



Neutron Engineering Inc.

FCC DFS Test Report

FCC ID: MCLCS-E340W

This report concerns (check one) : ☒ Original Grant ☐ Class I Change

Issued Date : Oct. 29, 2013
Project No. : 1308C100
Equipment : Cisco Edge 340
Model Name : CS-E340W
Applicant : HON HAI Precision Ind. Co., Ltd.
Address : 5F-1, 5, Hsin-An Road, Hsinchu
Science-Based Industrial Park, Hsinchu,
Taiwan

Tested by: Neutron Engineering Inc. EMC Laboratory

Date of Receipt: Aug. 12, 2013

Date of Test: Aug. 12, 2013 ~ Oct. 28, 2013

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Declaration

Neutron represents to the client that testing is done in accordance with standard procedures as applicable and that test instruments used has been calibrated with the standards traceable to National Measurement Laboratory (**NML**) of **R.O.C.**, or National Institute of Standards and Technology (**NIST**) of **U.S.A.**

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For the use of the authority's logo is limited unless the Test Standard(s)/Scope(s)/Item(s) mentioned in this test report is (are) included in the conformity assessment authorities acceptance respective.



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1. CERTIFICATION

Equipment : Cisco Edge 340
Trade Name : Cisco
Model Name. : CS-E340W
Applicant : HON HAI Precision Ind. Co., Ltd.
Manufacturer : Hon Hai Precision Ind Co, Ltd
Address : Hsinchu Science Park Branch Office 5F-1 5, Hsin-an Rd Hsinchu Science
Based Industrial Park Hsinchu, Taiwan
Factory : HONG FU JIN PRECISION INDUSTRY (SHEN ZHEN) CO LTD
Address : Bldg D10, F21, No 2, 2 nd DONGGUAN RD, 10 th YOUSONG INDUSTRIAL
DISTRICT, LONGHUA TOWN, BAOAN, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG,
CHINA.
Date of Test: : Aug. 12, 2013 ~ Oct. 28, 2013
Test Item : ENGINEERING SAMPLE
Standard(s) : FCC Part 15, Subpart E (Section 15.407) FCC 06-96

The above equipment has been tested and found compliance with the requirement of the relative standards by Neutron Engineering Inc. EMC Laboratory.

This test report consists of 57 pages in total.

The test data, data evaluation, and equipment configuration contained in our test report (Ref No. NEI-FCCP-6-1308C100) were obtained utilizing the test procedures, test instruments, test sites that has been accredited by the Authority of TAF according to the ISO-17025 quality assessment standard and technical standard(s).

Test result included in this report is only for the DFS Mode part of the product.

Testing Engineer : David Mao
(David Mao)
Technical Manager : Leo Hung
(Leo Hung)
Authorized Signatory : Steven Lu
(Steven Lu)

2. EUT INFORMATION

2.1 EUT SPECIFICATION TABLE

Table 1: Specification of EUT

Product name	Cisco Edge 340
Brand Name	Cisco
Model	CS-E340W
FCC ID	MCLCS-E340W
Software Version	SW 0.8
Firmware Version	01S1
Operational Mode	Master
Operating Frequency Range	5250MHz~5350MHz&5470MHz~5725MHz
Modulation	OFDM

Note: This device was functioned as a ☒ Master ☐ Slave device during the DFS

2.2 DESCRIPTION OF AVAILABLE ANTENNAS TO THE EUT

Table 2: Antenna list.

Group 1

Ant.	Manufacturer	Model Name	Antenna Type	Connector	Gain (dBi)
1	FOXCONN	FX01G64-0G-EF	Integral Antenna	N/A	3.7
2	FOXCONN	FX01G65-0G-EF	Integral Antenna	N/A	2.3

Group 2

Ant.	Manufacturer	Model Name	Antenna Type	Connector	Gain (dBi)
3	FOXCONN	FX01G67-0G-EF	Dipole Antenna	SMA Connector	3.59
4	FOXCONN	FX01G67-0G-EF	Dipole Antenna	SMA Connector	3.59

Note:

This external dipole antenna can be connected to the EUT either directly or by a external cable, after assessing it is the worst case when the antenna is connected to the EUT by the external cable.



2.3 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER AND EIRP POWER

TABLE 3: THE CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER LIST

TX (11a) for Integral Antenna

FREQUENCY BAND (MHz)	MAX. POWER	
	OUTPUT POWER(dBm)	OUTPUT POWER(mW)
5250~5350	15.00	31.6228
5470~5725	15.00	31.6228

TX (11n 40MHz) for Integral Antenna

FREQUENCY BAND (MHz)	MAX. POWER	
	OUTPUT POWER(dBm)	OUTPUT POWER(mW)
5250~5350	10.35	10.8393
5470~5725	10.75	11.8850

TX (11a) for Dipole Antenna with external cable

FREQUENCY BAND (MHz)	MAX. POWER	
	OUTPUT POWER(dBm)	OUTPUT POWER(mW)
5250~5350	15.03	31.8420
5470~5725	15.12	32.5087

TX (11n 40MHz) for Dipole Antenna with external cable

FREQUENCY BAND (MHz)	MAX. POWER	
	OUTPUT POWER(dBm)	OUTPUT POWER(mW)
5250~5350	10.40	10.9648
5470~5725	10.36	10.8643



2.4 EUT MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM E.I.R.P. POWER

TABLE 4: THE MAX EIRP LIST

TX (11a) for Integral Antenna

FREQUENCY BAND (MHz)	MAX. POWER	
	OUTPUT POWER(dBm)	OUTPUT POWER(mW)
5250~5350	18.70	74.1310
5470~5725	18.70	74.1310

TX (11n 40MHz) for Integral Antenna

FREQUENCY BAND (MHz)	MAX. POWER	
	OUTPUT POWER(dBm)	OUTPUT POWER(mW)
5250~5350	14.05	25.4097
5470~5725	14.45	27.8612

TX (11a) for Dipole Antenna with external cable

FREQUENCY BAND (MHz)	MAX. POWER	
	OUTPUT POWER(dBm)	OUTPUT POWER(mW)
5250~5350	18.73	76.6449
5470~5725	18.82	76.2079

TX (11n 40MHz) for Dipole Antenna with external cable

FREQUENCY BAND (MHz)	MAX. POWER	
	OUTPUT POWER(dBm)	OUTPUT POWER(mW)
5250~5350	14.10	25.7040
5470~5725	14.06	25.4683



3. U-NII DFS RULE REQUIREMENTS

3.1 WORKING MODES AND REQUIRED TEST ITEMS

The manufacturer shall state whether the UUT is capable of operating as a Master and/or a Client. If the UUT is capable of operating in more than one operating mode then each operating mode shall be tested separately. See tables 1 and 2 for the applicability of DFS requirements for each of the operational modes.

Table 5: Applicability of DFS requirements prior to use a channel

Requirement	Operational Mode		
	Master	Client without radar detection	Client with radar detection
Non-Occupancy Period	✓	Not required	✓
DFS Detection Threshold	✓	Not required	✓
Channel Availability Check Time	✓	Not required	Not required
Uniform Spreading	✓	Not required	Not required
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	✓	Not required	✓

Table 6: Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation.

Requirement	Operational Mode		
	Master	Client without radar detection	Client with radar detection
DFS Detection Threshold	✓	Not required	✓
Channel Closing Transmission Time	✓	✓	✓
Channel Move Time	✓	✓	✓
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	✓	Not required	✓



3.2 TEST LIMITS AND RADAR SIGNAL PARAMETERS

DETECTION THRESHOLD VALUES

Table 7: DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices and Client Devices With Radar Detection.

Maximum Transmit Power	Value (See Notes 1 and 2)
≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm
< 200 milliwatt	-62 dBm

Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.

Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.

Table 8: DFS Response Requirement Values

Parameter	Value
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds
Channel Move Time	10 seconds See Note 1.
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second period. See Notes 1 and 2.
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 80% of the UNII 99% transmission power bandwidth. See Note 3.

Note 1: The instant that the Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time begins is as follows:

- For the Short Pulse Radar Test Signals this instant is the end of the Burst.
- For the Frequency Hopping radar Test Signal, this instant is the end of the last radar Burst generated.
- For the Long Pulse Radar Test Signal this instant is the end of the 12 second period defining the Radar Waveform.

Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

Note 3: During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 1 is used and for each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.



PARAMETERS OF DFS TEST SIGNALS

Step intervals of 0.1 microsecond for Pulse Width, 1 microsecond for PRI, 1 MHz for chirp width and 1 for the number of pulses will be utilized for the random determination of specific test waveforms.

Table 9: Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms.

Radar Type	Pulse Width (μsec)	PRI (μsec)	Number of Pulses	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
1	1	1428	18	60%	30
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4)				80%	120

Table 10: Long Pulse Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (μsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (μsec)	Number of Pulses per Burst	Number of Bursts	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
5	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	1-3	8-20	80%	30

Table 11: Frequency Hopping Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (μsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (μsec)	Number of Pulses per Burst	Number of Bursts	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	70%	30



4. TEST INSTRUMENTS

Table 1: Test instruments list.

DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.	Serial No	Calibration Until
EXA Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY50520044	2014-04-25
Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	My49071316	2014-04-25
POWER SPLITTER	Mini-Circuits	ZFRSC-123-S+	331000910	2014-04-25
POWER SPLITTER	Mini-Circuits	ZN4PD1-63-S+	SF933501045	2014-04-25
POWER SPLITTER	Mini-Circuits	ZN2PD-9G-S+	SF012700714	2014-04-25
attenuator	Mini-Circuits	VAT-30+	30912	2014-04-25
attenuator	Mini-Circuits	VAT-10+	30909	2014-04-25
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSL6	1004423	2013-11-25
PC	Dell 745	DCSM	G7K832X	--
Netbook	Hp	HSTNN-I69C-3	CNU02203XG	--

Note: Calibration interval of instruments listed above is one year.

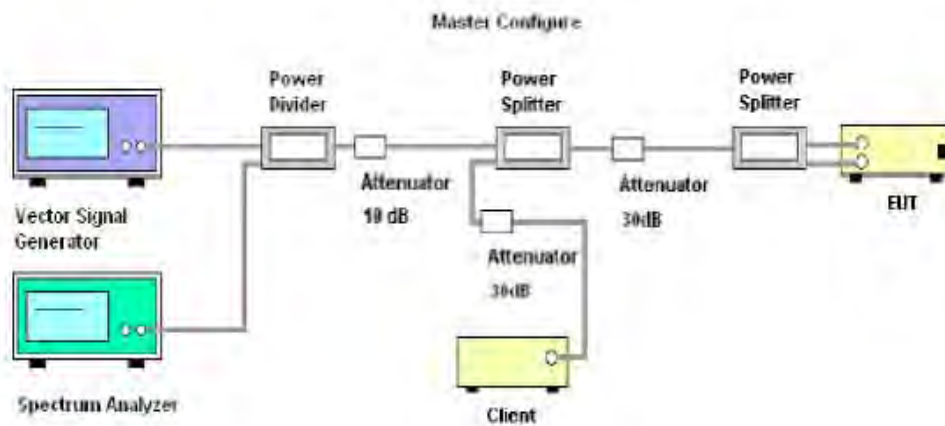


5. EMC EMISSION TEST

5.1 DFS MEASUREMENT SYSTEM:

CONDUCTED METHOD SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM

Master Conducted Measurement



SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The short pulse and long pulse signal generating system utilizes the NTIA software. The Vector Signal Generator has been validated by the NTIA. The hopping signal generating system utilizes the CCS simulated hopping method and system, which has been validated by the DoD, FCC and NTIA. The software selects waveform parameters from within the bounds of the signal type on a random basis using uniform distribution.

The short pulse types 2, 3 and 4, and the long pulse type 5 parameters are randomized at run-time.



The hopping type 6 pulse parameters are fixed while the hopping sequence is based on the August 2005 NTIA Hopping Frequency List. The initial starting point randomized at run-time and each subsequent starting point is incremented by 475. Each frequency in the 100-length segment is compared to the boundaries of the EUT Detection Bandwidth and the software creates a hopping burst pattern in accordance with Section 7.4.1.3 Method #2 Simulated Frequency Hopping Radar Waveform Generating Subsystem of FCC 06-96. The frequency of the signal generator is incremented in 1 MHz steps from FL to FH for each successive trial. This incremental sequence is repeated as required to generate a minimum of 30 total trials and to maintain a uniform frequency distribution over the entire Detection Bandwidth.

The signal monitoring equipment consists of a spectrum analyzer set to display 8001 bins on the horizontal axis. The time-domain resolution is 2 msec / bin with a 16 second sweep time, meeting the 10 second short pulse reporting criteria. The aggregate ON time is calculated by multiplying the number of bins above a threshold during a particular observation period by the dwell time per bin, with the analyzer set to peak detection and max hold.

Should multiple RF ports be utilized for the Master and/or Slave devices (for example, for diversity or MIMO implementations), additional combiner/dividers are inserted between the Master Combiner/Divider and the pad connected to the Master Device (and/or between the Slave Combiner/Divider and the pad connected to the Slave Device). Additional pads are utilized such that there is one pad at each RF port on each EUT.



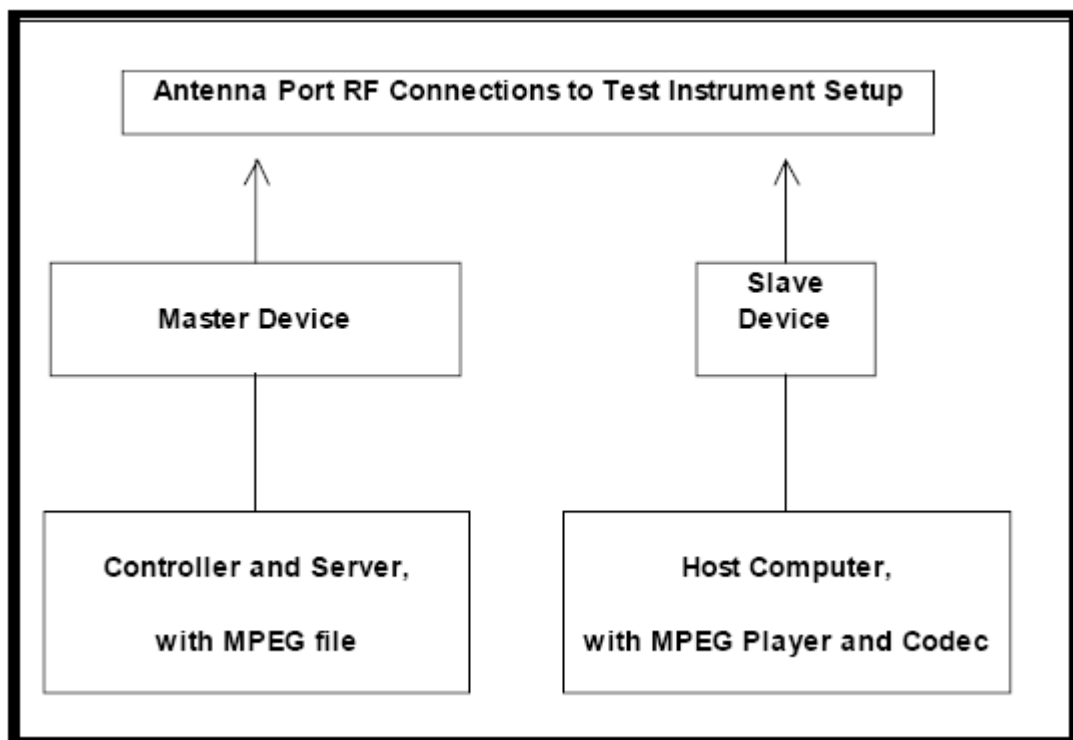
5.2 CALIBRATION OF DFS DETECTION THRESHOLD LEVEL:

A 50 ohm load is connected in place of the spectrum analyzer, and the spectrum analyzer is connected in place of the master device and the signal generator is set to CW mode. The amplitude of the signal generator is adjusted to yield a level of -62 dBm as measured on the spectrum analyzer.

