TEST REPORT

Part 15 Subpart C 15.247

Equipment under test	DUAL-MODE BABY MONITOR
Model name	SEM-3057WN
Derivative model	SEM-3055WN
FCC ID	NLMSEM3057WN
Applicant	Hanwha Techwin Co., Ltd.
Manufacturer	RDI Technology (Shenzhen) Co.,Ltd.
Date of test(s)	2016.12.29 ~ 2017.01.09
Date of issue	2017.01.10

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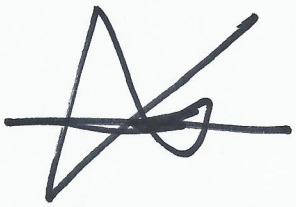	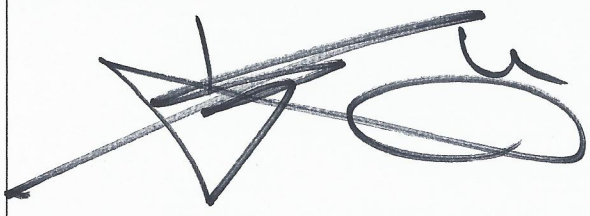
Kwon-se Kim Test engineer	Jeff Do Technical manager

Revision history

Revision	Date of issue	Test report No.	Description
-	2017.01.10	KES-RF-17T0003	Initial

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1. General information

Applicant:	Hanwha Techwin Co., Ltd.
Applicant address:	1204, Changwon-daero, Seongsan-gu, Changwon-si Gyeongsangnam-do, South Korea
Test site:	KES Co., Ltd.
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FCC rule part(s):	15.247
FCC ID:	NLMSEM3057WN
Test device serial No.:	☒ Production ☐ Pre-production ☐ Engineering

1.1. EUT description

Equipment under test	DUAL-MODE BABY MONITOR
Frequency range	FHSS : 2 408 ㎒ ~ 2 468 ㎒ BT : 2 402 ㎒ ~ 2 480 ㎒
Model:	SEM-3057WN
Derivative model	SEM-3055WN
Modulation technique	FHSS, GFSK
Number of channels	FHSS : 16 BT : 40
Antenna specification	FHSS Antenna type : Dipole, Peak gain: 2.0 ㏈i BT Antenna type : Patch, Peak gain: 2.14 ㏈i
Power source	DC 3.7 V (Rechargeable Battery)

1.2. Test configuration

The **Hanwha Techwin Co., Ltd. DUAL-MODE BABY MONITOR FCC ID: NLMSEM3057WN** was tested per the guidance of KDB 558074 D01 v03r05. ANSI C63.10-2013 was used to reference the appropriate EUT setup for radiated spurious emissions testing and AC line conducted testing.

1.3. Frequency/channel operations

Ch.	Frequency (㎒)	Rate(Mbps)
00	2 402	1
. .	. .	. .
20	2 442	1
. .	. .	. .
39	2 480	1

1.4. Accessory information

Applicant	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Power source
-	-	-	-	-

1.5. Device modifications

N/A

1.6. Derivation model information

Software of derivation model is different from the basic model. The circuit diagram and hardware are fundamentally same. It is for model management purpose.

2. Summary of tests

Reference	Parameter	Test results
15.247(a)(2)	6 dB bandwidth and 99% occupied bandwidth	Pass
15.247(b)(3)	Peak output power	Pass
15.247(e)	Power spectral density	Pass
15.205 15.209	Radiated restricted band and emission	Pass
15.247(d)	Conducted spurious emission and band edge	Pass
15.207(a)	AC conducted emissions	Pass

3. Test results

3.1. 6 dB bandwidth

Test procedure

KDB 558074 D01 v03r05 – Section 8.1 or 8.2
Used test method is section 8.1.

Section 8.1

1. RBW = 100 ㎑.
2. VBW ≥ 3 × RBW.
3. Detector = peak.
4. Trace mode = max hold.
5. Sweep = auto couple.
6. Allow the trace to stabilize
7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 ㏈ relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Section 8.2

The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 ㏈, if the functionality described above (i.e., RBW = 100 ㎑, VBW ≥ 3 × RBW, peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be ≥ 6 ㏈.

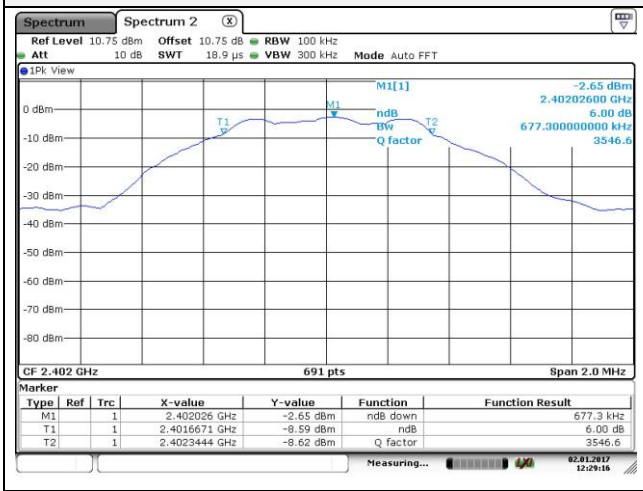
Limit

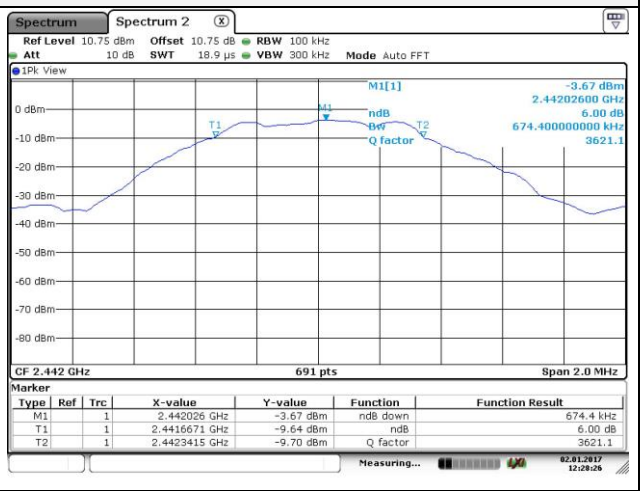
According to §15.247(a)(2), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate 902 ~ 928 ㎒, 2 400 ~ 2 483.5 ㎒, and 5 725 ~ 5 850 ㎒ bands. The minimum 6 ㏈ bandwidth shall be at least 500 ㎑.

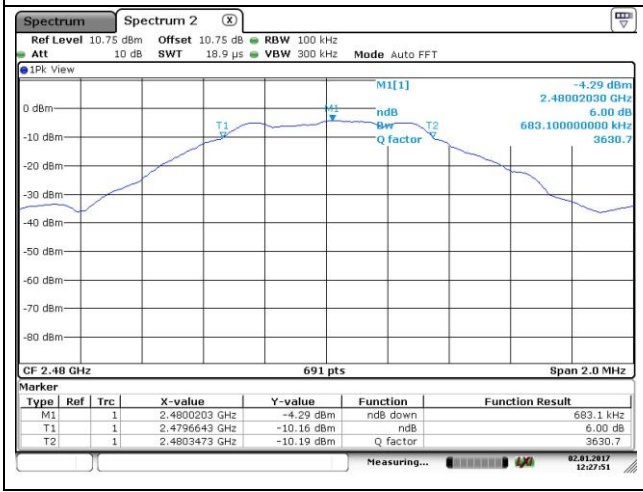
Test results

Frequency(㎒)	6 dB bandwidth(㎒)	Limit(㎒)
2 402	0.677	0.5
2 442	0.674	
2 480	0.683	

LE







N/A

3.2. 99% occupied bandwidth

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013

Limit

None; for reporting purpose only.

