

Test Report

AIR-AP1542I-x-K9, AIR-AP1542D-x-K9

(x=B)

FCC ID: LDK102109P

Cisco Aironet 802.11ac Dual Band Access Points
5dBi Antenna Gain

5725-5850 MHz

Against the following Specifications:

CFR47 Part 15.407



Cisco Systems

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San Jose, CA 95134



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Title: Manager

Revision: 2

This report replaces any previously entered test report under EDCS – **18371952**. This test report has been electronically authorized and archived using the CISCO Engineering Document Control system.

SECTION 1: OVERVIEW	3
SECTION 2: ASSESSMENT INFORMATION	4
2.1 GENERAL	4
2.2 DATE OF TESTING.....	6
2.3 REPORT ISSUE DATE	6
2.4 TESTING FACILITIES	6
2.5 EQUIPMENT ASSESSED (EUT).....	6
2.6 EUT DESCRIPTION	7
SECTION 3: RESULT SUMMARY	8
3.1 RESULTS SUMMARY TABLE	8
SECTION 4: SAMPLE DETAILS.....	9
4.1 SAMPLE DETAILS	9
4.2 SYSTEM DETAILS	9
4.3 MODE OF OPERATION DETAILS.....	9
APPENDIX A: EMISSION TEST RESULTS	10
CONDUCTED TEST SETUP DIAGRAM.....	10
TARGET MAXIMUM CHANNEL POWER	10
A.1 DUTY CYCLE	11
A.2 6dB BANDWIDTH.....	14
A.3 99% AND 26dB BANDWIDTH	16
A.4 MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER	20
A.5 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY	26
A.6 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	30
A.7 CONDUCTED BANDEDGE.....	41
APPENDIX B: EMISSION TEST RESULTS	47
RADIATED EMISSION SETUP DIAGRAM-BELOW 1G	47
B.1 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	48
B.2 RADIATED EMISSIONS 30MHZ TO 1GHZ	49
B.3 AC CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	50
APPENDIX C: LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT USED TO PERFORM THE TEST	51
APPENDIX D: ABBREVIATION KEY AND DEFINITIONS.....	52
APPENDIX E: PHOTOGRAPHS OF TEST SETUPS	53
APPENDIX F: SOFTWARE USED TO PERFORM TESTING	53
APPENDIX G: TEST PROCEDURES.....	53
APPENDIX H: SCOPE OF ACCREDITATION (A2LA CERTIFICATE NUMBER 1178-01).....	53
APPENDIX I: TEST ASSESSMENT PLAN	54
APPENDIX J: WORST CASE JUSTIFICATION.....	54
APPENDIX K: UUT SOFTWARE INFO	54

Section 1: Overview

The samples were assessed against the tests detailed in section 3 under the requirements of the following specifications:

Specifications:
CFR47 Part 15.407

Section 2: Assessment Information

2.1 General

This report contains an assessment of an apparatus against Electromagnetic Compatibility Standards based upon tests carried out on the samples submitted. The testing was performed by and for the use of Cisco systems Inc:

With regard to this assessment, the following points should be noted:

- a) The results contained in this report relate only to the items tested and were obtained in the period between the date of the initial assessment and the date of issue of the report. Manufactured products will not necessarily give identical results due to production and measurement tolerances.
- b) The apparatus was set up and exercised using the configuration and modes of operation defined in this report only.
- c) Where relevant, the apparatus was only assessed using the susceptibility criteria defined in this report and the Test Assessment Plan (TAP).
- d) All testing was performed under the following environmental conditions:

Temperature	15°C to 35°C (54°F to 95°F)
Atmospheric Pressure	860mbar to 1060mbar (25.4" to 31.3")
Humidity	10% to 75*%
- e) All AC testing was performed at one or more of the following supply voltages:

110V 60 Hz (+/-20%)

Units of Measurement

The units of measurements defined in the appendices are reported in specific terms, which are test dependent. Where radiated measurements are concerned these are defined at a particular distance. Basic voltage measurements are defined in units of [dBuV]

As an example, the basic calculation for all measurements is as follows:

$$\text{Emission level [dBuV]} = \text{Indicated voltage level [dBuV]} + \text{Cable Loss [dB]} + \text{Other correction factors [dB]}$$

The combinations of correction factors are dependent upon the exact test configurations [see test equipment lists for further details] and may include:-

Antenna Factors, Pre Amplifier Gain, LISN Loss, Pulse Limiter Loss and Filter Insertion Loss

Note: to convert the results from dBuV/m to uV/m use the following formula:-

$$\text{Level in uV/m} = \text{Common Antilogarithm} [(X \text{ dBuV/m})/20] = Y \text{ uV/m}$$

Measurement Uncertainty Values

voltage and power measurements	± 2 dB
conducted EIRP measurements	± 1.4 dB
radiated measurements	± 3.2 dB
frequency measurements	$\pm 2.4 \cdot 10^{-7}$
temperature measurements	$\pm 0.54^\circ$
humidity measurements	$\pm 2.3\%$
DC and low frequency measurements	$\pm 2.5\%$

Where relevant measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$.

Radiated emissions (expanded uncertainty, confidence interval 95%)

30 MHz - 300 MHz	+/- 3.8 dB
300 MHz - 1000 MHz	+/- 4.3 dB
1 GHz - 10 GHz	+/- 4.0 dB
10 GHz - 18GHz	+/- 8.2 dB
18GHz - 26.5GHz	+/- 4.1 dB
26.5GHz - 40GHz	+/- 3.9 dB

Conducted emissions (expanded uncertainty, confidence interval 95%)

30 MHz – 40GHz	+/- 0.38 dB
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A product is considered to comply with a requirement if the nominal measured value is below the limit line. The product is considered to not be in compliance in case the nominal measured value is above the limit line.

This report must not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of Cisco Systems.

2.2 Date of testing

11-FEB-2020 to 12-FEB-2020

2.3 Report Issue Date

19-FEB-2020

2.4 Testing facilities

This assessment was performed by:

Testing Laboratory

Cisco Systems, Inc.
125 West Tasman Drive (Building P)
San Jose, CA 95134
USA

Headquarters

Cisco Systems, Inc.,
170 West Tasman Drive
San Jose, CA 95134,
USA

Registration Numbers for Industry Canada

Cisco System Site	Address	Site Identifier
Building P, 10m Chamber	125 West Tasman Dr San Jose, CA 95134	Company #: 2461N-2
Building P, 5m Chamber	125 West Tasman Dr San Jose, CA 95134	Company #: 2461N-1
Building I, 5m Chamber	285 W. Tasman Drive San Jose, California 95134	Company #: 2461M-1
Building 7, 5m Chamber	425 E. Tasman Drive San Jose, California 95134	Company #: 2461N-3

Test Engineers

Johanna Knudsen

2.5 Equipment Assessed (EUT)

AIR-AP1542I-B-K9

2.6 EUT Description

The Cisco Aironet 802.11ac Radio supports the following modes of operation. The modes are further defined in the radio Theory of Operation. The modes included in this report represent the worst case data for all modes.