Without changing any of the instrument settings, the spectrum analyzer is reconnected to the Common port of the Spectrum Analyzer Combiner/Divider. Measure the amplitude and calculate the difference from -62 dBm. Adjust the Reference Level Offset of the spectrum analyzer to this difference.

The spectrum analyzer displays the level of the signal generator as received at the antenna ports of the Master Device. The interference detection threshold may be varied from the calibrated value of -62 dBm and the spectrum analyzer will still indicate the level as received by the Master Device.

Set the signal generator to produce a radar waveform, trigger a burst manually and measure the level on the spectrum analyzer. Readjust the amplitude of the signal generator as required so that the peak level of the waveform is at a displayed level equal to the required or desired interference detection threshold. Separate signal generator amplitude settings are determined as required for each radar type.



5.3 DEVIATION FROM TEST STANDARD

No deviation.



6. TEST RESULTS

6.1 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

Clause	Test Parameter	Remarks	Pass/Fail
15.407	DFS Detection Threshold	Applicable	Pass
15.407	Channel Availability Check Time	Applicable	Pass
15.407	Channel Move Time	Applicable	Pass
15.407	Channel Closing Transmission Time	Applicable	Pass
15.407	Non- Occupancy Period	Applicable	Pass
15.407	Uniform Spreading	Applicable	Pass
15.407	U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Applicable	Pass



6.2 DETELED TEST RESULTS

Clause	Test Parameter	Remarks	Pass/Fail
15.407	DFS Detection Threshold	Applicable	Pass
15.407	Channel Availability Check Time	Applicable	Pass
15.407	Channel Move Time	Applicable	Pass
15.407	Channel Closing Transmission Time	Applicable	Pass
15.407	Non- Occupancy Period	Applicable	Pass
15.407	Uniform Spreading	Applicable	Pass
15.407	U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Applicable	Pass

6.2.1 TEST MODE: DEVICE OPERATING IN MASTER MODE.

Master with injection at the Master. (Radar Test Waveforms are injected into the Master)

6.2.2 DFS DETECTION THRESHOLD

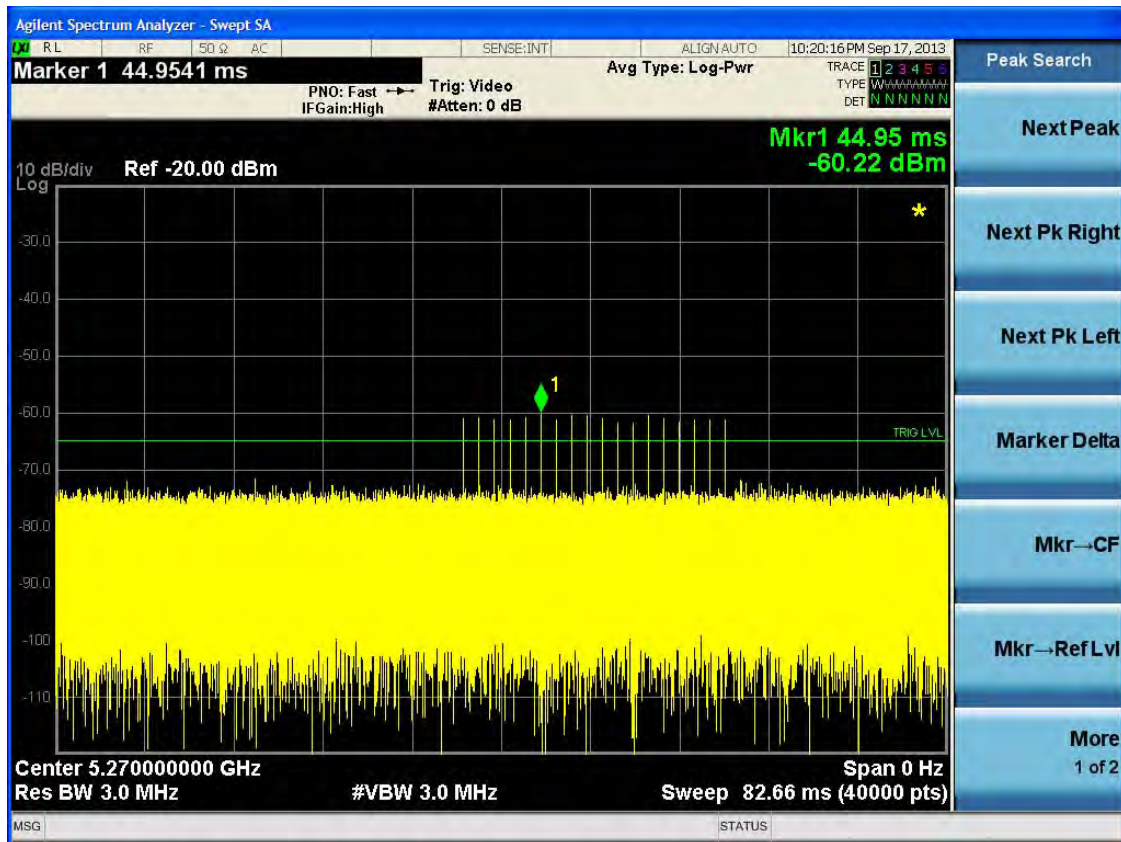
Calibration:

For a detection threshold level of -62dBm and the Master antenna gain is 2.3dBi, required detection threshold is -59.7 dBm ($= -62+2.3$).

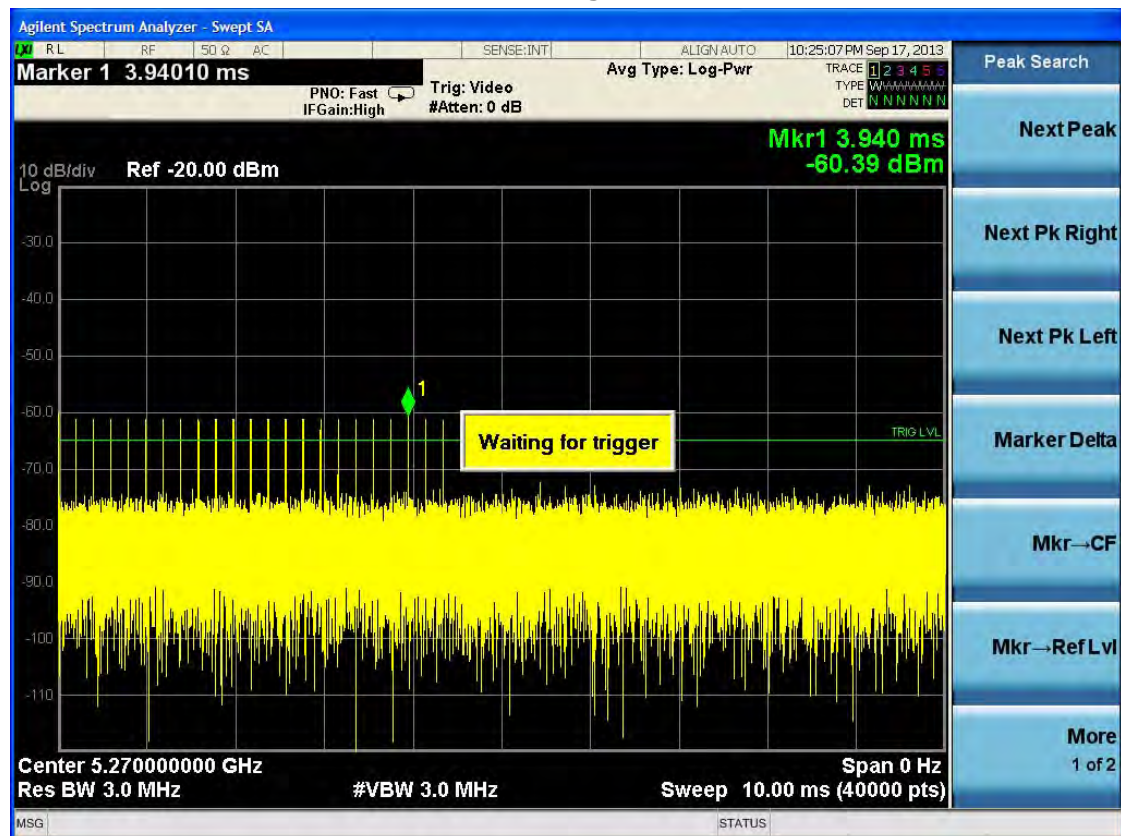
Note: Maximum Transmit Power is less than 200 milliwatt in this report, so detection threshold level is -62dBm (please refer to Table 7 [page 8]).



Radar Signal 1

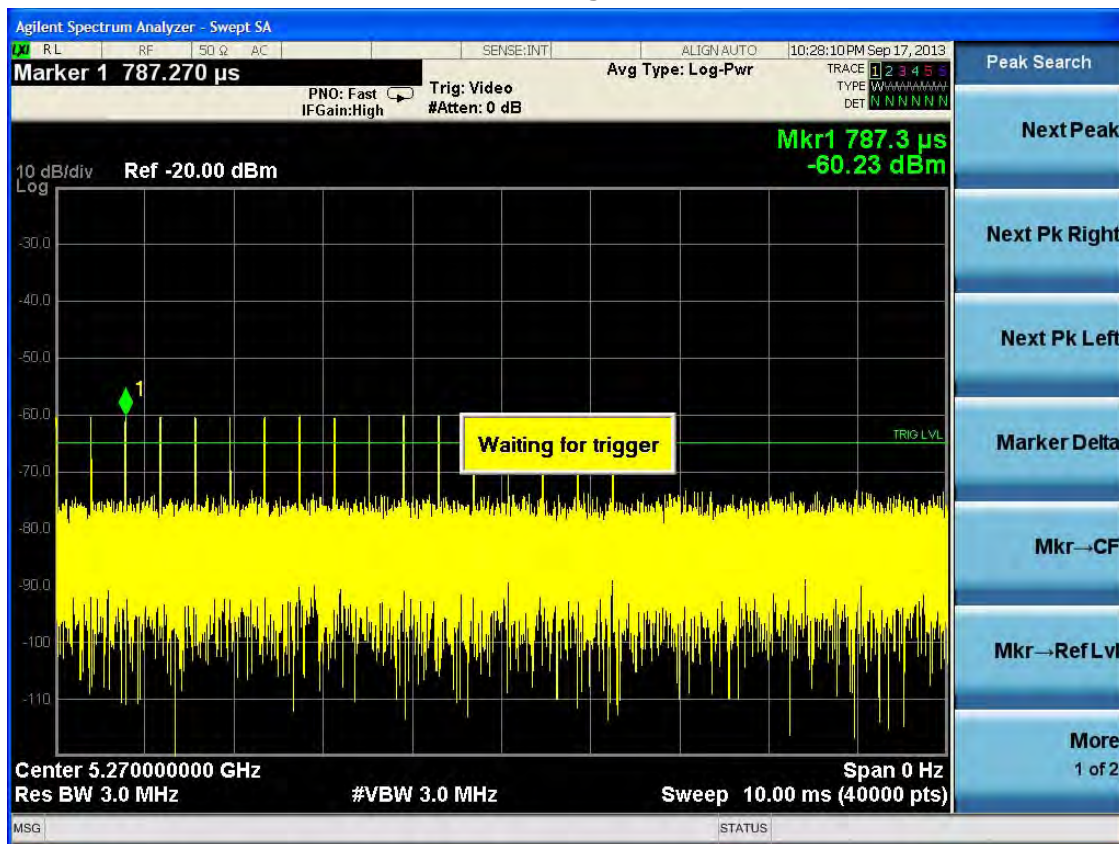


Radar Signal 2

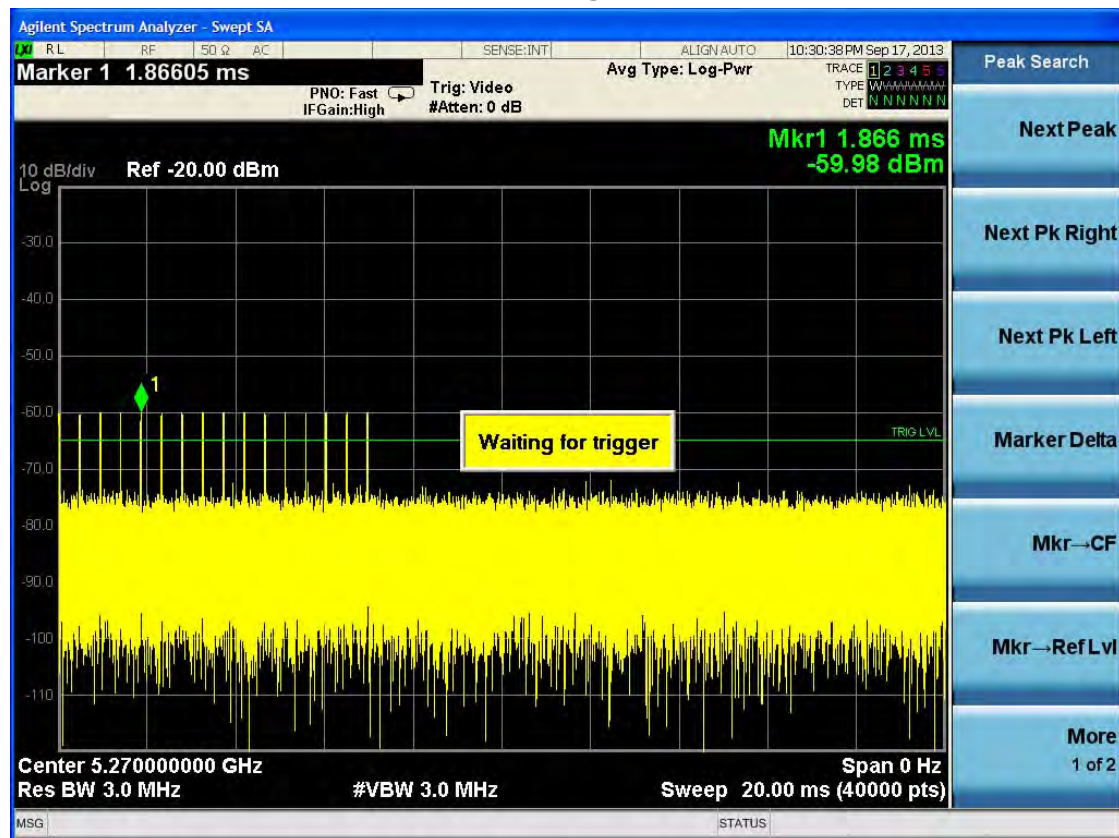




Radar Signal 3



Radar Signal 4





Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA

RL RF 50 Ω AC SENSE:INT ALIGN: AUTO 10:39:02 PM Sep 17, 2013

Marker 1 4.78064 s Avg Type: Log-Pwr

PN0: Fast Trig: Video
IFGain: High #Atten: 0 dB

TRACE 1 2 3 4 5
TYPE W
DET N N N N N

10 dB/div Ref -20.00 dBm

Log

Mkr1 4.781 s
-60.06 dBm

TRIG LVL

Center 5.270000000 GHz Span 0 Hz
Res BW 3.0 MHz #VBW 3.0 MHz Sweep 20.00 s (40000 pts)

