

EMV TESTHAUS

test report

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RF test report
170304-AU01+W01



HBC-radiomatic GmbH
RFID Reader Module
TF010010



The test result refers exclusively to the
model tested.

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Accreditation:



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1 Summary of test results

System type: RFID Reader

47 CFR part and section	Test	Equivalent to IC radio standard(s)	Page	Result	Note(s)
15.207	AC power line conducted emissions 150 kHz to 30 MHz	RSS-210, section 3.1 RSS-Gen, section 8.8	25	Passed	
15.215(c)	20 dB bandwidth	---	29	For information only	
2.202(a) ANSI C63.10	Occupied bandwidth (99 %)	RSS-Gen, section 6.7	33	For information only	
15.225 (a) – (d)	Operation within the band 13.110 – 14.010 MHz	RSS-210 section B.6	36	Passed	
15.225(e)	Carrier frequency stability	RSS-210, section B.6 RSS-Gen, section 6.11	40	Passed	
15.209	Emissions outside the operating frequency band(s) specified 9 kHz to 10 th harmonic 9 kHz to 30 MHz 30 MHz to 1 GHz Above 1 GHz	RSS-Gen, section 6.13 RSS-Gen, section 8.9	44 48 ---	Passed Passed Not applicable	--- --- 1

Notes (for information about EUT see clause 3):

- 1 Not applicable if the 10th harmonic of the intentional transmitter is beyond 1 GHz (please see 47 CFR Part 15, section 15.33(a)(1), and RSS-Gen, section 6.13)



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2 Referenced publications

Publication	Title
CFR 47 Part 2 October 2017	Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47 (Telecommunication), Part 2 (Frequency allocation and radio treaty matters; General rules and regulations) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)
CFR 47 Part 15 October 2017	Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47 (Telecommunication), Part 15 (Radio Frequency Devices) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)
ANSI C63.10 June 2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices
KDB 174176 D01 June 3, 2015	AC power-line conducted emissions Frequently Asked Questions
RSS-Gen, Issue 5 April 2018	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications - Radio Standards Specification - General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus
RSS-210 Issue 9, August 2016	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specification Licence-exempt Radio Apparatus (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment



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3 Equipment under test (EUT)

All Information in this clause is declared by customer.

3.1 General information

Product type: RFID reader module
Model name: TF010010
Serial number(s): EUT#1
Applicant: HBC-radiomatic GmbH
Manufacturer: HBC-radiomatic GmbH
Customer test report number: TR_2018_01_10
Version: Hardware: ---
Software: ---
Additional modifications: DC-Power Supply cables (only used for test purposes).
FCC ID: NO9TF010
IC registration number: 2977A-TF010
Power supply: DC supply
Nominal voltage: 3.30 V
Minimum voltage: 3.00 V
Maximum voltage: 5.00 V
Nominal frequency: ---
Temperature range: -25 °C to +70 °C (customer defined)
Device type: Portable Mobile Fixed



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3.2 Radio specifications

System type:	RFID Reader						
Application frequency band:	13.110 MHz – 14.010 MHz						
Frequency range used:	13.545 MHz – 13.572 MHz						
Operating frequencies:	13.56 MHz						
Short description:	The EUT is a RFID reader module operating on the frequency 13.56 MHz.						
Number of RF channels	1						
Modulation	ASK						
Antenna:	<table><tr><td>Type:</td><td>PCB antenna</td></tr><tr><td>Gain:</td><td>n/a</td></tr><tr><td>Connector:</td><td><input type="checkbox"/> external <input type="checkbox"/> temporary <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> internal <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> none (integral antenna)</td></tr></table>	Type:	PCB antenna	Gain:	n/a	Connector:	<input type="checkbox"/> external <input type="checkbox"/> temporary <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> internal <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> none (integral antenna)
Type:	PCB antenna						
Gain:	n/a						
Connector:	<input type="checkbox"/> external <input type="checkbox"/> temporary <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> internal <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> none (integral antenna)						

3.3 Photo documentation

For external photos of the EUT see annex B, for internal ones see annex C. Photos taken during testing including EUT positions can be found in annex A.



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4 Test configuration and mode of operation

4.1 Test configuration

Device	Type designation	Serial or inventory no.	Manufacturer
<i>EUT</i>			
RFID reader module	TF010010	EUT#1	HBC-radiomatic GmbH
RFID tag	13.56 MHz	---	---
<i>Support equipment</i>			
DC-supply	Statron 3231.1	E01236	Statron GmbH
Universal power supply	C17-6U3	SEB01258	Hycell Power Station

Table 1: Devices used for testing

4.2 Mode of operation

4.2.1 Test software used for all tests

Manufacturer programmed all EUTs to “continuous-tag-reading-mode”.

4.2.2 Test modes applied

During the pre-tests it was observed that the “continuous-tag-reading-mode” is the respective worst- case. Therefore this mode was selected for final testing. The device was configured by manufacturer to activate the RFID reader for continuous transmission via RFID card.



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5 Test procedures

5.1 General specifications

5.1.1 Test setups

Tabletop devices are placed on a non-conductive table with a height of 0.8 m. In case of AC power-line conducted emissions test, the rear of the EUT is located 40 cm to the vertical wall of the RF-shielded (screened) room which is used as vertical conducting plane. For radiated emission measurements above 1 GHz, tabletop devices are placed at a height of 1.5 m above the floor using a support made of styrene placed on top of the non-conductive table.

Floor-standing devices are placed either directly on the reference ground-plane or on insulating material (see clause 6.3.3 of ANSI C63.4-2014 for more details).

All other surfaces of tabletop or floor-standing EUTs are at least 80 cm from any other grounded conducting surface. This includes the case or cases of one or more LISNs when performing an AC power-line conducted emissions test.

Radiated emission measurements of equipment that can be used in multiple orientations (e.g. portable or handheld devices) are performed with the EUT in each of three orthogonal axis positions.

5.2 AC power line conducted emission

AC power-line conducted emissions are measured according to clause 6.2 of ANSI C63.10 over the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz to determine the line-to-ground radio-noise voltage that is conducted from all of the EUT current-carrying power input terminals that are directly (or indirectly via separate transformers or power supplies) connected to a public power network. The tests are performed in a shielded room.

If the EUT normally receives power from another device that in turn connects to the public utility ac power lines, measurements are made on that device with the EUT in operation to demonstrate that the device continues to comply with the appropriate limits while providing the EUT with power. If the EUT is operated only from internal or dedicated batteries, with no provisions for connection to the public utility ac power lines (600 VAC or less) to operate the EUT (such as an adapter), then ac power-line conducted measurements are not required.

For direct current (dc) powered devices where the ac power adapter is not supplied with the device, an “off-the-shelf” unmodified ac power adapter is used. If the device is supposed to be installed in a host (e.g., the device is a module or PC card), then it is tested in a typical compliant host.



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Frequency (f)	Measurement receiver bandwidth	Step size	Detector type		
			Prescan	Prescan with FFT	Final scan
150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	9 kHz	≤ 4.5 kHz	Peak, Average	Quasi-peak, Average	Quasi-peak, Average

Table 2: Bandwidth and detector type for AC power-line conducted emissions test

The AC power-line conducted emissions test is performed in the following steps:

- The EUT is arranged as tabletop or floor-standing equipment, as applicable, and connected to a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) with 50 μ H / 50 Ω . If required, a second LISN of the same type and terminated by 50 Ω is used for peripheral devices. The EUT is switched on.
- The measurement equipment is connected to the LISN for the EUT and set-up according to the specifications of the test (see table 2). At the LISN, the neutral line is selected to be tested.
- The prescan is performed with both detectors activated at the same time. If the test receiver is capable of FFT analysis, it is used for prescan, but not for final scan.
- When the prescan is completed, maximum levels with less margin than 10 dB or exceeding the limit are determined and collected in a list.
- With the first frequency of the list selected, a frequency zoom over a range of ten times of the measurement receiver bandwidth around this frequency is performed. If the EUT has no significant drift in frequency, the frequency zoom can be skipped.
- For final scan, the emission level is measured and the maximum is recorded.
- Steps e) to f) are repeated for all other frequencies in the list. At least the six highest EUT emissions relative to the limit have to be recorded.
- Steps c) to g) are repeated for all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords of EUT, i.e. all phase and (if used) neutral line(s).

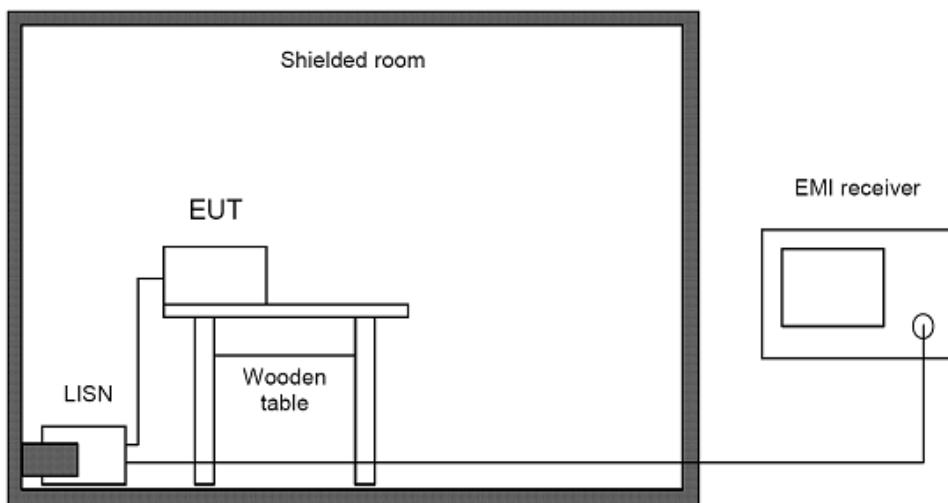


Figure 1: Setup for AC power-line conducted emissions test from 150 kHz to 30 MHz

5.3 Radiated emissions below 30 MHz

Radiated emissions below 30 MHz are measured according to clause 6.4 of ANSI C63.10 using an inductive shielded loop antenna. As this antenna measures the magnetic field only, its antenna factors are converted to electric field strength values assuming a free space impedance of 377Ω as described in clause 4.3.1 of ANSI C63.10. This results in an additional correction of 51.53 dB.

According to clause 6.4.3 of ANSI C63.10, at frequencies below 30 MHz, measurements may be performed at a distance closer than that specified in the requirements. In this case, the results are extrapolated to the specified distance by using a recalculation factor determined according to one of the methods described in clause 6.4.4 of ANSI C63.10, provided that the maximum dimension of the device is equal to or less than 0.625 times the wavelength at the frequency being measured. As the minimum wavelength is 10 meters corresponding to the maximum frequency of 30 MHz, this requirement is fulfilled if the maximum dimension of the device is equal to or less than 6.25 meters.

