

APPLICANT: HTC Corporation

EQUIPMENT: Smart Phone

MODEL NAME : PH44100

FCC ID : NM8PH44100

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

IEEE C95.1-1991 IEEE 1528-2003

FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)

The product was received on Mar. 29, 2011 and completely tested on May 27, 2011. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by:

Jones Tsai / Manager

lac-MRA



Report No.: FA132949A

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 1 of 41

Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011 Report Version : Rev. 02

Table of Contents

Report No.: FA132949A

	ision History	
1.	Statement of Compliance	4
2.	Administration Data	5
	2.1 Testing Laboratory	
	2.2 Applicant	
	2.3 Manufacturer	5
	2.4 Application Details	
3.	General Information	
•.	3.1 Description of Device Under Test (DUT)	6
	3.3 Applied Standards	7
	3.4 Device Category and SAR Limits	7
	3.5 Test Conditions	7
	3.5.1 Ambient Condition.	7
	3.5.2 Test Configuration	
4.	Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	
→.	4.1 Introduction	٥
	4.2 SAR Definition	
5.	SAR Measurement System	
5.	5.1 E-Field Probe	
	5.1.1 E-Field Probe Specification	
	5.1.2 E-Field Probe Calibration	11
	5.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	
	5.3 Robot	11
	5.4 Measurement Server	
	5.5Phantom	
	5.7 Data Storage and Evaluation	16
	5.7.1 Data Storage	
	5.8 Test Equipment List	
6.	Tissue Simulating Liquids	
	Uncertainty Assessment	
	SAR Measurement Evaluation	
ο.	8.1 Purpose of System Performance check	23
	8.2 System Setup	
	8.3 Validation Results	25
•	DUT Testing Position	
	Measurement Procedures	
10.	10.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	
	10.2 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures.	
	10.3 Volume Scan Procedures	
	10.4 SAR Averaged Methods	
	10.5 Power Drift Monitoring	
11	SAR Test Configurations	
11.	11.1 Exposure Positions Consideration.	
	11.2 Simultaneous Transmitting Configurations.	
12	SAR Test Results	
14.	12.1 Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)	
	12.2 Test Records for Head SAR Test.	
	12.3 Test Records for Body-worn SAR Test	
	12.4 Test Records for Hotspot SAR Test	
	12.5 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis and Measurements	
12	References	
	endix A. Plots of System Performance Check	41
	endix B. Plots of SAR Measurement endix C. DASY Calibration Certificate	
Appendix D. Test Setup Photos Appendix E. FCC 3G SAR Measurement Procedures		

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100



Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA132949A	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	May 27, 2011
FA132949A	Rev. 02	Add Ev-Do SAR tests for hotspot mode	Jun. 02, 2011

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 3 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011
Report Version : Rev. 02



1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **HTC Corporation**Smart Phone PH44100 are as follows (with expanded uncertainty 21.4 % for 300 MHz to 3 GHz).

Band	Position	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
CDMA2000 BC0	Head	0.684
CDIMA2000 BC0	Body (1 cm Gap)	1.36
CDMA2000 BC1	Head	0.609
CDIMAZUUU BC I	Body (1 cm Gap)	1.35
CDMA2000 BC10	Head	0.796
CDMA2000 BC10	Body (1 cm Gap)	1.05

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1991, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003 and FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 4 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

Report No.: FA132949A



2. Administration Data

2.1 Testing Laboratory

Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.	
Test Site Location	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978	

2.2 Applicant

Company Name	HTC Corporation	
Address	1F., No. 6-3, Baoqiang Rd., Xindian City, Taipei, Taiwan	

2.3 Manufacturer

Company Name	HTC Corporation	
Address	1F., No. 6-3, Baoqiang Rd., Xindian City, Taipei, Taiwan	

2.4 Application Details

Date of Receipt of Application	Mar. 29, 2011
Date of Start during the Test	Apr. 10, 2011
Date of End during the Test	May 27, 2011

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. TEL: 886-3-327-3456

FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 5 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

Report No.: FA132949A



3. General Information

3.1 <u>Description of Device Under Test (DUT)</u>

Product Feature & Specification			
DUT Type Smart Phone			
Model Name	PH44100		
FCC ID	NM8PH44100		
	CDMA2000 BC0 : 824.70 MHz ~ 848.31 MHz		
Tx Frequency	CDMA2000 BC1 : 1815.25 MHz ~ 1908.75 MHz		
	CDMA2000 BC10: 817.9 MHz ~ 823.1 MHz		
	CDMA2000 BC0 : 869.70 MHz ~ 893.31 MHz		
Rx Frequency	CDMA2000 BC1 : 1931.25 MHz ~ 1988.75 MHz		
	CDMA2000 BC10: 862.9 MHz ~ 868.1 MHz		
	CDMA2000 BC0 : 24.52 dBm		
Maximum Output Power to Antenna	CDMA2000 BC1 : 24.19 dBm		
	CDMA2000 BC10 : 24.63 dBm		
Antenna Type	Fixed Internal Antenna		
Type of Modulation QPSK			
DUT Stage	Production Unit		

Remark: The above DUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 6 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

Report No.: FA132949A



3.3 Applied Standards

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

Report No.: FA132949A

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- IEEE C95.1-1991
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
- FCC KDB 648474 D01 v01r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 v02
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 v01

3.4 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

3.5 Test Conditions

3.5.1 Ambient Condition

Ambient Temperature	20 to 24 ℃	
Humidity	< 60 %	

3.5.2 Test Configuration

The device was controlled by using a base station emulator. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the DUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of DUT. The DUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during all tests.

 SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
 Page Number
 : 7 of 41

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456
 Report Issued Date
 : Jun. 02, 2011

 FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Report Version
 : Rev. 02

FCC ID: NM8PH44100



4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 8 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

Report No.: FA132949A



5. SAR Measurement System

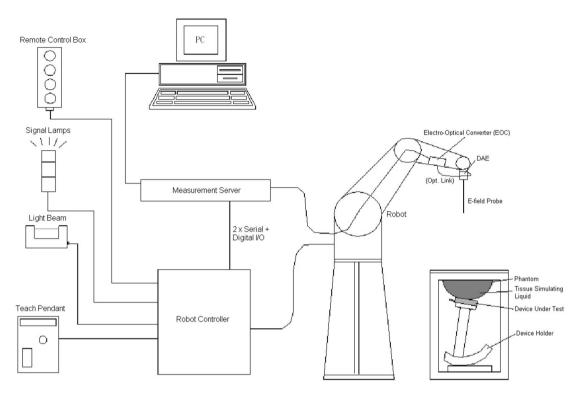


Fig 5.1 SPEAG DASY4 or DASY5 System Configurations

The DASY4 or DASY5 system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- > A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- > The electro-optical converter (ECO) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY4 or DASY5 software
- Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- > Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Some of the components are described in details in the following sub-sections.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 9 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

Report No.: FA132949A



5.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

5.1.1 E-Field Probe Specification

<ET3DV6>

~L13DV0>			
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)		0
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB		
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)		1000
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB		
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 6.8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm	Fig 5.2	Photo of ET3DV6

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)		
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB]	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)		55 Ja
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)		1
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm		
		Fig 5.3	Photo of EX3DV4

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 10 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011
Report Version : Rev. 02



5.1.2 E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than \pm 10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within \pm 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

5.2 <u>Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)</u>

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Report No.: FA132949A

Fig 5.4 Photo of DAE

5.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY4: RX90BL; DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY4: CS7MB; DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- ➤ High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- > Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)







Fig 5.6 Photo of DASY5

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 11 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011
Report Version : Rev. 02

5.4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY4: 166 MHz, Intel Pentium; DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY4: 32 MB; DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY4: 64 MB, DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.





Report No.: FA132949A

Fig 5.7 Photo of Server for DASY4

Fig 5.8 Photo of Server for DASY5

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 12 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

5.5Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

SAM I WILL HALLOHIS		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm;	
	Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	THE THE PARTY OF T
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm;	
	Height: adjustable feet	<u> </u>
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	
		Fig 5.9 Photo of SAM Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI4 Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	Fig 5.10 Photo of ELI4 Phantom

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 13 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

Report No.: FA132949A



5.6 Device Holder

<Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of \pm 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of \pm 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε = 3 and loss tangent δ = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig 5.11 Device Holder

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 14 of 41 Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

Report No.: FA132949A



<Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.

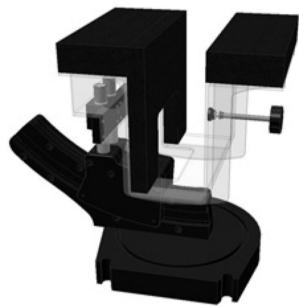


Fig 5.12 Laptop Extension Kit

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 15 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011
Report Version : Rev. 02



5.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

5.7.1 Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/q]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

5.7.2 Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Norm_i, a_{i0}, a_{i1}, a_{i2}

> - Conversion factor ConvF_i - Diode compression point dcpi

- Frequency **Device parameters:** f

- Crest factor cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity σ - Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100

: 16 of 41 Page Number Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

Report No.: FA132949A

The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$V_{i} = U_{i} + U_{i}^{2} \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_{i}}$$

Report No.: FA132949A

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E-field Probes}: E_i = \sqrt{\frac{v_i}{\text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF}}}$$

