Report No.:SZ12050002W03

FCC Part 15C TEST REPORT

Issued to

Tecmobile (International) Ltd

For

Mobile Phone

Model Name	:	TEC/R30
Trade Name	:	N/A
Brand Name	:	Tecmobile
FCC ID	:	O4FR3035268605
Standard	:	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C
Test date	:	2012-5-8 to 2012-6-13
Issue date	:	2012-6-18

by

Shenzhen MORLAB Communication Technology Co., Ltd.

Tested by Zhang Yan	*Approved by* Wu Xuewen	*Review by* Peng Huarui
Date 2012.6.18	*Date* 2012.6.18	*Date* 2012.6.18

DIRECTORY

Change History		
Issue	Date	Reason for change
1.0	Jun 18, 2012	First edition

1. General Information

1.1. EUT Description

EUT Type ..... :	Mobile Phone
Serial No..... :	(n.a, marked #1 by test site)
Hardware Version ..... :	A107-MB-V0.7
Software Version ..... :	A107V07_tekmobile_BT_V06
Applicant ..... :	Tecmobile (International) Ltd Santok House Unit 2, Braintree Industrial Estate Braintree Road, South RuislipMiddlesex , HA4 0EJ, UK
Manufacturer ..... :	Tecmobile (International) Ltd Santok House Unit 2, Braintree Industrial Estate Braintree Road, South RuislipMiddlesex , HA4 0EJ, UK
Frequency Range..... :	The frequency range used is 2402MHz - 2480MHz (79 channels, at intervals of 1MHz); The frequency block is 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz.
Modulation Type ..... :	Bluetooth: FHSS (GFSK(1Mbps), ∏/4-DQPSK(EDR 2Mbps), 8-DPSK(EDR 3Mbps))
Antenna Type..... :	PIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain..... :	-2dBi

Note 1: The EUT is a Mobile Phone, it contains Bluetooth Module operating at 2.4GHz ISM band; the frequencies allocated for the Bluetooth Module is F(MHz)=2402+1*n (0<=n<=78). The lowest, middle, highest channel numbers of the Bluetooth Module used and tested in this report are separately 0 (2402MHz), 39 (2441MHz) and 78 (2480MHz).

Note 2: For a more detailed description, please refer to Specification or User's Manual supplied by the applicant and/or manufacturer.

Note 3: The product have a variety of models, model No. is TEC/R30AABBC and "AABBC" combination indicate following:

"AA" refer to color:	BK, WH, BL, PK, SL
"BB" refer to country:	EN, DE, NL, FR, TR, KL, SP, PL, UR, AR, RO, CS, RU, SK
"C" refer to Number:	2, 3, 4, 5,

They are all kinds of model name only the model name different and all same to hardware.

1.2. Test Standards and Results

The objective of the report is to perform testing according to 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C (Bluetooth, 2.4GHz ISM band radiators) for the EUT FCC ID Certification:

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15 (10-1-09 Edition)	Radio Frequency Devices

Test detailed items/section required by FCC rules and results are as below:

No.	Section in CFR 47	Description	Result
1	15.247(a)	Number of Hopping Frequency	PASS
2	15.247(b)	Peak Output Power	PASS
3	15.247(a)	20dB Bandwidth	PASS
4	15.247(a)	Carrier Frequency Separation	PASS
5	15.247(a)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)	PASS
6	15.247(c)	Conducted Spurious Emission	PASS
7	15.247(c)	Band Edge	PASS
8	15.207	Conducted Emission	PASS
9	15.209 15.247(c)	Radiated Emission	PASS

NOTE:

The tests were performed according to the method of measurements prescribed in DA-00-705.

1.3. Facilities and Accreditations

1.3.1. Facilities

Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Morlab Laboratory is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L3572.

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Xili, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China. The test site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22; the FCC registration number is 741109.

1.3.2. Test Environment Conditions

During the measurement, the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature (°C):	15 - 35
Relative Humidity (%):	30 -60
Atmospheric Pressure (kPa):	86-106

2. 47 CFR Part 15C Requirements

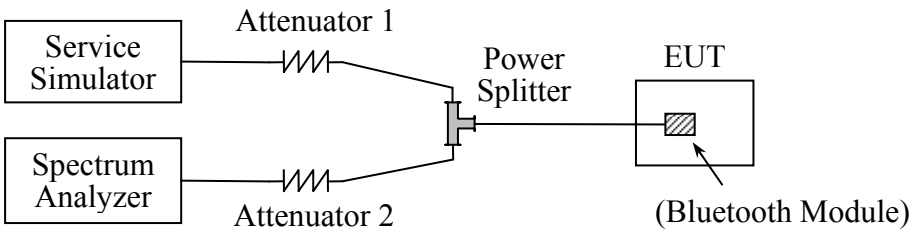
2.1. Number of Hopping Frequency

2.1.1. Requirement

According to FCC §15.247(a)(1)(iii), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz bands shall use at least 15 hopping frequencies.

2.1.2. Test Description

A. Test Setup:



The Bluetooth Module of the EUT, which is powered by the Battery, is coupled to the Spectrum Analyzer (SA) and the Bluetooth Service Simulator (SS) with Attenuators through the Power Splitter; the RF load attached to the EUT antenna terminal is 50Ohm; the path loss as the factor is calibrated to correct the reading. During the measurement, the Bluetooth Module of the EUT is activated and controlled by the SS, and is set to operate under test mode transmitting 339 bytes DH5 packages at maximum power.

B. Equipments List:

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
System Simulator	R&S	CMU200	100448	2012.05	1year
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E7405A	US44210471	2012.05	1year
Power Splitter	Weinschel	1506A	NW521	(n.a.)	(n.a.)
Attenuator 1	Resnet	20dB	(n.a.)	(n.a.)	(n.a.)
Attenuator 2	Resnet	3dB	(n.a.)	(n.a.)	(n.a.)

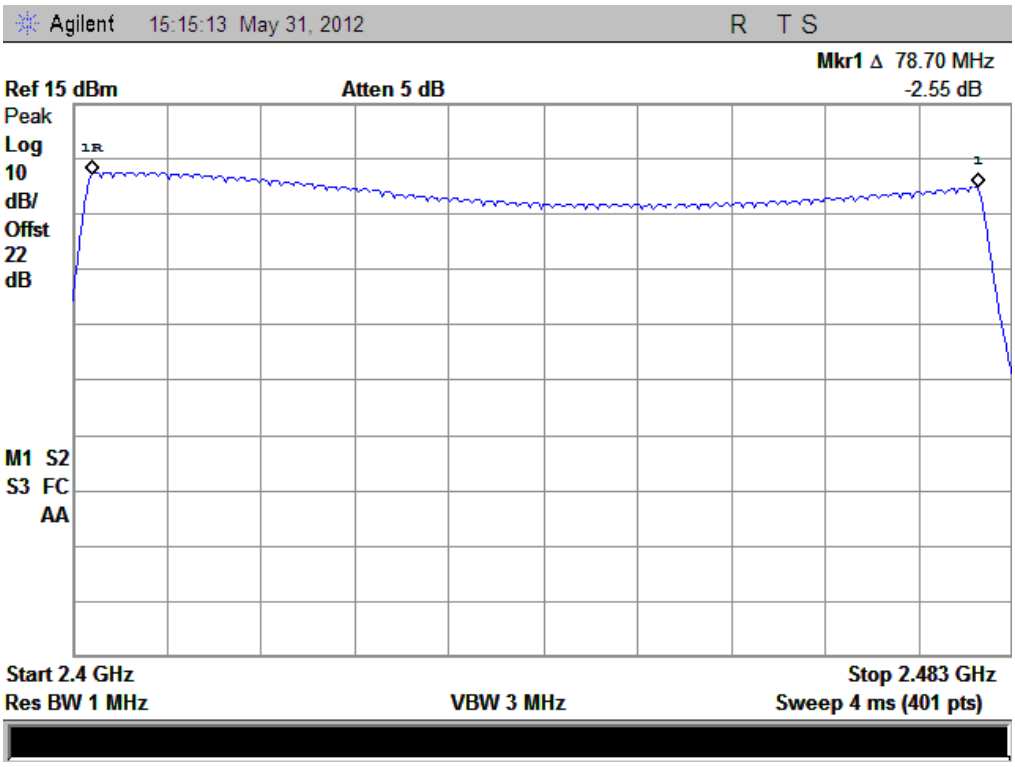
2.1.3. Test Result

The Bluetooth Module operates at hopping-on test mode; the frequencies number employed is counted to verify the Module's using the number of hopping frequency.

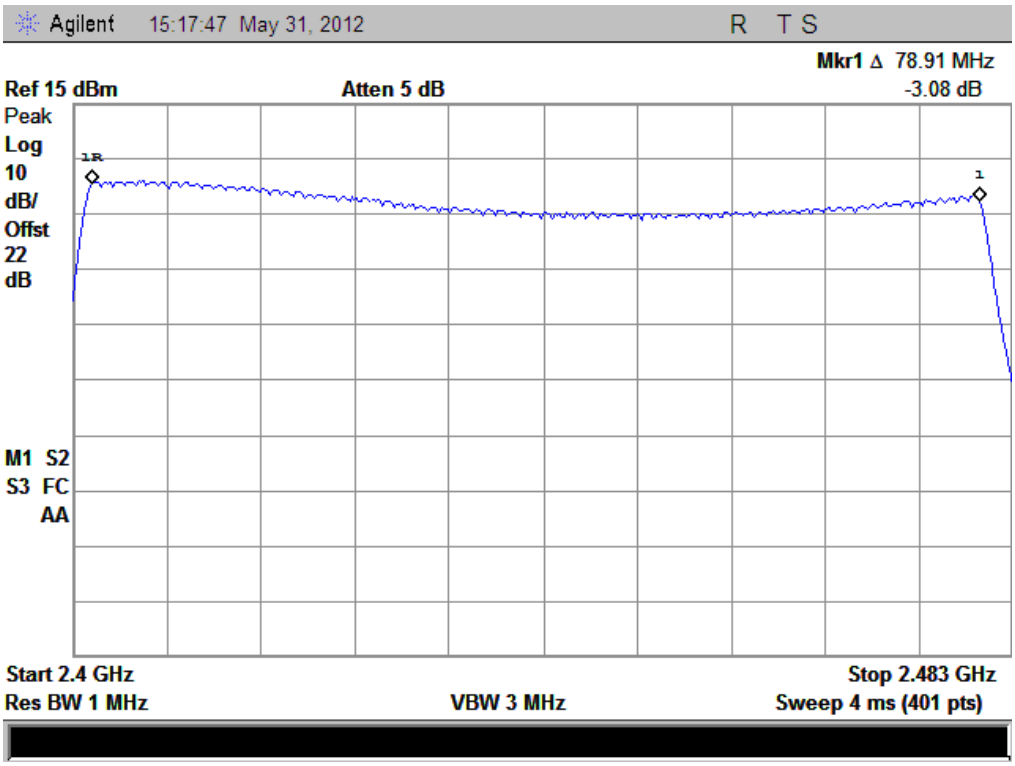
A. Test Verdict:

Test Mode	Frequency Block (MHz)	Measured Channel Numbers	Min. Limit	Refer to Plot	Verdict
GFSK	2400 - 2483.5	79	15	Plot A	PASS
Π/4-DQPSK	2400 - 2483.5	79	15	Plot B	PASS
8-DPSK	2400 - 2483.5	79	15	Plot C	PASS

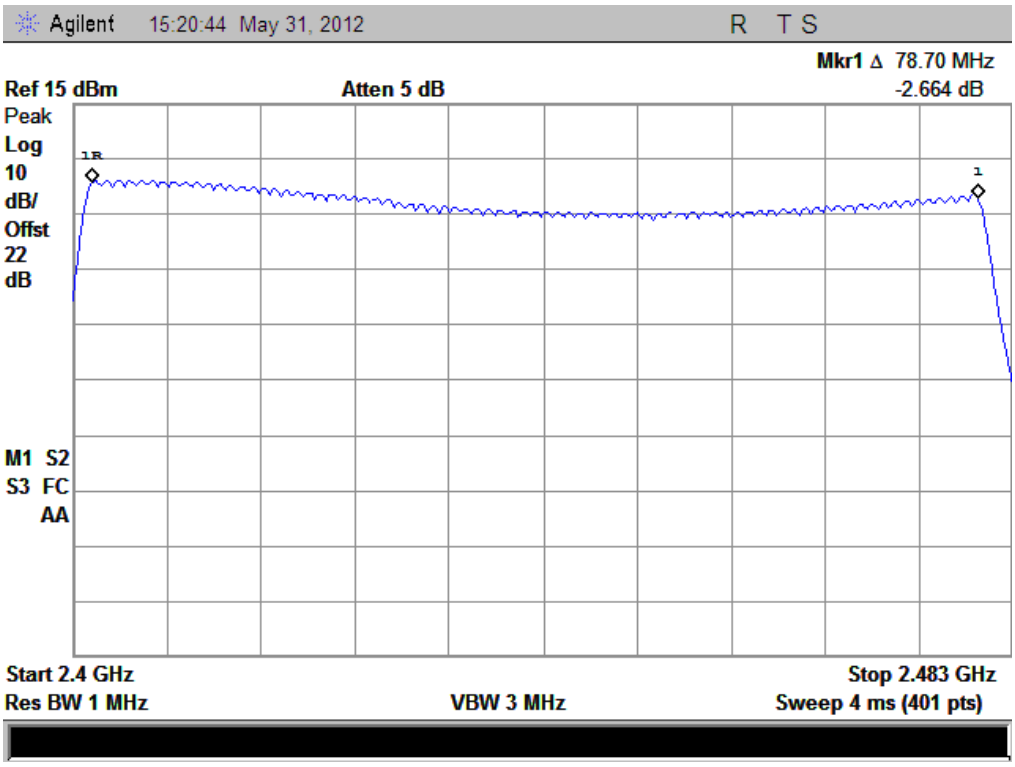
B. Test Plots:



(Plot A: GFSK)



(Plot B: ∏/4-DQPSK)



(Plot C: 8- DPSK)

2.2. Peak Output Power

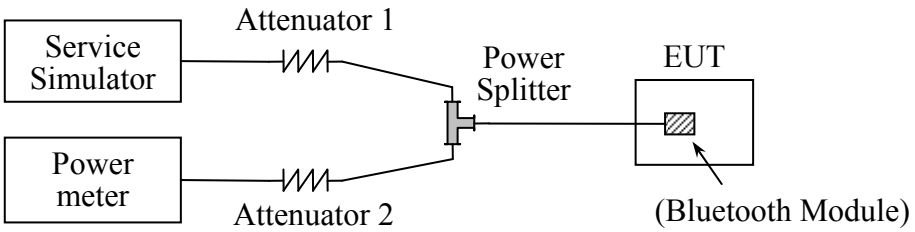
2.2.1. Requirement

According to FCC §15.247(b)(1), for frequency hopping systems that operates in the 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz band employing at least 75 hopping channels, the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed 1Watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz band, it is 0.125Watts.

Equipments List:

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
System Simulator	R&S	CMU200	100448	2012.05	1year
Power meter	Agilent	E4418B	GB44318055	2012.05	1year
Power Splitter	Weinschel	1506A	NW521	(n.a.)	(n.a.)
Attenuator 1	Resnet	20dB	(n.a.)	(n.a.)	(n.a.)
Attenuator 2	Resnet	3dB	(n.a.)	(n.a.)	(n.a.)

2.2.2. Test Description



The Bluetooth Module of the EUT, which is powered by the Battery, is coupled to the Spectrum Analyzer (SA) and the Bluetooth Service Simulator (SS) with Attenuators through the Power Splitter; the RF load attached to the EUT antenna terminal is 50Ohm; the path loss as the factor is calibrated to correct the reading. During the measurement, the Bluetooth Module of the EUT is activated and controlled by the SS, and is set to operate under test mode transmitting 339 bytes DH5 packages at maximum power.

2.2.3. Test Result

The Bluetooth Module operates at hopping-off test mode. The lowest, middle and highest channels are selected to perform testing to verify the conducted RF output peak power of the Module. The lowest, middle and highest channel were tested by Power meter.

2.2.3.1. GFSK Mode

A. Test Verdict:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
		dBm	W	dBm	W	
0	2402	2.278	0.00169	20.96	0.125	PASS
39	2441	1.415	0.00139			PASS
78	2480	1.874	0.00154			PASS

2.2.3.2. π/4-DQPSK Mode

A. Test Verdict:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
		dBm	W	dBm	W	
0	2402	0.644	0.00116	20.96	0.125	PASS
39	2441	0.121	0.00103			PASS
78	2480	0.211	0.00105			PASS

2.2.3.3. 8-DPSK Mode

A. Test Verdict:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
		dBm	W	dBm	W	
0	2402	0.566	0.00114	20.96	0.125	PASS
39	2441	0.106	0.00103			PASS
78	2480	0.217	0.00102			PASS

2.3. 20dB Bandwidth

2.3.1. Definition

According to FCC §15.247(a)(1), the 20dB bandwidth is known as the 99% emission bandwidth, or 20dB bandwidth (10*log1% = 20dB) taking the total RF output power.

2.3.2. Test Description

See section 2.1.2 of this report.

2.3.3. Test Result

The Bluetooth Module operates at hopping-off test mode. The lowest, middle and highest channels are selected to perform testing to record the 20dB bandwidth of the Module.

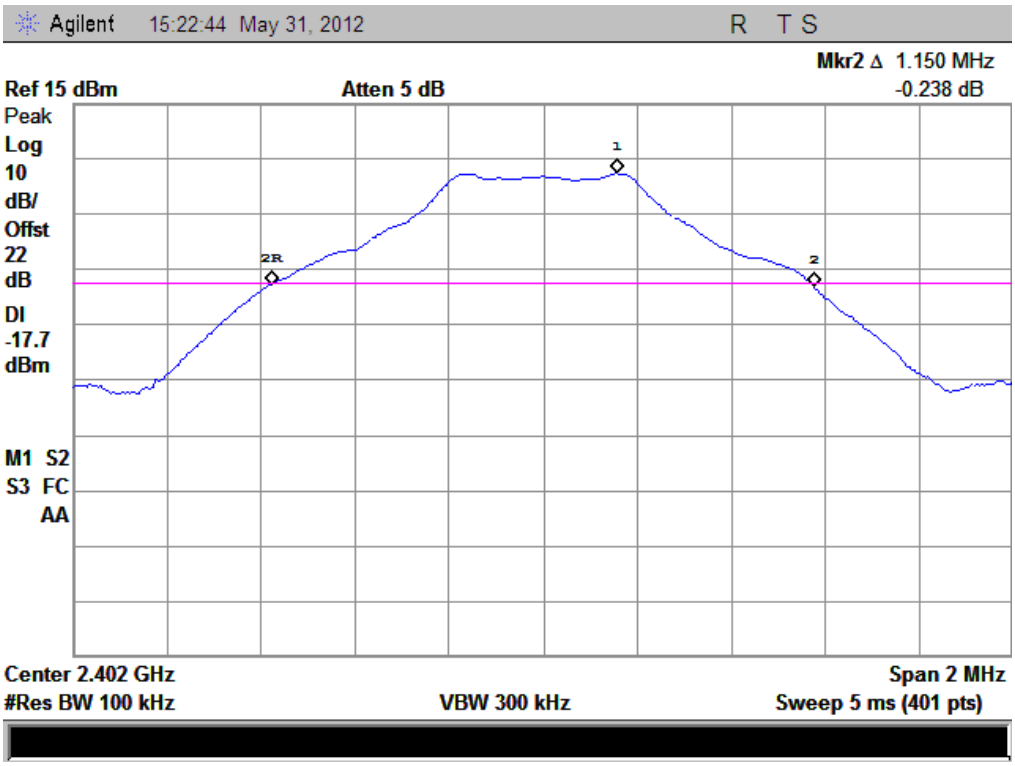
2.3.3.1. GFSK Mode

A. Test Verdict:

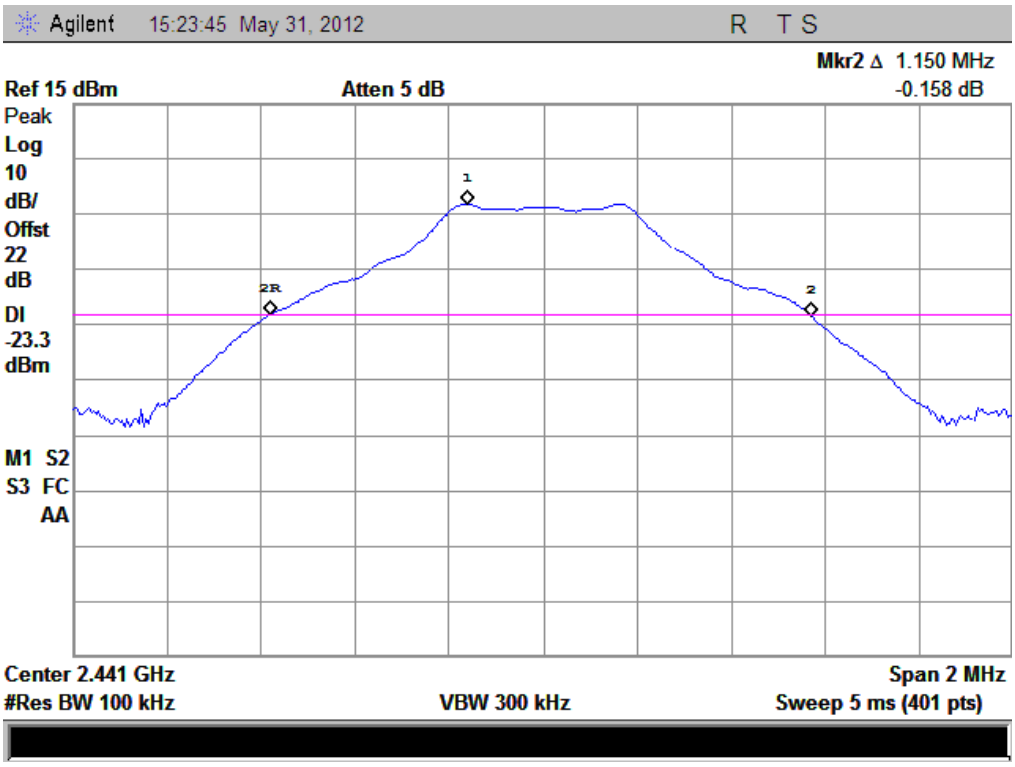
The maximum 20dB bandwidth measured is 1.150MHz according to the table below.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Refer to Plot
0	2402	1.150	Plot A
39	2441	1.150	Plot B
78	2480	1.145	Plot C

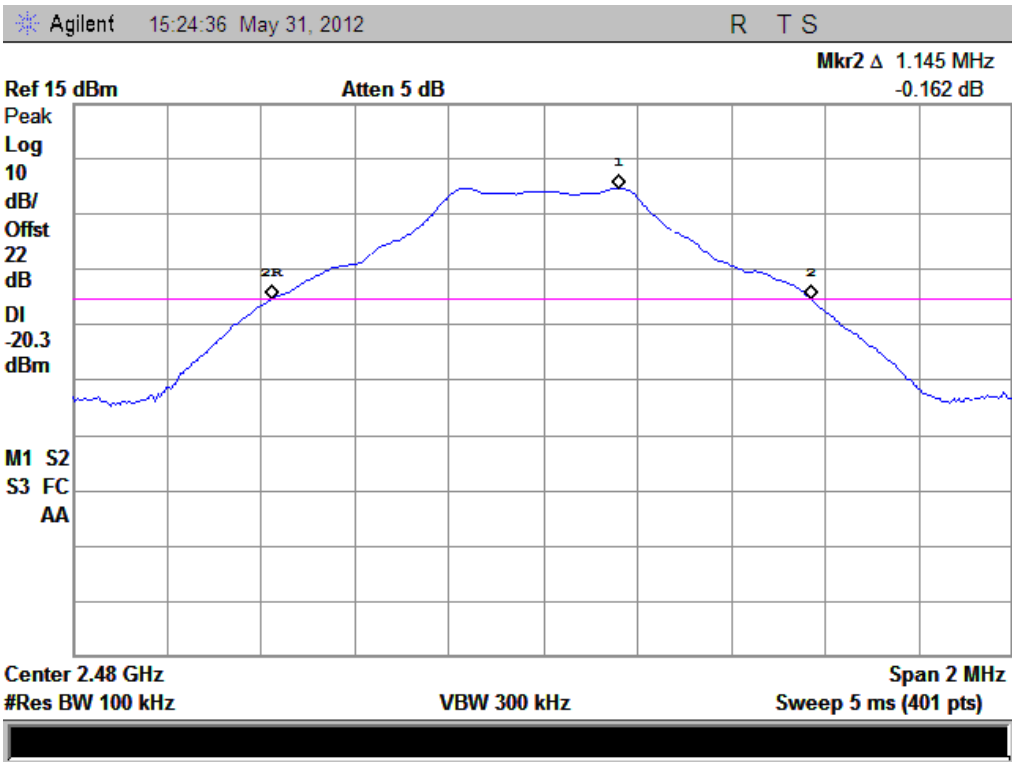
B. Test Plots:



(Plot A: Channel = 2402 @ GFSK)



(Plot B: Channel = 2441 @ GFSK)



(Plot C: Channel = 2480 @ GFSK)

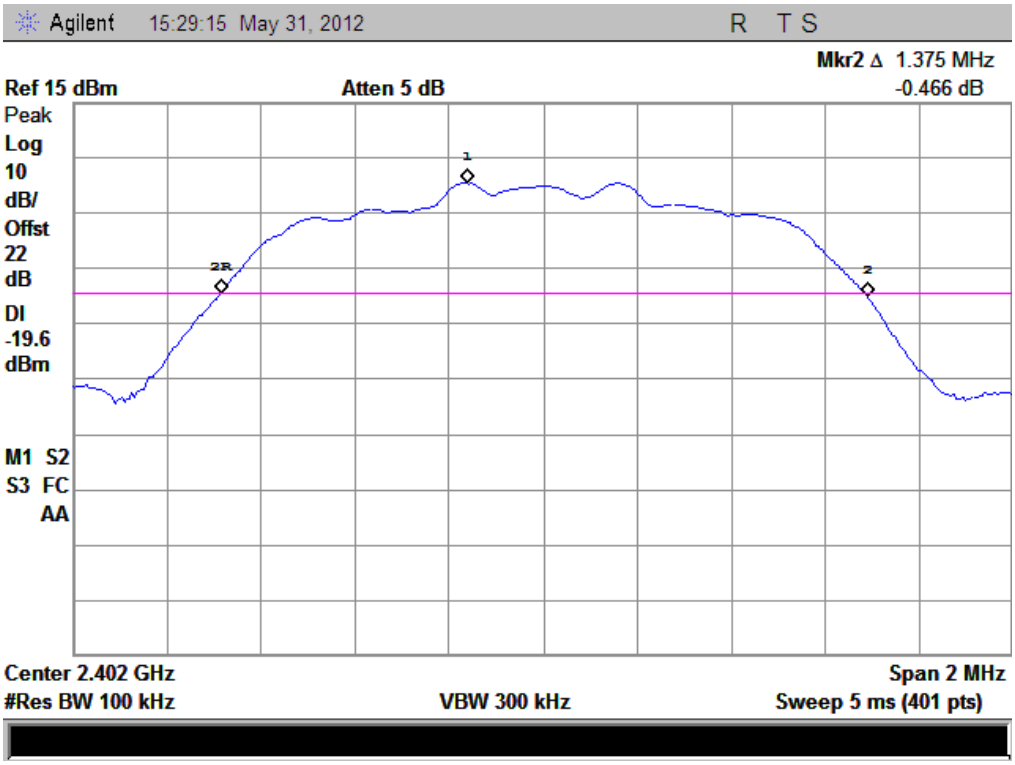
2.3.3.2. Π/4-DQPSK Mode

A. Test Verdict:

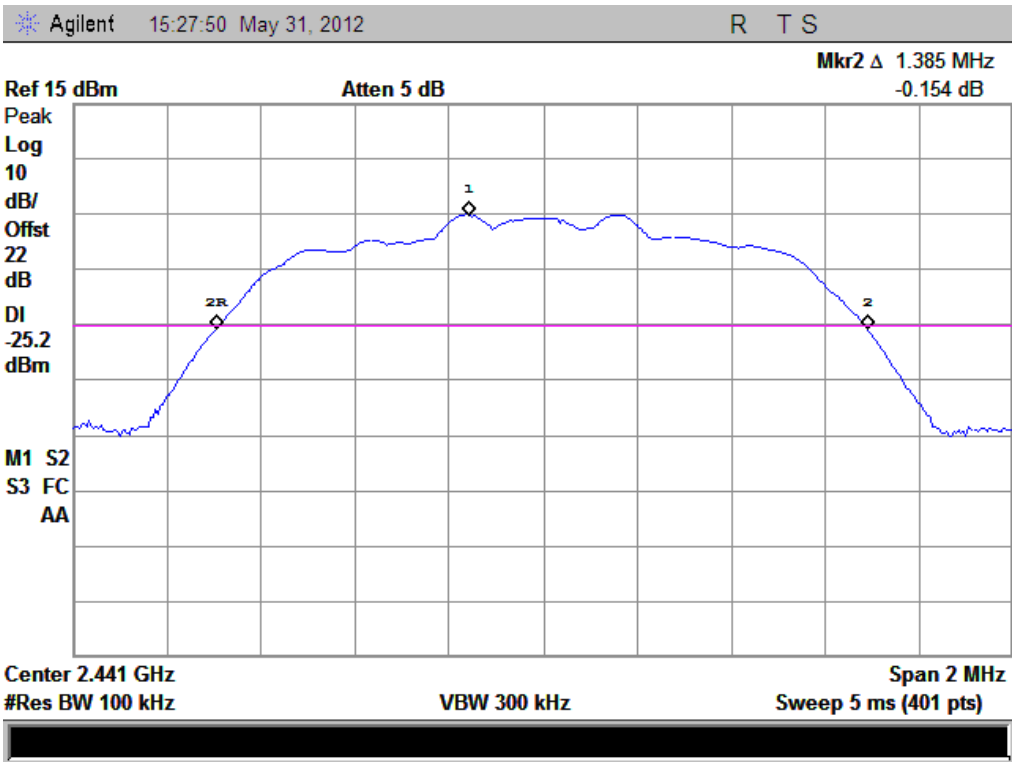
The maximum 20dB bandwidth measured is 1.385MHz according to the table below.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Refer to Plot
0	2402	1.375	Plot D
39	2441	1.385	Plot E
78	2480	1.375	Plot F

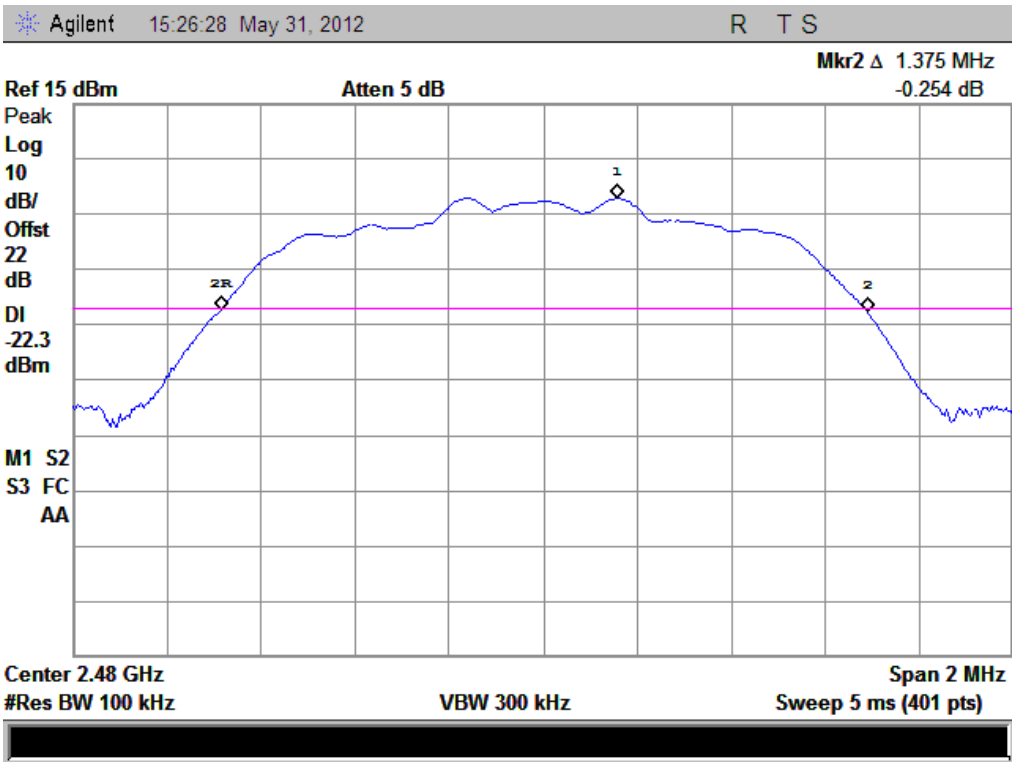
B. Test Plots:



(Plot D: Channel = 2402 @ Π/4-DQPSK)



(Plot E: Channel = 2441 @ Π/4-DQPSK)



(Plot F: Channel = 2480 @ Π/4-DQPSK)