MSG STATUS

Peak Search

Next Peak

Next Pk Right

Next Pk Left

Marker Delta

Mkr→CF

Mkr→Ref Lvl

More
1 of 2

Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA

RL RF 50 Ω AC SENSE:INT ALIGN: AUTO 10:45:48 PM Sep 17, 2013

Marker 1 13.8728 ms Avg Type: Log-Pwr

PNO: Fast Trig: Video
IFGain: High #Atten: 0 dB

TRACE 1 2 3 4 5 6
TYPE W W W W W W W W
DET N N N N N N

Peak Search

Next Peak

Next Pk Right

Next Pk Left

Marker Delta

Mkr→CF

Mkr→Ref Lvl

More
1 of 2

10 dB/div Log Ref -20.00 dBm

Mkr1 13.87 ms
-59.99 dBm

TRIG LVL

Center 5.270000000 GHz Span 0 Hz
Res BW 3.0 MHz #VBW 3.0 MHz Sweep 20.00 ms (40000 pts)

MSG STATUS

The image shows a screenshot of an Agilent Spectrum Analyzer. The main display area shows a swept spectrum with a yellow trace. A green marker is placed on the trace at 13.8728 ms and -59.99 dBm. The display includes various controls and a peak search menu on the right side. The peak search menu has options like 'Peak Search', 'Next Peak', 'Next Pk Right', 'Next Pk Left', 'Marker Delta', 'Mkr→CF', 'Mkr→Ref Lvl', and 'More'. The bottom of the screen shows the center frequency (5.270000000 GHz), span (0 Hz), resolution bandwidth (3.0 MHz), video bandwidth (3.0 MHz), and sweep time (20.00 ms). The top of the screen shows the instrument name (Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA) and the date and time (10:45:48 PM Sep 17, 2013).



6.2.3 CHANNEL AVAILABILITY CHECK TIME

If the UUT successfully detected the radar burst, it should be observed as the UUT has no transmissions occurred until the UUT starts transmitting on another channel.

Timing of Radar Signal	Observation	
	UUT	Spectrum Analyzer
Spectrum Analyzer	Spectrum Analyzer	Spectrum Analyzer
Spectrum Analyzer	Spectrum Analyzer	Spectrum Analyzer

11a Mode

Initial Channel Availability Check Time

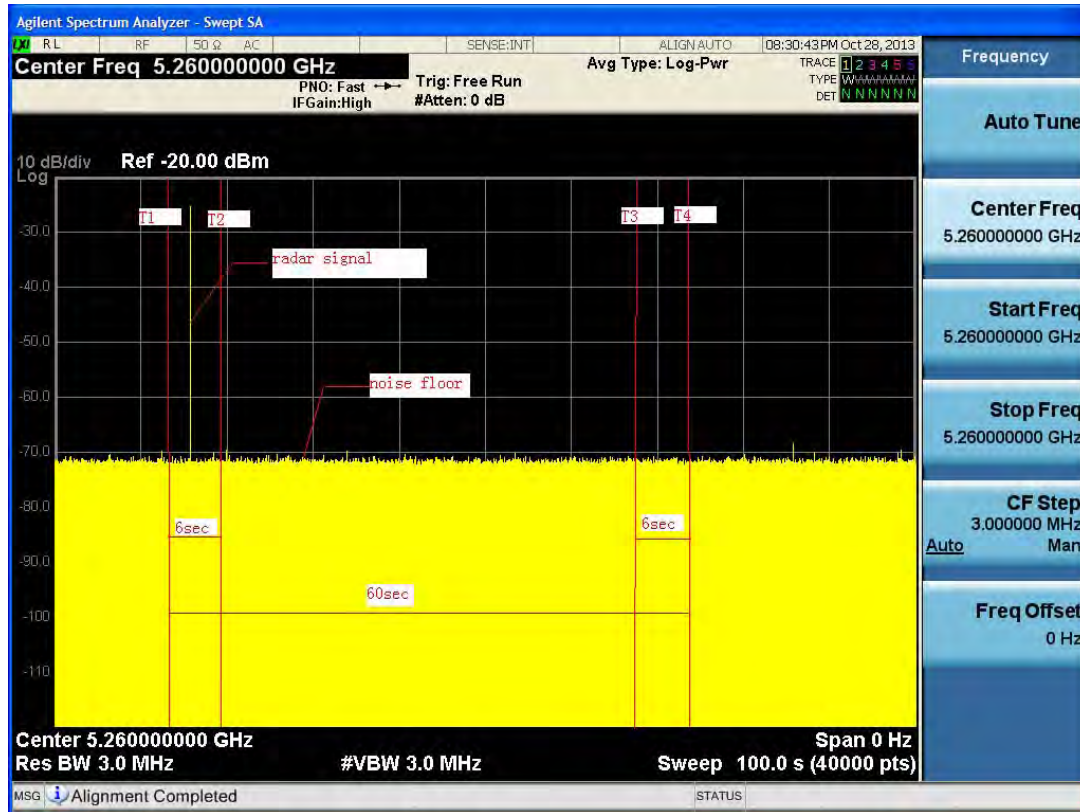


Note: T1 denotes the end of power-up time period is 14 second. T4 denotes the end of Channel Availability Check time is 74 second. Channel Availability Check time is equal to (T4 – T1) 60 seconds.



11a Mode

Radar Burst at the Beginning of the Channel Availability Check Time



Note: T1 denotes the end of power up time period is 14 second.

T2 denotes 20 second. the radar burst was commenced within a 6 second window starting from the end of power-up sequence.

T4 denotes the 74 second.

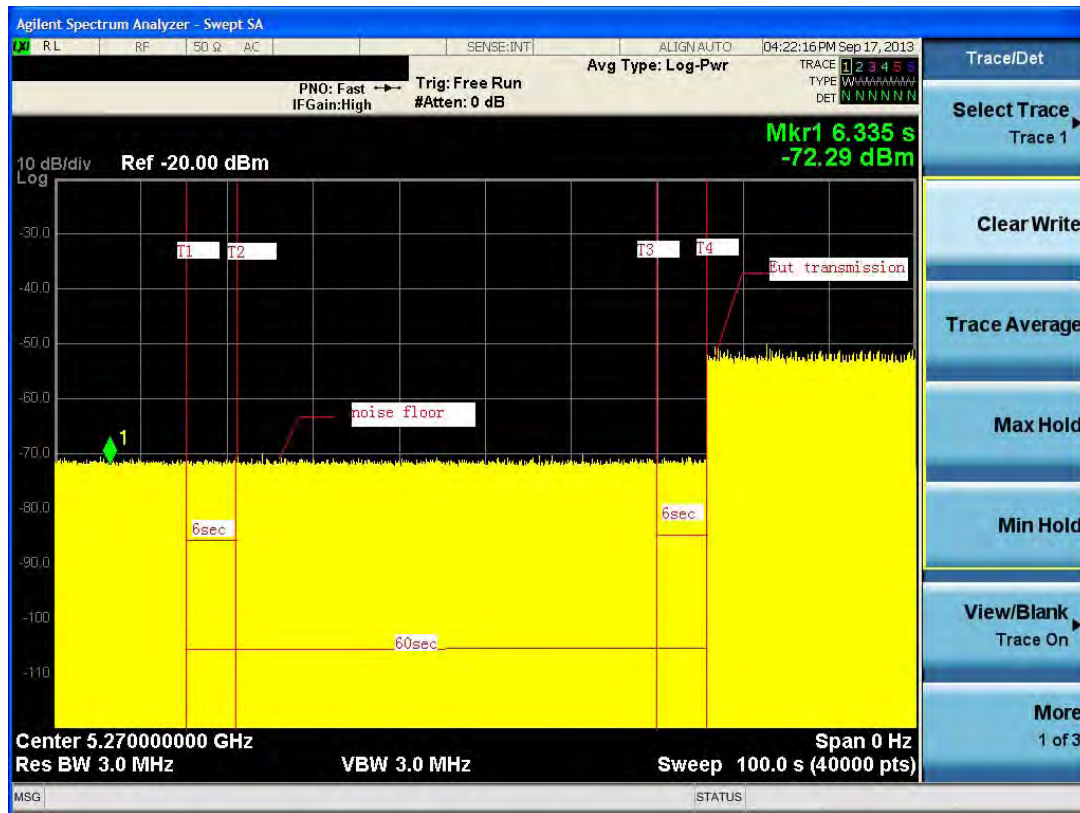


Radar Burst at the End of the Channel Availability Check Time



11n 40MHz Mode

Initial Channel Availability Check Time

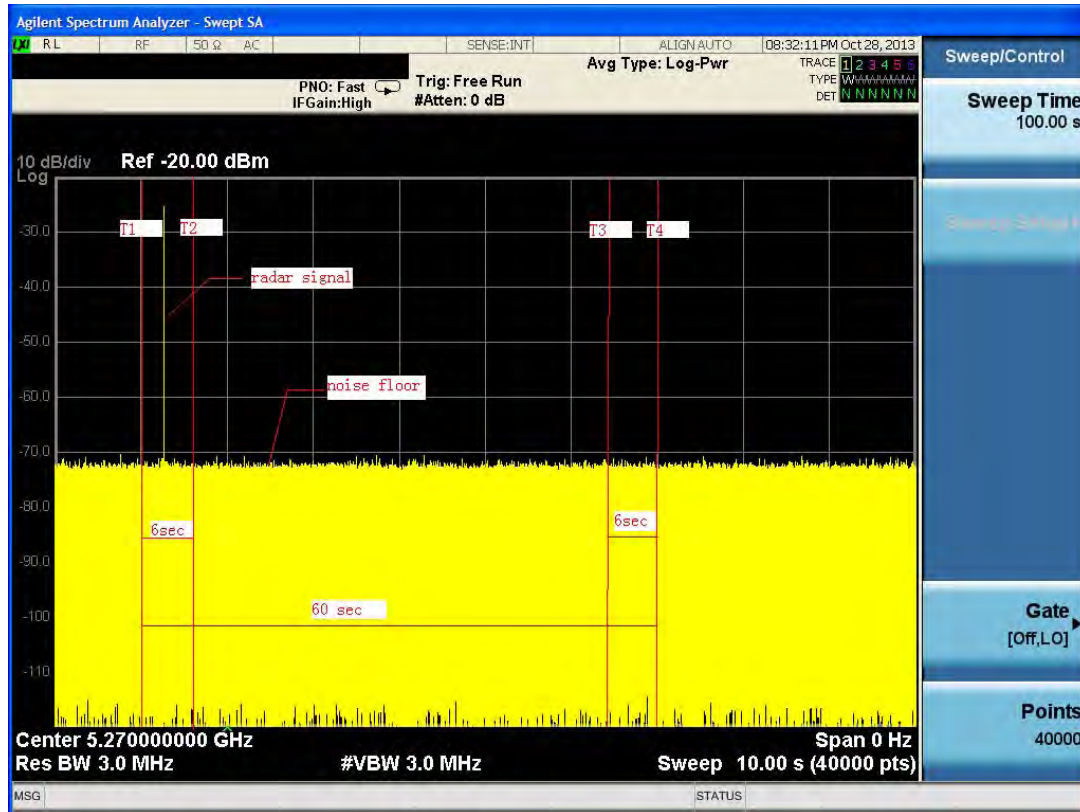


Note: T1 denotes the end of power-up time period is 14 second. T4 denotes the end of Channel Availability Check time is 74 second. Channel Availability Check time is equal to (T4 – T1) 60 seconds.



11n 40MHz Mode

Radar Burst at the Beginning of the Channel Availability Check Time



Note: T1 denotes the end of power up time period is 14 second.

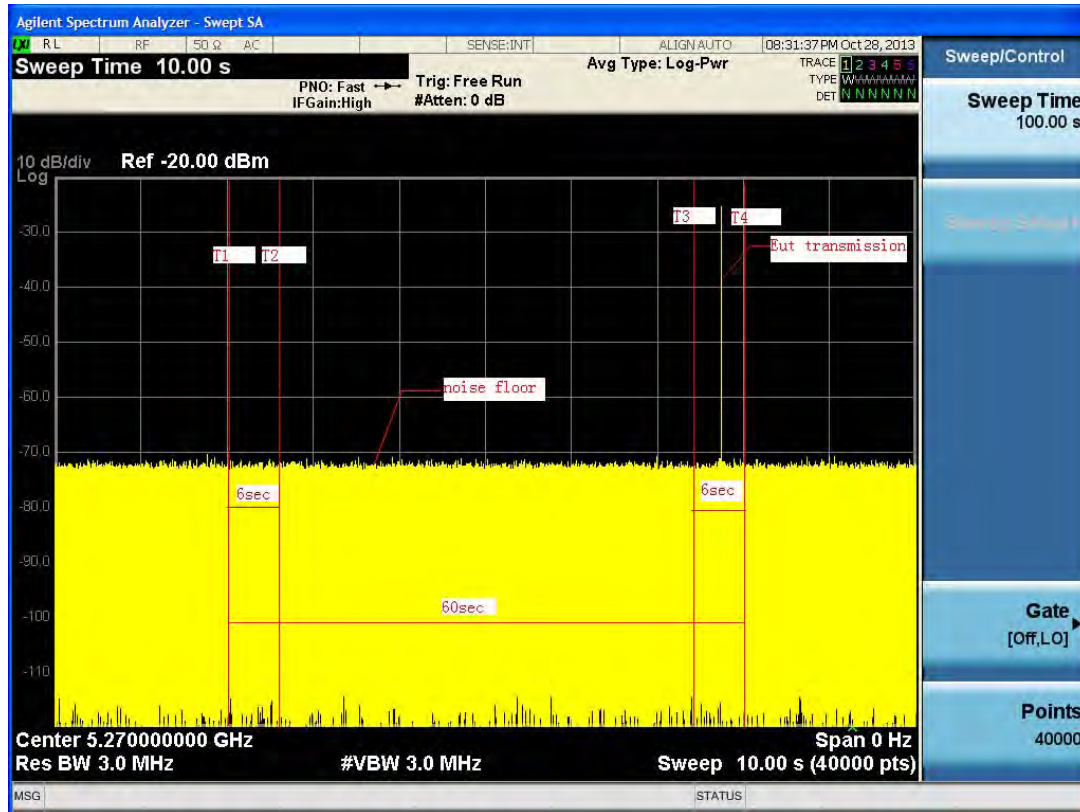
T2 denotes 20 second. the radar burst was commenced within a 6 second window starting from the end of power-up sequence.