802.11a - Non HT20, One Antenna, 6 to 54 Mbps, 1ss
 802.11a - Non HT20, Two Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps, 1ss

802.11a - Non HT20 Beam Forming, Two Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps, 1ss

802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20, One Antenna, M0 to M7, 1ss
 802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20, Two Antennas, M0 to M7, 1ss
 802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20, Two Antennas, M8 to M15, 2ss

802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, Two Antennas, M0 to M7, 1ss
 802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, Two Antennas, M8 to M15, 2ss

802.11n/ac - HT/VHT20 STBC, Two Antennas, M0 to M7, 2ss

802.11a - Non HT40, One Antenna, 6 to 54 Mbps, 1ss
 802.11a - Non HT40, Two Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps, 1ss

802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40, One Antenna, M0 to M7, 1ss
 802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40, Two Antennas, M0 to M7, 1ss
 802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40, Two Antennas, M8 to M15, 2ss

802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, Two Antennas, M0 to M7, 1ss
 802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, Two Antennas, M8 to M15, 2ss

802.11n/ac - HT/VHT40 STBC, Two Antennas, M0 to M7, 2ss

802.11a - Non HT80, One Antenna, 6 to 54 Mbps, 1ss
 802.11a - Non HT80, Two Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps, 1ss

802.11ac - VHT80, One Antenna, M0 to M9 1ss
 802.11ac - VHT80, Two Antennas, M0 to M9 1ss
 802.11ac - VHT80, Two Antennas, M0 to M9 2ss

802.11ac - VHT80 Beam Forming, Two Antennas, M0 to M9 1ss
 802.11ac - VHT80 Beam Forming, Two Antennas, M0 to M9 2ss

802.11ac - VHT80 STBC, Two Antennas, M0 to M9 2ss

The following antennas are supported by this product series.

The data included in this report represent the worst case data for all antennas.

Frequency	Part Number	Antenna Type	Antenna Gain (dBi)	>30 degree 5 GHz Antenna Gain (dBi)
2.4/5 GHz	Internal	BT/BLE	3 / NA	NA
	Internal	Sector (I)	5 / 5	0
	Internal	Directional (D)	8 / 9	1

Section 3: Result Summary

3.1 Results Summary Table

Conducted emissions

Basic Standard	Technical Requirements / Details	Result
FCC 15.407	6dB Bandwidth: Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 2400-2483.5MHz band. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.	Not covered by this test report
FCC 15.407	99% & 26 dB Bandwidth: The 99% occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. There is no limit for 99% OBW. The 26 dB emission is the width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 26 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.	Pass
FCC 15.407	Output Power: For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W.	Pass
FCC 15.407	Power Spectral Density: 15.407 The maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band.	Not covered by this test report
FCC 15.407	Conducted Spurious Emissions / Band-Edge: For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band: All emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -17 dBm/MHz; for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.	Pass
FCC 15.209 FCC 152.05	Restricted band: Unwanted emissions falling within the restricted bands, as defined in FCC 15.205 (a) must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC 15.209 (a).	Pass

Radiated Emissions (General requirements)

Basic Standard	Technical Requirements / Details	Result
FCC 15.209 FCC 15.205	TX Spurious Emissions: Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the field strength limits table in this section.	Not covered by this test report
FCC 15.207	AC conducted Emissions: Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, for any radio apparatus equipped to operate from the public utility AC power supply, either directly or indirectly (such as with a battery charger), the radio frequency voltage of emissions conducted back onto the AC power lines in the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits shown in the table in these sections. The more stringent limit applies at the frequency range boundaries.	Not covered by this test report

Section 4: Sample Details

Note: Each sample was evaluated to ensure that its condition was suitable to be used as a test sample prior to the commencement of testing.

4.1 Sample Details

Sample No.	Equipment Details	Manufacturer	Hardware Rev.	Firmware Rev.	Software Rev.	Serial Number
S01	AIR-AP1542I-B-K9	Cisco	01	NA	NA	FOC20387WNH

4.2 System Details

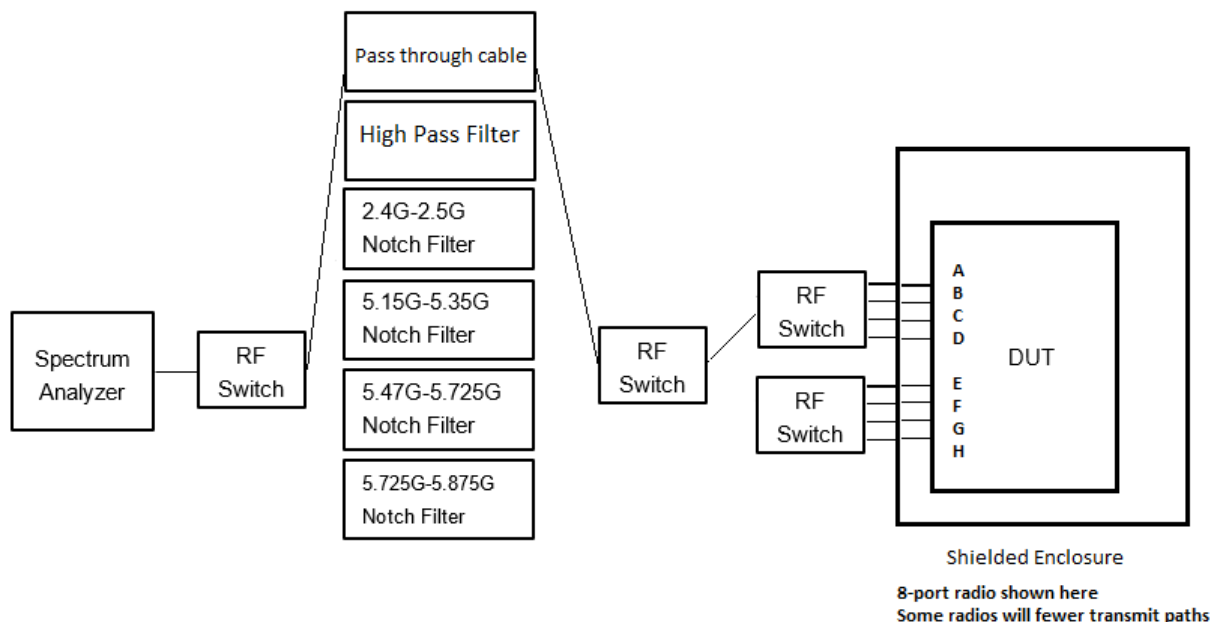
System #	Description	Samples
1	EUT for RF conducted measurements	S01

4.3 Mode of Operation Details

Mode#	Description	Comments
1	Continuous Transmitting, RF conducted measurements	Continuously transmitting, constant high duty cycle Cisco AP Software, (ap1g5), [cheetah-build4:/san/BUILD/workspace/NightlyMasterCisco/label/mallorca] Technical Support: http://www.cisco.com/techsupport Copyright (c) 1986-2020 by Cisco Systems, Inc. Compiled Mon Oct 21 02:57:58 PDT 2019 ROM: Bootstrap program is U-Boot boot loader BOOTLDR: U-Boot boot loader Version 51

Appendix A: Emission Test Results

Conducted Test Setup Diagram



Target Maximum Channel Power

The following table details the maximum supported Total Channel Power for all operating modes.

