



**CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT  
FOR  
FCC 47 CFR, Part 15 Subpart C**

**Report No.: 12-04-MAS-073**

Client: PROPOINT TRADING CO.,LTD.  
 Product: BLUETOOTH HEADSET  
 Model: PP 02  
 FCC ID: N26PPVPP02  
 Manufacturer/supplier: DELLKING INDUSTRIAL CO.,LTD.

Date test item received: 2012/02/16

Date test campaign completed: 2012/04/11

Date of issue: 2012/04/20

**The test result only corresponds to the tested sample. It is not permitted to copy this report, in part or in full, without the permission of the test laboratory.**

*Total number of pages of this test report: 78 pages*

*Total number of pages of photos: External photos 4 pages*

*Internal photos 3 pages*

*Setup photos 3 pages*

| Test Engineer | Checked By | Approved By |
|---------------|------------|-------------|
| Phillip Luo   | Perry Lin  | James Cheng |

ELECTRONICS TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN  
 NO.8, LANE 29, WENMING RD.,  
 LESHAN TSUEN, GUISHAN SHIANG,  
 TAOYUAN COUNTY, TAIWAN 33383,  
 R.O.C.TAIWAN, R.O.C.

TEL: (03) 3276170~4  
 INT: +886-3-3276170~4  
 FAX: (03) 3276188  
 INT: +886-3-3276188



Client : PROPOINT TRADING CO.,LTD.

Address : NO. 218, WU YIN ROAD, FENG SHAN DISTRICT, KAOHSIUNG, TAIWAN

Manufacturer : DELLKING INDUSTRIAL CO.,LTD

Address : 904 DEQINGCHUANG BULDING, BULONG ROAD, BUJI TOWN,  
LONGGANG DISTRICT, SHENZHEN CITY, CHINA

EUT : BLUETOOTH HEADSET

Trade name : PROPOINT

Model No. : PP 02

Power Source : Adapter : HON-KWANG / HK-X105-A05  
I/P: 100-240VAC , 50/60Hz , 0.2A  
O/P: 5V dc , 1A

Regulations applied : FCC 47 CFR, Part 15 Subpart C

The testing described in this report has been carried out to the best of our knowledge and ability, and our responsibility is limited to the exercise of reasonable care. This certification is not intended to relieve the sellers from their legal and/or contractual obligations.

The compliance test is only certified for the test equipment and the results of the testing report relate only to the item tested. The compliance test of this report was conducted in accordance with the appropriate standards. It's not intention to assure the quality and performance of the product. This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the approval of ETC. This report must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government.

Laboratory Introduction: Electronics Testing Center, Taiwan is recognized, filed and mutual recognition arrangement as following:

- ① ISO9001: TÜV Product Service
- ② ISO/IEC 17025: BSMI, TAF, NCC, NVLAP, ILAC MRA, UL, Compliance
- ③ Filing: FCC, Industry Canada, VCCI
- ④ MRA: Australia, Hong Kong, New Zealand, Singapore, USA, Japan, Korea, China, APLAC through TAF
- ⑤ FCC Registration Number: 91095, 392735, 278818
- ⑥ Industry Canada Site Registration number: IC 2949A-2



NVLAP Lab Code 200133-0

**Table of Contents**

|  | <b>Page</b> |
|--|-------------|
| <b>1 GENERAL INFORMATION.....</b>                  | <b>5</b>    |
| 1.1 Product Description.....                       | 5           |
| 1.2 Characteristics of Device .....                | 5           |
| 1.3 Test Methodology .....                         | 5           |
| 1.4 Modifiction List of EUT .....                  | 5           |
| 1.5 Test Facility.....                             | 5           |
| 1.6 Test Summary .....                             | 5           |
| <b>2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE.....</b>                | <b>6</b>    |
| 2.1 Definition .....                               | 6           |
| 2.2 Requirement for Compliance .....               | 7           |
| 2.3 Restricted Bands of Operation .....            | 9           |
| 2.4 Labeling Requirement.....                      | 9           |
| 2.5 User Information .....                         | 10          |
| <b>3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION.....</b>           | <b>11</b>   |
| 3.1 Justification .....                            | 11          |
| 3.2 Devices for Tested System.....                 | 11          |
| <b>4 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT .....</b>       | <b>12</b>   |
| 4.1 Applicable Standard .....                      | 12          |
| 4.2 Measurement Procedure.....                     | 12          |
| 4.3 Measuring Instrument .....                     | 14          |
| 4.4 Radiated Emission Data .....                   | 15          |
| 4.5 Field Strength Calculation .....               | 22          |
| <b>5 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT .....</b>      | <b>23</b>   |
| 5.1 Standard Applicable .....                      | 23          |
| 5.2 Measurement Procedure .....                    | 23          |
| 5.3 Conducted Emission Data .....                  | 24          |
| 5.4 Result Data Calculation .....                  | 26          |
| 5.5 Conducted Measurement EquiPMent .....          | 26          |
| <b>6 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT .....</b>                 | <b>27</b>   |
| 6.1 Standard Applicable .....                      | 27          |
| 6.2 Antenna Construction and Directional Gain..... | 27          |
| <b>7 20dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT .....</b> | <b>28</b>   |
| 7.1 Standard Applicable .....                      | 28          |
| 7.2 Measurement Procedure.....                     | 28          |
| 7.3 Measurement Equipment .....                    | 28          |

|  |           |
|--|-----------|
| 7.4 Measurement Data .....   | 29        |
| <b>8 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT.....</b>                               | <b>37</b> |
| 8.1 Standard Applicable.....   | 37        |
| 8.2 Measurement Procedure.....                                       | 37        |
| 8.3 Measurement Equipment .....                                      | 37        |
| 8.4 Measurement Data .....   | 38        |
| <b>9 OUT-OF-BAND RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION MEASUREMENT.....</b> | <b>46</b> |
| 9.1 Standard Applicable.....   | 46        |
| 9.2 Measurement Procedure.....                                       | 46        |
| 9.3 Measurement Equipment .....                                      | 46        |
| 9.4 Measurement Data .....   | 47        |
| <b>10 NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS.....</b>                            | <b>63</b> |
| 10.1 Standard Applicable.....  | 63        |
| 10.2 Measurement Procedure.....                                      | 63        |
| 10.3 Measurement Equipment .....                                     | 63        |
| 10.4 Measurement Data .....  | 63        |
| <b>11 HOPPING CHANNEL CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATED .....</b>          | <b>67</b> |
| 11.1 Standard Applicable.....  | 67        |
| 11.2 Measurement Procedure.....                                      | 67        |
| 11.3 Measurement Equipment .....                                     | 67        |
| 11.4 Measurement Data .....  | 68        |
| <b>12 DWELL TIME .....</b>   | <b>70</b> |
| 12.1 Standard Applicable.....  | 70        |
| 12.2 Measurement Procedure.....                                      | 70        |
| 12.3 Measurement Equipment .....                                     | 70        |
| 12.4 Measurement Data .....  | 70        |

## 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1.1 Product Description

- a) Type of EUT : BLUETOOTH HEADSET
- b) Trade Name : PROPOINT
- c) Model No. : PP 02
- d) FCC ID : N26PPVPP02

### 1.2 Characteristics of Device

The EUT is a BLUETOOTH HEADSET based on the Bluetooth technology. Bluetooth is a short-range radio link intended to be a cable replacement between portable or fixed electronic devices. Bluetooth operates in the unlicensed ISM Band at 2.4GHz. In this band, 79 RF channels spaced 1MHz apart are defined. The rated output power is -2.44 dBm (0.57 mW).

### 1.3 Test Methodology

All testing were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 (2003) and FCC CFR 47 Part 2 and Part 15 and DA 00-705.

### 1.4 Modification List of EUT

N/A

### 1.5 Test Facility

The semi-anechoic chamber and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated and conducted data are located inside the Building at No.8, Lane 29, Wen-ming Road, Lo-shan Tsun, Kweishan Hsiang, Taoyuan, Taiwan, R.O.C.

This site has been accreditation as a FCC filing site.

### 1.6 Test Summary

| Requirement                                 | FCC Paragraph #    | Test Pass                           |
|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Radiated Emission                           | 15.247 (c)         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Conducted Emission                          | 15.207             | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Antenna Requirement                         | 15.203             | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 20dB Emission Bandwidth                     | 15.247 (a)(1)      | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Output Power                                | 15.247 (b)(1)      | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| OUT-OF-BAND RF Conducted Spurious Emission  | 15.247 (c)         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Number of Hopping Channels                  | 15.247 (b)(1)      | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separated | 15.247 (a)(1)      | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Dwell Time                                  | 15.247 (a)(1)(iii) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Maximum Permissible Exposure                | 15.247 (b)(5)      | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

## 2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

### 2.1 Definition

**Unintentional radiator:**

A device that intentionally generates and radio frequency energy for use within the device, or that sends radio frequency signals by conduction to associated equipment via connecting wiring, but which is not intended to emit RF energy by radiation or induction.

**Class A Digital Device:**

A digital device which is marketed for use in commercial or business environment; exclusive of a device which is market for use by the general public, or which is intended to be used in the home.

**Class B Digital Device :**

A digital device which is marketed for use in a residential environment notwithstanding use in a commercial, business or industrial environment. Example of such devices that are marketed for the general public.

**Note :** A manufacturer may also qualify a device intended to be marketed in a commercial, business, or industrial environment as a Class B digital device, and in fact is encouraged to do so, provided the device complies with the technical specifications for a Class B Digital Device. In the event that a particular type of device has been found to repeatedly cause harmful interference to radio communications, the Commission may classify such a digital device as a Class B Digital Device, Regardless of its intended use.

**Intentional radiator:**

A device that intentionally generates and emits radio frequency energy by radiation or induction.

## 2.2 Requirement for Compliance

### (1) Conducted Emission Requirement

For unintentional device, according to §15.107(a) Line Conducted Emission Limits is as following:

| Frequency<br>MHz | Quasi Peak<br>dB $\mu$ V | Average<br>dB $\mu$ V |
|------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 0.15 - 0.5       | 66-56*                   | 56-46*                |
| 0.5 - 5.0        | 56                       | 46                    |
| 5.0 - 30.0       | 60                       | 50                    |

\*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

For intentional device, according to §15.207(a) Line Conducted Emission Limits is same as above table.

### (2) Radiated Emission Requirement

For unintentional device, according to §15.109(a), except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values:

| Frequency<br>MHz | Distance<br>Meters | Radiated<br>dB $\mu$ V/m | Radiated<br>$\mu$ V/m |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 30 - 88          | 3                  | 40.0                     | 100                   |
| 88 - 216         | 3                  | 43.5                     | 150                   |
| 216 - 960        | 3                  | 46.0                     | 200                   |
| above 960        | 3                  | 54.0                     | 500                   |

For intentional device, according to §15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emissions from intentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the above table.

### (3) Antenna Requirement

For intentional device, according to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to §15.247 (c),(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. (ii) Systems operating in the 5725-5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted output power.

**(4) 20dB Bandwidth Requirement**

For frequency hopping systems, according to 15.247(a)(1), hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel, whichever is greater.

**(5) Output Power Requirement**

For frequency hopping systems, according to 15.247(1), operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band employing at least 75 hopping channels. The maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

**(6) 100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edges Requirement**

According to 15.247(c), if any 100 kHz bandwidth outside these frequency bands, the radio frequency power that is produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence and the carrier frequency shall be either at least 20 dB below that in any 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power or shall not exceed the general levels specified in §15.209(a), whichever results in the lesser attenuation.

**(7) Number of Hopping Channels**

According to 15.247(b)(1), for frequency hopping systems, operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band employing at least 75 hopping channels.

**(8) Channel Carrier Frequencies Separation**

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), the frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel, whichever is greater.

**(9) Dwell Time**

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), frequency hopping system in the 2400-2483.5MHz band employing at least 15 non-overlapping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 second multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

**(10) Power Spectral Density**

According to 15.247(d), for bluetooth device, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

## 2.3 Restricted Bands of Operation

Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below :

| MHz               | MHz                   | MHz           | GHz         |
|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-------------|
| 0.090 - 0.110     | 16.42-16.423          | 399.9-410     | 4.5-5.25    |
| 0.495 - 0.505 **  | 16.69475 - 16.69525   | 608-614       | 5.35-5.46   |
| 2.1735 - 2.1905   | 16.80425 - 16.80475   | 960-1240      | 7.25-7.75   |
| 4.125-4.128       | 25.5-25.67            | 1300-1427     | 8.025-8.5   |
| 4.17725-4.17775   | 37.5-38.25            | 1435-1626.5   | 9.0-9.2     |
| 4.20725-4.20775   | 73-74.6               | 1645.5-1646.5 | 9.3-9.5     |
| 6.215-6.218       | 74.8-75.2             | 1660-1710     | 10.6-12.7   |
| 6.26775-6.26825   | 108-121.94            | 1718.8-1722.2 | 13.25-13.4  |
| 6.31175-6.31225   | 123-138               | 2200-2300     | 14.47-14.5  |
| 8.291-8.294       | 149.9-150.05          | 2310-2390     | 15.35-16.2  |
| 8.362-8.366       | 156.52475 - 156.52525 | 2483.5-2500   | 17.7-21.4   |
| 8.37625-8.38675   | 156.7-156.9           | 2655-2900     | 22.01-23.12 |
| 8.41425-8.41475   | 162.0125-167.17       | 3260-3267     | 23.6-24.0   |
| 12.29-12.293      | 167.72-173.2          | 3332-3339     | 31.2-31.8   |
| 12.51975-12.52025 | 240-285               | 3345.8-3358   | 36.43-36.5  |
| 12.57675-12.57725 | 322-335.4             | 3600-4400     | Above 38.6  |
| 13.36-13.41       |                       |               |             |

\*\* : Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz

## 2.4 Labeling Requirement

The device shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device :

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

## 2.5 User Information

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual.

The Federal Communications Commission Radio Frequency Interference Statement includes the following paragraph.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B Digital Device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction may cause harmful interference to radio communication. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

-- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

-- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

-- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

-- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio / TV technician for help.

To comply with the FCC RF exposure compliance requirement, this device and its antenna must not be co-located or operating to conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

### 3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

#### 3.1 Justification

For the purposes of this test report ancillary equipment is defined as equipment which is used in conjunction with the EUT to provide operational and control features to the EUT during the test. Notebook PC was used to control the RF channel under the highest, middle and lowest frequency and transmit the maximum RF power. Customer would not use it. But nevertheless ancillary equipment can influence the test results..

#### 3.2 Devices for Tested System

##### 3.2.1

| Device              | Manufacture                 | Model No. | Cable Description             |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| * BLUETOOTH HEADSET | DELLKING INDUSTRIAL CO.,LTD | PP 02     | 1.0m*1, Unshielded Power Line |

Remark : “\*” means equipment under test.

##### 3.2.2 Test Mode Description

###### 3.2.2.1 Modulation Type

| Test Mode | Type    | Note                            |
|-----------|---------|---------------------------------|
| A         | NON-EDR | GFSK                            |
| B         | EDR     | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK (note 1) |

| Test Channel   | Frequency (MHz) |
|----------------|-----------------|
| Channel Low(L) | 2402            |
| Channel Mid(M) | 2441            |
| Channel Low(H) | 2480            |

###### 3.2.2.2 Test Mode and Worse Case Determination

| Item | Test Item                      | Test Mode       | Test Frequency (MHz) |
|------|--------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 1    | Output Power                   | A               | L, M, H              |
|      |                                | B               | L, M, H              |
|      | Worse Case                     | Mode B (note 1) |                      |
| 2.   | 20dB Emission Bandwidth        | A, B            | M (Worse Case)       |
| 3    | Conducted Emission             | B               | M (Worse Case)       |
| 4    | Out of Band Conducted Emission | A, B            | L, M, H              |
| 5.1  | Number of Channel              | B               | L~H                  |
| 5.2  | Channel Separation             | B               | M (note 2)           |
| 5.3  | Dwell Time                     | B               | M (note 2)           |
| 6.1  | Radiated Emission (below 1GHz) | B               | M (Worse Case)       |
| 6.2  | Radiated Emission (above 1GHz) | B               | L, M, H              |
| 6.3  | Radiated Emission (BandEdge)   | A, B            | L, H                 |

note:

1. 8-DPSK is the worse case determined as the modulation with highest output power.
2. Pretest result is no difference in three test modes by channel low, middle and high. Choose one for final testing and record the result.
3. The worse case is determined as the modulation with highest output power.

## 4 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

### 4.1 Applicable Standard

For unintentional radiator, the radiated emission shall comply with §15.109(a).

For intentional radiators, according to §15.247 (a), operation under this provision is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated, and the out band emission shall be comply with § 15.247 (c)

### 4.2 Measurement Procedure

#### A.Preliminary Measurement For Portable Devices.

For movable devices, the following procedure was performed to determine the maximum emission axis of EUT (X, Y and Z axis):

1. With the receiving antenna is H polarization, rotate the EUT in turns with three orthogonal axes to determine the axis of maximum emission.
2. With the receiving antenna is V polarization, rotate the EUT in turns with three orthogonal axes to determine the axis of maximum emission.
3. Compare the results derived from above two steps. The axis of maximum emission from EUT was determined and the configuration was used to perform the final measurement.
4. The position in which the maximum noise occurred was “X axis”. (Please see the test setup photos)

#### B. Final Measurement

1. Setup the configuration per figure 1 and 2 for frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz respectively. Turn on EUT and make sure that it is in continuous operating function.
2. For emission frequencies measured below 1 GHz, a pre-scan is performed in a semi-anechoic chamber to determine the accurate frequencies of higher emissions and then each selected frequency is precisely measured. As the same purpose, for emission measured above 1 GHz, a pre-scan also be performed with a 1 meter measuring distance before final test.
3. For emission measured below and above 1 GHz, set the spectrum analyzer on a 120 kHz and 1 MHz resolution bandwidth respectively for each frequency measured in step 2.
4. The search antenna is to be raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in horizontally polarized orientation. Position the highness when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0 ° to 360 ° with a speed as slow as possible, and keep the azimuth that highest emission is indicated on the spectrum analyzer. Vary the antenna position again and record the highest value as a final reading. A RF test receiver is also used to confirm emissions measured.

