

## Test Report

Applicant : ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC.  
Applicant Address : 1F., No. 15, Lide Rd., Beitou Dist., Taipei City 112, Taiwan  
Product Type : Intel® Wi-Fi 6 AX201  
Trade Name : Intel  
Model Number : AX201NGW  
Applicable Standard : 47 CFR Part §2.1093  
Received Date : Oct. 13, 2021  
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Issued by

Approved By :

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Kris Pan)

A Test Lab Techno Corp.  
No. 140-1, Changan Street, Bade District,  
Taoyuan City 33465, Taiwan (R.O.C.)  
Tel : +886-3-2710188 / Fax : +886-3-2710190



Taiwan Accreditation Foundation accreditation number: 1330

Test Firm MRA designation number: TW0010

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**Revision History**

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
00	Nov. 24, 2021	Initial Issue	Nicole Chu

## Contents

<b>1. General Information .....</b>	<b>4</b>
1.1 Reference Testing Standards .....	4
<b>2. Test Site Environment.....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>3. Description of Device Under Test (DUT).....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>4. Summary of Maximum Value.....</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>5. Introduction .....</b>	<b>8</b>
5.1 SAR Definition.....	8
5.2 RF Exposure Limits.....	8
<b>6. System Description.....</b>	<b>9</b>
6.1 SAR Measurement System.....	9
6.2 Tissue Simulating Liquids (TSL).....	13
<b>7. System Verification .....</b>	<b>17</b>
7.1 SAR System Verification .....	17
<b>8. Test Equipment List .....</b>	<b>19</b>
8.1 SAR Test Equipment List.....	19
<b>9. Measurement Procedure .....</b>	<b>20</b>
9.1 SAR Measurement Procedure .....	20
<b>10. Measurement Uncertainty .....</b>	<b>23</b>
10.1 SAR Measurement Uncertainty.....	23
<b>11. Measurement Evaluation .....</b>	<b>26</b>
11.1 Positioning of the DUT in Relation to the Phantom.....	26
11.2 SAR Testing with RF Transmitter.....	27
11.3 Conducted Power Measurements .....	29
11.4 Antenna location.....	29
11.5 Test Results.....	30
11.6 Simultaneous Transmission Evaluation.....	34
11.7 Measurement Variability .....	37
11.8 Requirements on the Uncertainty Evaluation .....	38
<b>12. Conclusion.....</b>	<b>38</b>

**Appendix A - Conducted Power Measurements**

**Appendix B - SAR System Performance Check Plots**

**Appendix C - SAR Highest Measurement Plots**

**Appendix D - Calibration Certificates**

**Appendix E - Test Setup Photographs**

## 1. General Information

### 1.1 Reference Testing Standards

Standard	Description	Version
IEC/IEEE 62209-1528	Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Part 1528: Human models, instrumentation, and procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)	2020
IEEE 1528	Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques	2013
IEEE C95.1	American National Standard safety levels with respect to human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields, 300 KHz to 100 GHz, New York	1992
47 CFR Part §2.1093	Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices	-
KDB 248227 D01	SAR guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) transmitters	v02r02
KDB 447498 D01	RF exposure procedures and equipment authorization policies for mobile and portable devices	v06
KDB 616217 D04	SAR evaluation considerations for laptop, notebook and tablet computers	v01r02
KDB 865664 D01	SAR measurement requirement for 100 MHz to 6 GHz	v01r04
KDB 865664 D02	RF exposure compliance reporting and documentation considerations	v01r02

## 2. Test Site Environment

Temperature (°C)	21-23
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### 3. Description of Device Under Test (DUT)

Applicant	ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC. 1F., No. 15, Lide Rd., Beitou Dist., Taipei City 112, Taiwan
Manufacture	ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC. 1F., No. 15, Lide Rd., Beitou Dist., Taipei City 112, Taiwan
Product Type	Intel® Wi-Fi 6 AX201
Trade Name	Intel
Model Number	AX201NGW
SN No.	7194630400036
FCC ID	MSQAX201NG
Host Information	<p>Product Type: Notebook PC Trade Name: ASUS Model Name: B5402CE , B5402CEA, B5402FE, B5408FE, B5402FEA, B5408FEA, B5408CE, B5408CEA, B5402CEAW, B5402FEAW, B5400FE, B5400CE, B5400FEA, B5400CEA</p> <p>All models are electrically identical, different model names are for marketing purpose and the flip angle of panel, as below. B5402FE \ B5402FEA \ B5402FEAW \ B5400FE \ B5400FEA \ B5408FE \ B5408FEA is for 360 degree ; B5402CE \ B5402CEA \ B5402CEAW \ B5400CE \ B5400CEA \ B5408CE \ B5408CEA is for 180 degree</p>
Frequency Range	<p>WLAN 2.4 GHz Band : 2412 - 2472 MHz WLAN 5.2 GHz Band : 5180 - 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3 GHz Band : 5260 - 5320 MHz WLAN 5.6 GHz Band : 5500 - 5720 MHz WLAN 5.8 GHz Band : 5745 - 5825 MHz Bluetooth : 2402 - 2480 MHz</p>
Supported Modulations	WLAN 2.4 GHz : 802.11b / g / n / ax HT20 / HT40 / HE20 / HE40
	WLAN 5 GHz : 802.11a / n / ac / ax HT20 / HT40 / VHT80 / VHT160 / HE20 / HE40 / HE80 / HE160
	Bluetooth : BR/EDR/LE
Device Category	Portable Device
Application Type	Certification

Note:

1. The above information of DUT was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

**Antenna list:**

Antenna Source	ANT	Manufacturer	Part No.(Vendor)	Type	Frequency	Max. Gain(dBi)	
						NB	PAD
1	Chain B	High-Tek	DC33002NB00	PIFA Antenna	2402 - 2480	1.93	1.25
					5150 - 5250	3.26	3.12
					5250 - 5350	3.26	3.39
					5470 - 5725	4.09	4.19
					5725 - 5850	4.25	4.19
	Chain A	High-Tek	DC33002NB10	PIFA Antenna	2402 - 2480	2.77	1.91
					5150 - 5250	3.08	2.67
					5250 - 5350	3.13	3.40
					5470 - 5725	4.24	4.42
					5725 - 5850	4.36	4.50
2	Chain B	MAG.LAYERS	DC33002N900	PIFA Antenna	2402 - 2480	0.90	0.73
					5150 - 5250	2.98	2.73
					5250 - 5350	2.98	3.17
					5470 - 5725	3.79	3.68
					5725 - 5850	3.80	3.68
	Chain A	MAG.LAYERS	DC33002N910	PIFA Antenna	2402 - 2480	2.68	1.38
					5150 - 5250	3.00	2.31
					5250 - 5350	3.05	2.89
					5470 - 5725	3.95	4.23
					5725 - 5850	3.95	4.41

**Note :**

1. Antenna Source 1 (High-Tek) gain is higher. Hence, it is regarded as the initial configuration, and then tested and recorded in this report.
2. Antenna Source 1 (High-Tek) and Antenna Source 2 (MAG.LAYERS) are the same type of antenna, only different in manufacturer.
3. The Chain A is connected to AUX port / Chain B is connected to Main port of module.

#### 4. Summary of Maximum Value

Equipment Class	Mode	Highest Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)		Highest Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	
		Tablet/SKU1		Notebook/SKU2	
		Body standalone SAR 1 g(W/kg)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR	Body standalone SAR 1 g(W/kg)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR
DTS	WLAN2.4GHz Ant Main	0.96	1.34	0.95	1.46
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant Aux	1.04		1.03	
U-NII	WLAN5GHz Ant Main	1.17	1.58	1.03	1.54
	WLAN5GHz Ant Aux	1.13		1.12	
DSS	Bluetooth Ant Aux	0.83	1.58	0.51	1.54

Note:

1. The SAR limit for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.
2. The test procedures, as described in American National Standards, Institute ANSI/IEEE C95.1 were employed and they specify the maximum exposure limit of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm between user and EUT in the uncontrolled environment. A description of the product and operating configuration, detailed summary of the test results, methodology and procedures used in the equipment used are included within this test report.
3. This device has two kinds of SKU, SKU 1 is 360 convertible laptop computer, SKU 2 is laptop only. All circuit designs, circuit board and other related designs are electrically identical.