Operating Mode	Maximum Channel Power (dBm)		
	Frequency (MHz)		
	5720	5745	5785
Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	15	25	25
Non HT20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps	15	25	25
HT/VHT20, M0 to M15	17	25	25
HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M0 to M15	17	25	25
HT/VHT20 STBC, M0 to M7	17	25	25
	5710	5755	5795
Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	14	25	25
HT/VHT40, M0 to M15	14	25	25
HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M0 to M15	14	25	25
HT/VHT40 STBC, M0 to M7	14	25	25
	5690	5775	
Non HT80, 6 to 54 Mbps	10	24	
VHT80, M0 to M9, M0 to M9 1-2ss	10	24	
VHT80 Beam Forming, M0 to M9, M0 to M9 1-2ss	10	24	
VHT80 STBC, M0 to M9 1ss	10	24	

A.1 Duty Cycle

Duty Cycle Test Requirement

From KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01

B. Duty Cycle (x), Transmission Duration (T), and Maximum Power Control Level

1. All measurements are to be performed with the EUT transmitting at 100 percent duty cycle at its maximum power control level; however, if 100 percent duty cycle cannot be achieved, measurements of duty cycle, x, and maximum-power transmission duration, T, are required for each tested mode of operation.

Duty Cycle Test Method

From KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01:

B. Duty Cycle (x), Transmission Duration (T), and Maximum Power Control Level

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver, if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal. Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. Set $RBW \geq EBW$ if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set $VBW \geq RBW$. Set detector = peak or average. The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$, where T is defined in section II.B.1.a), and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if $T \leq 16.7$ microseconds.)

Duty Cycle Test Information

Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	☒	☐
	Support	NA	☐	☒

Tested By :
Johanna Knudsen

Date of testing:
11-FEB-2020 to 12-FEB-2020

Test Result : PASS

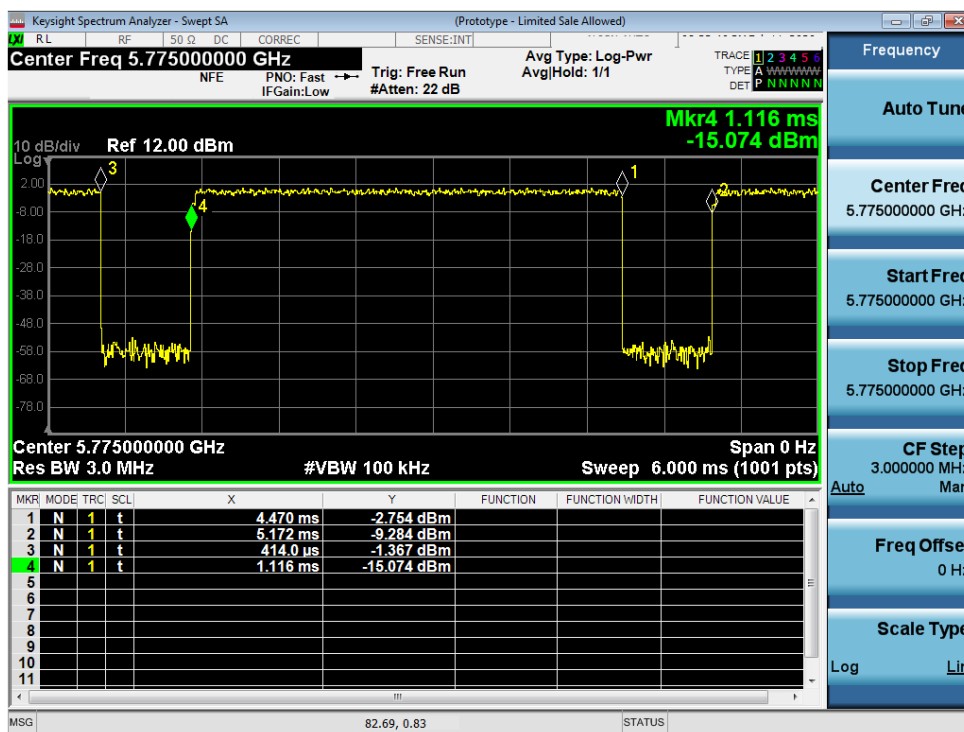
Test Equipment

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

Duty Cycle Data Table

Duty Cycle table and screen captures are shown below for power/psd modes.

Frequency	Mode	Data Rate	Duty Cycle correction (dB)
5690	Non HT80, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	0.2
	VHT80, M0 to M9, M0 to M9 1-2ss	m0x1	0.8
5710	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	0.2
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M15	m0	0.2
5720	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	0.2
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M15	m0	0.1
5745	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	0.2
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M15	m0	0.1
5755	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	0.2
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M15	m0	0.2
5775	Non HT80, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	0.2
	VHT80, M0 to M9, M0 to M9 1-2ss	m0x1	0.8
5785	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	0.2
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M15	m0	0.1
5795	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	0.2
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M15	m0	0.2
5825	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	0.2
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M15	m0	0.1

(-B) Duty Cycle, 5775 MHz, VHT80, M0 to M9, M0 to M9 1-2ss

A.2 6dB Bandwidth

6dB Bandwidth Test Requirement

15.407 e

Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz

Emission bandwidth (EBW) in U-NII bands

Band-crossing emissions: For an emission that crosses the boundary between two adjacent U-NII bands, the boundary frequency between the bands serves as one edge for defining the portion of the EBW that falls within a particular U-NII band. However, the -26 dB points are measured relative to the highest point on the contiguous segment—regardless of which band contains that highest point (Figure3).

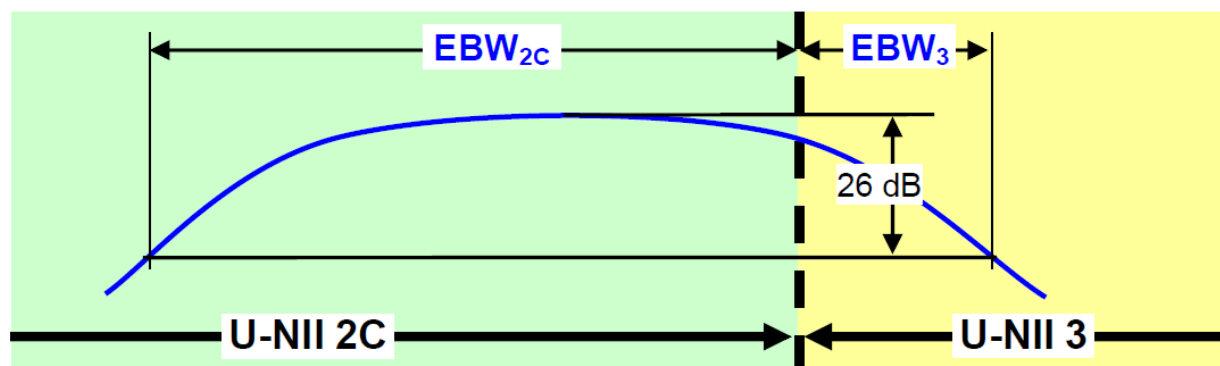


Figure 3. Emission Bandwidth (EBW) within a Band for Band-Crossing Signals

6dB Bandwidth Test Procedure

From KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01

Section C. Bandwidth Measurement

6 BW

Test Procedure

1. Set the radio in the continuous transmitting mode.
2. Allow the trace to stabilize.
3. Setting the x-dB bandwidth mode to -6dB within the measurement set up function.
4. Select the automatic OBW measurement function of an instrument to perform bandwidth measurement.
5. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

From KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01

Section C. Bandwidth Measurement

6 BW

Test parameters

2. Minimum Emission Bandwidth for the band 5.725-5.85 GHz
 - a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
 - b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
 - c) Detector = Peak.
 - d) Trace mode = max hold.
 - e) Sweep = auto couple.

- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Note: The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver may be employed if it implements the functionality described above.

Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	☒	☐
	Support	NA	☐	☒

Tested By :
Johanna Knudsen
Test Result : PASS

Date of testing:
N/A

Test Equipment

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

Test Results

Not Applicable. The radios were evaluated to the limits as specified in Part 15.407 as to remove the FCC Grant note 49 which was based on demonstrating compliance to Part 15.247 OOB limits.

A.3 99% and 26dB Bandwidth

99% and 26dB Bandwidth Test Requirement

There is no requirement for the value of bandwidth.

However, the 26dB BW (EBW) is used to calculate the power limits in 15.407 (a) (2). Power measurements are made using the 99% Bandwidth as the integration bandwidth.

Band-crossing emissions: For an emission that crosses the boundary between two adjacent U-NII bands, the boundary frequency between the bands serves as one edge for defining the portion of the EBW that falls within a particular U-NII band. However, the -26 dB points are measured relative to the highest point on the contiguous segment—regardless of which band contains that highest point (Figure4).

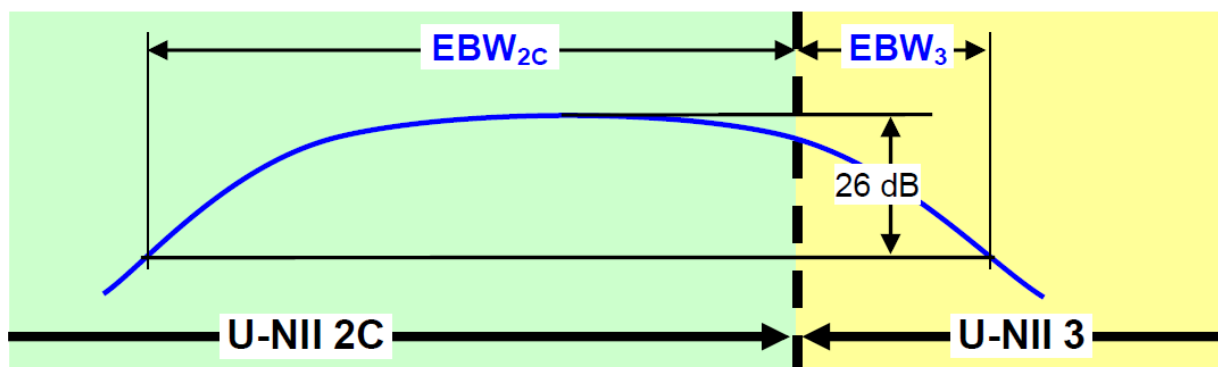


Figure 3. Emission Bandwidth (EBW) within a Band for Band-Crossing Signals

99% and 26dB Bandwidth Test Procedure

The 99-percent occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5 % of the total mean power of the given emission. Measurement of the 99-percent occupied bandwidth is required only as a condition for using the optional band-edge measurement techniques described in section II.G.3.d). Measurements of 99-percent occupied bandwidth may also optionally be used in lieu of the EBW to define the minimum frequency range over which the spectrum is integrated when measuring maximum conducted output power as described in section II.E. However, the EBW must be measured to determine bandwidth dependent limits on maximum conducted output power in accordance with 15.407(a).

From KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01

Section D. 99 Percent Occupied Bandwidth

99% BW

Test Parameters

1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
2. Set span = 1.5 times to 5.0 times the OBW.
3. Set RBW = 1 % to 5 % of the OBW
4. Set VBW $\geq 3 \cdot$ RBW
5. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
6. Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available).

From KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01**Section C. Measurement Bandwidth, Section 1****26 BW**

Test parameters

X dB BW = -26dB (using the OBW function of the spectrum analyzer)

Emission Bandwidth (EBW)

- a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
- b) Set the VBW > RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.

Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	☒	☐
	Support	NA	☐	☒

Tested By :
Johanna Knudsen

Date of testing:
11-FEB-2020 to 12-FEB-2020

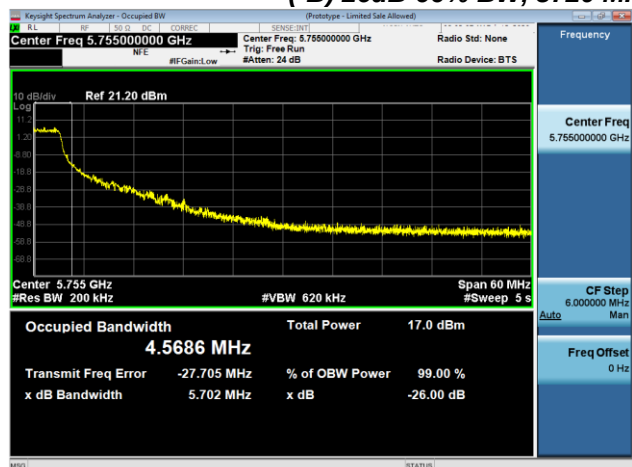
Test Result : PASS

Test Equipment

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

99% and 26dB Bandwidth Table

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	26dB BW (MHz)	99% BW (MHz)
5690	Non HT80, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	11.4	52.370
	VHT80, M0 to M9, M0 to M9 1-2ss	m0x1	7.1	6.729
5710	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	23.1	21.504
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M15	m0	6.0	4.761
5720	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	5.7	4.569
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M15	m0	6.1	4.600
5745	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	26.8	16.818
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M15	m0	26.1	17.977
5755	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	76.1	37.287
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M15	m0	55.0	36.332
5775	Non HT80, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	106.0	76.163
	VHT80, M0 to M9, M0 to M9 1-2ss	m0x1	95.2	75.948
5785	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	26.5	16.871
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M15	m0	30.1	18.053
5795	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	76.3	39.688
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M15	m0	66.0	36.418
5825	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	32.4	17.078
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M15	m0	31.3	18.237

(-B) 26dB-99% BW, 5720 MHz, Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps

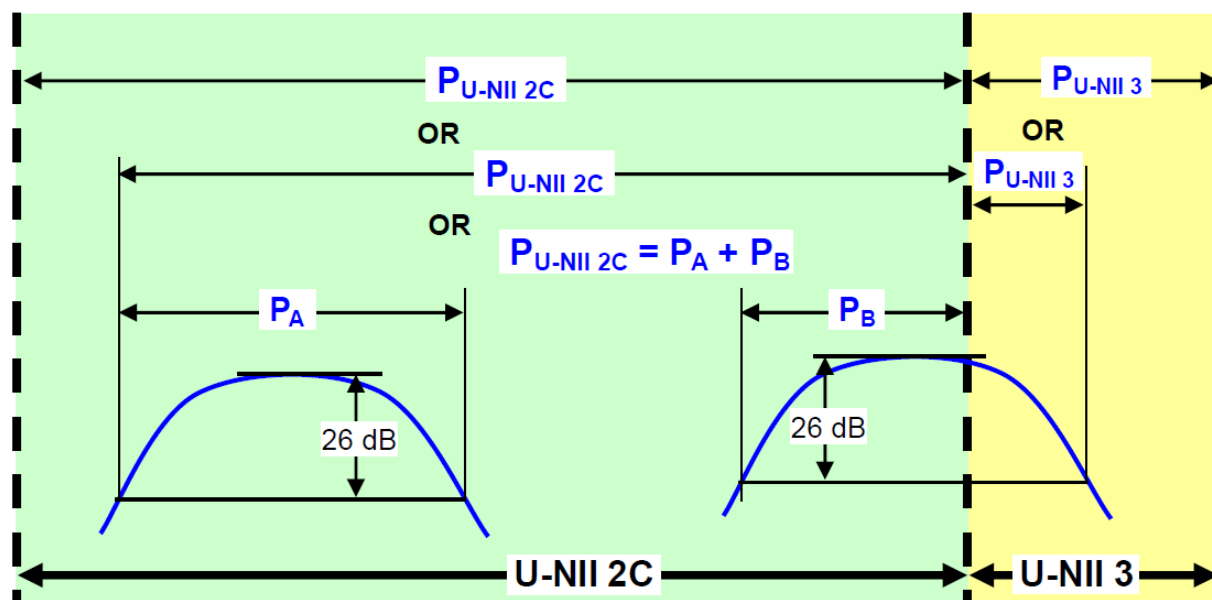
A.4 Maximum Conducted Output Power

Maximum Conducted Output Power Test Requirement

15.407 a) (3)

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

Band-Crossing Signals When measuring the portion of the maximum conducted output power within a single U-NII band, the power shall be integrated across only the portion of the EBW that falls within that band. That is, if an EBW extends across the boundary between two adjacent bands, the boundary frequency between the bands serves as one edge of the frequency range to be integrated. Integration across an entire U-NII band without regard to 26 dB points is also acceptable for determining conducted output power within that band.



Conducted output power within a U-NII band: Integrate over the band or integrate over a span including the 26 dB EBWs of transmission segments within the band or integrate over 26 dB EBW of each transmission segment in the band and sum.

Figure 4. Conducted Output Power Measurement Examples

Maximum Conducted Output Power Test Procedure

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01
ANSI C63.10: 2013

Maximum Conducted Output Power

Test Procedure

1. Set the radio in the continuous transmitting mode at full power
2. Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or alternatively entire 99% OBW) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function. The integration shall be performed using the spectrum analyzer band-power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW or the OBW band edges.
3. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01**2. Measurement using a Spectrum Analyzer or EMI Receiver (SA), (d) Method SA-2****Maximum Conducted Output Power****Test parameters**

Method SA-2 (trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions, followed by duty cycle correction).

- (i) Measure the duty cycle, x , of the transmitter output signal as described in section II.B.
- (ii) Set span to encompass the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- (iii) Set RBW = 1 MHz.
- (iv) Set VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz.
- (v) Number of points in sweep $\geq$ 2 Span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is $\leq$ RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- (vi) Sweep time = auto.
- (vii) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
- (viii) Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run".
- (ix) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode; however, the number of traces to be averaged shall be increased above 100 as needed to ensure that the average accurately represents the true average over the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- (x) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth)

The "measure-and-sum technique" is used for measuring in-band transmit power of a device. In the measure-and-sum approach, the conducted emission level is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in linear power units. ANSI C63.10 section 14.3.2.2

Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	☒	☐
	Support	NA	☐	☒

Tested By :
Johanna Knudsen

Date of testing:
11-FEB-2020 to 12-FEB-2020

Test Result : PASS

Test Equipment

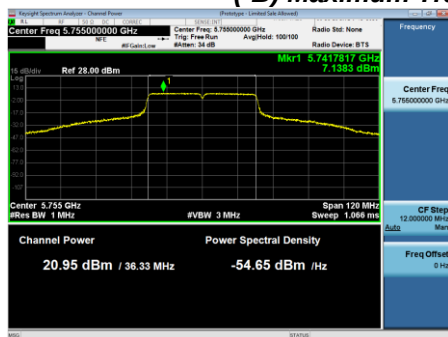
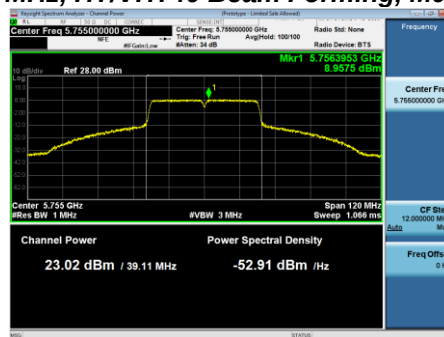
See Appendix C for list of test equipment

Maximum Output Power

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Max Power (dBm)	Tx 2 Max Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle Correction (dB)	Total Tx Channel Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5690	Non HT80, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	6.3		0.2	6.4	30.0	23.57
	Non HT80, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	5.5	8.1	0.2	10.2	30.0	19.84
	VHT80, M0 to M9 1ss	1	5	5.2		0.8	6.0	30.0	23.98
	VHT80, M0 to M9 1ss	2	5	4.4	7.0	0.8	9.8	30.0	20.25
	VHT80, M0 to M9 2ss	2	5	4.4	7.0	0.8	9.8	30.0	20.25
	VHT80 Beam Forming, M0 to M9 1ss	2	8	1.6	4.1	0.8	6.9	28.0	21.13
	VHT80 Beam Forming, M0 to M9 2ss	2	5	4.4	7.0	0.8	9.8	30.0	20.25
	VHT80 STBC, M0 to M9 1ss	2	5	4.4	7.0	0.8	9.8	30.0	20.25
5710	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	10.5		0.2	10.6	30.0	19.38
	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	9.7	11.7	0.2	14.0	30.0	15.99
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	1	5	10.3		0.2	10.5	30.0	19.52
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	2	5	9.5	11.7	0.2	13.9	30.0	16.12
	HT/VHT40, M8 to M15	2	5	9.5	11.7	0.2	13.9	30.0	16.12
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	6.5	8.6	0.2	10.8	28.0	17.16
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	9.5	11.7	0.2	13.9	30.0	16.12
	HT/VHT40 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	9.5	11.7	0.2	13.9	30.0	16.12
5720	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	14.2		0.2	14.4	30.0	15.59
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	10.6	12.3	0.2	14.7	30.0	15.28
	Non HT20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	8	10.6	12.3	0.2	14.7	28.0	13.28
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	1	5	14.8		0.1	14.9	30.0	15.15
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	2	5	11.1	12.7	0.1	15.0	30.0	14.97
	HT/VHT20, M8 to M15	2	5	12.7	14.6	0.1	16.9	30.0	13.15
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	11.1	12.7	0.1	15.0	28.0	12.97
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	12.7	14.6	0.1	16.9	30.0	13.15
	HT/VHT20 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	12.7	14.6	0.1	16.9	30.0	13.15

