


MOTOROLA


Certificate Number: 2518.01

FCC ID: LO6-DVRSUHF
DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE MPE ASSESSMENT

Government & Enterprise Mobility Solutions
EME Test Laboratory
 8000 West Sunrise Blvd
 Fort Lauderdale, FL. 33322

Date of Report: August 14, 2006
 Report Revision: Rev. O
 Report ID: FCC MPE rpt_DVR UHF R3 XTL
 UHF R2 Rev O_060814_SR3950

Responsible Engineer: Stephen Whalen (SR Staff EME Eng.)
Date/s Tested: 04/14/2006 & 05/08/2006
Manufacturer/Location: Futurecom Systems Group Inc., Concord, Ontario, Canada
Date submitted for test: 4/11/06 (DVR)
DUT Description: 450-470MHz DVRS
Test TX mode(s): CW
Max. Power output: 10W (conducted into antenna), 100% Duty Cycle
TX Frequency Bands: 450-470MHz
Signaling type: FM; APCO 25
Model(s) Tested: DQPMDVR5000P
Model(s) Certified: DQPMDVR5000P
Serial Number(s): 05101307
Classification: Occupational Controlled (Operator); General Population/Uncontrolled (Passengers/Bystanders)
Rule Part(s): 2.1091 (d)

**Approved Accessories:**

Antenna(s):
 HAE4003A (450-470MHz 1/4 wave trunk mount antenna; 0dBd gain), HAE6016A (450-512MHz 1/4 wave trunk mount antenna; 0dBd gain)

Companion Mobiles and Antennas:

FCC ID	Mobile Description	Antenna(s)
AZ492FT4867	Motorola XTL5000 Model M20SSS9PW1AN, 450-512MHz Mobile, Transmit conducted power up to 5-45W, 50% transmit duty cycle.	HAE6016A (450-512MHz; 1/4 wave Roof mount; 0dBd gain) HAE4003A (450-470MHz; 1/4 wave Roof mount; 0dBd gain) HAE4011A (445-470MHz; 1/2 wave Roof mount; 3.5dBd gain) HAE4012A (470-495MHz; 1/4 wave Roof mount; 3.5dBd gain) HAE4013A (494-512MHz; 1/4 wave Roof mount; 3.5dBd gain) HAE4004A (470-512MHz; 1/4 wave Roof mount; 0dBd gain)

Final RF Exposure Results:
Combined UHF DVR and UHF Mobile max calculated 1-g Avg. S.A.R.: 0.084mW/g

Based on the information and the testing results provided herein, the undersigned certifies that when used as stated in the operating instructions supplied, said product complies with the national and international reference standards and guidelines listed in section 3.0 of this report. This report shall not be reproduced without written approval from an officially designated representative of the Motorola EME Laboratory.

Signature on file

Ken Enger GEMS EME Lab Senior Resource Manager,
 Laboratory Director,

Approval Date: 8/16/06

Certification Date:

Certification No.:

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Part II

Computational EME Compliance Assessment

REVISION HISTORY

Date	Revision	Comments
08/14/06	O	Original release

1.0 Product and System Description

FCC ID: LO6-DVRSUHF is a MOBEXCOM Digital Vehicular Repeater (DVR) manufactured by FUTURECOM Systems Group. The DVR, in addition to standalone operation, is capable of interfacing to a companion mobile radio using serial data protocol for audio and control. The full duplex DVR provides local area coverage for portable to portable communication in the 450-470MHz band while the companion mobile radio provides wide-area coverage extension.

The system can operate in the following modes: Mobile mode - where the vehicular repeat function is off but receives emergency and mode change commands from portable devices; Local mode - with portable to portable repeat and network monitoring capabilities; and System mode - with portable to portable repeat functions with full network interconnect. Furthermore, the DVRS offers a busy lockout feature where a simulcast prevention algorithm is used for seamless multi-vehicle operation on the same channel. Moreover, the system supports emergency calls in the MDC1200 signaling format. Other system features include field programmability, seamless interface to a mobile radio through the control head bus, controllability via a mobile radio control head, as well as remotely by a dispatcher or portable user. The DVR supports up to 64 channels and 255 talk groups, MDC1200, DTMF, EIA, CCIR signaling as well as PL and DPL. The DVR supports programmability of leading and/or trailing tones, and audio and TX priorities per mode as well as talk group steering.

This test report covers the RF Exposure performance of the 450-470MHz 10 watts DVR interfaced with, and transmitting simultaneously with, companion UHF(450-512) mobile radio with transmit powers up to 54 watts (450-500MHz) and 48 watts (500-512MHz) and with both units, installed in a typical vehicle.

The DVR transmit frequency range is 450-470MHz at transmit duty cycle up to 100%. The UHF mobile transmit frequency range is 450-512MHz at transmit duty cycle up to 50%. The DVR antennas are limited to $\frac{1}{4}\lambda$ (0dBd gain) mounted at the center of the trunk, and the UHF mobile antennas are limited to $\frac{1}{4}\lambda$ and $\frac{1}{2}\lambda$ (0dBd and 3.5dBd gain) mounted at the center of the roof. The maximum conducted power delivered to the DVR antenna is 10 watts.

This device will be marketed to and used by employees solely for work-related operations, such as public safety agencies, e.g. police, fire and emergency medical. User training is the responsibility of these agencies which can be expected to employ the usage instructions, safety information and operational cautions set forth in the user's manual, instructional sessions or other means.

Accordingly this product is classified as Occupational/Controlled Exposure. However, In accordance with FCC requirements, the passengers inside the vehicle and the bystanders external to the vehicle are evaluated to the General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure Limits.

(Note that "By-standers" as used herein mean people other than operator)

2.0 Additional Options and Accessories:

NA

3.0 Measurement and Limit Standards

Measurements were performed according to the recommended guidelines in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 and compared to FCC Limits Per 47 CFR 2.1091 (d) for General Population/Uncontrolled RF Exposure.

For test frequencies ranging from 450-470MHz and 450-512MHz the MPE (Maximum Permissible Exposure) limit to electromagnetic energy in equivalent plane wave free-space power density is 0.30-0.31 mW/cm² and 0.30–0.34mW/cm² respectively and calculated using the formula f/1500.

4.0 Data Collection Consideration

Power density testing was performed with DUT installed in a 1991 Ford Taurus (4-door). Measurement data was taken with the vehicles' electrical system powered by an equivalent source equal to the car running at idle and the vehicle battery measuring 13.8 volts.

5.0 Measurement System Uncertainty Levels

The information below presents an estimate of the possible errors that are associated with the measurement system.

Uncertainty Budget for Near Field Probe Measurements

	Tol. (± %)	Prob. . Dist.	Divisor	u_i (±%)
Measurement System				
Survey Meter Calibration	3.0	N	1.00	3.0
Repeatability Accuracy	7.0	N	1.00	7.0
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS		7.6
Expanded Uncertainty		$k=2$		15

6.0 Method of Measurement

MPE measurements were conducted for each transmitter individually per the procedures described in the following sections. Percent of Limit was calculated for each transmitter individually for each position. Final results representing the maximum combined exposure of DVR and mobile radio were obtained by summing the highest percent of limit results from each transmitter.

6.1 DVR UHF EME measurements made with trunk mounted antenna(s)

(For reference, see Illustration of antenna location and test distances in APPENDIX A)

6.1.1 External vehicle EME measurement

(Antenna mounted at trunk center)

MPE measurements for by-stander conditions are determined by taking the average of (10) measurements in a 2m vertical line for each of the (5) test locations indicated in APPENDIX A with 20cm increments at the test distance of 90cm from the test vehicle's body, as stated in the user manual. The measurement probe sensor is rotated 180° at each of the ten incremental measurements to ensure the highest result is captured. These measurements are representative of persons other than the operator standing next to the vehicle.

The DVR antennas mounted at the center of the trunk were assessed across the TX band for the (5) by-stander conditions presented in APPENDIX A.

6.1.2 Internal vehicle EME measurement

(Antenna mounted at trunk center)

While rotating survey meter probe through 180 degrees to ensure that the highest level is found, scans were performed inside of the vehicle, at both front and back seating areas, across the TX band to ascertain the highest level at the head. After the highest level is found, scans were performed vertically making two (2) additional measurements within an area approximately 40cm wide (representing the width of a person) so as to have a total of three (3) measured points, indicated below, that are averaged.

- a) Head area
- b) Chest area
- c) Lower Trunk area

6.2 Mobile UHF EME measurements made with roof mounted antenna(s)

(For reference, see Illustration of antenna location and test distances in APPENDIX A).

6.2.1 External vehicle EME measurement

(Antenna mounted at roof center)

MPE measurements for by-stander conditions are determined by taking the average of (10) measurements in a 2m vertical line for each of the (5) test locations indicated in APPENDIX A with 20cm increments at the test distance of 90cm from the test vehicle's body, as stated in the user manual. The measurement probe sensor is rotated 180° at each of the ten incremental measurements to ensure the highest result is captured. These measurements are representative of persons other than the operator standing next to the vehicle.

The mobile antennas mounted at the center of the roof were assessed across the TX band for the (5) by-stander conditions presented in APPENDIX A.

6.2.2 Internal vehicle EME measurement

(Antenna mounted at roof center)

While rotating survey meter probe through 180 degrees to ensure that the highest level is found, scans were performed inside of the vehicle, both at the front and back seating areas, across the TX band to ascertain the highest level in each location. After the highest level is found, two (2) additional measurements were performed vertically within an area approximately 40cm wide (representing the width of a person) so as to have a total of three (3) measured points as indicated below that are averaged.

- a) Head area
- b) Chest area
- c) Lower Trunk area

7.0 Test Site

The test site is the Motorola open area test site located at 8000 W. Sunrise Blvd., Plantation, FL. 33322.

8.0 Measurement System/Equipment

Equipment Type	Model #	SN	Calibration Due Date
Automobile	1991 Ford Taurus, 4-Door		
*Survey Meter	NARDA Model 8718	01108	5/17/06
*Probe - E-Field (Electric Field)	NARDA Model 8722B	13001	2/28/07
**Survey Meter	NARDA Model 8718	01108	5/17/06
**Probe – E-Field (Electric Field)	NARDA Model 8722B	13001	7/21/06

* Equipment used during DVR UHF (test date 4/14/2006)

** Equipment used during UHF mobile (test date 5/8/2006)

9.0 Test Unit Description

Power density measurements were performed on a representative sample of the DVR UHF 450-470MHz 10 watt radio with serial number 05101307.

Power density measurements were performed on the following representative sample of the Motorola XTL5000 UHF 54 watts (450-500MHz) and 48 watts (500-512MHz) radio with serial number X09240157

Presented below is a summary of the tested frequencies and associated power outputs for each DUT.

DVR DQPMDVR5000P	
Frequency (MHz)	Po (W)
450	10.0
460	10.0
470	10.0

Mobile M20SSS9PW1AN	
Frequency (MHz)	Po (W)
450.0250	53.1
460.0250	53.5
470.0250	53.7
481.0250	53.7
494.0250	53.9
511.9875	47.6

10.0 Test Set-Up Description

The following are the mobile antenna test configurations used for this product.
(for reference, see Illustration of antenna location and test distances in the APPENDIX A)

Mobile - The $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ wave antennas (HAE6016A 0dB_d, HAE4003A 0dB_d, HAE4011A 3.5dB_d, HAE4012A 3.5dB_d, HAE4013A 3.5dB_d and HAE4004A 0dB_d) were assessed while mounted at the center of the roof of the test vehicle.

DVR - The $\frac{1}{4}$ wave antennas (HAE4003A 0dB_d and HAE6016A 0dB_d) were assessed while mounted at the trunk.

Assessments were made internal and external to the test vehicle at the specified distances and test locations indicated in sections 6.0, 11.0, and the APPENDIX A.

11.0 Test Results Summary

APPENDIX E presents detailed MPE measurement information for each test configuration; person external or internal to the vehicle, TX frequency, antenna (location, model and gain), distance from antenna to probe sensor, E field measurements, calibration factor, MPE average over body, initial power, power density calc, power density max calc, IEEE/FCC controlled and uncontrolled limits, and maximum output power.

The Average over Body test methodology is consistent with IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 guidelines

MPE results are based on a DVR 100% duty cycle and Mobile 50% duty cycle which is in accordance with the User Manual instructions.

Below is an explanation of how the MPE results are calculated.

External to vehicle - 10 measurements are averaged over the body (*Body_Avg*).

Internal to vehicle - 3 measurements are averaged over the body (*Body_Avg*).

Narda Survey Meter measures in percent of the controlled limit. Therefore the averages over the body used in the calculations below reflect percentages.

Therefore;

$$Average_over_Body = Body_Avg * Controlled_Limit$$

$$Pwr_Density_Calc = Average_over_Body * Duty_Cycle$$

$$Pwr_Density_Max_Calc = Pwr_Density_Calc * \frac{Max_Output_Power}{Initial_Output_Power}$$

Note; For *Initial Output Power* > *Max_Output_Power*, *Max_Output_Power* / *Initial Output Power* = 1

The tables below summarize the highest MPE results of the E field test configurations for the UHF mobile, DVR UHF, and combined assessments. See APPENDICES A and E respectively for the indicated test locations and detailed MPE measurement data.

Table 1 – UHF mobile M20SSS9PW1AN Assessments – Highest MPE result per test position

Tables	Antenna Model	Antenna Location	Test Frequency (MHz)	E/H Field	Passenger/By-Stander Pos.	Max Calc Pwr Density (mW/cm ²)	% of Uncontrolled limit
Table 6	HAE4004A	Roof	481.025	E	Passenger	0.11	34.3%
Table 9	HAE4011A	Roof	450.025	E	By-Stander Pos. #1	0.06	20.0%
Table 31	HAE4011A	Roof	450.025	E	By-Stander Pos. #2	0.04	13.3%
Table 41	HAE4003A	Roof	460.025	E	By-Stander Pos. #3	0.05	16.3%
Table 57	HAE4011A	Roof	450.025	E	By-Stander Pos. #4	0.03	10.0%
Table 70	HAE4011A	Roof	450.025	E	By-Stander Pos. #5	0.03	10.0%

Table 2 – DVR UHF DQPMDVR5000P Assessments - Highest MPE result per test position

Tables	Antenna Model	Antenna Location	Test Frequency (MHz)	E/H Field	Passenger/By-Stander Pos.	Max Calc Pwr Density (mW/cm ²)	% of Uncontrolled limit
Table 8	HAE4003A	Trunk	450.0	E	Passenger	0.24	80.0%
Table 7	HAE4003A	Trunk	450.0	E	By-Stander Pos. #1	0.04	13.3%
Table 17	HAE4003A	Trunk	460.0	E	By-Stander Pos. #2	0.05	16.1%
Table 22	HAE4003A	Trunk	450.0	E	By-Stander Pos. #3	0.06	20.0%
Table 28	HAE4003A	Trunk	450.0	E	By-Stander Pos. #4	0.07	23.3%
Table 34	HAE4003A	Trunk	450.0	E	By-Stander Pos. #5	0.07	23.3%

**Table 3 - Combined UHF R2Mobile M20SSS9PW1AN and DVR UHF DQPMDVR5000P
(Calculated % of limit performance)**

Test Position	Percentage of Limit		
	UHF Mobile (450-512MHz)	DVR UHF (450-470MHz)	Combined Percentages
Passenger	34.3%	80.0%	*114.3%
By-Stander #1	20.0%	13.3%	33.3%
By-Stander #2	13.3%	16.1%	29.4%
By-Stander #3	16.3%	20.0%	36.3%
By-Stander #4	10.0%	23.3%	33.3%
By-Stander #5	10.0%	23.3%	33.3%

* Exceeds MPE General Population/Uncontrolled exposure limit

Table 4 – Highest combined passenger (backseat) MPE percent of limit

UHF Mobile 54W(450-500MHz) and 48W(500-512) Roof Mount								
		HAE4003A 450.025MHz	HAE4003A 460.025MHz	HAE4012A 470.025MHz	HAE4004A 481.025MHz	HAE4013A 494.025MHz	HAE4004A 511.9875MHz	
Measured Results (%)		20.0%	22.8%	3.2%	34.3%	9.1%	14.6%	
DVR UHF 10W Trunk Mount	HAE4003A 450MHz	80.0%	100.0%	*102.8%	83.2%	*114.3%	89.1%	94.6%
	HAE4003A 460MHz	67.7%	87.7%	90.5%	70.9%	*102.0%	76.8%	82.3%
	HAE6016A 470MHz	54.8%	74.8%	77.6%	58.0%	89.1%	63.9%	69.4%

* Exceeds MPE General Population/Uncontrolled exposure limit

12.0 Conclusion

Because the signals emitted by each individual transmitter are statistically uncorrelated, the collective compliance of the transmitters is determined by summing the individual ratios between actual (S) and maximum allowed MPE exposure. Compliance is achieved if the total exposure level (T) is less than one:

Formula:

$$T = \frac{S_1}{SAR_1} + \frac{S_2}{SAR_2} + \dots < 1 \quad \text{Or} \quad T = \frac{S_1}{MPE_1} + \frac{S_2}{MPE_2} + \dots < 1$$

Depending on the test frequency, the mobile assessments were performed with an output power range of 47.6W – 53.9W. The DVR output power across the TX band is 10.0W. The highest power density results for the XTL5000 UHF mobile device scaled to the maximum allowable power output is 0.11mW/cm² internal to the vehicle and 0.06mW/cm² external to the vehicle. The highest power density results for the DVR UHF device scaled to the maximum allowable power output is 0.24mW/cm² internal to the vehicle and 0.07mW/cm² external to the vehicle. The

highest combined passenger power density performance is 114.3% and highest combined bystander power density performance is 36.3% (refer to table 3 position 3) of the FCC/IEEE MPE limits using the methodology and formula below.

Therefore:

$$\text{Passenger} \quad T = \frac{0.24}{0.30} + \frac{0.11}{0.32} = 1.143 > 1 \quad (\text{non-compliant})$$

$$\text{By-stander} \quad T = \frac{0.06}{0.30} + \frac{0.05}{0.31} = 0.363 < 1 \quad (\text{compliant})$$

The MPE results presented herein demonstrate compliance to the applicable FCC/IEEE Occupational/Controlled exposure limit of 1.5-1.57mW/cm² for the 450-470MHz frequency range and 1.5-1.71mW/cm² for the 450-512MHz frequency range. FCC/IEEE Occupational/Controlled exposure limits are calculated by f/300 for the frequency range of 300-1500MHz.

FCC rules require compliance for passengers and bystanders to the FCC General Population/Uncontrolled limits. Although MPE is a convenient method of demonstrating compliance, SAR is recognized as the "basic restriction". For those configurations exceeding the MPE limit noted in table 4 section 11.0, compliance to the FCC/IEEE SAR General Population/Uncontrolled limit of 1.6mW/g is demonstrated in Part II Computational EME Compliance Assessment via SAR computational analysis.

The computation results show that this device, when used with the specified antennas, exhibit a maximum combined peak 1-g average S.A.R. of 0.084mW/g.

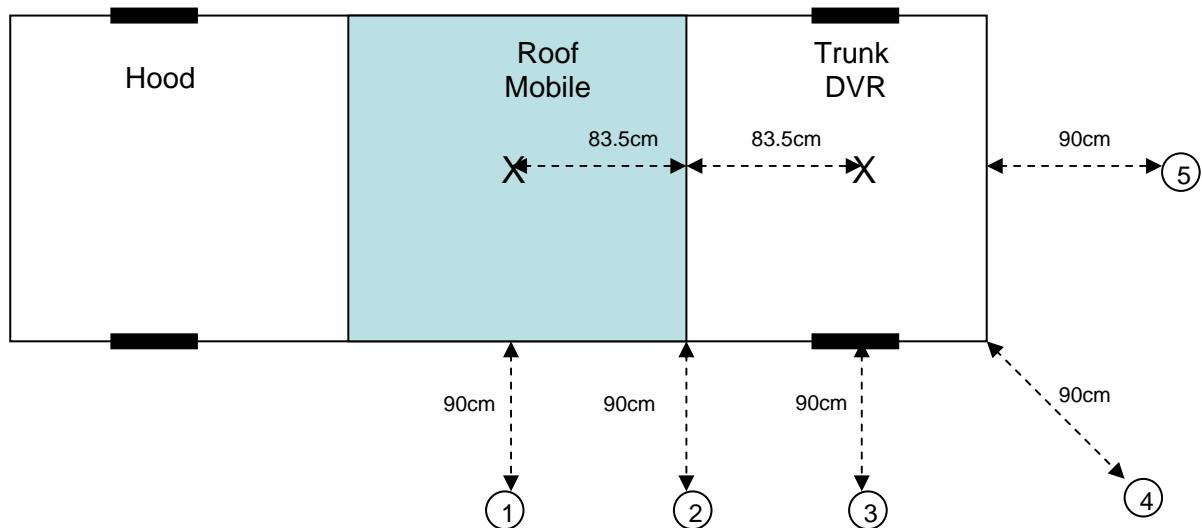
Therefore:

$$\text{Passenger} \quad T = \frac{0.063}{1.6} + \frac{0.021}{1.6} = 0.053 < 1 \quad (\text{compliant})$$

APPENDIX A

Illustration of Antenna Locations and Test Distances

MPE By-stander Test Positions



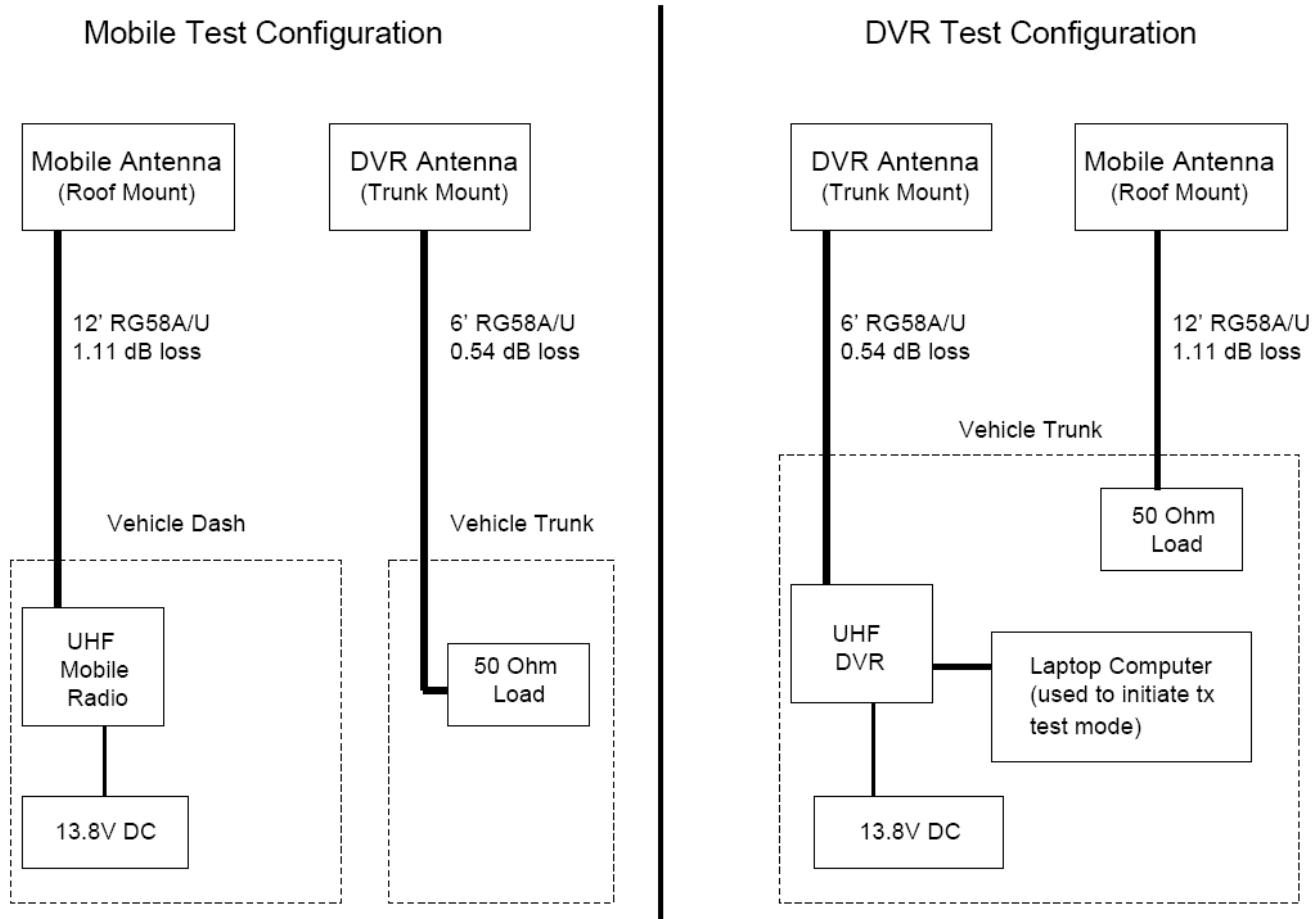
Antenna position
(centered on roof & trunk)

By-stander (BS) positions for DVR and Companion Mobile (90cm from vehicle body)
Note:

- 1) Assessments were performed at each test position for each offered antenna.
- 2) Position 2 is located at the mid point between the two antennas which is by 83.5cm.
- 3) Total distance between by-stander position 1 and roof mount antenna is 180cm.
- 4) Total distance between by-stander position 5 and trunk mount antenna is 119.5cm.

