

SAR Compliance Test Report

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Tested device:	RM-564		
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Supplement reports:	SalO_SAR_0909_08 for RM-424 / FCC ID: LJPRM-424 / IC ID: 661E-RM424, SD_SAR_0909_02		
Testing has been carried out in accordance with:	47CFR §2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01) Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields RSS-102 Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with Respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields IEEE 1528 - 2003 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Technique		
Documentation:	The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at TCC Nokia.		
Test results:	The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.		

Date and signatures:



For the contents:

Jose Gomez
Certification Test Engineer

2009-04-08

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1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2009-02-25 to 2009-03-01
SN, HW and SW numbers of tested device	SN: 004401/10/409383/2, HW: 0901, SW: v011.006.1, DUT: 13464 SN: 004401/10/559039/8, HW: 0901, SW: V011.009, DUT: 13531
Batteries used in testing	BP-6MT Sony, DUT: 13492,13493,13494, 13495 BP-6MT Samsung, DUT: 13490, 13491
Headsets used in testing	HS-125, DUT: 13470, 13471
Other accessories used in testing	-
State of sample	Prototype unit
Notes	-

1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Conducted power	Position	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
GSM850**	251 / 848.8	32.5 dBm ERP	Left, Cheek	0.785 W/kg	0.88 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850	4233 / 846.6	23.0 dBm ERP	Left, Cheek	0.612 W/kg	0.69 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
3-slot GPRS1900**	661 / 1880.0	27.7 dBm EIRP	Right, Cheek	0.854 W/kg	0.96 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900**	9538 / 1907.6	23.0 dBm EIRP	Right, Cheek	0.744 W/kg	0.83 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Conducted power	Separation distance	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
GSM850**	251 / 848.8	32.5 dBm ERP	2.2 cm	0.474 W/kg	0.53 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850	4233 / 846.6	23.0 dBm ERP	2.2 cm	0.443 W/kg	0.50 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
3-slot GPRS1900**	810 / 1909.8	27.7 dBm EIRP	2.2 cm	0.466 W/kg	0.52 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900**	9538 / 1907.6	23.0 dBm EIRP	2.2 cm	0.379 W/kg	0.42 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

*SAR values are scaled up by 12% to cover measurement drift. As a consequence of this conservative scaling of the SAR values, the contribution of measurement drift to the overall measurement uncertainty (Section 6) is reduced to zero.

** SAR results duplicated from Salo_SAR_0909_08 for RM-424 / FCC ID: LJPRM-424 / IC ID: 661E-RM424.

1.2.3 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift covered by 12% scaling up of the SAR values	Maximum drift during measurements
0.5dB	0.48 dB

1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	± 25.8%
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2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	Portable
Exposure environment	General population / uncontrolled

Modes of Operation	Bands	Modulation Mode	Duty Cycle	Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)
GSM	850 1900	GMSK	1/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
GPRS	850 1900	GMSK	1/8 to 3/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
EGPRS	850 1900	GMSK / 8PSK	1/8 to 3/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
WCDMA	850 (Band V) 1900 (Band II)		1	826 – 847 1852 – 1908
BT	2450	GFSK	1	2402 – 2480

Outside of USA and Canada, the transmitter of the device is capable of operating also in GSM/GPRS/EGPRS900, GSM/GPRS/EGPRS1800, and WCDMA2100 bands which are not part of this filing.

This device has Dual Transfer Mode capability for use at the ear. Therefore, SAR for multi slot GPRS mode was evaluated against the head profile of the phantom. Dual Transfer Mode is a feature that utilises the multi-slot GPRS capability in this device; it allows simultaneous transmission of voice and data during the same call, using the same transmitter and antenna.

This is a WCDMA HSUPA device. SAR tests for HSUPA mode have not been performed because none of the HSUPA Sub-test modes has an average power > 0.25dB above the basic WCDMA 12.2kbps RMC mode. A report detailing the conducted HSUPA average power values is submitted separately and summary values are presented in Appendix C of this report.

2.1 Description of the Antenna

The device has an internal antenna. The main cellular antenna is located at the top of the device underneath the back surface.

3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C):	19.9 to 22.9
Ambient humidity (RH %):	28 to 45

3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

The transmission mode of the device in all WCDMA tests was configured to 12.2kbps RMC with all TPC bits set as “1”.

When testing GSM/GPRS/EGPRS modes, comparative 1-slot, 2-slot and 3-slot SAR measurements are initially made for the same test configuration and the same frequency to determine which mode has the highest SAR value i.e. the highest average power. These comparative tests are extremely accurate in finding the highest average power mode as the device does not change its position or frequency during these tests. Once the highest average power/highest SAR mode has been determined, full SAR testing then takes place in the identified mode. When inspecting the conducted power levels given in the Results tables (Section 7) to identify the maximum SAR case, allowance must be made for the number of transmit slots. Head SAR checking in 8PSK EGPRS mode was subsequently performed in the maximum SAR test configuration for GSM/GPRS.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The radiated output power of the device was measured by a separate test laboratory on the same unit(s) as used for SAR testing. The results are given in the EMC report supporting this application.

There are two manufacturers for the BP-6MT battery - Sony and Samsung. The SAR performance with the Sony battery has been fully evaluated, whilst only checking SAR tests for the Samsung battery were performed for the maximum mode in each band; these checking tests were in 3 channels for the maximum SAR test configuration in both Head and Body. This test reduction is valid as the alternative battery will not change the maximum SAR test configuration, but could change the variation of SAR with frequency.

Some of the SAR results, SAR plots and test details given in this report are duplicated from the earlier report Salo_SAR_0909_08 for RM-424 / FCC ID: LJPRM-424 / IC ID: 661E-RM424. The difference between RM-424 and RM-564 is that RM-564 has had the WCDMA900 components removed and the WCDMA850 components added.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY4, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements was the 'advanced extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE 4	555	12 months	2009-11
DAE 4	793	12 months	2009-04
E-field Probe ES3DV3	3131	12 months	2010-02
E-field Probe ES3DV6	3165	12 months	2009-04
Dipole Validation Kit, D835V2	480	24 months	2009-05
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	5d030	24 months	2010-01
DASY4 software	Version 4.7	-	-

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	SML03	101265	12 months	2009-07
Amplifier	ZHL-42 (SMA)	N072095-5	12 months	2009-07
Power Meter	NRVS	849305/028	12 months	2009-07
Power Sensor	NRV-Z32	839176/020	12 months	2009-07
Call Tester	CMU 200	101111	-	-
Call Tester	CMU 200	104983	-	-
Vector Network Analyzer	8753E	US38432928	12 months	2009-07
Dielectric Probe Kit	85070B	US33020420	-	-

4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ES3DV3

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl diglycol)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 20 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 3.9 mm
Application	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.3 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants whose dielectric parameters were within $\pm 5\%$ of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the tissue simulant was 15.0 ± 0.5 cm measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements.

4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes

The following recipe(s) were used for Head and Body tissue simulant(s):

800MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	51.50	69.25
Tween 20	47.35	30.00
Salt	1.15	0.75

1900MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	54.50	70.25
Tween 20	45.23	29.41
Salt	0.27	0.34

4.3.2 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

System checking, head tissue simulant

<i>f</i> [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.29	41.6	0.90	
	± 10% window	2.06 – 2.52			
	2009-02-25	2.50	40.4	0.91	21.0
	2009-02-26	2.48	40.6	0.91	21.0
1900	Reference result	10.2	38.5	1.46	
	± 10% window	9.2 – 11.2			
	2009-02-26	10.4	38.0	1.47	21.0
	2009-03-01	10.7	38.1	1.48	21.0

System checking, body tissue simulant

<i>f</i> [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
1900	Reference result	9.62	53.1	1.54	
	± 10% window	8.66 – 10.58			
	2009-02-27	10.0	52.1	1.54	21.0

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.

4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

Head tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	41.5	0.90	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	39.4 – 43.6	0.86 – 0.95	
	2009-02-25	40.5	0.91	21.0
	2009-02-26	40.6	0.92	21.0
1880	Recommended value	40.0	1.40	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	38.0 – 42.0	1.33 – 1.47	
	2009-02-26	38.1	1.45	21.0
	2009-03-01	38.2	1.46	21.0

Body tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	55.2	0.97	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	52.4 – 58.0	0.92 – 1.02	
	2009-02-25	52.9	0.99	21.0
	2009-02-26	52.9	0.99	21.0
1880	Recommended value	53.3	1.52	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	50.6 – 56.0	1.44 – 1.60	
	2009-02-27	52.1	1.53	21.0

5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.



Nokia spacer

5.2 Test Positions

5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the separation distance indicated in Section 1.2.2 using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with its back facing the phantom since this orientation gives higher results.

5.3 Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next, a zoom scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm, was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	C_i	$C_i \cdot U_i$ (%)	ν_i
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	±5.9	N	1	1	±5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	±4.7	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	±1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	±9.6	R	√3	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	±3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Linearity	E2.4	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	±1.0	N	1	1	±1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5	±3.9	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2	±6.0	N	1	1	±6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1	±5.0	N	1	1	±5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	±0.0	R	√3	1	±0.0	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±5.5	N	1	0.64	±3.5	5
Permittivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±2.9	N	1	0.6	±1.7	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			±12.9	116
Coverage Factor for 95%			k=2				
Expanded Uncertainty						±25.8	

7. RESULTS

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Head SAR results

Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
GSM	Conducted Power		32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm
BP-6MT Sony	Left	Cheek	0.562	0.713	0.785
		Tilt	-	0.371	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.650	-
		Tilt	-	0.354	-
2-slot GPRS	Conducted Power		-	29.5 dBm	-
BP-6MT Sony	Left	Cheek	-	0.664	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
3-slot GPRS	Conducted Power		-	27.7 dBm	-
BP-6MT Sony	Left	Cheek	-	0.667	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
1-slot 8PSK EGPRS	Conducted Power		-	-	26.5 dBm
BP-6MT Sony	Left	Cheek	-	-	0.068
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 4132 826.4 MHz	Ch 4175 835.0 MHz	Ch 4233 846.6 MHz
WCDMA	Conducted Power		23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm
BP-6MT Sony	Left	Cheek	0.516	0.578	0.612
		Tilt	-	0.357	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.538	-
		Tilt	-	0.360	-
GSM BP-6MT Samsung	Left, Cheek		0.413	0.536	0.599

1900MHz Head SAR results

Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
GSM	Conducted Power		-	29.5 dBm	-
BP-6MT Sony	Left	Cheek	-	0.356	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	Conducted Power		-	29.5 dBm	-
BP-6MT Sony	Left	Cheek	-	0.673	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
3-slot GPRS	Conducted Power		27.7 dBm	27.7 dBm	27.7 dBm
BP-6MT Sony	Left	Cheek	-	0.691	-
		Tilt	-	0.716	-
	Right	Cheek	0.774	0.854	0.853
		Tilt	-	0.799	-
3-slot 8PSK EGPRS	Conducted Power		-	23.7 dBm	-
BP-6MT Sony	Left	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.281	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 9262 1852.4 MHz	Ch 9400 1880.0 MHz	Ch 9538 1907.6 MHz
WCDMA	Conducted Power		23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm
BP-6MT Sony	Left	Cheek		0.574	
		Tilt		0.588	
	Right	Cheek	0.712	0.696	0.744
		Tilt		0.644	
3-slot GPRS BP-6MT Samsung	Right, Cheek		0.767	0.826	0.828

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Body SAR results

Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
GSM		Conducted Power	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm
BP-6MT Sony	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset HS-125	-	-	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.362	0.425	0.474
		Headset HS-125	-	0.322	-
Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 4132 826.4 MHz	Ch 4175 835.0 MHz	Ch 4233 846.6 MHz
WCDMA		Conducted Power	23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm
BP-6MT Sony	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset HS-125	-	-	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.351	0.424	0.443
		Headset HS-125	-	0.308	-
GSM BP-6MT Samsung	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.146	0.190	0.244

1900MHz Body SAR results

Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
3-slot GPRS		Conducted Power	27.7 dBm	27.7 dBm	27.7 dBm
BP-6MT Sony	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset HS-125	-	-	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.419	0.439	0.447
		Headset HS-125	-	0.438	-
Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 9262 1852.4 MHz	Ch 9400 1880.0 MHz	Ch 9538 1907.6 MHz
WCDMA		Conducted Power	23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm
BP-6MT Sony	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset HS-125	-	-	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.370	0.374	0.379
		Headset HS-125	-	0.342	-
3-slot GPRS BP-6MT Samsung	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.412	0.438	0.466

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.