Figure 1 : Frequencies measured below 1 GHz configuration

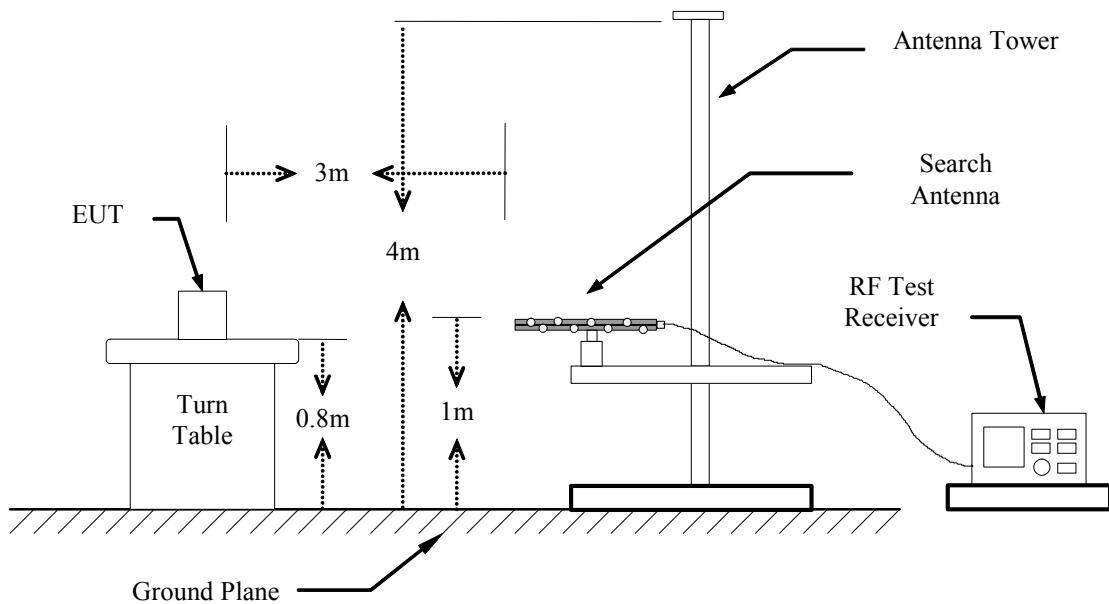
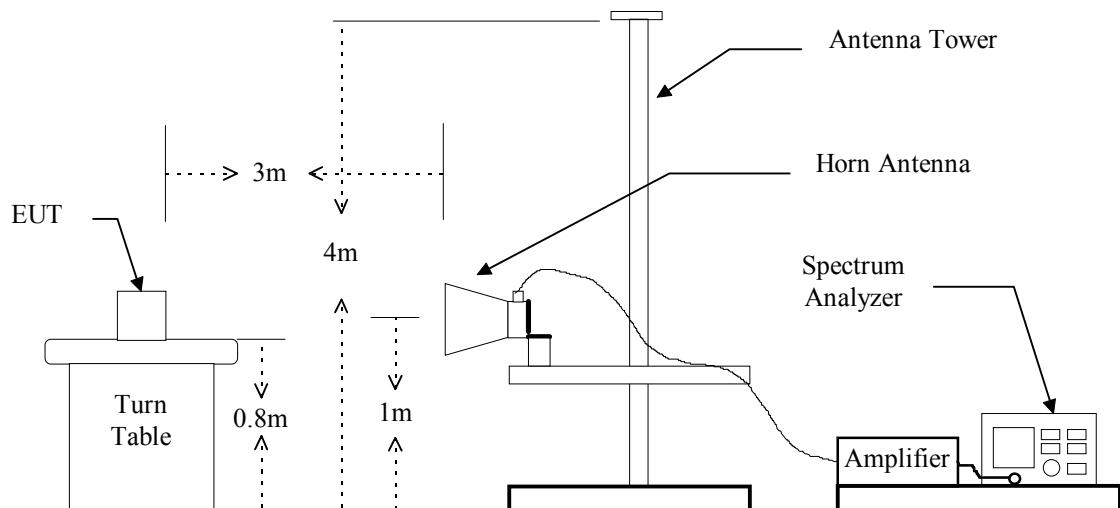


Figure 2 : Frequencies measured above 1 GHz configuration



### 4.3 Measuring Instrument

The following instrument are used for radiated emissions measurement :

| Equipment         | Manufacturer    | Model No. | Next Cal. Due |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|
| EMI Test Receiver | R&S             | ESIB7     | 06/25/2012    |
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | FSU46     | 01/08/2013    |
| Horn Antenna      | EMCO            | 3115      | 07/21/2012    |
| BiLog Antenna     | ETC             | MCTD2986  | 11/24/2012    |
| Horn Antenna      | EMCO            | 3116      | 07/21/2012    |
| Preamplifier      | Hewlett-Packard | 8449B     | 10/25/2012    |

Measuring instrument setup in measured frequency band when specified detector function is used :

| Frequency Band (MHz) | Instrument        | Function   | Resolution Bandwidth | Video Bandwidth |
|----------------------|-------------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| 30 to 1000           | RF Test Receiver  | Quasi-Peak | 120 kHz              | 300 kHz         |
|                      | RF Test Receiver  | Peak       | 120 kHz              | 300 kHz         |
| Above 1000           | Spectrum Analyzer | Peak       | 1 MHz                | 1 MHz           |
|                      | Spectrum Analyzer | Average    | 1 MHz                | 10 Hz           |

## 4.4 Radiated Emission Data

### 4.4.1 RF Portion

#### a) Channel 0

Operation Mode : Tx

Fundamental Frequency : 2402 MHz

Test Date : Mar. 29, 2012      Temperature : 20°C      Humidity : 55%

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | Reading (dBuV) |     |      |      | Factor<br>(dB)<br>Corr. | Result @3m<br>(dBuV/m) |      | Limit @3m<br>(dBuV/m) |      |
|--------------------|----------------|-----|------|------|-------------------------|------------------------|------|-----------------------|------|
|                    | H              |     | V    |      |                         | Peak                   | Ave  | Peak                  | Ave  |
|                    | Peak           | Ave | Peak | Ave  |                         |                        |      |                       |      |
| 4804.000           | 55.3           | --- | 59.5 | 41.6 | -2.53                   | 57.0                   | 39.1 | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 7206.000           | ---            | --- | ---  | ---  | 0.35                    | ---                    | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 9608.000           | ---            | --- | ---  | ---  | 2.26                    | ---                    | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |

#### b) Channel 39

Fundamental Frequency : 2441 MHz

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | Reading (dBuV) |      |      |      | Factor<br>(dB)<br>Corr. | Result @3m<br>(dBuV/m) |      | Limit @3m<br>(dBuV/m) |      |
|--------------------|----------------|------|------|------|-------------------------|------------------------|------|-----------------------|------|
|                    | H              |      | V    |      |                         | Peak                   | Ave  | Peak                  | Ave  |
|                    | Peak           | Ave  | Peak | Ave  |                         |                        |      |                       |      |
| 4882.000           | 56.6           | 59.4 | 39.9 | 41.2 | -2.36                   | 57.0                   | 38.8 | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 7323.000           | ---            | ---  | ---  | ---  | 0.61                    | ---                    | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 9764.000           | ---            | ---  | ---  | ---  | 2.36                    | ---                    | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |

#### c) Channel 78

Fundamental Frequency : 2480 MHz

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | Reading (dBuV) |      |      |      | Factor<br>(dB)<br>Corr. | Result @3m<br>(dBuV/m) |      | Limit @3m<br>(dBuV/m) |      |
|--------------------|----------------|------|------|------|-------------------------|------------------------|------|-----------------------|------|
|                    | H              |      | V    |      |                         | Peak                   | Ave  | Peak                  | Ave  |
|                    | Peak           | Ave  | Peak | Ave  |                         |                        |      |                       |      |
| 4960.000           | 58.7           | 60.9 | 40.6 | 41.7 | -2.19                   | 58.7                   | 39.5 | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 7440.000           | ---            | ---  | ---  | ---  | 0.87                    | ---                    | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 9920.000           | ---            | ---  | ---  | ---  | 2.45                    | ---                    | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 14880.000          | ---            | ---  | ---  | ---  | 7.15                    | ---                    | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 17360.000          | ---            | ---  | ---  | ---  | 9.45                    | ---                    | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |

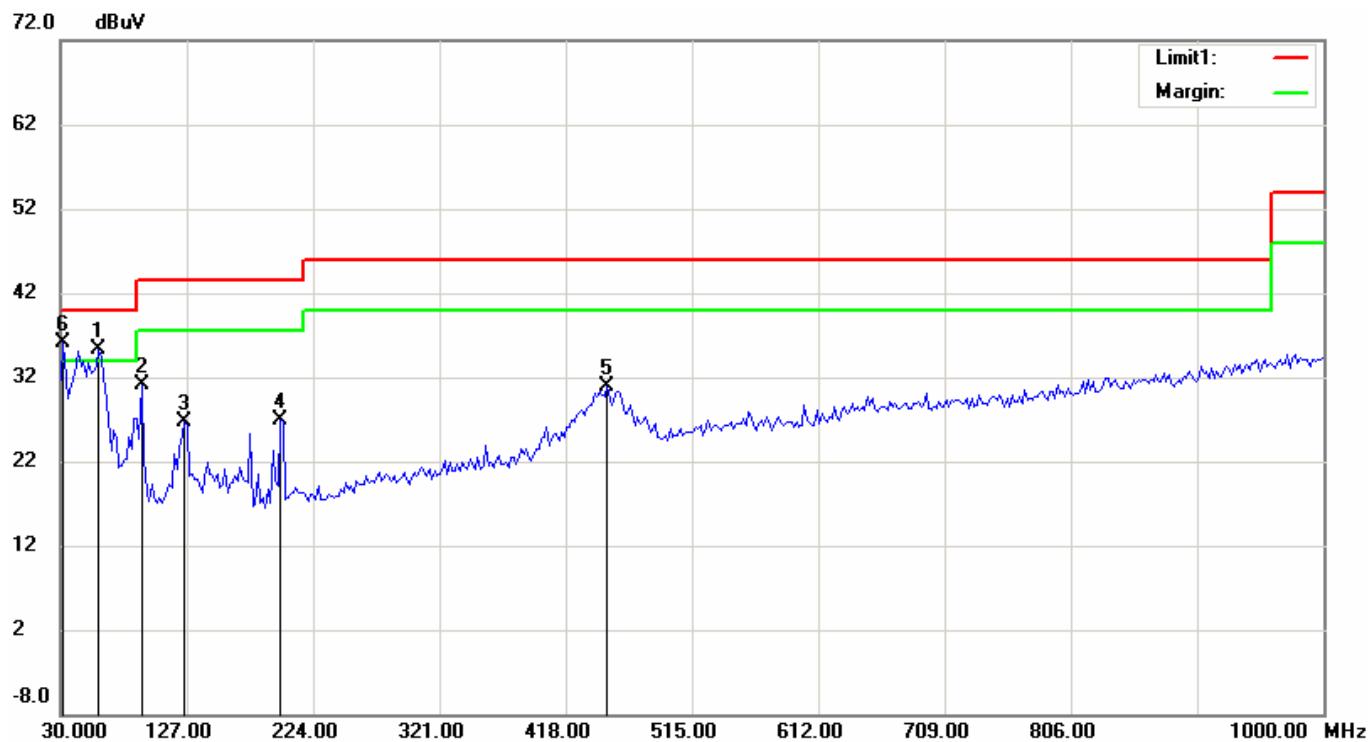
Note :

1. Item of margin shown in above table refer to average limit.
2. Remark “---” means that the emissions level is too low to be measured.
3. Item “Margin” referred to Average limit while there is only peak result.
4. The radiation emissions have been measured to beyond the tenth harmonic of the fundamental frequency and show the significant frequencies, other means the value is too low to be detected.

#### 4.4.2 Other Emission

##### 4.4.2.1 below 1GHz

File: PP02 Data: #42 Date: 2012/3/29 Temperature: 20 °C  
Time: AM 09:06:55 Humidity: 55 %



Condition:

Polarization: Horizontal

EUT:

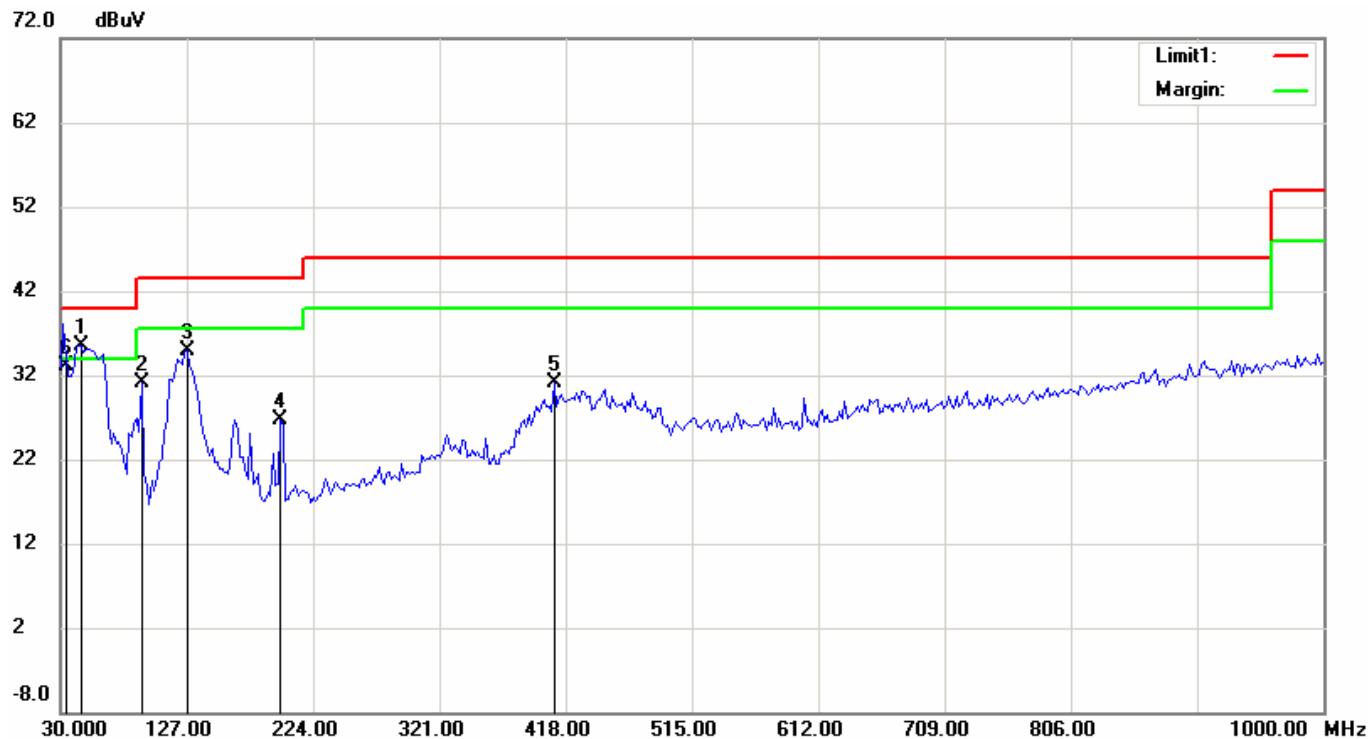
Distance: 3m

Model:

Test Mode:

| No. | Frequency<br>(MHz) | Reading<br>(dBuV) | Detector | Corrected<br>dB | Result<br>(dBuV) | Limit<br>(dBuV) | Margin<br>(dB) |
|-----|--------------------|-------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 1   | 31.9440            | 16.75             | peak     | 19.40           | 36.15            | 40.00           | -3.85          |
| 2   | 59.1583            | 27.79             | peak     | 7.51            | 35.30            | 40.00           | -4.70          |
| 3   | 92.2044            | 20.35             | peak     | 10.78           | 31.13            | 43.50           | -12.37         |
| 4   | 125.2505           | 13.43             | peak     | 13.32           | 26.75            | 43.50           | -16.75         |
| 5   | 199.1182           | 13.38             | peak     | 13.61           | 26.99            | 43.50           | -16.51         |
| 6   | 449.8798           | 9.43              | peak     | 21.51           | 30.94            | 46.00           | -15.06         |

File: PP02 Data: #43 Date: 2012/3/29 Temperature: 20 °C  
Time: AM 09:22:33 Humidity: 55 %



Condition: Polarization: Vertical  
EUT: Distance: 3m

Model:

Test Mode:

| No. | Frequency<br>(MHz) | Reading<br>(dBuV) | Detector | Corrected<br>dB | Result<br>(dBuV) | Limit<br>(dBuV) | Margin<br>(dB) |
|-----|--------------------|-------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 1   | 32.2845            | 13.80             | QP       | 19.22           | 33.02            | 40.00           | -6.98          |
| 2   | 45.5511            | 22.85             | peak     | 12.62           | 35.47            | 40.00           | -4.53          |
| 3   | 92.2044            | 20.42             | peak     | 10.78           | 31.20            | 43.50           | -12.30         |
| 4   | 127.1944           | 21.54             | peak     | 13.41           | 34.95            | 43.50           | -8.55          |
| 5   | 199.1182           | 13.02             | peak     | 13.61           | 26.63            | 43.50           | -16.87         |
| 6   | 409.0581           | 10.37             | peak     | 20.64           | 31.01            | 46.00           | -14.99         |

**4.4.2.2 above 1GHz****4.4.2.2.1 Fundamental Frequency : 2402 MHz**

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | Ant<br>Pol | Reading (dBuV)<br>@3m |     | Correct<br>Factor | Result (dBuV)<br>@3m |      | Limit (dBuV/m)<br>@3m |      |
|--------------------|------------|-----------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------|------|-----------------------|------|
|                    |            | Peak                  | AVG |                   | (dB/m)               | Peak | AVG                   | Peak |
| 1000.0000          | H          | 62.1                  | --- | -14.60            | 47.5                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1000.0000          | V          | 67.8                  | --- | -14.60            | 53.2                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1022.4358          | H          | 60.2                  | --- | -14.49            | 45.7                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1080.7691          | V          | 60.8                  | --- | -14.19            | 46.6                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1098.7180          | H          | 61.9                  | --- | -14.10            | 47.8                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1125.6410          | V          | 64.2                  | --- | -13.97            | 50.2                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1114.4230          | H          | 64.3                  | --- | -14.02            | 50.3                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1280.4486          | V          | 56.7                  | --- | -13.20            | 43.5                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1280.4486          | H          | 60.1                  | --- | -13.20            | 46.9                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1379.1666          | V          | 59.4                  | --- | -12.71            | 46.7                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1450.9614          | H          | 61.6                  | --- | -12.35            | 49.3                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1493.5896          | V          | 56.3                  | --- | -12.13            | 44.2                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1522.7563          | H          | 59.4                  | --- | -11.98            | 47.4                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1565.3846          | V          | 57.1                  | --- | -11.77            | 45.3                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1601.2820          | H          | 63.1                  | --- | -11.60            | 51.5                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1661.8590          | V          | 64.2                  | --- | -11.29            | 52.9                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1722.4358          | H          | 58.1                  | --- | -10.98            | 47.1                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1722.4358          | V          | 59.0                  | --- | -10.98            | 48.0                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1991.6666          | V          | 57.1                  | --- | -9.64             | 47.5                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |

## 4.4.2.2.2 Fundamental Frequency : 2441 MHz

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | Ant<br>Pol | Reading (dBuV)<br>@3m |     | Correct<br>Factor | Result (dBuV)<br>@3m |      | Limit (dBuV/m)<br>@3m |      |
|--------------------|------------|-----------------------|-----|-------------------|----------------------|------|-----------------------|------|
|                    |            | Peak                  | AVG |                   | (dB/m)               | Peak | AVG                   | Peak |
| 1000.0000          | H          | 62.8                  | --- | -14.60            | 48.2                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1000.0000          | V          | 65.5                  | --- | -14.60            | 50.9                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1024.6794          | H          | 57.9                  | --- | -14.48            | 43.4                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1094.2308          | V          | 61.0                  | --- | -14.13            | 46.9                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1091.9872          | H          | 57.0                  | --- | -14.13            | 42.9                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1282.6922          | V          | 58.6                  | --- | -13.19            | 45.4                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1376.9230          | V          | 59.8                  | --- | -12.71            | 47.1                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1493.5896          | V          | 56.1                  | --- | -12.13            | 44.0                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1628.2050          | H          | 61.3                  | --- | -11.46            | 49.8                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1659.6153          | V          | 61.6                  | --- | -11.30            | 50.3                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1666.3461          | H          | 57.2                  | --- | -11.27            | 45.9                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1722.4358          | H          | 54.6                  | --- | -10.98            | 43.6                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1722.4358          | V          | 59.6                  | --- | -10.98            | 48.6                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1998.3974          | H          | 54.9                  | --- | -9.61             | 45.3                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1996.1538          | V          | 58.4                  | --- | -9.61             | 48.8                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 2121.7948          | V          | 51.4                  | --- | -9.24             | 42.2                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 2980.8236          | V          | 51.6                  | --- | -6.47             | 45.1                 | ---  | 74.0                  | 54.0 |

## 4.4.2.2.3 Fundamental Frequency : 2480 MHz

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | Ant<br>Pol | Reading (dBuV)<br>@3m |     | Correct<br>Factor<br>(dB/m) | Result (dBuV)<br>@3m |     | Limit (dBuV/m)<br>@3m |      |
|--------------------|------------|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----|-----------------------|------|
|                    |            | Peak                  | AVG |                             | Peak                 | AVG | Peak                  | AVG  |
| 1000.0000          | H          | 62.3                  | --- | -14.60                      | 47.7                 | --- | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1000.0000          | V          | 68.1                  | --- | -14.60                      | 53.5                 | --- | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1074.0385          | H          | 57.5                  | --- | -14.23                      | 43.3                 | --- | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1044.8717          | V          | 61.6                  | --- | -14.37                      | 47.2                 | --- | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1096.4744          | V          | 59.9                  | --- | -14.12                      | 45.8                 | --- | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1139.1025          | H          | 55.6                  | --- | -13.90                      | 41.7                 | --- | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1280.4486          | V          | 56.6                  | --- | -13.20                      | 43.4                 | --- | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1332.0513          | V          | 55.1                  | --- | -12.94                      | 42.2                 | --- | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1370.1922          | H          | 54.4                  | --- | -12.74                      | 41.7                 | --- | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1652.8846          | H          | 63.0                  | --- | -11.34                      | 51.7                 | --- | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1664.1025          | V          | 62.4                  | --- | -11.28                      | 51.1                 | --- | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1722.4358          | H          | 55.6                  | --- | -10.98                      | 44.6                 | --- | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1722.4358          | V          | 59.8                  | --- | -10.98                      | 48.8                 | --- | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1599.0385          | V          | 56.8                  | --- | -11.60                      | 45.2                 | --- | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1879.4872          | H          | 51.6                  | --- | -10.21                      | 41.4                 | --- | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1991.6666          | H          | 52.9                  | --- | -9.64                       | 43.3                 | --- | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 1998.3974          | V          | 56.5                  | --- | -9.61                       | 46.9                 | --- | 74.0                  | 54.0 |
| 2121.7948          | V          | 51.5                  | --- | -9.24                       | 42.3                 | --- | 74.0                  | 54.0 |

## Note:

1. Place of Measurement: Measuring site of the ETC.
2. If the Peak result. value is under the limit of AVG. The AVG. value doesn't need to be measured.
3. If the data table appeared symbol of "---" means the value was too low to be measured.
4. The estimated measurement uncertainty of the result measurement is  
 $\pm 4.6\text{dB}$  ( $30\text{MHz} \leq f < 300\text{MHz}$ ).  
 $\pm 4.4\text{dB}$  ( $300\text{MHz} \leq f < 1000\text{MHz}$ ).  
 $\pm 4.1\text{dB}$  ( $1\text{GHz} \leq f \leq 18\text{GHz}$ ).  
 $\pm 4.4\text{dB}$  ( $18\text{GHz} < f \leq 40\text{GHz}$ ).

