EUT Operation Test Setup ..... 12

    2.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example..... 13

**3 TEST RESULT ..... 14**

    3.1 Number of Channel Measurement ..... 14

    3.2 Hopping Channel Separation Measurement ..... 16

    3.3 Dwell Time Measurement..... 23

    3.4 20dB and 99% Bandwidth Measurement ..... 26

    3.5 Peak Output Power Measurement ..... 39

    3.6 Conducted Band Edges Measurement ..... 41

    3.7 Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement ..... 48

    3.8 Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement ..... 58

    3.9 AC Conducted Emission Measurement..... 64

    3.10 Antenna Requirements..... 68

**4 LIST OF MEASURING EQUIPMENT..... 69**

**5 UNCERTAINTY OF EVALUATION..... 70**

**APPENDIX A. RADIATED TEST RESULTS**

**APPENDIX B. SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS**



**SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT**

Report Section	FCC Rule	IC Rule	Description	Limit	Result	Remark
3.1	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210 A8.4(2)	Number of Channels	$\geq 15$ Chs	Pass	-
3.2	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210 A8.1(b)	Hopping Channel Separation	$\geq 2/3$ of 20dB BW	Pass	-
3.3	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210 A8.1(d)	Dwell Time of Each Channel	$\leq 0.4$ sec in 31.6sec period	Pass	-
3.4	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210 A8.1(a)	20dB Bandwidth	NA	Pass	-
3.4	-	RSS-Gen 4.6.1	99% Bandwidth	-	Pass	-
3.5	15.247(b)(1)	RSS-210 A8.1(b)	Peak Output Power	$\leq 125$ mW	Pass	-
3.6	15.247(d)	RSS-210 A8.5	Conducted Band Edges	$\leq 20$ dBc	Pass	-
3.7	15.247(d)	RSS-210 A8.5	Conducted Spurious Emission	$\leq 20$ dBc	Pass	-
3.8	15.247(d)	RSS-210 A8.5	Radiated Band Edges and Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209(a) & 15.247(d)	Pass	Under limit 5.66 dB at 30.000 MHz
3.9	15.207	RSS-Gen 7.2.4	AC Conducted Emission	15.207(a)	Pass	Under limit 9.42 dB at 3.490 MHz
3.10	15.203 & 15.247(b)	RSS-210 A8.4	Antenna Requirement	N/A	Pass	-



# 1 General Description

## 1.1 Applicant

**Lenovo (Shanghai) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.**  
No. 68 Building, 199 Fenju Road, Wai Gao Qiao FTZ, Shanghai, China

## 1.2 Manufacturer

**Lenovo PC HK Limited**  
23/F, Lincoln House, Taikoo Place 979 King's Road, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong

## 1.3 Product Feature of Equipment Under Test

Product Feature	
Equipment	Portable Tablet Computer
Brand Name	lenovo
Model Name	Lenovo TAB 2 A8-50F
FCC ID	O57TAB2A850F
EUT supports Radios application	WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/ Bluetooth v3.0 + EDR/Bluetooth v4.0 LE
HW Version	LLDM007C1-3
SW Version	A8-50F_S000005_150204_ROW
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

**Remark:** The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.



### 1.4 Product Specification subjective to this standard

Product Specification subjective to this standard	
<b>Tx/Rx Frequency Range</b>	2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
<b>Number of Channels</b>	79
<b>Carrier Frequency of Each Channel</b>	2402+n*1 MHz; n=0~78
<b>Maximum Output Power to Antenna</b>	Bluetooth BR(1Mbps) : 4.88 dBm (0.00308 W) Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : 4.08 dBm (0.00256 W) Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 4.41 dBm (0.00276 W)
<b>99% Occupied Bandwidth</b>	Bluetooth BR(1Mbps) : 0.896MHz Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : 1.164MHz Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 1.152MHz
<b>Antenna Type/Gain</b>	PIFA Antenna with gain 1.90 dBi
<b>Type of Modulation</b>	Bluetooth BR (1Mbps) : GFSK Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : $\pi/4$ -DQPSK Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 8-DPSK

### 1.5 Component List

**Note:** there are six types of EUT, sample 1/3/5 are the 1st source, the difference between the three types are just for flash memory, sample 2/4/6 are the 2nd source, the different between the three types are also for flash memory, the difference between 1st source and 2nd source are for Flash/LCM/TP/Front Camera/back camera/Motor/Side key FPC/Main FPC and battery. The details refer the following table. According to the difference, we evaluate is not affect RF performance, so only choose sample 1 to perform RF test.



Component	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Flash	(SAMSUNG) KMR820001M-B609	(Hynix) H9TQ17ABJTMCURKUM	(SAMSUNG) KMQ8X000SA-B414
LCM	(BOE) TFT_8" _1280X800_TTV08 0WXM-NL0	(Dongshan) TFT_8" _1280X800_D080 0AN00	(BOE) TFT_8" _1280X800_TTV0 80WXM-NL0
TP	(AVC) 8"CTP LENS_AP080205	(Mutto) 8"CTP LENS_131795E1	(AVC) 8"CTP LENS_AP080205
Front_camera	(Sunrise) Camera_200W_F V1.0_PC0FB0002B	(Jinkang) Camera 200W FF_H7P2-A8HQ	(Sunrise) Camera_200W_F V1.0_PC0FB0002B
Back_camera	(O-Film) Camera_500W_AF_L545A 00	(Q-tech) Camera_500W-AF_BTБ_ 30PIN_FH545AB	(O-Film) Camera_500W_AF_L545 A00
Motor	(Huachuan) F102730-I01	(Dongci) DM-B1003-9N	(Huachuan) F102730-I01
Side key FPC	(Zrxd) FPC+DOME+Steel+TESA8 853	(Rongxinda) FPC+DOME+Steel+TESA 8853	(Zrxd) FPC+DOME+Steel+TESA 8853
Main FPC	(Zrxd) FPC+TESA8853	(Rongxinda) FPC+TESA8853	(Zrxd) FPC+TESA8853
Battery	(Sunwoda) XWD-L L13D1P32	(TWS) TWS-C L13T1P32	(Sunwoda) XWD-L L13D1P32

Component	Sample 4	Sample 5	Sample 6
Flash	(Hynix) H9TQ17A8GTMCURKUM	(SAMSUNG) KMQ7X000SA- B315	(Hynix) H9TQ64A8GTMCURKUM
LCM	(Dongshan) TFT_8" _1280X800_D0800 AN00	(BOE) TFT_8" _1280X800_TTV0 80WXM-NL0	(Dongshan) TFT_8" _1280X800_D080 0AN00
TP	(Mutto) 8"CTP LENS_131795E1	(AVC) 8"CTP LENS_AP080205	(Mutto) 8"CTP LENS_131795E1
Front_camera	(Jinkang) Camera 200W FF_H7P2-A8HQ	(Sunrise) Camera_200W_F V1.0_PC0FB0002B	(Jinkang) Camera 200W FF_H7P2-A8HQ
Back_camera	(Q-tech) Camera_500W-AF_BTБ_3 0PIN_FH545AB	(O-Film) Camera_500W_AF_L545 A00	(Q-tech) Camera_500W-AF_BTБ_ 30PIN_FH545AB
Motor	(Dongci) DM-B1003-9N	(Huachuan) F102730-I01	(Dongci) DM-B1003-9N
Side key FPC	(Rongxinda) FPC+DOME+Steel+TESA8 853	(Zrxd) FPC+DOME+Steel+TESA 8853	(Rongxinda) FPC+DOME+Steel+TESA 8853
Main FPC	(Rongxinda) FPC+TESA8853	(Zrxd) FPC+TESA8853	(Rongxinda) FPC+TESA8853
Battery	(TWS) TWS-C L13T1P32	(Sunwoda) XWD-L L13D1P32	(TWS) TWS-C L13T1P32



### 1.6 Modification of EUT

No modifications are made to the EUT during all test items.

### 1.7 Testing Location

<b>Test Site</b>	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.			
<b>Test Site Location</b>	No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P. R. China TEL: +86-0512-5790-0158 FAX: +86-0512-5790-0958			
<b>Test Site No.</b>	<b>Sporton Site No.</b>			<b>FCC/IC Registration No.</b>
	TH01-KS	03CH01-KS	CO01-KS	149928/4086E-1

**Note:** The test site complies with ANSI C63.4 2009 requirement.

### 1.8 Applicable Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247
- FCC Public Notice DA 00-705
- ANSI C63.10-2013
- IC RSS-210 Issue 8
- IC RSS-Gen Issue 4
- NOTICE 2012-DRS0126

**Remark:**

1. All test items were verified and recorded according to the standards and without any deviation during the test.
2. FCC permits the use of the 1.5 meter table as an alternative in C63.10-2013 through inquiry tracking number 961829.
3. This EUT has also been tested and complied with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart B, recorded in a separate test report.
4. Per the section 2.2.3 of Notice of 2012-DRS0126, " Receivers Excluded from Industry Canada Requirements", only radiocommunication receivers operating in stand-alone mode within the band 30-960 MHz and scanner receivers are subject to Industry Canada requirements.



## 2 Test Configuration of Equipment Under Test

### 2.1 Descriptions of Test Mode

Preliminary tests were performed in different data rates and recorded the RF output power in the following table:

Channel	Frequency	Bluetooth RF Output Power		
		Data Rate / Modulation		
		GFSK	$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	8-DPSK
		1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps
Ch00	2402MHz	3.70 dBm	3.05 dBm	3.38 dBm
Ch39	2441MHz	4.83 dBm	4.08 dBm	4.41 dBm
Ch78	2480MHz	4.88 dBm	3.56 dBm	4.03 dBm

**Remark:**

1. All the test data for each data rate were verified, but only the worst case was reported.
  2. The data rate was set in 1Mbps for all the test items due to the highest RF output power.
- a. The EUT has been associated with peripherals and configuration operated in a manner tended to maximize its emission characteristics in a typical application. Frequency range investigated: conduction (150 kHz to 30 MHz), radiation (9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower). Pre-scanned tests, X, Y, Z in three orthogonal panels, and different data rates were conducted to determine the final configuration (X plane as worst plane) from all possible combinations, and the worst mode of radiated spurious emissions is Bluetooth 1Mbps mode, and recorded in this report.
- b. AC power line Conducted Emission was tested under maximum output power.



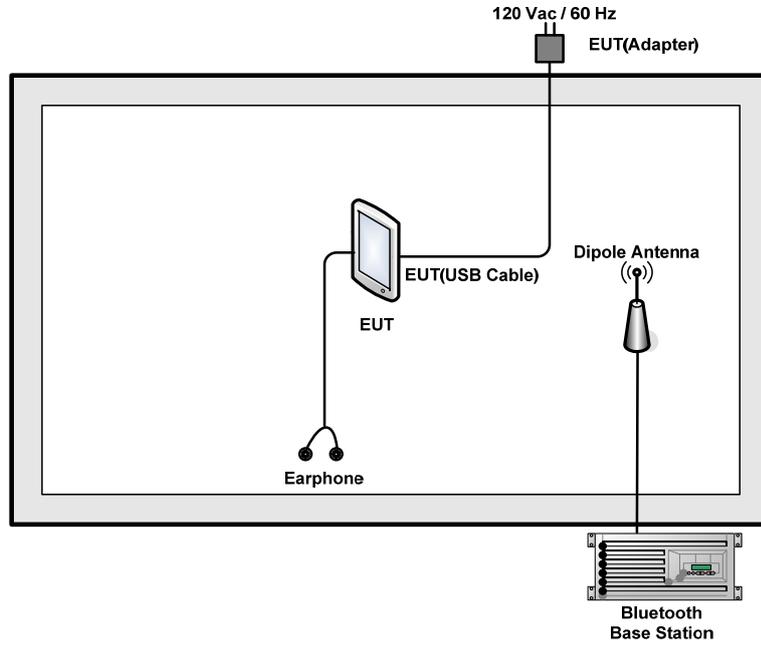
## 2.2 Test Mode

The following summary table is showing all test modes to demonstrate in compliance with the standard.

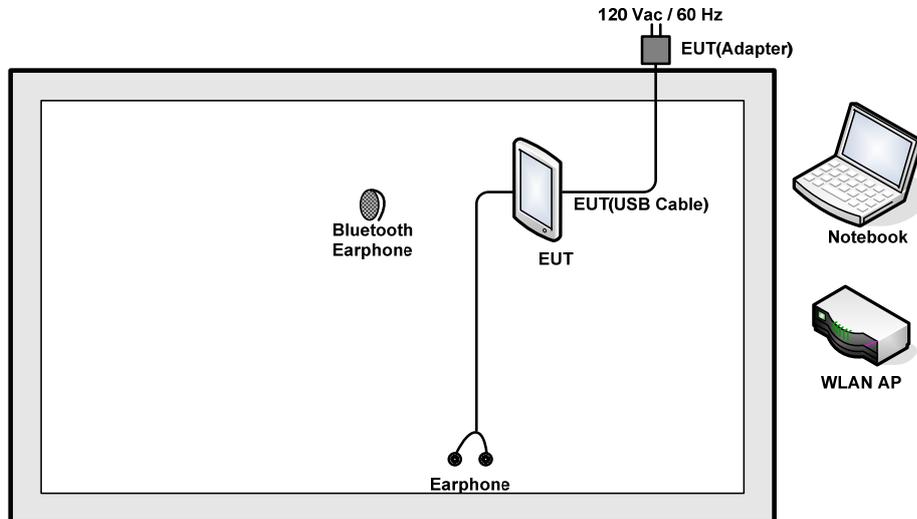
Summary table of Test Cases			
Test Item	Data Rate / Modulation		
	Bluetooth BR 1Mbps GFSK	Bluetooth EDR 2Mbps $\pi/4$ -DQPSK	Bluetooth EDR 3Mbps 8-DPSK
<b>Conducted Test Cases</b>	Mode 1: CH00_2402 MHz Mode 2: CH39_2441 MHz Mode 3: CH78_2480 MHz	Mode 4: CH00_2402 MHz Mode 5: CH39_2441 MHz Mode 6: CH78_2480 MHz	Mode 7: CH00_2402 MHz Mode 8: CH39_2441 MHz Mode 9: CH78_2480 MHz
<b>Radiated Test Cases</b>	<b>Bluetooth BR 1Mbps GFSK</b>		
	Mode 1: CH00_2402 MHz Mode 2: CH39_2441 MHz Mode 3: CH78_2480 MHz		
<b>AC Conducted Emission</b>	Mode 1 :Bluetooth Link + WLAN Link + Earphone + USB Cable (Charging from Adapter 1) for Sample 1		
<b>Remark:</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For radiated test cases, the worst mode data rate 1Mbps was reported only, because this data rate has the highest RF output power at preliminary tests, and no other significantly frequencies found in conducted spurious emission.</li> <li>For Radiated Test Cases, The tests were performance with Adapter 1, Earphone, and USB Cable.</li> <li>All the radiated test cases were performance with Sample 1.</li> </ol>			

## 2.3 Connection Diagram of Test System

### <Bluetooth Tx Mode>



### <AC Conducted Emission Mode>





## 2.4 Support Unit used in test configuration and system

Item	Equipment	Trade Name	Model Name	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	Bluetooth Base Station	R&S	CBT	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
2.	WLAN AP	D-Link	DIR-855	KA2DIR855A2	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
3.	Notebook	Lenovo	G480	FCC DoC	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.2 m DC O/P: Shielded, 1.8 m
4.	Bluetooth Earphone	Lenovo	LBH505	N/A	N/A	N/A
5.	Earphone	Lenovo	SH100	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m

## 2.5 EUT Operation Test Setup

For Bluetooth function, the engineering test program was provided and enabled to make EUT connect with Bluetooth base station to continuous transmit/receive.

For AC power line conducted emissions, the EUT was set to connect with the WLAN AP under large package sizes transmission.



## 2.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

For all conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Example:

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss.

*Offset = RF cable loss.*

Following shows an offset computation example with cable loss 5.5 dB.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Offset(dB)} &= \text{RF cable loss(dB)}. \\ &= 5.5 \text{ (dB)} \end{aligned}$$

### 3 Test Result

#### 3.1 Number of Channel Measurement

##### 3.1.1 Limits of Number of Hopping Frequency

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

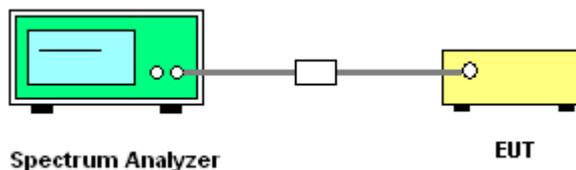
##### 3.1.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

##### 3.1.3 Test Procedure

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = the frequency band of operation; RBW  $\geq$  1% of the span; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. The number of hopping frequency used is defined as the number of total channel.
7. Record the measurement data derived from spectrum analyzer.