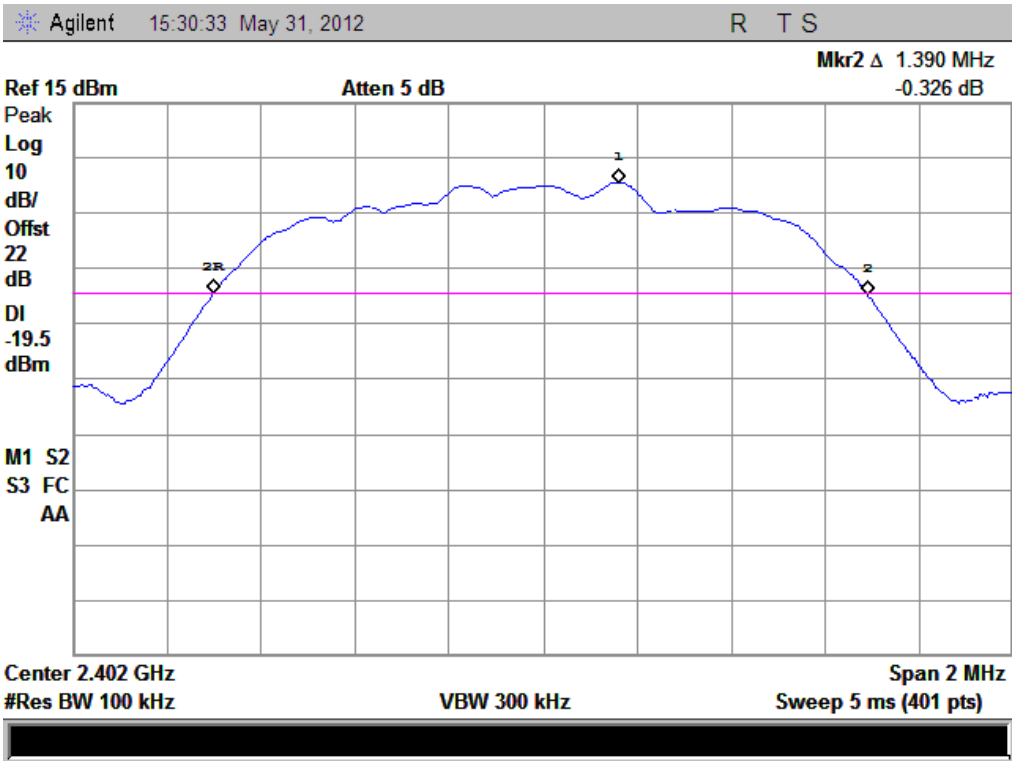
2.3.3.3. 8-DPSK Mode

C. Test Verdict:

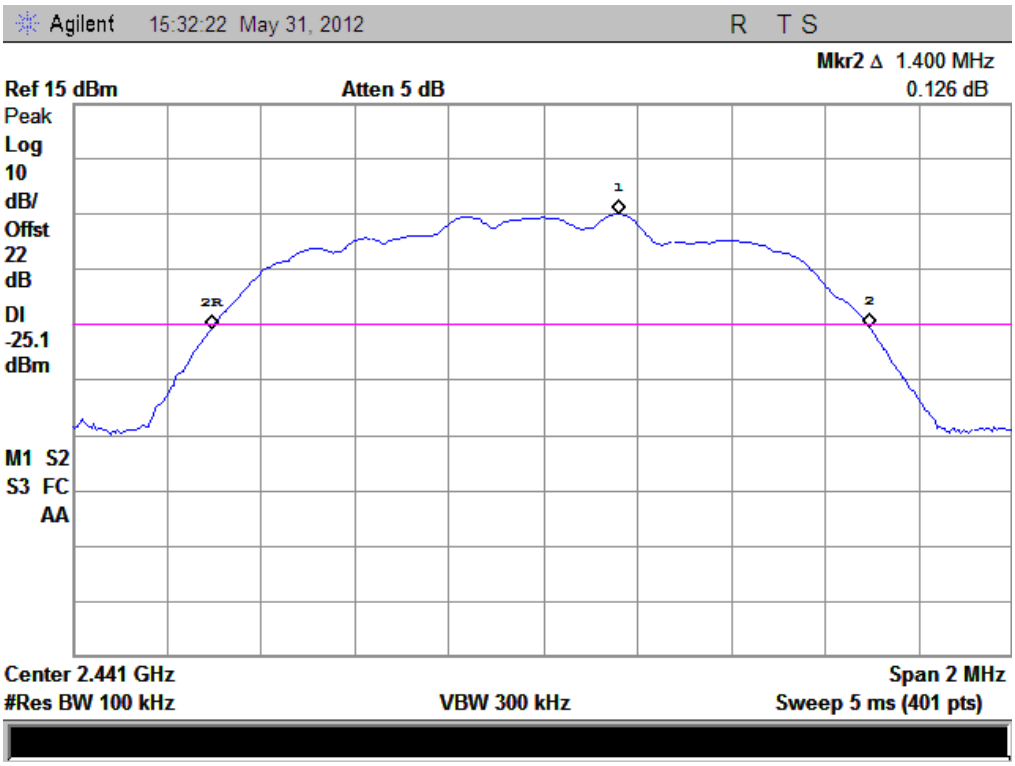
The maximum 20dB bandwidth measured is 1.400MHz according to the table below.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Refer to Plot
0	2402	1.390	Plot G
39	2441	1.400	Plot H
78	2480	1.395	Plot I

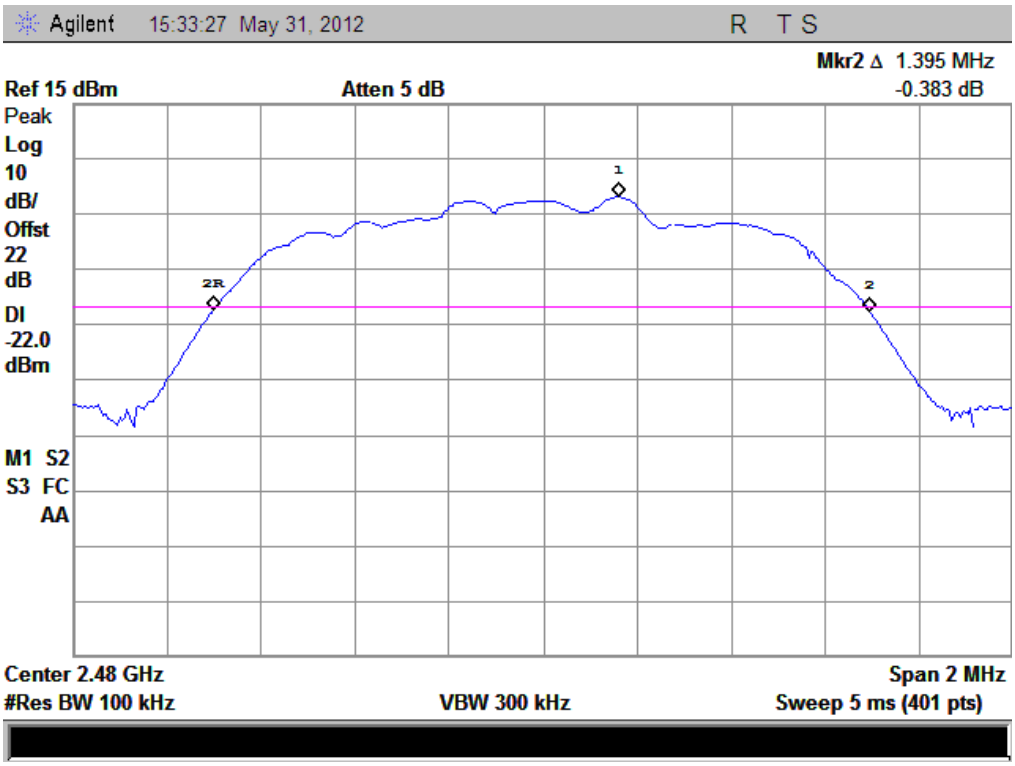
D. Test Plots:



(Plot G: Channel = 2402 @ 8-DPSK)



(Plot H: Channel = 2441 @ 8-DPSK)



(Plot I: Channel = 2480 @ 8-DPSK)

2.4. Carried Frequency Separation

2.4.1. Definition

According to FCC §15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

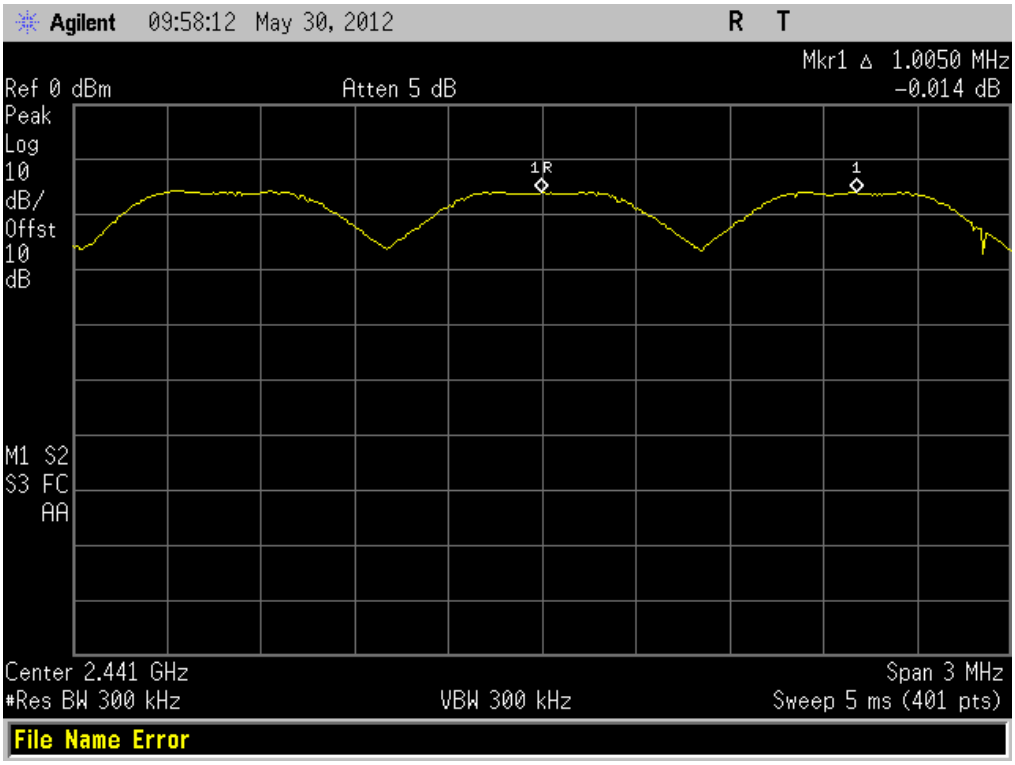
2.4.2. Test Description

See section 2.1.2 of this report.

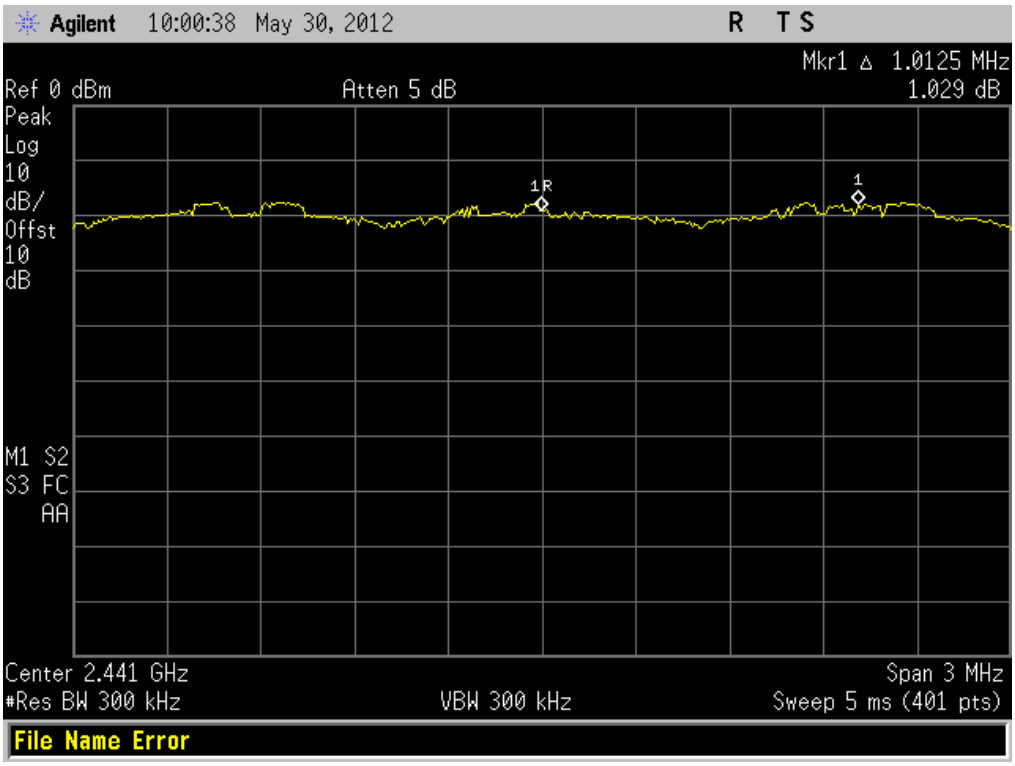
2.4.3. Test Result

The Bluetooth Module operates at hopping-on test mode.

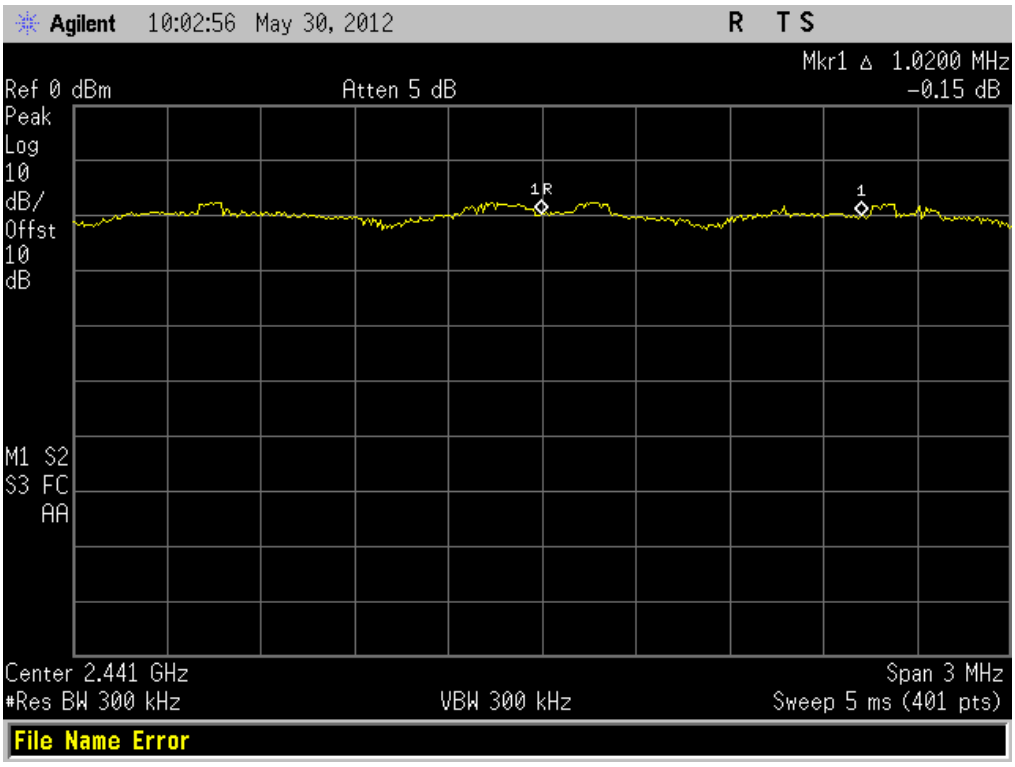
For any adjacent channels (e.g. the channel 39 and 40 as showed in the Plot A), the Module does have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel (1.150MHz for GFSK mode, 1.385MHz for Π/4-DQPSK mode and 1.400MHz for 8-DPSK mode, refer to section 2.3.3), whichever is greater. So, the verdict is PASSING



(Plot A: GFSK)



(Plot B: ∏/4-DQPSK)



(Plot C: 8-DPSK)

2.5. Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)

2.5.1. Requirement

According to FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii), frequency hopping systems in the 2400 - 2483.5MHz band shall use at least 15 non-overlapping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

2.5.2. Test Description

See section 2.1.2 of this report.

2.5.3. Test Result

The average time of occupancy on any channel within the Period can be calculated with formulas (for DH5 package type):

{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} * (1600 / 6) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} * {Period}

{Period} = 0.4s * {Number of Hopping Frequency}

The lowest, middle and highest channels are selected to perform testing to record the dwell time of each occupation measured in this channel, which is called Pulse Time here.

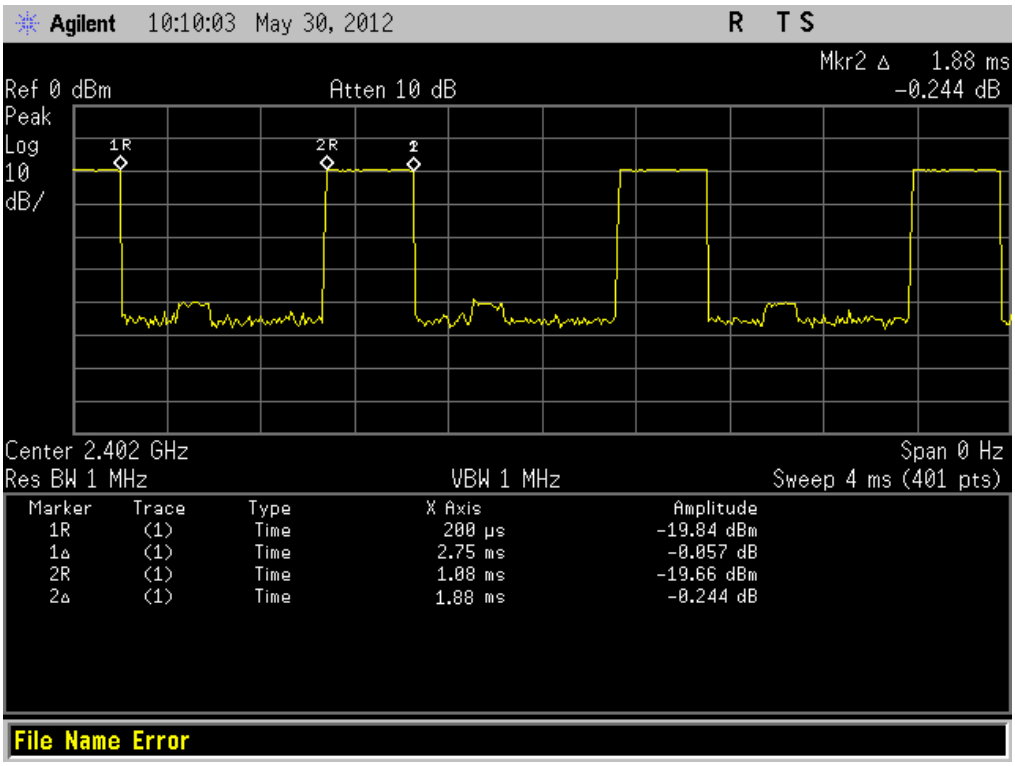
2.5.3.1. GFSK Mode

A. Test Verdict:

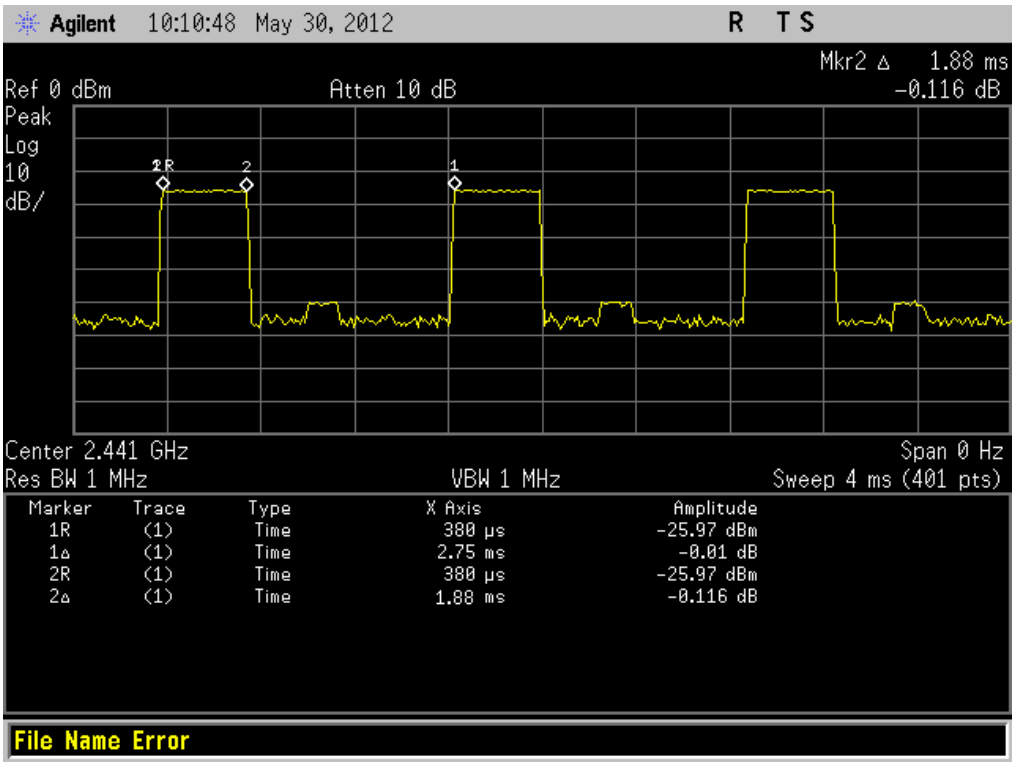
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Pulse Time		Total of Dwell (ms)	Limit (ms)	Verdict
		ms	Refer to Plot			
0	2402	1.88	Plot A	200.533	400	PASS
39	2441	1.88	Plot B	200.533		PASS
78	2480	1.88	Plot C	200.533		PASS

B. Test Plots:

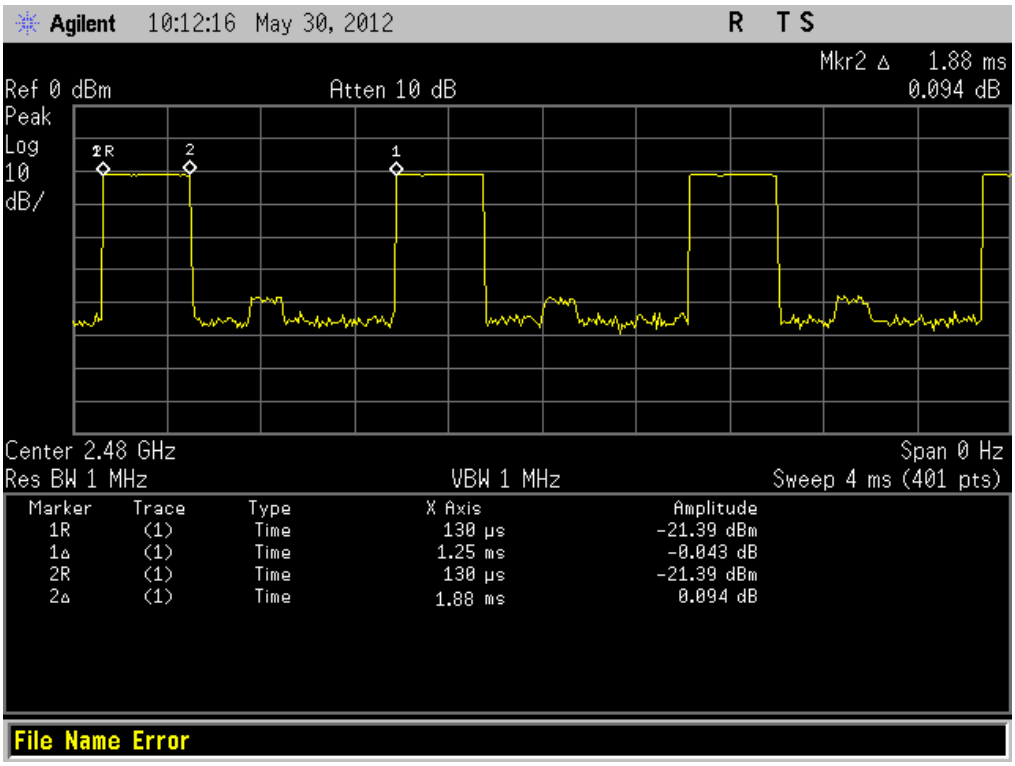
Note: the following plots record the Pulse Time of the Module carrier.



(Plot A: Channel = 2402 @ GFSK)



(Plot B: Channel = 2441 @ GFSK)



(Plot C: Channel = 2480 @ GFSK)

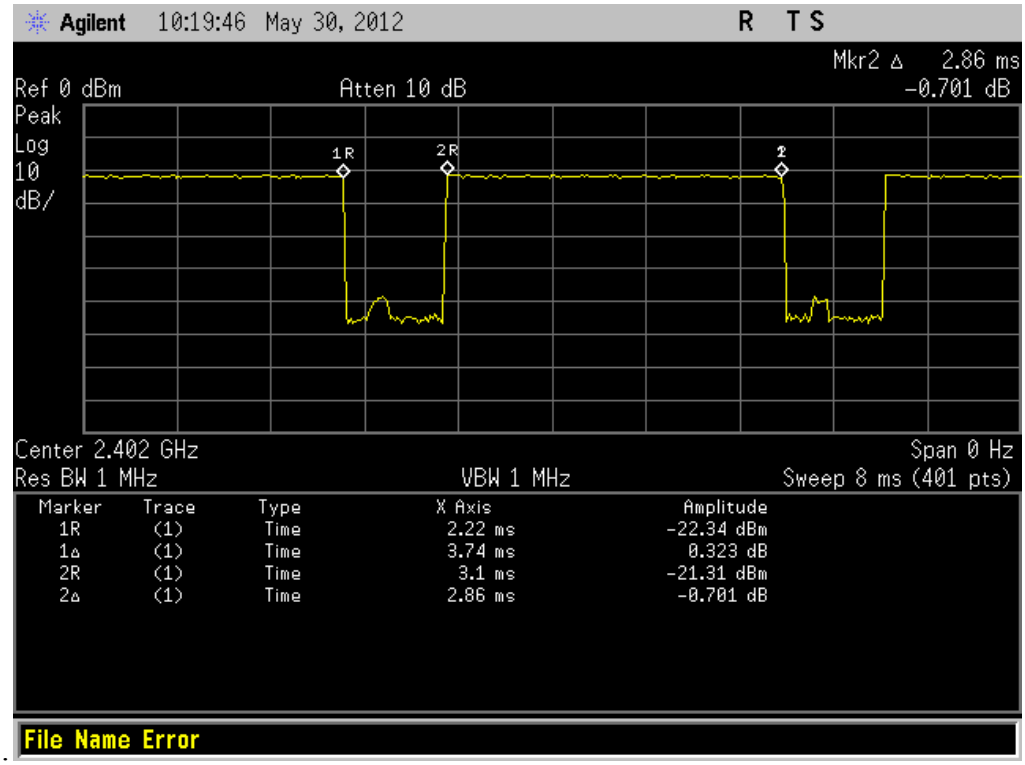
2.5.3.2. π/4-DQPSK Mode

A. Test Verdict:

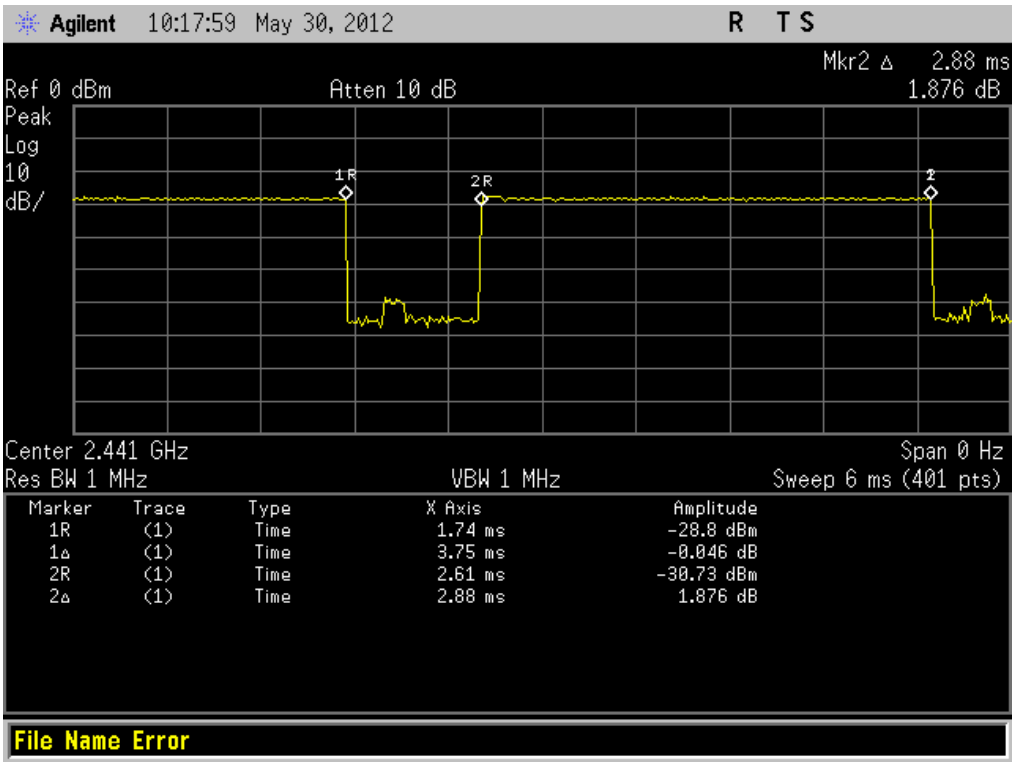
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Pulse Time		Total of Dwell (ms)	Limit (ms)	Verdict
		ms	Refer to Plot			
0	2402	2.860	Plot D	305.067	400	PASS
39	2441	2.880	Plot E	307.200		PASS
78	2480	2.865	Plot F	305.600		PASS

B. Test Plots:

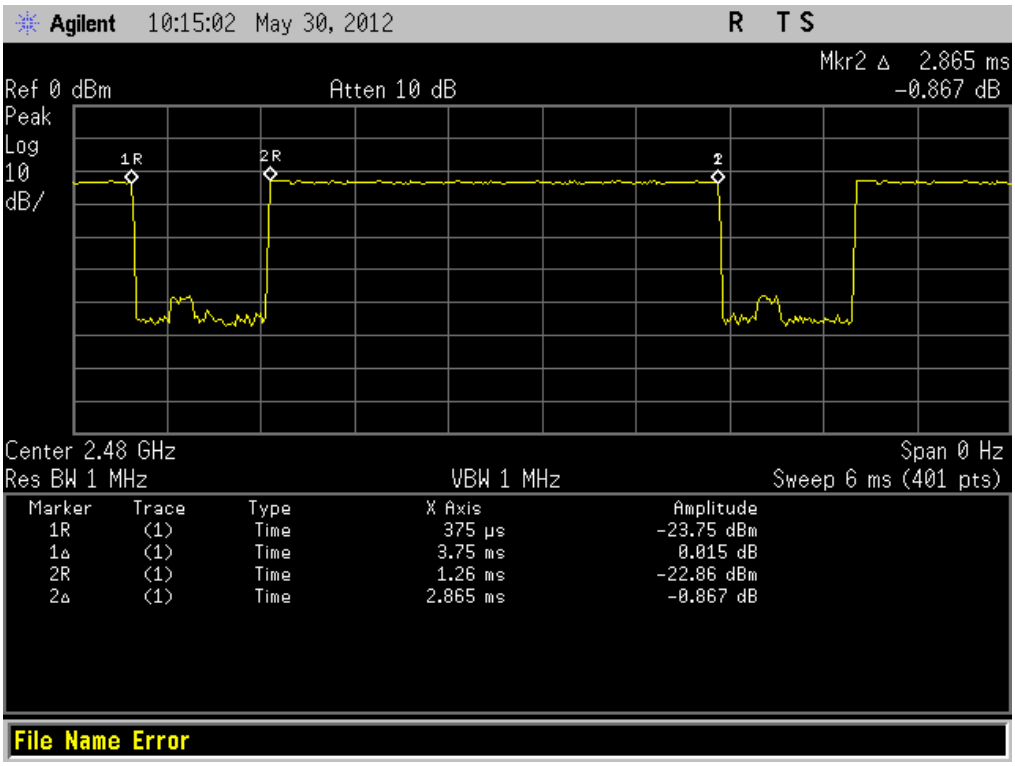
Note: the following plots record the Pulse Time of the Module carrier.