## 5. Introduction

### 5.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dw) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dw}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dw}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where :

$\sigma$  = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

$\rho$  = mass density of the tissue (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

$E$  = RMS electric field strength (V/m)

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg).

### 5.2 RF Exposure Limits

Table 1 Safety Limits for Controlled / Uncontrolled Environment Exposure

SAR Exposure Limit		
	General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure <sup>1</sup> (W/kg)	Occupational / Controlled Exposure <sup>2</sup> (W/kg)
Spatial Peak SAR <sup>3</sup> (head or Body)	1.60	8.00
Spatial Peak SAR <sup>4</sup> (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40
Spatial Peak SAR <sup>5</sup> (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist )	4.00	20.00

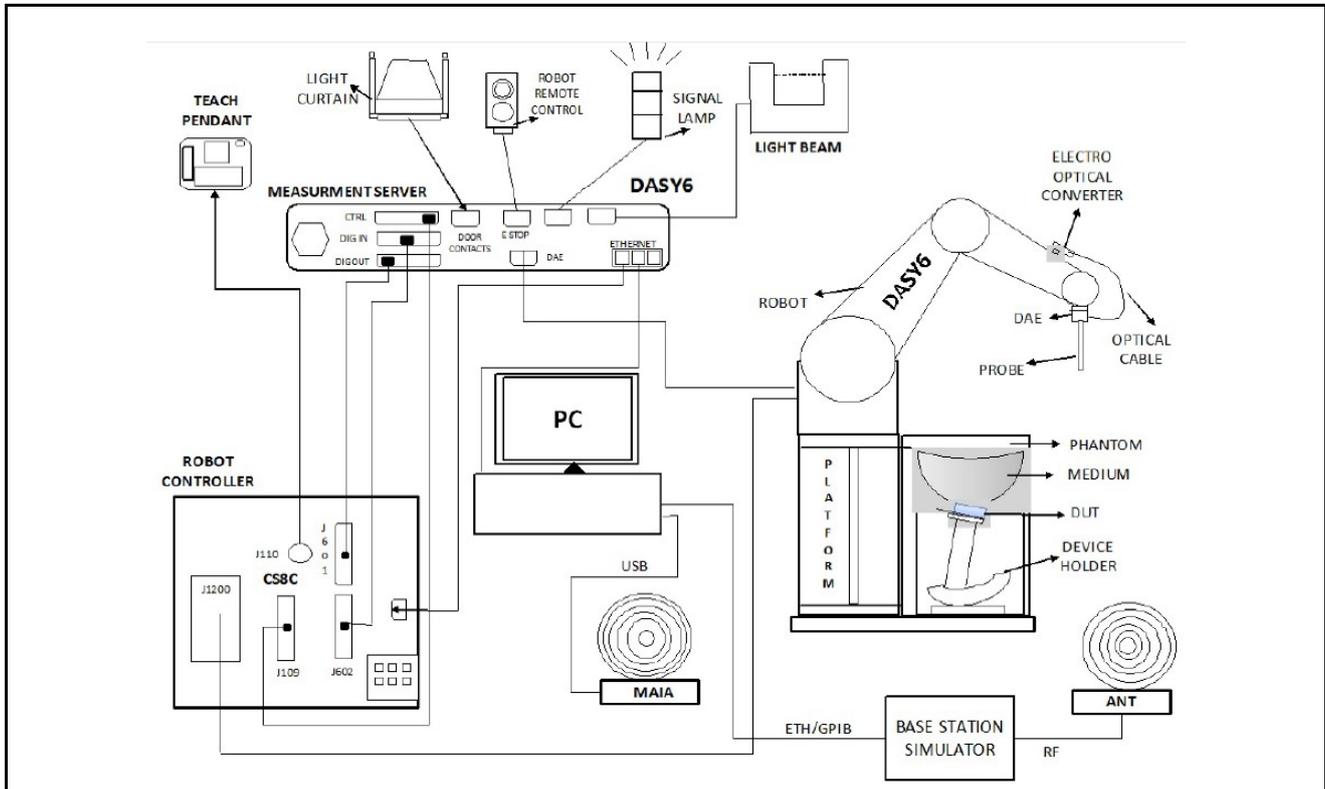
Notes :

1. **General Population / Uncontrolled Environments** are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.
2. **Occupational / Controlled Environments** are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
4. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
5. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

## 6. System Description

### 6.1 SAR Measurement System

The DASY6 system in cDASY6/DASY5 V5.2 SAR Configuration is shown below:



The system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli TX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
2. An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurements.
3. A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
4. The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
5. The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
6. The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
7. A computer running Win7/Win8/Win10 professional operating system and the cDASY6 and DASY5 V5.2 software.
8. Remote controls with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
9. The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.
10. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
11. The validation dipole has been calibrated within and the system performance check has been successful.

**<DASY E-Field Probe System>**

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi-fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped when reaching the maximum.

<b>Construction</b>	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
<b>Frequency</b>	4 MHz to 10 GHz Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 10 GHz)
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.1$ dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.3$ dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
<b>Calibration</b>	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available



**EX3DV4 E-Field Probe**



**Probe setup on robot**

<Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System>

<b>Model</b>	DAE4	
<b>Construction</b>	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
<b>Measurement Range</b>	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4 mV, 400 mV)	
<b>Input Offset Voltage</b>	< 5 $\mu$ V (with auto zero)	
<b>Input Bias Current</b>	< 50 fA	
<b>Dimensions</b>	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

<Robot>

<b>Positioner</b>	Stäubli Unimation Corp.	
<b>Robot Model</b>	TX90XL	
<b>Number of Axes</b>	6	
<b>Nominal Load</b>	5 kg	
<b>Reach</b>	1450 mm	
<b>Repeatability</b>	$\pm$ 0.035 mm	

<Device Holder>

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon=3$  and loss tangent  $\delta=0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

	
Device Holder 1	Device Holder 2

**<Oval Flat Phantom – ELI>**

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (Oval Flat) phantom defined in IEEE 1528, IEC 62209-2 and IEC/IEEE 62209-1528. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of wireless portable device usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.

<b>Shell Thickness</b>	2 ±0.2 mm	
<b>Filling Volume</b>	Approx. 30 liters	
<b>Dimensions</b>	190×600×400 mm (H × L × W)	

**<SAM Phantom>**

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528, IEC 62209-1 and IEC/IEEE 62209-1528. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body-mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

<b>Shell Thickness</b>	2 ±0.2 mm	
<b>Filling Volume</b>	Approx. 25 liters	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	

## 6.2 Tissue Simulating Liquids (TSL)

### <Tissue Dielectric Parameters in IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC/IEEE 62209-1528>

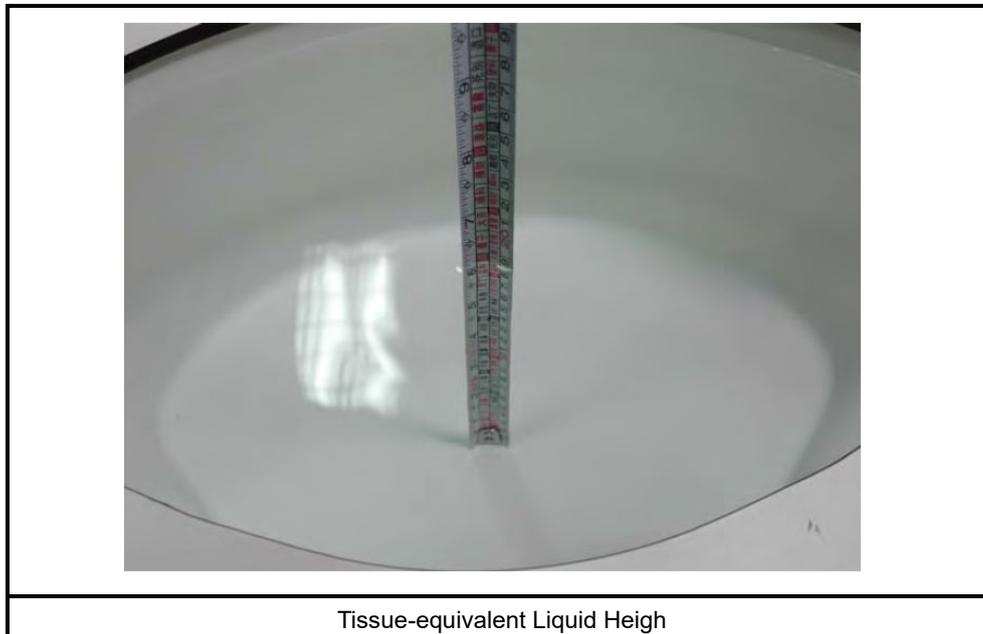
The following table incorporates the tissue dielectric parameters of head recommended by IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC/IEEE 62209-1528. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters which computed by the 4-Cole-Cole equation according to the above-mentioned standards.