Test results

Frequency(㎒)	99% occupied bandwidth(㎒)	Limit(㎒)
2 402	1.010	-
2 442	1.013	
2 480	1.016	

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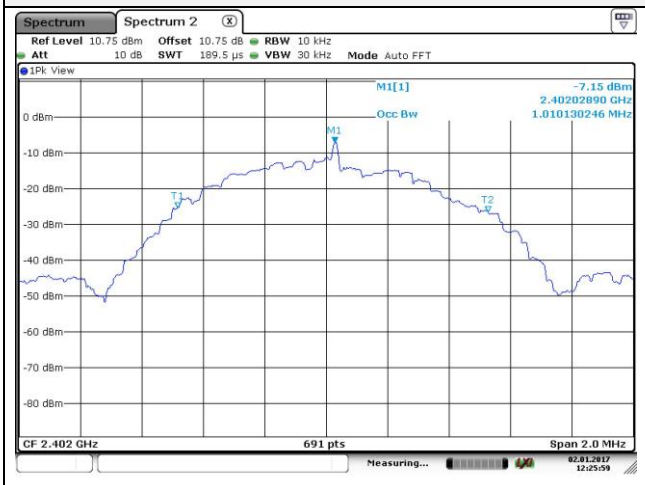

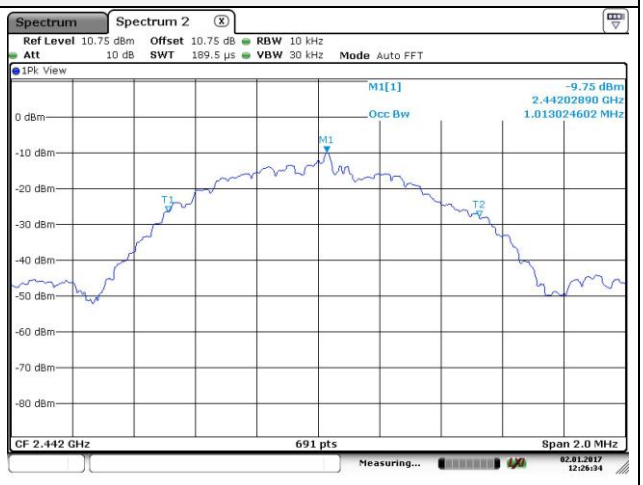

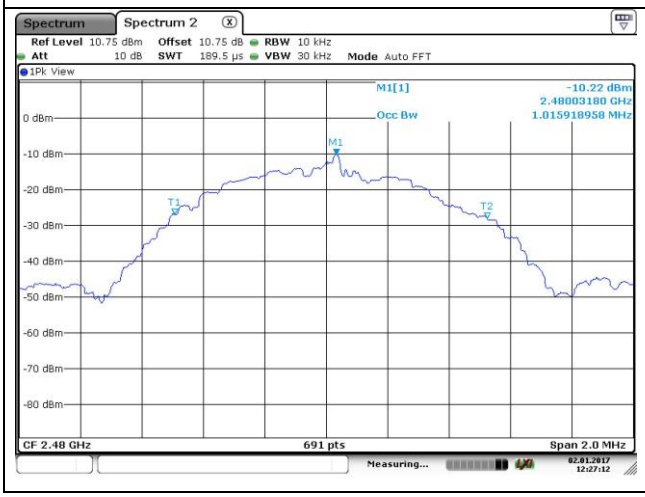

N/A

3.3. Peak output power

Test procedure

KDB 558074 D01 v03r05 – section 9.1.1 or 9.1.2
Used test method is section 9.1.1.

Section 9.1.1

This procedure shall be used when the measurement instrument has available a resolution bandwidth that is gr eater than the DTS bandwidth.

1. Set the RBW ≥ DTS bandwidth.
2. Set VBW ≥ 3 × RBW.
3. Set span ≥ 3 × RBW
4. Sweep time = auto couple
5. Detector = peak
6. Trace mode = max hold
7. Allow trace to fully stabilize
8. Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level

Section 9.1.2

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS ba ndwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

Limit

According to §15.247(b)(3), For systems using digital modulation in the 902~928 ㎒, 2 400~2 483.5 ㎒, and 5 725~5 850 ㎒ bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted out-put power. Maximum Conducted Out-put Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.
According to §15.247(b)(4), The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 ㏈i. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmit-ting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 ㏈i are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 ㏈i.

Test results

Frequency(㎒)	Peak output power(dBm)	Limit(dBm)
2 402	-2.56	30
2 442	-3.58	
2 480	-4.21	

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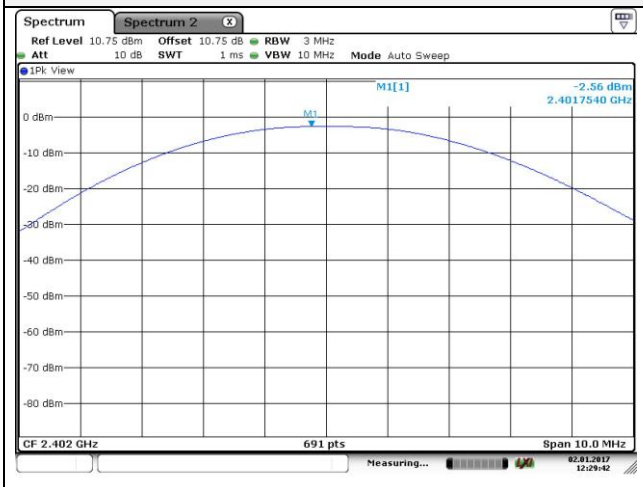
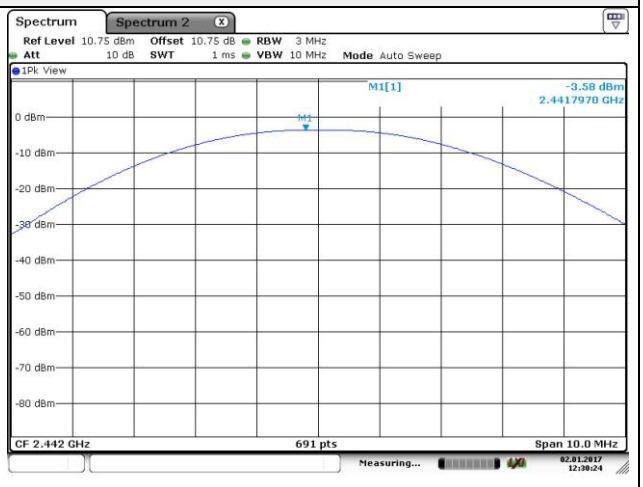
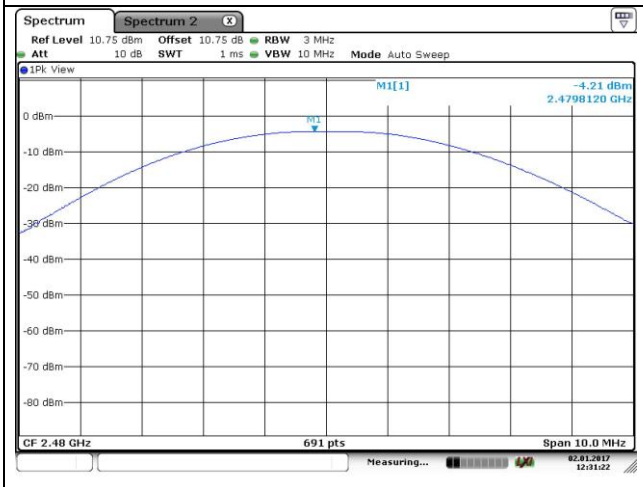






N/A

3.4. Power spectral density

Test procedure

KDB 558074 D01 v03r05 – section 10.2

1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
2. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.
3. Set the RBW : 3 ㎑ ≤ RBW ≤ 100 ㎑
4. Set the VBW ≥ 3 × RBW.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW(no less than 3 ㎑) and repeat.

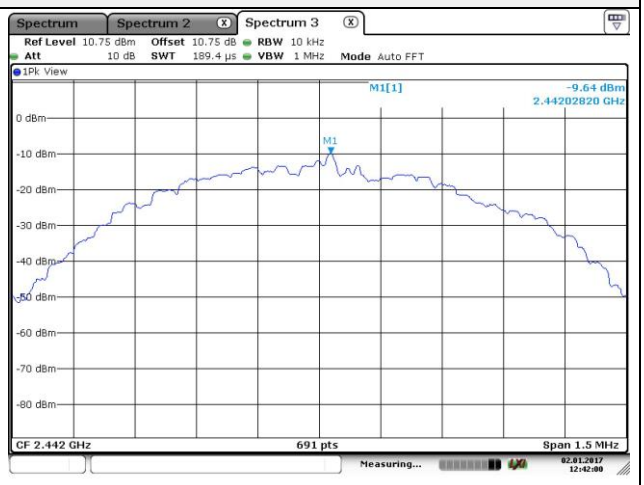
Limit

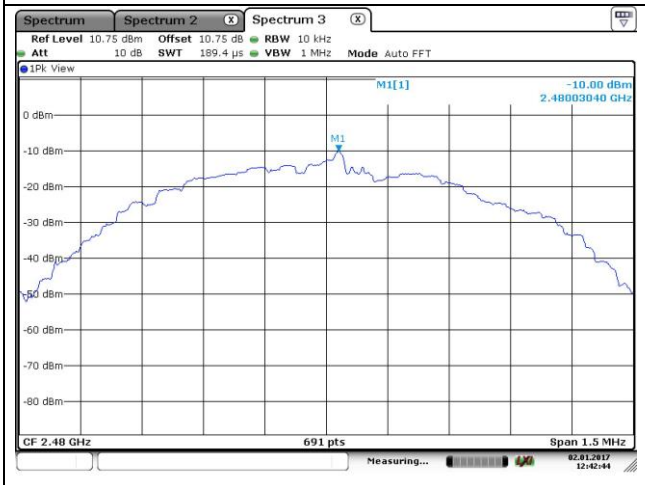
According to §15.247(e), For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 ㏈m in any 3 ㎑ band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

