

Maximum transmitter power:

Frequency (MHz)	Maximum peak output power (dBm)	Output power (mW)
2403	-4.9	0.321
2440	-3.3	0.463
2475	-4.1	0.386

According to KDB 447498 D01:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* \leq 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$

for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

Result:

$$(0.321/5) * \sqrt{2.403} = 0.100 < 3.0$$

$$(0.463/5) * \sqrt{2.440} = 0.145 < 3.0$$

$$(0.386/5) * \sqrt{2.475} = 0.124 < 3.0$$

Conclusion:

No SAR is required.