**Table 2 Dielectric properties of the tissue-equivalent liquid material**

Frequency (MHz)	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )
30	55.0	0.75
150	52.3	0.76
300	45.3	0.87
450	43.5	0.87
750	41.9	0.89
835	41.5	0.90
900	41.5	0.97
1450	40.5	1.20
1800	40.0	1.40
1900	40.0	1.40
1950	40.0	1.40
2000	40.0	1.40
2100	39.8	1.49
2450	39.2	1.80
2600	39.0	1.98
3000	38.5	2.40
3500	37.9	2.91
4000	37.4	3.43
4500	36.8	3.94
5000	36.2	4.45
5200	36.0	4.66
5400	35.8	4.86
5600	35.5	5.07
5800	35.3	5.27
6000	35.1	5.48
6500	34.5	6.07
7000	33.9	6.65
7500	33.3	7.24
8000	32.7	7.84
8500	32.1	8.46
9000	31.6	9.08
9500	31.0	9.71
10000	30.4	10.4

### <Liquid Depth>

The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be  $\geq 15.0$  cm to ensure that the probe is immersed sufficiently in the tissue medium.



### <Liquid Check>

1. The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a DAKS 3.5 Probe Kit.
2. The SAR testing with IEC tissue parameters as an alternative option to Head and body parameters. The head TSL were applied to body SAR tests with restrictions below:

The mixing and matching of head TSL and body TSL for body SAR testing in a single application are not permitted. For example, testing body SAR with head TSL and then switch to Body TSL for body SAR test is not allowed. The consistency of TSL is required.

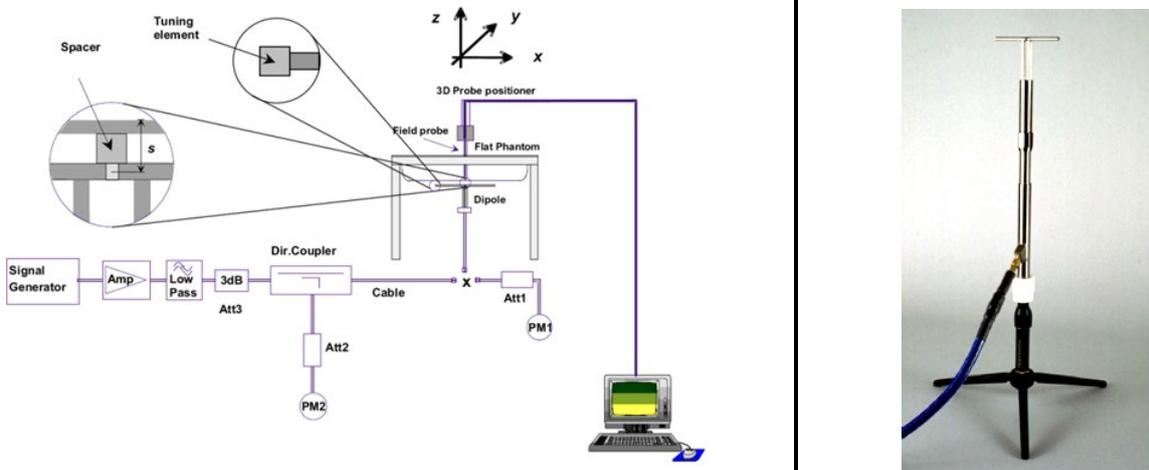
Tissue Temp (°C)	Liquid Type	Frequency (MHz)	Cond.	Perm.	target Cond.	target Perm.	$\sigma$ (Delta) (%)	$\epsilon_r$ (Delta) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
			$\sigma$	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$	$\epsilon_r$				
22.5	Head	2412 MHz	1.78	39.73	1.77	39.27	0.50	1.16	±5	Oct. 18, 2021
22.5	Head	2422 MHz	1.79	39.69	1.78	39.25	0.62	1.11	±5	Oct. 18, 2021
22.5	Head	2437 MHz	1.80	39.63	1.79	39.22	0.79	1.05	±5	Oct. 18, 2021
22.5	Head	2452 MHz	1.82	39.58	1.80	39.20	0.85	0.96	±5	Oct. 18, 2021
22.5	Head	2462 MHz	1.83	39.54	1.81	39.18	0.82	0.91	±5	Oct. 18, 2021
22.5	Head	2467 MHz	1.83	39.52	1.82	39.18	0.85	0.86	±5	Oct. 18, 2021
22.5	Head	2472 MHz	1.84	39.50	1.82	39.17	0.88	0.83	±5	Oct. 18, 2021
22.5	Head	2308MHz	1.64	40.31	1.67	39.44	-2.19	2.20	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	2390MHz	1.73	39.99	1.75	39.30	-1.18	1.74	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	2472MHz	1.82	39.72	1.82	39.17	0.02	1.41	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	2502MHz	1.86	39.67	1.86	39.13	0.51	1.38	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	2594MHz	1.98	39.42	1.95	39.01	1.51	1.04	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	2688MHz	2.10	39.11	2.06	38.89	2.13	0.55	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	2402 MHz	1.76	39.78	1.76	39.28	0.39	1.26	±5	Oct. 18, 2021
22.5	Head	2440 MHz	1.81	39.62	1.79	39.22	0.79	1.02	±5	Oct. 18, 2021
22.5	Head	2480 MHz	1.85	39.47	1.83	39.16	0.88	0.78	±5	Oct. 18, 2021
22.2	Head	5180 MHz	4.67	36.77	4.64	36.02	0.60	2.09	±5	Oct. 19, 2021
22.2	Head	5190 MHz	4.68	36.76	4.65	36.01	0.56	2.08	±5	Oct. 19, 2021
22.2	Head	5200 MHz	4.68	36.74	4.66	36.00	0.52	2.06	±5	Oct. 19, 2021
22.2	Head	5220 MHz	4.70	36.70	4.68	35.98	0.46	1.99	±5	Oct. 19, 2021
22.2	Head	5230 MHz	4.71	36.67	4.69	35.97	0.46	1.96	±5	Oct. 19, 2021
22.2	Head	5240 MHz	4.72	36.65	4.70	35.96	0.52	1.91	±5	Oct. 19, 2021
22.2	Head	5250 MHz	4.74	36.63	4.71	35.95	0.57	1.88	±5	Oct. 19, 2021
22.2	Head	5260 MHz	4.75	36.61	4.72	35.94	0.62	1.86	±5	Oct. 19, 2021
22.2	Head	5270 MHz	4.76	36.59	4.73	35.93	0.66	1.84	±5	Oct. 19, 2021
22.2	Head	5280 MHz	4.77	36.58	4.74	35.92	0.66	1.84	±5	Oct. 19, 2021
22.2	Head	5290 MHz	4.78	36.57	4.75	35.91	0.63	1.82	±5	Oct. 19, 2021
22.2	Head	5300 MHz	4.79	36.55	4.76	35.90	0.58	1.80	±5	Oct. 19, 2021
22.2	Head	5310 MHz	4.80	36.53	4.77	35.89	0.52	1.77	±5	Oct. 19, 2021
22.2	Head	5320 MHz	4.80	36.50	4.78	35.88	0.49	1.73	±5	Oct. 19, 2021
22.5	Head	5180 MHz	4.57	36.71	4.64	36.02	-1.39	1.92	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	5190 MHz	4.59	36.67	4.65	36.01	-1.36	1.82	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	5200 MHz	4.60	36.62	4.66	36.00	-1.25	1.71	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	5220 MHz	4.63	36.57	4.68	35.98	-0.97	1.65	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	5230 MHz	4.65	36.56	4.69	35.97	-0.87	1.63	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	5240 MHz	4.66	36.54	4.70	35.96	-0.84	1.61	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	5250 MHz	4.67	36.50	4.71	35.95	-0.81	1.53	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	5260 MHz	4.68	36.47	4.72	35.94	-0.86	1.48	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	5270 MHz	4.69	36.44	4.73	35.93	-0.94	1.43	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	5280 MHz	4.70	36.42	4.74	35.92	-0.91	1.38	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	5290 MHz	4.71	36.41	4.75	35.91	-0.81	1.38	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	5300 MHz	4.72	36.38	4.76	35.90	-0.76	1.33	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	5310 MHz	4.75	36.37	4.77	35.89	-0.52	1.34	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	5320 MHz	4.76	36.40	4.78	35.88	-0.39	1.46	±5	Nov. 03, 2021