#### 4.4.3 Radiated Measurement at Bandedge with Fundamental Frequencies

##### 4.4.3.1 Operation Mode : NON-EDR

###### (A) Channel 0

Fundamental Frequency : 2402 MHz

Test Date: Mar. 29, 2012

Temperature : 20°C

Humidity : 55%

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | Reading (dBuV) |      |      |      | Factor<br>(dB)<br>Corr. | Result @3m<br>(dBuV/m)<br>Peak Ave<br>(H/V Max.) |      | Limit @3m<br>(dBuV/m)<br>Peak Ave. |      |
|--------------------|----------------|------|------|------|-------------------------|--|------|------------------------------------|------|
|                    | H              |      | V    |      |                         | Peak   | Ave  | Peak                               | Ave  |
| 2390.000           | 38.5           | 18.4 | 29.8 | 15.1 | 29.8                    | 68.3   | 48.2 | 74.0                               | 54.0 |

Note:

The result is the highest value of radiated emission from restrict band of 2310 ~2390 MHz.

###### (B) Channel 78

Operation Mode : Transmitting

Fundamental Frequency : 2480 MHz

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | Reading (dBuV) |      |      |      | Factor<br>(dB)<br>Corr. | Result @3m<br>(dBuV/m)<br>Peak Ave<br>(H/V Max.) |      | Limit @3m<br>(dBuV/m)<br>Peak Ave. |      |
|--------------------|----------------|------|------|------|-------------------------|--|------|------------------------------------|------|
|                    | H              |      | V    |      |                         | Peak   | Ave  | Peak                               | Ave  |
| 2483.500           | 32.3           | 15.9 | 27.6 | 15.0 | 29.8                    | 62.1   | 45.7 | 74.0                               | 54.0 |

Note:

The result is the highest value of radiated emission from restrict band of 2483.5 ~2500 MHz.

4.4.3.2 Operation Mode : EDR

## (A) Channel 0

Fundamental Frequency : 2402 MHz

Test Date: Mar. 29, 2012

Temperature : 20°C

Humidity : 55%

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | Reading (dBuV) |      |      |      | Factor<br>(dB)<br>Corr. | Result @3m<br>(dBuV/m)<br>Peak Ave<br>(H/V Max.) |      | Limit @3m<br>(dBuV/m)<br>Peak Ave. |      |
|--------------------|----------------|------|------|------|-------------------------|--|------|------------------------------------|------|
|                    | H              |      | V    |      |                         | Peak   | Ave  | Peak                               | Ave  |
| 2390.000           | 38.8           | 18.6 | 30.1 | 15.2 | 29.8                    | 68.6   | 48.4 | 74.0                               | 54.0 |

Note:

The result is the highest value of radiated emission from restrict band of 2310 ~2390 MHz.

## (B) Channel 78

Operation Mode : Transmitting

Fundamental Frequency : 2480 MHz

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | Reading (dBuV) |      |      |      | Factor<br>(dB)<br>Corr. | Result @3m<br>(dBuV/m)<br>Peak Ave<br>(H/V Max.) |      | Limit @3m<br>(dBuV/m)<br>Peak Ave. |      |
|--------------------|----------------|------|------|------|-------------------------|--|------|------------------------------------|------|
|                    | H              |      | V    |      |                         | Peak   | Ave  | Peak                               | Ave  |
| 2483.500           | 32.2           | 15.8 | 27.8 | 15.0 | 29.8                    | 62.0   | 45.6 | 74.0                               | 54.0 |

Note:

The result is the highest value of radiated emission from restrict band of 2483.5 ~2500 MHz.

**4.5 Field Strength Calculation**

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, High Pass Filter Loss(if used) and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{Corrected Factor}$$

where

$$\text{Corrected Factor} = \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} + \text{High Pass Filter Loss} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

## 5 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

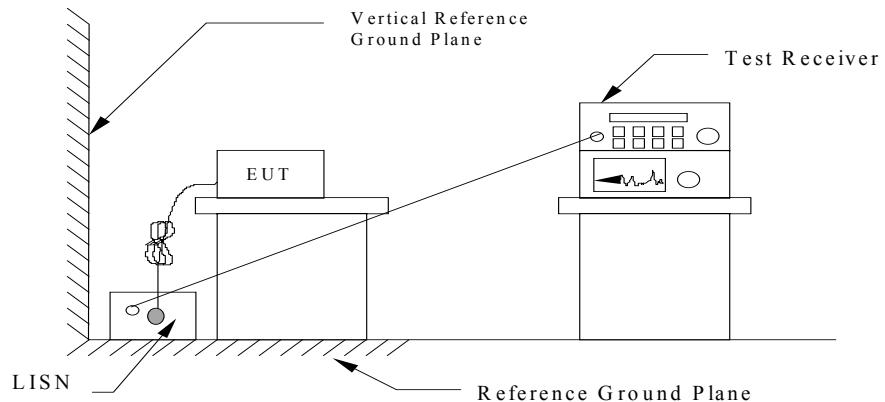
### 5.1 Standard Applicable

For unintentional and intentional device, Line Conducted Emission Limits are in accordance to § 15.107(a) and §15.207(a) respectively. Both Limits are identical specification.

### 5.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Setup the configuration per figure 3.
2. A preliminary scan with a spectrum monitor is performed to identify the frequency of emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in selected modes of operation, typical cable positions, and with a typical system configuration.
3. Record the 6 highest emissions relative to the limit.
4. Measure each frequency obtained from step 3 by a test receiver set on quasi peak detector function, and then record the accuracy frequency and emission level. If all emissions measured in the specified band are attenuated more than 20 dB from the limit, this step would be ignored, and the peak detector function would be used.
5. Confirm the highest three emissions with variation of the EUT cable configuration and record the final data.
6. Repeat all above procedures on measuring each operation mode of EUT.

Figure 3 : Conducted emissions measurement configuration



### 5.3 Conducted Emission Data

File:

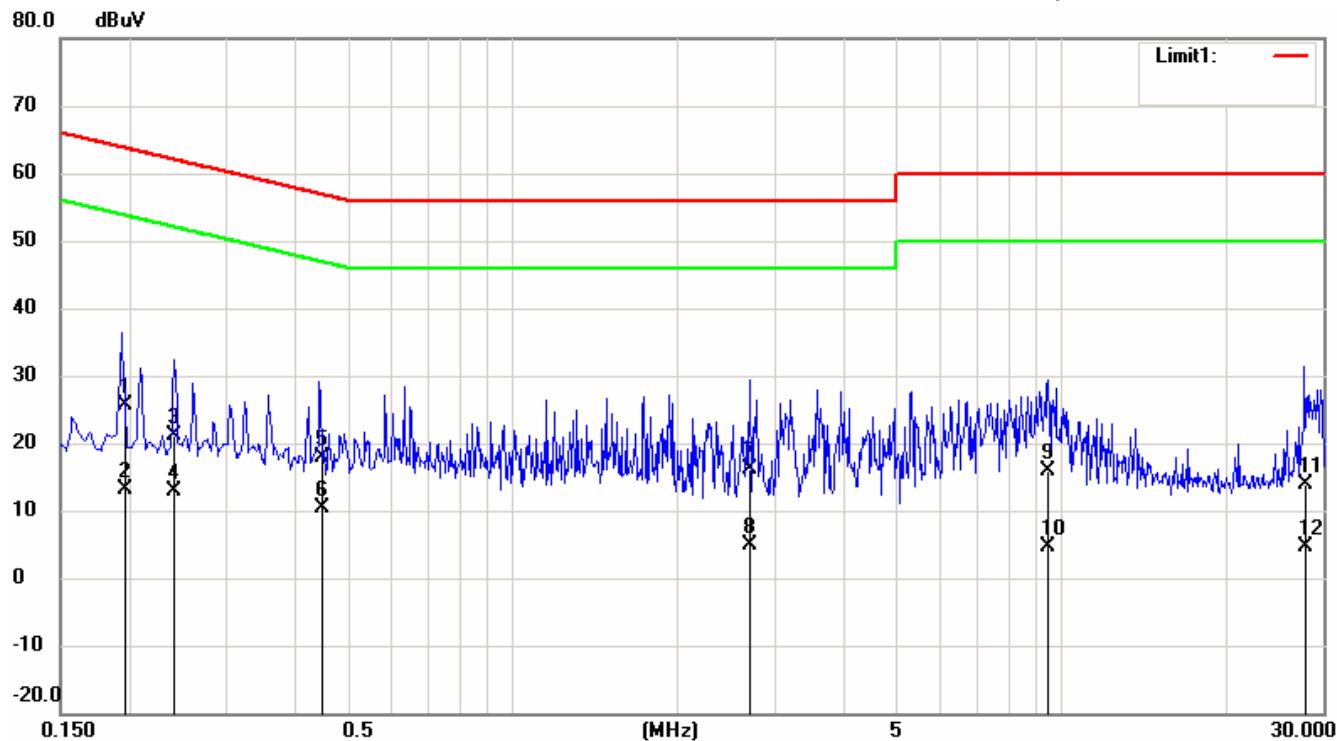
**Data:** #1

Date: 2012/3/12

Temperature: 24 °C

Time: PM 05:54:00

**Humidity:** 62 %



### Condition:

## Phase:

L1

| No. | Frequency<br>(MHz) | Reading<br>(dBuV) | Detector | Corrected<br>dB | Result<br>(dBuV) | Limit<br>(dBuV) | Margin<br>(dB) |
|-----|--------------------|-------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 1   | 0.1962             | 15.98             | QP       | 9.71            | 25.69            | 63.77           | -38.08         |
| 2   | 0.1962             | 3.46              | AVG      | 9.71            | 13.17            | 53.77           | -40.60         |
| 3   | 0.2420             | 11.49             | QP       | 9.70            | 21.19            | 62.03           | -40.84         |
| 4   | 0.2420             | 3.06              | AVG      | 9.70            | 12.76            | 52.03           | -39.27         |
| 5   | 0.4472             | 8.08              | QP       | 9.69            | 17.77            | 56.93           | -39.16         |
| 6   | 0.4472             | 0.79              | AVG      | 9.69            | 10.48            | 46.93           | -36.45         |
| 7   | 2.7067             | 6.25              | QP       | 9.76            | 16.01            | 56.00           | -39.99         |
| 8   | 2.7067             | -4.87             | AVG      | 9.76            | 4.89             | 46.00           | -41.11         |
| 9   | 9.4358             | 6.07              | QP       | 9.91            | 15.98            | 60.00           | -44.02         |
| 10  | 9.4358             | -5.38             | AVG      | 9.91            | 4.53             | 50.00           | -45.47         |
| 11  | 27.8940            | 3.64              | QP       | 10.15           | 13.79            | 60.00           | -46.21         |
| 12  | 27.8940            | -5.47             | AVG      | 10.15           | 4.68             | 50.00           | -45.32         |

Note: 1. Place of measurement: EMC LAB. of the ETC.

2. “\*\*\*” means the value was too low to be measured.

3. If the data table appeared symbol of "----" means the Q.P. value is under the limit of AVG. so, the AVG. value doesn't need to be measured.

4. “#” means the noise was too low, so record the peak value.

5. The estimated measurement uncertainty of the result measurement is  $\pm 2.5\text{dB}$ .

File: NEW

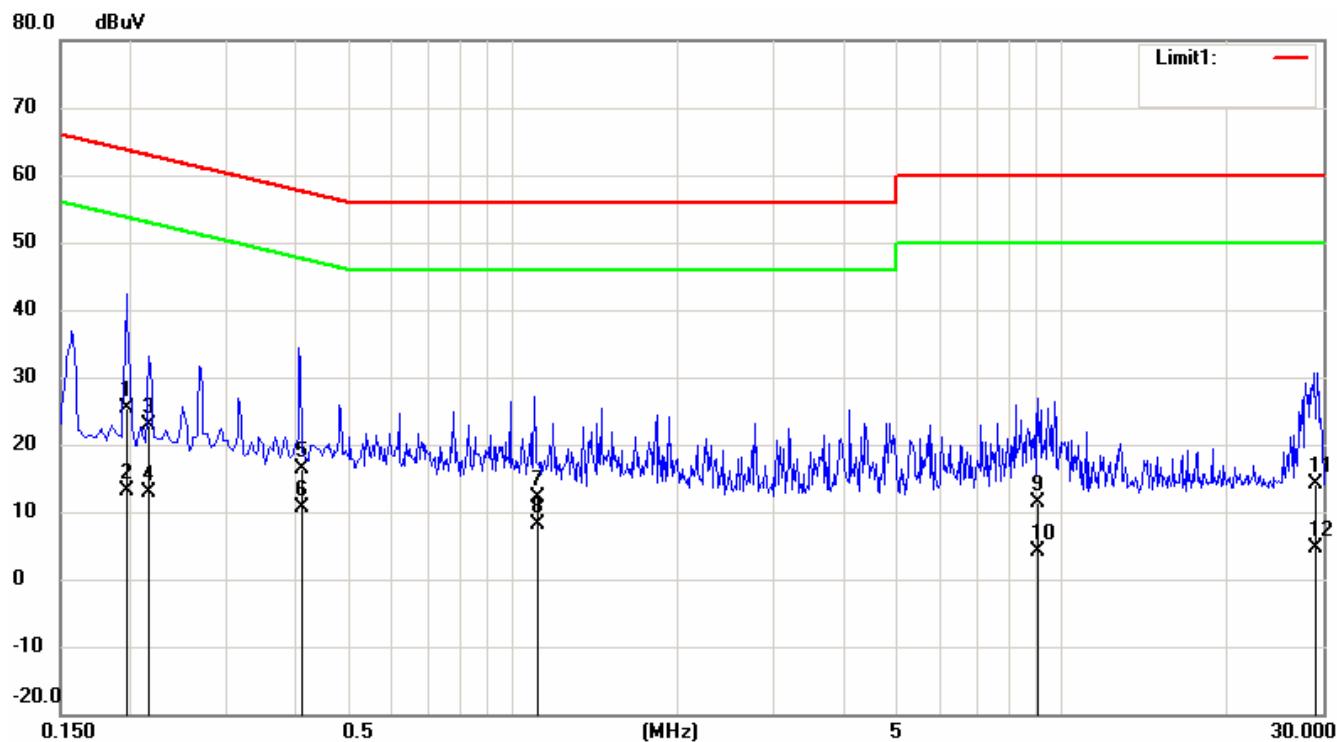
Data: #2

Date: 2012/3/12

Temperature: 24 °C

Time: PM 06:03:26

Humidity: 62 %



Condition:

Phase:

N

| No. | Frequency<br>(MHz) | Reading<br>(dBuV) | Detector | Corrected<br>dB | Result<br>(dBuV) | Limit  | Margin<br>(dB) |
|-----|--------------------|-------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|--------|----------------|
|     |                    |                   |          |                 |                  | (dBuV) |                |
| 1   | 0.1977             | 15.67             | QP       | 9.71            | 25.38            | 63.71  | -38.33         |
| 2   | 0.1977             | 3.43              | AVG      | 9.71            | 13.14            | 53.71  | -40.57         |
| 3   | 0.2180             | 13.13             | QP       | 9.71            | 22.84            | 62.89  | -40.05         |
| 4   | 0.2180             | 3.14              | AVG      | 9.71            | 12.85            | 52.89  | -40.04         |
| 5   | 0.4111             | 6.62              | QP       | 9.69            | 16.31            | 57.63  | -41.32         |
| 6   | 0.4111             | 0.95              | AVG      | 9.69            | 10.64            | 47.63  | -36.99         |
| 7   | 1.1104             | 2.35              | QP       | 9.71            | 12.06            | 56.00  | -43.94         |
| 8   | 1.1104             | -1.70             | AVG      | 9.71            | 8.01             | 46.00  | -37.99         |
| 9   | 9.0808             | 1.55              | QP       | 9.91            | 11.46            | 60.00  | -48.54         |
| 10  | 9.0808             | -5.79             | AVG      | 9.91            | 4.12             | 50.00  | -45.88         |
| 11  | 28.9753            | 4.06              | QP       | 10.16           | 14.22            | 60.00  | -45.78         |
| 12  | 28.9753            | -5.57             | AVG      | 10.16           | 4.59             | 50.00  | -45.41         |

Note: 1. Place of measurement: EMC LAB. of the ETC.  
 2. “\*\*\*” means the value was too low to be measured.  
 3. If the data table appeared symbol of “---” means the Q.P. value is under the limit of AVG. so, the AVG. value doesn't need to be measured.  
 4. “#” means the noise was too low, so record the peak value.  
 5. The estimated measurement uncertainty of the result measurement is  $\pm 2.5$ dB.

## 5.4 Result Data Calculation

The result data is calculated by adding the LISN Factor to the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$\mathbf{RESULT = READING + LISN\ FACTOR\ (Included\ Cable\ Loss)}$$

## 5.5 Conducted Measurement EquiPMent

The following test equiPMent are used during the conducted test.

| EquiPMent         | Manufacturer | Model No. | Next Cal. Due |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|
| EMI Test Receiver | R&S          | ESCI      | 06/11/2012    |
| V-LISN            | R&S          | ENV216    | 04/17/2012    |
| V-LISN            | R&S          | ENV216    | 04/21/2012    |

## 6 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

### 6.1 Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to §15.247 (c),(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. (ii) Systems operating in the 5725-5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted output power.

### 6.2 Antenna Construction and Directional Gain

The antennas is a Bluetooth PCB Layout antenna.

|                   |                          |
|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Antenna Type      | Surface mounting antenna |
| Peak Antenna Gain | 0.09 dBi                 |

The directional gain of antenna doesn't greater than 6 dBi, the power won't be reduced.

## 7 20dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT

### 7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1), for frequency hopping systems, hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel, whichever is greater.

### 7.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. The setup of the EUT as shown in figure 4. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Figure 4: Emission bandwidth measurement configuration.



