

Appendix 5

RF Exposure Information

FCC ID: LU9XHW6411831 / IC: 4504A-XHW6411831
 Model: XHW641183-1

Maximum transmitter power:

Frequency (MHz)	Maximum peak output power (dBuV/m)	Output power(mW)
13.56	53.01	0.00006

For FCC

According to KDB 447498 D01:

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations:

For frequencies below 100 MHz, the following may be considered for SAR test exclusion:

For test separation distances \leq 50 mm, power threshold determined by below equation for 50 mm and 100 MHz.

$$\left\{ \left\{ 3 \cdot (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) / \sqrt{f_{(\text{GHz})}} + [(\text{test separation distance} - 50 \text{ mm}) \cdot f(\text{MHz}) / 150] \right\} \cdot [1 + \log(100/f(\text{MHz}))] \cdot 1/2 \right\} \text{mW}$$

for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,²⁴ where

- $f_{(\text{GHz})}$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation²⁵
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

Power Threshold:

$$\{(3*50)/\sqrt{0.1} + [1 + \log(100/13.56)]\} *1/2= 443 \text{ mW}$$

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion considerations

When an antenna qualifies for the standalone SAR test exclusion and also transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR value must be estimated according to the following to determine the simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion criteria:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f_{(\text{GHz})}} / x] \text{ W/kg}$,
 for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

Result:

$$\text{BLE: } (0.52/5) * \sqrt{2.402/7.5} = 0.021 \text{ W/kg}$$

The BLE Output power 0.52 mW was taken from test report No.14043773 001.

$$\text{RFID: } (0.00006/5) * \sqrt{0.01356/7.5} = 0.00000019 \text{ W/kg}$$

Sum of 1-g SAR of all simultaneously transmitting antennas is
 $(0.021+0.00000019) = 0.02100019 \text{ W/kg} \leq 1.6 \text{ W/kg}$

Conclusion:

No SAR is required.

For IC

According to table 1 in RSS-102 Issue 5, below exemption limit is applied:

- Frequency: <300 MHz
- At separation distance of \leq 5mm
- Exemption limits: 71 mW

According to 3.1.2 in RSS-102 Issue 5, SAR Measurement of Devices Containing Multiple Transmitters, Compliance of devices with multiple transmitters capable of simultaneous transmission shall be assessed in accordance with the latest version of IEEE 1528. However, other recognized methods — such as the procedures published by the FCC proven to provide a conservative estimate of the SAR value — can also be used.

$$\text{BLE: } (0.52/5)^* \sqrt{2.402/7.5} = 0.021 \text{ W/kg}$$

The BLE Output power 0.52 mW was taken from test report No.14043773 001.

$$\text{RFID: } (0.00006/5)^* \sqrt{0.01356/7.5} = 0.00000019 \text{ W/kg}$$

Sum of 1-g SAR of all simultaneously transmitting antennas is
 $(0.021+0.00000019) = 0.02100019 \text{ W/kg} \leq 1.6 \text{ W/kg}$

Conclusion:

The maximum peak output power of the RFID transmitter is less than the SAR evaluation exemption threshold and sum of 1-g SAR of all simultaneously transmitting antennas is below the SAR limit, hence it complies with the RSS-102 RF exposure requirement.