H-field Probes :
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

Page Number

Report Version

Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

: Rev. 02

5.8 Test Equipment List

				Calibration		
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	1788	Sep. 21, 2010	Sep. 20, 2011	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	1787	May 18, 2010	May 17, 2011	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3731	Sep. 20, 2010	Sep. 19, 2011	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3697	Nov. 23, 2010	Nov. 22, 2011	
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d082	Jul. 20, 2010	Jul. 19, 2012	
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d018	Jun. 15, 2010	Jun. 14, 2012	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	Jan. 13, 2011	Jan. 12, 2012	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	495	Apr. 28, 2011	Apr. 27, 2012	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	905	Jun. 22, 2010	Jun. 21, 2011	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	778	Oct. 22, 2010	Oct. 21, 2011	
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1303	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1383	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1446	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1478	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD 0VA 001 BB	1026	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD 0VA 001 BA	1029	NCR	NCR	
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY48360820	Jan. 12, 2010	Jan. 11, 2012	
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	114256	Feb. 08, 2010	Feb. 07, 2012	
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070D	US01440205	NCR	NCR	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	NCR	NCR	
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	NCR	NCR	
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP40	100055	Jun. 11, 2010	Jun. 10, 2011	

Table 5.1 Test Equipment List

Note: The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 18 of 41 Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011 Report Version : Rev. 02



Report No.: FA132949A

6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.2.





Fig 6.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

Fig 6.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity
(IVITIZ)	(/0)	(/0)	(/0)		(/0)	(/0)	(0)	(ε _r)
				For Head	1		T	
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
				For Body				
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

Table 6.1 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 19 of 41 Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

CC SAR Test Report No. : FA132949.

The following table gives the targets for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity (σ)	±5% Range	Permittivity (ε _r)	±5% Range
835	Head	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6
1800, 1900, 2000	Head	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0
835	Body	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0
1800, 1900, 2000	Body	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0

Table 6.2 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070D Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Temperature (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Measurement Date
835	Head	21.4	0.900	40.8	Apr. 12, 2011
835	Head	21.3	0.899	40.5	May 21, 2011
835	Body	21.5	0.985	54.5	May 26, 2011
835	Body	21.6	0.975	52.9	May. 26, 2011
1900	Head	21.3	1.450	38.5	Apr. 11, 2011
1900	Body	21.3	1.560	52.4	May 25, 2011
1900	Body	21.3	1.530	54.2	May 26, 2011
1900	Body	21.3	1.560	52.4	May 27, 2011

Table 6.3 Measuring Results for Simulating Liquid

 SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
 Page Number
 : 20 of 41

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456
 Report Issued Date
 : Jun. 02, 2011

 FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Report Version
 : Rev. 02

FCC ID: NM8PH44100

7. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

Report No.: FA132949A

· 21 of 41

: Rev. 02

Report Version

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 7.1

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

⁽a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 7.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 7.2.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. Page Number TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)				
Measurement System	Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	5.5	Normal	1	1	± 5.5 %				
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 1.9 %				
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 3.9 %				
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %				
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %				
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %				
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	± 0.3 %				
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5 %				
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.5 %				
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %				
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %				
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.2 %				
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %				
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %				
Test Sample Related									
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	± 2.9 %				
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	± 3.6 %				
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9 %				
Phantom and Setup									
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3 %				
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	± 1.8 %				
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	± 1.6 %				
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7 %				
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	± 1.5 %				
Combined Standard Uncertainty									
Coverage Factor for 95 %									
Expanded Uncertainty									

Table 7.2 Uncertainty Budget of DASY for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 22 of 41 Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

Report No.: FA132949A



Report No.: FA132949A

8. SAR Measurement Evaluation

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

8.1 Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

8.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

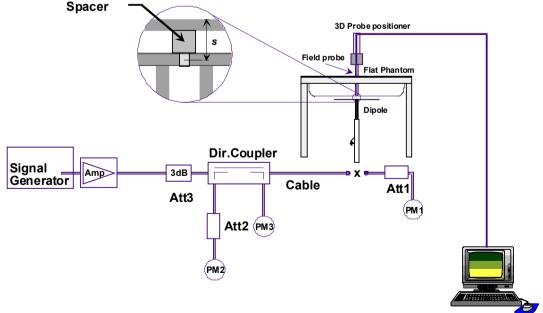


Fig 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100

: 23 of 41 Page Number Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011



- 1. Signal Generator
- 2. Amplifier
- 3. Directional Coupler
- 4. Power Meter
- 5. Calibrated Dipole

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm (250 mW) before dipole is connected.



Fig 8.2 Photo of Dipole Setup

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 24 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011
Report Version : Rev. 02



8.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 8.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Measurement Date	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Targeted SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
Apr. 12, 2011	835	Head	9.65	2.59	10.36	7.36
May 21, 2011	835	Head	9.65	2.39	9.56	-0.93
May 26, 2011	835	Body	10.00	2.71	10.84	8.40
May 26, 2011	835	Body	10.00	2.68	10.72	7.20
Apr. 11, 2011	1900	Head	39.20	10.40	41.60	6.12
May 25, 2011	1900	Body	39.20	9.89	39.56	0.92
May 26, 2011	1900	Body	40.00	9.75	39.00	-2.50
May 27, 2011	1900	Body	40.00	9.89	39.56	-1.10