Test results

Frequency(㎒)	PSD (㏈m)	Limit(㏈m)
2 402	-7.06	8
2 442	-9.64	
2 480	-10.00	

LE



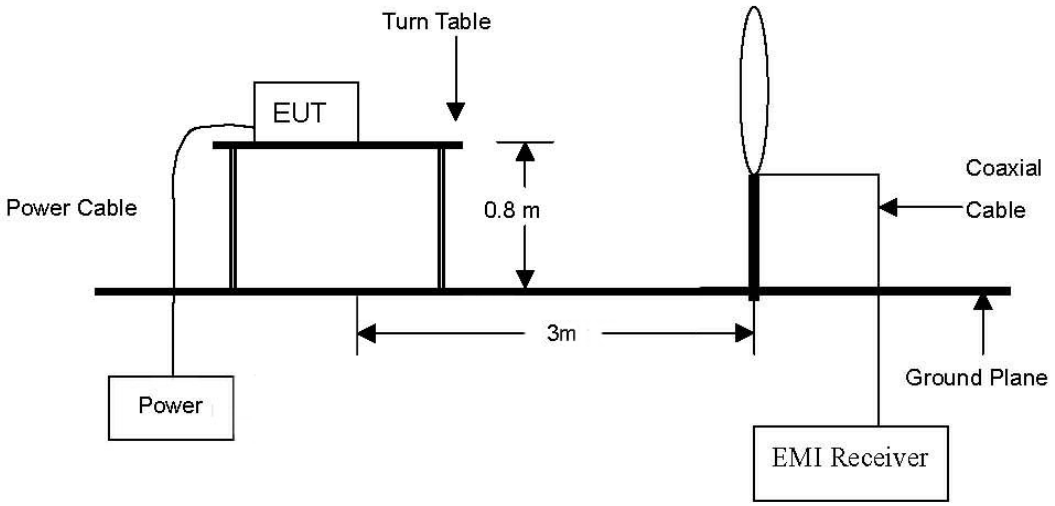


N/A

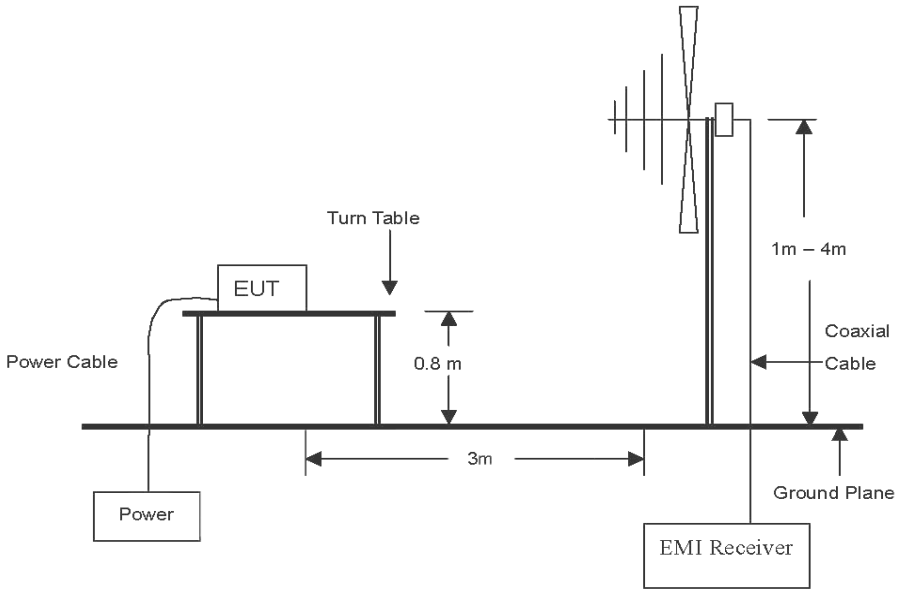
3.5. Radiated restricted band and emissions

Test setup

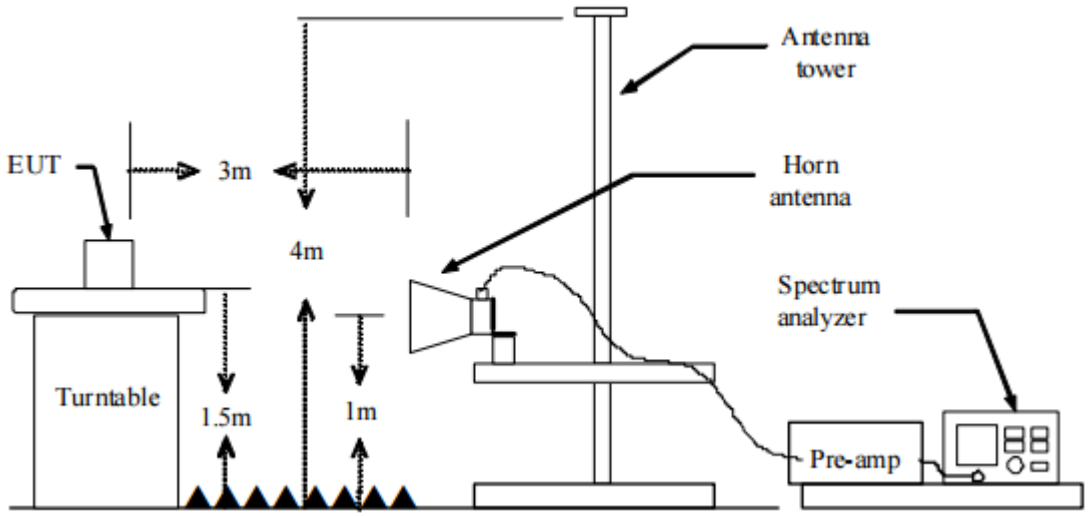
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 ㎑ to 30 ㎒ Emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 ㎒ to 1 ㎓ emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 1 ㎓ to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 ㎓ emissions, whichever is lower.



Test procedure below 30 ㎒

1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. Then antenna is a loop antenna is fixed at one meter above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both parallel and perpendicular of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
3. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
4. The test-receiver system was set to average or quasi peak detect function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum hold mode.

Test procedure above 30 ㎒

1. Spectrum analyzer settings for f < 1 ㎓:
   ① Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured
   ② RBW = 100 ㎑
   ③ VBW ≥ RBW
   ④ Detector = quasi peak
   ⑤ Sweep time = auto
   ⑥ Trace = max hold
2. Spectrum analyzer settings for f ≥1 ㎓: Peak
   ① Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
   ② RBW = 1 ㎒
   ③ VBW ≥ 3 ㎒
   ④ Detector = peak
   ⑤ Sweep time = auto
   ⑥ Trace = max hold
   ⑦ Trace was allowed to stabilize

3. Spectrum analyzer settings for $f \geq 1$ ㎓: Average
   ① Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
   ② RBW = 1 ㎒
   ③ VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
   ④ Detector = RMS, if span/(# of points in sweep) ≤ (RBW/2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak. Detector function = peak
   ⑤ Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).
   ⑥ Sweep time = auto.
   ⑦ Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
   ⑧ A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit.

Note.

1. f <30 ㎒, extrapolation factor of 40 ㏈/decade of distance. $F_d = 40\log(D_m/Ds)$
   $f \geq 30$ ㎒, extrapolation factor of 20 ㏈/decade of distance. $F_d = 20\log(D_m/Ds)$
   Where:
   F_d = Distance factor in ㏈
   D_m = Measurement distance in meters
   D_s = Specification distance in meters
2. CF(Correction factors(㏈)) = Antenna factor(㏈/m) + Cable loss(㏈) + or Amp. gain(㏈) + or F_d(㏈)
3. Field strength(㏈㎶/m) = Level(㏈㎶) + CF (㏈) + or DCF(㏈)
4. Margin(㏈) = Limit(㏈㎶/m) - Field strength(㏈㎶/m)
5. Emissions below 18 ㎓ were measured at a 3 meter test distance while emissions above 18 ㎓ were measured at a 1 meter test distance with the application of a distance correction factor.
6. The fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y and Z, it was determined that **Y orientation** was worst-case orientation; therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in **Y orientation**.
7. The worst-case emissions are reported however emissions whose levels were not within 20 ㏈ of respective limits were not reported.