(Plot D: Channel = 2402 @ ∏/4-DQPSK)



(Plot E: Channel = 2441 @ ∏/4-DQPSK)



(Plot F: Channel = 2480 @ ∏/4-DQPSK)

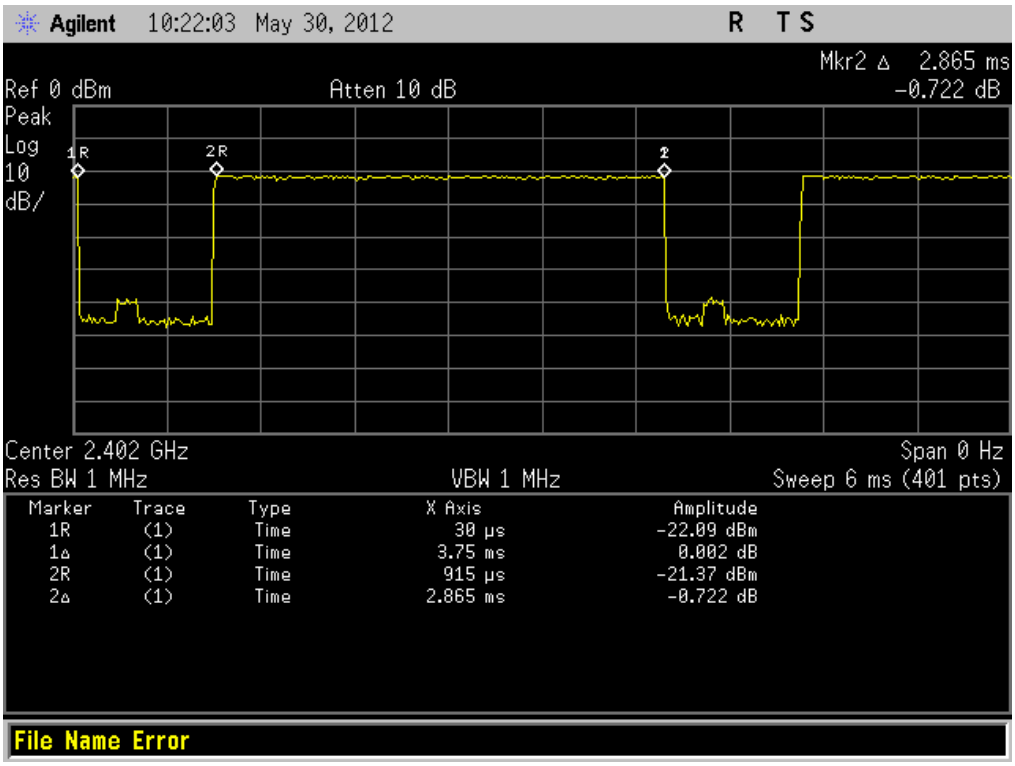
2.5.3.3. 8-DPSK mode

A. Test Verdict:

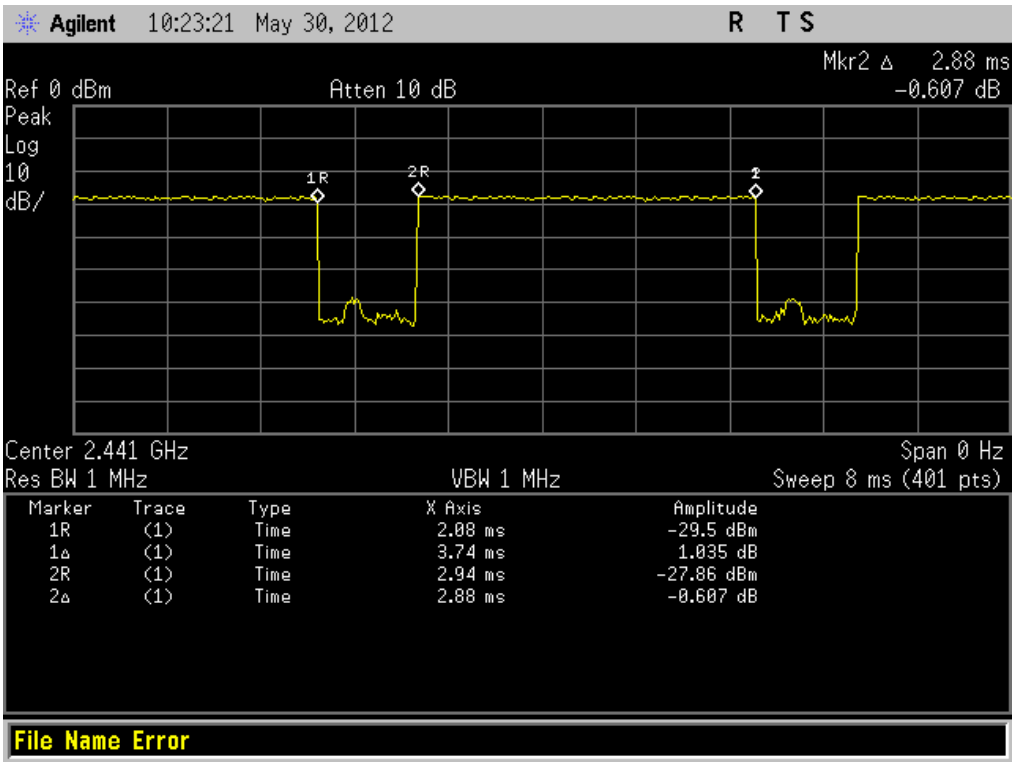
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Pulse Time		Total of Dwell (ms)	Limit (ms)	Verdict
		ms	Refer to Plot			
0	2402	2.865	Plot G	305.600	400	PASS
39	2441	2.880	Plot H	307.200		PASS
78	2480	2.865	Plot I	305.600		PASS

B. Test Plots:

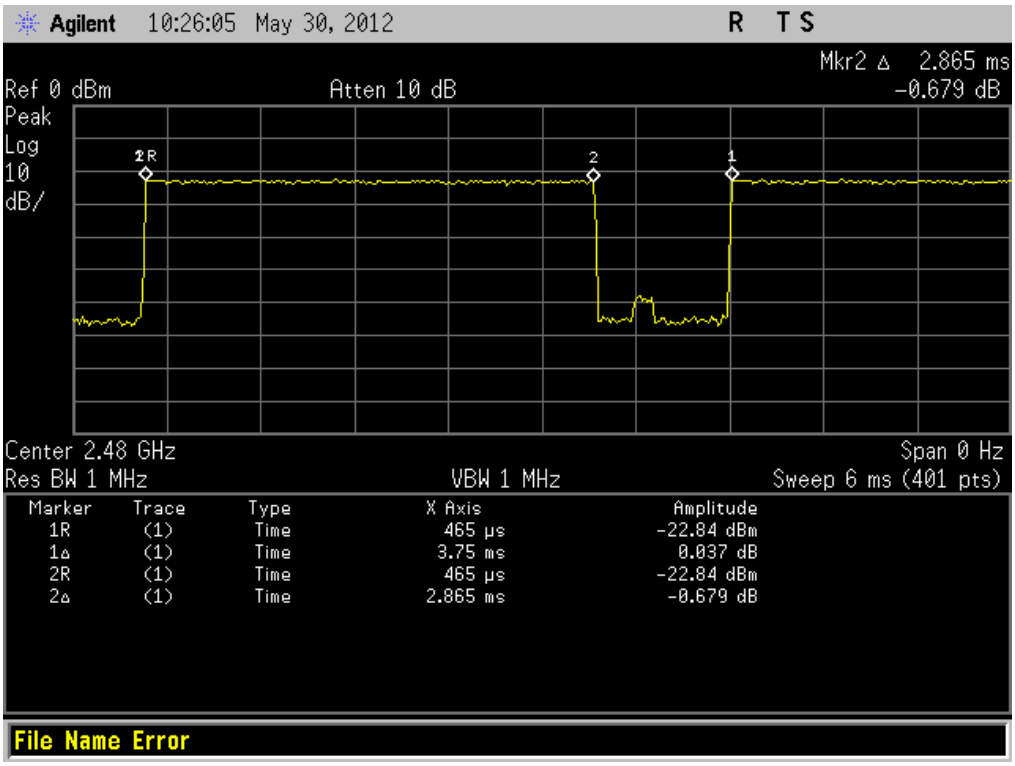
Note: the following plots record the Pulse Time of the Module carrier.



(Plot G: Channel = 2402 @ 8-DPSK)



(Plot H: Channel = 2441 @ 8-DPSK)



(Plot I: Channel = 2480 @ 8-DPSK)

2.6. Conducted Spurious Emissions

2.6.1. Requirement

According to FCC §15.247(c), in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

2.6.2. Test Description

See section 2.1.2 of this report.

2.6.3. Test Result

The Bluetooth Module operates at hopping-off test mode. The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The lowest, middle and highest channels are tested to verify the spurious emissions.

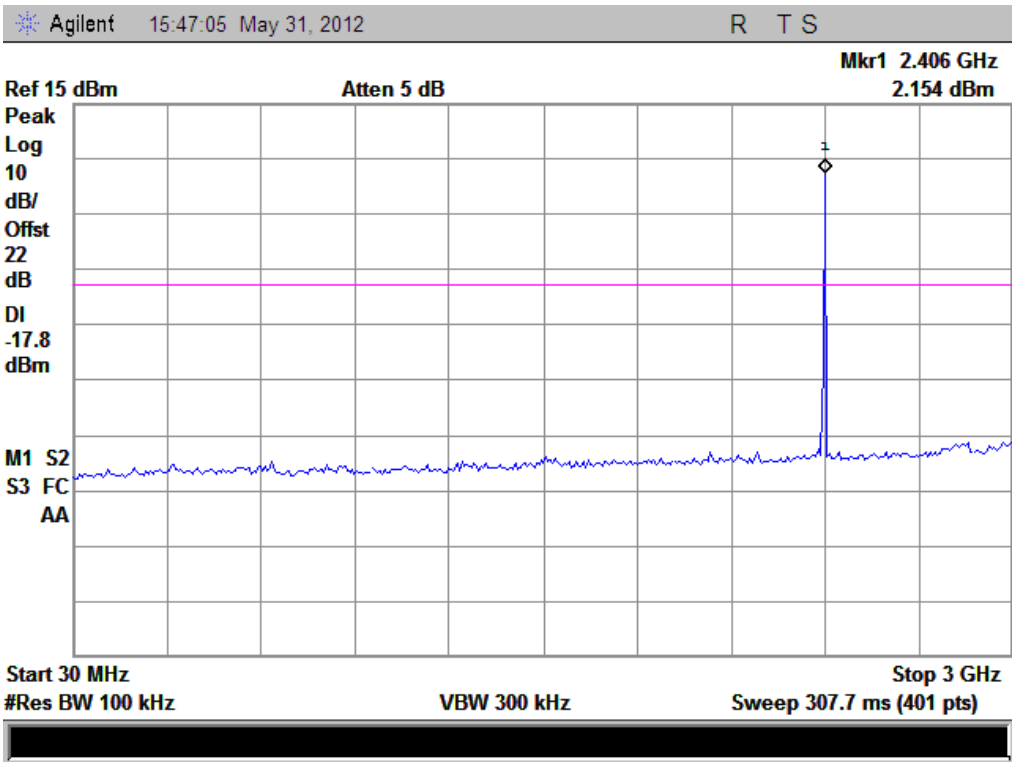
2.6.3.1. GFSK Mode

A. Test Verdict:

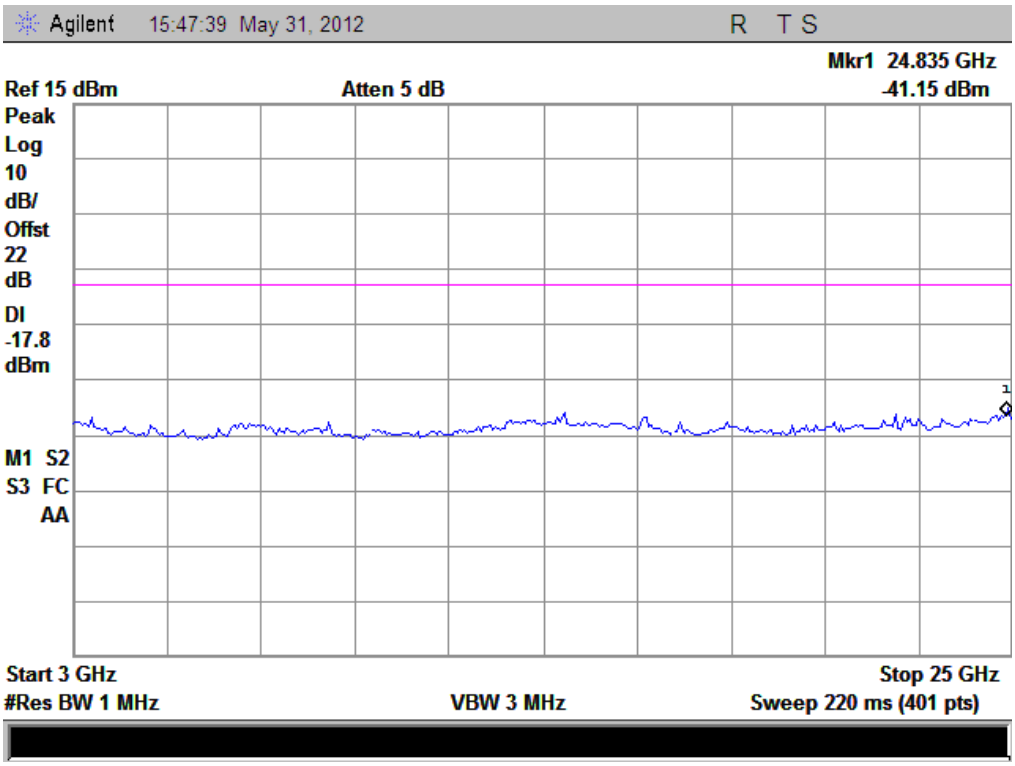
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Refer to Plot	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
				Carrier Level	Calculated -20dBc Limit	
0	2402	< -25	Plot A.1/A.2	2.154	-17.8	PASS
39	2441	< -25	Plot B.1/B.2	-3.206	-23.2	PASS
78	2480	< -25	Plot C.1/C.2	-0.809	-20.8	PASS

B. Test Plots:

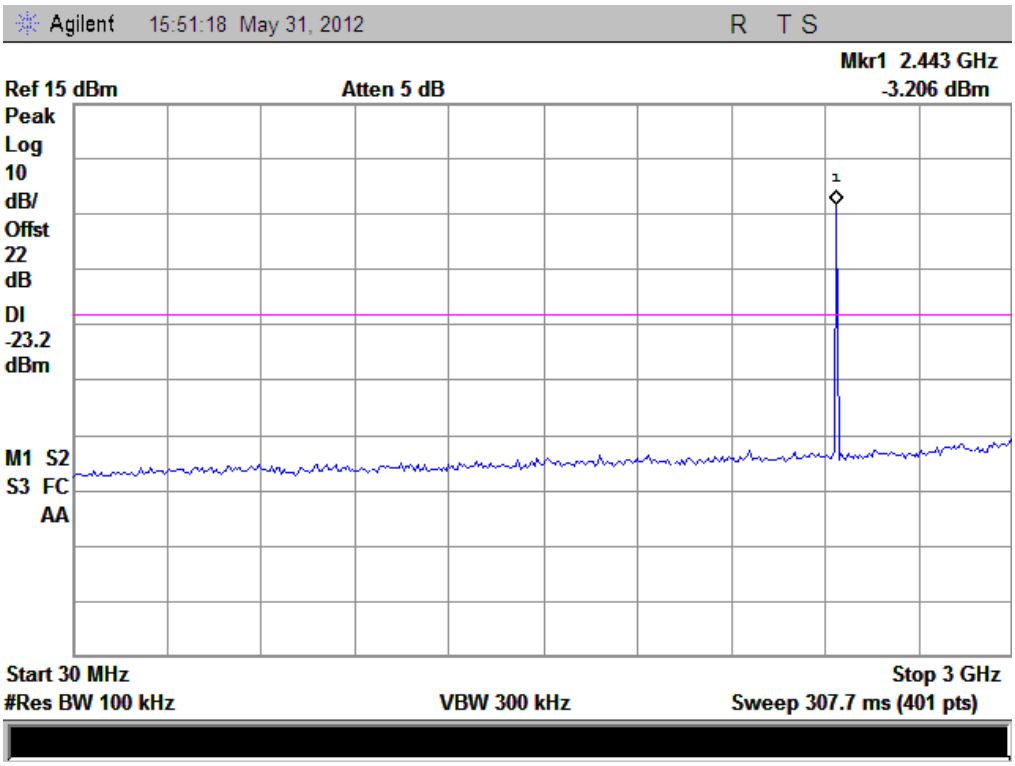
Note: the power of the Module transmitting frequency should be ignored.



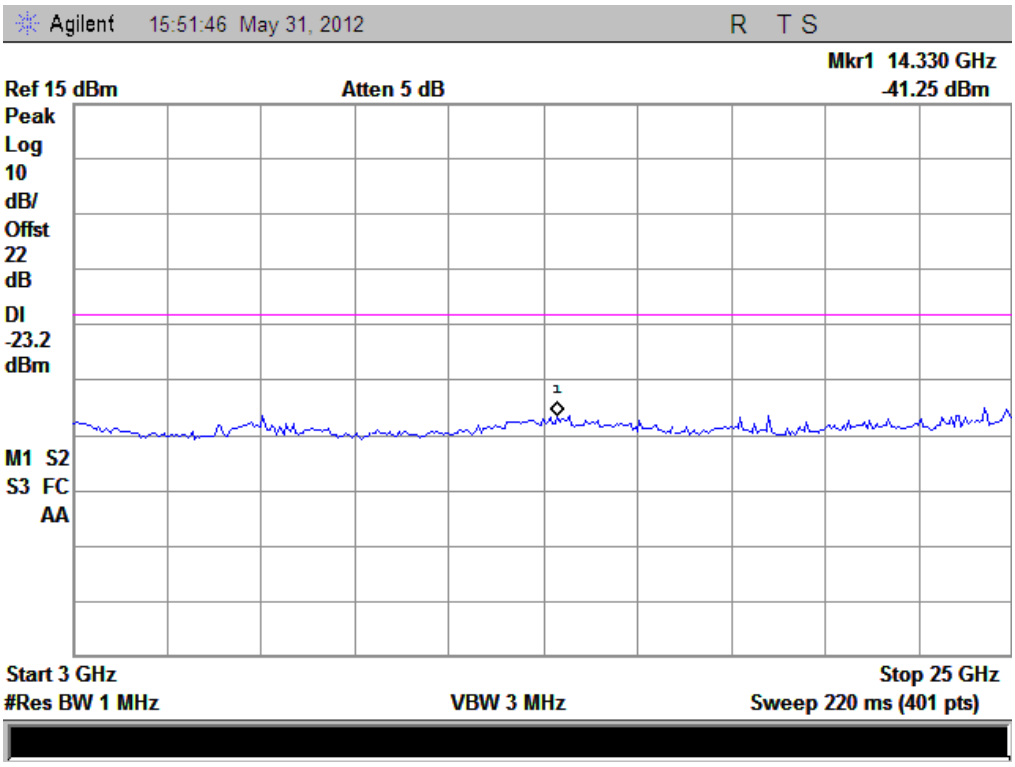
(Plot A.1: Channel = 0, 30MHz to 3GHz @ GFSK Mode)



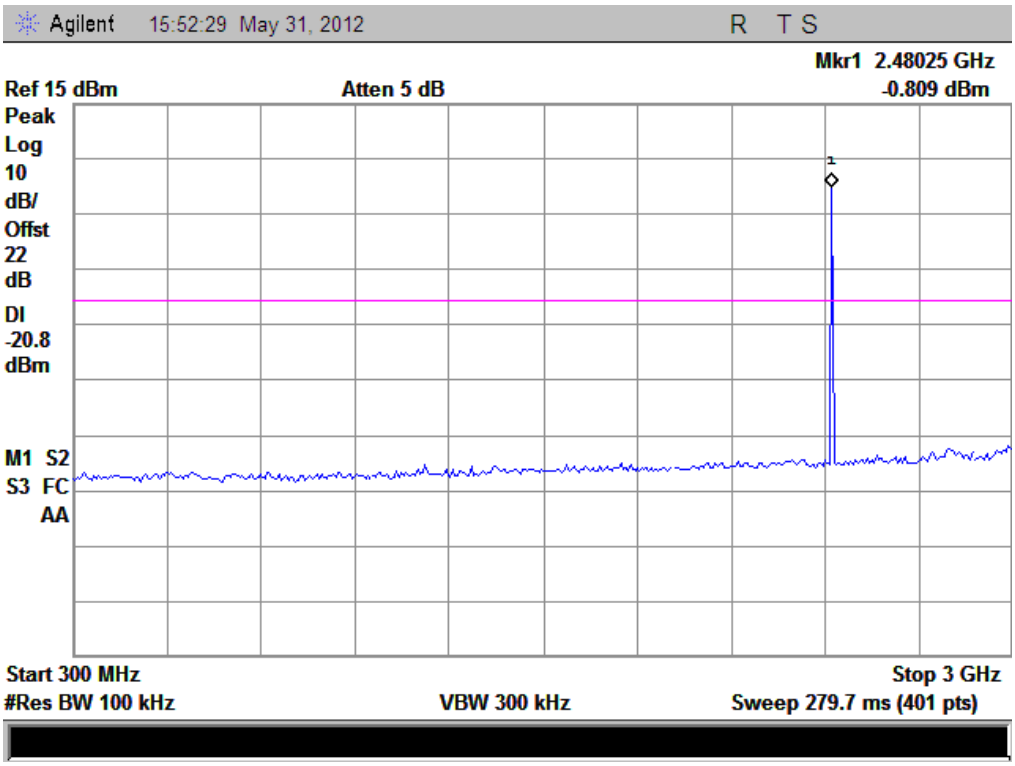
(Plot A.2: Channel = 0, 3GHz to 25GHz @ GFSK Mode)



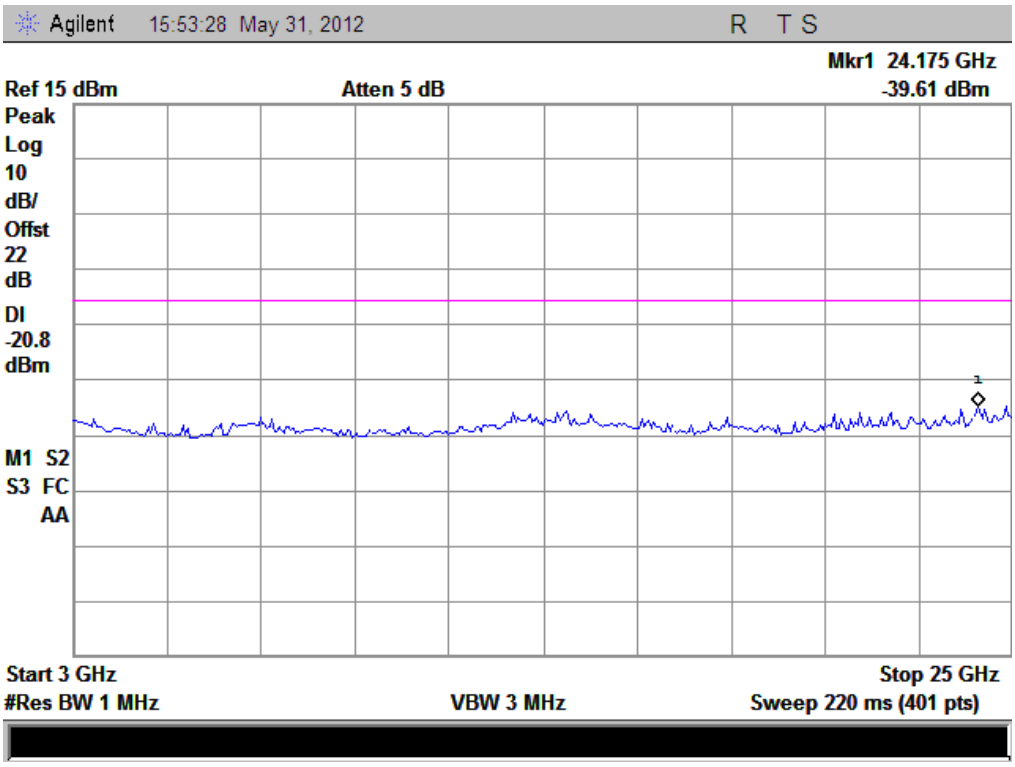
(Plot B.1: Channel = 39, 30MHz to 3GHz @ GFSK Mode)



(Plot B.2: Channel = 39, 3GHz to 25GHz @ GFSK Mode)



(Plot C.1: Channel = 78, 30MHz to 3GHz @ GFSK Mode)



(Plot C.2: Channel = 78, 3GHz to 25GHz @ GFSK Mode)

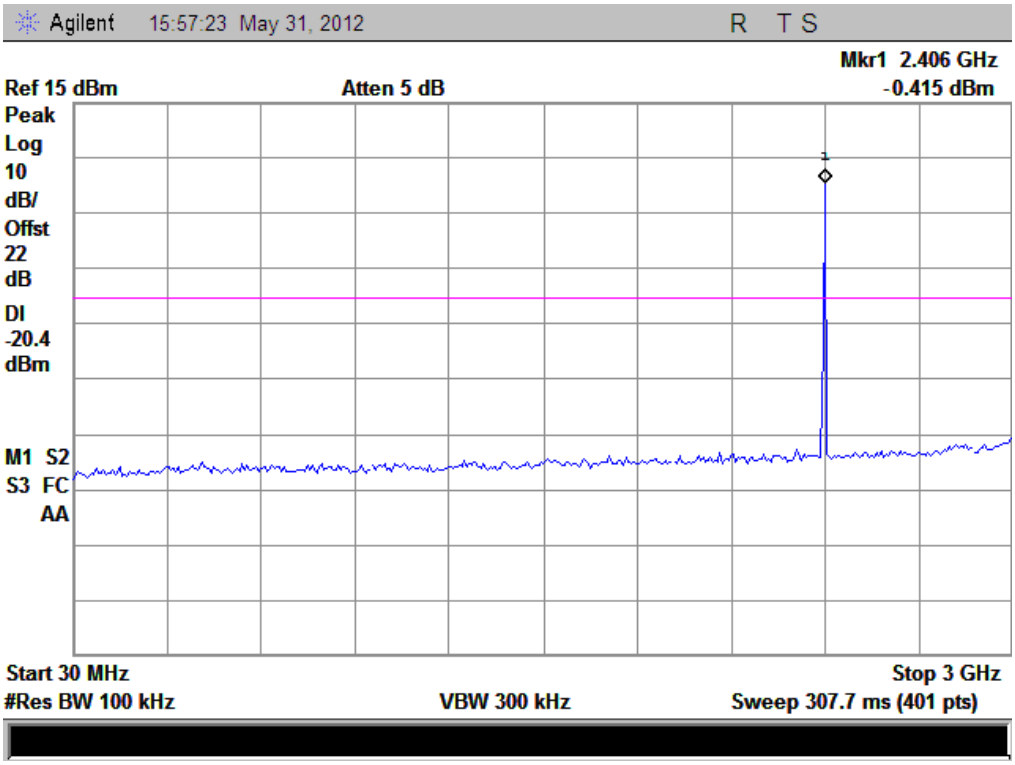
2.6.3.2. π/4-DQPSK Mode

A. Test Verdict:

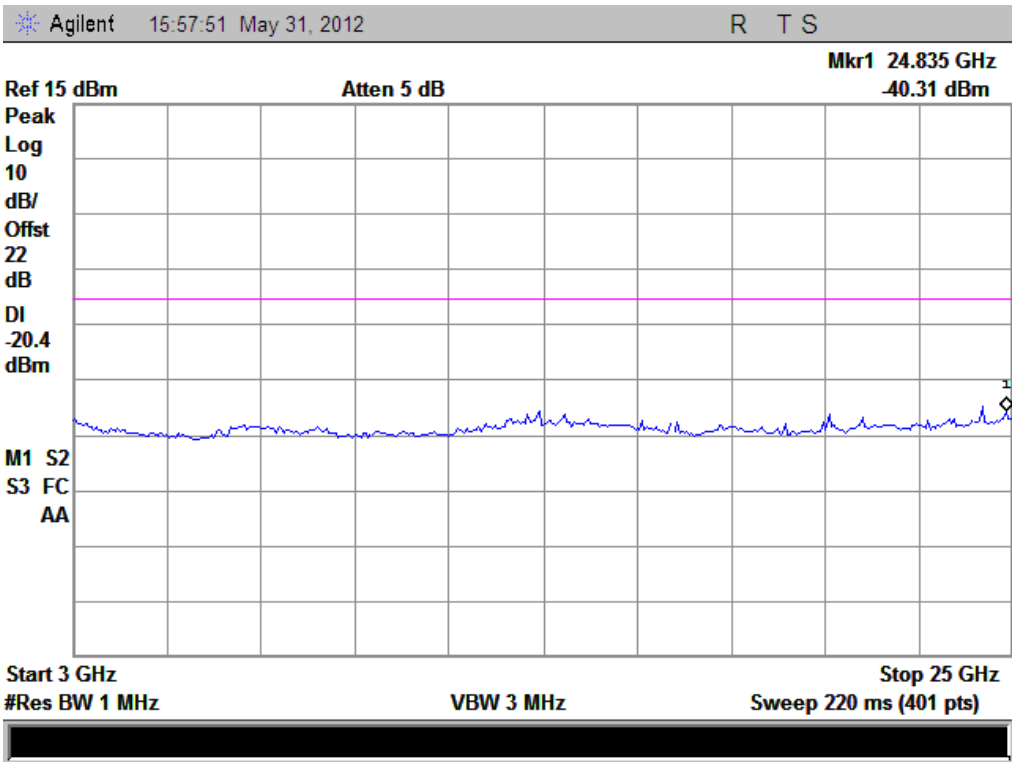
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Refer to Plot	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
				Carrier Level	Calculated -20dBc Limit	
0	2402	< -25	Plot D.1/D.2	-0.415	-20.4	PASS
39	2441	< -25	Plot E.1/E.2	-4.931	-24.9	PASS
78	2480	< -25	Plot F.1/F.2	-2.033	-22.0	PASS

B. Test Plots:

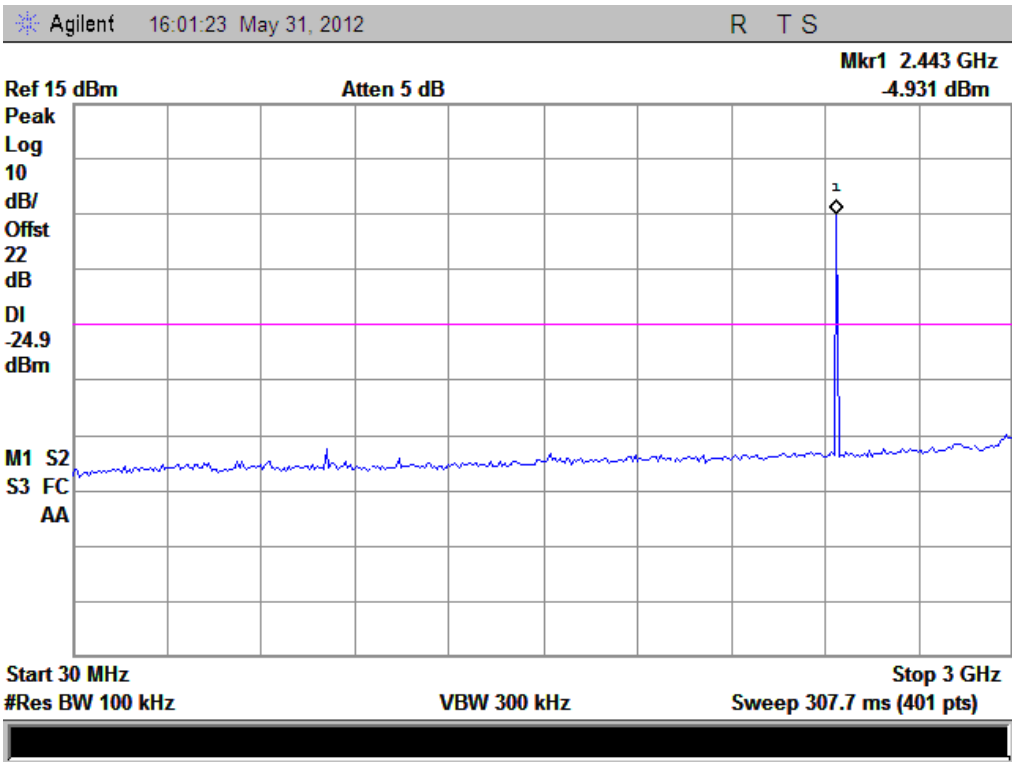
Note: the power of the Module transmitting frequency should be ignored.



