

SPECTRUM TECHNOLOGY, INC.

Field Strength of the Fundamental and Spurious Radiated Emissions

47 CFR Part 15.231 - Final Data - Ref. SMARTIR4 .TS-2

Grantee: SmarTire Systems, Inc.
FCC ID: NATTX433TS-2

07/02/01

	Freq in MHz	Vert Rdg. dBuV	Horz Rdg. dBuV	Ant-F Loss	Cable & BPF	Amp dB	Corrected Rdg in dBuV/m	uV/m Peak detector	Limit uV/m Average detector
FO	433.92	56.00	61.67	21.60	2.4	0	84.00	15848	2932
2FO	867.84	50.00	54.00	27.70	6.5	25.00	63.2	1445	500
3FO	1.30176	58.17	66.50	25.70	1.05	27.00	66.25	2053	" "
4FO	1.73568	53.17	63.83	27.15	1.22	25.30	66.9	2213	" "
5FO	2.16960	46.00	50.17	27.15	1.22	24.00	54.54	533	" "
6FO	2.60325	34.67	41.83	28.37	1.38	22.10	49.48	297	" "
7FO	3.03744	32.83	37.67	29.93	1.53	21.30	47.83	246	" "
8FO	3.471360	47.33	36.17	31.01	1.67	21.20	58.81	871	" "
9FO	3.905280	39.33	48.83	34.45	1.80	21.60	63.48	1493	" "
10FO	4.339200	40.67	42.50	31.98	1.92	22.5	53.90	495	" "

Note: The highest level in dBuV of the Vertical or Horizontal Reading is calculated above.

Limit for the band 260 - 470 MHz, uV/m at 3 meters = 16.6667(F) - 2833.3333.

Limit at 433.92 MHz = 4399 uV/m average detector limit, Section 15.231(e).

Peak detector field strength was measured at 21702 uV/m at 3 meters. With the **18.5% duty cycle = 2932 uV/m** calculated average detector field strength with an average detector limit of 4399uV/m.

Averaging Correction Applied

In accordance with Section 15.35(c) when the radiated emissions limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission [as in Section 15.231(b)(2)], and pulsed operation is employed, the field strength shall be determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as long as the pulse train does not exceed 0.1 seconds. As an alternative where the pulse train exceeds 0.1 seconds, the measured field strength shall be determined from the average absolute voltage during a 0.1-second interval during which its field strength is at its maximum value.

ANSI C63.4-1992 Appendix I4 (10) also describes a method which we used to correct for duty cycle when average detector function limits are specified for a pulse-modulated transmitter, the average level of emissions may be found by measuring the peak level of emissions and correcting them with duty cycle.

When the pulse train exceeds 100 ms calculate the duty cycle by averaging the sum of the pulse widths with the highest average over the 100 ms width with the highest average value. The duty cycle is the value of the sum of the pulse widths in one period (or 100 ms) divided by the length of the period (or 100 ms).

We multiplied the peak detector field strength in uV/m of the emission from the transmitter by the duty cycle calculated to determine the average detector field strength of the emission for comparison to the average detector limit in Part 15.231.

The sensor transmits 10 packets of data with each packet length 18.5 ms within 500 ms. every 4 – 6 minutes. So typically 2 packets in 100 ms period with a total packet length of 37 ms in 100 ms. With the transmission BiPhase with a 50% on off duty cycle the EUT total on time in 100 ms then is 18.5 %. (18.5 ms + 18.5 ms = 37 ms total packet length at a 50% duty cycle = 18.5% / 100 ms)

Note:

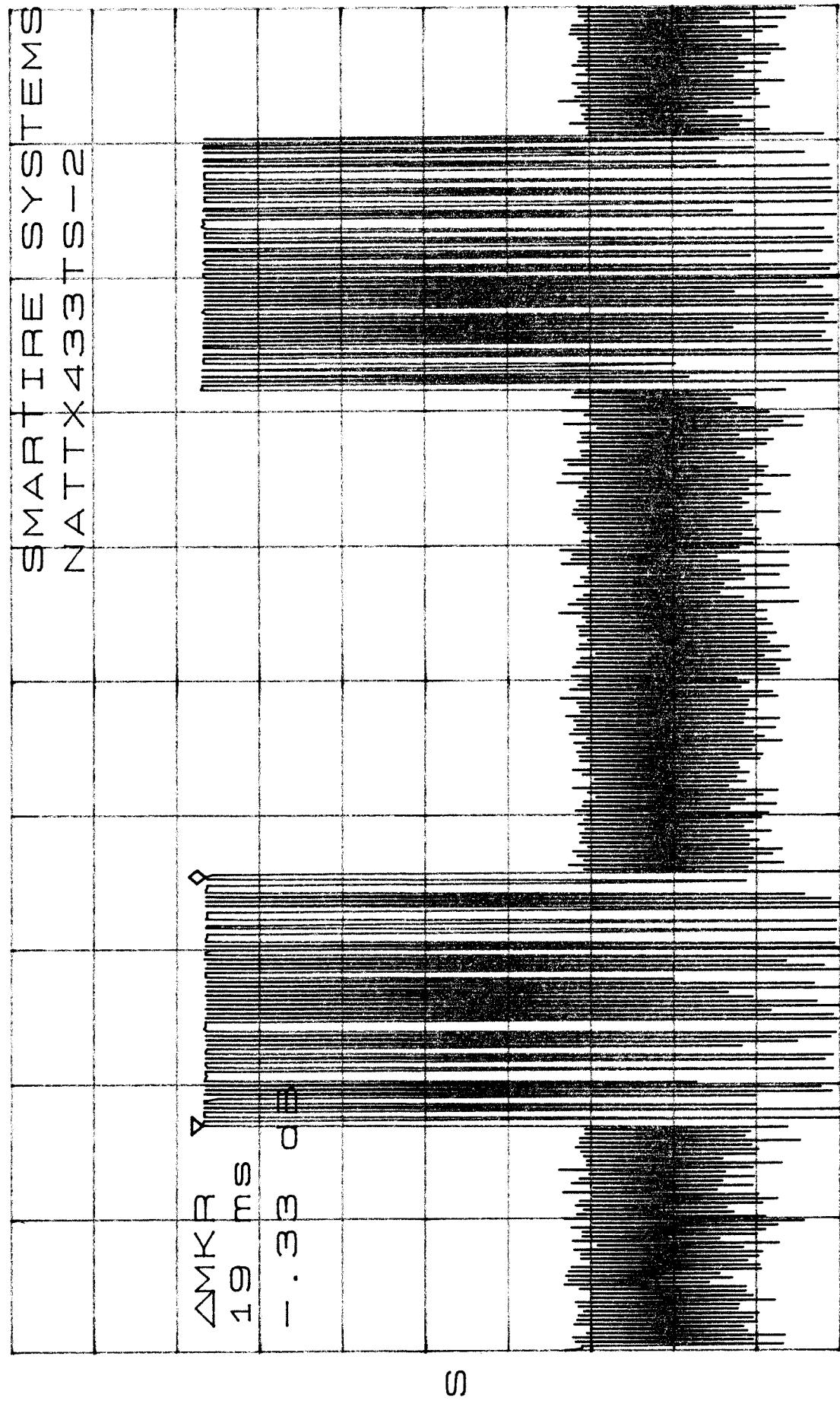
Two plots of the transmitter occupied bandwidth for your reference follow on the next two pages showing the time domain characteristics at 50 and 100 ms sweep settings.