Limit

According to 15.209(a), for an intentional radiator devices, the general required of field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values：

Frequency (㎒)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (㎶/m)
0.009 ~ 0.490	300	2 400 / F(㎑)
0.490 ~ 1.705	30	24 000 / F(㎑)
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	3	100**
88 ~ 216	3	150**
216 ~ 960	3	200**
Above 960	3	500

**Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54 ~ 72 ㎒, 76 ~ 88 ㎒, 174 ~ 216 ㎒ or 470 ~ 806 ㎒. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

Duty cycle

Regarding to KDB 558074 D01_v03r05, 6.0, the maximum duty cycles of all modes were investigated and set the spectrum analyzer as below.

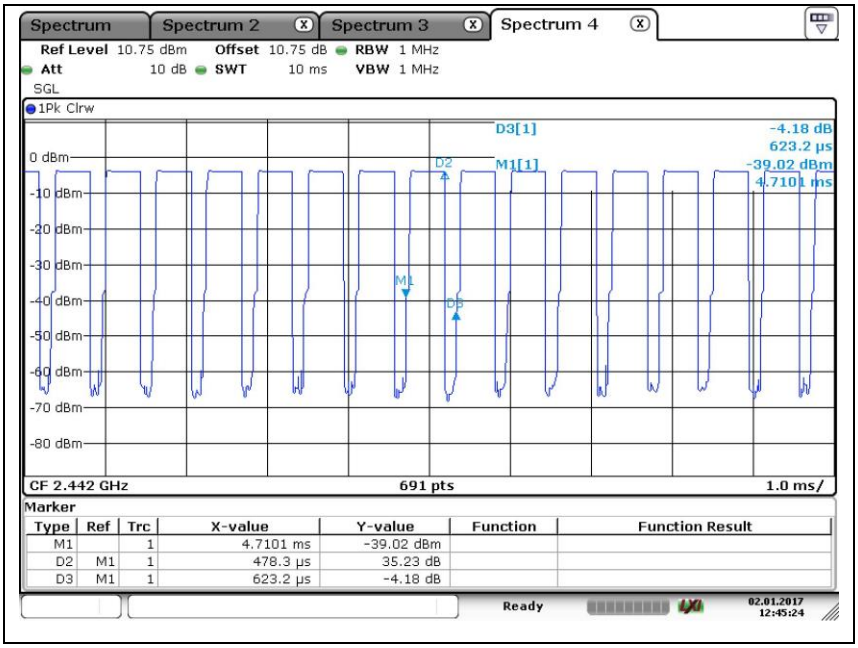
Set RBW ≥ OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set detector = peak or average. The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100.

T_{on} time (㎳)	Period (㎳)	Duty cycle (Linear)	Duty cycle (%)	Minimum VBW (㎑)	Duty cycle correction factor (dB)
0.478 3	0.623 2	0.767 4	76.75	2.09	1.15

Note.

1. Duty cycle (Linear) = T_{on} time/Period
2. Duty cycle(%) = (Tx on time / Tx on + off time) x 100
3. Minimum VBW(㎑) = $1/T_{on}$, where T is on time in second
4. DCF(Duty cycle correction factor (㏈)) = 10log(1/duty cycle)

Middle channel



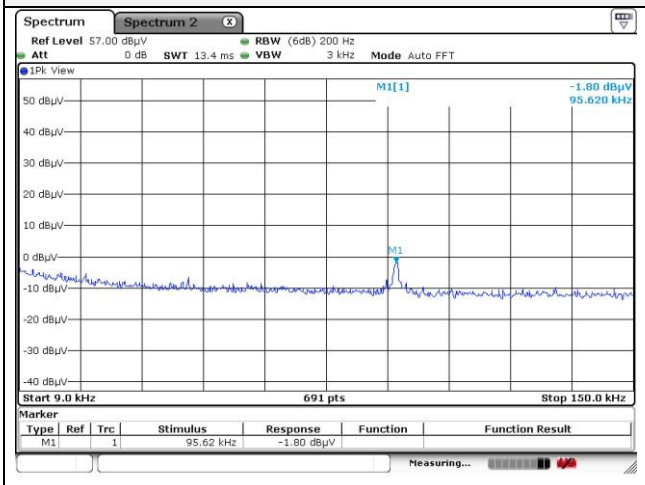
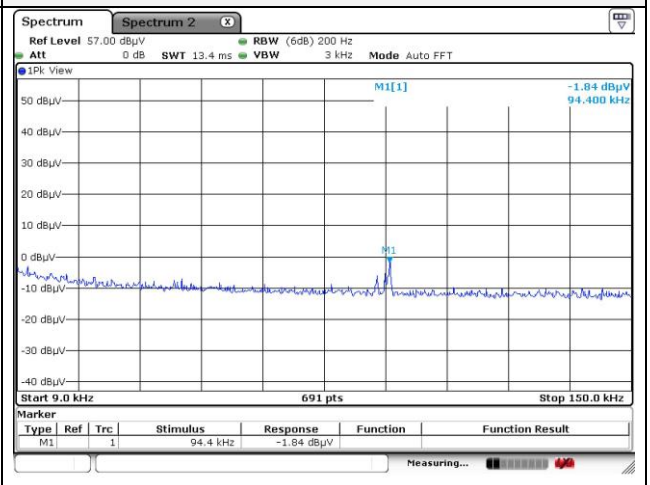
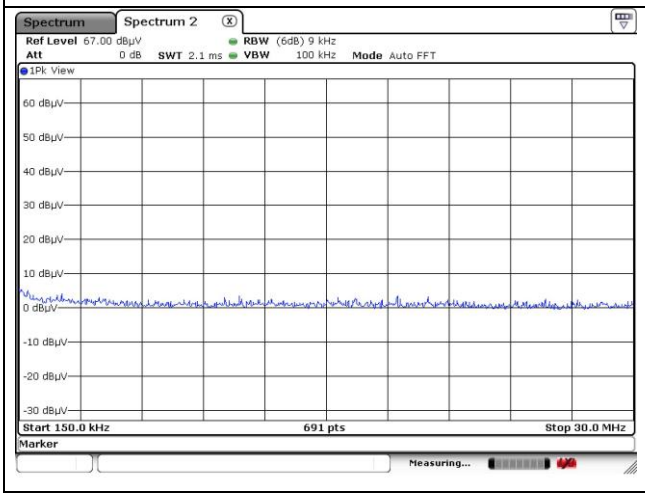
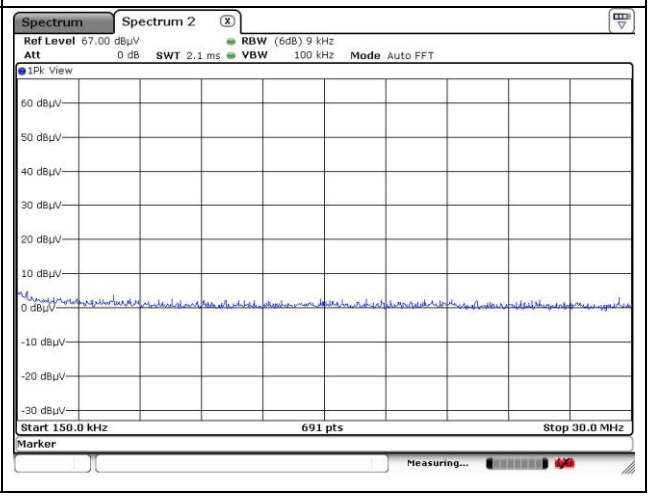
Test results (Below 30 ㎒)

Mode: BLE

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Channel: 00 (Worst case)

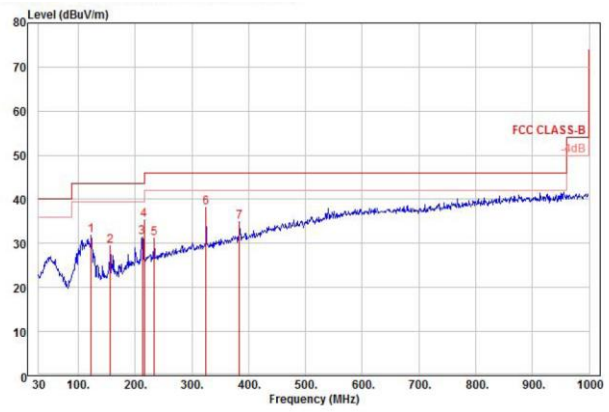
Frequency (㎒)	Level (dB㎶)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	CF (dB)	F_d (dB)	Field strength (dB㎶/m)	Limit (dB㎶/m)	Margin (dB)
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 ㏈ of the limit							