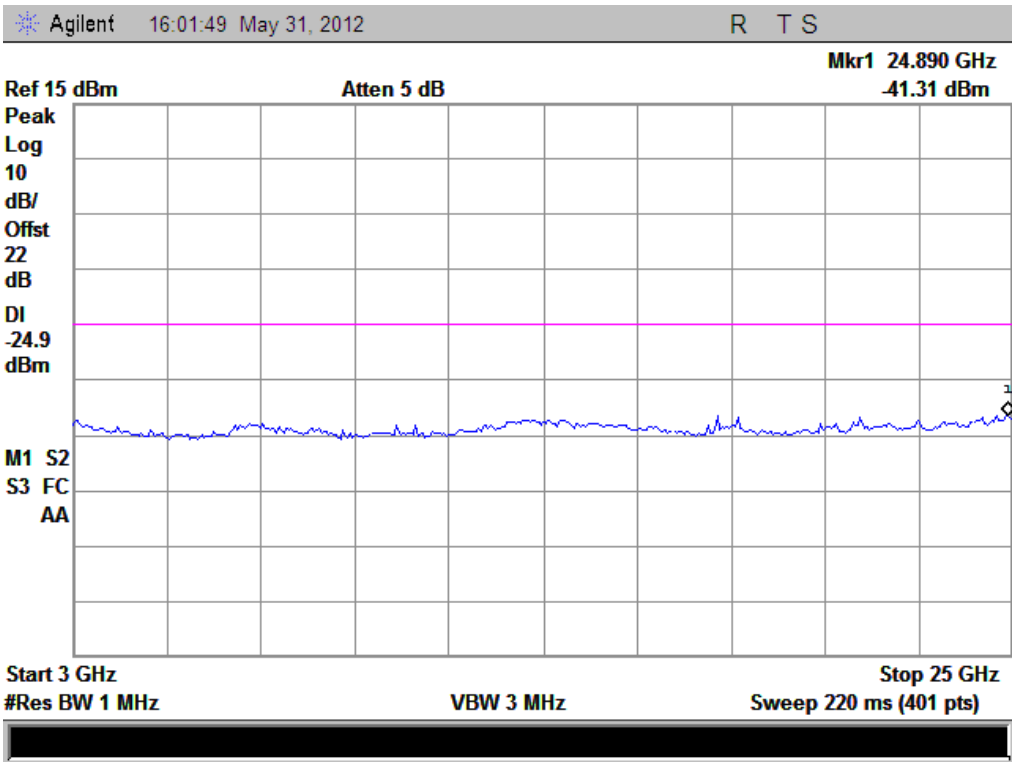
(Plot D.1: Channel = 0, 30MHz to 3GHz @ π/4-DQPSK)



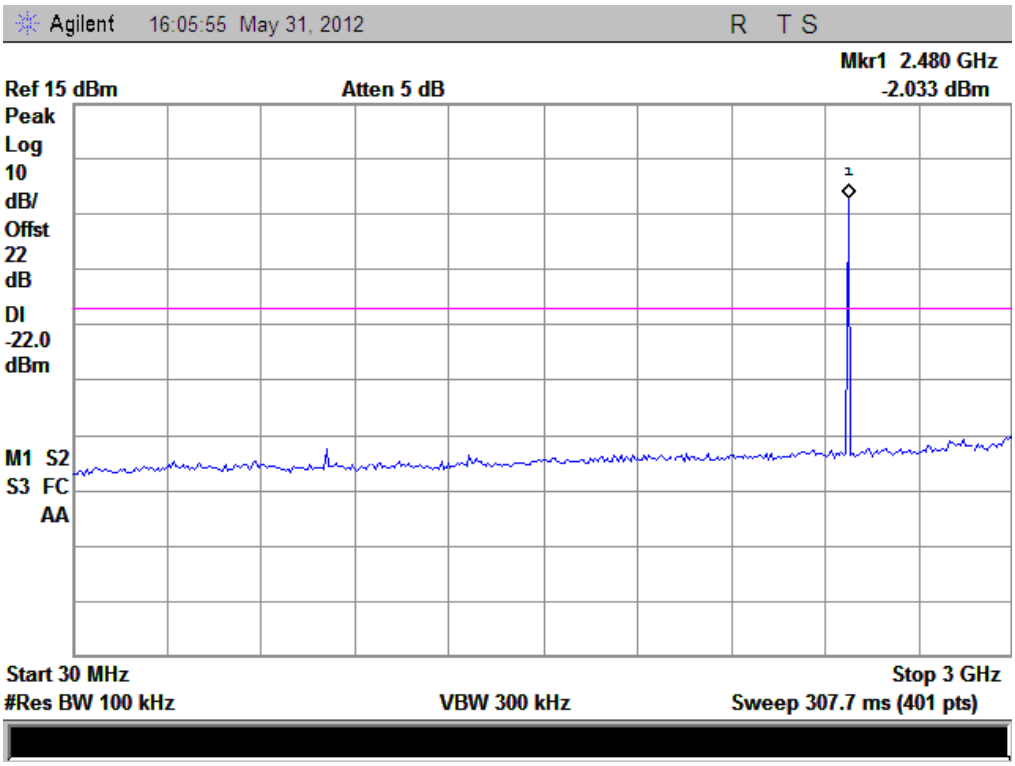
(Plot D.2: Channel = 0, 3GHz to 25GHz @ ∏/4-DQPSK)



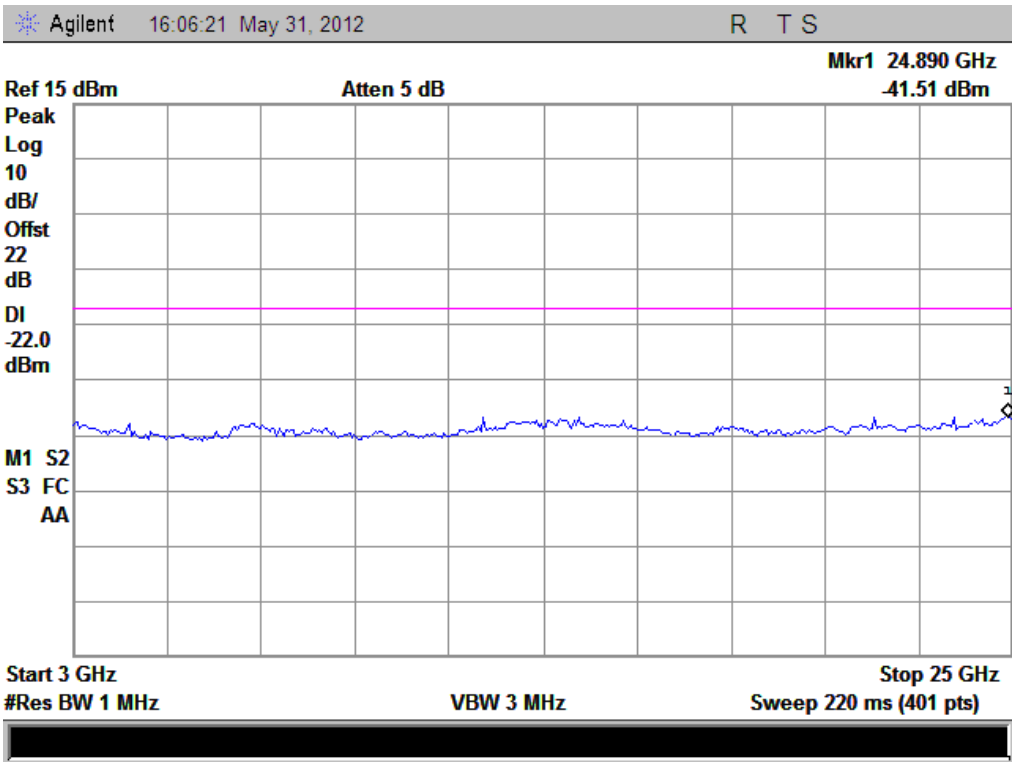
(Plot E.1: Channel = 39, 30MHz to 3GHz @ ∏/4-DQPSK)



(Plot E.2: Channel = 39, 3GHz to 25GHz @ ∏/4-DQPSK)



(Plot F.1: Channel = 78, 30MHz to 3GHz @ ∏/3-DQPSK)



(Plot F.2: Channel = 78, 3GHz to 25GHz @ ∏/4-DQPSK)

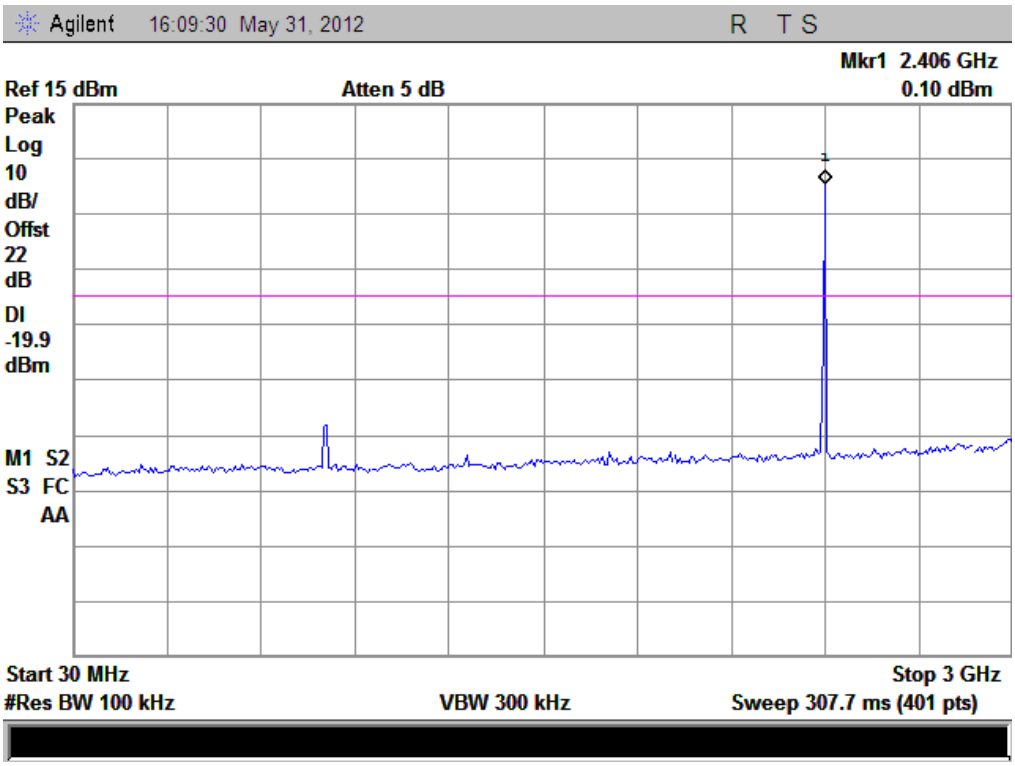
2.6.3.3. 8-DPSK Mode

A. Test Verdict:

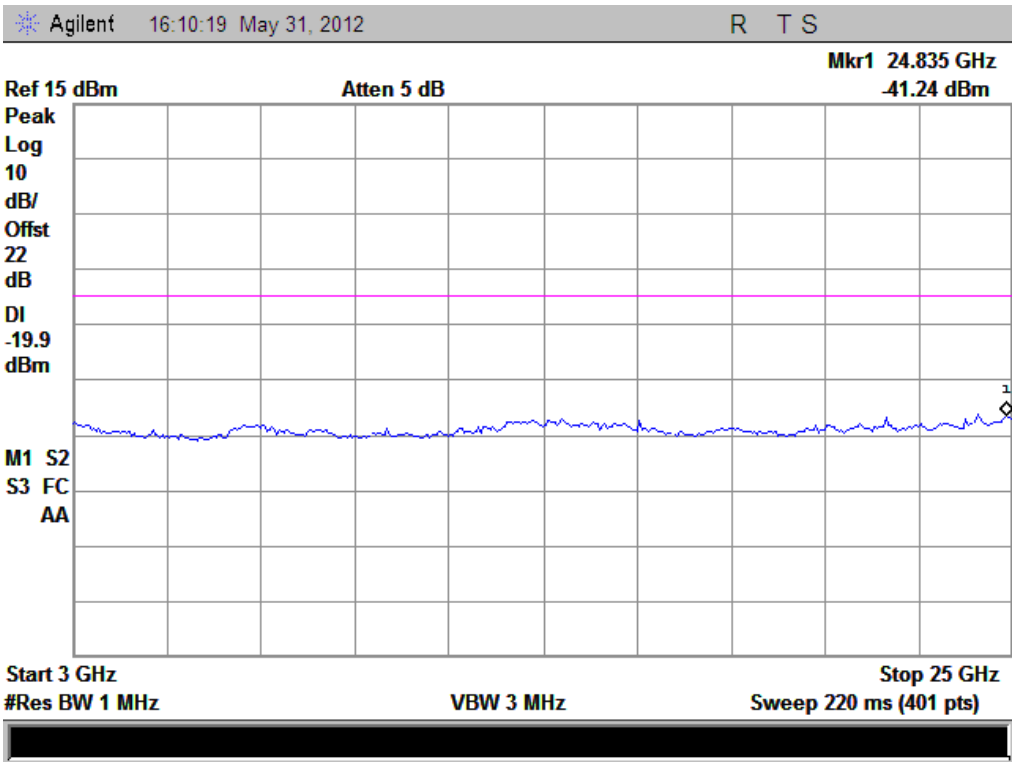
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Refer to Plot	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
				Carrier Level	Calculated -20dBc Limit	
0	2402	< -25	Plot G.1/G.2	0.100	-19.9	PASS
39	2441	< -25	Plot H.1/H.2	-4.891	-24.9	PASS
78	2480	< -25	Plot I.1/I.2	-2.930	-22.9	PASS

B. Test Plots:

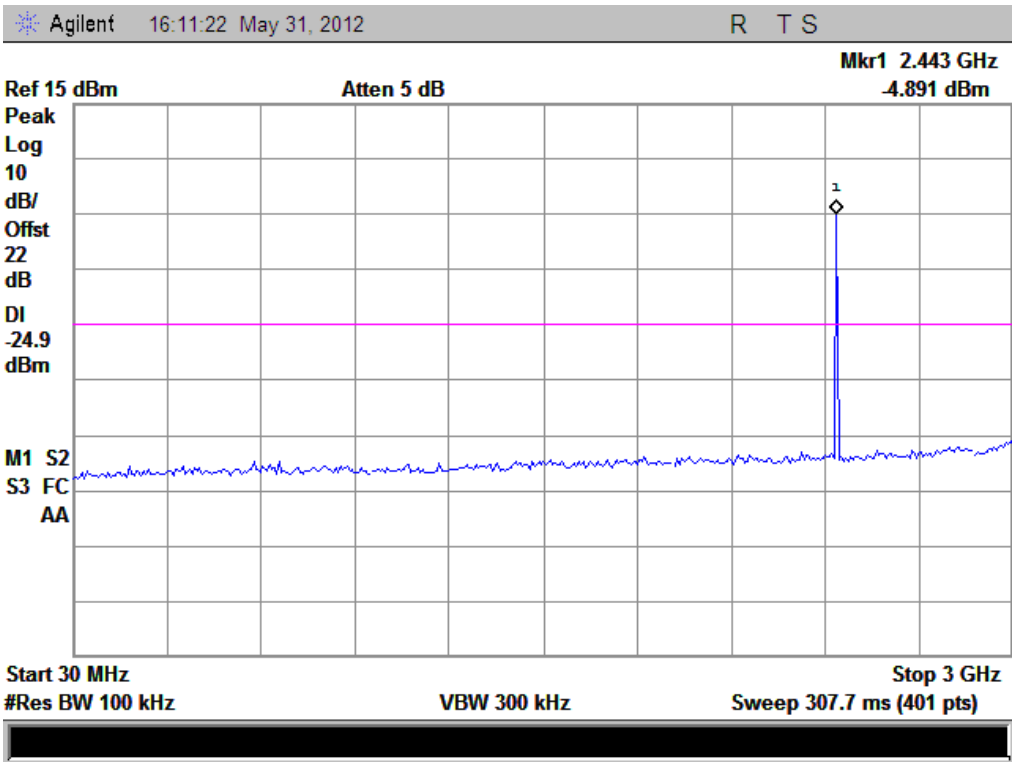
Note: the power of the Module transmitting frequency should be ignored.



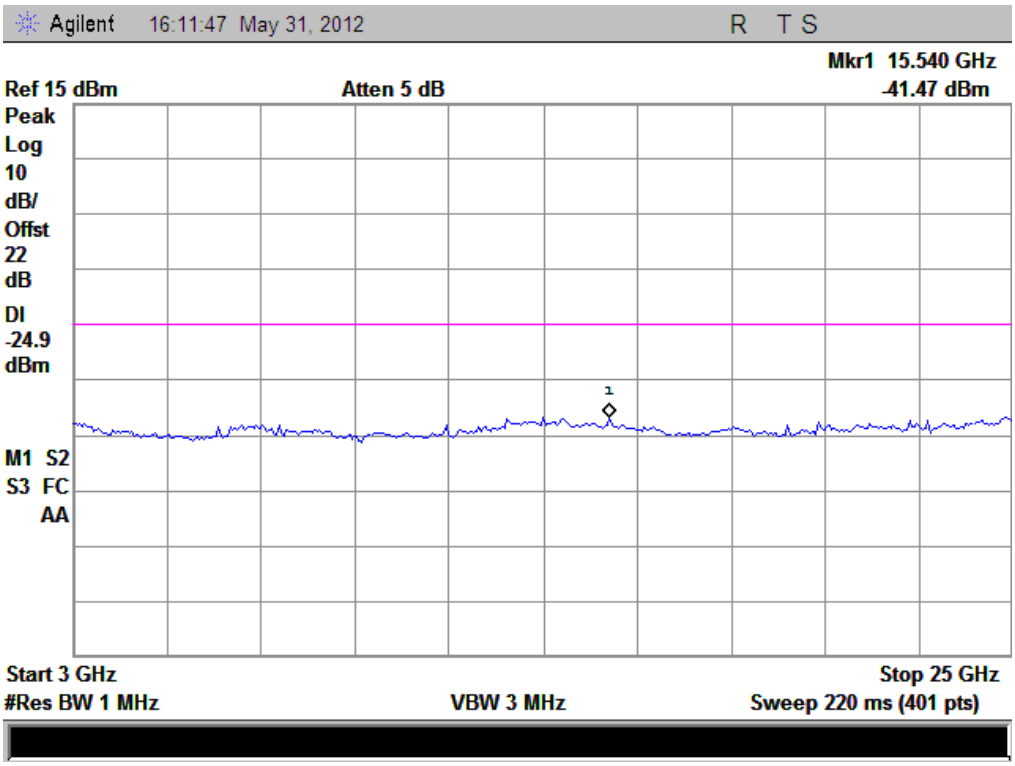
(Plot G.1: Channel = 0, 30MHz to 3GHz @ 8-DPSK)



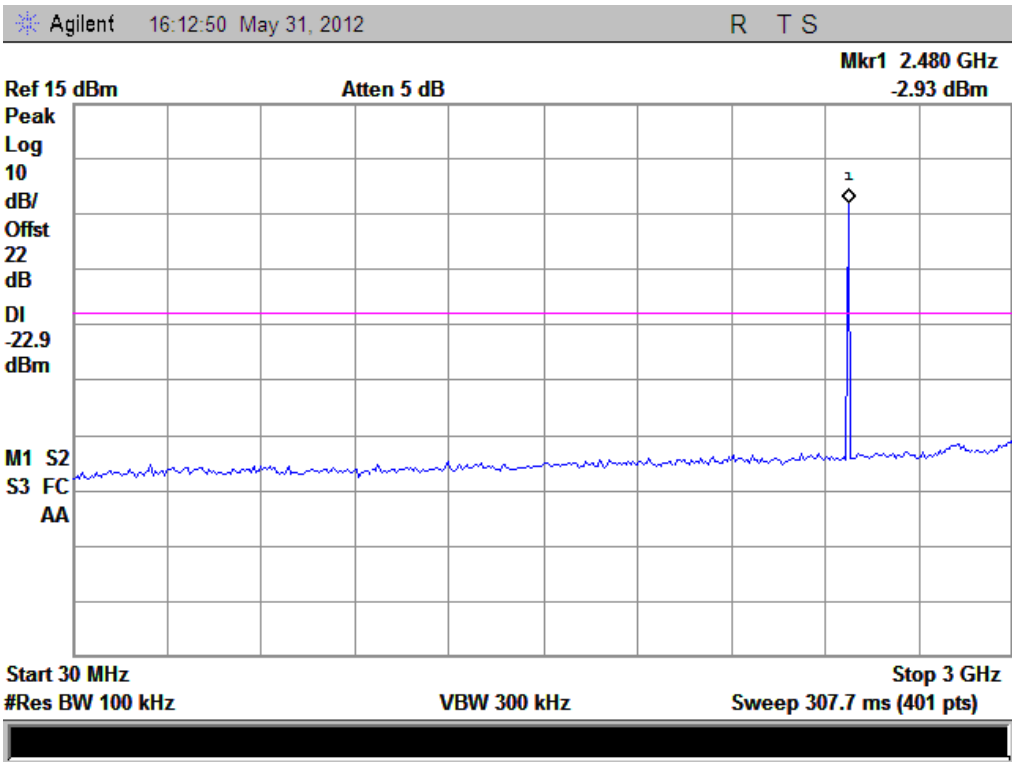
(Plot G.2: Channel = 0, 3GHz to 25GHz @ 8-DPSK)



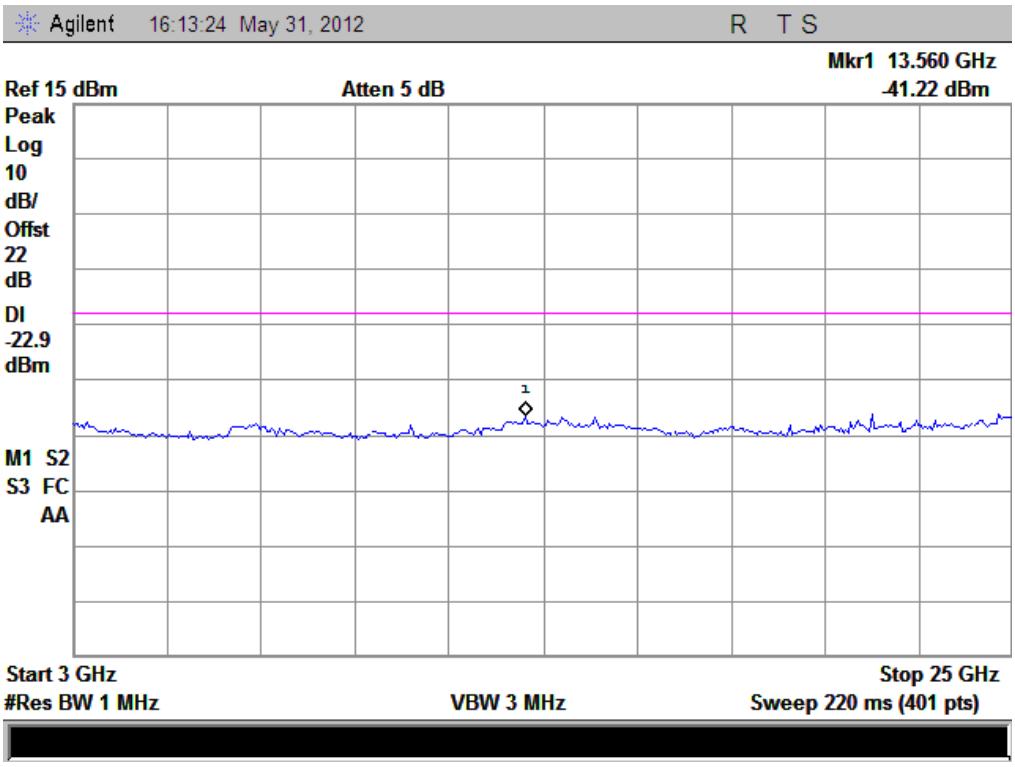
(Plot H.1: Channel = 39, 30MHz to 3GHz @ 8-DPSK)



(Plot H.2: Channel = 39, 3GHz to 25GHz @ 8-DPSK)



(Plot I.1: Channel = 78, 30MHz to 3GHz @ 8-DPSK)



(Plot I.2: Channel = 78, 3GHz to 25GHz @ 8-DPSK)

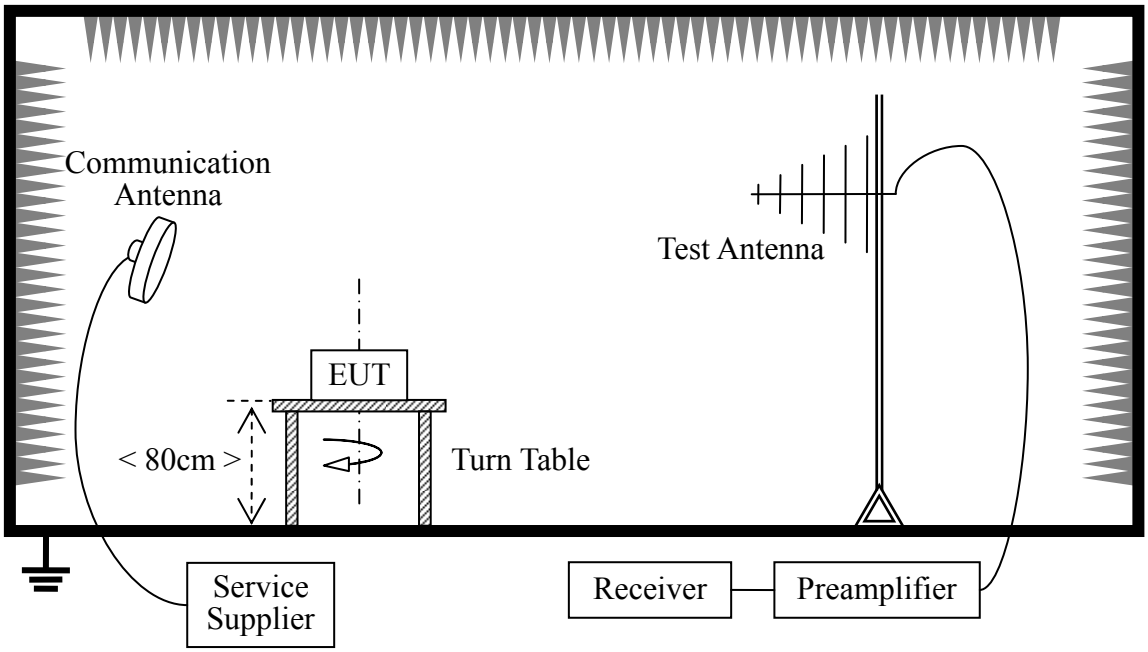
2.7. Band Edge

2.7.1. Requirement

According to FCC section 15.247(c), in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

2.7.2. Test Description

A. Test Setup:



The Bluetooth Module of the EUT is powered by the Battery. The Module is located in a 3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber; the antenna factors, cable loss and so on of the site as factors are calculated to correct the reading. During the measurement, the Bluetooth Module is activated and controlled by the Bluetooth Service Supplier (SS) via a Common Antenna, and is set to operate under hopping-on test mode transmitting 339 bytes DH5 packages at maximum power.

For the Test Antenna:

Horn Test Antenna is 3m away from the EUT. Test Antenna height is varied from 1m to 4m above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength.

B. Equipments List:

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
System Simulator	R&S	CMU200	100448	2012.05	1year
Receiver	Agilent	E7405A	US44210471	2012.05	1year
Full-Anechoic Chamber	Albatross	9m*6m*6m	(n.a.)	2012.05	2year

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Test Antenna - Horn	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120C	9120C-384	2012.05	1year

2.7.3. Test Result

The Bluetooth Module operates at hopping-off test mode. The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions.

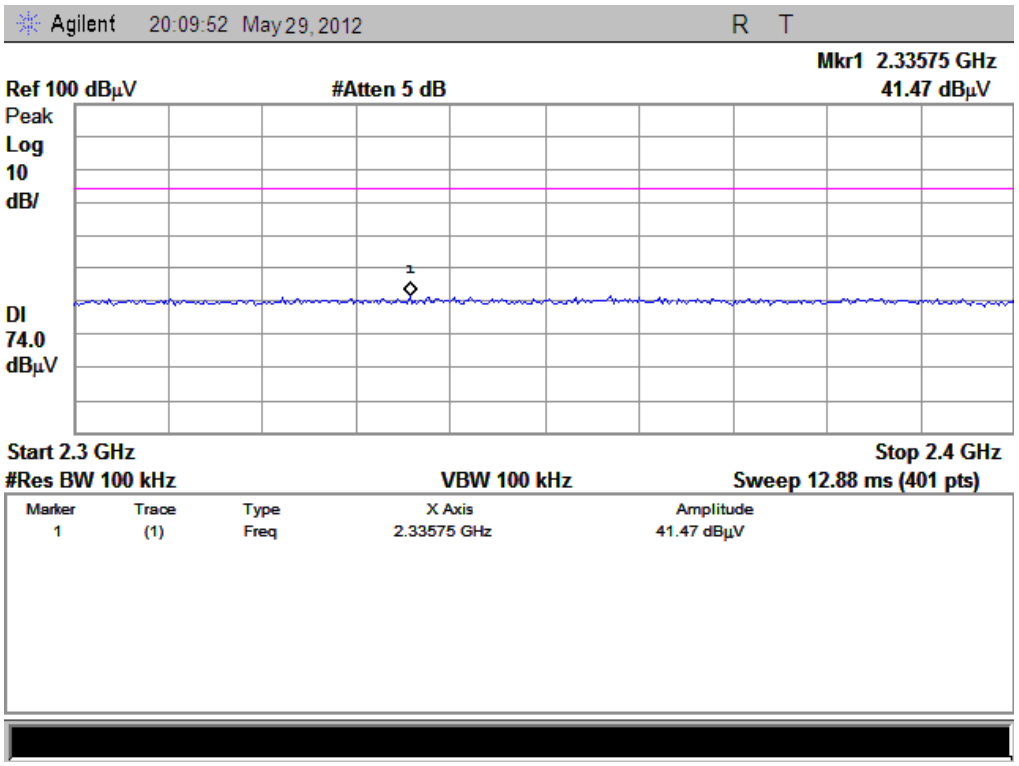
The measurement results are obtained as below:
$E\ [dB\mu V/m] = U_R + A_T + A_{Factor}\ [dB]$; $A_T = L_{Cable\ loss}\ [dB] - G_{preamp}\ [dB]$
A_T: Total correction Factor except Antenna
U_R: Receiver Reading
G_{preamp}: Preamplifier Gain
A_{Factor}: Antenna Factor at 3m

2.7.3.1. GFSK Mode

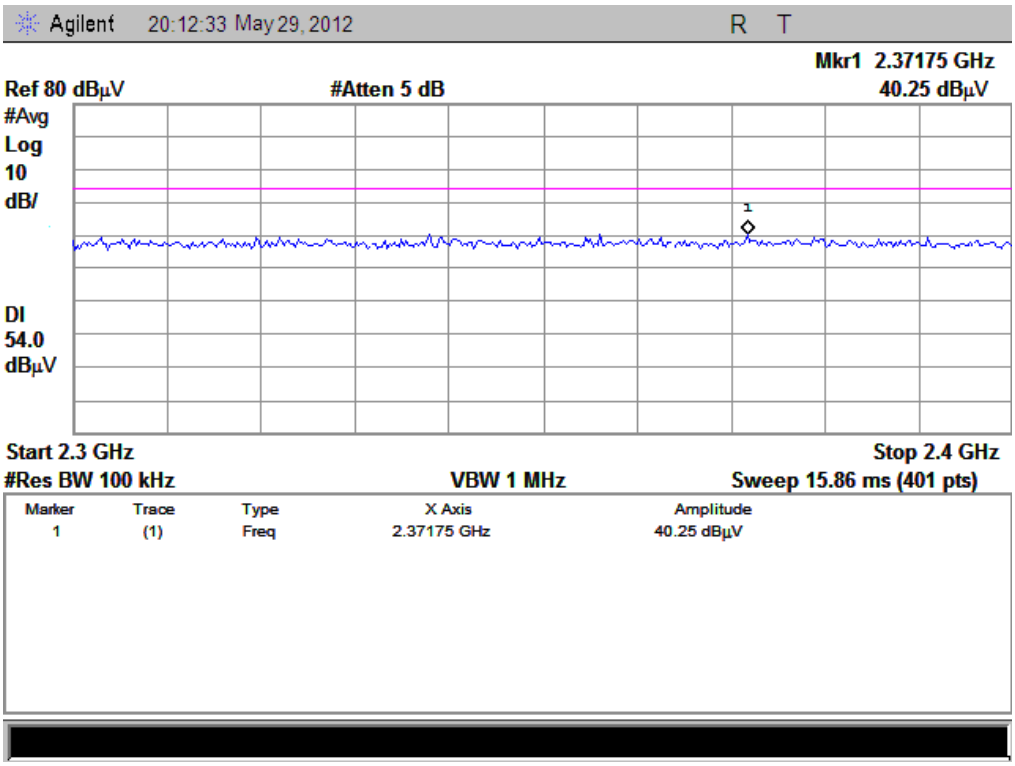
A. Test Verdict:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading U_R (dBuV)		A_T (dB)	A_{Factor} (dB@3m)	Max. Emission E (dBμV/m)		Limit (dBμV/m)		Verdict
		PK	AV			PK	AV	PK	AV	
0	2402	41.47	40.25	-30.93	32.56	43.10	41.88	74	54	PASS
78	2480	41.37	39.91	-29.05	32.5	44.82	43.36	74	54	PASS