### 7.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment         | Manufacturer | Model No. | Next Cal. Due |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Agilent      | E4446A    | 09/18/2012    |

## 7.4 Measurement Data

### 7.4.1 Operation Mode: NON-EDR

Test Date: Feb. 16, 2012

Temperature : 20°C

Humidity: 54%

| Channel | 20 dB Bandwidth<br>(MHz) | Chart   |
|---------|--------------------------|---------|
| L       | 0.875                    | Page 30 |
| M       | 0.875                    | Page 31 |
| H       | 0.880                    | Page 32 |

*Note: Please refer to page 30 to page 32 for chart.*

File: pp01&amp;02

Data: #41

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 03:09:05

Humidity: 54 %



Condition: -24.4dBm

Horizontal

EUT:

Sweep Time: 3.2ms Att.: 10dB

Model:

RBW: 30 KHz VBW: 100 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-Bluetooth Channel 00-20dB EBW

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 2401.54000     | -24.91     |
| 2   | 2401.98500     | -4.40      |
| 3   | 2402.41500     | -24.58     |

| No. |         | △Frequency(MHz) | △Level(dB) |
|-----|---------|-----------------|------------|
| 1   | mk3-mk1 | 0.875           | 0.33       |

File: pp01&amp;02

Data: #49

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 03:29:20

Humidity: 54 %



Condition: -24.08dBm

Horizontal

EUT:

Sweep Time: 3.2ms Att.: 10dB

Model:

RBW: 30 KHz VBW: 100 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-Bluetooth Channel 39-20dB EBW

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 2440.5400      | -24.65     |
| 2   | 2440.9850      | -4.08      |
| 3   | 2441.4150      | -24.37     |

| No. |         | △Frequency(MHz) | △Level(dB) |
|-----|---------|-----------------|------------|
| 1   | mk3-mk1 | 0.875           | 0.28       |

File: pp01&amp;02

Data: #45

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 03:13:17

Humidity: 54 %



Condition: -23.3dBm

Horizontal

EUT:

Sweep Time: 3.2ms Att.: 10dB

Model:

RBW: 30 KHz VBW: 100 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-Bluetooth Channel 78-20dB EBW

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 2479.53500     | -23.64     |
| 2   | 2479.98000     | -3.30      |
| 3   | 2480.41500     | -23.49     |

| No. |         | △Frequency(MHz) | △Level(dB) |
|-----|---------|-----------------|------------|
| 1   | mk3-mk1 | 0.88            | 0.15       |

7.4.2 Operation Mode: EDR

Test Date: Feb. 16, 2012

Temperature : 20°C

Humidity: 54%

| Channel | 20 dB Bandwidth<br>(MHz) | Chart   |
|---------|--------------------------|---------|
| L       | 1.220                    | Page 34 |
| M       | 1.215                    | Page 35 |
| H       | 1.225                    | Page 36 |

*Note: Please refer to page 34 to page 36 for chart.*

File: pp01&amp;02

Data: #64

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 03:58:23

Humidity: 54 %



Condition: -25.11dBm

Horizontal

EUT:

Sweep Time: 3.2ms Att.: 10dB

Model:

RBW: 30 KHz VBW: 100 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-Bluetooth Channel 00-20dB EBW

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 2401.39500     | -25.84     |
| 2   | 2401.99000     | -5.11      |
| 3   | 2402.61500     | -25.65     |

| No. |         | △Frequency(MHz) | △Level(dB) |
|-----|---------|-----------------|------------|
| 1   | mk3-mk1 | 1.22            | 0.19       |

File: pp01&amp;02

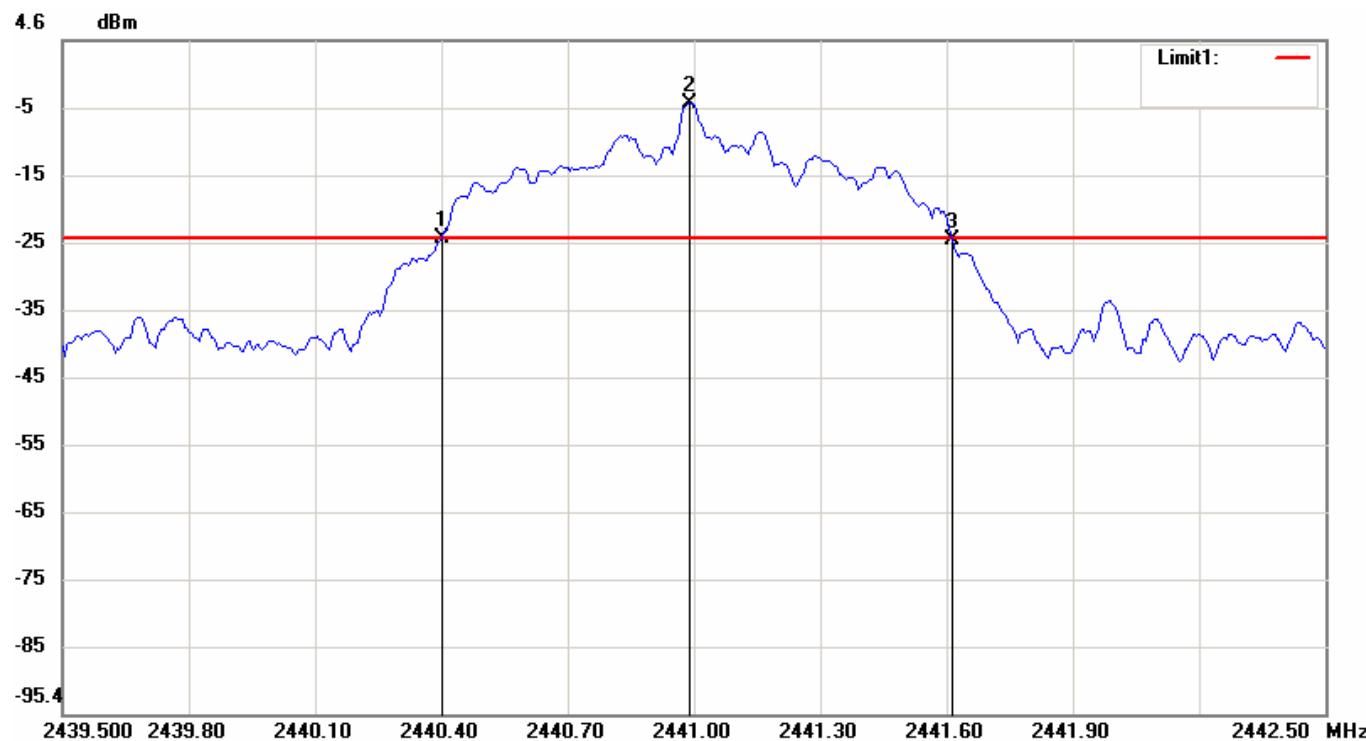
Data: #72

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 04:07:18

Humidity: 54 %



Condition: -24.71dBm

Horizontal

EUT:

Sweep Time: 3.2ms Att.: 10dB

Model:

RBW: 30 KHz VBW: 100 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-Bluetooth Channel 39-20dB EBW

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 2440.40000     | -24.87     |
| 2   | 2440.99000     | -4.71      |
| 3   | 2441.61500     | -24.95     |

| No. |         | △Frequency(MHz) | △Level(dB) |
|-----|---------|-----------------|------------|
| 1   | mk3-mk1 | 1.215           | -0.08      |

File: pp01&amp;02

Data: #68

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 04:03:53

Humidity: 54 %



Condition: -23.72dBm

Horizontal

EUT:

Sweep Time: 3.2ms Att.: 10dB

Model:

RBW: 30 KHz VBW: 100 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-Bluetooth Channel 78-20dB EBW

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 2479.39000     | -24.48     |
| 2   | 2479.99000     | -3.72      |
| 3   | 2480.61500     | -24.37     |

| No. |         | △Frequency(MHz) | △Level(dB) |
|-----|---------|-----------------|------------|
| 1   | mk3-mk1 | 1.225           | 0.11       |

## 8 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

### 8.1 Standard Applicable

For frequency hopping system, according to 15.247(b), the maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. If Receiving antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### 8.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. The setup of the EUT as shown in figure 4. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Add cable loss factor to measurement instrument to get maximum peak output power. Then set it to any measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 2 MHz and VBW to 2 MHz.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and record the level to calculate result data.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### 8.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment         | Manufacturer | Model No. | Next Cal. Due |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Agilent      | E4446A    | 09/18/2012    |

## 8.4 Measurement Data

### 8.4.1 Operation Mode: NON-EDR

Test Date: Feb. 16, 2012

Temperature : 20°C

Humidity: 54%

| Channel | Maximum Peak Output Power (dBm) | Maximum Peak Output Power (mW) | FCC Limit (mW) | Chart   |
|---------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|---------|
| L       | -3.82                           | 0.41                           | 1000           | Page 39 |
| M       | -3.41                           | 0.46                           | 1000           | Page 40 |
| H       | -2.46                           | 0.57                           | 1000           | Page 41 |

**Note:** Please refer to page 39 to page 41 for chart.

File: pp01&amp;02

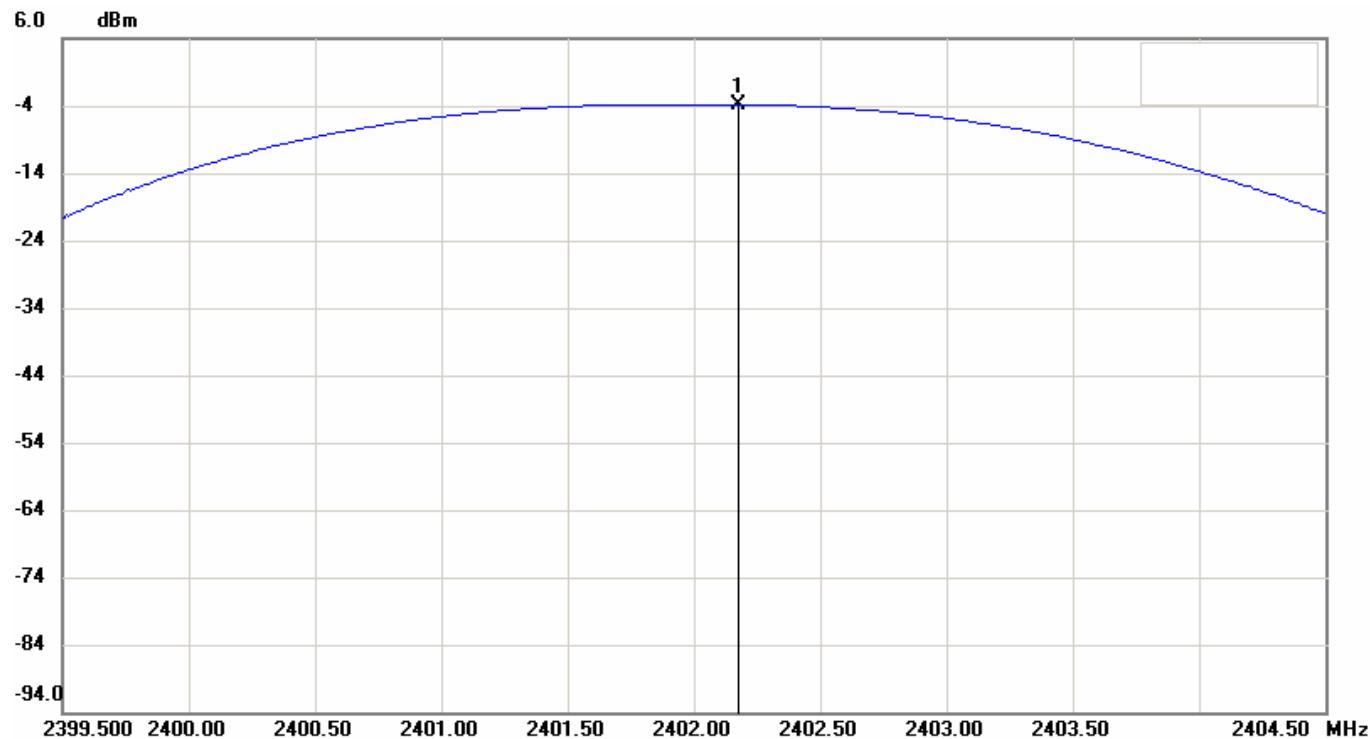
Data: #40

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 03:08:36

Humidity: 54 %

**Condition:****Horizontal****EUT:****Sweep Time: 1ms Att.: 10dB****Model:****RBW: 2000 KHz VBW: 2000 KHz****Test Mode:****Note: FCC Bluetooth CH00 Output Power (NON-EDR)**

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 2402.16670     | -3.82      |

File: pp01&amp;02

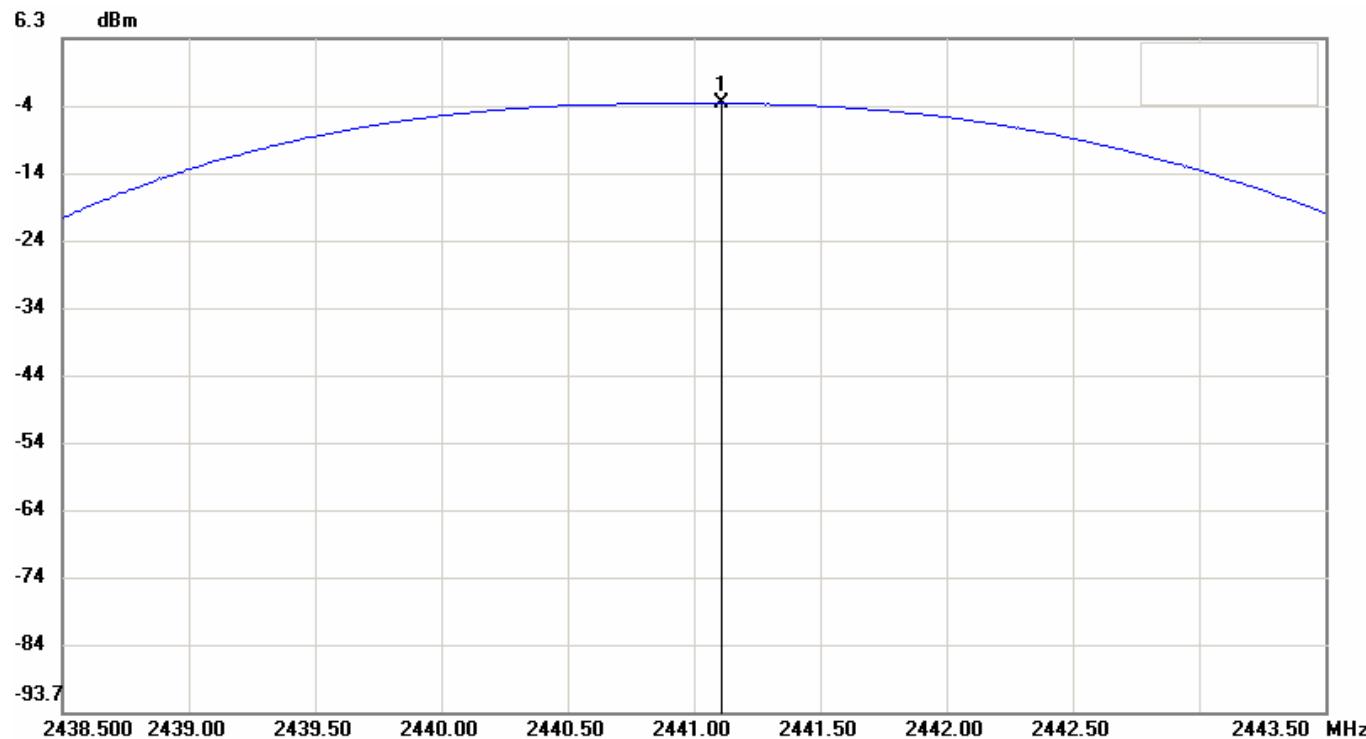
Data: #48

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 03:28:46

Humidity: 54 %



Condition:

Horizontal

EUT:

Sweep Time: 1ms Att.: 10dB

Model:

RBW: 2000 KHz VBW: 2000 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC Bluetooth CH39 Output Power (NON-EDR)

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 2441.10830     | -3.41      |

File: pp01&amp;02

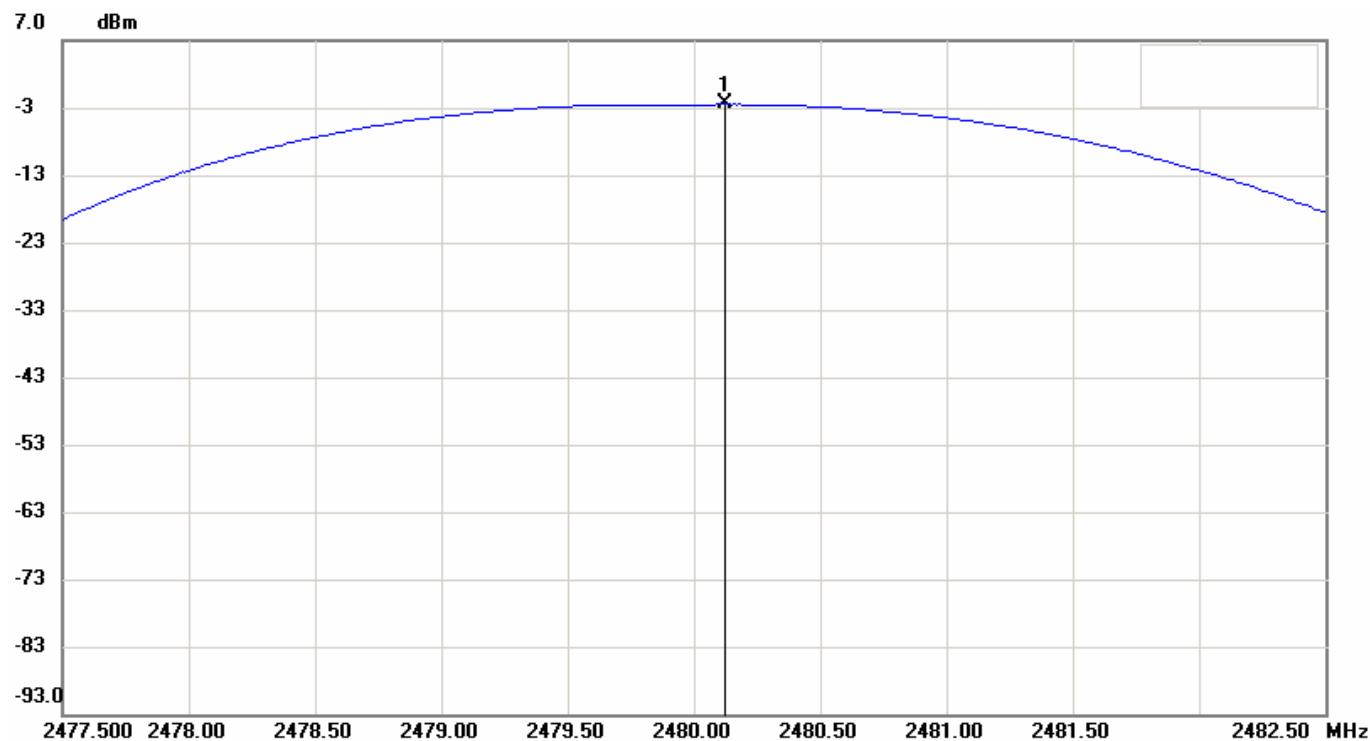
Data: #44

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 03:12:48

Humidity: 54 %



Condition:

Horizontal

EUT:

Sweep Time: 1ms Att.: 10dB

Model:

RBW: 2000 KHz VBW: 2000 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC Bluetooth CH78 Output Power (NON-EDR)

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 2480.11670     | -2.46      |

8.4.2 Operation Mode: EDR

Test Date: Feb. 16, 2012

Temperature : 20°C

Humidity: 54%

| Channel | Maximum Peak Output Power (dBm) | Maximum Peak Output Power (mW) | FCC Limit (mW) | Chart   |
|---------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|---------|
| L       | -3.97                           | 0.40                           | 1000           | Page 43 |
| M       | -3.45                           | 0.45                           | 1000           | Page 44 |
| H       | -2.44                           | 0.57                           | 1000           | Page 45 |