Table 8.1 Target and Measurement SAR after Normalized

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100

TEL: 886-3-327-3456

Page Number : 25 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011
Report Version : Rev. 02



9. <u>DUT Testing Position</u>

This DUT was tested in nine different positions. They are right cheek, right tilted, left cheek, left tilted, front face of the DUT with phantom 1.0 cm gap, rear face of the DUT with phantom 1.0 cm gap, right side of the DUT with phantom 1.0 cm gap, left side of the DUT with phantom 1.0 cm gap, and bottom side of the DUT with phantom 1.0 cm gap as illustrated below:

1. Define two imaginary lines on the handset

- (a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

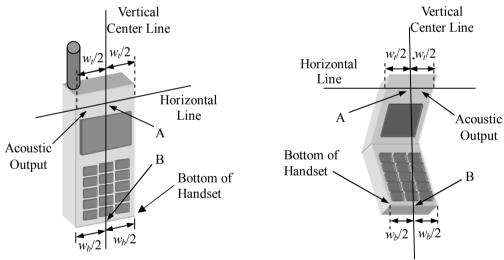


Fig 9.1 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 26 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

Report No.: FA132949A



Report No.: FA132949A

2. Cheek Position

- (a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- (b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 9.2).



Fig 9.2 Illustration for Cheek Position

3. Tilted Position

- (a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 9.3).



Fig 9.3 Illustration for Tilted Position

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 27 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

4. Body Worn Position

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 1.0 cm.

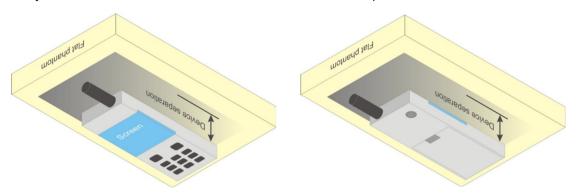


Fig 9.4 Illustration for Body Worn Position

5. DUT Setup Photos

Please refer to Appendix D for the test setup photos.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 28 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

Report No.: FA132949A

10. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) For WWAN function, link DUT with base station emulator in highest power channel
- (b) Set base station emulator to allow DUT to radiate maximum output power
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter
- (d) Place the DUT in the positions described in the last section
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software
- (f) Taking data for the middle channel on each testing position
- (g) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (h) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement
- (e)

10.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 29 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

Report No.: FA132949A

10.2 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm for 300 MHz to 3 GHz, and 8x8x8 points with step size 4, 4 and 2.5 mm for 3 GHz to 6 GHz. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

10.3 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the DUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing (step-size is 4, 4 and 2.5 mm). When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

10.4 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

10.5 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the DUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of DUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

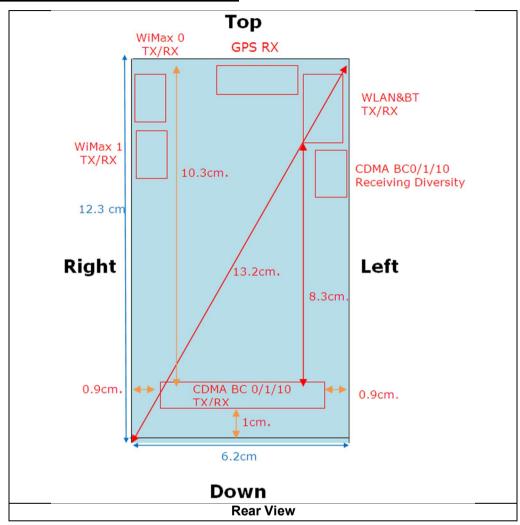
SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 30 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011
Report Version : Rev. 02



11. SAR Test Configurations

11.1 Exposure Positions Consideration



Sides for SAR tests; Hotspot mode Test distance: 10 mm								
	Bottom Face	Front Face	Тор	Down	Right	Left		
CDMA BC 0/1/10 Ev-Do Rev 0	1	✓	х	1	✓	✓		
WiMax 0	✓	✓	✓	X	✓	X		
WiMax 1	✓	✓	✓	X	✓	X		
WLAN 11b/g/n 2.4GHz	✓	✓	✓	X	X	✓		

Note:

Referring to KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are \geq 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 31 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011
Report Version : Rev. 02



Sides for SAR tests; Body-worn configuration Test distance: 10 mm								
	Bottom Face	Front Face	Тор	Down	Right	Left		
CDMA BC 0/1/10 1XRTT	1	✓	х	х	x	х		
WiMax 0	✓	✓	X	Х	Х	X		
WiMax 1	✓	✓	Х	Х	Х	Х		
WLAN 11b/g/n 2.4GHz	✓	√	X	X	X	X		

Note:

For Body-worn configuration, SAR is measured with 15 mm test distance, for both Front Face and Rear Face.