Note: with the exception of WCDMA850, all the results tabulated above are duplicated from Salo_SAR_0909_08 for RM-424 / FCC ID: LJPRM-424 / IC ID: 661E-RM424.

APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS

Date/Time: 2009-02-25 7:57:49

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:480

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: 20.3 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.912$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.64 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.7 V/m

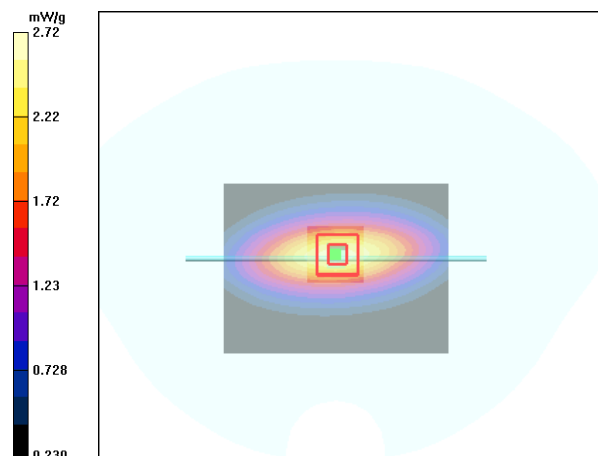
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.5 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.62 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.016 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.72 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-26 08:13:35

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:480

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.914 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.64 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.9 V/m

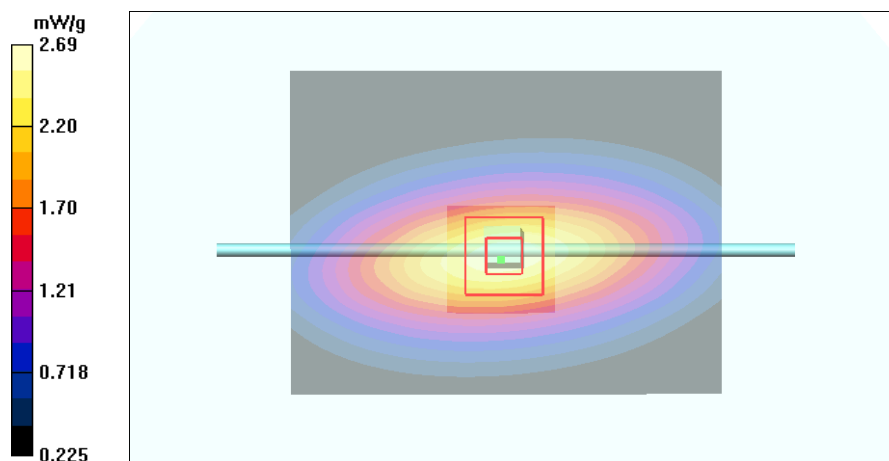
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.76 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.48 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.057 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.69 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-26 10:53:14

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d030

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.9C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.2 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.6 V/m

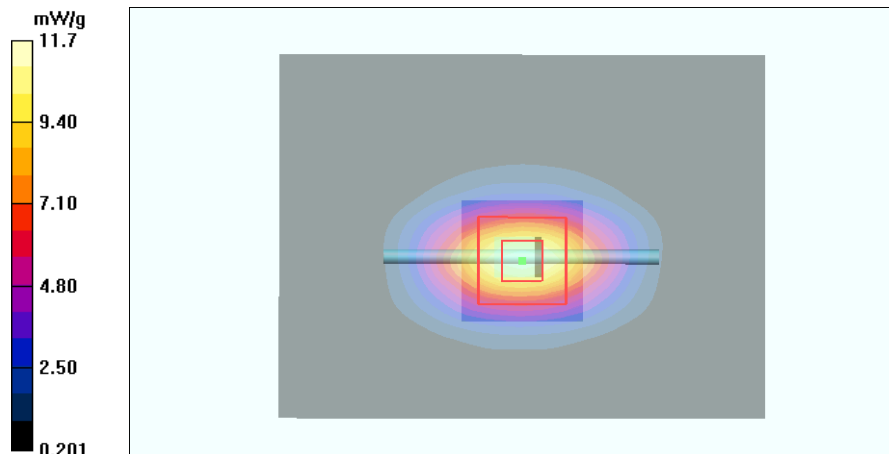
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.33 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.027 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.7 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-01 11:39:23

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d030

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.3C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.4 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.6 V/m

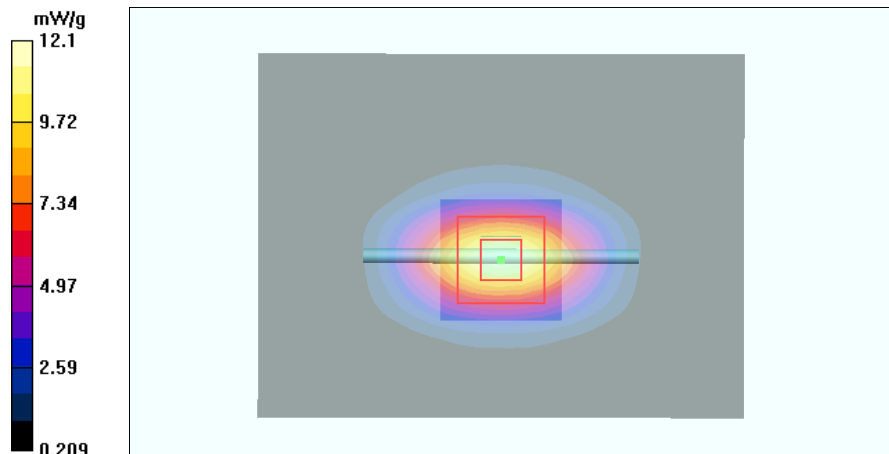
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.7 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.48 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.002 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.1 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-27 10:49:10

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d030

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.8C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.0 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 86.5 V/m

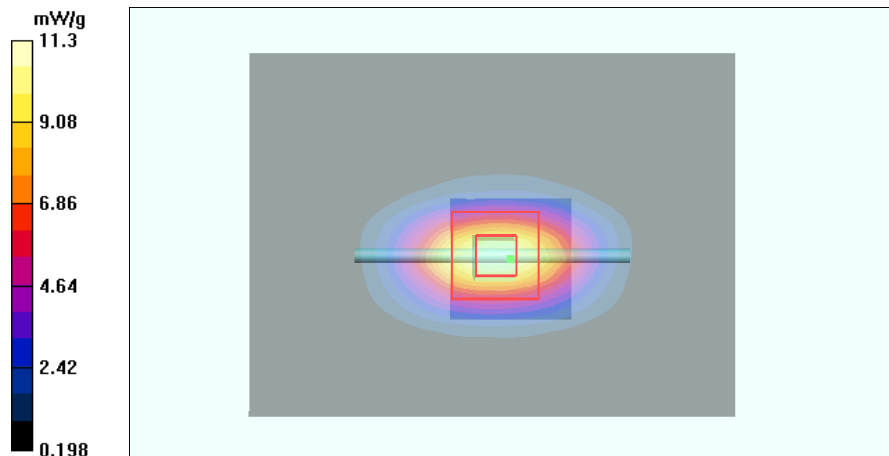
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.18 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.026 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g



APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS

Date/Time: 2009-02-26 09:52:09

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.922$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - High - BP-6MT Sony/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.830 mW/g

Cheek position - High - BP-6MT Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.1 V/m

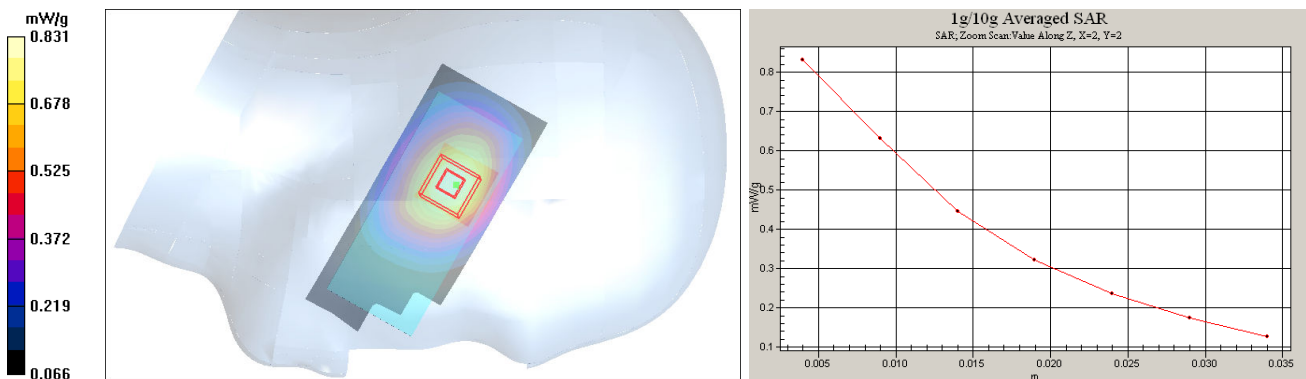
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.785 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.548 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.099 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.831 mW/g



SAR Report

SD_SAR_0909_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-564

Copyright © 2009 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2009-02-26 10:18:26

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.916$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.397 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.5 V/m