*Note: Please refer to page 43 to page 45 for chart.*

File: pp01&amp;02

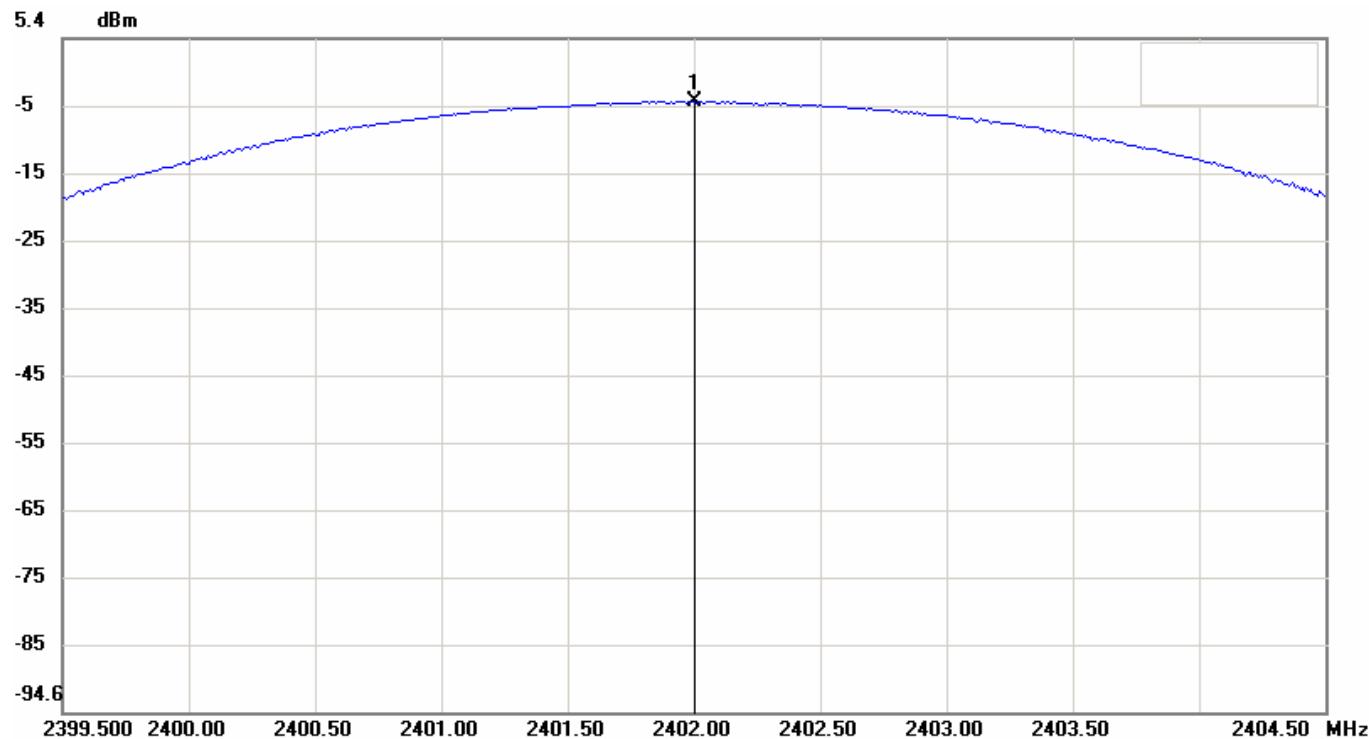
Data: #63

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 03:57:47

Humidity: 54 %



Condition:

Horizontal

EUT:

Sweep Time: 1ms Att.: 10dB

Model:

RBW: 2000 KHz VBW: 2000 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC Bluetooth CH00 Output Power (EDR)

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 2401.99170     | -3.97      |

File: pp01&amp;02

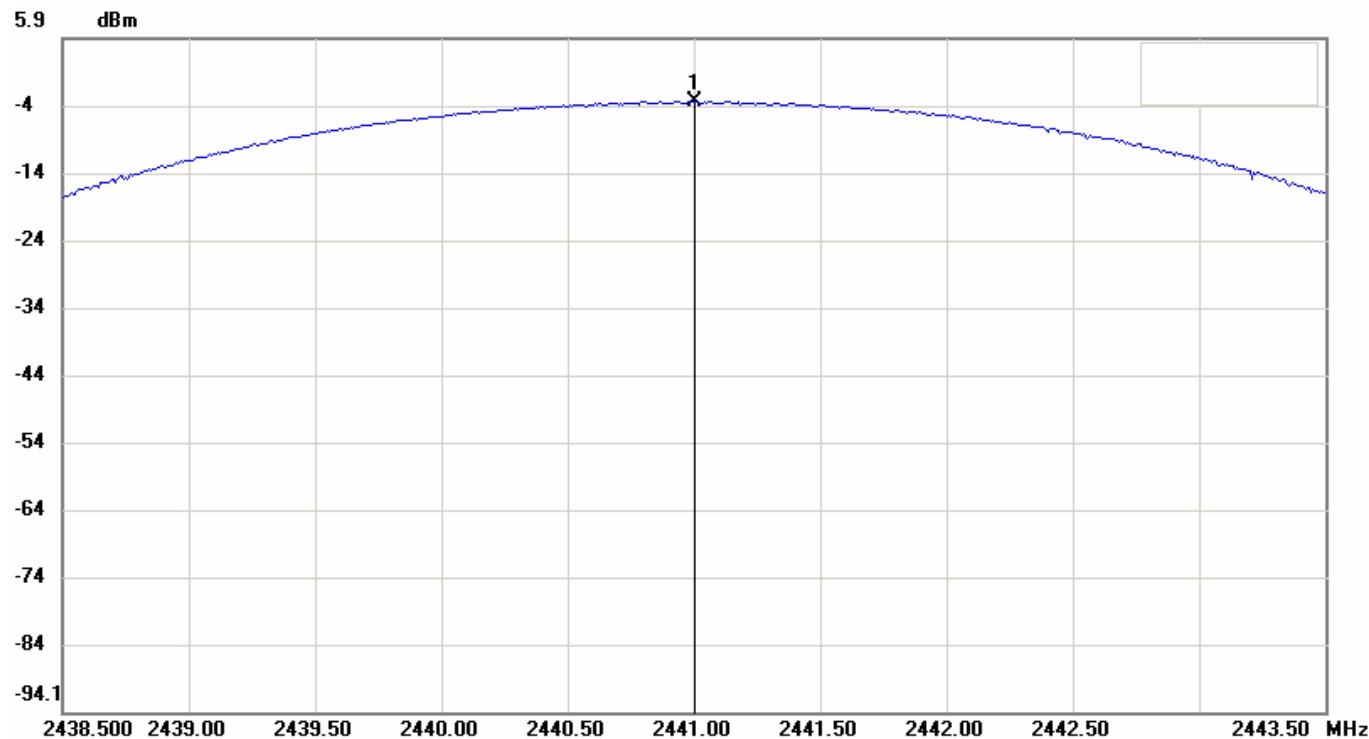
Data: #71

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 04:06:50

Humidity: 54 %



Condition:

Horizontal

EUT:

Sweep Time: 1ms Att.: 10dB

Model:

RBW: 2000 KHz VBW: 2000 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC Bluetooth CH39 Output Power (EDR)

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 2440.99170     | -3.45      |

File: pp01&amp;02

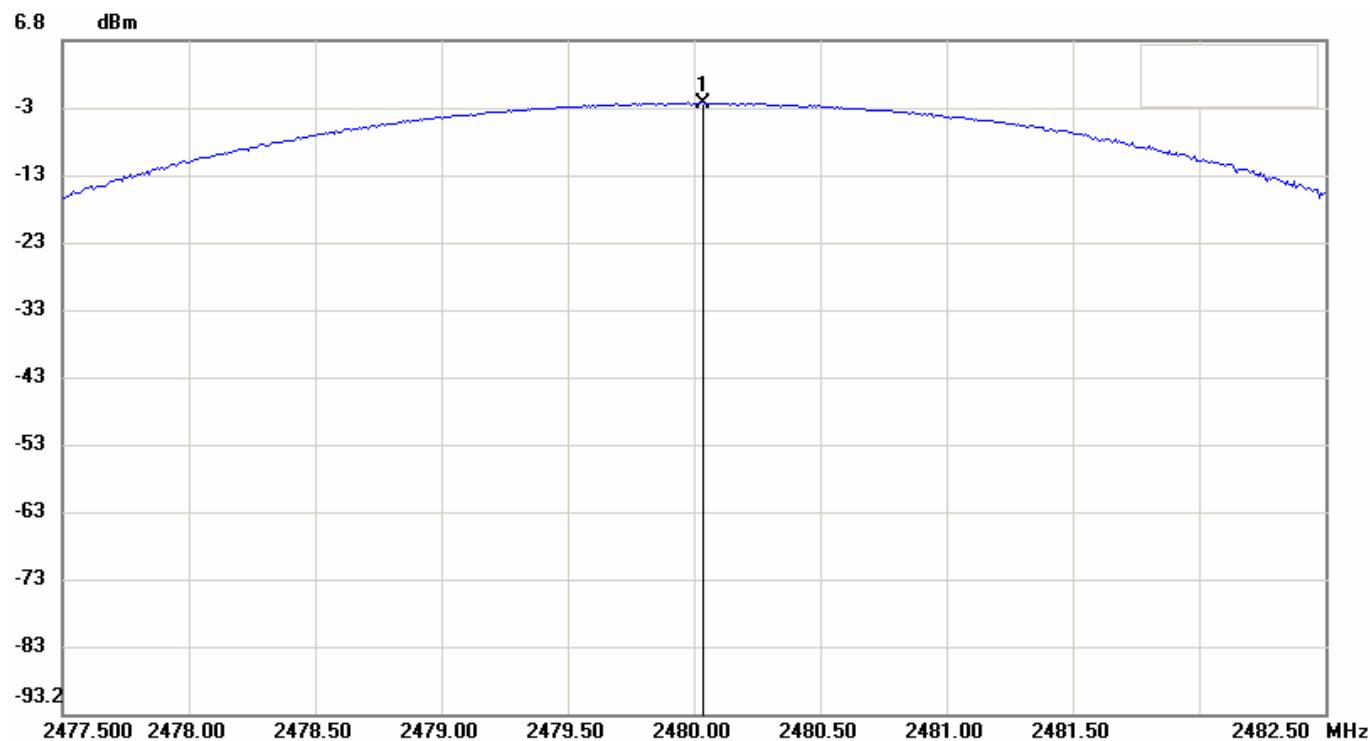
Data: #67

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 04:03:26

Humidity: 54 %



Condition:

Horizontal

EUT:

Sweep Time: 1ms Att.: 10dB

Model:

RBW: 2000 KHz VBW: 2000 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC Bluetooth CH78 Output Power (EDR)

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 2480.03330     | -2.44      |

## 9 OUT-OF-BAND RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION MEASUREMENT

### 9.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(c), if any 100 kHz bandwidth outside these frequency bands, the radio frequency power that is produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence and the carrier frequency shall be either at least 20 dB below that in any 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power or shall not exceed the general levels specified in §15.209(a), whichever results in the lesser attenuation.

### 9.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. The setup of the EUT as shown in figure 4. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

### 9.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment         | Manufacturer | Model No. | Next Cal. Due |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Agilent      | E4446A    | 09/18/2012    |

## 9.4 Measurement Data

### 9.4.1 Operation Mode: NON-EDR

Test Date: Feb. 16, 2012

Temperature : 20°C

Humidity: 54%

| Channel | Test Frequency Range    | Note            | Chart      |
|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|
| 0       | 2350 MHz - 2450 MHz     | Lower Band Edge | Page 48-49 |
| 78      | 2433.5 MHz - 2533.5 MHz | Upper Band Edge | Page 50-51 |
| 0       | 30 MHz - 25 GHz         |                 | Page 52    |
| 39      | 30 MHz - 25 GHz         |                 | Page 53    |
| 78      | 30 MHz - 25 GHz         |                 | Page 54    |

*Note: Please refer to page 48 to page 54 for chart.*

File: pp01&02      Data: #43      Date: 2012/2/16      Temperature: 20 °C  
 Time: PM 03:11:04      Humidity: 54 %



Condition: -23.98dBm      **Horizontal**  
 EUT: Sweep Time: 2.32ms Att.: 10dB  
 Model: RBW: 100 KHz      VBW: 300 KHz  
 Test Mode:  
 Note: FCC-Bluetooth Channel 00-Bandedge (Fixed)

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 2400.00000     | -49.33     |
| 2   | 2402.00000     | -3.98      |

File: pp01&amp;02

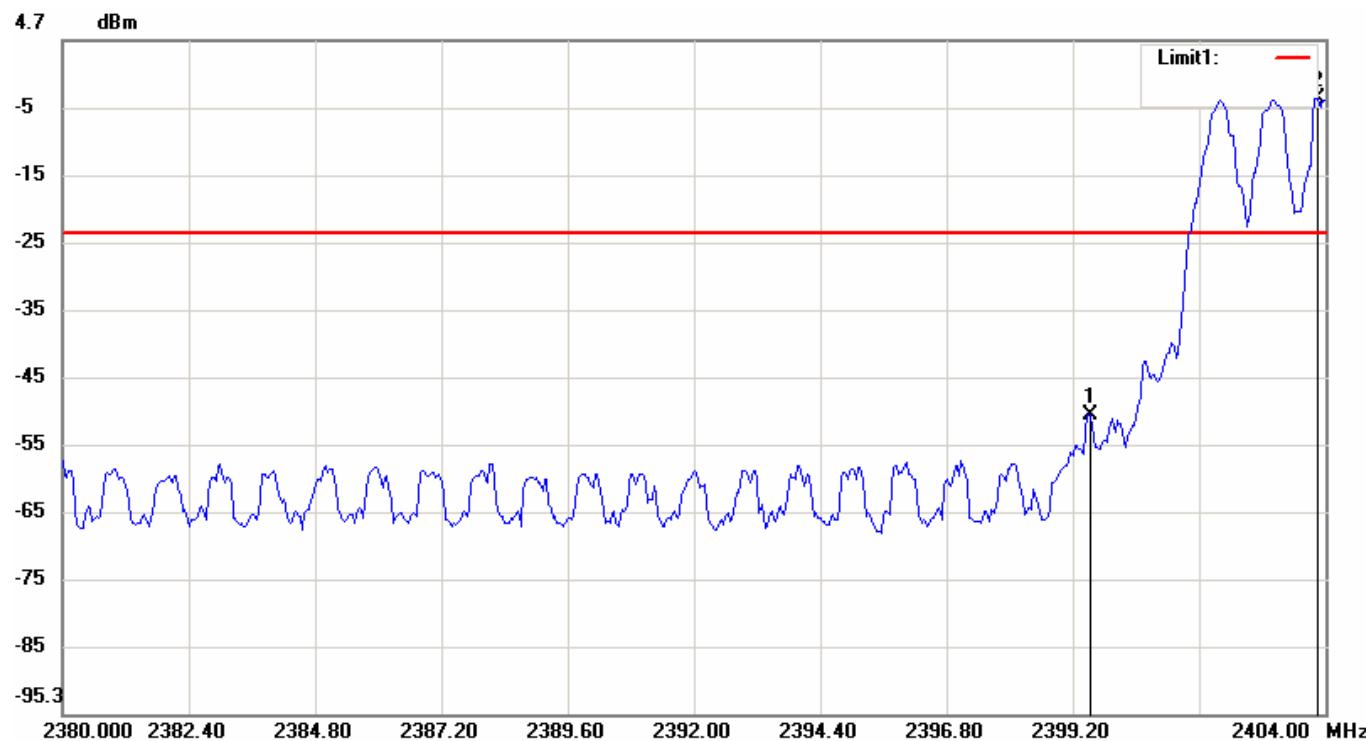
Data: #51

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 03:34:56

Humidity: 54 %



Condition: -23.97dBm

Horizontal

EUT:

Sweep Time: 2.32ms Att.: 10dB

Model:

RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-Bluetooth Channel 00-Bandedge (Hopping)

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 2399.52000     | -50.88     |
| 2   | 2403.84000     | -3.97      |

File: pp01&02      Data: #47      Date: 2012/2/16      Temperature: 20 °C  
 Time: PM 03:15:15      Humidity: 54 %



Condition: -22.5dBm      **Horizontal**  
 EUT:      Sweep Time: 2.12ms      Att.: 10dB  
 Model:      RBW: 100 KHz      VBW: 300 KHz  
 Test Mode:  
 Note: FCC-Bluetooth Channel 78-Bandedge (Fixed)

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 2479.98000     | -2.50      |
| 2   | 2483.50000     | -51.74     |

File: pp01&amp;02

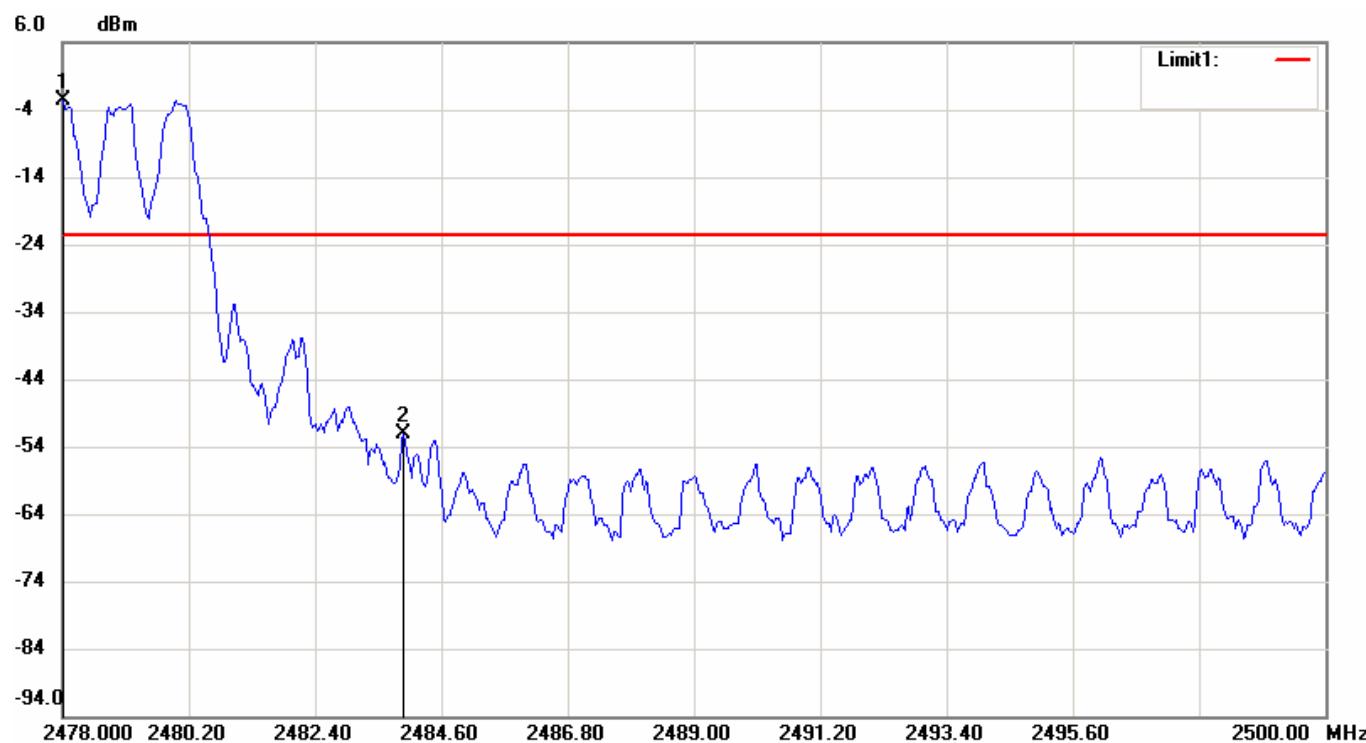
Data: #52

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 03:36:41

Humidity: 54 %



Condition: -22.58dBm

Horizontal

EUT:

Sweep Time: 2.12ms Att.: 10dB

Model:

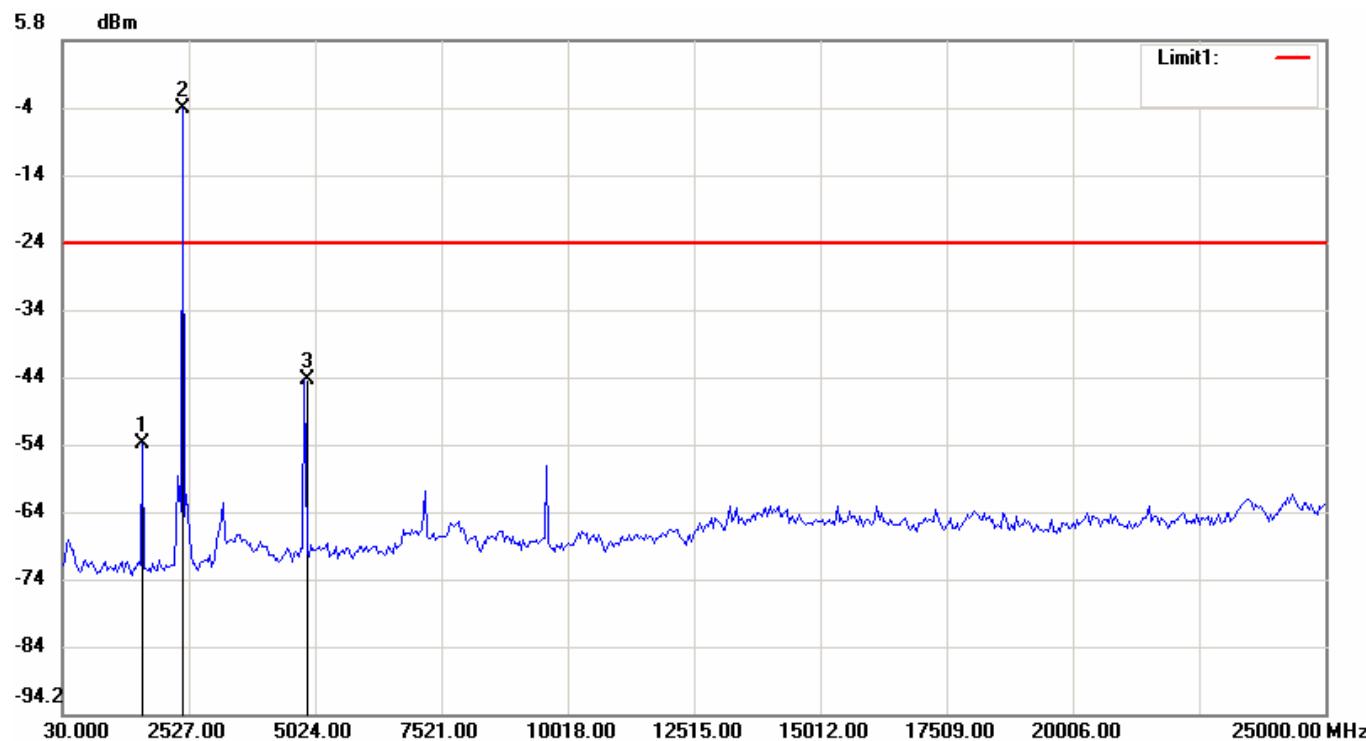
RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-Bluetooth Channel 78-Bandedge (Hopping)

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 2478.00000     | -2.58      |
| 2   | 2483.94000     | -52.26     |

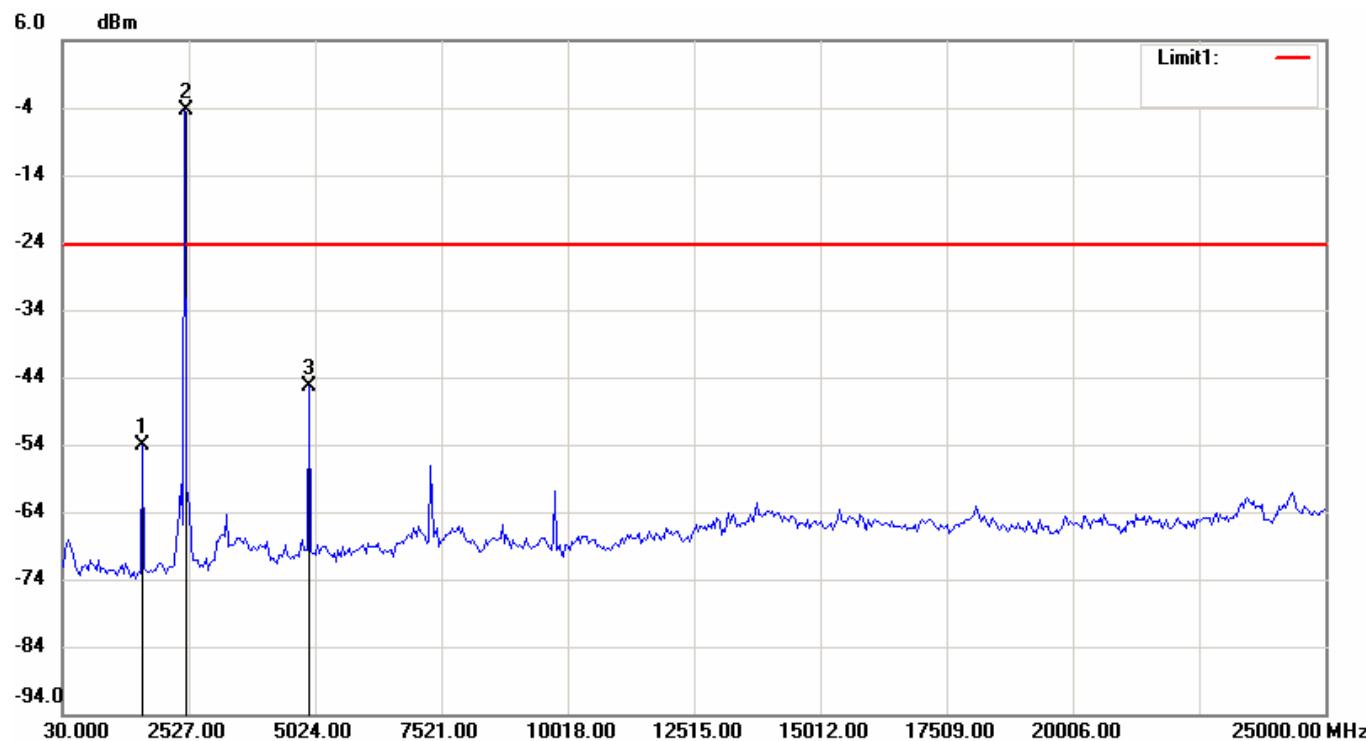
File: pp01&02      Data: #42      Date: 2012/2/16      Temperature: 20 °C  
 Time: PM 03:10:36      Humidity: 54 %



Condition: -24.25dBm      **Horizontal**  
 EUT: Sweep Time: 2386.4ms Att.: 10dB  
 Model: RBW: 100 KHz      VBW: 300 KHz  
 Test Mode:  
 Note: FCC-BT Channel 00-Conducted Spurious

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 1611.43330     | -54.13     |
| 2   | 2402.15000     | -4.25      |
| 3   | 4815.91670     | -44.42     |

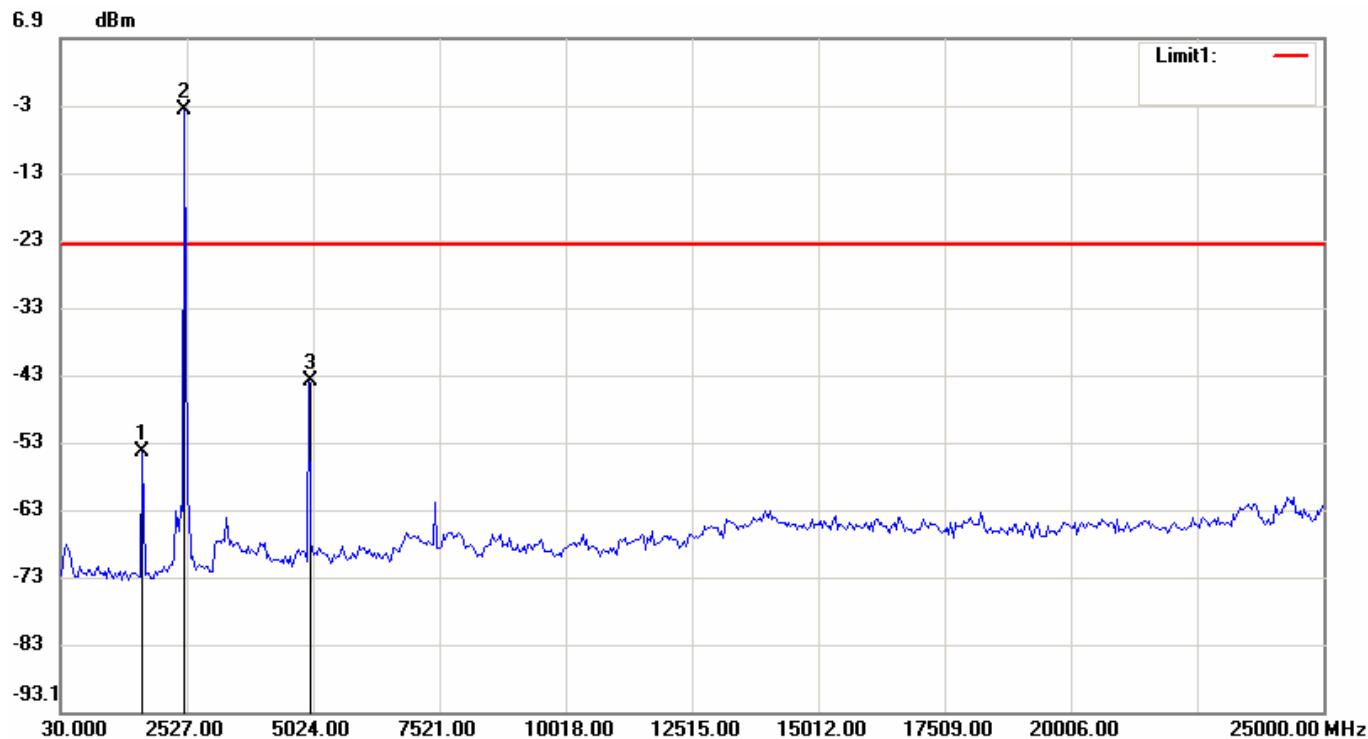
File: pp01&02      Data: #50      Date: 2012/2/16      Temperature: 20 °C  
 Time: PM 03:30:51      Humidity: 54 %



Condition: **-24.33dBm**      **Horizontal**  
 EUT:      Sweep Time: 2386.4ms   Att.: 10dB  
 Model:      RBW: 100 KHz      VBW: 300 KHz  
 Test Mode:  
 Note: **FCC-BT Channel 39-Conducted Spurious**

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 1611.43330     | -54.05     |
| 2   | 2443.76670     | -4.33      |
| 3   | 4899.15000     | -45.40     |

File: pp01&02      Data: #46      Date: 2012/2/16      Temperature: 20 °C  
 Time: PM 03:14:47      Humidity: 54 %



Condition: -23.81dBm

Horizontal

EUT:

Sweep Time: 2386.4ms Att.: 10dB

Model:

RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-BT Channel 78-Conducted Spurious

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 1653.05000     | -54.53     |
| 2   | 2485.38330     | -3.81      |
| 3   | 4940.76670     | -43.91     |

9.4.2 Operation Mode: EDR

Test Date: Feb. 16, 2012      Temperature : 20°C      Humidity: 54%

| Channel | Test Frequency Range    | Note            | Chart      |
|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|
| 0       | 2350 MHz - 2450 MHz     | Lower Band Edge | Page 56-57 |
| 78      | 2433.5 MHz - 2533.5 MHz | Upper Band Edge | Page 58-59 |
| 0       | 30 MHz - 25 GHz         |                 | Page 60    |
| 39      | 30 MHz - 25 GHz         |                 | Page 61    |
| 78      | 30 MHz - 25 GHz         |                 | Page 62    |

*Note: Please refer to page 56 to page 62 for chart.*

File: pp01&02

**Data: #66**

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 04:00:47

**Humidity:** 54 %



**Condition:** -24.88dBm

## Horizontal

EUT:

**Sweep Time: 2.32ms Att.: 10dB**

## Model:

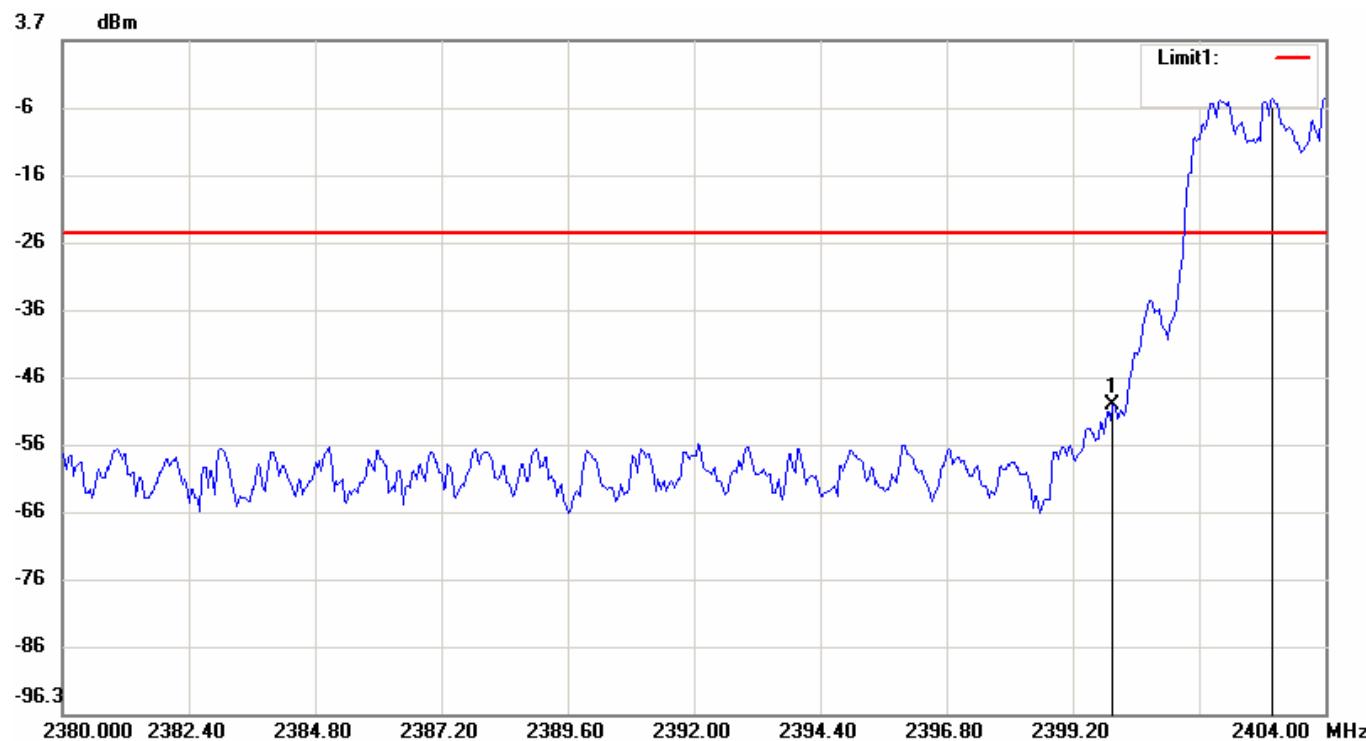
**RBW: 100 KHz**      **VBW: 300 KHz**

## Test Mode:

**Note: FCC-Bluetooth Channel 00-Bandedge (Fixed)**

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 2399.76000     | -48.87     |
| 2   | 2401.84000     | -4.88      |

File: pp01&02      Data: #74      Date: 2012/2/16      Temperature: 20 °C  
 Time: PM 04:11:45      Humidity: 54 %



Condition: **-25.05dBm**      **Horizontal**  
 EUT:      Sweep Time: 2.32ms      Att.: 10dB  
 Model:      RBW: 100 KHz      VBW: 300 KHz  
 Test Mode:  
 Note: FCC-Bluetooth Channel 00-Bandedge (Hopping)

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 2399.96000     | -50.44     |
| 2   | 2403.00000     | -5.05      |

File: pp01&amp;02

Data: #70

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 04:05:52

Humidity: 54 %



Condition: -23.55dBm

Horizontal

EUT:

Sweep Time: 2.12ms Att.: 10dB

Model:

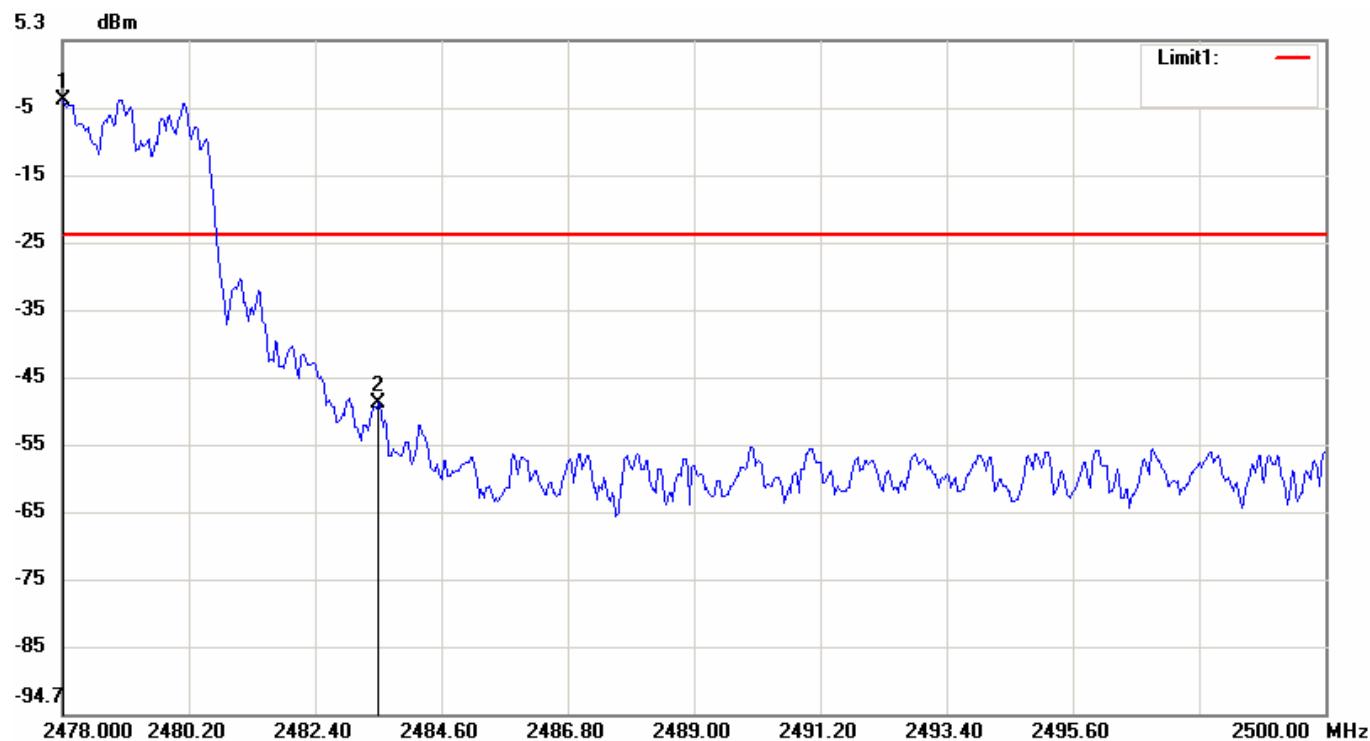
RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-Bluetooth Channel 78-Bandedge (Fixed)

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 2479.98000     | -3.55      |
| 2   | 2483.53670     | -49.42     |

File: pp01&02      Data: #75      Date: 2012/2/16      Temperature: 20 °C  
 Time: PM 04:13:36      Humidity: 54 %



Condition: -23.68dBm      **Horizontal**  
 EUT: Sweep Time: 2.12ms Att.: 10dB  
 Model: RBW: 100 KHz      VBW: 300 KHz  
 Test Mode:  
 Note: FCC-Bluetooth Channel 78-Bandedge (Hopping)

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 2478.00000     | -3.68      |
| 2   | 2483.50000     | -48.65     |

File: pp01&02      Data: #65      Date: 2012/2/16      Temperature: 20 °C  
 Time: PM 04:00:19      Humidity: 54 %



Condition: -27.15dBm      **Horizontal**  
 EUT: Sweep Time: 2386.4ms Att.: 10dB  
 Model: RBW: 100 KHz      VBW: 300 KHz  
 Test Mode:  
 Note: FCC-BT Channel 00-Conducted Spurious