##### 3.1.4 Test Setup

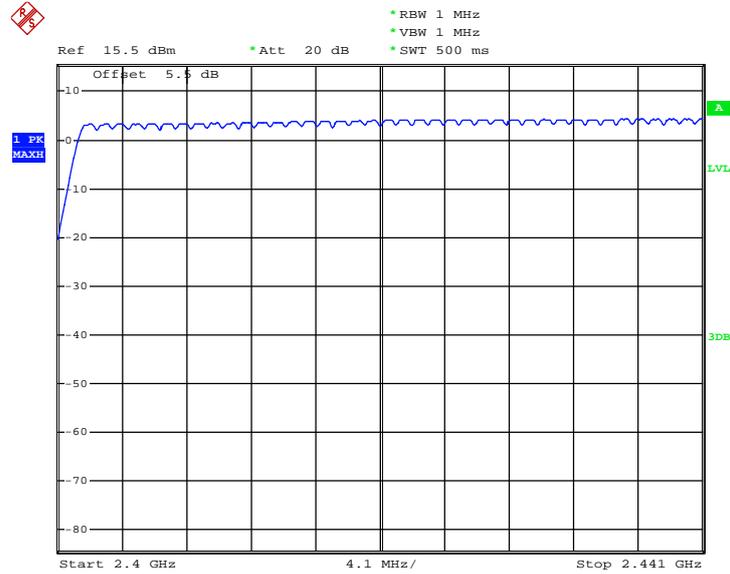


##### 3.1.5 Test Result of Number of Hopping Frequency

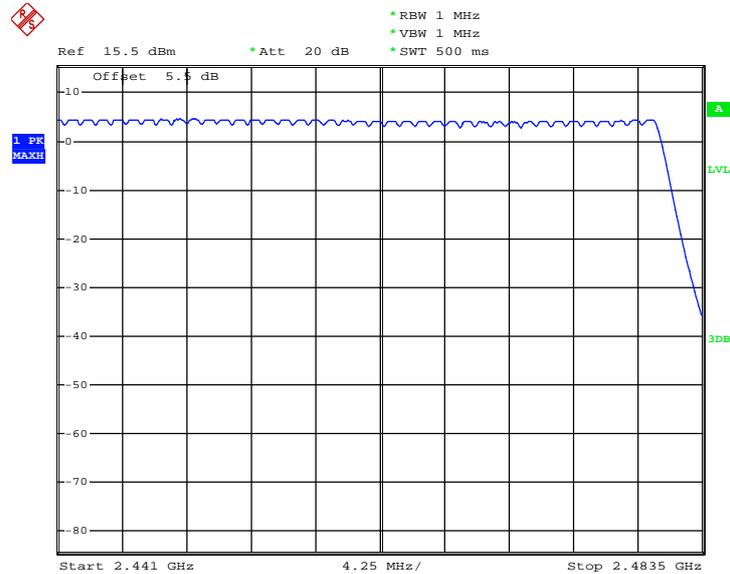
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Issac Song	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
Number of Hopping (Channel)	Adaptive Frequency Hopping (Channel)	Limits (Channel)	Pass/Fail
79	20	> 15	Pass



Number of Hopping Channel Plot on Channel 00 - 78



Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:54:46



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## 3.2 Hopping Channel Separation Measurement

### 3.2.1 Limit of Hopping Channel Separation

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

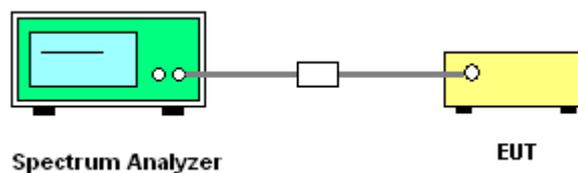
### 3.2.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

### 3.2.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels; RBW  $\geq$  1% of the span;  
VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### 3.2.4 Test Setup



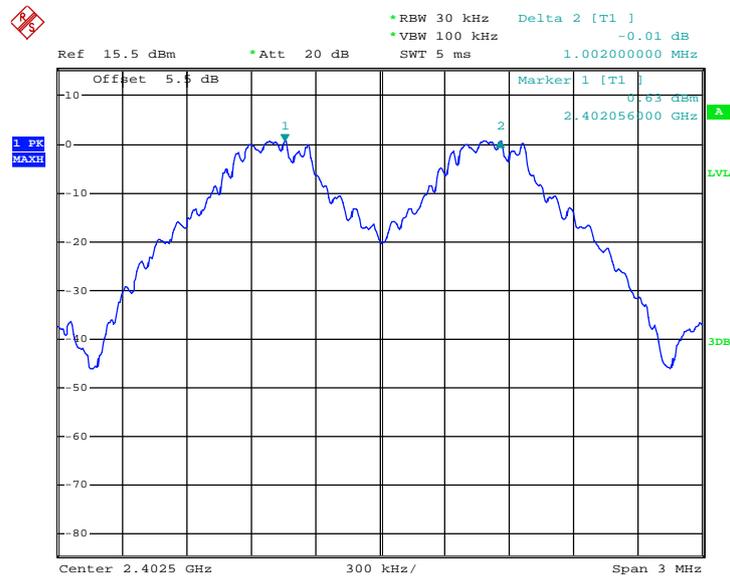


### 3.2.5 Test Result of Hopping Channel Separation

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Issac Song	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.002	0.6480	Pass
39	2441	1.002	0.6453	Pass
78	2480	1.002	0.6453	Pass

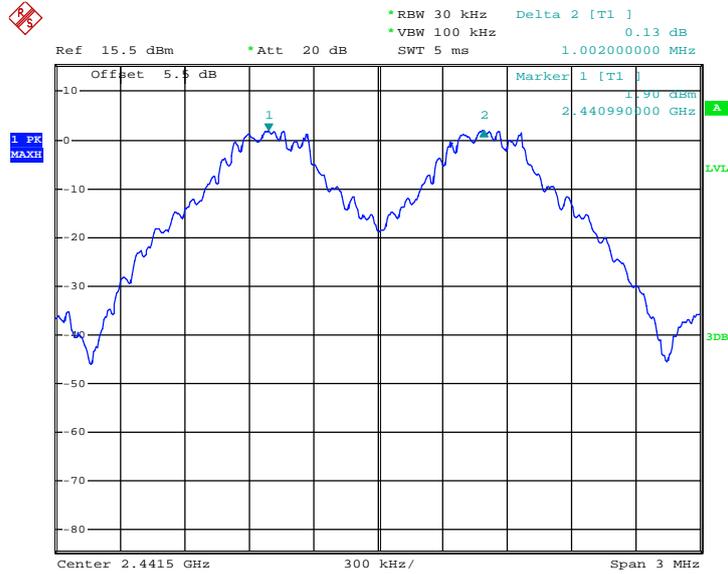
Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01



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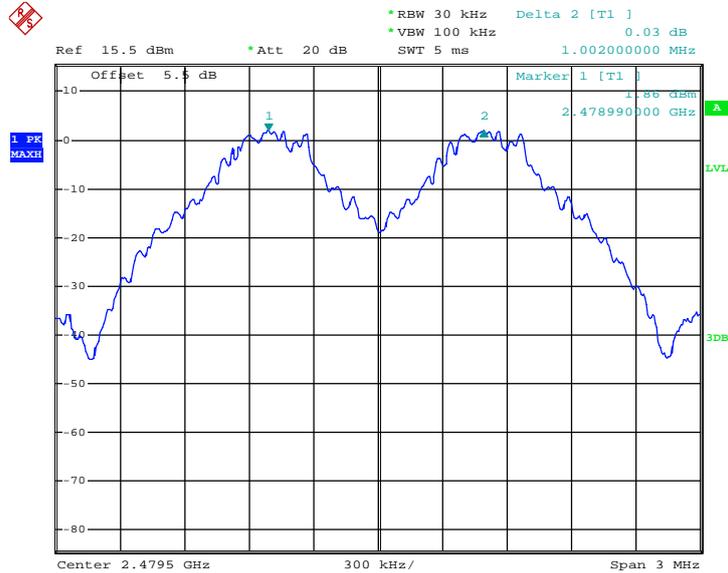


### Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



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### Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



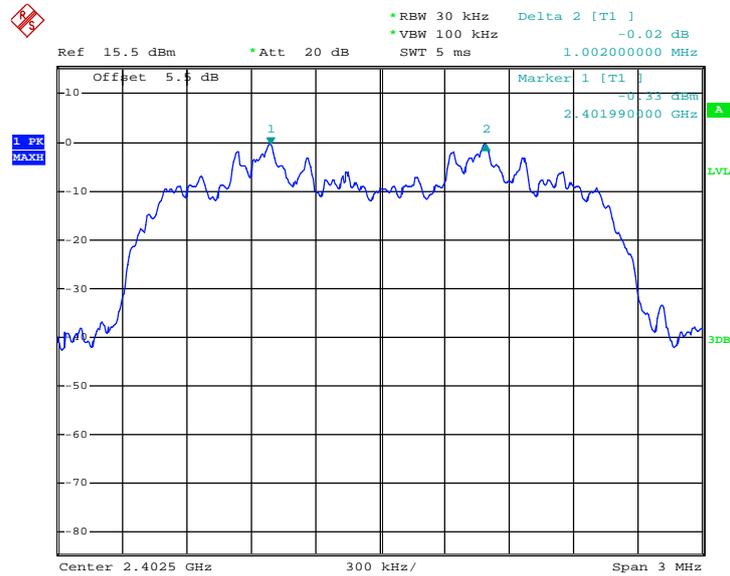
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Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Issac Song	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.002	0.8440	Pass
39	2441	1.002	0.8440	Pass
78	2480	1.002	0.8200	Pass

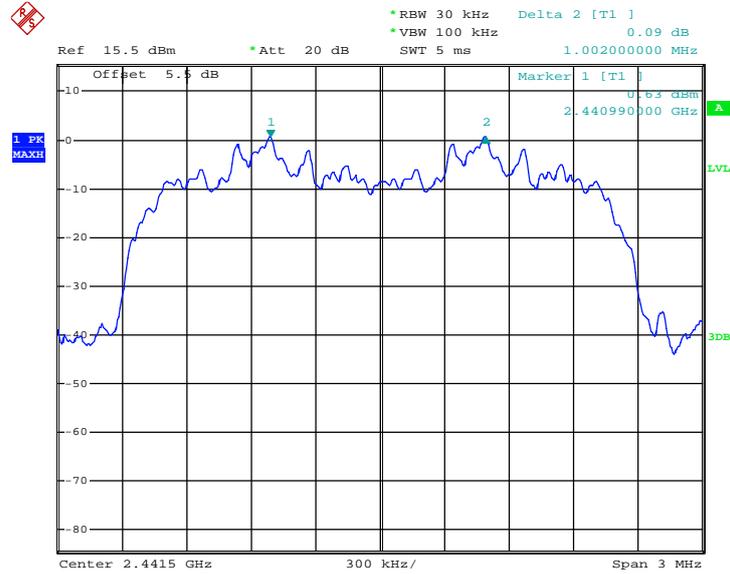
Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01



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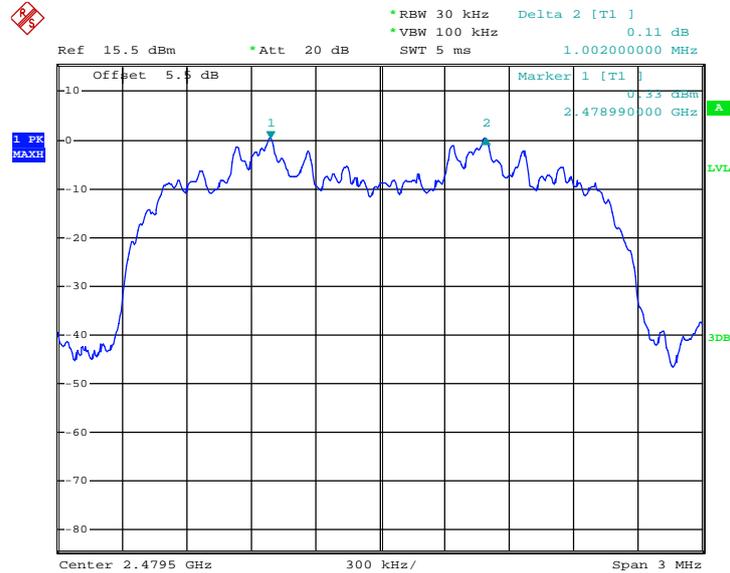


Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



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Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



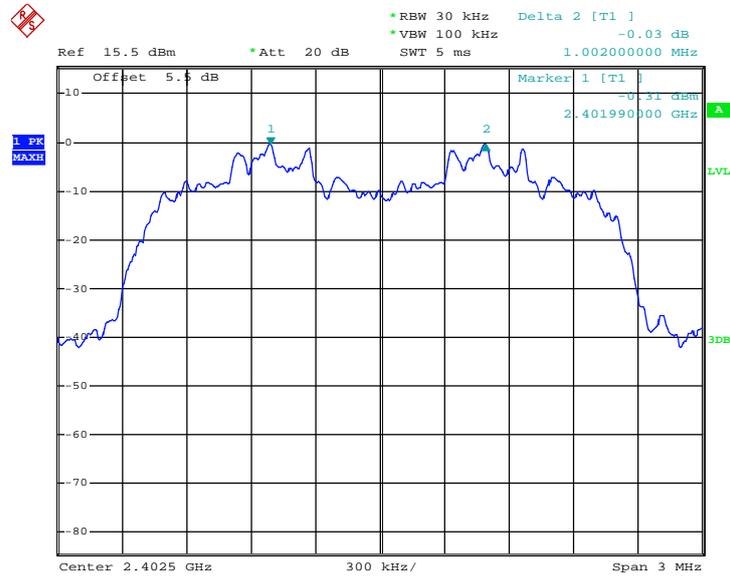
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Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Issac Song	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.002	0.8240	Pass
39	2441	1.002	0.8240	Pass
78	2480	1.008	0.8240	Pass

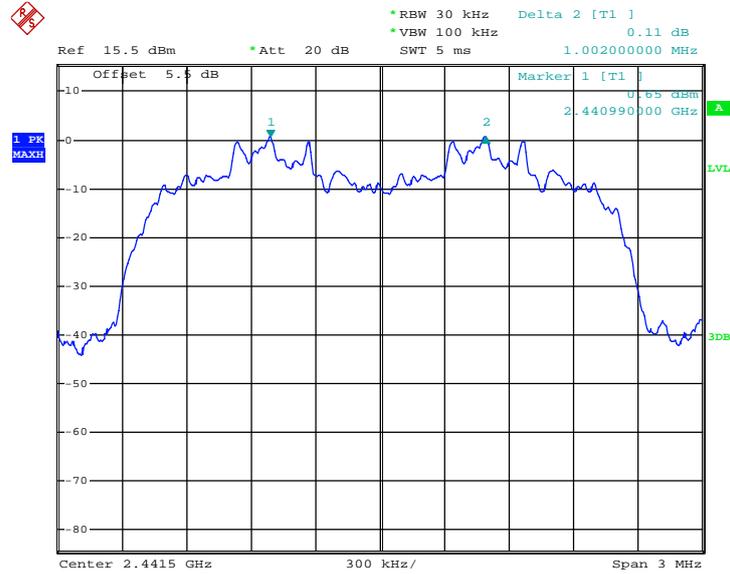
Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01



Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:36:54

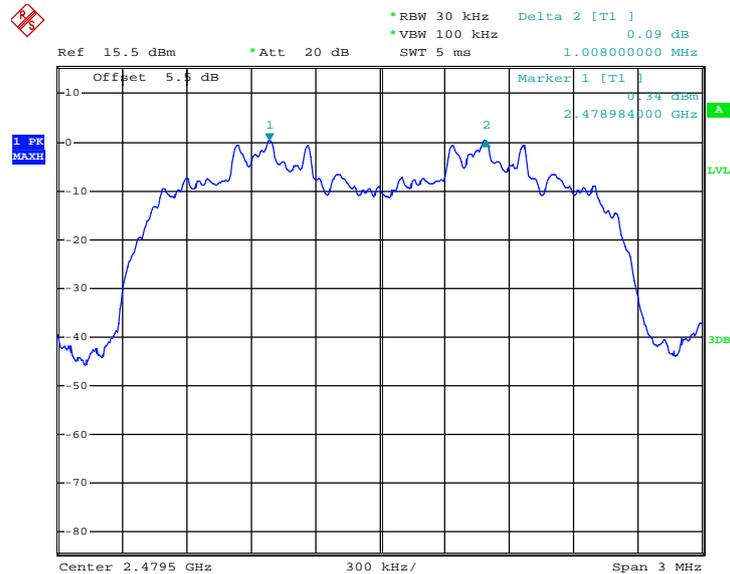


### Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



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### Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:38:15

### 3.3 Dwell Time Measurement

#### 3.3.1 Limit of Dwell Time

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

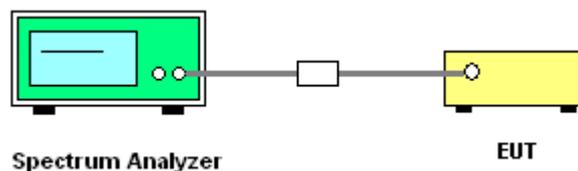
#### 3.3.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