Unless otherwise stated, the recalculation factor is determined according to clause 6.4.4.2 "Extrapolation from the measurement of a single point" of ANSI C63.10:

$$\begin{aligned} d_{\text{near field}} &= 47.77 / f_{\text{MHz}}, \text{ or} \\ f_{\text{MHz}} &= 47.77 / d_{\text{near field}} \end{aligned}$$

The frequency f_{MHz} at which the near field distance is equal to the limit and/or test distance is important for selection of the right formula to determine the recalculation factor:

$$\begin{aligned} f_{\text{MHz}}(300 \text{ m}) &\approx 0.159 \text{ MHz} \\ f_{\text{MHz}}(30 \text{ m}) &\approx 1.592 \text{ MHz} \\ f_{\text{MHz}}(3 \text{ m}) &\approx 15.923 \text{ MHz} \end{aligned}$$

Based on the test distances for the general radiated emission limits as specified in §15.209 of 47 CFR Part 15, the following formulas are used to determine the recalculation factor:

Frequency (f)	d_{limit}	d_{measure}	Formula for recalculation factor
9 kHz \leq f \leq 159 kHz 490 kHz $<$ f \leq 1.592 MHz	300 m 30 m	3 m	$-40 \log(d_{\text{limit}} / d_{\text{measure}})$
159 kHz $<$ f \leq 490 kHz 1.592 MHz $<$ f \leq 15.923 MHz	300 m 30 m	3 m	$-40 \log(d_{\text{near field}} / d_{\text{measure}}) - 20 \log(d_{\text{limit}} / d_{\text{near field}})$
f $>$ 15.923 MHz	30 m	3 m	$-20 \log(d_{\text{limit}} / d_{\text{measure}})$

Table 3: Recalculation factors for extrapolation

Prescans for radiated measurements below 30 MHz are performed in a fully anechoic room (called "CDC"). The measurement distance is 3 meters. The emissions of the EUT are recorded with an EMI test receiver configured as described in table 4.



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Frequency (f)	Measurement receiver bandwidth	Step size	Detector type		
			Prescan	Prescan with FFT	Final scan
9 kHz ≤ f < 150 kHz	200 Hz	≤ 100 Hz	Peak, Average	Peak Quasi-peak, Average	Peak Quasi-peak, Average
150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	9 kHz	≤ 4.5 kHz	Peak, Average	Peak Quasi-peak, Average	Peak Quasi-peak, Average

Table 4: Bandwidth and detector type for radiated emissions test below 30 MHz

Prescans are performed with all detectors activated at the same time. If the test receiver is capable of FFT analysis, it is used for prescans, but not for final scans. If no limit is specified for certain detectors, final scan measurement with these detectors may be omitted.

The radiated emissions test below 30 MHz is performed in the following steps:

- a) The loop antenna is positioned with its plane perpendicular to the ground with the lowest height of the antenna 1 m above the ground.
- b) The EUT is placed in its standard position on a turntable capable of rotation through 360° in the horizontal plane and arranged as tabletop or floor-standing equipment, as applicable. The EUT is switched on.
- c) The measurement equipment is connected to the loop antenna and set-up according to the specifications of the test (see table 4).
- d) The EUT is turned to a position likely to get the maximum and the test antenna is rotated to detect the maximum of the fundamental in this EUT position.
- e) Then the EUT is rotated in a horizontal plane through 360° in steps of 45°. Starting at 0°, at each table position the spectrum for the full frequency range is recorded. If the emission at a certain frequency is higher than the levels already recorded, the current table position is noted as the maximum position.
- f) After the last prescan, the significant maximum emissions and their table positions are determined and collected in a list.
- g) With the test receiver set to the first frequency of the list, the EUT is rotated by ±45° around the table position found during prescans while measuring the emission level continuously. For final scan, the worst-case table position is set and the maximum emission level is recorded.
- h) Step g) is repeated for all other frequencies in the list.
- i) Finally, for frequencies with critical emissions the loop antenna is rotated again to find the maximum of emission. At least, frequency and level of the six highest emissions relative to the limit have to be recorded. However, emissions more than 20 dB below the limit do not need to be reported.

If the EUT may be used in various positions, steps a) to i) are repeated in two other orthogonal positions. If the EUT may be used in one position only, steps a) to i) are repeated in one orthogonal position.



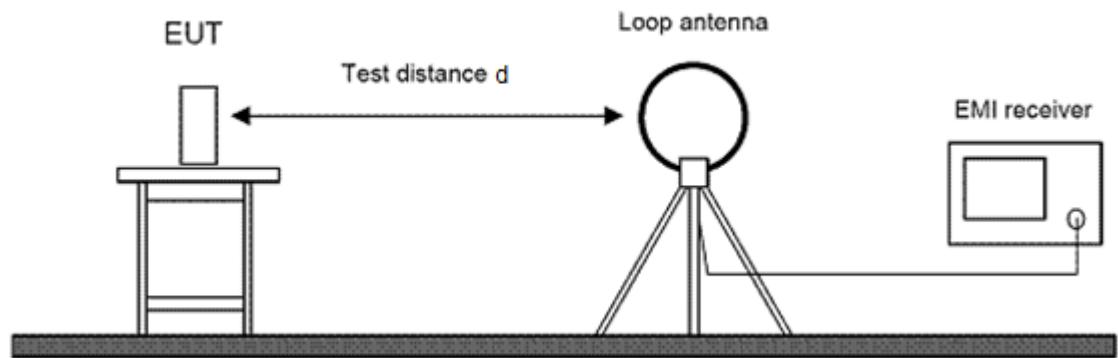


Figure 2: Setup for radiated emissions test below 30 MHz



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5.4 Radiated emissions from 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Radiated emissions in the frequency range 30 MHz to 1 GHz are measured according to clause 6.5 of ANSI C63.10 using a semi-anechoic chamber (SAC) with a ground plane on the floor. The measurement distance is 3 meters. The emissions of the EUT are recorded with an EMI test receiver configured as described in table 5.

Frequency (f)	Measurement receiver bandwidth	Step size	Detector type		
			Prescan	Prescan with FFT	Final scan
30 MHz $\leq f \leq$ 1 GHz	120 kHz	≤ 60 kHz	Peak	Quasi-peak	Quasi-peak

Table 5: Bandwidth and detector type for radiated emissions test from 30 MHz to 1 GHz

The measurement antenna is a combination of a biconical antenna and a logarithmic-periodic dipole array antenna. It is mounted on a support capable of allowing the antenna to be used in either horizontal or vertical polarization and in a height between 1 m and 4 m above the ground plane.

If the test receiver is capable of FFT analysis, it is used for prescans, but not for final scans.

The radiated emissions test from 30 MHz to 1 GHz is performed in the following steps:

- a) The measurement antenna is oriented initially for vertical polarization.
- b) The EUT is placed in its standard position on a turntable capable of rotation through 360° in the horizontal plane and arranged as tabletop or floor-standing equipment, as applicable. The EUT is switched on.
- c) The measurement equipment is connected to the measurement antenna and set-up according to the specifications of the test (see table 5).
- d) The table position is set to 0°.
- e) The antenna height is set to 1 m.
- f) The spectrum for the full frequency range is recorded. If the emission at a certain frequency is higher than the levels already recorded, the polarization and height of the measurement antenna as well as the current table position are noted as the maximum position.
- g) The antenna height is increased to 4 m in steps of 50 cm. At each height, step f) is repeated.
- h) The polarization of the measurement antenna is changed to horizontal.
- i) The antenna height is decreased from 4 m to 1 m in steps of 50 cm. At each height, step f) is repeated.
- j) The EUT is rotated in a horizontal plane through 360° in steps of 60°. At each table position, steps e) to i) are repeated.
- k) After the last prescan, the significant maximum emissions with their polarizations and heights of the measurement antenna as well as their table positions are determined and collected in a list.
- l) With the test receiver set to the first frequency of the list, the measurement antenna is set to the polarization and height and the table is moved to the position as determined during prescans.
- m) The antenna is moved by ± 50 cm around this height and the EUT is rotated by ± 60 ° around this table position while measuring the emission level continuously.



- n) For final scan, the worst-case positions of antenna and table are set and the maximum emission level is recorded.
- o) Steps l) to n) are repeated for all other frequencies in the list. At least, frequency and level of the six highest emissions relative to the limit have to be recorded. However, emissions more than 20 dB below the limit do not need to be reported.

If the EUT may be used in various positions, steps a) to o) are repeated in two other orthogonal positions.

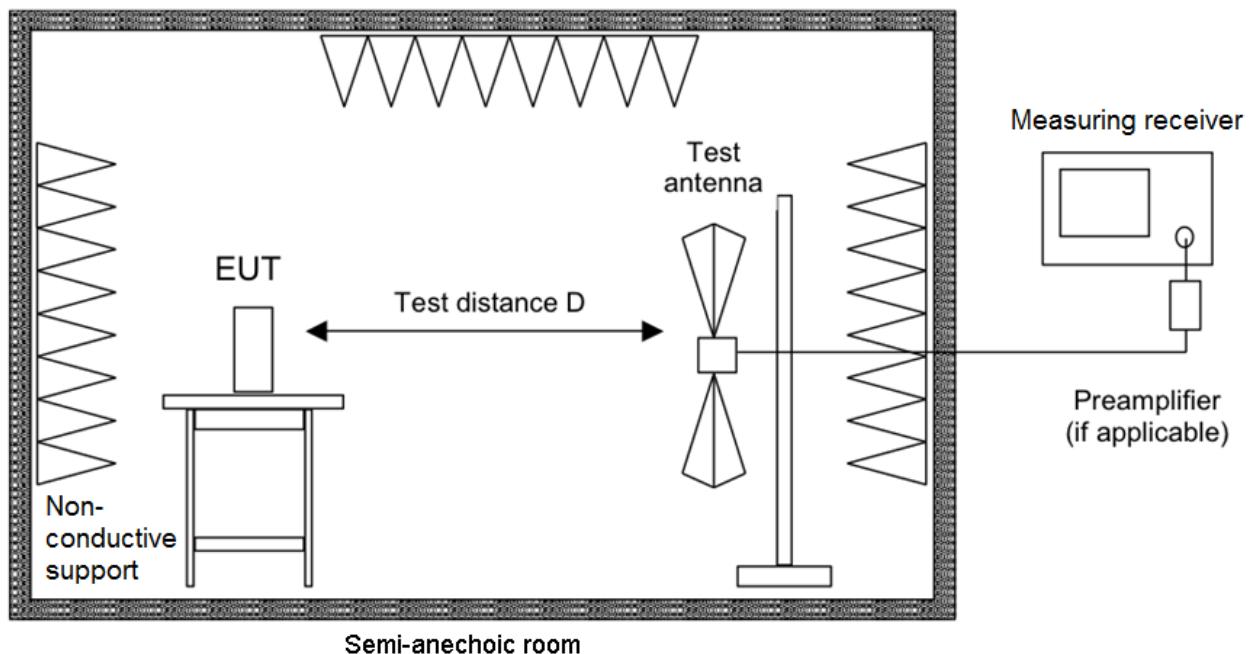


Figure 3: Setup for radiated emissions test from 30 MHz to 1 GHz

5.5 Radiated emissions above 1 GHz

Radiated emissions above 1 GHz are measured according to clause 6.6 of ANSI C63.10 by conducting exploratory and final radiated emission tests. According to clause 6.6.4.1 of ANSI C63.10, measurements may be performed at a distance closer than that specified in the requirements. However, an attempt shall be made to avoid making final measurements in the near field of both the measurement antenna and the EUT.

For measurement of radiated emissions above 1 GHz, horn antennas are used.