Tissue Temp (°C)	Liquid Type	Frequency (MHz)	Cond.	Perm.	target Cond.	target Perm.	$\sigma$ (Delta) (%)	$\epsilon_r$ (Delta) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
			$\sigma$	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$	$\epsilon_r$				
22.3	Head	5500 MHz	4.93	35.12	4.97	35.65	-0.77	-1.50	±5	Oct. 20, 2021
22.3	Head	5510 MHz	4.93	35.10	4.98	35.64	-0.84	-1.51	±5	Oct. 20, 2021
22.3	Head	5530 MHz	4.95	35.06	5.00	35.61	-0.98	-1.55	±5	Oct. 20, 2021
22.3	Head	5550 MHz	4.97	35.00	5.02	35.58	-0.99	-1.64	±5	Oct. 20, 2021
22.3	Head	5570 MHz	5.00	34.95	5.04	35.55	-0.88	-1.69	±5	Oct. 20, 2021
22.3	Head	5580 MHz	5.01	34.94	5.05	35.53	-0.83	-1.66	±5	Oct. 20, 2021
22.3	Head	5610 MHz	5.04	34.91	5.08	35.49	-0.85	-1.65	±5	Oct. 20, 2021
22.3	Head	5620 MHz	5.04	34.89	5.09	35.48	-0.90	-1.66	±5	Oct. 20, 2021
22.3	Head	5630 MHz	5.05	34.87	5.10	35.47	-0.94	-1.69	±5	Oct. 20, 2021
22.3	Head	5660 MHz	5.08	34.79	5.13	35.44	-0.93	-1.83	±5	Oct. 20, 2021
22.3	Head	5670 MHz	5.09	34.77	5.14	35.43	-0.90	-1.86	±5	Oct. 20, 2021
22.3	Head	5690 MHz	5.12	34.73	5.16	35.41	-0.85	-1.91	±5	Oct. 20, 2021
22.3	Head	5700 MHz	5.13	34.72	5.17	35.40	-0.86	-1.93	±5	Oct. 20, 2021
22.3	Head	5710 MHz	5.14	34.70	5.18	35.39	-0.88	-1.95	±5	Oct. 20, 2021
22.3	Head	5720 MHz	5.14	34.68	5.19	35.38	-0.90	-1.97	±5	Oct. 20, 2021
22.2	Head	5745 MHz	5.24	35.68	5.22	35.36	0.42	0.89	±5	Oct. 21, 2021
22.2	Head	5755 MHz	5.25	35.65	5.23	35.35	0.40	0.85	±5	Oct. 21, 2021
22.2	Head	5775 MHz	5.27	35.61	5.25	35.33	0.42	0.80	±5	Oct. 21, 2021
22.2	Head	5785 MHz	5.28	35.60	5.26	35.32	0.45	0.78	±5	Oct. 21, 2021
22.2	Head	5795 MHz	5.29	35.58	5.27	35.31	0.47	0.77	±5	Oct. 21, 2021
22.2	Head	5825 MHz	5.32	35.55	5.30	35.28	0.40	0.75	±5	Oct. 21, 2021
22.5	Head	5745 MHz	5.31	35.55	5.22	35.36	1.88	0.55	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	5755 MHz	5.31	35.57	5.23	35.35	1.57	0.63	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	5775 MHz	5.29	35.59	5.25	35.33	0.76	0.74	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	5785 MHz	5.27	35.58	5.26	35.32	0.20	0.73	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	5795 MHz	5.26	35.56	5.27	35.31	-0.15	0.71	±5	Nov. 03, 2021
22.5	Head	5825 MHz	5.25	35.45	5.30	35.28	-0.81	0.48	±5	Nov. 03, 2021

## 7. System Verification

### 7.1 SAR System Verification

#### <Symmetric Dipoles for SAR System Verification>

Construction	Symmetrical dipole with $\lambda/4$ balun enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA matched for use near flat phantoms filled with head simulating solutions Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor Calibration Calibrated SAR value for specified position and input power at the flat phantom in head simulating solutions.
Return Loss	> 20 dB at specified verification position.
Options	Dipoles for other frequencies or solutions and other calibration conditions are available upon request.
 <p>The diagram on the left shows the system verification setup. It includes a Signal Generator connected to an Amp, then a Low Pass filter, a 3dB attenuator (Att3), and a Directional Coupler (Dir. Coupler). The Dir. Coupler has two ports: one connected to a Cable leading to a Dipole antenna, and another connected to an Attenuator (Att2) and a Power Meter (PM2). The Dipole antenna is mounted on a 3D Probe positioner, which is placed above a Flat Phantom. A Field probe is also connected to the 3D Probe positioner. A laptop is connected to the 3D Probe positioner. A photograph on the right shows the physical Validation Kit, which consists of a black tripod base, a vertical metal rod, and a horizontal crossbar at the top.</p>	
System Verification Setup Diagram	Validation Kit

### 7.1.1 SAR Verification Summary

Prior to the assessment, the validation data compared to the original value provided by SPEAG should be within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The measured SAR will be normalized to 1 W input power. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and plots can be referred to Appendix B of this report.

Mixture Type	Frequency (MHz)	Power	Probe	Dipole	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/Kg)	Normalize to 1 Watt 1 g (W/Kg)	1 W Target SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/Kg)	SAR <sub>10g</sub> (W/Kg)	Normalize to 1 Watt 10 g (W/Kg)	1 W Target SAR <sub>10g</sub> (W/Kg)	Difference percentage 1 g	Difference percentage 10 g	Date
			Model / Serial No.	Model / Serial No.									
Head	2450	250 mW	EX3DV4-SN3 977	D2450V2 – SN712	13.3	53.2	51.00	6.19	24.76	23.20	4.3%	6.7%	Oct. 18, 2021
Head	2450	250 mW	EX3DV4-SN3 977	D2450V2 – SN712	13.1	52.4	51.00	6.13	24.52	23.20	2.7%	5.7%	Nov. 03, 2021
Head	5250	100 mW	EX3DV4-SN3 977	D5250V2 – SN1021	7.89	78.9	78.40	2.16	21.6	22.20	0.6%	-2.7%	Oct. 19, 2021
Head	5250	100 mW	EX3DV4-SN3 977	D5250V2 – SN1021	8.11	81.1	78.40	2.23	22.3	22.20	3.4%	0.5%	Nov. 03, 2021
Head	5600	100 mW	EX3DV4-SN3 977	D5600V2 – SN1021	8.21	82.1	82.20	2.21	22.1	23.50	-0.1%	-6.0%	Oct. 20, 2021
Head	5750	100 mW	EX3DV4-SN3 977	D5750V2 – SN1021	7.58	75.8	77.30	2.05	20.5	21.70	-1.9%	-5.5%	Oct. 21, 2021
Head	5750	100 mW	EX3DV4-SN3 977	D5750V2 – SN1021	8.38	83.8	77.30	2.28	22.8	21.70	8.4%	5.1%	Nov. 03, 2021