Head SAR								
	Right Cheek	Right Tilt	Left Cheek	Left Tilt				
CDMA BC 0/1/10 1XRTT	✓	✓	✓	✓				
WiMax 0	✓	✓	✓	✓				
WiMax 1	/	1	1	✓				
WLAN 11b/g/n 2.4GHz	/	✓	/	✓				

Note: WLAN and WiMax may work during CDMA voice call or VOIP, thus WiMax/WLAN Head SAR is performed.

11.2 Simultaneous Transmitting Configurations

	Combinations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Remark
	CDMA BC 0/1/10				1. In Hotspot mode, Ev-Do is mainly used for SAR tests
1	WLAN 2.4GHz	√	✓	✓	In Body-worn and Head SAR, 1XRTT is mainly used for SAR tests
	WiMax 0				1. For Head SAR, WiMax in VOIP, and WLAN acts as router
2	WLAN 2.4GHz	√	X	✓	for other user's data connection at the same time. For Body SAR, test SAR in hotspot mode
3	CDMA BC 0/1/10	/	/	X	1. In Body-worn and Head SAR, 1XRTT is mainly used for
3	WiMax 0	•	•	*	SAR tests
4	CDMA BC 0/1/10	/	/	X	1. In Body-worn and Head SAR, 1XRTT is mainly used for
4	WiMax 1	•	•	^	SAR tests
	WiMax 1			✓	1. For Head SAR, WiMax in VOIP, and WLAN acts as router
5	WLAN 2.4GHz	✓	X		for other user's data connection at the same time. 2. For Body SAR, test SAR in hotspot mode
6	WiMax 0	v	v	v	M/May 0 and M/May 1 cannot transmit simultaneously
О	WiMax 1	Х	X	X	WiMax 0 and WiMax 1 cannot transmit simultaneously.
	CDMA BC 0/1/10				1 In Dady warm and Hand CAD AVOIT is makinky used for
7	WiMax 0	✓	✓	X	In Body-worn and Head SAR, 1XRTT is mainly used for SAR tests
	WLAN 2.4GHz				SAN LESIS
	CDMA BC 0/1/10				
8	WiMax 1	1	✓	X	In Body-worn and Head SAR, 1XRTT is mainly used for SAR tests
	WLAN 2.4GHz				JAN LESIS

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 32 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011
Report Version : Rev. 02



Note:

1. According to KDB 648474, the closest separation distance from WWAN antenna is 8.3 cm, and the output power of Bluetooth (4.05 dBm) is less than 2*PRef (13.8 dBm), the simultaneous transmission SAR and standalone SAR for BT is not required.

Report No.: FA132949A

- 2. WLAN and BT share the same antenna, thus they cannot transmit simultaneously.
- CDMA (voice), WiMax (data), WLAN (router) can transmit simultaneously
 CDMA (Ev-Do), WiMax (data), WLAN (router) cannot transmit simultaneously; the handset will choose either Ev-Do or WiMax for data connection.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. Page Number : 33 of 41 TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version : Rev. 02

FCC ID: NM8PH44100



12. SAR Test Results

12.1 Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)

Band	С	DMA2000 BC	0	CDMA2000 BC1			
Channel	1013	1013 384 777		25	600	1175	
Frequency (MHz)	824.70	836.52	848.31	1851.25	1880.00	1908.75	
1xRTT RC1+SO55	24.27	24.05	24.45	23.59	23.76	23.93	
1xRTT RC3+SO55	24.19	23.94	24.52	23.54	23.70	24.19	
1xRTT RC3+SO32 (FCH)	24.23	23.95	24.27	23.55	23.70	24.17	
1xRTT RC3+SO32 (SCH)	24.24	23.92	24.35	23.55	23.72	24.15	
1xEVDO RTAP 153.6	24.30	24.14	24.50	23.67	23.83	24.18	
1xEVDO RETAP 4096	24.44	24.08	24.51	23.61	23.88	24.12	

Band		CDMA2000 BC10								
Channel	476	580	684							
Frequency (MHz)	817.9	820.5	823.31							
1xRTT RC1+SO55	24.59	24.44	24.10							
1xRTT RC3+SO55	24.63	24.38	24.07							
1xRTT RC3+SO32 (FCH)	24.53	24.38	24.08							
1xRTT RC3+SO32 (SCH)	24.59	24.36	24.09							
1xEVDO RTAP 153.6	24.62	24.54	24.25							
1xEVDO RETAP 4096	24.60	24.53	24.30							

Note:

Referring to FCC KDB inquiry 781551, the test channel reduction in BC10 can be referred to KDB 447498 D01 6)c), test reduction considerations.