#### 3.3.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel; RBW = 1 MHz; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

#### 3.3.4 Test Setup





3.3.5 Test Result of Dwell Time

Test Mode :	DH5	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Issac Song	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

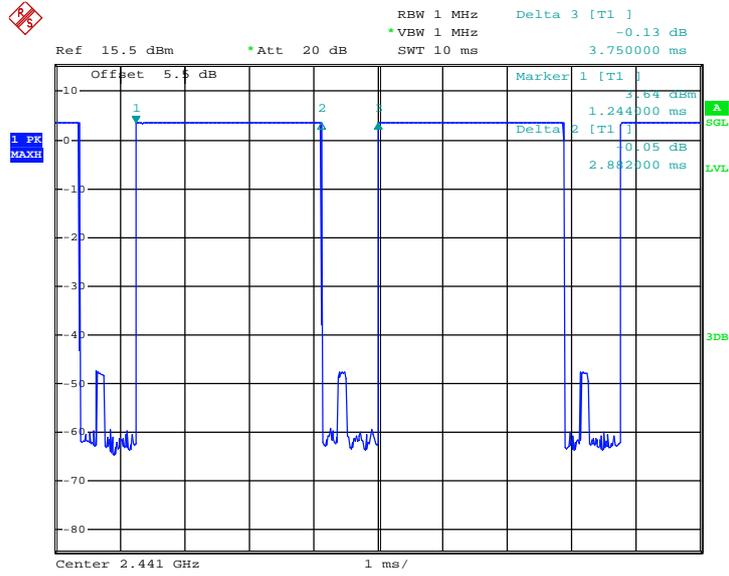
Mode	Hopping Channel Number	Hops Over Occupancy Time(hops)	Package Transfer Time (msec)	Dwell Time (sec)	Limits (sec)	Pass/Fail
Normal	79	106.67	2.882	0.31	0.4	Pass
AFH	20	53.33	2.882	0.15	0.4	Pass

Remark:

- In normal mode, hopping rate is 1600 hops/s with 6 slots in 79 hopping channels.  
With channel hopping rate (1600 / 6 / 79) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 79) (s),  
Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (1600 / 6 / 79) x (0.4 x 79) = 106.67 hops.
- In AFH mode, hopping rate is 800 hops/s with 6 slots in 20 hopping channels.  
With channel hopping rate (800 / 6 / 20) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 20) (s),  
Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (800 / 6 / 20) x (0.4 x 20) = 53.33 hops.
- Dwell Time(s) = Hops Over Occupancy Time (hops) x Package Transfer Time



Package Transfer Time Plot



Date: 10.FEB.2015 18:40:56

## 3.4 20dB and 99% Bandwidth Measurement

### 3.4.1 Limit of 20dB and 99% Bandwidth

Reporting only

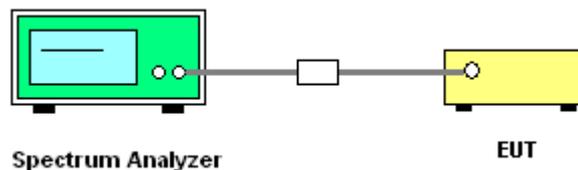
### 3.4.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

### 3.4.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings for 20dB Bandwidth measurement.  
Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel;  
RBW  $\geq$  1% of the 20 dB bandwidth; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak;  
Trace = max hold.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings for 99 % Bandwidth measurement.  
For 99% Bandwidth measurement, the RBW=30kHz, and VBW = 100kHz. Sweep = auto ;  
Detector function = sample. Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### 3.4.4 Test Setup



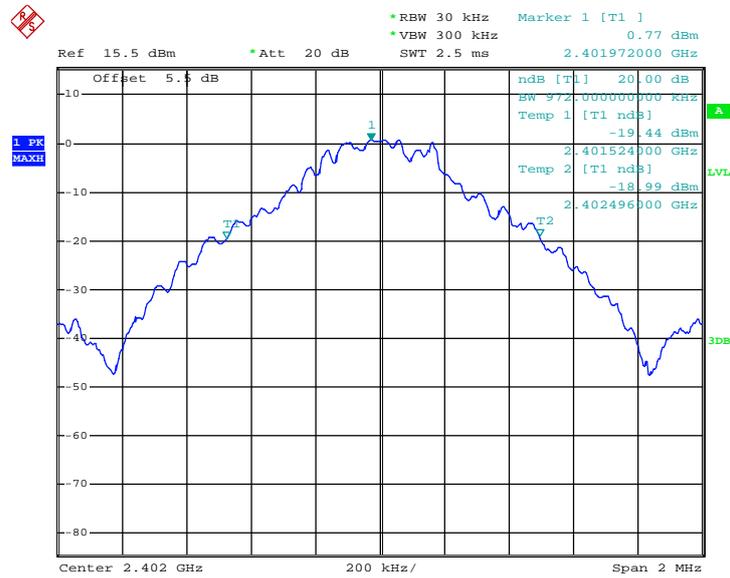


3.4.5 Test Result of 20dB Bandwidth

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Issac Song	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	0.972
39	2441	0.968
78	2480	0.968

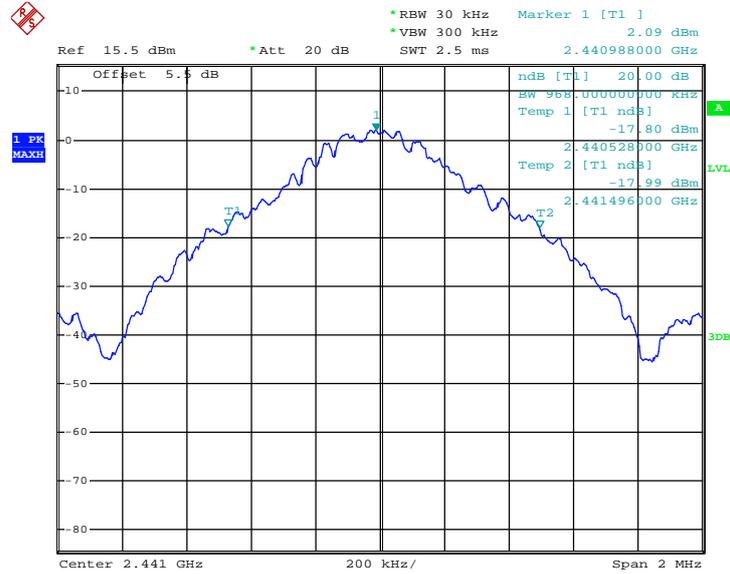
20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:38:31

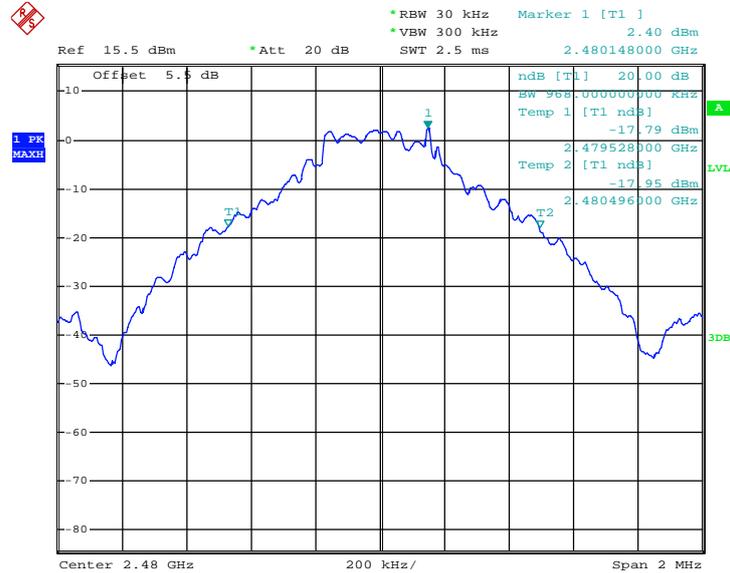


20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:38:39

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



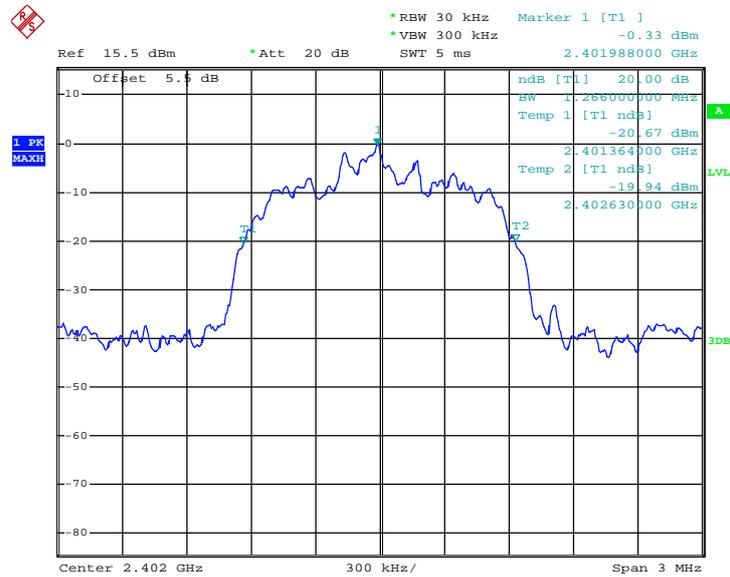
Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:38:49



Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Issac Song	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.266
39	2441	1.266
78	2480	1.230

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:38:59

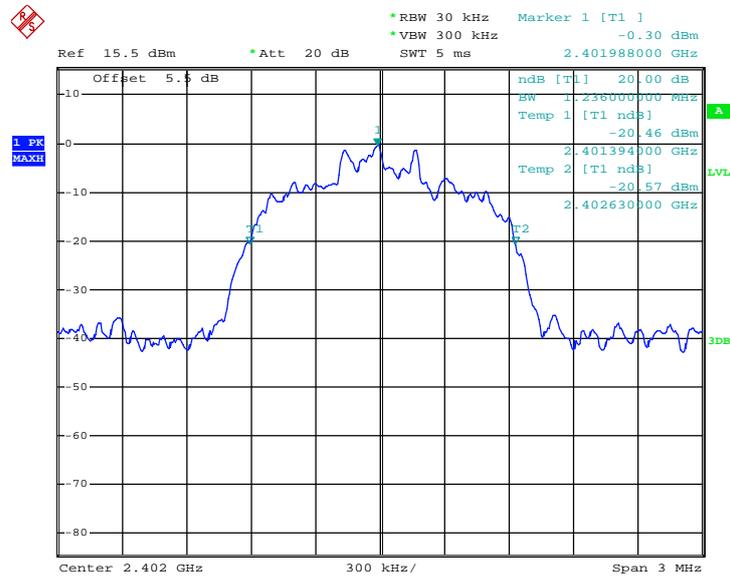




Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Issac Song	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.236
39	2441	1.236
78	2480	1.236

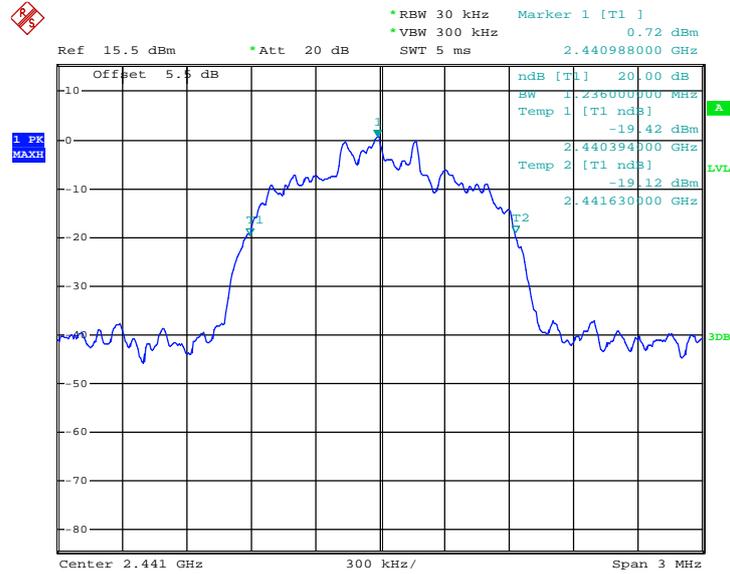
20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:39:33

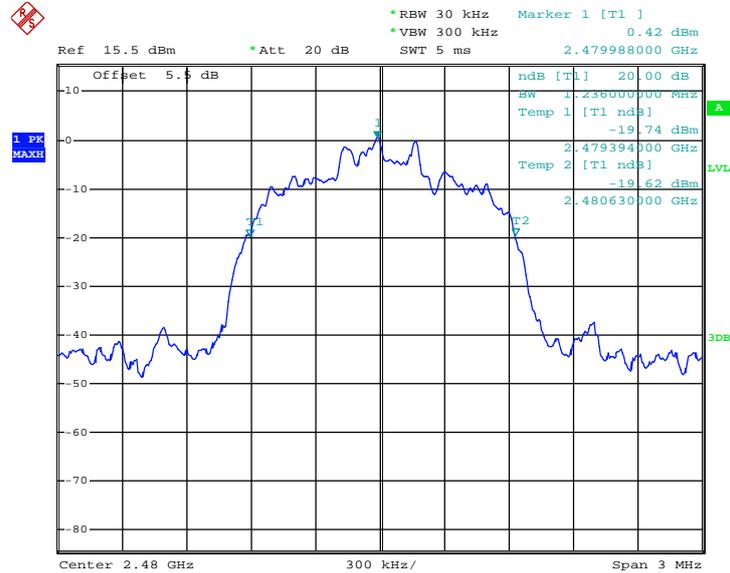


20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:39:46

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:39:59

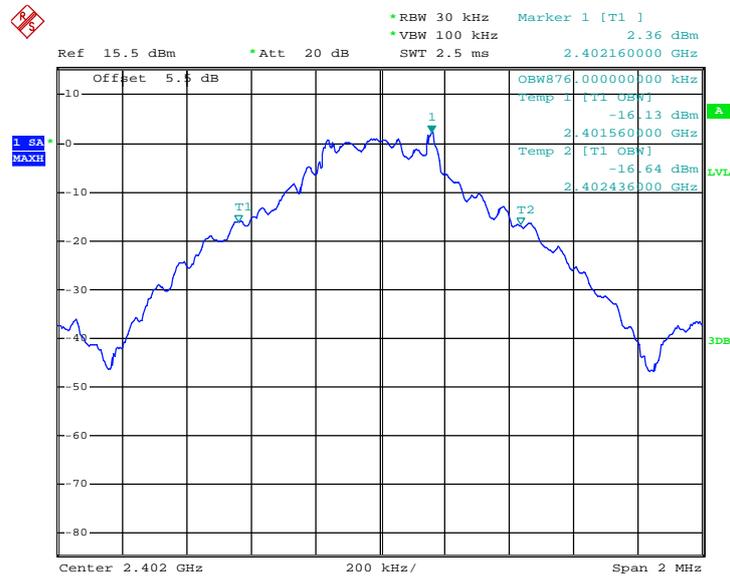


3.4.6 Test Result of 99% Occupied Bandwidth

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Issac Song	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	0.876
39	2441	0.892
78	2480	0.896

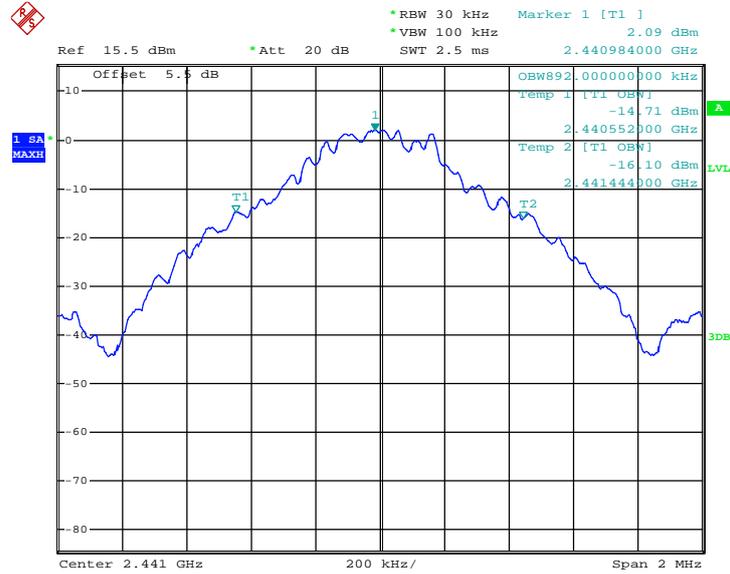
99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:45:49