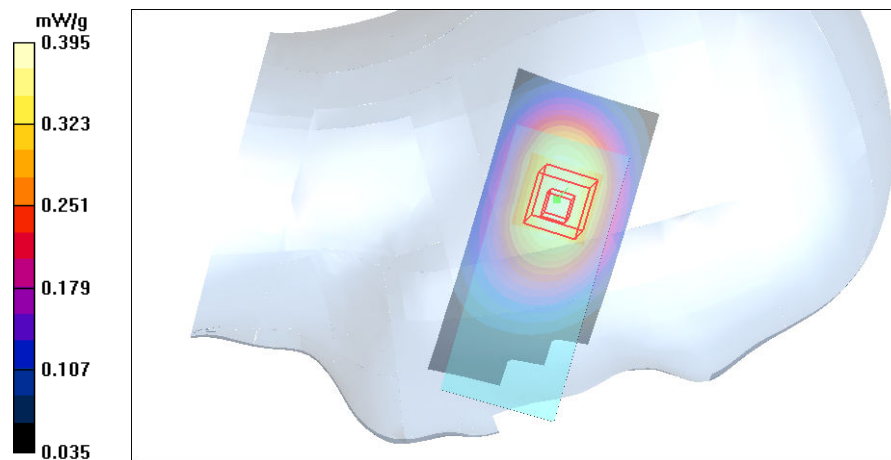
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.497 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.371 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.262 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.292 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.395 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-26 10:47:34

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.916$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.689 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.1 V/m

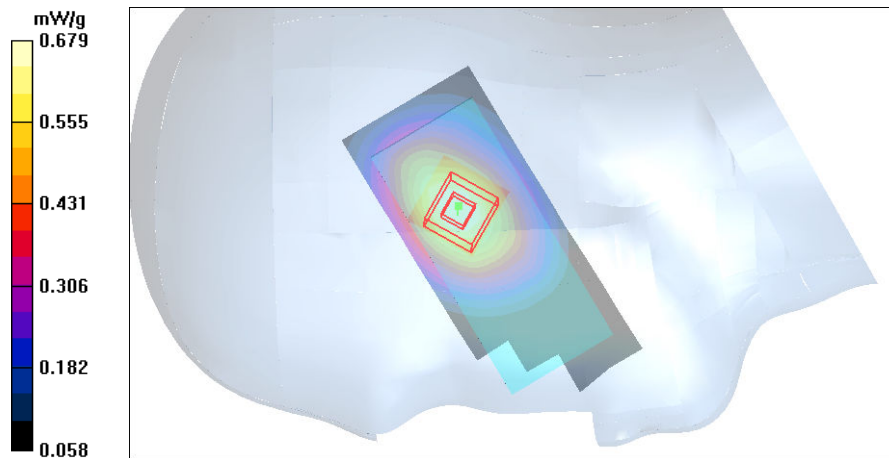
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.911 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.650 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.449 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.185 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.679 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-26 10:35:16

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.916$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.401 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.5 V/m

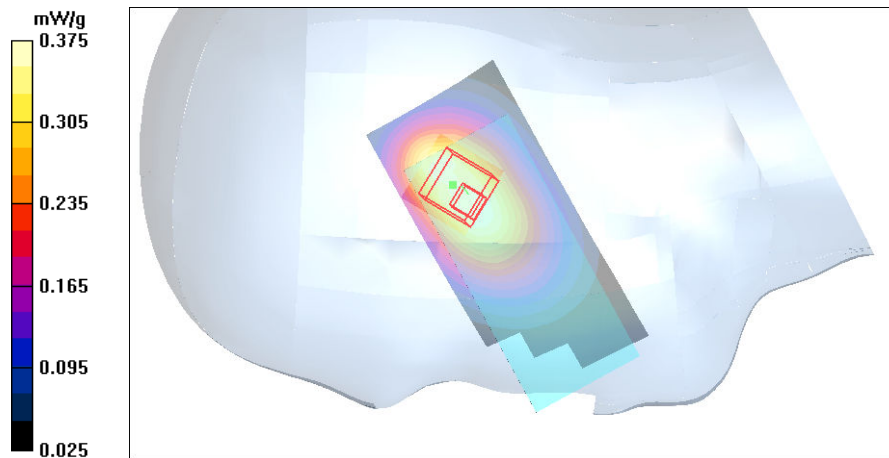
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.578 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.354 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.242 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.295 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.375 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-26 09:09:06

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.916$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.704 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.6 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.930 W/kg

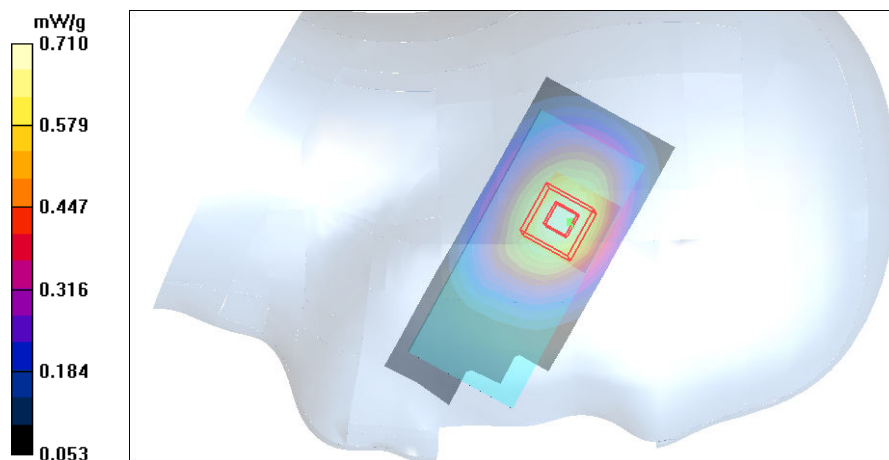
SAR(1 g) = 0.664 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.455 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.059 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.710 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-26 09:22:26

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.916 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.693 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 21.6 V/m

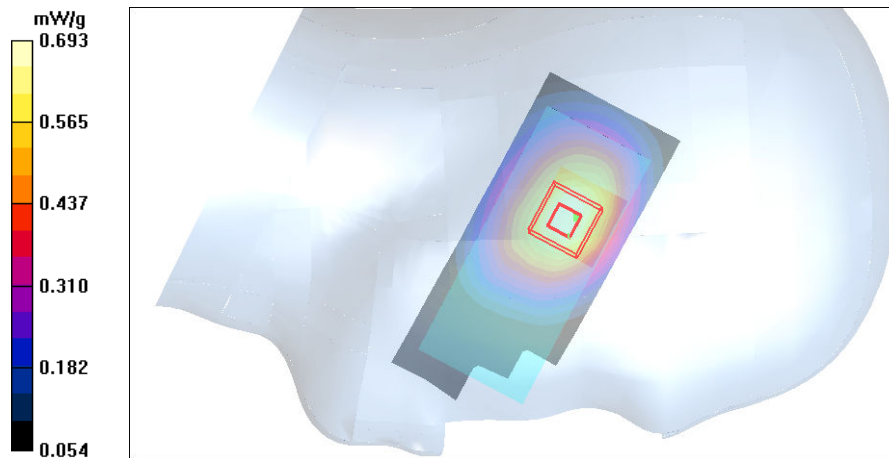
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.937 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.667 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.459 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.029 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.693 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-26 12:00:47

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: 1-slot 8PSK EGPRS850

Frequency: 849 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.922$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - High - BP-6MT Sony/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.072 mW/g

Cheek position - High - BP-6MT Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.98 V/m

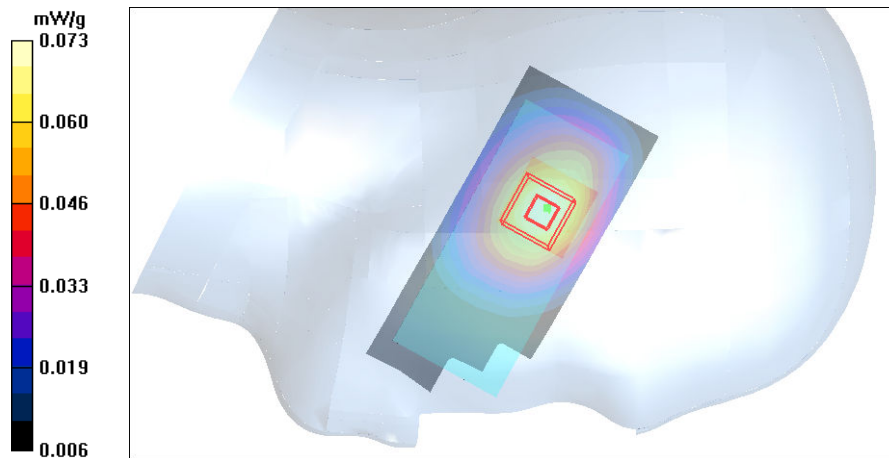
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.096 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.068 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.047 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.044 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.073 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-25 11:15:55

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-564; Serial: 004401/10/559039/8

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: 20.3 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 847$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.918$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Cheek position - High - BP-6MT Sony/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.644 mW/g

Cheek position - High - BP-6MT Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.9 V/m

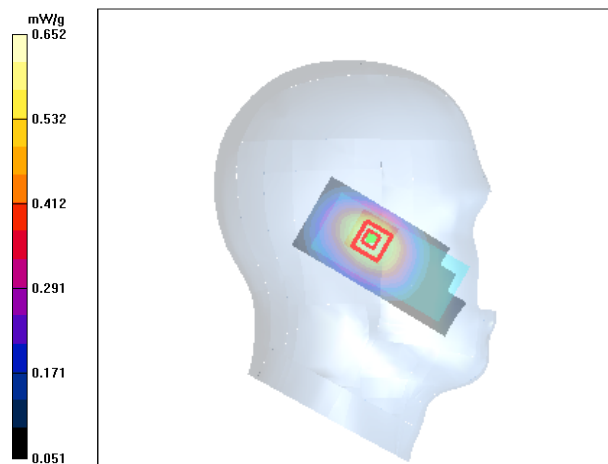
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.844 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.612 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.421 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.652 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-25 10:20:11

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-564; Serial: 004401/10/559039/8

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: 20.3 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.912$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.390 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.7 V/m

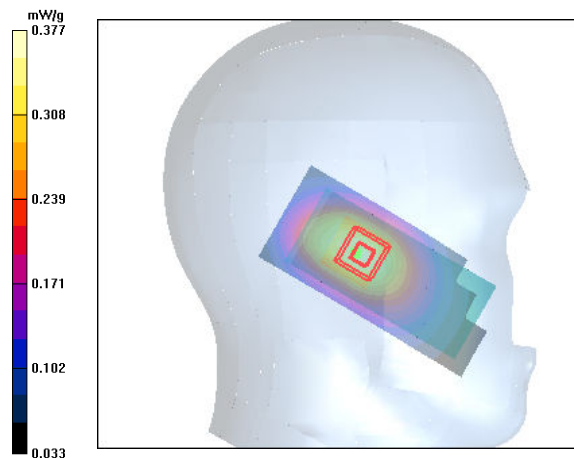
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.484 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.357 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.250 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.276 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.377 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-25 10:49:41

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-564; Serial: 004401/10/559039/8

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: 20.3 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.912$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Cheek position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.575 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.6 V/m