5.5.1 Exploratory radiated emissions measurements

Exploratory radiated emissions above 1 GHz are measured in a semi-anechoic chamber with RF absorbing material on the floor or a fully anechoic room. They are performed by moving the receiving antenna over all sides of the EUT at a closer distance (e.g. 0.5 or 1 m) while observing the display of the test receiver to find the emissions to be re-tested during final radiated emission measurements.

According to clause 5.3.3 of ANSI C63.10, when performing measurements at a distance other than that specified, the results shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade of distance (inverse of linear distance for field-strength measurements). To simplify testing and documentation, the limits are increased accordingly instead of decreasing the results.

The emissions of the EUT are displayed and recorded with an EMI test receiver operating in the spectrum analyzer mode using the settings as described in table 6.

Frequency (f)	Resolution bandwidth	Video bandwidth	Sweep time	Trace detector(s)	Trace mode(s)	Test
$f \geq 1 \text{ GHz}$	1 MHz	3 MHz	AUTO	Max Peak, Average	Clear Write	Searching
					Max Hold	Recording

Table 6: Bandwidth and trace settings for exploratory radiated emissions test above 1 GHz

If during exploratory radiated emissions measurements no levels to be re-tested are found, the final radiated emissions measurement may be omitted. In this case, the chart of the exploratory radiated emissions measurements has to be reported.

5.5.2 Final radiated emissions measurements

Final radiated emissions above 1 GHz are measured in a semi-anechoic chamber (SAC) with RF absorbing material on the floor between measurement antenna and EUT. The measurement distance is 3 meters. The emissions of the EUT are recorded with an EMI test receiver configured as described in table 7.

Frequency (f)	Measurement receiver bandwidth	Step size	Detector type	
			Prescan	Final scan
$f \geq 1 \text{ GHz}$	1 MHz	$\leq 500 \text{ kHz}$	Peak, Average	Peak, Average

Table 7: Bandwidth and detector type for final radiated emissions test above 1 GHz

Prescans are performed with both detectors activated at the same time. If the test receiver is capable of FFT analysis, it is used for prescans, but not for final scans.



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The horn antenna is mounted on a support capable of allowing the antenna to be used in either horizontal or vertical polarization and to be moved in a scan height range between 1 m and the scan height upper range defined in clause 6.6.3.3 of ANSI C63.10. When the EUT is manipulated through three different orientations, the scan height upper range for the measurement antenna is limited to 2.5 m above the ground plane or 0.5 m above the top of the EUT, whichever is higher. Otherwise, the scan height upper range is 4 m above the ground plane.

To keep the emission signal within the illumination area of the 3 dB beamwidth of the measurement antenna, the automatic tilt function of the antenna support device is used to point the antenna at an angle toward the source of the emission.

The final radiated emissions test above 1 GHz is performed in the following steps:

- a) The measurement antenna is oriented initially for vertical polarization.
- b) The EUT is placed in its standard position on a turntable capable of rotation through 360° in the horizontal plane and arranged as tabletop or floor-standing equipment, as applicable. The EUT is switched on.
- c) The measurement equipment is connected to the measurement antenna and set-up according to the specifications of the test (see table 7).
- d) The table position is set to 0°.
- e) The antenna height is set to 1 m.
- f) The spectrum for the full frequency range is recorded. If the emission at a certain frequency is higher than the levels already recorded, the polarization and height of the measurement antenna as well as the current table position are noted as the maximum position.
 - g) The antenna height is increased to the scan height upper range in steps of 50 cm. At each height, step f) is repeated.
- h) The polarization of the measurement antenna is changed to horizontal.
- i) The antenna height is decreased from the scan height upper range to 1 m in steps of 50 cm. At each height, step f) is repeated.
- j) The EUT is rotated in a horizontal plane through 360° in steps of 30°. At each table position, steps e) to i) are repeated.
- k) After the last prescan, the significant maximum emissions with their polarizations and heights of the measurement antenna as well as their table positions are determined and collected in a list.
- l) With the test receiver set to the first frequency of the list, the measurement antenna is set to the polarization and height and the table is moved to the position as determined during prescans.
- m) The antenna is moved by ± 50 cm around this height and the EUT is rotated by ± 30 ° around this table position while measuring the emission level continuously.
- n) For final scan, the worst-case positions of antenna and table are set and the maximum emission level is recorded.
- o) Steps l) to n) are repeated for all other frequencies in the list. At least, frequency and level of the six highest emissions relative to the limit have to be recorded. However, emissions more than 20 dB below the limit do not need to be reported.

If the EUT may be used in various positions, steps a) to o) are repeated in two other orthogonal positions.



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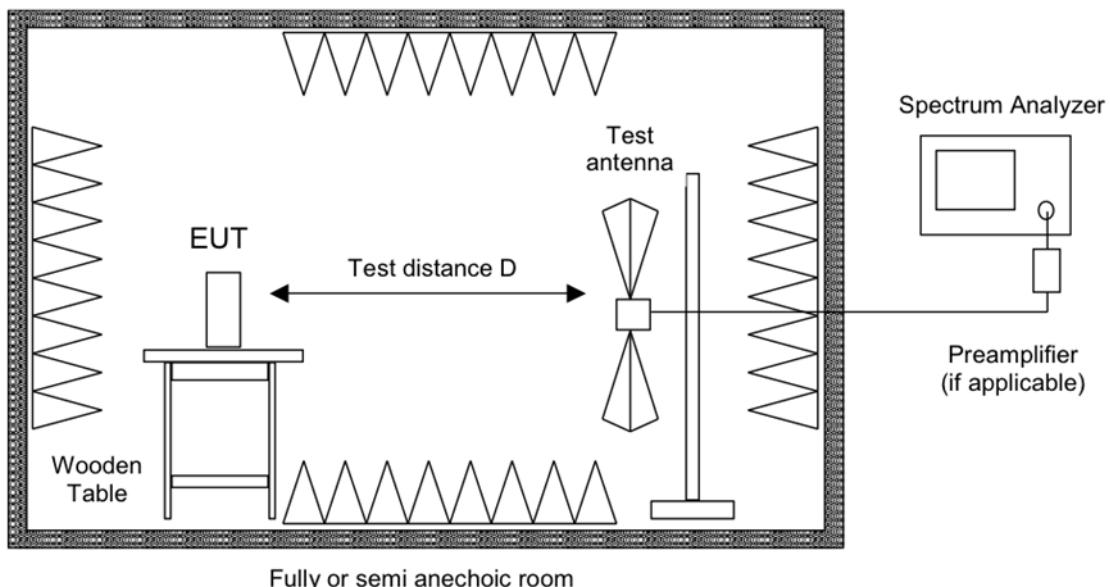


Figure 4: Setup for radiated emissions test above 1 GHz

5.6 Conducted measurements using a test fixture

With equipment intended for use with an integral antenna, and not equipped with a $50\ \Omega$ RF output connector, a test fixture is used for measurements under extreme conditions.

The test fixture is suitable for relative measurements, only. In addition, it can be used only for emissions at or near frequencies for which the test fixture has been calibrated.

5.7 Bandwidth measurements

5.7.1 20 dB bandwidth of the emission

The 20 dB bandwidth of the emission is measured according to clause 6.9.2 of ANSI C63.10 as the width of the spectral envelope of the modulated signal, at an amplitude level reduced by a ratio of 20 dB down from the reference value.

The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer is between two times and five times the 20 dB bandwidth. The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1 % to 5 % of the 20 dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately three times RBW.

The reference level of the instrument is set as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than $[10 \log (20 \text{ dB bandwidth}/\text{RBW})]$ below the reference level.

5.7.2 99 % occupied bandwidth

According to section 6.7 of RSS-Gen, the occupied bandwidth (OBW) is defined as the 99 % emission bandwidth.

The span of the spectrum analyzer is set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.

The resolution bandwidth is in the range of 1 % to 5 % of the occupied bandwidth and the video bandwidth is not smaller than three times the resolution bandwidth. Video averaging is not permitted.

If possible, the detector of the spectrum analyzer is set to "Sample". However, if the device is not transmitting continuously, a peak, or peak hold is used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement).

To measure the 99 % emission bandwidth, the OBW function of the test receiver is used with the power bandwidth set to 99 %. This function indicates the lowest frequency (starting from the left side of the span) and the highest frequency (starting from the right side of the span) where 0.5% of the total sum is reached. The difference between the two frequencies is the 99 % occupied bandwidth.



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5.8 Operation within the band 13.110 MHz - 14.010 MHz

The EUT was placed in a fully anechoic chamber and the testing was performed in accordance with ANSI C63.10 and 47 CFR Part 15, section 15.225 (a) to (d). The measurement distance was 3 m. To find the closest margin of the spectrum to the limit mask adapted to the test distance the EUT was rotated by 360 degrees with detector of the test receiver set to peak. The loop antenna placed in a fixed height of 1 meter was rotated by 360 degrees to get the maximum of emission. In case of exceeding the limits the detector is switched to quasi peak for final testing in position of maximum emission.

5.9 Carrier frequency stability

1. If possible EUT is operating providing an unmodulated carrier. The peak detector of the spectrum analyzer is selected and resolution as well as video bandwidth are set to values appropriate to the shape of the spectrum of the EUT. The frequency counter mode of the spectrum analyzer is used to maximize the accuracy of the measured frequency tolerance. If an unmodulated carrier is not available a significant and stable point on the spectrum is selected and the span is reduced to a value that delivers an accuracy which shall be better than 1% of the maximum frequency tolerance allowed for the carrier signal. This method may be performed as long as the margin to the frequency tolerance allowed is larger than the uncertainty of the measured frequency tolerance.
2. The carrier frequency is measured depending on the variation in the primary supply voltage from 85% to 115% of the rated supply voltage at a temperature of 20 degrees C. For battery operated equipment an external supply voltage can be used and set at the battery nominal voltage, and again at the battery operating end point voltage which must be specified by the equipment manufacturer. Alternatively, tests shall be performed using a new battery.
3. The carrier frequency is measured over a temperature variation of -20 degrees to +50 degrees C at normal supply voltage.

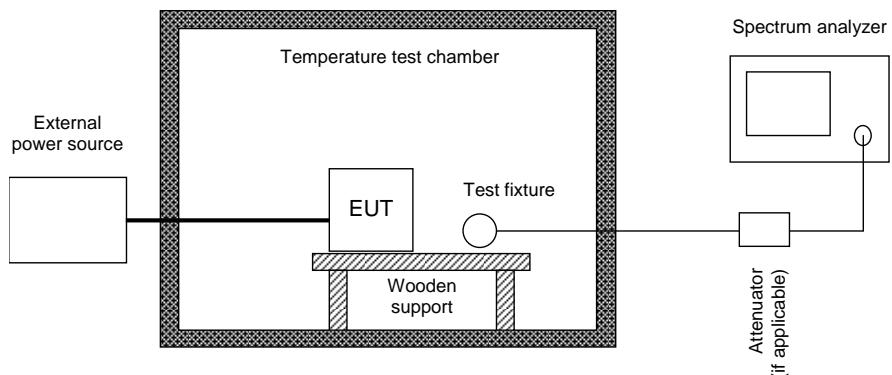


Figure 5: Test setup for carrier frequency stability measurement

6 Test results

This clause gives details about the test results as collected in the summary of test results on page 6.