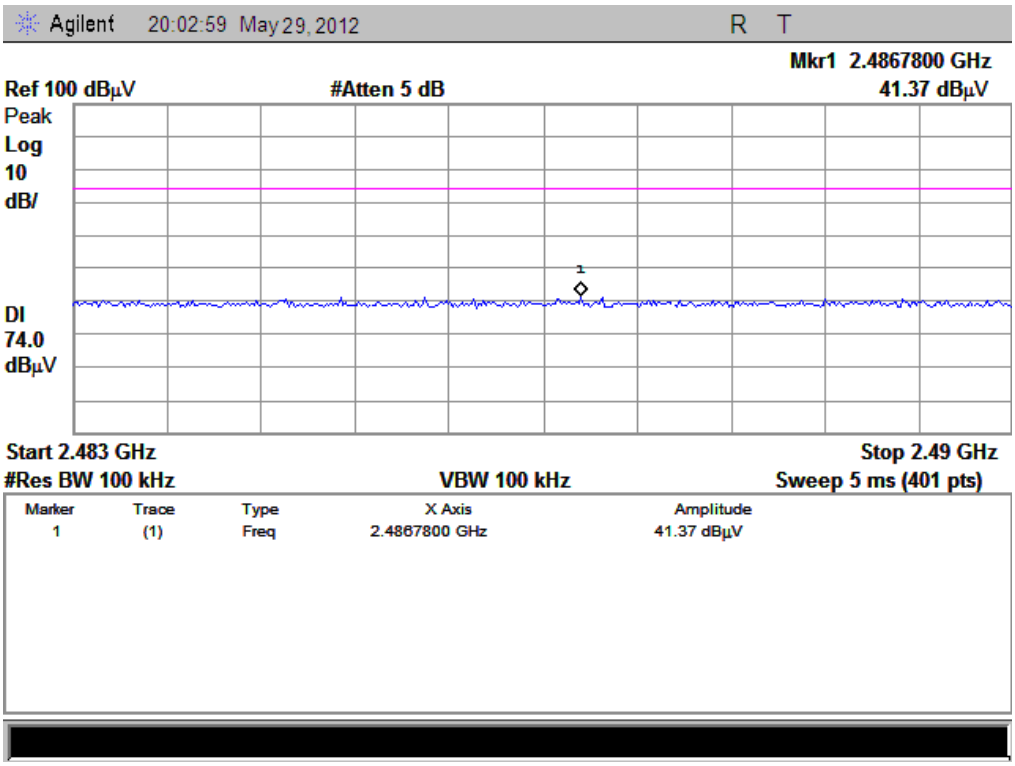
B. Test Plots:



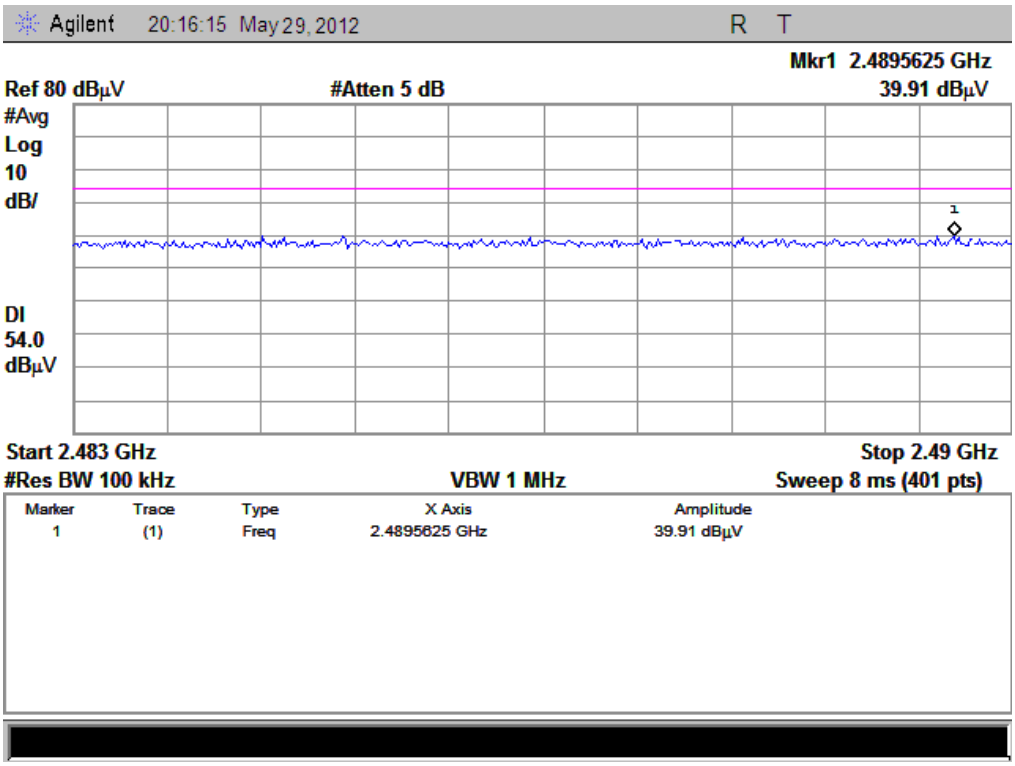
(Plot A1: Channel = 0 PEAK @ GFSK)



(Plot A2: Channel = 0 AVERAGE @ GFSK)



(Plot B1: Channel = 78 PEAK @ GFSK)



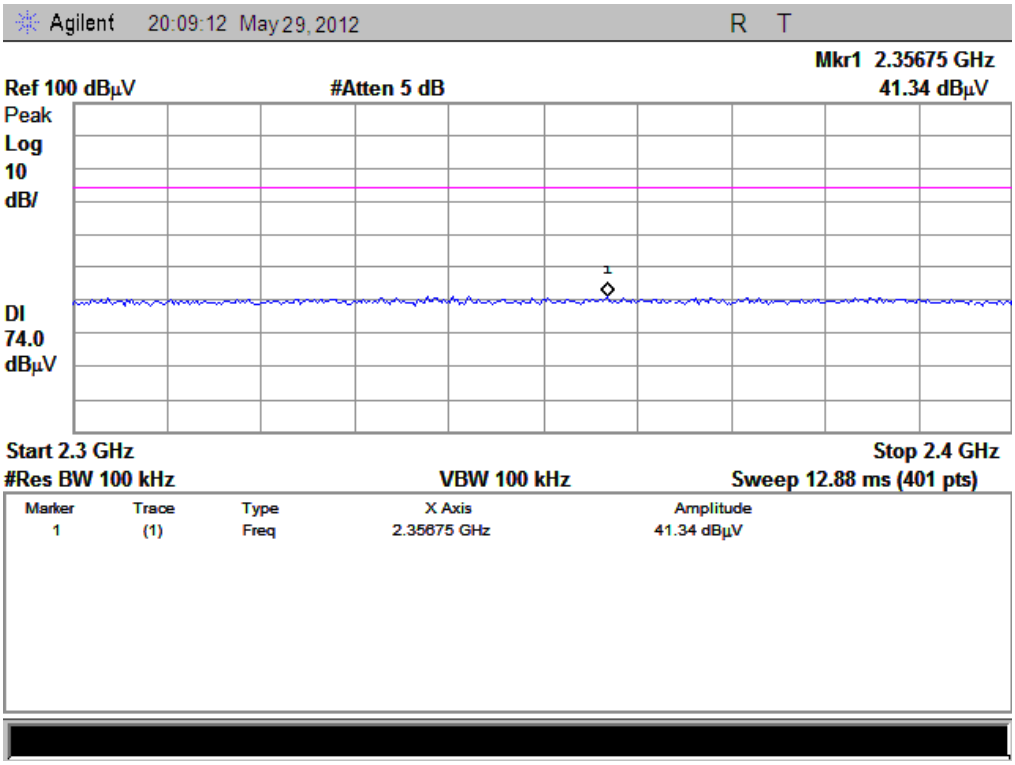
(Plot B2: Channel = 78 AVERAGE @ GFSK)

2.7.3.2. ∏/4-DQPSK Mode

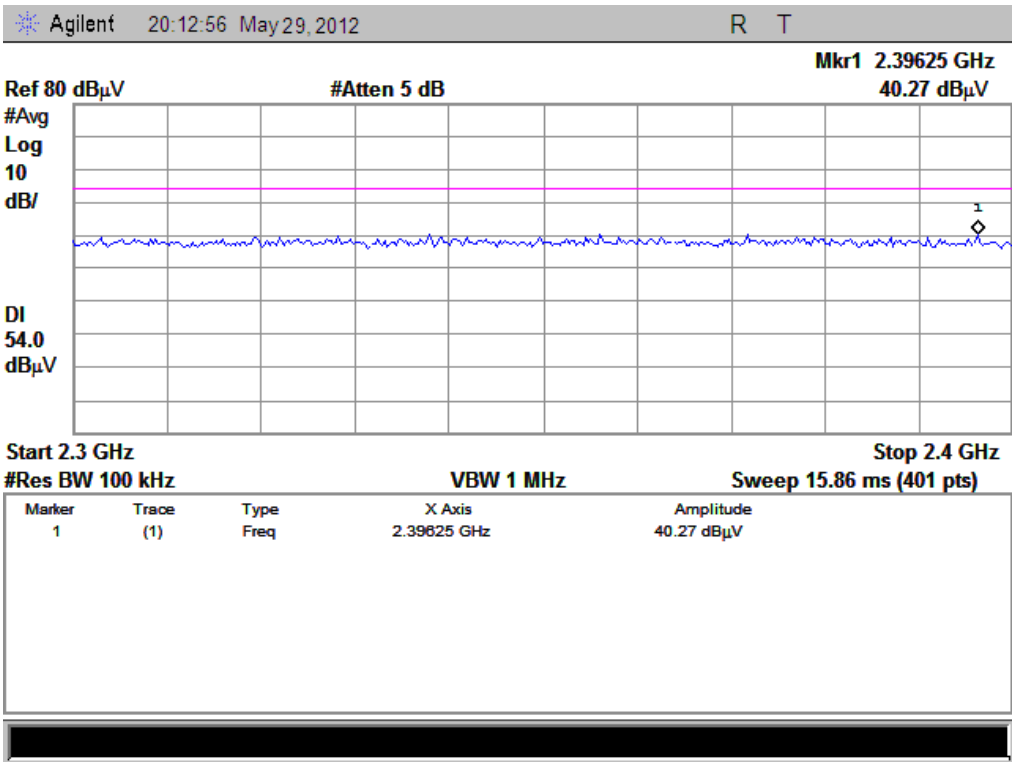
A. Test Verdict:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading U_R (dBuV)		A_T (dB)	A_{Factor} (dB@3m)	Max. Emission E (dBμV/m)		Limit (dBμV/m)		Verdict
		PK	AV			PK	AV	PK	AV	
0	2402	41.34	40.27	-30.93	32.56	42.97	41.90	74	54	PASS
78	2480	41.62	40.14	-29.05	32.5	45.07	43.59	74	54	PASS

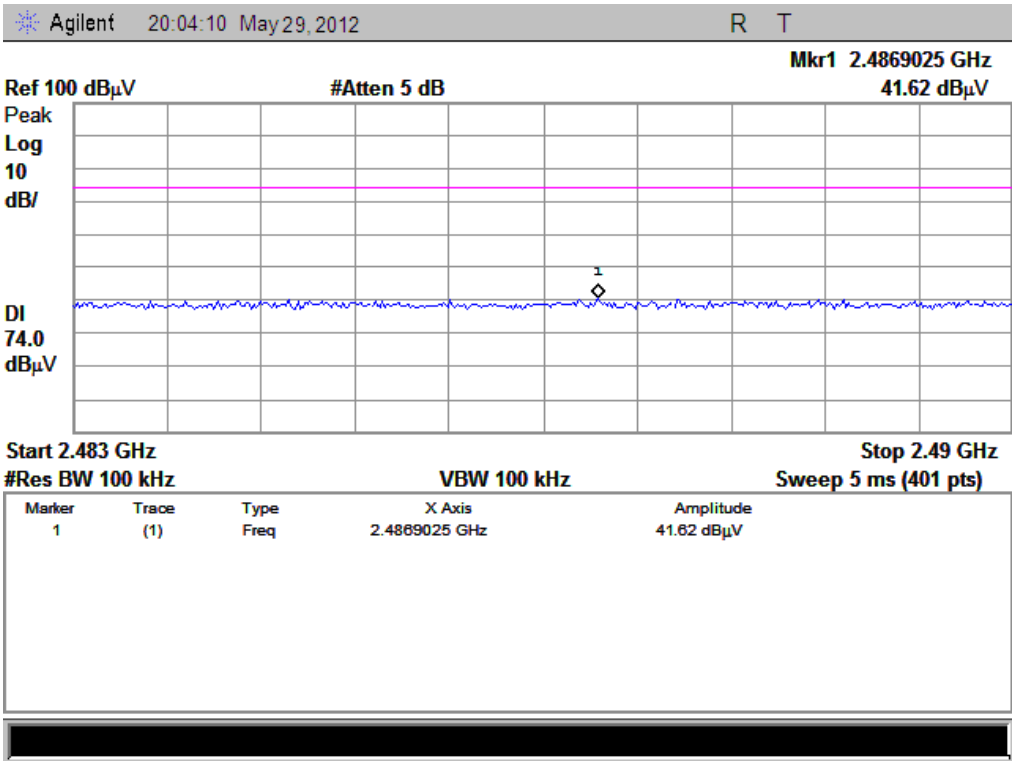
B. Test Plots:



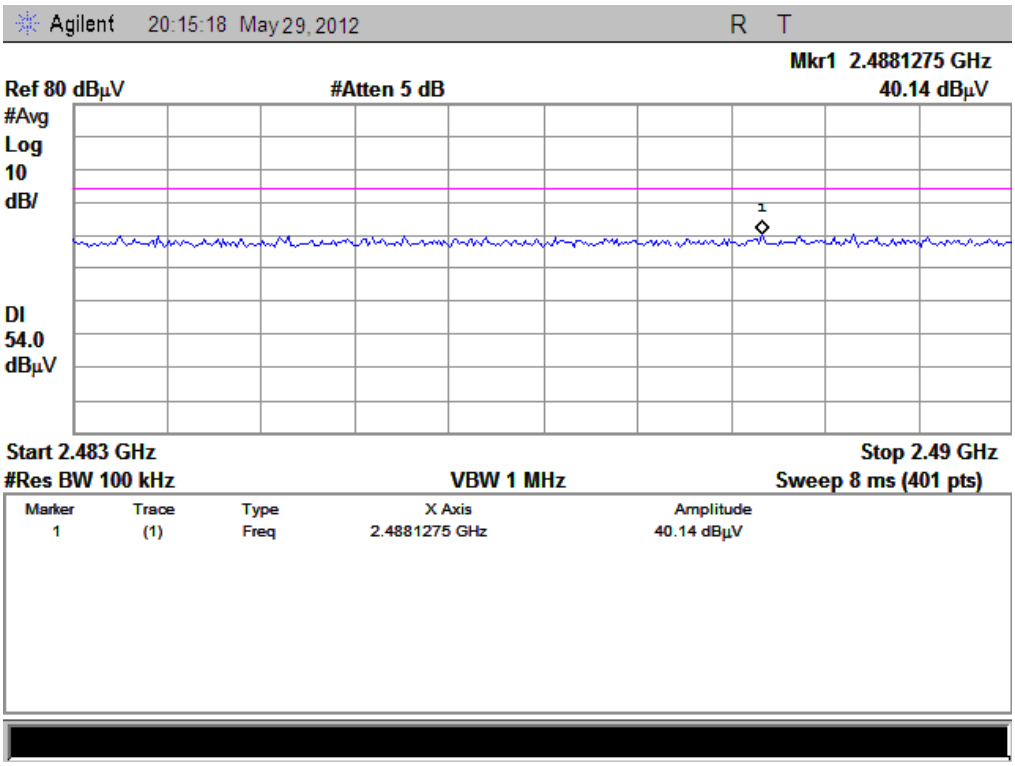
(Plot C1: Channel = 0 PEAK @ ∏/4-DQPSK)



(Plot C2: Channel = 0 AVERAGE @ ∏/4-DQPSK)



(Plot D1: Channel = 78 PEAK @ ∏/4-DQPSK)



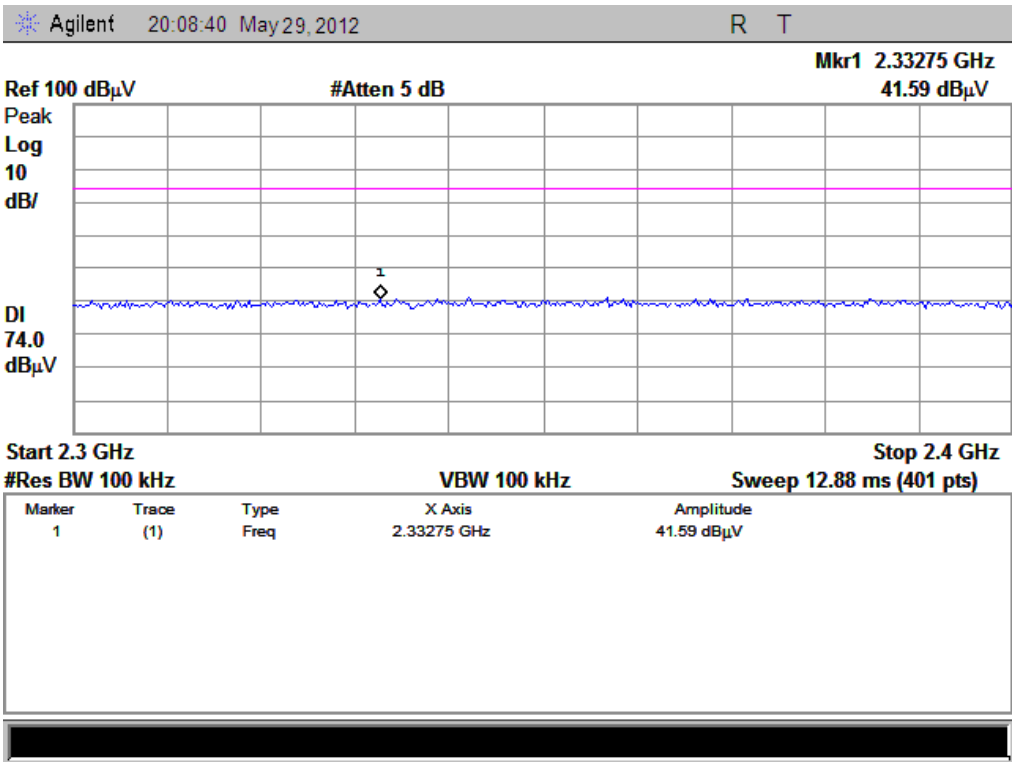
(Plot D2: Channel = 78 AVERAGE @ Π/4-DQPSK)

2.7.3.3. 8-DPSK Mode

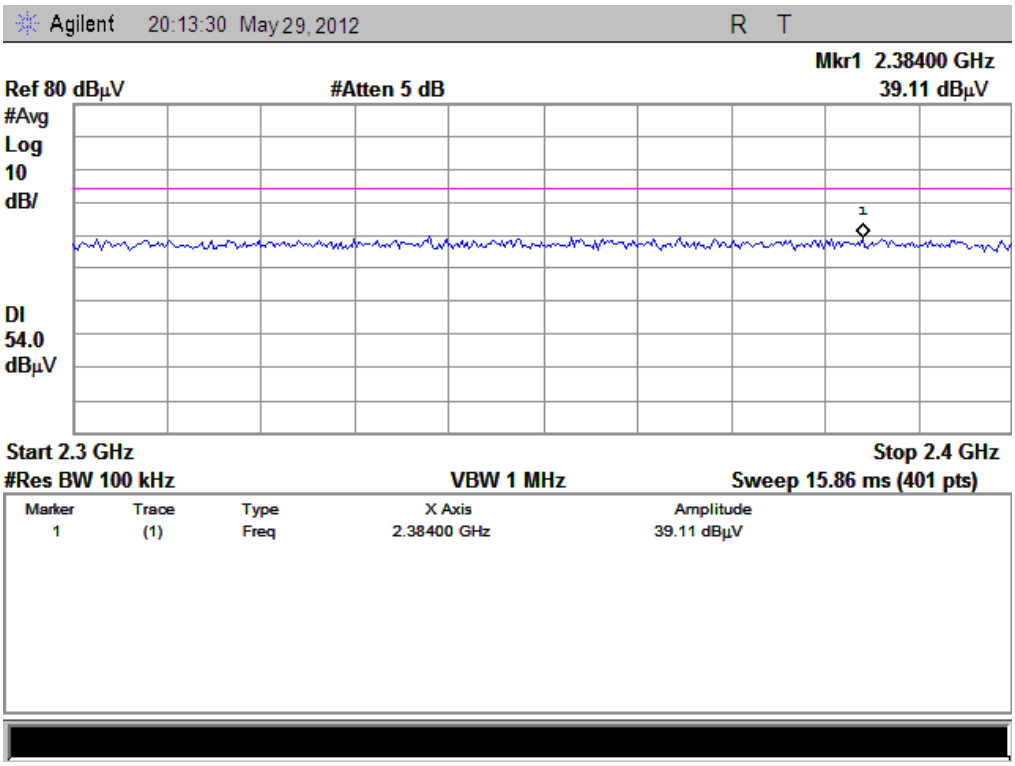
A. Test Verdict:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading U_R (dBuV)		A_T (dB)	A_{Factor} (dB@3m)	Max. Emission E (dBµV/m)		Limit (dBµV/m)		Verdict
		PK	AV			PK	AV	PK	AV	
0	2402	41.59	39.11	-30.93	32.56	43.22	40.74	74	54	PASS
78	2480	41.08	40.07	-29.05	32.5	44.53	43.52	74	54	PASS

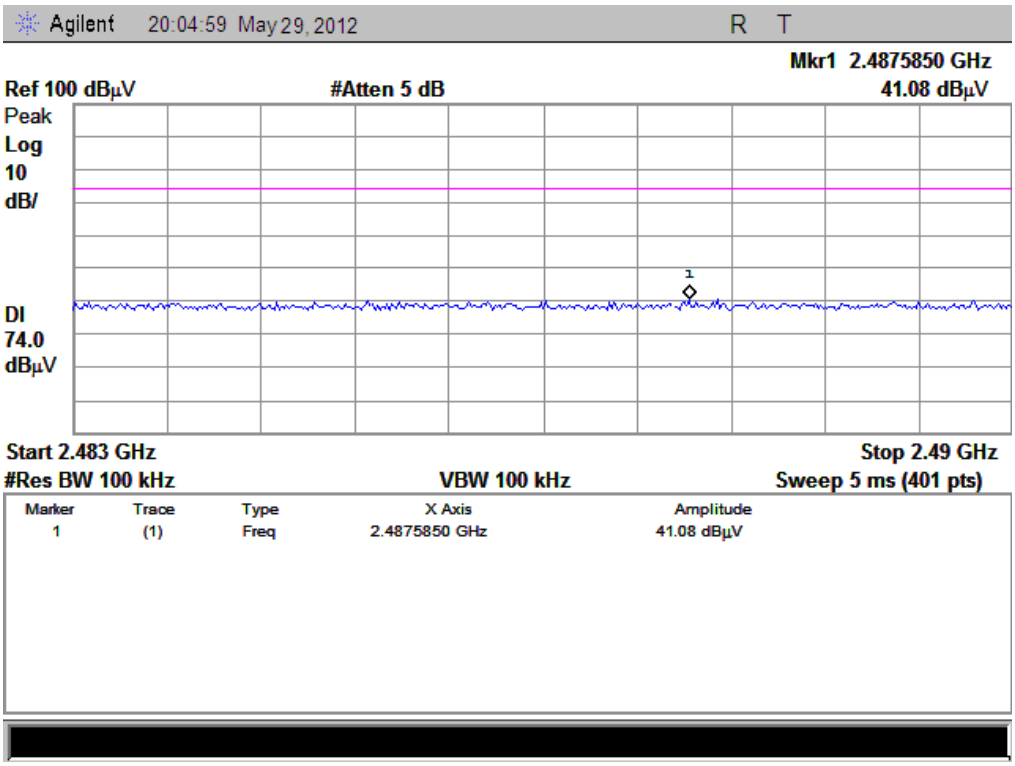
B. Test Plots:



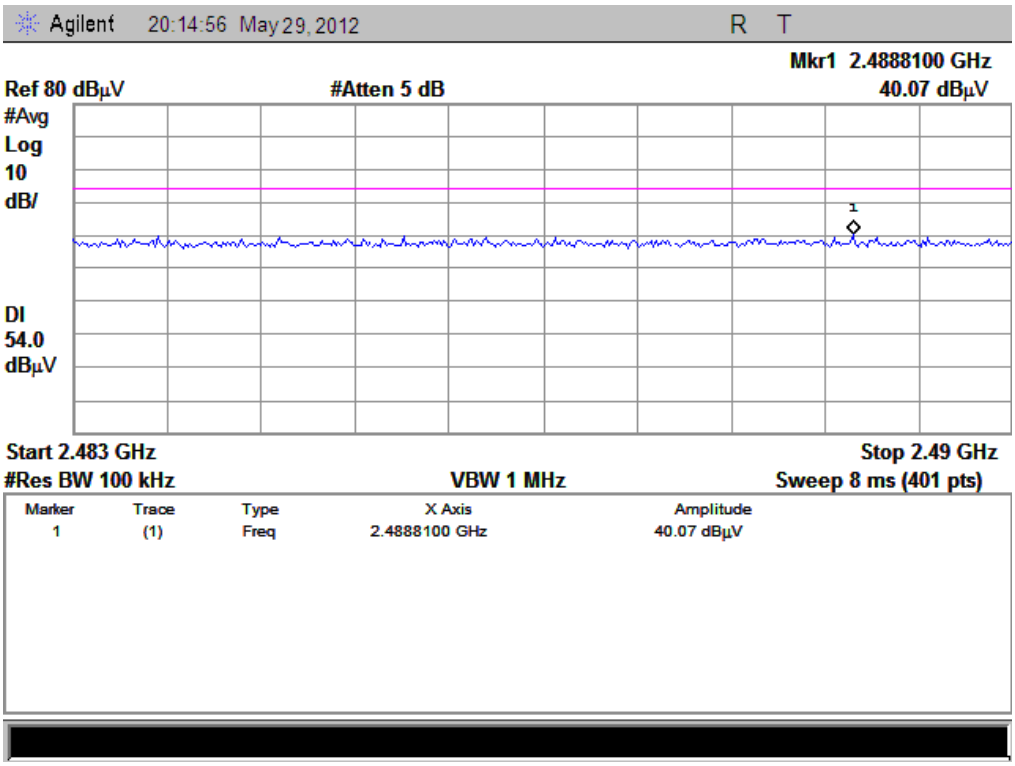
(Plot E1: Channel = 0 PEAK @ 8-DPSK Mode)



(Plot E2: Channel = 0 AVERAGE @ 8-DPSK Mode)



(Plot F1: Channel = 78 PEAK @ 8-DPSK Mode)



(Plot F2: Channel = 78 AVERAGE @ 8-DPSK Mode)

2.8. Conducted Emission

2.8.1. Requirement

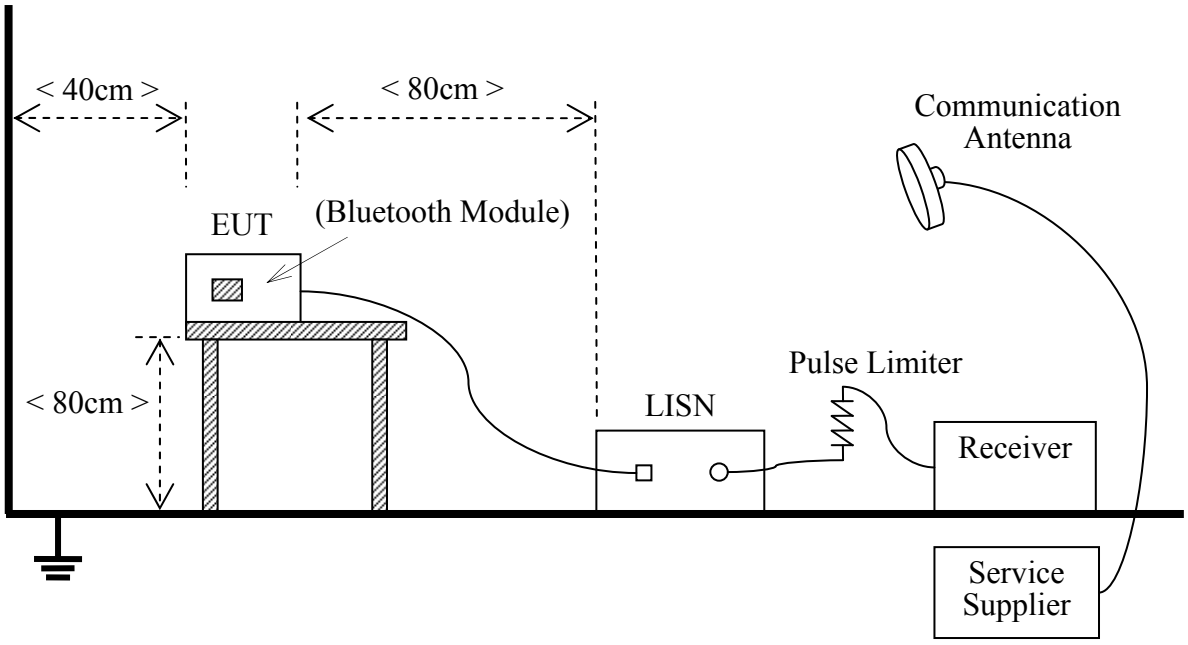
According to FCC section 15.207, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150kHz to 30MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50μH/50Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBμV)	
	Quai-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 - 5	56	46
0.50 - 30	60	50

NOTE:
(a) The lower limit shall apply at the band edges.
(b) The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 - 0.50MHz.

2.8.2. Test Description

A. Test Setup:



The Table-top EUT was placed upon a non-metallic table 0.8m above the horizontal metal reference ground plane. EUT was connected to LISN and LISN was connected to reference Ground Plane. EUT was 80cm from LISN. The set-up and test methods were according to ANSI C63.4:2009

The Bluetooth Module of the EUT is powered by the Battery charged with the AC Adapter which is powered by 120V, 60Hz AC mains supply. The factors of the site are calibrated to correct the reading. During the measurement, the Bluetooth Module is activated and controlled by the Bluetooth Service Supplier (SS) via a Common Antenna, and is set to operate under hopping-on test mode transmitting

339 bytes DH5 packages at maximum power.

B. Equipments List:

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Receiver	Agilent	E7405A	US44210471	2012.05	1year
LISN	Schwarzbeck	NSLK 8127	812744	2012.05	1year
Service Supplier	R&S	CMU200	100448	2012.05	1year
Pulse Limiter (20dB)	Schwarzbeck	VTSD 9561-D	9391	(n.a.)	(n.a.)

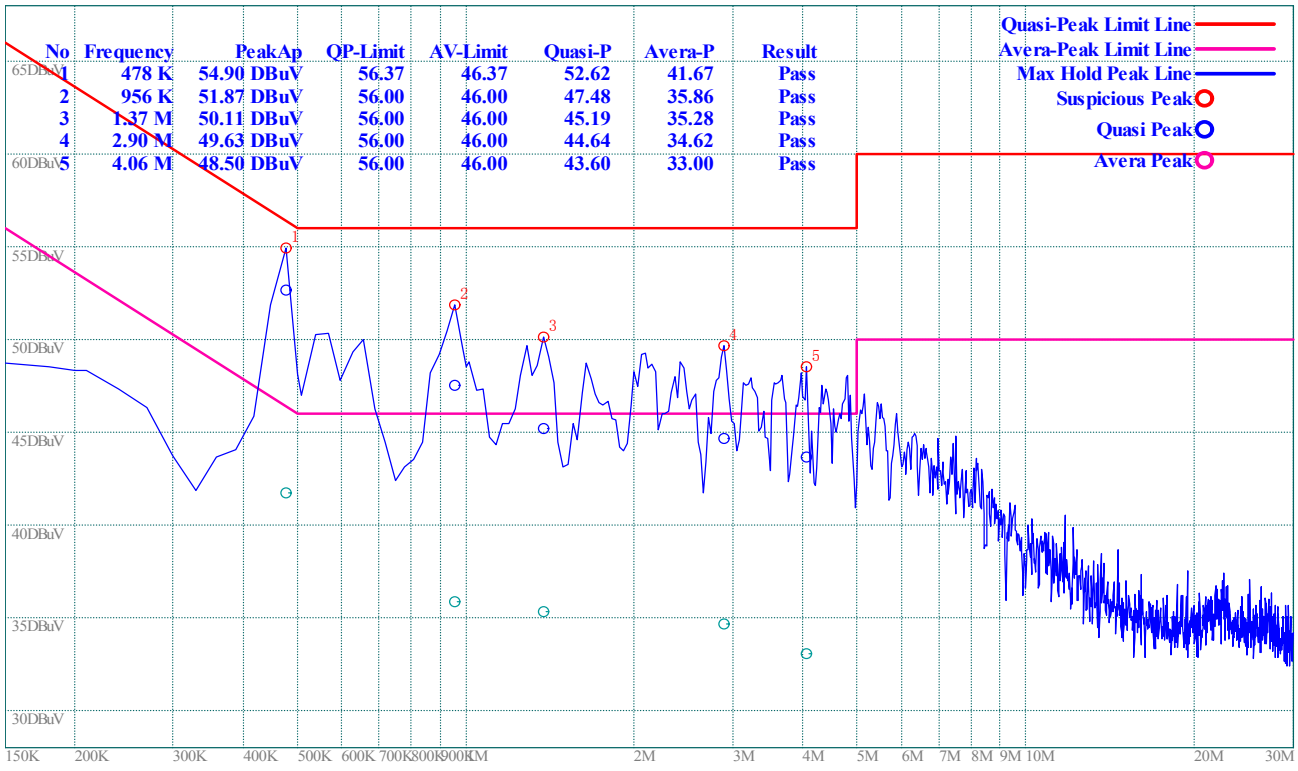
2.8.3. Test Result

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

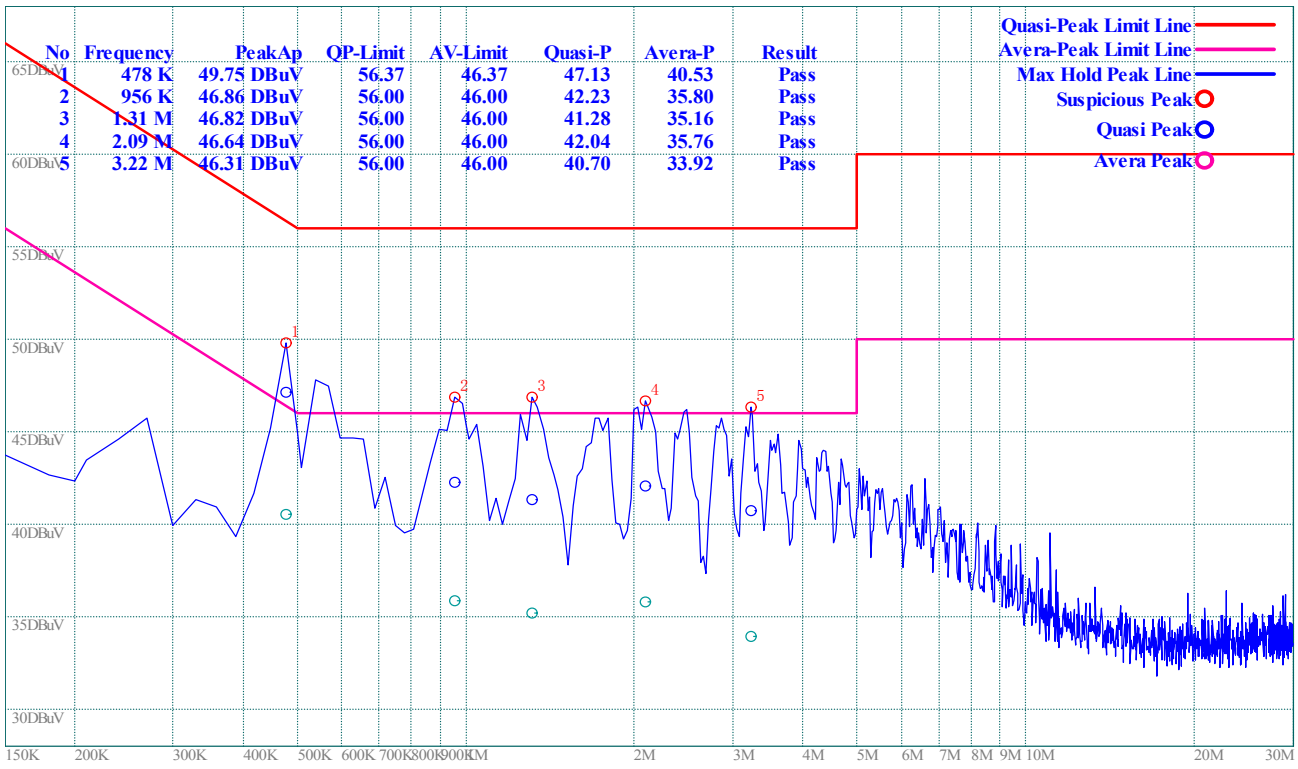
A. Test setup:

The EUT configuration of the emission tests is EUT + Charger.