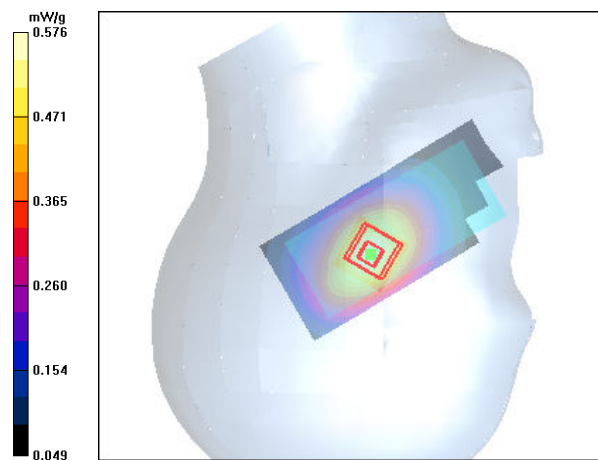
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.754 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.538 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.370 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.098 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.576 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-25 10:36:41

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-564; Serial: 004401/10/559039/8

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: 20.3 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.912 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.392 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 18.9 V/m

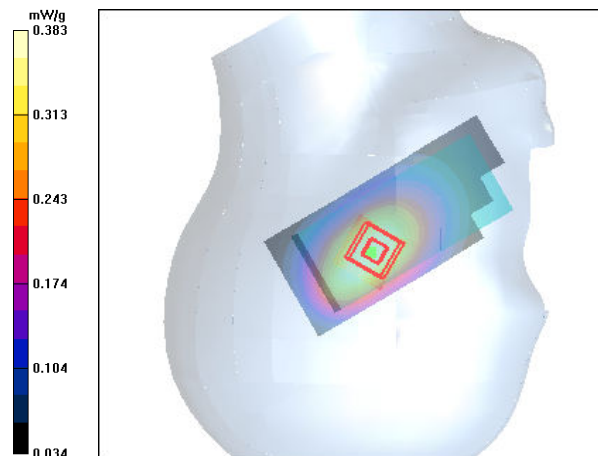
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.492 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.360 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.250 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.273 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.383 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-26 11:41:11

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.922$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - High - BP-6MT Samsung/Area Scan (41x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.626 mW/g

Cheek position - High - BP-6MT Samsung/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.8 V/m

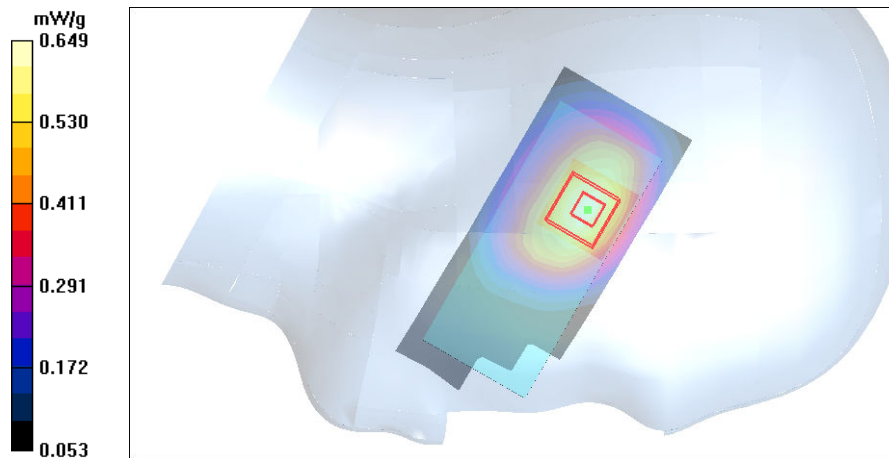
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.846 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.599 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.407 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.051 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.649 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-26 15:25:32

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.9C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.392 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.7 V/m

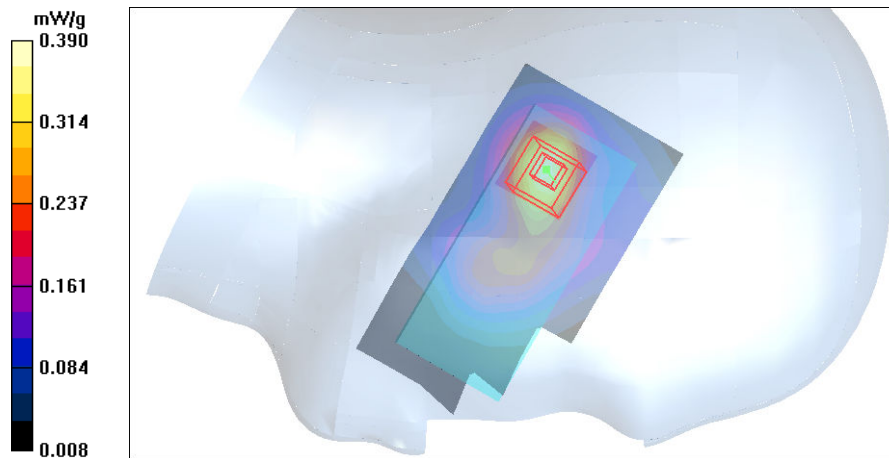
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.543 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.356 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.207 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.279 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.390 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-26 15:41:55

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.9C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.716 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.1 V/m

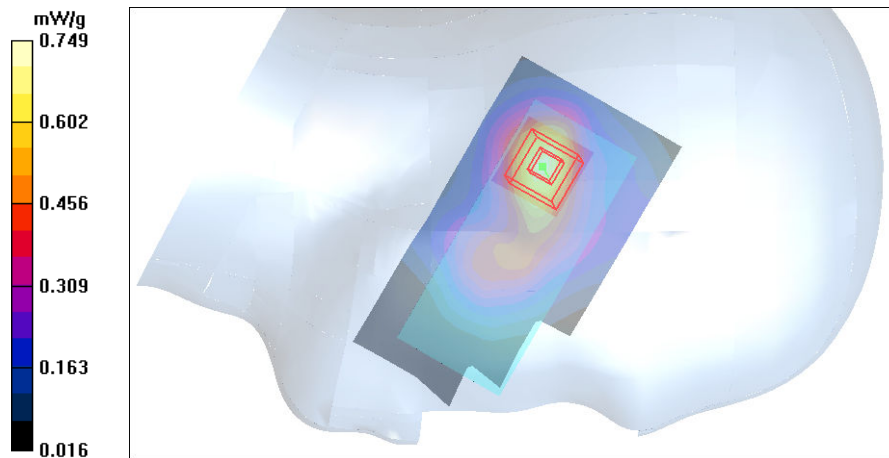
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.673 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.391 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.043 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.749 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-26 15:56:19

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.9C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.774 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.1 V/m

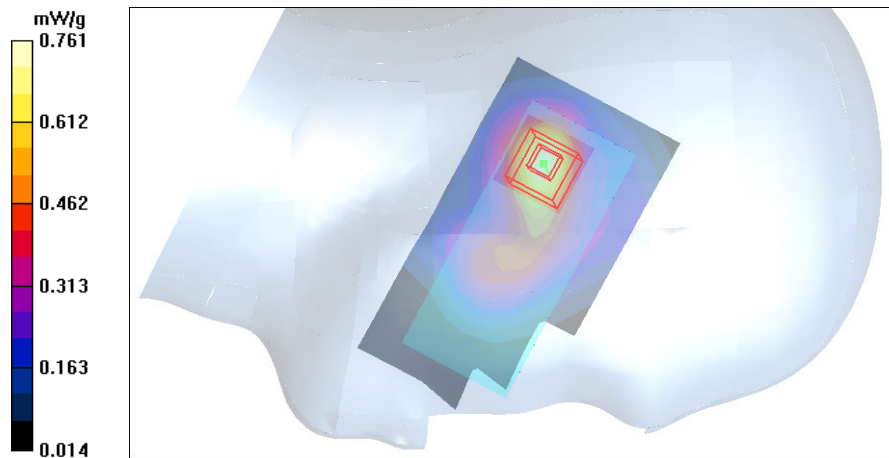
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.691 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.400 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.019 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.761 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-26 16:11:52

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.9C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.806 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.4 V/m

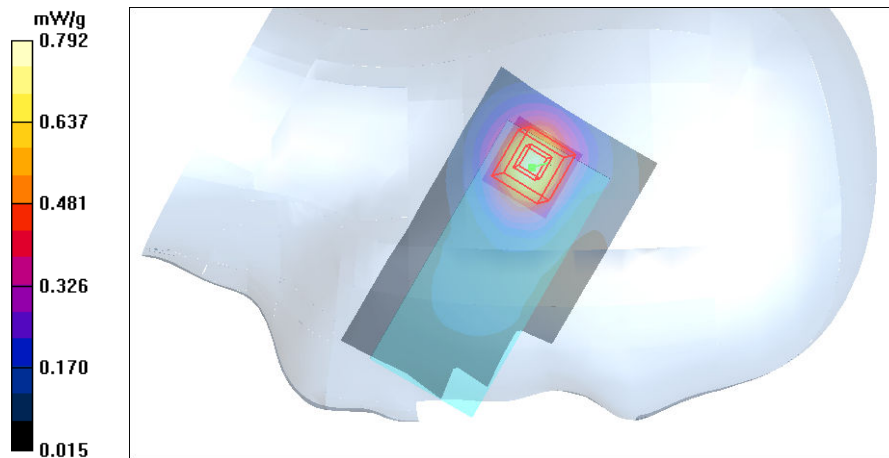
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.20 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.716 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.398 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.212 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.792 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-26 16:41:33

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.9C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.928 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.4 V/m

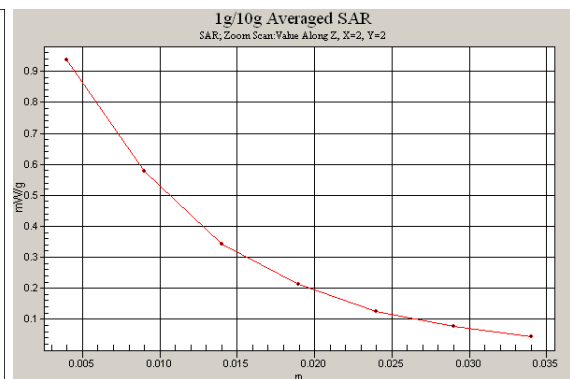
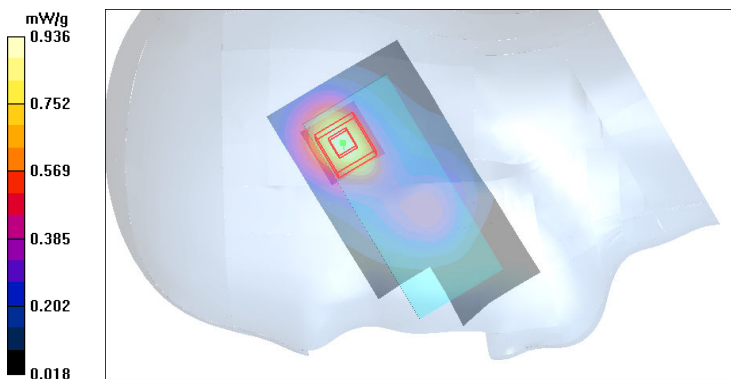
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.854 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.485 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.281 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.936 mW/g



