Accredited testing-laboratory

DAR registration number: DAT-P-176/94-D1

Federal Motor Transport Authority (KBA)
DAR registration number: KBA-P 00070-97

Recognized by the Federal Communications Commission
Anechoic chamber registration no.: 90462 (FCC)
Anechoic chamber registration no.: 3463A-1 (IC)
Certification ID: DE 0001
Accreditation ID: DE 0002

Accredited Bluetooth® Test Facility (BQTF)

Test report no.	**:**	**4-2380-13-06/07**
Type identification	**:**	**MC2007S1**
Applicant	**:**	**SAGEM Communication**
FCC ID	**:**	**M9HMC07S1**
IC Reg. No.	**:**	**-**
Test standards	**:**	**47 CFR Part 22**
		47 CFR Part 24
		RSS - 132 Issue 1
		RSS - 133 Issue 3

Table of contents

1 General information

1.1 Notes

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in 1.5. The CETECOM ICT Services GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalisations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item. The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written approval of the CETECOM ICT Services GmbH.

Test laboratory manager:

2007-05-09	**Detlev Gillmann**	
Date	Name	Signature

Technical responsibility for area of testing:

2007-05-09	**Michael Berg**	
Date	Name	Signature

1.2 Testing laboratory

CETECOM ICT Services GmbH

Untertürkheimer Straße 6 - 10
66117 Saarbrücken
Germany
Phone: + 49 681 5 98 - 0
Fax: + 49 681 5 98 - 9075
e-mail: info@ICT.cetecom.de
Internet: http://www.cetecom-ict.de

State of accreditation: **The test laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025**
DAR registration number: DAT-P-176/94-D1

Accredited by: **Federal Motor Transport Authority (KBA)**
DAR registration number: KBA-P 00070-97

Testing location, if different from CETECOM ICT Services GmbH:

Name :
Street :
Town :
Country :
Phone :
Fax :

1.3 Details of applicant

Name:	**SAGEM Communication** **FR 0448018158**
Street:	**2 rue du Petit Albi**
Town:	**95800 Cergy Pontoise**
Country:	**France**
Telephone:	**+33-1-5811 90 90**
Fax:	**+33-1-5811 14 11**
Contact:	**Jean Marquet**
E-mail:	**jean.marquet@sagem.com**
Telephone:	**+33-1-5811 91 72**

1.4 Application details

Date of receipt of order:	**2007-03-21**
Date of receipt of test item:	**2007-05-02**
Date of start test:	**2007-05-04**
Date of end test	**2007-05-09**

Persons(s) who have been present during the test:

2 Test standard/s:

47 CFR Part 22	**2006-10**	**Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I-Federal Communications Commission subchapter B - common carrier services, Part 22-Public mobile services**
47 CFR Part 24	**2006-10**	**Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I-Federal Communications Commission subchapter B - common carrier services, Part 24-Personal communications services**
RSS - 132 Issue 1	**2002-08**	**Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Policy - Radio Standards Specifications 800 MHz Cellular Telephones Employing New Technologies**
RSS - 133 Issue 3	**2005-06**	**Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Policy - Radio Standards Specifications 2 GHz Personal Communication Services**

3 Technical tests

3.1 Details of manufacturer

Name:	**SAGEM Communication FR 0448018158**
Street:	**2 rue du Petit Albi**
Town:	**95800 Cergy Pontoise**
Country:	**France**

3.1.1 Test item

Kind of test item	:	Quadband Mode GSM - EDGE - WCDMA Mobile
Type identification	:	MC2007S1
Serial Number	:	
Frequency	:	1850.2 – 1909.8 MHz and 824.2 – 848.8 MHz
Type of modulation	:	300KGXW (GMSK) / 300KG7W (8-PSK)
Number of channels	:	300 (PCS1900) and 125 (PCS850)
Antenna Type	:	Integral antenna
Power supply (normal)	:	3.9 V DC
Output power GSM 850 / GMSK	:	cond.: 32.7 dBm Peak ERP: 29.3 dBm (Burst);
Output power GSM 1900 / GMSK	:	cond : 29.9 dBm Peak EIRP: 30.2 dBm (Burst)
Output power GSM 850 / 8-PSK	:	cond.: 32.3 dBm Peak ERP: 28.7 dBm (Burst);
Output power GSM 1900 / 8-PSK	:	cond : 29.5 dBm Peak EIRP: 29.9 dBm (Burst)
Transmitter Spurious (worst case)		mW / dBm
Receiver Spurious (worst case)		34.8 µV/m @ 3 m
FCC ID	:	M9HMC07S1
Certification No. IC	:	-
Open Area Test Site IC No.	:	IC 3463A-1
IC Standards	:	RSS132, Issue 2, RSS133, Issue 3

ATTESTATION:
DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE:
I declare that the testing was performed or supervised by me; that the test measurements were made in accordance with the above-mentioned Industry Canada standard(s); and that the equipment identified in this application has been subjected to all the applicable test conditions specified in the Industry Canada standards and all of the requirements of the standard have been met.

Laboratory Manager:

2004-10-27 **Detlev Gillmann** 

Date Name Signature

3.2 Test Setup

Hardware	:	V0x
Software	:	E E1;xx

Mobile;	(cond. measurements)	:	354437010002760
Mobile;	(rad. measurements)	:	354437010003545

The radiated measurements were performed with standard world wide charger.

4 Statement of Compliance

No deviations from the technical specification(s) were ascertained in the course of the tests performed.

4.1 Summary of Measurement Results

☒ **No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained**

☐ There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained

4.1.1 PCS 1900

Section in this Report	Test Name	Verdict
3.1.1	RF Power Output	pass
3.1.2	Frequency Stability	pass
3.1.3	Radiated Emissions	pass
3.1.4	Receiver Radiated Emissions	pass
3.1.5	Conducted Spurious Emissions	pass
3.1.6	Block Edge Compliance	pass
3.1.7	Occupied Bandwidth	pass

4.1.2 GSM 850

Section in this Report	Test Name	Verdict
3.2.1	RF Power Output	pass
3.2.2	Frequency Stability	pass
3.2.3	Radiated Emissions	pass
3.2.4	Receiver Radiated Emissions	pass
3.2.5	Conducted Spurious Emissions	pass
3.2.6	Block Edge Compliance	pass
3.2.7	Occupied Bandwidth	pass

5 Measurements and results

For Part 24/22 we use the substitution method (TIA/EIA 603).
All measurements in this report are done in GSM mode. The device is able to transmit data in GPRS mode also.
But because the current measurements are performed in PEAK mode no other results from GPRS mode are possible.
The only different is the modulation average power, which is 3 dB higher (by using 2 timeslots in the Up-link).
All relevant tests have been repeated in 8-PSK Modulation if EDGE Mode is supported.

5.1 PART PCS 1900

5.1.1 RF Power Output

Reference

FCC:	CFR Part 24.232, 2.1046
IC:	RSS 133, Issue 3, Section 4.3

Summary:

This paragraph contains both average/peak output power and EIRP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

Method of Measurements:

The mobile was set up for the max. output power with pseudo random data modulation.
The power was measured with R&S Signal Analyzer FSIQ 26 (peak and average)
These measurements were done at 3 frequencies, 1850.2 MHz, 1880.0 MHz and 1909.8 MHz (bottom, middle and top of operational frequency range).

Limits:

Power Step	Nominal Peak Output Power (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)
0	+30	± 2

Test Results: Output Power (conducted) GMSK Mode

Frequency (MHz)	Power Class	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Average Output Power (dBm)
1850.2	0	29.7	29.6
1880.0	0	29.9	29.8
1909.8	0	29.8	29.7
Measurement uncertainty		±0.5 dB	

Test Results: Output Power (conducted) 8-PSK Mode

Frequency (MHz)	Power Class	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Average Output Power (dBm)
1850.2	0	29.4	26.1
1880.0	0	29.5	26.5
1909.8	0	29.4	26.3
Measurement uncertainty		±0.5 dB	

EIRP Measurements

Description:

This is the test for the maximum radiated power from the phone.
Rule Part 24.232(b) specifies that "Mobile/portable stations are limited to 2 watts e.i.r.p. peak power…" and 24.232(c) specifies that "Peak transmit power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage."

Measuring the EIRP of Spurious/Harmonic Emissions using Substitution Method
(a) The measurements were performed with full rf output power and modulation.
(b) Test was performed at listed 3m test site (listed with FCC, IC).
(c) The transmitter under test was placed at the specified height on a non-conducting turntable (80 cm height)
(d) The BICONILOG antenna (20 MHz to 1 GHz) or HORN antenna (1 GHz to 18 GHz) was used for measuring.
(e) Load an appropriate correction factors file in EMI Receiver for correcting the field strength reading level
Total Correction Factor recorded in the EMI Receiver = Cable Loss + Antenna Factor
E (dBuV/m) = Reading (dBuV) + Total Correction Factor (dB/m)
(f) Set the EMI Receiver and #2 as follows:
Center Frequency: test frequency
Resolution BW: 100 kHz
Video BW: same
Detector Mode: positive
Average: off
Span: 3 x the signal bandwidth
(g) The test antenna was lowered or raised from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected.
(h) The transmitter was rotated through 360 o about a vertical axis until a higher maximum signal was received.
(i) The test antenna was lowered or raised again from 1 to 4 meters until a maximum was obtained. This level was recorded.
(j) The recorded reading was corrected to the true field strength level by adding the antenna factor, cable loss and subtracting the pre-amplifier gain.
(k) The above steps were repeated with both transmitters' antenna and test receiving antenna placed in vertical and horizontal polarization. Both readings with the antennas placed in vertical and horizontal polarization shall be recorded.
(l) Repeat for all different test signal frequencies

Measuring the EIRP of Spurious/Harmonic Emissions using Substitution Method

(a) Set the EMI Receiver (for measuring E-Field) and Receiver #2 (for measuring EIRP) as follows:
Center Frequency : equal to the signal source
Resolution BW : 10 kHz
Video BW : same
Detector Mode : positive
Average : off
Span : 3 x the signal bandwidth
(b) Load an appropriate correction factors file in EMI Receiver for correcting the field strength reading level
Total Correction Factor recorded in the EMI Receiver = Cable Loss + Antenna Factor
E (dBuV/m) = Reading (dBuV) + Total Correction Factor (dB/m)
(c) Select the frequency and E-field levels for ERP/EIRP measurements.
(d) Substitute the EUT by a signal generator and one of the following transmitting antennas (substitution antenna):
DIPOLE antenna for frequency from 30-1000 MHz or .HORN antenna for frequency above 1 GHz}.
(e) Mount the transmitting antenna at 1.5 meter high from the ground plane.
(f) Use one of the following antenna as a receiving antenna: .DIPOLE antenna for frequency from 30-1000 MHz or .HORN antenna for frequency above 1 GHz }.
(g) If the DIPOLE antenna is used, tune its elements to the frequency as specified in the calibration manual.
(h) Adjust both transmitting and receiving antenna in a VERTICAL polarization.
(i) Tune the EMI Receivers to the test frequency.
(j) Lower or raise the test antenna from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected.
(k) The transmitter was rotated through 360 o about a vertical axis until a higher maximum signal was received.
(l) Lower or raise the test antenna from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected.
(m) Adjust input signal to the substitution antenna until an equal or a known related level to that detected from the transmitter was obtained in the test receiver.
(n) Record the power level read from the Average Power Meter and calculate the ERP/EIRP as follows:
P = P1 - L1 = (P2 + L2) – L1 = P3 + A + L2 - L1
EIRP = P + G1 = P3 + L2 - L1 + A + G1
ERP = EIRP – 2.15 dB
Total Correction factor in EMI Receiver # 2 = L2 – L1 + G1
Where: P: Actual RF Power fed into the substitution antenna port after corrected.
P1: Power output from the signal generator
P2: Power measured at attenuator A input
P3: Power reading on the Average Power Meter
EIRP: EIRP after correction
ERP: ERP after correction
(o) Adjust both transmitting and receiving antenna in a HORIZONTAL polarization, then repeat step (k) to (o)
(p) Repeat step (d) to (o) for different test frequency
(q) Repeat steps (c) to (j) with the substitution antenna oriented in horizontal polarization.
(r) Actual gain of the EUT's antenna is the difference of the measured EIRP and measured RF power at the RF port. Correct the antenna gain if necessary.

Limits:

Power Step	Burst PEAK EIRP (dBm)
0	<33

Test Results: Output Power (radiated) GMSK Mode

Frequency (MHz)	Power Class	BURST PEAK EIRP (dBm)
1850.2	0	29.6
1880.0	0	30.0
1909.8	0	30.2
Measurement uncertainty	±3 dB	

Test Results: Output Power (radiated) 8-PSK Mode

Frequency (MHz)	Power Class	BURST PEAK EIRP (dBm)
1850.2	0	29.2
1880.0	0	29.6
1909.8	0	29.9
Measurement uncertainty	±3 dB	

Sample Calculation:

Freq	SA Reading	SG Setting	Ant. gain	Dipol gain	Cable loss	EIRP Result			
MHz	dBµV	dBm	dBi	dBd	dB	dBm			
1908.2	136.2	25.1	8.4	0.0	3.3	30.2			

EIRP = SG (dBm) - Cable Loss (dB) + Ant. gain (dBi)

5.1.2 Frequency Stability

Reference

FCC:	CFR Part 24.235, 2.1055
IC:	RSS 133, Issue 3, Section 4.2

Method of Measurement:

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMU 200 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER..
1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
3. With the mobile station, powered with Vnom, connected to the CMU 200 and in a simulated call on channel 661 (center channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
4. Repeat the above measurements at 10 C increments from -30 C to +60 C. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, un-powered, before making measurements.
5. Re-measure carrier frequency at room temperature with Vnom. Vary supply voltage from Vmin to Vmax, in 12 steps re-measuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at Vnom for 1 1/2 hours un-powered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
6. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at +60 C.
7. With the mobile station, powered with Vnom, connected to the CMU 200 and in a simulated call on channel 661(center channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
8. Repeat the above measurements at 10 C increments from +60 C to -30 C. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, un-powered, before making measurements.
9. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5 C during the measurement procedure.

Measurement Limit:

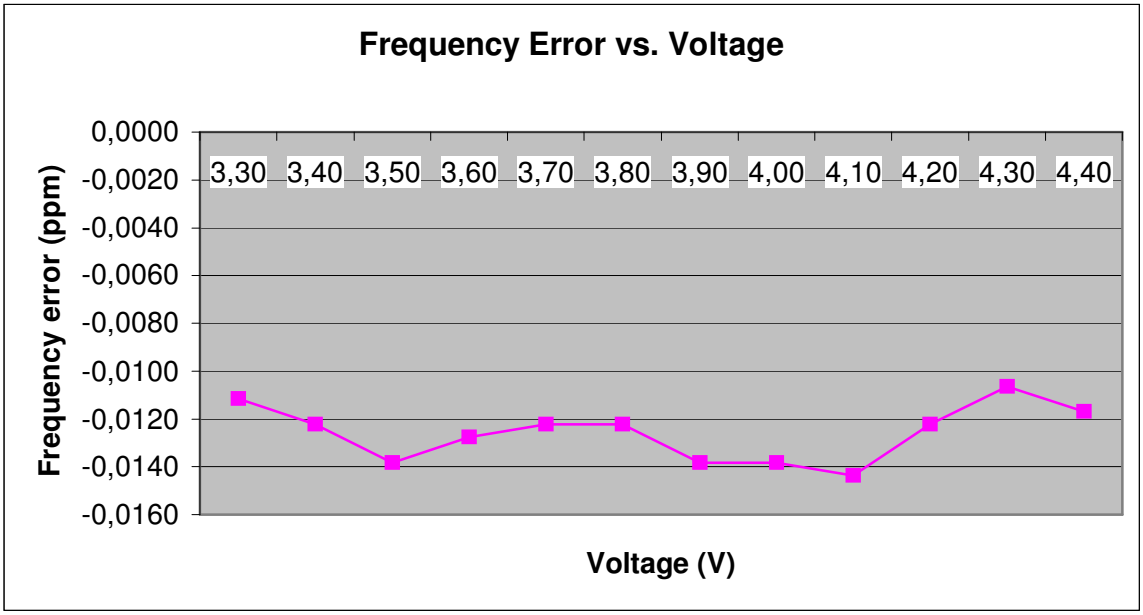
According to the JTC standard the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block..

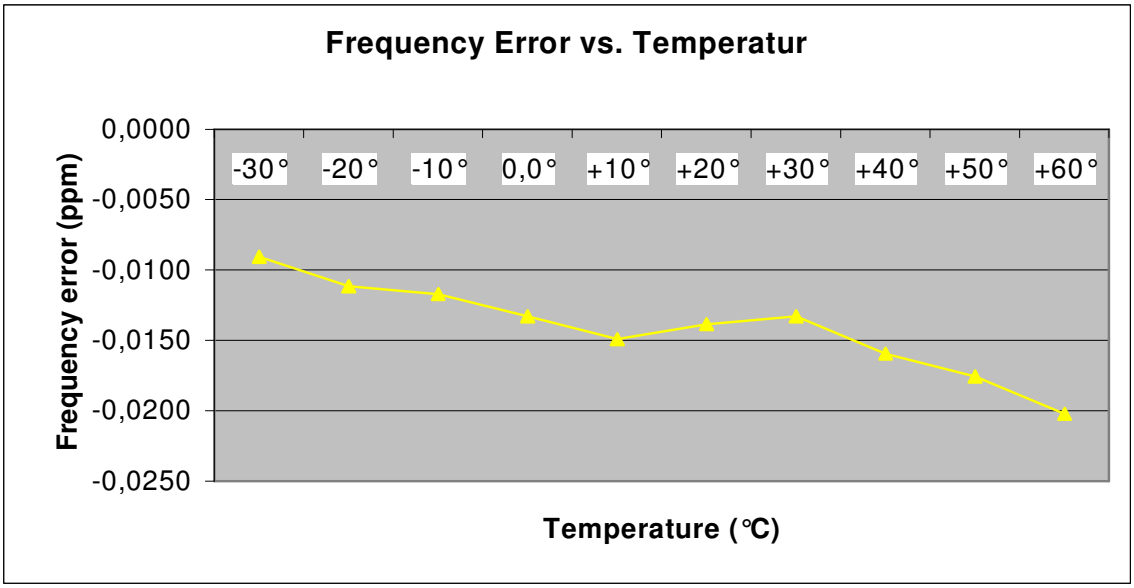
Test Results: AFC FREQ ERROR vs. VOLTAGE

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
3.3	-21	-0,00000112	-0,0112
3.4	-23	-0,00000122	-0,0122
3.5	-26	-0,00000138	-0,0138
3.6	-24	-0,00000128	-0,0128
3.7	-23	-0,00000122	-0,0122
3.8	-23	-0,00000122	-0,0122
3.9	-26	-0,00000138	-0,0138
4.0	-26	-0,00000138	-0,0138
4.1	-27	-0,00000144	-0,0144
4.2	-23	-0,00000122	-0,0122
4.3	-20	-0,00000106	-0,0106
4.4	-22	-0,00000117	-0,0117

Test Results: AFC FREQ ERROR vs. TEMPERATURE

TEMPERATURE (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	-17	-0,00000090	-0,0090
-20	-21	-0,00000112	-0,0112
-10	-22	-0,00000117	-0,0117
±0.0	-25	-0,00000133	-0,0133
+10	-28	-0,00000149	-0,0149
+20	-26	-0,00000138	-0,0138
+30	-25	-0,00000133	-0,0133
+40	-30	-0,00000160	-0,0160
+50	-33	-0,00000176	-0,0176
+60	-38	-0,00000202	-0,0202


Frequency Error vs. Voltage
0,0000
-0,0020
-0,0040
-0,0060
-0,0080
-0,0100
-0,0120
-0,0140
-0,0160
Frequency error (ppm)
3,30
3,40
3,50
3,60
3,70
3,80
3,90
4,00
4,10
4,20
4,30
4,40
Voltage (V)


Frequency Error vs. Temperatur
0,0000
-0,0050
-0,0100
-0,0150
-0,0200
-0,0250
Frequency error (ppm)
-30°
-20°
-10°
0,0°
+10°
+20°
+30°
+40°
+50°
+60°
Temperature (°C)

5.1.3 Radiated Emissions

Reference

FCC:	CFR Part 24.238, 2.1053
IC:	RSS 133, Issue 3, Section 4.4

Measurement Procedure:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2003 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 1910 MHz. This was rounded up to 20 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 24.238. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the USPCS band.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load.
c) A double ridged waveguide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and I MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded.
e) Now each detected emissions were substituted by the Substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603.

Measurement Limit:

Sec. 24.238 Emission Limits.
(a) On any frequency outside a licensee' s frequency block (e.g. A, D, B, etc.) within the USPCS spectrum, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P, in Watts) by at least 43+10Log(P) dB.
The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.

Measurement Results: Radiated Emissions

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the USPCS band (1850.2 MHz, 1880.0 MHz and 1909.8 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the USPCS band into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next table.

All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.
As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

Harmonic	Tx ch.-512 Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Tx ch.-661 Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Tx ch.-810 Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBm)
2	3700.4	-	3760	-	3819.6	-
3	5550.6	-	5640	-	5729.4	-
4	7400.8	-	7520	-	7639.2	-
5	9251.0	-	9400	-	9549.0	-
6	11101.2	-	11280	-	11458.8	-
7	12951.4	-	13160	-	13368.6	-
8	14801.6	-	15040	-	15278.4	-
9	16651.8	-	16920	-	17188.2	-
10	18502.0	-	18800	-	19098.0	-

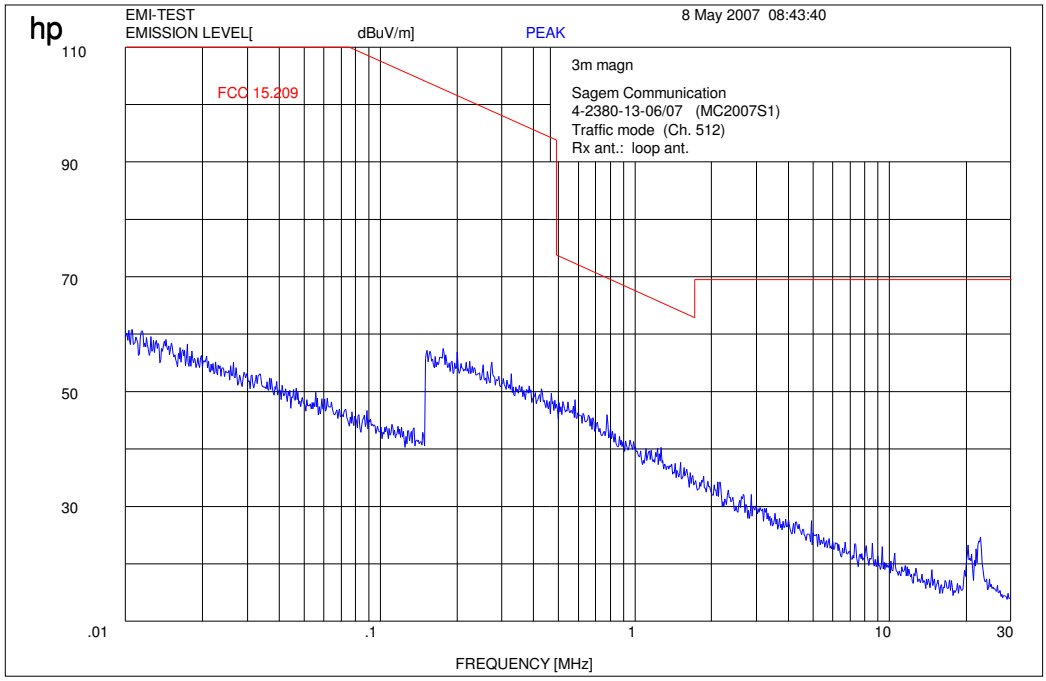
No peaks found < 20 dB below limit.