APPENDIX B

Block Diagram of MPE Test Configuration

MPE Test Configuration

APPENDIX C

Meter/Probe Calibration Certificates



Certificate of Calibration



L-3 Communications, Narda Microwave-East, hereby certifies that the referenced RF Radiation Hazard monitoring equipment has been calibrated in accordance with MIL-STD-45662A, ANSI Z540, ISO 10012 and ISO 9001: 2000.

The measured values were determined by comparison with our standards, which are traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology to the extent allowed by NIST's calibration facilities.

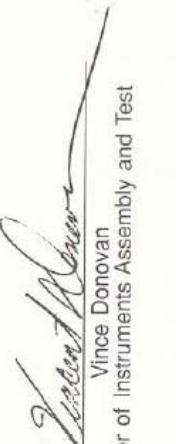
Customer: MOTOROLA
SCHAUMBURG, IL 60168-0429

Model #: 8718-10
Description: METER W/CABLE
Date Calibrated: 05/17/2005

Certificate #: 56219 1

Serial #: 01108
PO #: NP1819669
R.O. #: 56219


John C. Stine
Director of Quality Assurance


Vince Donovan
Manager of Instruments Assembly and Test

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The measured values were determined by comparison with our standards, which are traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology to the extent allowed by NIST's calibration facilities.

Customer: MOTOROLA
PLANTATION, FL 33322

Model #: 8722B
Description: PROBE
Date Calibrated: 02-28-06
R.O. #: 63648

Certificate #: 63648 1

Serial #: 13001
PO #: NP2316554

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Ken Peck'.

Ken Peck
Quality Assurance

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Vince Donavan'.

Vince Donavan
Manufacturing

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L-3 communications
Narda Microwave-East



Certificate of Calibration

L-3 Communications, Narda Microwave-East, hereby certifies that the referenced RF Radiation Hazard monitoring equipment has been calibrated in accordance with MIL-STD-45662A, ANSI Z540, ISO 10012 and ISO 9001: 2000.

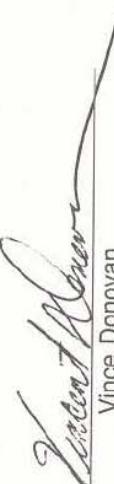
The measured values were determined by comparison with our standards, which are traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology to the extent allowed by NIST's calibration facilities.

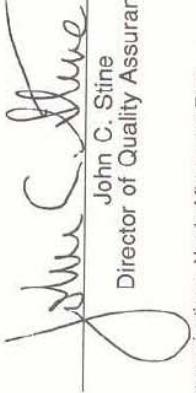
Customer: MOTOROLA
SCHAUMBURG, IL 60168-0429

Model #: 8722B
Description: PROBE
Date Calibrated: 07/21/2005

Certificate #: 57518 1

Serial #: 13001
PO #: NP1900854
R.O. #: 57518


Vince Donovan
Manager of Instruments Assembly and Test


John C. Stine
Director of Quality Assurance

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DATE 21-Jul-2005
REL HUMIDITY 40%

RELEASE # R57518
TEMP 21 DEG. C

NARDA MICROWAVE - EAST

MODEL # 8722B
SERIAL # 13001

Recal Probe - Date of Previous Probe Data = 06/10/2004

FREQ MHZ	PRE-CAL DATA	FINAL CAL DATA	ELLIPSE RATIO, dB	FINAL CORR. FACTOR	DEVIATION DELTA DB	PREVIOUS FINAL CORR.
.30	0.78	0.74	+/- 0.71	1.34	-0.29	1.21
3.00	1.36	1.30	+/- 0.47	0.77	-0.12	0.72
10.00	1.01	0.97	+/- 0.48	1.03	+0.43	1.09
30.00	0.80	0.77	+/- 0.44	1.30	+0.47	1.39
100.00	1.30	1.24	+/- 0.32	0.80	+0.18	0.81
300.00	0.93	0.89	+/- 0.16	1.13	+0.25	1.14
750.00	1.15	1.10	+/- 0.13	0.91	+0.95	1.09
1000.00	1.30	1.25	+/- 0.30	0.80	+1.09	0.99
1700.00	0.91	0.87	+/- 0.38	1.14	+1.03	1.39
2450.00	1.23	1.24	+/- 0.34	0.81	+1.07	1.04
4000.00	0.87	0.88	+/- 0.35	1.13	0.00	1.15
8200.00	1.06	1.07	+/- 0.45	0.93	0.00	0.94
10000.00	1.02	1.03	+/- 0.54	0.97	+0.05	1.00
18000.00	1.19	1.20	+/- 0.76	0.83	-0.22	0.80
26500.00	1.04	1.05	+/- 0.87	0.95	-0.17	0.93
40000.00	0.80	0.81	+/- 0.75	1.24	-0.04	1.25

LOW FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER = 0.96 HIGH FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER = 1.013

FREQ. DEV. (3-40000 MHZ) = 2.288 DB

FREQ. DEV. (0.3-40000 MHZ) = 2.43 DB

MAX. ELLIPSE RATIO (0.3-40000 MHZ) = +/- 0.87 DB

PRE-CAL DATA REFLECTS THE MEAN ELLIPSE RATIO OF PROBE AS RECEIVED BY
NARDA CALIBRATION DEPARTMENT, OR IS THE INITIAL, UN-ADJUSTED RATIO.
(PRE-CAL x OLD CORR. FACTOR) - 1 = DEVIATION FROM PREVIOUS (OLD)
CALIBRATION DATA. NOTE: NOT APPLICABLE FOR NEW PROBES.

FINAL CAL DATA IS THE RATIO OF THE DISPLAYED TO THE APPLIED FIELD STRENGTH.

FINAL CORR. FACTOR IS THE RECIPROCAL OF FINAL CAL DATA.

FINAL CORR. FACTOR MULTIPLIED BY THE DISPLAYED FIELD STRENGTH READING
GIVES THE ACTUAL ("CORRECTED") FIELD STRENGTH.

ELLIPSE RATIO IS EXPRESSED IN dB DEVIATION FROM THE MEAN DATA

RMS Uncertainty = +/- 0.5db. ATP # = 502120 REV J

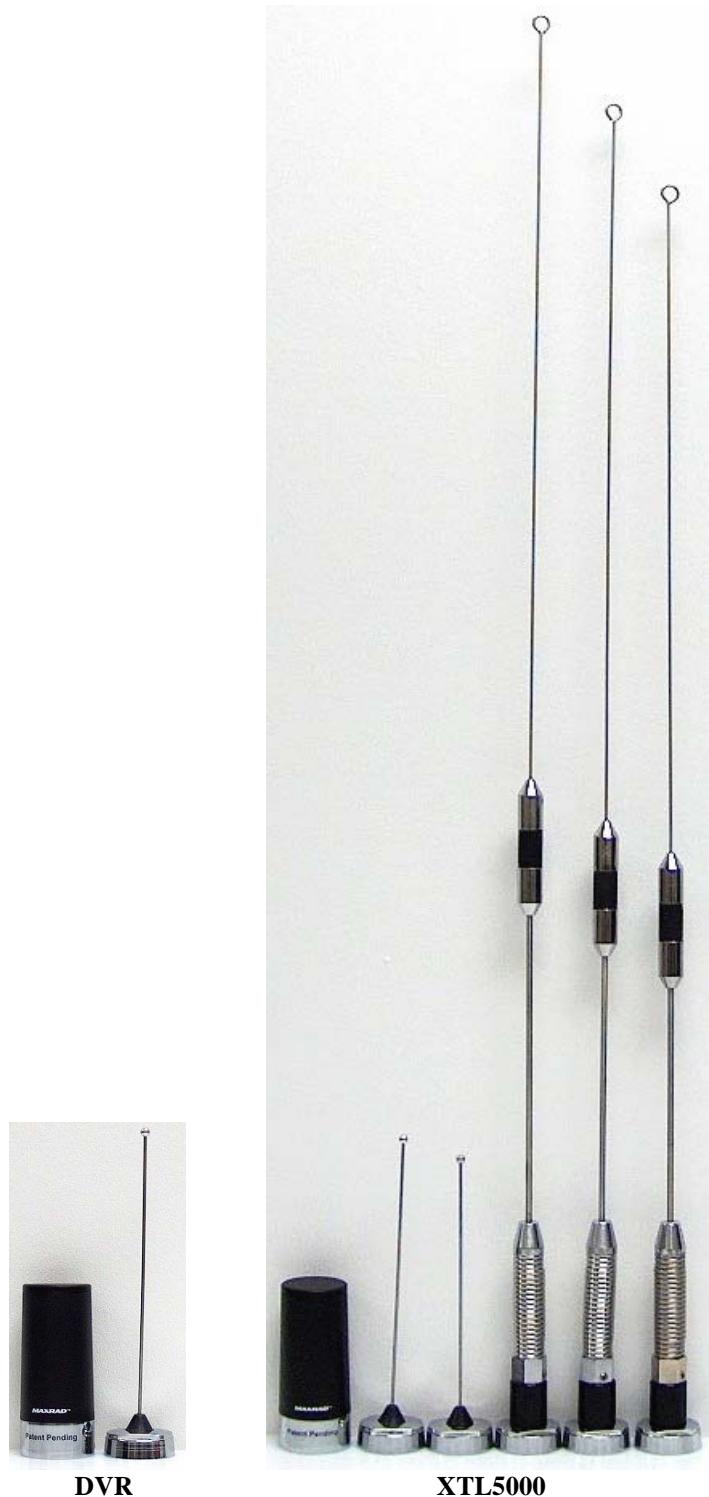


TESTER V. M

Q.A. APPROVAL

APPENDIX D

Photos of Assessed Antennas



Antenna kit numbers, from left to right;

DVR HAE6016A HAE4003A, XTL5000 HAE6016A, HAE4003A, HAE4004A, HAE4011A, HAE4012A, HAE4013A

APPENDIX E

Detailed MPE Measurement Data

UHF DVR DQPMDVR5000P

BS-Position 1

Table 1

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.29	0.034	10.0	0.034	0.03		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.7%		6	120	2.5%		1.50	0.30		
2	40	2.0%		7	140	2.7%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	2.1%		8	160	2.7%					
4	80	2.4%		9	180	2.2%					
5	100	2.5%		10	200	2.1%					

P-Position 1

Table 2

Internal Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.0 MHz										
Antenna Location	Antenna	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Head, Chest, Lower Trunk Back/Front seats (mW/cm^2)		Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)
						Back	Front			
Trunk (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	Highest Reading	E	1.29	0.206	0.101	10.0	0.206	0.21
Measurement Grid										
Test Position		% of Control Limit Head		% of Control Limit Chest		% of Control Limit Lower Trunk		IEEE Controlled Limit:		
Back Seat		21.4%		8.9%		10.9%		IEEE Uncontrolled Limit:		
Front Seat		8.7%		4.6%		6.9%		RF Po (*Max):		

BS-Position 1

Table 3

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.28	0.041	10.0	0.041	0.04		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.8%		6	120	3.1%		1.53	0.31		
2	40	2.1%		7	140	3.2%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	2.2%		8	160	3.0%					
4	80	2.5%		9	180	3.0%					
5	100	2.9%		10	200	3.1%					

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P-Position 1

Table 4

Internal Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.0 MHz										
Antenna Location	Antenna	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Head, Chest, Lower Trunk Back/Front seats (mW/cm^2)		Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)
						Back	Front			
Trunk (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	Highest Reading	E	1.28	0.191	0.117	10.0	0.191	0.19
Measurement Grid										
Test Position		% of Control Limit Head		% of Control Limit Chest		% of Control Limit Lower Trunk		IEEE Controlled Limit:		1.53
Back Seat		19.3%		10.8%		7.3%		IEEE Uncontrolled Limit:		0.31
Front Seat		7.1%		6.5%		9.3%		RF Po (*Max):		10.0

BS-Position 1

Table 5

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 470.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.26	0.043	10.0	0.043	0.04		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.8%		6	120	3.3%		1.57	0.31		
2	40	2.0%		7	140	3.2%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	2.3%		8	160	3.0%					
4	80	2.8%		9	180	3.0%					
5	100	3.2%		10	200	3.1%					

P-Position 1

Table 6

Internal Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 470.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Head, Chest, Lower Trunk Back/Front seats (mW/cm^2)		Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)	
Antenna Location	Antenna	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Back		Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)	
Trunk (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	Highest Reading	E	1.26	0.174	0.126				
Measurement Grid											
Test Position		% of Control Limit Head		% of Control Limit Chest		% of Control Limit Lower Trunk		IEEE Controlled Limit:		1.57	
Back Seat		18.3%		11.3%		3.8%		IEEE Uncontrolled Limit:		0.31	
Front Seat		8.3%		5.5%		10.3%		RF Po (*Max):		10.0	

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BS-Position 1

Table 7

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.29	0.041	10.0	0.041	0.04		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	2.0%		6	120	3.2%		1.50	0.30		
2	40	2.3%		7	140	2.9%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	2.7%		8	160	2.8%					
4	80	2.8%		9	180	2.8%					
5	100	3.1%		10	200	2.8%					

P-Position 1

Table 8

Internal Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.0 MHz										
Antenna Location	Antenna	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Head, Chest, Lower Trunk Back/Front seats (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)	
Trunk (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	Highest Reading	E	1.29	0.242	0.130	10.0	0.242	0.24
Measurement Grid										
Test Position		% of Control Limit Head		% of Control Limit Chest		% of Control Limit Lower Trunk		IEEE Controlled Limit:	1.50	
Back Seat		26.6%		11.3%		10.5%		IEEE Uncontrolled Limit:	0.30	
Front Seat		10.8%		7.3%		7.8%		RF Po (*Max):	10.0	

BS-Position 1

Table 9

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.28	0.040	10.0	0.040	0.04		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.8%		6	120	2.9%		1.53	0.31		
2	40	2.0%		7	140	3.0%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	2.4%		8	160	2.9%					
4	80	2.4%		9	180	2.9%					
5	100	2.5%		10	200	3.0%					

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P-Position 1

Table 10

Internal Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.0 MHz										
Antenna Location	Antenna	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Head, Chest, Lower Trunk Back/Front seats (mW/cm^2)		Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)
						Back	Front			
Trunk (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	Highest Reading	E	1.28	0.205	0.127	10.0	0.205	0.21
Measurement Grid										
Test Position		% of Control Limit Head		% of Control Limit Chest		% of Control Limit Lower Trunk		IEEE Controlled Limit:		1.53
Back Seat		19.5%		12.0%		8.7%		IEEE Uncontrolled Limit:		0.31
Front Seat		8.3%		6.4%		10.2%		RF Po (*Max):		10.0

BS-Position 1

Table 11

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 470.0 MHz												
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)			
Trunk (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.26	0.041	10.0	0.041	0.04			
Measurement Grid												
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit			
1	20	1.9%		6	120	3.0%		1.57	0.31			
2	40	2.0%		7	140	3.1%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0			
3	60	2.3%		8	160	2.9%						
4	80	2.7%		9	180	2.7%						
5	100	2.9%		10	200	2.6%						

P-Position 1

Table 12

Internal Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 470.0 MHz										
Antenna Location	Antenna	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Head, Chest, Lower Trunk Back/Front seats (mW/cm^2)		Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)
						Back	Front			
Trunk (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	Highest Reading	E	1.26	0.145	0.120	10.0	0.145	0.14
Measurement Grid										
Test Position		% of Control Limit Head		% of Control Limit Chest		% of Control Limit Lower Trunk		IEEE Controlled Limit:		1.57
Back Seat		14.2%		9.1%		4.4%		IEEE Uncontrolled Limit:		0.31
Front Seat		7.0%		6.7%		9.3%		RF Po (*Max):		10.0

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BS-Position 2

Table 13

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.29	0.033	10.0	0.033	0.03		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	2.0%		6	120	2.5%		1.50	0.30		
2	40	1.8%		7	140	2.6%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	2.1%		8	160	2.8%					
4	80	2.2%		9	180	2.3%					
5	100	2.3%		10	200	1.7%					

BS-Position 2

Table 14

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.28	0.042	10.0	0.042	0.04		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	2.2%		6	120	2.7%		1.53	0.31		
2	40	2.3%		7	140	2.9%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	2.3%		8	160	3.6%					
4	80	2.3%		9	180	3.5%					
5	100	2.3%		10	200	3.3%					

BS-Position 2

Table 15

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 470.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.26	0.042	10.0	0.042	0.04		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.7%		6	120	2.8%		1.57	0.31		
2	40	2.0%		7	140	3.1%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	2.0%		8	160	3.6%					
4	80	2.2%		9	180	3.6%					
5	100	2.3%		10	200	3.4%					

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BS-Position 2

Table 16

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.29	0.044	10.0	0.044	0.04		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	2.2%		6	120	3.3%		1.50	0.30		
2	40	2.2%		7	140	3.5%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	2.4%		8	160	3.7%					
4	80	2.6%		9	180	3.5%					
5	100	2.9%		10	200	3.1%					

BS-Position 2

Table 17

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.28	0.046	10.0	0.046	0.05		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.7%		6	120	3.4%		1.53	0.31		
2	40	1.8%		7	140	3.7%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	2.1%		8	160	4.1%					
4	80	2.5%		9	180	4.1%					
5	100	2.6%		10	200	3.9%					

BS-Position 2

Table 18

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 470.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.26	0.042	10.0	0.042	0.04		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.7%		6	120	2.8%		1.57	0.31		
2	40	1.9%		7	140	3.1%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	2.1%		8	160	3.3%					
4	80	2.7%		9	180	3.4%					
5	100	2.8%		10	200	2.9%					

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BS-Position 3

Table 19

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.0 MHz									
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)
Trunk (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.29	0.052	10.0	0.052	0.05
Measurement Grid									
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	2.4%		6	120	3.8%		1.50	0.30
2	40	2.3%		7	140	4.1%			
3	60	2.6%		8	160	4.6%			
4	80	3.0%		9	180	4.3%			
5	100	3.5%		10	200	4.3%			
								RF Po (*Max)	
									10.0

BS-Position 3

Table 20

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.0 MHz									
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)
Trunk (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.28	0.056	10.0	0.056	0.06
Measurement Grid									
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	2.3%		6	120	4.0%		1.53	0.31
2	40	2.6%		7	140	4.4%			
3	60	3.2%		8	160	4.3%			
4	80	3.5%		9	180	4.3%			
5	100	4.0%		10	200	4.1%			
								RF Po (*Max)	
									10.0

BS-Position 3

Table 21

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 470.0 MHz									
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)
Trunk (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.26	0.057	10.0	0.057	0.06
Measurement Grid									
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	2.3%		6	120	4.4%		1.57	0.31
2	40	2.4%		7	140	4.4%			
3	60	3.0%		8	160	5.0%			
4	80	3.4%		9	180	4.3%			
5	100	4.0%		10	200	3.2%			
								RF Po (*Max)	
									10.0

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BS-Position 3

Table 22

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.29	0.059	10.0	0.059	0.06		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	2.3%		6	120	4.5%		1.50	0.30		
2	40	2.3%		7	140	4.7%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	2.8%		8	160	5.4%					
4	80	3.5%		9	180	5.2%					
5	100	4.0%		10	200	4.8%					

BS-Position 3

Table 23

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.28	0.060	10.0	0.060	0.06		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	2.3%		6	120	4.5%		1.53	0.31		
2	40	2.7%		7	140	4.6%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	3.1%		8	160	5.2%					
4	80	3.7%		9	180	4.8%					
5	100	4.3%		10	200	4.0%					

BS-Position 3

Table 24

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 470.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.26	0.054	10.0	0.054	0.05		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	2.3%		6	120	3.7%		1.57	0.31		
2	40	2.4%		7	140	3.9%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	2.9%		8	160	4.1%					
4	80	3.6%		9	180	4.1%					
5	100	3.5%		10	200	3.7%					

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BS-Position 4

Table 25

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.29	0.061	10.0	0.061	0.06		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	2.7%		6	120	5.3%		1.50	0.30		
2	40	2.8%		7	140	5.3%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	3.1%		8	160	5.0%					
4	80	3.9%		9	180	4.4%					
5	100	4.3%		10	200	3.6%					