T4 denotes the 74 second.



11n 40MHz Mode

Radar Burst at the End of the Channel Availability Check Time



Note: T1 denotes the end of power up time period is 14 second.

T3 denotes 68 second and radar burst was commenced within 54th second to 60th second indow starting from the end of power-up sequence.

T4 denotes the 74 second



6.2.4 CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION AND CHANNEL MOVE TIME WLAN TRAFFIC

TX (11a Mode)

Table 1: Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms.

Radar Type	Pulse Width (μsec)	PRI (μsec)	Number of Pulses	Pass times	Fail times	Percentage of Successful Detection (%)
1	1	1428	18	24	6	80
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	25	5	83
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	27	3	90
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	26	4	87
Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4)			-	102	18	85

Table 2: Long Pulse Radar Test Waveform

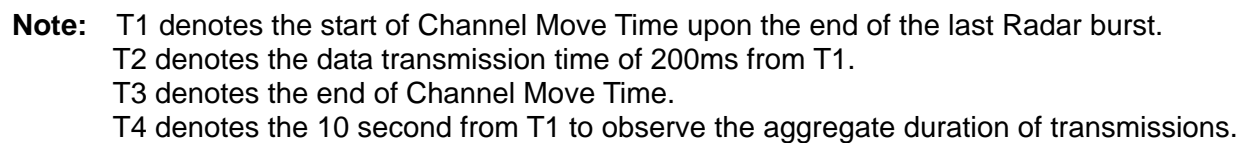
Radar Type	Pulse Width (μsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (μsec)	Number of Pulses Per Burst	Number of Bursts	Pass times	Fail times	Percentage of Successful Detection (%)
5	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	1-3	8-20	27	3	90

Table 3: Frequency Hopping Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (μsec)	PRI (μsec)	Pulses per Hop	Hopping Rate (kHz)	Hopping Sequence Length (msec)	Pass times	Fail times	Percentage of Successful Detection (%)
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	26	4	87

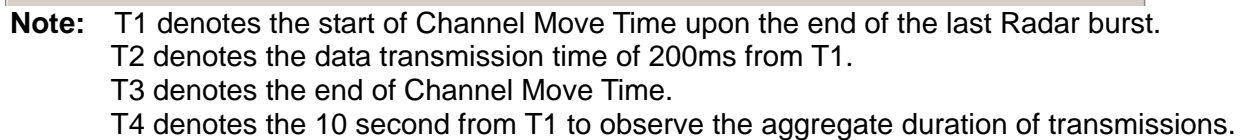


Radar signal 1





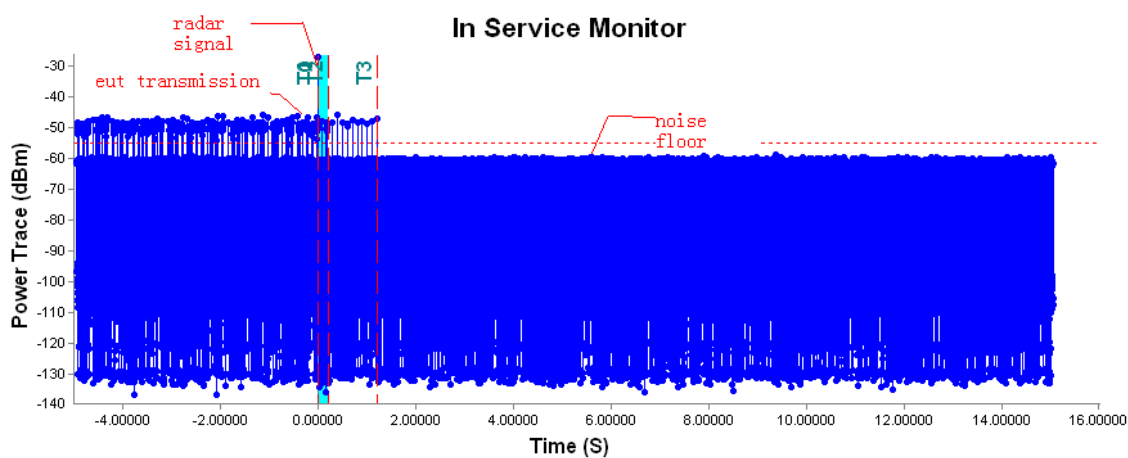
Radar signal 2





TX (11a Mode)

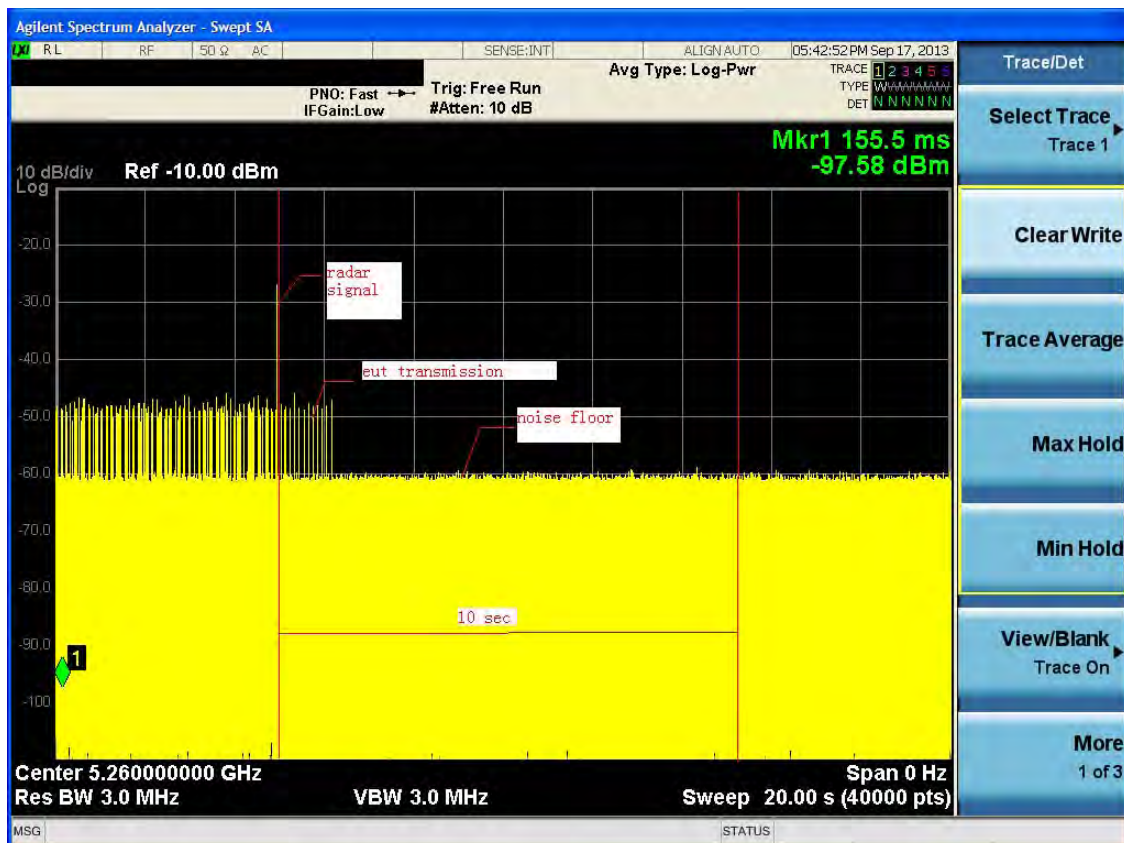
Radar signal 3



Time Index Info

T0 : -0.0050 S	Time Per Bin: 500054168701172 ms	Channel Move Time: 1.2081 S
T1 : 0.0000 S	T2~T3 Bins Over Threshold:	Channel Close Time: 5.50059585571289E-03 S
T2 : 0.2000 S	= 11 Bins	
T3 : 1.2081 S		

Note: T1 denotes the start of Channel Move Time upon the end of the last Radar burst.
T2 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T1.
T3 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.
T4 denotes the 10 second from T1 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.

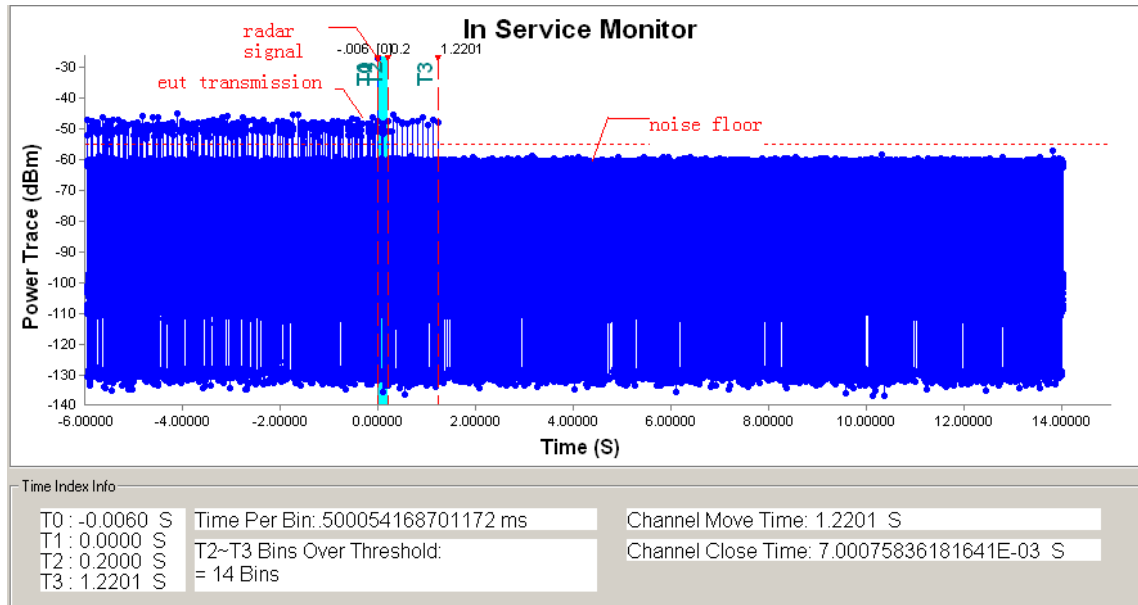


Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms

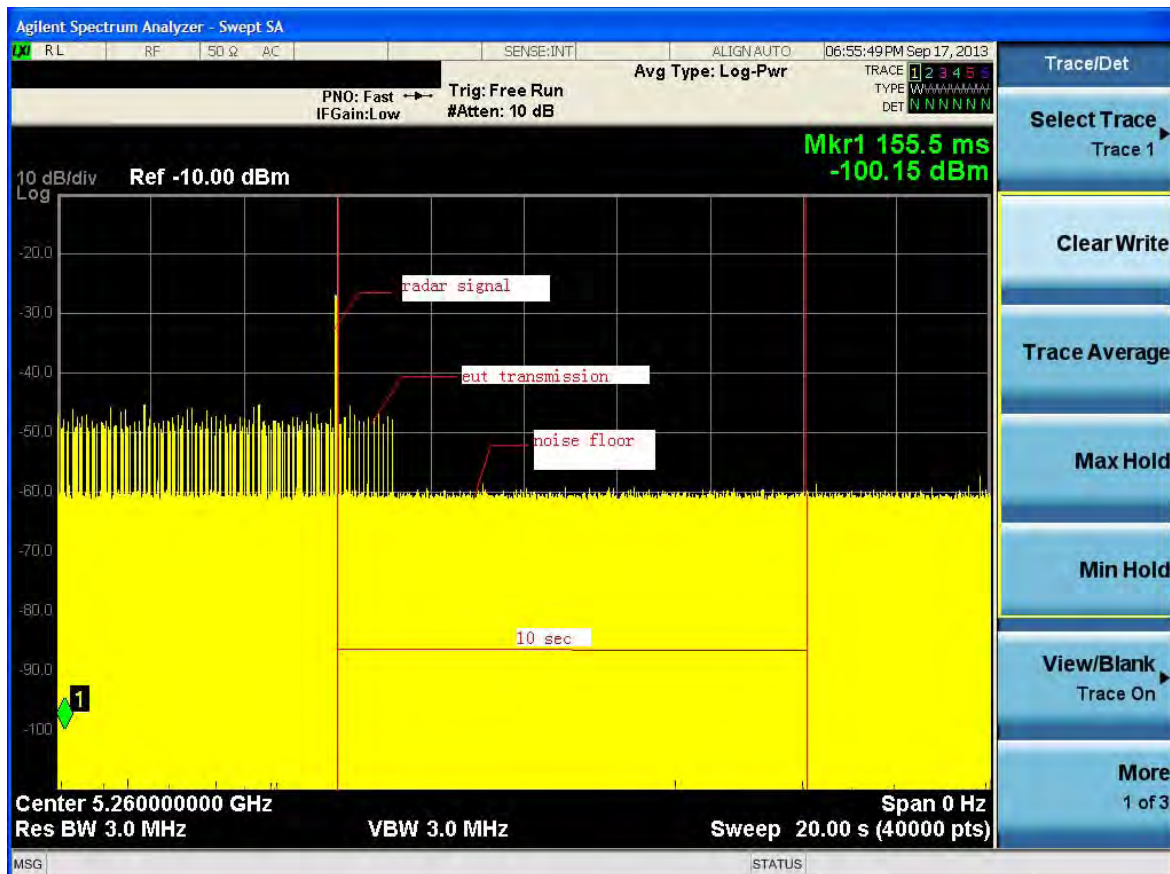


TX (11a Mode)

Radar signal 4



Note: T1 denotes the start of Channel Move Time upon the end of the last Radar burst.
T2 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T1.
T3 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.
T4 denotes the 10 second from T1 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.

