

FCC SAR Test Report

Product Name : Notebook PC

Model No. : T100T,H100T,R104T

Applicant : ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC.

Address : 4F, No. 150, LI-TE Rd., PEITOU, TAIPEI 112, TAIWAN

Date of Receipt : 2013/08/12

Issued Date : 2013/09/05

Report No. : 138248R-HPUSP09V01

Report Version : V1.0



The test results relate only to the samples tested.

The test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of Quie Tek Corporation.

Test Report Certification

Issued Date: 2013/09/05

Report No.: 138248R-HPUSP09V01



Product Name : Notebook PC
 Applicant : ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC.
 Address : 4F, No. 150, LI-TE Rd., PEITOU, TAIPEI 112, TAIWAN
 Manufacturer : TECH-COM(SHANGHAI) COMPUTER CO. LTD
 Model No. : T100T,H100T,R104T
 Trade Name : ASUS
 FCC ID : MSQT100T
 Applicable Standard : FCC Oet65 Supplement C June 2001
 IEEE Std. 1528-2003
 47CFR § 2.1093
 Measurement : KDB 865664 ,KDB 447498 , KDB 248227, KDB616217
 procedures
 Test Result : Max. SAR Measurement (1g)
 802.11b/g(2.4GHz): **1.175** W/kg
 802.11a(5 GHz): **1.183** W/kg
 Application Type : Certification
 The test results relate only to the samples tested.
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 (Engineer / Wen Lee)
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 (Manager / Vincent Lin)

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1. General Information

1.1 EUT Description

Product Name	Notebook PC
Trade Name	ASUS
Model No.	T100T,H100T,R104T
FCC ID	MSQT100T
TX Frequency	802.11b/g/n : 2412MHz~2462MHz 802.11a/n : 5180MHz~5320MHz,5500~5700MHz, 5745-5825MHz
Type of Modulation	DSSS/OFDM/BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM
Antenna Type	PIFA
Device Category	Portable
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled
Max. Output Power (Conducted)	802.11b: 15.48 dBm 802.11g: 15.36 dBm 802.11a: 11.99 dBm

* Note : Per FCC 447498 D01, The output power of BT is less than 10mW, so SAR is not required.

1.2 Antenna List

No.	Manufacturer	Part No.	Peak Gain
1	INPAQ	WA-P-LB-02-083	-0.6 dBi For 2.4GHz -1.01 dBi For 5.15~5.25GHz 1.05 dBi For 5.25~5.35GHz 1.43 dBi For 5.47~5.725GHz 0.47 dBi For 5.725~5.850GHz

1.3 Maximum output power and tolerance allowed for production units

Band	Mode	Nominal power (dBm)	Tolerance (dBm)	Upper Tolerance (dBm)
2.4G	802.11b/g/n-20	14.5	±1	15.5
5G	802.11 a/n-20	11	±1	12

1.4 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Test Date: Sep 02, 2013

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	22.4± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	52

Test Date: Sep 03, 2013

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	21.9± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	49

Site Description:

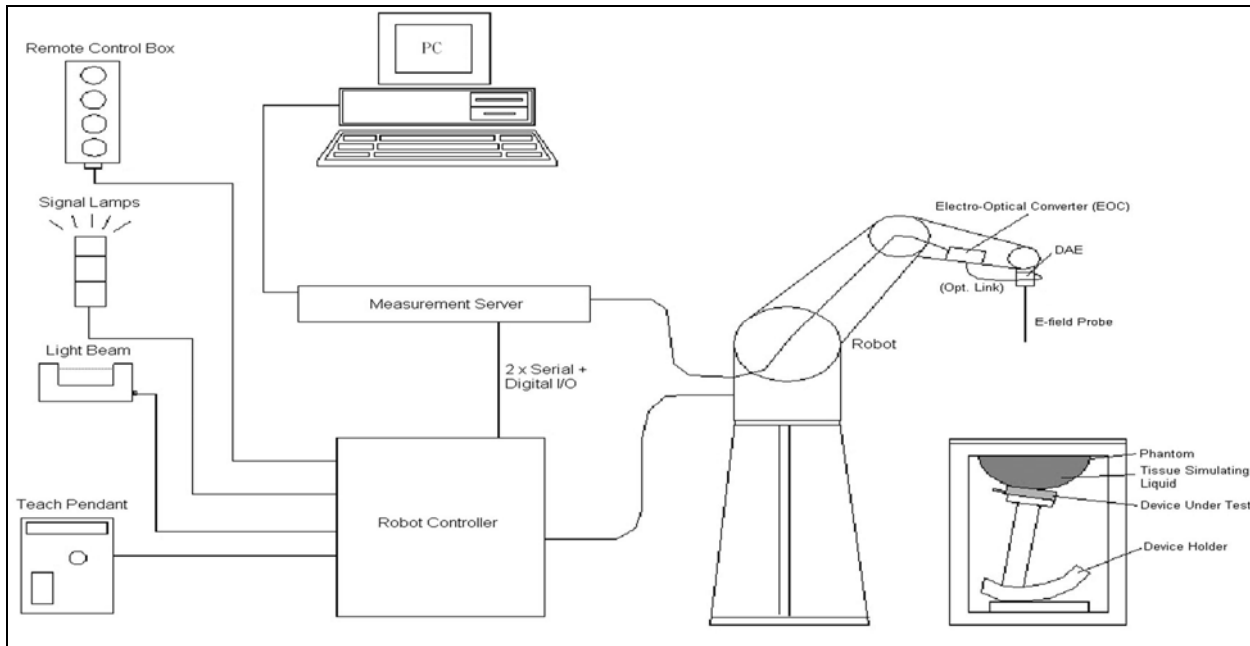
Accredited by TAF
Accredited Number: 0914
Effective through: December 12, 2014

Site Name: Quietek Corporation

Site Address: No. 5-22, Rueishu Keng, Linkou Dist.,
New Taipei City 24451,
Taiwan. R.O.C.
TEL: 886-2-8601-3788 / FAX: 886-2-8601-3789
E-Mail: service@quietek.com

2. SAR Measurement System

2.1 DASY5 System Description



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

2.1.1 Applications

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEEE 1528, OET 65, IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2, EN 50360, EN 50383 and others.

2.1.2 Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm² step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2003, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

2.1.3 Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x7 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

2.1.4 Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat distribution f1, the spatially

steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.

$$f_1(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}} \cos^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \frac{\sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{5a} \right)$$

$$f_2(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}} \frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2} \left(3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} \right) \cos^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \frac{y'}{3a} \right)$$

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a + 2z)^2} \right)$$

2.2 DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

2.2.1 Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	Ex3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g.. DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.	

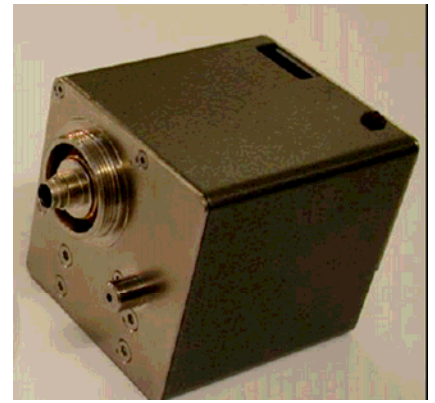
2.3 Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

The DASY probes use a precise connector and an additional holder for the probe, consisting of a plastic tube and a flexible silicon ring to center the probe. The connector at the DAE is flexibly mounted and held in the default position with magnets and springs. Two switching systems in the connector mount detect frontal and lateral probe collisions and trigger the necessary software response.



2.4 DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



2.5 Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller



2.6 Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



2.7 Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon_r \approx 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



2.8 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

3. Tissue Simulating Liquid

3.1 The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

INGREDIENT (% Weight)	2450MHz Head	2450MHz Body	5200MHz Body	5800MHz Body
Water	46.7	73.2	76	75.68
Salt	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.43
Sugar	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HEC	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Preventol	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DGBE	53.3	26.7	4.44	4.42
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	19.56	19.47

3.2 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using APREL Dielectric Probe Kit and Anritsu MS4623B Vector Network Analyzer.

Body Tissue Simulate Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [s/m]	
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	52.7 50.065 to 55.335	1.95 1.8525 to 2.0475	N/A
	02-Sep-13	52.31	1.96	21.1
2412 MHz	Low channel	52.84	1.93	21.1
2437 MHz	Mid channel	52.49	1.95	21.1
2462 MHz	High channel	52.12	1.97	21.1

Body Tissue Simulate Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [s/m]	
5200MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	49 46.55 to 51.45	5.3 5.03 to 5.56	N/A
	03-Sep-13	50.54	5.42	20.8
5180 MHz	Low channel	50.62	5.39	20.8
5220 MHz	Mid channel	50.47	5.45	20.8
5260 MHz	High channel	50.32	5.51	20.8

Body Tissue Simulate Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [s/m]	
5300MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	48.9 46.45 to 51.34	5.42 5.15 to 5.69	N/A
	03-Sep-13	50.04	5.60	20.8
5320 MHz	High channel	49.98	5.62	20.8

Body Tissue Simulate Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [s/m]	
5600MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	48.5 46.07 to 50.92	5.77 5.48 to 6.06	N/A
	03-Sep-13	48.77	5.86	20.8
5500 MHz	Low channel	49.11	5.71	20.8
5580 MHz	Mid channel	48.82	5.83	20.8
5700 MHz	High channel	48.49	6.01	20.8

Body Tissue Simulate Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [s/m]	
5800MHz	Reference result $\pm 5\%$ window	48.2 45.79 to 50.61	6 5.7 to 6.3	N/A
	03-Sep-13	47.95	6.22	20.8
5745 MHz	Low channel	48.11	6.09	20.8
5785 MHz	Mid channel	47.93	6.17	20.8
5825 MHz	High channel	47.79	6.28	20.8

3.3 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

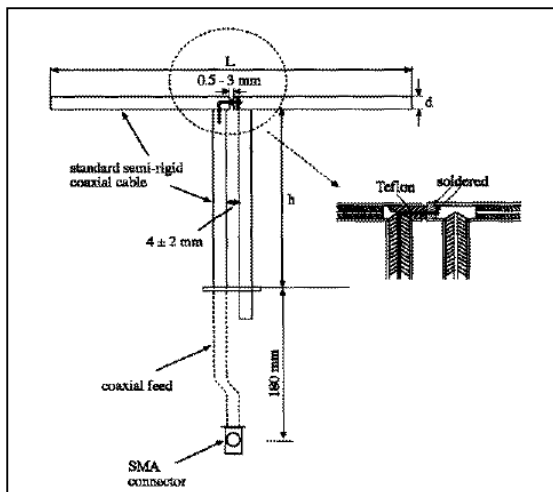
Target Frequency	Head		Body	
(MHz)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

4. SAR Measurement Procedure

4.1 SAR System Check

4.1.1 Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
2450MHz	53.5	30.4	3.6
5200M~5800MHz	20.6	45.4	3.6

4.1.2 System Check Result

System Performance Check at 2450MHz				
Dipole Kit: ALS-D-2450				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	54 48.6 to 59.40	24.96 22.46 to 27.46	N/A
	02-Sep-13	59.2	27.12	21.1
Note: (1) The power level is used 250mW (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. (3) The reference result is from Appendix E.				

System Performance Check at 5200MHz				
Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
5200 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	74 66.6 to 81.4	20.7 18.63 to 22.77	N/A
	03-Sep-13	78.6	21.5	20.8
Note: (1) The power level is used 100mW (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. (3) The reference result is from Appendix E.				

System Performance Check at 5300MHz				
Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
5300 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	75.3 67.77 to 82.83	21.1 18.99 to 23.21	N/A
	03-Sep-13	82.5	22.8	20.8
Note: (1) The power level is used 100mW (4) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. (5) The reference result is from Appendix E.				

System Performance Check at 5600MHz				
Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
5600 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	79.4 71.46 to 87.34	22 19.8 to 24.2	N/A
	03-Sep-13	86.5	23.6	20.8
Note: (1) The power level is used 100mW (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. (3) The reference result is from Appendix E.				

System Performance Check at 5800MHz				
Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
5800 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	73.8 66.42 to 81.18	20.4 18.36 to 22.44	N/A
	03-Sep-13	80.8	21.9	20.8
Note: (1) The power level is used 100mW (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. (3) The reference result is from Appendix E.				

4.2 SAR Measurement Procedure

The Dasy5 calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

σ : represents the simulated tissue conductivity

ρ : represents the tissue density

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at 1mm²) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at 1mm³).

5. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 “Uncontrolled Environments” limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as “Uncontrolled Environment” which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg

6. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
Stäubli Robot TX60L	Stäubli	TX60L	F09/5BL1A1/A06	2009/05/18	only once
Controller	Speag	CS8c	N/A	2009/05/18	only once
Aprél Reference Dipole 2450MHz	Aprél	ALS-D-2450	QTK-319	2012/11/20	2013/11/19
Speag Reference Dipole 5GHz	Speag	D5GHzV2	1041	2013/05/31	2015/05/30
SAM Twin Phantom	Speag	QD000 P40 CA	Tp 1515	N/A	N/A
Device Holder	Speag	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronic	Speag	DAE4	1207	2013/05/22	2014/05/21
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3698	2013/07/31	2014/07/30
SAR Software	Speag	DASY52	V52.8 (5)	N/A	N/A
Aprél Dipole Spaccer	Aprél	ALS-DS-U	QTK-295	N/A	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZHL-42	D051404-20	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D-012	50550	N/A	N/A
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU 200	104846	2013/05/09	2014/05/08
Vector Network	Agilent	E5071C	MY46108013	2013/08/09	2014/08/08
Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG3694A	041902	2013/08/03	2014/08/02
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2487A	6K00001447	2012/12/15	2013/12/14
Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	MA2491A	034457	2012/12/17	2013/12/16

7. Measurement Uncertainty

DASY5 Uncertainty (According to IEC 62209-2/2010) Measurement uncertainty for 30 MHz to 6 GHz averaged over 1 gram / 10 gram.								
Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(vi) V _{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.55%	N	1	1	1	±6.55%	±6.55%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Probe Positioning	±6.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Post-processing	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Scaling	±0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±7.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±4.6%	±4.6%	∞
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	±1.1%	±1.1%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	±3.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±12.5%	±12.5%	748
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±25.1%	±25.1%	

8. Conducted Power Measurement

WLAN :

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Main (Chain A) Average Power(dBm)	Aux (Chain B) Average Power(dBm)
802.11b	2412	1	15.48	N/A
802.11b	2437	6	15.38	N/A
802.11b	2462	11	15.34	N/A
802.11g	2412	1	11.58	N/A
802.11g	2437	6	15.36	N/A
802.11g	2462	11	11.4	N/A
802.11a	5180	36	11.99	N/A
802.11a	5220	44	11.95	N/A
802.11a	5240	48	11.93	N/A
802.11a	5260	52	11.89	N/A
802.11a	5300	60	11.93	N/A
802.11a	5320	64	11.82	N/A
802.11a	5500	100	11.76	N/A
802.11a	5580	116	11.95	N/A
802.11a	5700	140	11.89	N/A
802.11a	5745	149	11.67	N/A
802.11a	5785	157	11.58	N/A
802.11a	5825	165	11.62	N/A

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Main (Chain A) Average Power(dBm)	Aux (Chain B) Average Power(dBm)	Main (Chain A)+ Aux (ChainB) Average Power(dBm)
802.11n-20M	2412	1	8.76	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	2437	6	15.49	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	2462	11	11.31	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5180	36	11.71	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5220	44	11.82	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5240	48	11.82	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5260	52	11.87	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5300	60	11.9	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5320	64	11.82	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5500	100	11.8	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5580	116	11.82	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5700	140	11.93	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5745	149	11.58	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5785	157	11.41	N/A	N/A
802.11n-20M	5825	165	11.46	N/A	N/A
802.11n-40M	5190	38	11.31	N/A	N/A
802.11n-40M	5230	46	11.51	N/A	N/A
802.11n-40M	5270	54	11.47	N/A	N/A
802.11n-40M	5310	62	11.69	N/A	N/A
802.11n-40M	5510	102	11.85	N/A	N/A
802.11n-40M	5550	110	11.92	N/A	N/A
802.11n-40M	5670	134	11.82	N/A	N/A
802.11n-40M	5755	151	11.74	N/A	N/A
802.11n-40M	5795	159	11.82	N/A	N/A

BT :

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	1Mbps	3Mbps
BT	2402	00	9.29	8.80
BT	2441	39	9.32	8.32
BT	2480	78	8.86	7.94

9. Test Result

9.1 SAR Test Results Summary

SAR MEASUREMENT								
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.4 ±2					Relative Humidity (%): 52			
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.1 ±2					Depth of Liquid (cm):>15			
Test Mode: 802.11b - 2450 MHz- INPAQ Antenna, P/N: WA-P-LB-02-083								
Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Frequency		Conducted Power(dBm)		SAR 1g (W/kg)		Limit (W/kg)
		Chann el	MHz	Measurement	Tune-up Limit	Measurement	Tune-up Scaled	
Back	Fixed	1	2412	15.48	15.5	1.17	1.175	1.6
Back	Fixed	6	2437	15.38	15.5	1.04	1.069	1.6
Back	Fixed	11	2462	15.34	15.5	0.819	0.850	1.6
Top	Fixed	1	2412	15.48	15.5	0.386	0.388	1.6
Right-Side	Fixed	1	2412	15.48	15.5	0.054	0.054	1.6
NB-Mode(*note2)	Fixed	1	2412	15.48	15.5	0.027	0.027	1.6
Test Mode: 802.11g - 2450 MHz- INPAQ Antenna, P/N: WA-P-LB-02-083								
Back	Fixed	6	2437	15.36	15.5	1.12	1.157	1.6
Test Mode: 802.11n (20M)- 2450 MHz- INPAQ Antenna, P/N: WA-P-LB-02-083								
Back	Fixed	6	2437	15.49	15.5	1.13	1.133	1.6
Note : 1. According KDB 447498 D01, for antenna(s) located ≥ 5 cm from other side , the SAR is not required. 2.Since this device could use the dock in Notebook mode, so we evaluated on this mode.								

SAR MEASUREMENT								
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.9 ±2					Relative Humidity (%): 49			
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.8 ±2					Depth of Liquid (cm):>15			
Test Mode: 802.11a - 5 GHz- INPAQ Antenna, P/N: WA-P-LB-02-083								
Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)		SAR 1g (W/kg)		Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz	Measurement	Tune-up Limit	Measurement	Tune-up Scaled	
Back	Fixed	36	5180	11.99	12	1.18	1.183	1.6
Back	Fixed	44	5220	11.95	12	1.15	1.163	1.6
Back	Fixed	48	5240	11.93	12	1.1	1.118	1.6
Back	Fixed	52	5260	11.89	12	1.14	1.169	1.6
Back	Fixed	60	5300	11.93	12	1.1	1.118	1.6
Back	Fixed	64	5320	11.82	12	0.979	1.020	1.6
Back	Fixed	100	5500	11.76	12	0.997	1.054	1.6
Back	Fixed	116	5580	11.95	12	1.15	1.163	1.6
Back	Fixed	140	5700	11.89	12	1.08	1.108	1.6
Back	Fixed	149	5745	11.67	12	1.00	1.079	1.6
Back	Fixed	157	5785	11.58	12	0.95	1.046	1.6
Back	Fixed	165	5825	11.62	12	0.813	0.887	1.6
Top	Fixed	140	5700	11.89	12	0.785	0.805	1.6
Right-Side	Fixed	140	5700	11.89	12	0.156	0.160	1.6
NB-Mode(*note2)	Fixed	140	5700	11.89	12	0.155	0.159	1.6
Test Mode: 802.11n (20M)-5GHz - INPAQ Antenna, P/N: WA-P-LB-02-083								
Back	Fixed	140	5700	11.93	12	0.933	0.948	1.6
Test Mode: 802.11n (40M)-5GHz - INPAQ Antenna, P/N: WA-P-LB-02-083								
Back	Fixed	134	5670	11.82	12	1.02	1.063	1.6
Note : 1. According KDB 447498 D01, for antenna(s) located ≥ 5 cm from other side , the SAR is not required, 2.Since this device could use the dock in Notebook mode, so we evaluated on this mode.								