BS-Position 4

Table 26

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.28	0.069	10.0	0.069	0.07		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	3.4%		6	120	5.3%		1.53	0.31		
2	40	3.4%		7	140	5.3%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	3.4%		8	160	5.5%					
4	80	4.5%		9	180	5.0%					
5	100	5.3%		10	200	4.2%					

BS-Position 4

Table 27

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 470.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.26	0.064	10.0	0.064	0.06		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	2.7%		6	120	4.5%		1.57	0.31		
2	40	2.9%		7	140	4.9%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	3.1%		8	160	5.4%					
4	80	3.6%		9	180	5.1%					
5	100	4.3%		10	200	4.1%					

UHF DVR DQPMDVR5000P

BS-Position 4

Table 28

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.29	0.065	10.0	0.065	0.07		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	2.8%		6	120	5.4%		1.50	0.30		
2	40	3.3%		7	140	5.9%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	3.6%		8	160	5.1%					
4	80	4.1%		9	180	4.4%					
5	100	5.4%		10	200	3.6%					

BS-Position 4

Table 29

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.28	0.069	10.0	0.069	0.07		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	2.8%		6	120	5.5%		1.53	0.31		
2	40	2.8%		7	140	5.5%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	3.2%		8	160	6.2%					
4	80	4.2%		9	180	5.3%					
5	100	5.3%		10	200	4.3%					

BS-Position 4

Table 30

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 470.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.26	0.056	10.0	0.056	0.06		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	2.6%		6	120	4.1%		1.57	0.31		
2	40	2.7%		7	140	4.2%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	3.0%		8	160	4.0%					
4	80	3.6%		9	180	3.9%					
5	100	4.0%		10	200	3.5%					

UHF DVR DQPMDVR5000P

BS-Position 5

Table 31

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.29	0.060	10.0	0.060	0.06		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	2.6%		6	120	4.0%		1.50	0.30		
2	40	3.2%		7	140	4.2%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	3.7%		8	160	4.6%					
4	80	3.6%		9	180	5.0%					
5	100	4.3%		10	200	4.8%					

BS-Position 5

Table 32

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.28	0.062	10.0	0.062	0.06		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	3.1%		6	120	4.3%		1.53	0.31		
2	40	3.5%		7	140	4.5%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	4.1%		8	160	4.8%					
4	80	3.9%		9	180	4.3%					
5	100	4.0%		10	200	4.1%					

BS-Position 5

Table 33

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 470.0 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Trunk (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.26	0.073	10.0	0.073	0.07		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	3.1%		6	120	5.6%		1.57	0.31		
2	40	3.5%		7	140	6.3%		RF Po (*Max)	10.0		
3	60	4.0%		8	160	6.1%					
4	80	4.6%		9	180	5.0%					
5	100	4.9%		10	200	3.8%					

UHF DVR DQPMDVR5000P

BS-Position 5

Table 34

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.0 MHz								
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)
Trunk (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.29	0.069	10.0	0.069
Measurement Grid								
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit	RF Po (*Max)
1	20	3.0%	6	120	5.0%	1.50	0.30	
2	40	3.5%	7	140	5.1%			
3	60	4.0%	8	160	5.5%			
4	80	4.4%	9	180	5.5%			
5	100	5.0%	10	200	4.9%		10.0	

BS-Position 5

Table 35

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.0 MHz								
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)
Trunk (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.28	0.066	10.0	0.066
Measurement Grid								
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit	RF Po (*Max)
1	20	3.3%	6	120	4.9%	1.53	0.31	
2	40	3.8%	7	140	4.6%			
3	60	4.4%	8	160	4.6%			
4	80	4.6%	9	180	4.2%			
5	100	4.8%	10	200	4.0%		10.0	

BS-Position 5

Table 36

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 470.0 MHz								
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)
Trunk (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.26	0.071	10.0	0.071
Measurement Grid								
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit	RF Po (*Max)
1	20	2.9%	6	120	5.9%	1.57	0.31	
2	40	3.5%	7	140	5.7%			
3	60	4.3%	8	160	5.2%			
4	80	4.3%	9	180	4.6%			
5	100	5.2%	10	200	3.4%		10.0	

UHF Mobile M20SSS9PW1AN

BS-Position 1

Table 1

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.29		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	1.8%	6	120	7.7%	1.50	0.30
2	40	2.0%	7	140	9.8%		
3	60	3.1%	8	160	11.9%		
4	80	5.9%	9	180	14.6%		
5	100	6.0%	10	200	17.0%		
						RF Po (*Max)	54.0

P-Position 1

Table 2

Internal Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.025 MHz										
Antenna Location	Antenna	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Head, Chest, Lower Trunk Back/Front seats (mW/cm^2)		Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)
						Back	Front			
Roof (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	Highest Reading	E	1.29	0.112	0.092	53.1	0.056	0.06
Measurement Grid										
Test Position		% of Control Limit Head		% of Control Limit Chest		% of Control Limit Lower Trunk		IEEE Controlled Limit:		1.50
Back Seat		5.0%		7.0%		10.3%		IEEE Uncontrolled Limit:		0.30
Front Seat		5.0%		6.6%		6.7%		RF Po (*Max):		54.0

BS-Position 1

Table 3

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.28		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	1.5%	6	120	7.2%	1.53	0.31
2	40	1.9%	7	140	9.8%		
3	60	2.1%	8	160	13.5%		
4	80	3.9%	9	180	17.4%		
5	100	4.8%	10	200	18.9%		
						RF Po (*Max)	54.0

UHF Mobile M20SSS9PW1AN

P-Position 1

Table 4

Internal Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.025 MHz										
Antenna Location	Antenna	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Head, Chest, Lower Trunk Back/Front seats (mW/cm^2)		Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)
						Back	Front			
Roof (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	Highest Reading	E	1.28	0.141	0.136	53.5	0.071	0.07

Measurement Grid

Test Position	% of Control Limit Head	% of Control Limit Chest	% of Control Limit Lower Trunk	IEEE Controlled Limit:		1.53
Back Seat	9.5%	8.3%	9.8%	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit:		0.31
Front Seat	6.5%	6.8%	13.4%	RF Po (*Max):		54.0

BS-Position 1

Table 5

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 481.025 MHz									
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)
Roof (cnt)	HAE4004A	2.15	90	E	1.25	0.125	53.7	0.063	0.06
Measurement Grid									
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.6%	6	120	7.7%	1.60	0.32		
2	40	2.3%	7	140	10.3%	RF Po (*Max)			
3	60	3.9%	8	160	12.9%				
4	80	3.9%	9	180	14.9%				
5	100	4.7%	10	200	16.0%			54.0	

P-Position 1

Table 6

Internal Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 481.025 MHz										
Antenna Location	Antenna	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Head, Chest, Lower Trunk Back/Front seats (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)	
Roof (cnt)	HAE4004A	2.15	Highest Reading	E	1.25	0.220	0.079	53.7	0.110	0.11
Measurement Grid										
Test Position	% of Control Limit Head	% of Control Limit Chest	% of Control Limit Lower Trunk	IEEE Controlled Limit:		1.60				
Back Seat	11.3%	15.3%	14.6%	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit:				0.32		
Front Seat	3.3%	4.8%	6.7%			RF Po (*Max):		54.0		

UHF Mobile M20SSS9PW1AN

BS-Position 1

Table 7

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 511.9875 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4004A	2.15	90	E	1.20	0.091	47.6	0.045	0.05		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.3%		6	120	6.3%		1.71	0.34		
2	40	1.7%		7	140	7.6%		RF Po (*Max)	48.0		
3	60	1.9%		8	160	9.1%					
4	80	2.5%		9	180	10.4%					
5	100	3.7%		10	200	8.6%					

P-Position 1

Table 8

Internal Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 511.9875 MHz									
Antenna Location	Antenna	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Head, Chest, Lower Trunk	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)
						Back/Front seats (mW/cm^2)			
Roof (cnt)	HAE4004A	2.15	Highest Reading	E	1.20	0.109	0.049	47.6	0.054
Measurement Grid									
Test Position	% of Control Limit Head		% of Control Limit Chest		% of Control Limit Lower Trunk		IEEE Controlled Limit:		1.71
Back Seat	7.5%		6.5%		5.1%		IEEE Uncontrolled Limit:		0.34
Front Seat	2.5%		2.7%		3.4%		RF Po (*Max):		48.0

BS-Position 1

Table 9

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.025 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4011A	5.65	90	E	1.29	0.113	53.1	0.056	0.06		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.3%		6	120	5.8%		1.50	0.30		
2	40	1.1%		7	140	11.0%		RF Po (*Max)	54.0		
3	60	1.7%		8	160	15.5%					
4	80	2.6%		9	180	15.7%					
5	100	3.8%		10	200	16.5%					

UHF Mobile M20SSS9PW1AN

P-Position 1

Table 10

Internal Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.025 MHz										
Antenna Location	Antenna	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Head, Chest, Lower Trunk	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)	
						Back/Front seats (mW/cm^2)				
Roof (cnt)	HAE4011A	5.65	Highest Reading	E	1.29	0.023	0.022	53.1	0.012	0.01
Measurement Grid										
Test Position		% of Control Limit Head		% of Control Limit Chest		% of Control Limit Lower Trunk		IEEE Controlled Limit:		
Back Seat		1.3%		1.2%		2.1%		IEEE Uncontrolled Limit:		
Front Seat		1.2%		1.4%		1.7%		RF Po (*Max):		

BS-Position 1

Table 11

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.025 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4011A	5.65	90	E	1.28	0.113	53.5	0.057	0.06		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position		% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	0.5%		6	120	6.3%		1.53	0.31		
2	40	0.8%		7	140	9.6%		RF Po (*Max)	54.0		
3	60	1.4%		8	160	14.2%					
4	80	2.4%		9	180	17.8%					
5	100	3.9%		10	200	16.9%					

P-Position 1

Table 12

Internal Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.025 MHz										
Antenna Location	Antenna	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Head, Chest, Lower Trunk	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)	
						Back/Front seats (mW/cm^2)				
Roof (cnt)	HAE4011A	5.65	Highest Reading	E	1.28	0.020	0.020	53.5	0.010	0.01
Measurement Grid										
Test Position		% of Control Limit Head		% of Control Limit Chest		% of Control Limit Lower Trunk		IEEE Controlled Limit:	1.53	
Back Seat		1.2%		1.1%		1.6%		IEEE Uncontrolled Limit:	0.31	
Front Seat		0.9%		1.1%		2.0%		RF Po (*Max):	54.0	

UHF Mobile M20SSS9PW1AN

BS-Position 1

Table 13

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 470.025 MHz					
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor
Roof (cnt)	HAE4012A	5.65	90	E	1.26
Measurement Grid					
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit
1	20	0.8%	6	120	6.6%
2	40	1.1%	7	140	12.3%
3	60	2.2%	8	160	15.3%
4	80	3.3%	9	180	15.1%
5	100	4.9%	10	200	14.5%
RF Po (*Max)					
					54.0

P-Position 1

Table 14

Internal Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 470.025 MHz										
Antenna Location	Antenna	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Head, Chest, Lower Trunk Back/Front seats (mW/cm^2)		Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)
						Back	Front			
Roof (cnt)	HAE4012A	5.65	Highest Reading	E	1.26	0.025	0.028	53.7	0.014	0.01
Measurement Grid										
Test Position		% of Control Limit Head		% of Control Limit Chest		% of Control Limit Lower Trunk		IEEE Controlled Limit:		
Back Seat		1.7%		1.6%		1.5%		IEEE Uncontrolled Limit:		
Front Seat		0.4%		1.5%		3.4%		RF Po (*Max):		

BS-Position 1

Table 15

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P-Position 1

Table 16

Internal Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 481.025 MHz										
Antenna Location	Antenna	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Head, Chest, Lower Trunk		Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)
						Back/Front seats	(mW/cm^2)			
Roof (cnt)	HAE4012A	5.65	Highest Reading	E	1.25	0.043	0.018	53.7	0.022	0.02
Measurement Grid										
Test Position		% of Control Limit Head		% of Control Limit Chest		% of Control Limit Lower Trunk		IEEE Controlled Limit:		1.60
Back Seat		2.7%		2.4%		3.0%		IEEE Uncontrolled Limit:		0.32
Front Seat		0.9%		0.9%		1.6%		RF Po (*Max):		54.0

BS-Position 1

Table 17

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 494.025 MHz										
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)	
Roof (cnt)	HAE4013A	5.65	90	E	1.23	0.111	53.9	0.056	0.06	
Measurement Grid										
Test Position		Height (cm)		% of Control Limit		Test Position		Height (cm)		
1		20		1.0%		6		120		
2		40		1.3%		7		140		
3		60		3.0%		8		160		
4		80		3.6%		9		180		
5		100		5.2%		10		200		
								RF Po (*Max)		54.0

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BS-Position 1

Table 19

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 511.9875 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4013A	5.65	90	E	1.20	0.082	47.6	0.041	0.04		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.1%		6	120	5.3%		1.71	0.34		
2	40	1.5%		7	140	6.8%		RF Po (*Max)	48.0		
3	60	1.9%		8	160	8.0%					
4	80	3.0%		9	180	9.0%					
5	100	3.6%		10	200	7.8%					

P-Position 1

Table 20

Internal Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 511.9875 MHz									
Antenna Location	Antenna	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Head, Chest, Lower Trunk	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)
						Back/Front seats (mW/cm^2)			
Roof (cnt)	HAE4013A	5.65	Highest Reading	E	1.20	0.035	0.021	47.6	0.018
Measurement Grid									
Test Position	% of Control Limit Head		% of Control Limit Chest		% of Control Limit Lower Trunk		IEEE Controlled Limit:		1.71
Back Seat	2.4%		2.1%		1.7%		IEEE Uncontrolled Limit:		0.34
Front Seat	1.5%		1.4%		0.8%		RF Po (*Max):		48.0

BS-Position 1

Table 21

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.025 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.29	0.098	53.1	0.049	0.05		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.6%		6	120	6.5%		1.50	0.30		
2	40	2.3%		7	140	9.0%		RF Po (*Max)	54.0		
3	60	3.1%		8	160	10.8%					
4	80	3.9%		9	180	11.4%					
5	100	4.0%		10	200	12.4%					

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P-Position 1

Table 22

Internal Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.025 MHz										
Antenna Location	Antenna	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Head, Chest, Lower Trunk	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)	
						Back/Front seats (mW/cm^2)				
Roof (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	Highest Reading	E	1.29	0.087	0.058	53.1	0.044	0.04
Measurement Grid										
Test Position		% of Control Limit Head		% of Control Limit Chest		% of Control Limit Lower Trunk		IEEE Controlled Limit:		
Back Seat		3.7%		6.4%		7.3%		IEEE Uncontrolled Limit:		
Front Seat		3.9%		3.4%		4.3%		RF Po (*Max):		
54.0										

BS-Position 1

Table 23

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 481.025 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.25	0.107	53.7	0.053	0.05		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position		% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.2%		6	120	6.4%		1.60	0.32		
2	40	2.0%		7	140	9.0%		RF Po (*Max)			
3	60	3.0%		8	160	11.2%					
4	80	3.7%		9	180	13.0%					
5	100	4.4%		10	200	12.8%		54.0			

P-Position 1

Table 24

Internal Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 481.025 MHz										
Antenna Location	Antenna	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Head, Chest, Lower Trunk	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)	
						Back/Front seats (mW/cm^2)				
Roof (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	Highest Reading	E	1.25	0.148	0.072	53.7	0.074	0.07
Measurement Grid										
Test Position		% of Control Limit Head		% of Control Limit Chest		% of Control Limit Lower Trunk		IEEE Controlled Limit:		
Back Seat		6.5%		10.3%		10.9%		IEEE Uncontrolled Limit:		
Front Seat		4.7%		2.9%		5.8%		RF Po (*Max):		
54.0										

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BS-Position 1

Table 25

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 511.9875 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.20	0.094	47.6	0.047	0.05		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	0.7%		6	120	5.6%		1.71	0.34		
2	40	2.1%		7	140	7.3%		RF Po (*Max)	48.0		
3	60	2.6%		8	160	9.3%					
4	80	3.0%		9	180	9.7%					
5	100	5.1%		10	200	9.6%					

P-Position 1

Table 26

Internal Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 511.9875 MHz									
Antenna Location	Antenna	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Head, Chest, Lower Trunk	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)
						Back/Front seats (mW/cm^2)			
Roof (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	Highest Reading	E	1.20	0.095	0.038	47.6	0.048
Measurement Grid									
Test Position	% of Control Limit Head		% of Control Limit Chest		% of Control Limit Lower Trunk		IEEE Controlled Limit:		1.71
Back Seat	5.6%		5.5%		5.6%		IEEE Uncontrolled Limit:		0.34
Front Seat	1.3%		2.5%		2.8%		RF Po (*Max):		48.0

BS-Position 2

Table 27

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.025 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.29	0.054	53.1	0.027	0.03		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.5%		6	120	5.7%		1.50	0.30		
2	40	1.5%		7	140	7.0%		RF Po (*Max)	54.0		
3	60	2.1%		8	160	8.2%					
4	80	3.4%		9	180	9.0%					
5	100	4.4%		10	200	11.3%					

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BS-Position 2

Table 28

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.025 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.28	0.079	53.5	0.039	0.04		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.8%		6	120	5.6%		1.53	0.31		
2	40	1.9%		7	140	6.3%		RF Po (*Max)	54.0		
3	60	2.6%		8	160	7.2%					
4	80	3.3%		9	180	8.6%					
5	100	4.0%		10	200	10.0%					

BS-Position 2

Table 29

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 481.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4004A	2.15	90	E	1.25		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	1.5%	6	120	4.8%	1.60	0.32
2	40	1.5%	7	140	6.6%		
3	60	1.9%	8	160	8.2%		
4	80	2.9%	9	180	9.3%		
5	100	3.7%	10	200	10.3%		
						RF Po (*Max)	54.0

BS-Position 2

Table 30

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 511.9875 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor						
Roof (cnt)	HAE4004A	2.15	90	E	1.20						
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.6%		6	120	3.1%		1.71	0.34		
2	40	1.6%		7	140	4.4%		RF Po (*Max)	48.0		
3	60	1.8%		8	160	6.1%					
4	80	1.9%		9	180	6.1%					
5	100	2.8%		10	200	7.9%					

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Table 31

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.025 MHz								
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)
Roof (cnt)	HAE4011A	5.65	90	E	1.29	0.085	53.1	0.043
Measurement Grid								
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit	
1	20	0.6%	6	120	5.7%	1.50	0.30	
2	40	0.5%	7	140	7.6%			
3	60	0.8%	8	160	10.8%			
4	80	1.0%	9	180	13.9%			
5	100	4.3%	10	200	11.5%			
						RF Po (*Max)	54.0	

BS-Position 2

Table 32

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.025 MHz								
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)
Roof (cnt)	HAE4011A	5.65	90	E	1.28	0.070	53.5	0.035
Measurement Grid								
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit	
1	20	0.7%	6	120	3.9%	1.53	0.31	
2	40	0.7%	7	140	6.7%			
3	60	0.9%	8	160	8.7%			
4	80	1.2%	9	180	10.2%			
5	100	2.7%	10	200	9.9%			
						RF Po (*Max)	54.0	

BS-Position 2

Table 33

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 470.025 MHz								
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)
Roof (cnt)	HAE4012A	5.65	90	E	1.26	0.081	53.7	0.040
Measurement Grid								
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit	
1	20	1.0%	6	120	5.7%	1.57	0.31	
2	40	0.9%	7	140	6.9%			
3	60	1.5%	8	160	8.6%			
4	80	1.7%	9	180	10.5%			
5	100	3.5%	10	200	11.3%			
						RF Po (*Max)	54.0	

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BS-Position 2

Table 34

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 481.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4012A	5.65	90	E	1.25		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	0.8%	6	120	3.7%	1.60	0.32
2	40	0.8%	7	140	5.7%	RF Po (*Max)	54.0
3	60	1.3%	8	160	7.7%		
4	80	1.8%	9	180	8.7%		
5	100	2.6%	10	200	9.7%		

BS-Position 2

Table 35

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 494.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4013A	5.65	90	E	1.23		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	1.0%	6	120	4.3%	1.65	0.33
2	40	1.3%	7	140	6.3%	RF Po (*Max)	54.0
3	60	1.5%	8	160	9.3%		
4	80	2.3%	9	180	11.5%		
5	100	3.3%	10	200	11.7%		

BS-Position 2

Table 36

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 511.9875 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4013A	5.65	90	E	1.20		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	0.8%	6	120	3.5%	1.71	0.34
2	40	1.0%	7	140	4.3%	RF Po (*Max)	48.0
3	60	1.3%	8	160	7.0%		
4	80	1.5%	9	180	7.7%		
5	100	2.6%	10	200	8.0%		

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Table 37

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.025 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.29	0.077	53.1	0.039	0.04		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.6%		6	120	5.1%		1.50	0.30		
2	40	1.3%		7	140	6.2%		RF Po (*Max)	54.0		
3	60	2.6%		8	160	7.7%					
4	80	3.3%		9	180	9.2%					
5	100	4.4%		10	200	10.0%					

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Table 38

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 481.025 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.25	0.064	53.7	0.032	0.03		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.2%		6	120	4.4%		1.60	0.32		
2	40	1.4%		7	140	5.2%		RF Po (*Max)	54.0		
3	60	2.0%		8	160	6.3%					
4	80	2.1%		9	180	6.5%					
5	100	3.3%		10	200	7.5%					

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Table 39

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 511.9875 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.20	0.057	47.6	0.028	0.03		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.0%		6	120	3.6%		1.71	0.34		
2	40	1.1%		7	140	3.9%		RF Po (*Max)	48.0		
3	60	1.3%		8	160	5.2%					
4	80	1.3%		9	180	5.4%					
5	100	2.5%		10	200	8.0%					

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Table 40

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.025 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.29	0.062	53.1	0.031	0.03		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	3.3%		6	120	6.8%		1.50	0.30		
2	40	4.9%		7	140	6.8%		RF Po (*Max)	54.0		
3	60	5.4%		8	160	7.5%					
4	80	7.0%		9	180	7.7%					
5	100	6.5%		10	200	6.4%					

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Table 41

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.025 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor						
Roof (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.28						
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	3.9%		6	120	7.6%		1.53	0.31		
2	40	4.5%		7	140	7.2%		RF Po (*Max)	54.0		
3	60	5.3%		8	160	7.9%					
4	80	6.6%		9	180	8.4%					
5	100	6.6%		10	200	7.4%					