*ATTEN 10dB
RL -10.0dBm

ΔMKR - .33dB

19ms

10dB/



CENTER 433.9200MHz
*RBW 100KHz VBW 100KHz

SPAN 0Hz
*SWP 100ms

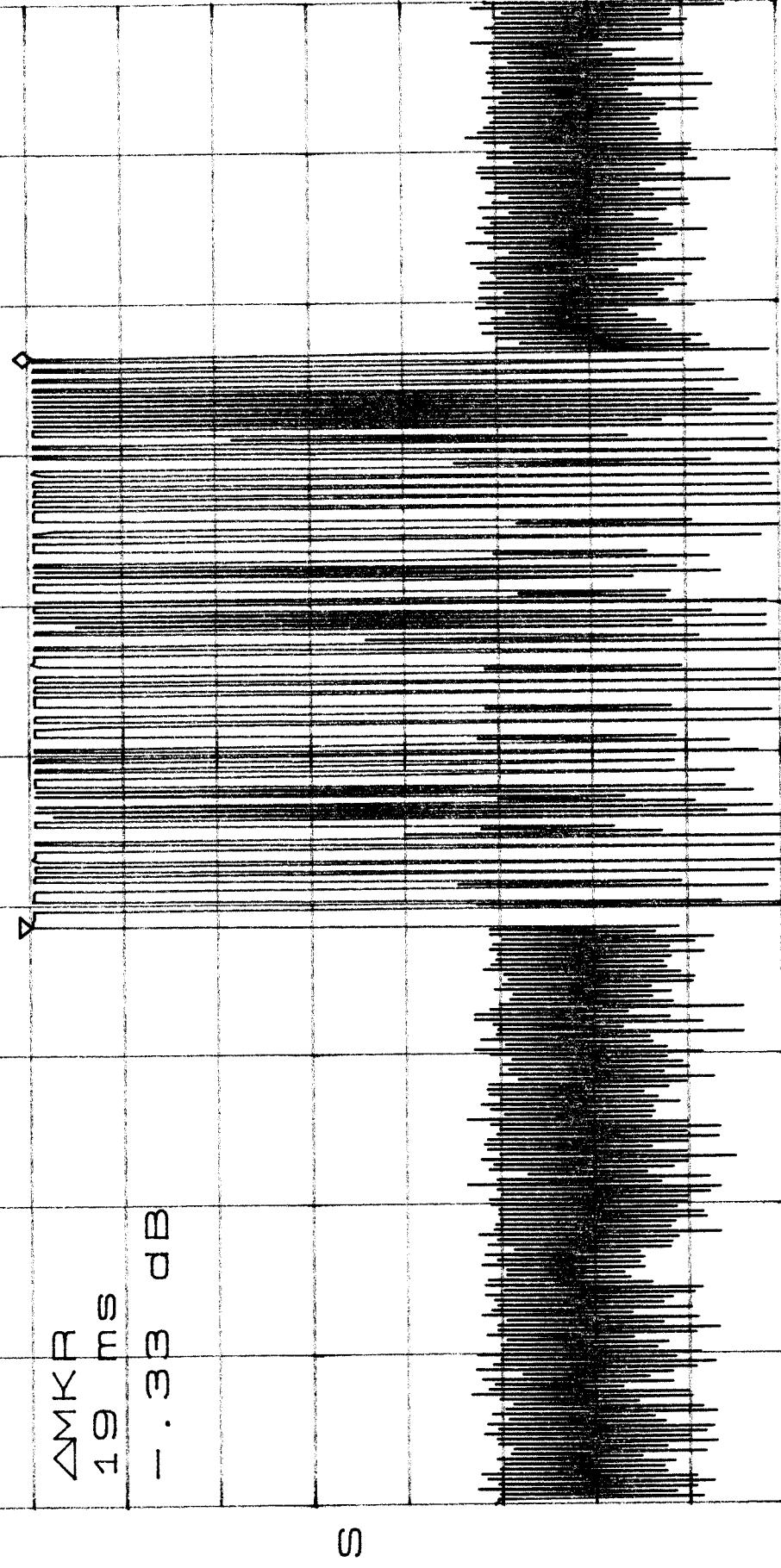
*ATTEN 10dB

RL -10.0dBm

ΔMKR - .33dB

19ms

SMARTIRE SYSTEMS
NATTX433TS-2



CENTER 433.9200MHz
*RBW 100kHz VBW 100kHz
*ATTEN 10dB

SPAN 0Hz
*SWP 50ms