9.2 Simultaneous Transmission

According the KDB 447498 D01 Section 4.3.2, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion

$$(max. power of channel, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}/7.5]$$

Frequency	Max. power (dBm)	Test separation distance ,(mm)	Estimated BT SAR (W/Kg)
2402	9.29	5	0.35

When the sum of SAR is larger than the limit, The ratio is determined by $(SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5/R_i}$, rounded to two decimal digits, and must be ≤ 0.04 for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for 1-g SAR test exclusion . The estimation result as below :

For UNII Band :

WLAN SAR (W/Kg)	Estimated BT SAR (W/Kg)	Simultaneous Transmission (W/Kg)	Antenna pair in mm	Peak location separation ratio
1.183	0.35	1.533	N/A	N/A

Since the simultaneous transmission < 1.6 W/Kg , so the simultaneous is not required.

For DTS Band :

WLAN SAR (W/Kg)	Estimated BT SAR (W/Kg)	Simultaneous Transmission (W/Kg)	Antenna pair in mm	Peak location separation ratio
1.175	0.35	1.525	N/A	N/A

Since the simultaneous transmission < 1.6 W/Kg , so the simultaneous is not required.

10. SAR measurement variability

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

Frequency		SAR 1g (W/kg)						
Channel	MHz	Original	First Repeated		Second Repeated		Third Repeated	
			Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio
6	2437	1.17	1.16	1.008	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
36	5180	1.18	1.16	1.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Appendix**Appendix A. SAR System Check Data****Appendix B. SAR measurement Data****Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs & EUT Photographs****Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data****Appendix E. Dipole Calibration Data**

Appendix A. SAR System Check Data

Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

System Performance Check_2450MHz-Body

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: ALS-D-2450

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.96$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.31$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.1

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/2450MHz_Body/Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.7 W/kg

Configuration/2450MHz_Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

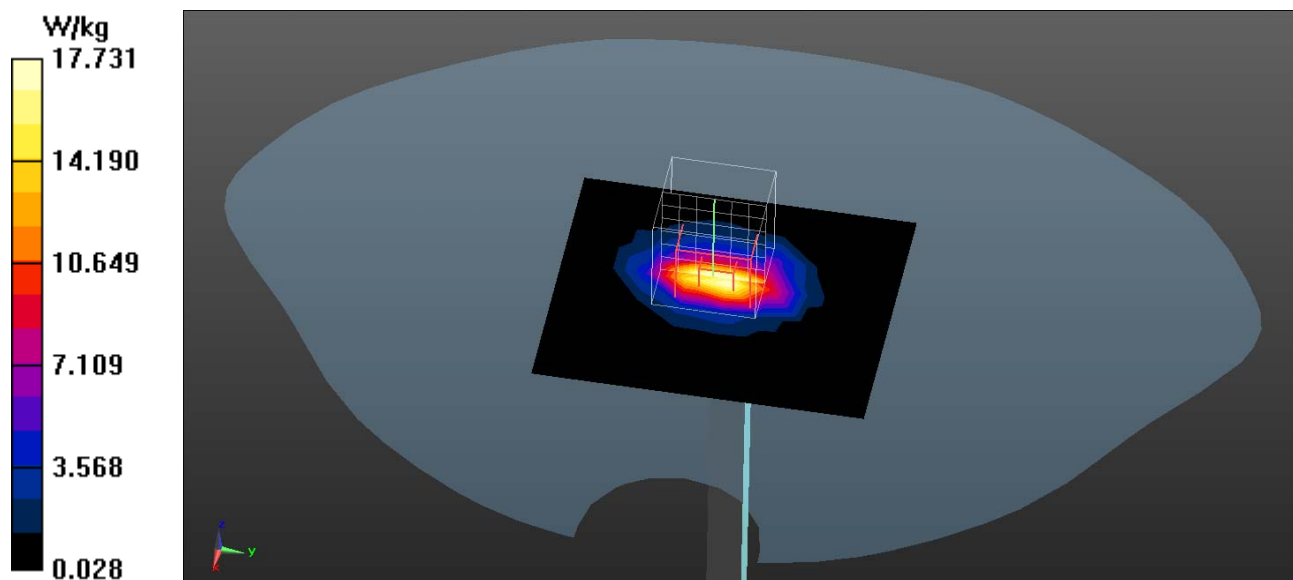
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.814 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.78 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/3/2013

System Performance Check 5200MHz-Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.42$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.54$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.8

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/5200MHz-Body 100mW/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.9 W/kg

Configuration/5200MHz-Body 100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12), dist=2mm

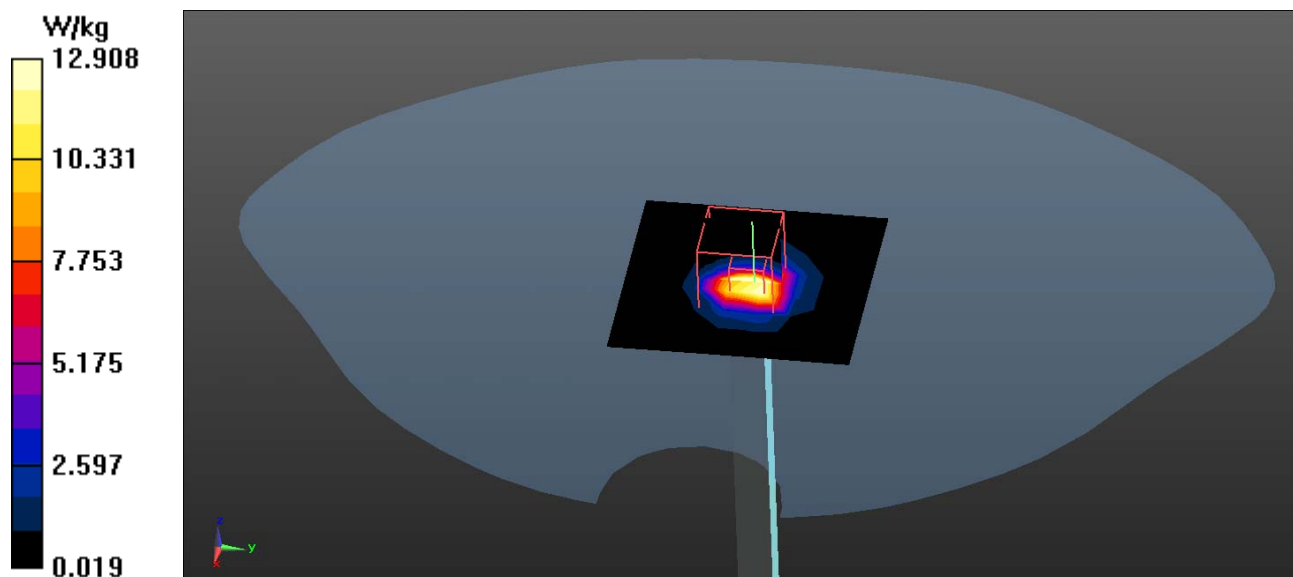
(7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 71.809 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.86 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/3/2013

System Performance Check 5300MHz-Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5300 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.6 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.04$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$) : 20.8

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(4.12, 4.12, 4.12); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/5200MHz-Body 100mW/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 W/kg

Configuration/5200MHz-Body 100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12), dist=2mm

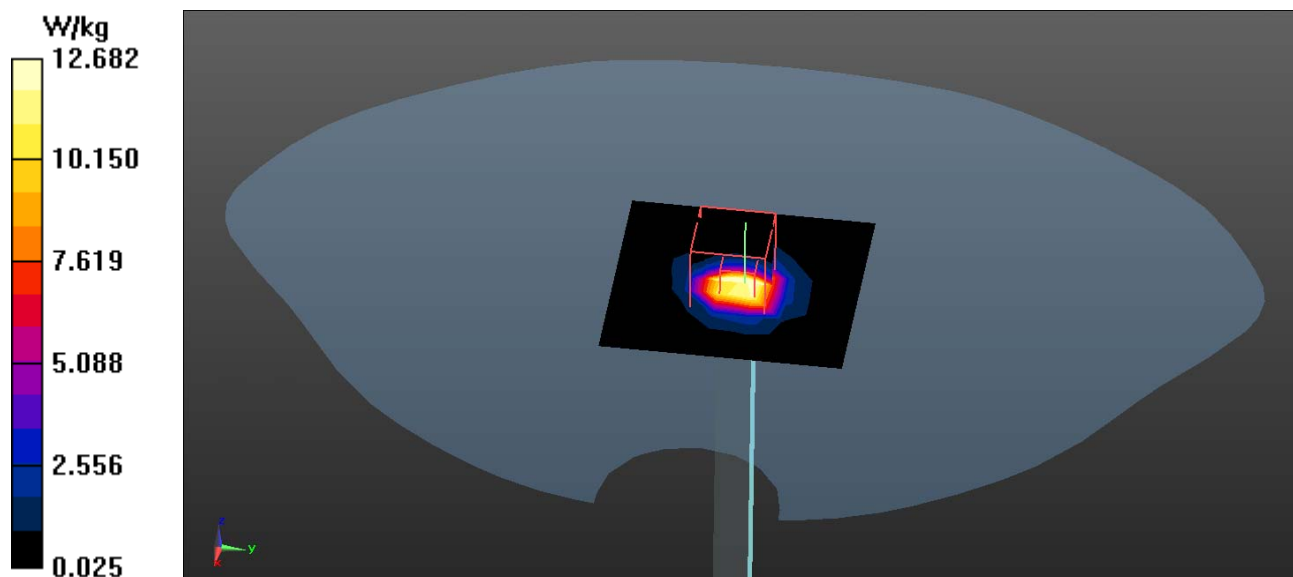
(7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 68.539 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Quietek

Date/Time: 9/3/2013

System Performance Check 5600MHz-Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.86$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.77$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.8

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(3.39, 3.39, 3.39); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/5600MHz-Body 100mW/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 W/kg

Configuration/5600MHz-Body 100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12), dist=2mm

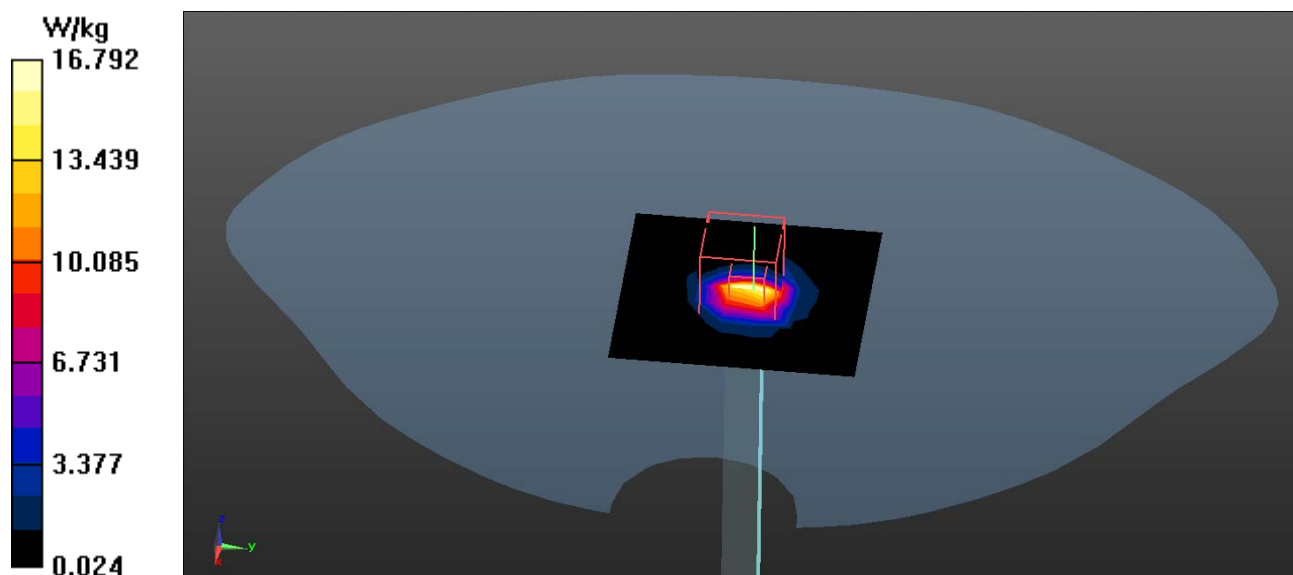
(7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 71.973 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 38.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.65 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.36 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.1 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/3/2013

System Performance Check 5800MHz-Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.22 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.95$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$) : 20.8

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(4.01, 4.01, 4.01); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/5800MHz-Body 100mW/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.8 W/kg

Configuration/5800MHz-Body 100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12), dist=2mm

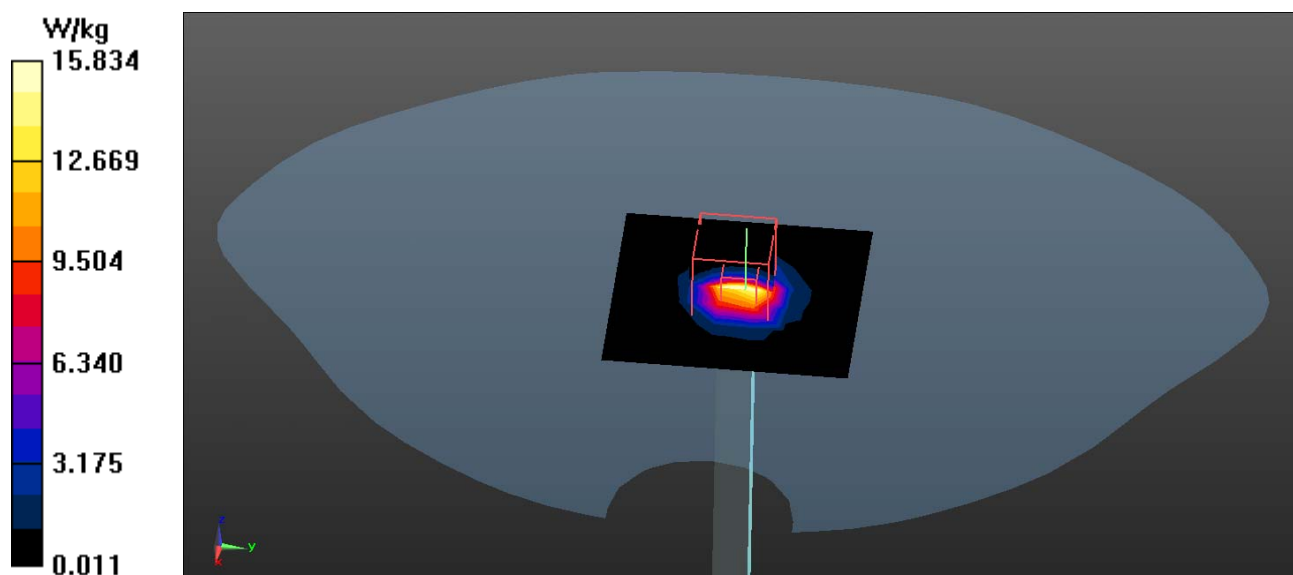
(7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 68.474 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 38.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.4 W/kg



Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Antenna Kit : INPAQ Antenna, P/N: WA-P-LB-02-083

Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11b_1-Back

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2412 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.93$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.84$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.1

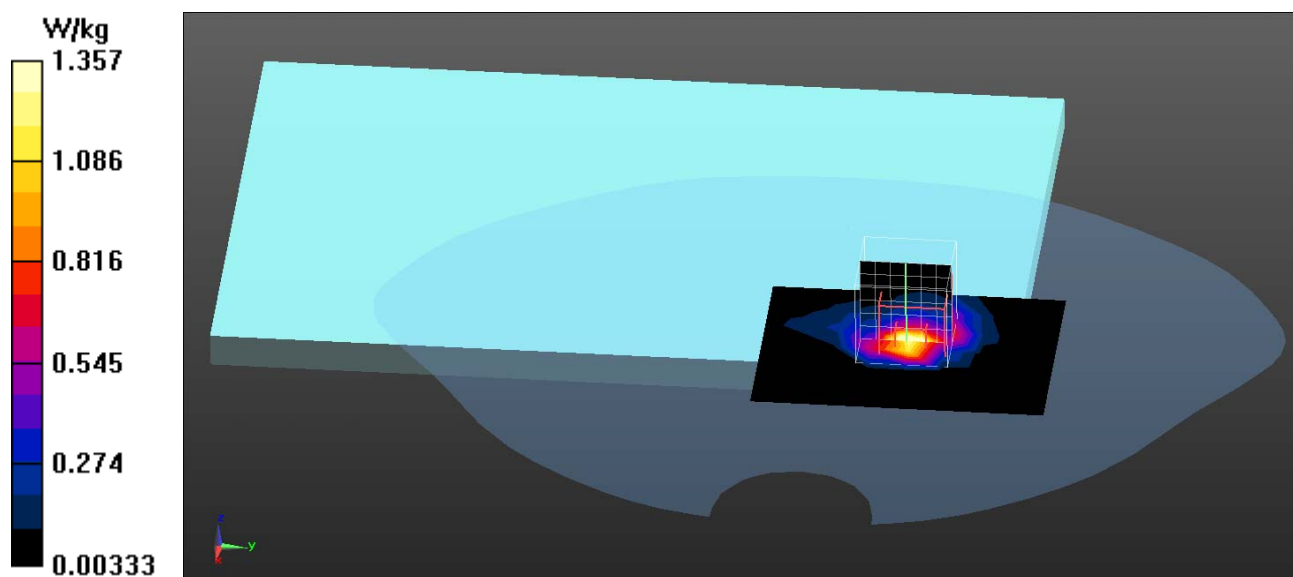
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.36 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.243 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.13 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.473 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.71 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11b_6-Back

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.95$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.49$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.1

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg

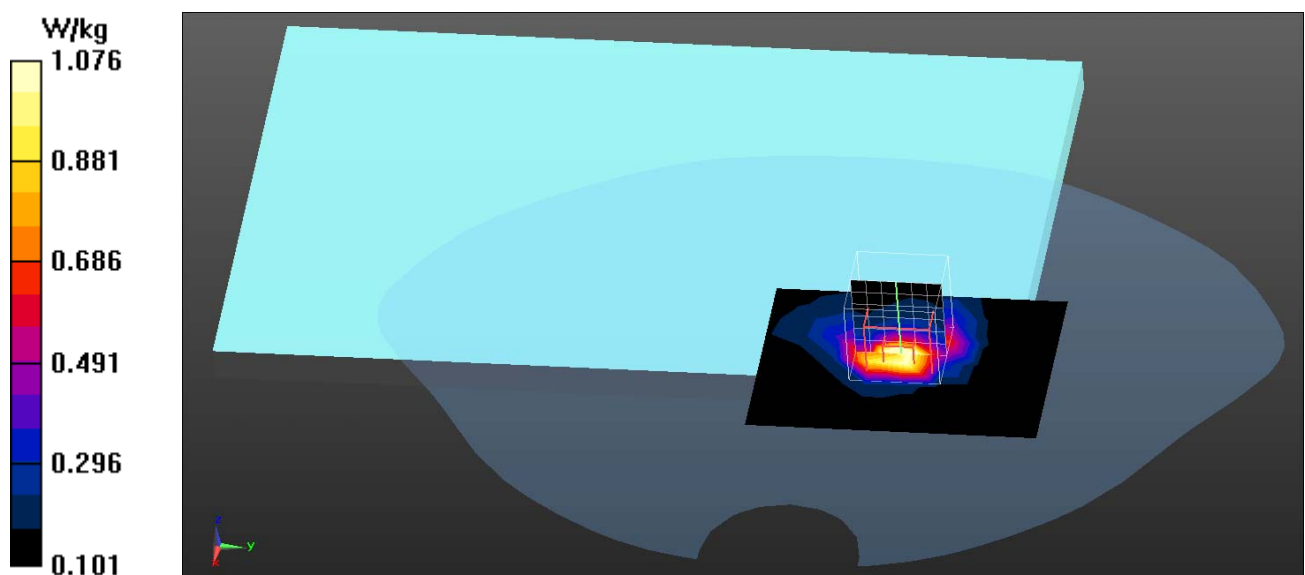
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.609 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.79 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.473 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.46 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11b_11-Back