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6.1 AC power line conducted emissions 150 kHz to 30 MHz

Section(s) in 47 CFR Part 15:	Requirement(s):	15.207
	Reference(s):	ANSI C63.10, clause 6.2
Section(s) in RSS:	Requirement(s):	RSS-Gen, section 8.8
	Reference(s):	ANSI C63.10, clause 6.2

Result¹

Test passed

Test not passed

6.1.1 Test equipment

Type	Designation	Manufacturer	Inventory no.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Shielded room	P92007	Siemens Matsushita	E00107
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (CDC)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00552
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (OATS)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00001
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESCS 30	Rohde & Schwarz	E00003
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESR 7	Rohde & Schwarz	E00739
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESU 26	Rohde & Schwarz	W00002
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESW 44	Rohde & Schwarz	E00895
<input type="checkbox"/> Field probe	RF-R 400-1	Langer EMV-Technik	E00270
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Artificial mains network	ESH2-Z5	Rohde & Schwarz	E00004
<input type="checkbox"/> Artificial mains network	ESH2-Z5	Rohde & Schwarz	E00005
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attenuator (10 dB)	50FHB-010-10	JFW Industries	E00471
<input type="checkbox"/> Cable set CDC	RF cable(s)	Huber + Suhner	E00741 E00804
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-EB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00777
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00778
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E01073

¹ For information about measurement uncertainties see page 85.



6.1.2 Limits

As specified in section 15.209 of 47 CFR Part 15, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the conducted limits as specified in table 8.

Frequency of emission [MHz]	Conducted limit	
	Quasi-peak [dB μ V]	Average [dB μ V]
0.15 – 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5 – 5.0	56	46
5 – 30	60	50

Table 8: AC power-line conducted limits

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

6.1.3 Test procedure

AC power line conducted emissions are measured using the test procedure as described in clause 5.2.



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6.1.4 Test results

Performed by:	Andreas Menacher	Date(s) of test:	July 11, 2018
Climatic conditions:	Ambient temperature 23 °C	Relative humidity 35 %	Barometric pressure 976 hPa

Frequency range	Step size	IF Bandwidth	Detector		Measurement Time		Preamplifier
			Prescan	Final scan	Prescan	Final scan	
150 kHz – 30 MHz	≤ 4.5 kHz	9 kHz	PK, AV	QP, AV	10 ms	1 s	Off

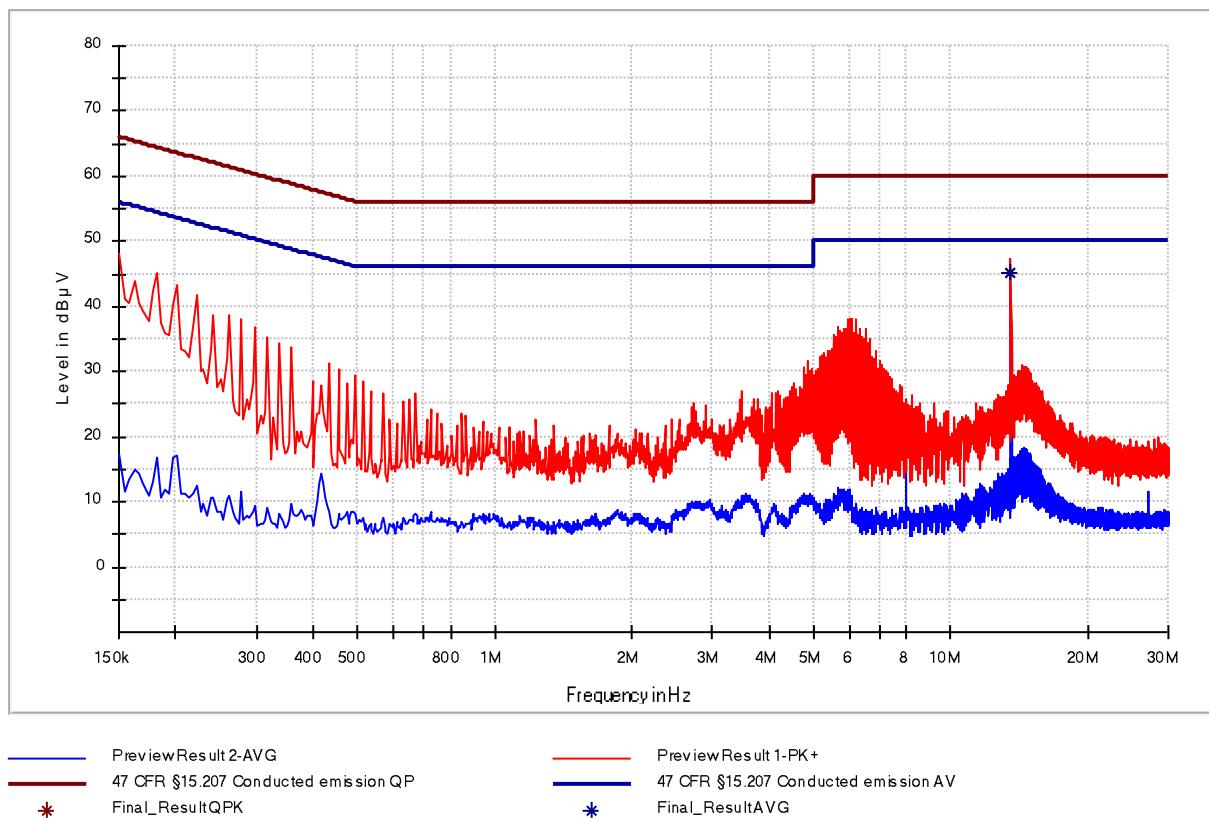


Figure 6: Chart of AC power-line conducted emissions test – phase L1

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBμV)	Average (dBμV)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Line	PE
13.561000	---	45.15	50.00	4.85	L1	GND
13.561000	45.20	---	60.00	14.80	L1	GND

Figure 7: Final results of AC power-line conducted emissions test – phase L1

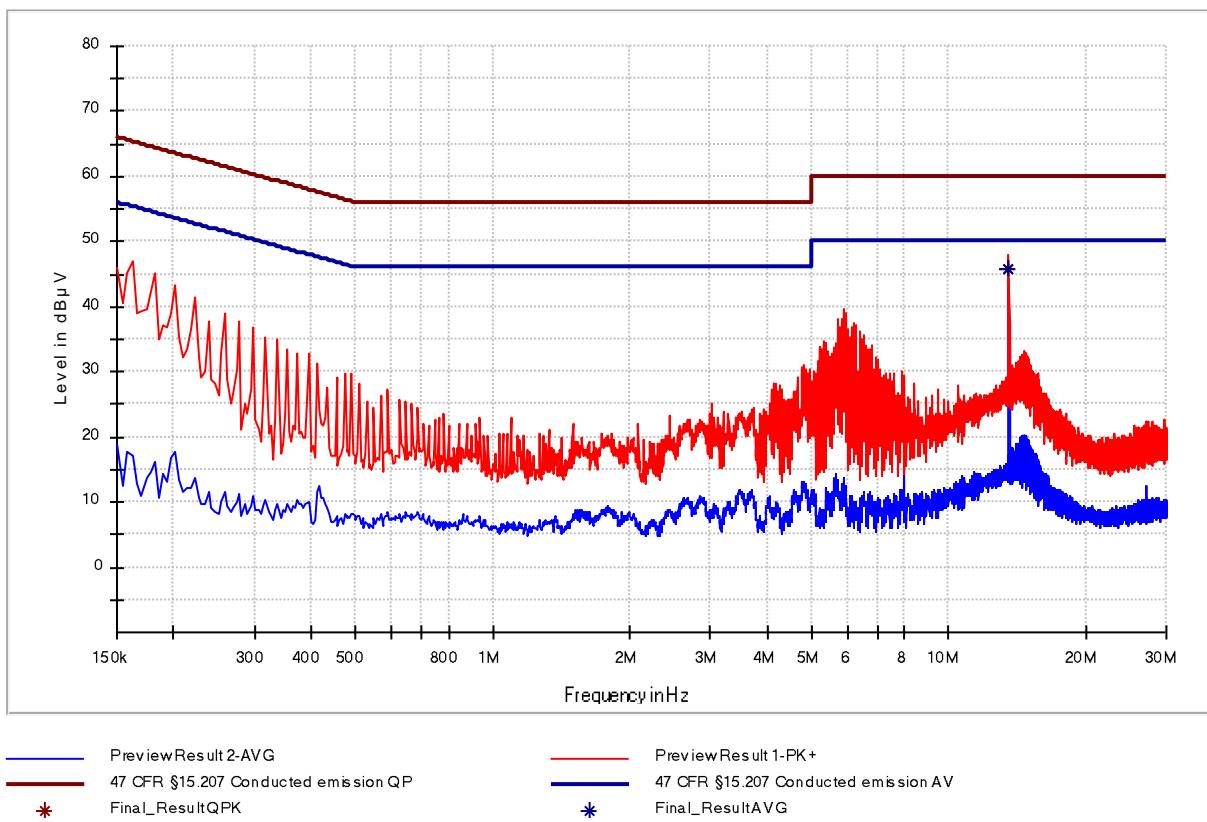


Figure 8: Chart of AC power-line conducted emissions test – phase N

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dB μ V)	Average (dB μ V)	Limit (dB μ V)	Margin (dB)	Line	PE
13.561000	---	45.82	50.00	4.18	N	GND
13.561000	45.86	---	60.00	14.14	N	GND

Figure 9: Final results of AC power-line conducted emissions test – phase N

6.2 20 dB bandwidth

Performed by:	Andreas Menacher	Date(s) of test:	May 30, 2018
Climatic conditions:	Ambient temperature 23.0 °C	Relative humidity 35.6 %	Barometric pressure 975.2 hPa
Result ² :	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Test passed	<input type="checkbox"/> Test not passed	

6.2.1 Test equipment

Type	Designation	Manufacturer	Inventory no.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (CDC)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00552
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (OATS)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00001
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESR 7	Rohde & Schwarz	E00739
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESU 26	Rohde & Schwarz	W00002
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESW 44	Rohde & Schwarz	E00895
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Field probe	RF-R 400-1	Langer EMV-Technik	E00270

² For information about measurement uncertainties see page 92.



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6.2.1 Limits

According to §15.215(c), intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated. The requirement to contain the designated bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

The specific rule section under which the equipment operates is §15.247. According to §15.247(a)(2), for systems using digital modulation techniques (DTS), the 6 dB bandwidth (DTS bandwidth) is specified as the bandwidth of the emission. In this case, measuring the 20 dB bandwidth is not required.

6.2.2 Test procedure

The 20 dB bandwidth is measured using the test procedure as described in clause 5.7.1 and referring to the

- test method for radiated measurements as described in clause 5.3.