BS-Position 3

Table 42

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 481.025 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4004A	2.15	90	E	1.25	0.097	53.7	0.048	0.05		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	3.4%		6	120	5.8%		1.60	0.32		
2	40	3.8%		7	140	5.8%		RF Po (*Max)	54.0		
3	60	6.6%		8	160	7.6%					
4	80	6.6%		9	180	7.1%					
5	100	6.5%		10	200	7.1%					

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Table 43

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 511.9875 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4004A	2.15	90	E	1.20	0.073	47.6	0.036	0.04		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.5%		6	120	4.5%		1.71	0.34		
2	40	1.7%		7	140	4.5%		RF Po (*Max)	48.0		
3	60	3.3%		8	160	6.2%					
4	80	4.0%		9	180	6.7%					
5	100	3.8%		10	200	6.4%					

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Table 44

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.025 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4011A	5.65	90	E	1.29	0.067	53.1	0.033	0.03		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.3%		6	120	4.3%		1.50	0.30		
2	40	1.8%		7	140	5.7%		RF Po (*Max)	54.0		
3	60	3.6%		8	160	6.9%					
4	80	3.4%		9	180	7.6%					
5	100	4.0%		10	200	5.9%					

BS-Position 3

Table 45

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.025 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4011A	5.65	90	E	1.28	0.067	53.5	0.033	0.03		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.3%		6	120	4.9%		1.53	0.31		
2	40	1.4%		7	140	5.7%		RF Po (*Max)	54.0		
3	60	2.6%		8	160	5.9%					
4	80	3.1%		9	180	7.9%					
5	100	3.8%		10	200	7.0%					

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BS-Position 3

Table 46

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 470.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4012A	5.65	90	E	1.26		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	1.0%	6	120	4.4%	1.57	0.31
2	40	1.1%	7	140	5.2%	RF Po (*Max)	54.0
3	60	1.8%	8	160	6.6%		
4	80	3.5%	9	180	8.0%		
5	100	3.9%	10	200	7.3%		

BS-Position 3

Table 47

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 481.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4012A	5.65	90	E	1.25		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	1.2%	6	120	4.3%	1.60	0.32
2	40	1.5%	7	140	5.9%	RF Po (*Max)	54.0
3	60	3.2%	8	160	5.7%		
4	80	2.9%	9	180	6.4%		
5	100	3.2%	10	200	5.3%		

BS-Position 3

Table 48

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 494.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4013A	5.65	90	E	1.23		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	1.6%	6	120	4.3%	1.65	0.33
2	40	1.9%	7	140	5.1%	RF Po (*Max)	54.0
3	60	3.1%	8	160	7.1%		
4	80	3.5%	9	180	6.3%		
5	100	4.1%	10	200	5.7%		

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Table 49

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 511.9875 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4013A	5.65	90	E	1.20		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	1.2%	6	120	2.8%	1.71	0.34
2	40	1.3%	7	140	3.3%	RF Po (*Max)	48.0
3	60	1.8%	8	160	4.1%		
4	80	2.1%	9	180	4.7%		
5	100	3.6%	10	200	4.6%		

BS-Position 3

Table 50

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.29		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	3.1%	6	120	4.9%	1.50	0.30
2	40	4.0%	7	140	4.7%	RF Po (*Max)	54.0
3	60	4.6%	8	160	5.8%		
4	80	4.2%	9	180	5.7%		
5	100	4.4%	10	200	4.4%		

BS-Position 3

Table 51

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 481.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.25		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	2.4%	6	120	4.1%	1.60	0.32
2	40	2.8%	7	140	4.1%	RF Po (*Max)	54.0
3	60	4.3%	8	160	4.5%		
4	80	4.6%	9	180	4.9%		
5	100	3.8%	10	200	4.9%		

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Table 52

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 511.9875 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.20		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	1.8%	6	120	3.4%	1.71	0.34
2	40	1.6%	7	140	3.2%		
3	60	3.0%	8	160	4.1%		
4	80	2.8%	9	180	4.1%		
5	100	2.7%	10	200	4.6%		
						RF Po (*Max)	48.0

BS-Position 4

Table 53

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.29		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	2.2%	6	120	3.5%	1.50	0.30
2	40	2.0%	7	140	3.9%		
3	60	2.6%	8	160	3.5%		
4	80	2.9%	9	180	4.2%		
5	100	2.9%	10	200	4.1%		
						RF Po (*Max)	54.0

BS-Position 4

Table 54

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.28		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	2.0%	6	120	3.7%	1.53	0.31
2	40	2.3%	7	140	3.5%		
3	60	3.0%	8	160	3.4%		
4	80	4.0%	9	180	4.1%		
5	100	4.3%	10	200	3.8%		
						RF Po (*Max)	54.0

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Table 55

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 481.025 MHz									
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)
Roof (cnt)	HAE4004A	2.15	90	E	1.25	0.048	53.7	0.024	0.02
Measurement Grid									
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	1.8%		6	120	3.3%		1.60	0.32
2	40	1.5%		7	140	3.8%			
3	60	2.3%		8	160	3.4%			
4	80	3.2%		9	180	3.3%			
5	100	3.3%		10	200	3.8%			
						RF Po (*Max)		54.0	

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Table 56

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 511.9875 MHz									
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)
Roof (cnt)	HAE4004A	2.15	90	E	1.20	0.031	47.6	0.015	0.02
Measurement Grid									
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	1.6%		6	120	1.4%		1.71	0.34
2	40	1.0%		7	140	1.6%			
3	60	1.5%		8	160	1.8%			
4	80	1.9%		9	180	2.8%			
5	100	1.6%		10	200	2.8%			
						RF Po (*Max)		48.0	

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Table 57

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.025 MHz									
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)
Roof (cnt)	HAE4011A	5.65	90	E	1.29	0.051	53.1	0.026	0.03
Measurement Grid									
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	1.5%		6	120	3.9%		1.50	0.30
2	40	1.6%		7	140	3.6%			
3	60	2.5%		8	160	4.4%			
4	80	2.9%		9	180	5.1%			
5	100	3.4%		10	200	5.1%			
						RF Po (*Max)		54.0	

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Table 58

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4011A	5.65	90	E	1.28		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	1.0%	6	120	3.5%	1.53	0.31
2	40	1.1%	7	140	3.6%	RF Po (*Max)	54.0
3	60	1.5%	8	160	3.9%		
4	80	2.4%	9	180	4.6%		
5	100	3.5%	10	200	5.1%		

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Table 59

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 470.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4012A	5.65	90	E	1.26		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	1.0%	6	120	3.2%	1.57	0.31
2	40	1.0%	7	140	3.5%	RF Po (*Max)	54.0
3	60	1.7%	8	160	3.9%		
4	80	2.6%	9	180	4.5%		
5	100	2.8%	10	200	4.9%		

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Table 60

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 481.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4012A	5.65	90	E	1.25		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	1.0%	6	120	3.5%	1.60	0.32
2	40	0.9%	7	140	3.5%	RF Po (*Max)	54.0
3	60	1.6%	8	160	3.8%		
4	80	2.0%	9	180	3.8%		
5	100	3.2%	10	200	4.7%		

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Table 61

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 494.025 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4013A	5.65	90	E	1.23	0.051	53.9	0.025	0.03		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.2%		6	120	4.0%		1.65	0.33		
2	40	1.2%		7	140	3.4%		RF Po (*Max)	54.0		
3	60	2.0%		8	160	3.9%					
4	80	3.4%		9	180	4.0%					
5	100	3.3%		10	200	4.4%					

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Table 62

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 511.9875 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4013A	5.65	90	E	1.20	0.035	47.6	0.018	0.02		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	0.7%		6	120	2.5%		1.71	0.34		
2	40	1.0%		7	140	2.3%		RF Po (*Max)	48.0		
3	60	1.2%		8	160	2.5%					
4	80	1.8%		9	180	3.1%					
5	100	2.0%		10	200	3.6%					

BS-Position 4

Table 63

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.025 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.29	0.049	53.1	0.024	0.02		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	2.1%		6	120	3.8%		1.50	0.30		
2	40	2.3%		7	140	3.9%		RF Po (*Max)	54.0		
3	60	2.4%		8	160	3.4%					
4	80	3.5%		9	180	3.5%					
5	100	3.7%		10	200	3.8%					

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Table 64

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 481.025 MHz						
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)
Roof (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.25	0.042
Measurement Grid						
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit
1	20	1.8%	6	120	2.8%	1.60
2	40	1.6%	7	140	3.2%	
3	60	2.2%	8	160	2.8%	
4	80	2.9%	9	180	2.8%	
5	100	2.6%	10	200	3.7%	
						RF Po (*Max)
						54.0

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Table 65

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 511.9875 MHz						
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)
Roof (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.20	0.042
Measurement Grid						
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit
1	20	1.3%	6	120	3.1%	1.71
2	40	1.3%	7	140	3.0%	
3	60	1.7%	8	160	2.8%	
4	80	2.5%	9	180	3.3%	
5	100	2.3%	10	200	3.2%	
						RF Po (*Max)
						48.0

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Table 66

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.025 MHz						
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)
Roof (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.29	0.028
Measurement Grid						
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit
1	20	1.7%	6	120	3.0%	1.50
2	40	1.9%	7	140	3.2%	
3	60	2.0%	8	160	3.3%	
4	80	2.0%	9	180	3.5%	
5	100	2.8%	10	200	4.1%	
						RF Po (*Max)
						54.0

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Table 67

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.025 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4003A	2.15	90	E	1.28	0.051	53.5	0.026	0.03		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	2.0%		6	120	3.5%		1.53	0.31		
2	40	2.4%		7	140	3.8%		RF Po (*Max)	54.0		
3	60	2.6%		8	160	4.0%					
4	80	2.7%		9	180	4.2%					
5	100	3.3%		10	200	4.8%					

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Table 68

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 481.025 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4004A	2.15	90	E	1.25	0.053	53.7	0.027	0.03		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	2.1%		6	120	3.5%		1.60	0.32		
2	40	2.2%		7	140	4.1%		RF Po (*Max)	54.0		
3	60	2.4%		8	160	4.2%					
4	80	2.5%		9	180	4.5%					
5	100	2.9%		10	200	4.8%					

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Table 69

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 511.9875 MHz											
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor	Average over Body (mW/cm^2)	Initial Power (W)	Pwr. Density Calc. (mW/cm^2)	Pwr. Density Max Calc. (mW/cm^2)		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4004A	2.15	90	E	1.20	0.050	47.6	0.025	0.03		
Measurement Grid											
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit		IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit		
1	20	1.9%		6	120	3.1%		1.71	0.34		
2	40	2.1%		7	140	3.2%		RF Po (*Max)	48.0		
3	60	2.3%		8	160	3.6%					
4	80	2.7%		9	180	3.8%					
5	100	2.8%		10	200	3.8%					

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Table 70

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4011A	5.65	90	E	1.29		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	2.0%	6	120	4.1%	1.50	0.30
2	40	2.1%	7	140	4.8%	RF Po (*Max)	54.0
3	60	2.5%	8	160	4.5%		
4	80	2.6%	9	180	5.6%		
5	100	3.0%	10	200	6.8%		

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Table 71

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 460.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4011A	5.65	90	E	1.28		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	1.8%	6	120	4.4%	1.53	0.31
2	40	2.3%	7	140	4.8%	RF Po (*Max)	54.0
3	60	2.7%	8	160	5.2%		
4	80	3.5%	9	180	6.2%		
5	100	4.0%	10	200	7.7%		

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Table 72

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 470.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4012A	5.65	90	E	1.26		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	1.8%	6	120	3.2%	1.57	0.31
2	40	2.2%	7	140	3.7%	RF Po (*Max)	54.0
3	60	2.5%	8	160	4.9%		
4	80	2.9%	9	180	6.1%		
5	100	3.1%	10	200	7.8%		

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Table 73

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 481.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4012A	5.65	90	E	1.25		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	1.8%	6	120	3.9%	1.60	0.32
2	40	2.1%	7	140	4.1%	RF Po (*Max)	54.0
3	60	2.2%	8	160	4.5%		
4	80	2.5%	9	180	5.4%		
5	100	2.8%	10	200	6.7%		

BS-Position 5

Table 74

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 494.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4013A	5.65	90	E	1.23		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	1.9%	6	120	4.6%	1.65	0.33
2	40	2.8%	7	140	4.7%	RF Po (*Max)	54.0
3	60	2.9%	8	160	4.9%		
4	80	3.3%	9	180	5.2%		
5	100	3.9%	10	200	7.5%		

BS-Position 5

Table 75

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 511.9875 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE4013A	5.65	90	E	1.20		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	1.9%	6	120	3.5%	1.71	0.34
2	40	2.2%	7	140	3.5%	RF Po (*Max)	48.0
3	60	2.3%	8	160	4.1%		
4	80	2.6%	9	180	4.3%		
5	100	3.2%	10	200	5.4%		

UHF Mobile M20SSS9PW1AN

BS-Position 5

Table 76

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 450.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.29		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	2.0%	6	120	3.1%	1.50	0.30
2	40	2.4%	7	140	3.2%	RF Po (*Max)	54.0
3	60	2.7%	8	160	3.6%		
4	80	3.2%	9	180	3.5%		
5	100	3.0%	10	200	4.4%		

BS-Position 5

Table 77

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 481.025 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.25		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	1.9%	6	120	3.6%	1.60	0.32
2	40	2.0%	7	140	4.0%	RF Po (*Max)	54.0
3	60	2.5%	8	160	4.0%		
4	80	2.5%	9	180	4.4%		
5	100	2.8%	10	200	4.5%		

BS-Position 5

Table 78

External Vehicle MPE Assessment @ 511.9875 MHz							
Antenna Location	Antenna Model	Gain (dBi)	Meas. Distance (cm)	E/H Field	Calibration Factor		
Roof (cnt)	HAE6016A	2.15	90	E	1.20		
Measurement Grid							
Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	Test Position	Height (cm)	% of Control Limit	IEEE Controlled Limit	IEEE Uncontrolled Limit
1	20	2.0%	6	120	3.2%	1.71	0.34
2	40	2.1%	7	140	3.3%	RF Po (*Max)	48.0
3	60	2.3%	8	160	3.1%		
4	80	2.5%	9	180	3.2%		
5	100	2.7%	10	200	3.8%		



**COMPUTATIONAL EME COMPLIANCE ASSESSMENT OF THE DIGITAL
VEHICULAR REPEATER (DVR UHF), MODEL #DQPMDVR5000P, FCC ID
LO6-DVRSUHF AND XTL5000 UHF MOBILE RADIO,
MODEL #M20SSS9PW1AN**

August 9, 2006

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Introduction

This report summarizes the computational [numerical modeling] analysis performed to document compliance of the DVR UHF 10 watt model DQPMDVR5000P interfaced with, and transmitting simultaneously with, companion UHF Mobile Radio model M20SSS9PW1AN with maximum transmit power up to 54 watts (450-500MHz) and 48 watts (500-512MHz) and vehicle-mounted antennas with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) guidelines for human exposure to radio frequency (RF) emissions. The DVR radio operates in the 450 - 470 MHz frequency band while the companion UHF mobile radios operate in the 450-512 MHz band.

This computational analysis supplements the measurements conducted to evaluate the FCC *maximum permissible exposure* (MPE) limits for this mobile device. All test conditions (3 in total) that did not conform with applicable MPE limits were analyzed to determine whether those conditions complied with the *specific absorption rate* (SAR) limits for general public exposure (1.6 W/kg averaged over 1 gram of tissue and 0.08 W/kg averaged over the whole body) set forth in FCC guidelines, which are based on the IEEE C95.1-1999 standard [1]. In total 8 independent simulations have been performed. Four simulations are addressing the exposure to UHF mobile radios with roof-mount quarter wavelength monopole antennas, and another four are addressing the exposure of

passenger to the DVR UHF with trunk-mount quarter wavelength antennas. For both simulations groups, a commercial code based on Finite-Difference-Time-Domain (FDTD) methodology was employed to carry out the computational analysis. It is well established and recognized within the scientific community that SAR is the primary dosimetric quantity used to evaluate the human body's absorption of RF energy and that MPEs are in fact derived from SAR. Accordingly, the SAR computations provide a scientifically valid and more relevant estimate of human exposure to RF energy.

Method

The simulation code employed is XFDTD™ v6.3, by Remcom Inc., State College, PA. This computational suite features a heterogeneous full body standing model (High Fidelity Body Mesh), derived from the so-called Visible Human [2], discretized in 5 mm voxels. The dielectric properties of 23 body tissues are automatically assigned by XFDTD™ at any specific frequency. The “seated” man model was obtained from the standing model by modifying the articulation angles at the hips and the knees. Details of the computational method and model are provided in the Appendix to this report, following the structure outlined in Appendix B.III of the Supplement C to the FCC OET Bulletin 65.

The car model has been imported into XFDTD™ from the CAD file of a sedan car having dimensions 4.98 m (L) x 1.85 m (W) x 1.18 m (H), and discretized in 5mm voxels. For the car model the wheels and part of the hood were omitted in order to fit within the computational memory available. These omissions would not be expected to affect the exposure calculations in any event.

For passenger exposure from UHF mobile radio roof-mount antennas the antenna was located in the center of the roof, so as to replicate the experimental conditions used in MPE measurements. Figures 1 shows one of the XFDTD™ computational models used for passenger exposure from the roof mounted antenna. For passenger exposure from DVR UHF trunk-mount antennas the distance of antennas from the passenger head was set at 85 cm and the antenna was located at 26 cm distance from the end of the trunk, so as to replicate the experimental conditions used in MPE measurements. Figures 2

shows one of the XFDTD™ computational models used for passenger exposure to trunk mounted antenna.

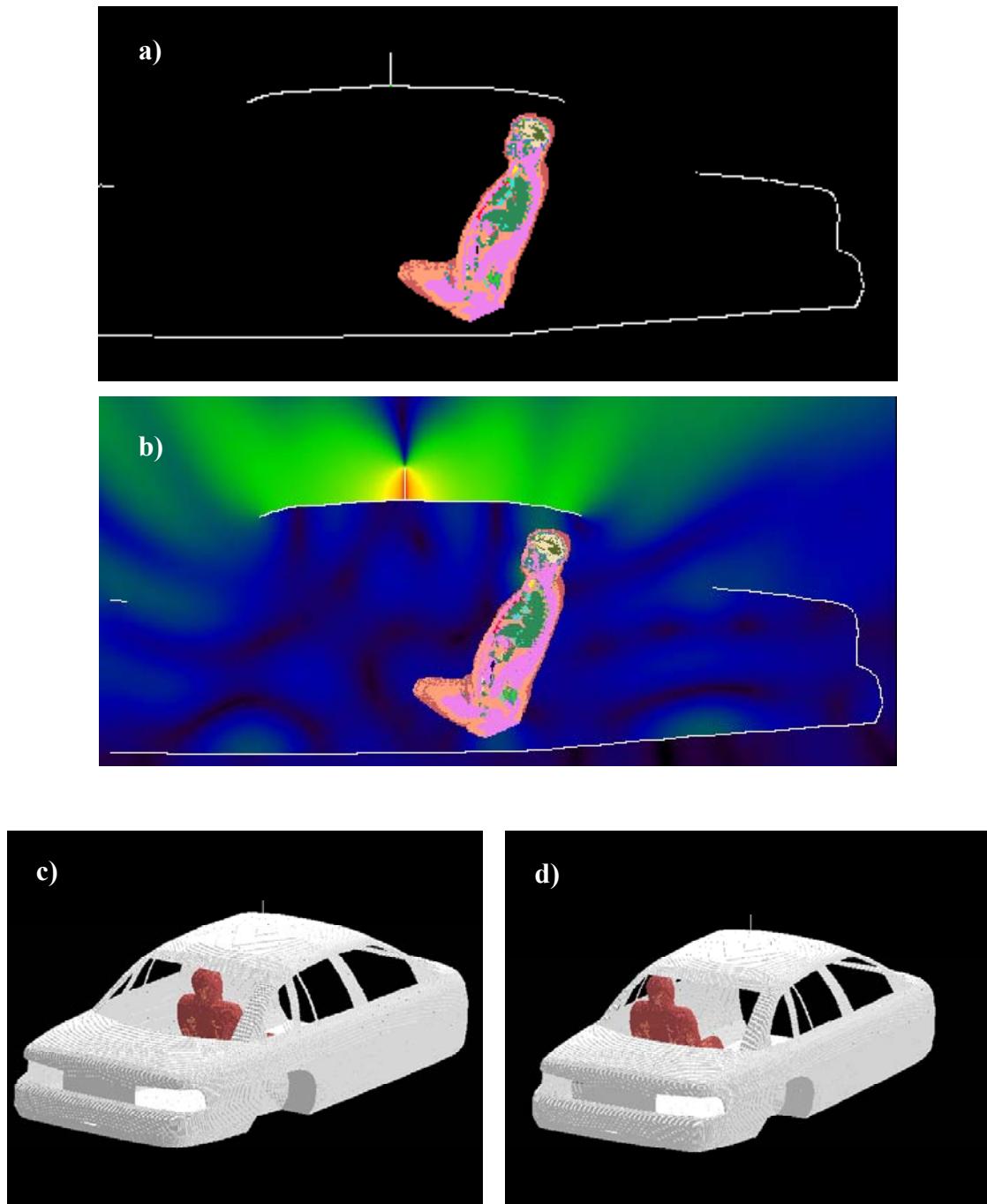


Figure 1: Passenger model exposed to a roof-mount antenna (16 cm) operating at 460 MHz: XFDTD geometry (a) and H-field distribution (b). The antenna is mounted in the center of the roof. The passenger model is located either in the center (c) or on the side of the back seat (d).