 $N = Round\{[100(f_{high}-f_{low})/f_c]^{0.5}x(f_c/100)^{0.2}\} = Round\{[100(823.1-817.9)/820]^{0.5}\}x(820/100)^{0.2}\} = 1$ Therefore, only 1 channel is sufficient for SAR tests in BC10. CH476 is chosen due to the highest output power in BC10, per guidance in SAR updates in 2010/10 TCB workshop.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 34 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011
Report Version : Rev. 02

12.2 Test Records for Head SAR Test

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Battery	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	SAR _{10g} (W/kg)
110	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO55	Right Cheek	777	1	<mark>0.684</mark>	0.526
111	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO55	Right Cheek	777	2	0.648	0.498
112	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO55	Right Tilted	777	1	0.623	0.474
113	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO55	Left Cheek	777	1	0.562	0.429
114	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO55	Left Tilted	777	1	0.612	0.417
127	CDMA2000 BC10	RC3+SO55	Right Cheek	476	1	<mark>0.796</mark>	0.619
140	CDMA2000 BC10	RC3+SO55	Right Cheek	476	2	0.519	0.445
141	CDMA2000 BC10	RC3+SO55	Right Tilted	476	1	0.49	0.373
142	CDMA2000 BC10	RC3+SO55	Left Cheek	476	1	0.474	0.36
143	CDMA2000 BC10	RC3+SO55	Left Tilted	476	1	0.425	0.321
103	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO55	Right Cheek	1175	1	0.549	0.373
104	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO55	Right Cheek	1175	2	0.523	0.358
105	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO55	Right Tilted	1175	1	0.307	0.183
106	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO55	Left Cheek	1175	1	<mark>0.609</mark>	0.393
107	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO55	Left Tilted	1175	1	0.353	0.196

Note:

- 1. According to KDB 941225 D01, Head SAR for RC1-SO55 is not required because the maximum average output power of RC1 is less than 1/4 dB higher than RC3-SO55.
- 2. If the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position is < 0.8 W/kg, other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 35 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011
Report Version : Rev. 02

12.3 Test Records for Body-worn SAR Test

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Battery	Ear- phone	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	SAR _{10g} (W/kg)
66	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	777	1	-	1.02	0.772
67	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	777	2	-	0.906	0.685
68	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO32	Face	1	777	1	-	0.712	0.561
72	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	384	1	-	0.962	0.722
73	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	1013	1	-	<mark>1.36</mark>	1.03
74	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	384	2	-	0.881	0.666
75	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	1013	2	-	1.35	1.02
79	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	1013	1	V	0.86	0.645
80	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	384	1	V	0.739	0.545
81	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	777	1	V	0.84	0.621
82	CDMA2000 BC10	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	476	1	-	0.856	0.642
134	CDMA2000 BC10	RC3+SO32	Face	1	476	1	-	0.362	0.28
144	CDMA2000 BC10	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	684	1	V	0.868	0.636
145	CDMA2000 BC10	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	580	1	V	0.798	0.582
146	CDMA2000 BC10	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	476	1	V	0.87	0.632
88	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	1175	1	-	1.33	0.851
89	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	1175	2	-	1.29	0.841
90	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Face	1	1175	1	-	0.627	0.407
94	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	25	2	-	1.28	0.833
95	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	600	2	-	1.28	0.827
96	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	25	1	-	<mark>1.35</mark>	0.888
97	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	600	1	-	1.32	0.863
99	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	25	1	V	1.34	0.865
100	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	600	1	V	1.3	0.835
101	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Bottom	1	1175	1	V	1.35	0.863

Note:

- 1. For Body-worn configuration, SAR evaluated for Front Face and Bottom Face.
- 2. Referring to KDB 941225 D01, the CDMA Handset Body SAR tests based on RC3+SO32. RC1, RTAP (REV 0), and RETAP (Rev A) power are all less than 1/4 dB higher than RC3, thus SAR tests in these mode are not necessary.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 36 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011
Report Version : Rev. 02



12.4 Test Records for Hotspot SAR Test

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Battery	Ear- phone	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	SAR _{10g} (W/kg)
128	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	777	1	-	0.916	0.682
129	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	777	2	-	0.841	0.626
130	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6	Front Face	1	777	1	-	0.578	0.446
131	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6	Left Side	1	777	1	-	0.65	0.441
132	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6	Right Side	1	777	1	-	0.76	0.519
133	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6	Down Side	1	777	1	-	0.419	0.212
134	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	384	1	-	<mark>1.19</mark>	0.868
135	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	1013	1	-	1.14	0.853
136	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	384	2	-	0.816	0.613
137	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	1013	2	-	1.17	0.88
138	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	384	1	V	0.748	0.56
139	CDMA2000 BC10	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	476	1	-	1.03	0.774
140	CDMA2000 BC10	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	476	2	-	1	0.749
141	CDMA2000 BC10	RTAP 153.6	Front Face	1	476	1	-	0.586	0.452
142	CDMA2000 BC10	RTAP 153.6	Left Side	1	476	1	-	0.631	0.436
143	CDMA2000 BC10	RTAP 153.6	Right Side	1	476	1	-	0.78	0.542
144	CDMA2000 BC10	RTAP 153.6	Down Side	1	476	1	-	0.423	0.216
145	CDMA2000 BC10	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	580	1	-	0.878	0.657
146	CDMA2000 BC10	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	684	1	-	<mark>1.05</mark>	0.786
147	CDMA2000 BC10	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	580	2	-	0.939	0.704
148	CDMA2000 BC10	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	684	2	-	1.03	0.771
149	CDMA2000 BC10	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	684	1	V	0.856	0.631
150	CDMA2000 BC10	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	580	1	V	0.817	0.603
151	CDMA2000 BC10	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	476	1	V	0.872	0.642
155	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	1175	1	-	<mark>1.27</mark>	0.801
156	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	1175	2	-	1.25	0.789
157	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Front Face	1	1175	1	-	0.602	0.455
158	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Left Side	1	1175	1	-	0.528	0.311
159	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Right Side	1	1175	1	-	0.16	0.1
163	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Side	1	1175	1	-	0.394	0.229
153	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	25	1	-	1.16	0.739
154	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	600	1	-	1.21	0.767
160	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	25	2	-	0.957	0.616
161	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	600	2	-	1	0.636
162	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	1175	1	v	1.15	0.729
164	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	25	1	٧	0.698	0.445
165	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Face	1	600	1	V	0.783	0.5