Horizontal	Vertical
	
	

Test results (Below 1 000 ㎒)

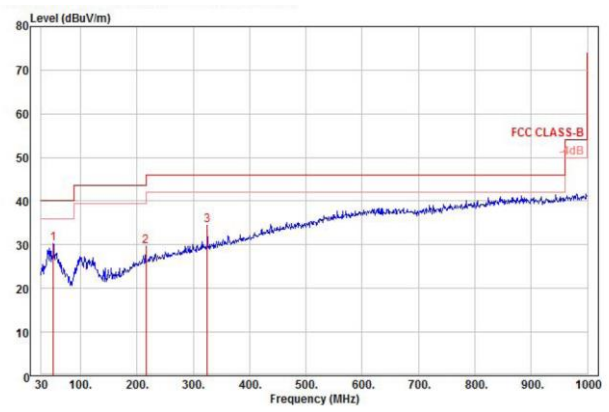
Mode:	BLE
Distance of measurement:	3 meter
Channel:	00 (Worst case)

Horizontal



	Freq	Level	Read Level	Ant Factor	Cable Loss	Preamp Factor	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark	Pol/Phase
	MHz	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	dBuV/m	dB		
1	122.15	31.82	21.00	9.74	1.08	0.00	43.50	-11.68		horizontal
2	156.10	29.40	19.69	8.42	1.29	0.00	43.50	-14.10		horizontal
3	212.36	31.44	18.47	11.56	1.41	0.00	43.50	-12.06		horizontal
4	216.24	35.36	22.29	11.64	1.43	0.00	46.00	-10.64		horizontal
5	233.70	31.15	17.64	12.00	1.51	0.00	46.00	-14.85		horizontal
6 pp	324.88	38.12	22.27	13.96	1.89	0.00	46.00	-7.88		horizontal
7	384.05	34.92	17.55	15.33	2.04	0.00	46.00	-11.08		horizontal

Vertical



	Freq	Level	Read Level	Ant Factor	Cable Loss	Preamp Factor	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark	Pol/Phase
	MHz	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	dBuV/m	dB		
1 pp	51.34	30.31	15.86	13.78	0.67	0.00	40.00	-9.69		vertical
2	216.24	29.54	16.47	11.64	1.43	0.00	46.00	-16.46		vertical
3	324.88	34.36	18.51	13.96	1.89	0.00	46.00	-11.64		vertical

Note.

1. All spurious emission at channels are almost the same below 1 ㎓, so that low channel was chosen at representative in final test.
2. To get a maximum emission level from the EUT, the EUT was moved throughout the XY, XZ and YZ planes.

Test results (Above 1 000 ㎒)

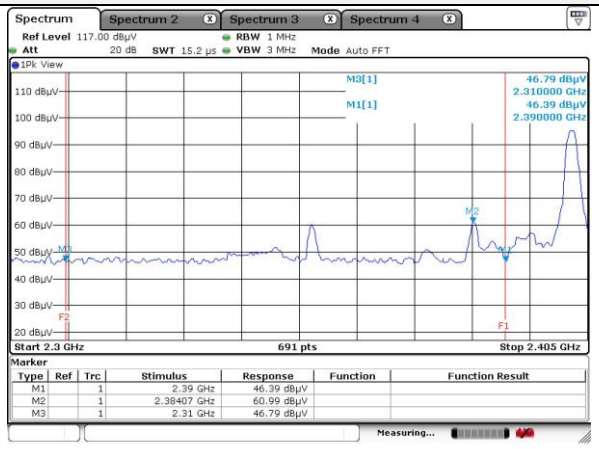
Mode: BLE

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

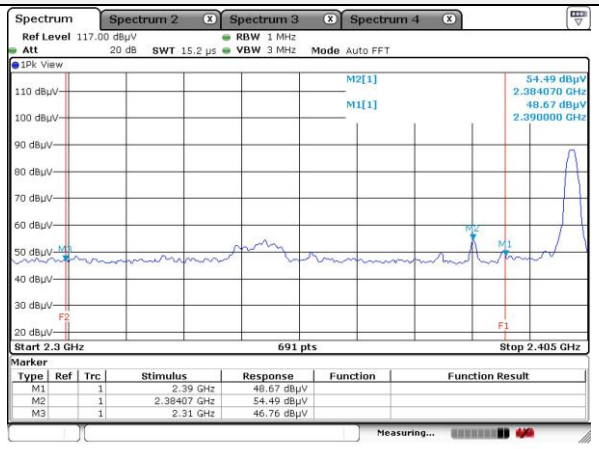
Channel: 00

Frequency (㎒)	Level (dB㎶)	Detect mode	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	CF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Field strength (dB㎶/m)	Limit (dB㎶/m)	Margin (dB)
2301.00	54.80	Peak	H	-2.04	-	52.76	74.00	21.24
2301.00	49.88	Peak	V	-2.04	-	47.84	74.00	26.16
2356.00	55.80	Peak	H	-1.93	-	53.87	74.00	20.13
2356.00	53.49	Peak	V	-1.93	-	51.56	74.00	22.44
2390.00	46.39	Peak	H	-1.86	-	44.53	74.00	29.47
2390.00	48.67	Peak	V	-1.86	-	46.81	74.00	27.19
2384.07	60.99	Peak	H	-1.87	-	59.12	74.00	14.88
2348.97	38.42	Average	H	-1.94	1.15	37.63	54.00	16.37
2384.07	54.49	Peak	V	-1.87	-	52.62	74.00	21.38
2431.30	55.71	Peak	H	-1.75	-	53.96	74.00	20.04
2431.30	52.27	Peak	V	-1.75	-	50.52	74.00	23.48
4813.00	41.20	Peak	H	6.56	-	47.76	74.00	26.24
7222.00	36.32	Peak	H	13.80	-	50.12	74.00	23.88
4812.60	37.93	Peak	V	6.55	-	44.48	74.00	29.52
7222.00	34.26	Peak	V	13.80	-	48.06	74.00	25.94

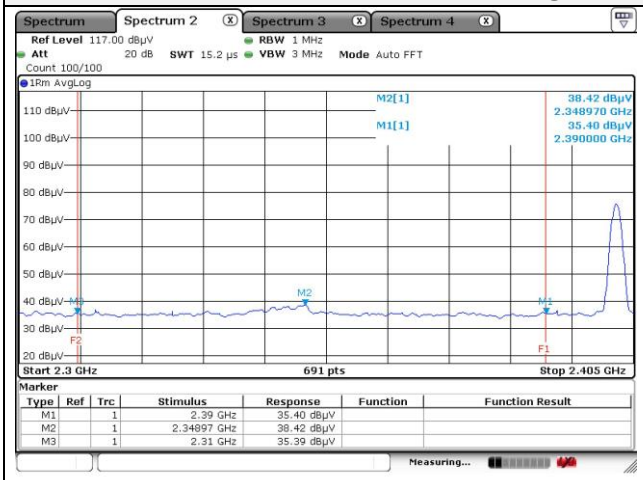
Restricted band // Horizontal // Peak



Restricted band // Vertical // Peak



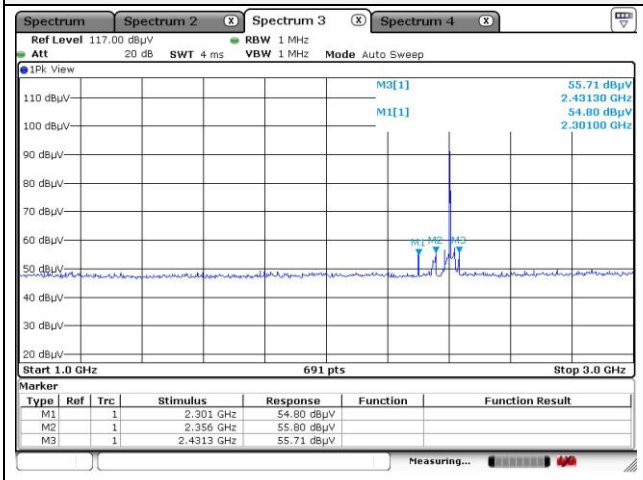
Restricted band // Horizontal // Average