SAR Report

SD_SAR_0909_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-564

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Date/Time: 2009-02-26 16:56:08

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.9C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.914 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.4 V/m

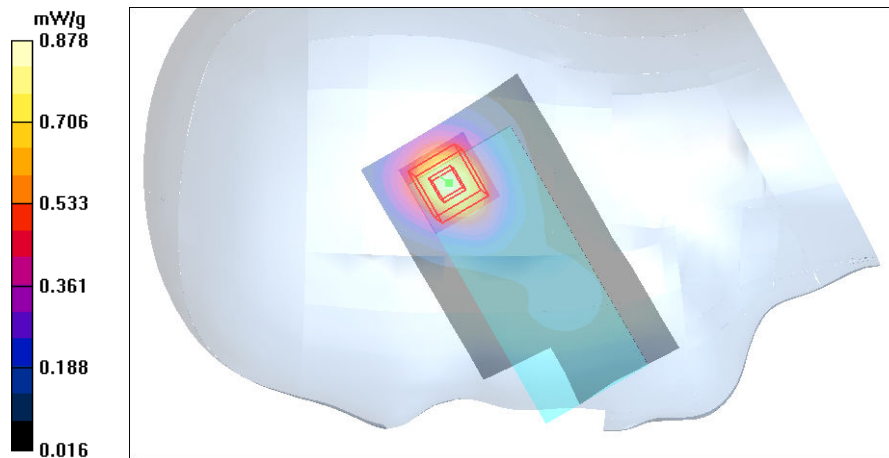
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.799 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.444 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.210 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.878 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-26 17:52:41

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: 3-slot 8PSK EGPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.9C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.313 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.0 V/m

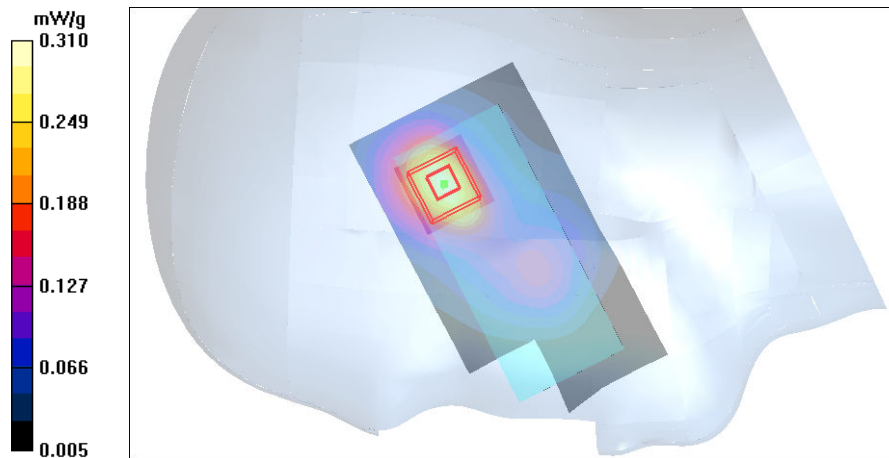
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.459 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.281 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.159 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.066 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.310 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-01 12:44:46

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.3C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.628 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.8 V/m

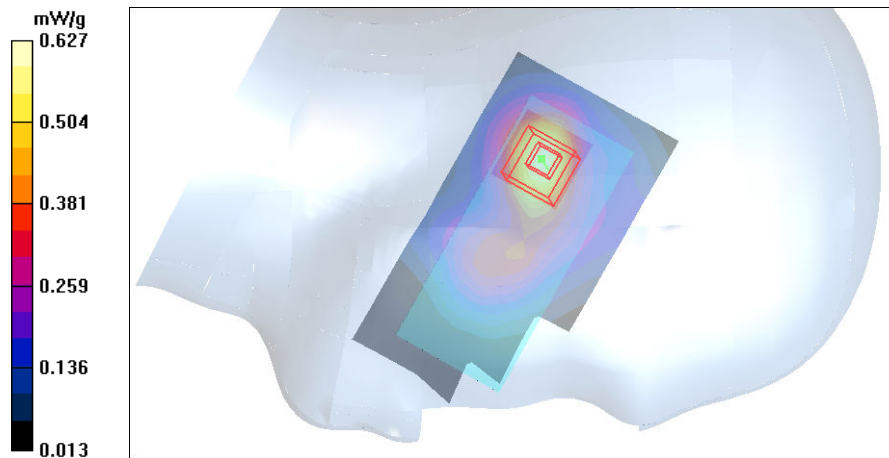
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.891 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.574 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.335 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.132 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.627 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-01 12:59:51

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.3C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle, BP-6MT Sony/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.666 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle, BP-6MT Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.0 V/m

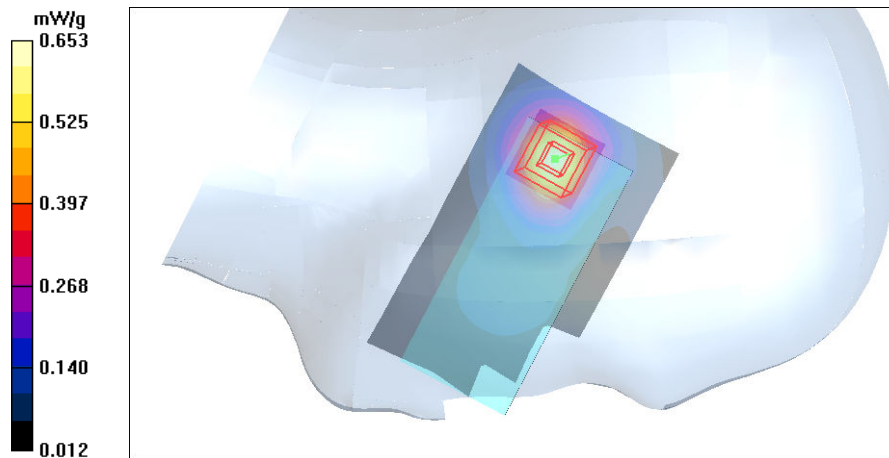
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.974 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.588 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.328 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.125 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.653 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-01 14:26:01

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.3C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1908$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - High - BP-6MT Sony/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.839 mW/g

Cheek position - High - BP-6MT Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.3 V/m

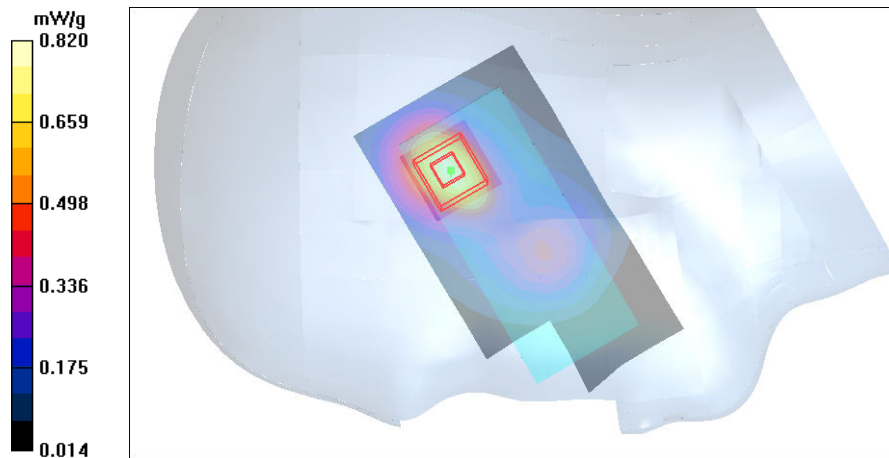
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.744 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.423 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.010 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.820 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-03-01 13:36:24

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 21.3C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.715 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - BP-6MT Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.7 V/m

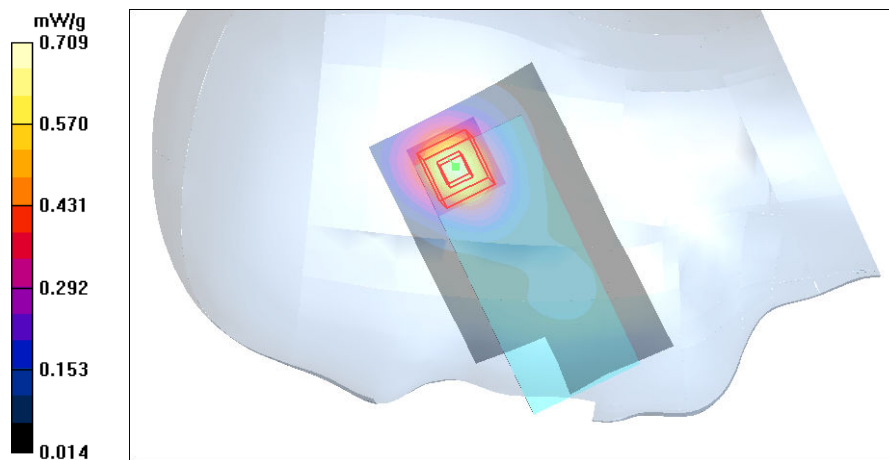
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.644 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.359 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.207 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.709 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-26 18:43:19

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.9C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2008-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1449
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek position - High - BP-6MT Samsung/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.930 mW/g

Cheek position - High - BP-6MT Samsung/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.7 V/m

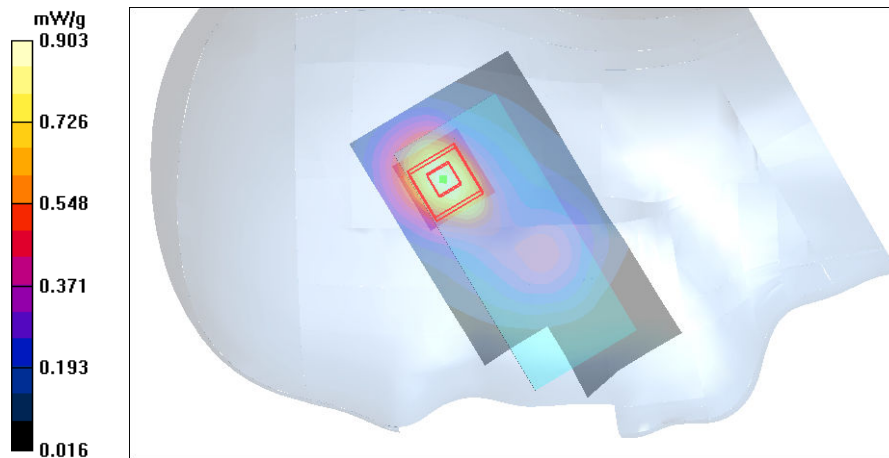
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.35 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.828 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.475 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.001 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.903 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-26 12:43:22

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: 20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131

