

Training Research Co., Ltd.

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Measurement of MPE

1. Foreword

In adopt with the Human Exposure IEEE C95.1, and according to the FCC 1.1310. The *Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)* is obligated to measure in order to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body.

The *Gain* of the antenna used is measured in an *Anechoic chamber*. The *maximum total* power to the antenna is to be recorded. By adopting the *Friis Transmission Formula* and the power gain of the antenna, we can find the distance right away from the product, where the limit of the MPE is.

2. Description of EUT

EUT : Transmitter

Model No. : TE-100

Granted FCC ID: NDATX100XU

Frequency Range : 450MHz ~ 470MHz

Supported Channel: 1 Channel

Modulation Type: FSK

Power Type : $3.45 \sim 4.5 \text{V}$ (AAA size battery x 3)

Applicant : Gold Apollo Co., Ltd.

Rm 1, 3th F1., No. 77, Sec. 1, Hsin Tai Wu Rd.,

His-Chih, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.



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3. Limits for *Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)*

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Filed Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm2)	Averaging Time $ E ^2, H ^2 \text{ or } S$ (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure				
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	100	6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	$900/f^2$	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			f/300	6
1500-100,000			5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	100	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	$180/f^2$	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			f/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

[The EUT is tested in transmit and receive modes and in the first, middle and the last channel separately. The following shows only our observation have the greatest emissions.]

According to **OET BULLETIN 56 Fourth Edition/August 1999**, equation for predicting RF fields, by the *Friis Transmission Formula*:

Power density at the specific separation (portable):
$$S = \frac{PG}{4pR^2} = \frac{389.941 \times 0.501}{4pr^2} = 1.533 mW / cm^2$$

Estimated safe separation: $R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4pS}} = \sqrt{\frac{389.941 \times 0.501}{4p \times 1.533}} = 3.185 cm$

Remarks: "The safe estimated separation that the user must maintain from the antenna is at least 3.185 cm."

Where: S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm2)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW)

 $G = power\ gain$ of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

The *Numeric gain G* of antenna with a gain specified in dB is determined by:

 $G = Log^{-1}$ (dB antenna gain/10)

$$G = Log^{-1} (-3 / 10) = 0.501$$