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2462 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.97$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.12$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.1

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 W/kg

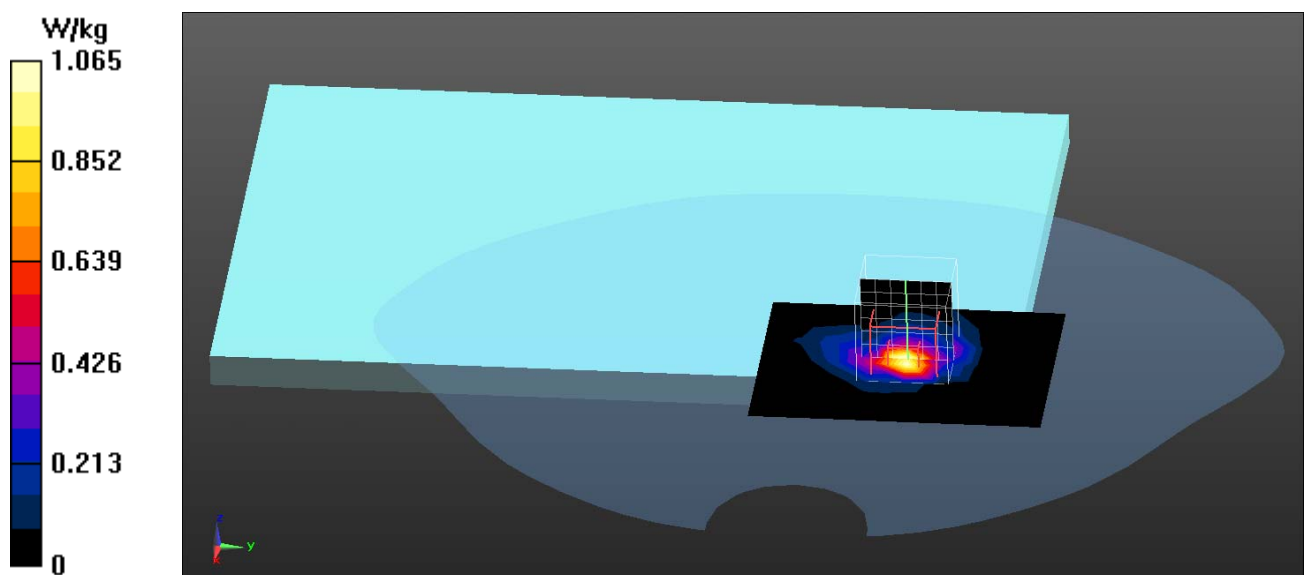
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.682 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.23 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.819 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.309 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11b_1-Top

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2412 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.93$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.84$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.1

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.459 W/kg

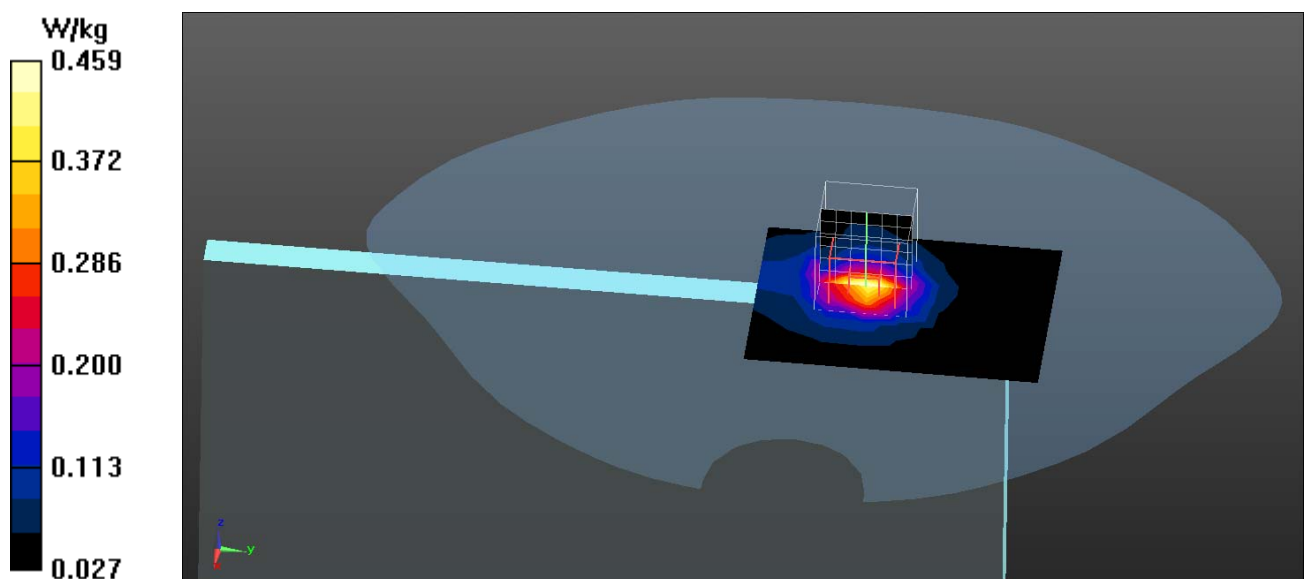
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.314 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.782 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.386 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.191 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.500 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11b_1-Right-Side

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2412 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.93$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.84$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.1

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0702 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

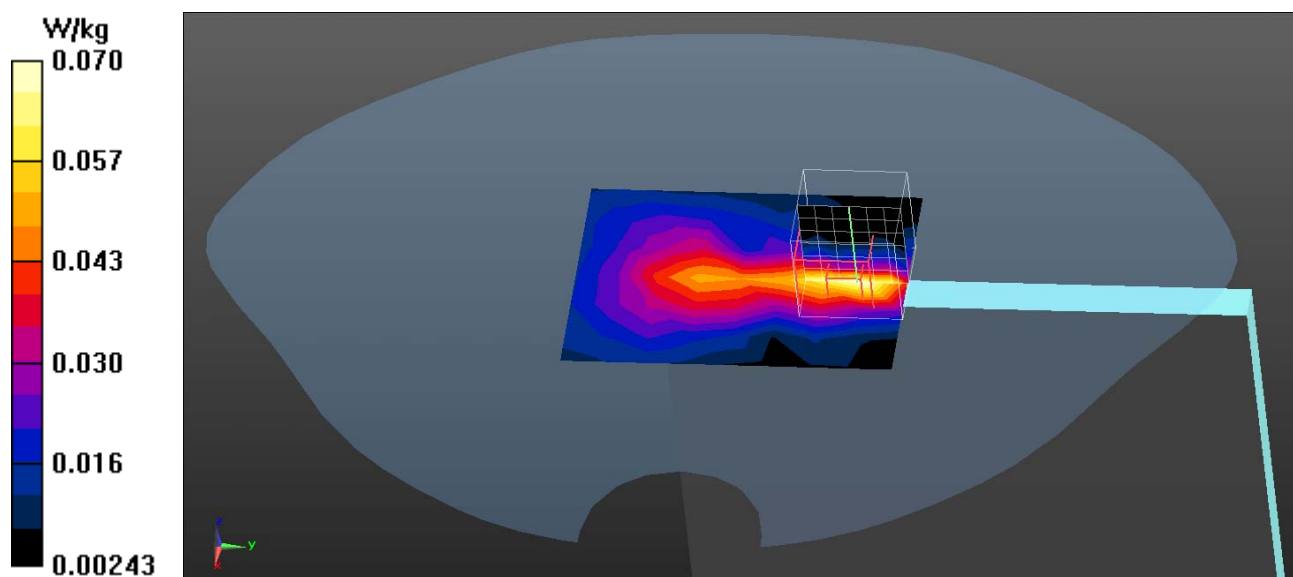
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.269 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.121 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.054 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.027 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0742 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Quietek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11b_1- NB-Mode

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2412 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.93$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.84$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.1

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0295 W/kg

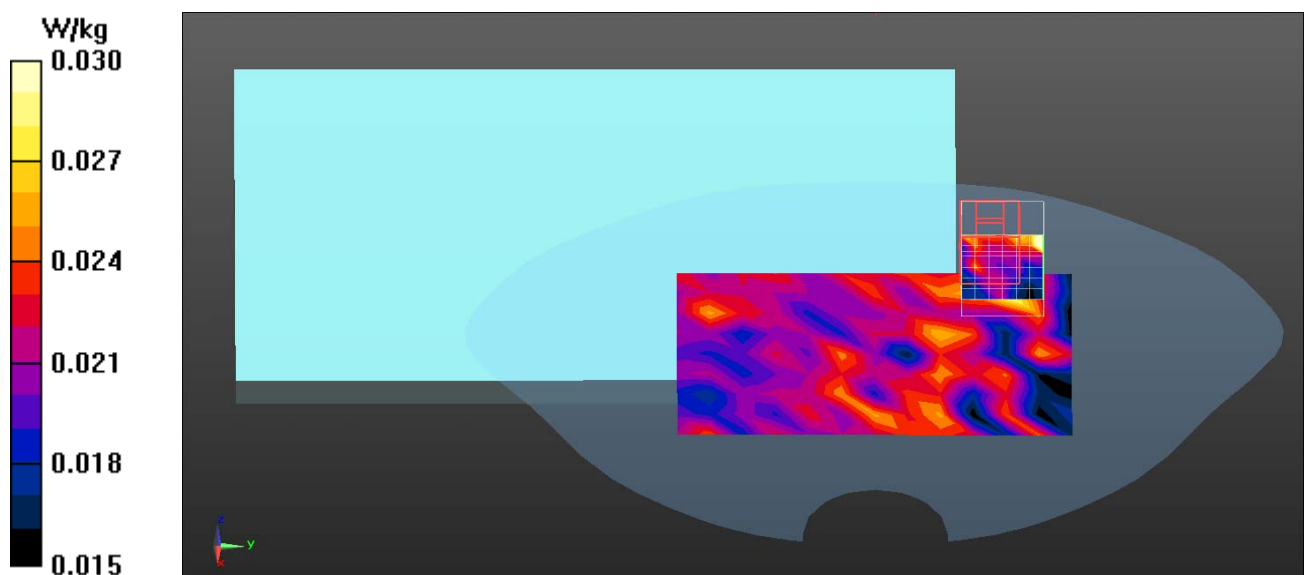
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.762 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0350 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.027 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.023 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0344 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11g_6-Back

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.95$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.49$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.1

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

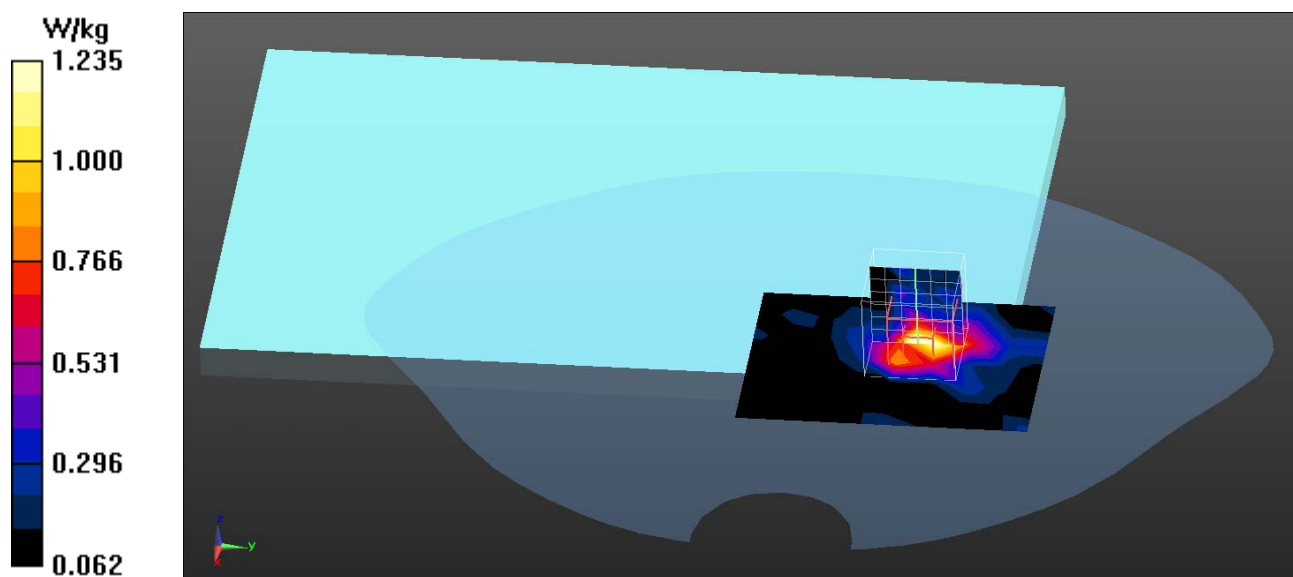
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.573 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.47 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.467 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.59 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11n_6-Back

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.95$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.49$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.1

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

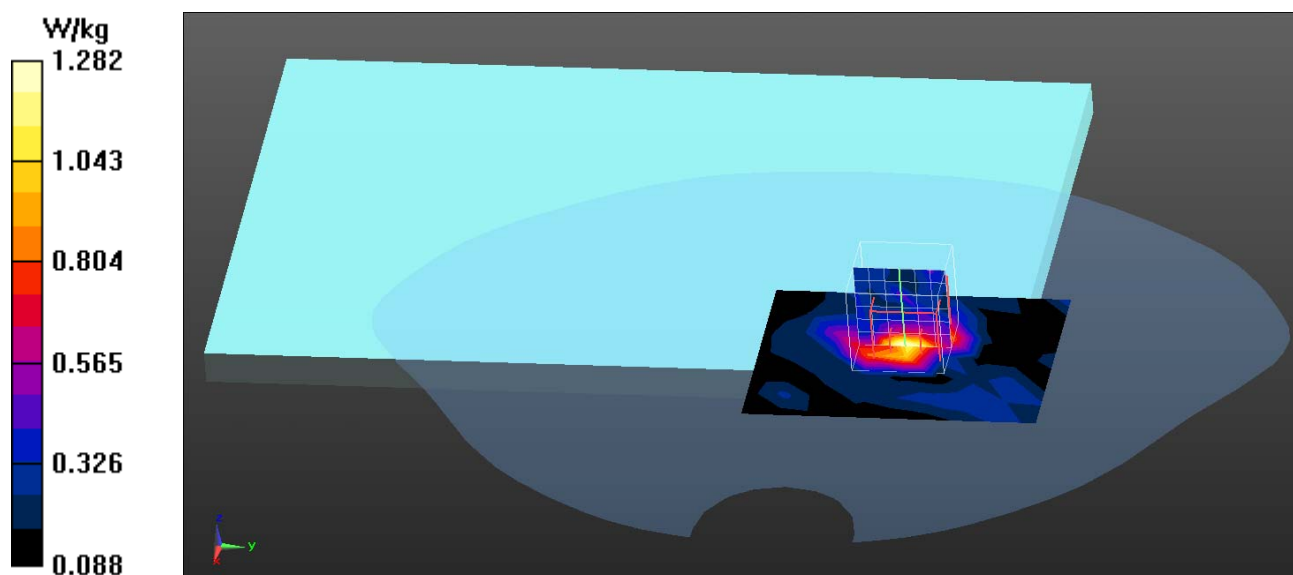
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.371 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.476 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.47 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11b_1-Back-Verify

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2412 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.93$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.84$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.4, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.1

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 W/kg

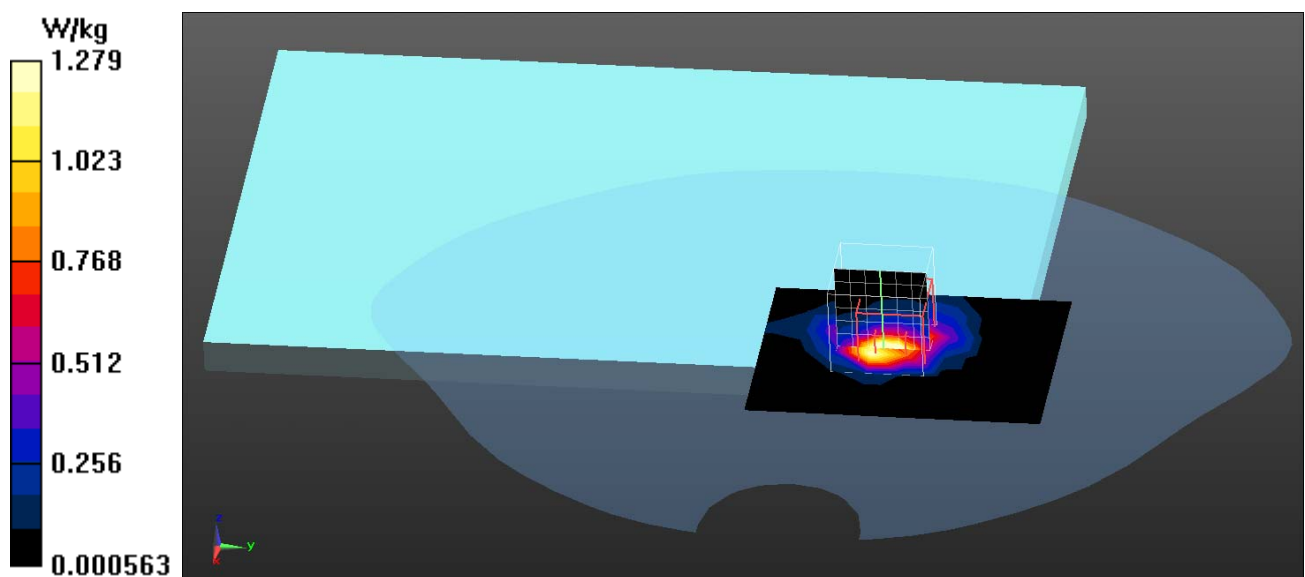
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.482 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.19 W/kg

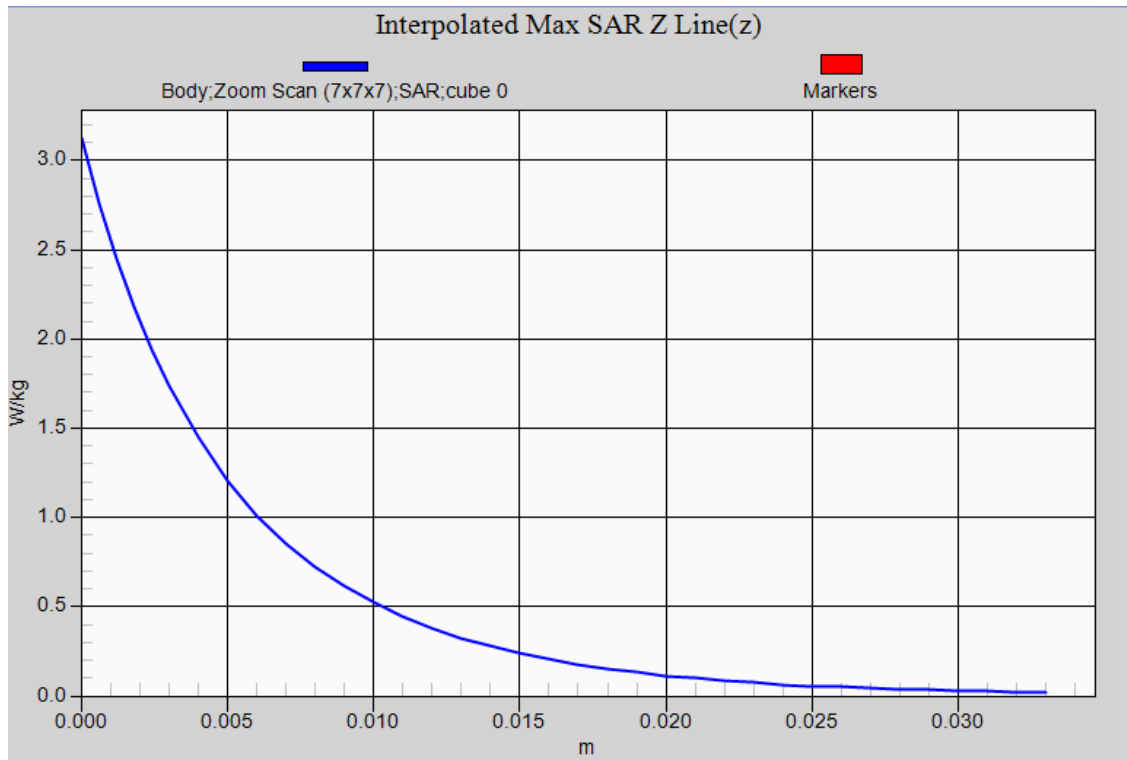
SAR(1 g) = 1.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.471 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.70 W/kg