## 8. Test Equipment List

### 8.1 SAR Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Cal. Date	Cal.Period
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	712	2021/04/14	1 year
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1021	2021/04/16	1 year
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3977	2021/07/26	1 year
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	779	2021/07/30	1 year
SPEAG	Measurement Server	SE UMS 011 BB	1241	NCR	
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	NCR	
SPEAG	Phantom	ELI V4.0	1036	NCR	
SPEAG	Robot	Staubli TX90XL	F11/5G9EA1/A/01	NCR	
SPEAG	Software	DASY52 V52.10.4.1535	N/A	NCR	
SPEAG	Software	SEMCAD X V14.6.14(7501)	N/A	NCR	
SPEAG	Network Analyzer	DAKS_VNA R140	0010318	2021/05/26	1 year
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAKS-3.5	1101	2021/05/26	1 year
HILA	Digital Thermometer	TM-906A	1500033	2021/10/28	1 year
Agilent	Power Sensor	8481H	3318A20779	2021/05/26	1 year
Agilent	Power Meter	EDM Series E4418B	GB40206143	2021/05/26	1 year
Agilent	Power Sensor	N1921A	MY45241957	2020/12/09	1 year
Agilent	Power Meter	N1911A	MY45101619	2020/12/09	1 year
Agilent	Signal Generator	E8257D	MY44320425	2021/02/18	1 year
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	N9030A	MT-112	2021/01/08	1 year
Mini-Circuits	Dual Directional Coupler	ZCDC20-5R263-S+	E69806	NCR	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	EMC014225P	980292	NCR	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	EMC2830P	980293	NCR	
EMCI	Power Amplifier	EMC0618-P	980833	NCR	
Aisi	Attenuator	IEAT 3dB	N/A	NCR	

Testing Engineer: Jason Tsao / Ted Hsieh / Rocky Wang

## 9. Measurement Procedure

### 9.1 SAR Measurement Procedure

The measurement procedures are as follows:

1. The DUT is installed engineering testing software that provides continuous transmitting signal.
2. Measure output power through RF cable and power meter
3. Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software
4. Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
5. Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

1. Power reference measurement
2. Area scan
3. Zoom scan
4. Power drift measurement

### 9.1.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures points and step size follow as below. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution.

The measure settings are referred to KDB 865664 D01v01r04 :

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface		5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2)$ mm ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location		30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
		When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	Graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$ : between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points	≤ 1.5 · $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ mm
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: $\delta$ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details. * When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.			

### 9.1.2 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1 g aggregate SAR, the DUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

### 9.1.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the DUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of DUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5 %, the SAR will be retested.

### 9.1.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1 g and 10 g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1 g and 10 g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

1. Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
2. Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
3. Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
4. Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
5. Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
6. Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1 g and 10 g

## 10. Measurement Uncertainty

### 10.1 SAR Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement Uncertainty (0.3-6 GHz)								
Uncertainty Component	Tol.	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci - 1g	Ci - 10g	ui - 1g (%)	ui - 10g (%)	vi
<b>Measurement System</b>								
Probe calibration	12.0	N	2	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Probe Calibration Drift	1.7	R	1.732	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Data acquisition	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Probe Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Broadband Signal	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Isotropy	7.6	R	1.732	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
RF Ambient	1.8	N	1	1	1	1.8	1.8	∞
Probe Positioning	0.2	N	1	0.14	0.14	0.0	0.0	∞
Data Processing	1.2	N	1	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
<b>Phantom and Device Errors</b>								
Conductivity (meas.)DAK	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	2.0	1.8	∞
Conductivity (temp.)	3.3	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4	∞
Phantom Shell Permittivity	14	R	1.732	0	0	0.0	0.0	∞
Distance DUT - TSL	2	N	1	2	2	4.0	4.0	∞
Device Positioning	1	N	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	∞
DUT Modulation	2.4	R	1.732	1	1	1.4	1.4	∞
Time-average SAR	1.7	R	1.732	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
DUT Drift	2.5	N	1	1	1	2.5	2.5	∞
<b>Correction to the SAR Results</b>								
Deviation to Target	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.9	1.6	∞
SAR scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>					RSS	11.0	10.9	
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (95% confidence interval)</b>					k =2	21.9	21.7	

Measurement Uncertainty (3-6 GHz)								
Uncertainty Component	Tol.	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci - 1g	Ci - 10g	ui - 1g (%)	ui - 10g (%)	vi
<b>Measurement System</b>								
Probe Calibration	13.1	N	2	1	1	6.55	6.55	∞
Probe Calibration Drift	1.7	R	1.732	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Data Acquisition	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Probe Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Broadband Signal	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
Probe Isotropy	7.6	R	1.732	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
RF Ambient	1.8	N	1	1	1	1.8	1.8	∞
Probe Positioning	0.2	N	1	0.33	0.33	0.1	0.1	∞
Data Processing	2.3	N	1	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
<b>Phantom and Device Errors</b>								
Conductivity (meas.)DAK	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	2.0	1.8	∞
Conductivity (temp.)	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4	∞
Phantom Shell Permittivity	14	R	1.732	0.25	0.25	2.0	2.0	∞
Distance DUT - TSL	2	N	1	2	2	4.0	4.0	∞
Device Positioning	1	N	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	∞
DUT Modulation	2.4	R	1.732	1	1	1.4	1.4	∞
Time-average SAR	1.7	R	1.732	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
DUT Drift	2.5	N	1	1	1	2.5	2.5	∞
<b>Correction to the SAR Results</b>								
Deviation to Target	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.9	1.6	∞
SAR scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>					RSS	11.6	11.5	
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (95% confidence interval)</b>					k =2	23.2	23.0	

Measurement Uncertainty (6-10 GHz)								
Uncertainty Component	Tol.	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci - 1g	Ci - 10g	ui - 1g (%)	ui - 10g (%)	vi
<b>Measurement System</b>								
Probe calibration	18.6	N	2	1	1	9.3	9.3	∞
Probe Calibration Drift	1.7	R	1.732	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Data Acquisition	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Probe Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Broadband Signal	2.8	R	1.732	1	1	1.6	1.6	∞
Probe Isotropy	7.6	R	1.732	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
RF Ambient Condition	1.8	N	1	1	1	1.8	1.8	∞
Probe Positioning	0.2	N	1	0.67	0.67	0.1	0.1	∞
Data Processing	3.5	N	1	1	1	3.5	3.5	∞
<b>Phantom and Device Errors</b>								
Conductivity (meas.)DAK	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	2.0	1.8	∞
Conductivity (temp.)	2.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0	∞
Phantom Shell Permittivity	14.0	R	1.732	0.5	0.5	4.0	4.0	∞
Distance DUT - TSL	2	N	1	2	2	4.0	4.0	∞
Device Positioning	1	N	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	∞
DUT Modulation	2.4	R	1.732	1	1	1.4	1.4	∞
Time-average SAR	1.7	R	1.732	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
DUT Drift	2.5	N	1	1	1	2.5	2.5	∞
<b>Correction to the SAR Results</b>								
Deviation to Target	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.9	1.6	∞
SAR scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>					RSS	14.0	13.9	
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (95% confidence interval)</b>					k =2	28.0	27.9	

## 11. Measurement Evaluation

### 11.1 Positioning of the DUT in Relation to the Phantom

The following measurement procedure shall be according to RSS-102 Supplementary procedures (SPR-001):

Unless the side(s)/edge(s) of the laptop type computer (laptop mode/tablet mode) containing the built-in antenna(s) was already tested against the flat phantom.

Industry Canada requires SAR measurements to be performed with the side(s)/edge(s) of the display screen containing the built-in antenna(s) pointing towards the flat phantom.

1. If the integrated antenna(s) are located in the back side of the display screen, the back side shall be facing towards the flat phantom at a distance not exceeding 25 mm.
2. If the integrated antenna(s) are installed along the edge(s) of the display screen, the edge(s) shall be facing towards the flat phantom at a distance not exceeding 25 mm.

According to KDB 616217 D04:

1. When antennas are incorporated in the keyboard section of a laptop computer, SAR is required for the bottom surface of the keyboard. Provided tablet use conditions are not supported by the laptop computer, SAR tests for bystander exposure from the edges of the keyboard.
2. Some 2-in-1 tablets may operate with the display folded on top of the keyboard. Most recent tablets are designed with an interactive display that may not require a physical keyboard. Both configurations are used in similar manners and require SAR evaluation for the back surface and edges of the tablet. For keyboards that can be unfolded like a laptop, the procedures for laptop platform should also be applied.

## 11.2 SAR Testing with RF Transmitter

### 11.2.1 SAR Testing with WLAN

A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement. The test frequencies established using test mode must correspond to the actual channel frequencies.

For WLAN SAR testing, the DUT has installed WLAN engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. And the RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100 % duty cycle and crest factor is 1.

- The cards was operated utilizing proprietary software (DRTU) and each channel was measured using a broadband power meter to determine the maximum average power.