B. Test Plots:



(Plot A: L Phase)



(Plot B: N Phase)

2.9. Radiated Emission

2.9.1. Requirement

According to FCC section 15.247(c) and RSS-A8.5, radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

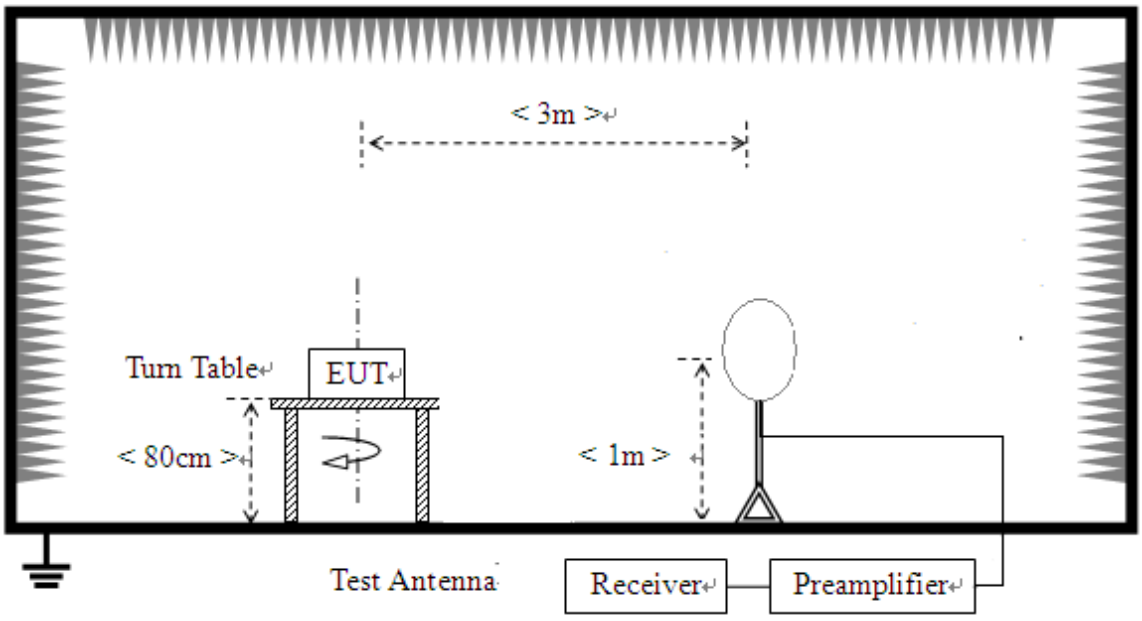
1. For Above 1000MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
2. For above 1000MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK)

In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), also should comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a)(above table)

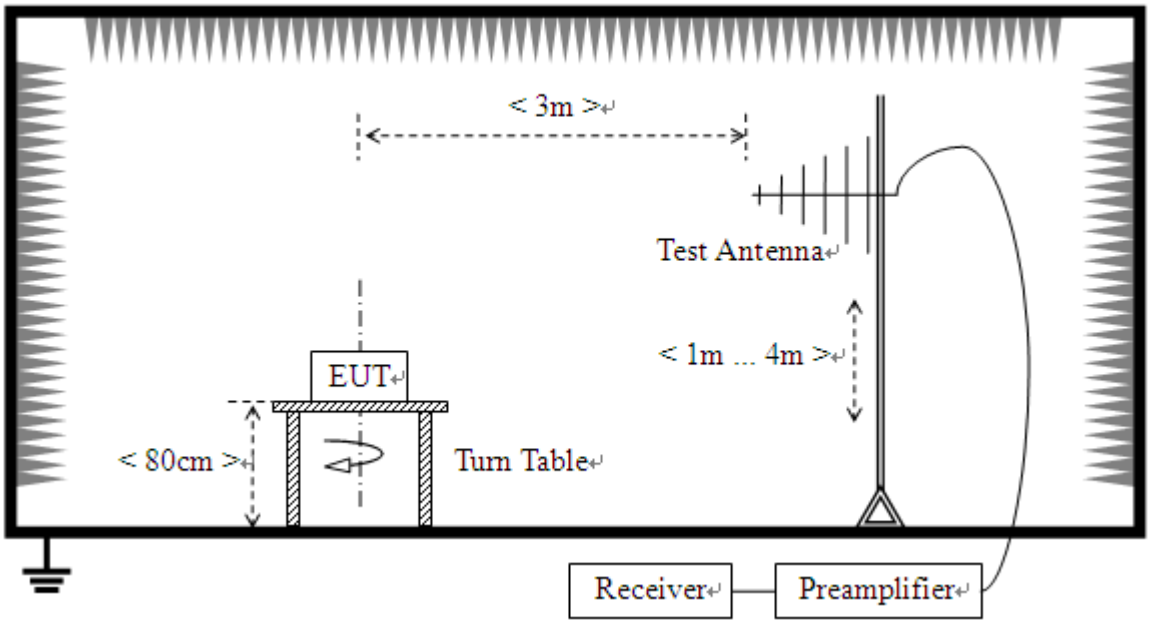
2.9.2. Test Description

A. Test Setup:

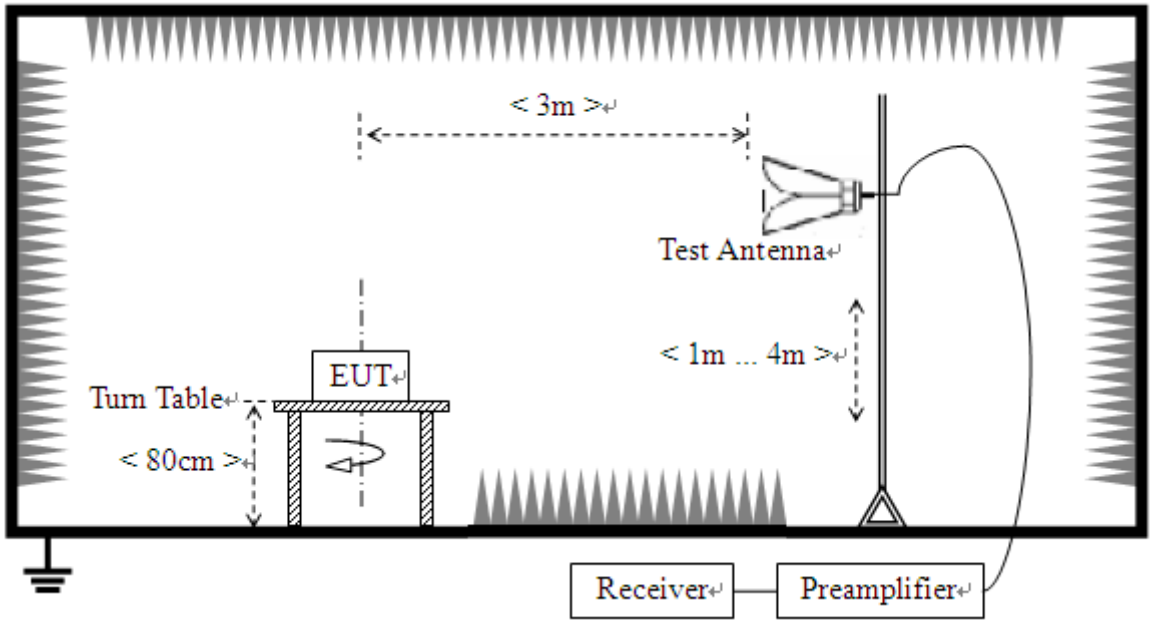
1) For radiated emissions from 9kHz to 30MHz



2) For radiated emissions from 30MHz to1GHz



3) For radiated emissions above 1GHz



The test site semi-anechoic chamber has met the requirement of NSA tolerance 4dB according to the standards: ANSI C63.4 (2009). The EUT was set-up on insulator 80cm above the Ground Plane. The set-up and test methods were according to ANSI C63.4.

The Bluetooth Module of the EUT is powered by the Battery. The Module is located in a 3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber; the antenna factors, cable loss and so on of the site as factors are calculated to correct the reading. During the measurement, the Bluetooth Module is activated and controlled by the Bluetooth Service Supplier (SS) via a Common Antenna, and is set to operate under hopping-on test mode transmitting 339 bytes DH5 packages at maximum power.

For the Test Antenna:

(a) In the frequency range of 9kHz to 30MHz, magnetic field is measured with Loop Test Antenna. The Test Antenna is positioned with its plane vertical at 1m distance from the EUT. The center of the Loop Test Antenna is 1m above the ground. During the measurement the Loop Test Antenna rotates about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT.
(b) In the frequency range above 30MHz, Bi-Log Test Antenna (30MHz to 2GHz) and Horn Test Antenna (above 2GHz) are used. Test Antenna is 3m away from the EUT. Test Antenna height is varied from 1m to 4m above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. The emission levels at both horizontal and vertical polarizations should be tested.

B. Equipments List:

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
System Simulator	R&S	CMU200	100448	2012.05	1year
Receiver	Agilent	E7405A	US44210471	2012.05	1year
Full-Anechoic Chamber	Albatross	9m*6m*6m	(n.a.)	2012.05	2year
Test Antenna - Bi-Log	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9163	9163-274	2012.05	1year
Test Antenna - Horn	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120C	9120C-384	2012.05	1year

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Test Antenna - Horn	R&S	HL050S7	71688	2012.05	1year
Test Antenna - Loop	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519	1519-022	2012.05	1year

2.9.3. Test Result

According to ANSI C63.4 selection 4.2.2, because of peak detection will yield amplitudes equal to or greater than amplitudes measured with the quasi-peak (or average) detector, the measurement data from a spectrum analyzer peak detector will represent the worst-case results, if the peak measured value complies with the quasi-peak limit, it is unnecessary to perform an quasi-peak measurement.

The measurement results are obtained as below:

$E\ [dB\mu V/m] = U_R + A_T + A_{Factor}\ [dB]$; $A_T = L_{Cable\ loss}\ [dB] - G_{preamp}\ [dB]$

A_T: Total correction Factor except Antenna

U_R: Receiver Reading

G_{preamp}: Preamplifier Gain

A_{Factor}: Antenna Factor at 3m

During the test, the total correction Factor AT and A_{Factor} were built in test software.

Note: All radiated emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

2.9.3.1. GFSK Mode:

A. Test Verdict for Harmonics:

The Fundamental Emissions

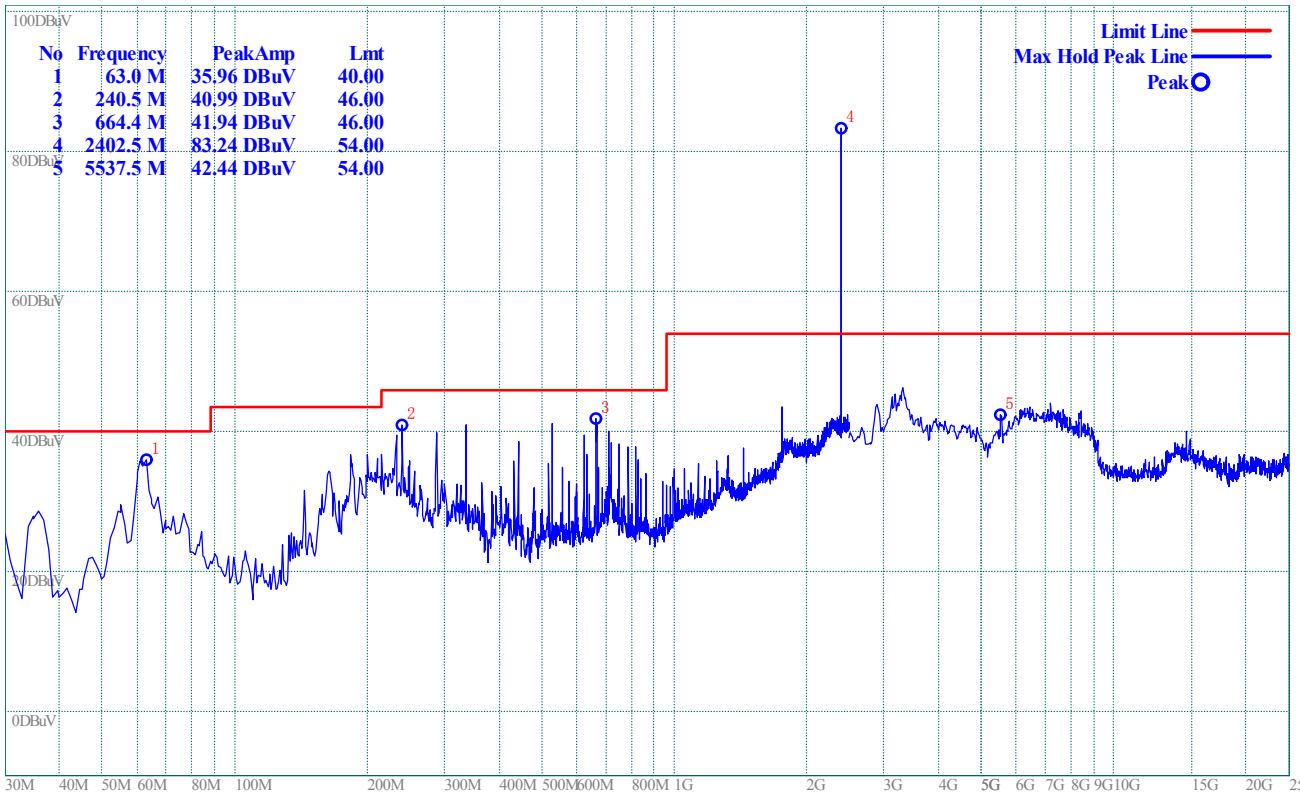
The field strength of {Fundamental Emission} listed below is recorded, and used in the next table.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Fundamental Emission (dBμV/m)		Antenna Polarization	Refer to Plot
		PK	AV		
0	2402	83.24	N/A	Horizontal	Plot A.1
		90.79	N/A	Vertical	Plot A.2
39	2441	86.82	N/A	Horizontal	Plot B.1
		88.28	N/A	Vertical	Plot B.2
78	2480	85.02	N/A	Horizontal	Plot C.1
		89.19	N/A	Vertical	Plot C.2

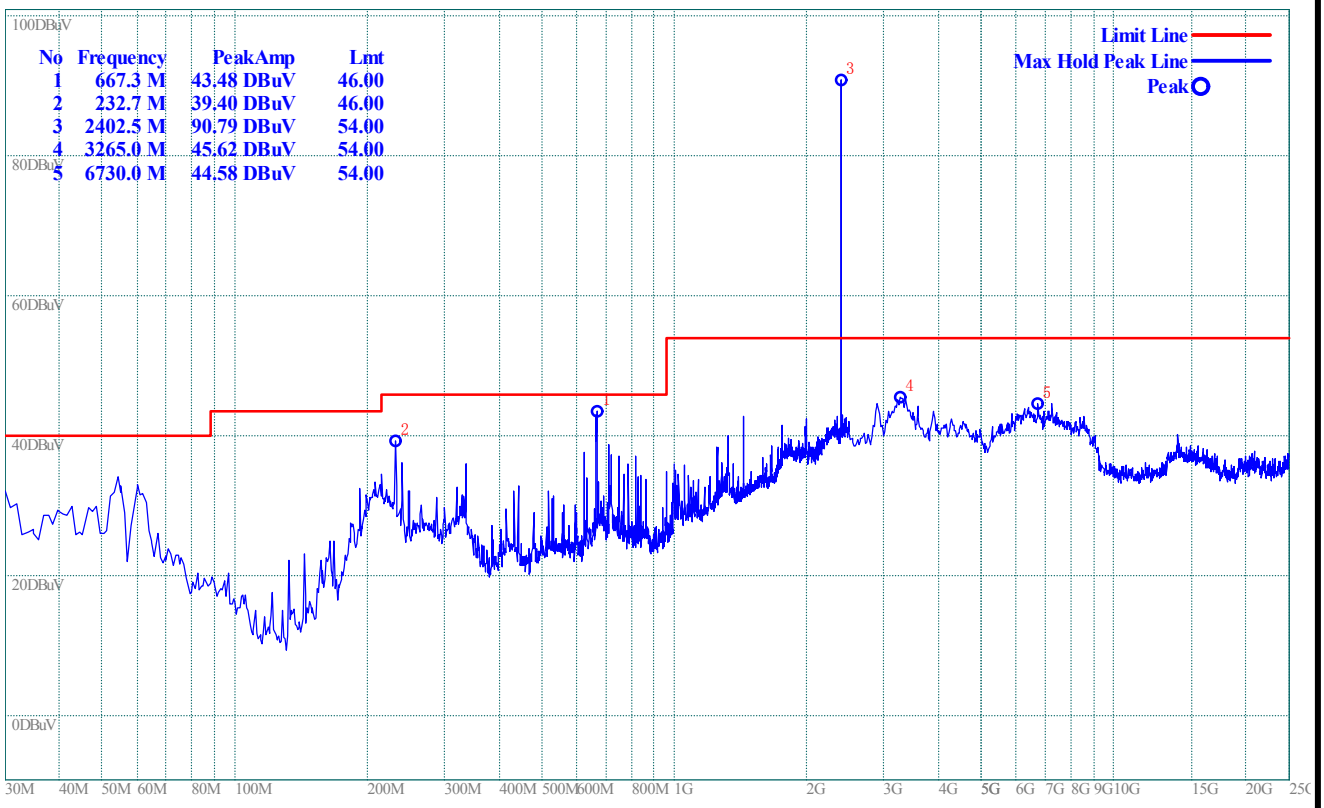
B. Test Plots for the Whole Measurement Frequency Range:

Plots for Channel = 0

(Plot A.0: 9kHz to 30MHz @ GFSK, channel 0)

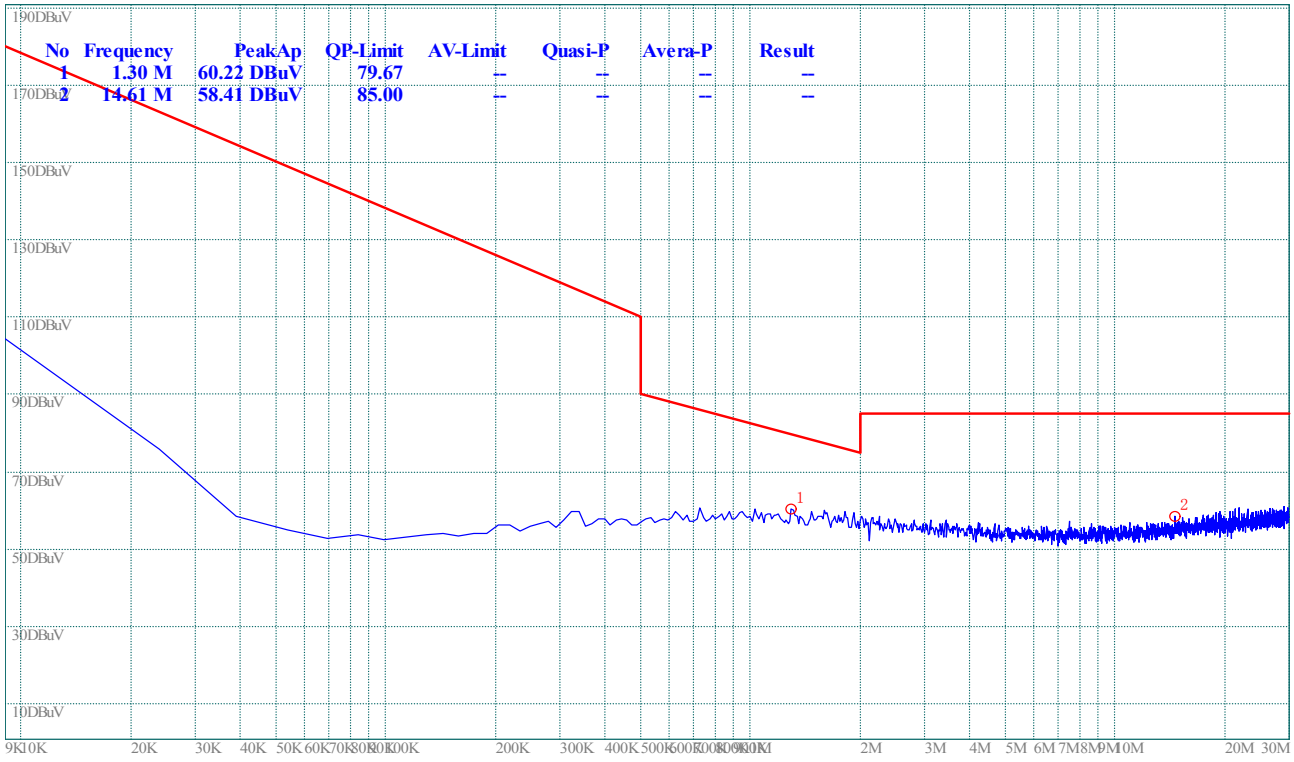


(Plot A.1: 30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Horizontal @ GFSK, channel 0)

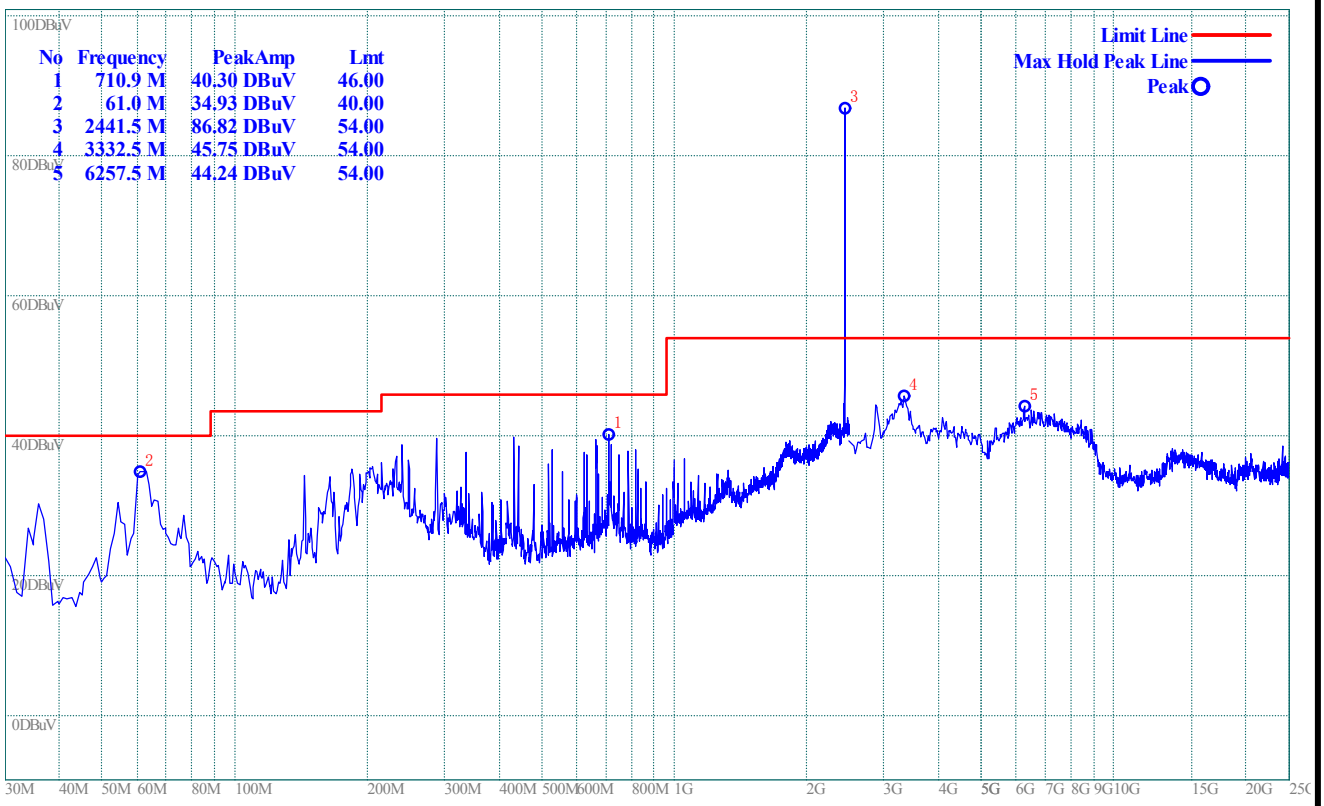


(Plot A.2: 30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Vertical @ GFSK, channel 0)

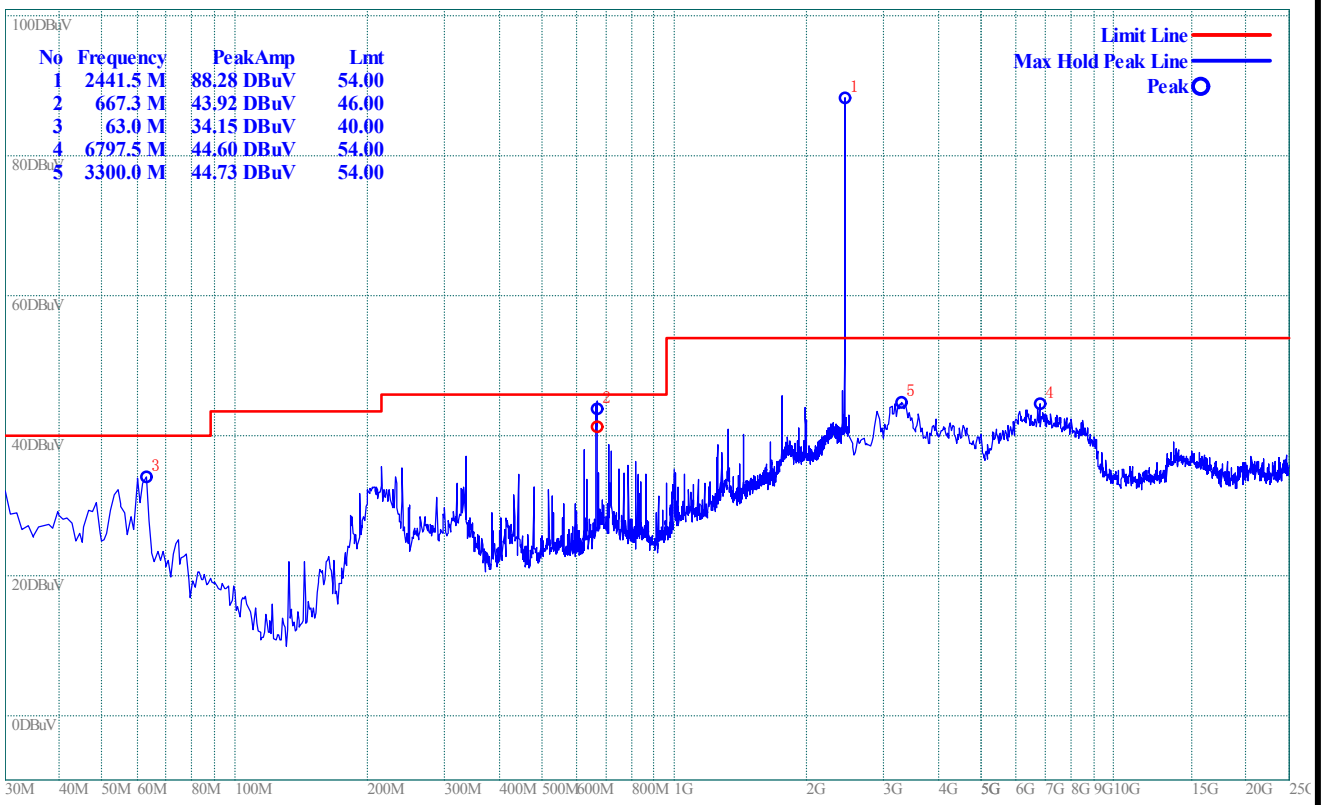
Plot for Channel = 39



(Plot B.0: 9kHz to 30MHz @ GFSK, channel 39)



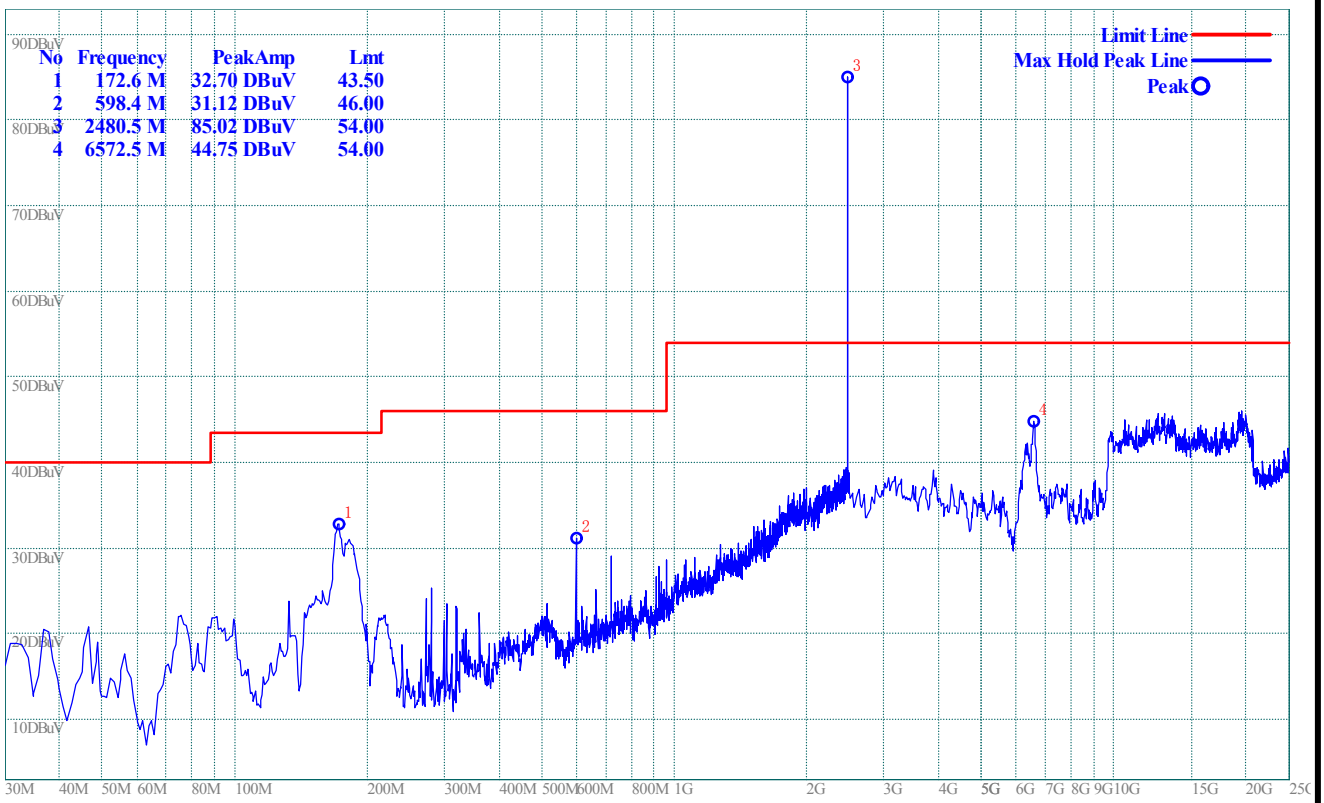
(Plot B.1: 30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Horizontal @ GFSK, channel 39)