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6.2.3 Test results

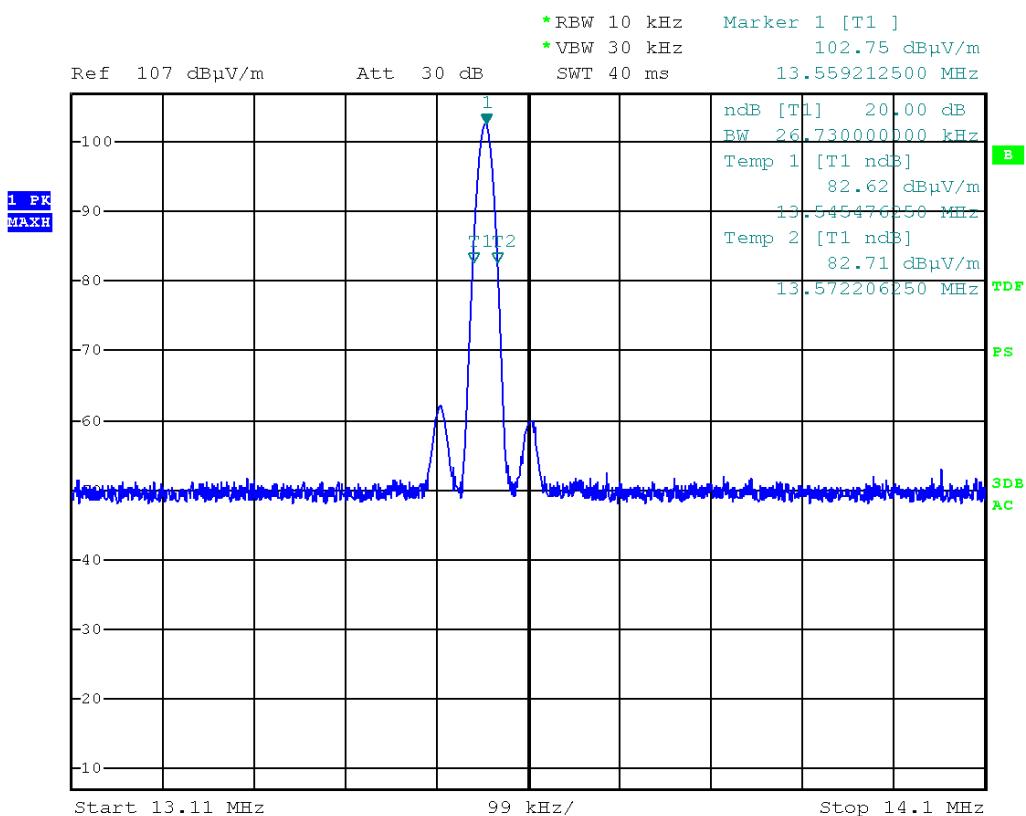


Figure 10: Chart of 20 dB bandwidth with tag

20 dB bandwidth [kHz]	Band edge left		Band edge right		Result
	Frequency [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Frequency [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	
26.730	13.545476	13.110	13.572206	14.010	Recorded

Table 9: Results of 20 dB bandwidth tests

f_{assigned} (MHz)	Index	f_{-20dB} (MHz)	Δf_T (kHz)	Δf_U (kHz)	$f_{-20dB(T, U)}$ (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Margin (kHz)	Result
13.560000	low	13,545476	1.125	0.987	13,543364	13.110000	433.364	Passed
	high	13,572206	---	---	13.572206	14.010000	437.794	Passed
	Bandwidth	26.730 kHz			28.842 kHz			

with:

- $f_{-20dB(\text{low})}$ = lower frequency in MHz where emission is at least 20 dB below the carrier
- $f_{-20dB(\text{high})}$ = upper frequency in MHz where emission is at least 20 dB below the carrier
- f_{assigned} = assigned frequency in kHz
- $\Delta f_{T(\text{low})}$ = maximum absolute value of negative frequency offset to frequency at nominal conditions caused by temperature variation in kHz
- $\Delta f_{U(\text{low})}$ = maximum absolute value of negative frequency offset to frequency at nominal conditions caused by voltage variation in kHz
- $\Delta f_{T(\text{high})}$ = maximum absolute value of positive frequency offset to frequency at nominal conditions caused by temperature variation in kHz
- $\Delta f_{U(\text{high})}$ = maximum absolute value of positive frequency offset to frequency at nominal conditions caused by voltage variation in kHz
- $\Delta f_{\text{volt}(\text{high})}$ = maximum absolute value of positive frequency offset to frequency at nominal conditions caused by voltage variation in kHz
- $f_{-20dB(T, U)}$ = frequency in MHz where emission is at least 20 dB below the carrier, including offset caused by variations of temperature and supply voltage as recorded in clause 5.9

Measured -20 dB emission bandwidth:

At nominal conditions: 26.730 kHz

Including variations in temperature and supply voltage: 28.842 kHz



6.3 Occupied bandwidth

Section(s) in 47 CFR Part 15:	Requirement(s): Reference(s):	2.202(a) ANSI C63.10, clause 6.9
Section(s) in RSS:	Requirement(s): Reference(s):	RSS-Gen, section 6.7 ANSI C63.10, clause 6.9

Performed by:	Andreas Menacher	Date(s) of test:	May 30, 2018
Climatic conditions:	Ambient temperature 23.0 °C	Relative humidity 35.6%	Barometric pressure 975.2 hPa
Result ³ :	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Test passed <input type="checkbox"/> Test not passed		

6.3.1 Test equipment

Type	Designation	Manufacturer	Inventory no.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (CDC)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00552
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (OATS)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00001
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESR 7	Rohde & Schwarz	E00739
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESU 26	Rohde & Schwarz	W00002
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESW 44	Rohde & Schwarz	E00895
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Field probe	RF-R 400-1	Langer EMV-Technik	E00270

³ For information about measurement uncertainties see page 76.



6.3.2 Limits

According to RSS-Gen, section 6.7, the occupied bandwidth or the “99% emission bandwidth” has to be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in RSS-247.

Although there is no limit specified, the occupied bandwidth has to be recorded and reported.

6.3.3 Test procedure

The occupied bandwidth is measured using the test procedure as described in clause 5.7.2 and referring to the

- test method for radiated measurements as described in clause 5.3.



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6.3.4 Test results

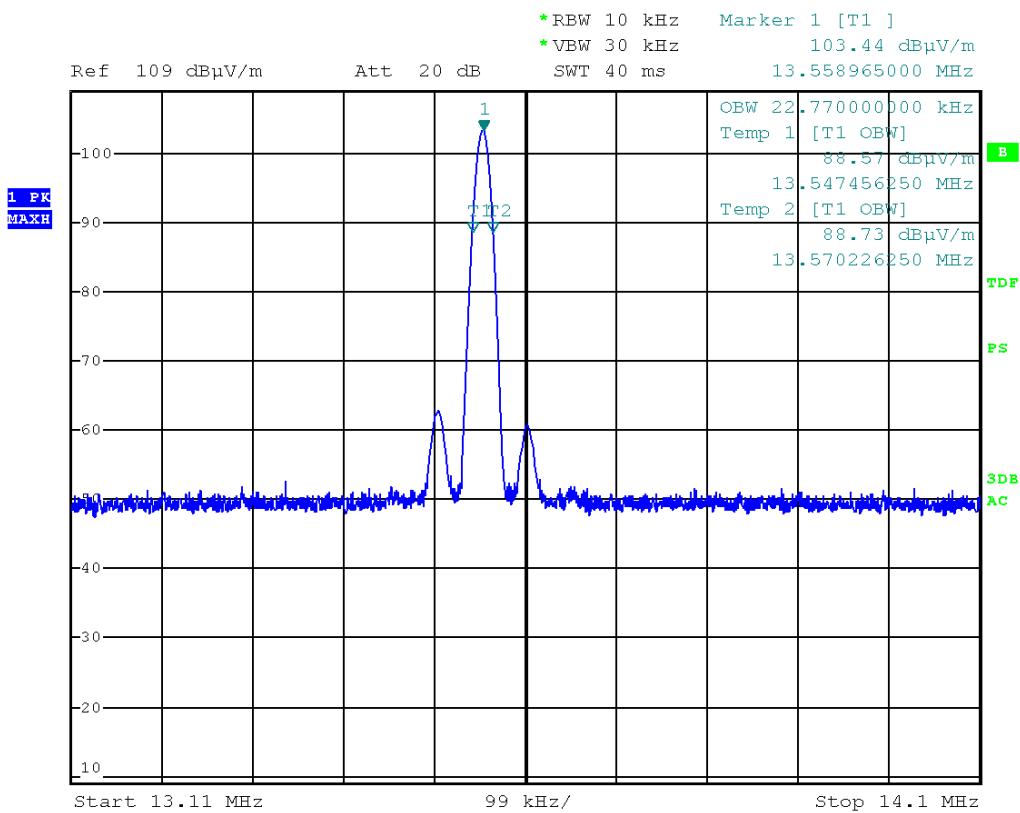


Figure 11: Chart of 99% occupied bandwidth test with tag

99% bandwidth [kHz]	Band edge left Frequency [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Band edge right Frequency [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Result
22.770	13.547	13.110	13.570	14.010	Recorded

Table 10: Results of occupied bandwidth test

6.4 Operation within the band 13.110 MHz – 14.010 MHz

Section(s) in 47 CFR Part 15:	Requirement(s): Reference(s):	15.225 (a)-(e) ANSI C63.10, section 6.4
Section(s) in RSS:	Requirement(s): Reference(s):	RSS-210, section B.6 ANSI C63.10, section 6.4

Performed by:	Jennifer Ebner	Date(s) of test:	May 9, 2018
Climatic conditions:	Ambient temperature 22.0 °C	Relative humidity 34.8%	Barometric pressure 974.5 hPa
Result ⁴ :	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Test passed <input type="checkbox"/> Test not passed		

6.4.1 Test equipment

Type	Designation	Manufacturer	Inventory no.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Compact Diagnostic Chamber (CDC)	VK041.0174	Albatross Projects	E00026
<input type="checkbox"/> Open area test site (OATS)	---	EMV TESTHAUS	E00354
<input type="checkbox"/> Semi-anechoic chamber (SAC)	SAC3	Albatross Projects	E00716
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (CDC)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00552
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (OATS)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00001
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESR 7	Rohde & Schwarz	E00739
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESU 26	Rohde & Schwarz	W00002
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESW 44	Rohde & Schwarz	E00895
<input type="checkbox"/> Field probe	RF-R 400-1	Langer EMV-Technik	E00270
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Loop antenna	HFH2-Z2	Rohde & Schwarz	E00060
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cable set CDC	RF cable(s)	Huber + Suhner AME HF-Technik AME HF-Technik Stabo	E00446 E00920 E00921 E01215
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-EB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00777
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00778
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E01073

⁴ For information about measurement uncertainties see page 76.

6.4.2 Limits

As specified in section 15.225(a)-(d) of 47 CFR Part 15:

The field strength of any emissions within the band 13.553-13.567 MHz shall not exceed 15,848 microvolts/meter at 30 meters.

Within the bands 13.410-13.553 MHz and 13.567-13.710 MHz, the field strength of any emissions shall not exceed 334 microvolts/meter at 30 meters.

Within the bands 13.110-13.410 MHz and 13.710-14.010 MHz the field strength of any emissions shall not exceed 106 microvolts/meter at 30 meters.

The field strength of any emissions appearing outside of the 13.110-14.010 MHz band shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits in §15.209.

In case of measurements are performed at other distances than that specified in the requirements, the limits in the charts and tables reported with the test results are derived from the general radiated emission limits as listed above using the recalculation factor as described in clause 5.3.

6.4.3 Test procedure

The emission within the band 13.110 MHz – 14.010 MHz is measured using the test procedure as described in clause 5.8.