802.11b EUT Back, Z-Axis plot

Channel: 1



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11a_36-Back

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5180 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5180$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.39$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.62$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.8

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.81 W/kg

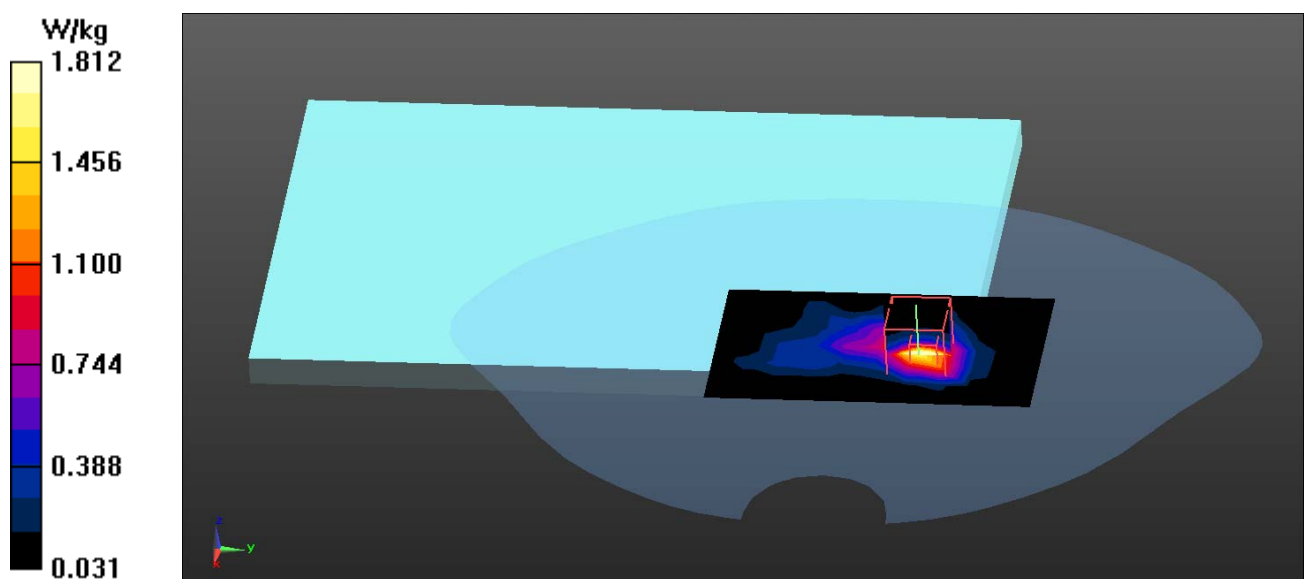
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 11.837 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.65 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.389 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.74 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11a_44-Back

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5220 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5220$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.45$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.47$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.8

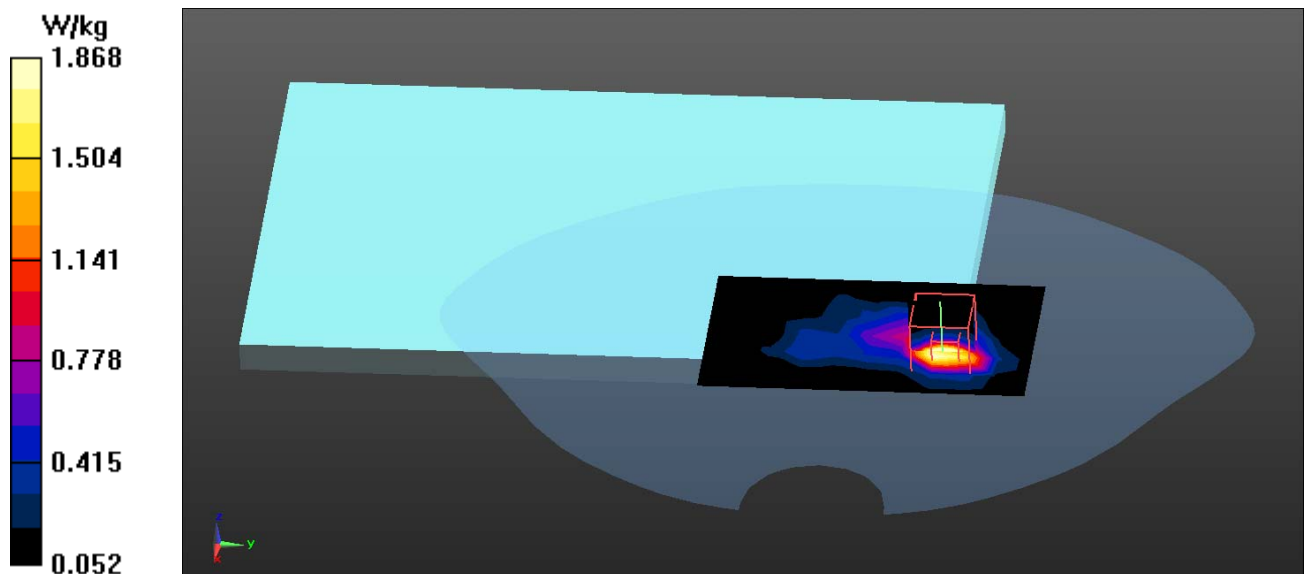
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.87 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 8.228 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.73 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.392 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.76 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11a_48-Back

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5240 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5240$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.48$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.8

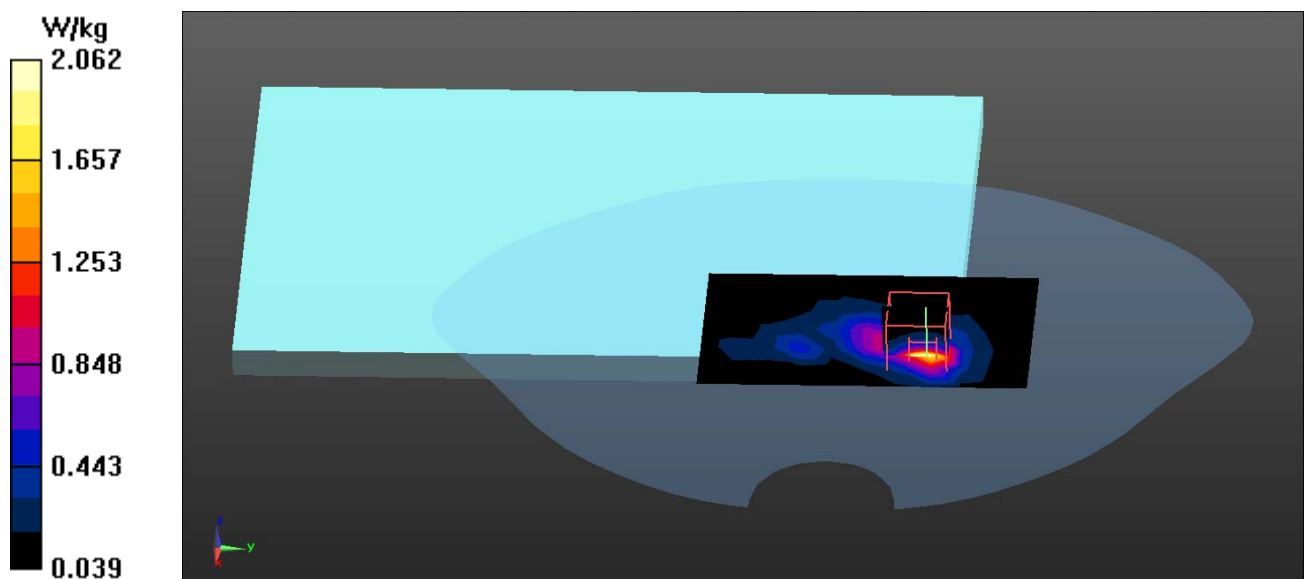
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.06 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 11.256 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.39 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.387 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.48 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11a_52-Back

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5260 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5260$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.51$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.32$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.8

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(4.12, 4.12, 4.12); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.76 W/kg

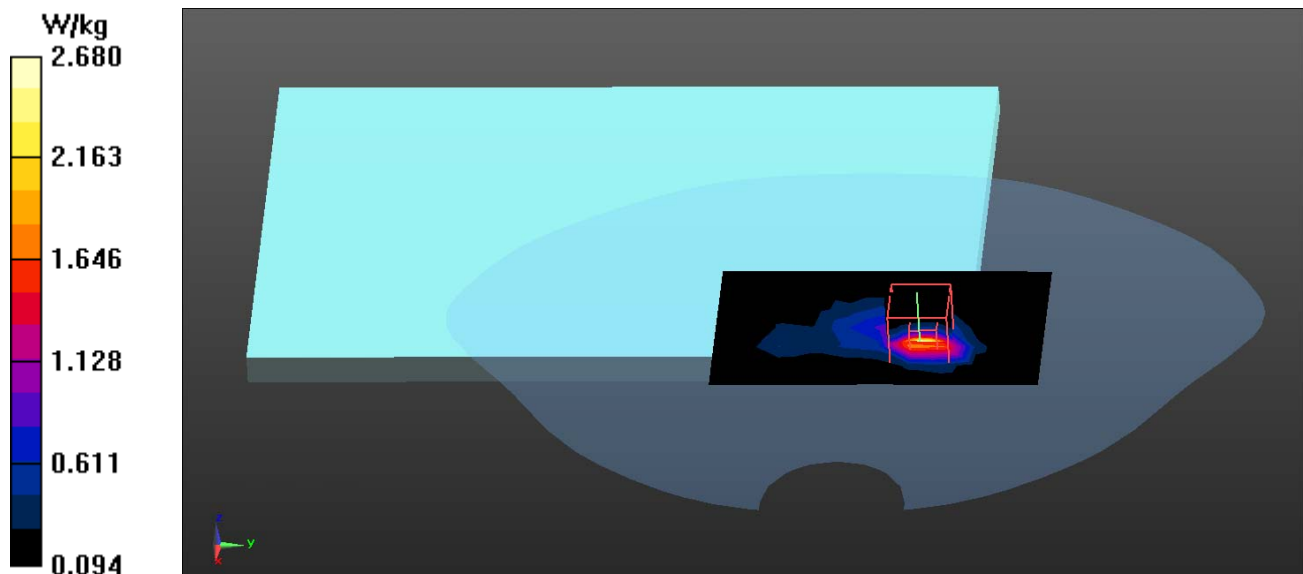
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 13.761 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.47 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.398 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.68 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11a_60-Back

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5300 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.6$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.04$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.8

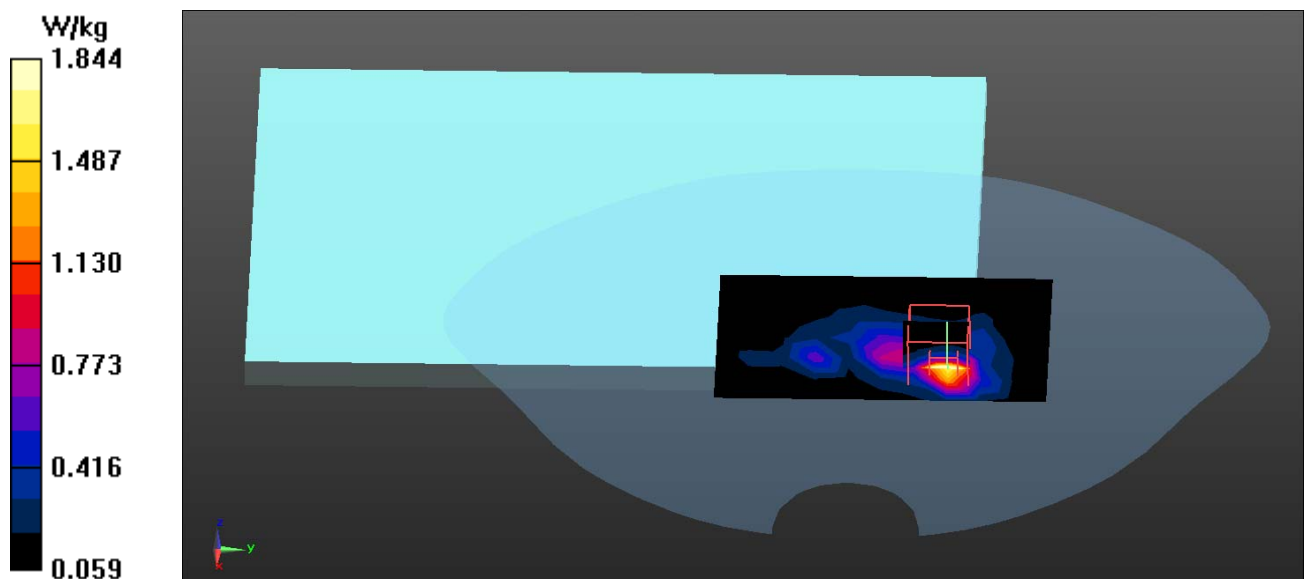
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(4.12, 4.12, 4.12); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.84 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 10.425 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.42 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.389 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.60 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11a_64-Back

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5320 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5320$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.62$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.98$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.8

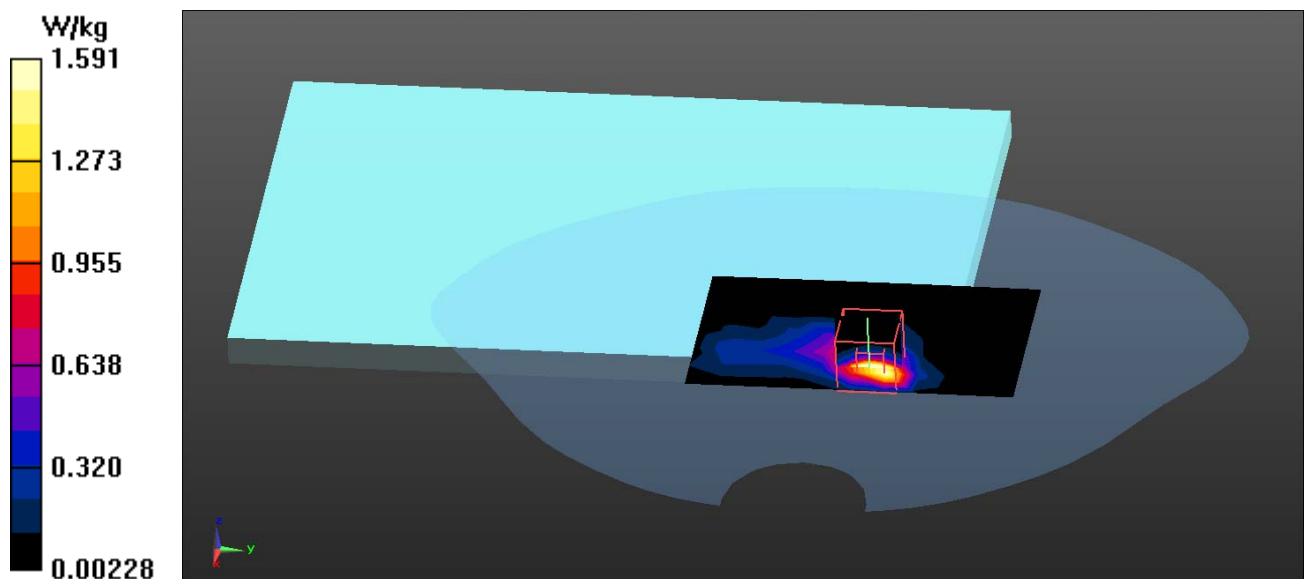
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(4.12, 4.12, 4.12); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.59 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 11.111 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.28 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.979 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.270 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.49 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11a_100-Back

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5500 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.71$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.11$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.8

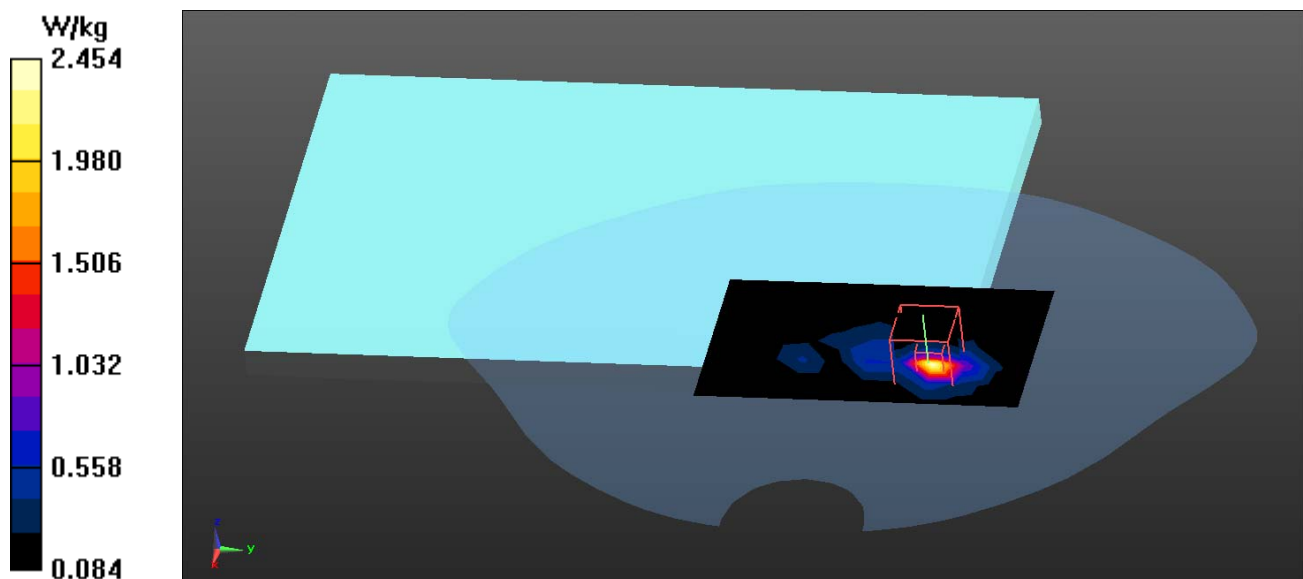
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(3.82, 3.82, 3.82); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.45 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 8.672 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.25 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.997 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.383 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.41 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11a_116-Back

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5580 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5580$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.83$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.82$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.8

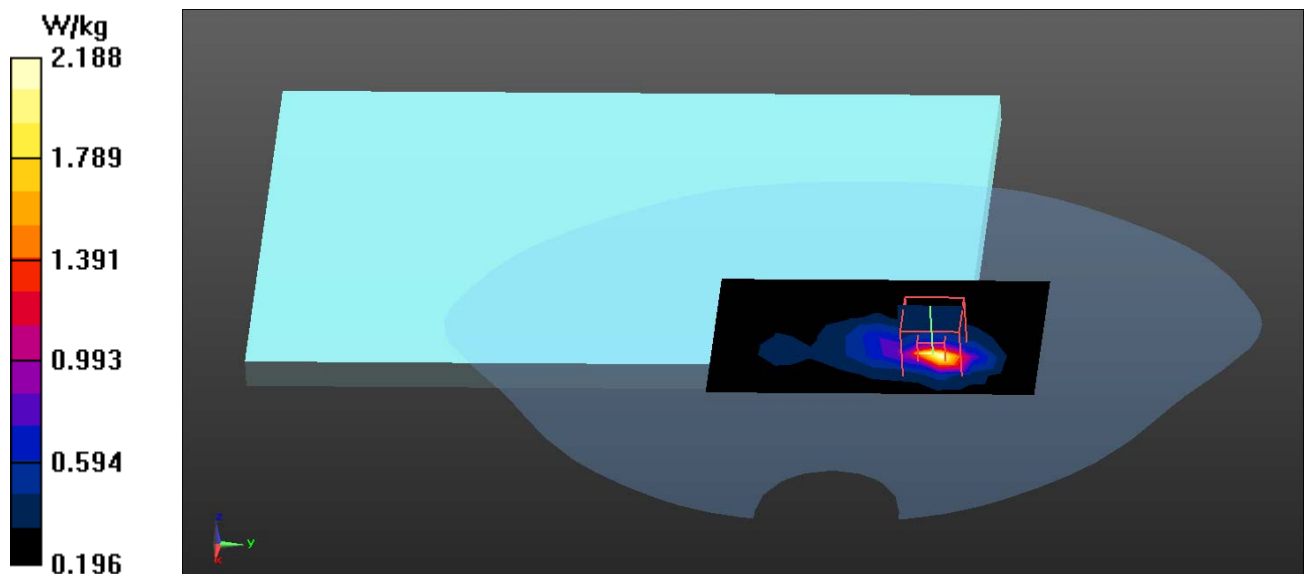
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(3.39, 3.39, 3.39); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.19 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 12.222 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.89 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.593 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.47 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11a_140-Back