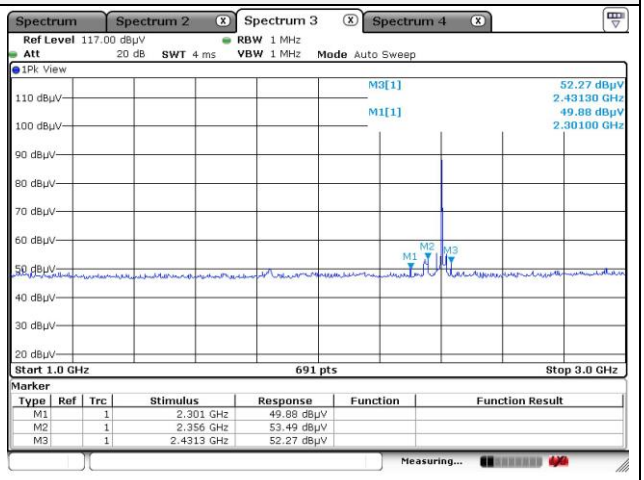
Restricted band // Vertical // Average

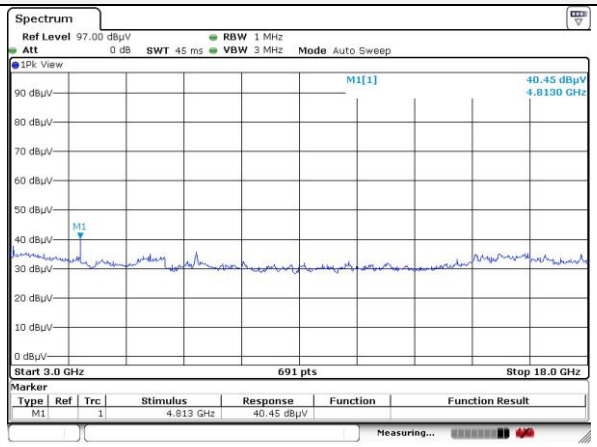
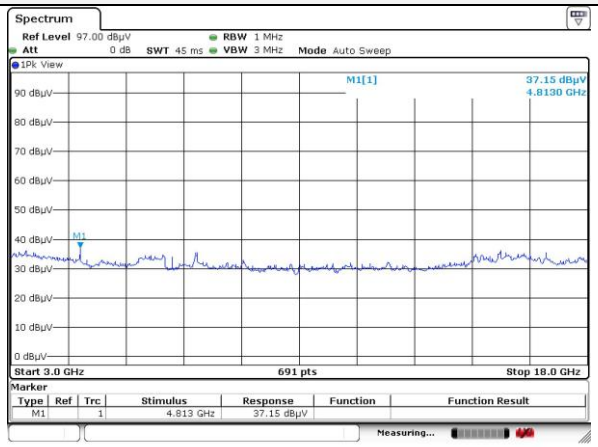
N/A

Horizontal // Peak for 1 ㎓ to 3 ㎓



Vertical // Peak for 1 ㎓ to 3 ㎓



Horizontal // Peak for 3 ㎓ to 18 ㎓	Vertical // Peak for 3 ㎓ to 18 ㎓
	

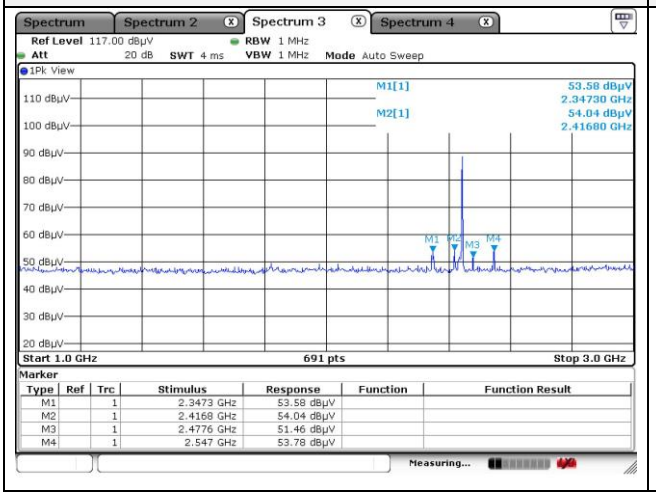
Mode: BLE

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

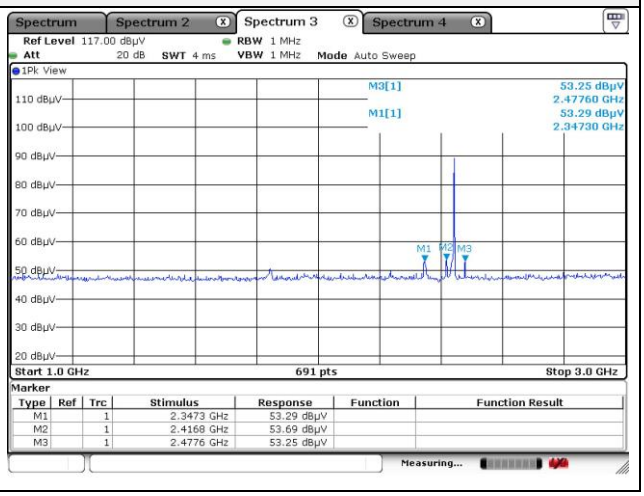
Channel: 20

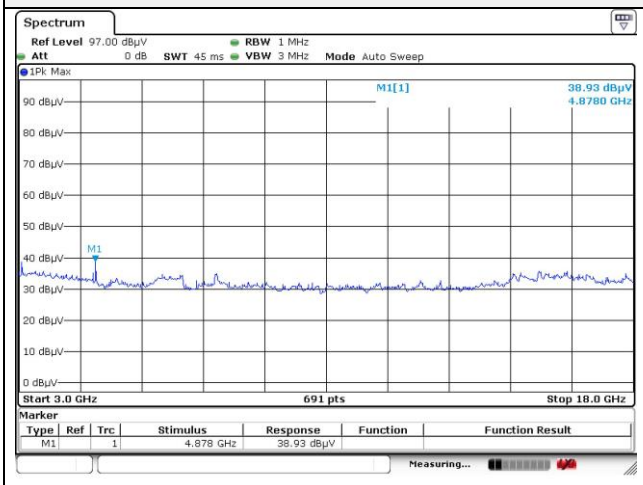
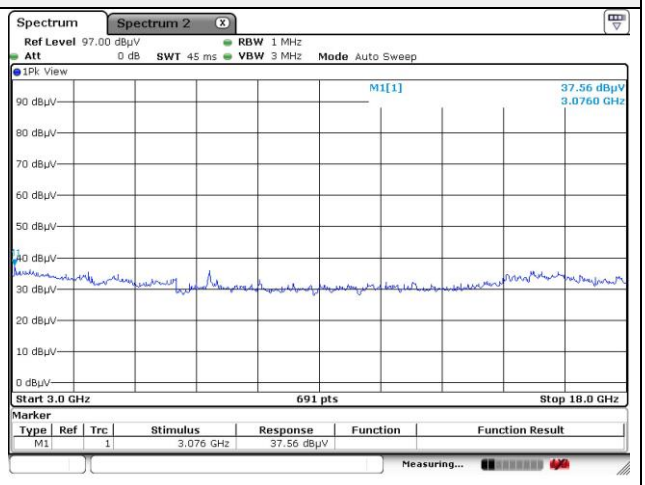
Frequency (㎒)	Level (dB㎶)	Detect mode	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	CF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Field strength (dB㎶/m)	Limit (dB㎶/m)	Margin (dB)
2347.30	53.58	Peak	H	-1.95	-	51.63	74.00	22.37
2347.30	53.29	Peak	V	-1.95	-	51.34	74.00	22.66
2416.80	54.04	Peak	H	-1.79	-	52.25	74.00	21.75
2416.80	53.69	Peak	V	-1.79	-	51.90	74.00	22.10
2477.60	51.46	Peak	H	-1.62	-	49.84	74.00	24.16
2477.60	53.25	Peak	V	-1.62	-	51.63	74.00	22.37
2547.00	53.78	Peak	H	-1.33	-	52.45	74.00	21.55
3076.00	37.56	Peak	V	0.33	-	37.89	74.00	36.11
4878.00	38.93	Peak	H	7.01	-	45.94	74.00	28.06