5745	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	21.0		0.2	21.2	30.0	8.80
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	21.0	22.7	0.2	25.1	30.0	4.91
	Non HT20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	8	21.0	22.7	0.2	25.1	28.0	2.91
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	1	5	21.0		0.1	21.1	30.0	8.90
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	2	5	21.0	22.7	0.1	25.0	30.0	4.95
	HT/VHT20, M8 to M15	2	5	21.0	22.7	0.1	25.0	30.0	4.95
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	21.0	22.7	0.1	25.0	28.0	2.95
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	21.0	22.7	0.1	25.0	30.0	4.95
	HT/VHT20 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	21.0	22.7	0.1	25.0	30.0	4.95
5755	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	20.8		0.2	20.9	30.0	9.06
	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	20.8	22.5	0.2	24.9	30.0	5.13
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	1	5	21.0		0.2	21.1	30.0	8.89
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	2	5	21.0	23.0	0.2	25.3	30.0	4.73
	HT/VHT40, M8 to M15	2	5	21.0	23.0	0.2	25.3	30.0	4.73
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	21.0	23.0	0.2	25.3	28.0	2.73
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	21.0	23.0	0.2	25.3	30.0	4.73
	HT/VHT40 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	21.0	23.0	0.2	25.3	30.0	4.73
5775	Non HT80, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	20.1		0.2	20.3	30.0	9.73
	Non HT80, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	20.1	21.7	0.2	24.1	30.0	5.87
	VHT80, M0 to M9 1ss	1	5	19.6		0.8	20.5	30.0	9.53
	VHT80, M0 to M9 1ss	2	5	19.6	21.3	0.8	24.4	30.0	5.61
	VHT80, M0 to M9 2ss	2	5	19.6	21.3	0.8	24.4	30.0	5.61
	VHT80 Beam Forming, M0 to M9 1ss	2	8	18.5	20.2	0.8	23.3	28.0	4.71
	VHT80 Beam Forming, M0 to M9 2ss	2	5	19.6	21.3	0.8	24.4	30.0	5.61
	VHT80 STBC, M0 to M9 1ss	2	5	19.6	21.3	0.8	24.4	30.0	5.61
5785	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	20.7		0.2	20.8	30.0	9.17
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	20.7	22.5	0.2	24.9	30.0	5.13
	Non HT20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	8	20.7	22.5	0.2	24.9	28.0	3.13
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	1	5	21.0		0.1	21.0	30.0	8.95
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	2	5	21.0	22.5	0.1	24.9	30.0	5.11
	HT/VHT20, M8 to M15	2	5	21.0	22.5	0.1	24.9	30.0	5.11
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	21.0	22.5	0.1	24.9	28.0	3.11
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	21.0	22.5	0.1	24.9	30.0	5.11
	HT/VHT20 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	21.0	22.5	0.1	24.9	30.0	5.11

5795	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	20.4		0.2	20.6	30.0	9.39
	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	20.4	22.3	0.2	24.7	30.0	5.34
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	1	5	20.8		0.2	20.9	30.0	9.07
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	2	5	20.8	23.0	0.2	25.2	30.0	4.80
	HT/VHT40, M8 to M15	2	5	20.8	23.0	0.2	25.2	30.0	4.80
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	20.8	23.0	0.2	25.2	28.0	2.80
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	20.8	23.0	0.2	25.2	30.0	4.80
	HT/VHT40 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	20.8	23.0	0.2	25.2	30.0	4.80
5825	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	20.9		0.2	21.0	30.0	8.96
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	20.9	22.5	0.2	24.9	30.0	5.09
	Non HT20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	8	20.9	22.5	0.2	24.9	28.0	3.09
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	1	5	21.0		0.1	21.1	30.0	8.91
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	2	5	21.0	22.4	0.1	24.9	30.0	5.14
	HT/VHT20, M8 to M15	2	5	21.0	22.4	0.1	24.9	30.0	5.14
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	21.0	22.4	0.1	24.9	28.0	3.14
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	21.0	22.4	0.1	24.9	30.0	5.14
	HT/VHT20 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	21.0	22.4	0.1	24.9	30.0	5.14

(-B) Maximum Transmit Power, 5755 MHz, HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7**Antenna A****Antenna B**

A.5 Power Spectral Density

Power Spectral Density Test Requirement

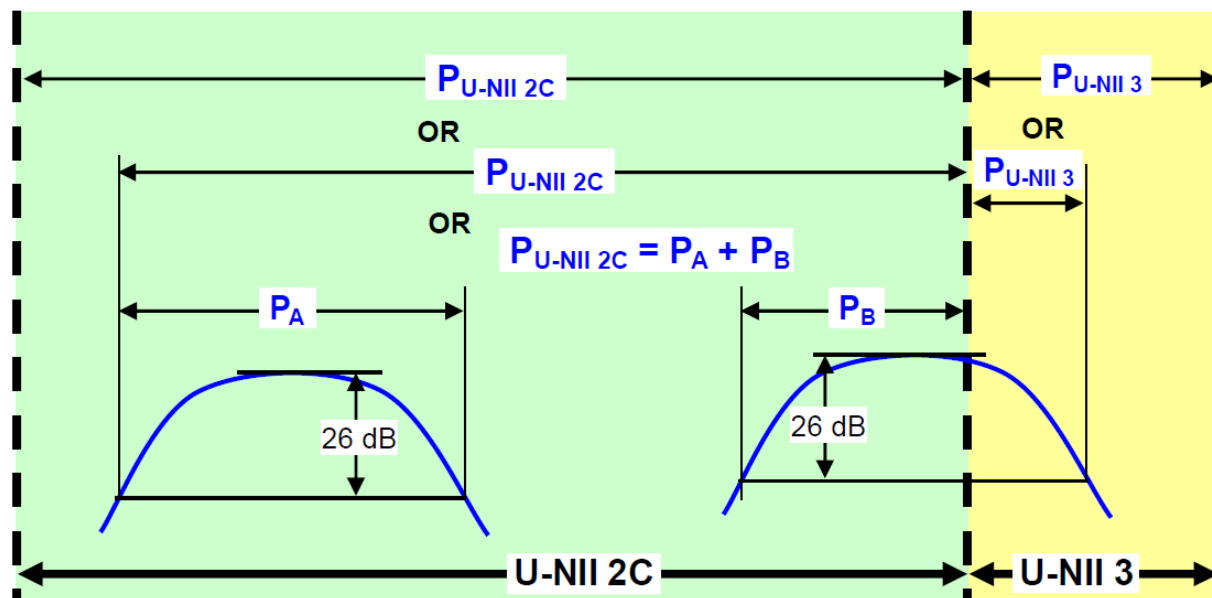
15.407

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz...the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

(5) The maximum power spectral density is measured as a conducted emission by direct connection of a calibrated test instrument to the equipment under test. If the device cannot be connected directly, alternative techniques acceptable to the Commission may be used. Measurements in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band are made over a reference bandwidth of 500 kHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less. Measurements in the 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and the 5.47-5.725 GHz bands are made over a bandwidth of 1 MHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less. A narrower resolution bandwidth can be used, provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth.