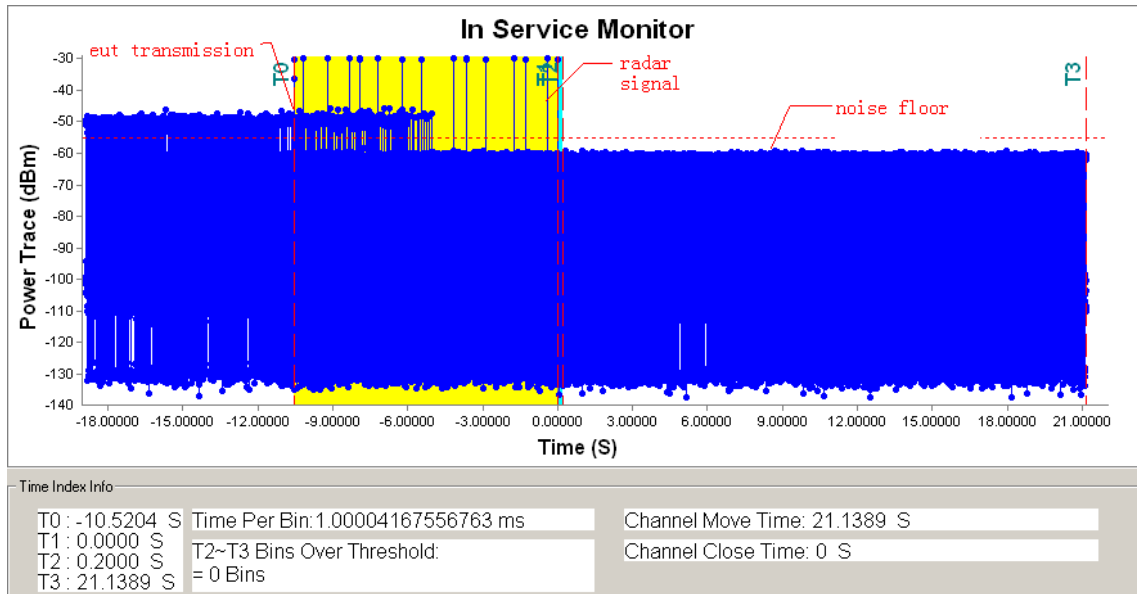


Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms

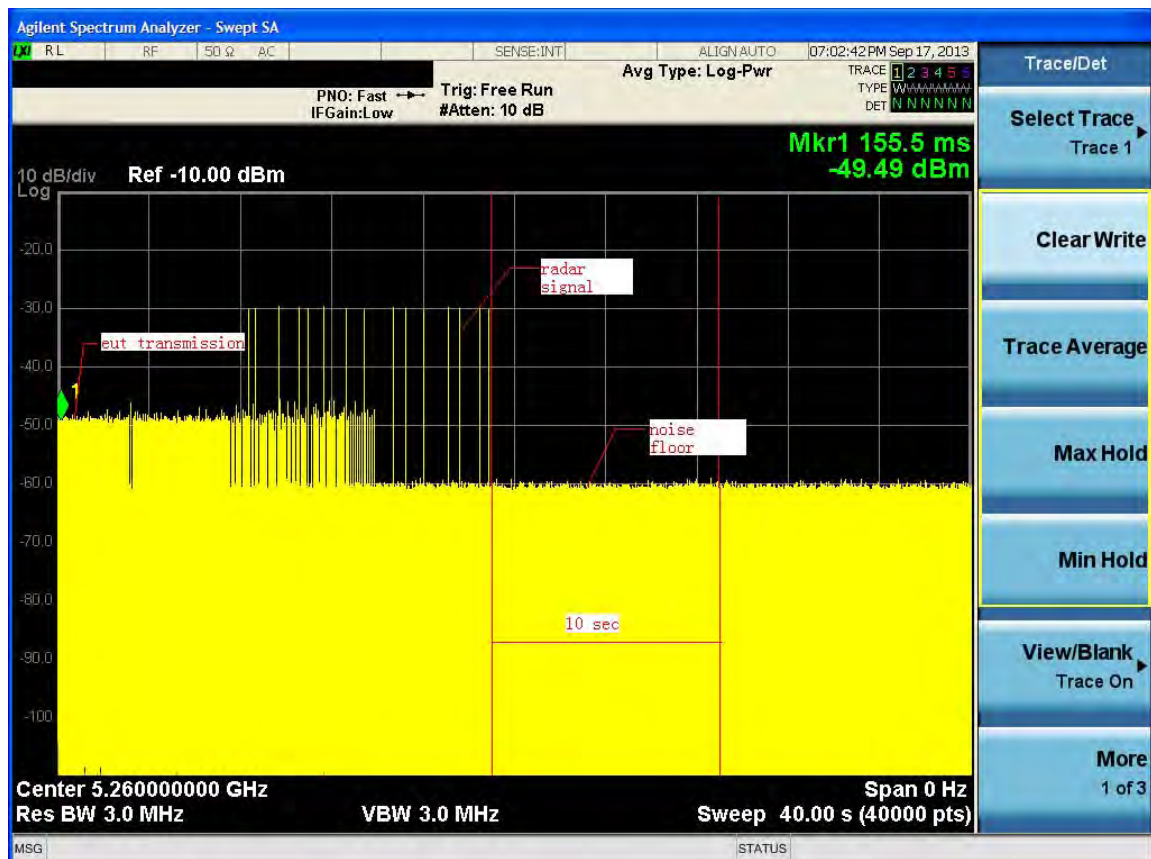


TX (11a Mode)

Radar signal 5



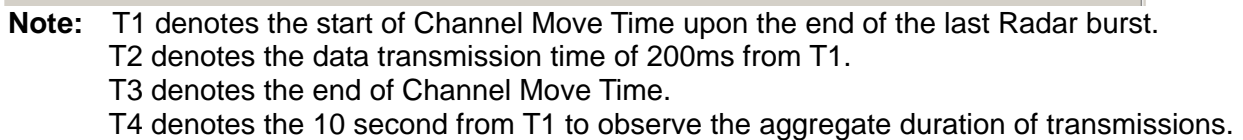
Note: T1 denotes the start of Channel Move Time upon the end of the last Radar burst.
 T2 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T1.
 T3 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.
 T4 denotes the 10 second from T1 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.



Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms



Radar signal 6





TX (11a Mode)

Trial #	Pluse per Burst	Pluse Width(us)	PRI(us)	Detection(Yes / No)
1	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
2	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
3	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
4	18	1.0u	1.428	NO
5	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
6	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
7	18	1.0u	1.428	NO
8	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
9	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
10	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
11	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
12	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
13	18	1.0u	1.428	NO
14	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
15	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
16	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
17	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
18	18	1.0u	1.428	NO
19	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
20	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
21	18	1.0u	1.428	NO
22	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
23	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
24	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
25	18	1.0u	1.428	NO
26	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
27	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
28	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
29	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
30	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
Detection Rate 80%				



Radar2 Statical Performances				
Trial #	Pluse per Burst	Pluse Width(us)	PRI(us)	Detection(Yes / No)
1	25	5.2u	221	YES
2	24	3.8u	225	YES
3	27	2.4u	203	NO
4	27	3.9u	224	YES
5	27	2.7u	224	YES
6	23	2.9u	160	YES
7	28	1.2u	220	YES
8	24	1.3u	199	YES
9	25	1.3u	193	NO
10	29	2.4u	228	YES
11	26	4.5u	189	YES
12	23	3.3u	225	YES
13	28	2.4u	221	YES
14	26	3.8u	229	NO
15	26	2.7u	169	YES
16	27	2.2u	221	YES
17	28	1.3u	220	YES
18	28	1.6u	168	YES
19	29	2.5u	221	YES
20	29	3.4u	225	YES
21	27	4.2u	200	NO
22	26	2.7u	225	YES
23	25	2.9u	193	YES
24	27	2.0u	151	YES
25	28	2.3u	208	NO
26	28	2.0u	160	YES
27	27	2.3u	189	YES
28	24	3.0u	186	YES
29	28	4.5u	176	YES
30	29	4.0u	176	YES
Detection Rate 83%				



Radar3 Statical Performances				
Trial #	Pluse per Burst	Pluse Width(us)	PRI(us)	Detection(Yes / No)
1	17	8.4u	443	YES
2	17	8.0u	442	YES
3	16	8.6u	414	YES
4	18	8.4u	425	YES
5	18	9.3u	398	NO
6	16	8.7u	364	YES
7	17	9.6u	386	YES
8	17	8.0u	258	YES
9	16	8.8u	445	YES
10	16	8.6u	310	YES
11	18	7.9u	481	YES
12	18	8.0u	268	YES
13	17	9.9u	463	YES
14	17	8.6u	225	NO
15	18	8.2u	477	YES
16	17	8.7u	240	YES
17	16	9.0u	325	YES
18	18	9.8u	480	NO
19	17	7.9u	436	YES
20	18	9.3u	269	YES
21	17	9.2u	431	YES
22	16	9.2u	330	YES
23	16	6.9u	452	YES
24	18	6.0u	451	YES
25	18	8.3u	388	YES
26	17	8.2u	443	YES
27	18	6.6u	408	YES
28	16	8.8u	350	YES
29	17	9.4u	480	YES
30	17	9.8u	216	YES
Detection Rate 90%				



Radar4 Statical Performances				
Trial #	Pluse per Burst	Pluse Width(us)	PRI(us)	Detection(Yes / No)
1	15	18.2u	405	YES
2	15	15.0u	463	YES
3	16	15.6u	330	YES
4	12	14.4u	410	YES
5	13	15.3u	398	YES
6	13	14.0u	365	NO
7	13	15.3u	367	YES
8	12	11.7u	319	YES
9	12	19.8u	274	YES
10	16	16.0u	377	YES
11	12	16.6u	463	YES
12	13	18.5u	445	YES
13	13	12.0u	445	YES
14	15	13.8u	405	YES
15	16	17.9u	409	YES
16	15	15.8u	436	YES
17	14	14.8u	447	YES
18	14	13.9u	400	NO
19	15	16.0u	481	YES
20	15	17.0u	496	YES
21	15	15.8u	463	YES
22	13	14.6u	445	YES
23	13	17.0u	442	YES
24	14	14.0u	485	YES
25	15	14.0u	260	NO
26	15	15.6u	280	YES
27	15	17.0u	450	YES
28	15	19.3u	330	NO
29	15	18.5u	470	YES
30	16	20.0u	335	YES
Detection Rate 87%				



Radar5 Statical Performances		
Trial #	Test Signal name	Detection(Yes / No)
1	LP_Signal_01	Yes
2	LP_Signal_02	Yes
3	LP_Signal_03	Yes
4	LP_Signal_04	Yes
5	LP_Signal_05	Yes
6	LP_Signal_06	Yes
7	LP_Signal_07	Yes
8	LP_Signal_08	Yes
9	LP_Signal_09	Yes
10	LP_Signal_10	Yes
11	LP_Signal_11	Yes
12	LP_Signal_12	Yes
13	LP_Signal_13	No
14	LP_Signal_14	Yes
15	LP_Signal_15	Yes
16	LP_Signal_16	Yes
17	LP_Signal_17	Yes
18	LP_Signal_18	Yes
19	LP_Signal_19	Yes
20	LP_Signal_20	Yes
21	LP_Signal_21	NO
22	LP_Signal_22	Yes
23	LP_Signal_23	Yes
24	LP_Signal_24	Yes
25	LP_Signal_25	NO
26	LP_Signal_26	Yes
27	LP_Signal_27	Yes
28	LP_Signal_28	Yes
29	LP_Signal_29	Yes
30	LP_Signal_30	Yes
Detection Rate 90%		



Radar6 Statical Performances		
Trial #	Hoping Frequency Sequence Name	Detection(Yes / No)
1	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_01	Yes
2	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_02	Yes
3	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_03	Yes
4	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_04	No
5	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_05	Yes
6	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_06	Yes
7	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_07	Yes
8	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_08	Yes
9	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_09	Yes
10	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_10	Yes
11	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_11	No
12	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_12	Yes
13	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_13	Yes
14	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_14	Yes
15	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_15	Yes
16	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_16	Yes
17	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_17	Yes
18	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_18	No
19	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_19	Yes
20	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_20	Yes
21	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_21	Yes
22	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_22	Yes
23	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_23	Yes
24	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_24	Yes
25	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_25	No
26	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_26	Yes
27	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_27	Yes
28	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_28	Yes
29	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_29	Yes
30	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_30	Yes
Detection Rate 87%		



TX (11n 40MHz Mode)

Table 1: Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms.

Radar Type	Pulse Width (μsec)	PRI (μsec)	Number of Pulses	Pass times	Fail times	Percentage of Successful Detection (%)
1	1	1428	18	25	5	83
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	24	6	80
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	26	4	87
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	26	4	87
Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4)			-	101	19	84

Table 2: Long Pulse Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (μsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (μsec)	Number of Pulses Per Burst	Number of Bursts	Pass times	Fail times	Percentage of Successful Detection (%)
5	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	1-3	8-20	26	4	87

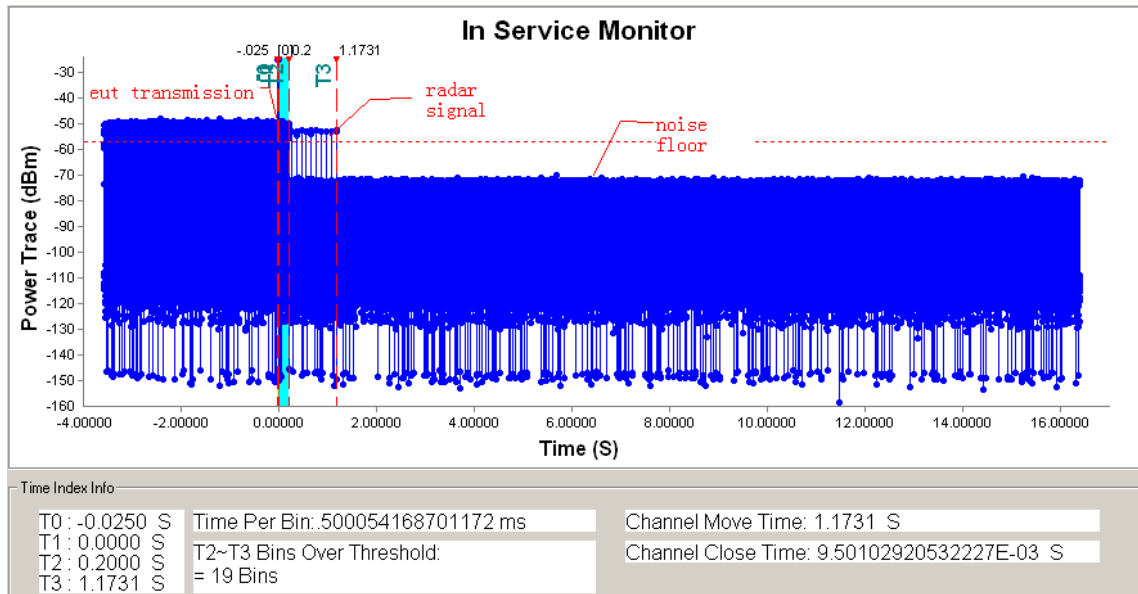
Table 3: Frequency Hopping Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (μsec)	PRI (μsec)	Pulses per Hop	Hopping Rate (kHz)	Hopping Sequence Length (msec)	Pass times	Fail times	Percentage of Successful Detection (%)
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	25	5	83



TX (11n 40MHz Mode)

Radar signal 1



Note: T1 denotes the start of Channel Move Time upon the end of the last Radar burst.
T2 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T1.
T3 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.
T4 denotes the 10 second from T1 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.