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 1611.43330     | -53.27     |
| 2   | 2402.15000     | -7.15      |
| 3   | 4815.91670     | -50.53     |

File: pp01&amp;02

Data: #73

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 04:08:49

Humidity: 54 %



Condition: -23.95dBm

Horizontal

EUT:

Sweep Time: 2386.4ms Att.: 10dB

Model:

RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-BT Channel 39-Conducted Spurious

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 1611.43330     | -53.38     |
| 2   | 2443.76670     | -3.95      |
| 3   | 4899.15000     | -50.74     |

File: pp01&amp;02

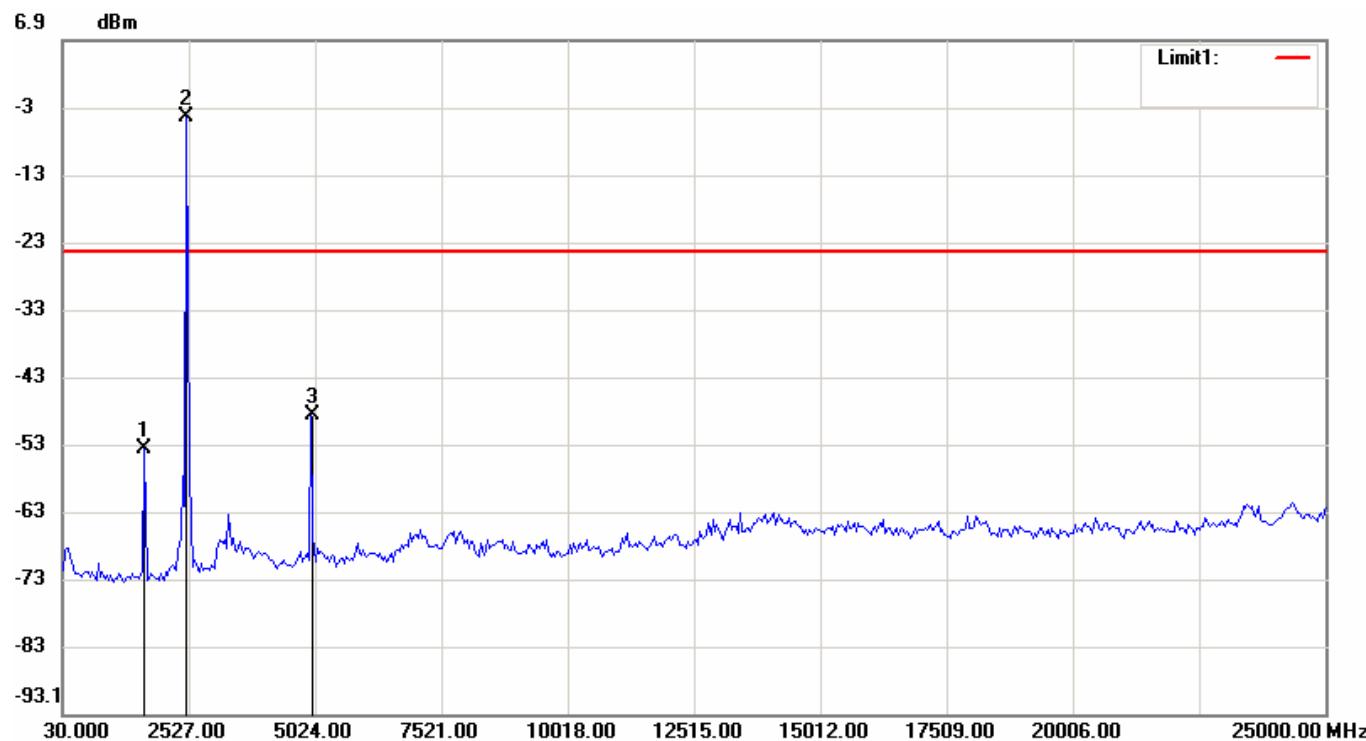
Data: #69

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 04:05:24

Humidity: 54 %



Condition: -24.38dBm

Horizontal

EUT:

Sweep Time: 2386.4ms Att.: 10dB

Model:

RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-BT Channel 78-Conducted Spurious

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 1653.05000     | -53.76     |
| 2   | 2485.38330     | -4.38      |

## 10 NUMBER of HOPPING CHANNELS

### 10.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(b)(1), for frequency hopping systems, operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band employing at least 75 hopping channels

### 10.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. The setup of the EUT as shown in figure 4. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set EUT to hopping operating mode and set spectrum analyzer maximum to measure the number of hopping channels.

### 10.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment         | Manufacturer | Model No. | Next Cal. Due |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Agilent      | E4446A    | 09/18/2012    |

### 10.4 Measurement Data

Test Date: Feb. 16, 2012

Temperature : 20°C

Humidity: 54%

Number of hopping channels = 79 channels

*Note: Please refer to page 64 to page 66 for chart.*

File: pp01&amp;02

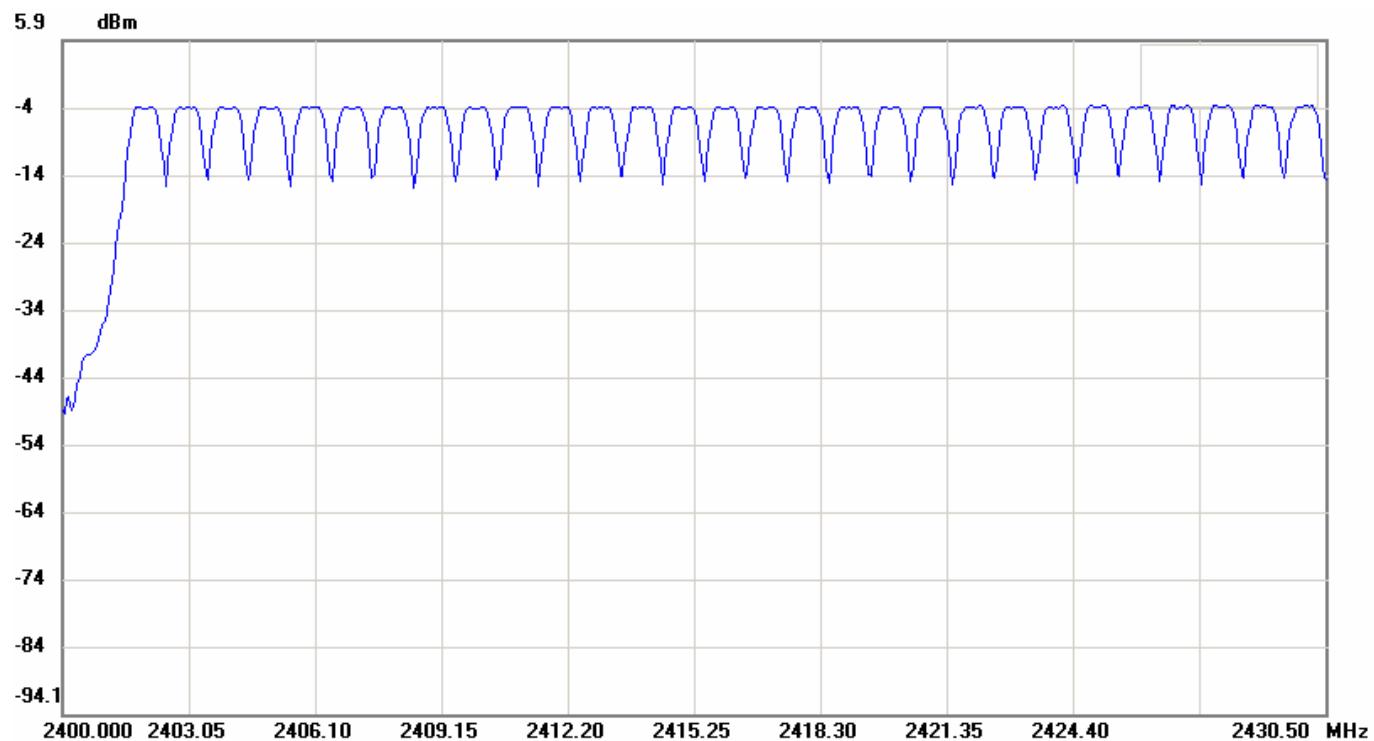
Data: #60

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 03:42:50

Humidity: 54 %

**Condition:****Horizontal****EUT:****Sweep Time: 1ms Att.: 10dB****Model:****RBW: 300 KHz VBW: 300 KHz****Test Mode:****Note:** FCC-Bluetooth Number of Hopping Channels -Part1

File: pp01&amp;02

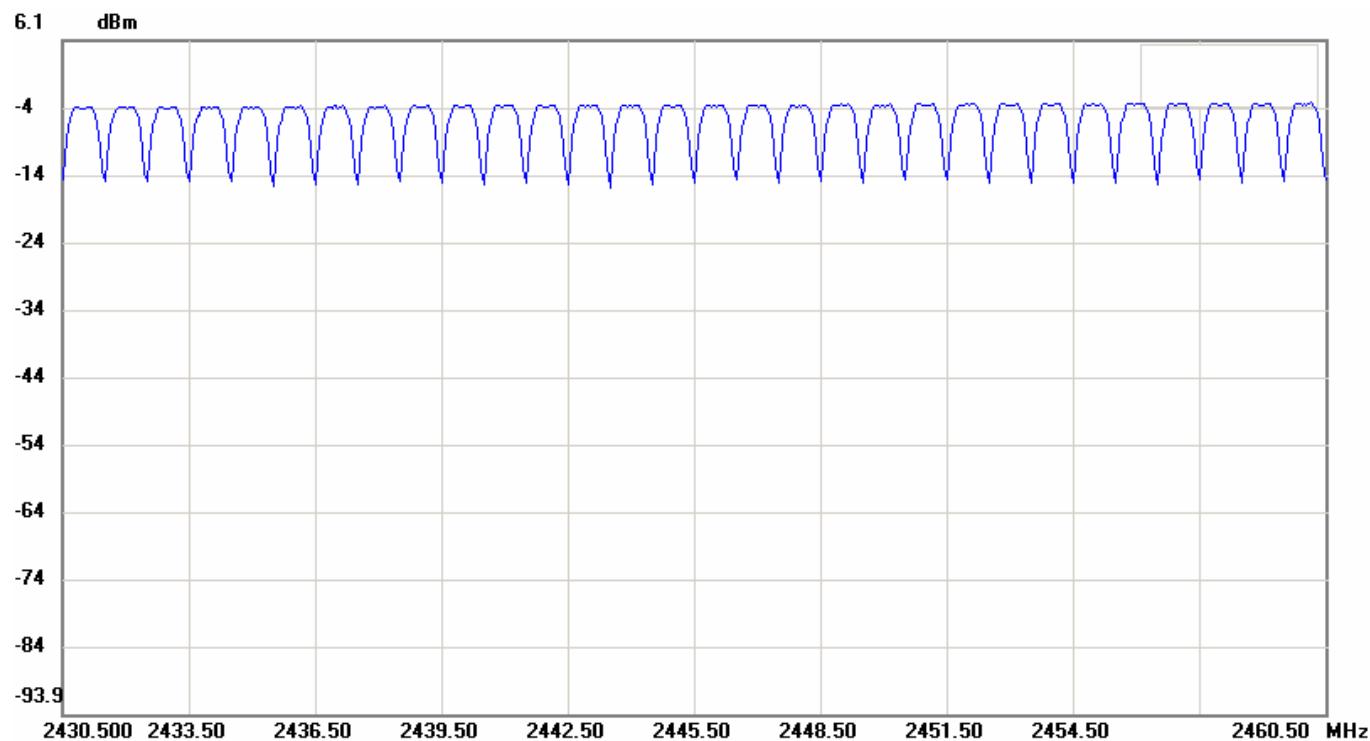
Data: #61

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 03:44:38

Humidity: 54 %

**Condition:****Horizontal****EUT:****Sweep Time: 1ms Att.: 10dB****Model:****RBW: 300 KHz VBW: 300 KHz****Test Mode:****Note:** FCC-Bluetooth Number of Hopping Channels -Part2

File: pp01&amp;02

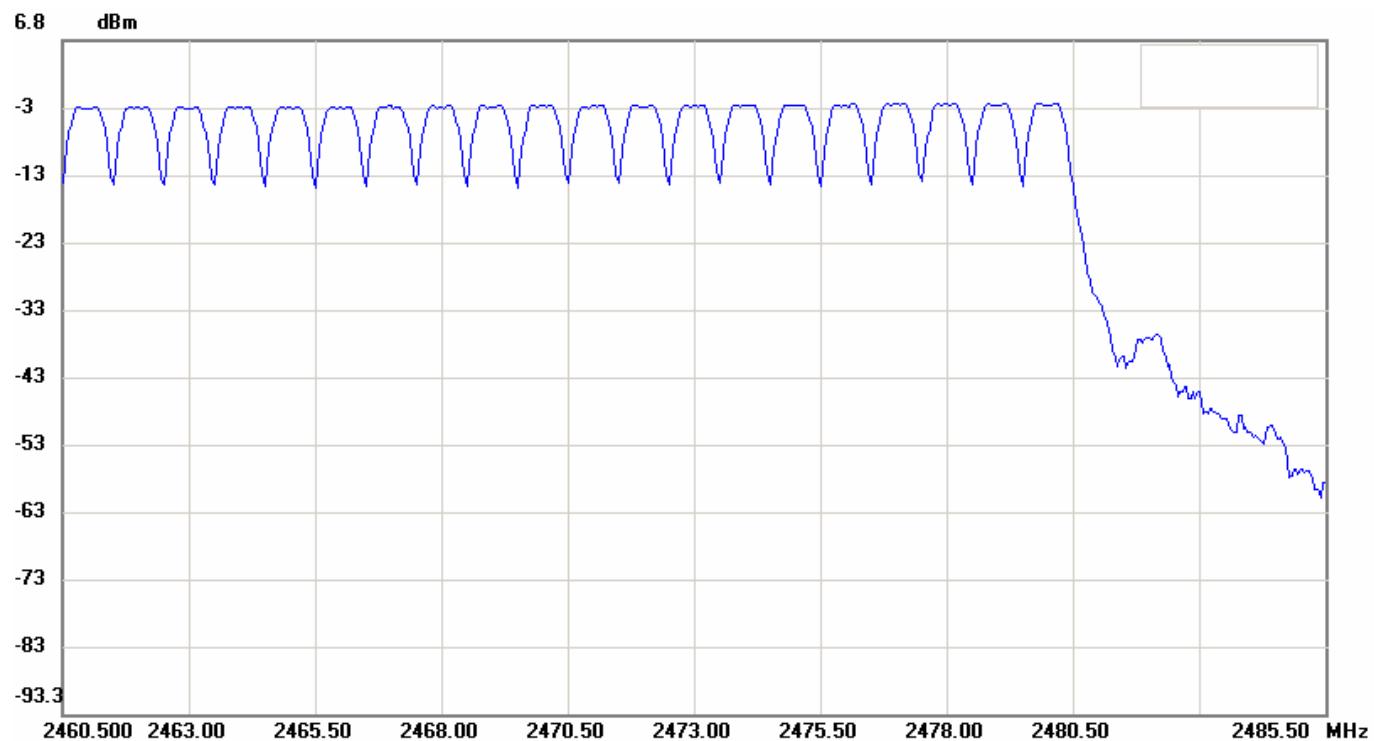
Data: #62

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 03:46:25

Humidity: 54 %

**Condition:****Horizontal****EUT:****Sweep Time: 1ms Att.: 10dB****Model:****RBW: 300 KHz VBW: 300 KHz****Test Mode:****Note:** FCC-Bluetooth Number of Hopping Channels -Part3

## 11 HOPPING CHANNEL CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATED

### 11.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1), the frequency hopping system shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel, whichever is greater.

Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125mW.

### 11.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. The setup of the EUT as shown in figure 4. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any measurement frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set spectrum analyzer maximum hold to measure channel carrier frequency , then adjust channel carrier frequency to adjacent channel.
4. Repeat above procedure until all measured frequencies were complete.

### 11.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment         | Manufacturer | Model No. | Next Cal. Due |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Agilent      | E4446A    | 09/18/2012    |

## 11.4 Measurement Data

Test Date: Feb. 16, 2012

Temperature : 20°C

Humidity: 54%

| Channel | Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separated (MHz) | Chart   |
|---------|---|---------|
| M       | 0.985   | Page 69 |

*Note: 1. Please refer to page 69 for chart.*

*2. CH Low, CH Mid and CH High have the same test result. Only CH Mid test result showed in the test report.*

File: pp01&amp;02

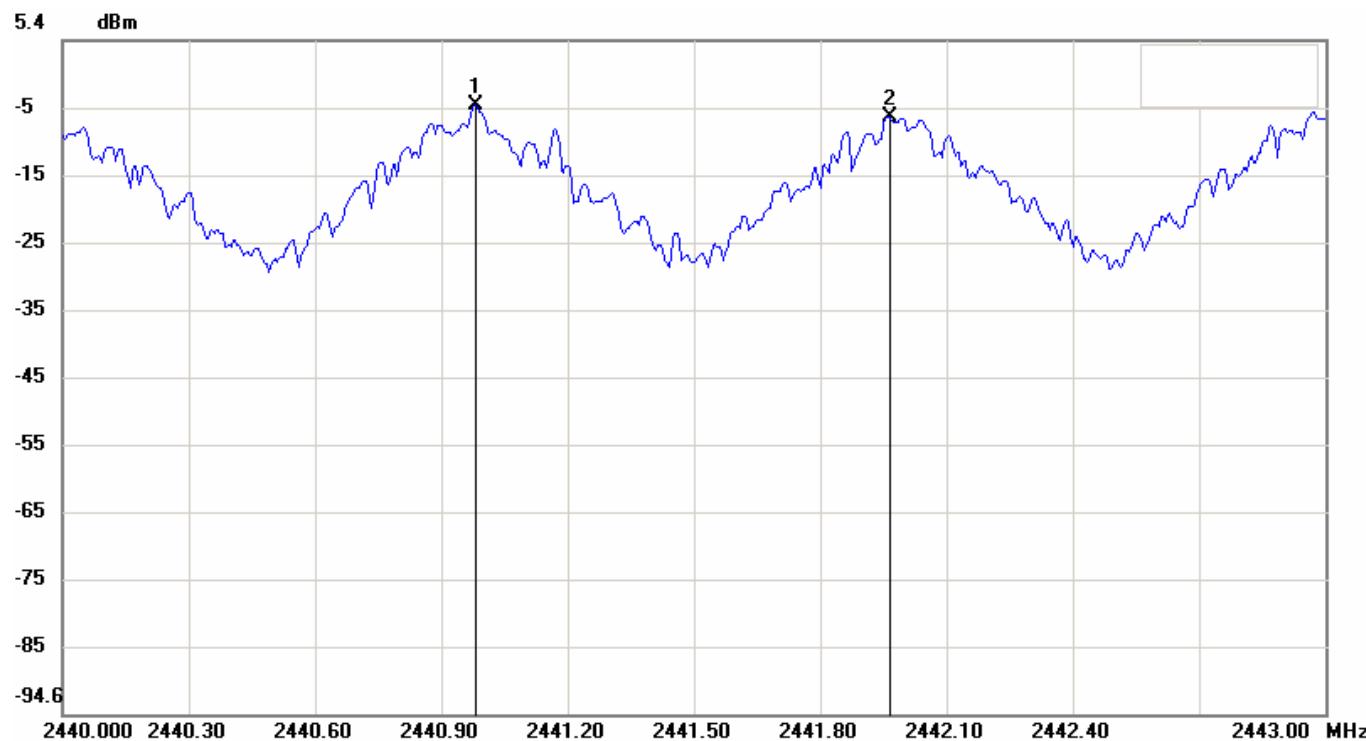
Data: #59

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 03:41:00

Humidity: 54 %

**Condition:****Horizontal****EUT:****Sweep Time: 3.2ms Att.: 10dB****Model:****RBW: 30 KHz VBW: 100 KHz****Test Mode:****Note: FCC-Bluetooth Carrier Frequency Separation**

| No. | Frequency(MHz) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 2440.9800      | -4.26      |
| 2   | 2441.9650      | -6.06      |

| No. |         | △Frequency(MHz) | △Level(dB) |
|-----|---------|-----------------|------------|
| 1   | mk2-mk1 | 0.985           | -1.8       |