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the initial test position(s) by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The initial test position(s) is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the reported SAR for the initial test position is:

- $\leq 0.4$  W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures.
- $> 0.4$  W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or all required test positions are tested.
  - ※ For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
  - ※ When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is  $> 0.8$  W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all required test channels are considered.
  - ※ The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.
- When the specified maximum output power is the same for both UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR measurements in UNII 2A with the channel with the highest measured output power. If the reported SAR for UNII 2A is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is not required for UNII 1; otherwise treat the remaining bands separately and test them independently for SAR.

- When the specified maximum output power is different between UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR with the band that has the higher specified maximum output. If the highest reported SAR for the band with the highest specified power is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, testing for the band with the lower specified output power is not required; otherwise test the remaining bands independently for SAR.

To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is considered as the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.

- After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following:
  - (1) The channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
  - (2) For channels with equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.These channel selection procedures apply to both the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) selection.

### 11.2.2 Gravity Sener (G-sensor) Consideration

This device has built-in G-sensor which triggers power reduction in specified modes. The mechanism operation was verified according to the guidance in TCB workshop Oct.2021. The results shows as follows.

<b>Laptop Mode</b>																			
<A> From close mode 0 degrees, open the screen in 10 degree step until laptop mode is obtained.																			
<B> Move back by 5 degree, until close mode is obtained again.																			
<C> Open the screen in 1 degree steps until laptop mode is obtained again and continue opening the screen in 1 degree steps at least 5 degrees.																			
<D> Then continue opening the screen in 10 degree steps until tablet mode is obtained.																			
Degree	0	10	20	30	40	50...	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192
Trigger	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	O	O	O
Degree	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200	210	220	230	240	250	260	270...	360
Trigger	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
<b>Tablet Mode</b>																			
<A> From tablet mode 360 degrees, open the screen in 10 degree step until laptop mode is obtained again.																			
<B> Move back by 5 degree, until open mode is obtained.																			
<C> Close the screen in 1 degree steps until laptop mode is obtained and continue closing the screen in 1 degree steps at least 5 degrees.																			
<D> Then continue closing the screen in 10 degree steps until laptop mode is obtained.																			
Degree	360	350	340	330	320	310...	200	199	198	197	196	195	194	193	192	191	190	189	188
Trigger	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	O	O
Degree	187	186	185	184	183	182	181	180	170	160	150	140	130	120	110	100	90	80...	0
Trigger	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
<b>Note:</b>																			
1. This table were summarized the results of the step <A> to <D> in each mode.																			
2. "X" denotes that the present mode is carried on; "O" denotes switching to another mode.																			
3. When the hinge angles = 0°~ 189°, DUT will read the laptop mode power table; when the hinge angles = 190°~ 360°, DUT will read the tablet mode power table.																			

### 11.3 Conducted Power Measurements

Refer to Appendix A.

### 11.4 Antenna location

Refer to Appendix E.

## 11.5 Test Results

### 11.5.1 SAR Test Result

Index.	Band	Modulation	Frequency		Test Position	Spacing (mm)	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/Kg)	Burst Avg Power (dBm)	Max Tune-up (dBm)	Duty Cycle (%)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Antenna	Antenna Manufacturer
			Ch.	MHz									
51*	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	6	2437	Bottom of laptop	0	0.921	15.92	16	99.13	0.95	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	1	2412	Bottom of laptop	0	0.893	15.87	16	99.13	0.93	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	11	2462	Bottom of laptop	0	0.891	15.84	16	99.13	0.93	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	12	2467	Bottom of laptop	0	0.878	15.83	16	99.13	0.92	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	13	2472	Bottom of laptop	0	0.733	15.32	15.5	99.13	0.77	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	6	2437	Bottom Face	0	0.836	12.36	12.5	99.13	0.87	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	1	2412	Bottom Face	0	0.859	12.33	12.5	99.13	0.90	Ant Main	High-Tek
52	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	11	2462	Bottom Face	0	0.913	12.34	12.5	99.13	0.96	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	11	2462	Bottom Face	0	0.839	12.34	12.5	99.13	0.88	Ant Main	MAG.LAYERS
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	12	2467	Bottom Face	0	0.817	12.29	12.5	99.13	0.87	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	13	2472	Bottom Face	0	0.811	12.33	12.5	99.13	0.85	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	6	2437	Side 1	0	0.557	12.36	12.5	99.13	0.58	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	6	2437	Side 2	0	0.01	12.36	12.5	99.13	0.01	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	6	2437	Side 3	0	0.01	12.36	12.5	99.13	0.01	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	6	2437	Side 4	0	0.01	12.36	12.5	99.13	0.01	Ant Main	High-Tek
53*	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	11	2462	Bottom of laptop	0	0.988	15.34	15.5	99.07	1.03	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	1	2412	Bottom of laptop	0	0.938	15.25	15.5	99.07	1.00	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	6	2437	Bottom of laptop	0	0.909	15.26	15.5	99.07	0.97	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	12	2467	Bottom of laptop	0	0.871	15.23	15.5	99.07	0.94	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	13	2472	Bottom of laptop	0	0.866	15.14	15.5	99.07	0.95	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	6	2437	Bottom Face	0	0.934	12.93	13	99.07	0.96	Ant Aux	High-Tek
54	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	1	2412	Bottom Face	0	0.991	12.85	13	99.07	1.04	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	1	2412	Bottom Face	0	0.933	12.85	13	99.07	0.97	Ant Aux	MAG.LAYERS
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	11	2462	Bottom Face	0	0.925	12.89	13	99.07	0.96	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	12	2467	Bottom Face	0	0.903	12.79	13	99.07	0.96	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	13	2472	Bottom Face	0	0.889	12.87	13	99.07	0.92	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	6	2437	Side 1	0	0.744	12.93	13	99.07	0.76	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	6	2437	Side 2	0	0.033	12.93	13	99.07	0.03	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	6	2437	Side 3	0	0.01	12.93	13	99.07	0.01	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	6	2437	Side 4	0	0.01	12.93	13	99.07	0.01	Ant Aux	High-Tek

Note: The index number with symbol "\*" is for SPLSR analysis only.

Index.	Band	Modulation	Frequency		Test Position	Spacing (mm)	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/Kg)	Burst Avg Power (dBm)	Max Tune-up (dBm)	Duty Cycle (%)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Antenna	Antenna Manufacturer
			Ch.	MHz									
	Bluetooth		39	2441	Bottom of laptop	0	0.321	9.12	10	76.53	0.51	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	Bluetooth		0	2402	Bottom of laptop	0	0.199	8.99	10	76.53	0.33	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	Bluetooth		78	2480	Bottom of laptop	0	0.194	9.00	10	76.53	0.32	Ant Aux	High-Tek
89	Bluetooth		39	2441	Bottom Face	0	0.521	9.12	10	76.53	0.83	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	Bluetooth		39	2441	Bottom Face	0	0.497	9.12	10	76.53	0.80	Ant Aux	MAG.LAYERS
	Bluetooth		0	2402	Bottom Face	0	0.464	8.99	10	76.53	0.77	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	Bluetooth		78	2480	Bottom Face	0	0.463	9.00	10	76.53	0.76	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	Bluetooth		39	2441	Side 1	0	0.259	9.12	10	76.53	0.41	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	Bluetooth		39	2441	Side 2	0	0.01	9.12	10	76.53	0.02	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	Bluetooth		39	2441	Side 3	0	0.01	9.12	10	76.53	0.02	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	Bluetooth		39	2441	Side 4	0	0.01	9.12	10	76.53	0.02	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	50	5310	Bottom of laptop	0	0.759	14.49	14.5	96.12	0.79	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	58	5290	Bottom of laptop	0	0.832	14.45	14.5	96.12	0.88	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	50	5250	Bottom Face	0	0.529	9.94	10	96.12	0.56	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	58	5290	Side 1	0	0.946	9.99	10	96.12	0.99	Ant Main	High-Tek
1	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	50	5250	Side 1	0	1.11	9.94	10	96.12	1.17	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	50	5250	Side 1	0	1.04	9.94	10	96.12	1.10	Ant Main	MAG.LAYERS
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	50	5250	Side 2	0	0.01	9.94	10	96.12	0.01	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	50	5250	Side 3	0	0.01	9.94	10	96.12	0.01	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	50	5250	Side 4	0	0.01	9.94	10	96.12	0.01	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n HT40	54	5270	Bottom of laptop	0	0.642	17.45	17.5	96.12	0.68	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n HT40	62	5310	Bottom of laptop	0	0.605	16.22	16.5	96.12	0.67	Ant Aux	High-Tek
2	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	50	5250	Bottom Face	0	0.945	10.25	10.5	96.12	1.04	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	50	5250	Bottom Face	0	0.865	10.25	10.5	96.12	0.95	Ant Aux	MAG.LAYERS
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	58	5290	Bottom Face	0	0.896	10.49	10.5	96.12	0.93	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	50	5250	Side 1	0	0.46	10.25	10.5	96.12	0.51	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	50	5250	Side 2	0	0.01	10.25	10.5	96.12	0.01	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	50	5250	Side 3	0	0.01	10.25	10.5	96.12	0.01	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	50	5250	Side 4	0	0.01	10.25	10.5	96.12	0.01	Ant Aux	High-Tek

Note: The index number with symbol "\*" is for SPLSR analysis only.