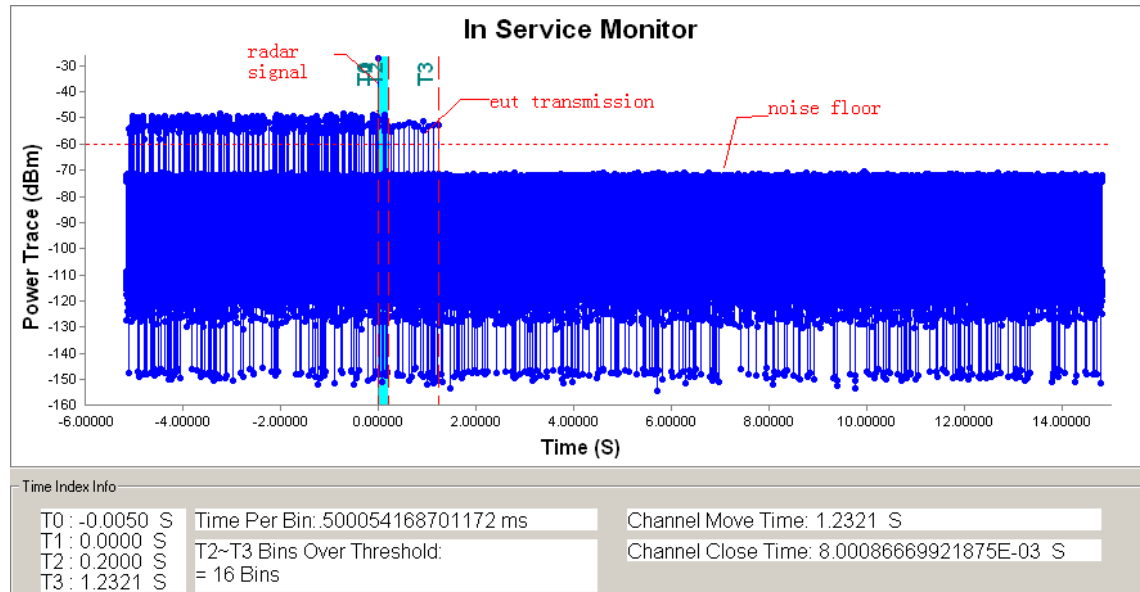


Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms

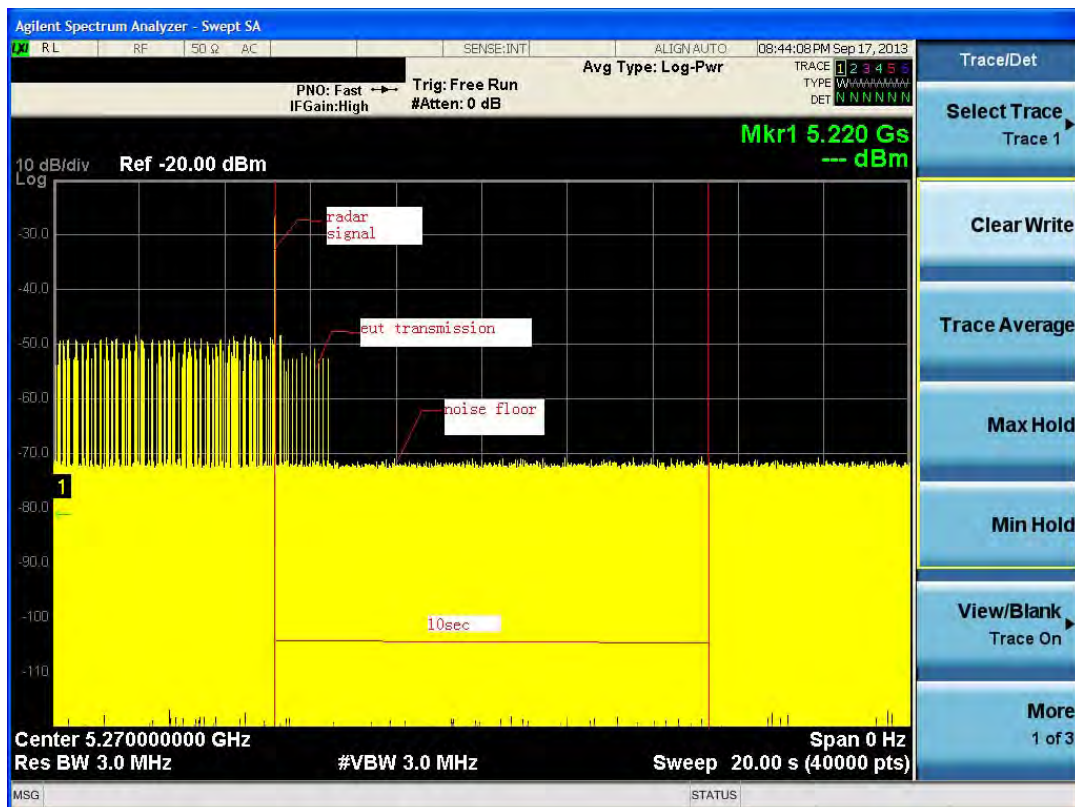


TX (11n 40MHz Mode)

Radar signal 2



Note: T1 denotes the start of Channel Move Time upon the end of the last Radar burst.
T2 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T1.
T3 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.
T4 denotes the 10 second from T1 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.

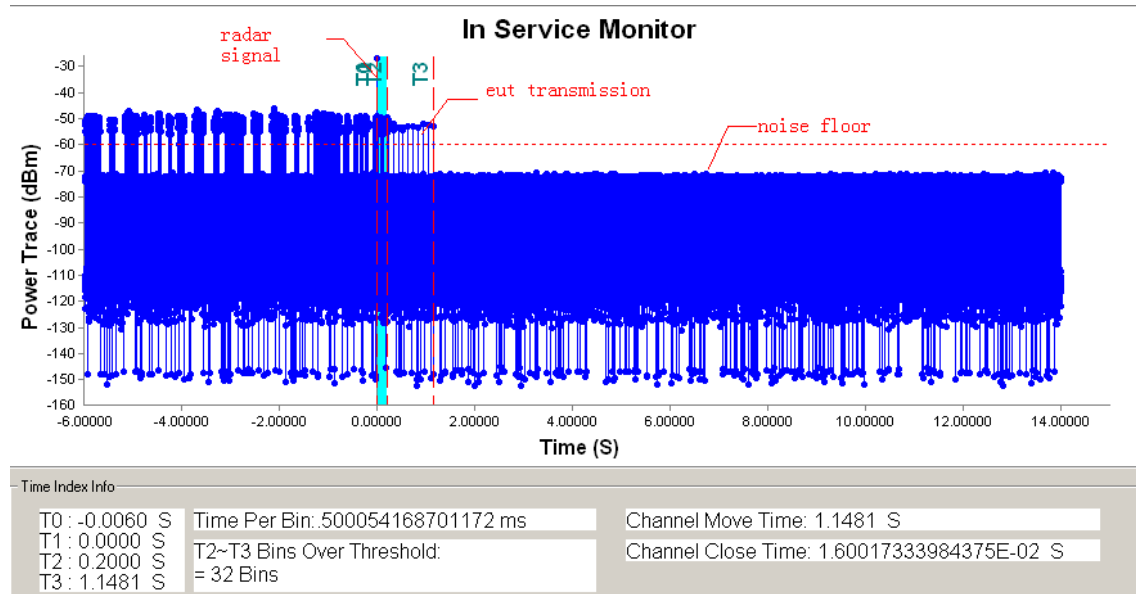


Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms

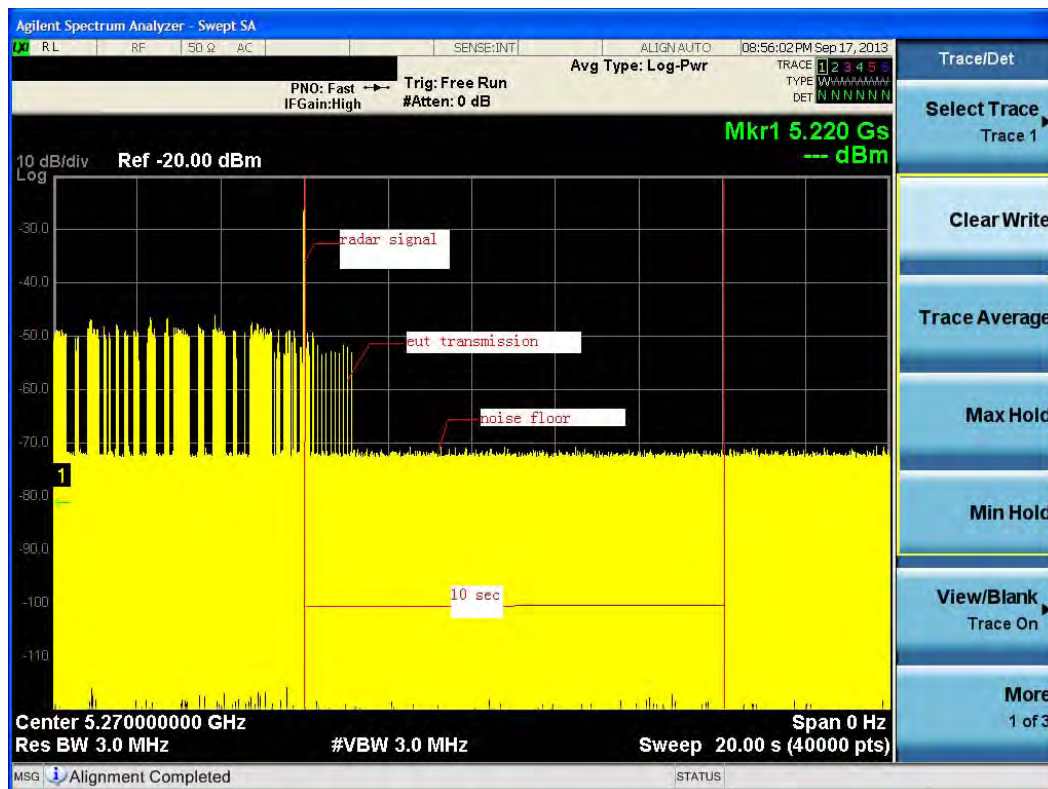


TX (11n 40MHz Mode)

Radar signal 3



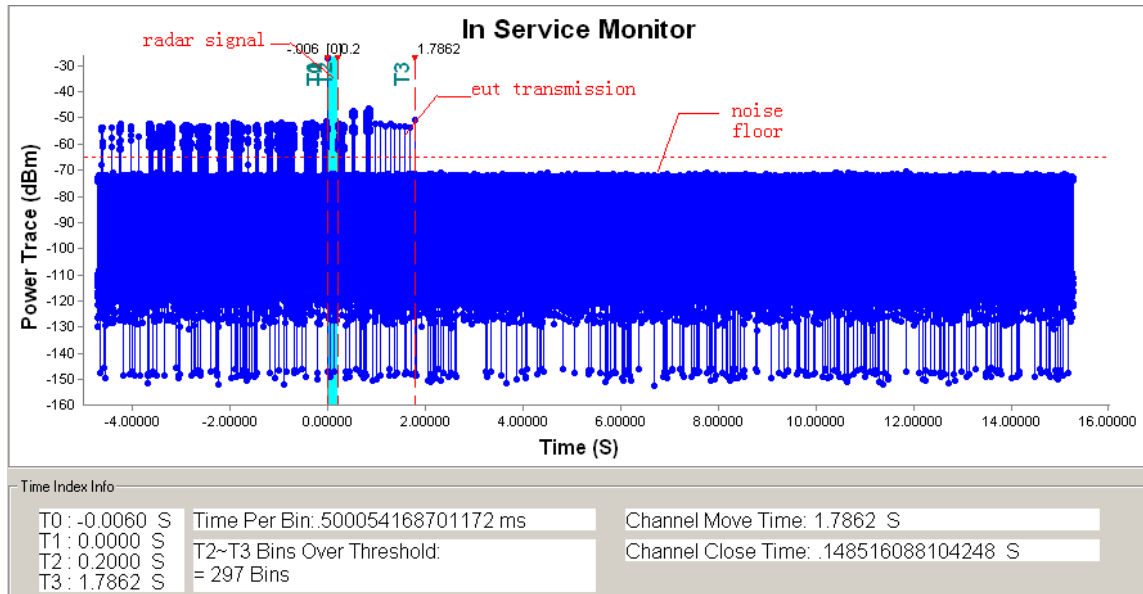
Note: T1 denotes the start of Channel Move Time upon the end of the last Radar burst.
T2 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T1.
T3 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.
T4 denotes the 10 second from T1 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.



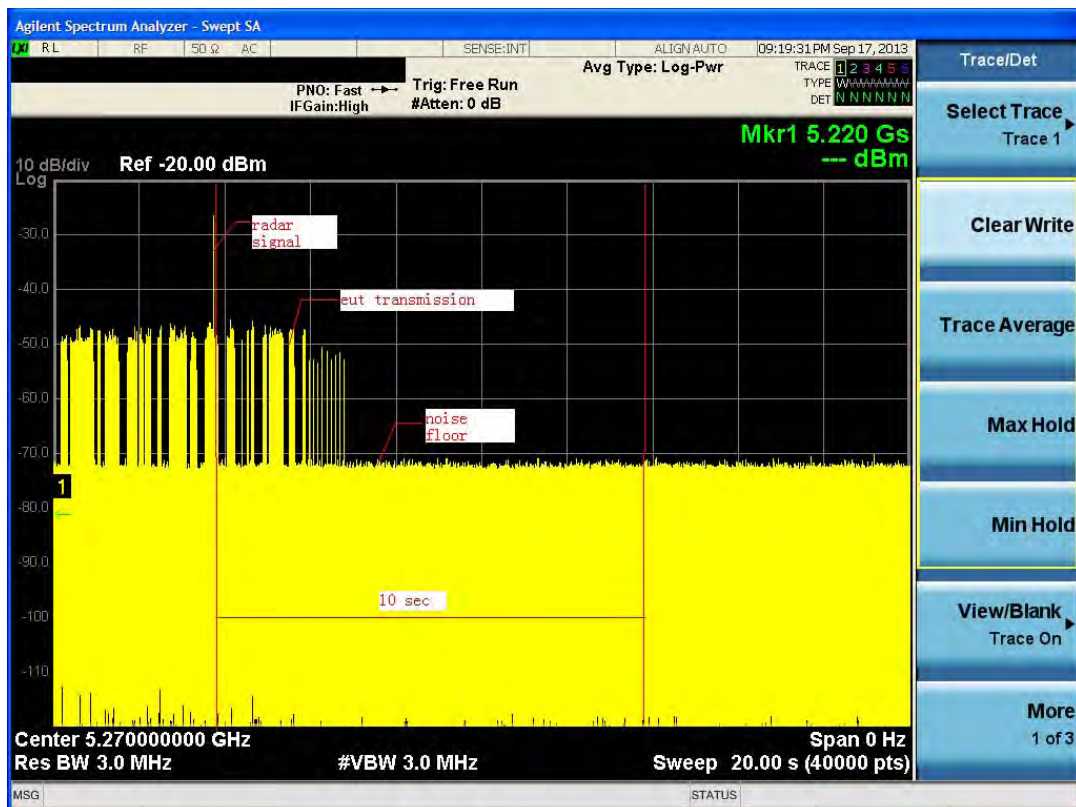
Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms

TX (11n 40MHz Mode)

Radar signal 4



Note: T1 denotes the start of Channel Move Time upon the end of the last Radar burst.
T2 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T1.
T3 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.
T4 denotes the 10 second from T1 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.