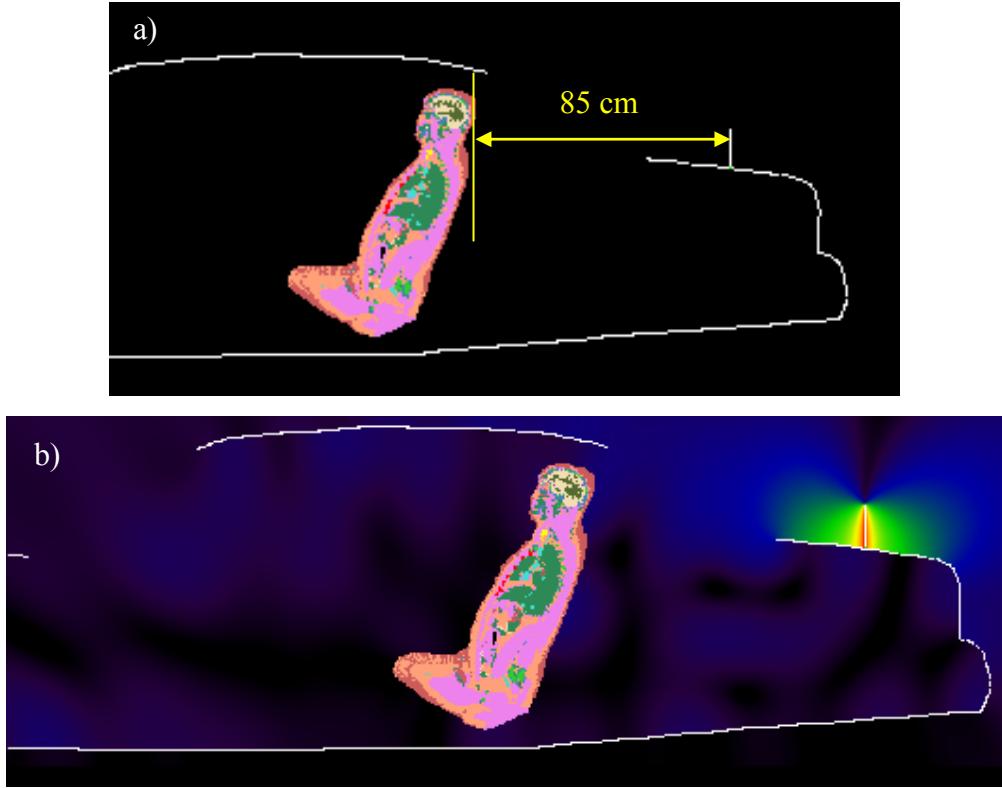


Figure 2: Passenger model exposed to a trunk-mount antenna (16 cm) operating at 460 MHz: XFDTD geometry (a) and H-field distribution (b). The antenna is mounted at 85 cm from the passenger.

The computational code employs a time-harmonic excitation to produce a steady state electromagnetic field in the exposed body. Subsequently, the corresponding SAR distribution is automatically processed in order to determine the whole-body and 1-g average SAR. The maximum output power from UHF mobile radio antenna is 54 W *rms*. Since the ohmic losses in the cable and in the car materials, as well as the mismatch losses at the antenna feed-point, are neglected, and source-based time averaging (50% talk time) is employed, all computational results are normalized to half of it, i.e., 27 W *rms* net output power. The maximum output power from DVR UHF system is 10 W *rms* and the computational results are normalized to 10 W *rms*. Two independent set simulations, one for DVR UHF trunk mount antenna and one for UHF radio roof-mount antenna were performed. Since UHF mobile radio and DVR UHF repeater can transmit simultaneously, the maximum peak and whole body average SAR results from each set of

data were combined for the corresponding passenger location to produce peak SAR value for the composite exposure from both roof and trunk-mount antennas. The obtained composite peak SAR value is an overestimation of the actual exposure because the peak SAR values from the roof- and trunk-mount antennas that contribute to the composite value are not found at the same location in the body.

Results of SAR computations for car passengers

The test conditions for DVR UHF repeater requiring SAR computations are summarized in Table I, together with the antenna data and the SAR results. The conditions are for antenna mounted on the trunk. The passenger is located in the center or on the side of the rear seat. The passenger model is surrounded by air, as the seat, which is made out of poorly conductive fabrics, is not included in the computational model. All the transmit frequency, antenna length, and passenger location combinations reported in Table I have been simulated individually.

Table I: Results of the SAR computations for passenger exposure
from DVR UHF trunk-mount antennas

MPE Table #	Mount location	Antenna Kit #	Antenna length		Freq [MHz]	Exposure location	SAR [W/kg]	
			Physical	XFDTD			1-g	WB
1	Trunk	HAE4003A	16.2 cm	16.0 cm	450	center	0.033	0.0019
2	Trunk	HAE4003A	16.2 cm	16.0 cm	460	center	0.025	0.0018
4	Trunk	HAE4003A	16.2 cm	16.0 cm	450	side	0.060	0.0022
5	Trunk	HAE4003A	16.2 cm	16.0 cm	460	side	0.063	0.0023

The test conditions for UHF mobile radio requiring SAR computations are summarized in Table II, together with the antenna data and the SAR results. The conditions are for antenna mounted on the roof. The passenger is located at the same location as in previously described conditions, i.e. in the center or on the side of the rear seat. All the transmit frequency, antenna length, and passenger location combinations reported in Table II have been simulated individually.

Table II: Results of the SAR computations for passenger exposure
from UHF mobile radio roof-mount antennas (50% talk time)

MPE Table #	Mount location	Antenna Kit #	Antenna length		Freq [MHz]	Exposure location	SAR [W/kg]	
			Physical	XFDTD			1-g	WB
1	Roof	HAE4003A	16.2 cm	16.0 cm	460	center	0.023	0.00074
2	Roof	HAE4004A	14.7 cm	15.0 cm	481	center	0.044	0.0015
3	Roof	HAE4003A	16.2 cm	16.0 cm	460	side	0.018	0.00059
4	Roof	HAE4004A	14.7 cm	15.0 cm	481	side	0.021	0.0013

For each location of the passenger on the back seat (center and side) the peak SAR values were identified for both DVR UHF and UHF mobile radio exposure and then combined to produce the composite peak SAR value. Table III and Table IV present those values.

Table III: Peak 1-g average SAR for both passenger locations on the back seat and composite 1-g average SAR from simultaneous exposure.

Passenger location	DVR UHF [W/kg]	UHF mobile radio [W/kg]	Total SAR [W/kg]
Center of the back seat	0.033	0.044	0.077
Side of the back seat	0.063	0.021	0.084

Table IV: Peak whole body average SAR for both passenger locations on the back seat and composite whole body average SAR from simultaneous exposure.

Passenger location	DVR UHF [W/kg]	UHF mobile radio [W/kg]	Total SAR [W/kg]
Center of the back seat	0.0019	0.0015	0.0034
Side of the back seat	0.0023	0.0013	0.0036

From Table III and Table IV the maximum combined peak 1-g SAR is 0.084 W/kg which occurs in the body located on the side of the back seat, while the maximum combined whole-body average SAR is 0.0036 W/kg which occurs in the body located in the center of the back seat.

The SAR distribution in the passenger model in the exposure condition with DVR UHF radio trunk-mount antennas that gave highest 1-g SAR is reported in Fig. 3 (460 MHz, passenger on the side of the back seat, HAE4003A antenna).

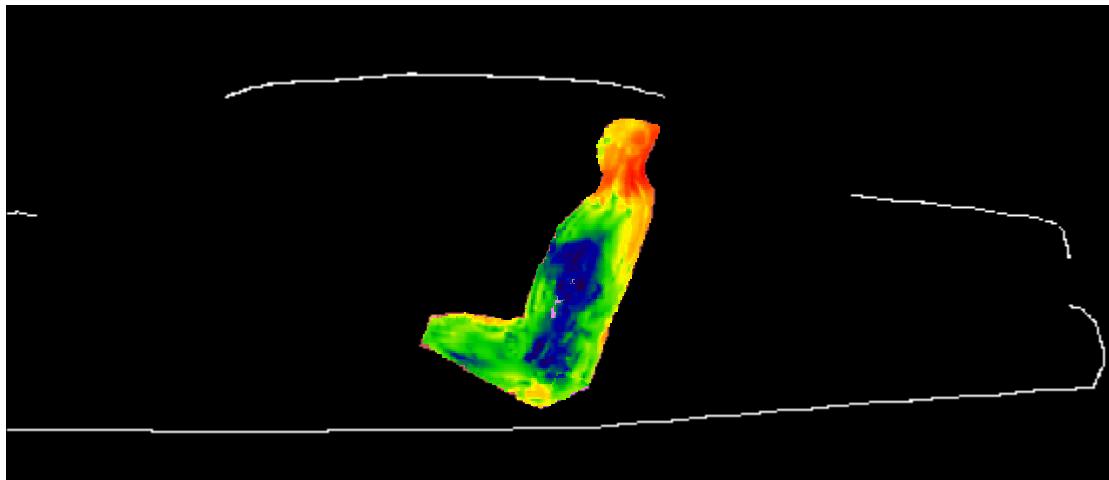
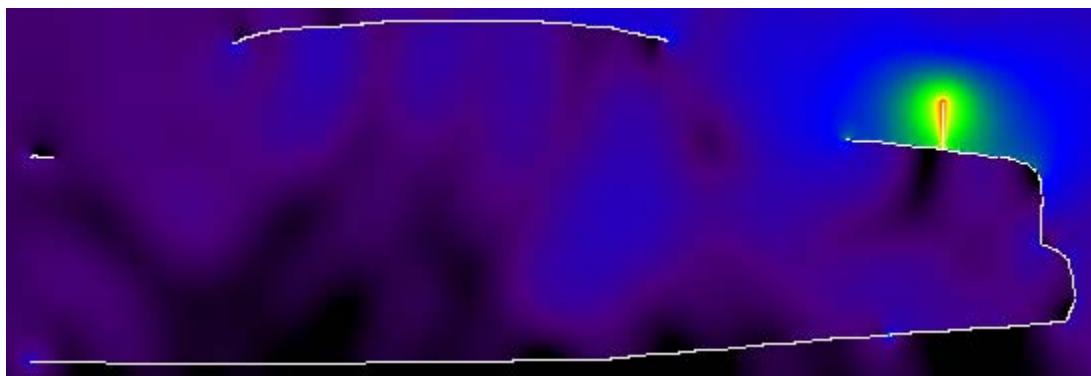
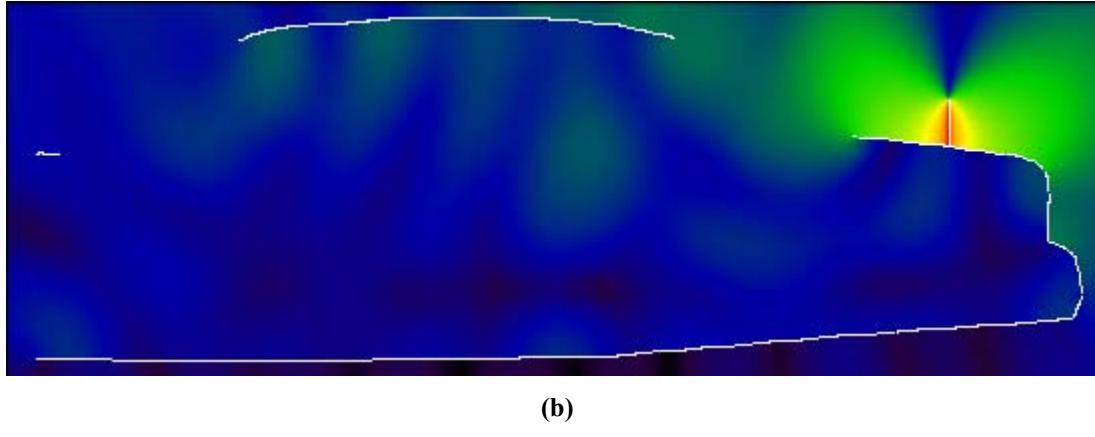


Figure 3. SAR at 460 MHz in the passenger located on the side of the back seat, produced by the trunk-mount HAE4003A antenna. The contour plot in the figure is relative to the plane where the peak 1-g average SAR for this exposure condition occurs.

The two pictures below show the E and H field distributions in the plane of the antenna corresponding to the condition represented in Fig 3.



(a)



(b)

Figure 4. (a) E-field distribution corresponding to exposure condition of Fig. 3, and (b) H-field distribution corresponding to exposure condition of Fig. 3.

The SAR distribution in the passenger model in the exposure condition with UHF mobile radio roof-mount antennas that gave highest 1-g SAR is reported in Fig. 5 (481 MHz, passenger in the center of the back seat, HAE4004A antenna).

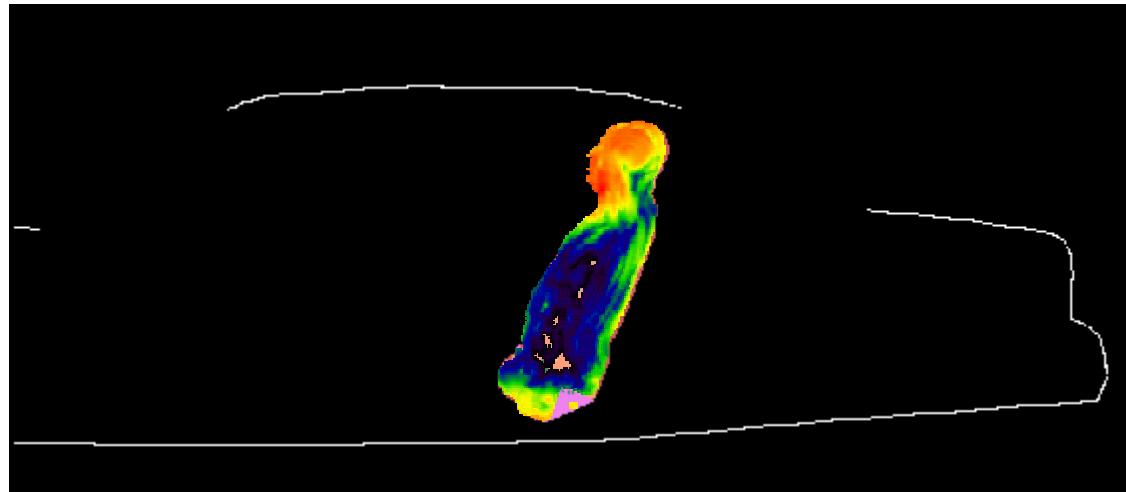


Figure 5. SAR distribution at 481 MHz in the passenger located in the center of the back seat, produced by the roof-mount HAE4004A antenna. The contour plot in the figure is relative to the plane where the peak 1-g average SAR for this exposure condition occurs.

As in previous case the two following pictures below show the E and H field distributions in the plane of the antenna corresponding to the condition represented in Fig 5.

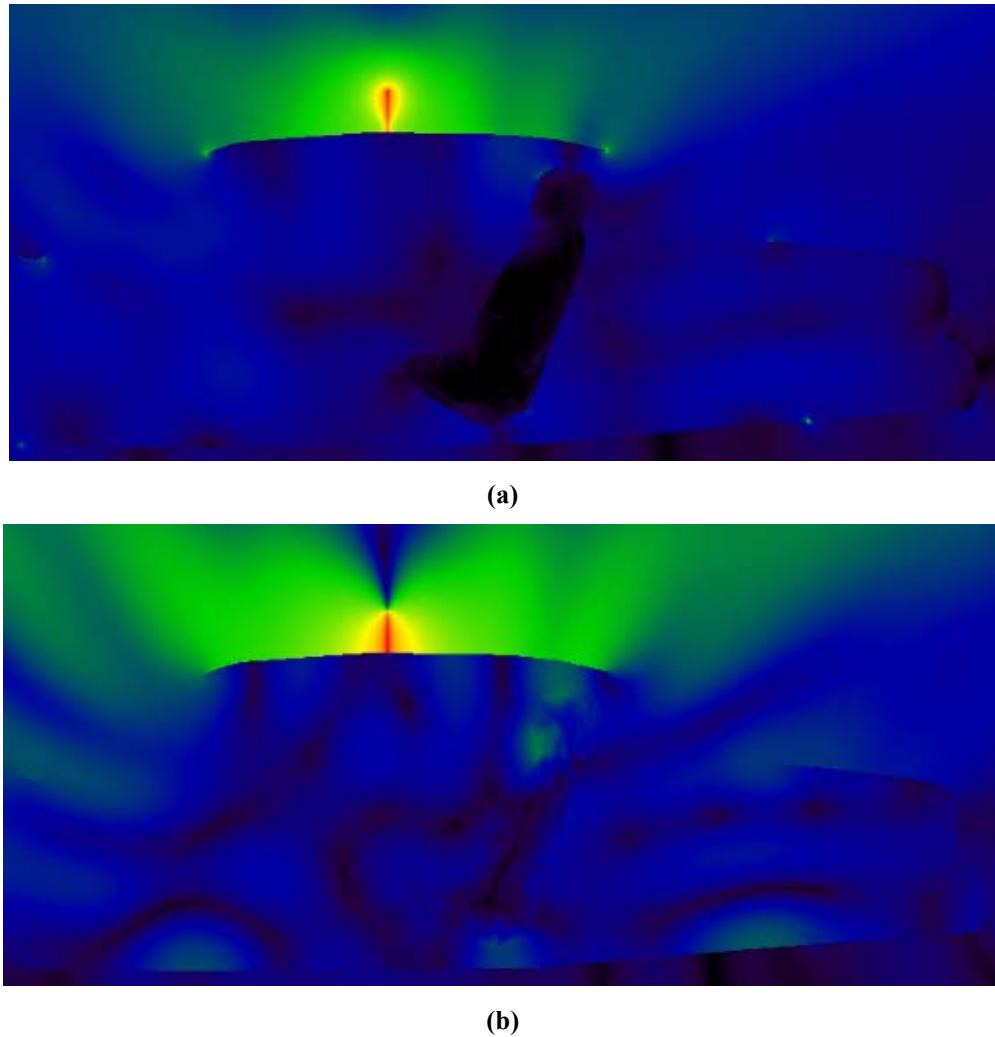


Figure 6. (a) E-field distribution corresponding to exposure condition of Fig. 5, and (b) H-field distribution corresponding to exposure condition of Fig. 5.

Conclusions

Under the test conditions described for evaluating passenger and bystander exposure to the RF electromagnetic fields emitted by vehicle-mounted antennas used in conjunction with this mobile radio product, the present analysis shows that the computed SAR values are compliant with the FCC exposure limits for the general public.

References

- [1] IEEE Standard C95.1-1999. *IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to RF Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.*
- [2] http://www.nlm.nih.gov/research/visible/visible_human.html

APPENDIX: SPECIFIC INFORMATION FOR SAR COMPUTATIONS

This appendix follows the structure outlined in Appendix B.III of the Supplement C to the FCC OET Bulletin 65. Most of the information regarding the code employed to perform the numerical computations has been adapted from the XFDTD™ v5.3 and v6.3 User Manuals. Remcom Inc., owner of XFDTD™, is kindly acknowledged for the help provided.

1) Computational resources

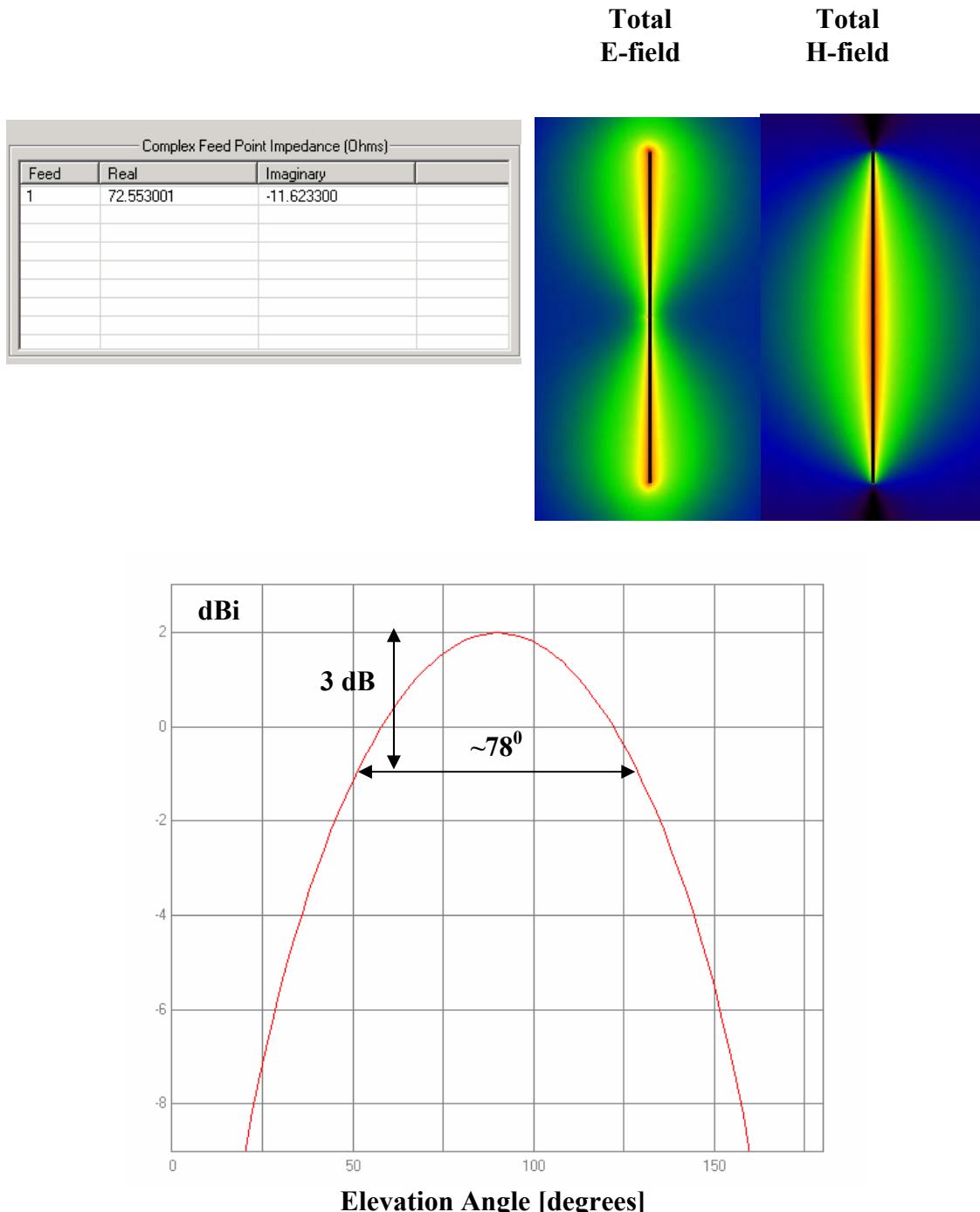
- a) A distributed Linux based multi-CPU computer cluster equipped with AMD 64-bit Opteron processors was employed for all simulations.
- b) The memory requirement was close to 3 GB in all cases. Using the above-mentioned system with four processors operating concurrently, the typical simulation would run for 2 hours.

2) FDTD algorithm implementation and validation

- a) We employed a commercial code (XFDTD™ v6.3, by Remcom Inc.) that implements the Yee's FDTD formulation [1]. The solution domain was discretized according to a rectangular grid with a uniform 5 mm step in all directions. Sub-gridding was not used. Liao's absorbing boundary conditions [2] are set at the domain boundary to simulate free space radiation processes. The excitation is a lumped voltage generator with 50-ohm source impedance. The code allows selecting *wire objects* without specifying their radius. We used a wire to represent the antenna. The car body is modeled by solid metal. We did not employ the “thin wire” algorithm in XFDTD™ since the antenna radius was never smaller than one-fifth the voxel dimension. In fact, the XFDTD™ manual specifies that “Thin Wire materials may be used in special situations where a wire with a radius much smaller than the cell size is required... in cases where the wire radius is important to the calculation and is less than approximately 1/5 the cell size, the thin wire material may be used to accurately simulate the correct wire dimensions.” The voxel size in all our simulations was 5 mm, and the antenna radius is always at least 1 mm (1 mm for the short quarter-wave antennas and 1.5 mm for the long gain antennas), so there was no need to specify a “thin wire” material. Because the field impinges on the bystander or passenger model at a distance of several tens of voxels from the antenna, the details of antenna wire modeling are not expected to have significant impact on the exposure level.
- b) XFDTD™ is one of the most widely employed commercial codes for electromagnetic simulations. It has gone through extensive validation and has proven its accuracy over time in many different applications. One example is provided in [3].