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5700 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5700$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.01$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.49$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.8

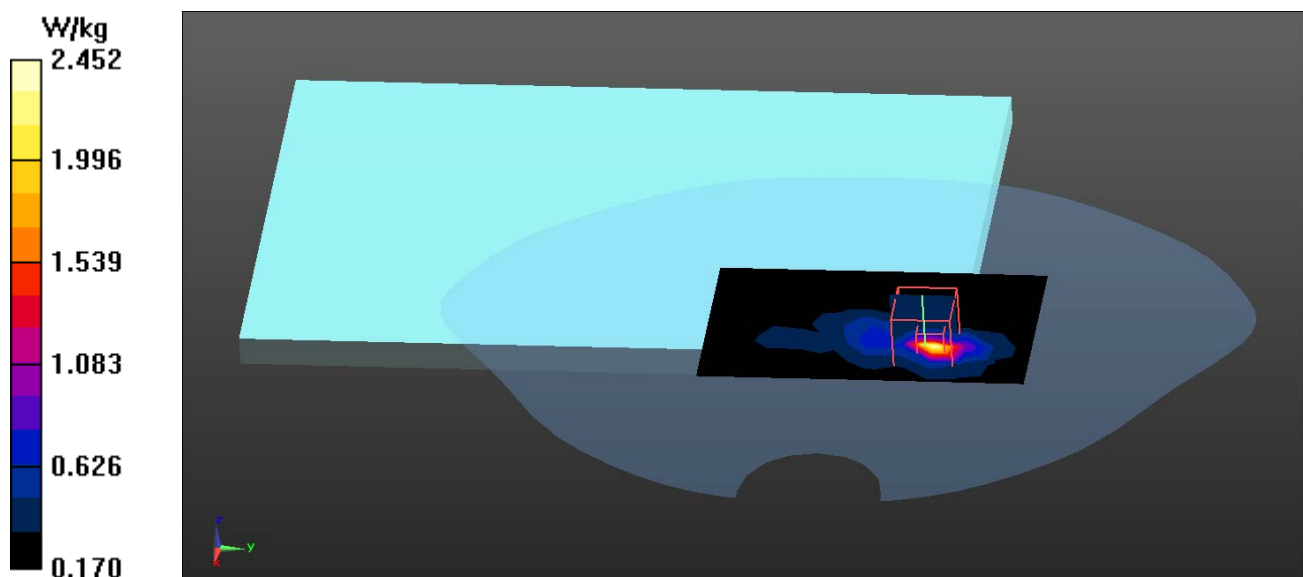
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(3.39, 3.39, 3.39); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.45 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 10.770 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.85 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.519 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.36 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11a_149-Back

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5745 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5745$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.09$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.11$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.8

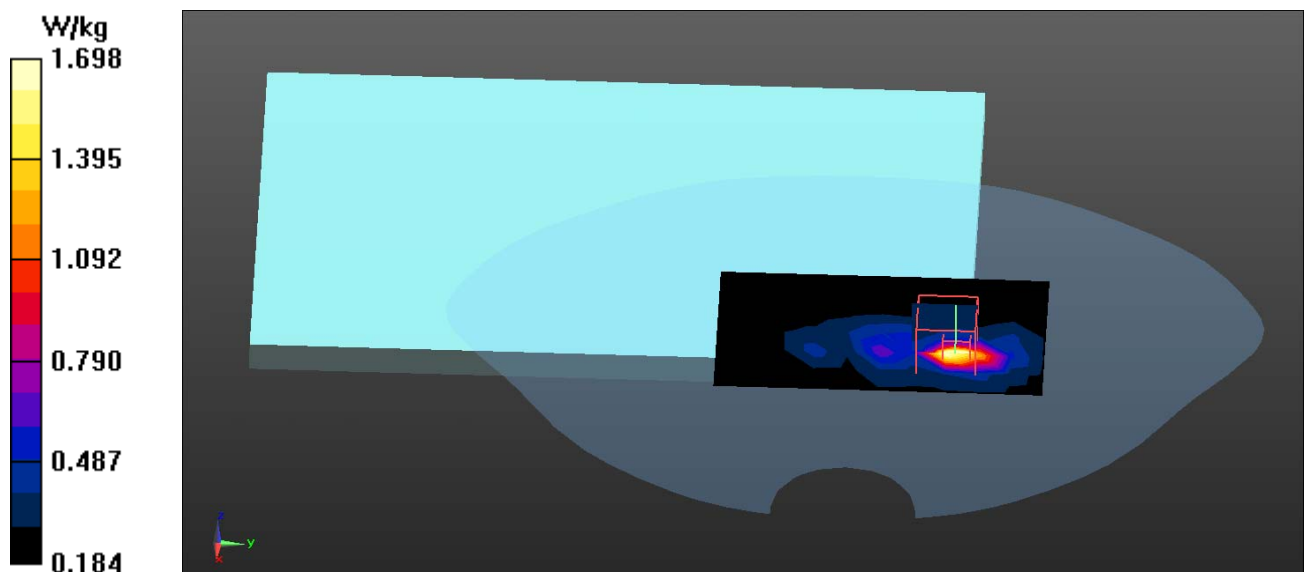
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(4.01, 4.01, 4.01); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.70 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 9.426 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.55 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.494 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.23 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11a_157-Back

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5785 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5785$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.17$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.93$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.8

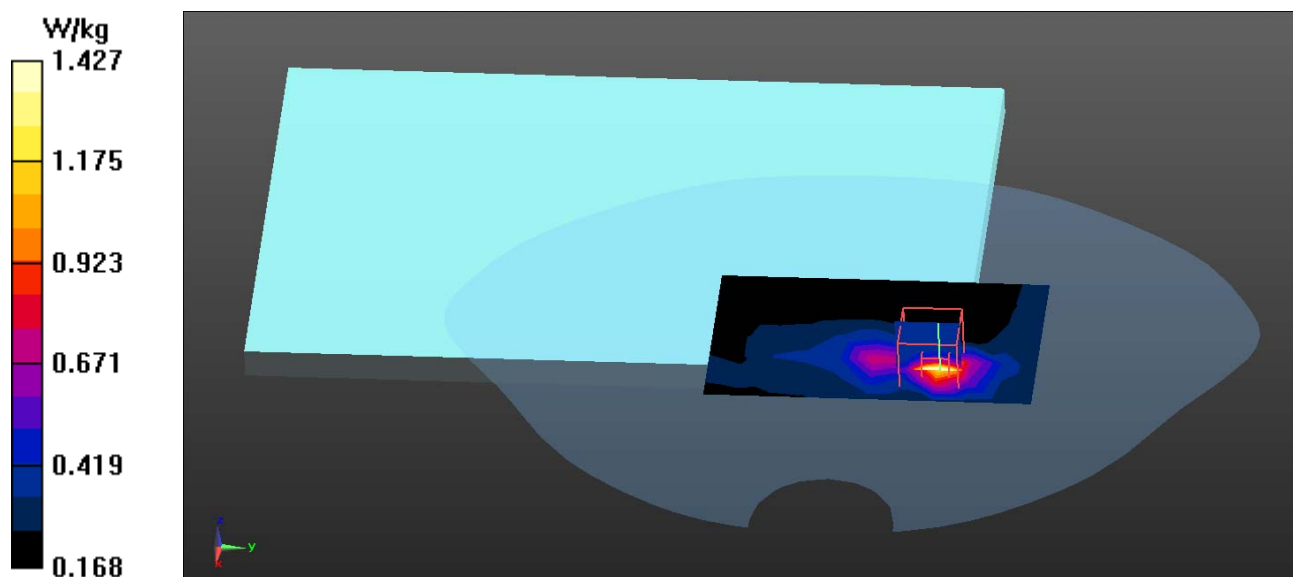
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(4.01, 4.01, 4.01); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.43 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 10.093 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.30 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.950 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.493 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.95 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11a_165-Back

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5825 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5825$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.28$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.79$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.8

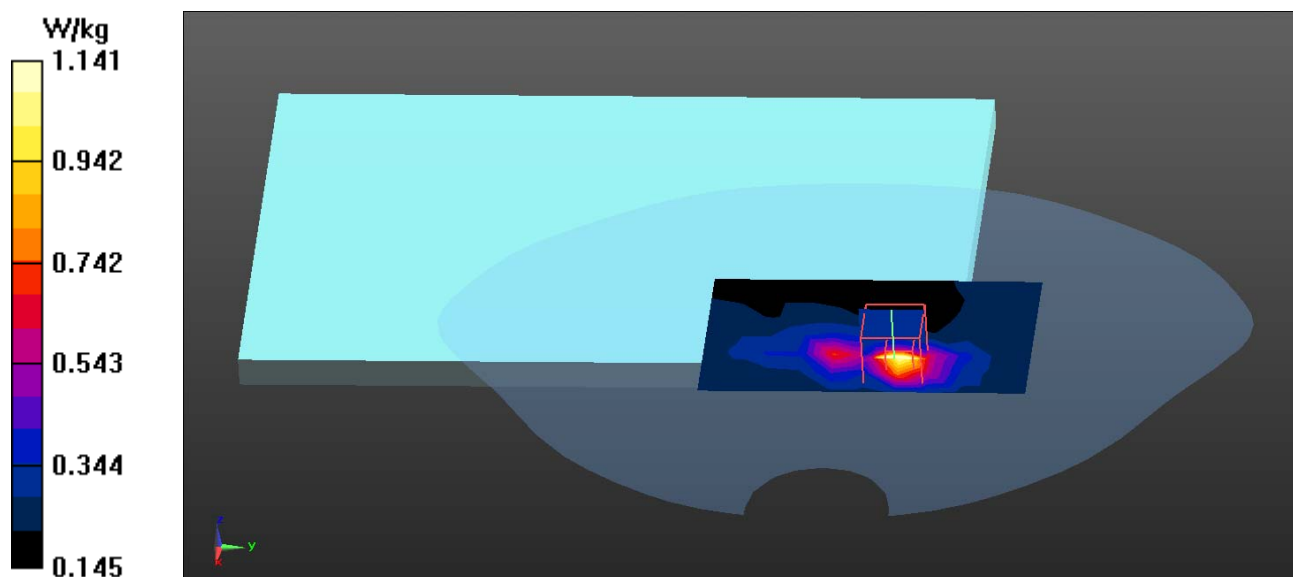
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(4.01, 4.01, 4.01); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 11.240 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.70 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.813 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.423 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.69 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11a_140-Top

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5700 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5700$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.01$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.49$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.8

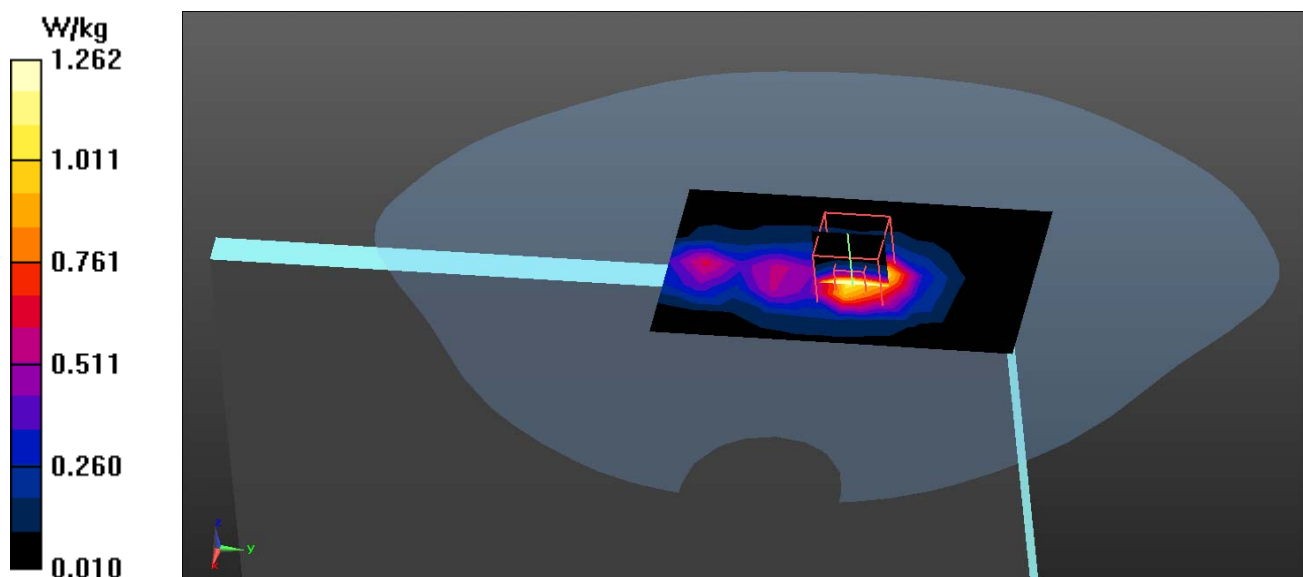
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 12.855 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.07 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.785 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.259 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.81 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11a_140-Right-Side

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5700 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5700$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.01$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.49$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.8

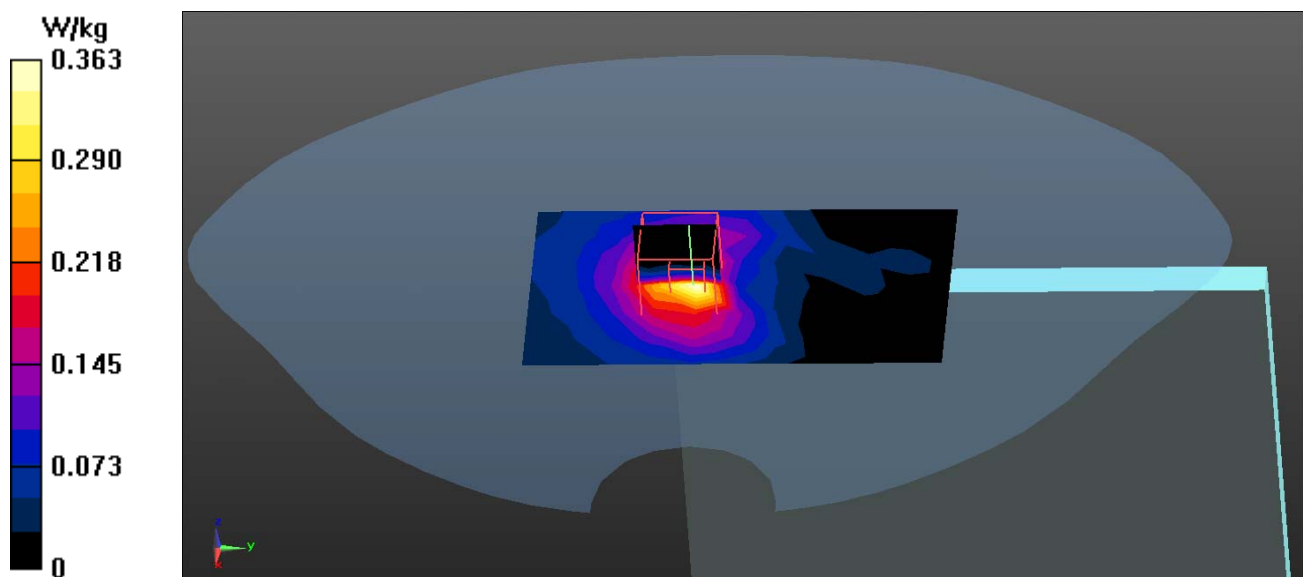
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(3.39, 3.39, 3.39); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.363 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 8.644 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.695 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.156 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.376 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11a_140- NB-Mode

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5700 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5700$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.01$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.49$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.8

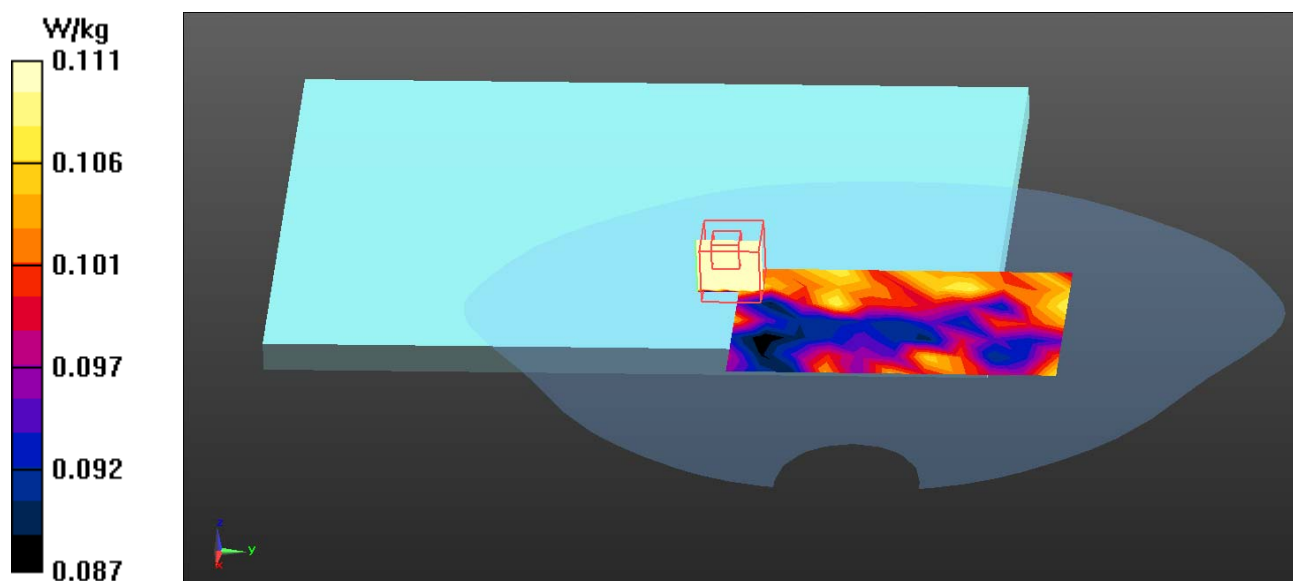
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(3.39, 3.39, 3.39); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.111 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 4.583 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.173 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.155 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.141 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.172 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11n-20M_140-Back

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5700 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5700$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.01$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.49$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.8