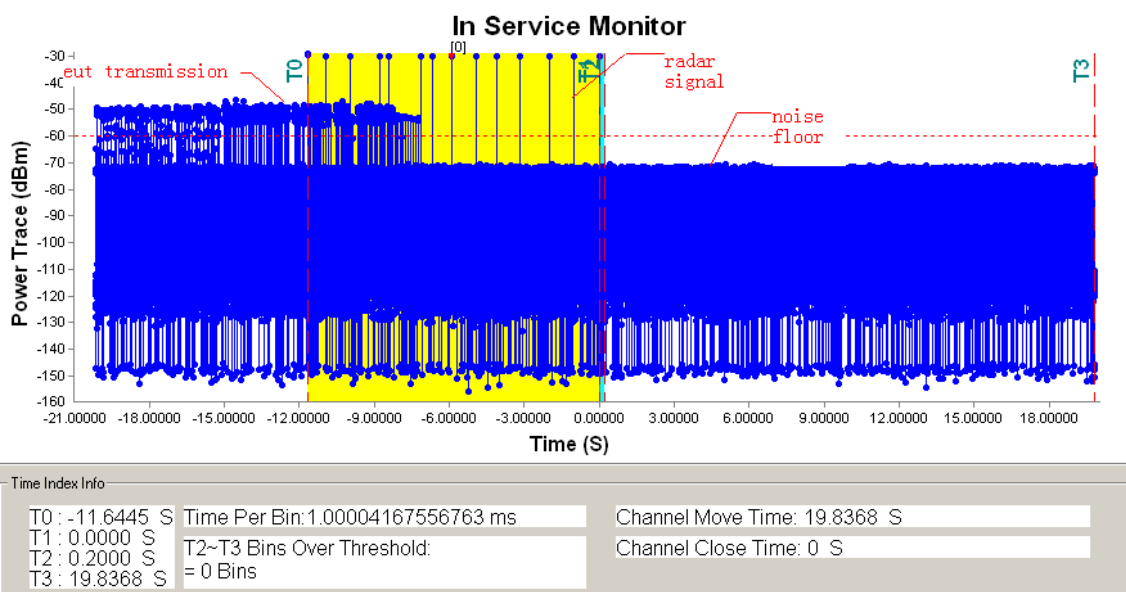


Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms

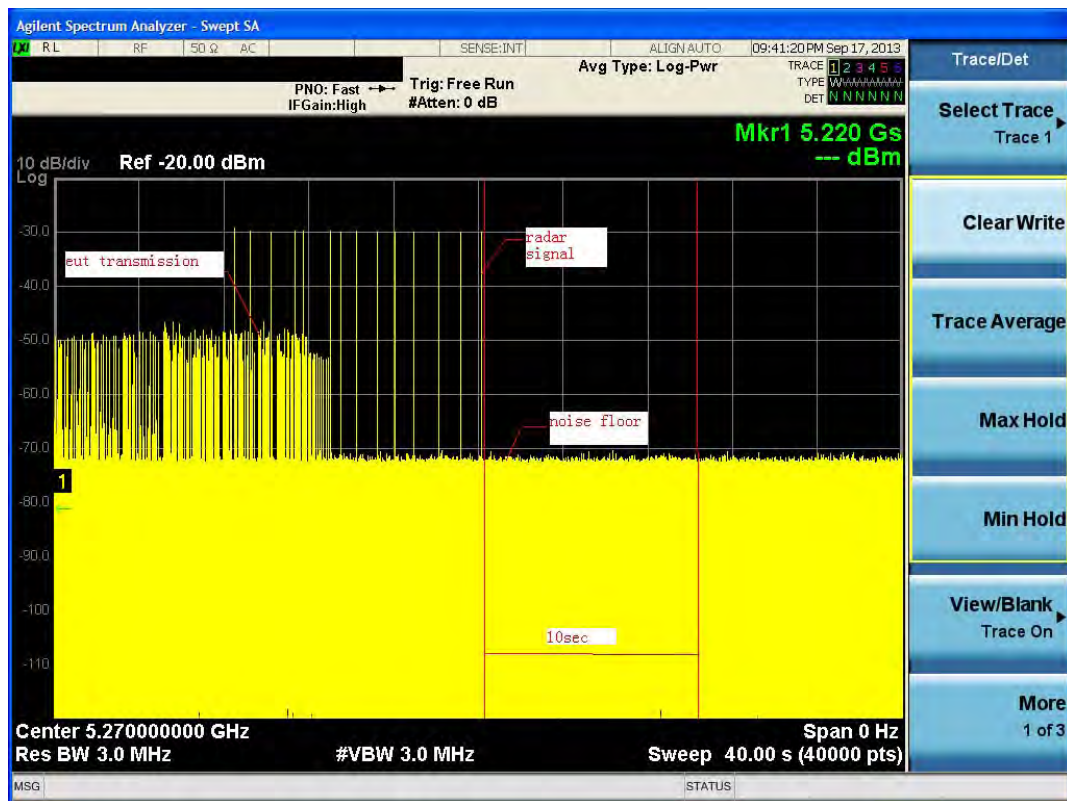


TX (11n 40MHz Mode)

Radar signal 5



Note: T1 denotes the start of Channel Move Time upon the end of the last Radar burst.
 T2 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T1.
 T3 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.
 T4 denotes the 10 second from T1 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.

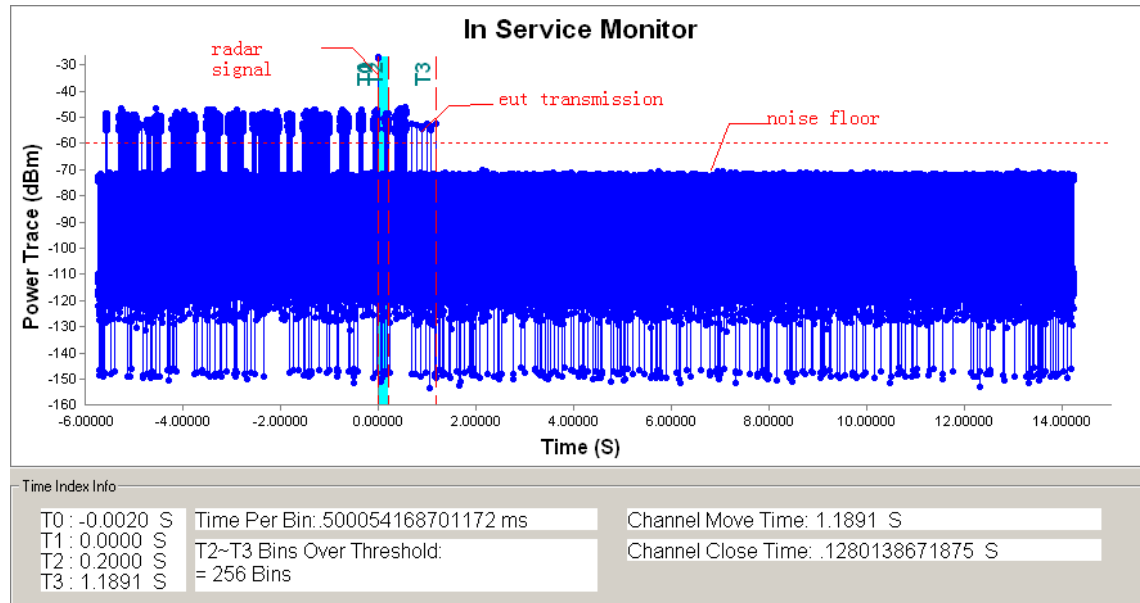


Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms

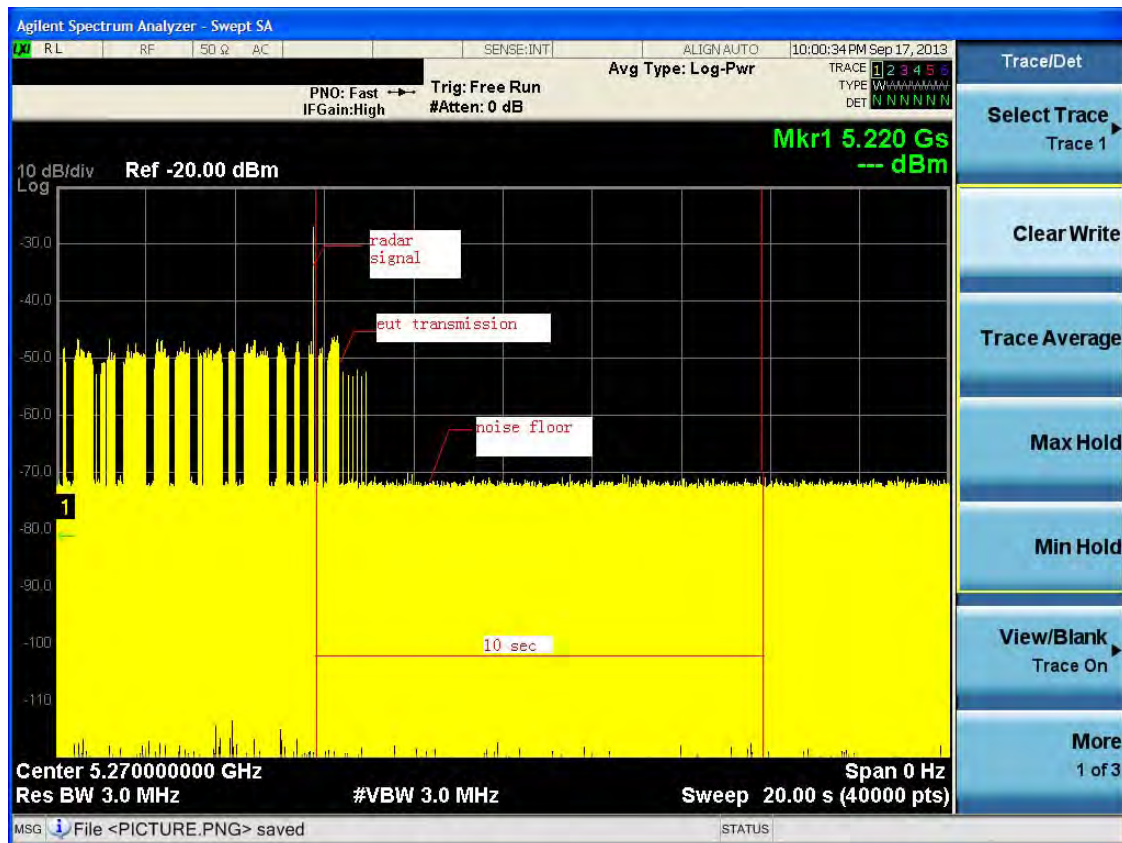


TX (11n 40MHz Mode)

Radar signal 6



Note: T1 denotes the start of Channel Move Time upon the end of the last Radar burst.
T2 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T1.
T3 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.
T4 denotes the 10 second from T1 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.



Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms



TX (11n 40MHz Mode)

Radar1 Statical Performances				
Trial #	Pluse per Burst	Pluse Width(us)	PRI(us)	Detection(Yes / No)
1	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
2	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
3	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
4	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
5	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
6	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
7	18	1.0u	1.428	NO
8	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
9	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
10	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
11	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
12	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
13	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
14	18	1.0u	1.428	NO
15	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
16	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
17	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
18	18	1.0u	1.428	NO
19	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
20	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
21	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
22	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
23	18	1.0u	1.428	NO
24	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
25	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
26	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
27	18	1.0u	1.428	NO
28	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
29	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
30	18	1.0u	1.428	YES
Detection Rate 83%				



Radar2 Statical Performances				
Trial #	Pluse per Burst	Pluse Width(us)	PRI(us)	Detection(Yes / No)
1	29	2.7u	180	YES
2	26	2.8u	190	YES
3	25	1.0u	224	YES
4	23	2.5u	207	NO
5	23	4.9u	158	YES
6	27	1.4u	208	YES
7	25	4.2u	178	YES
8	28	3.1u	210	No
9	27	2.0u	175	YES
10	27	1.3u	218	YES
11	26	1.4u	221	YES
12	26	4.5u	227	YES
13	25	4.5u	185	YES
14	24	3.3u	170	YES
15	27	2.4u	170	NO
16	24	4.0u	221	YES
17	23	3.3u	200	YES
18	25	2.4u	190	NO
19	28	4.5u	229	YES
20	26	1.2u	220	YES
21	24	4.8u	223	YES
22	27	3.0u	168	No
23	28	4.9u	200	YES
24	28	2.7u	157	YES
25	23	2.8u	160	YES
26	29	2.6u	198	YES
27	27	2.5u	224	NO
28	26	4.9u	205	YES
29	29	2.7u	160	YES
30	25	3.2u	210	YES
Detection Rate 80%				



Radar3 Statical Performances				
Trial #	Pluse per Burst	Pluse Width(s)	PRI(us)	Detection(Yes / No)
1	17	7.6u	369	YES
2	16	7.9u	366	YES
3	17	8.0u	445	NO
4	18	7.0u	442	YES
5	18	9.6u	435	YES
6	16	6.0u	213	YES
7	16	9.9u	482	YES
8	17	8.5u	436	NO
9	16	8.0u	463	YES
10	16	6.0u	492	YES
11	16	9.5u	387	YES
12	16	7.0u	405	YES
13	18	7.6u	364	YES
14	17	8.0u	360	YES
15	18	7.0u	364	YES
16	16	9.9u	366	YES
17	17	8.5u	258	NO
18	17	8.0u	269	YES
19	18	6.0u	436	YES
20	17	8.8u	447	YES
21	16	7.5u	269	YES
22	18	9.8u	431	YES
23	16	8.6u	330	YES
24	16	8.0u	230	YES
25	17	6.0u	430	NO
26	18	8.8u	447	YES
27	16	8.5u	286	YES
28	17	6.50u	206	YES
29	17	6.0u	210	YES
30	18	9.5u	485	YES
Detection Rate 87%				



Radar4 Statical Performances				
Trial #	Pluse per Burst	Pluse Width(us)	PRI(us)	Detection(Yes / No)
1	14	17.2u	216	YES
2	15	20.0u	210	YES
3	13	14.8u	482	YES
4	13	14.9u	436	YES
5	16	15.8u	447	YES
6	16	19.6u	258	YES
7	12	19.0u	270	YES
8	12	13.2u	482	NO
9	15	12.0u	330	YES
10	16	12.0u	328	YES
11	16	13.8u	325	YES
12	14	15.0u	445	NO
13	15	15.8u	442	YES
14	15	14.6u	332	YES
15	15	13.9u	470	YES
16	17	16.5u	442	YES
17	15	14.0u	390	NO
18	13	15.8u	440	YES
19	15	17.0u	423	YES
20	15	18.3u	477	YES
21	15	18.2u	206	YES
22	14	19.8u	470	YES
23	15	14.6u	330	YES
24	16	13.9u	491	NO
25	15	13.9u	408	YES
26	14	17.0u	460	YES
27	13	12.5u	490	YES
28	16	12.0u	447	YES
29	14	13.8u	435	YES
30	15	14.9u	375	YES
Detection Rate 87%				