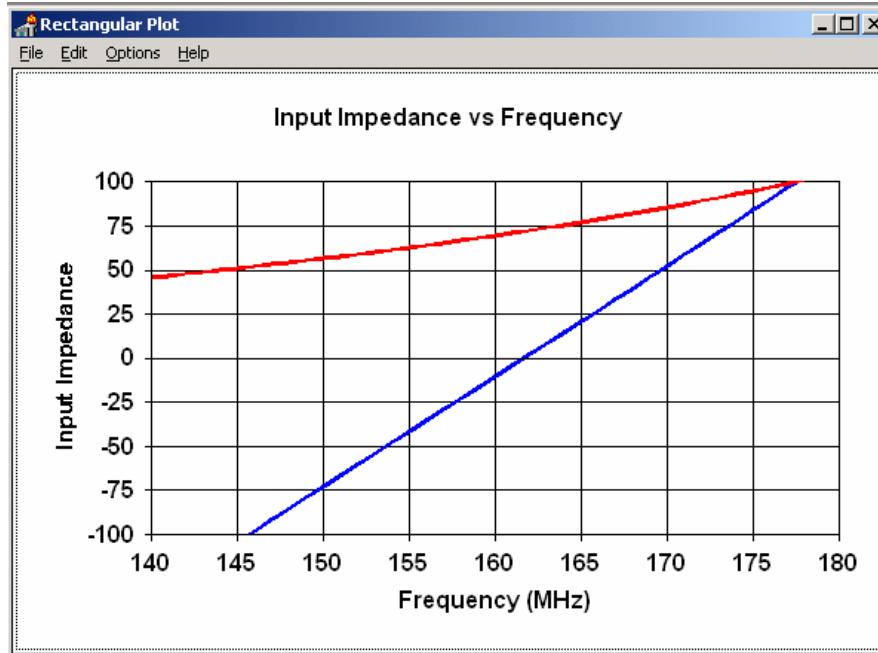
We carried out a validation of the code algorithm by running the canonical test case involving a half-wave wire dipole. The dipole is 0.475 times the free space wavelength at 160 MHz, i.e., 88.5 cm long. The discretization used in the model was uniform in all directions and equal to 5 mm, so the dipole was 177 cells long. Also in this case, the “thin

“wire” model was not needed. The following picture shows XFDTD™ outputs regarding the antenna feed-point impedance ($72.6 - j 11.6$ ohm), as well as qualitative distributions of the total E and H fields near the dipole. The radiation pattern is shown as well (one lobe in elevation). As expected, the 3 dB beamwidth is about 78 degrees.



We also compared the XFDTD™ result with the results derived from NEC [4], which is a code based on the method of moments. In this case, we used a dipole with radius 1

mm, length 88.5 cm, and the discretization is 5 mm. The corresponding input impedance at 160 MHz is 69.5-j10.5 ohm. Its frequency dependence is reported in the following figure.



This validation ensures that the input impedance calculation is carried out correctly in XFDTD™, thereby enabling accurate estimates of the radiated power. It further ensures that the wire model employed in XFDTD™, which we used to model the antennas, produces physically meaningful current and fields distributions. Both these aspects ensure that the field quantities are correctly computed both in terms of absolute amplitude and relative distribution.

3) Computational parameters

a) The following table reports the main parameters of the FDTD model employed to perform our computational analysis:

PARAMETER	X	Y	Z
Voxel size	5 mm	5 mm	5 mm
Maximum domain dimensions employed for passenger computations with the roof-mount antennas	387	737	342
Maximum domain dimensions employed for passenger computations with the trunk-mount antennas	387	737	256
Time step	Exactly equal to Courant limit (typically 10 ps at this frequency, with the body model)		
Objects separation from FDTD boundary (voxels)	>10	>10	>10
Number of time steps for passenger at VHF frequencies	At least 6000 in all simulations		
Number of time steps for passenger at UHF frequencies	At least 3000 in all simulations		
Excitation	Sinusoidal (not less than 9-10 periods)		

4) Phantom model implementation and validation

a) The FDTD mesh of a male human body was created using digitized data in the form of transverse color images. The data is from the *visible human project* sponsored by the National Library of Medicine (NLM) and is available via the Internet (http://www.nlm.nih.gov/research/visible/visible_human.html). The male data set consists of MRI, CT and anatomical images. Axial MRI images of the head and neck and longitudinal sections of the rest of the body are available at 4 mm intervals. The MRI images have 256 pixel by 256 pixel resolution. Each pixel has 12 bits of gray tone resolution. The CT data consists of axial CT scans of the entire body taken at 1 mm intervals at a resolution of 512 pixels by 512 pixels where each pixel is made up of 12 bits of gray tone. The axial anatomical images are 2048 pixels by 1216 pixels where each pixel is defined by 24 bits of color. The anatomical cross sections are also at 1 mm intervals and coincide with the CT axial images. There are 1871 cross sections. The XFDTD™ High Fidelity Body Mesh uses 5x5x5 mm cells and has dimensions 136 x 87 x 397. Dr. Michael Smith and Dr. Chris Collins of the Milton S. Hershey Medical Center, Hershey, Pa, created the High Fidelity Body mesh. Details of body model creation are given in the *methods* section in [5]. The body mesh contains 23 tissues materials. Measured values for the tissue parameters for a broad frequency range are included with the mesh data. The correct values are interpolated from the table of measured data and entered into the appropriate mesh variables. The tissue conductivity and permittivity variation *vs.* frequency is included in the XFDTD™ calculation by a multiple-pole approximation to the Cole-Cole approximated tissue parameters reported by Camelia Gabriel, Ph.D., and Sami Gabriel, M. Sc. (<http://www.brooks.af.mil/AFRL/HED/hedr/reports/dielectric/home.html>).

- a) The XFDTD™ High Fidelity Body Mesh model correctly represents the anatomical structure and the dielectric properties of body tissues, so it is appropriate for determining the highest exposure expected for normal device operation.
- b) One example of the accuracy of XFDTD™ for computing SAR has been provided in [6]. The study reported in [6] is relative to a large-scale benchmark of measurement and computational tools carried out within the IEEE Standards Coordinating Committee 34, Sub-Committee 2.

5) Tissue dielectric parameters

- a) The following table reports the dielectric properties used by XFDTD™ for the 23 body tissue materials in the High Fidelity Body Mesh at 450 MHz.

#	Tissue	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	Density (kg/m ³)
1	skin	41.5	0.57	1125
2	tendon, pancreas, prostate, aorta, liver, other	50.3	0.76	1151
3	fat, yellow marrow	5.02	0.05	943

4	cortical bone	13.4	0.11	1850
5	cancellous bone	21.0	0.23	1080
6	blood	57.2	1.72	1057
7	muscle, heart, spleen, colon, tongue	63.5	0.99	1059
8	gray matter, cerebellum	54.1	0.88	1035.5
9	white matter	39.7	0.54	1027.4
10	CSF	68.9	2.32	1000
11	sclera/cornea	54.4	1.04	1151
12	vitreous humor	68.3	1.56	1000
13	bladder	17.6	0.31	1132
14	nerve	35.5	0.50	1112
15	cartilage	43.4	0.66	1171
16	gall bladder bile	76.5	1.62	928
17	thyroid	59.8	0.82	1035.5
18	stomach/esophagus	74.4	1.13	1126
19	lung	52.8	0.72	563
20	kidney	57.0	1.16	1147
21	testis	65.2	1.13	1158
22	lens	51.9	0.71	1163
23	small intestine	73.7	2.07	1153

Similarly, the table below reports the tissue dielectric properties at 155 MHz (mid-band for this VHF mobile radio product).

#	Tissue	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	Density (kg/m ³)
1	skin	50.5	0.49	1125
2	tendon, pancreas, prostate, aorta, liver, other	59.3	0.63	1151
3	fat, yellow marrow	5.8	0.04	943
4	cortical bone	15.5	0.08	1850
5	cancellous bone	26.0	0.17	1080
6	blood	64.5	1.65	1057
7	muscle, heart, spleen, colon, tongue	73.6	0.84	1059
8	gray matter, cerebellum	71.5	0.73	1035.5
9	white matter	51.4	0.41	1027.4
10	CSF	73.9	2.29	1000
11	sclera/cornea	61.8	0.94	1151
12	vitreous humor	68.6	1.52	1000
13	bladder	19.1	0.28	1132
14	nerve	44.0	0.41	1112
15	cartilage	53.8	0.53	1171
16	gall bladder bile	86.6	1.49	928
17	thyroid	65.9	0.71	1035.5
18	stomach/esophagus	78.5	1.03	1126
19	lung	52.3	0.59	563

20	kidney	72.9	1.02	1147
21	testis	72.6	0.99	1158
22	lens	57.3	0.61	1163
23	small intestine	89.5	1.85	1153

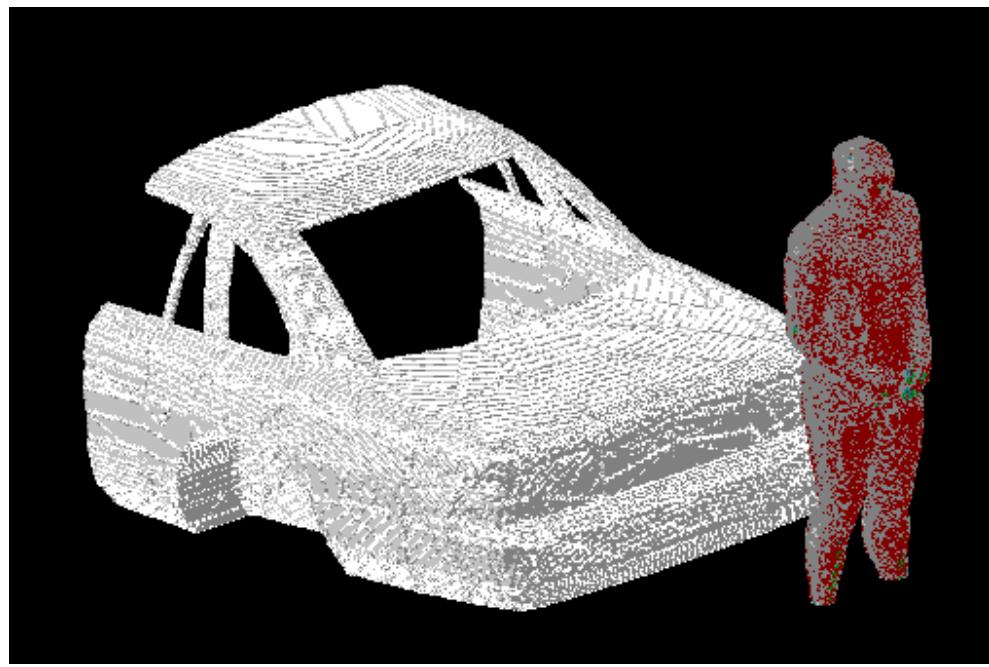
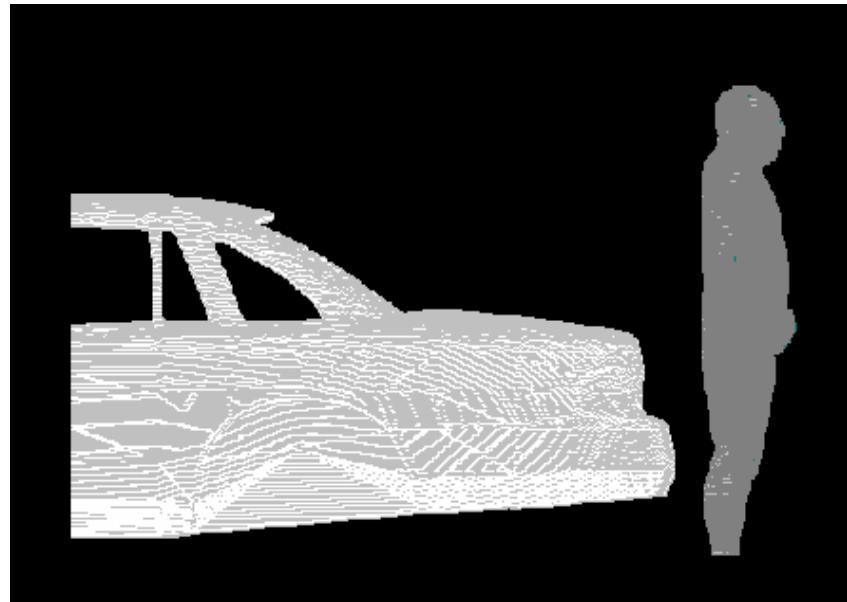
b) The tissue types and dielectric parameters used in the SAR computation are appropriate for determining the highest exposure expected for normal device operation, because they are derived from measurements performed on real biological tissues (<http://www.brooks.af.mil/AFRL/HED/hedr/reports/dielectric/home.html>).

c) The tabulated list of the dielectric parameters used in phantom models is provided at point 5(a). As regards the device (car plus antenna), we used perfect electric conductors.

6) Transmitter model implementation and validation

a) The essential features that must be modeled correctly for the particular test device model to be valid are:

- Car body. We developed one very similar to the car used for MPE measurements, so as to be able to correlate measured and simulated field values. The model was imported in XFDTD™ from a CAD model that is commercially available at <http://www.3dcadbrowser.com/>
- Antenna. We used a straight wire, even when the gain antenna has a base coil for tuning. All the coil does is compensating for excess capacitance due to the antenna being slightly longer than half a wavelength. We do not need to do that in the model, as we used normalization with respect to the net radiated power, which is determined by the input resistance only. In this way, we neglect mismatch losses and artificially produce an overestimation of the SAR, thereby introducing a conservative bias in the model. In case of low profile vertical monopole antenna (HAE6016A) which has an additional horizontal metal circular disk at the tip, the disk was included in the model and well represented in 5 mm resolution mesh.
- Antenna location. We used the same location, relative to the edge of the car trunk, the backseat, or the roof, used in the MPE measurements. The following pictures show a lateral and a perspective view of the whole model (XFDTD™ does not show wires in this type of view, that is why the antenna is not visible).

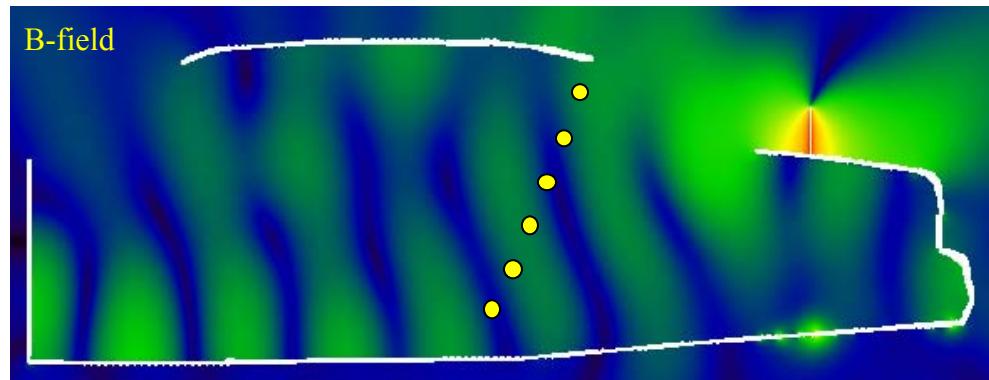
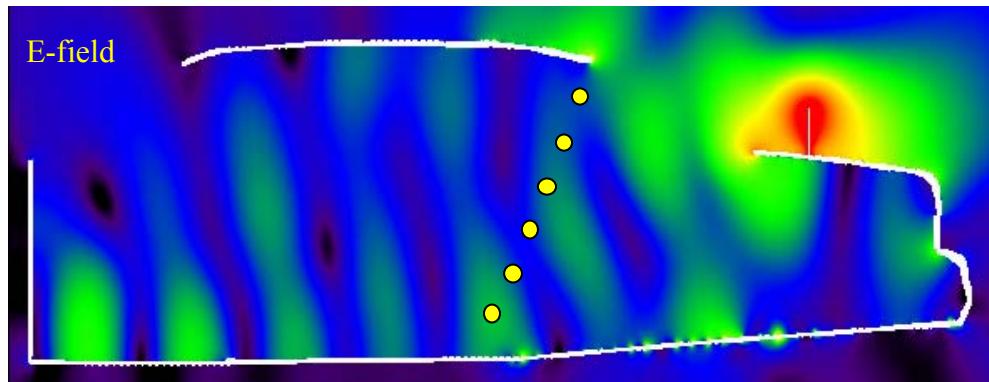


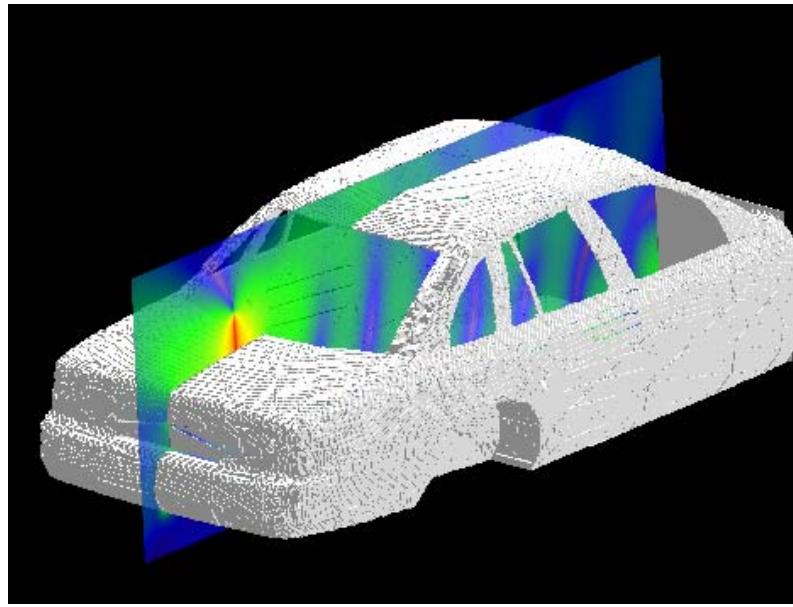
The car model is constituted by perfect electric conductor and does not include wheels in order to reduce its complexity. The passenger model is surrounded by air, as the seat, which is made out of poorly conductive fabrics, is not included in the computational model. The pavement has not been included in the model. The passenger and bystander models were validated for similar antenna and frequency conditions by comparing the MPE measurements at two VHF frequencies (146 MHz and 164 MHz) for antennas used for a VHF mobile radio analyzed previously in 2003 (FCC ID#ABZ99FT3046). The corresponding MPE measurements are reported in the compliance report relative to FCC ID#ABZ99FT3046. The comparison results are presented below, according to following definitions for the equivalent power densities (based on E or H-field):

$$S_E = \frac{|\mathbf{E}|^2}{2\eta}, \quad S_H = \frac{\eta}{2}|\mathbf{H}|^2, \quad \eta = 377 \Omega$$

Passenger with 17.5 cm monopole antenna (HAE4002A 421.5 MHz)

The following figure of the test model shows the car model, where the yellow dots individuate the back seat, as it can be observed from the other figure showing the cross section of the passenger. The comparison has been performed by taking the average of the computed steady-state field values at the six dotted locations, corresponding to the head, chest, and legs along the yellow dots line, and comparing them with the average of the MPE measurements performed at the head, chest and legs locations. Such a comparison is carried out at the same rms power level (22 W, including the 50% duty factor) used in the MPE measurements.





The equivalent power density (S) is computed from the E-field and the H-field separately. The following table reports the E-field values computed by XFDTD™ at the six locations, and the corresponding power density.

Location Number	E-field, V/m	Eq. Power Density 1.0 V source	Scaled Power Dens. 22 W output, mW/cm^2
1	5.83E-01	4.51E-04	4.41E-01
2	6.31E-01	5.28E-04	5.16E-01
3	6.50E-01	5.60E-04	5.48E-01
4	5.50E-01	4.01E-04	3.92E-01
5	4.50E-01	2.69E-04	2.63E-01
6	7.80E-01	8.07E-04	7.89E-01
Equivalent average Power Density			4.92E-01

Location Number	B-field, Weber/m ²	Eq. Power Density 1.0 V source	Scaled Power Dens. 22 W output, mW/cm ²
1	2.26E-09	0.00061	5.96E-01
2	9.00E-10	0.00010	9.45E-02
3	1.20E-09	0.00017	1.68E-01
4	2.20E-09	0.00058	5.65E-01
5	1.90E-09	0.00043	4.21E-01
6	9.00E-10	0.00010	9.45E-02
Equivalent average Power Density			3.23E-01

The input impedance is $36.2+j24.8$ ohm, therefore the radiated power (considering the mismatch to the 50 ohm unitary voltage source) is 2.25E-3 W, therefore a factor equal to 9779 is required to scale up to 22 W radiated. The corresponding scaled-up power densities are reported in the tables above, which show that the simulation overestimates the average power density from the MPE measurements (0.29 mW/cm^2), as derived from the measured E-field reported in the following table:

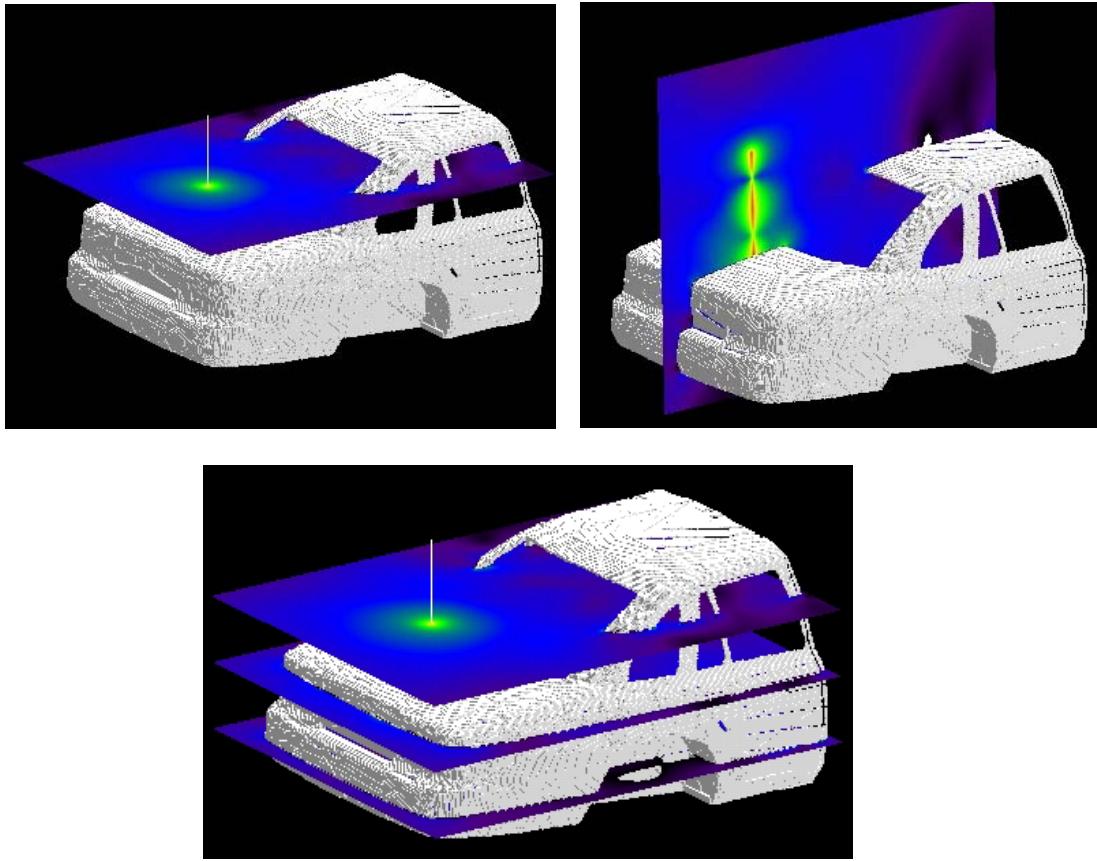
Position	SE (meas), 22 W output mW/cm^2
Head	0.38
Chest	0.33
Lower Trunk	0.16

The simulations tend to overestimate the average power density levels, which is understandable since there are no ohmic losses and perfect impedance matching is enforced in the computational models. Based on these results, we conclude that the simulation will produce slight exposure overestimates (about 12%).