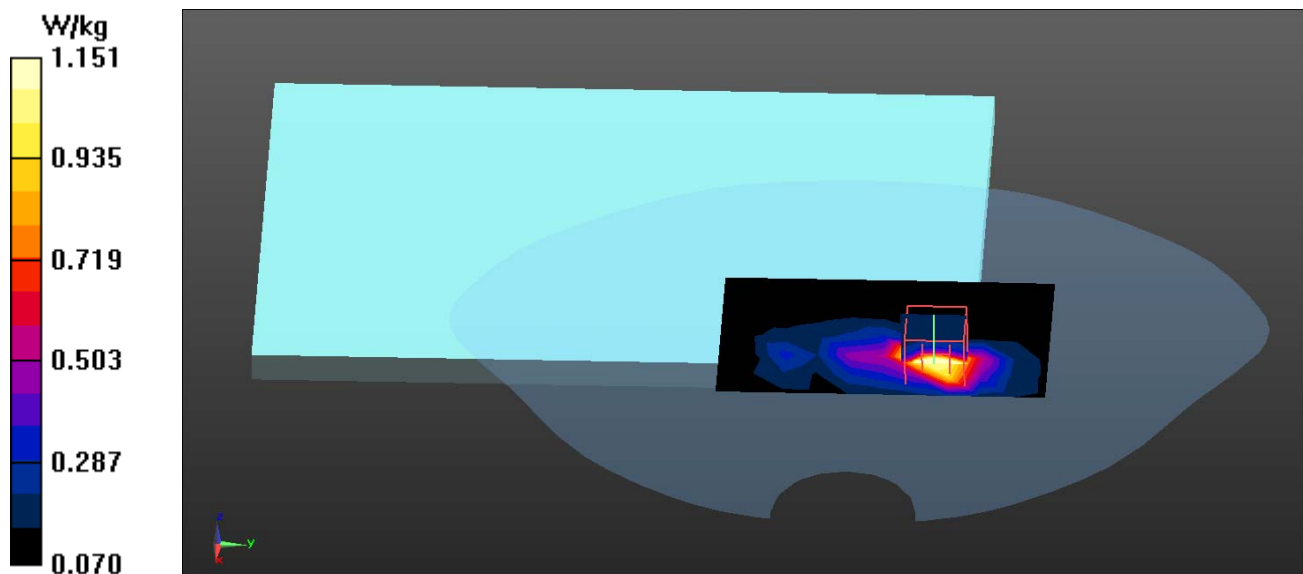
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(3.39, 3.39, 3.39); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.15 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 9.160 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.43 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.933 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.364 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.34 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11n-40M_134-Back

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5670 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5670$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.95$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.62$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.8

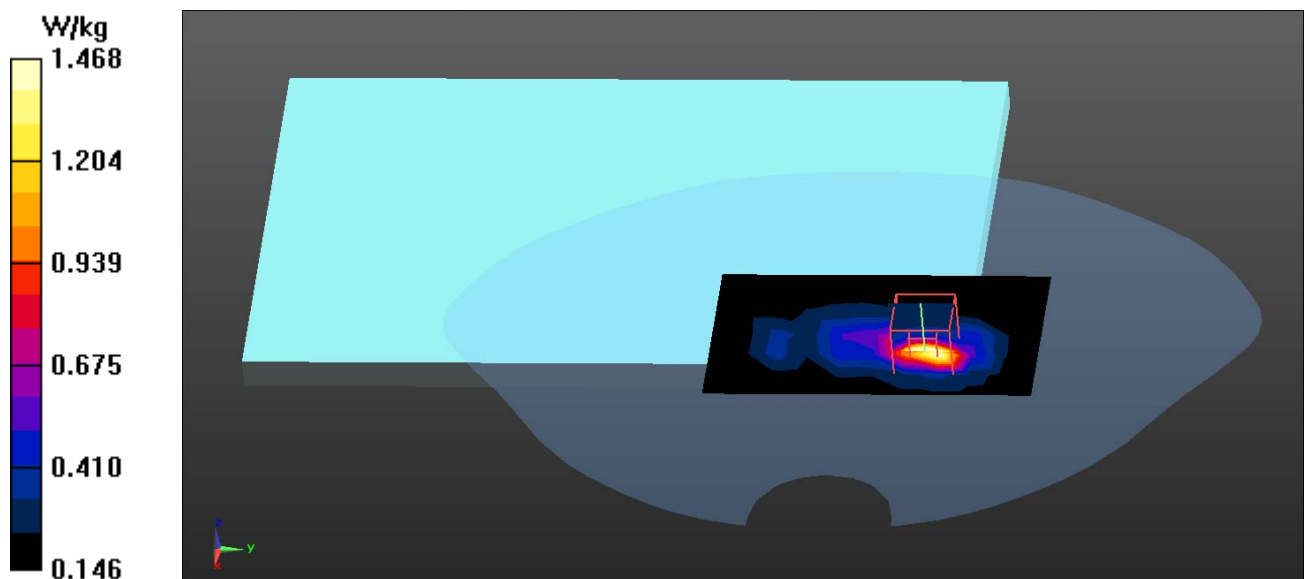
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(3.39, 3.39, 3.39); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.47 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 12.708 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.96 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.471 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.18 W/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 9/2/2013

802.11a_36-Back-Verify

DUT: Notebook PC; Type: T100T

Communication System: WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5180 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: $f = 5180$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.39$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.62$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.8

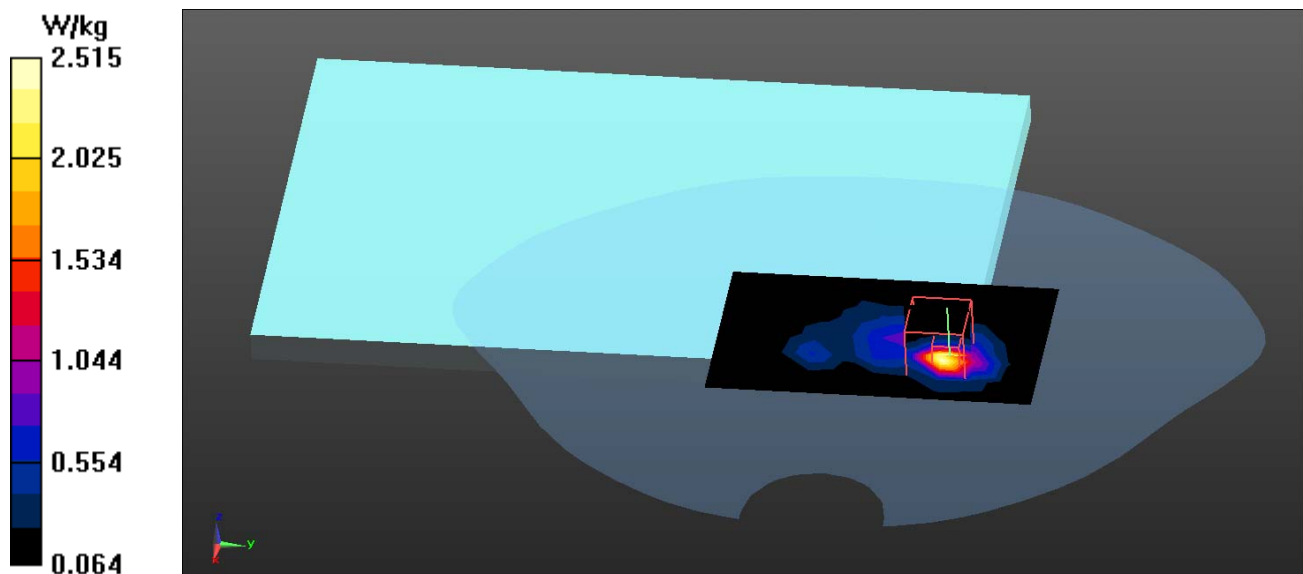
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3698; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 7/31/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/22/2013
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

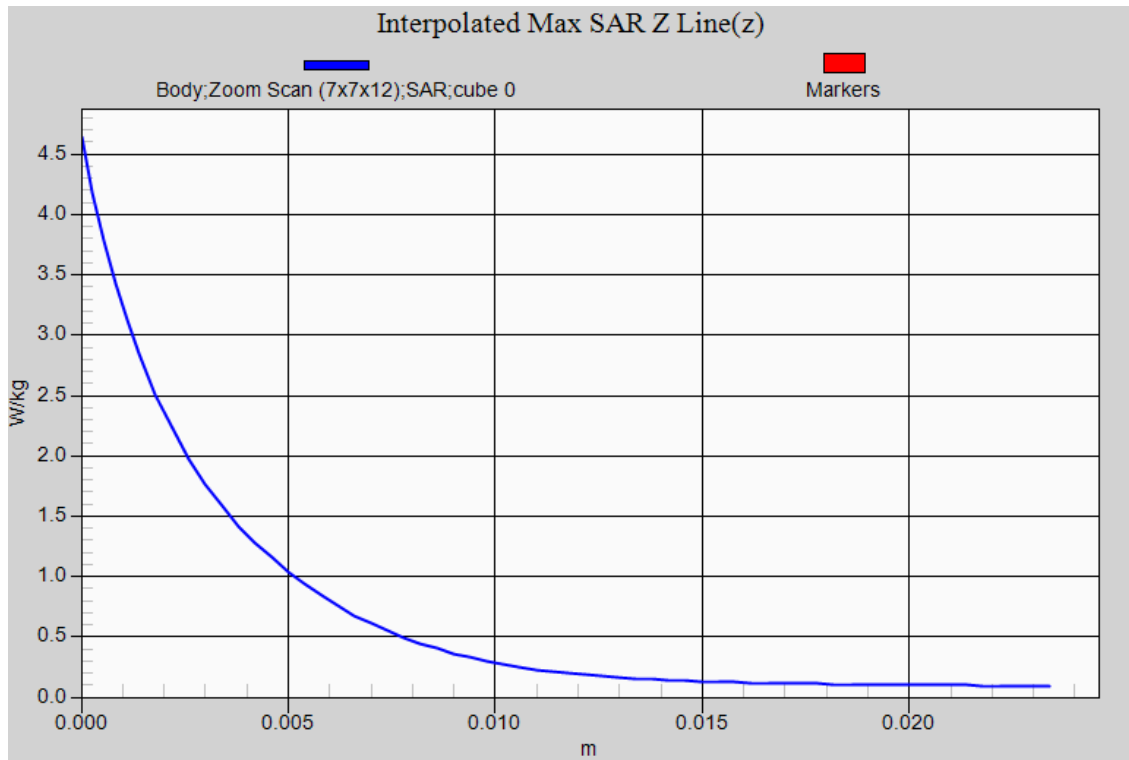
Configuration/Body/Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.51 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 8.666 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.48 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.385 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.70 W/kg



802.11a EUT Back, Z-Axis plot

Channel: 36





Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data

Object: EX3DV4- SN: 3698

1155

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Quietek-TW (Auden)**

Certificate No: **EX3-3698_Jul13**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3698**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4**
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

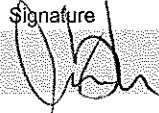
Calibration date: **July 31, 2013**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)	Apr-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)	Apr-14
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 660	31-Jan-13 (No. DAE4-660_Jan13)	Jan-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-15
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

Calibrated by:	Name Claudio Leubler	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
			Issued: July 31, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}; A, B, C, D** are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3698

Manufactured: April 22, 2009
Calibrated: July 31, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3698

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.41	0.35	0.36	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	100.4	101.3	97.5	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	138.1	±3.0 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		131.7	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		127.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3698

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.49	9.49	9.49	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.05	9.05	9.05	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	8.67	8.67	8.67	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	7.61	7.61	7.61	0.48	0.73	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.34	7.34	7.34	0.44	0.77	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	6.54	6.54	6.54	0.27	1.01	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.46	6.46	6.46	0.29	0.99	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	6.03	6.03	6.03	0.25	3.61	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.81	4.81	4.81	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.63	4.63	4.63	0.36	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.53	4.53	4.53	0.41	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.04	4.04	4.04	0.59	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.34	4.34	4.34	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3698

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

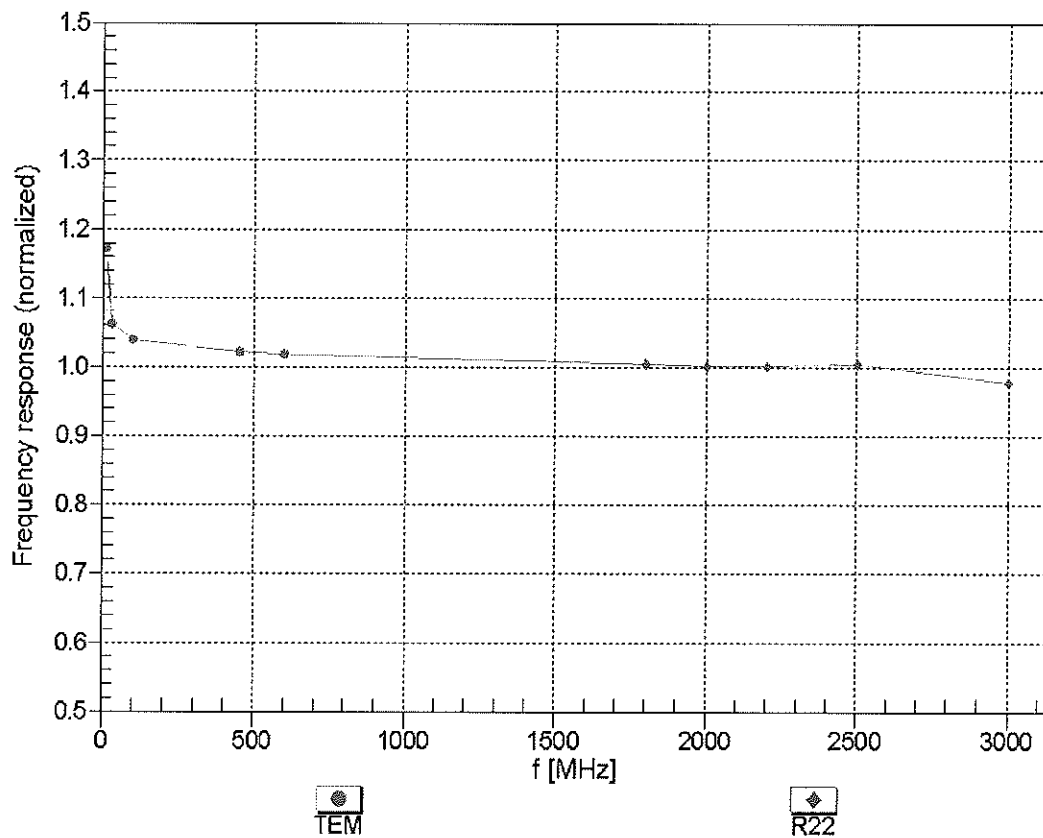
f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.08	9.08	9.08	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	8.89	8.89	8.89	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	8.69	8.69	8.69	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.39	7.39	7.39	0.35	0.94	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.06	7.06	7.06	0.43	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.61	6.61	6.61	0.74	0.64	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.41	6.41	6.41	0.78	0.62	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	5.76	5.76	5.76	0.21	2.85	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.33	4.33	4.33	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.12	4.12	4.12	0.48	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.82	3.82	3.82	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.39	3.39	3.39	0.67	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.01	4.01	4.01	0.51	1.90	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Frequency Response of E-Field

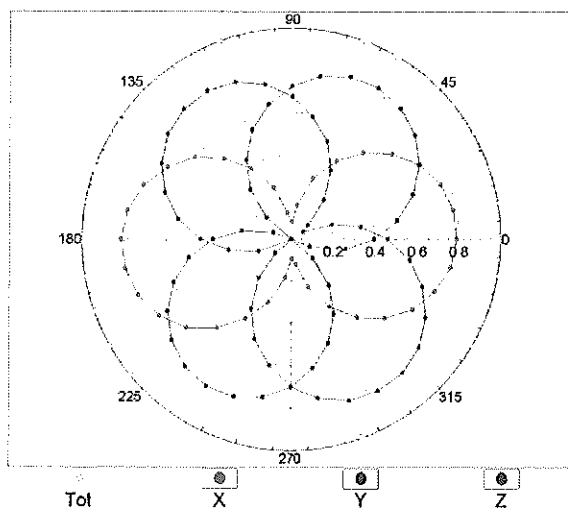
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



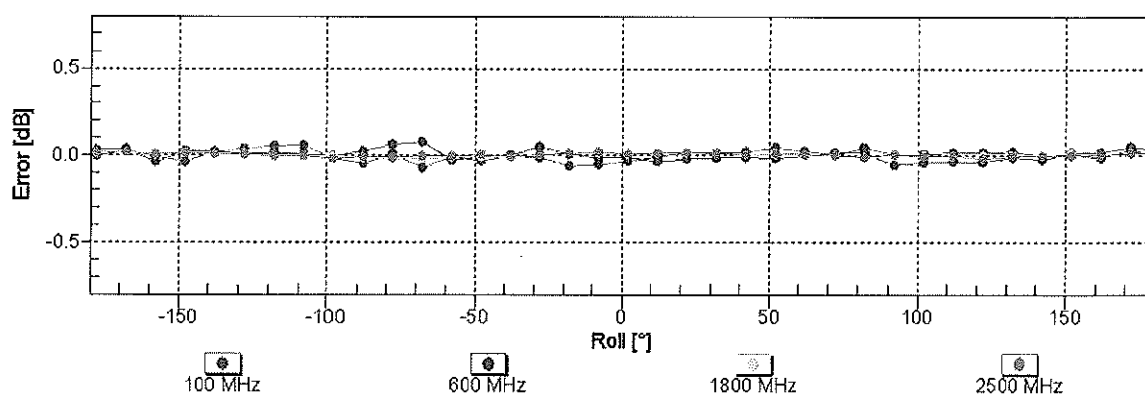
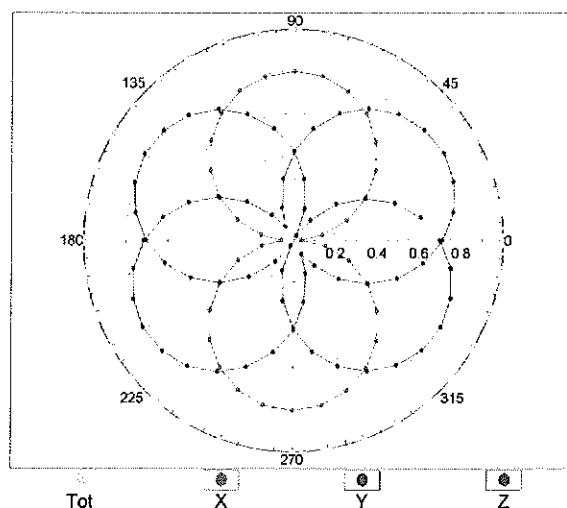
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM