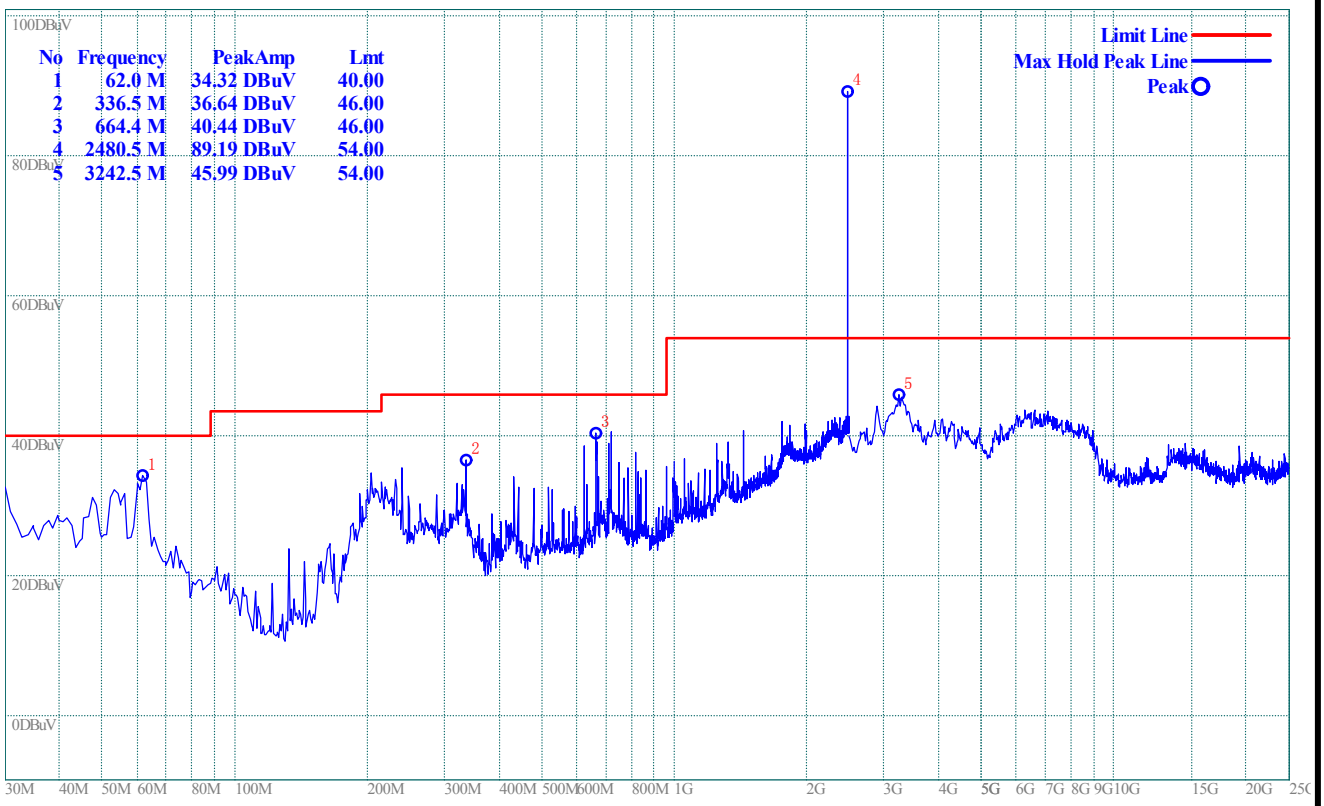
(Plot B.2: 30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Vertical @ GFSK, channel 39)

Plot for Channel = 78

(Plot C.0: 9kHz to 30MHz @ GFSK, channel 78)



(Plot C.1: 30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Horizontal @ GFSK, channel 78)



(Plot C.2: 30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Vertical @ GFSK, channel 78)

2.9.3.2. π/4-DQPSK Mode:

A. Test Verdict for Harmonics:

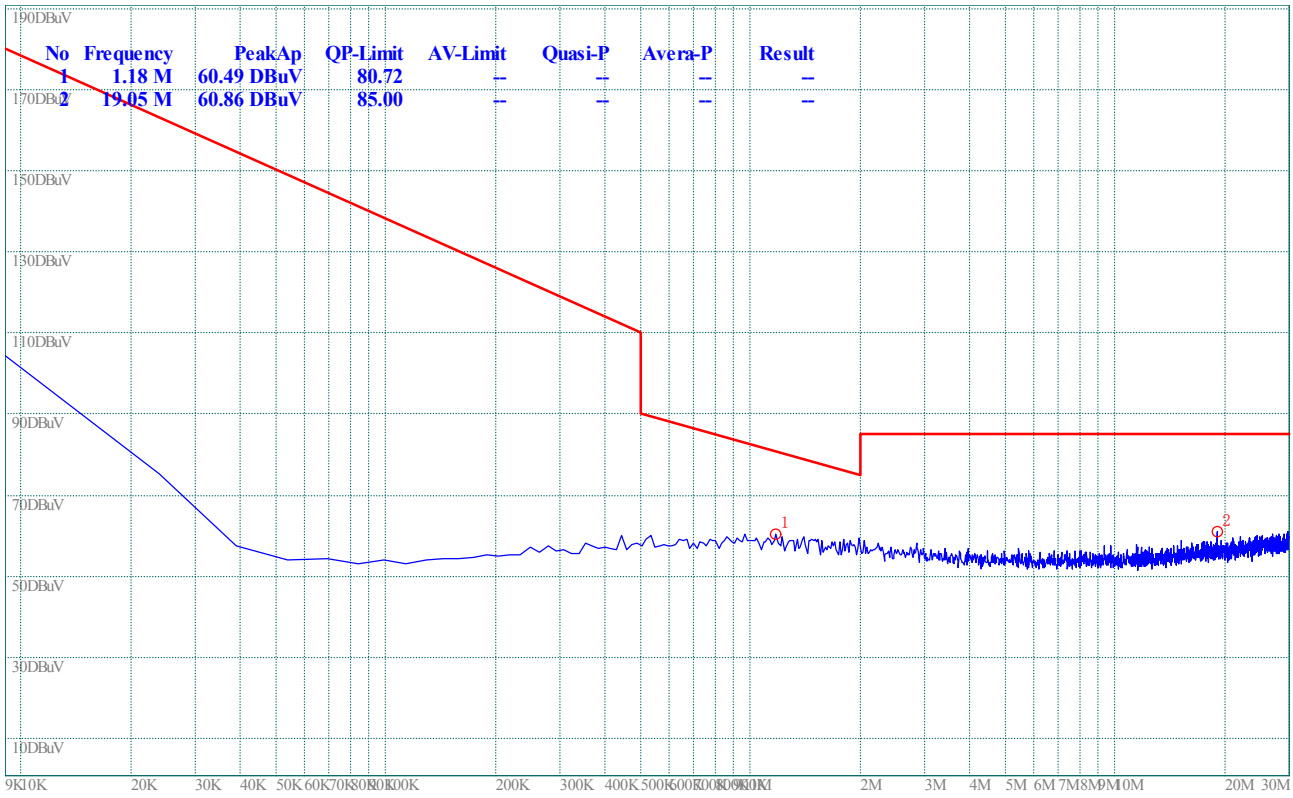
The Fundamental Emissions

The field strength of {Fundamental Emission} listed below is recorded, and used in the next table.

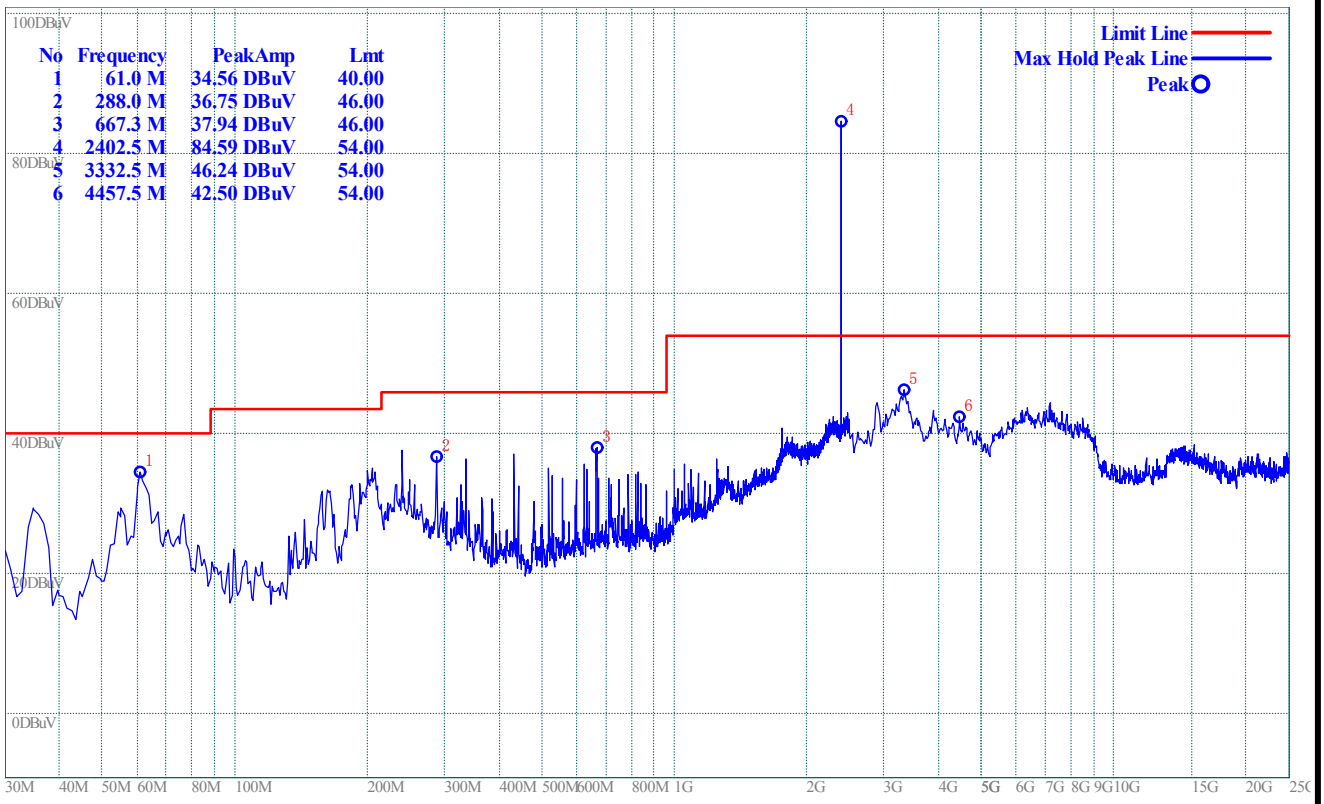
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Fundamental Emission (dBμV/m)		Antenna Polarization	Refer to Plot
		PK	AV		
0	2402	84.59	N/A	Horizontal	Plot A.1
		90.79	N/A	Vertical	Plot A.2
39	2441	85.05	N/A	Horizontal	Plot B.1
		89.11	N/A	Vertical	Plot B.2
78	2480	83.99	N/A	Horizontal	Plot C.1
		87.61	N/A	Vertical	Plot C.2

B. Test Plots for the Whole Measurement Frequency Range:

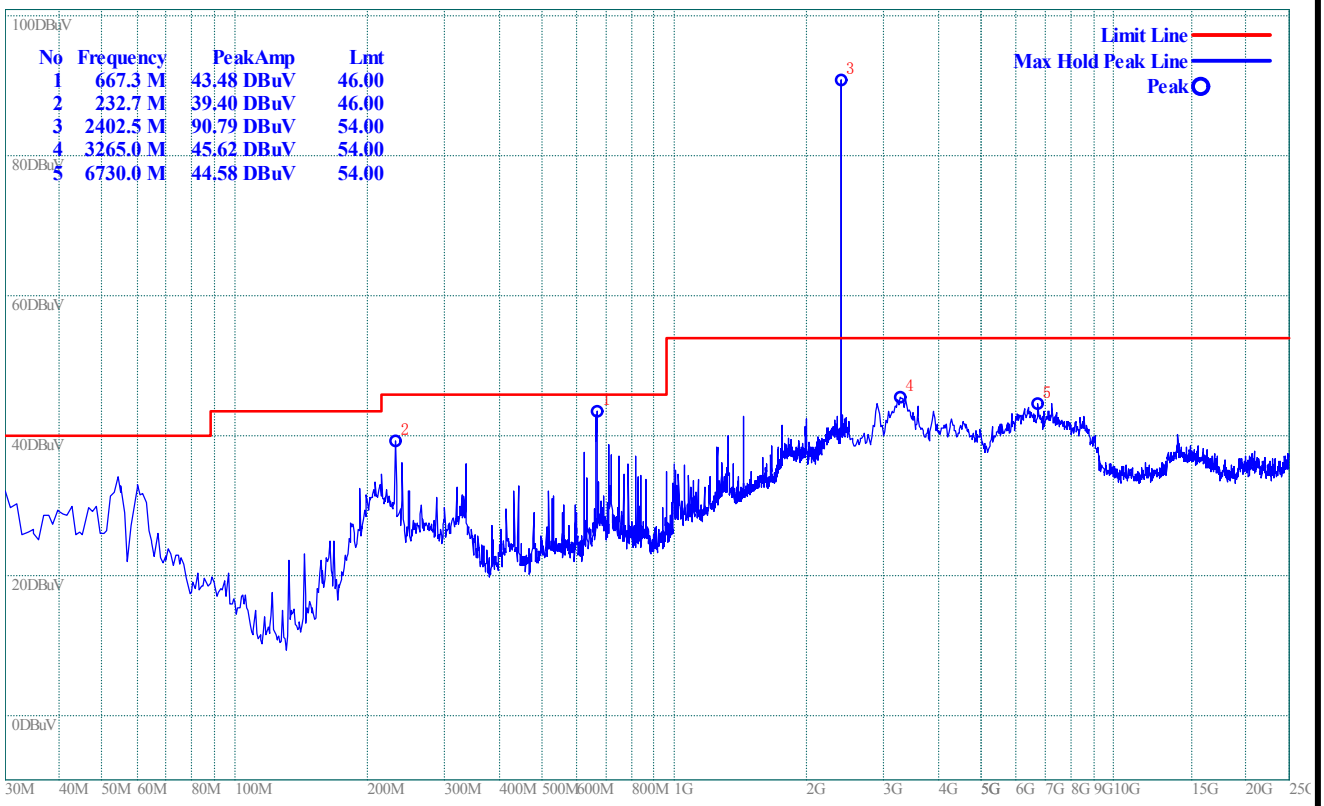
Plots for Channel = 0



(Plot A.0: 9kHz to 30MHz @ ∏/4-DQPSK, channel 0)

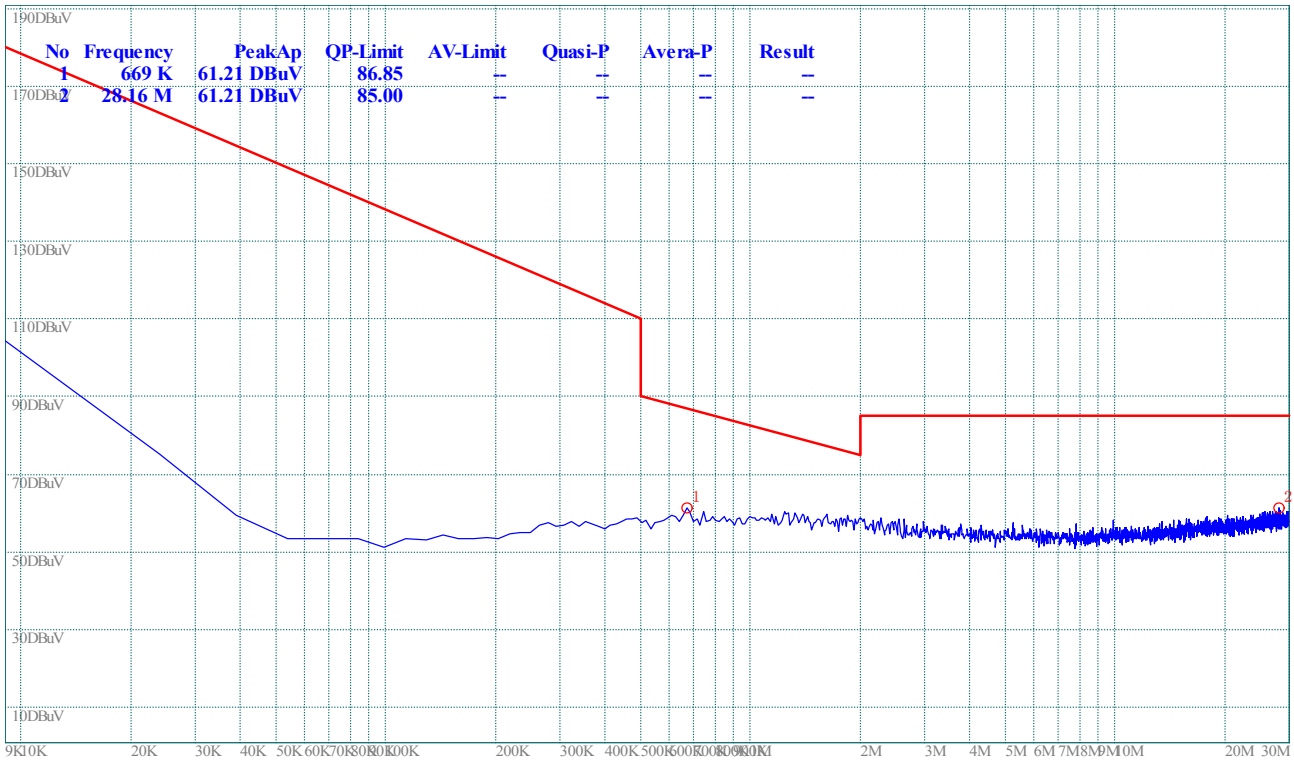


(Plot A.1: 30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Horizontal @ ∏/4-DQPSK, channel 0)

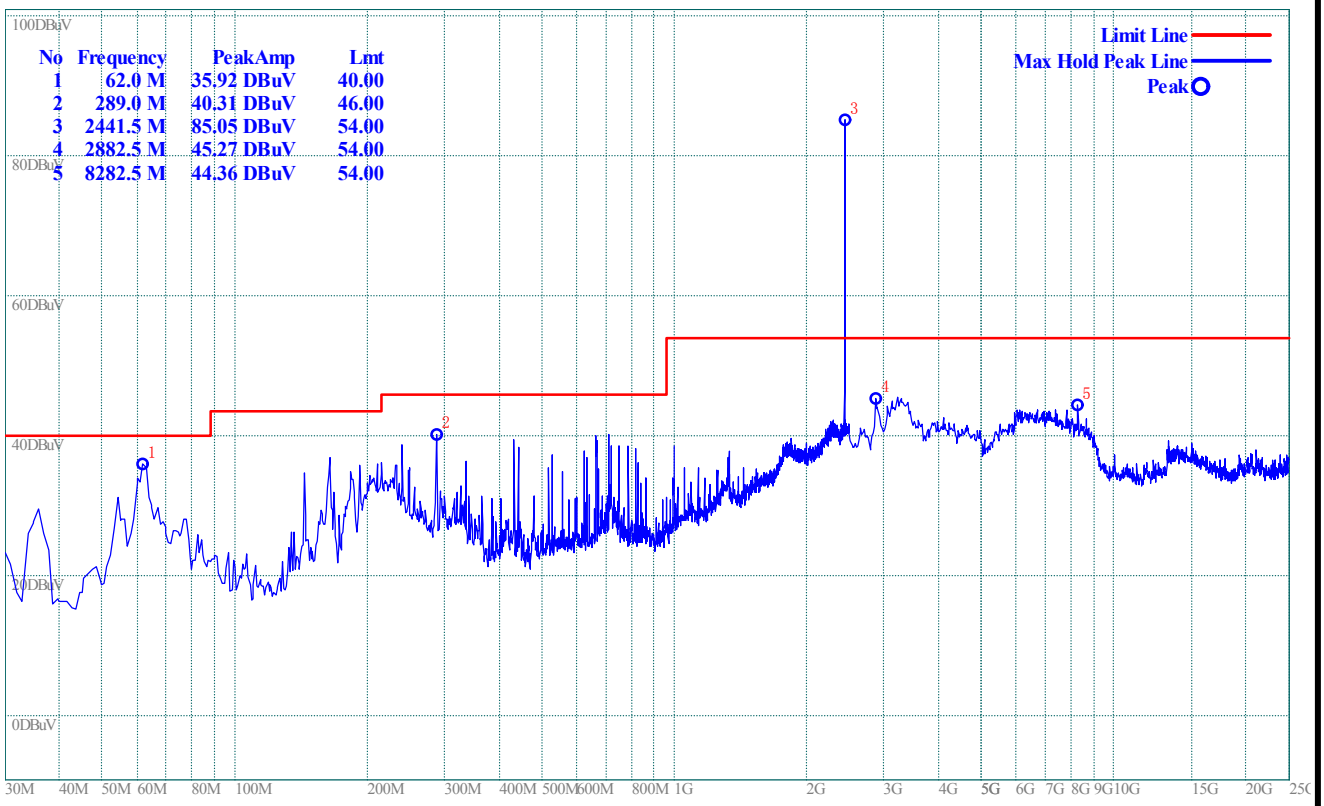


(Plot A.2: 30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Vertical @ Π/4-DQPSK, channel 0)

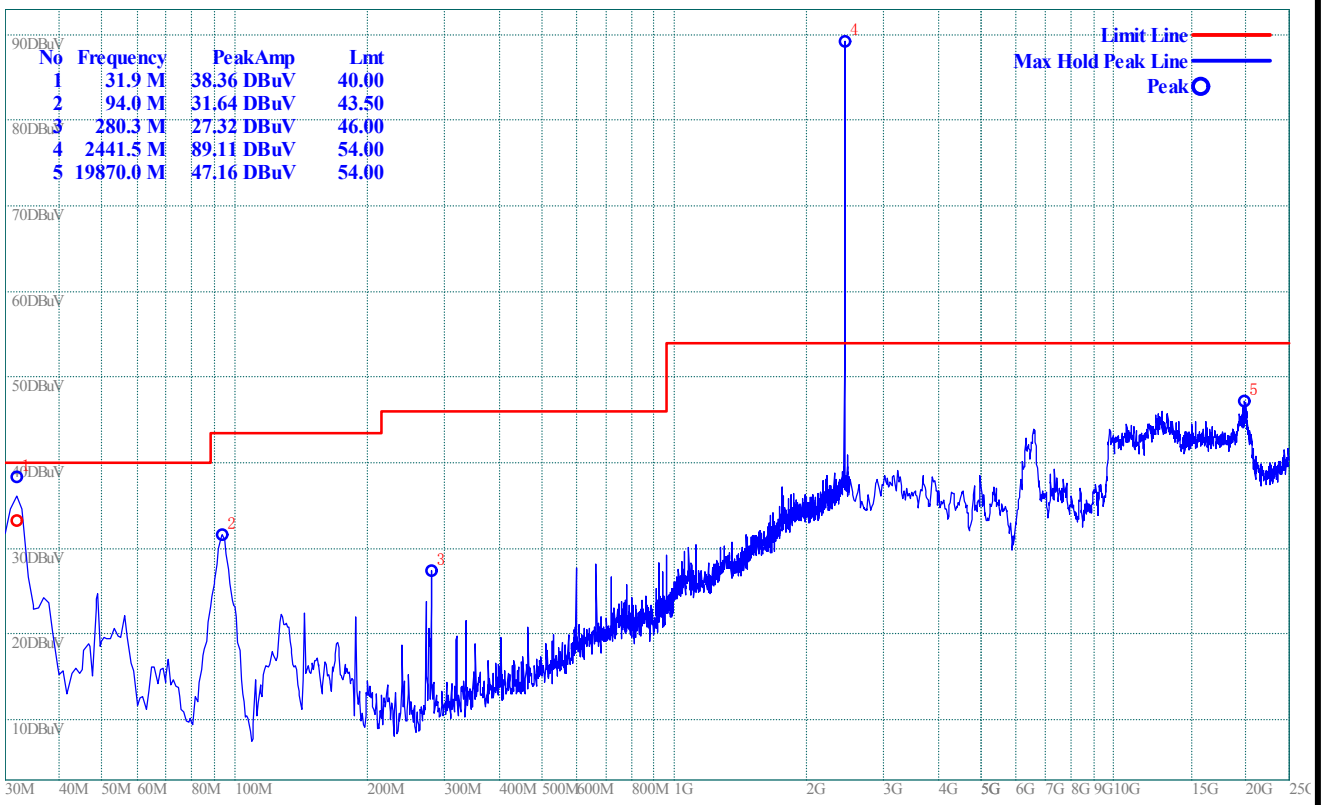
Plot for Channel = 39



(Plot B.0: 9kHz to 30MHz @ Π/4-DQPSK, channel 39)

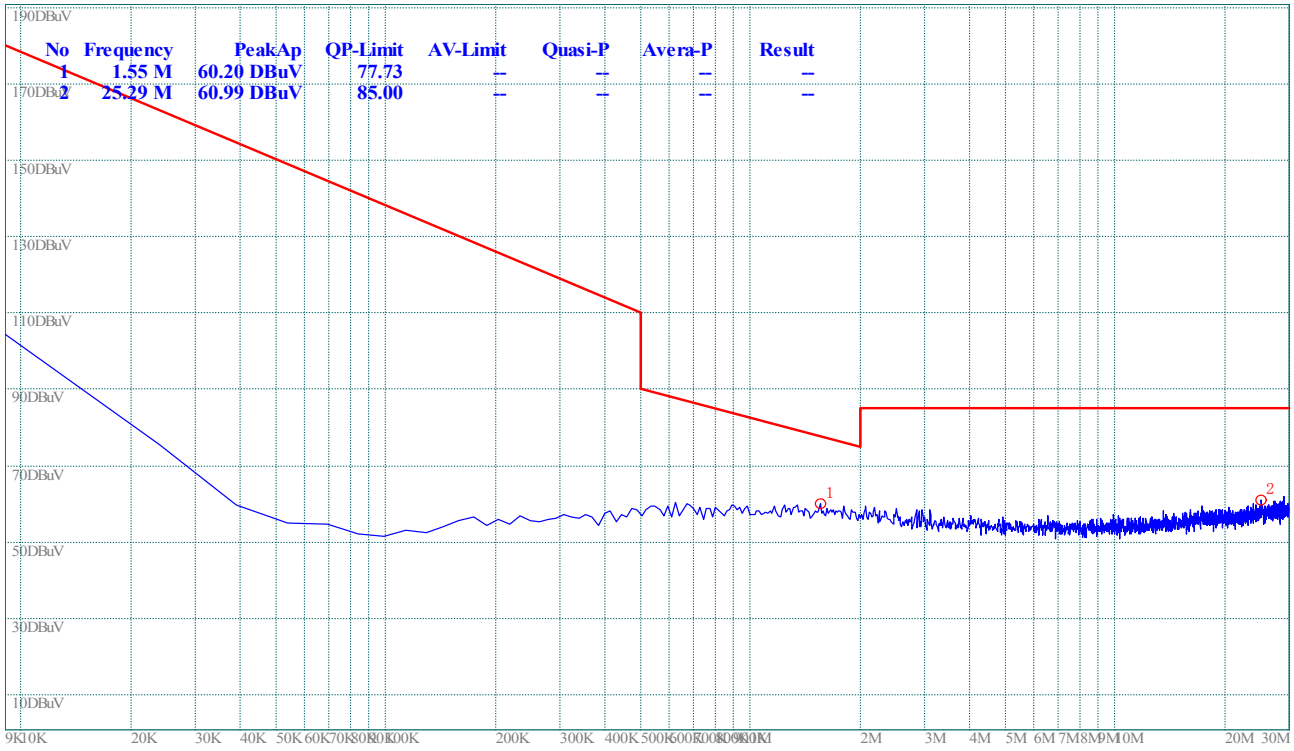


(Plot B.1: 30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Horizontal @ ∏/4-DQPSK, channel 39)

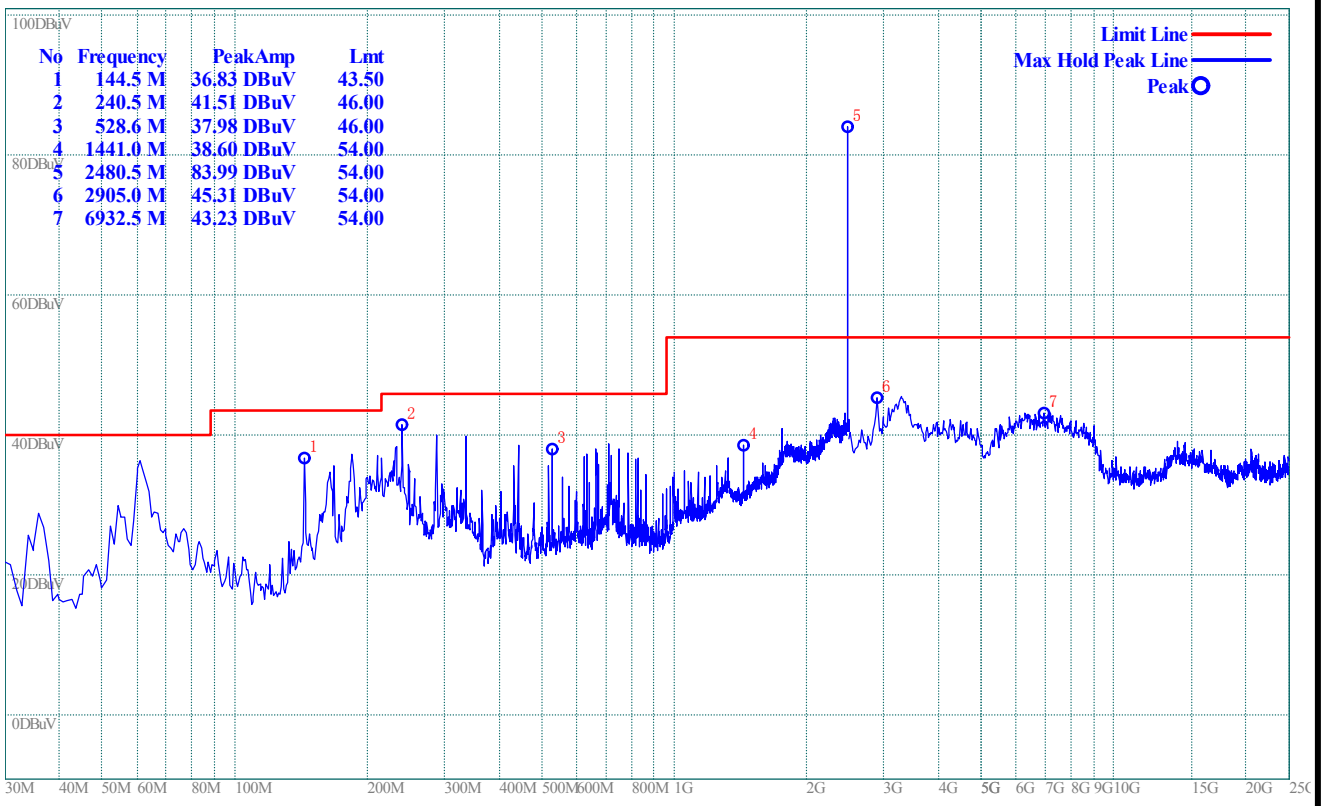


(Plot B.2: 30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Vertical @ ∏/4-DQPSK, channel 39)