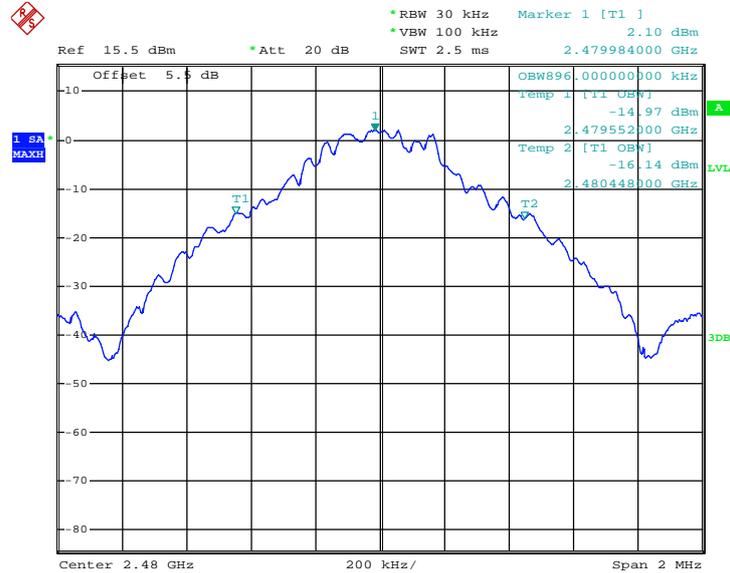


99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:46:25

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



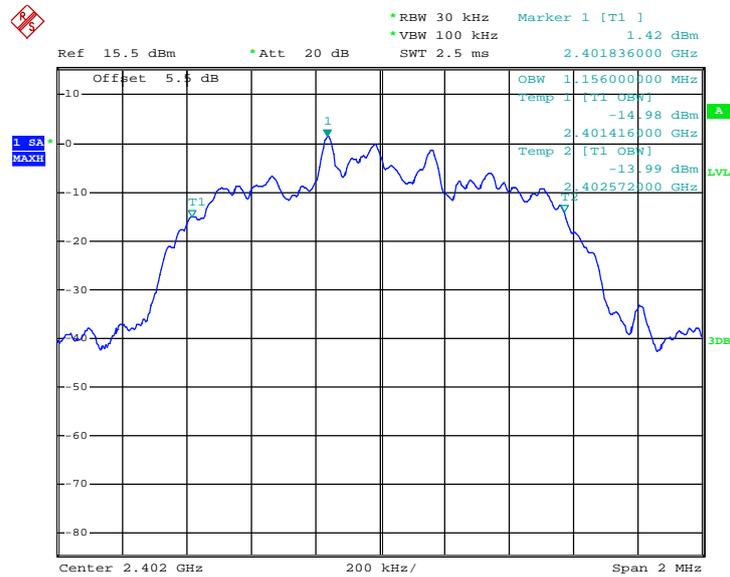
Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:47:01



Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Issac Song	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.156
39	2441	1.164
78	2480	1.164

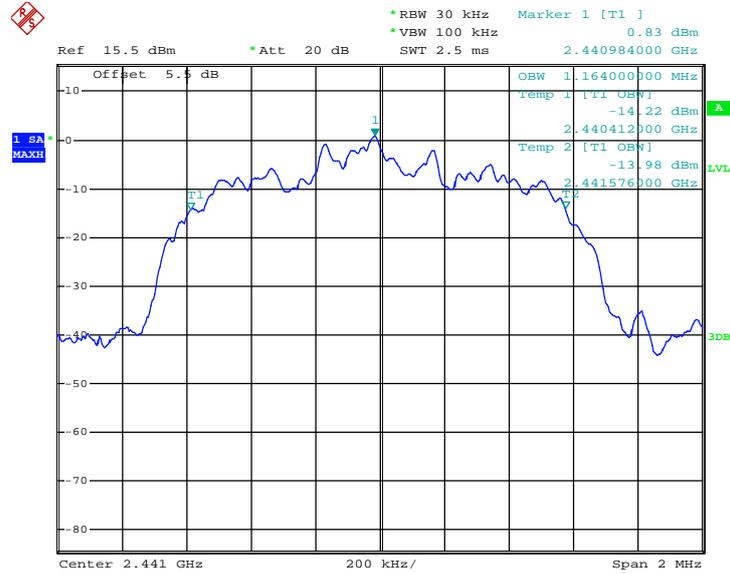
99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:47:38

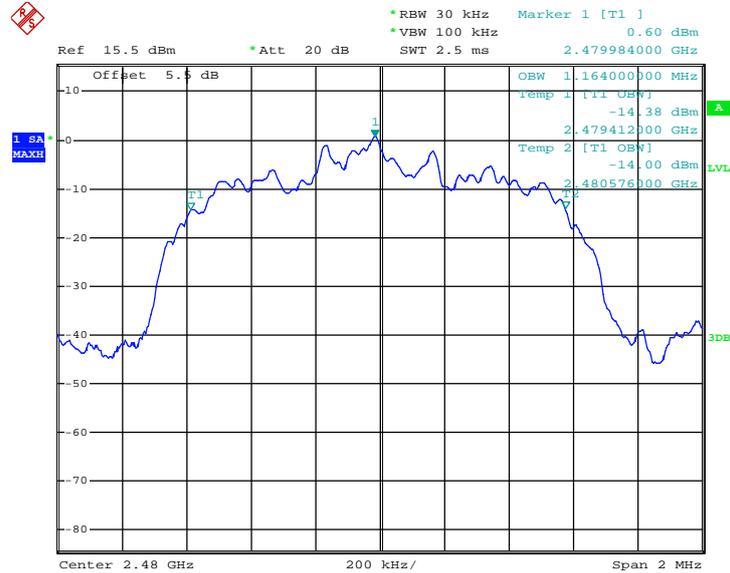


99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:48:14

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



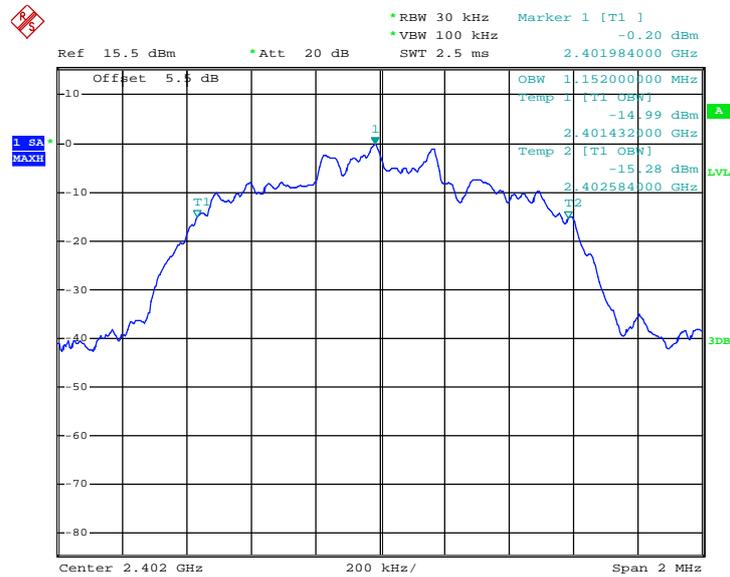
Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:48:50



Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Issac Song	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.152
39	2441	1.152
78	2480	1.152

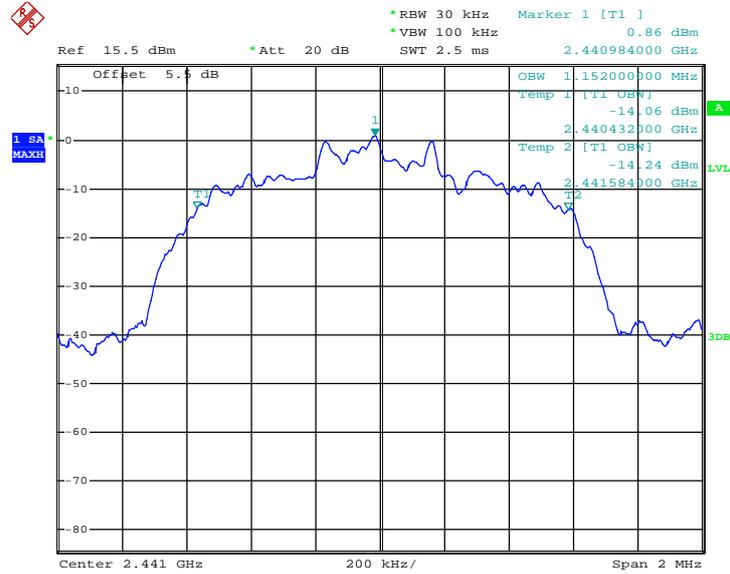
99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:49:26

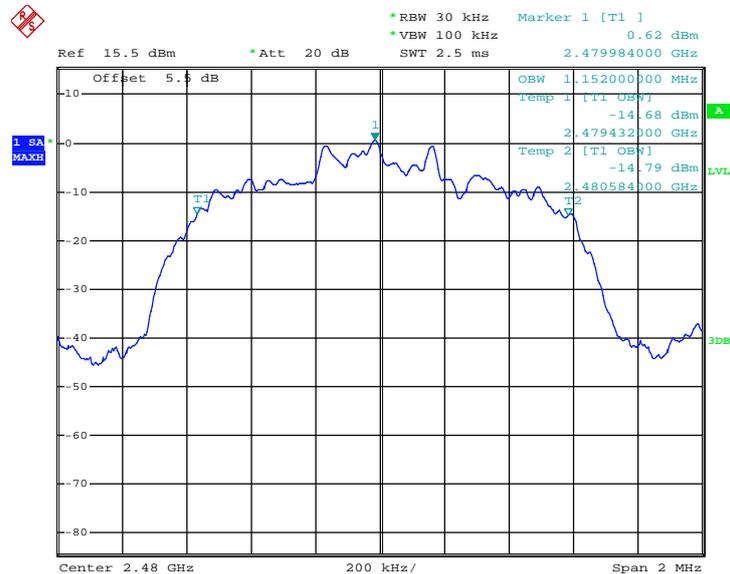


99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:50:02

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:50:38

Note : The occupied channel bandwidth is maintained within the band of operation for all of the modulations.

### 3.5 Peak Output Power Measurement

#### 3.5.1 Limit of Peak Output Power

Section 15.247 (b) The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following: (1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band 0.125 watts.

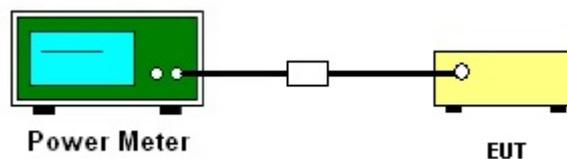
#### 3.5.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

#### 3.5.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the power meter by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Measure the conducted output power with cable loss and record the results in the test report.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.

#### 3.5.4 Test Setup





3.5.5 Test Result of Peak Output Power

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Issac Song	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		GFSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		1 Mbps		
00	2402	3.70	20.97	Pass
39	2441	4.83	20.97	Pass
78	2480	4.88	20.97	Pass

Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Issac Song	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		2 Mbps		
00	2402	3.05	20.97	Pass
39	2441	4.08	20.97	Pass
78	2480	3.56	20.97	Pass

Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Issac Song	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		8-DPSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		3 Mbps		
00	2402	3.38	20.97	Pass
39	2441	4.41	20.97	Pass
78	2480	4.03	20.97	Pass

## 3.6 Conducted Band Edges Measurement

### 3.6.1 Limit of Band Edges

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.

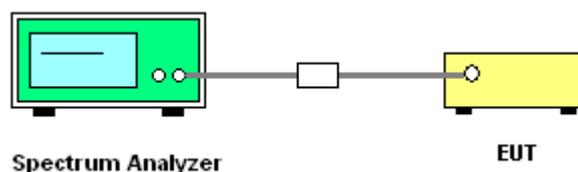
### 3.6.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

### 3.6.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows the guidelines in Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions of FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Set RBW = 100kHz ( $\geq 1\%$  span=10MHz ), VBW = 300kHz ( $\geq$  RBW). Band edge emissions must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100kHz RBW. The attenuation shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB when RMS conducted output power procedure is used.
4. Enable hopping function of the EUT and then repeat step 2. and 3.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### 3.6.4 Test Setup

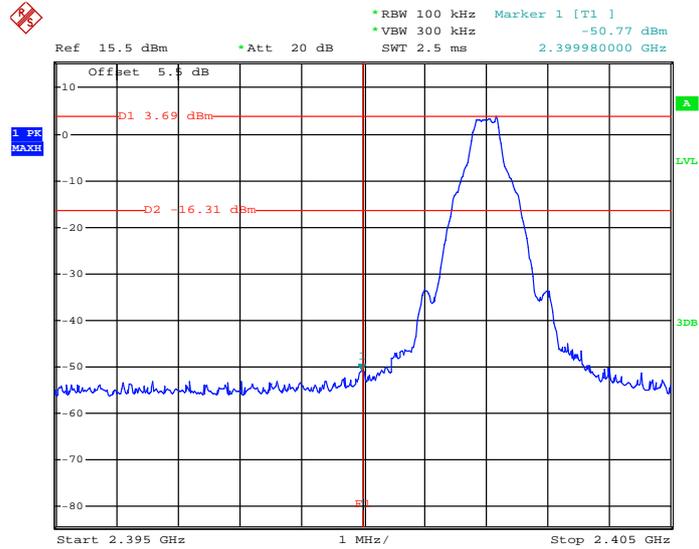




### 3.6.5 Test Result of Conducted Band Edges

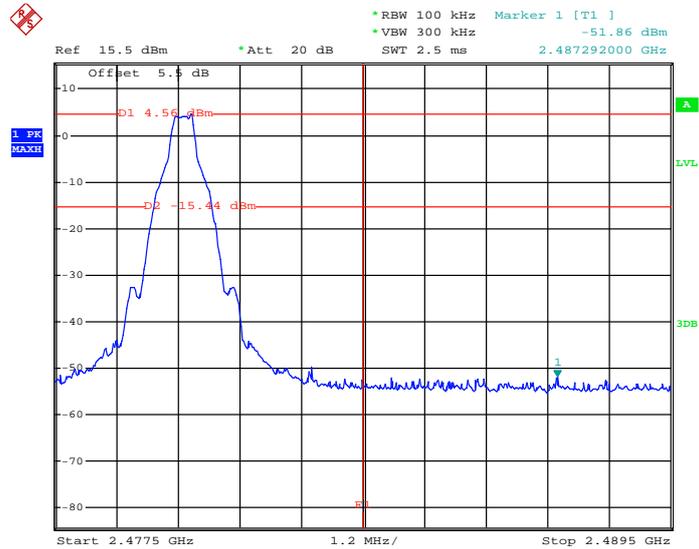
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Issac Song

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



Date: 11.FEB.2015 19:19:16

High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78

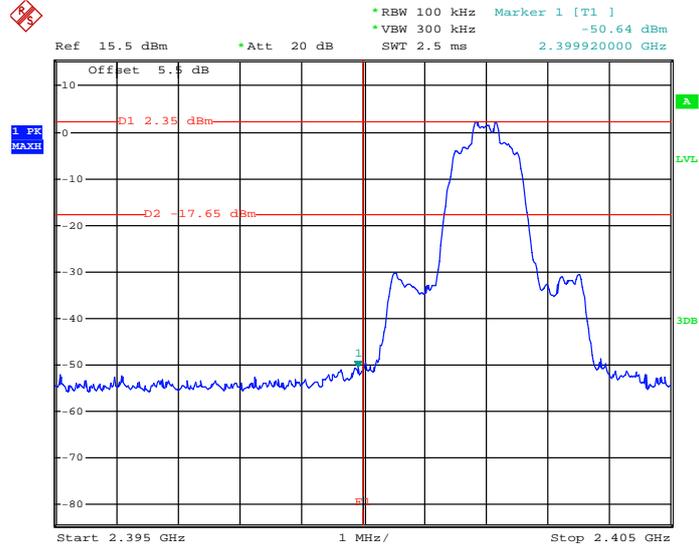


Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:41:45



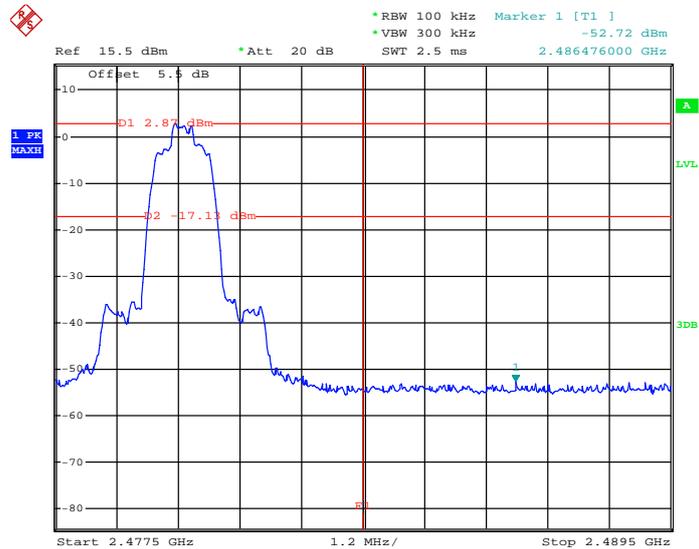
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Issac Song

