Manley Toys Limited

Application
For
Certification
(FCC ID: NS6-04649)

Transmitter

Sample Description : Walkie Talkie Model : 04649

We hereby certify that the sample of the above item is considered to comply with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart C for Intentional Radiator, mention 47 CFR [4-5-2005]

0610118 AC/at

June 13, 2006

- The test results reported in this report shall refer only to the sample actually tested and shall not refer or be deemed to refer to bulk from which such a sample may be said to have been obtained.
- This report shall not be reproduced except in full without prior authorization from Intertek Testing Services Hong Kong Limited.
- The evaluation data of the report will be kept for 3 years from the date of issuance.

LIST OF EXHIBITS

INTRODUCTION

EXHIBIT 1: General Description

EXHIBIT 2: System Test Configuration

EXHIBIT 3: Emission Results

EXHIBIT 4: Equipment Photographs

EXHIBIT 5: Product Labelling

EXHIBIT 6: Technical Specifications

EXHIBIT 7: Instruction Manual

EXHIBIT 8: Miscellaneous Information

MEASUREMENT/TECHNICAL REPORT

Manley Toys Limited - MODEL: 04649 FCC ID: NS6-04649

June 13, 2006

This report concerns (check one:) Original G	Grant X Class II Change				
Equipment Type: Low Power Transmitter (example: computer, printer, modem, etc.)					
Deferred grant requested per 47 CFR 0.457(d)(1	(1)(ii)? Yes No_X				
If yes, defer until:					
Company Name agrees to notify the Commissio	on by:date date				
of the intended date of announcement of the product so that the grant can be issued on that date.					
Transition Rules Request per 15.37?	Yes No_X				
If no, assumed Part 15, Subpart C for intentional radiator - the new 47 CFR [4-5-2005 Edition] provision.					
Report prepared by:	Chan Kar Ming, Anthony Intertek Testing Services 2/F., Garment Center, 576, Castle Peak Road, HONG KONG Phone: 852-2173-8502 Fax: 852-2742-9149				

Table of Contents

1.0 General Description 1.1 Product Description 1.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants	2 2 3
1.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants	2 3
	3
1.3 Test Methodology	
1.4 Test Facility	
2.0 System Test Configuration	
2.1 Justification	
2.2 EUT Exercising Software	
2.3 Special Accessories	
2.4 Equipment Modification	
2.5 Support Equipment List and Description	6
3.0 Emission Results	
3.1 Field Strength Calculation	
3.1 Field Strength Calculation (cont'd)	
3.2 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph	
3.3 Radiated Emission Data	. 12
4.0 Equipment Photographs	. 15
5.0 Product Labelling	. 17
C.O. Taskwissi Onssifications	40
6.0 <u>Technical Specifications</u>	. 19
7.0 Instruction Manual	21
1.0 IIISTI UCTIOII Maridai	
8.0 Miscellaneous Information	23
8.1 Measured Bandwidth	20 24
8.2 Emission Test Procedures	
8.2 Emission Test Procedures (Cont'd)	

List of attached file

Exhibit type	File Description	filename
Test Report	Test Report	report.pdf
Operation Description	Technical Description	descri.pdf
Test Setup Photo	Radiated Emission	radiated photos.doc
Test Report	Bandwidth Plot	bw.pdf
External Photo	External Photo	external photos.doc
Internal Photo	Internal Photo	internal photos.doc
Block Diagram	Block Diagram	block.pdf
Schematics	Circuit Diagram	circuit.pdf
ID Label/Location	Label Artwork and Location	label.pdf
User Manual	User Manual	manual.pdf

EXHIBIT 1

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.0 **General Description**

1.1 Product Description

The equipment under test (EUT) is a transmitter for a Walkie Talkie with FM Radio operating at 49.860 MHz which is controlled by a crystal. The EUT is powered by a 9V battery. The EUT has a power and mode switch, a push-to-talk button, a scan button, a reset button, and a volume switch. To enable the walkie talkie function, switch the power and mode switch to "Walkie" position, the user can speak to other side, when press the push-to-talk button, and receive reply from other side, when release the push-to-talk button. To enable the FM Radio function, switch the power and mode switch to "Radio" position, press the scan button to search the radio channels from 87.5 MHz to 108 MHz and press the reset button to reset the radio channel to 87.5 MHz. The volume switch is used to adjust the volume. The corresponding earphone handsfree (1.2m) is connected with this device for all mode of the operation.