Sample calculation:

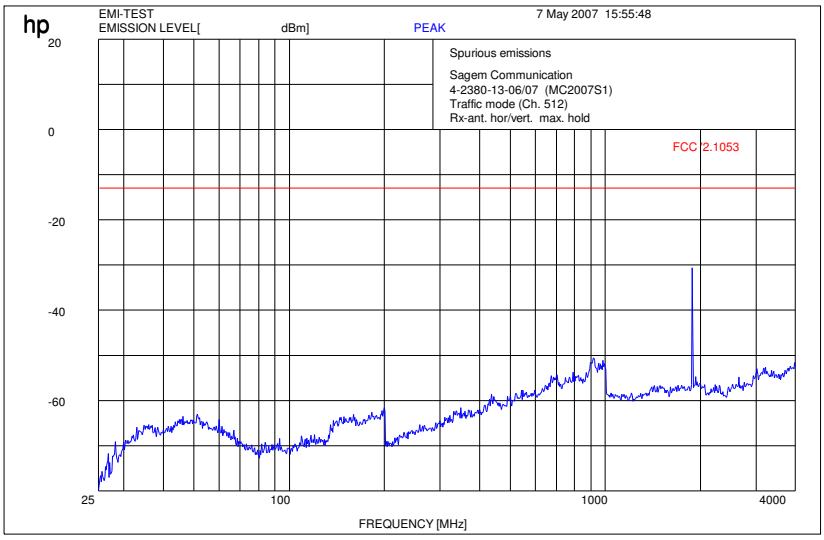
Freq	SA Reading	SG Setting	Ant. gain	Dipol gain	Cable loss	EIRP Result			
MHz	dBµV	dBm	dBi	dBd	dB	dBm			
1908.2	136.2	25.1	8.4	0.0	3.3	30.2			

EIRP = SG (dBm) - Cable Loss (dB) + Ant. gain (dBi)

Traffic mode up to 30 MHz (Valid for all 3 channels)

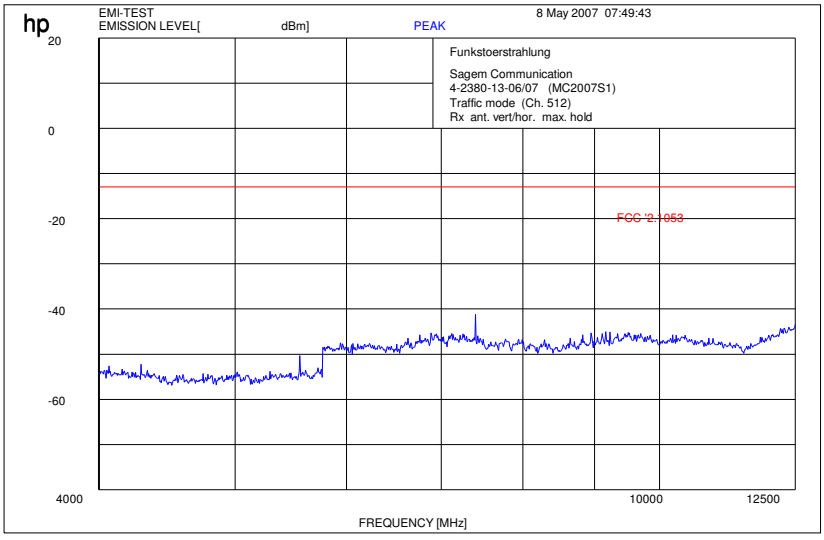


Channel 512 (30 MHz - 4 GHz)



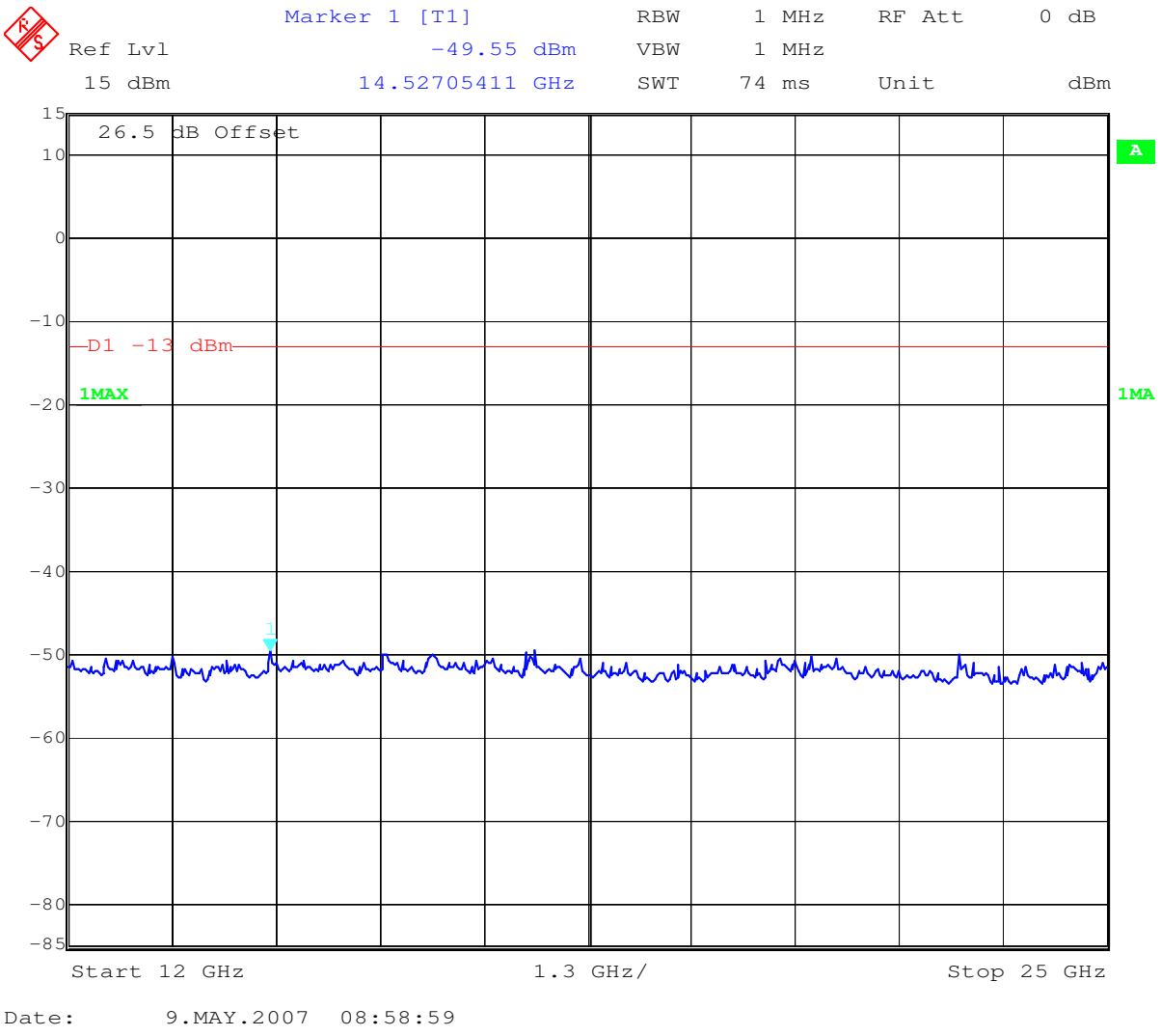
f < 1 GHz : RBW/VBW: 100 kHz f ≥ 1GHz : RBW / VBW 1 MHz
Carrier suppressed with a rejection filter

Channel 512 (4 GHz – 12.5 GHz)

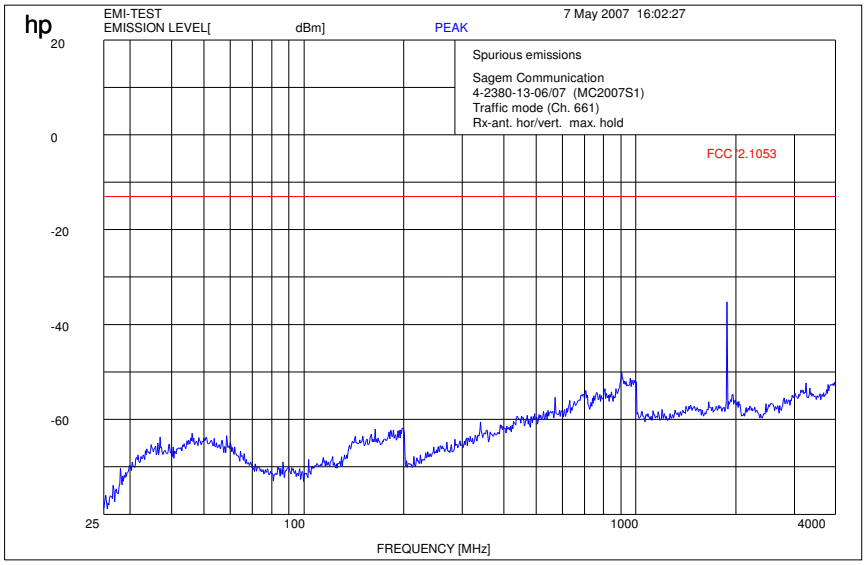


f ≥ 1GHz : RBW / VBW 1 MHz

Channel 512 (12 GHz - 25 GHz) valid for all 3 channels

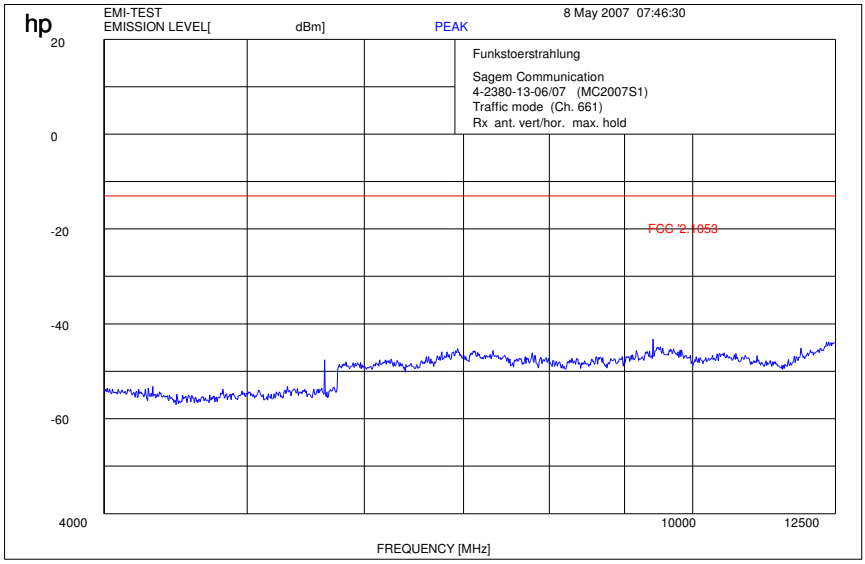


Channel 661 (30 MHz - 4 GHz)



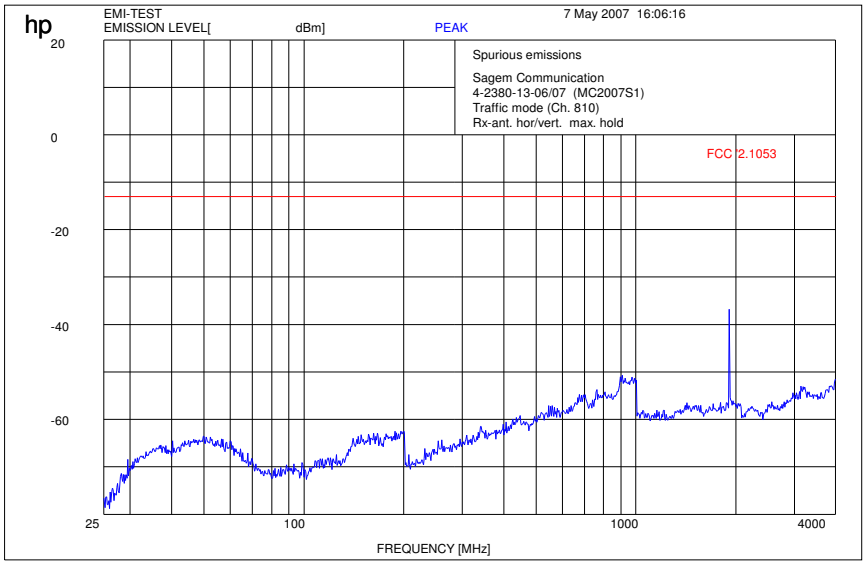
f < 1 GHz : RBW/VBW: 100 kHz f ≥ 1GHz : RBW / VBW 1 MHz
Carrier suppressed with a rejection filter

Channel 661 (4 GHz – 12.5 GHz)



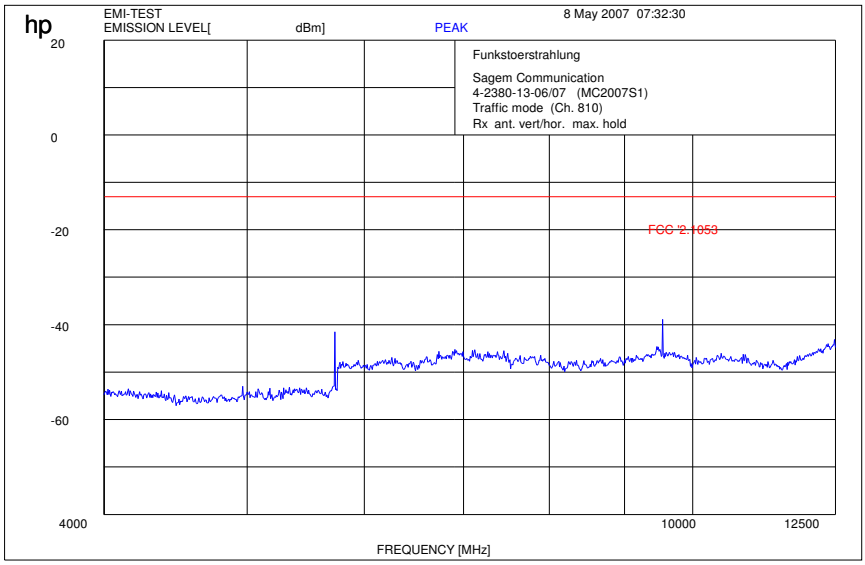
f ≥ 1GHz : RBW / VBW 1 MHz

Channel 810 (30 MHz - 4 GHz)



f < 1 GHz : RBW/VBW: 100 kHz f ≥ 1GHz : RBW / VBW 1 MHz
Carrier suppressed with a rejection filter

Channel 810 (4 GHz – 12.5 GHz)



f < 1 GHz : RBW/VBW: 100 kHz f ≥ 1GHz : RBW / VBW 1 MHz

5.1.4 Receiver Radiated Emissions

Reference

FCC:	CFR Part 15.109, 2.1053
IC:	RSS 133, Issue 3, Section 4.5

Measurement Results

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS LEVEL (µV/m)								
Idle mode								
f (MHz)	Detector	Level (µV/m)	f (MHz)	Detector	Level (µV/m)	f (MHz)	Detector	Level (µV/m)
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Measurement uncertainty			±3 dB					

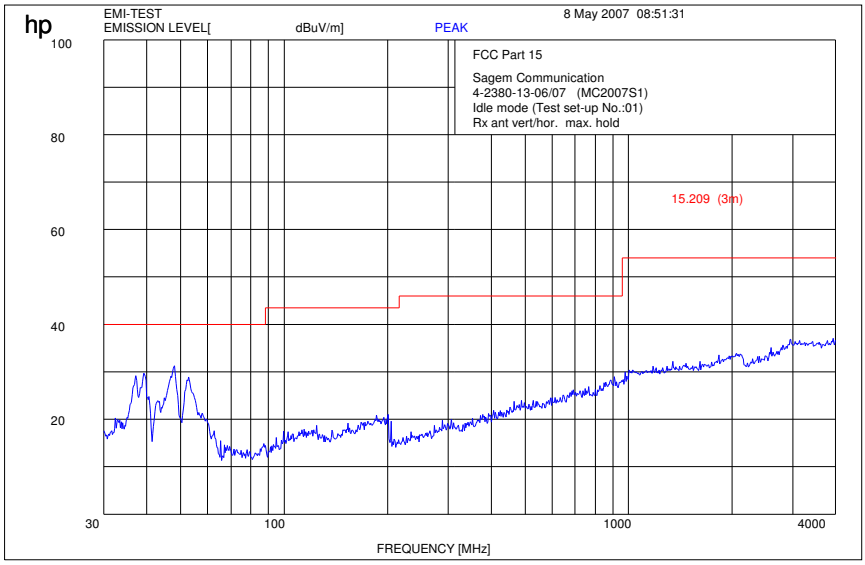
f < 1 GHz : RBW/VBW: 100 kHz f ≥ 1GHz : RBW/VBW: 1 MHz
H = Horizontal ; V= Vertical

For measurement distance see table below

Limits: § 15.109

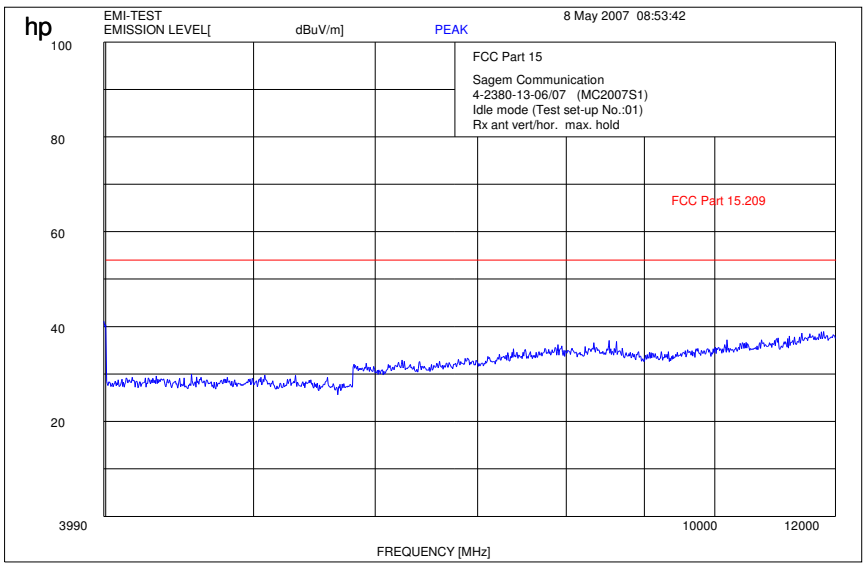
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
above 960	500	3

IDLE MODE (30 MHz - 4 GHz)



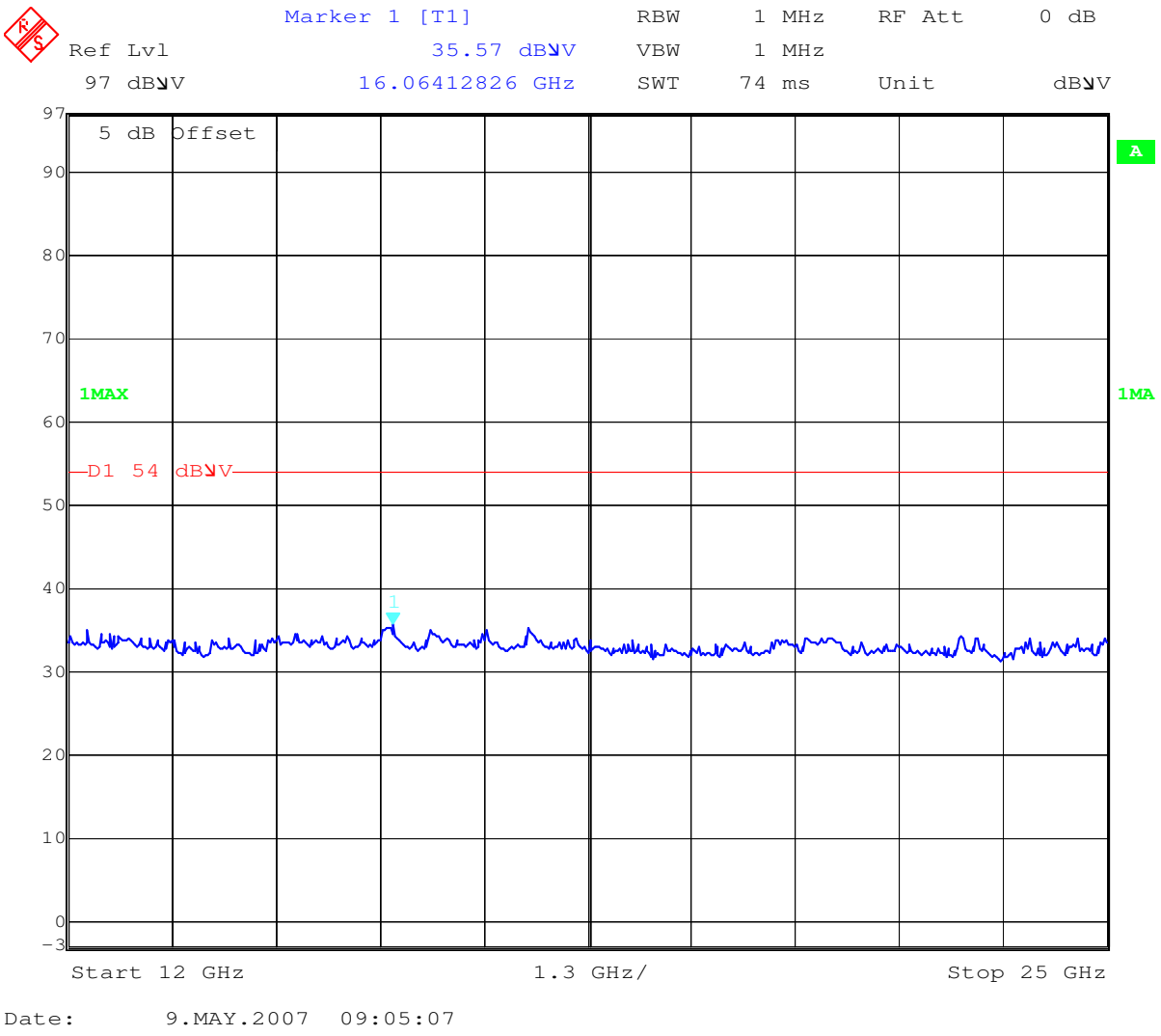
f < 1 GHz : RBW/VBW: 100 kHz f ≥ 1GHz : RBW / VBW 1 MHz

Idle Mode (4 GHz – 12.0 GHz)



f ≥ 1GHz : RBW / VBW 1 MHz

Idle Mode (12 GHz - 25 GHz)



5.1.5 Conducted Spurious Emissions

Reference

FCC:	CFR Part 24.238, 2.10.51
IC:	RSS 133, Issue 3, Section 4.4

Measurement Procedure:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.
1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency.
For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 19.1 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 20 GHz.
2. Determine mobile station transmit frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

USPCS Transmitter Channel Frequency:
512 1850.2 MHz
661 1880.0 MHz
810 1909.8 MHz

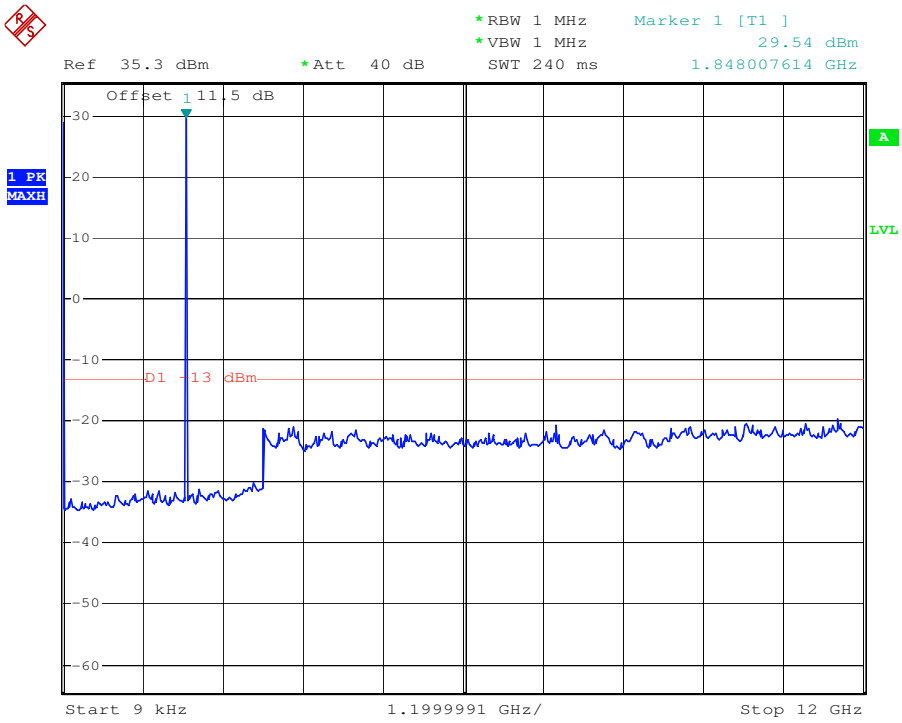
Measurement Limit:

(a) On any frequency outside frequency band of the USPCS spectrum, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P, in Watts) by at least 43+10Log(P) dB. For all power levels +30 dBm to 0 dBm, this becomes a constant specification limit of -13 dBm.