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:42:37

High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78

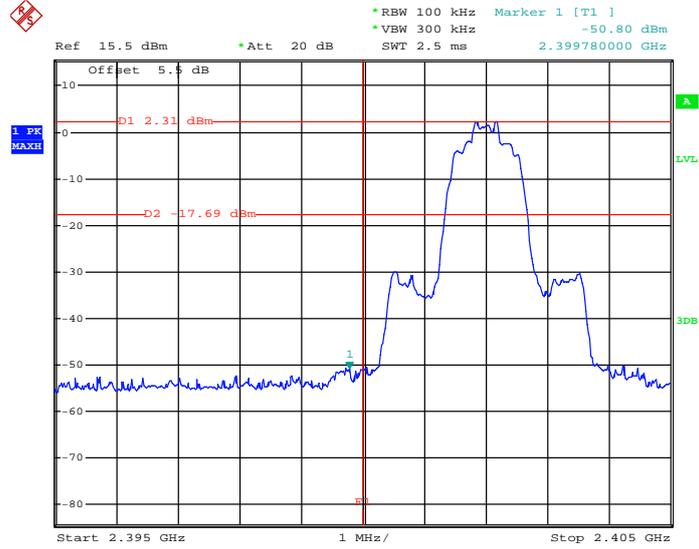


Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:43:28



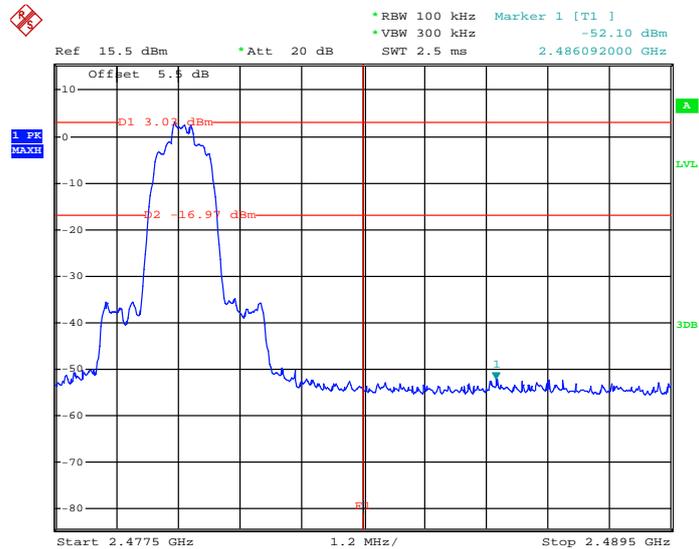
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Issac Song

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:44:20

High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78



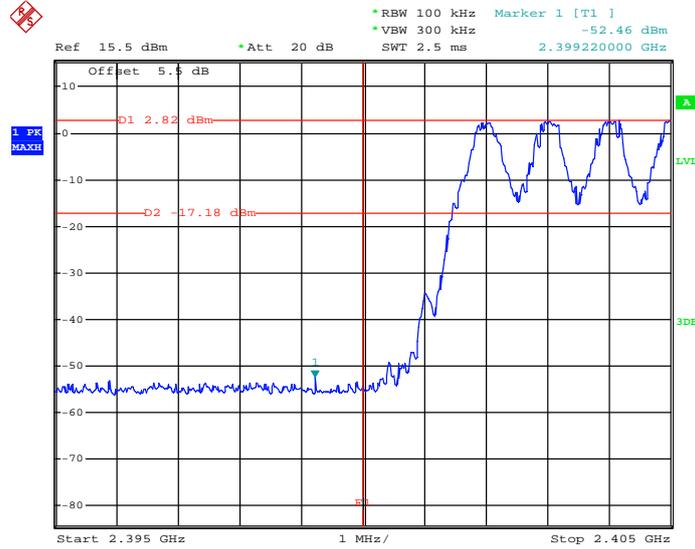
Date: 11.FEB.2015 18:45:12



### 3.6.6 Test Result of Conducted Hopping Mode Band Edges

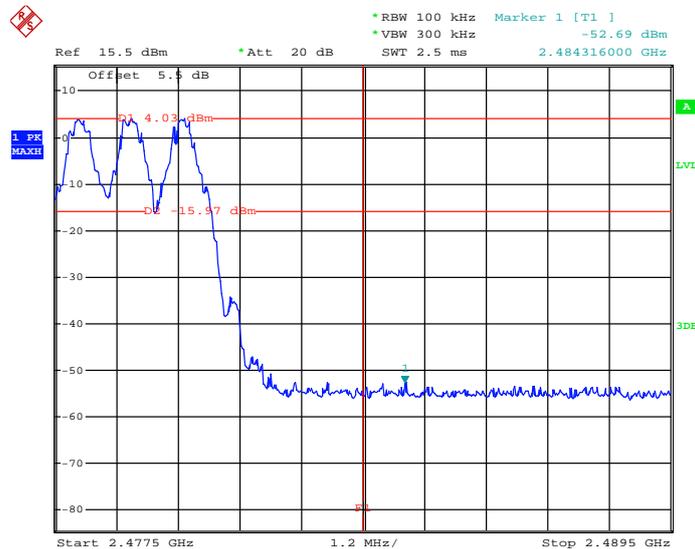
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Issac Song	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

#### 1Mbps Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



Date: 11.FEB.2015 19:01:27

#### 1Mbps Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot

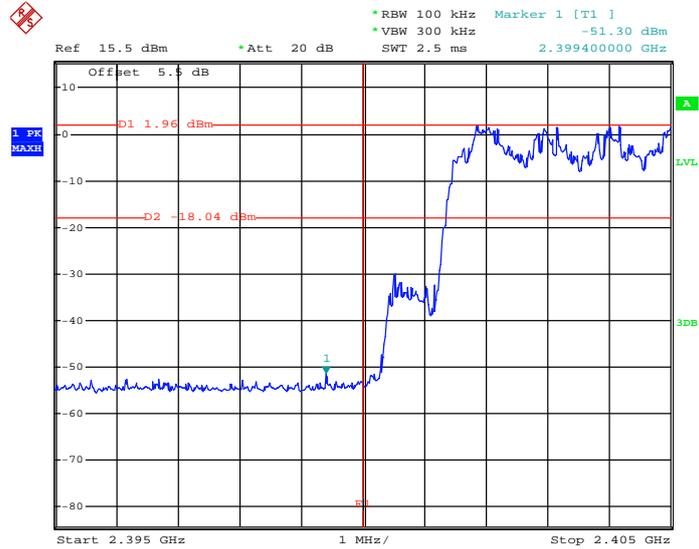


Date: 11.FEB.2015 19:09:38



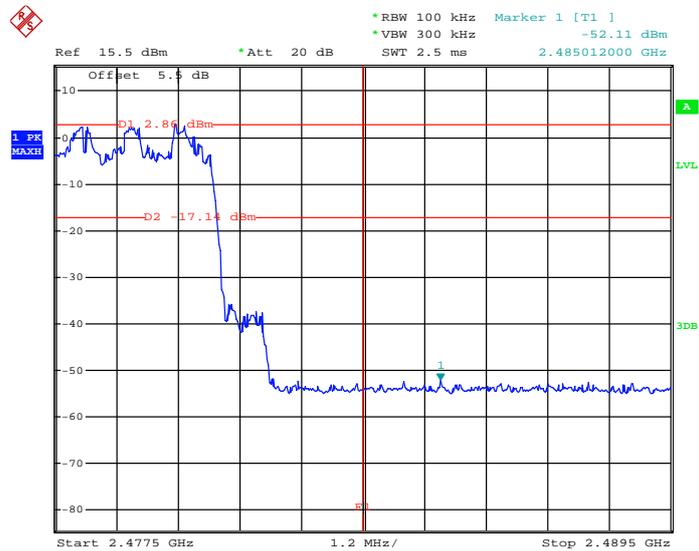
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Issac Song	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

2Mbps Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



Date: 11.FEB.2015 19:05:08

2Mbps Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot

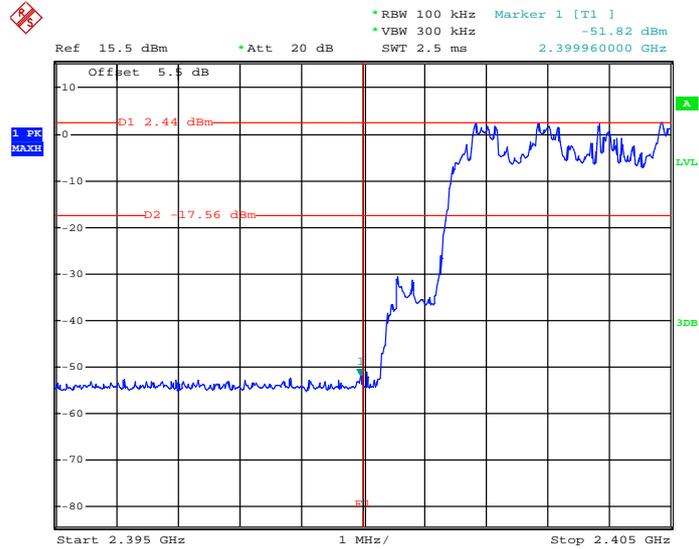


Date: 11.FEB.2015 19:12:22



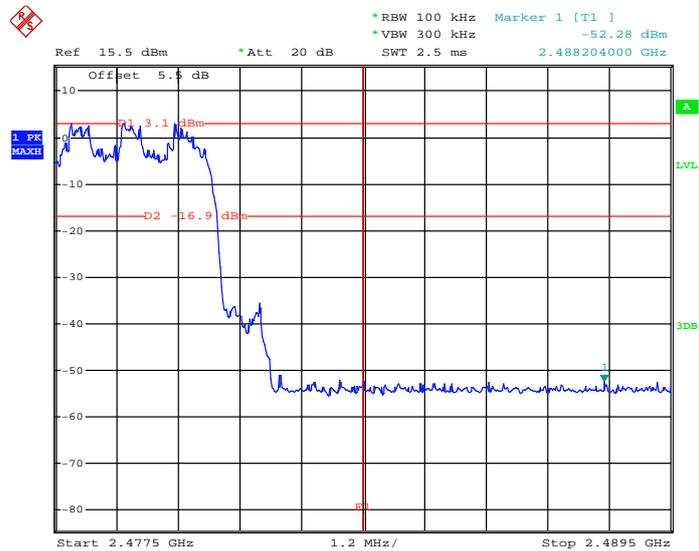
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Engineer :	Issac Song	Relative Humidity :	49~51%

3Mbps Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



Date: 11.FEB.2015 19:08:08

3Mbps Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot



Date: 11.FEB.2015 19:14:48

## 3.7 Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement

### 3.7.1 Limit of Spurious Emission Measurement

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.

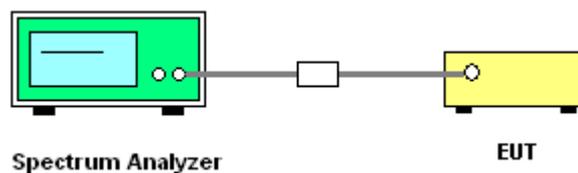
### 3.7.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

### 3.7.3 Test Procedure

1. The testing follows the guidelines in Spurious RF Conducted Emissions of FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Set RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300kHz, scan up through 10th harmonic. All harmonics / spurs must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100 kHz RBW.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.
6. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.

### 3.7.4 Test Setup

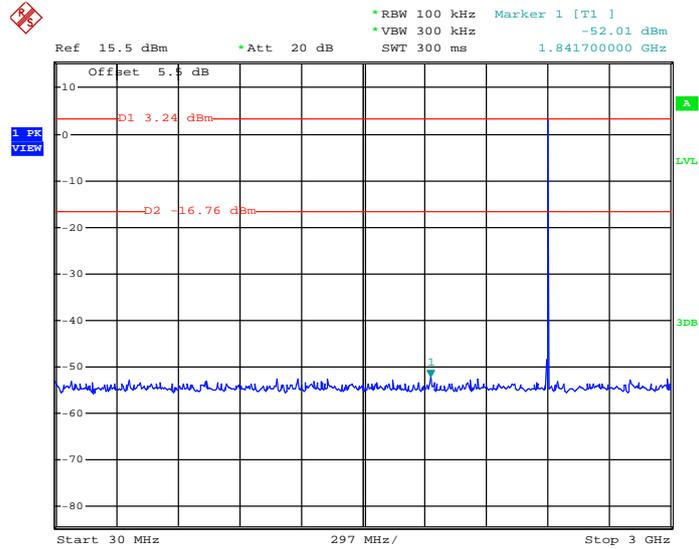




### 3.7.5 Test Result of Conducted Spurious Emission

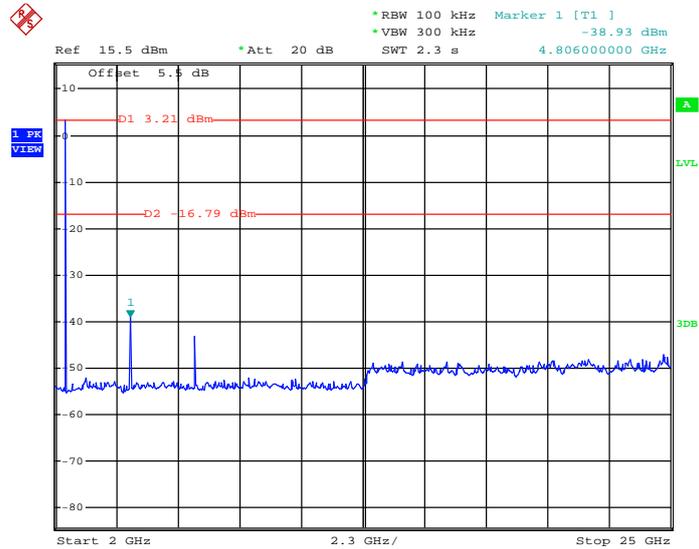
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Issac Song

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 11.FEB.2015 19:00:27

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

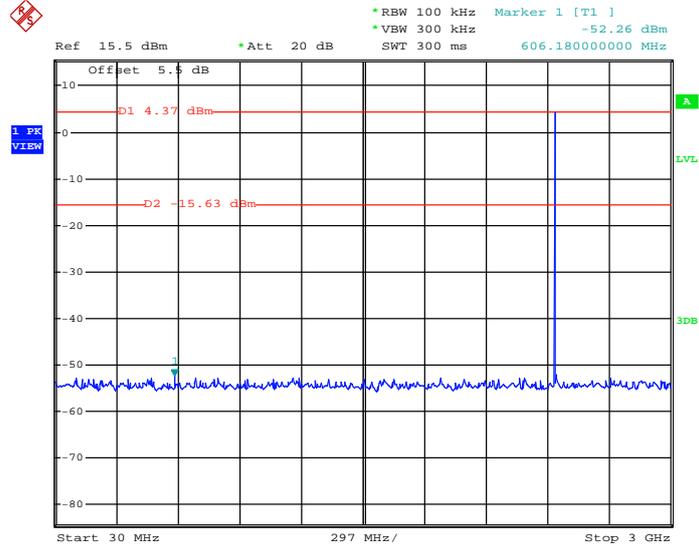


Date: 11.FEB.2015 19:00:48



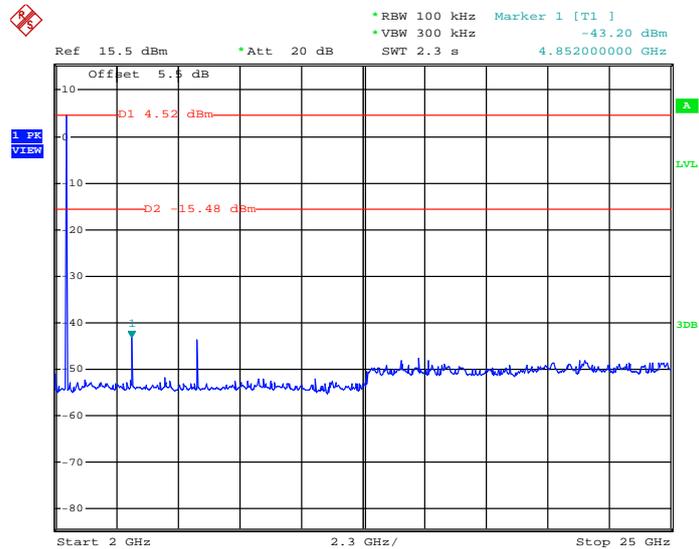
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Issac Song