- ConvF(5.64, 5.64, 5.64); Calibrated: 2009-02-12

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07

- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body Measurement - High - BP-6MT Sony - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (41x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.483 mW/g

Body Measurement - High - BP-6MT Sony - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.9 V/m

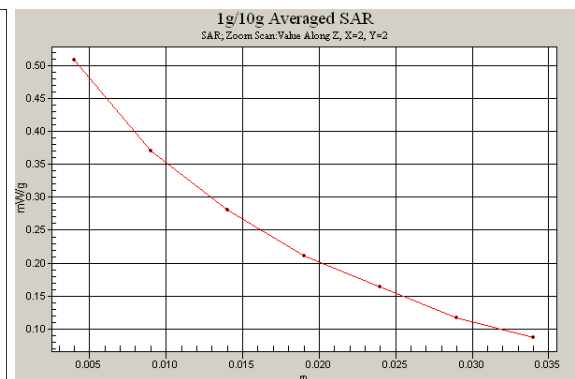
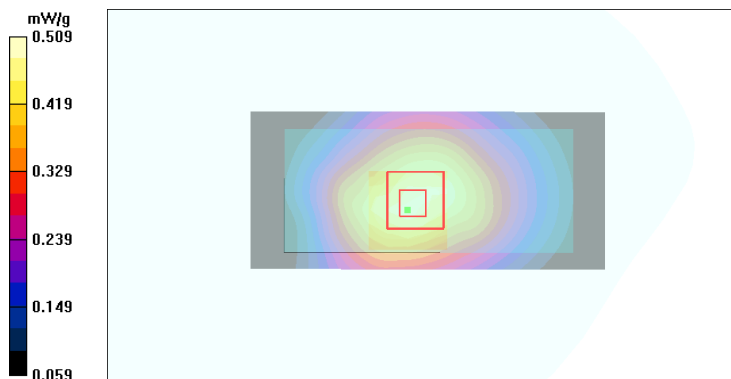
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.633 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.474 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.342 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.099 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.509 mW/g



SAR Report

SD_SAR_0909_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-564

Copyright © 2009 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2009-02-26 13:35:17

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: 20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.993$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.64, 5.64, 5.64); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body Measurement - Middle - BP-6MT Sony - HS-125 - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (41x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.348 mW/g

Body Measurement - Middle - BP-6MT Sony - HS-125 - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.0 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.426 W/kg

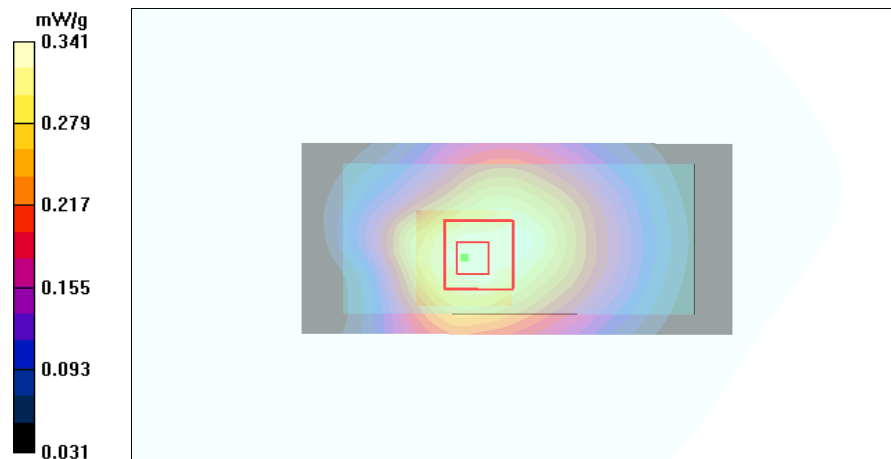
SAR(1 g) = 0.322 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.237 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.016 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.341 mW/g



SAR Report

SD_SAR_0909_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-564

Copyright © 2009 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2009-02-25 13:33:47

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-564; Serial: 004401/10/559039/8

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 847$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.999$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 2008-04-22
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Body Measurement - high - BP-6MT Sony - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (41x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.467 mW/g

Body Measurement - high - BP-6MT Sony - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.3 V/m

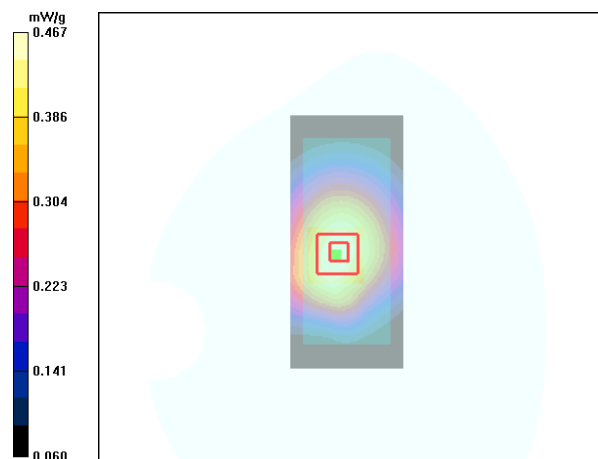
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.571 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.443 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.326 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.007 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.467 mW/g



SAR Report

SD_SAR_0909_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-564

Copyright © 2009 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2009-02-25 13:09:07

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-564; Serial: 004401/10/559039/8

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: 20.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.993$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68); Calibrated: 2008-04-22
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Body Measurement - Middle - BP-6MT Sony - HS-125 - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (41x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.325 mW/g

Body Measurement - Middle - BP-6MT Sony - HS-125 - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.4 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.396 W/kg

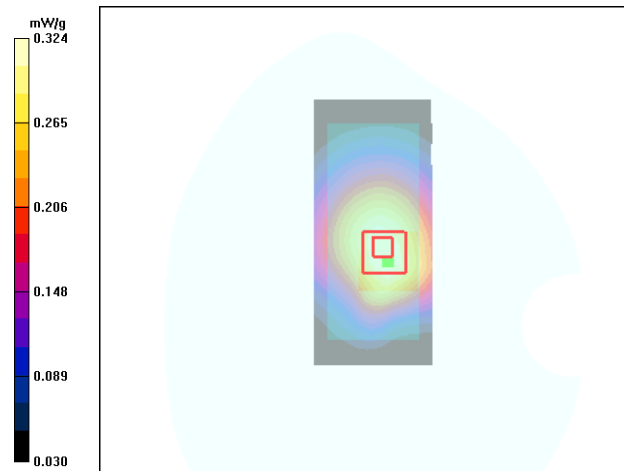
SAR(1 g) = 0.308 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.226 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.017 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.324 mW/g



SAR Report

SD_SAR_0909_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-564

Copyright © 2009 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2009-02-26 14:12:26

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: 20.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.64, 5.64, 5.64); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2008-11-07
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body Measurement - High - BP-6MT Samsung - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (41x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.259 mW/g

Body Measurement - High - BP-6MT Samsung - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube

0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.1 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.330 W/kg

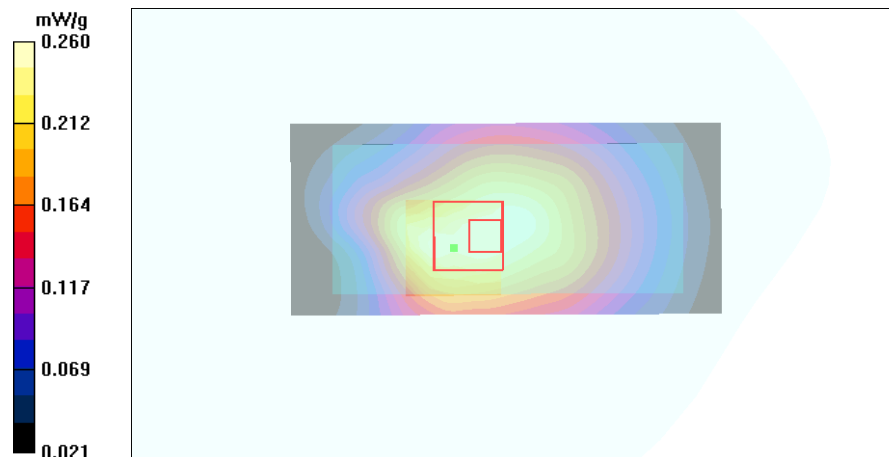
SAR(1 g) = 0.244 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.178 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.145 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 1 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement. Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.260 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-27 14:21:28

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.8C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165

- ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2008-04-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30

- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body Measurement - High - BP-6MT Sony - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (41x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.494 mW/g

Body Measurement - High - BP-6MT Sony - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.7 V/m

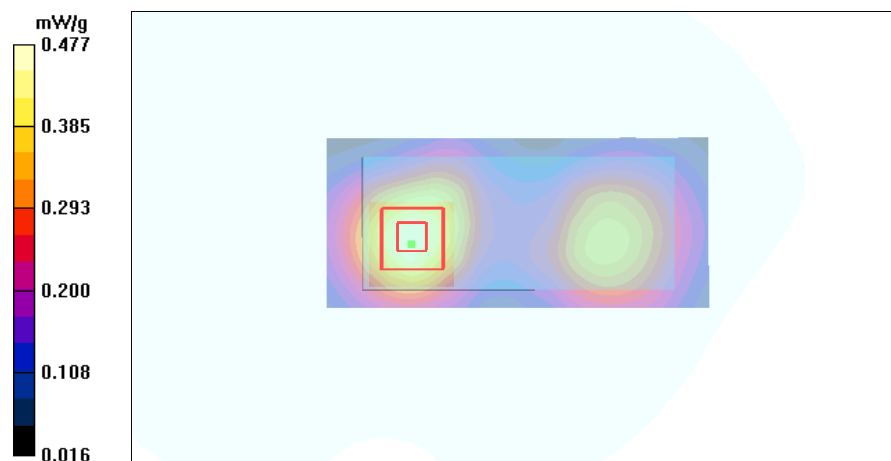
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.696 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.447 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.283 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.045 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.477 mW/g



SAR Report

SD_SAR_0909_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-564

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Date/Time: 2009-02-27 14:00:34

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.8C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165

- ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2008-04-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30

- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body Measurement - Middle - BP-6MT Sony - HS-125 - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (41x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.488 mW/g

Body Measurement - Middle - BP-6MT Sony - HS-125 - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.8 V/m

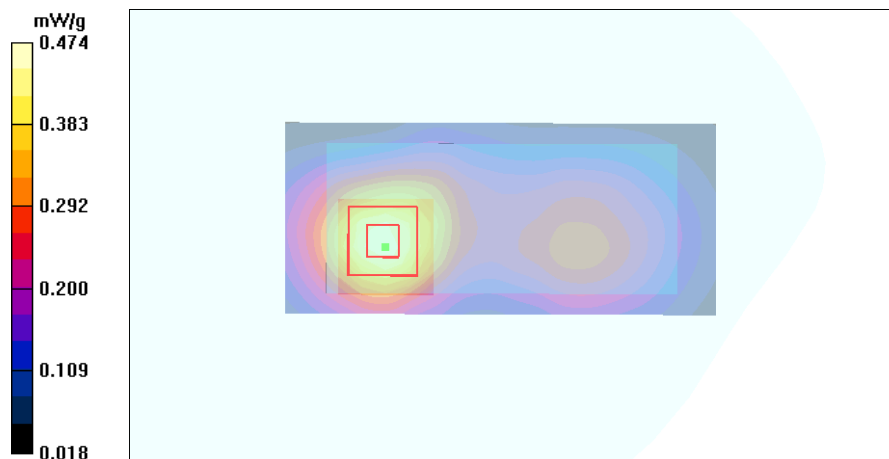
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.676 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.438 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.275 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.041 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.474 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-27 12:01:51