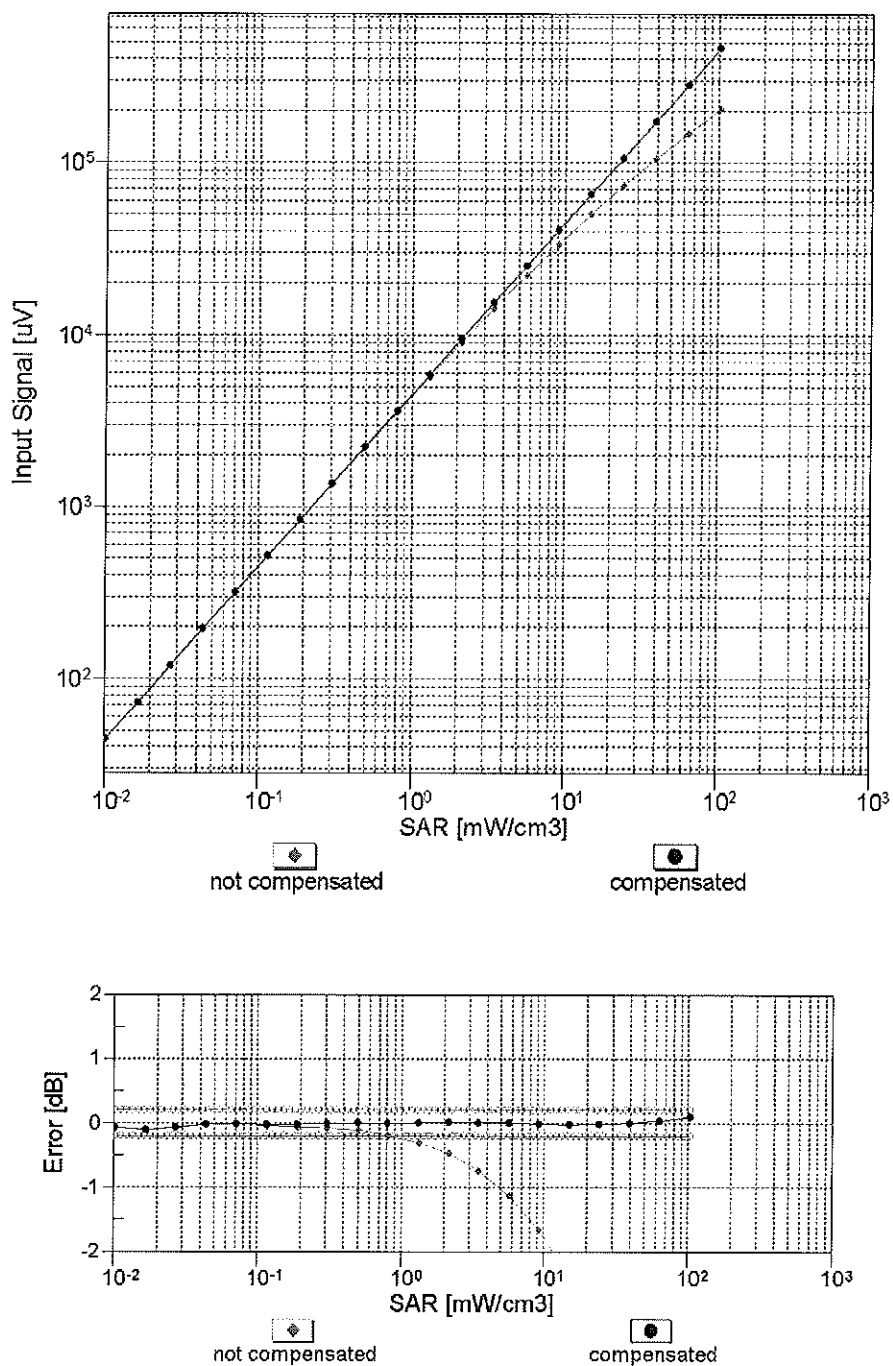


f=1800 MHz,R22



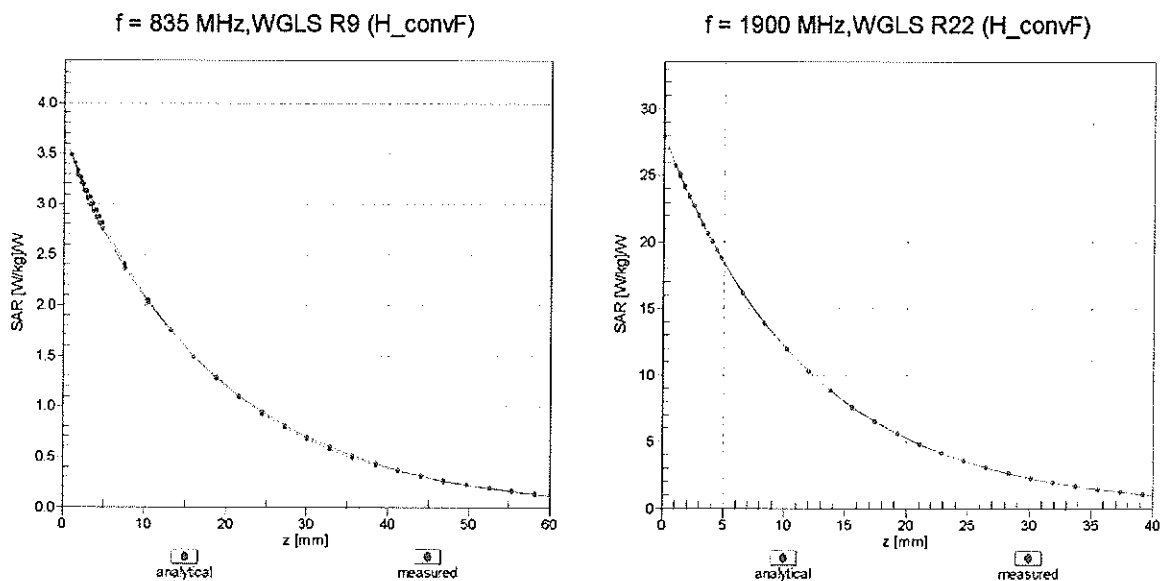
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell , $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$)



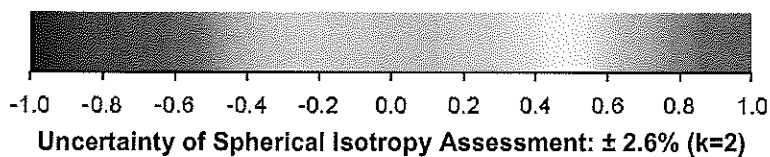
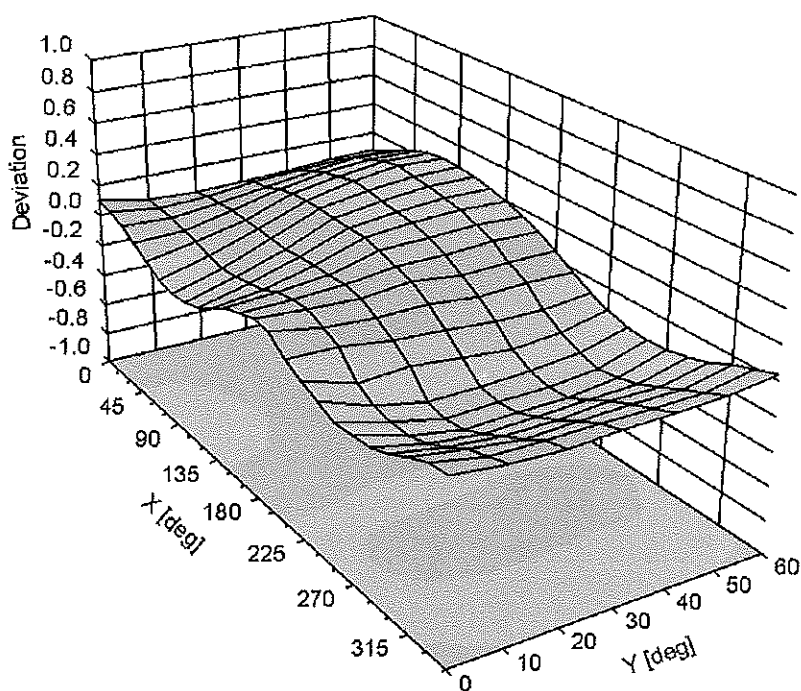
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ , θ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3698

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-138
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm



Appendix E. Dipole Calibration

Validation Dipole 2450 MHz

M/N: ALS-D-2450

S/N: QTK-319

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Quietek (Auden)**

Certificate No: **ALS-2450-QTK-319_Nov12**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ALS-D-2450 - SN: QTK-319**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **November 20, 2012**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

Calibrated by:	Name Leif Klysner	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 21, 2012

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.3
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	38.7 $\pm$ 6 %	1.85 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.3 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	56.3 W/kg $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.63 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	26.3 W/kg $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	51.2 $\pm$ 6 %	2.01 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.5 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.9 W/kg $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.24 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.7 W/kg $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.7 Ω - 0.9 j Ω
Return Loss	- 24.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.2 Ω + 1.5 j Ω
Return Loss	- 29.3 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.018 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	APREL
Manufactured on	Not available

Special Note

The deviation in SAR averaged results towards the latest certificate of the same dipole is higher than expected (higher than typical repeatability deviation for SAR validation dipoles). The reason is unknown, but it may be linked with the dipole repair that took place in between the two calibrations conducted in the SCS108 laboratory.

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 20.11.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: ALS-D-2450-S-2; Serial: SN: QTK-319

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.85$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

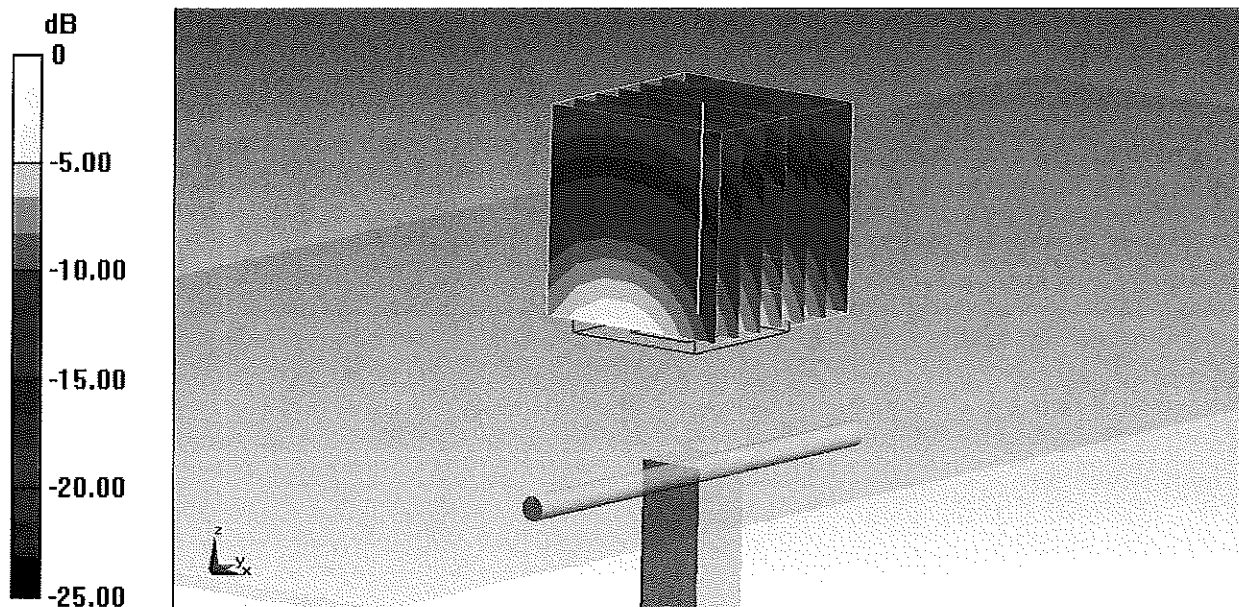
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.63 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg



0 dB = 18.2 W/kg = 12.60 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

CH1

S11

1 U FS

1: 37.553 Ω

4.2793 Ω

277.99 μH

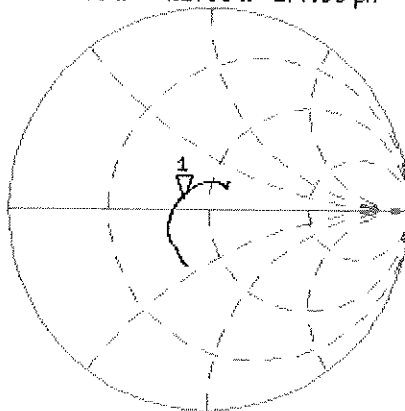
20 Nov 2012 14:30:41

2 450.000 000 MHz

*

De1

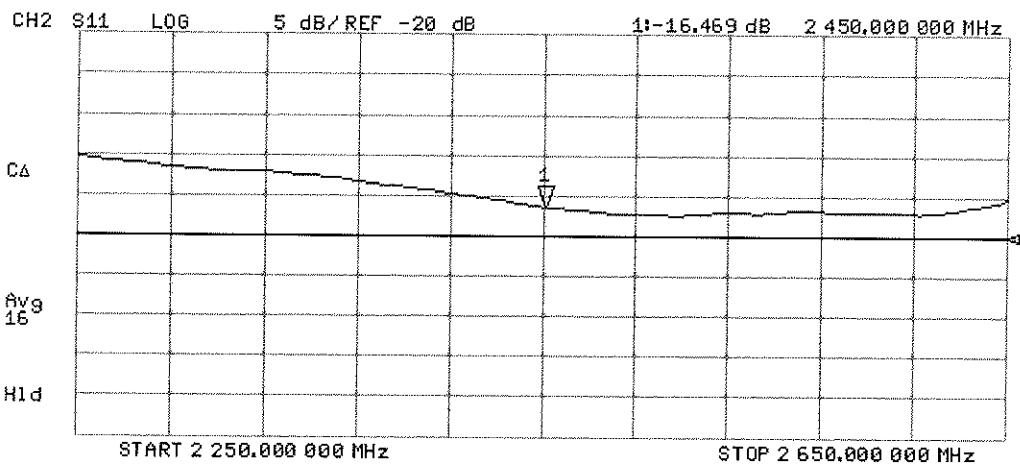
CA



Avg

16

H1d



CA

Avg

16

H1d

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 20.11.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: ALS-D-2450-S-2; Serial: SN: QTK-319

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.26, 4.26, 4.26); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x8x7)/Cube 0:

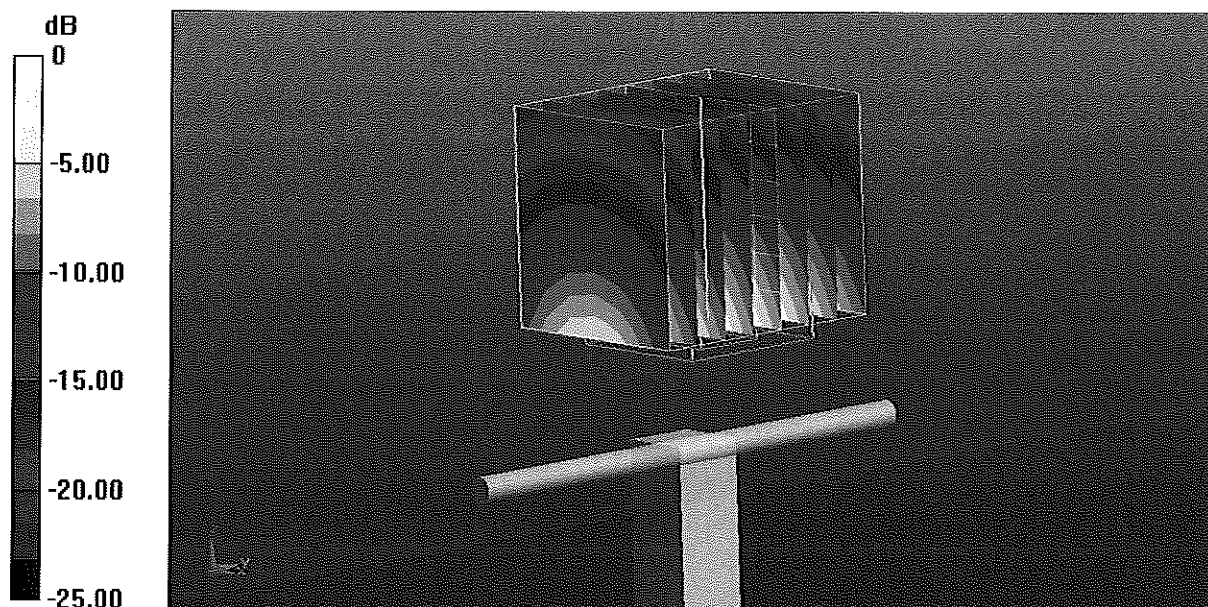
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.392 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.9 W/kg

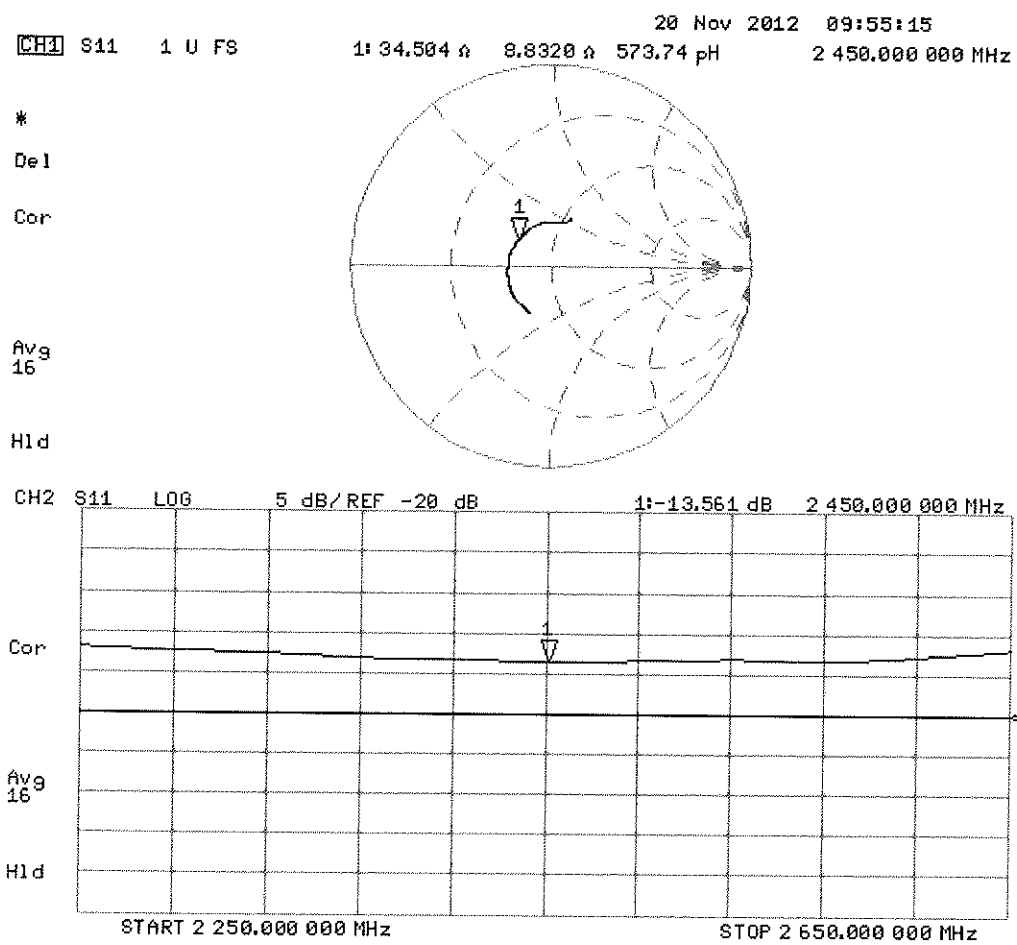
SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.24 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 W/kg



0 dB = 17.8 W/kg = 12.50 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Appendix E. Dipole Calibration

Validation Dipole 3-6 GHz

M/N: D5GHzV2

S/N: 1041

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Quietek-TW (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1041_May13**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D5GHzV2 - SN: 1041**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-22.v2
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz**

Calibration date: **May 31, 2013**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	28-Dec-12 (No. EX3-3503_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

Calibrated by: **Jeton Kastrati** Name **Laboratory Technician** Function

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** Technical Manager

Signature

Issued: May 31, 2013

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC 62209-2, "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures"; Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters", March 2010
- b) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.6
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5300 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5500 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5800 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	36.5 $\pm$ 6 %	4.50 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.83 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.4 W/kg $\pm$ 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.23 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.3 W/kg $\pm$ 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	36.3 $\pm$ 6 %	4.60 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.11 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.2 W / kg $\pm$ 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.32 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.2 W/kg $\pm$ 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.1 ± 6 %	4.79 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.38 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	83.9 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.37 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.7 ± 6 %	5.11 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.68 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	76.9 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	49.6 ± 6 %	5.41 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	74.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.07 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.42 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	49.4 ± 6 %	5.53 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.53 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	75.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.11 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.6	5.65 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	49.1 ± 6 %	5.80 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.79 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.1 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.16 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.6 ± 6 %	6.24 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.38 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	74.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.0 Ω - 5.3 j Ω
Return Loss	- 25.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.0 Ω - 1.9 j Ω
Return Loss	- 28.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.1 Ω - 4.3 j Ω
Return Loss	- 25.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.2 Ω - 1.3 j Ω
Return Loss	- 27.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.2 Ω - 4.0 j Ω
Return Loss	- 27.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.4 Ω - 1.4 j Ω
Return Loss	- 30.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.5 Ω - 2.7 j Ω
Return Loss	- 28.9 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.3 Ω - 0.3 j Ω
Return Loss	- 25.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.199 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 30, 2005

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1041

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.5$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.6$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.79$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.11$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.41, 5.41, 5.41); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.6(1115); SEMCAD X 14.6.9(7117)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.654 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.83 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.6 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.156 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