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 37 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011
Report Version : Rev. 02



Note:

1. According to October 2010 TCB Workshop RF Exposure Procedures Update, the WWAN Antenna SAR for hotspot mode only Front Face, Bottom Face, Down Side, Left Side, and Right Side are needed due to the antenna location is within 2.5 cm from the edge.

Report No.: FA132949A

2. Referring to KDB 941225 D01, in hotspot mode DUT is treated as data device and SAR is tested with RTAP 153.6kbps (Ev-Do). If RC3+SO32 power is less than 1/4dB higher than Ev-Do, SAR tests with RC3+SO32 setting are not necessary.

 SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
 Page Number
 : 38 of 41

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456
 Report Issued Date
 : Jun. 02, 2011

 FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Report Version
 : Rev. 02

FCC ID: NM8PH44100

12.5 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis and Measurements

12.5.1 Simultaneous analysis - SAR summation

<Simultaneous Transmission - Head SAR>

	Accessory	Mode	CDMA BC0	CDMA BC1	CDMA BC10	WiMAX Ant0	WiMAX Ant1	802.11b/g	Max. SAR Summation
Right Cheek	Battery 1	RC3+SO55	0.684	0.549	0.796	0.358	0.133	0.199	1.31
Right Tilted	Battery 1	RC3+SO55	0.623	0.307	0.49	0.313	0.105	0.122	1.06
Left Cheek	Battery 1	RC3+SO55	0.562	0.609	0.474	0.364	0.296	0.136	1.11
Left Tilted	Battery 1	RC3+SO55	0.612	0.353	0.425	0.299	0.215	0.14	1.05

Report No.: FA132949A

Note: Simultaneous SAR measurement is not necessary, since the summation is < 1.6W/kg.

< Simultaneous Transmission - Body-worn SAR >

	Accessory	Mode	CDMA BC0	CDMA BC1	CDMA BC10	WiMAX Ant0	WiMAX Ant1	802.11b/g	Max. SAR Summation
Rear Face	Battery 1	RC3+SO32	1.36	1.35	0.856	0.254	0.295	0.204	1.85
Front Face	Battery 1	RC3+SO32	0.712	0.627	0.362	0.107	0.094	0.04	0.77
Rear Face	Battery 1 + Earphone	RC3+SO32	0.86	1.35	0.87	0.243	0.303	0.245	1.9

Note:

- 1. If the scalar 1g-SAR < 1.6W/kg, simultaneous SAR measurement is not necessary
- 2. The worst case is CDMA (voice) + WiMax (data) + WLAN (router)
- 3. The Rows in Blue have SAR >1.6W/kg, SPLSR calculation is necessary

< Simultaneous Transmission - Hotspot mode SAR >

	Accessory	Mode	CDMA BC0	CDMA BC1	CDMA BC10	WiMAX Ant0	WiMAX Ant1	802.11b/g	Max. SAR Summation		
Rear Face	Battery 1	RTAP 153.6	1.19	1.27	1.05	0.254	0.295	0.204	1.57		
Front Face	Battery 1	RTAP 153.6	0.578	0.602	0.586	0.107	0.094	0.04	0.71		
Left Side	Battery 1	RTAP 153.6	0.65	0.528	0.631	0.033	0.017	0.114	0.76		
Right Side	Battery 1	RTAP 153.6	0.76	0.16	0.78	0.197	0.380	0.158	1.16		
Top Side	Battery 1	RTAP 153.6	-	-	-	0.169	0.051	0.044	0.21		
Down Side	Battery 1	RTAP 153.6	0.419	0.394	0.423	-	-	-	0.42		
Rear Face	Battery 1 + Earphone	RTAP 153.6	0.748	1.15	0.872	0.243	0.303	0.245	1.46		

Note:

- 1. The handset will select either Ev-Do or WiMax for data connection; therefore Ev-Do + WiMax + WLAN will not transmit at the same time.
- 2. As in (1), the scalar SAR summation is based on Ev-Do + WLAN and WiMax + WLAN.
- 3. Simultaneous SAR measurement is not necessary, since the summation is < 1.6W/kg.

 SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
 Page Number
 : 39 of 41

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456
 Report Issued Date
 : Jun. 02, 2011

 FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Report Version
 : Rev. 02

FCC ID: NM8PH44100



12.5.2 Simultaneous analysis - SPLSR calculation

Body worn				SAR pe	eak locatio	n (m)	SAR	SAR sum	Ant	Peak distance	pair SAR sum	SPLSR
Bottom Face	Earphone	TX		Х	Υ	Z	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	Pair	(cm)	(W/kg)	G. 25.1
		1	BC 10, SO32	-0.018	-0.019	-0.201	0.856					
		2	WiMax, 0	-0.046	0.033	-0.201	0.254	1.31				
		3	WLAN	0.0101	0.0222	-0.202	0.204					
		1	BC 0, SO32	-0.012	-0.027	-0.203	1.360		1+2	6.90	1.61	0.23
		2	WiMax, 0	-0.046	0.033	-0.201	0.254	1.82	1+3	5.39	1.56	0.29
		3	WLAN	0.0101	0.0222	-0.202	0.204		2+3	5.71	0.46	0.08
		1	BC 1, SO32	-0.00996	-0.047	-0.202	1.350		1+2	8.77	1.60	0.18
		2	WiMax, 0	-0.046	0.033	-0.201	0.254	1.81	1+3	7.20	1.55	0.22
		3	WLAN	0.0101	0.0222	-0.202	0.204		2+3	5.71	0.46	0.08
		1	BC 10, SO32	-0.018	-0.019	-0.201	0.856					
		2	WiMax, 1	-0.029	0.033	-0.174	0.295	1.36				
		3	WLAN	0.0101	0.0222	-0.202	0.204					
		1	BC 0, SO32	-0.012	-0.027	-0.203	1.360		1+2	6.88	1.66	0.24
		2	WiMax, 1	-0.029	0.033	-0.174	0.295	1.86	1+3	5.39	1.56	0.29
		3	WLAN	0.0101	0.0222	-0.202	0.204		2+3	4.93	0.50	0.10
		1	BC 1, SO32	-0.00996	-0.047	-0.202	1.350		1+2	8.69	1.65	0.19
		2	WiMax, 1	-0.029	0.033	-0.174	0.295	1.85	1+3	7.20	1.55	0.22
		3	WLAN	0.0101	0.0222	-0.202	0.204		2+3	4.93	0.50	0.10
		1	BC 10, SO32	0.007	-0.039	-0.176	0.870					
	V	2	WiMax, 0	-0.056	0.031	-0.201	0.243	1.36				
		3	WLAN	-0.00198	0.027	-0.201	0.245					
)		1	BC 0, SO32	-0.014	-0.023	-0.203	0.860					
	V	2	WiMax, 0	-0.056	0.031	-0.201	0.243	1.35				
		3	WLAN	-0.00198	0.027	-0.201	0.245					
		1	BC 1, SO32	-0.0139	-0.0414	-0.202	1.350		1+2	8.38	1.59	0.19
	v	2	WiMax, 0	-0.056	0.031	-0.201	0.243	1.84	1+3	6.94	1.60	0.23
		3	WLAN	-0.00198	0.027	-0.201	0.245		2+3	5.42	0.49	0.09
		1	BC 10, SO32	0.007	-0.039	-0.176	0.870					
	v	2	WiMax, 1	-0.029	0.033	-0.174	0.303	1.42				
		3	WLAN	-0.00198	0.027	-0.201	0.245					
		1	BC 0, SO32	-0.014	-0.023	-0.203	0.860					
	v	2	WiMax, 1	-0.029	0.033	-0.174	0.303	1.41				
		3	WLAN	-0.00198	0.027	-0.201	0.245					
		1	BC 1, SO32	-0.0139	-0.0414	-0.202	1.350		1+2	8.09	1.65	0.20
	v	2	WiMax, 1	-0.029	0.033	-0.174	0.303	1.90	1+3	6.94	1.60	0.23
		3	WLAN	-0.00198	0.027	-0.201	0.245		2+3	3.87	0.55	0.14

Note: SPLSR < 0.3, so volume scan is not necessary; referring to KDB 648474

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 40 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

Report No.: FA132949A

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SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
TEL: 886-3-327-3456

FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : 41 of 41
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

Report No.: FA132949A



Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : A1 of A1
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

Report No.: FA132949A



Appendix B. Plots of SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : B1 of B1
Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

Report No.: FA132949A



Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM8PH44100 Page Number : C1 of C1 Report Issued Date : Jun. 02, 2011

Report No.: FA132949A