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 11.FEB.2015 19:17:14

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

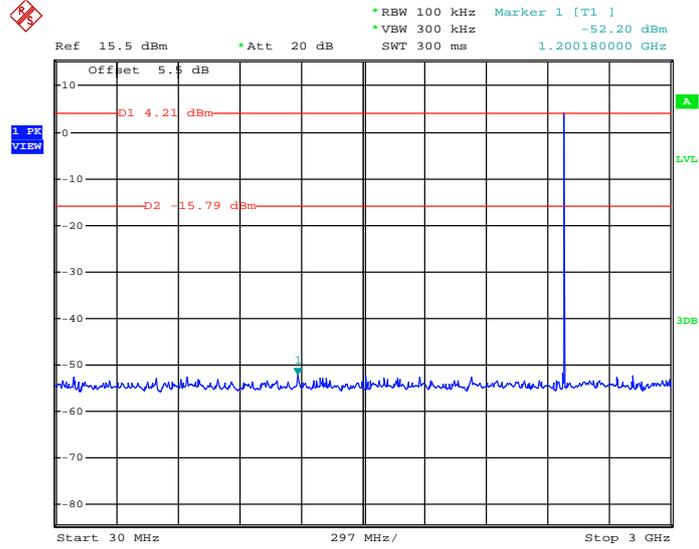


Date: 11.FEB.2015 19:17:36



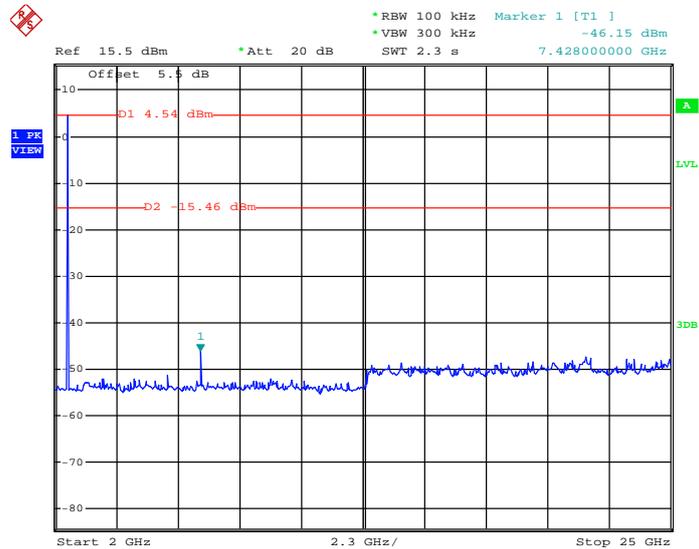
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Issac Song

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 11.FEB.2015 19:08:48

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

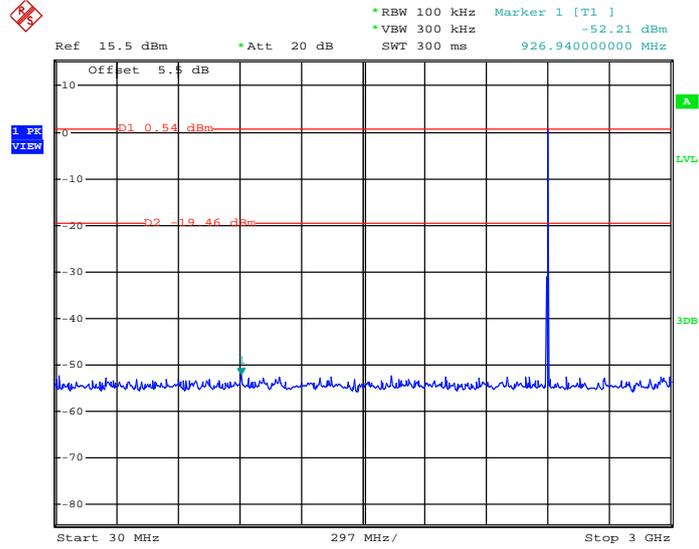


Date: 11.FEB.2015 19:09:10



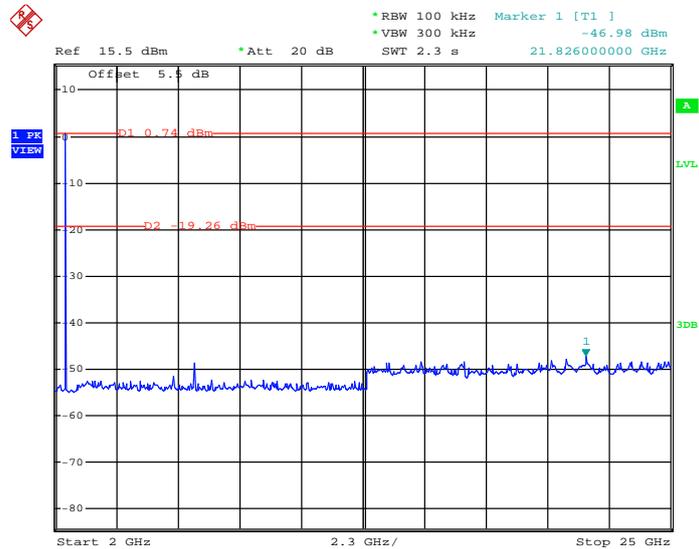
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Issac Song

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 12.FEB.2015 23:17:37

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

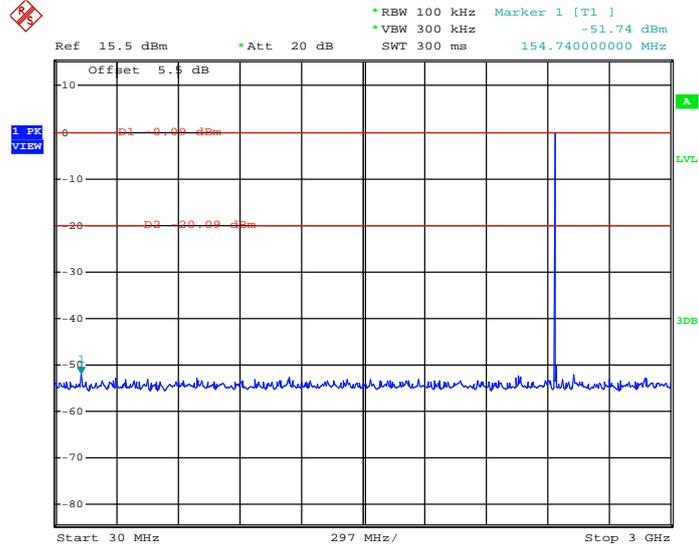


Date: 12.FEB.2015 23:17:58



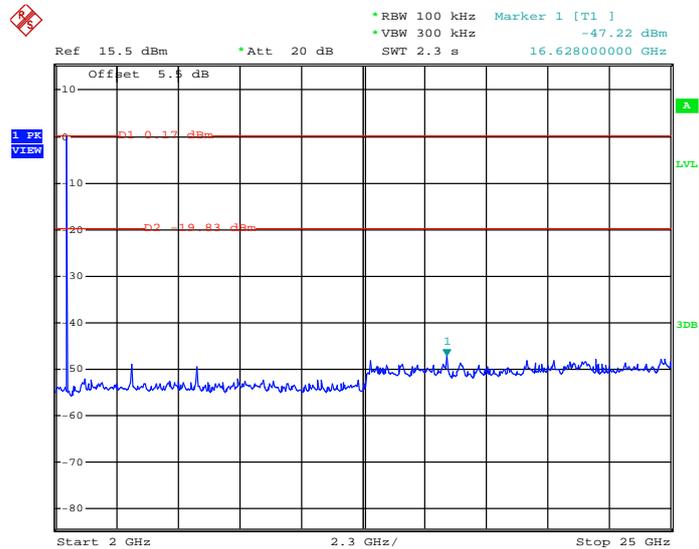
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Issac Song

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 11.FEB.2015 19:16:21

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

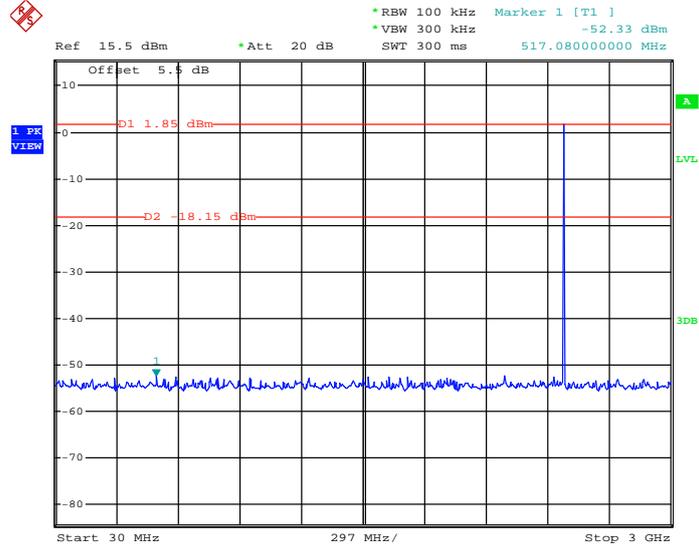


Date: 11.FEB.2015 19:16:42



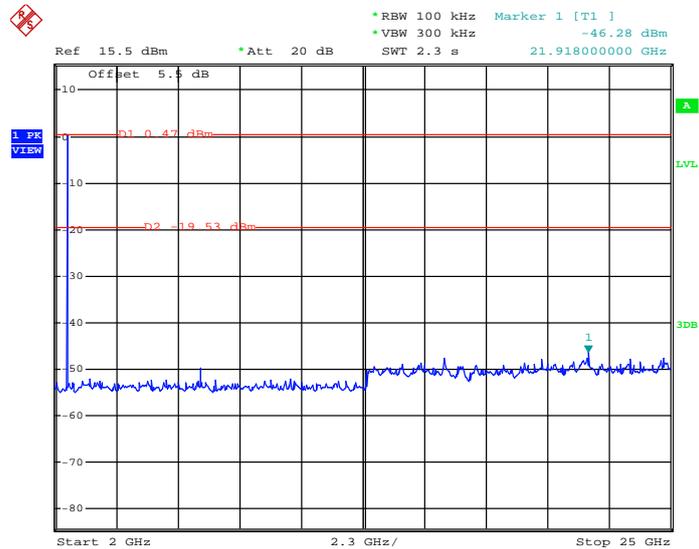
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Issac Song

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 12.FEB.2015 23:30:15

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

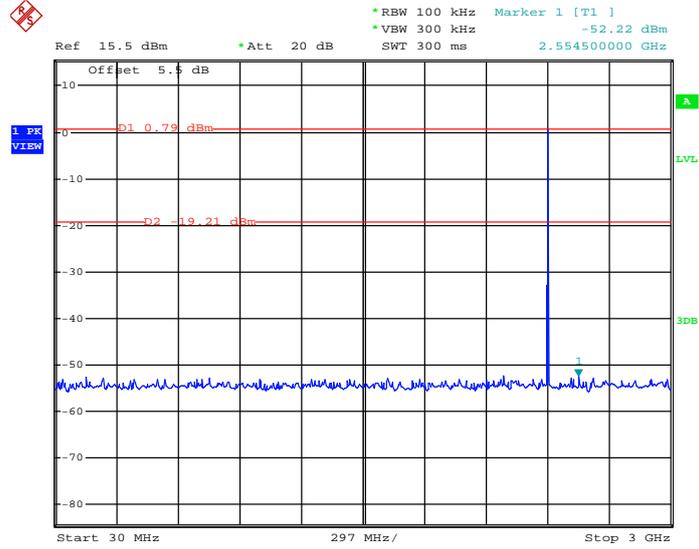


Date: 12.FEB.2015 23:30:37



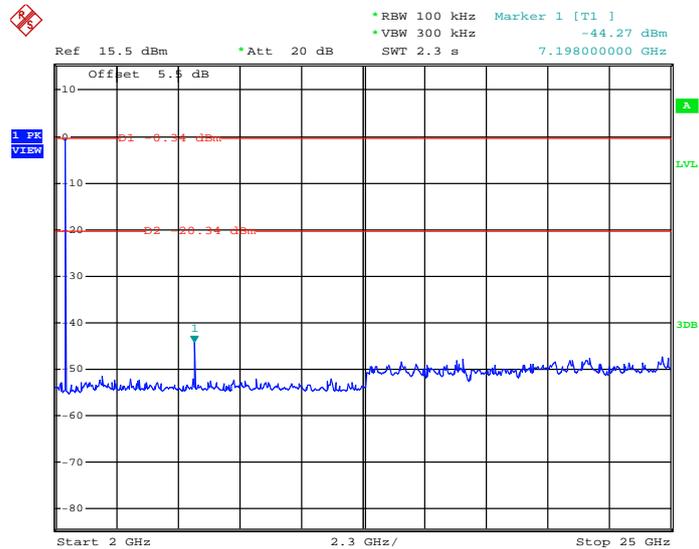
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Issac Song

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 12.FEB.2015 23:20:50

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

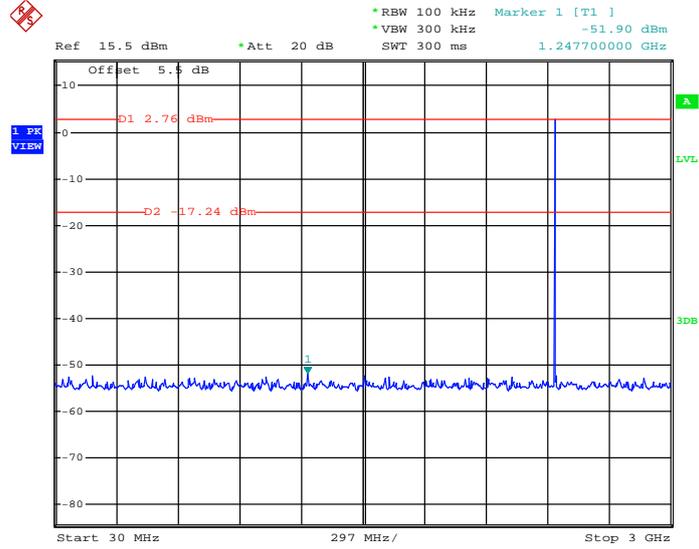


Date: 12.FEB.2015 23:21:11



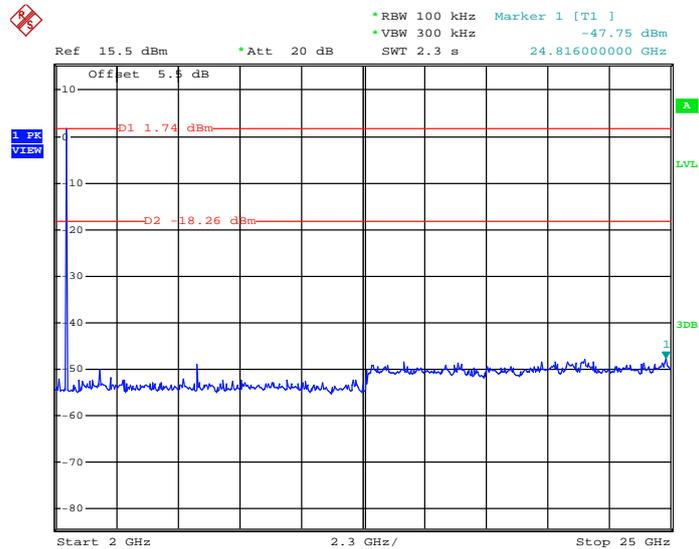
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Issac Song

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 11.FEB.2015 19:15:25

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

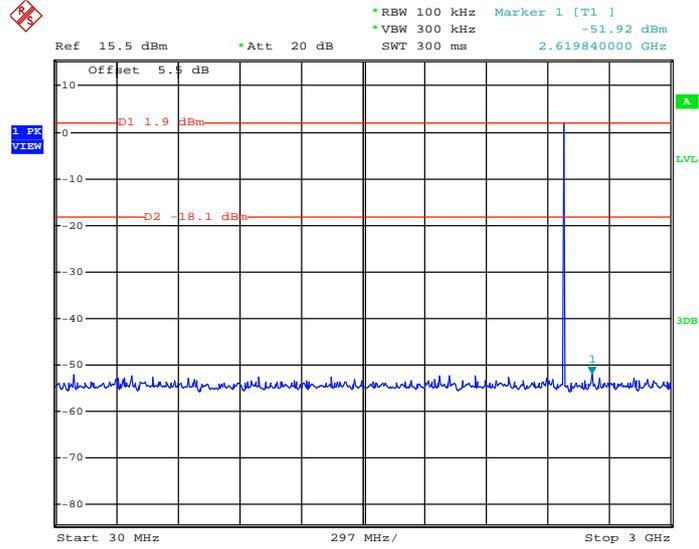


Date: 11.FEB.2015 19:15:46



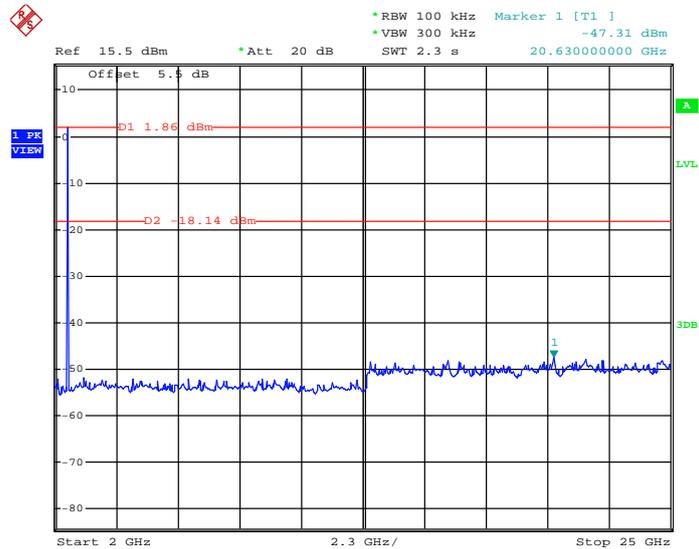
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	49~51%
		Test Engineer :	Issac Song