Measurement Results:

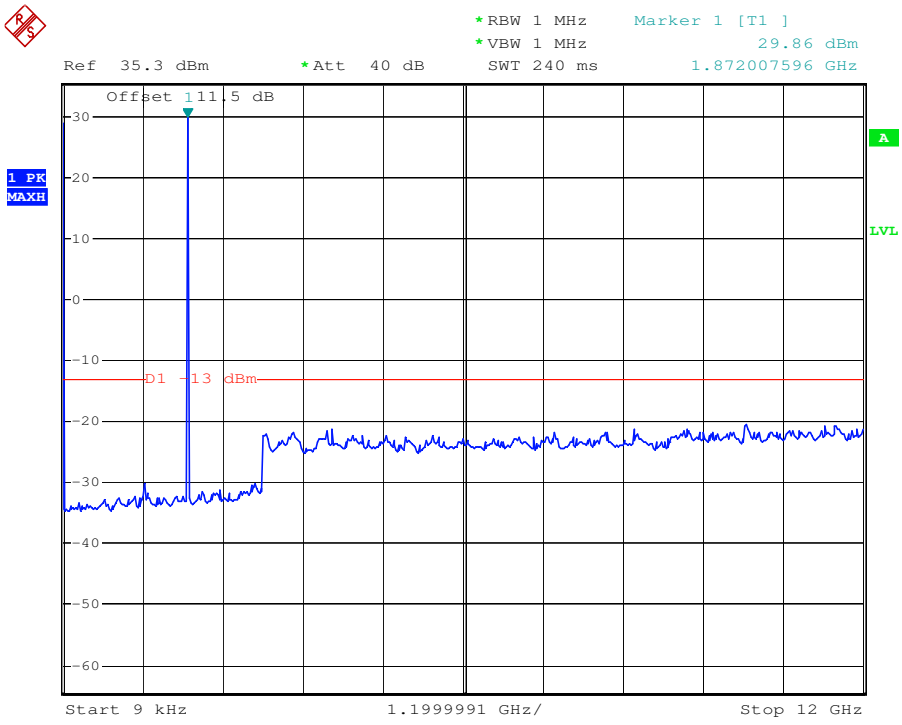
Harmonic	Tx ch.-512 Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Tx ch.-661 Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Tx ch.-810 Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBm)
2	3700.4	-	3760	-	3819.6	-
3	5550.6	-	5640	-	5729.4	-
4	7400.8	-	7520	-	7639.2	-
5	9251.0	-	9400	-	9549.0	-
6	11101.2	-	11280	-	11458.8	-
7	12951.4	-	13160	-	13368.6	-
8	14801.6	-	15040	-	15278.4	-
9	16651.8	-	16920	-	17188.2	-
10	18502.0	-	18800	-	19098.0	-

Channel: 512



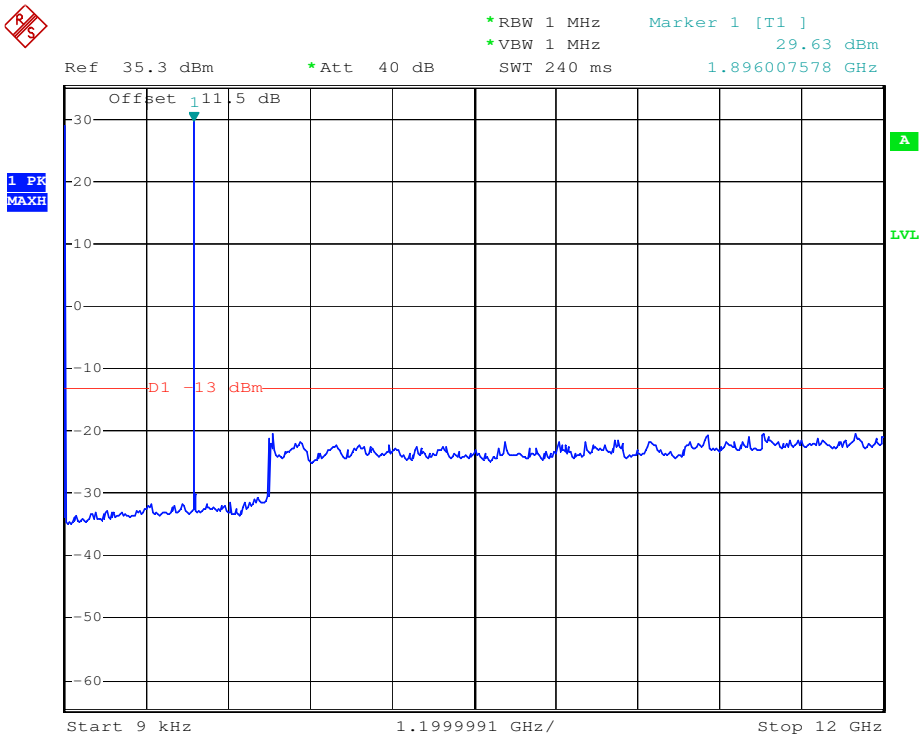
Date: 4.MAY.2007 09:53:57

Channel 661



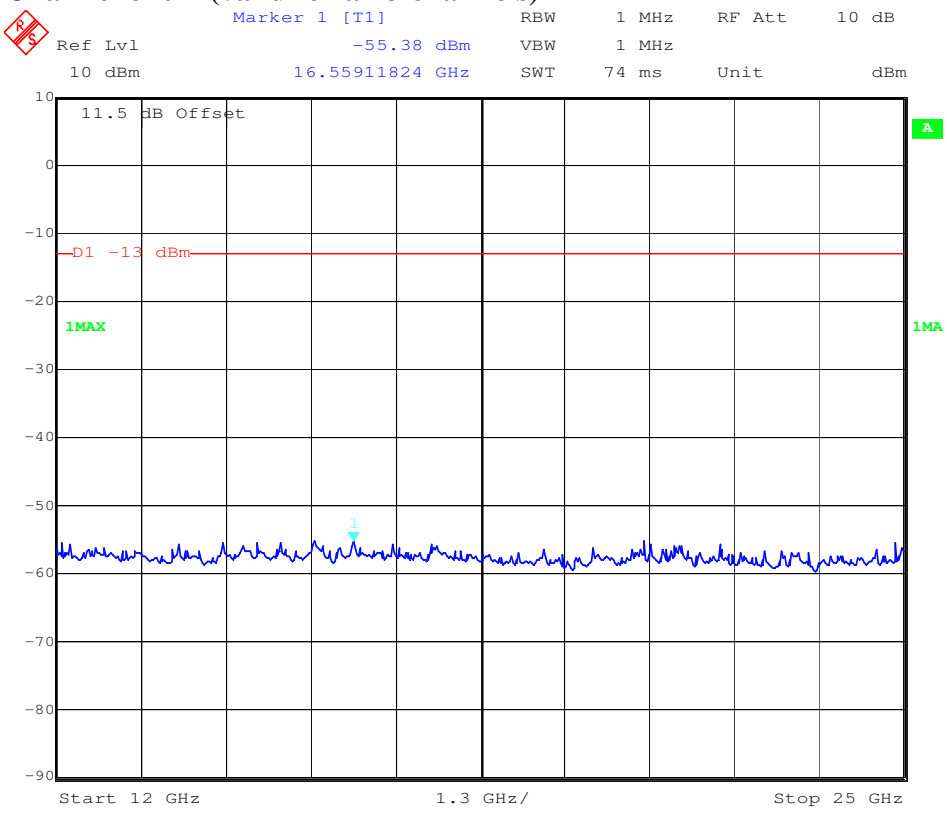
Date: 4.MAY.2007 09:54:38

Channel 810



Date: 4.MAY.2007 09:55:24

Channel 810 (valid for all 3 channels)



Date: 9.MAY.2007 09:01:19

5.1.6 Block Edge Compliance

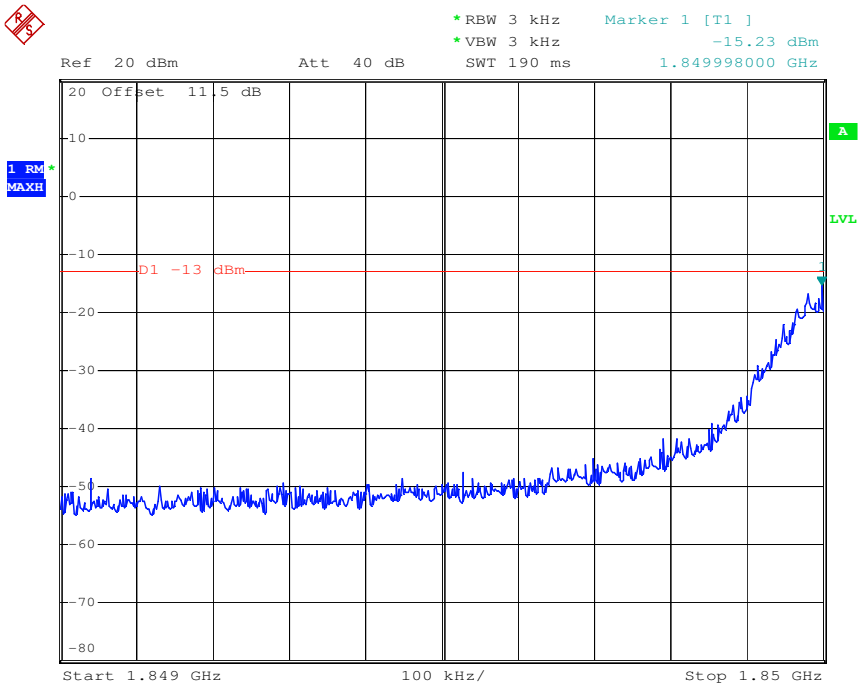
Reference

FCC:	CFR Part 24.238
IC:	RSS 133, Issue 3, Section 6.5

Measurement Limit:

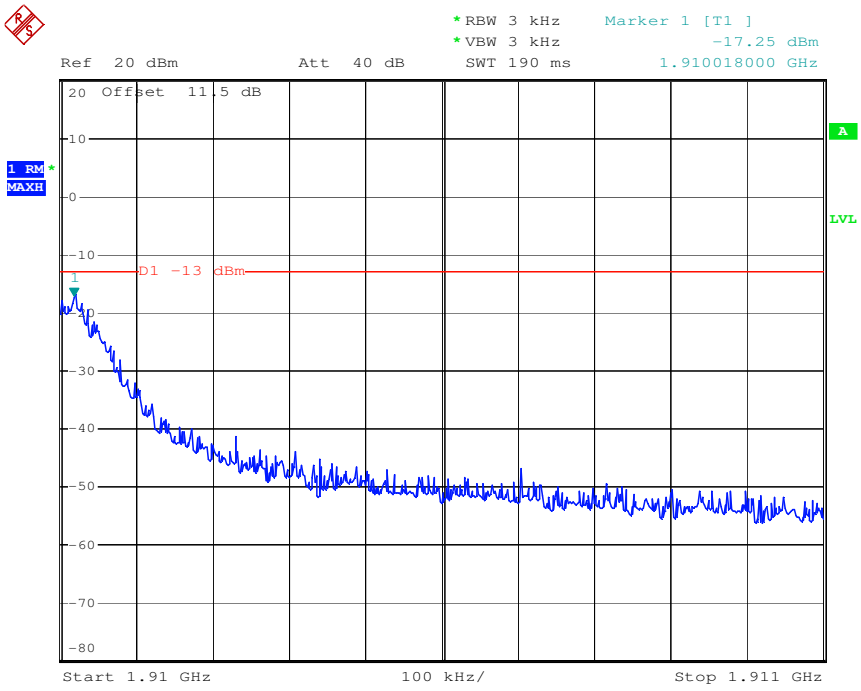
(a) On any frequency outside frequency band of the USPCS spectrum, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P, in Watts) by at least 43+10Log(P) dB. For all power levels +30 dBm to 0 dBm, this becomes a constant specification limit of -13 dBm.

Block 1 Channel 512



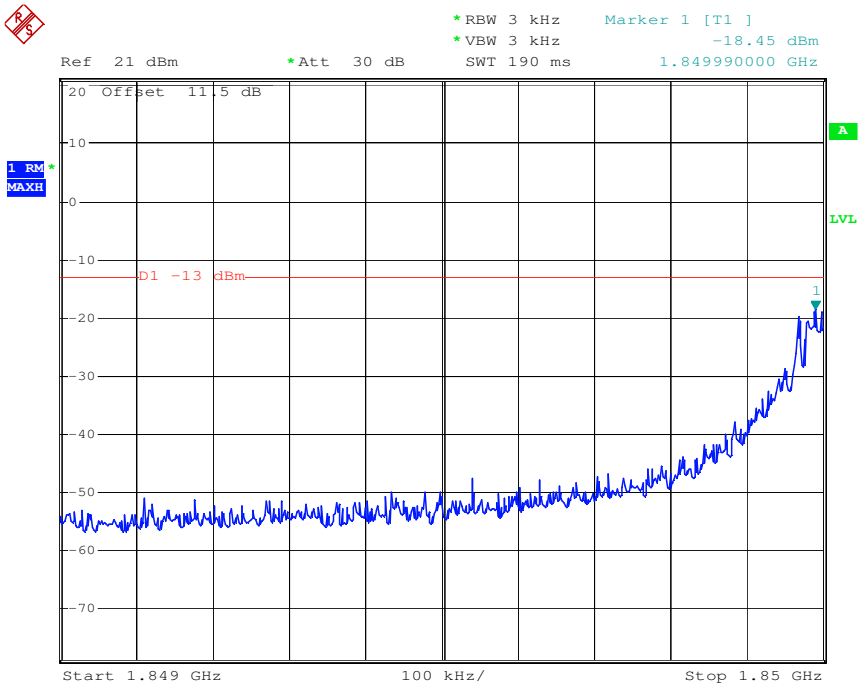
Date: 4.MAY.2007 11:04:51

Block 6 Channel 810



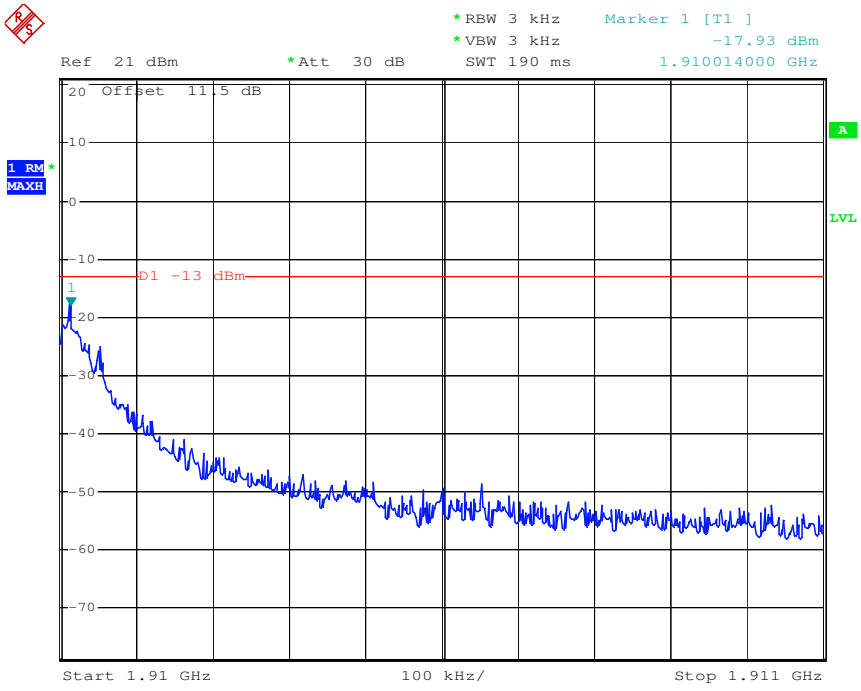
Date: 4.MAY.2007 11:05:59

Block 1 Channel 512 EDGE - mode



Date: 7.MAY.2007 08:41:56

Block 6 Channel 810 EDGE - mode



Date: 7.MAY.2007 08:40:33

5.1.7 Occupied Bandwidth

Reference

FCC:	CFR Part 24.238, 2.1049
IC:	RSS 133, Issue 3, Section 6.5

Occupied Bandwidth Results

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the USPCS frequency band. Table 8.2 below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBC occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Normal mode

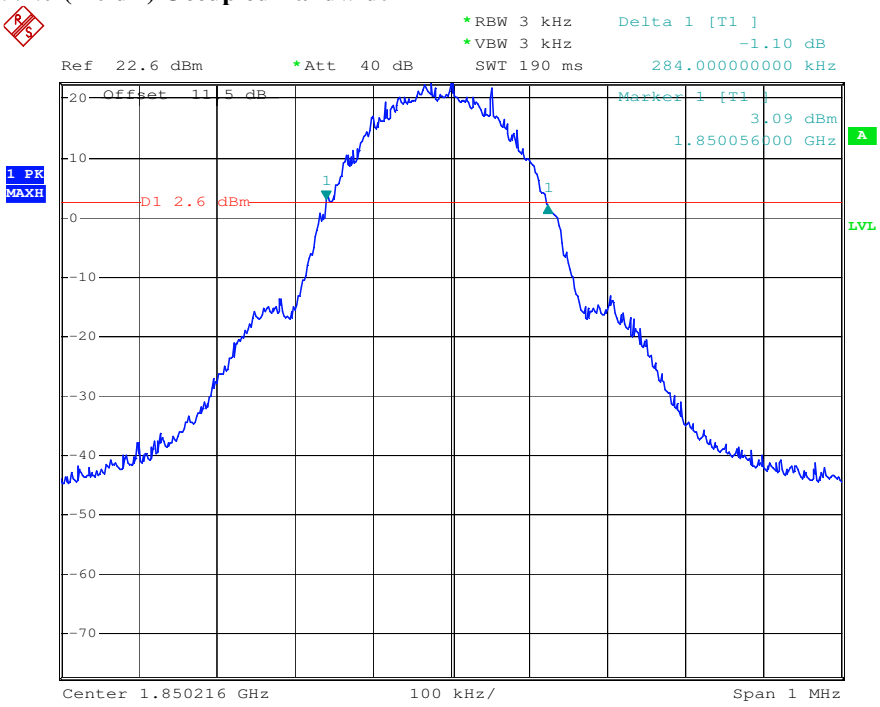
Frequency	99% Occupied Bandwidth kHz	-26 dBc Bandwidth kHz
1850.2 MHz	284.000	320.000
1880.0 MHz	286.000	320.000
1909.8 MHz	278.000	322.000

EDGE mode

Frequency	99% Occupied Bandwidth kHz	-26 dBc Bandwidth kHz
1850.2 MHz	266.000	316.000
1880.0 MHz	260.000	316.000
1909.8 MHz	250.000	316.000

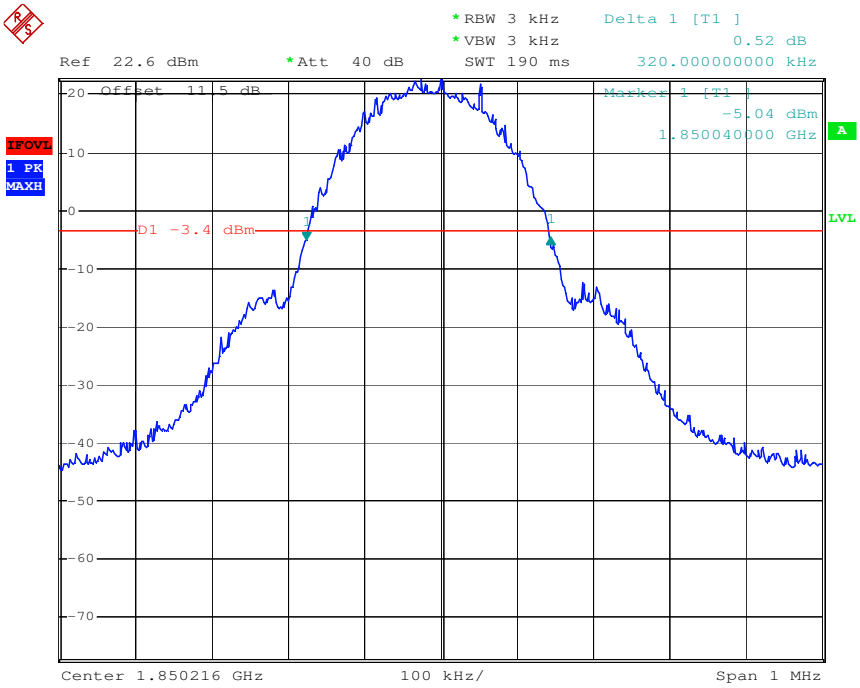
Part 24.238 (a) requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth. For ca. 300.0 kHz, this equates to a resolution bandwidth of at least 3.0 kHz. For this testing, a resolution bandwidth 3.0 kHz was used.