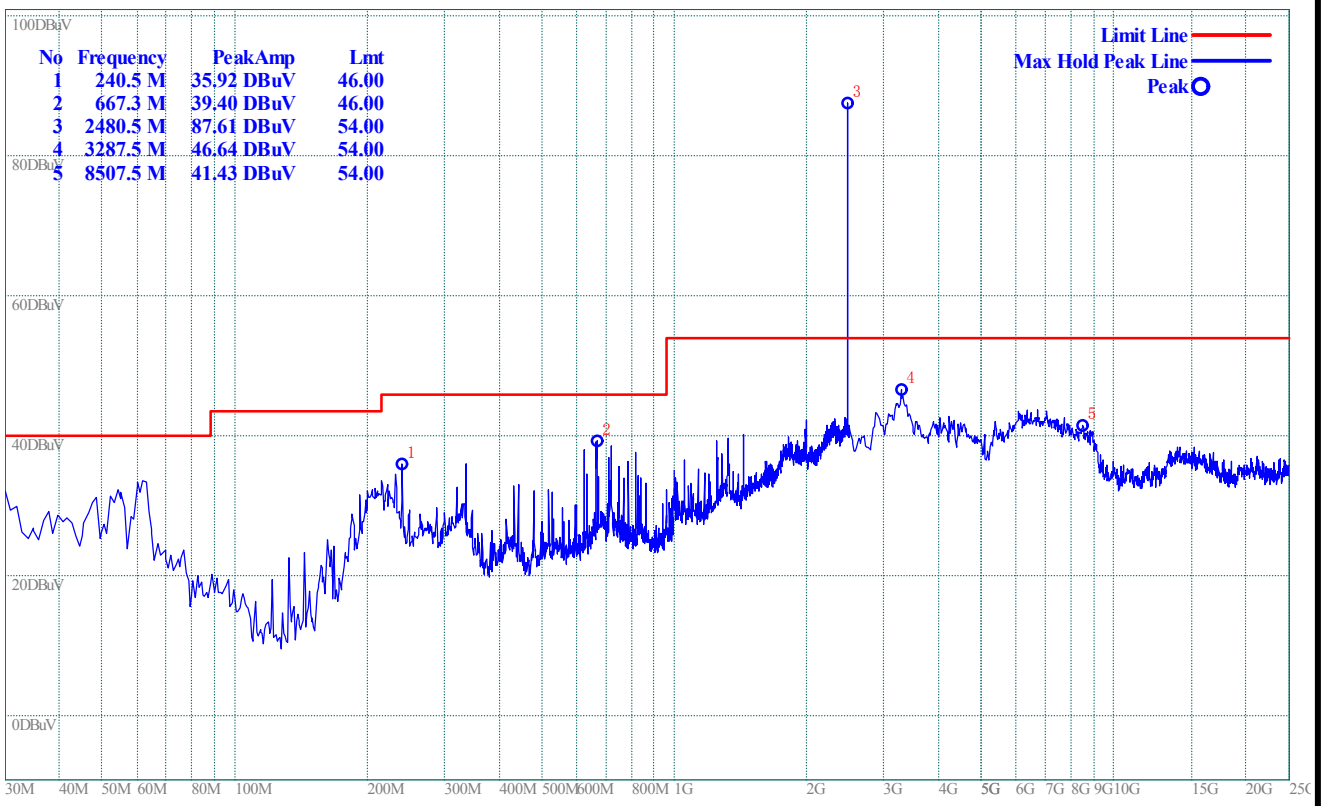
Plot for Channel = 78



(Plot C.0: 9kHz to 30MHz @ ∏/4-DQPSK, channel 78)



(Plot C.1: 30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Horizontal @ ∏/4-DQPSK, channel 78)



(Plot C.2: 30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Vertical @ ∏/4-DQPSK, channel 78)

2.9.3.3. 8-DPSK Mode:

A. Test Verdict for Harmonics:

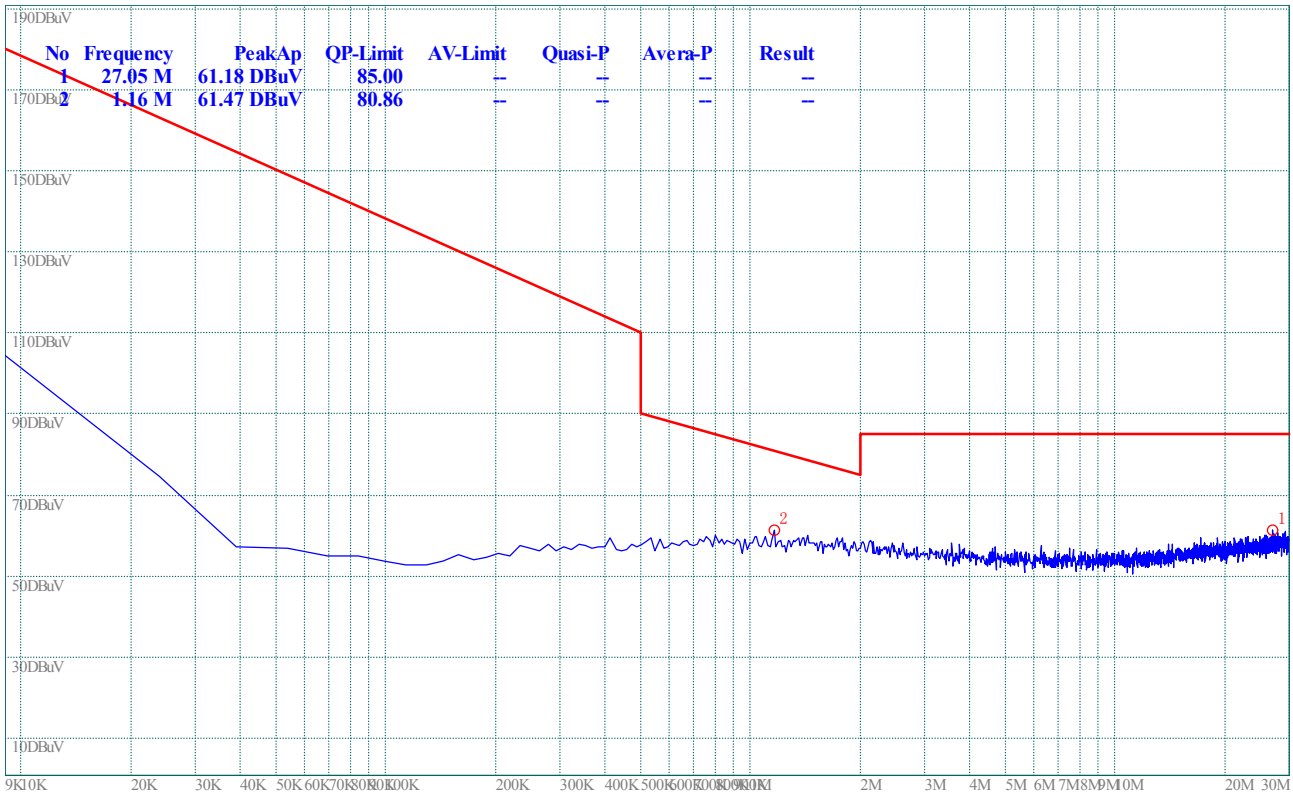
The Fundamental Emissions

The field strength of {Fundamental Emission} listed below is recorded, and used in the next table.

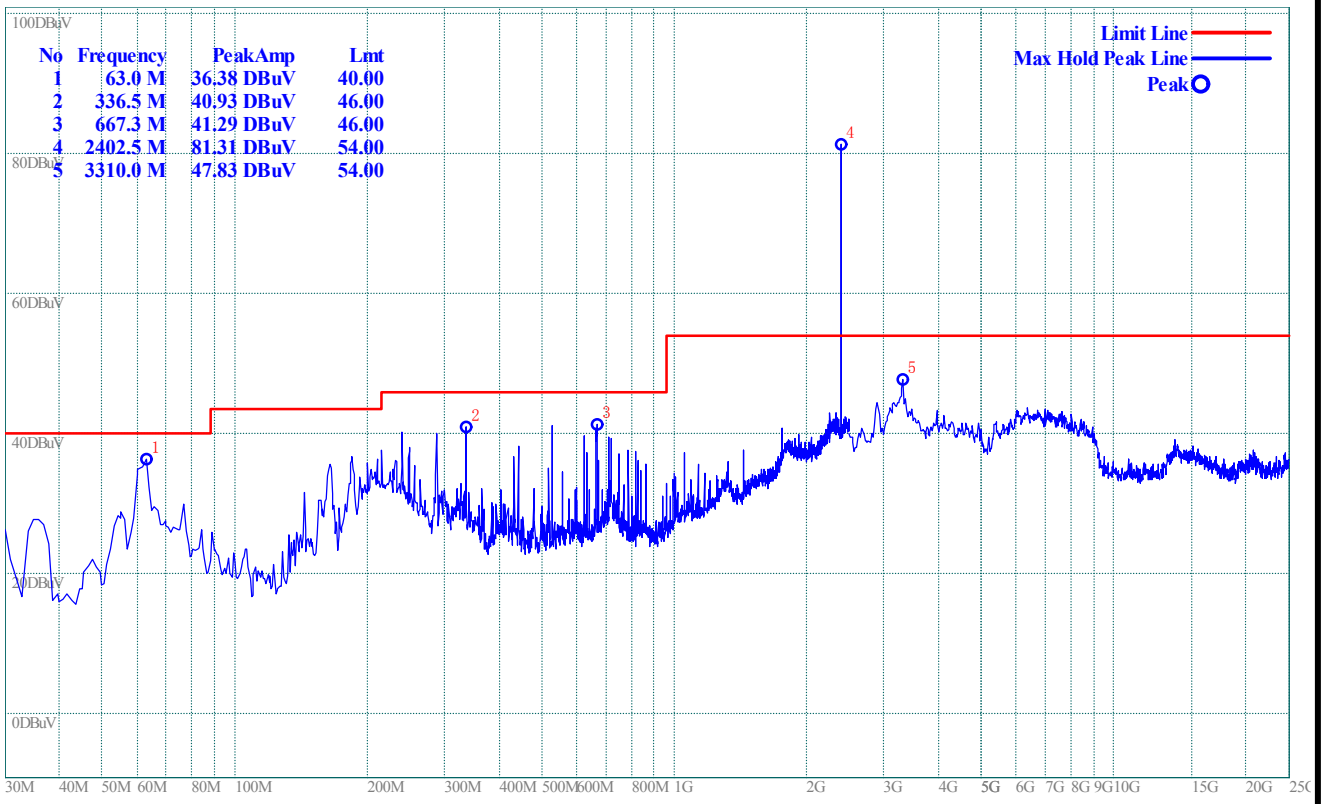
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Fundamental Emission (dBμV/m)		Antenna Polarization	Refer to Plot
		PK	AV		
0	2402	81.31	N/A	Horizontal	Plot A.1
		88.74	N/A	Vertical	Plot A.2
39	2441	85.12	N/A	Horizontal	Plot B.1
		88.28	N/A	Vertical	Plot B.2
78	2480	84.76	N/A	Horizontal	Plot C.1
		85.88	N/A	Vertical	Plot C.2

B. Test Plots for the Whole Measurement Frequency Range:

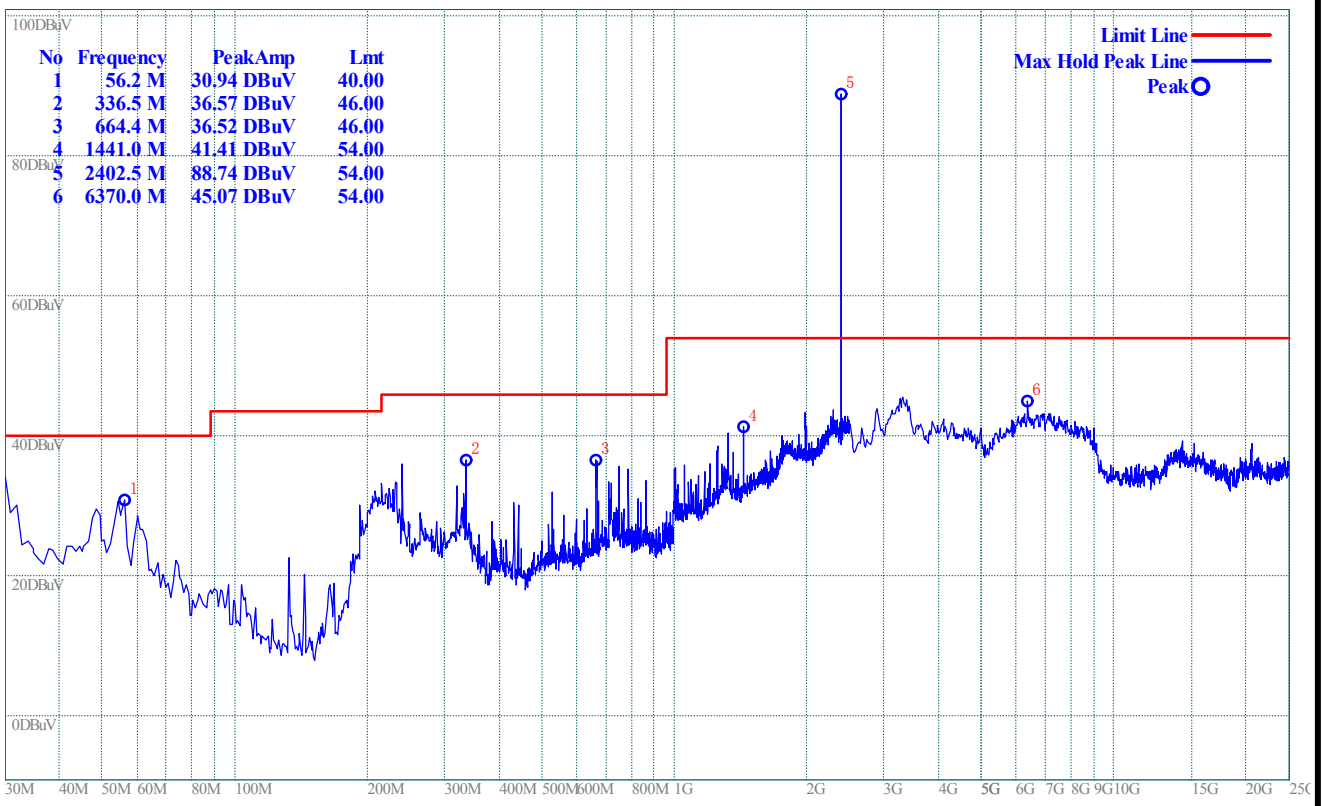
Plots for Channel = 0



(Plot A.0: 9kHz to 30MHz @ 8-DPSK, channel 0)

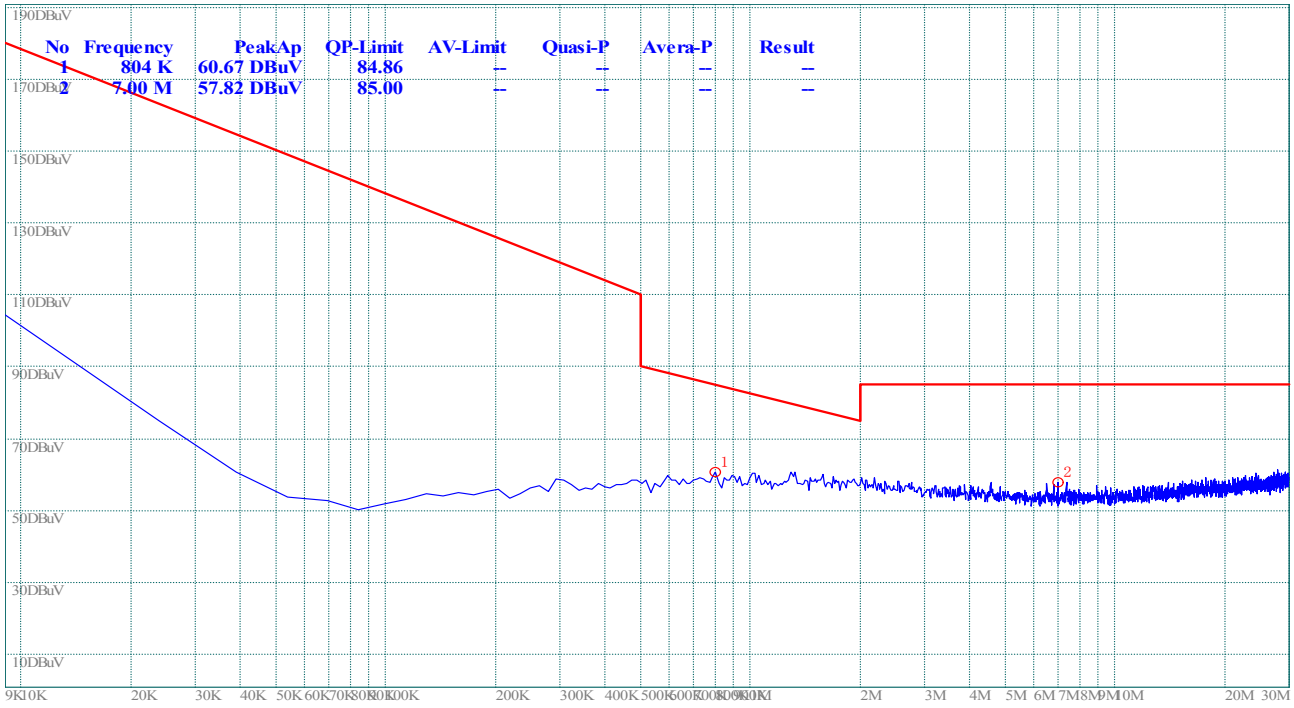


(Plot A.1: 30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Horizontal @ 8-DPSK, channel 0)

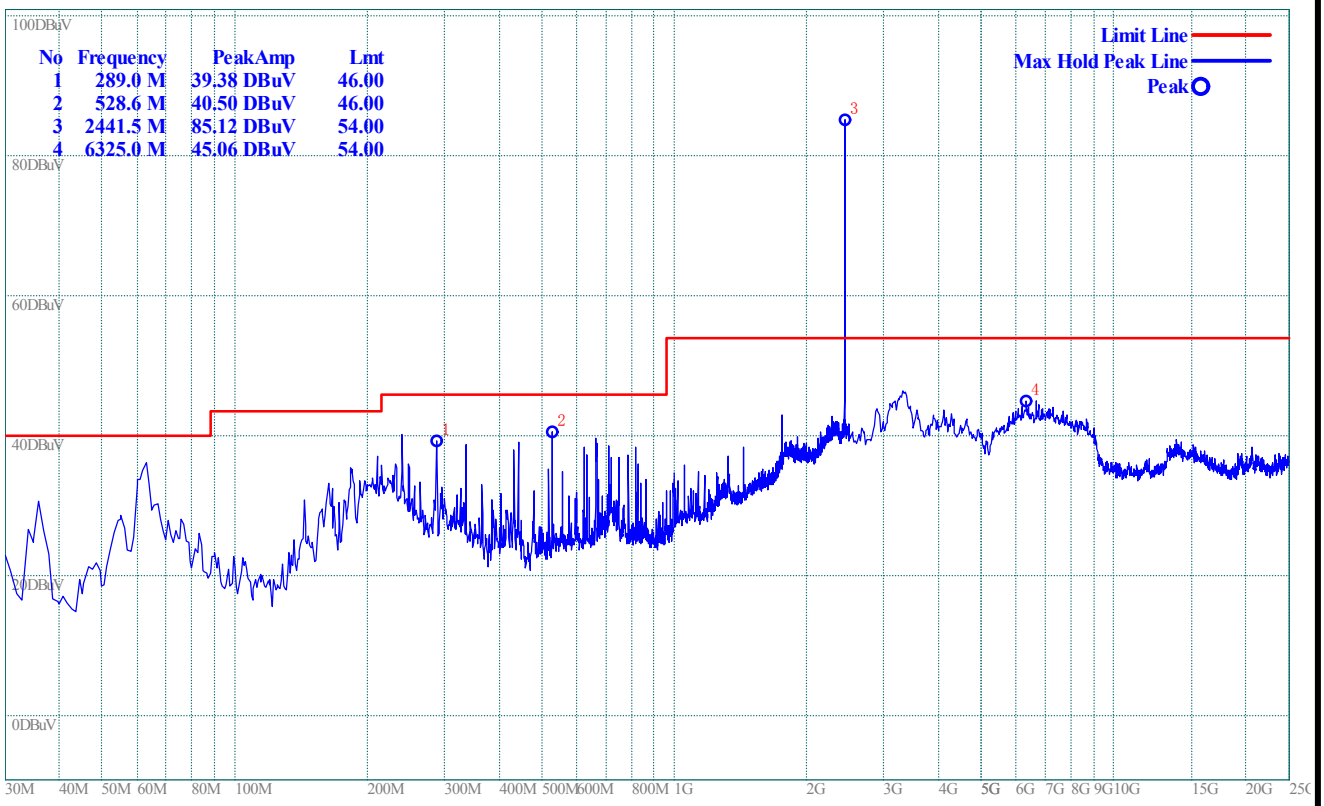


(Plot A.2: 30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Vertical @ 8-DPSK, channel 0)

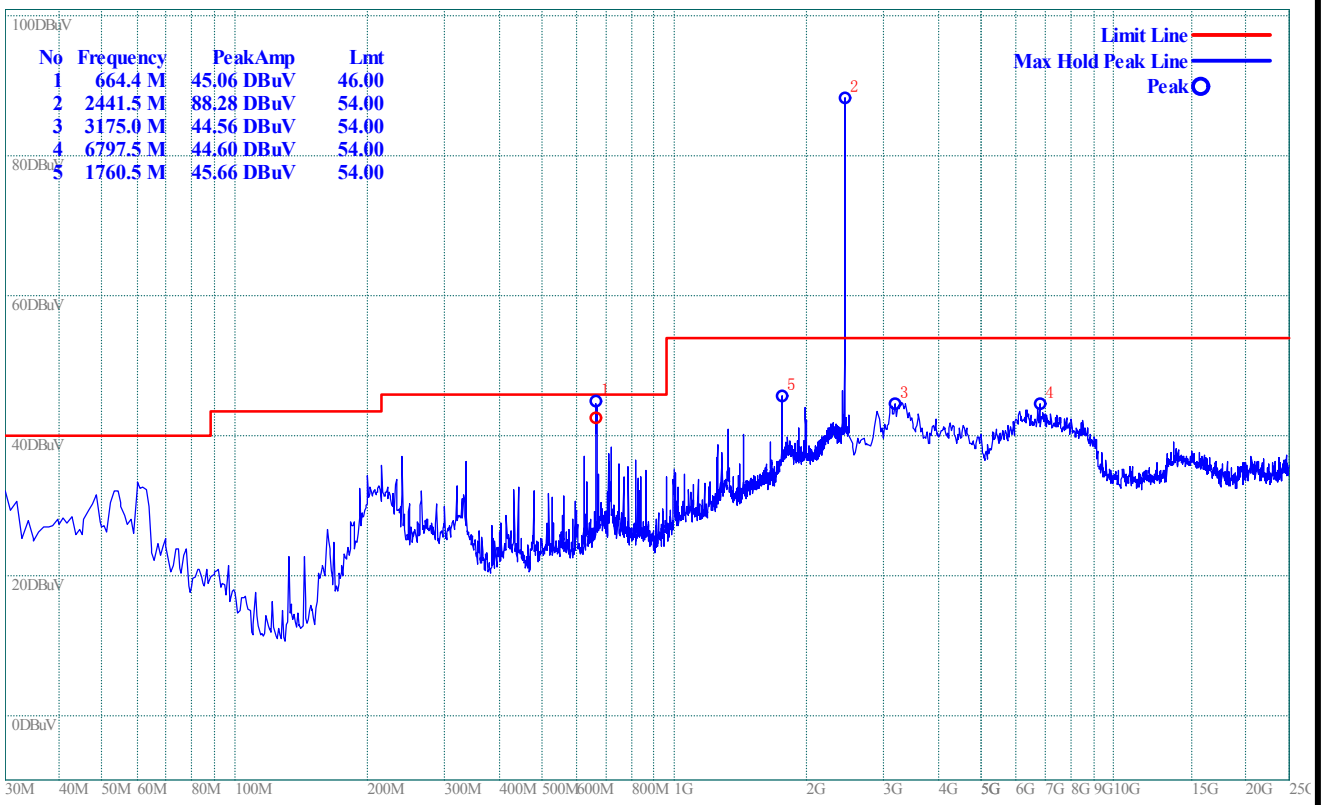
Plot for Channel = 39



(Plot B.0: 9kHz to 30MHz @ 8-DPSK, channel 39)

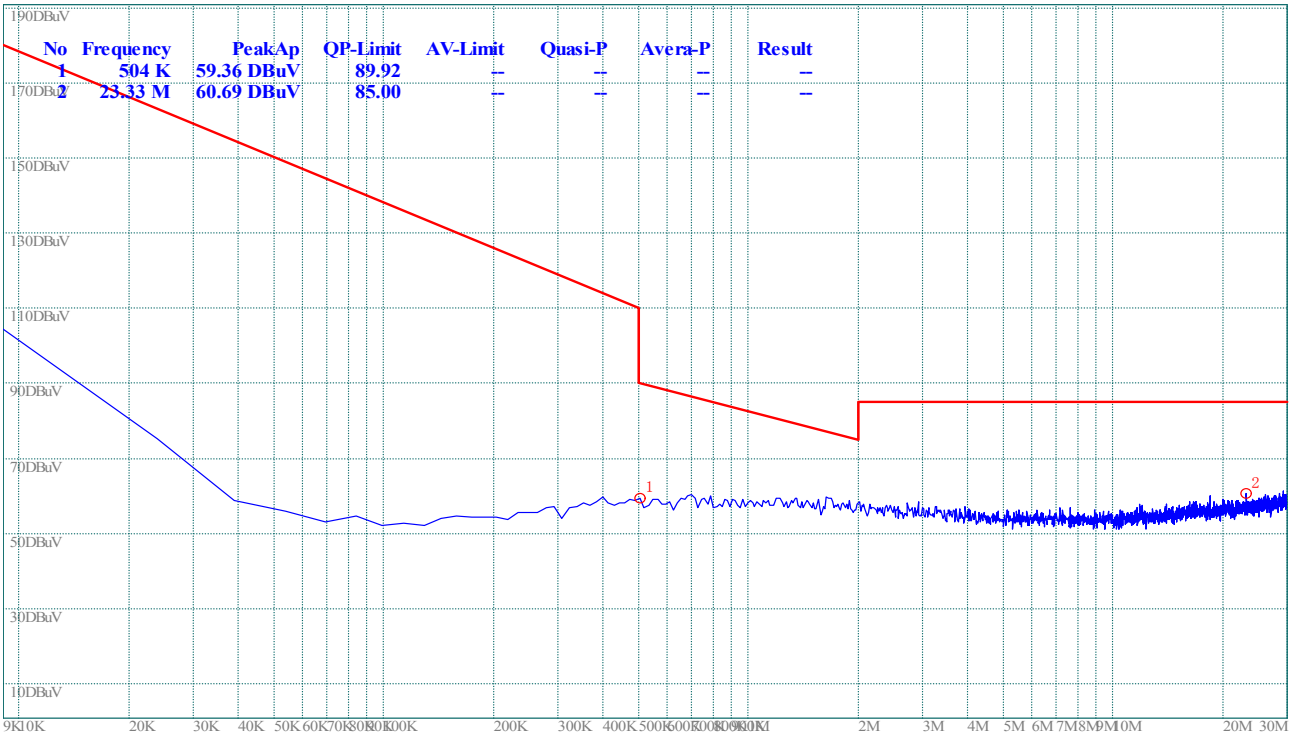


(Plot B.1: 30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Horizontal @ 8-DPSK, channel 39)

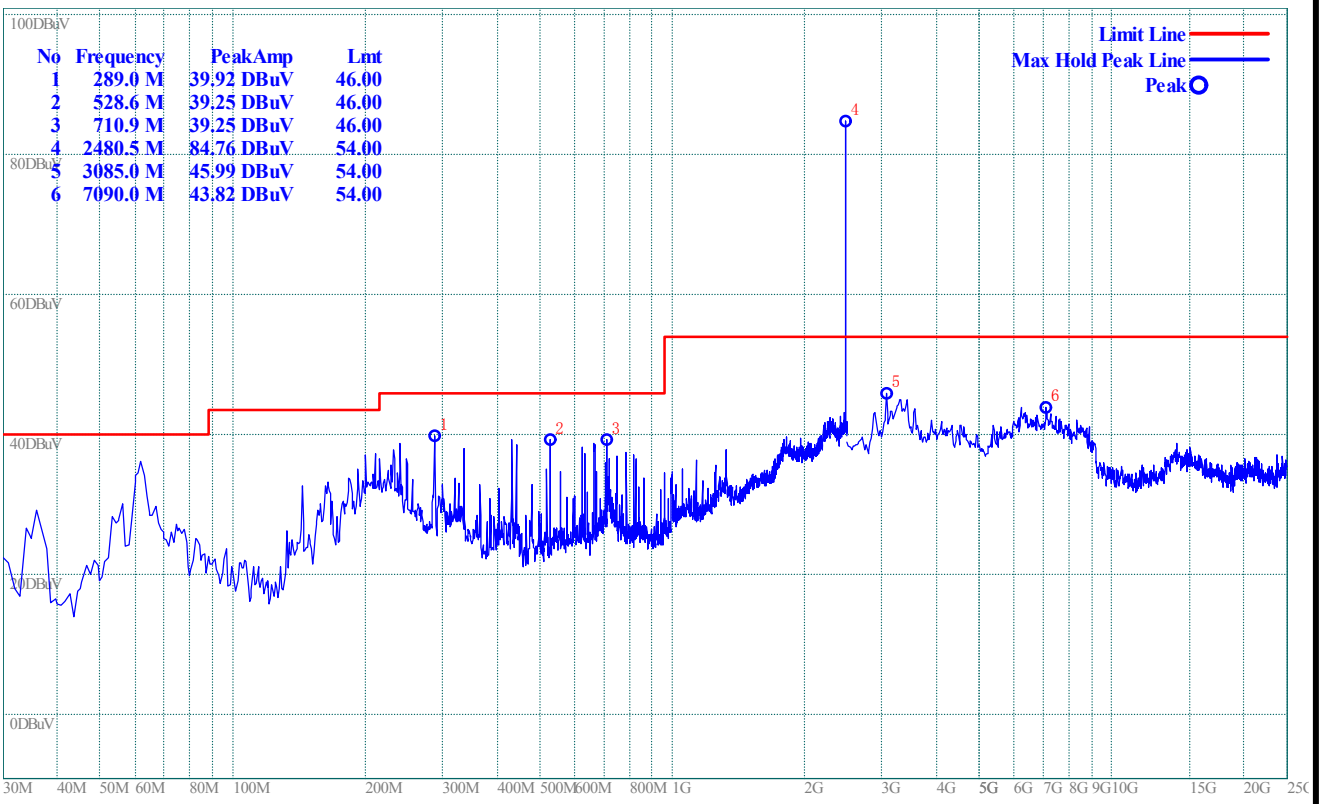


(Plot B.2: 30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Vertical @ 8-DPSK, channel 39)

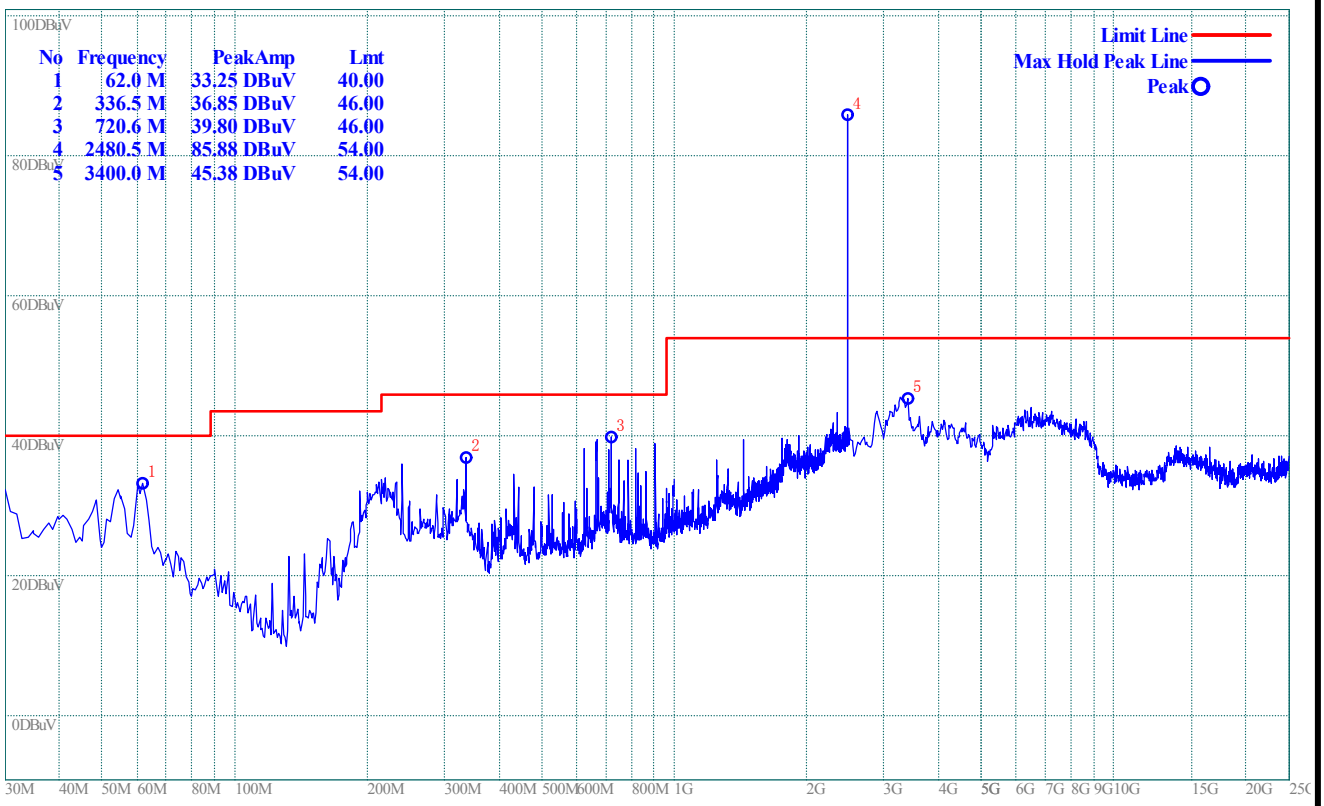
Plot for Channel = 78



(Plot C.0: 9kHz to 30MHz @ 8-DPSK, channel 78)



(Plot C.1: 30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Horizontal @ 8-DPSK, channel 78)



(Plot C.2: 30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Vertical @ 8-DPSK, channel 78)

** END OF REPORT **