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 12.FEB.2015 23:22:03

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date: 12.FEB.2015 23:22:24



### 3.8 Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement

#### 3.8.1 Limit of Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiator frequency band, all harmonics/spurious must be at least 20 dB below the highest emission level within the authorized band. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the FCC section 15.209 limits as below.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 – 88	100	3
88 – 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

#### 3.8.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.



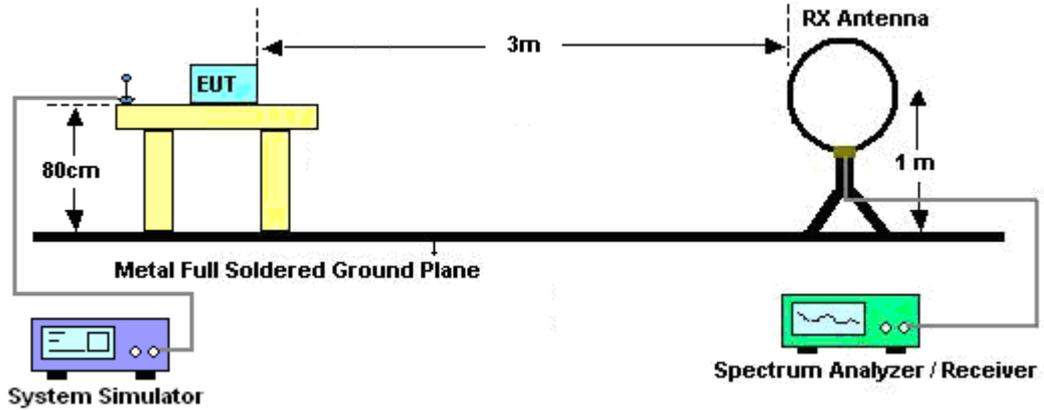
### 3.8.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows the guidelines in Spurious Radiated Emissions of FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter for frequency below 1GHz and 1.5 meter for frequency above 1GHz respectively above ground.
3. The EUT was set 3 meters from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower.
4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then tune the Antenna tower (from 1 m to 4 m) and turntable (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are used for the test in order to get better signal level to comply with the guidelines.
5. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
6. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
  - (1) Span shall wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured;
  - (2) Set RBW=100 kHz for  $f < 1 \text{ GHz}$ , RBW=1MHz for  $f > 1\text{GHz}$  ; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold for peak
  - (3) For average measurement: use duty cycle correction factor method per 15.35(c).  
Duty cycle = On time/100 milliseconds  
On time =  $N_1 * L_1 + N_2 * L_2 + \dots + N_{n-1} * L_{n-1} + N_n * L_n$   
Where  $N_1$  is number of type 1 pulses,  $L_1$  is length of type 1 pulses, etc.  
Average Emission Level = Peak Emission Level +  $20 * \log(\text{Duty cycle})$
7. Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level

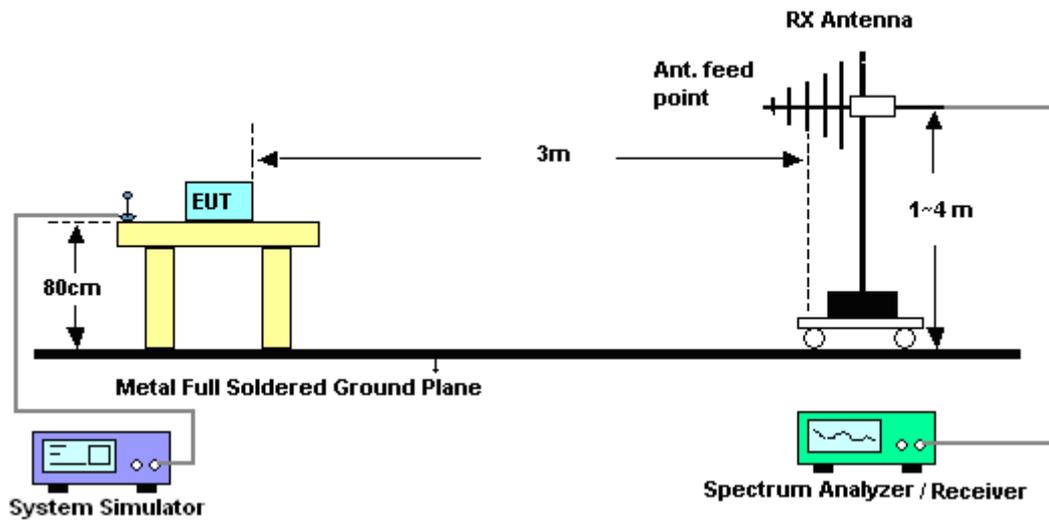
Note: The average levels were calculated from the peak level corrected with duty cycle correction factor (-24.79dB) derived from  $20 \log(\text{dwell time}/100\text{ms})$ . This correction is only for signals that hop with the fundamental signal, such as band-edge and harmonic. Other spurious signals that are independent of the hopping signal would not use this correction.

### 3.8.4 Test Setup

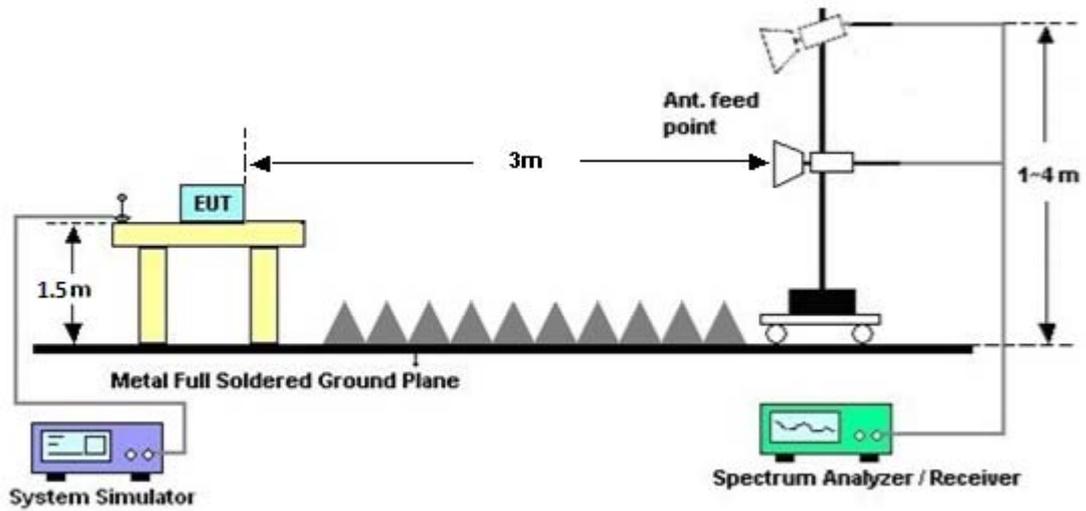
For radiated emissions below 30MHz



For radiated emissions from 30MHz to 1GHz



For radiated emissions above 1GHz



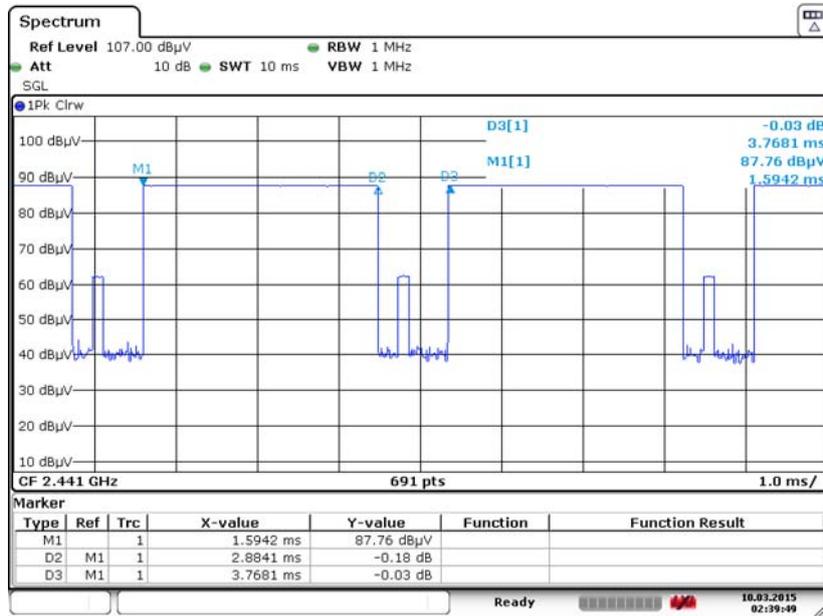
### 3.8.5 Test Results of Radiated Spurious Emissions (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.



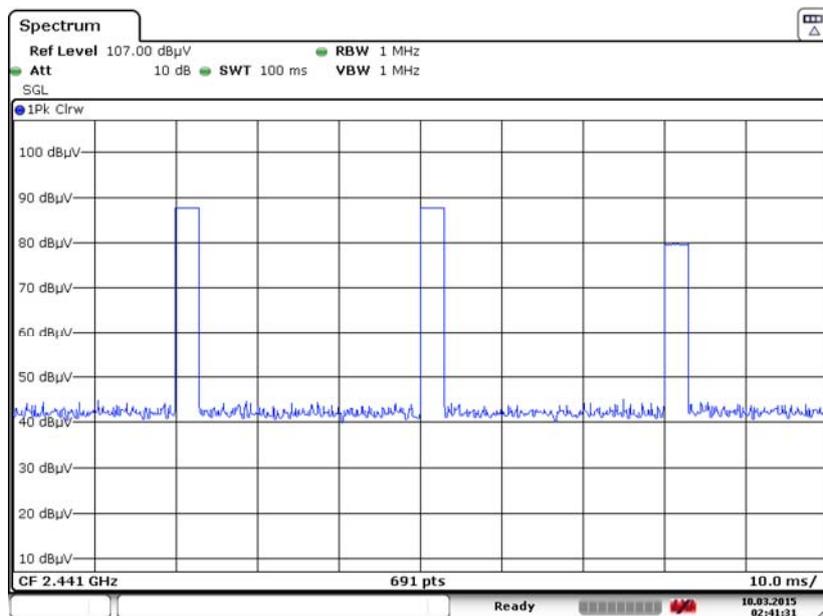
### 3.8.6 Duty cycle correction factor for average measurement

DH5 on time (One Pulse) Plot on Channel 39



Date: 10.MAR.2015 02:39:50

DH5 on time (Count Pulses) Plot on Channel 39



Date: 10.MAR.2015 02:41:31

**Note:**

1. Worst case Duty cycle = on time/100 milliseconds =  $2 * 2.88 / 100 = 5.76 \%$
2. Worst case Duty cycle correction factor =  $20 * \log(\text{Duty cycle}) = -24.79 \text{ dB}$
3. DH5 has the highest duty cycle worst case and is reported.



**Duty Cycle Correction Factor Consideration for AFH mode:**

Bluetooth normal hopping rate is 1600Hz and reduced to 800Hz in AFH mode; due to the reduced number of hopping frequencies, with the same packet configuration the dwell time in each channel frequency within 100msec period is longer in AFH mode than normal mode.

In AFH mode, the minimum hopping frequencies are 20, to get the longest dwell time DH5 packet is observed; the period to have DH5 packet completing one hopping sequence is

$$2.88 \text{ ms} \times 20 \text{ channels} = 57.6 \text{ ms}$$

There cannot be 2 complete hopping sequences within 100ms period, considering the random hopping behavior, maximum 2 hops can be possibly observed within the period.  $[100\text{ms} / 57.6\text{ms}] = 2$  hops

Thus, the maximum possible ON time:

$$2.76 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.76 \text{ ms}$$

Worst case Duty Cycle Correction factor, which is derived from the maximum possible ON time,

$$20 \times \log(5.76 \text{ ms}/100\text{ms}) = -24.79 \text{ dB}$$

**3.8.7 Test Result of Radiated Spurious at Band Edges**

Please refer to Appendix A.

**3.8.8 Test Result of Radiated Spurious Emission (30MHz ~ 10<sup>th</sup> Harmonic)**

Please refer to Appendix A.

### 3.9 AC Conducted Emission Measurement

#### 3.9.1 Limit of AC Conducted Emission

For equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table.

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

\*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

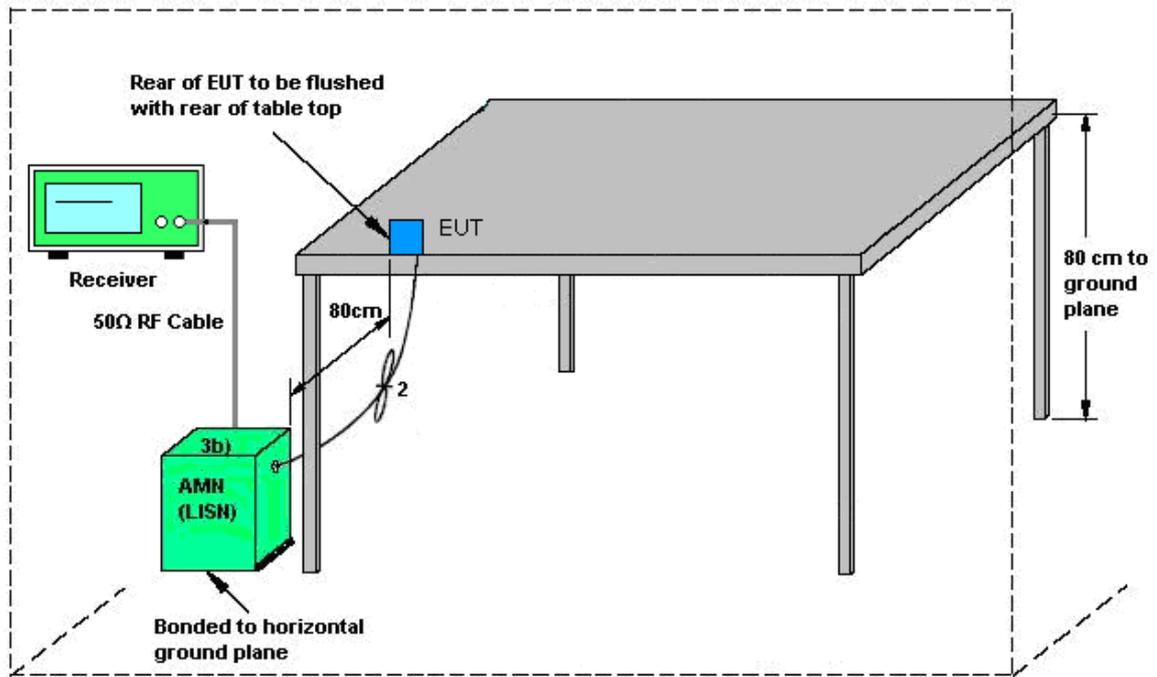
#### 3.9.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

#### 3.9.3 Test Procedures

1. The EUT was placed 0.4 meter from the conducting wall of the shielding room was kept at least 80 centimeters from any other grounded conducting surface.
2. Connect EUT to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN).
3. All the support units are connecting to the other LISN.
4. The LISN provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.
5. The FCC states that a 50 ohm, 50 microhenry LISN should be used.
6. Both sides of AC line were checked for maximum conducted interference.
7. The frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz was searched.
8. Set the test-receiver system to Peak Detect Function and specified bandwidth (IF Bandwidth = 9kHz) with Maximum Hold Mode. Then measurement is also conducted by Average Detector and Quasi-Peak Detector Function respectively.