- b) Descriptions and illustrations showing the correspondence between the modeled test device and the actual device, with respect to shape, size, dimensions and near-field radiating characteristics, are found in the main report.
- c) Verification that the test device model is equivalent to the actual device for predicting the SAR distributions descends from the fact that the car and antenna size and location in the numerical model correspond to those used in the measurements.
- d) The peak SAR is in the neck region for the passenger, which is in line with MPE measurements and predictions.

Passenger with 63.5 cm monopole antenna (HAE6010A 425 MHz)

The following figures show the car model with the field distribution in the horizontal planes where the MPE measurements have been performed. The comparison has been performed by taking the average of the computed steady-state field values at the three locations, corresponding to the head, chest, and lower trunk, and comparing them with the average of the MPE measurements performed at the head, chest and lower trunk locations. Such a comparison is carried out at the same rms power level (61.5 W, including the 50% duty factor) used in the MPE measurements.



The equivalent power density (S) is computed from the E-field. The following table reports the E-field values computed by XFDTD™ at the three locations, and the corresponding power density.

Location Number	E-field, V/m	Eq. Power Density 1.0 V source	Scaled Power Dens. 61.5 W output, mW/cm ²
1	2.10E-01	5.85E-05	0.561
2	3.66E-01	1.78E-04	1.70
3	1.72E-01	3.92E-04	0.376
Equivalent average Power Density			0.88

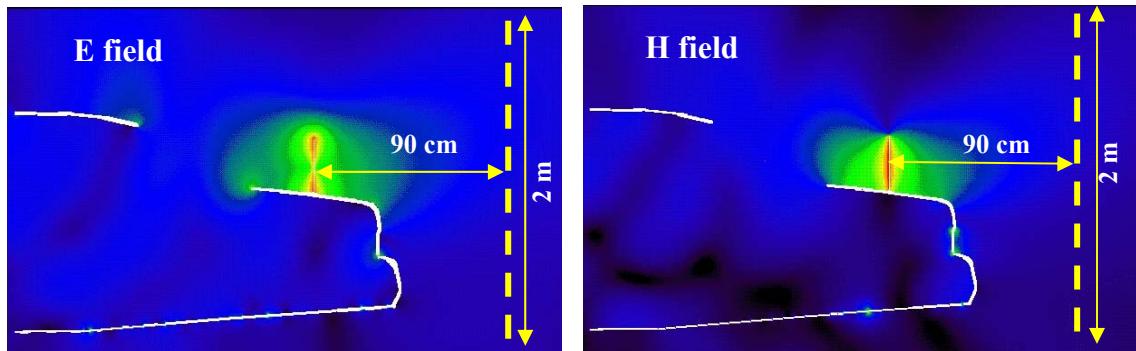
The corresponding scaled-up power densities are reported in the tables above, which show that the simulation overestimates the average power density from the MPE measurements (0.52 mW/cm^2), as derived from the measured E-field reported in the following table:

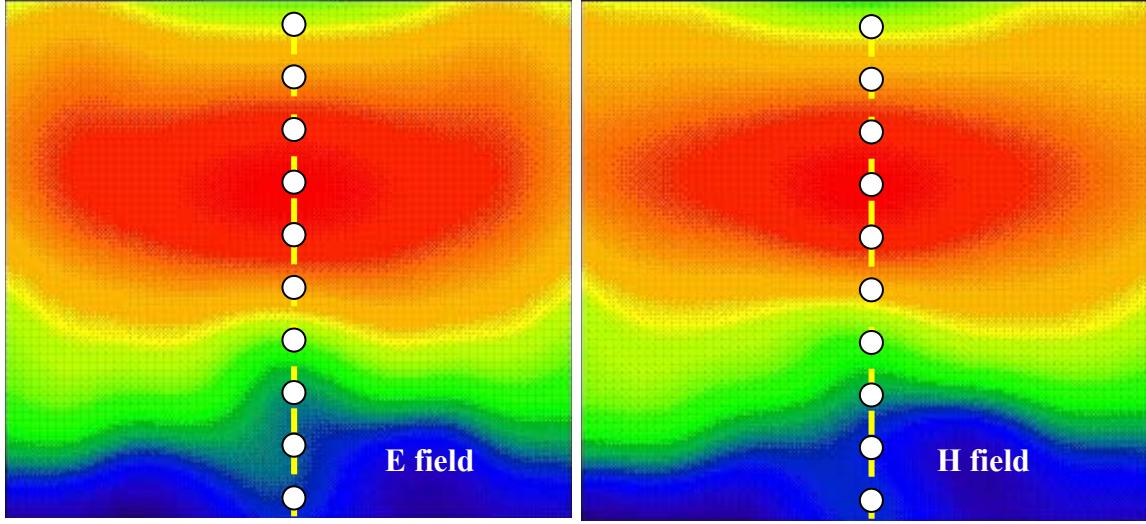
Position	SE (meas), 60 W output mW/cm ²
Head	0.72
Chest	0.64
Lower Trunk	0.19

The simulations tend to overestimate the average power density levels, which is understandable since there are no ohmic losses and perfect impedance matching is enforced in the computational models. Based on these results, we conclude that the simulation will produce exposure overestimates (about 69%).

Bystander with 29 cm monopole antenna (HAE6013A 425 MHz)

The following figures show the E-field and H-field distributions across a vertical plane passing for the antenna and cutting the car in half. As done in the measurements, the MPE is computed from both E-field and H-field distributions, along the yellow dotted line at 10 points spaced 20 cm apart from each other up to 2 m in height. These lines and the field evaluation points are approximately indicated in the figures. The E-field and H-field distributions in the vertical plane placed at 90 cm from the antenna, behind the case, are shown as well. The points where the fields are sampled to determine the equivalent power density (S) are approximately indicated by the white dots. A picture of the antenna is not reported because it is identical to the HAE6013A.

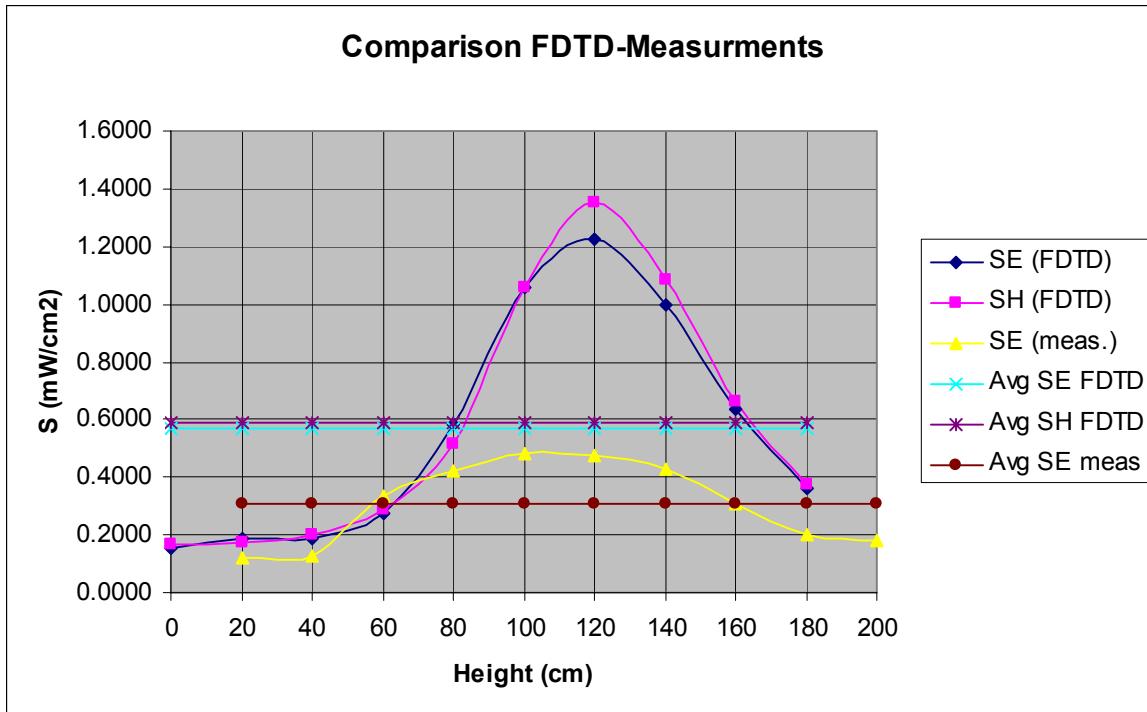




The following table reports the field values computed by XFDTD™ and the corresponding power density values. The average exposure levels are computed as well.

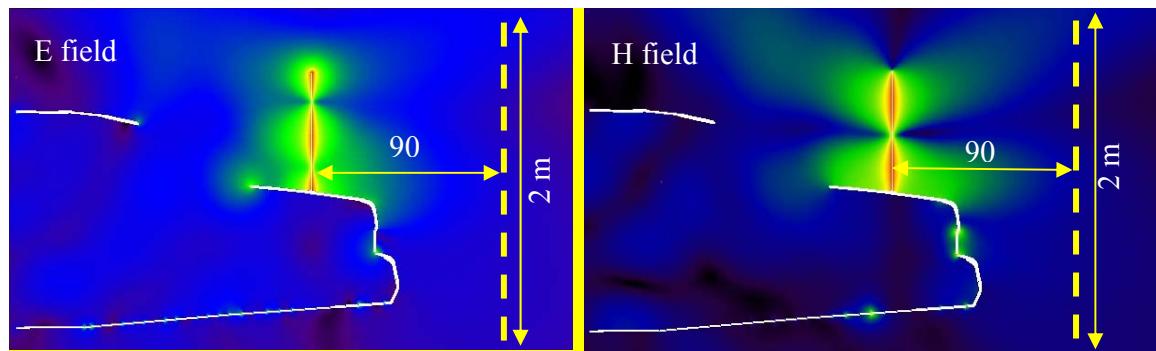
Height (cm)	E (V/m)	S_E (W/m ²)	H (A/m)	S_H (W/m ²)
0	1.05E-01	1.46E-05	2.90E-05	1.589E-05
20	1.14E-01	1.72E-05	2.90E-05	1.598E-05
40	1.16E-01	1.78E-05	3.14E-05	1.871E-05
60	1.39E-01	2.56E-05	3.75E-05	2.669E-05
80	2.03E-01	5.47E-05	5.03E-05	4.795E-05
100	2.73E-01	9.88E-05	7.23E-05	9.923E-05
120	2.94E-01	1.15E-04	8.17E-05	1.266E-04
140	2.65E-01	9.31E-05	7.32E-05	1.016E-04
160	2.12E-01	5.96E-05	5.73E-05	6.219E-05
180	1.60E-01	3.40E-05	4.32E-05	3.531E-05
Average S_E		5.302E-05	Average S_H	

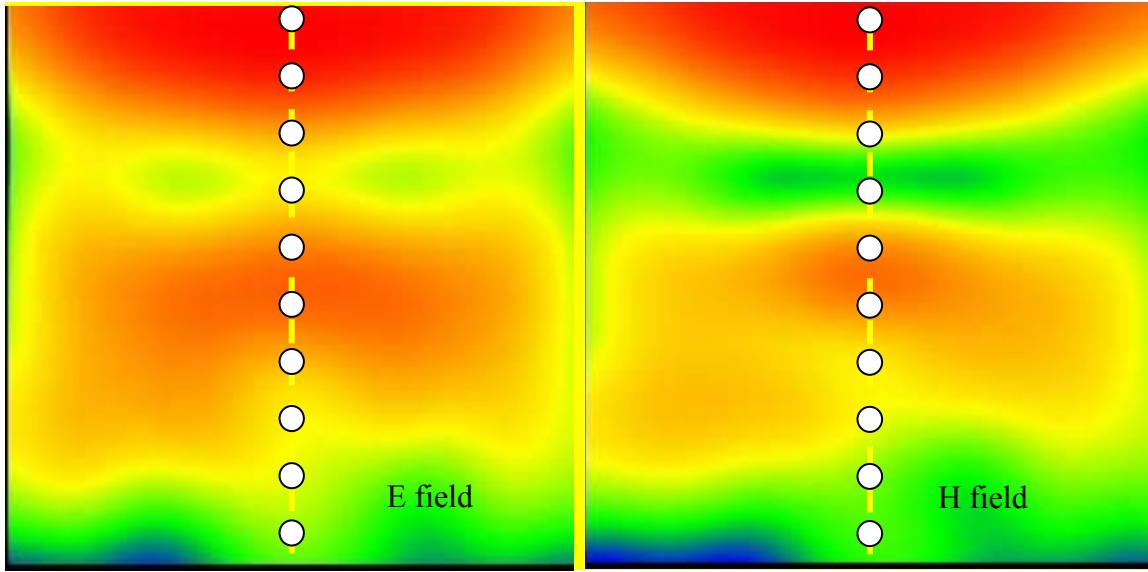
Since the conducted power during the MPE measurement was 123 W the calculated power density was then scaled up for 61.5 W radiated power (taking into account 50% talk time). This model does not include the mismatch loss, loss in the cable and finite conductivity of the car surface and as represents a conservative model for exposure assessment. The scaled-up power density values for 61.5 W radiated power are 5.67 W/m² (E), and 5.88 W/m² (H), that correspond to 0.57 mW/cm² (E), and 0.59 mW/cm² (H). Measurements yielded average power density of 0.309 mW/cm² (E), which shows that the calculated power density is overestimated. The following graph shows a comparison between the measured power density and the simulated one, based on E or H fields, normalized to 61.5 W radiated power.



Bystander with 63.5 cm monopole antenna (HAE6010A 425 MHz)

The following figures show the E-field and H-field distributions across a vertical plane passing for the antenna and cutting the car in half. As done in the measurements, the MPE is computed from both E-field and H-field distributions, along the yellow dotted line at 10 points spaced 20 cm apart from each other up to 2 m in height. These lines and the field evaluation points are approximately indicated in the figures. The E-field and H-field distributions in the vertical plane placed at 90 cm from the antenna, behind the case, are shown as well. The points where the fields are sampled to determine the equivalent power density (S) are approximately indicated by the white dots. A picture of the antenna is not reported because it is identical to the HAE6010A.



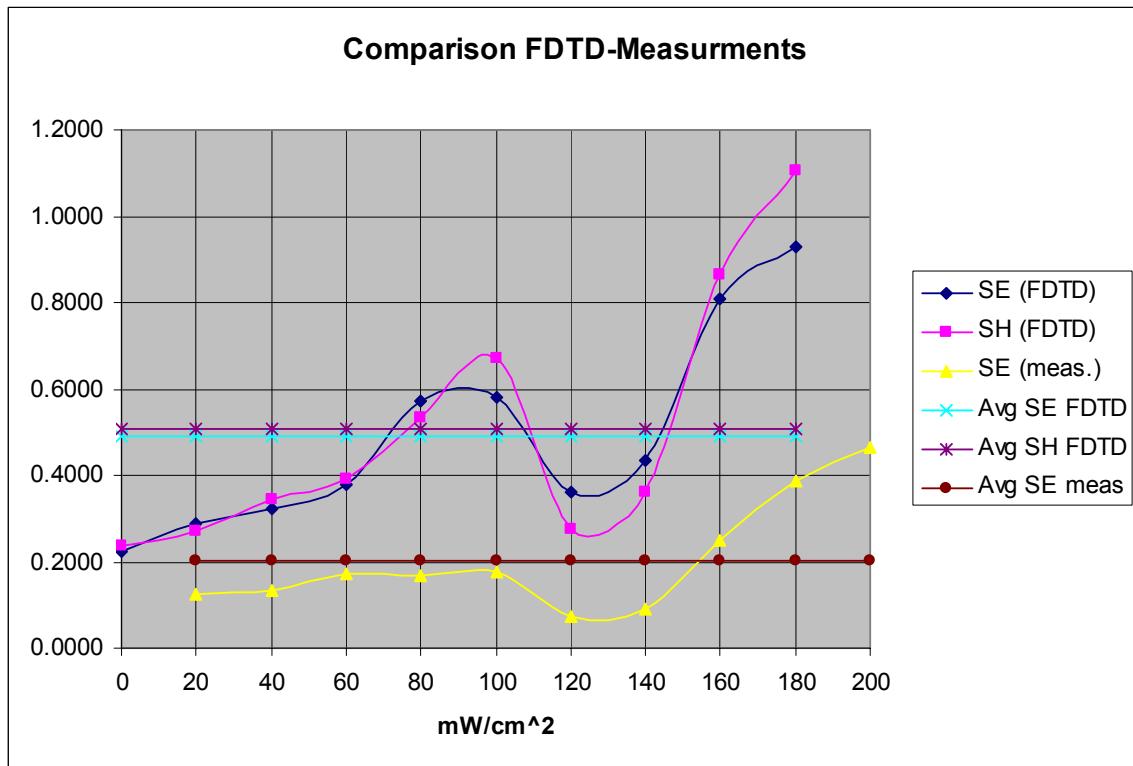


The following table reports the field values computed by XFDTD™ and the corresponding power density values. The average exposure levels are computed as well.

Height (cm)	E (V/m)	S_E (W/m ²)	H (A/m)	S_H (W/m ²)
0	1.32E-01	2.31E-05	4.51E-10	2.43E-05
20	1.49E-01	2.94E-05	4.82E-10	2.77E-05
40	1.58E-01	3.31E-05	5.44E-10	3.53E-05
60	1.71E-01	3.88E-05	5.79E-10	4.00E-05
80	2.10E-01	5.85E-05	6.78E-10	5.48E-05
100	2.12E-01	5.96E-05	7.60E-10	6.89E-05
120	1.67E-01	3.70E-05	4.86E-10	2.82E-05
140	1.83E-01	4.44E-05	5.57E-10	3.70E-05
160	2.50E-01	8.29E-05	8.62E-10	8.86E-05
180	2.68E-01	9.53E-05	9.75E-10	1.13E-04
Average S_E		5.38E-05	Average S_H	

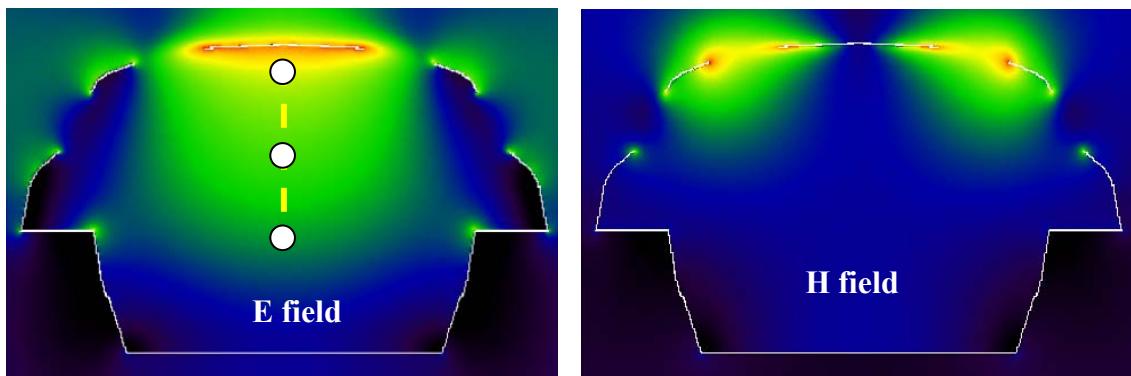
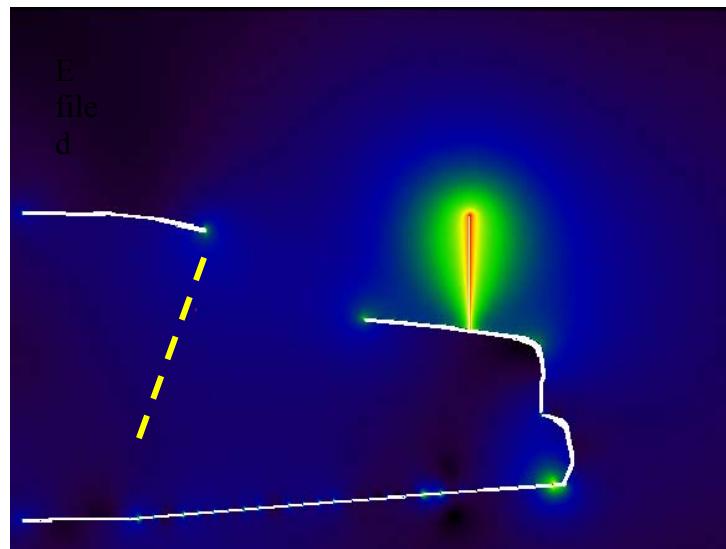
Since the conducted power during the MPE measurement was 123 W the calculated power density was then scaled up for 61.5 W radiated power (taking into account 50% talk time). This model does not include the mismatch loss, loss in the cable and finite conductivity of the car surface and as represents a conservative model for exposure assessment. The scaled-up power density values for 61.5 W radiated power are 5.25 W/m² (E), and 5.06 W/m² (H), that correspond to 0.52 mW/cm² (E), and 0.51 mW/cm² (H). Measurements yielded average power density of 0.204 mW/cm² (E), which shows that the calculated power density is overestimated. The following graph shows a comparison between the measured power density and the simulated one, based on E or H

fields, normalized to 61.5 W radiated power.