Channel 512
99% (-20 dB) Occupied Bandwidth



Date: 4.MAY.2007 11:34:23

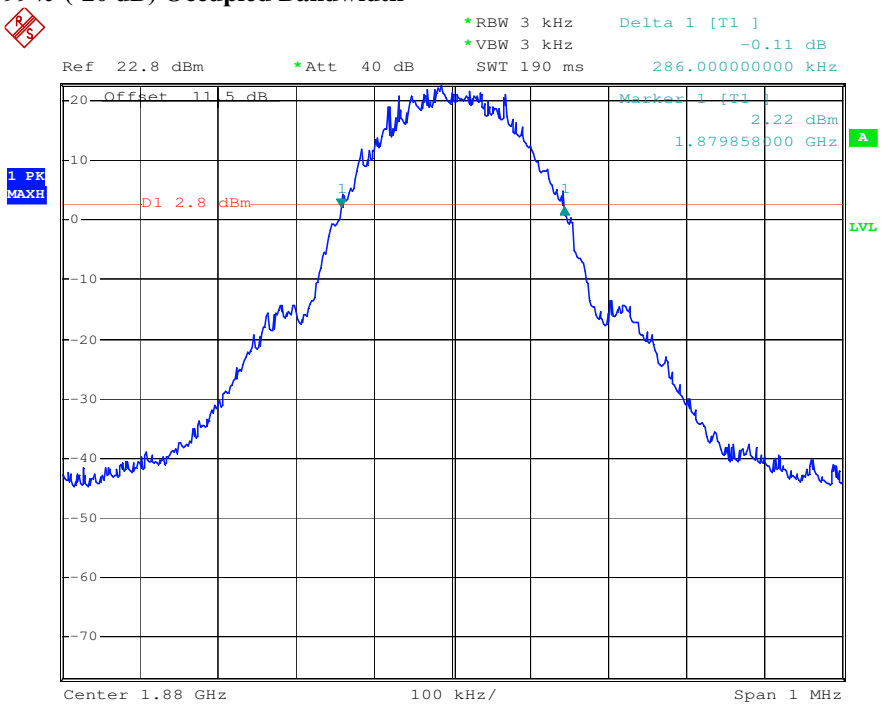
Channel 512
-26 dBc Bandwidth



Date: 4.MAY.2007 11:35:37

Channel 661

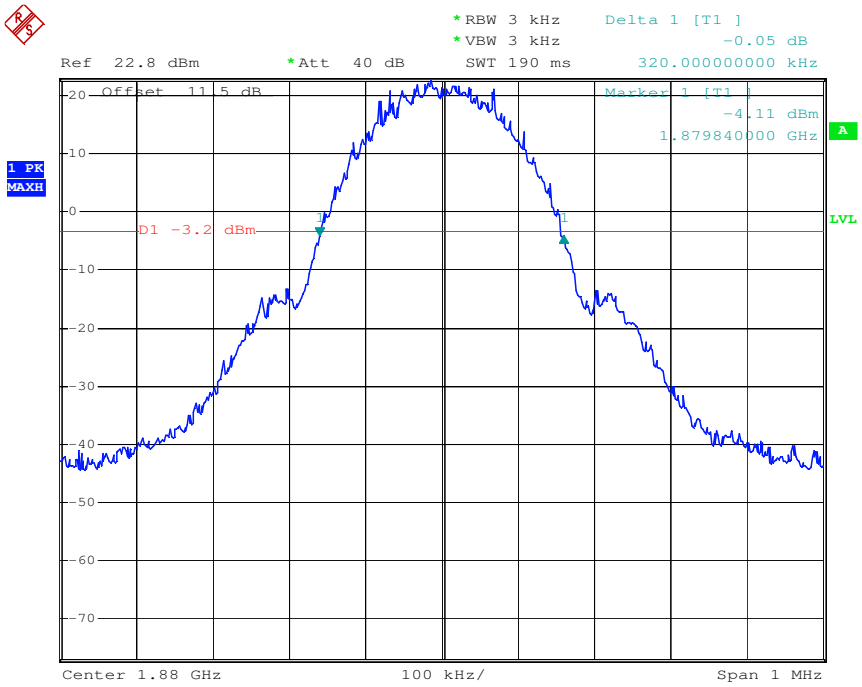
99% (-20 dB) Occupied Bandwidth



Date: 4.MAY.2007 11:25:47

Channel 661

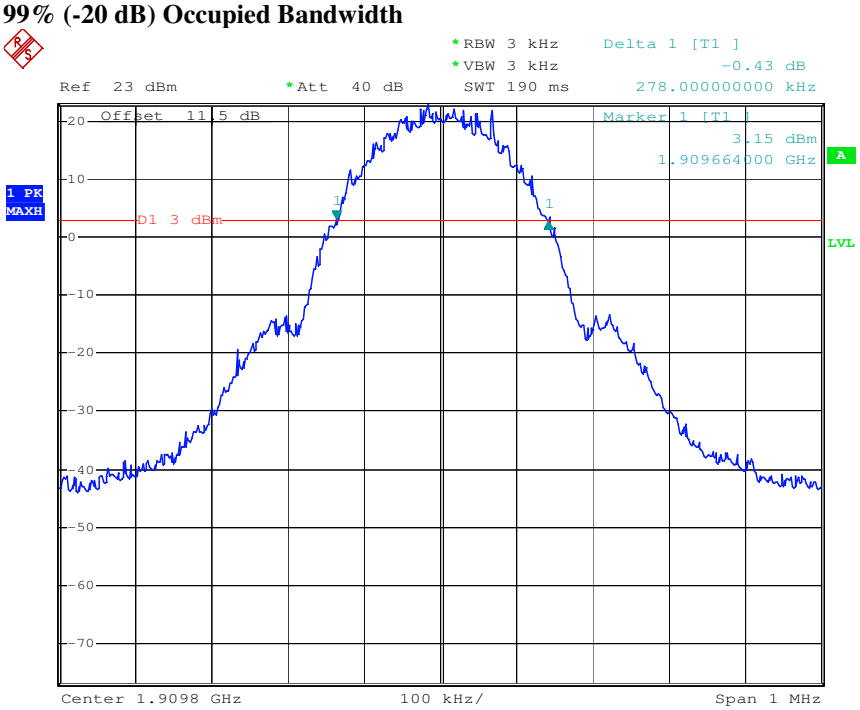
-26 dBc Bandwidth



Date: 4.MAY.2007 11:26:55

Channel 810

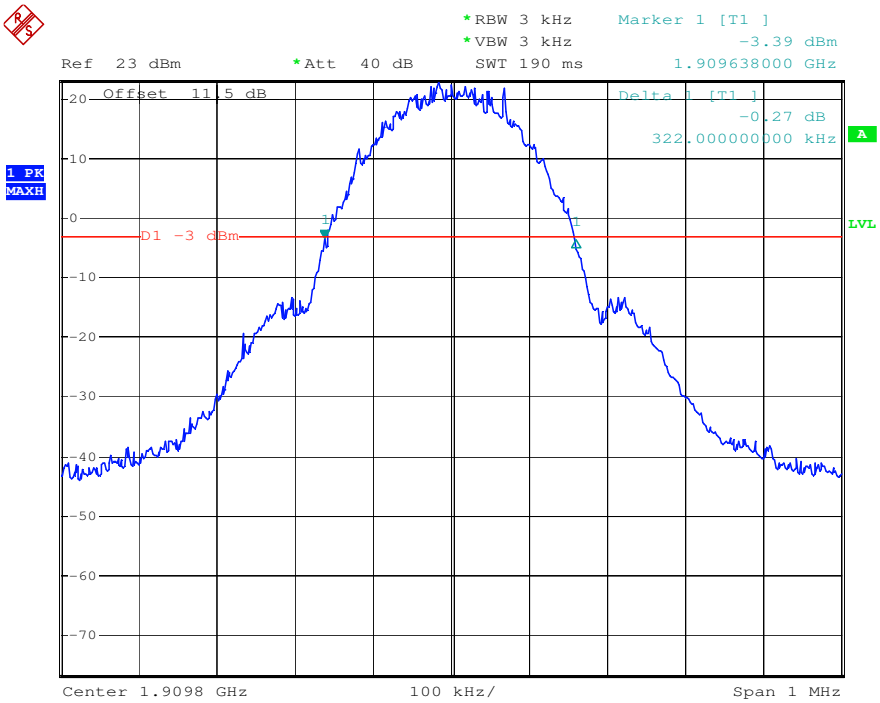
99% (-20 dB) Occupied Bandwidth



Date: 4.MAY.2007 11:22:18

Channel 810

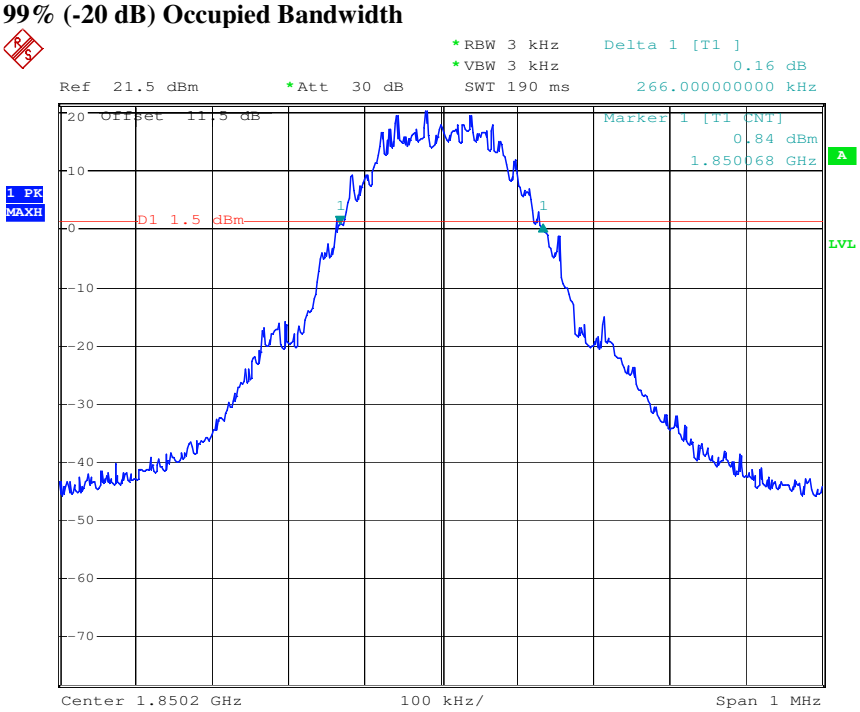
-26 dBc Bandwidth



Date: 4.MAY.2007 11:23:18

Channel 512 EDGE - mode

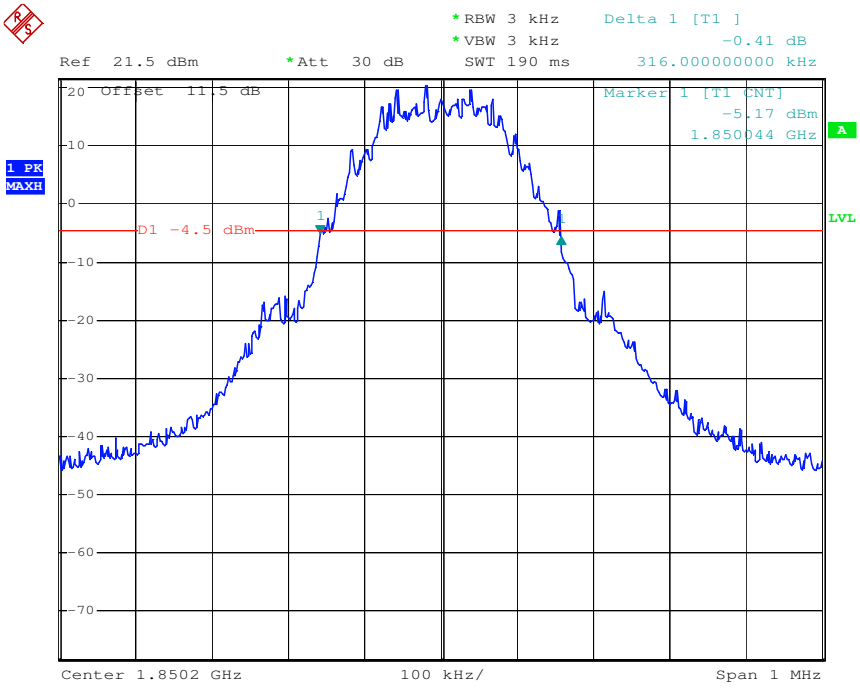
99% (-20 dB) Occupied Bandwidth



Date: 7.MAY.2007 08:25:59

Channel 512 EDGE - mode

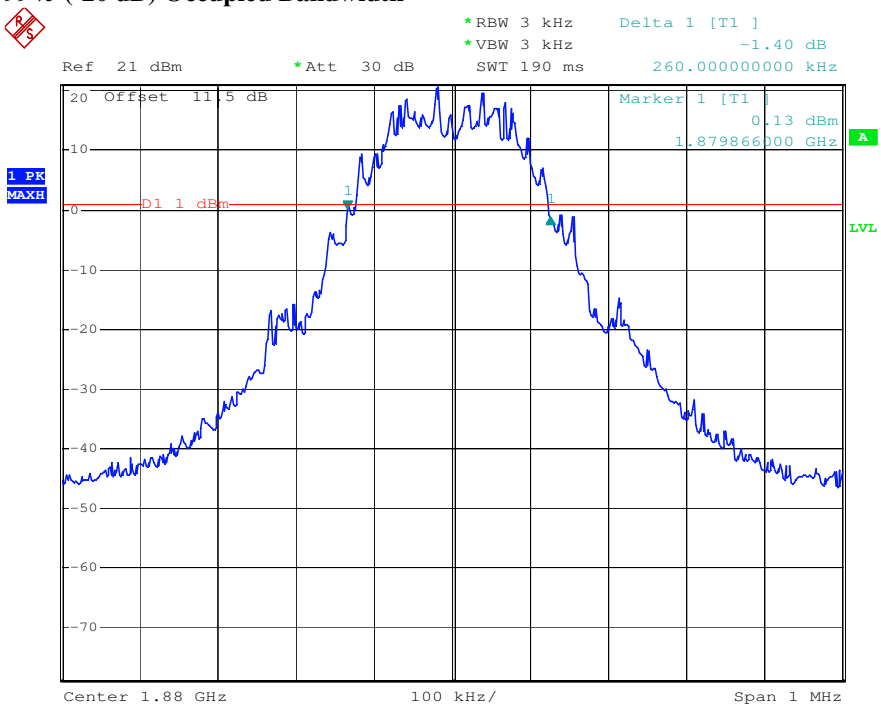
-26 dBc Bandwidth



Date: 7.MAY.2007 08:27:12

Channel 661 EDGE - mode

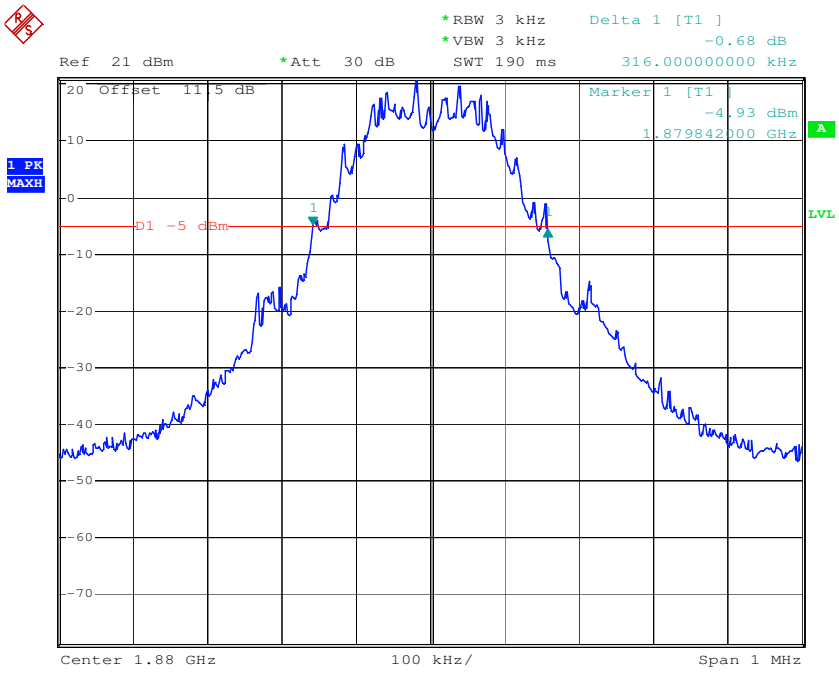
99% (-20 dB) Occupied Bandwidth



Date: 7.MAY.2007 08:32:56

Channel 661 EDGE - mode

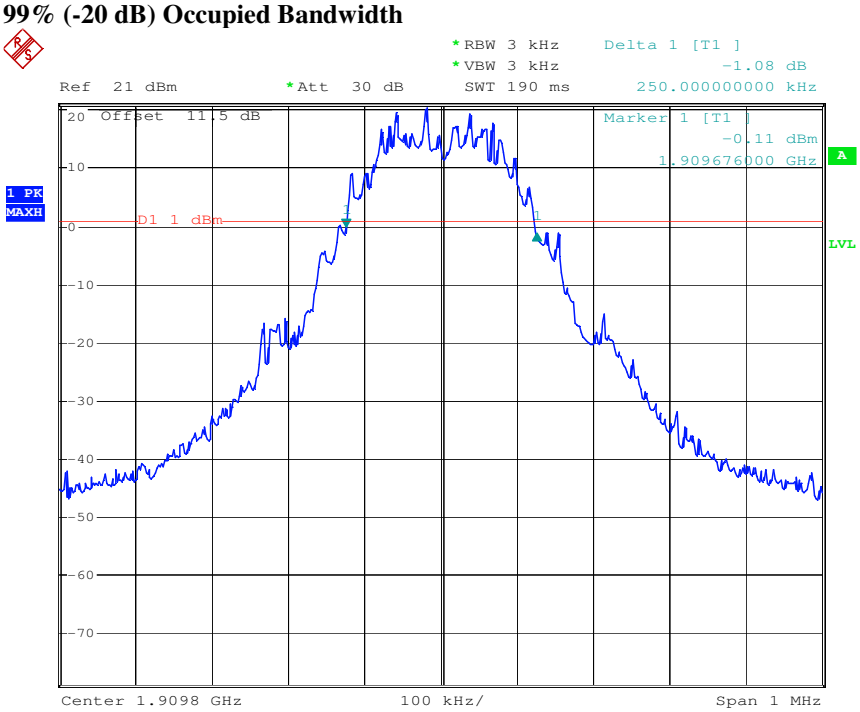
-26 dBc Bandwidth



Date: 7.MAY.2007 08:33:44

Channel 810 EDGE - mode

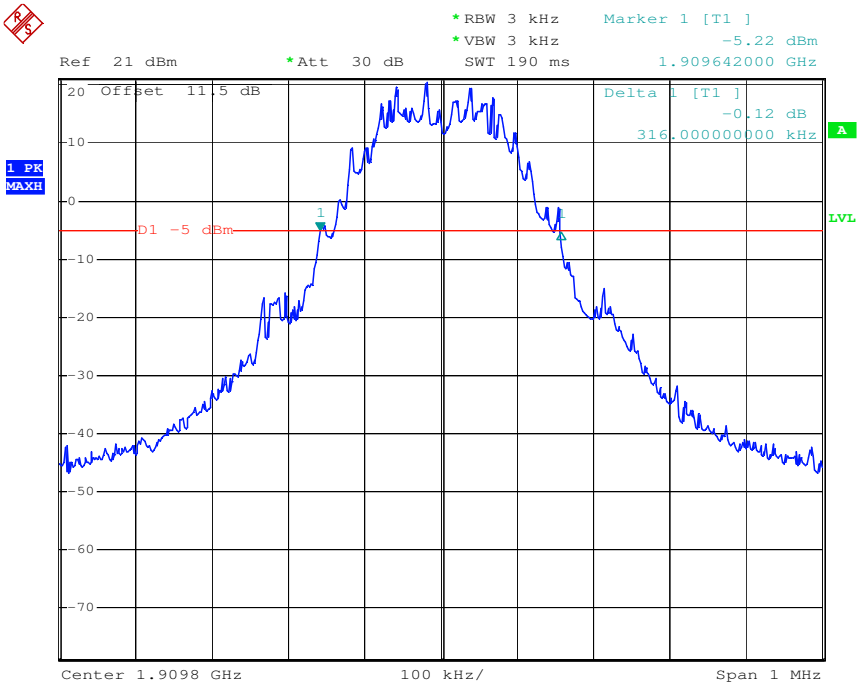
99% (-20 dB) Occupied Bandwidth



Date: 7.MAY.2007 08:37:23

Channel 810 EDGE - mode

-26 dBc Bandwidth



Date: 7.MAY.2007 08:38:16

5.2 PART GSM 850

5.2.1 RF Power Output

Reference

FCC:	CFR Part 22.9.1.3, 2.1046
IC:	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.4 and 6.4

Summary:

This paragraph contains both average, peak output powers and EIRP measurements for the mobile station.
In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

Method of Measurements:

The mobile was set up for the max. output power with pseudo random data modulation.
The power was measured with R&S Signal Analyzer FSIQ 26 (peak and average)
These measurements were done at 3 frequencies, 824.2 MHz, 836.2 MHz and 848.8 MHz (bottom, middle and top of operational frequency range).

Limits:

Power Step	Nominal Peak Output Power (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)
5	+33	± 2

Measurements Results Output Power (conducted) GMSK Mode

Frequency (MHz)	Power Class	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Average Output Power (dBm)
824.2	5	32.7	32.6
836.4	5	32.7	32.6
848.8	5	32.4	32.3
Measurement uncertainty		±0.5 dB	

Measurements Results Output Power (conducted) 8-PSK Mode

Frequency (MHz)	Power Class	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Average Output Power (dBm)
824.2	5	32.2	28.6
836.4	5	32.3	28.8
848.8	5	32.1	28.3
Measurement uncertainty		±0.5 dB	

ERP Measurements
Description: This is the test for the maximum radiated power from the phone.
Rule Part 22.913 specifies that "Mobile/portable stations are limited to 7 watts ERP.