### 3.9.4 Test Setup

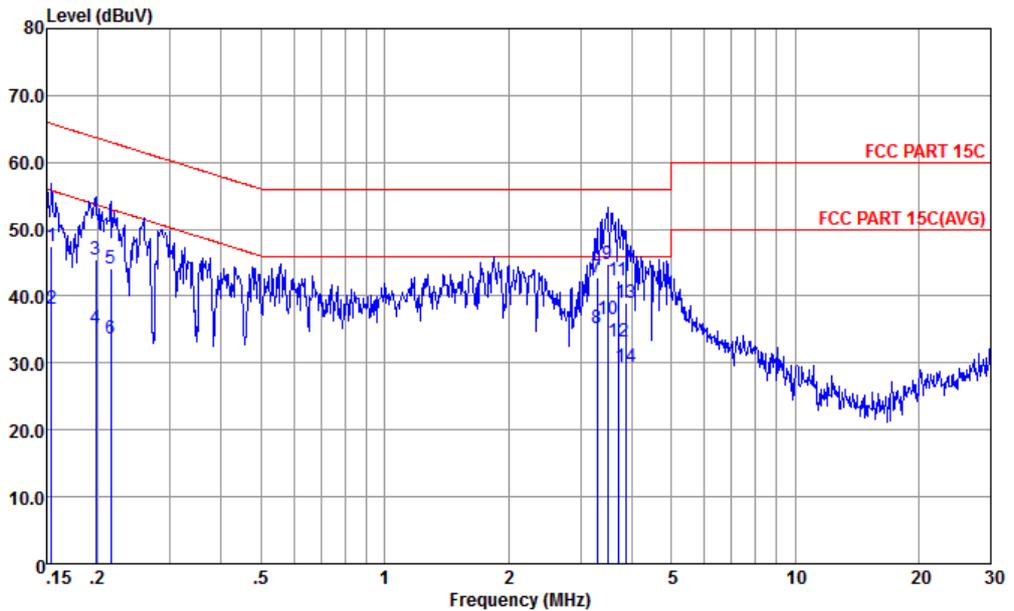


AMN = Artificial mains network (LISN)  
AE = Associated equipment  
EUT = Equipment under test  
ISN = Impedance stabilization network



3.9.5 Test Result of AC Conducted Emission

Test Mode :	Mode 1	Temperature :	22~24°C
Test Engineer :	Eko Guan	Relative Humidity :	30~33%
Test Voltage :	120Vac / 60Hz	Phase :	Line
Function Type :	Bluetooth Link + WLAN Link + Earphone + USB Cable (Charging from Adapter 1) for Sample 1		



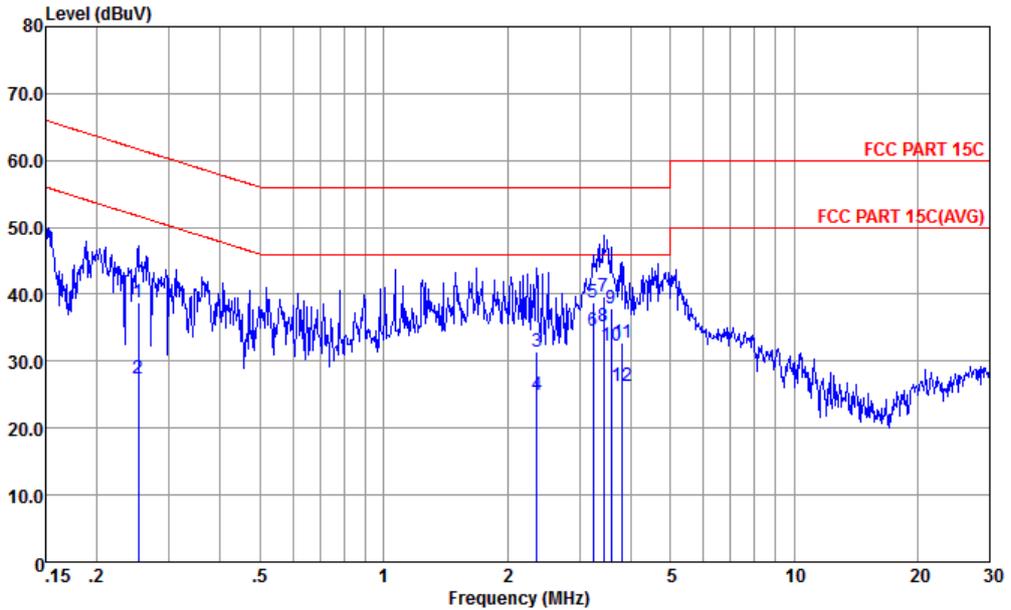
Site : CO01-KS  
 Condition : FCC PART 15C LISN-L20140306 LINE

mode : Mode 1

	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	LISN Factor	Cable Loss	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB	
1	0.15	47.57	-18.21	65.78	35.30	1.89	10.38	QP
2	0.15	38.17	-17.61	55.78	25.90	1.89	10.38	Average
3	0.20	45.42	-18.29	63.71	33.90	1.02	10.50	QP
4	0.20	35.12	-18.59	53.71	23.60	1.02	10.50	Average
5	0.22	44.07	-18.94	63.01	32.59	0.97	10.51	QP
6	0.22	33.57	-19.44	53.01	22.09	0.97	10.51	Average
7	3.29	42.76	-13.24	56.00	31.80	0.16	10.80	QP
8	3.29	35.16	-10.84	46.00	24.20	0.16	10.80	Average
9	3.49	44.88	-11.12	56.00	33.90	0.17	10.81	QP
10 *	3.49	36.58	-9.42	46.00	25.60	0.17	10.81	Average
11	3.70	42.30	-13.70	56.00	31.30	0.18	10.82	QP
12	3.70	33.20	-12.80	46.00	22.20	0.18	10.82	Average
13	3.86	39.11	-16.89	56.00	28.10	0.18	10.83	QP
14	3.86	29.41	-16.59	46.00	18.40	0.18	10.83	Average



Test Mode :	Mode 1	Temperature :	22~24°C
Test Engineer :	Eko Guan	Relative Humidity :	30~33%
Test Voltage :	120Vac / 60Hz	Phase :	Neutral
Function Type :	Bluetooth Link + WLAN Link + Earphone + USB Cable (Charging from Adapter 1) for Sample 1		



Site : CO01-KS  
 Condition : FCC PART 15C LISN-N20140306 NEUTRAL

mode : Mode 1

	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	LISN Factor	Cable Loss	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB	
1	0.25	38.72	-22.97	61.69	27.30	0.89	10.53	QP
2	0.25	27.52	-24.17	51.69	16.10	0.89	10.53	Average
3	2.36	31.53	-24.47	56.00	20.70	0.11	10.72	QP
4	2.36	25.03	-20.97	46.00	14.20	0.11	10.72	Average
5	3.24	38.76	-17.24	56.00	27.80	0.16	10.80	QP
6	3.24	34.56	-11.44	46.00	23.60	0.16	10.80	Average
7	3.44	39.58	-16.42	56.00	28.60	0.17	10.81	QP
8 *	3.44	35.18	-10.82	46.00	24.20	0.17	10.81	Average
9	3.58	37.79	-18.21	56.00	26.80	0.17	10.82	QP
10	3.58	32.29	-13.71	46.00	21.30	0.17	10.82	Average
11	3.82	32.81	-23.19	56.00	21.80	0.18	10.83	QP
12	3.82	26.21	-19.79	46.00	15.20	0.18	10.83	Average



## **3.10 Antenna Requirements**

### **3.10.1 Standard Applicable**

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

### **3.10.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction**

An embedded-in antenna design is used.

### **3.10.3 Antenna Gain**

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



## 4 List of Measuring Equipment

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Test Date	Due Date	Remark
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP40	100319	9kHz~40GHz	Oct. 28, 2014	Feb. 10, 2015~ Feb. 12, 2015	Oct. 27, 2015	Conducted (TH01-KS)
Pulse Power Senor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0917070	30MHz~40GHz	Jan. 23, 2015	Feb. 10, 2015~ Feb. 12, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016	Conducted (TH01-KS)
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1005002	50MHz Bandwidth	Jan. 23, 2015	Feb. 10, 2015~ Feb. 12, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016	Conducted (TH01-KS)
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100534	9kHz~3GHz	Oct. 25, 2014	Mar. 10, 2015	Oct. 24, 2015	Radiation (03CH01-KS)
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	101338	9kHz~30GHz	May 04, 2014	Mar. 10, 2015	May 03, 2015	Radiation (03CH01-KS)
Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	100321	9kHz~30MHz	Nov. 13, 2014	Mar. 10, 2015	Nov. 12, 2015	Radiation (03CH01-KS)
Bilog Antenna	TeseQ	CBL6112D	23182	25Mhz-2Ghz	Jan. 17, 2015	Mar. 10, 2015	Jan. 16, 2016	Radiation (03CH01-KS)
Double Ridge Horn Antenna	ETS-Lindgren	3117	75959	1GHz~18GHz	Jan. 17, 2015	Mar. 10, 2015	Jan. 16, 2016	Radiation (03CH01-KS)
Active Horn Antenna	com-power	AHA-118	701030	1GHz~18GHz	Nov. 08, 2014	Mar. 10, 2015	Nov. 07, 2015	Radiation (03CH01-KS)
SHF-EHF Horn	com-power	AH-840	101070	18Ghz-40Ghz	Sep. 04, 2014	Mar. 10, 2015	Sep. 03, 2015	Radiation (03CH01-KS)
Amplifier	com-power	PA-103A	161069	1MHz~1GHz /32dB	May 04, 2014	Mar. 10, 2015	May 03, 2015	Radiation (03CH01-KS)
Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A023 71	1GHz~26.5GHz	Oct. 28, 2014	Mar. 10, 2015	Oct. 27, 2015	Radiation (03CH01-KS)
AC Power Source	Chroma	61601	F1040900 04	N/A	NCR	Mar. 10, 2015	NCR	Radiation (03CH01-KS)
Turn Table	MF	MF7802	N/A	0~360 degree	NCR	Mar. 10, 2015	NCR	Radiation (03CH01-KS)
Antenna Mast	MF	MF7802	N/A	1 m~4 m	NCR	Mar. 10, 2015	NCR	Radiation (03CH01-KS)
EMI Receiver	R&S	ESCI7	100768	9kHz~7GHz;	May 04, 2014	Feb. 13, 2015	May 03, 2015	Conduction (CO01-KS)
AC LISN	MessTec	AN3016	060103	9kHz~30MHz	Oct. 25, 2014	Feb. 13, 2015	Oct. 24, 2015	Conduction (CO01-KS)
AC LISN (for auxiliary equipment)	MessTec	AN3016	060105	9kHz~30MHz	Oct. 25, 2014	Feb. 13, 2015	Oct. 24, 2015	Conduction (CO01-KS)
AC Power Source	Chroma	61602	ABP00000 0811	AC 0V~300V, 45Hz~1000Hz	Oct. 25, 2014	Feb. 13, 2015	Oct. 24, 2015	Conduction (CO01-KS)



## 5 Uncertainty of Evaluation

### Uncertainty of Conducted Emission Measurement (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2Uc(y)$ )	2.3dB
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### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (30 MHz ~ 1000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2Uc(y)$ )	2.5dB
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## Appendix A. Radiated Spurious Emission

2.4GHz 2400~2483.5MHz

BT (Band Edge @ 3m)

BT	Note	Frequency	Level	Over	Limit	Read	Antenna	Cable	Preamp	Ant	Table	Peak	Pol.
		( MHz )	( dBμV/m )	( dB )	Limit	Level	Factor	Loss	Factor	Pos	Pos	Avg.	
					Line	( dBμV )	( dB/m )	( dB )	( dB )	( cm )	( deg )	( P/A )	( H/V )
BT CH00 2402MHz		2310.78	49.39	-24.61	74	48.64	31.21	6.06	36.52	225	272	P	H
		2310.78	24.6	-29.4	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	H
	*	2402.17	90.1	-	-	88.66	31.3	6.22	36.08	225	272	P	H
	*	2402.17	65.31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	H
		2366.29	50.3	-23.7	74	49.12	31.26	6.17	36.25	250	312	P	V
		2366.29	25.51	-28.49	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	V
	*	2402.17	87.72	-	-	86.28	31.3	6.22	36.08	250	312	P	V
	*	2402.17	62.93	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	V
BT CH 39 2441MHz	*	2440.91	89.56	-	-	87.85	31.34	6.28	35.91	150	247	P	H
	*	2440.91	64.77	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	H
	*	2440.91	88.16	-	-	86.45	31.34	6.28	35.91	338	303	P	V
	*	2440.91	63.37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	V
BT CH 78 2480MHz	*	2479.91	87.28	-	-	85.37	31.37	6.33	35.79	151	74	P	H
	*	2479.91	62.49	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	H
		2489.36	47.53	-26.47	74	45.55	31.39	6.33	35.74	151	74	P	H
		2489.36	22.74	-31.26	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	H
	*	2479.91	87.34	-	-	85.43	31.37	6.33	35.79	354	109	P	V
	*	2479.91	62.55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	V
		2489.99	47.87	-26.13	74	45.89	31.39	6.33	35.74	354	109	P	V
		2489.99	23.08	-30.92	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	V
Remark	1. No other spurious found. 2. All results are PASS against Peak and Average limit line.												



2.4GHz 2400~2483.5MHz  
BT (Harmonic @ 3m)

BT	Note	Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dBμV/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dBμV/m )	Read Level ( dBμV )	Antenna Factor ( dB/m )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Peak Avg. (P/A)	Pol. (H/V)
BT CH 00 2402MHz		4803	49.47	-24.53	74	42.47	34.88	8.71	36.59	168	238	P	H
		4803	48.87	-25.13	74	41.87	34.88	8.71	36.59	243	0	P	V
BT CH 39 2441MHz		4881	49.84	-24.16	74	43	34.92	8.76	36.84	174	89	P	H
		7323	49.06	-24.94	74	41.57	35.57	10.84	38.92	169	302	P	H
		4881	47.84	-26.16	74	41	34.92	8.76	36.84	203	56	P	V
BT CH 78 2480MHz		7323	49.17	-24.83	74	41.68	35.57	10.84	38.92	216	57	P	V
		4959	46.87	-27.13	74	40.24	34.97	8.81	37.15	156	21	P	H
		7440	49.48	-24.52	74	41.88	35.59	10.92	38.91	163	25	P	H
		4959	47.06	-26.94	74	40.43	34.97	8.81	37.15	187	210	P	V
		7440	47.38	-26.62	74	39.78	35.59	10.92	38.91	245	320	P	V
Remark	1. No other spurious found. 2. All results are PASS against Peak and Average limit line.												



Emission below 1GHz

2.4GHz BT (LF)

BT	Note	Frequency	Level	Over	Limit	Read	Antenna	Cable	Preamp	Ant	Table	Peak	Pol.
		( MHz )	( dBμV/m )	( dB )	( dBμV/m )	( dBμV )	( dB/m )	( dB )	( dB )	( cm )	( deg )	( P/A )	( H/V )
2.4GHz BT LF		30	27.77	-12.23	40	40.44	19.2	0.79	32.66	-	-	P	H
		49.4	30.74	-9.26	40	53.37	9.21	0.79	32.63	164	23	P	H
		55.22	29.42	-10.58	40	53.83	7.4	0.79	32.6	-	-	P	H
		65.89	27.31	-12.69	40	51.76	7.36	0.79	32.6	-	-	P	H
		96.93	29.78	-13.72	43.5	50.38	10.97	1.04	32.61	-	-	P	H
		149.31	27.39	-16.11	43.5	46.82	11.69	1.44	32.56	-	-	P	H
	!	30	34.34	-5.66	40	47.01	19.2	0.79	32.66	187	226	P	V
		34.85	28.95	-11.05	40	44.04	16.75	0.79	32.63	-	-	P	V
		39.7	28.68	-11.32	40	46.19	14.3	0.79	32.6	-	-	P	V
		50.37	27.5	-12.5	40	50.63	8.7	0.79	32.62	-	-	P	V
		57.16	27.98	-12.02	40	52.91	6.88	0.79	32.6	-	-	P	V
		62.98	26.49	-13.51	40	51.56	6.73	0.79	32.59	-	-	P	V
Remark	1. No other spurious found. 2. All results are PASS against limit line.												



**Note symbol**

*	<b>Fundamental Frequency</b> which can be ignored. However, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental frequency.
!	Test result is <b>over limit</b> line.
P/A	<b>Peak</b> or <b>Average</b>
H/V	<b>Horizontal</b> or <b>Vertical</b>



A calculation example for radiated spurious emission is shown as below:

WIFI	Note	Frequency	Level	Over	Limit	Read	Antenna	Cable	Preamp	Ant	Table	Peak	Pol.
Ant.				Limit	Line	Level	Factor	Loss	Factor	Pos	Pos	Avg.	
1+2		( MHz )	( dBμV/m )	( dB )	( dBμV/m )	( dBμV )	( dB/m )	( dB )	( dB )	( cm )	( deg )	( P/A )	( H/V )
802.11b		2390	55.45	-18.55	74	54.51	32.22	4.58	35.86	103	308	P	H
CH 01		2390	43.54	-10.46	54	42.6	32.22	4.58	35.86	103	308	A	H
2412MHz													

- Level(dBμV/m) =  
Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) + Read Level(dBμV) - Preamp Factor(dB)
- Over Limit(dB) = Level(dBμV/m) – Limit Line(dBμV/m)

**For Peak Limit @ 2390MHz:**

- Level(dBμV/m)  
= Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) + Read Level(dBμV) - Preamp Factor(dB)  
= 32.22(dB/m) + 4.58(dB) + 54.51(dBμV) – 35.86 (dB)  
= 55.45 (dBμV/m)
- Over Limit(dB)  
= Level(dBμV/m) – Limit Line(dBμV/m)  
= 55.45(dBμV/m) – 74(dBμV/m)  
= -18.55(dB)

**For Average Limit @ 2390MHz:**

- Level(dBμV/m)  
= Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Loss(dB) + Read Level(dBμV) - Preamp Factor(dB)  
= 32.22(dB/m) + 4.58(dB) + 42.6(dBμV) – 35.86 (dB)  
= 43.54 (dBμV/m)
- Over Limit(dB)  
= Level(dBμV/m) – Limit Line(dBμV/m)  
= 43.54(dBμV/m) – 54(dBμV/m)  
= -10.46(dB)

Both peak and average measured complies with the limit line, so test result is “PASS”.