Index.	Band	Modulation	Frequency		Test Position	Spacing	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Burst Avg Power (dBm)	Max Tune-up (dBm)	Duty Cycle (%)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Antenna	Antenna Manufacturer
			Ch.	MHz		(mm)	(W/Kg)						
13*	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	106	5530	Bottom of laptop	0	0.969	14.90	15	96.10	1.03	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	122	5610	Bottom of laptop	0	0.95	14.86	15	96.10	1.02	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	138	5690	Bottom of laptop	0	0.934	14.88	15	96.10	1.00	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	114	5570	Bottom Face	0	0.623	9.48	9.5	96.10	0.65	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	114	5570	Side 1	0	1.05	9.48	9.5	96.10	1.10	Ant Main	High-Tek
3	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	106	5530	Side 1	0	1.11	9.49	9.5	96.10	1.16	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	106	5530	Side 1	0	0.7	9.49	9.5	96.10	0.73	Ant Main	MAG.LAYERS
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	114	5570	Side 2	0	0.01	9.48	9.5	96.10	0.01	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	114	5570	Side 3	0	0.01	9.48	9.5	96.10	0.01	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	114	5570	Side 4	0	0.01	9.48	9.5	96.10	0.01	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	138	5690	Bottom of laptop	0	0.89	17.24	17.25	96.10	0.93	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	106	5530	Bottom of laptop	0	0.881	17.19	17.25	96.10	0.93	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	122	5610	Bottom of laptop	0	0.878	17.14	17.25	96.10	0.94	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	114	5570	Bottom Face	0	0.876	9.91	10	96.10	0.93	Ant Aux	High-Tek
4	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	138	5690	Bottom Face	0	0.924	9.90	10	96.10	0.98	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	138	5690	Bottom Face	0	0.917	9.90	10	96.10	0.98	Ant Aux	MAG.LAYERS
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	114	5570	Side 1	0	0.509	9.91	10	96.10	0.54	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	114	5570	Side 2	0	0.01	9.91	10	96.10	0.01	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	114	5570	Side 3	0	0.01	9.91	10	96.10	0.01	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	114	5570	Side 4	0	0.01	9.91	10	96.10	0.01	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	Bottom of laptop	0	0.957	16.45	16.5	96.10	1.01	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n HT40	159	5795	Bottom of laptop	0	0.979	16.47	16.5	96.10	1.03	Ant Main	High-Tek
67*	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	Bottom Face	0	0.647	8.76	9	96.10	0.71	Ant Main	High-Tek
5	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	Side 1	0	1.03	8.76	9	96.10	1.13	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	Side 1	0	0.845	8.76	9	96.10	0.93	Ant Main	MAG.LAYERS
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n HT40	159	5795	Side 1	0	1	8.97	9	96.10	1.05	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	Side 2	0	0.01	8.76	9	96.10	0.01	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	Side 3	0	0.01	8.76	9	96.10	0.01	Ant Main	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	Side 4	0	0.01	8.76	9	96.10	0.01	Ant Main	High-Tek

Note: The index number with symbol "\*" is for SPLSR analysis only.

Index.	Band	Modulation	Frequency		Test Position	Spacing	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Burst Avg Power (dBm)	Max Tune-up (dBm)	Duty Cycle (%)	Reported SAR 1 g	Antenna	Antenna Manufacturer
			Ch.	MHz		(mm)	(W/Kg)						
16*	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	Bottom of laptop	0	1.04	17.36	17.5	96.10	1.12	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n HT40	159	5795	Bottom of laptop	0	0.98	17.39	17.5	96.10	1.05	Ant Aux	High-Tek
6	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	Bottom Face	0	1.04	9.83	10	96.10	1.13	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	Bottom Face	0	1.03	9.83	10	96.10	1.12	Ant Aux	MAG.LAYERS
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n HT40	159	5795	Bottom Face	0	0.929	9.98	10	96.10	0.97	Ant Aux	High-Tek
66*	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	Side 1	0	0.6	9.83	10	96.10	0.65	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	Side 2	0	0.01	9.83	10	96.10	0.01	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	Side 3	0	0.01	9.83	10	96.10	0.01	Ant Aux	High-Tek
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	Side 4	0	0.01	9.83	10	96.10	0.01	Ant Aux	High-Tek

Note: The index number with symbol "\*" is for SPLSR analysis only.

## 11.6 Simultaneous Transmission Evaluation

### 11.6.1 Simultaneous Transmission Configurations

Condition	Band				
	WLAN 2.4GHz Ant Main	WLAN 2.4GHz Ant Aux	WLAN 5GHz Ant Main	WLAN 5GHz Ant Aux	Bluetooth
1	V	V	-	-	-
2	V	-	-	-	V
3	-	-	V	V	-
4	-	-	V	-	V
5	-	-	V	V	V

### 11.6.2 Simultaneous Transmission Result

When the sum of 1-g SAR of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration.

Sum of 1-g SAR of summary is shown as below:

Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	5	1+2 $\Sigma$ 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+5 $\Sigma$ 1g SAR (W/kg)	3+4 $\Sigma$ 1g SAR (W/kg)	3+5 $\Sigma$ 1g SAR (W/kg)	3+4+5 $\Sigma$ 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant Main	WLAN2.4GHz Ant Aux	WLAN5GHz Ant Main	WLAN5GHz Ant Aux	Bluetooth Ant Aux					
	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)					
Bottom Face at 0mm -	0.960	1.040	0.710	1.130	0.830	2.000	1.790	1.840	1.540	2.670
side 1 at 0mm -	0.580	0.760	1.170	0.650	0.410	1.340	0.990	1.820	1.580	2.230
side 2 at 0mm -	0.010	0.030	0.010	0.010	0.020	0.040	0.030	0.020	0.030	0.040
side 3 at 0mm -	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.020	0.020	0.030	0.020	0.030	0.040
side 4 at 0mm -	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.020	0.020	0.030	0.020	0.030	0.040

Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	5	1+2 $\Sigma$ 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+5 $\Sigma$ 1g SAR (W/kg)	3+4 $\Sigma$ 1g SAR (W/kg)	3+5 $\Sigma$ 1g SAR (W/kg)	3+4+5 $\Sigma$ 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant Main	WLAN2.4GHz Ant Aux	WLAN5GHz Ant Main	WLAN5GHz Ant Aux	Bluetooth Ant Aux					
	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)					
Bottom of laptop at 0mm -	0.950	1.030	1.030	1.120	0.510	1.980	1.460	2.150	1.540	2.660

### 11.6.3 SAR to peak location separation (SPLSR)

According to KDB 447498, when the sum of SAR is greater than the limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio (SPLSR), and the simultaneously transmitting antennas must be considered one pair at a time. The ratio is determined by  $(SAR1+SAR2)^{1.5} / (\text{separation distance between the peak SAR locations for the antenna pair, mm})$ , round to two decimal digits, and must be  $\leq 0.04$  for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for 1-g SAR test exclusion.