Measuring the EIRP of Spurious/Harmonic Emissions using Substitution Method
(a) The measurements were performed with full rf output power and modulation.
(b) Test was performed at listed 3m test site (listed with FCC, IC).
(c) The transmitter under test was placed at the specified height on a non-conducting turntable (80 cm height)
(d) The BICONILOG antenna (20 MHz to 1 GHz) or HORN antenna (1 GHz to 18 GHz) was used for measuring.
(e) Load an appropriate correction factors file in EMI Receiver for correcting the field strength reading level
Total Correction Factor recorded in the EMI Receiver = Cable Loss + Antenna Factor
E (dBuV/m) = Reading (dBuV) + Total Correction Factor (dB/m)
(f) Set the EMI Receiver and #2 as follows:
Center Frequency: test frequency
Resolution BW: 100 kHz
Video BW: same
Detector Mode: positive
Average: off
Span: 3 x the signal bandwidth
(g) The test antenna was lowered or raised from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected.
(h) The transmitter was rotated through 360 o about a vertical axis until a higher maximum signal was received.
(i) The test antenna was lowered or raised again from 1 to 4 meters until a maximum was obtained. This level was recorded.
(j) The recorded reading was corrected to the true field strength level by adding the antenna factor, cable loss and subtracting the pre-amplifier gain.
(k) The above steps were repeated with both transmitters' antenna and test receiving antenna placed in vertical and horizontal polarization. Both readings with the antennas placed in vertical and horizontal polarization shall be recorded.
(l) Repeat for all different test signal frequencies

Measuring the ERP of Spurious/Harmonic Emissions using Substitution Method

(a) Set the EMI Receiver (for measuring E-Field) and Receiver #2 (for measuring ERP) as follows:

Center Frequency	: equal to the signal source
Resolution BW	: 10 kHz
Video BW	: same
Detector Mode	: positive
Average	: off
Span	: 3 x the signal bandwidth

(b) Load an appropriate correction factors file in EMI Receiver for correcting the field strength reading level
Total Correction Factor recorded in the EMI Receiver = Cable Loss + Antenna Factor
E (dBuV/m) = Reading (dBuV) + Total Correction Factor (dB/m)
(c) Select the frequency and E-field levels for ERP/EIRP measurements.
(d) Substitute the EUT by a signal generator and one of the following transmitting antennas (substitution antenna):
.DIPOLE antenna for frequency from 30-1000 MHz or .HORN antenna for frequency above 1 GHz}.
(e) Mount the transmitting antenna at 1.5 meter high from the ground plane.
(f) Use one of the following antenna as a receiving antenna: .DIPOLE antenna for frequency from 30-1000 MHz or .HORN antenna for frequency above 1 GHz }.
(g) If the DIPOLE antenna is used, tune its elements to the frequency as specified in the calibration manual.
(h) Adjust both transmitting and receiving antenna in a VERTICAL polarization.
(i) Tune the EMI Receivers to the test frequency.
(j) Lower or raise the test antenna from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected.
(k) The transmitter was rotated through 360 o about a vertical axis until a higher maximum signal was received.
(l) Lower or raise the test antenna from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected.
(m) Adjust input signal to the substitution antenna until an equal or a known related level to that detected from the transmitter was obtained in the test receiver.
(n) Record the power level read from the Average Power Meter and calculate the ERP/EIRP as follows:
P = P1 - L1 = (P2 + L2) – L1 = P3 + A + L2 - L1
EIRP = P + G1 = P3 + L2 - L1 + A + G1
ERP = EIRP – 2.15 dB

Total Correction factor in EMI Receiver # 2 = L2 – L1 + G1
Where: P: Actual RF Power fed into the substitution antenna port after corrected.
P1: Power output from the signal generator
P2: Power measured at attenuator A input
P3: Power reading on the Average Power Meter
EIRP: EIRP after correction
ERP: ERP after correction
(o) Adjust both transmitting and receiving antenna in a HORIZONTAL polarization, then repeat step (k) to (o)
(p) Repeat step (d) to (o) for different test frequency
(q) Repeat steps (c) to (j) with the substitution antenna oriented in horizontal polarization.
(r) Actual gain of the EUT's antenna is the difference of the measured EIRP and measured RF power at the RF port. Correct the antenna gain if necessary.

Limits:

Power Step	Burst Peak (dBm)
0	<33

Measurement Results Output Power (Radiated) GMSK Mode

Frequency (MHz)	Power Class	BURST Peak (dBm)
		ERP
824.2	5	29.1
836.4	5	29.3
848.8	5	28.8
Measurement uncertainty: 1.5%		

Measurement Results Output Power (Radiated) 8-PSK Mode

Frequency (MHz)	Power Class	BURST Peak (dBm)
		ERP
824.2	5	28.7
836.4	5	28.0
848.8	5	28.4
Measurement uncertainty: 1.5%		

Sample calculation:

Freg	SA Reading	SG Setting	Ant. gain	Dipol gain	Cable loss	ERP	Substitution Antenna
MHz	dBµV	dBm	dBi	dBd	dB	dBm	
836.4	141.3	41.5		-10.50	1.67	29.3	UHAP Schwarzbeck S/N 460

ERP = SG (dBm) - Cable Loss (dB) + Ant. gain (dB)
*ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, ERP = EIRP -2.1dBi

5.2.2 Frequency Stability

Reference

FCC:	CFR Part 22.355, 2.1055
IC:	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.3 and 6.3

Method of Measurement:

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMU 200 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER..
1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
3. With the mobile station, powered with 3.7 Volts, connected to the CMU 200 and in a simulated call on channel 661 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
4. Repeat the above measurements at 10 C increments from -30 C to +60 C. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, un-powered, before making measurements.
5. Re-measure carrier frequency at room temperature with nominal 3.7 Volts. Vary supply voltage from minimum 3.3 Volts to maximum 4.4 Volts, in 13 steps re-measuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at 3.7 V ac Volts for 1 1/2 hours un-powered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
6. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at +60 C.
7. With the mobile station, powered with 3.7 Volts, connected to the CMU 200 and in a simulated call on channel 661(center channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
8. Repeat the above measurements at 10 C increments from +60 C to -30 C. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, un-powered, before making measurements.
9. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5 C during the measurement procedure.

Measurement Limit:

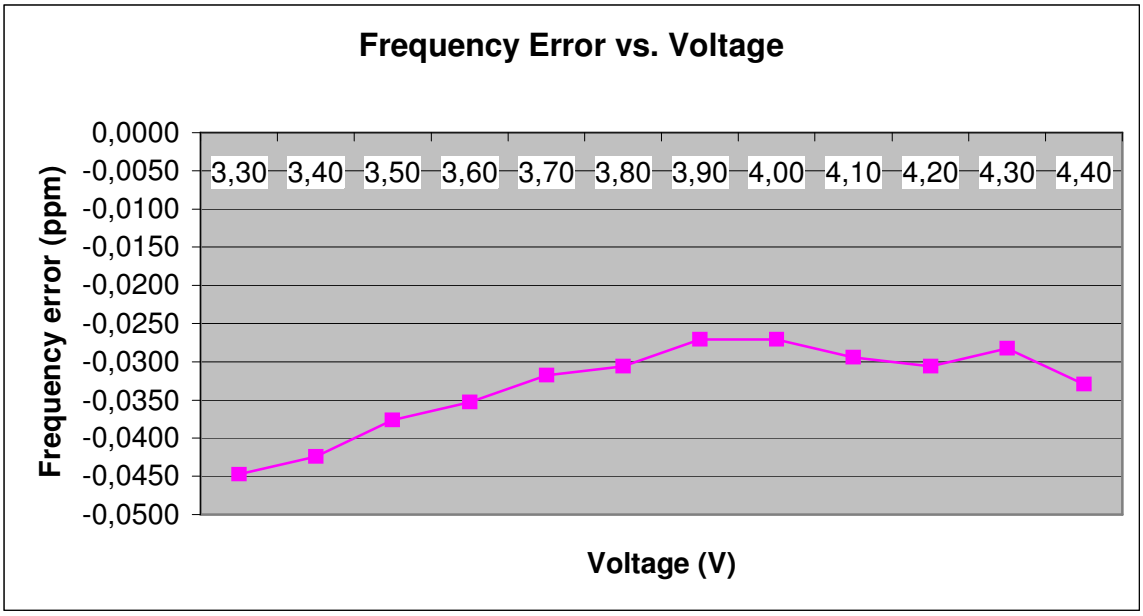
According to the JTC standard the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 22.355, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.. This transceiver is specified to operate with an input voltage of between 3.3 V dc and 4.4 V dc, with a nominal voltage of 3.7 V dc.

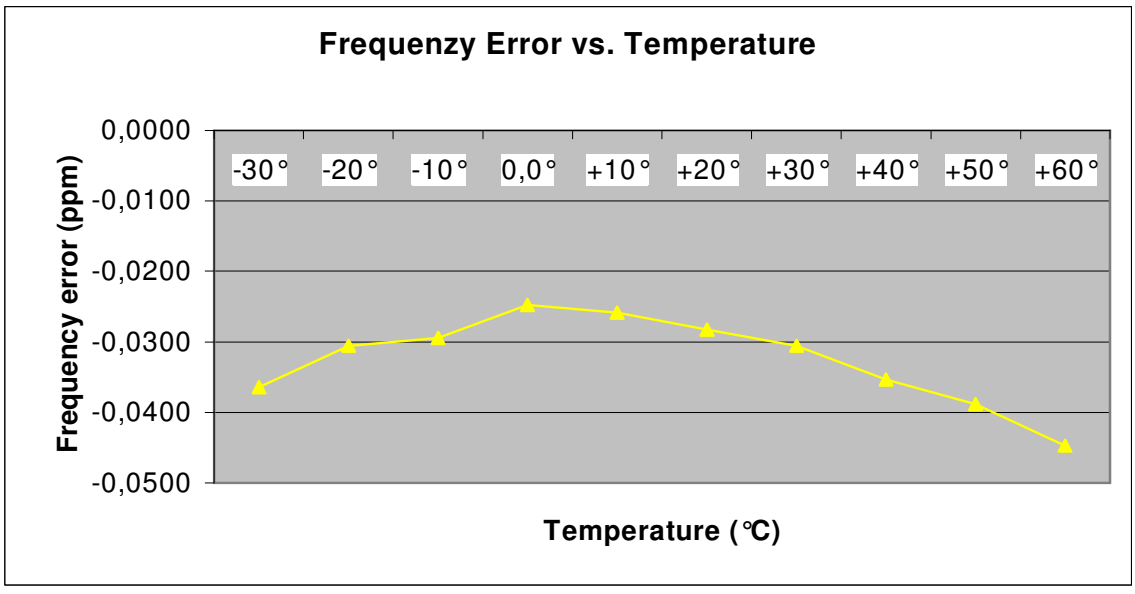
Measurement Results: AFC FREQ ERROR vs. VOLTAGE

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
3.3	-38	-0,00000447	-0,0447
3.4	-36	-0,00000424	-0,0424
3.5	-32	-0,00000376	-0,0376
3.6	-30	-0,00000353	-0,0353
3.7	-27	-0,00000318	-0,0318
3.8	-26	-0,00000306	-0,0306
3.9	-23	-0,00000271	-0,0271
4.0	-23	-0,00000271	-0,0271
4.1	-25	-0,00000294	-0,0294
4.2	-26	-0,00000306	-0,0306
4.3	-24	-0,00000282	-0,0282
4.4	-28	-0,00000329	-0,0329

Measurement Results: AFC FREQ ERROR vs. TEMPERATURE

TEMPERATURE (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	-31	-0,00000365	-0,0365
-20	-26	-0,00000306	-0,0306
-10	-25	-0,00000294	-0,0294
±0.0	-21	-0,00000247	-0,0247
+10	-22	-0,00000259	-0,0259
+20	-24	-0,00000282	-0,0282
+30	-26	-0,00000306	-0,0306
+40	-30	-0,00000353	-0,0353
+50	-33	-0,00000388	-0,0388
+60	-38	-0,00000447	-0,0447


Frequency Error vs. Voltage
0,0000
-0,0050
-0,0100
-0,0150
-0,0200
-0,0250
-0,0300
-0,0350
-0,0400
-0,0450
-0,0500
Frequency error (ppm)
3,30
3,40
3,50
3,60
3,70
3,80
3,90
4,00
4,10
4,20
4,30
4,40
Voltage (V)


Frequenzy Error vs. Temperature
0,0000
-0,0100
-0,0200
-0,0300
-0,0400
-0,0500
Frequency error (ppm)
-30°
-20°
-10°
0,0°
+10°
+20°
+30°
+40°
+50°
+60°
Temperature (°C)

5.2.3 Radiated Emissions

Reference

FCC:	CFR Part 22.917, 2.1053
IC:	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.5 and 6.5

Measurement Procedure:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2003 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 848.8 MHz. This was rounded up to 12 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 22.917. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the USPCS band.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load.
c) A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and I MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters using the equation shown below:
e)Now each detected emissions were substituted by the Substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603 .

Measurement Limit:

Sec. 22.917 Emission Limits.
(a) On any frequency outside a licensee' s frequency block (e.g. A, D, B, etc.) within the USPCS spectrum, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P, in Watts) by at least 43+10Log(P) dB.
The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.

Measurement Results:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the USPCS band (824.2 MHz, 836.4 MHz and 848.8 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the USPCS band into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.
All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization, the plots shows the worst case.
As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

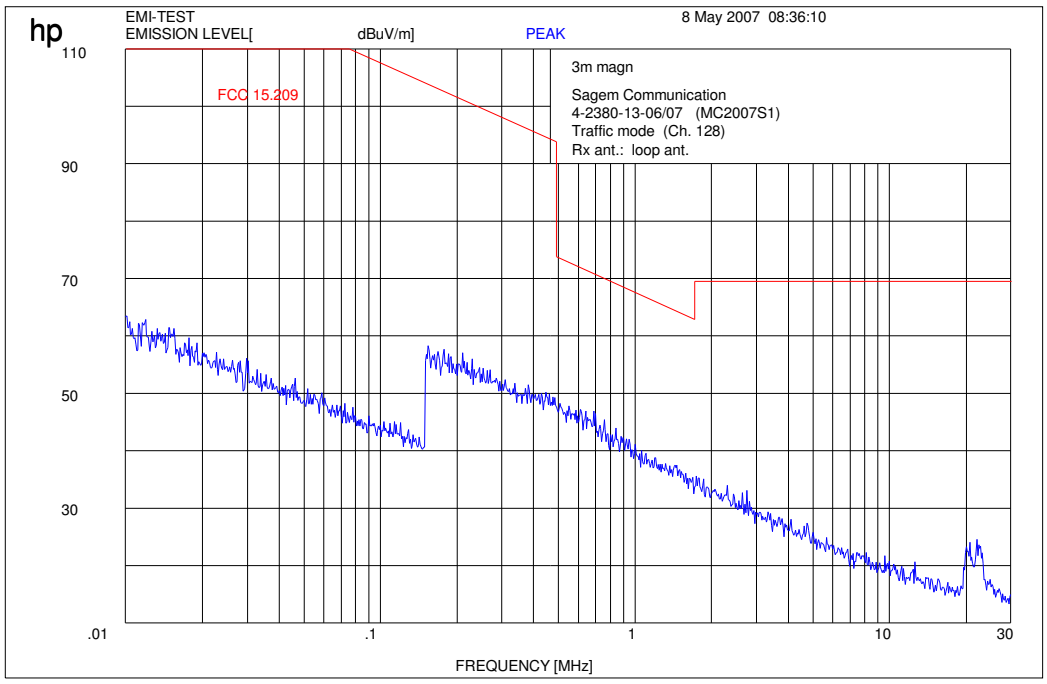
Harmonic	Tx ch.-128 Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Tx ch.-189 Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Tx ch.-251 Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBm)
2	1648.4	-	1672.8	-	1697.6	-
3	2472.6	-	2509.2	-	2546.4	-
4	3296.8	-	3345.6	-	3395.2	-
5	4121.0	-	4182.0	-	4244.0	-
6	4945.2	-	5018.4	-	5092.8	-
7	5769.4	-	5854.8	-	5941.6	-
8	6593.6	-	6691.2	-	6790.4	-
9	7417.8	-	7527.6	-	7639.2	-
10	8242.0	-	8364.0	-	8488.0	-

Sample calculation:

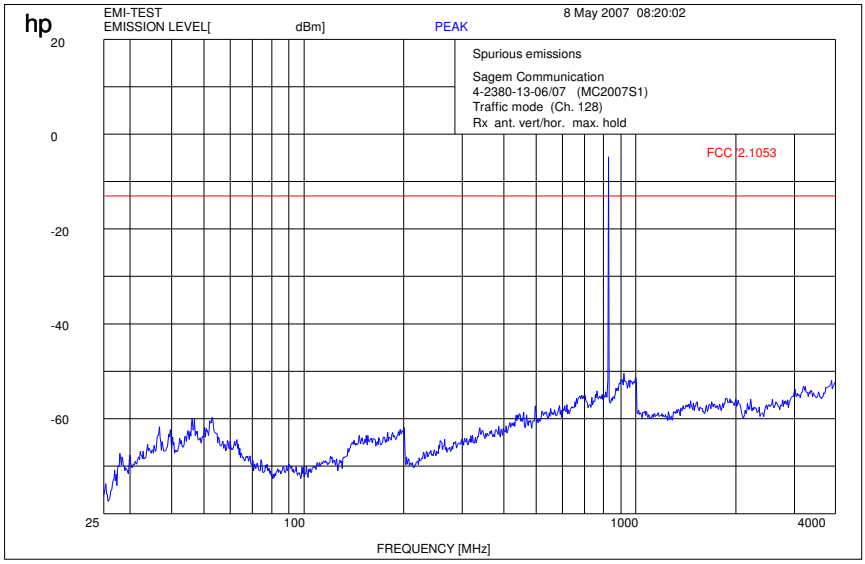
Freg	SA Reading	SG Setting	Ant. gain	Dipol gain	Cable loss	ERP	Substitution Antenna
MHz	dBµV	dBm	dBi	dBd	dB	dBm	
836.4	141.3	41.5		-10.50	1.67	29.3	UHAP Schwarzbeck S/N 460

ERP = SG (dBm) - Cable Loss (dB) + Ant. gain (dB)
*ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, ERP = EIRP -2.1dBi

Traffic mode up to 30 MHz (Valid for all 3 channels)

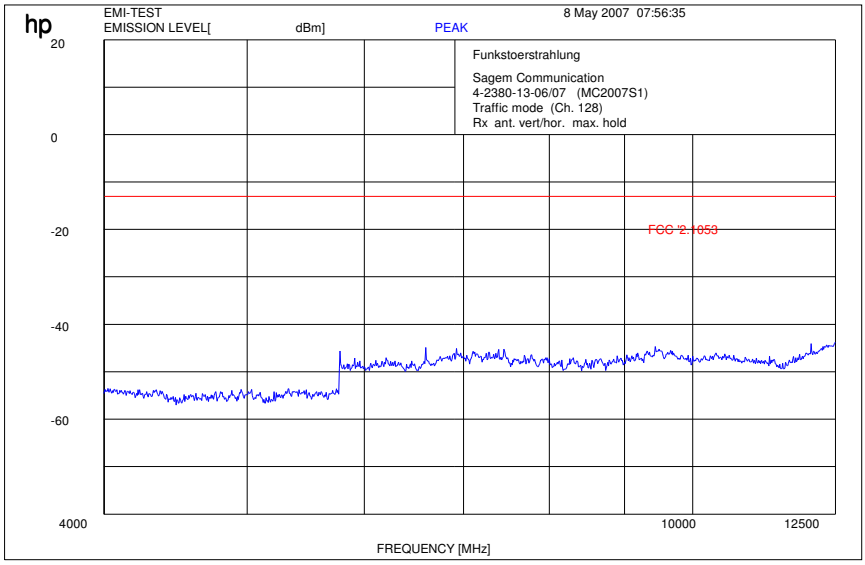


Channel 128 (30 MHz - 4 GHz)



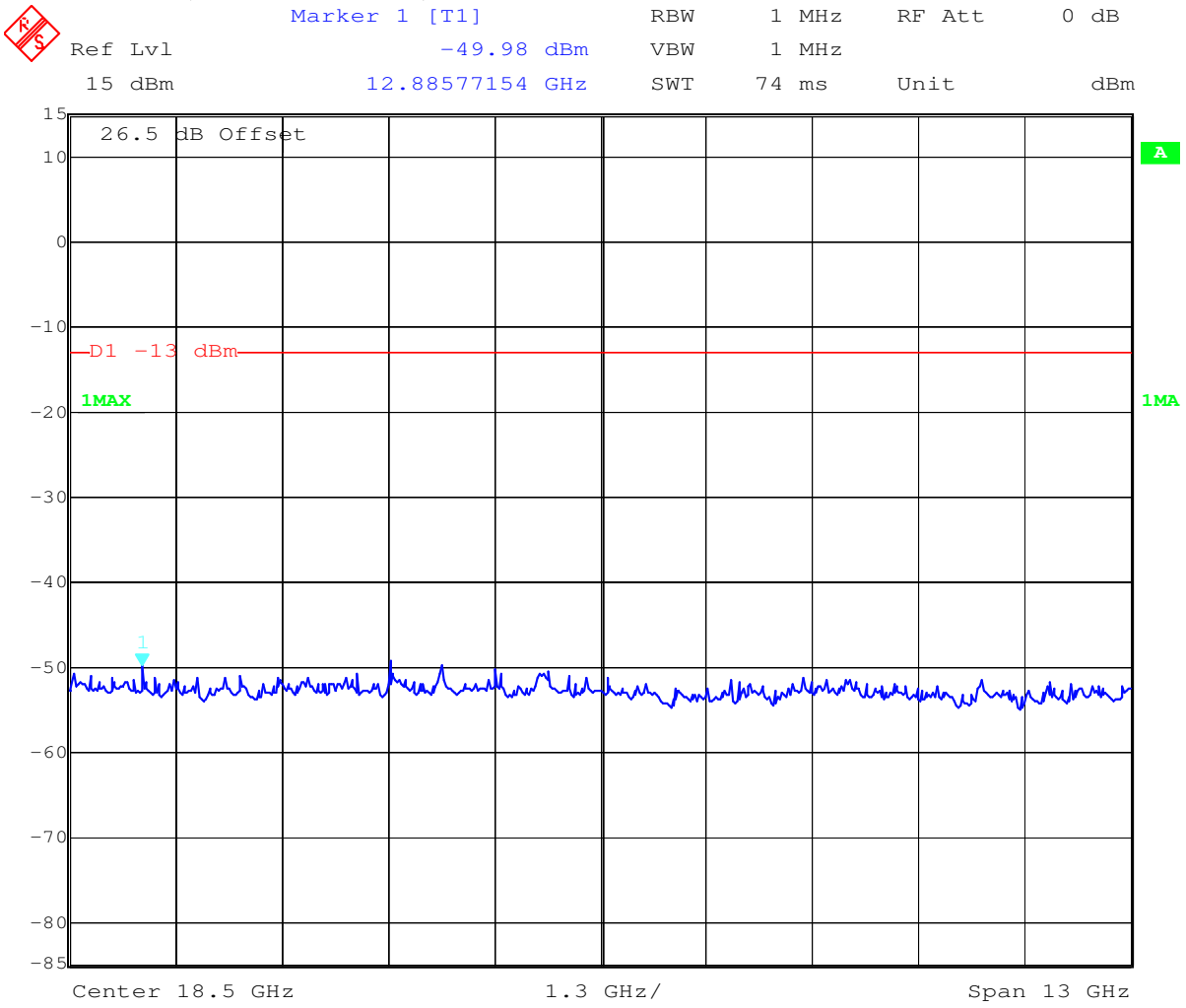
f < 1 GHz : RBW/VBW: 100 kHz f ≥ 1GHz : RBW / VBW 1 MHz
Carrier suppressed with a rejection filter