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.8C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1908$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165

- ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2008-04-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30

- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body Measurement - High - BP-6MT Sony - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (41x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.432 mW/g

Body Measurement - High - BP-6MT Sony - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.1 V/m

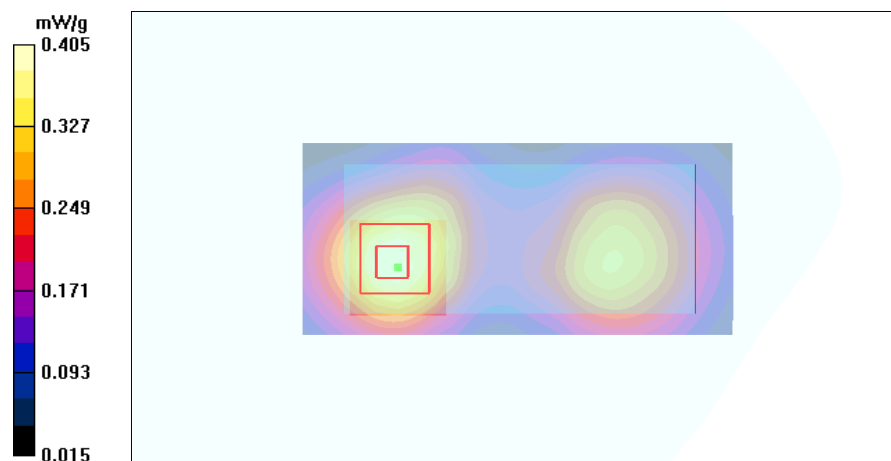
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.581 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.379 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.240 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.405 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-02-27 11:33:36

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.8C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165

- ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2008-04-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30

- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body Measurement - Middle - BP-6MT Sony - HS-125 - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (41x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.386 mW/g

Body Measurement - Middle - BP-6MT Sony - HS-125 - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.2 V/m

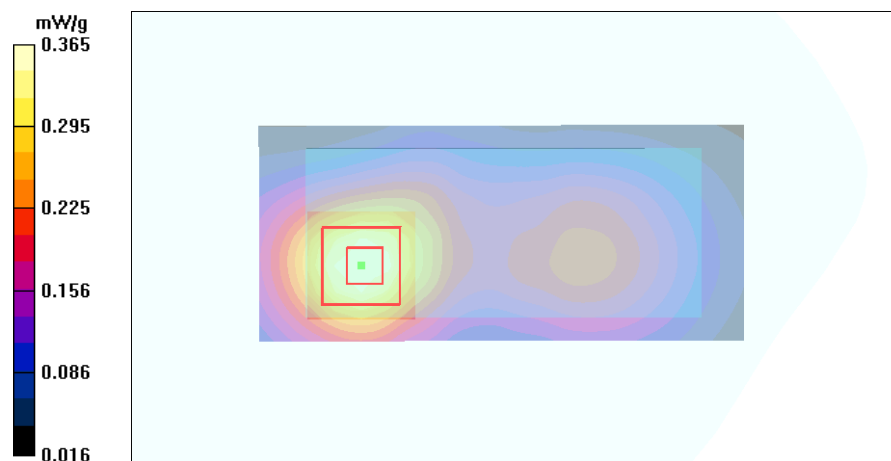
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.531 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.342 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.217 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.024 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.365 mW/g



SAR Report

SD_SAR_0909_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-564

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Date/Time: 2009-02-27 14:36:02

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409383/2

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: 20.8C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165

- ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2008-04-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2008-04-30

- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body Measurement - High - BP-6MT Samsung - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (41x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.519 mW/g

Body Measurement - High - BP-6MT Samsung - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube

0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.2 V/m

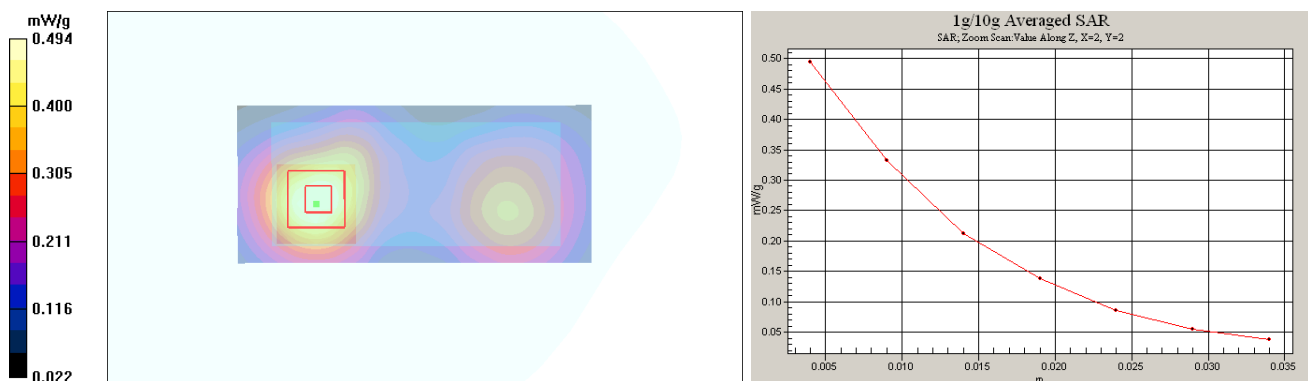
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.716 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.466 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.294 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.117 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.494 mW/g



SAR Report

SD_SAR_0909_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-564

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APPENDIX C: CONDUCTED AVERAGE POWER MEASUREMENTS FOR WCDMA AND HSUPA

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: RM-564; Serial: 004401/10/559021/6

C.1. WCDMA850 Test results

Average power

Ch / f [MHz]	P [dBm]
4133 / 826.6	22.63
4175 / 835.0	22.51
4232 / 846.4	22.55

C.2. HSUPA850 Test results

Average power

Ch / f [MHz]	P [dBm]				
	Subtest mode 1	Subtest mode 2	Subtest mode 3	Subtest mode 4	Subtest mode 5
4133 / 826.6	19.92	18.28	20.54	19.26	20.06
4175 / 835.0	19.44	18.05	20.32	19.29	19.58
4232 / 846.4	19.86	19.33	20.29	19.32	19.77

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: RM-424; Serial: 004401/10/409438/4

C.3. WCDMA1900 Test results **

Average power

Ch / f [MHz]	P [dBm]
9263 / 1852.6	23.31
9400 / 1880.0	23.07
9537 / 1907.4	23.24

C.4. HSUPA1900 Test results **

Average power

Ch / f [MHz]	P [dBm]				
	Subtest mode 1	Subtest mode 2	Subtest mode 3	Subtest mode 4	Subtest mode 5
9263 / 1852.6	19.37	19.42	20.57	19.63	19.19
9400 / 1880.0	19.03	18.40	20.32	19.24	18.97
9537 / 1907.4	19.99	18.77	20.67	19.76	20.15

** Power data duplicated from Salo_SAR_0909_08 fro RM-424 / FCC ID: LJPRM-424 / IC ID: 661E-RM424

APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORTS(S)

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **ES3-3131_Feb09**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3131**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL-23.v3**
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **February 12, 2009**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00865)	Jul-09
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787)	Apr-09
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00866)	Jul-09
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09)	Jan-10
DAE4	SN: 660	9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-660_Sep08)	Sep-09

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)	In house check: Oct-09

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: February 12, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ES3-3131_Feb09

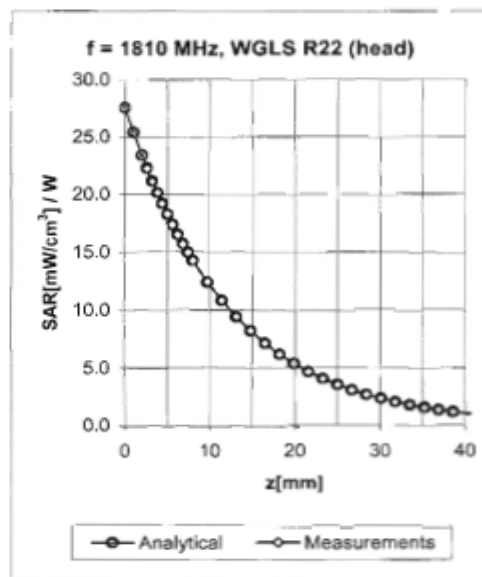
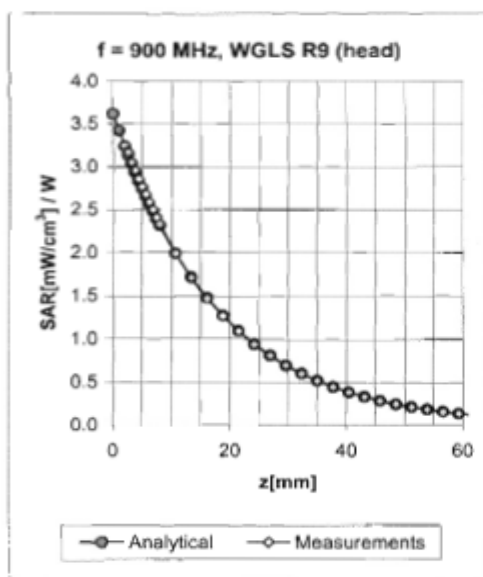
Page 1 of 9

SAR Report
SD_SAR_0909_01
Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-564

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Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.69	1.17	5.70 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.39	1.63	4.86 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.47	1.46	4.66 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.42	1.74	4.33 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.69	1.26	5.64 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.49	1.37	4.65 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.45	1.46	4.61 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.99	1.08	3.98 ± 11.0% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates.