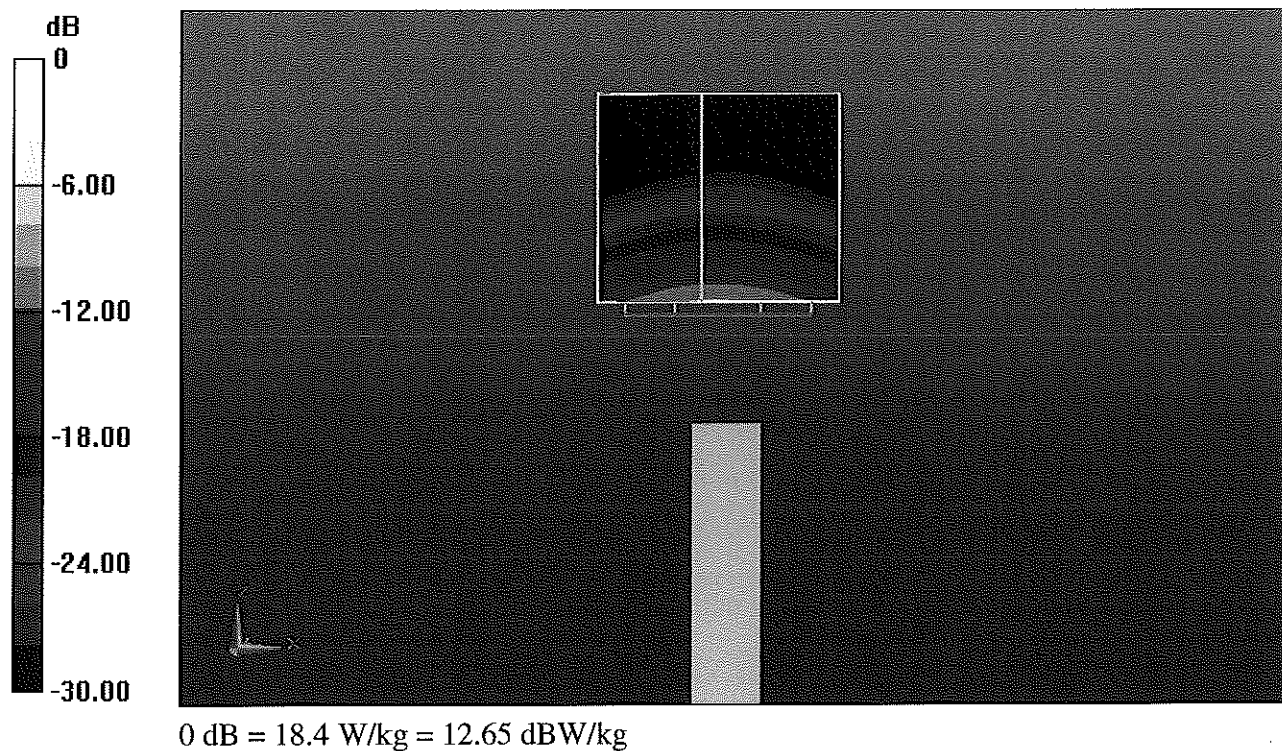
Reference Value = 64.532 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg

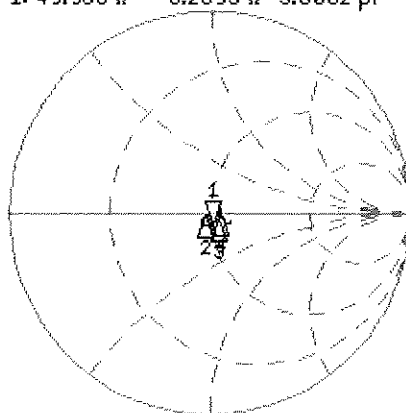
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 60.741 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.68 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.4 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

22 May 2013 12:03:54
 CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 49.988 Ω -5.2695 Ω 5.8082 pF 5 200.000 000 MHz

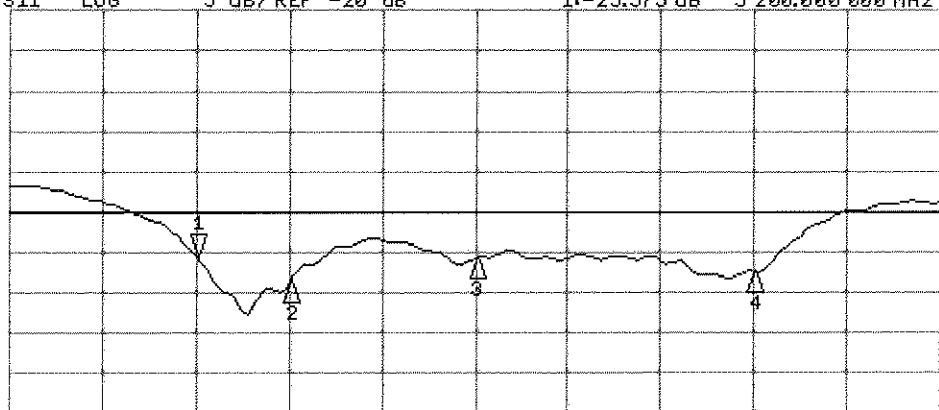
*
 Del
 Cor
 Avg
 16
 H1d



CH1 Markers
 2: 47.031 Ω
 -1.9277 Ω
 5.30000 GHz
 3: 53.135 Ω
 -4.3008 Ω
 5.50000 GHz
 4: 54.242 Ω
 -1.3418 Ω
 5.80000 GHz

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -25.575 dB 5 200.000 000 MHz

Cor
 Avg
 16
 H1d



CH2 Markers
 2: -28.764 dB
 5.30000 GHz
 3: -25.756 dB
 5.50000 GHz
 4: -27.392 dB
 5.80000 GHz

START 5 000.000 000 MHz

STOP 6 000.000 000 MHz

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 31.05.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1041

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.41$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.53$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.8$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.24$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.6(1115); SEMCAD X 14.6.9(7117)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.654 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.07 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.0 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 57.958 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.53 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.6 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.052 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.16 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg

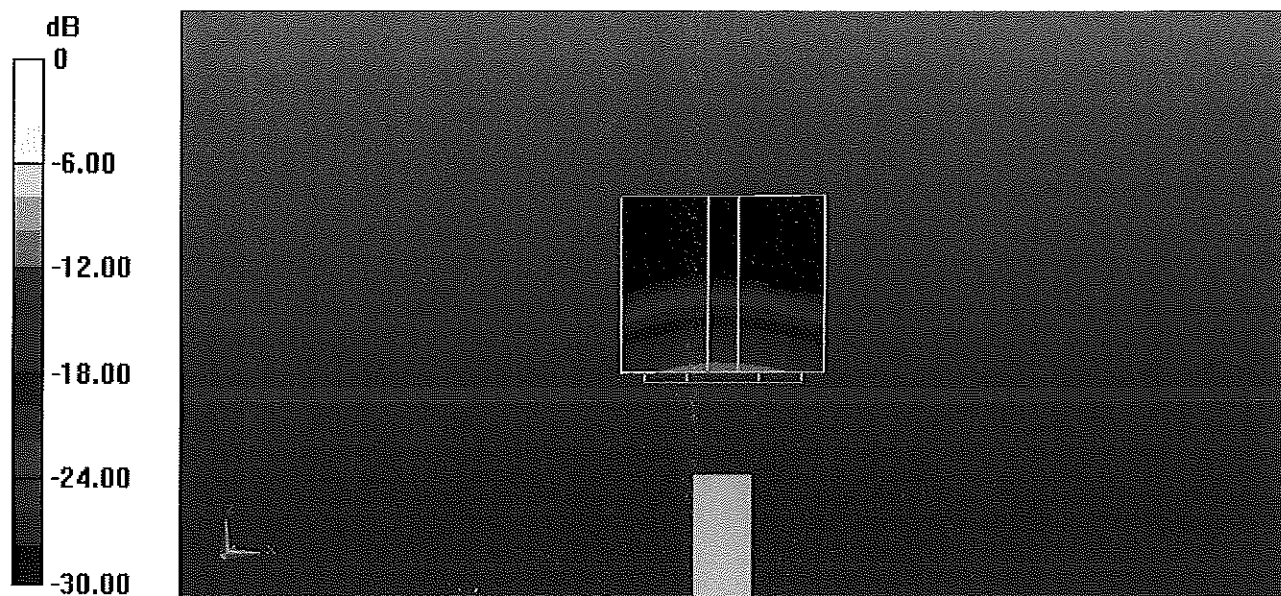
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 54.573 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.04 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.1 W/kg

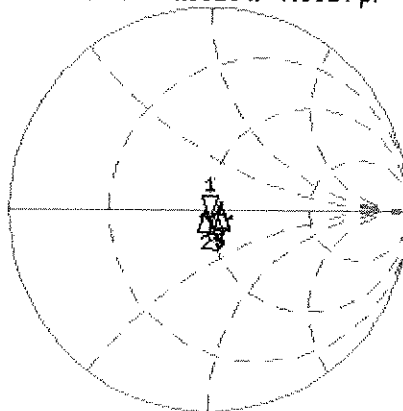


0 dB = 18.1 W/kg = 12.58 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

31 May 2013 15:06:42
CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 49.244 Ω -4.0313 Ω 7.5924 pF 5 200.000 000 MHz

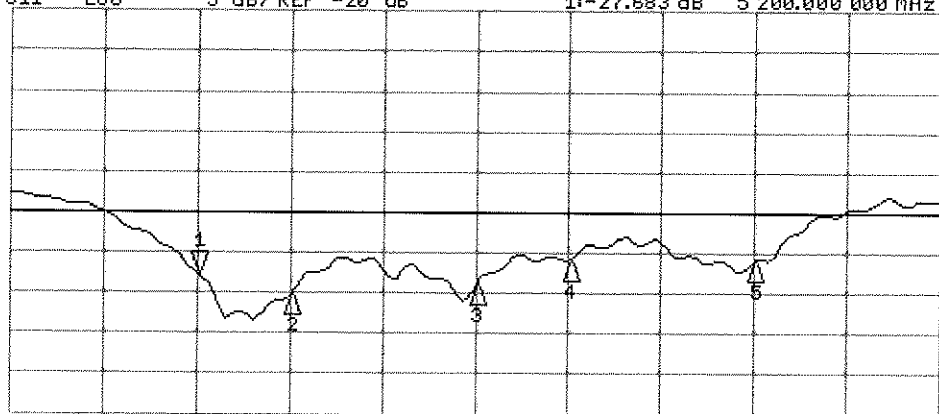
*
 Del
 Cor
 Avg
 16
 H1d



CH1 Markers
 2: 47.389 Ω
 -1.4434 Ω
 5.30000 GHz
 3: 52.473 Ω
 -2.7285 Ω
 5.50000 GHz
 4: 55.111 Ω
 1.3516 Ω
 5.60000 GHz
 5: 55.305 Ω
 -265.63 m Ω
 5.80000 GHz

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -27.683 dB 5 200.000 000 MHz

Cor
 Avg
 16
 H1d



CH2 Markers
 2: -30.279 dB
 5.30000 GHz
 3: -28.901 dB
 5.50000 GHz
 4: -25.970 dB
 5.60000 GHz
 5: -25.942 dB
 5.80000 GHz

START 5 000.000 000 MHz

STOP 6 000.000 000 MHz

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Quietek-TW (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1041_Jul13**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D5GHzV2 - SN: 1041**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-22.v2**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz

Calibration date: **July 24, 2013**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	28-Dec-12 (No. EX3-3503_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

Calibrated by: **Jeton Kastrati** Name **Function**
Laboratory Technician

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** **Technical Manager**

Signature

Issued: July 24, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC 62209-2, "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures"; Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters", March 2010
- b) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5600 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	34.7 $\pm$ 6 %	4.85 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.31 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	82.5 W/kg $\pm$ 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.38 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.6 W/kg $\pm$ 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	48.2 $\pm$ 6 %	5.93 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.94 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.4 W/kg $\pm$ 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.0 W/kg $\pm$ 19.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$55.4 \Omega + 0.0 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$57.2 \Omega + 2.1 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.200 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 30, 2005

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 23.07.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1041

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 5600 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.85$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

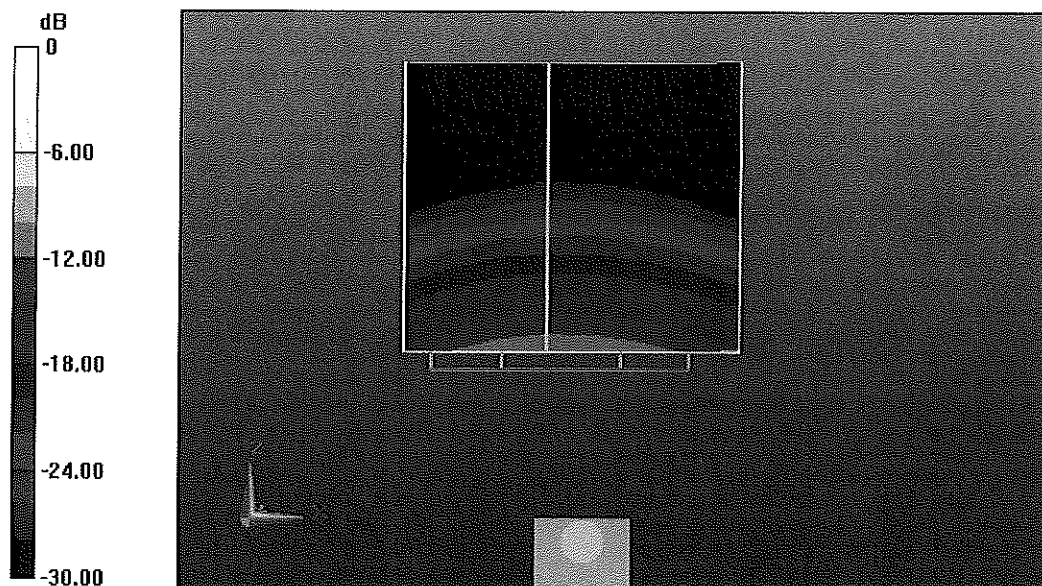
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.459 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.3 W/kg

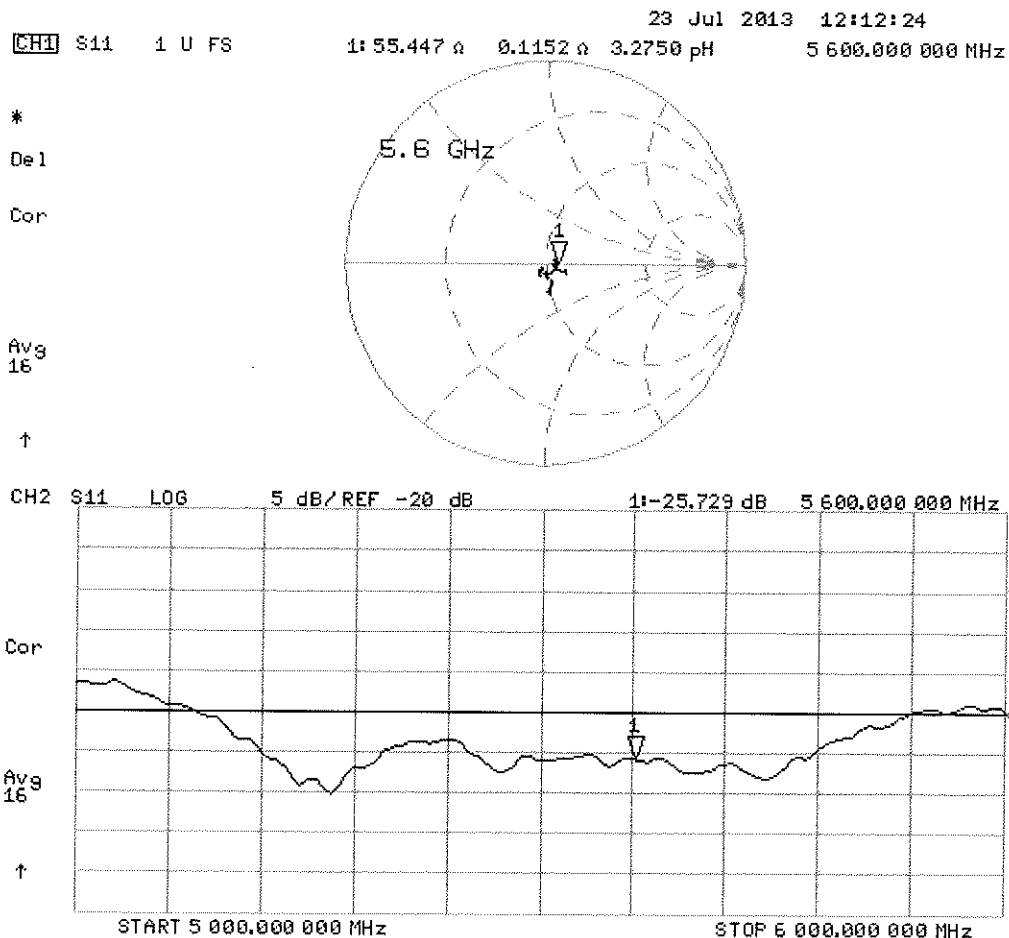
SAR(1 g) = 8.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.38 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg



0 dB = 20.1 W/kg = 13.03 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 24.07.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1041

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 5600 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.93$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(4.22, 4.22, 4.22); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

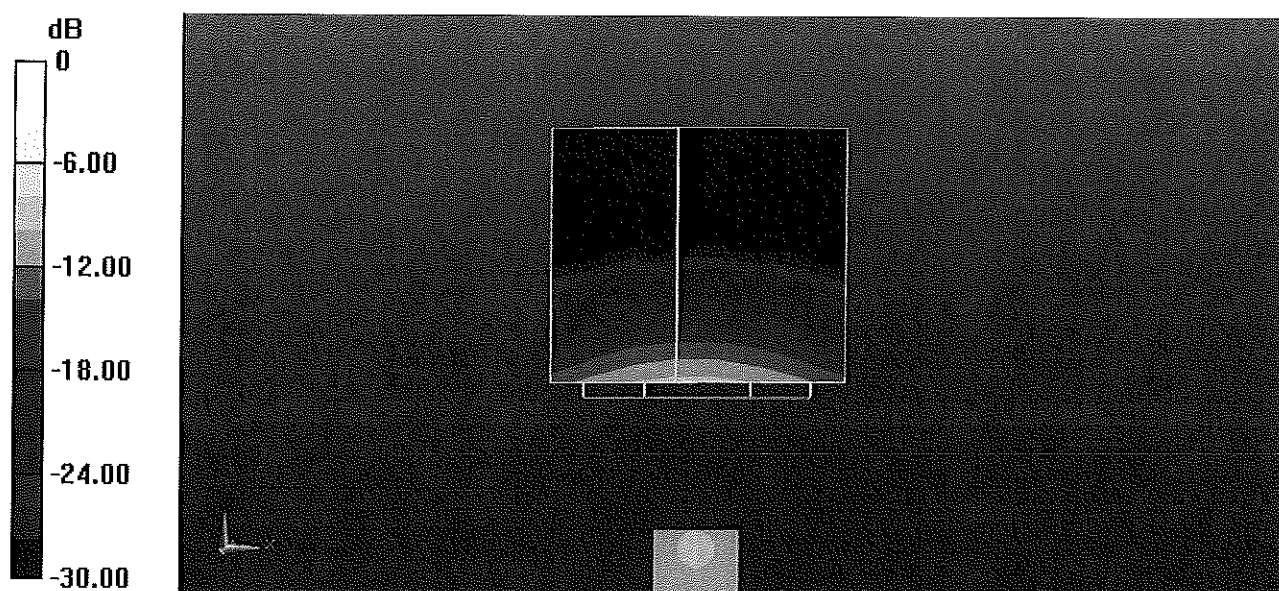
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.459 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.2 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg

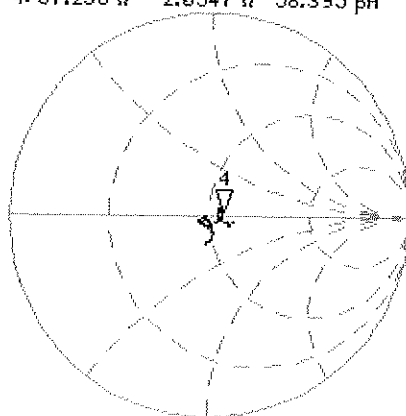


0 dB = 18.9 W/kg = 12.76 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

24 Jul 2013 14:27:35
 [CH1] S11 1 U FS 4: 57.238 Ω 2.0547 Ω 58.395 pH 5 600.000 000 MHz

*
 De1
 Cor



Avg
 16

H1d

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 4: -23.082 dB 5 600.000 000 MHz

Cor

Avg
 16

H1d