Channel 128 (4 GHz – 12.5 GHz)

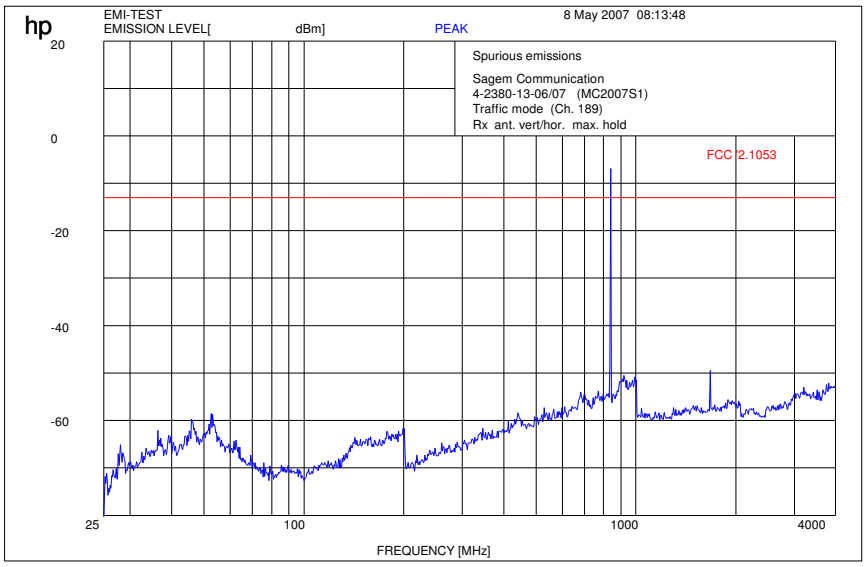


f ≥ 1GHz : RBW / VBW 1 MHz

Channel 128 (12 GHz - 25 GHz) valid for all 3 channels

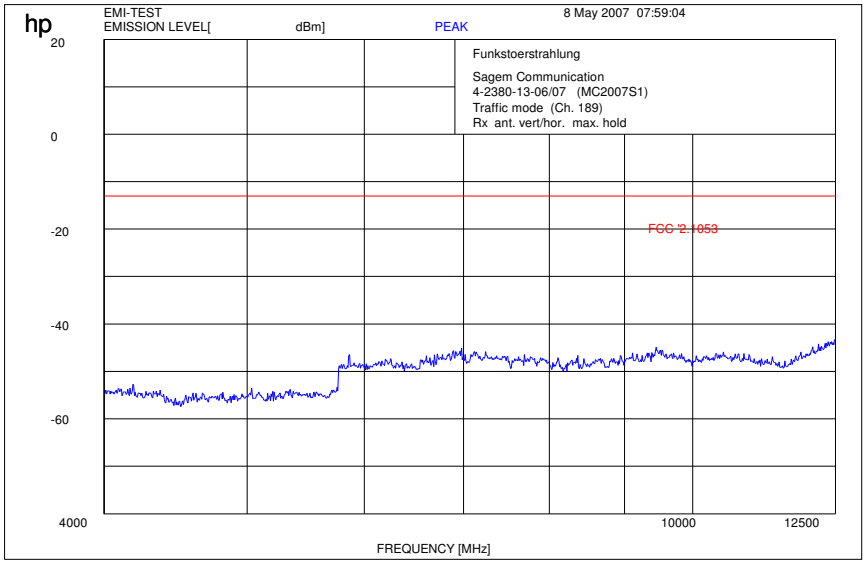


Channel 189 (30 MHz - 4 GHz)



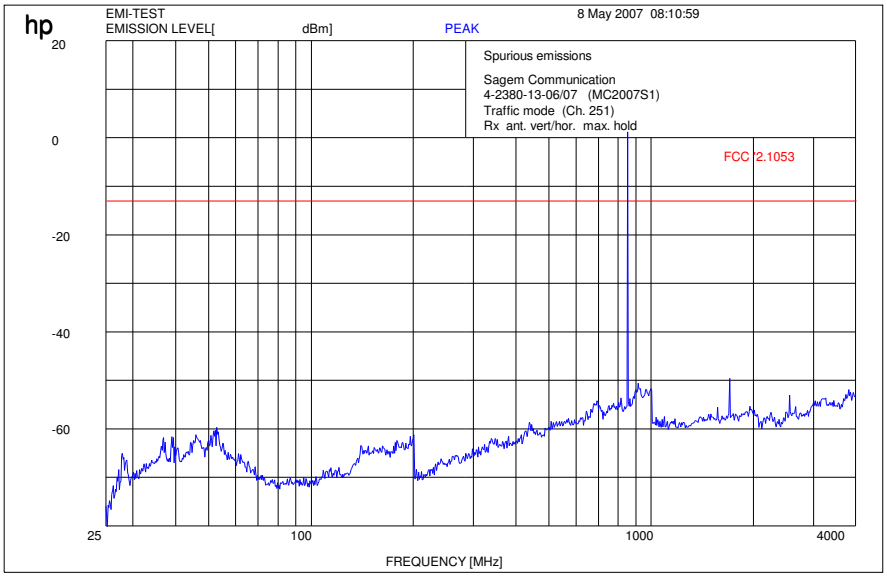
f < 1 GHz : RBW/VBW: 100 kHz f ≥ 1GHz : RBW / VBW 1 MHz
Carrier suppressed with a rejection filter

Channel 189 (4 GHz – 12.5 GHz)



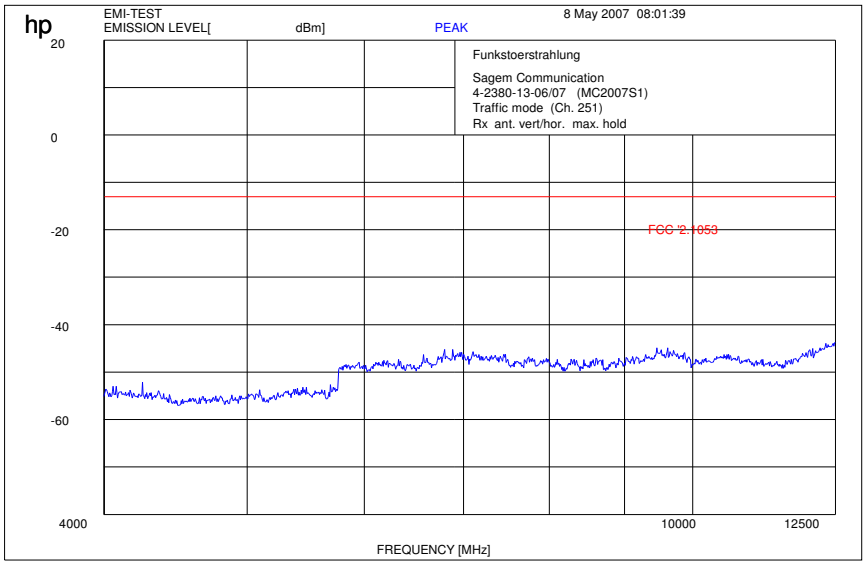
f ≥ 1GHz : RBW / VBW 1 MHz

Channel 251 (30 MHz - 4 GHz)



f < 1 GHz : RBW/VBW: 100 kHz f ≥ 1GHz : RBW / VBW 1 MHz
Carrier suppressed with a rejection filter

Channel 251 (4 GHz – 12.5 GHz)



f ≥ 1GHz : RBW / VBW 1 MHz

5.2.4 Receiver Radiated Emissions

Reference

FCC:	CFR Part 15.109, 2.1053
IC:	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.6 and 6.6

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS LEVEL (µV/m)								
Idle Mode								
f (MHz)	Detector	Level (µV/m)	f (MHz)	Detector	Level (µV/m)	f (MHz)	Detector	Level (µV/m)
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Measurement uncertainty			±3 dB					

f < 1 GHz : RBW/VBW: 100 kHz f ≥ 1GHz : RBW/VBW: 1 MHz

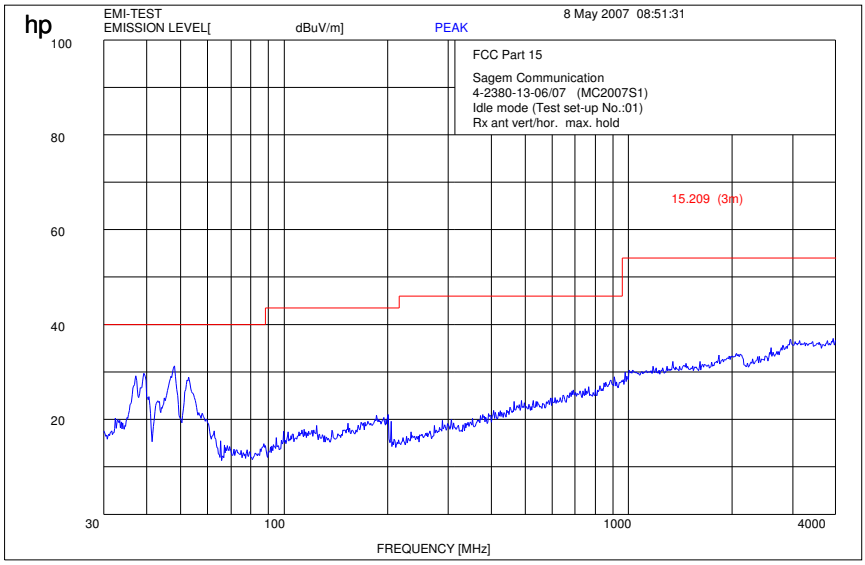
H = Horizontal; V= Vertical

Measurement distance see table

Limits: § 15.109

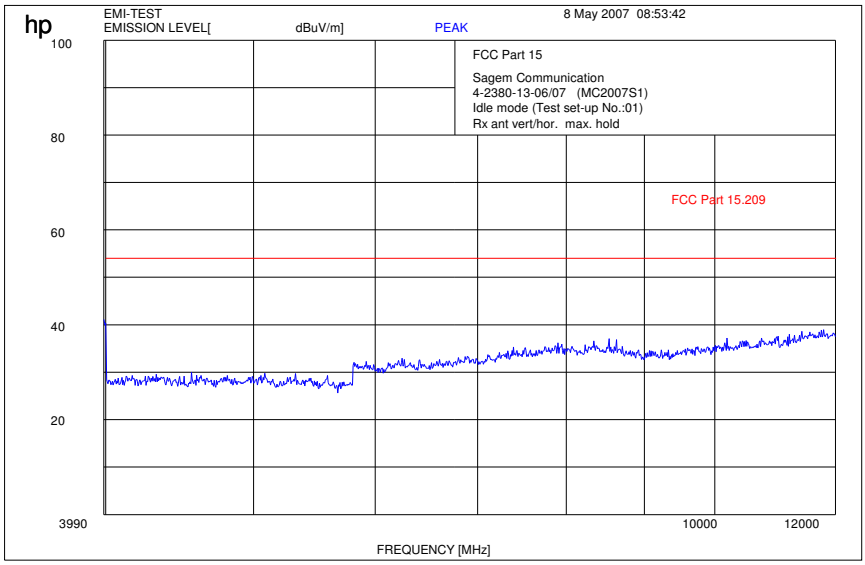
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
above 960	500	3

Idle-Mode (30 MHZ - 4 GHZ)



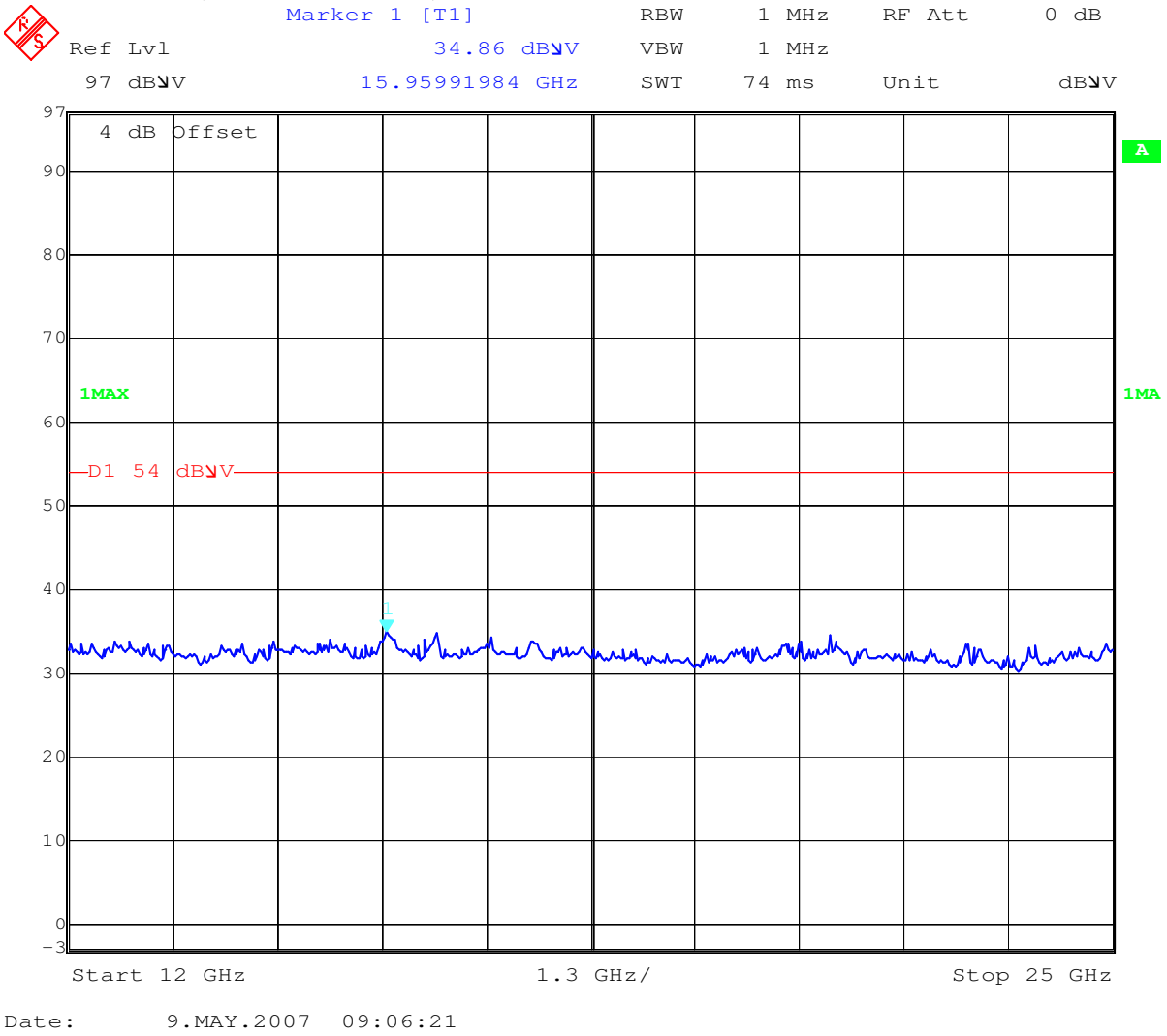
f < 1 GHz : RBW/VBW: 100 kHz f ≥ 1GHz : RBW / VBW 1 MHz

IDLE-MODE (4 GHz – 12.0 GHz)



f ≥ 1GHz : RBW / VBW 1 MHz

IDLE-MODE (12 GHz - 25 GHz)



5.2.5 Conducted Spurious Emissions

Reference

FCC:	CFR Part 22.917, 1.1051
IC:	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.5 and 6.5

Measurement Procedure

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.
1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 19.1 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 20 GHz.
2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

USPCS Transmitter Channel Frequency
128 824.2 MHz
189 836.4 MHz
251 848.8 MHz

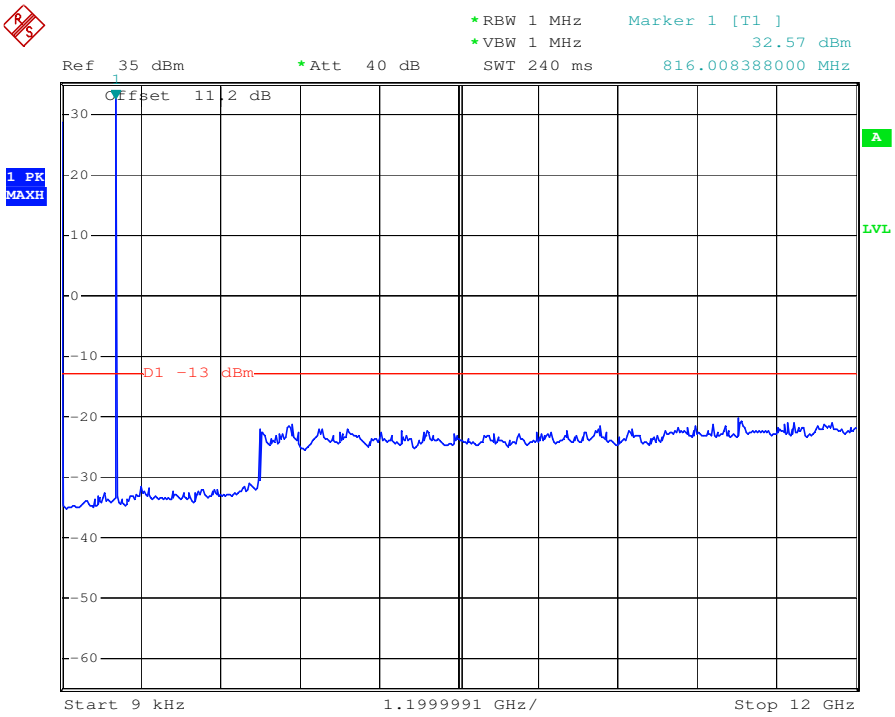
Measurement Limit

(a) On any frequency outside frequency band of the USPCS spectrum, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P, in Watts) by at least 43+10Log (P) dB. For all power levels +30 dBm to 0 dBm, this becomes a constant specification limit of -13 dBm.

Measurement Results

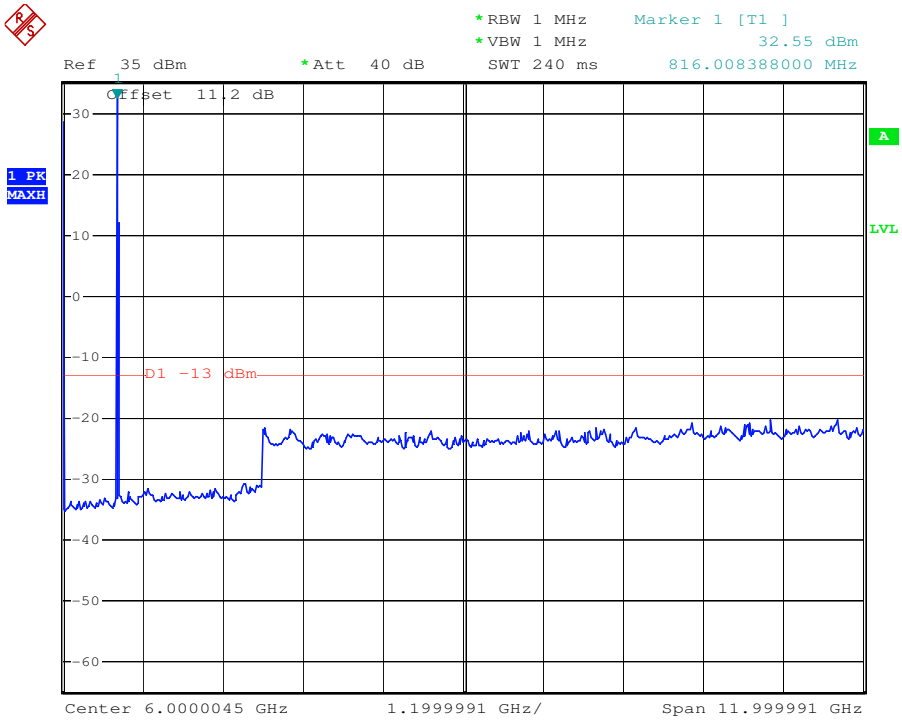
Harmonic	Tx ch.-128 Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Tx ch.-189 Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Tx ch.-251 Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBm)
2	1648.4	-	1672.8	-	1697.6	-
3	2472.6	-	2509.2	-	2546.4	-
4	3296.8	-	3345.6	-	3395.2	-
5	4121.0	-	4182.0	-	4244.0	-
6	4945.2	-	5018.4	-	5092.8	-
7	5769.4	-	5854.8	-	5941.6	-
8	6593.6	-	6691.2	-	6790.4	-
9	7417.8	-	7527.6	-	7639.2	-
10	8242.0	-	8364.0	-	8488.0	-