Radar5 Statical Performances		
Trial #	Test Signal name	Detection(Yes / No)
1	LP_Signal_01	Yes
2	LP_Signal_02	Yes
3	LP_Signal_03	Yes
4	LP_Signal_04	Yes
5	LP_Signal_05	Yes
6	LP_Signal_06	Yes
7	LP_Signal_07	Yes
8	LP_Signal_08	Yes
9	LP_Signal_09	Yes
10	LP_Signal_10	Yes
11	LP_Signal_11	Yes
12	LP_Signal_12	NO
13	LP_Signal_13	Yes
14	LP_Signal_14	Yes
15	LP_Signal_15	Yes
16	LP_Signal_16	Yes
17	LP_Signal_17	NO
18	LP_Signal_18	Yes
19	LP_Signal_19	Yes
20	LP_Signal_20	Yes
21	LP_Signal_21	Yes
22	LP_Signal_22	NO
23	LP_Signal_23	Yes
24	LP_Signal_24	Yes
25	LP_Signal_25	Yes
26	LP_Signal_26	NO
27	LP_Signal_27	Yes
28	LP_Signal_28	Yes
29	LP_Signal_29	Yes
30	LP_Signal_30	Yes
Detection Rate		87%

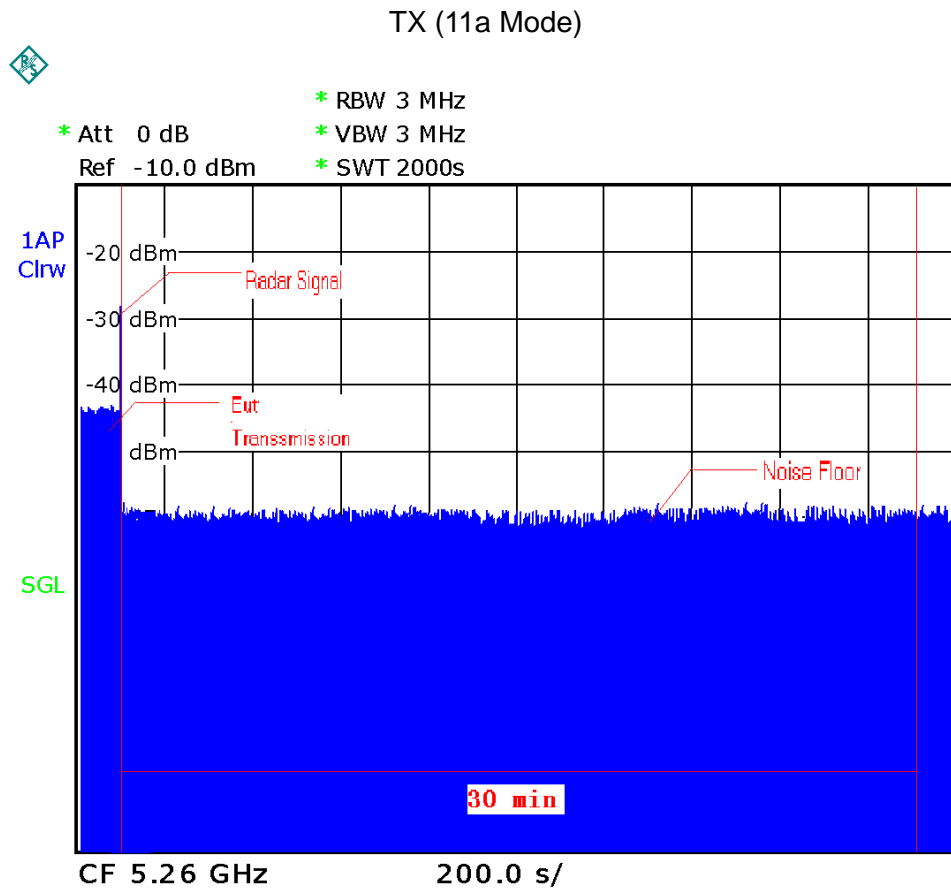


Radar6 Statical Performances		
Trial #	Hoping Frequency Sequence Name	Detection(Yes / No)
1	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_01	Yes
2	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_02	Yes
3	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_03	Yes
4	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_04	Yes
5	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_05	NO
6	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_06	Yes
7	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_07	Yes
8	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_08	Yes
9	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_09	NO
10	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_10	Yes
11	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_11	Yes
12	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_12	Yes
13	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_13	Yes
14	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_14	Yes
15	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_15	No
16	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_16	Yes
17	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_17	Yes
18	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_18	Yes
19	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_19	Yes
20	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_20	NO
21	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_21	Yes
22	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_22	Yes
23	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_23	Yes
24	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_24	NO
25	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_25	Yes
26	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_26	Yes
27	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_27	Yes
28	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_28	Yes
29	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_29	Yes
30	HOP_FREQ_SEQ_30	Yes
Detection Rate		83%

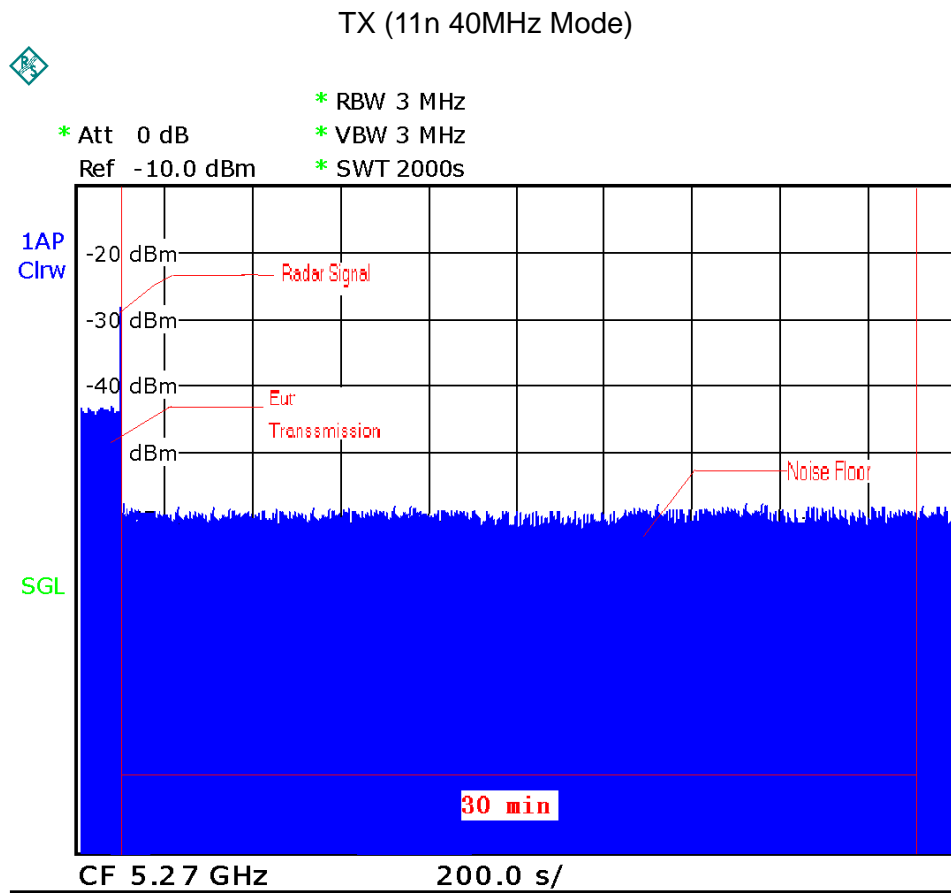


6.2.5 NON- OCCUPANCY PERIOD

During the 30 minutes observation time, UUT did not make any transmissions on a channel after a radar signal was detected on that channel by either the Channel Availability Check or the In-Service Monitoring.



Date: 28.OCT.2013 21:51:42



Date:28.OCT.2013 22:55:45

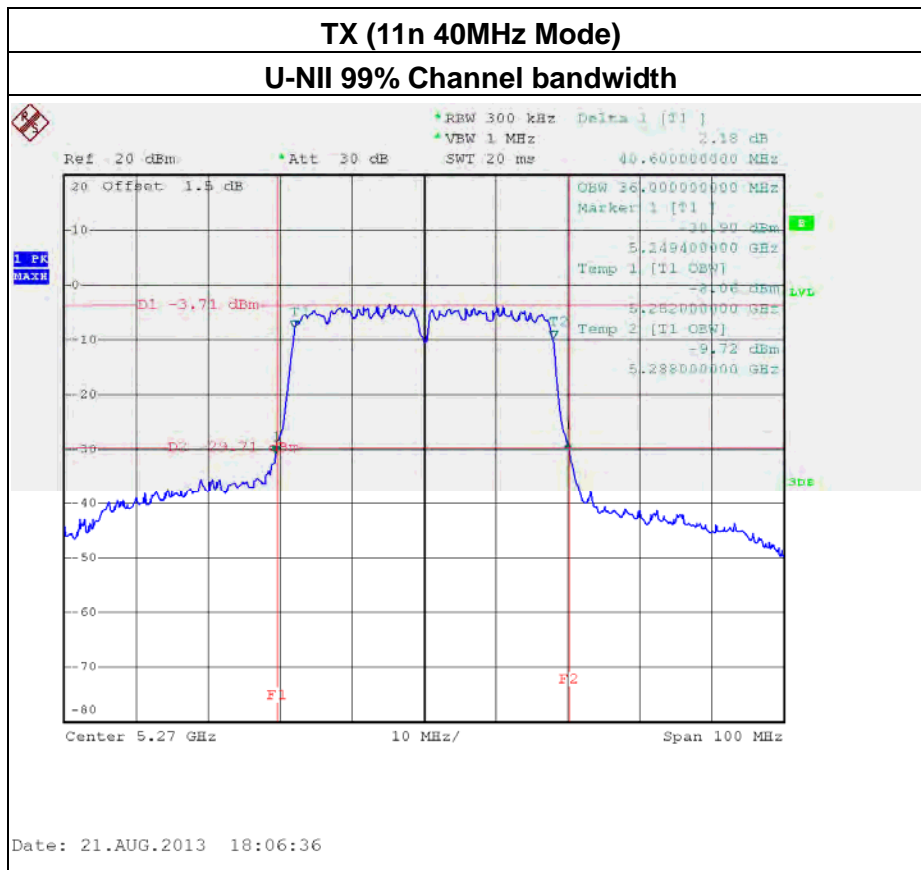
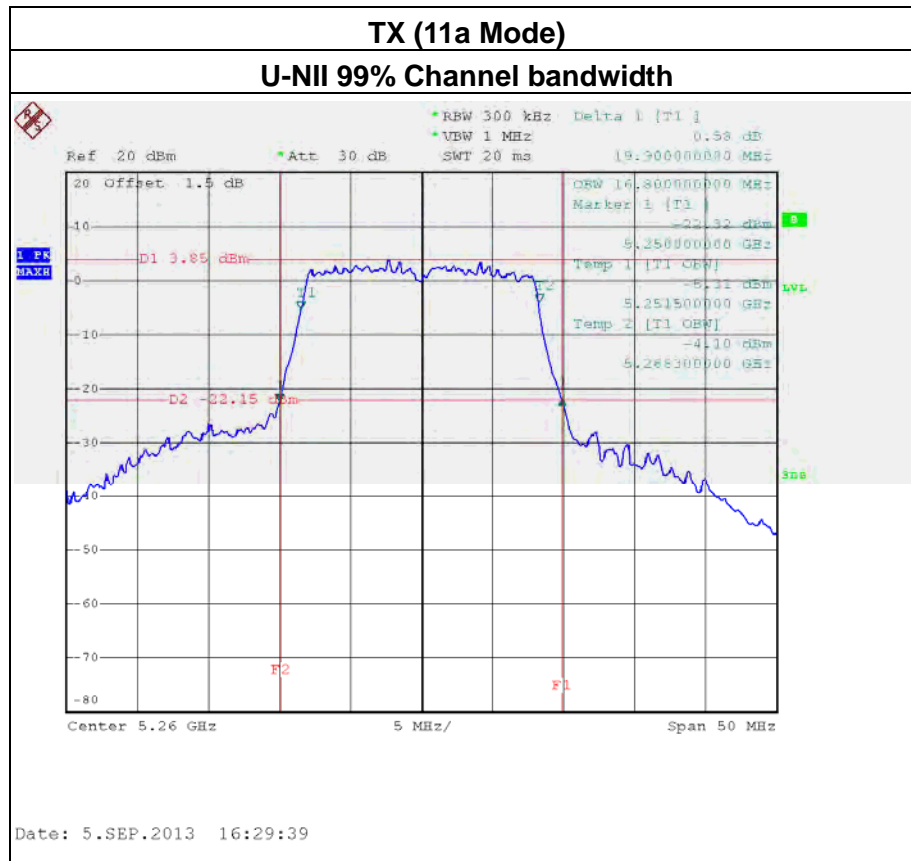


6.2.6 UNIFORM SPREADING

The intention of the uniform spreading is to provide, on aggregate, a uniform loading of the spectrum. The UUT using the bands 5250 to 5350MHz and 5470 to 5600 MHz channels so that the probability of selecting a given channel shall be the same for channels. The UUT will select channel by random mode and remember this channel when detect radar signal, so that will select unused channel by random mode.



6.2.7 U-NII DETECTION BANDWIDTH





11a Mode

Detection Bandwidth test transmission 20M											
EUT FREQUENCY	5260M										
EUT power bandwidth	16.8MHz										
Detection Bandwidth limit(80%of EUT 99% Power bandwidth)	13.44										
Detection Bandwidth(5253(FH)-5267(FL))	14										
Test Result	PASS										
Radar Freq (MHz)	DFS Detection Trials (1=Detection, 0= No Detection)										Detection Rate (%)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
5253(FL)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5254	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5255	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5256	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5257	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5258	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5259	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5260	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5261	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5262	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5263	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5264	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5265	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5266	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5267(FH)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100



11n 40MHz Mode

Detection Bandwidth test transmission	40M										
EUT FREQUENCY	5270M										
EUT power bandwidth	36MHz										
Detection Bandwidth limit(80%of EUT 99% Power bandwidth)	28.8										
Detection Bandwidth(5255(FH)-5285(FL))	30										
Test Result	PASS										
	DFS Detection Trials (1=Detection, 0= No Detection)										
Radar Freq (MHz)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Detection Rate (%)
5255(FL)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5256	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5257	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5258	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5259	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5260	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5261	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5262	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5263	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5264	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5265	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5266	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5267	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5268	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5269	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5270	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5271	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5272	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5273	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5274	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5275	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5276	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5277	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5278	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5279	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5280	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5281	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5282	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5283	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5284	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100
5285(FH)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	100