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6.4.4 Test results

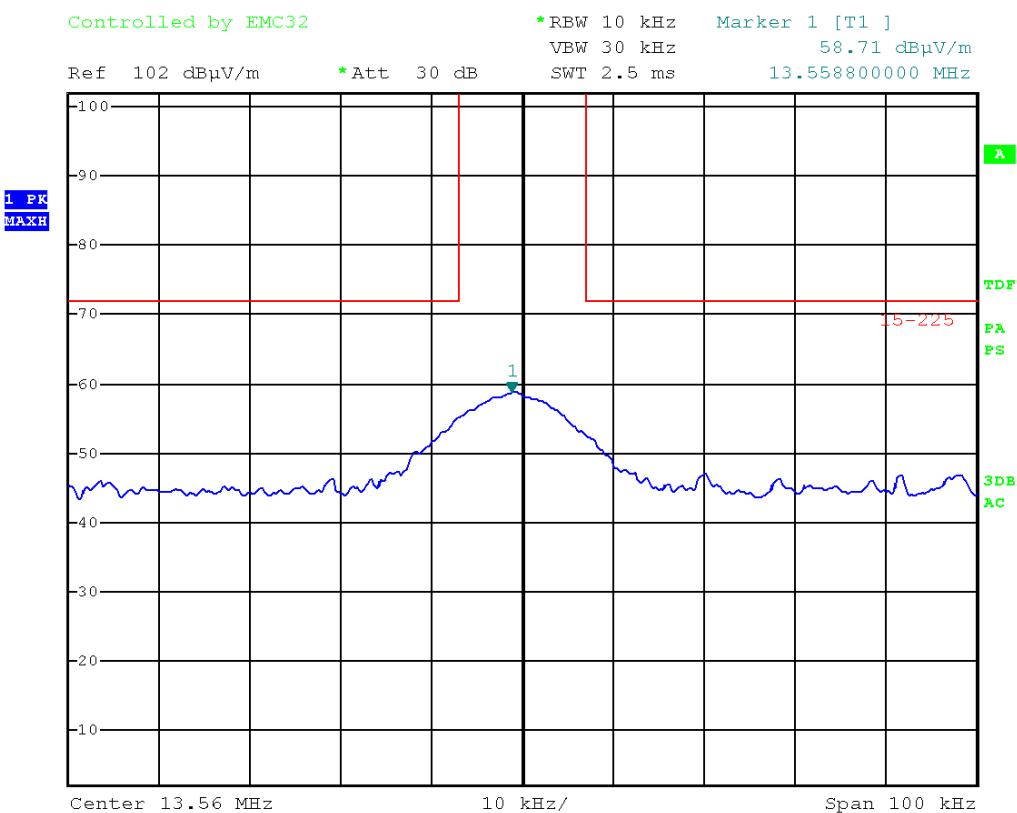


Figure 12: Spectrum mask of 13.56 MHz @ 3m distance without tag, EUT position 3, antenna parallel

Frequency [MHz]	Measured value [dBμV/m]	Detector	Recalculation factor [dB]	Field strength [dBμV/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	BW [kHz]
13.558	58.71	PK	-21.40	37.31	84.00	46.69	10

Table 11: Results of emission within the band 13.110 MHz to 14.010 MHz

Recalculation factor is determined according to ANSI C63.10, section 6.4.4.2 "Extrapolation from the measurement of a single point":

$$d_{\text{near field}} = 47.77 / f_{\text{MHz}}$$

$$\text{Recalculation factor} = -40 \log(d_{\text{near field}} / d_{\text{measure}}) - 20 \log(d_{\text{limit}} / d_{\text{near field}})$$

f_{MHz} [MHz]	$d_{\text{near field}}$ [m]	d_{measure} [m]	d_{limit} [m]	Recalculation factor [dB]
13.558	3.523	3.000	30.000	-21.40



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6.5 Carrier frequency stability

Section(s) in 47 CFR Part 15:	Requirement(s): Reference(s):	15.225(e) 15.225(e)	
Section(s) in RSS:	Requirement(s): Reference(s):	RSS-210, annex B6, RSS-Gen, section 6.11 RSS-Gen, section 6.11	
Performed by:	Jennifer Ebner	Date(s) of test:	June 4, 2018
Climatic conditions:	Ambient temperature 24.0 °C	Relative humidity 35.4%	Barometric pressure 975.2 hPa
Result ⁵ :	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Test passed	<input type="checkbox"/> Test not passed	

6.5.1 Test equipment

Type	Designation	Manufacturer	Inventory no.
<input type="checkbox"/> Climatic chamber 990 l	VC4100	Vötsch Industrietechnik	C00014
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Climatic chamber 340 l	VC ³ 4034	Vötsch Industrietechnik	C00015
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (CDC)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00552
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (OATS)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00001
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESR 7	Rohde & Schwarz	E00739
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESU 26	Rohde & Schwarz	W00002
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESW 44	Rohde & Schwarz	E00895
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Field probe	RF-R 400-1	Langer EMV-Technik	E00270

⁵ For information about measurement uncertainties see page 92.

6.5.2 Limits

The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal shall be maintained within $\pm 0.01\%$ (100 ppm) of the operating frequency over a temperature variation of -20 degrees to +50 degrees C at normal supply voltage, and for a variation in the primary supply voltage from 85% to 115% of the rated supply voltage at a temperature of 20 degrees C.

For battery operated equipment, the equipment tests shall be performed using a new battery. Alternatively, an external supply voltage can be used and set at the battery nominal voltage, and again at the battery operating end point voltage which must be specified by the equipment manufacturer.

6.5.3 Test procedure

The carrier frequency stability is measured using the test procedure as described in clause 5.9.

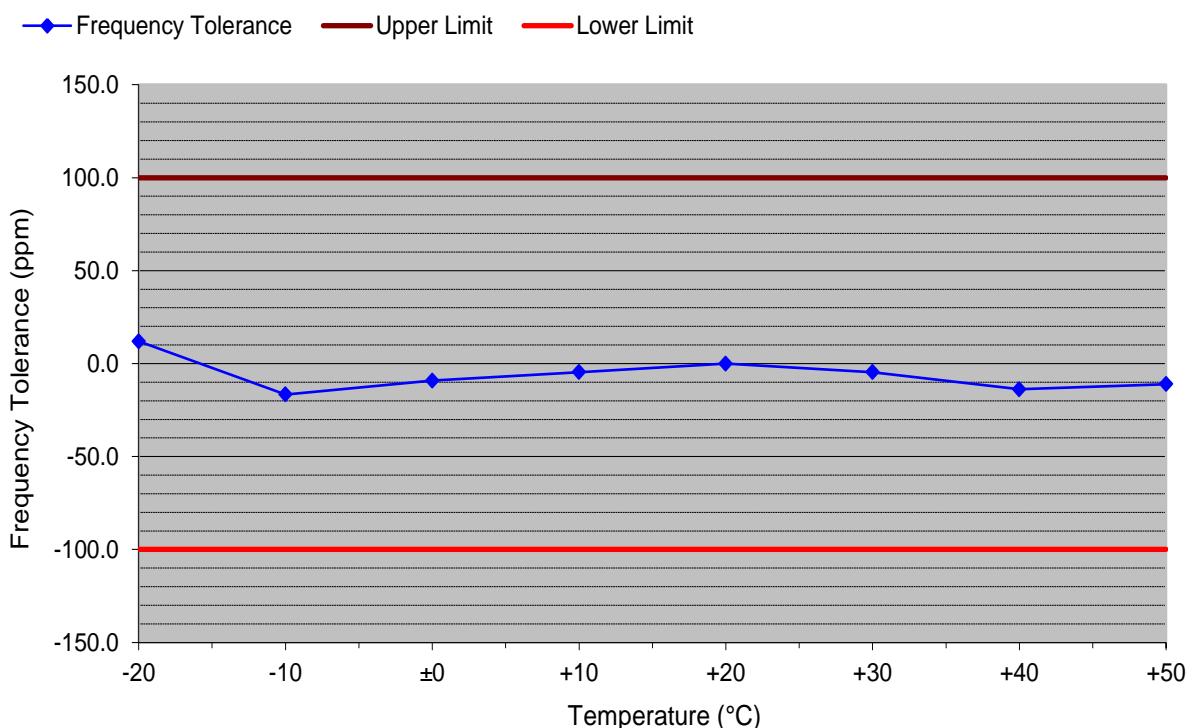


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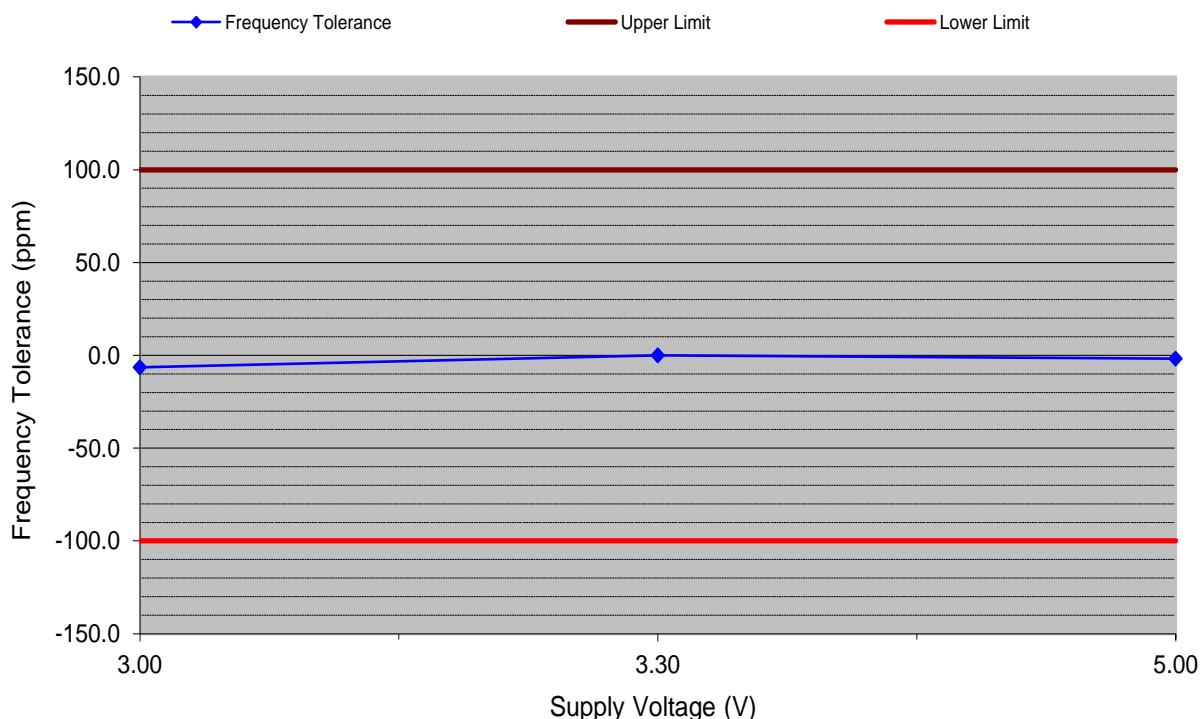
6.5.4 Test results