#1_WLAN2.4GHz Main + WLAN2.4GHz Aux						
Antenna	Index	Frequency (GHz)	Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	$\Sigma$ Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Antenna pair (mm)	Peak location separation ratio
WLAN2.4GHz Main	52	2462	0.960	2.000	195.21	0.01
WLAN2.4GHz Aux	54	2412	1.040			
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Maxima and position w.r.t. Grid Reference Point</b>   associated 1g averages						
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Zoom Scan (C:\Users\ATLSAR\Desktop\Temp\SPLSR\#1\52_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b_CH 11_Bottom Face_0m...</b>						
Max. 1 at (101.40, -89.00, 1.30) mm			0.96 W/kg (Power Scale Factor: 1.046866172)			
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Zoom Scan (C:\Users\ATLSAR\Desktop\Temp\SPLSR\#1\54_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b_CH 1_Bottom Face_0mm...</b>						
Max. 2 at (99.20, 106.20, 0.94) mm			1.04 W/kg (Power Scale Factor: 1.044458446)			
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Distances and Separation Ratios</b>						
Max. 1 - Max. 2			Distance [mm]: 195.21 / Separation ratio [W/kg/mm]: 0.01			

#2_WLAN2.4GHz Main +Bluetooth Aux						
Antenna	Index	Frequency (GHz)	Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	$\Sigma$ Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Antenna pair (mm)	Peak location separation ratio
WLAN2.4GHz Main	52	2462	0.960	1.790	196.6	0.01
Bluetooth Aux	89	2441	0.830			
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Maxima and position w.r.t. Grid Reference Point</b>   associated 1g averages						
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Zoom Scan (C:\Users\ATLSAR\Desktop\Temp\SPLSR\#2\52_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b_CH 11_Bottom Face_0m...</b>						
Max. 1 at (101.40, -89.00, 1.30) mm			0.96 W/kg (Power Scale Factor: 1.046866172)			
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Zoom Scan (C:\Users\ATLSAR\Desktop\Temp\SPLSR\#2\89_Bluetooth_CH 39_Bottom Face_0mm_Ant Aux.da...</b>						
Max. 2 at (101.40, 107.60, 1.31) mm			0.83 W/kg (Power Scale Factor: 1.600573372)			
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Distances and Separation Ratios</b>						
Max. 1 - Max. 2			Distance [mm]: 196.60 / Separation ratio [W/kg/mm]: 0.01			

#3_WLAN5Hz Main + WLAN5Hz Aux						
Antenna	Index	Frequency (GHz)	Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Σ Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Antenna pair (mm)	Peak location separation ratio
WLAN 5GHz Main	67*	5775	0.710	1.840	199.31	0.01
WLAN 5GHz Aux	6	5775	1.130			
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Maxima and position w.r.t. Grid Reference Point</b>   associated 1g averages						
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Zoom Scan (C:\Users\dasy\Desktop\SPLSR\#2\67_WLAN5GHz_802.11ac_VHT80_CH 155_Bottom Face_0 mm_Ant Main.da53:0/Flat)</b> Max. 1 at (107.00, -85.60, 0.89) mm   0.71 W/kg (Power Scale Factor: 1.100147027)						
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Zoom Scan (C:\Users\dasy\Desktop\SPLSR\#2\06_WLAN5GHz_802.11ac_VHT80_CH 155_Bottom Face_0 mm_Ant Aux.da53:0/Flat)</b> Max. 2 at (100.40, 113.60, 0.68) mm   1.13 W/kg (Power Scale Factor: 1.082556893)						
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Distances and Separation Ratios</b> Max. 1 - Max. 2   Distance [mm]: 199.31 / Separation ratio [W/kg/mm]: 0.01						

#4_WLAN5Hz Main + WLAN5Hz Aux						
Antenna	Index	Frequency (GHz)	Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Σ Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Antenna pair (mm)	Peak location separation ratio
WLAN 5GHz Main	1	5250	1.170	1.820	190.22	0.01
WLAN 5GHz Aux	66*	5775	0.650			
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Maxima and position w.r.t. Grid Reference Point</b>   associated 1g averages						
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Zoom Scan (C:\Users\dasy\Desktop\SPLSR\#3\01_WLAN5GHz_802.11ac_VHT160_CH 50_Side 1_0 mm_Ant Main.da53:0/Flat)</b> Max. 1 at (-4.00, -88.80, 0.24) mm   1.17 W/kg (Power Scale Factor: 1.054467841)						
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Zoom Scan (C:\Users\dasy\Desktop\SPLSR\#3\66_WLAN5GHz_802.11ac_VHT80_CH 155_Side 1_0 mm_Ant Aux.da53:0/Flat)</b> Max. 2 at (-1.40, 101.40, -0.54) mm   0.65 W/kg (Power Scale Factor: 1.082556893)						
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Distances and Separation Ratios</b> Max. 1 - Max. 2   Distance [mm]: 190.22 / Separation ratio [W/kg/mm]: 0.01						

#5_WLAN2.4GHz Main + WLAN2.4GHz Aux						
Antenna	Index	Frequency (GHz)	Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Σ Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Antenna pair (mm)	Peak location separation ratio
WLAN 2.4GHz Main	51*	2437	0.950	1.980	198.42	0.01
WLAN 2.4GHz Aux	53*	2462	1.030			
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Maxima and position w.r.t. Grid Reference Point</b>   associated 1g averages						
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Zoom Scan (C:\Users\ATLSAR\Desktop\Temp\SPLSR\#7\51_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b_CH 6_Bottom of laptop_0...</b> Max. 1 at (-108.60, -86.80, 1.24) mm   0.95 W/kg (Power Scale Factor: 1.027758711)						
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Zoom Scan (C:\Users\ATLSAR\Desktop\Temp\SPLSR\#7\53_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b_CH 11_Bottom of laptop_...</b> Max. 2 at (-105.80, 111.60, 1.34) mm   1.03 W/kg (Power Scale Factor: 1.046866172)						
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Distances and Separation Ratios</b> Max. 1 - Max. 2   Distance [mm]: 198.42 / Separation ratio [W/kg/mm]: 0.01						

#6_WLAN5Hz Main + WLAN5Hz Aux						
Antenna	Index	Frequency (GHz)	Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Σ Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Antenna pair (mm)	Peak location separation ratio
WLAN5Hz Main	13*	5530	1.030	2.150	179.45	0.02
WLAN5Hz Aux	16*	5775	1.120			
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Maxima and position w.r.t. Grid Reference Point</b>   associated 1g averages						
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Zoom Scan (C:\Users\ATLSAR\Desktop\Temp\SPLSR\#8\13_WLAN5GHz_802.11ac VHT80_CH 106_Bottom of...</b>						
Max. 1 at (-110.60, -76.00, 1.03) mm				1.03 W/kg (Power Scale Factor: 1.065248005)		
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Zoom Scan (C:\Users\ATLSAR\Desktop\Temp\SPLSR\#8\16_WLAN5GHz_802.11ac VHT80_CH 155_Bottom of...</b>						
Max. 2 at (-106.60, 103.40, 0.44) mm				1.12 W/kg (Power Scale Factor: 1.075104623)		
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Distances and Separation Ratios</b>						
Max. 1 - Max. 2				Distance [mm]: 179.45 / Separation ratio [W/kg/mm]: 0.02		

### 11.7 Measurement Variability

Band	Modulation	Frequency		Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Note	Original SAR 1 g	First SAR 1 g	First Ratio SAR 1 g	Antenna
		Ch.	MHz				(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	11	2462	Bottom Face	0	original #52_once	0.913	0.905	0.88%	Ant Main
WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	1	2412	Bottom Face	0	original #54_once	0.991	0.962	2.93%	Ant AUX
WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	50	5250	Side 1	0	original #1_once	1.11	1.1	0.90%	Ant Main
WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT160	50	5250	Bottom Face	0	original #2_once	0.945	0.942	0.32%	Ant AUX
WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	106	5530	Side 1	0	original #3_once	1.11	1.07	3.60%	Ant Main
WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	138	5690	Bottom Face	0	original #4_once	0.924	0.918	0.65%	Ant AUX
WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	Side 1	0	original #5_once	1.03	0.983	4.56%	Ant Main
WLAN5GHz	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	Bottom Face	0	original #6_once	1.04	1.02	1.92%	Ant AUX

According to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium.

The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required:

1. The original highest measured Reported SAR 1-g is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeated that measurement once.
2. Perform a second repeated measurement the ratio of the largest to the smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is  $< 1.2$  W/kg, or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.45$  W/kg (~10% from the 1-g SAR limit).

## 11.8 Requirements on the Uncertainty Evaluation

Decision Rule

- Uncertainty is not included.  
 Uncertainty is included.

The highest measured 1-g SAR is less than 1.5 W/kg and the highest measured 10-g SAR is less than 3.75 W/kg. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 is not required.

## 12. Conclusion

The SAR test values found for the device are below the maximum limit of 1.6 W/kg.

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