The brief circuit description is saved with filename: descri.pdf

1.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is a single application for certification of a transmitter. The receiver for this transmitter is authorized by Vertification procedure.

1.3 Test Methodology

The radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 (2003). All measurements were performed in Open Area Test Sites. Preliminary scans were performed in the Open Area Test Sites only to determine worst case modes. All Radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "Justification Section" of this Application.

1.4 Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the emission data is located at Garment Centre, 576 Castle Peak Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong. This test facility and site measurement data have been fully placed on file with the FCC.

EXHIBIT 2 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

2.0 **System Test Configuration**

2.1 Justification

The system was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it), and in the confines as outlined in ANSI C63.4 (2003).

The EUT was powered by a new 9V battery during test.

For maximizing emissions, the EUT was rotated through 360°, the antenna height was varied from 1 meter to 4 meters above the ground plane, and the antenna polarization was changed. This step by step procedure for maximizing emissions led to the data reported in Exhibit 3.0.

The unit was operated standalone and placed in the center of the turntable.

The equipment under test (EUT) was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT was placed on a turn table, which enabled the engineer to maximize emissions through its placement in the three orthogonal axes.

For simplicity of testing, the unit was wired to transmit continuously.

2.2 EUT Exercising Software

There was no special software to exercise the device.

2.3 Special Accessories

There are no special accessories necessary for compliance of this product.

2.4 Equipment Modification

Any modifications installed previous to testing by Manley Toys Limited will be incorporated in each production model sold/leased in the United States.

No modifications were installed by Intertek Testing Services.

2.5 Support Equipment List and Description

This product was tested in a standalone configuration.

All the items listed under section 2.0 of this report are

Confirmed by:

Chan Kar Ming, Anthony Supervisor Intertek Testing Services Agent for Manley Toys Limited

	Signature
June 13, 2006	Date

EXHIBIT 3

EMISSION RESULTS

3.0 **Emission Results**

Data is included worst case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

3.1 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below.

$$FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV$$

where $FS = Field Strength in dB\mu V/m$

RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in $dB\mu V$

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB

AF = Antenna Factor in dB

AG = Amplifier Gain in dB

PD = Pulse Desensitization in dB

AV = Average Factor in -dB

In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflect the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:

$$FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV$$

3.1 Field Strength Calculation (cont'd)

Example

Assume a receiver reading of $62.0~dB_{\mu}V$ is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29 dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer was 0 dB, and the resultant average factor was -10 dB. The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is $32~dB_{\mu}V/m$. This value in $dB_{\mu}V/m$ was converted to its corresponding level in $\mu V/m$.

 $RA = 62.0 dB\mu V$

AF = 7.4 dB

CF = 1.6 dB

 $AG = 29.0 \, dB$

PD = 0 dB

AV = -10 dB

 $FS = 62 + 7.4 + 1.6 - 29 + 0 + (-10) = 32 dB\mu V/m$

Level in μ V/m = Common Antilogarithm [(32 dB μ V/m)/20] = 39.8 μ V/m

3.2 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

Worst Case Radiated Emission

99.730 MHz

For electronic filing, the worst case radiated emission configuration photograph is saved with filename: radiated photos.doc

3.3 Radiated Emission Data

The data on the following page lists the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance. Numbers with a minus sign are below the limit.