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **ES3-3165_Apr08**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3165**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL-23.v3
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **April 23, 2008**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3 °C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	8-Aug-07 (No. 217-00719)	Aug-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787)	Apr-09
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	8-Aug-07 (No. 217-00720)	Aug-08
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-08 (No. ES3-3013_Jan08)	Jan-09
DAE4	SN: 660	3-Sep-07 (No. DAE4-660_Sep07)	Sep-08

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	in house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07)	in house check: Oct-08

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: April 23, 2008

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Certificate No: **ES3-3165_Apr08**

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Type: RM-564

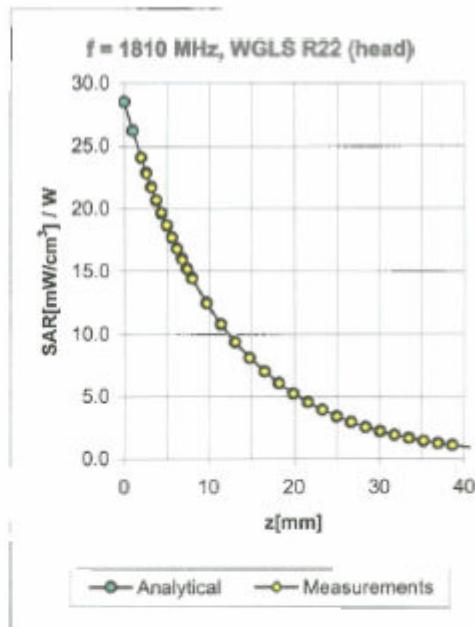
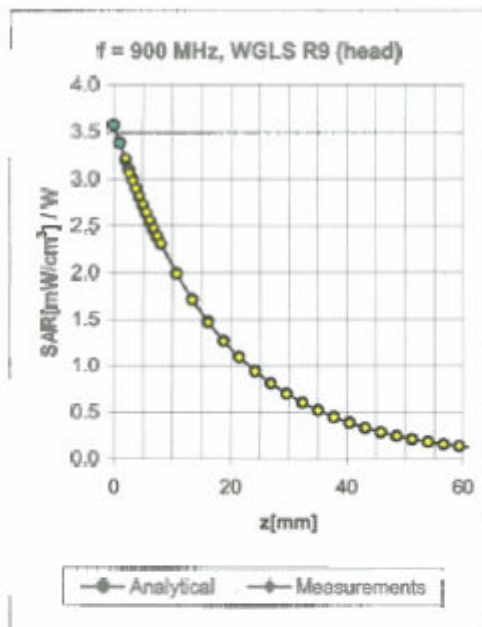
SAR Report

SD_SAR_0909_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

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Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF	Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.84	1.20	6.23	± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.93	1.13	5.14	± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.88	1.17	4.87	± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.79	1.24	4.57	± 11.0% (k=2)
2600	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.0 ± 5%	1.96 ± 5%	0.73	1.30	4.49	± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	1.00	1.14	5.75	± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.97	1.12	5.23	± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.79	1.29	4.96	± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.63	1.50	4.24	± 11.0% (k=2)
2600	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.5 ± 5%	2.16 ± 5%	0.70	1.44	4.07	± 11.0% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

APPENDIX E: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **D835V2-480_May07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 480**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v6**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **May 21, 2007**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608)	Oct-07
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608)	Oct-07
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591)	Aug-07
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591)	Aug-07
Reference Probe ET3DV6 (HF)	SN 1507	19-Oct-06 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct06)	Oct-07
DAE4	SN 601	30-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan07)	Jan-08
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	in house check: Oct-07
RF generator Agilent E4421B	MY41000675	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	in house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06)	in house check: Oct-07

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Marcel Fehr	Laboratory Technician	

	Name	Function	Signature
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: May 30, 2007

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 21.05.2007 15:29:18

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:480

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.9 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

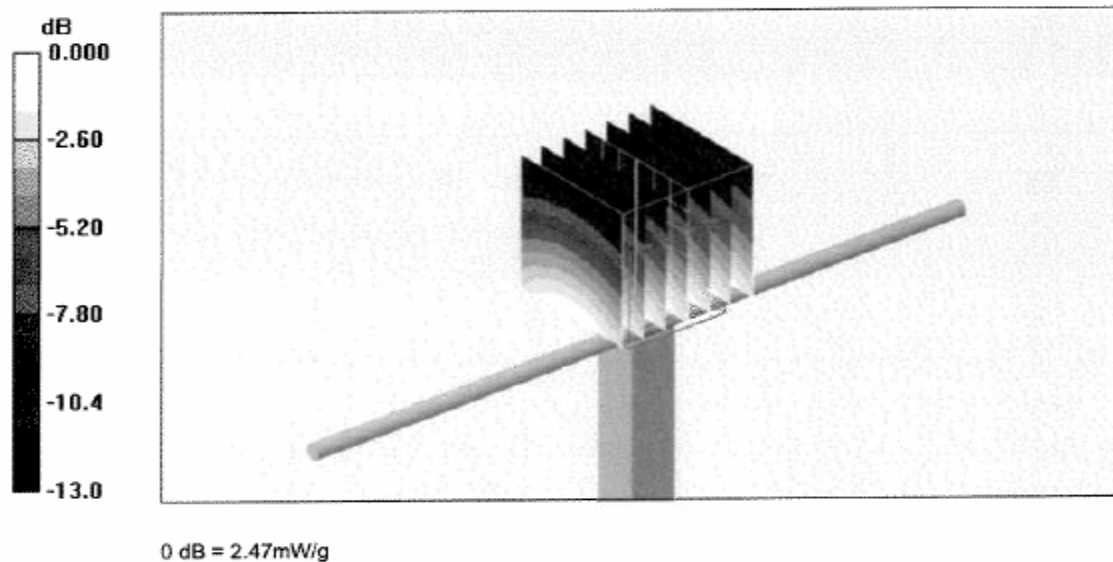
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 54.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.29 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.5 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.47 mW/g



DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 21.05.2007 12:35:17

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:480

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900;

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(5.75, 5.75, 5.75); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250mW, d = 15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

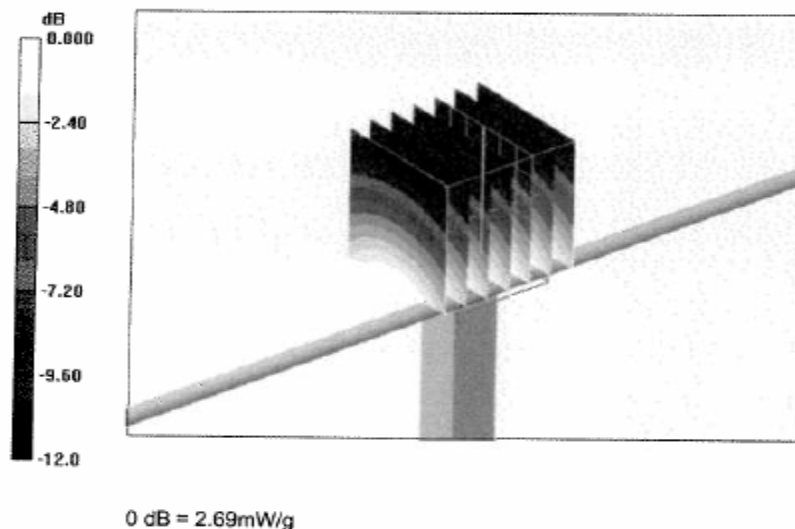
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 54.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.48 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.65 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.69 mW/g



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 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client: **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d030_Jan08**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **D1900V2 - SN: 5d030**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-05.v7**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **January 29, 2008**

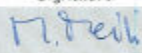
Condition of the calibrated item: **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Reference Probe ET3DV6 (HF)	SN: 1507	26-Oct-07 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct07)	Oct-08
DAE4	SN 601	3-Jan-08 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan08)	Jan-09
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	in house check: Oct-08
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08

Calibrated by:	Name Mike Meili	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 

Issued: January 30, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d030_Jan08

Page 1 of 9

Type: RM-564

SAR Report

SD_SAR_0909_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

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DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 29.01.2008 14:30:03

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d030

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 26.10.2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 03.01.2008
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

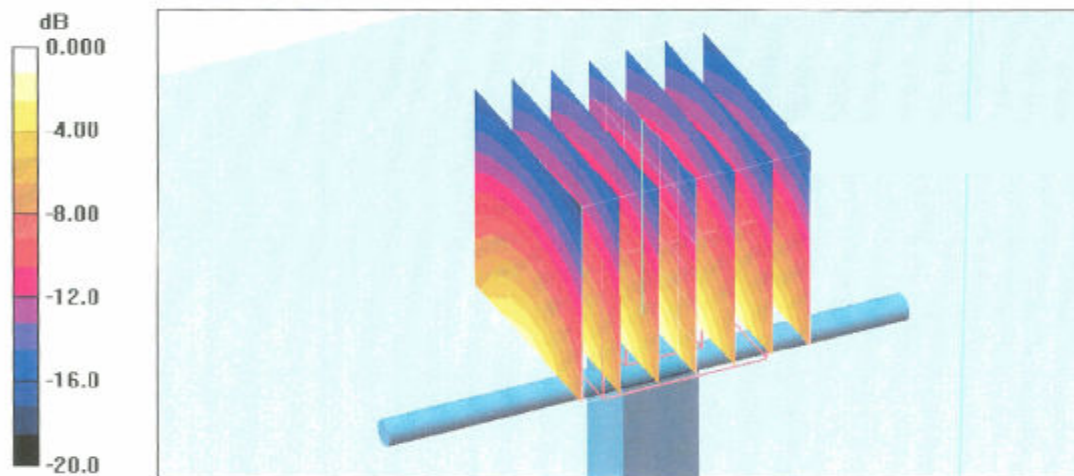
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.3 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.5 mW/g



DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 22.01.2008 14:15:36

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d030

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 26.10.2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 03.01.2008
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

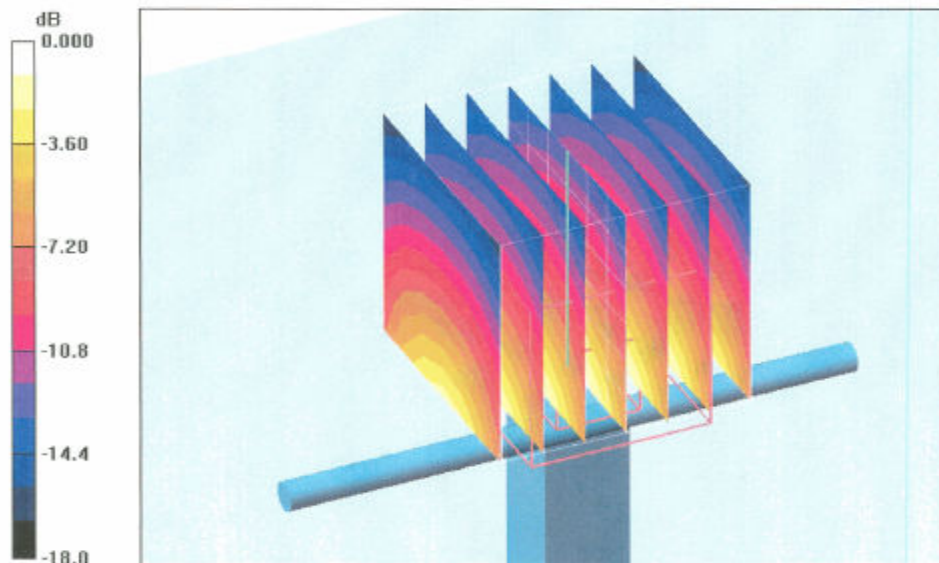
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.023 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.62 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.1 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 mW/g



0 dB = 10.9mW/g