## 12 Dwell Time

### 12.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), frequency hopping system in the 2400-2483.5MHz band employing at least 15 non-overlapping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 second multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

### 12.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. The setup of the EUT as shown in figure 4.

### 12.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment         | Manufacturer | Model No. | Next Cal. Due |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Agilent      | E4446A    | 09/18/2012    |

### 12.4 Measurement Data

Test Date: Feb. 16, 2012

Temperature : 20°C

Humidity: 54%

#### 12.4.1 3DH1

Test period=0.4(second/channel)  $\times$  79 channel=31.6sec  
2402MHz dwell time= 416 us  $\times$  340 = 141.44 ms

*Note: Please refer to page 71 to page 72 for chart.*

File: pp01&amp;02

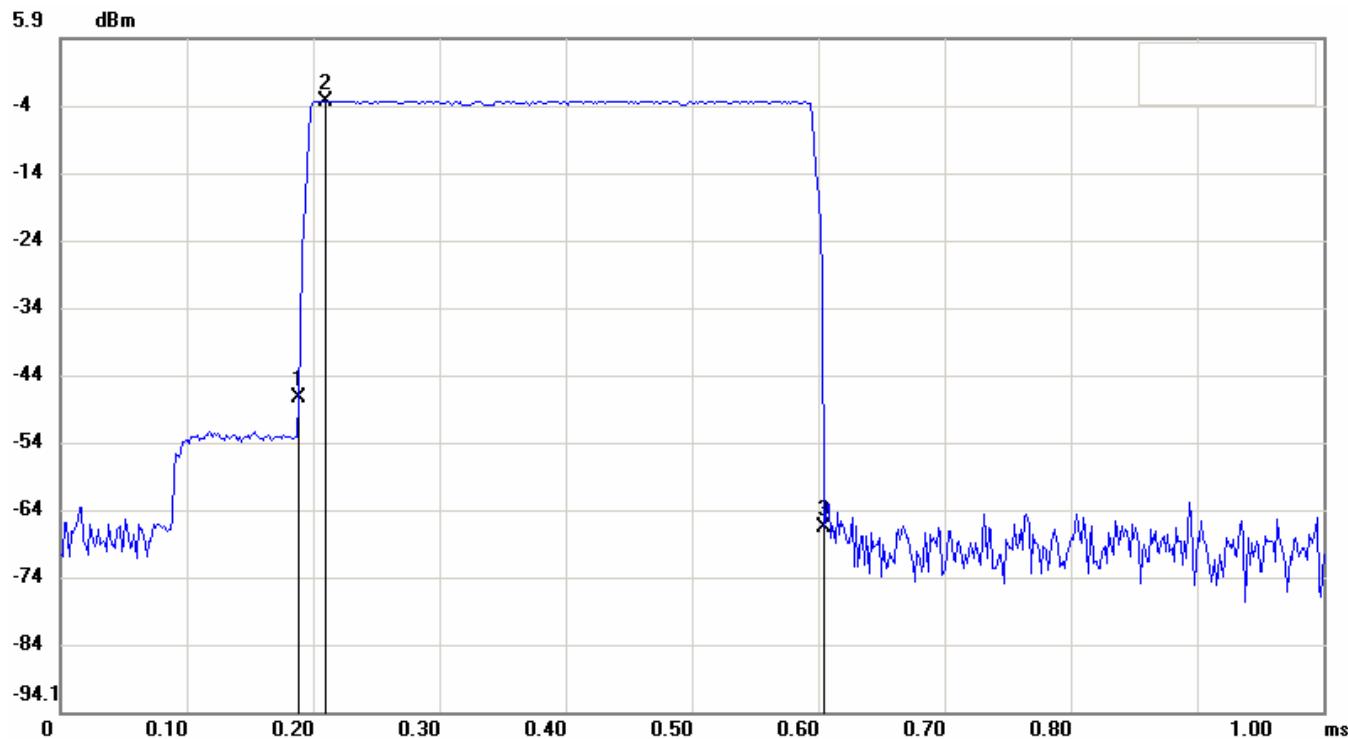
Data: #54

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 03:37:40

Humidity: 54 %



Condition: -38.5dBm

Horizontal

EUT:

Sweep Time: 1ms Att.: 10dB

Model:

RBW: 1000 KHz VBW: 1000 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: DH1 pulse width

| No. | Sweep time(ms) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 0.1883         | -47.40     |
| 2   | 0.2100         | -3.50      |
| 3   | 0.6050         | -66.64     |

| No. |         | △Time(ms) | △Level(dB) |
|-----|---------|-----------|------------|
| 1   | mk3-mk1 | 0.4167    | -19.24     |

File: pp01&amp;02

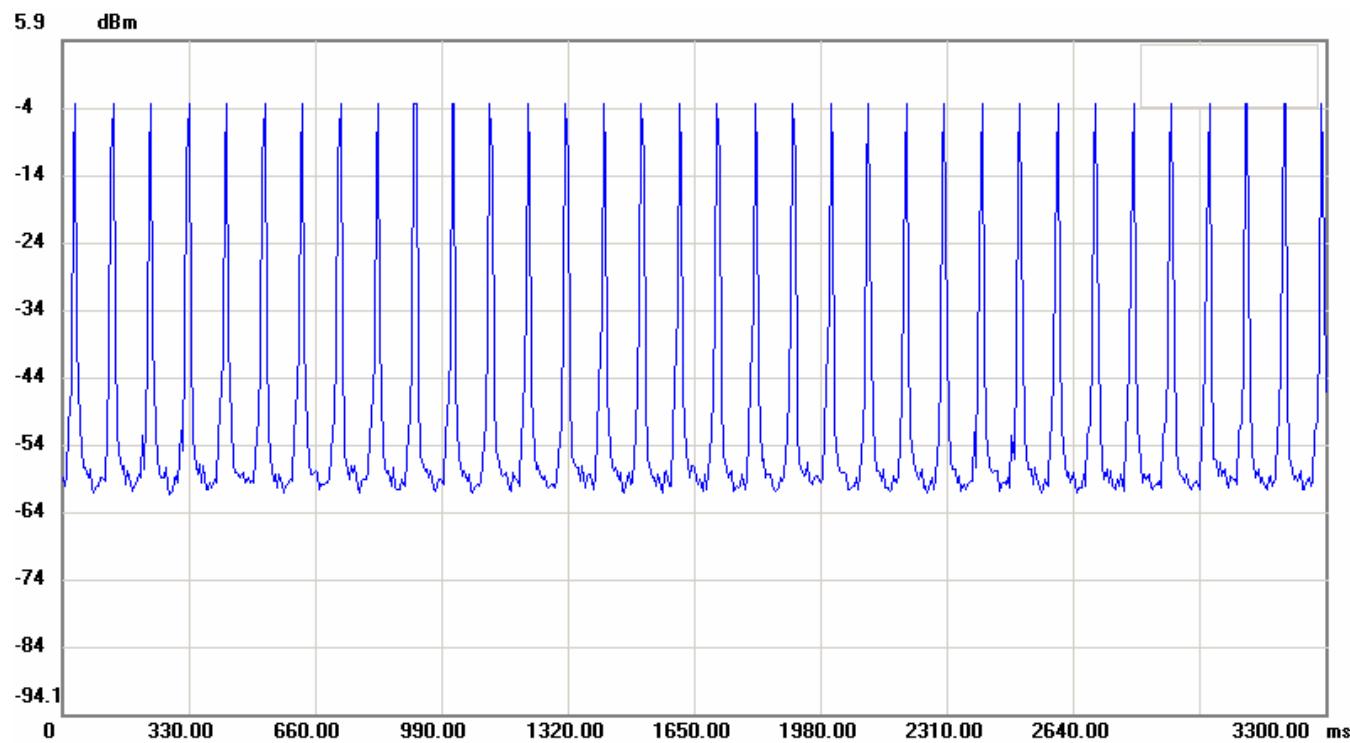
Data: #53

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 03:37:29

Humidity: 54 %

**Condition:****Horizontal****EUT:****Sweep Time: 3300ms Att.: 10dB****Model:****RBW: 1000 KHz VBW: 1000 KHz****Test Mode:****Note:** DH1 Hops per 3.16 seconds

## 12.4.2 3DH3

Test period=0.4(second/channel)  $\times$  79 channel=31.6sec  
2441MHz dwell time= 1.68 ms  $\times$  170 = 285.6 ms

***Note: Please refer to page 74 to page 75 for chart.***

File: pp01&amp;02

Data: #56

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 03:38:50

Humidity: 54 %



Condition: -38.5dBm

Horizontal

EUT:

Sweep Time: 3ms Att.: 10dB

Model:

RBW: 1000 KHz VBW: 1000 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: DH3 pulse width

| No. | Sweep time(ms) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 0.7800         | -53.64     |
| 2   | 0.7950         | -3.50      |
| 3   | 2.4600         | -65.73     |

| No. |         | ΔTime(ms) | ΔLevel(dB) |
|-----|---------|-----------|------------|
| 1   | mk3-mk1 | 1.68      | -12.09     |

File: pp01&amp;02

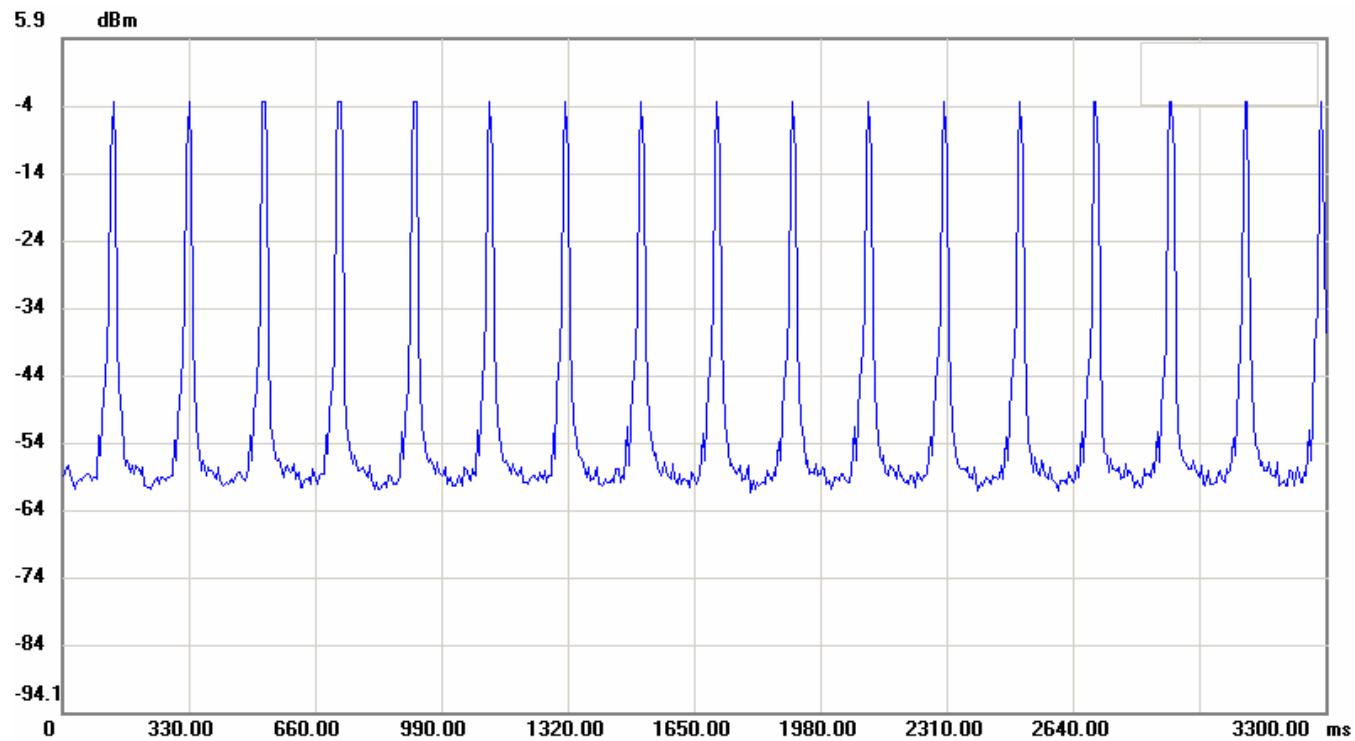
Data: #55

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 03:38:37

Humidity: 54 %



Condition:

Horizontal

EUT:

Sweep Time: 3300ms Att.: 10dB

Model:

RBW: 1000 KHz VBW: 1000 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: DH3 Hops per 3.16 seconds

## 12.4.3 3DH5

Test period=0.4(second/channel)  $\times$  79 channel=31.6sec  
2480MHz dwell time= 3.033 ms  $\times$  110 = 333.63 ms

***Note: Please refer to page 77 to page 78 for chart.***

File: pp01&amp;02

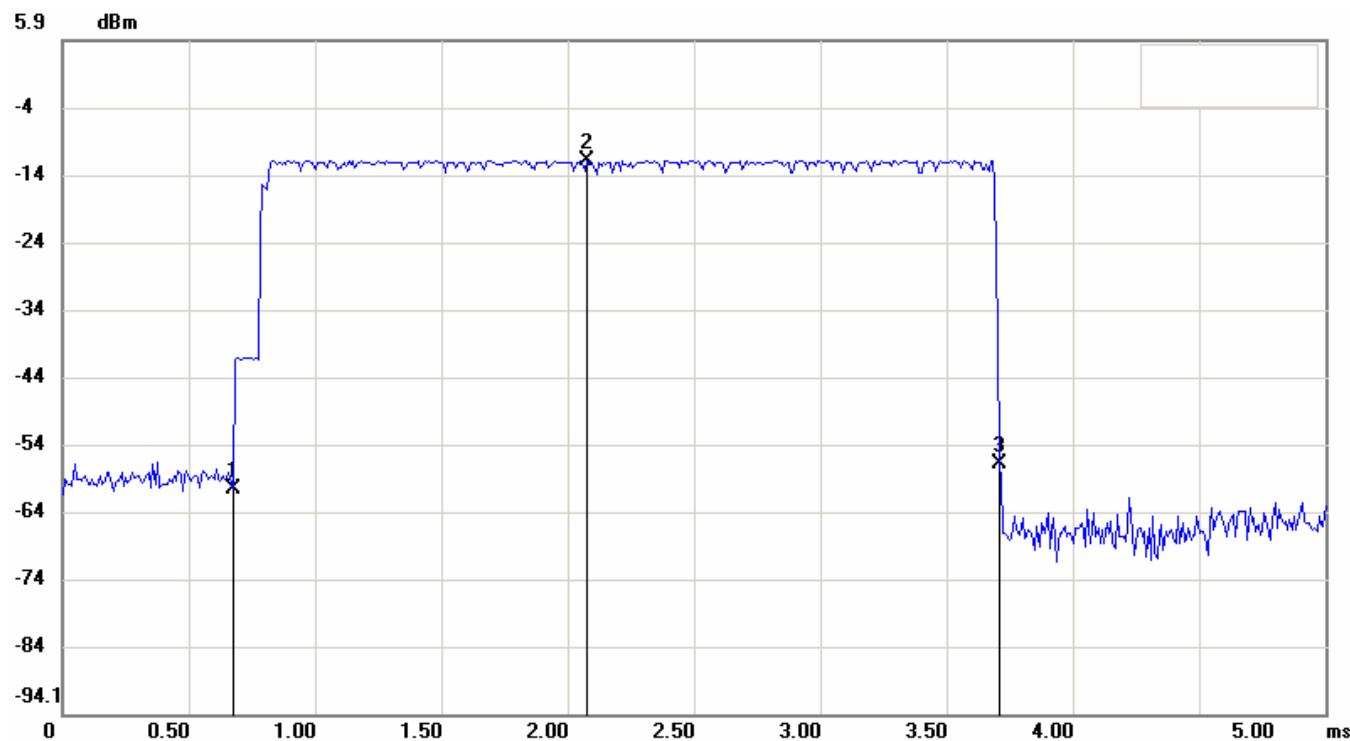
Data: #58

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 03:40:03

Humidity: 54 %



Condition: -46.95dBm

Horizontal

EUT:

Sweep Time: 5ms Att.: 10dB

Model:

RBW: 1000 KHz VBW: 1000 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: DH5 pulse width

| No. | Sweep time(ms) | Level(dBm) |
|-----|----------------|------------|
| 1   | 0.6750         | -60.66     |
| 2   | 2.0750         | -11.95     |
| 3   | 3.7083         | -56.88     |

| No. |         | △Time(ms) | △Level(dB) |
|-----|---------|-----------|------------|
| 1   | mk3-mk1 | 3.0333    | 3.78       |

File: pp01&amp;02

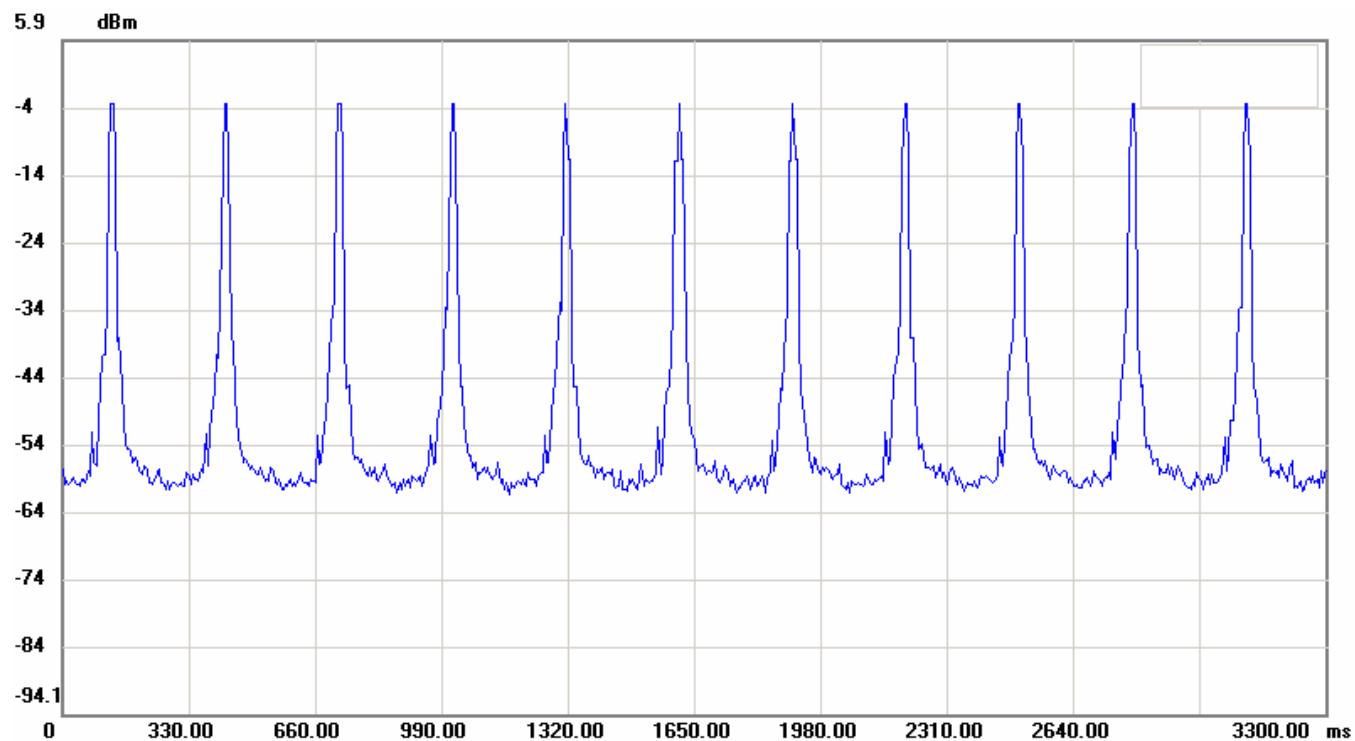
Data: #57

Date: 2012/2/16

Temperature: 20 °C

Time: PM 03:39:48

Humidity: 54 %

**Condition:****EUT:****Model:****Test Mode:****Note:****Horizontal****Sweep Time: 3300ms Att.: 10dB****RBW: 1000 KHz VBW: 1000 KHz**