Judgement: Passed by 10.1 dB

TEST PERSONNEL:



Signature

Gary M. K. Li, Compliance Engineer
Typed/Printed Name

<u>June 13, 2006</u> *Date*

Applicant: Manley Toys Limited Date of Test: May 24, 2006

Model: 04649 Mode: TX Sample: 1/2

Table 1

Radiated Emissions

Polarization	Frequency	Reading	Antenna	Pre-	Average	Net	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBµV)	Factor	Amp	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	(dB)
			(dB)	Gain	(-dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	
				(dB)				
V	49.860	43.0	11	16.0	0.0	38.0	80.0	-42.0
Н	99.730	38.4	11	16.0		33.4	43.5	-10.1
Н	149.595	35.6	13	16.0	-	32.6	43.5	-10.9
Н	199.460	32.5	16	16.0	-	32.5	43.5	-11.0
Н	249.325	28.1	20	16.0		32.1	46.0	-13.9
Н	299.190	24.8	22	16.0		30.8	46.0	-15.2
Н	349.055	22.2	24	16.0		30.2	46.0	-15.8
Н	398.892	21.0	25	16.0		30.0	46.0	-16.0

Notes: 1. Peak Detector Data unless otherwise stated.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meter. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3 meter distance were measured at 0.3 meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3 meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3 meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna are used for the emission over 1000MHz.

*Emission within the restricted band meets the requirement of part 15.205. The corresponding limit as per 15.209 is based on Quasi peak detector data for frequencies below 1000 MHz and peak detector data with average factor for frequencies over 1000 MHz.

Test Engineer: Gary M. K. Li

EXHIBIT 4

EQUIPMENT PHOTOGRAPHS

4.0 **Equipment Photographs**

For electronic filing, the photographs are saved with filename: external photos.doc and internal photos.doc

EXHIBIT 5

PRODUCT LABELLING

5.0 **Product Labelling**

For electronic filing, the FCC ID label artwork and the label location are saved with filename: label.pdf

EXHIBIT 6

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

6.0 **Technical Specifications**

For electronic filing, the block diagram and schematics are saved with filename: block.pdf and circuit.pdf

EXHIBIT 7

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

7.0 <u>Instruction Manual</u>

For electronic filing, a preliminary copy of the Instruction Manual is saved with filename: manual.pdf

EXHIBIT 8

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

8.0 <u>Miscellaneous Information</u>

This miscellaneous information includes details of the measured bandwidth.

8.1 Measured Bandwidth

For electronic filing, the plot shows the fundamental emission when modulated with 1 kHz and 100 dBSPL, 10 cm from the Microphone of EUT and unmodulated are saved with filename: bw.pdf

The plot saved in bw.pdf which shows the fundamental emission is confined in the specified band. The field strength of any emission appearing between the band edges and up to 10kHz above and below the band edges (49.81 and 49.91 MHz) is at least 26 dB below the carrier level. And at 49.81 & 49.91 MHz, there are at least 46 dB below the carrier level. It meets requirement of Section 15.235(b).

Figure 8.1 Bandwidth

8.2 Emissions Test Procedures

The following is a description of the test procedure used by Intertek Testing Services in the measurements of transmitters operating under Part 15, Subpart C rules.

The test set-up and procedures described below are designed to meet the requirements of ANSI C63.4 - 2003.

The transmitting equipment under test (EUT) is placed on a wooden turntable which is four feet in diameter and approximately one meter in height above the ground plane. The antenna of EUT was fully extended. During the radiated emissions test, the turntable is rotated and any cables leaving the EUT are manipulated to find the configuration resulting in maximum emissions. The antenna height and polarization are varied during the testing to search for maximum signal levels.

Detector function for radiated emissions is in peak mode. Average readings, when required, are taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings.

The frequency range scanned is from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 GHz, whichever is lower. For line conducted emissions, the range scanned is 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

8.2 Emissions Test Procedures (cont'd)

The EUT is warmed up for 15 minutes prior to the test.

AC power to the unit is varied from 85% to 115% nominal and variation in the fundamental emission field strength is recorded. If battery powered, a new, fully charged battery is used.

Conducted measurements are made as described in ANSI C63.4 - 2003.

The IF bandwidth used for measurement of radiated signal strength was 10 kHz for emission below 30 MHz and 120 kHz for emission from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz.

Transmitter measurements are normally conducted at a measurement distance of three meters. However, to assure low enough noise floor in the restricted bands and above 1 GHz, signals are acquired at a distance of one meter or less. All measurements are extrapolated to three meters using inverse scaling, but those measurements taken at a closer distance are so marked.

When determining the test result, the Measurement Uncertainty of the test has been considered.