Carrier frequency stability vs. temperature



Supply voltage:		5 V	Frequency under nominal conditions:		13.5591 MHz	
Temperature (°C)	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Tolerance (Hz)	Frequency Tolerance (ppm)	Upper Limit (ppm)	Lower Limit (ppm)	Margin (ppm)
-20	13.559263	163	12.0	+100.0	-100.0	88.0
-10	13.558875	-225	-16.6	+100.0	-100.0	83.4
±0	13.558975	-125	-9.2	+100.0	-100.0	90.8
+10	13.559038	-63	-4.6	+100.0	-100.0	95.4
+20	13.559100	0	0.0	+100.0	-100.0	100.0
+30	13.559038	-63	-4.6	+100.0	-100.0	95.4
+40	13.558913	-188	-13.8	+100.0	-100.0	86.2
+50	13.558950	-150	-11.1	+100.0	-100.0	88.9

Carrier frequency stability vs. supply voltage



Temperature:	+20 °C	Battery End Point:	Not applicable
Frequency under nominal conditions:	13.591 MHz		

Supply Voltage (V)	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Tolerance (Hz)	Frequency Tolerance (ppm)	Upper Limit (ppm)	Lower Limit (ppm)	Margin (ppm)
3.00	13.559013	-88	-6.5	+100.0	-100.0	93.5
3.30	13.559100	0	0.0	+100.0	-100.0	100.0
5.00	13.559075	-25	-1.8	+100.0	-100.0	98.2



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6.6 Emissions outside the operating frequency band(s) specified

6.6.1 Emissions below 30 MHz

Section(s) in 47 CFR Part 15:	Requirement(s):	15.209
	Reference(s):	ANSI C63.10, clause 6.4
Section(s) in RSS:	Requirement(s):	RSS-Gen, section 6.13
	Reference(s):	ANSI C63.10, clause 6.4

Result⁶: Test passed Test not passed

6.6.1.1 Test equipment

Type	Designation	Manufacturer	Inventory no.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Compact Diagnostic Chamber (CDC)	VK041.0174	Albatross Projects	E00026
<input type="checkbox"/> Open area test site (OATS)	---	EMV TESTHAUS	E00354
<input type="checkbox"/> Semi-anechoic chamber (SAC)	SAC3	Albatross Projects	E00716
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (CDC)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00552
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (OATS)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00001
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESR 7	Rohde & Schwarz	E00739
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESU 26	Rohde & Schwarz	W00002
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESW 44	Rohde & Schwarz	E00895
<input type="checkbox"/> Field probe	RF-R 400-1	Langer EMV-Technik	E00270
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Loop antenna	HFH2-Z2	Rohde & Schwarz	E00060
<input type="checkbox"/> Cable set CDC	RF cable(s)	Huber + Suhner AME HF-Technik AME HF-Technik Stabo	E00446 E00920 E00921 E01215
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-EB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00777
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00778
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E01073

⁶ For information about measurement uncertainties see page 92.



6.6.1.2 Limits

Frequency [MHz]	Field strength [μ V/m]	Field strength [dB μ V/m]	Measurement distance [m]
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz) (266.67 – 4.90)	48.52 – 13.80	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz) (48.98 – 14.08)	33.80 – 22.97	30
1.705 – 30	30	29.54	30

Table 12: General radiated emission limits up to 30 MHz according to §15.209

In case of measurements are performed at other distances than that specified in the requirements, the limits in the charts and tables reported with the test results are derived from the general radiated emission limits as listed in table 12 using the recalculation factor as described in clause 5.3.

6.6.1.3 Test procedure

The emissions below 30 MHz are measured using the

- test procedure for radiated measurements as described in clause 5.3.



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6.6.1.4 Test results

Performed by:	Andreas Menacher	Date(s) of test:	May 9, 2018
Climatic conditions:	Ambient temperature 25°C	Relative humidity 37.3 %	Barometric pressure 975.3 hPa
Test distance:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 m	<input type="checkbox"/> 10 m	<input type="checkbox"/> m
Antenna alignment:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in parallel	<input type="checkbox"/> in line	<input type="checkbox"/> angle °
EUT position ⁷ :	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position 3

Frequency range	Step size	IF Bandwidth	Detector		Measurement Time		Preamplifier
			Prescan	Final scan	Prescan	Final scan	
9 kHz – 150 kHz	50 Hz	200 Hz	QP, PK, CAV	QP, PK, AV	2 s	1 s	Off
150 kHz – 30 MHz	2.25 kHz	9 kHz	QP, PK, CAV	QP, PK, AV	2 s	1 s	Off

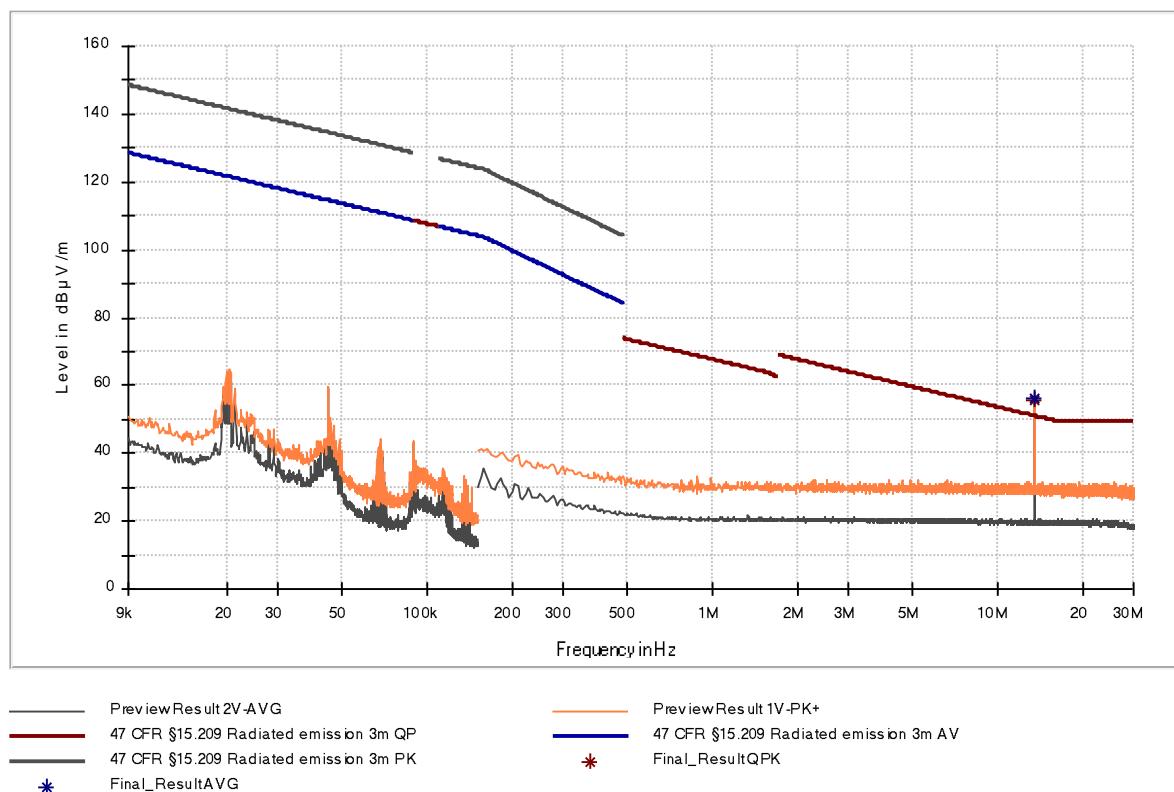


Figure 13: Chart of emissions test below 30 MHz without tag in position 3, antenna parallel @ 3m

⁷ Exploratory measurements are performed in all positions as indicated. However, the figures and result tables within this test report show the worst case position, only.

Frequency (MHz)	Measured value QuasiPeak (dB μ V/m)	Recalculation factor (dB)	Field strength (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Azimuth (deg)	Result
13.560000	56.17	21.40	32.77	84.00	51.23	177.0	Pass

Table 13: Final results of emission below 30 MHz, without tag in position 3, antenna parallel @ 3m

Note: The frequency 13.56 MHz is the carrier frequency and doesn't fall under the limit of CFR 47 15.209.

Recalculation factor is determined according to ANSI C63.10, section 6.4.4.2 "Extrapolation from the measurement of a single point":

$$d_{\text{near field}} = 47.77 / f_{\text{MHz}}$$

$$\text{Recalculation factor} = -40 \log(d_{\text{near field}} / d_{\text{measure}}) - 20 \log(d_{\text{limit}} / d_{\text{near field}})$$

f_{MHz} [MHz]	$d_{\text{near field}}$ [m]	d_{measure} [m]	d_{limit} [m]	Recalculation factor [dB]
13.560	3.523	3.000	30.000	-21.40



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6.6.2 Emissions from 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Section(s) in 47 CFR Part 15:	Requirement(s): Reference(s):	15.209 ANSI C63.10, clause 6.5
Section(s) in RSS:	Requirement(s): Reference(s):	RSS-Gen, section 6.13 ANSI C63.10, clause 6.5

Result⁸: Test passed Test not passed

6.6.2.1 Test equipment

Type	Designation	Manufacturer	Inventory no.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Semi-anechoic chamber (SAC)	SAC3	Albatross Projects	E00716
<input type="checkbox"/> Free space semi-anechoic chamber (FS-SAC)	FS-SAC	EMV TESTHAUS	E00100
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (CDC)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00552
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver (OATS)	ESCI 3	Rohde & Schwarz	E00001
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESR 7	Rohde & Schwarz	E00739
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESU 26	Rohde & Schwarz	W00002
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESW 44	Rohde & Schwarz	E00895
<input type="checkbox"/> Preamplifier (1 GHz - 18 GHz)	ALS05749	Aldetec	W01007
<input type="checkbox"/> TRILOG broadband antenna (CDC)	VULB 9160	Schwarzbeck	E00011
<input type="checkbox"/> TRILOG broadband antenna (OATS)	VULB 9163	Schwarzbeck	E00013
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TRILOG broadband antenna (SAC)	VULB 9162	Schwarzbeck	E00643
<input type="checkbox"/> Horn antenna	BBHA 9120D	Schwarzbeck	W00052
<input type="checkbox"/> Horn antenna	BBHA 9170	Schwarzbeck	W00054
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cable set SAC	RF cable(s)	Huber + Suhner	E00755 E01033 E01034
<input type="checkbox"/> Cable set FS-SAC	RF cable(s)	Teledyne Reynolds Huber + Suhner Teledyne Reynolds	E00435 E00307 E00433
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-EB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00777
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00778
<input type="checkbox"/> Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E01073

⁸ For information about measurement uncertainties see page 92.



6.6.2.2 Limits

Frequency [MHz]	[μ V/m]	Field strength [dB μ V/m]	Measurement distance [m]
30 – 88	100	40.00	3
88 – 216	150	43.52	3
216 - 960	200	46.02	3
Above 960	500	53.98	3

Table 14: General radiated emission limits \geq 30 MHz according to §15.209

6.6.2.3 Test procedure

The emissions from 30 MHz to 1 GHz are measured using the

- test procedure for radiated measurements as described in clause 5.4.