Horizontal // Peak for 1 ㎓ to 3 ㎓



Vertical // Peak for 1 ㎓ to 3 ㎓



Horizontal // Peak for 3 ㎓ to 18 ㎓	Vertical // Peak for 3 ㎓ to 18 ㎓
	

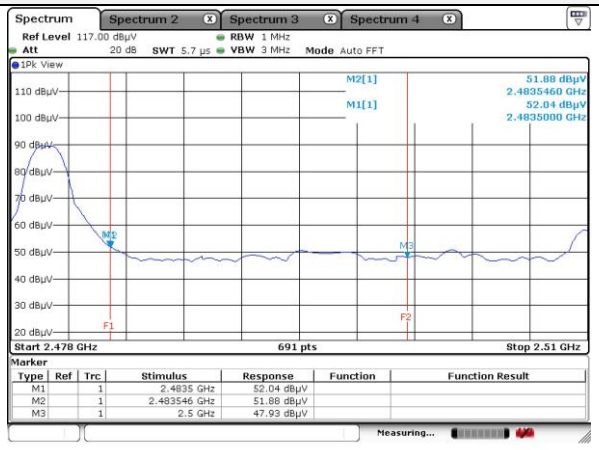
Mode: BLE

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

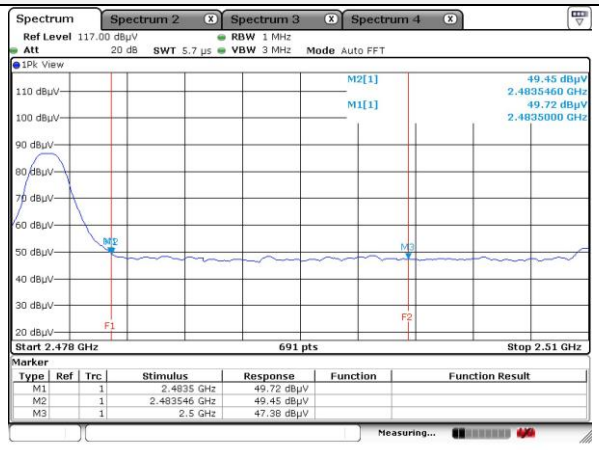
Channel: 39

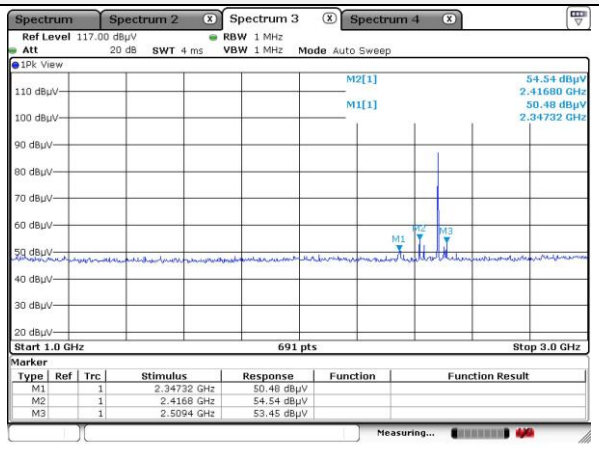
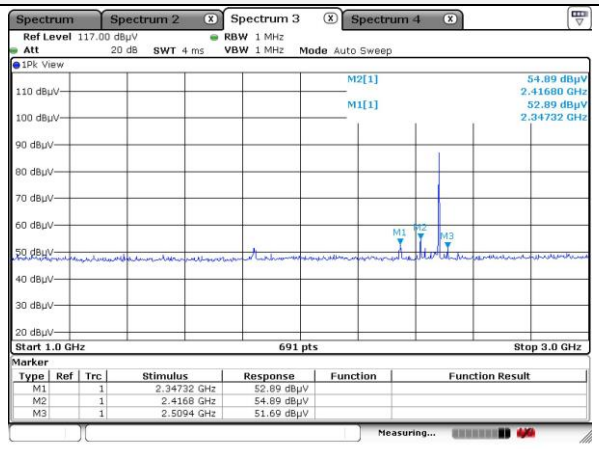
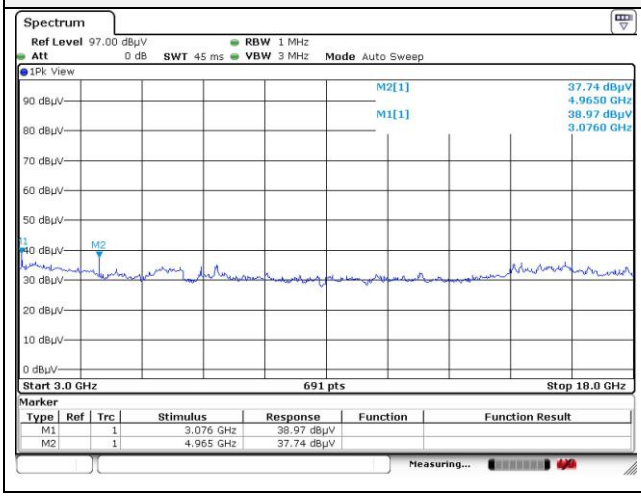
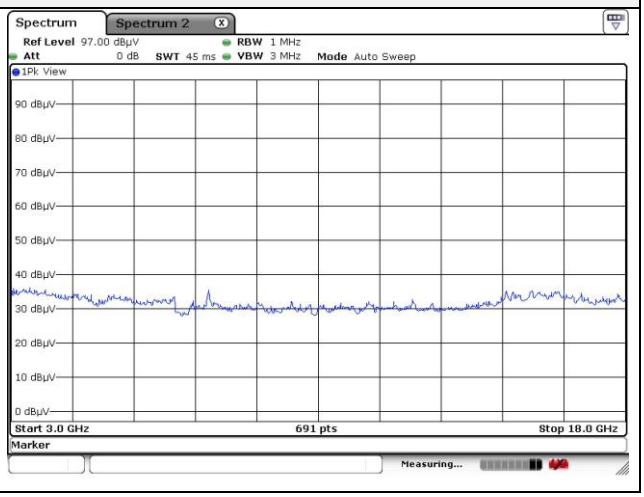
Frequency (㎒)	Level (dB㎶)	Detect mode	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	CF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Field strength (dB㎶/m)	Limit (dB㎶/m)	Margin (dB)
2347.32	50.48	Peak	H	-1.95	-	48.53	74.00	25.47
2347.32	52.89	Peak	V	-1.95	-	50.94	74.00	23.06
2416.80	54.54	Peak	H	-1.79	-	52.75	74.00	21.25
2416.80	54.89	Peak	V	-1.79	-	53.10	74.00	20.90
2483.50	52.04	Peak	H	-1.60	-	50.44	74.00	23.56
2483.50	49.72	Peak	V	-1.60	-	48.12	74.00	25.88
2483.55	51.88	Peak	H	-1.60	-	50.28	74.00	23.72
2483.55	49.45	Peak	V	-1.60	-	47.85	74.00	26.15
2509.40	53.45	Peak	H	-1.51	-	51.94	74.00	22.06
2509.40	51.69	Peak	V	-1.51	-	50.18	74.00	23.82
3076.00	38.97	Peak	H	0.33	-	39.30	74.00	34.70
4965.00	37.74	Peak	H	7.62	-	45.36	74.00	28.64

Restricted band // Horizontal // Peak



Restricted band // Vertical // Peak



Horizontal // Peak for 1 ㎓ to 3 ㎓	Vertical // Peak for 1 ㎓ to 3 ㎓
	
Horizontal // Peak for 3 ㎓ to 18 ㎓	**Vertical // Peak for 3 ㎓ to 18 ㎓**
	

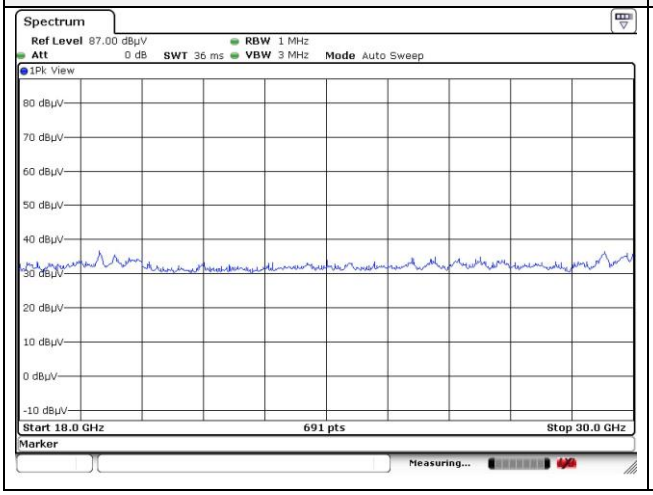
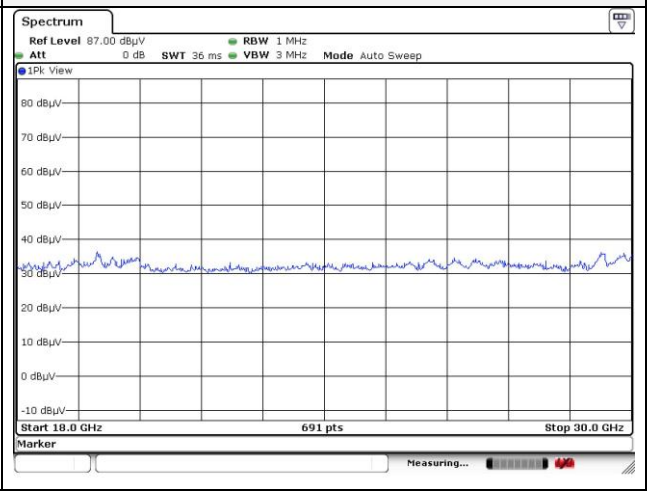
Test results (18 ㎓ to 30 ㎓)

Mode: BLE

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Channel: 00(Worst case)

Frequency (㎒)	Level (dB㎶)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	CF (dB)	F_d (dB)	Field strength (dB㎶/m)	Limit (dB㎶/m)	Margin (dB)
No spurious emissions were detected within 20㏈ of the limit							

Horizontal	Vertical
	

Note.

1. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
2. Actual = Reading + AFCL(Ant. factor – Amp. gain + Cable loss) + DCF(Duty cycle correction factor)
3. Duty cycle correction factor = 20log(dwell time/100 ㎳)

3.6. Conducted spurious emissions & band edge

Test procedure

Band edge

KDB 558074 D01 v03r05 – Section 11.3

1. Start and stop frequency were set such that the band edge would be placed in the center of the plot
2. Span was set large enough so as to capture all out of band emissions near the band edge
3. RBW = 100 ㎑
4. VBW = 300 ㎑
5. Detector = Peak
6. Number of sweep points ≥ 2 × Span/RBW
7. Trace mode = max hold
8. Sweep time = auto
9. The trace was allowed to stabilize

Out of band emissions

KDB 558074 D01 v03r05 – Section 11.3

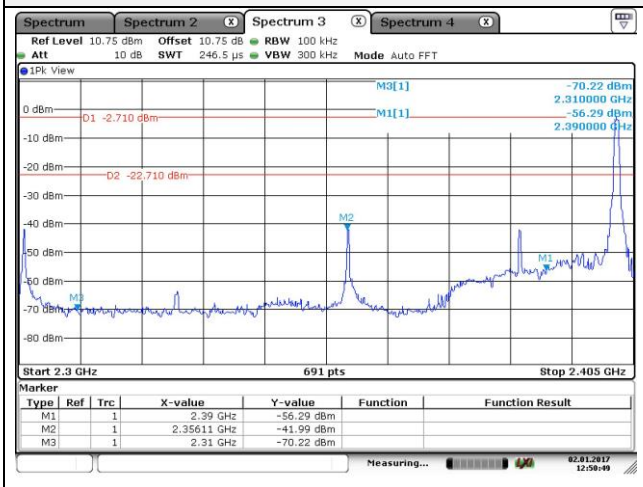
1. Start frequency was set to 30 ㎒ and stop frequency was set to 25 ㎓ for 2.4 ㎓ frequencies and 40 ㎓ for 5 ㎓ frequencies (separated into two plots per channel)
2. RBW = 100 ㎑
3. VBW = 300 ㎑
4. Detector = Peak
5. Trace mode = max hold
6. Sweep time = auto couple
7. The trace was allowed to stabilize

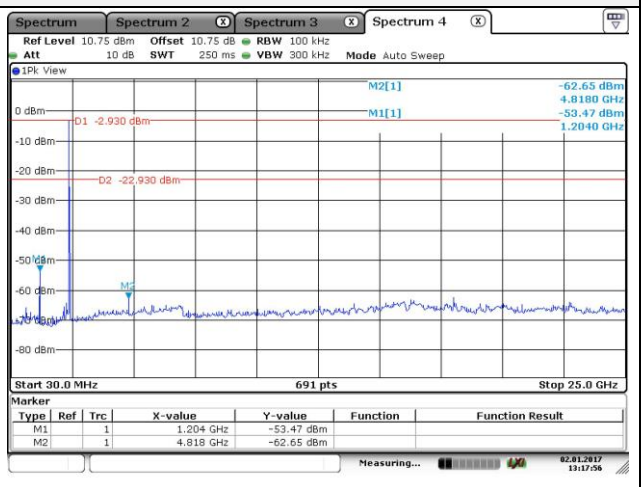
Limit

According to 15.247(d), in any 100 ㎑ bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 ㏈ below that in the 100 ㎑ bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval , as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section , the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 ㏈ instead of 20 ㏈. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as define in section 15.205(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section 15.209(a) (see section 15.205(c))

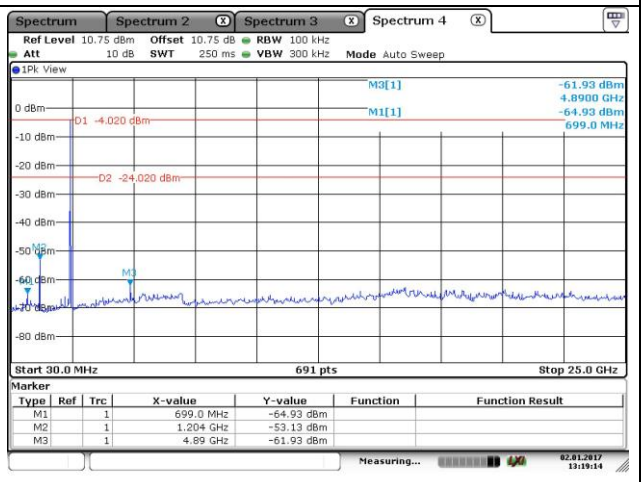
Test results

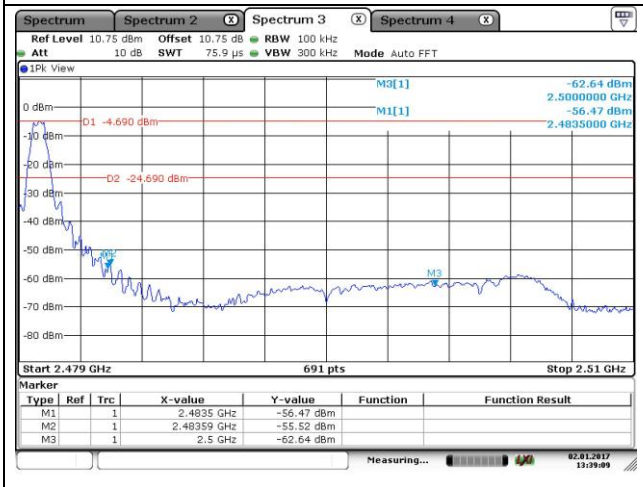
LE

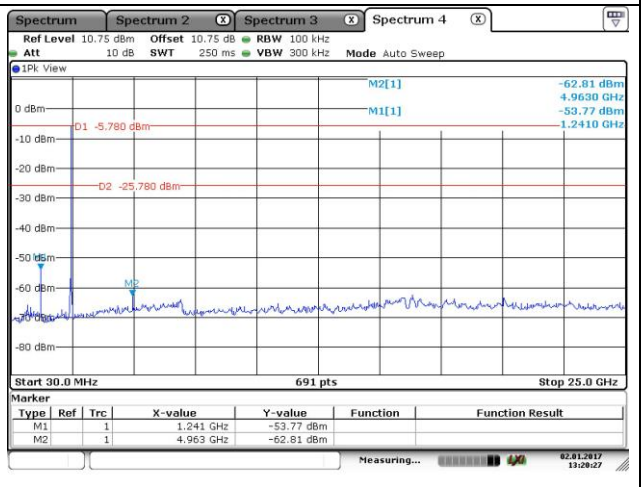




N/A







Appendix A. Measurement equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Calibration interval	Calibration due.
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	10076	1 year	2017.07.06
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	101002	1 year	2017.07.06
8360B Series Swept Signal Generator	HP	83630B	3844A00786	1 year	2017.01.25
PSG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257C	US42340237	1 year	2017.07.05
Attenuator	KEYSIGHT	8493C	82509	1 year	2017.01.25
Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2.335.4711.52	826532	2 years	2017.03.03
Trilog-broadband antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9168-713	2 years	2017.05.15
Horn Antenna	A.H.	SAS-571	781	2 years	2017.05.07
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	BBHA9170550	2 years	2017.04.30
High Pass Filter	WAINWRIGHT INSTRUMENT	WHJS3000-10TT	1	1 year	2017.07.04
Low Pass Filter	WEINSCHEL	WLK1.0/18G-10TT	1	1 year	2017.07.04
Preamplifier	HP	8449B	3008A00538	1 year	2017.07.05
Broadband Amplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV-9721	PS9721-003	1 year	2017.01.25
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	101781	1 year	2017.05.03
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESU26	100552	1 year	2017.04.24
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	101783	1 year	2017.05.03
LISN	R&S	ENV216	101137	1 year	2017.02.04

Peripheral devices

Device	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.
Notebook Computer	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	NP-QX411L	HJV993BB905283V