Channel: 128



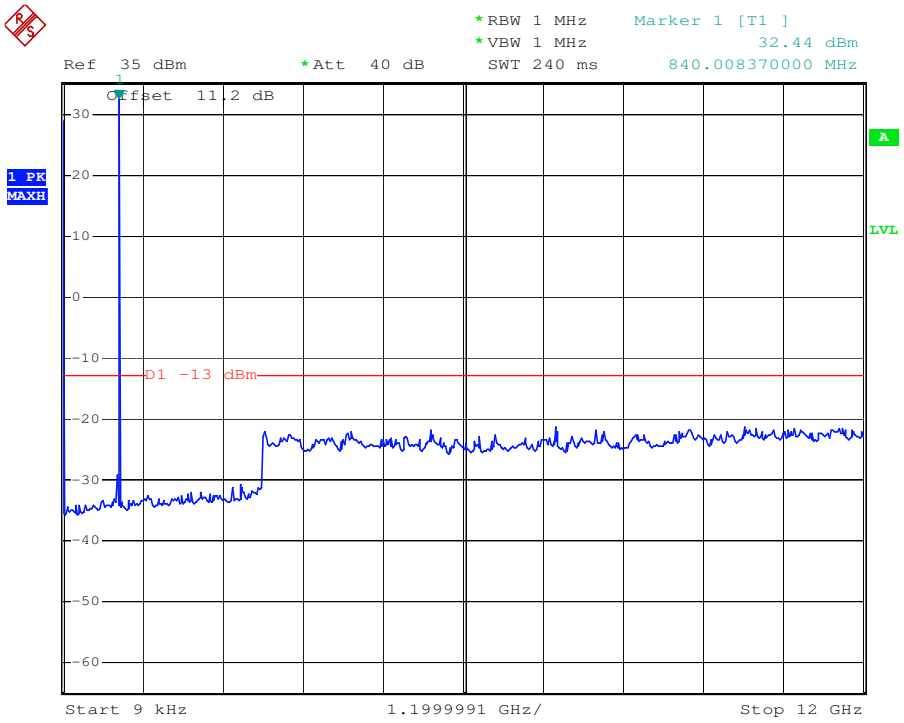
Date: 4.MAY.2007 09:50:34

Channel 189



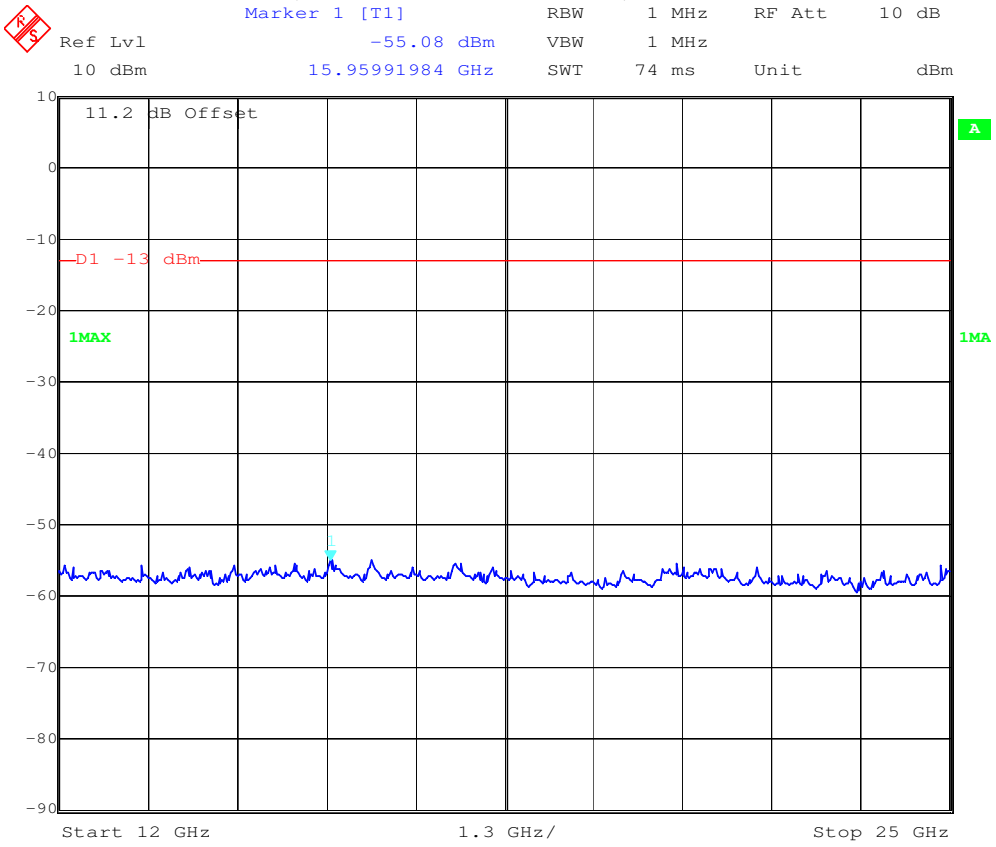
Date: 4.MAY.2007 09:49:43

Channel 251



Date: 4.MAY.2007 09:48:22

Channel 251 (valid for all 3 channels)



Date: 9.MAY.2007 09:02:19

5.2.6 Block Edge Compliance

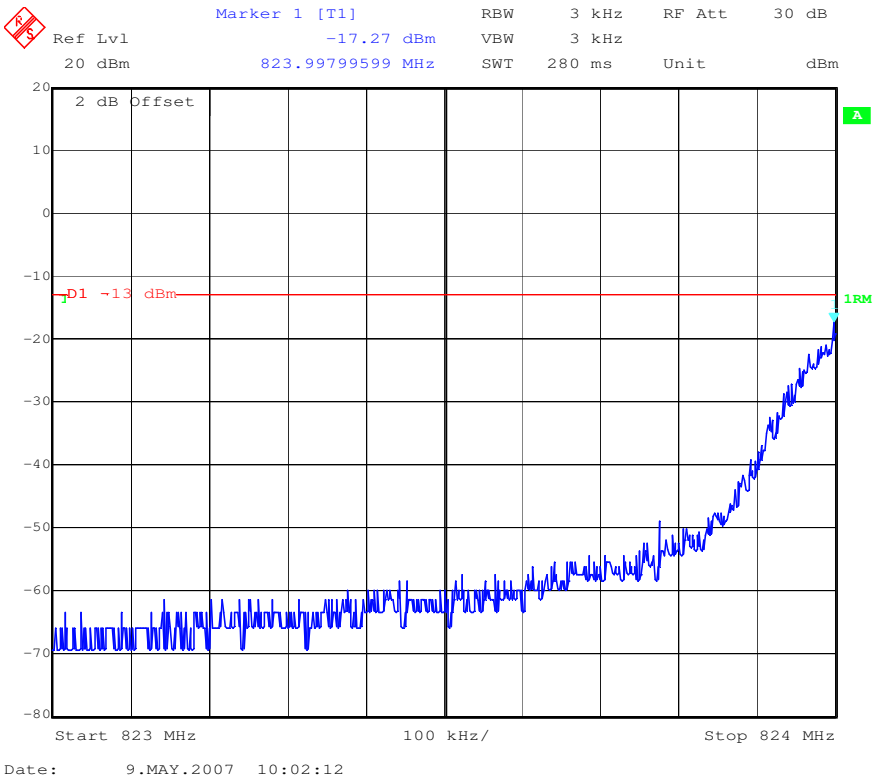
Reference

FCC:	CFR Part 22.917
IC:	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 6.5

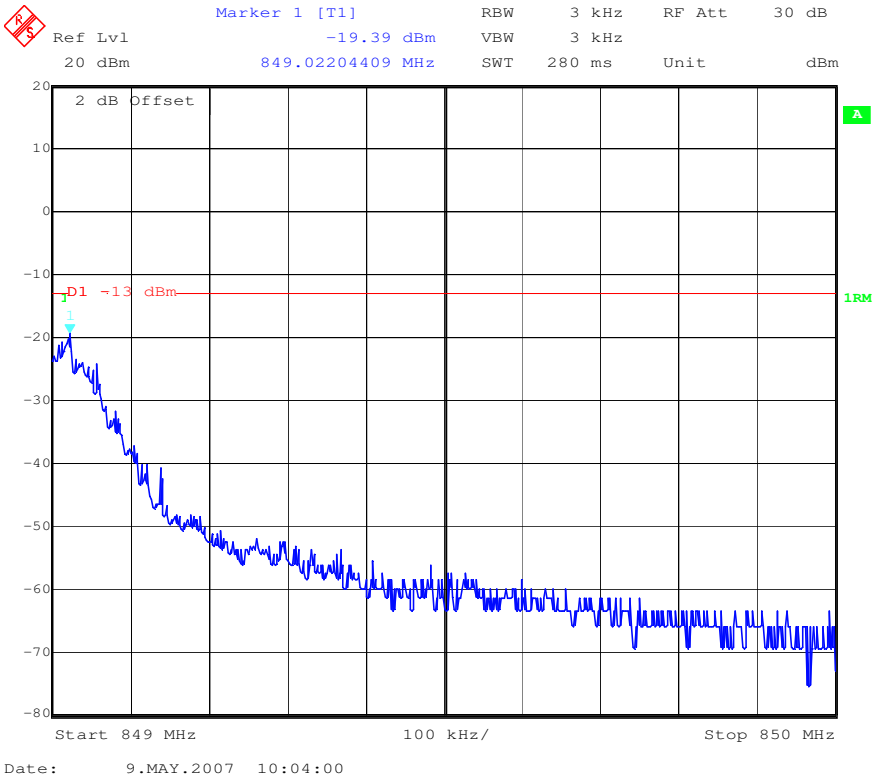
Measurement Limit:

Sec. 22.917(b) Emission Limits.
(a) On any frequency outside frequency band of the USPCS spectrum, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P, in Watts) by at least 43+10Log(P) dB. For all power levels +33 dBm to 0 dBm, this becomes a constant specification limit of -13 dBm.

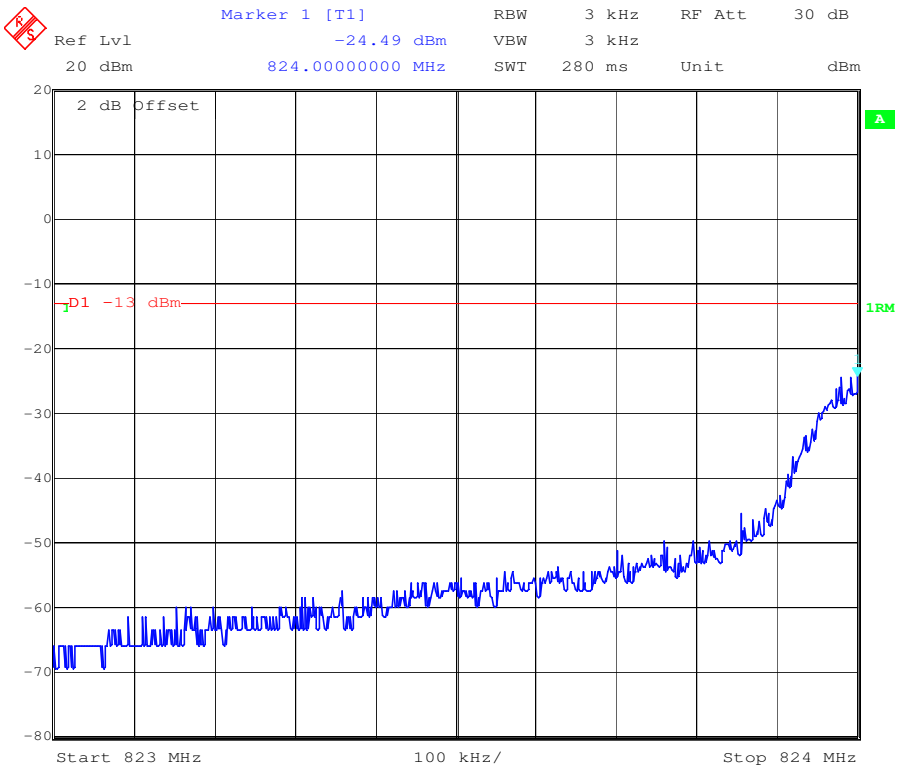
Block 1 Channel 128



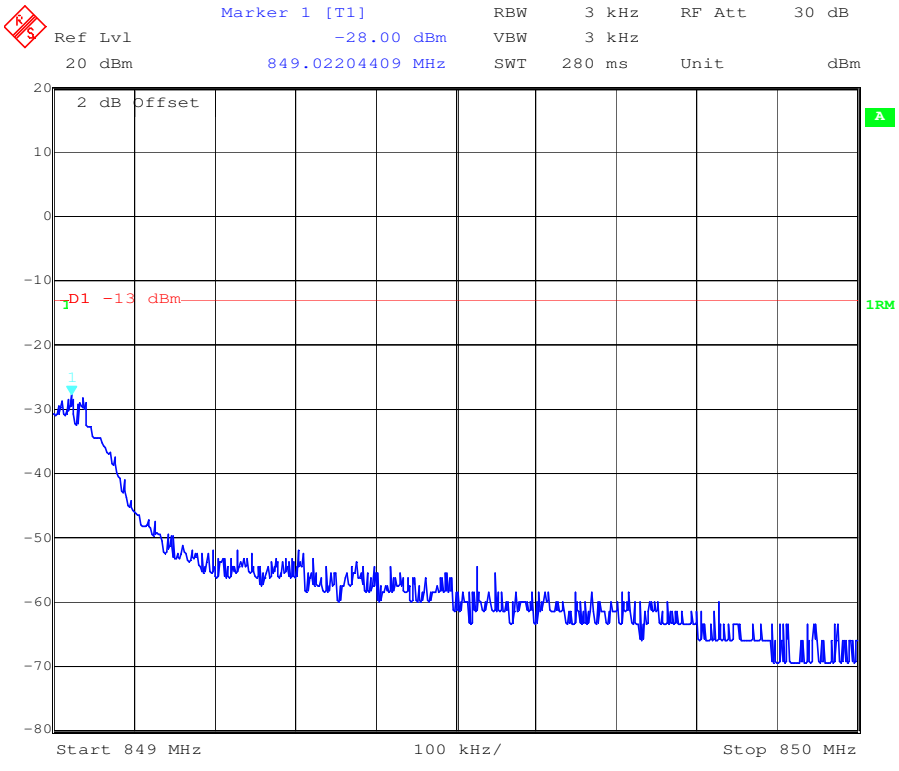
Block 4 Channel 251



Block 1 Channel 128 EDGE – mode



Block 4 Channel 251 EDGE - mode



5.2.7 Occupied Bandwidth

Reference

FCC:	CFR Part 22.917, 2.1049
IC:	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.2

Occupied Bandwidth Results

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the USPCS frequency band. Table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBC occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Normal - mode

Frequency	99% Occupied Bandwidth (kHz)	-26 dBc Bandwidth (kHz)
824.2 MHz	278.000	318.000
836.4 MHz	282.000	320.000
848.8 MHz	278.000	316.000

Part 22 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth. For ca. 300 kHz, this equates to a resolution bandwidth o

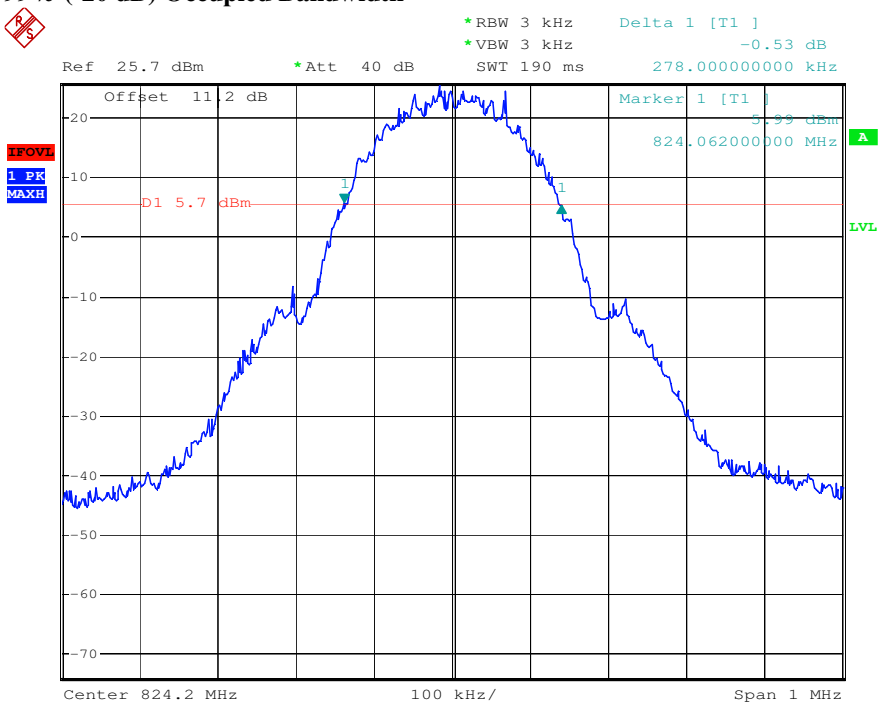
EDGE - mode

Frequency	99% Occupied Bandwidth (kHz)	-26 dBc Bandwidth (kHz)
824.2 MHz	274.000	316.000
836.4 MHz	282.000	316.000
848.8 MHz	282.000	318.000

f at least 3 kHz. For this testing, a resolution bandwidth 3.0 kHz was used.