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6.6.2.4 Test results

Performed by:	Jennifer Ebner	Date(s) of test:	May 25, 2018
Climatic conditions:	Ambient temperature 21.8 °C to 24.4 °C	Relative humidity 25.8 % to 32.1%	Barometric pressure 974.8 hPa to 976.3 hPa
Test distance:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 m	<input type="checkbox"/> 10 m	<input type="checkbox"/> m
EUT position ⁹ :	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position 3

Frequency range	Step size	IF Bandwidth	Detector		Measurement Time		Preamplifier
			Prescan	Final scan	Prescan	Final scan	
30 MHz – 1 GHz	30 kHz	120 kHz	QP	QP	1 s	1 s	20 dB

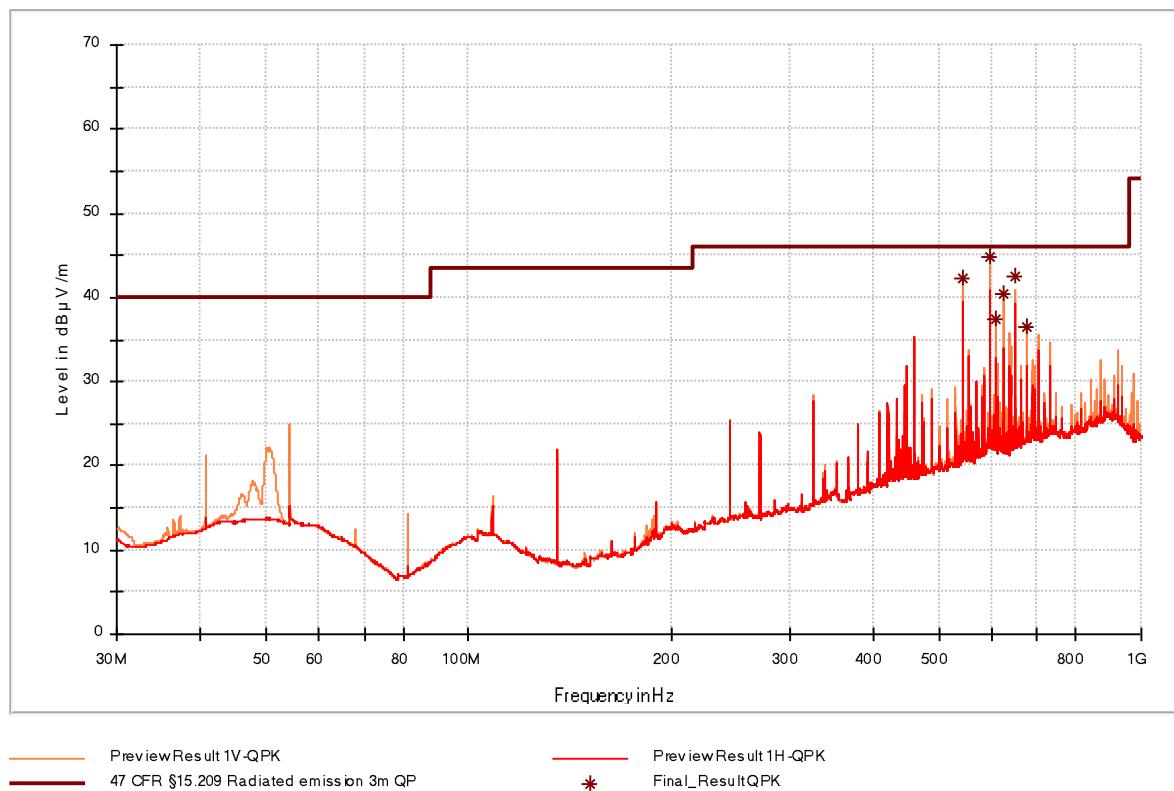


Figure 14: Chart of emissions test from 30 MHz to 1 GHz with tag in position 3

⁹ Exploratory measurements are performed in all positions as indicated. However, the figures and result tables within this test report show the worst case position, only.

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)
542.370000	42.30	46.00	3.70	100.0	V	296.0
596.580000	44.71	46.00	1.29	100.0	V	43.0
608.640000	37.44	46.00	8.56	135.0	V	198.0
623.700000	40.47	46.00	5.53	135.0	V	185.0
650.820000	42.45	46.00	3.55	123.0	V	181.0
677.940000	36.53	46.00	9.47	202.0	V	189.0

Table 15: Final results of emissions test from 30 MHz to 1 GHz with tag in position 3



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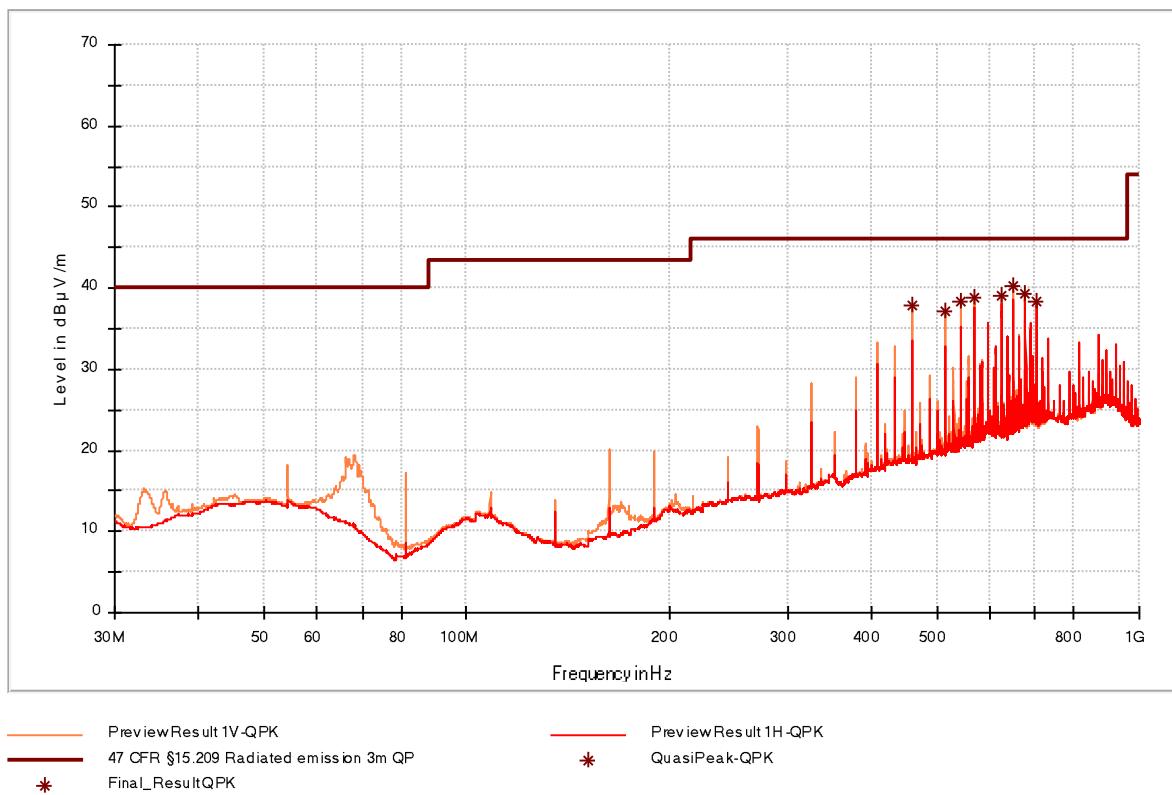


Figure 15: Chart of emissions test from 30 MHz to 1 GHz with tag and activated lamp in positon 3

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)
461.010000	37.89	46.00	8.11	100.0	V	120.0
515.220000	37.26	46.00	8.74	100.0	V	120.0
542.340000	38.33	46.00	7.67	100.0	V	120.0
569.460000	38.86	46.00	7.14	100.0	V	120.0
623.700000	39.08	46.00	6.92	150.0	V	120.0
650.790000	40.23	46.00	5.77	150.0	V	120.0
677.910000	39.34	46.00	6.66	150.0	H	300.0
705.030000	38.31	46.00	7.69	150.0	H	300.0

Table 16: Final results of emissions test from 30 MHz to 1 GHz with tag and activated lamp in position3

7 Equipment calibration status

(Auto-Filter bei "FCC report" auf "x" setzen). Excel-Datei nach Veränderung bitte NICHT SPEICHERN!

Description	Modell number	Serial number	Inventory number(s)	Last calibration	Next calibration
EMI test receiver	ESW44	101538	E00895	2018-04	2019-04
EMI test receiver	ESR7	101059	E00739	2018-05	2019-05
EMI test receiver	ESCI3	100013	E00001	2018-05	2020-05
Loop antenna	HFH2-Z2	871398/0050	E00060	2016-09	2018-09
TRILOG broadband antenna (SAC3)	VULB 9162	9162-041	E00643	2018-03	2021-03
LISN	ESH2-Z5	881362/037	E00004	2016-10	2018-10
Shielded room	P92007	B 83117 C 1109 T 211	E00107	N/A	
Compact diagnostic chamber (CDC)	VK041.0174	D62128-A502-A69-2-0006	E00026	N/A	
Semi-anechoic chamber (SAC) with floor absorbers	FS-SAC	---	E00100	2018-03	2021-03
Semi-anechoic chamber (SAC)	SAC3	C62128-A520-A643-x-0006	E00716	2018-03	2021-03
Cable set CDC	RG214/U	---	E00446	2018-04	2019-04
	LCF12-50J	---	E01215	2018-04	2019-04
	LMR400	1718020006	E00920	2018-01	2019-01
	RG214 Hiflex	171802007	E00921	2018-01	2019-01
Cable set anechoic chamber	262-0942-1500	005	E00435	2017-10	2018-10
	SF104EA/2x11PC 35-42/5m	11144/4EA	E00307	2017-12	2018-12
	262-0942-1500	003	E00433	2017-10	2018-10
Cable set of semi-anechoic chamber SAC3	SF104EA/11PC35/11PC35/10000MM	501347/4EA	E00755	2017-12	2018-12
	SF104E/11PC35/11PC35/2000MM	507410/4E	E01033	2017-12	2018-12
	SF104E/11PC35/11PC35/2000MM	507411/4E	E01034	2017-09	2018-09

Note 1: Industry Canada (test sites number 3472A-1 and 3472A-2): 2018-11

Note 2: Expiration date of test firm accreditation for SAC:

FCC test firm type "accredited": 2019-05



8 Measurement uncertainties

Description	Uncertainty	k=
AC power line conducted emission	± 4.1 dB	2
Carrier frequency separation Number of hopping frequencies Time of occupancy (dwell time)	± 5.0 %	2
Bandwidth tests	± 2.0 %	
Maximum conducted output power (conducted)	± 1.5 dB	
Power spectral density (conducted)	± 2.9 dB	
Conducted spurious emissions	± 2.9 dB	
Radiated emissions in semi-anechoic chamber		
9 kHz to 30 MHz	± 4.8 dB	2
30 MHz to 300 MHz	± 5.4 dB	2
300MHz to 1 GHz	± 4.7 dB	2
Radiated emissions in semi-anechoic chamber with RF absorbing material on the floor or fully anechoic room		
1 GHz to 25 GHz	± 4.5 dB	2

Comment: The uncertainty stated is the expanded uncertainty obtained by multiplying the standard uncertainty by the coverage factor k. For a confidence level of 95 % the coverage factor k is 2.

Test related measurement uncertainties have to be taken into consideration when evaluating the test results. All used test instrument as well as the test accessories are calibrated at regular intervals.



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9 Revision history

<i>Revision</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Issued by</i>	<i>Description of modifications</i>
0	2018-07-11	Andreas Menacher	First edition



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