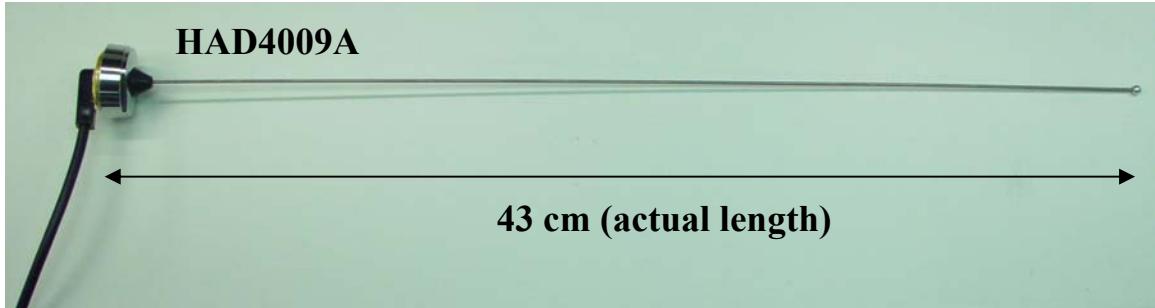
Passenger with 43 cm monopole antenna (HAD4009A 164 MHz)

The following figures of the test model show the empty car model, where the yellow dotted line represents the back seat, as it can be observed from the right-hand side figure showing the passenger. The comparison has been performed by taking the computed steady-state field values at the locations corresponding to the head, chest, and legs along the yellow line and comparing them with the corresponding measurements. Such a comparison is carried out at the same rms power level (56.5 W) used in the measurements. Steady-state E-field and H-field distributions at a vertical plane transverse to the car and crossing the passenger's head are displayed as well. Finally, a picture of the antenna is shown.



The highest exposure occurs in the middle of the backseat, which is also the case in the measurements. Therefore, the field values were determined on the yellow line centered at the middle of the backseat, approximately at the three locations that are shown by white dots. In actuality, the line is inclined so as to follow the inclination of the passenger's

back, as shown previously.



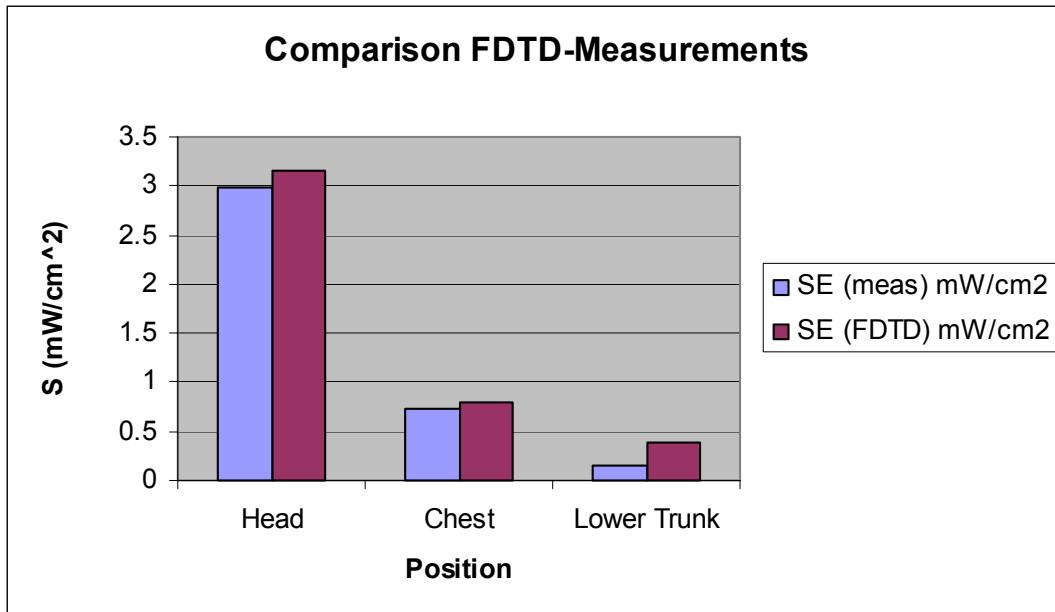
Because the peak exposure occurs in the center of the back seat, that was where we placed the passenger model to perform the SAR evaluations presented in the report. However, it can be observed that the H-field distribution features peaks near the lateral edges of the rear window. That is the reason why we also carried out one SAR computation by placing the passenger laterally in the back seat, in order to determine whether the SAR would be higher in this case.

As done in the measurements, the equivalent power density (S) is computed from the E-field, the H-field being much lower. The following table reports the E-field values computed by XFDTD™ at the three locations, and the corresponding power density.

Location	E-field magnitude (V/m)	S (W/m ²)
Head	1.10	1.33E-03
Chest	0.70	3.32E-04
Lower Trunk area	0.52	1.62E-04
Average S		6.07E-04

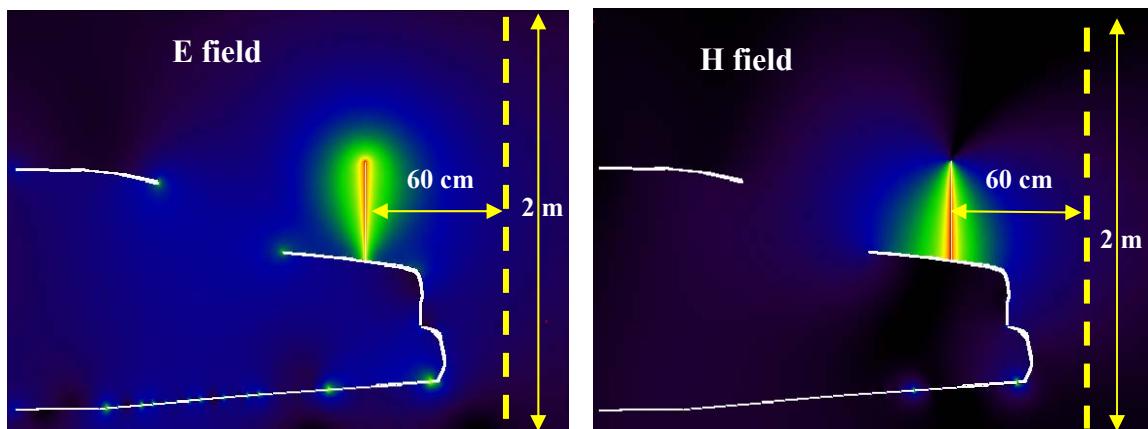
The input impedance is 32.4-j4.8 ohm, therefore the radiated power (considering the mismatch to the 50 ohm unitary voltage source) is 2.38E-3 W. The scaled-up power density for 56.5 W radiated power is 14.4 W/m², corresponding to 1.44 mW/cm². Measurements gave an average of 1.29 mW/cm², which is in agreement considering conservativeness of simulations model. The following table and the graph show a comparison between the simulated power density and the measured one (see also MPE report in FCC ID#ABZ99FT3046, Table 43), normalized to 56.5 W radiated.

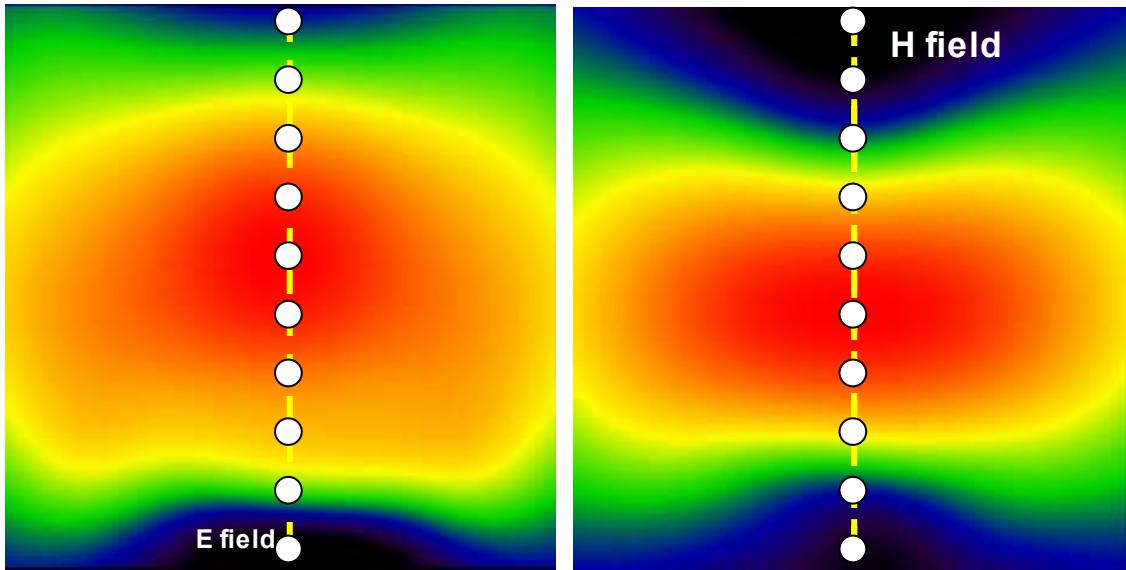
Position	SE (meas) mW/cm ²	SE (FDTD) mW/cm ²
Head	2.98	3.15
Chest	0.74	0.79
Lower Trunk	0.14	0.39



Bystander with 48 cm monopole antenna (HAD4007A 146 MHz)

The following figures show the E-field and H-field distributions across a vertical plane passing for the antenna and cutting the car in half. As done in the measurements, the MPE is computed from both E-field and H-field distributions, along the yellow dotted line at 10 points spaced 20 cm apart from each other up to 2 m in height. These lines and the field evaluation points are approximately indicated in the figures. The E-field and H-field distributions in the vertical plane placed at 60 cm from the antenna, behind the case, are shown as well. The points where the fields are sampled to determine the equivalent power density (S) are approximately indicated by the white dots. A picture of the antenna is not reported because it is identical to the HAD4009A except for the length.



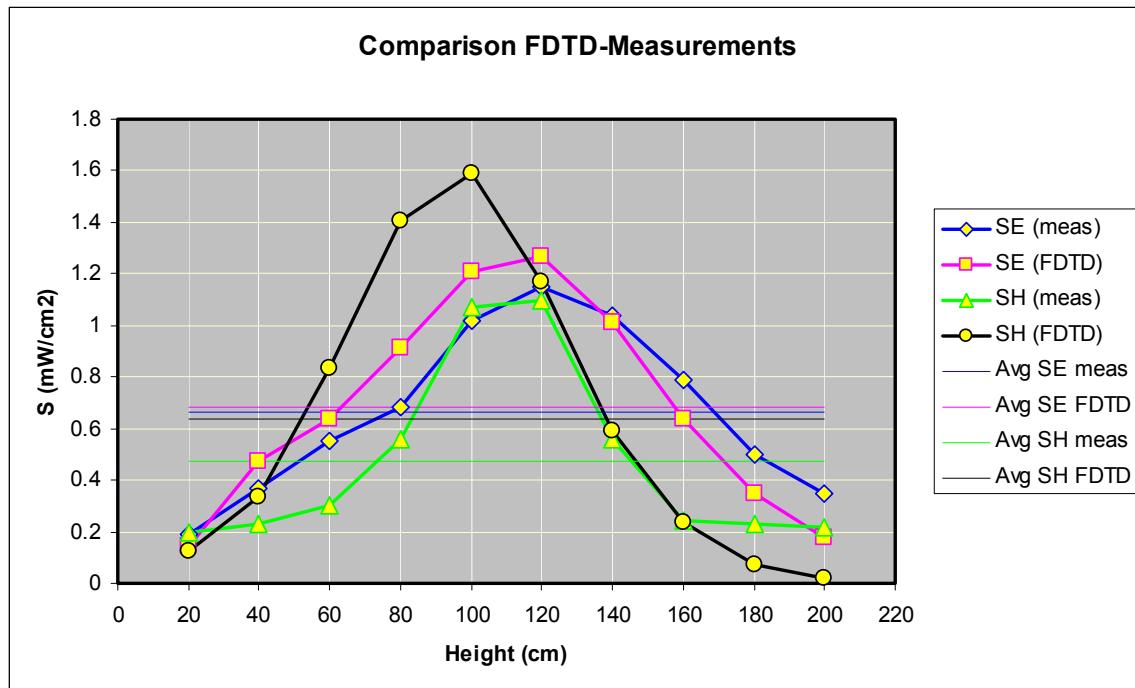


The following table reports the field values computed by XFDTD™ and the corresponding power density values. The average exposure levels are computed as well.

Height (cm)	E (V/m)	S_E (W/m ²)	H (A/m)	S_H (W/m ²)
20	2.12E-01	5.96E-05	5.21E-04	5.12E-05
40	3.86E-01	1.98E-04	8.59E-04	1.39E-04
60	4.48E-01	2.66E-04	1.36E-03	3.49E-04
80	5.36E-01	3.81E-04	1.77E-03	5.88E-04
100	6.17E-01	5.05E-04	1.88E-03	6.65E-04
120	6.32E-01	5.30E-04	1.61E-03	4.87E-04
140	5.65E-01	4.23E-04	1.15E-03	2.48E-04
160	4.47E-01	2.65E-04	7.21E-04	9.80E-05
180	3.30E-01	1.44E-04	4.07E-04	3.13E-05
200	2.35E-01	7.32E-05	1.93E-04	6.99E-06
Average S_E		2.85E-04	Average S_H	

The input impedance is $27.9-j14.3$ ohm, therefore the radiated power (considering the mismatch to the 50 ohm unitary voltage source) is $2.22E-3$ W. The scaled-up power density values for 53.2 W radiated power are 6.81 W/m² (E), and 6.38 W/m² (H), that correspond to 0.68 mW/cm² (E), and 0.64 mW/cm² (H). Measurements yielded average power density of 0.664 mW/cm² (E), and 0.471 mW/cm² (H), i.e., which are in good agreement with the simulations. The following table and graph show a comparison between the simulated power density and the measured one, based on E (see MPE report in FCC ID#ABZ99FT3046, Table 1) or H fields (see MPE report in FCC ID#ABZ99FT3046, Table 13), normalized to 53.2 W radiated.

Height (cm)	SE (meas) mW/cm ²	SE (FDTD) mW/cm ²	SH (meas) mW/cm ²	SH (FDTD) mW/cm ²	Avg SE meas mW/cm ²	Avg SE FDTD mW/cm ²	Avg SH meas mW/cm ²	Avg SH FDTD mW/cm ²
20	0.19	0.14	0.2	0.12	0.664	0.681	0.471	0.638
40	0.37	0.47	0.23	0.33				
60	0.55	0.64	0.3	0.84				
80	0.68	0.91	0.56	1.41				
100	1.02	1.21	1.07	1.59				
120	1.15	1.27	1.1	1.17				
140	1.04	1.01	0.56	0.59				
160	0.79	0.63	0.24	0.23				
180	0.5	0.35	0.23	0.07				
200	0.35	0.18	0.22	0.02				

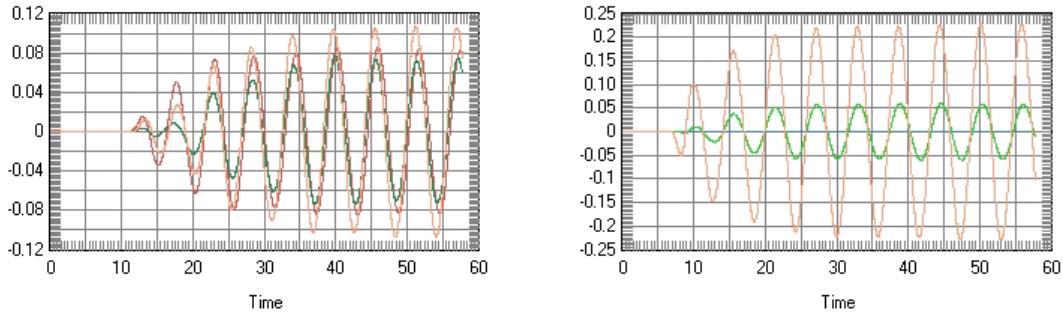


7) Test device positioning

- A description of the device test positions used in the SAR computations is provided in the SAR report.
- Illustrations showing the separation distances between the test device and the phantom for the tested configurations are provided in the SAR report.

8) Steady state termination procedures

a) The criteria used to determine that sinusoidal steady-state conditions have been reached throughout the computational domain for terminating the computations are based on the monitoring of field points to make sure they converge. For at least one passenger and one bystander exposure condition, we placed one “field sensor” near the antenna, others between the body and the domain boundary at different locations, and one inside the head of the model. In all simulations, isotropic E-field sensors were placed at opposite corners of the computational domain. We used isotropic E and H field “sensors”, meaning that all three components of the fields are monitored at these points. The following figures show an example of the time waveforms at the field point sensors in the in two opposite points in the computational domain. We selected points near the lowest and highest grid index points. They are shown together in the figure. The highest field levels are observed for the higher index point, as it is closer to the antenna. In all cases, the field reaches the steady-state after a few cycles.



b) 6000 time steps were used, with a time step approximately equal to 10 ps (meeting the Courant criterion), which corresponds to 10 wave periods at 146 MHz. 4000 time steps were used, with a time step approximately equal to 10 ps (meeting the Courant criterion), which corresponds to 18 wave periods at 450 MHz.

c) The XFDTD™ algorithm determines the field phasors by using the so-called “two-equations two-unknowns” method. Details of the algorithm are explained in [7].

9) Computing peak SAR from field components

a) The twelve E-field phasors at the edges of each Yee voxel are combined to yield the SAR associated to that voxel. In particular, the average is performed on the SAR values computed at the 12 edges of each voxel. Notice that in XFDTD™ the dielectric tissue properties are assigned to the voxel edges, thereby allowing said averaging procedure.

b) The IEEE Standards Coordinating Committee 34, Sub-Committee 2 draft standard P1529 (June 2000) discusses several algorithms for volumetric SAR averaging. It states that “It is observed that while the 12 components algorithm is the most appropriate from the mathematical point of view, the differences in 1g SAR calculated with either the 12 or 6 component methods are negligible for practical mesh resolutions (below 5mm). On the

other hand, it is shown that the 3 components approach may lead to significant errors.” XFDTD™ employs the 12-component method, which is the one recommended in the draft standard, thus providing the best achievable accuracy.

10) One-gram averaged SAR procedures

- a) XFDTD™ computes the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in each complete cell containing lossy dielectric material and with a non-zero material density. To be considered a complete cell, the twelve cell edges must belong to lossy dielectric materials. The averaging calculation uses an interpolation scheme for finding the averages. Cubical spaces centered on a cell are formed and the mass and average SAR of the sample cubes are found. The size of the sample cubes increases until the total mass of the enclosed exceeds either 1 or 10 grams. The mass and average SAR value of each cube is saved and used to interpolate the average SAR values at either 1 or 10 grams. The interpolation is performed using two methods (polynomial fit and rational function fit) and the one with the lowest error is chosen. The sample cube must meet some conditions to be considered valid. The cube may contain some non-tissue cells, but some checks are performed on the distribution of the non-tissue cells. A valid cube will not contain an entire side or corner of non-tissue cells.
- b) The sample cube increases in odd-numbered steps (1x1x1, 3x3x3, 5x5x5, etc) to remain centered on the desired cell. Since the visible human model employed herein has 5 mm resolution, the one-gram SAR is computed by averaging first over 1x1x1 voxels, corresponding to 0.125 cm³ (not enough yet), and then over a 3x3x3 voxel cube, corresponding to about 3.4 cm³, which is enough to include 1-g, and finally over a 5x5x5 voxel cube, corresponding to about 15.6 cm³, which includes 10-g. The 1-g average SAR is computed by interpolating these three data points. This procedure is repeated in the surroundings of each voxel that is constituted by lossy materials, so as to determine the 1-g and/or 10-g SAR distributions.
- c) As mentioned at points 10(a) and 10(b), the 1- gram average SAR is determined by interpolating the average SAR for the 1x1x1 , 3x3x3, and the 5x5x5 data points, corresponding to 0.125 cm³, 3.4 cm³, and 15.6 cm³, respectively. Because the interpolation is carried out across three data points, the error introduced should be negligible because the interpolating curve crosses exactly the data points.

11) Total computational uncertainty – We derived an estimate for the uncertainty of FDTD methods in evaluating SAR by referring to [6]. In Fig. 7 in [6] it is shown that the deviation between SAR estimates using the XFDTD™ code and those measured with a compliance system are typically within 10% when the probe is away from the phantom surface so that boundary effects are negligible. In that example, the simulated SAR always exceeds the measured SAR.

As discussed in 6(a), a conservative bias has been introduced in the model so as to reduce concerns regarding the computational uncertainty related to the car modeling, antenna modeling, and phantom modeling. The results of the comparison between measurements

and simulations presented in 6(a) suggest that the present model produces an overestimate of the exposure between 4% and 36%. Such a conservative bias should eliminate the need for including uncertainty considerations in the SAR assessment.

12) Test results for determining SAR compliance

a) Illustrations showing the SAR distribution of dominant peak locations produced by the test transmitter, with respect to the phantom and test device, are provided in the SAR report.

b) The input impedance and the total power radiated under the impedance match conditions that occur at the test frequency are provided by XFDTD™. XFDTD™ computes the input impedance by following the method outlined in [8], which consists in performing the integration of the steady-state magnetic field around the feed point edge to compute the steady-state feed point current (I), which is then used to divide the feed-gap steady-state voltage (V). The net *rms* radiated power is computed as

$$P_{XFDTD} = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Re} \{ VI^* \}$$

Both the input impedance and the net *rms* radiated power are provided by XFDTD™ at the end of each individual simulation.

We normalize the SAR to such a power, thereby obtaining SAR per radiated Watt (*normalized SAR*) values for the whole body and the 1-g SAR. Finally, we multiply such normalized SAR values times the max power rating of the device under test. In this way, we obtain the exposure metrics for 100% talk-time, i.e., without applying source-based time averaging.

c) For mobile radios, 50% source-based time averaging is applied by multiplying the SAR values determined at point 12(b) times a 0.5 factor.

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