Channel 128

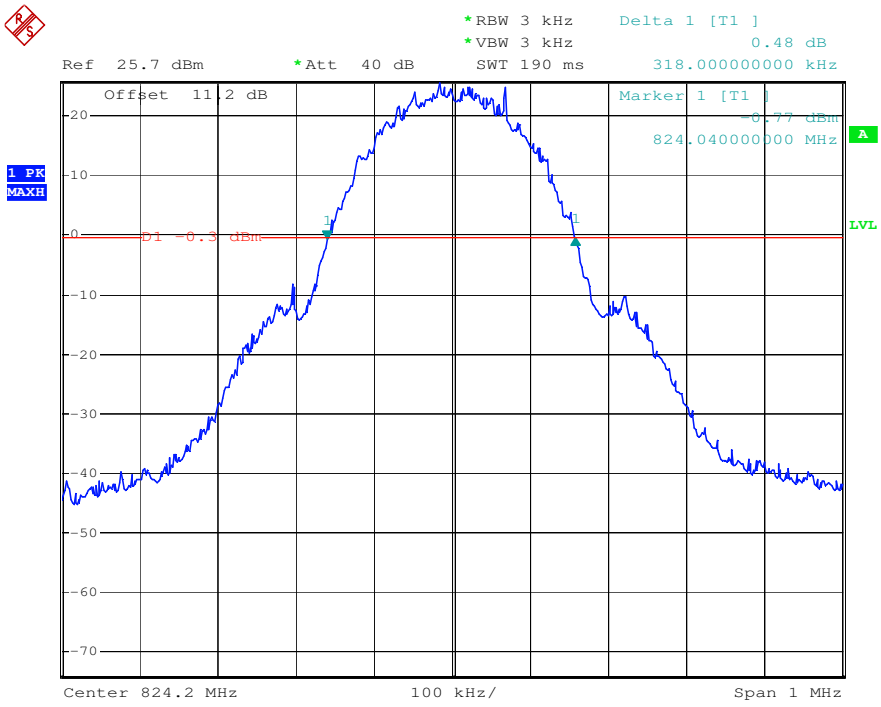
99% (-20 dB) Occupied Bandwidth



Date: 4.MAY.2007 11:46:27

Channel 128

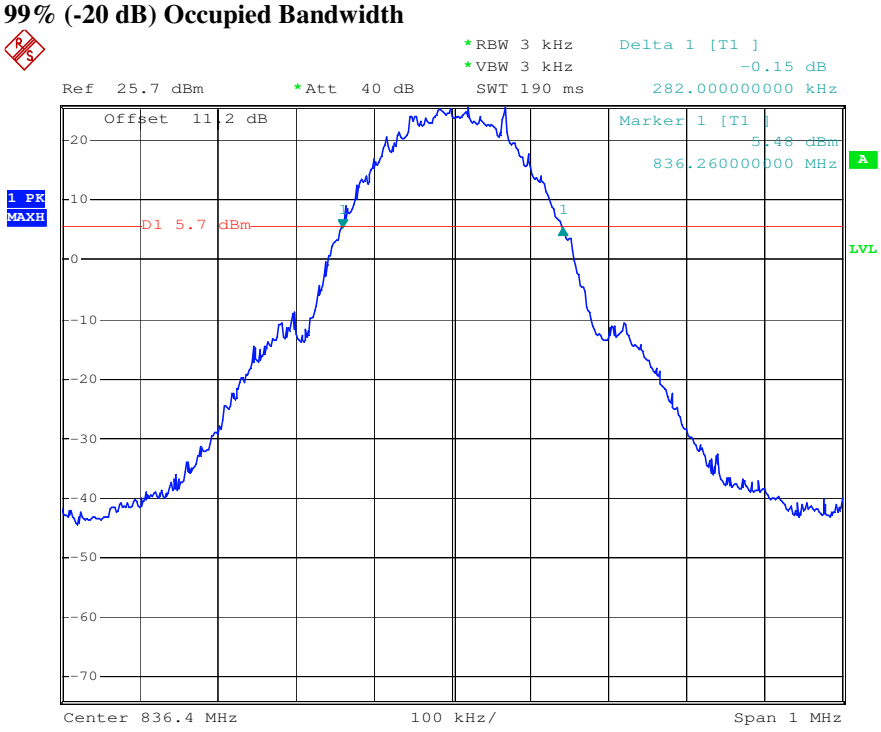
-26 dBc Bandwidth



Date: 4.MAY.2007 11:49:03

Channel 189

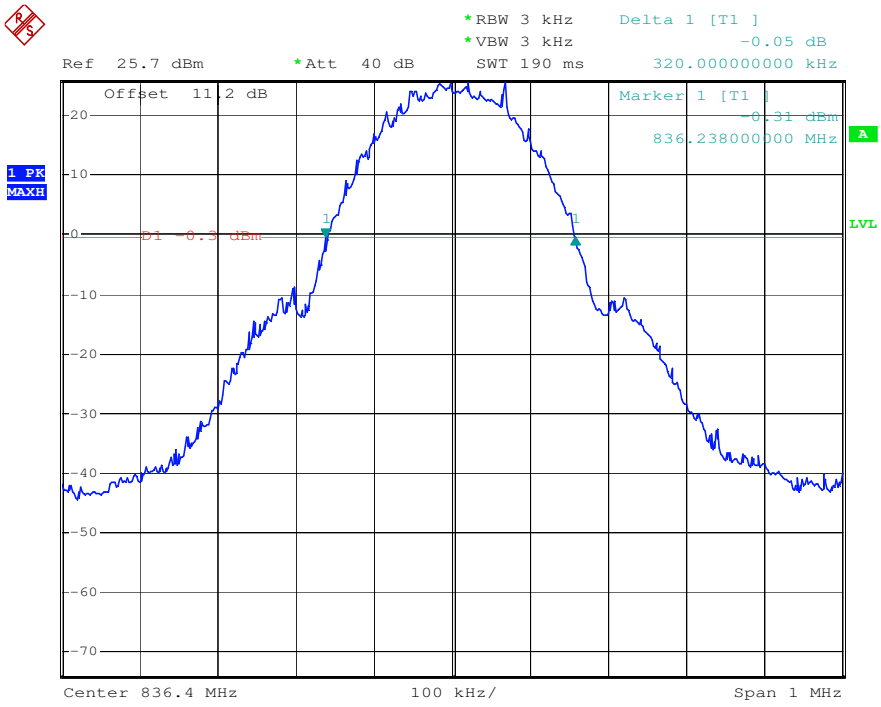
99% (-20 dB) Occupied Bandwidth



Date: 4.MAY.2007 12:42:30

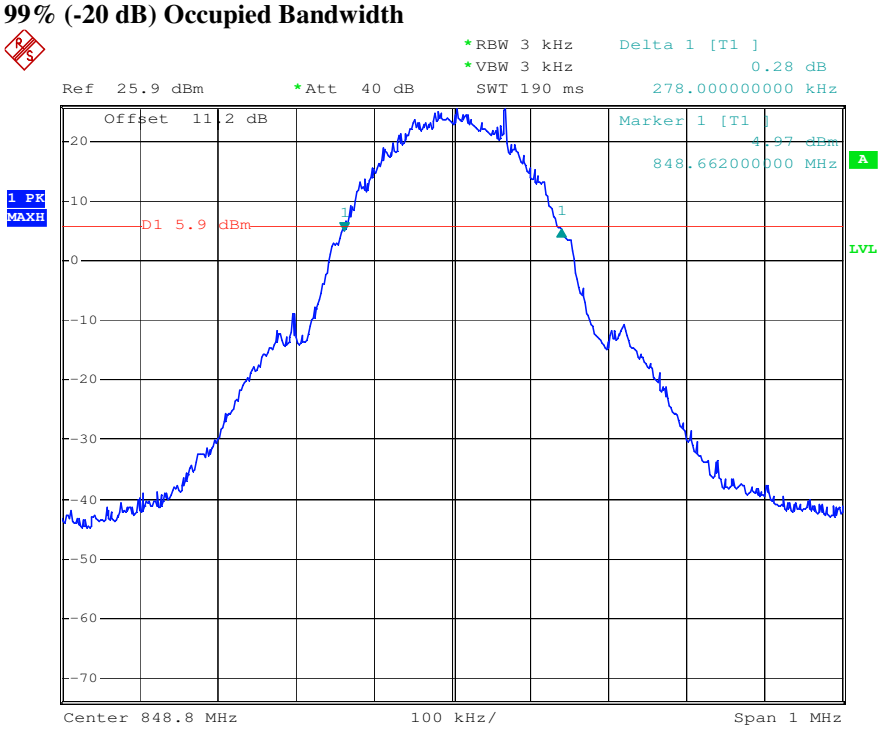
Channel 189

-26 dBc Bandwidth



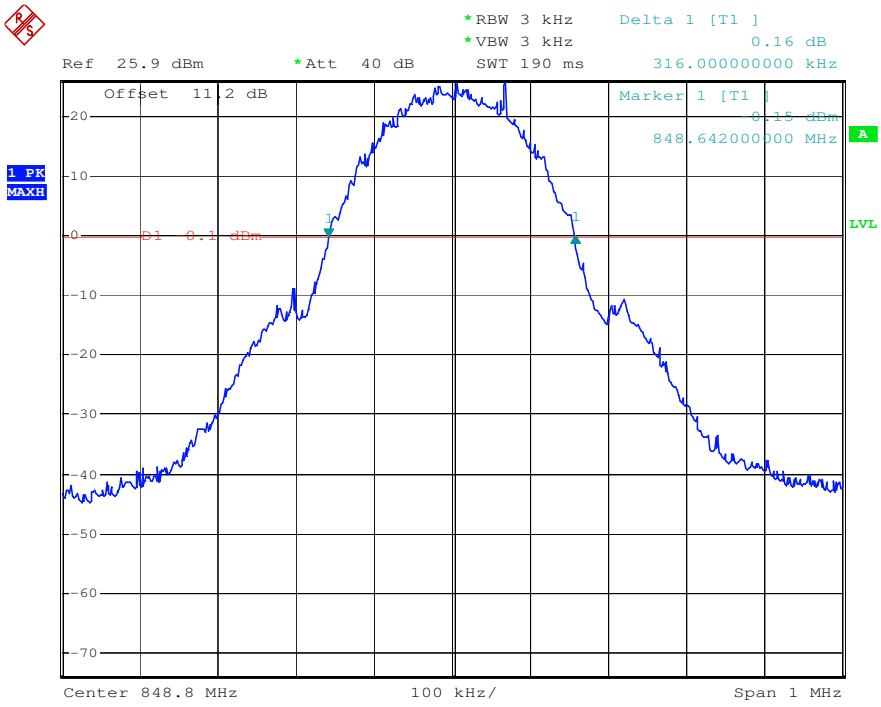
Date: 4.MAY.2007 12:43:33

Channel 251
99% (-20 dB) Occupied Bandwidth



Date: 4.MAY.2007 12:50:06

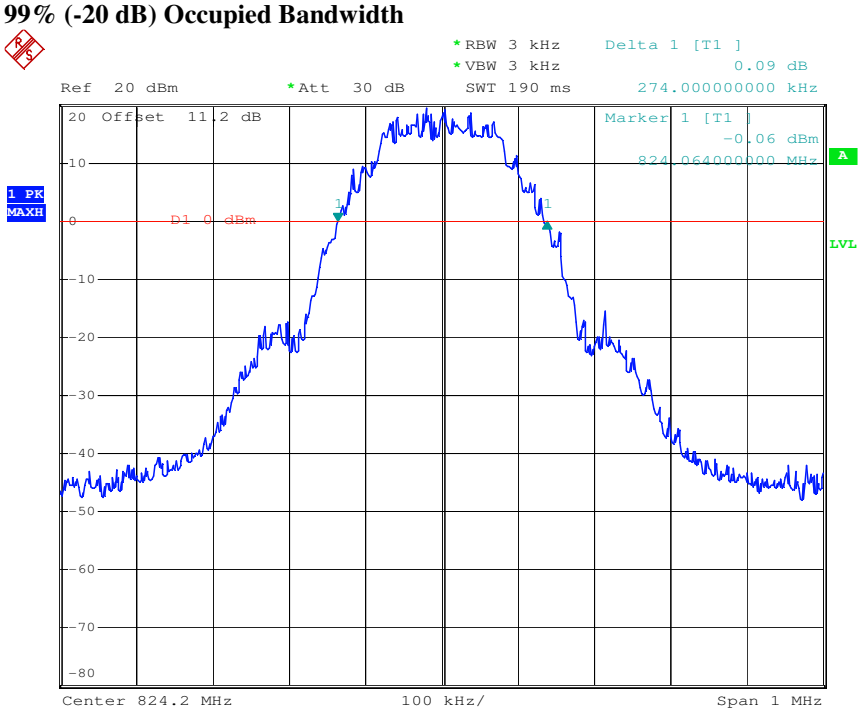
Channel 251
-26 dBc Bandwidth



Date: 4.MAY.2007 12:50:59

Channel 128 EDGE - mode

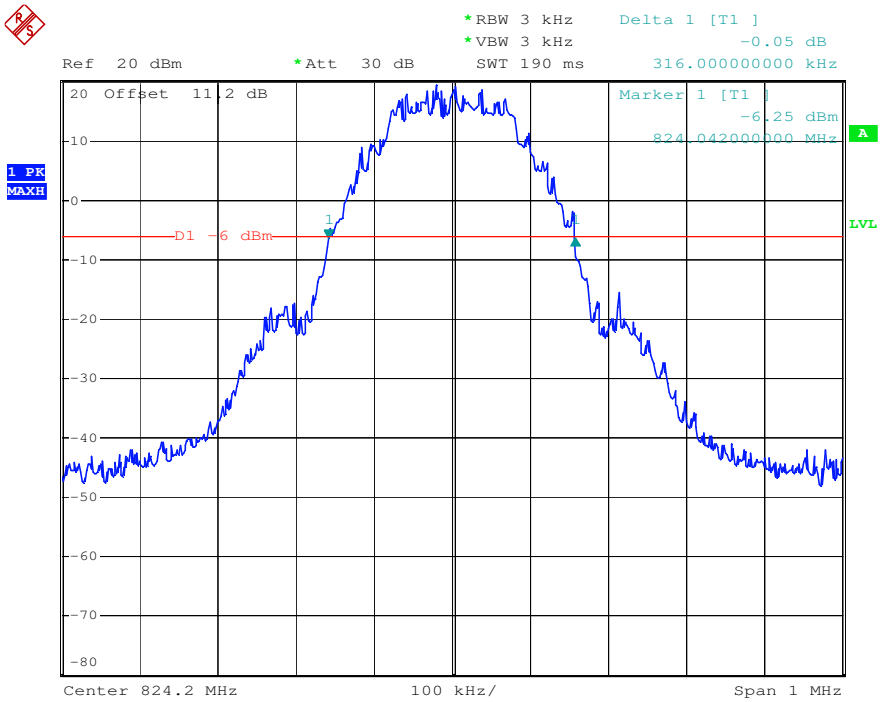
99% (-20 dB) Occupied Bandwidth



Date: 7.MAY.2007 09:50:10

Channel 128 EDGE - mode

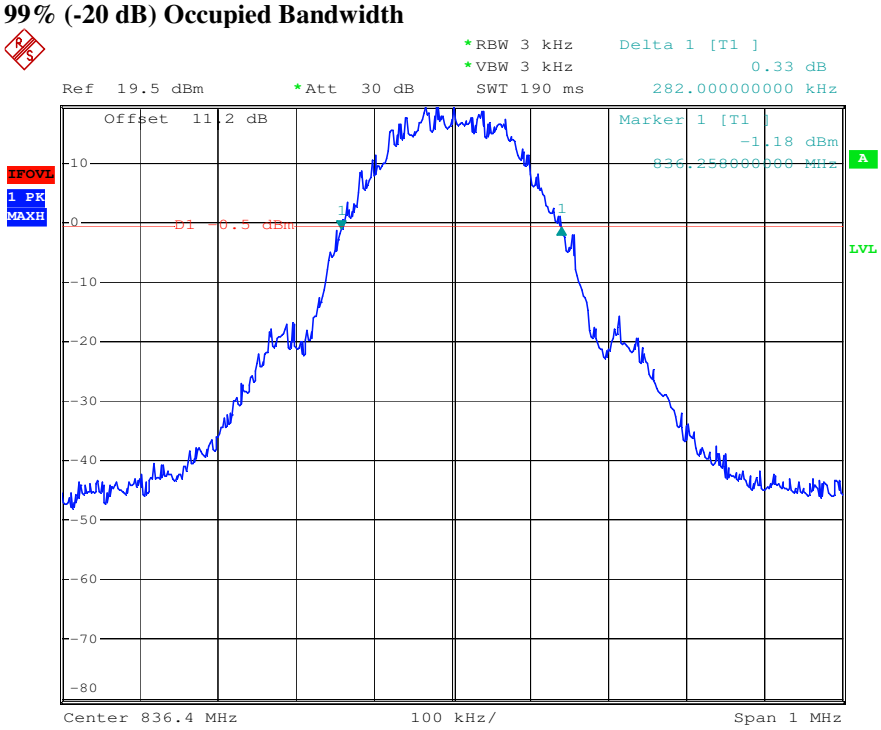
-26 dBc Bandwidth



Date: 7.MAY.2007 09:50:47

Channel 189 EDGE - mode

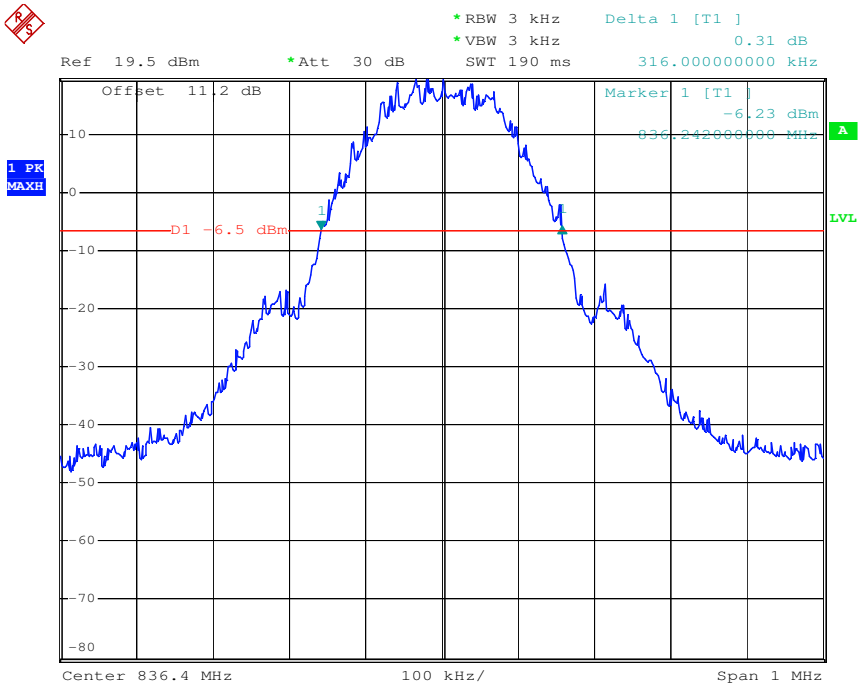
99% (-20 dB) Occupied Bandwidth



Date: 7.MAY.2007 09:56:16

Channel 189 EDGE - mode

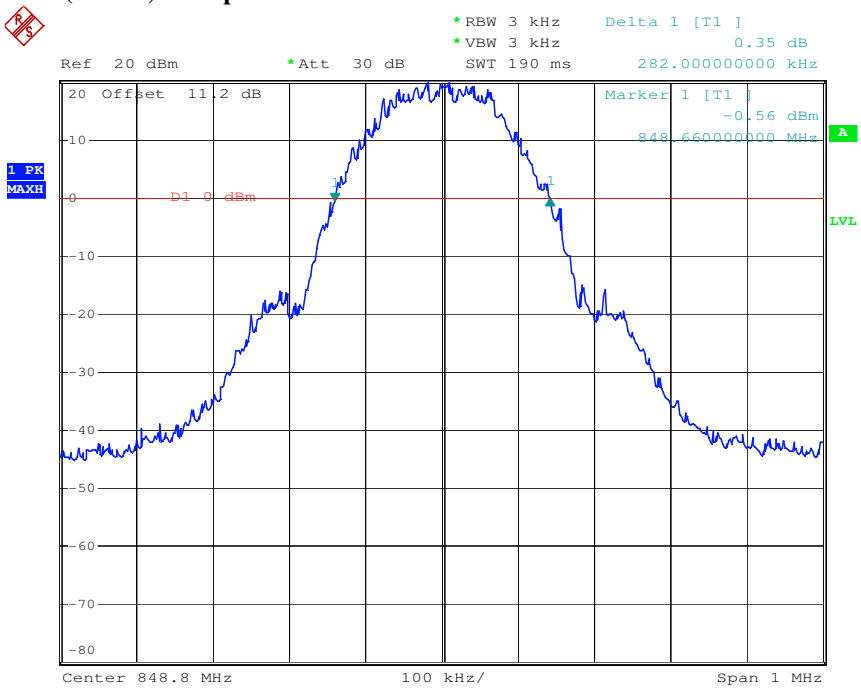
-26 dBc Bandwidth



Date: 7.MAY.2007 09:57:14

Channel 251

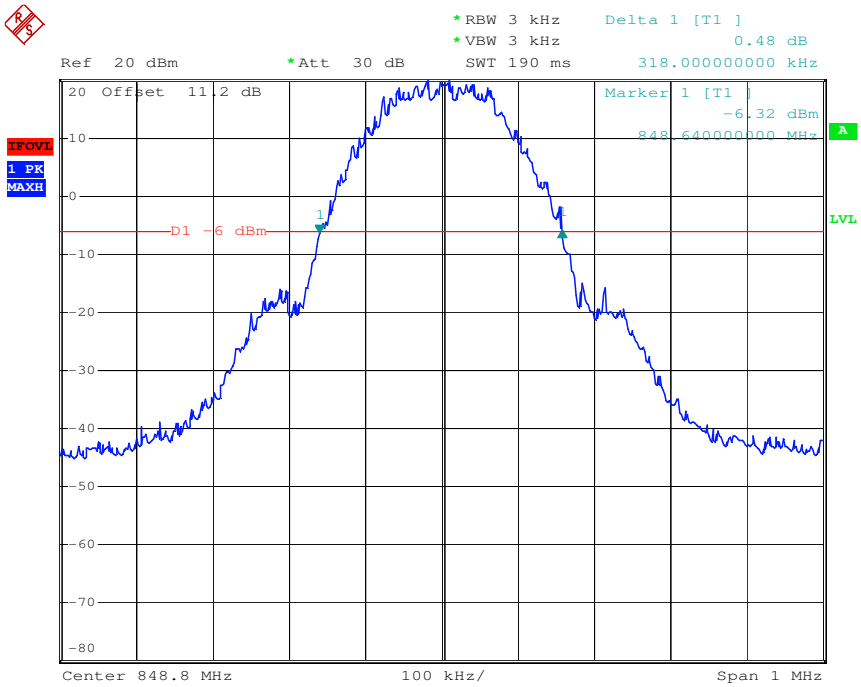
99% (-20 dB) Occupied Bandwidth **EDGE - mode**



Date: 7.MAY.2007 10:19:30

Channel 251

-26 dBc Bandwidth



Date: 7.MAY.2007 10:18:43

6 Test equipment and ancillaries used for tests

To simplify the identification on each page of the test equipment used, on each page of the test report, each item of test equipment and ancillaries such as cables are identified (numbered) by the Test Laboratory, below.

Anechoic chamber C:

No	Equipment/Type	Manufact.	Serial Nr.	Inv. No. Cetecom
1	Anechoic chamber	MWB	87400/02	300000996
2	System-Rack 85900	HP I.V.	*	300000222
3	Measurement System 1			
4	Spektrum Analyzer 8566B	HP	2747A05306	300001000
5	Spektrum Analyzer Display 85662A	HP	2816A16541	300002297
6	Quasi-Peak-Adapter 85650A	HP	2811A01131	300000999
7	RF-Preselector 85685A	HP	2837A00779	300000218
8	PC Vectra VL	HP		300001688
9	Software EMI	HP		300000983
10	Measurement System 2			
11	FSP 30	R&S	100623	ICT 300003464
12	PC	F+W		
13	TILE	TILE		
14	Biconical antenna	EMCO	S/N: 860 942/003	
15	Log. Period. Antenna 3146	EMCO	2130	300001603
16	Double Ridged Antenna HP 3115P	EMCO	3088	300001032
17	Active Loop Antenna 6502	EMCO	2210	300001015
18	Power Supply 6032A	HP	2818A03450	300001040
19	Busisolator	Kontron		300001056
20	Leitungsteiler 11850C	HP		300000997
21	Power attenuator 8325	Byrd	1530	300001595
22	Band reject filter WRCG1855/1910	Wainwright	7	300003350
23	Band reject filter WRCG2400/2483	Wainwright	11	300003351

Bluetooth Rack:

No	Equipment/Type	Manufact.	Serial Nr.	Inv. No. Cetecom
1	FSP 30	R&S		300003575
2	CBT	R&S	100313	300003516
3	Switch Matrix	HP		300000929
4	**Power Supply**	**HP**	**3041A00544**	**300002270**
5	**Signal Generator**	**R&S**	**836206/0092**	**300002680**

Signaling Units:

No	Equipment/Type	Manufact.	Serial Nr.	Inv. No. Cetecom
1	CBT	R&S	100313	300003516
2	CBT	R&S	100185	300003416
3	CMU-200	R&S	103992	300003231
4	CMU-200	R&S	**106240**	**300003321**

SRD Laboratory Room 002:

No	Equipment/Type	Manufact.	Serial Nr.	Inv. No. Cetecom
1	**System Controller PSM 12**	**R&S**	835259/007	**3000002681**
2	**Memory Extension PSM-K10**	**R&S**	**To 1**	**3000002681**
3	**Operating Software PSM-B2**	**R&S**	**To 1**	**3000002681**
4	**19'' Monitor**		**22759020-ED**	**3000002681**
5	**Mouse**		**LZE 0095/6639**	**3000002681**
6	**Keyboard**		**G00013834L461**	**3000002681**
7	**Spectrum Analyser FSIQ 26**	**R&S**	**835540/018**	**3000002681**
8	**Tracking Generator FSIQ-B10**	**R&S**	**835107/015**	**3000002681**
10	**RF-Generator SMIQ03 (B1 Signal)**	**R&S**	**835541/056**	**3000002681**
11	**Modulation Coder SMIQ-B20**	**R&S**	**To 10**	**3000002681**
12	**Data Generator SMIQ-B11**	**R&S**	**To 10**	**3000002681**
13	**RF Rear Connection SMIQ-B19**	**R&S**	**To 10**	**3000002681**
14	**Fast CPU SM-B50**	**R&S**	**To 10**	**3000002681**
15	**FM Modulator SM-B5**	**R&S**	**835676/033**	**3000002681**
16	**RF-Generator SMIQ03 (B2 Signal)**	**R&S**	**835541/055**	**3000002681**
17	**Modulation Coder SMIQ-B20**	**R&S**	**To 16**	**3000002681**
18	**Data Generator SMIQ-B11**	**R&S**	**To 16**	**3000002681**
19	**RF Rear Connection SMIQ-B19**	**R&S**	**To 16**	**3000002681**
20	**Fast CPU SM-B50**	**R&S**	**To 16**	**3000002681**
21	**FM Modulator SM-B5**	**R&S**	**836061/022**	**3000002681**
22	**RF-Generator SMP03 (B3 Signal)**	**R&S**	**835133/011**	**3000002681**
23	**Attenuator SMP-B15**	**R&S**	**835136/014**	**3000002681**
24	**RF Rear Connection SMP-B19**	**R&S**	**834745/007**	**3000002681**
25	**Power Meter NRVD**	**R&S**	**835430/044**	**3000002681**
26	**Power Sensor NRVD-Z1**	**R&S**	**833894/012**	**3000002681**
27	**Power Sensor NRVD-Z1**	**R&S**	**833894/011**	**3000002681**
28	**Rubidium Standard RUB**	**R&S**	**6197**	**3000002681**
29	**Switching and Signal Conditioning Unit SSCU**	**R&S**	**338864/003**	**3000002681**
30	**Laser Printer HP Deskjet 2100**	**HP**	**N/A**	**3000002681**
31	**19'' Rack**	**R&S**	**11138363000004**	**3000002681**
32	**RF-cable set**	**R&S**	**N/A**	**3000002681**
33	**IEEE-cables**	**R&S**	**N/A**	**3000002681**
34	**Sampling System FSIQ-B70**	**R&S**	**835355/009**	**3000002681**
35	**RSP programmable attenuator**	**R&S**	**834500/010**	**3000002681**
36	**Signalling Unit**	**R&S**	**838312/011**	**3000002681**
37	**NGPE programmable Power Supply for EUT**	**R&S**	**192.033.41**	**3000002681**
38	Climatic box VT 4002	Heraeus Vötsch	--	300003019
39	Signaling Unit CMU200	R&S	832221/0055	300002862
40	Power Splitter 6005-3	Inmet Corp.	none	300002841
41	SMA Cables SPS-1151-985-SPS	Insulated Wire	different	different
42	CBT32 with EDR Signaling Unit	R&S		
43	**Coupling unit**	**Narda**	**N/A**	**--**
44	**2xSwitch Matrix PSU**	**R&S**	**872584/021**	**--**
45	**RF-cable set**	**R&S**	**N/A**	**different**
46	**IEEE-cables**	**R&S**	**N/A**	**--**

SRD Laboratory Room 005:

No	Equipment/Type	Manufact.	Serial Nr.	Inv. No. Cetecom
1	Spektrum Analyzer 8566B	HP	2747A05275	300000219
2	Spektrum Analyzer Display 85662A	HP	2816A16497	300001690
3	Quasi-Peak-Adapter 85650A	HP	2811A01135	300000216
4	**Power Supply**	**Heiden**	**003202**	**300001187**
5	**Power Supply**	**Heiden**	**1701**	**300001392**