Band-Crossing Signals

When measuring the portion of the maximum conducted output power within a single U-NII band, the power shall be integrated across only the portion of the EBW that falls within that band. That is, if an EBW extends across the boundary between two adjacent bands, the boundary frequency between the bands serves as one edge of the frequency range to be integrated. Integration across an entire U-NII band without regard to 26 dB points is also acceptable for determining conducted output power within that band.



Conducted output power within a U-NII band: Integrate over the band or integrate over a span including the 26 dB EBWs of transmission segments within the band or integrate over 26 dB EBW of each transmission segment in the band and sum.

Figure 4. Conducted Output Power Measurement Examples

Power Spectral Density Test Procedure

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01

F. Maximum Power Spectral Density (PSD)

Power Spectral Density

Test Procedure

The rules requires “maximum power spectral density” measurements where the intent is to measure the maximum value of the time average of the power spectral density measured during a period of continuous transmission.

1. Create an average power spectrum for the EUT operating mode being tested by following the instructions in section II.E.2. for measuring maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver: select the appropriate test method (SA-1, SA-2, SA-3, or alternatives to each) and apply it up to, but not including, the step labeled, “Compute power...”. (This procedure is required even if the maximum conducted output power measurement was performed using a power meter, method PM.)
2. Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
3. Make the following adjustments to the peak value of the spectrum, if applicable: a) If Method SA-2 or SA-2 Alternative was used, add $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.
b) If Method SA-3 Alternative was used and the linear mode was used in step II.E.2.g)(viii), add 1 dB to the final result to compensate for the difference between linear averaging and power averaging.
4. The result is the Maximum PSD over 1 MHz reference bandwidth.
5. For devices operating in the bands 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and 5.47-5.725 GHz, the above procedures make use of 1 MHz RBW to satisfy directly the 1 MHz reference bandwidth specified in § 15.407(a)(5). **For devices operating in the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz.**

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01

2. Measurement using a Spectrum Analyzer or EMI Receiver (SA), (d) Method SA-2

Power Spectral Density**Test parameters**

Method SA-2 (trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions, followed by duty cycle correction).

- (i) Measure the duty cycle, x , of the transmitter output signal as described in section II.B.
- (ii) Set span to encompass the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- (iii) Set RBW = 1 MHz. (this should be 500kHz per KDB789033, Section F, (5))
- (iv) Set VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz.
- (v) Number of points in sweep $\geq$ 2 Span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is $\leq$ RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- (vi) Sweep time = auto.
- (vii) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
- (viii) Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to “free run”.
- (ix) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode; however, the number of traces to be averaged shall be increased above 100 as needed to ensure that the average accurately represents the true average over the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- (x) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument’s band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth)

F. Maximum Power Spectral Density (PSD)

- 2. Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
- 3. Make the following adjustments to the peak value of the spectrum, if applicable: a) If Method SA-2 or SA-2 Alternative was used, add $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.
- 5. ... **For devices operating in the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz.**

The “measure-and-sum technique” is used for measuring in-band transmit power of a device. In the measure-and-sum approach, the conducted emission level is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in linear power units. ANSI C63.10 section 14.3.2.2

Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	☒	☐
	Support	NA	☐	☒

Tested By :
Johanna Knudsen
Test Result : PASS

Date of testing:
N/A

Test Equipment

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

Power Spectral Density

Test Results

Not Applicable. The radios were evaluated to the limits as specified in Part 15.407 as to remove the FCC Grant note 49 which was based on demonstrating compliance to Part 15.247 OOBE limits.

A.6 Conducted Spurious Emissions

Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Requirement

15.407

(b) *Undesirable emission limits.* Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

(4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band:

(i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.

(6) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209.

(7) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.

15.205 / 15.209 - Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

Use formula below to substitute conducted measurements in place of radiated measurements

$$E[\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] - 20 \log(d[\text{meters}]) + 104.77, \text{ where } E = \text{field strength and } d = 3 \text{ meter}$$

- 1) Average Plot, Limit= -41.25 dBm eirp
- 2) Peak plot, Limit = -21.25 dBm eirp

Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Procedure

From KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01
ANSI C63.10: 2013

Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Procedure
1. Connect the antenna port(s) to the spectrum analyzer input. 2. Place the radio in continuous transmit mode 3. Configure Spectrum analyzer as per test parameters below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer). 4. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum spurs amplitude level. 5. Out-of-band and spurious emissions tests are performed on each output individually without summing or adding 10 log(N) since the measurements are made relative to the in-band emissions on the individual outputs. The worst case output is recorded. 6. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01
ANSI C63.10: 2013 Section 12.7.6 (Peak), Section 12.7.2 (Method AD)

Conducted Spurious Emissions Test parameters	
Peak Span = 30MHz to 26.5GHz / 26.5GHz to 40GHz RBW = 1 MHz VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz	Average Span = 30MHz to 26.5GHz / 26.5GHz to 40GHz RBW = 1 MHz VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz



Sweep = Auto couple Detector = Peak Trace = Max Hold.	Sweep = Auto couple Detector = RMS Power Averaging
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Add the max antenna gain + ground reflection factor (4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).

Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	☒	☐
	Support	NA	☐	☒

Tested By :
Johanna Knudsen
Test Result : PASS

Date of testing:
11-FEB-20 to 12-FEB-20

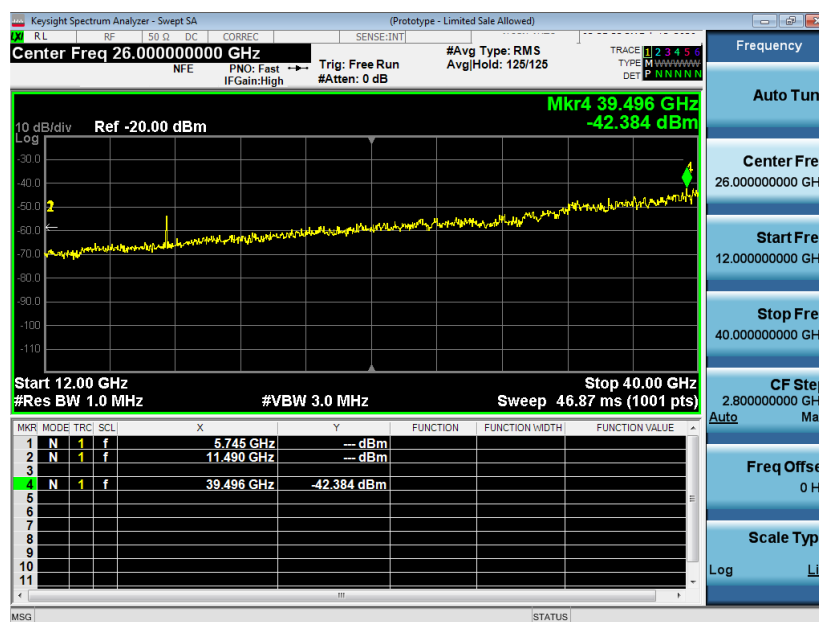
Test Equipment

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

Conducted Spurious Average Upper



Conducted Spurious Peak Upper



Conducted Spurious Average Table

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Tx 2 Spur Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle Correction (dB)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5690	Non HT80, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-58.0		0.2	-52.8	-41.25	11.55
	Non HT80, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-57.4	-64.1	0.2	-51.4	-41.25	10.11
	VHT80, M0 to M9 1ss	1	5	-49.5		0.8	-43.6	-41.25	2.37
	VHT80, M0 to M9 1ss	2	5	-54.1	-65.0	0.8	-47.9	-41.25	6.65
	VHT80, M0 to M9 2ss	2	5	-54.1	-65.0	0.8	-47.9	-41.25	6.65
	VHT80 Beam Forming, M0 to M9 1ss	2	8	-57.9	-64.6	0.8	-48.2	-41.25	6.97
	VHT80 Beam Forming, M0 to M9 2ss	2	5	-54.1	-65.0	0.8	-47.9	-41.25	6.65
	VHT80 STBC, M0 to M9 1ss	2	5	-54.1	-65.0	0.8	-47.9	-41.25	6.65
5710	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-52.1		0.2	-46.9	-41.25	5.65
	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-54.7	-49.4	0.2	-43.1	-41.25	1.89
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	1	5	-56.3		0.2	-51.1	-41.25	9.87
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	2	5	-57.4	-54.3	0.2	-47.4	-41.25	6.16
	HT/VHT40, M8 to M15	2	5	-57.4	-54.3	0.2	-47.4	-41.25	6.16
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-57.9	-55.5	0.2	-45.3	-41.25	4.10
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-57.4	-54.3	0.2	-47.4	-41.25	6.16
	HT/VHT40 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-57.4	-54.3	0.2	-47.4	-41.25	6.16
5720	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-58.3		0.2	-53.2	-41.25	11.92
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-58.4	-56.5	0.2	-49.2	-41.25	7.91
	Non HT20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	8	-58.4	-56.5	0.2	-46.2	-41.25	4.91
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	1	5	-58.3		0.1	-53.3	-41.25	12.03
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	2	5	-58.1	-56.8	0.1	-49.3	-41.25	8.05
	HT/VHT20, M8 to M15	2	5	-58.2	-56.6	0.1	-49.2	-41.25	7.99
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-58.1	-56.8	0.1	-46.3	-41.25	5.05
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-58.2	-56.6	0.1	-49.2	-41.25	7.99
5745	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-54.5		0.2	-49.3	-41.25	8.04
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-54.5	-61.6	0.2	-48.5	-41.25	7.27
	Non HT20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	8	-54.5	-61.6	0.2	-45.5	-41.25	4.27

	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	1	5	-54.7		0.1	-49.7	-41.25	8.42
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	2	5	-54.7	-61.7	0.1	-48.9	-41.25	7.62
	HT/VHT20, M8 to M15	2	5	-54.7	-61.7	0.1	-48.9	-41.25	7.62
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-54.7	-61.7	0.1	-45.9	-41.25	4.62
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-54.7	-61.7	0.1	-48.9	-41.25	7.62
	HT/VHT20 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-54.7	-61.7	0.1	-48.9	-41.25	7.62
5755	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-55.0		0.2	-49.8	-41.25	8.57
	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-55.0	-59.4	0.2	-48.5	-41.25	7.24
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	1	5	-55.2		0.2	-50.1	-41.25	8.80
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	2	5	-55.2	-61.0	0.2	-49.0	-41.25	7.79
	HT/VHT40, M8 to M15	2	5	-55.2	-61.0	0.2	-49.0	-41.25	7.79
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-55.2	-61.0	0.2	-46.0	-41.25	4.79
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-55.2	-61.0	0.2	-49.0	-41.25	7.79
	HT/VHT40 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-55.2	-61.0	0.2	-49.0	-41.25	7.79
5775	Non HT80, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-50.1		0.2	-45.0	-41.25	3.71
	Non HT80, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-50.1	-53.3	0.2	-43.2	-41.25	1.99
	VHT80, M0 to M9 1ss	1	5	-53.9		0.8	-48.0	-41.25	6.77
	VHT80, M0 to M9 1ss	2	5	-53.9	-49.7	0.8	-42.4	-41.25	1.18
	VHT80, M0 to M9 2ss	2	5	-53.9	-49.7	0.8	-42.4	-41.25	1.18
	VHT80 Beam Forming, M0 to M9 1ss	2	8	-56.2	-54.0	0.8	-43.1	-41.25	1.86
	VHT80 Beam Forming, M0 to M9 2ss	2	5	-53.9	-49.7	0.8	-42.4	-41.25	1.18
	VHT80 STBC, M0 to M9 1ss	2	5	-53.9	-49.7	0.8	-42.4	-41.25	1.18
5785	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-56.9		0.2	-51.7	-41.25	10.47
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-56.9	-63.2	0.2	-50.8	-41.25	9.55
	Non HT20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	8	-56.9	-63.2	0.2	-47.8	-41.25	6.55
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	1	5	-56.5		0.1	-51.5	-41.25	10.22
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	2	5	-56.5	-63.4	0.1	-50.6	-41.25	9.40
	HT/VHT20, M8 to M15	2	5	-56.5	-63.4	0.1	-50.6	-41.25	9.40
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-56.5	-63.4	0.1	-47.6	-41.25	6.40
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-56.5	-63.4	0.1	-50.6	-41.25	9.40
	HT/VHT20 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-56.5	-63.4	0.1	-50.6	-41.25	9.40
5795	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-57.1		0.2	-51.9	-41.25	10.69
	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-57.1	-61.7	0.2	-50.7	-41.25	9.41
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	1	5	-57.0		0.2	-51.9	-41.25	10.63
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	2	5	-57.0	-64.2	0.2	-51.1	-41.25	9.88
	HT/VHT40, M8 to M15	2	5	-57.0	-64.2	0.2	-51.1	-41.25	9.88
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-57.0	-64.2	0.2	-48.1	-41.25	6.88
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-57.0	-64.2	0.2	-51.1	-41.25	9.88
	HT/VHT40 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-57.0	-64.2	0.2	-51.1	-41.25	9.88

5825	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-57.5		0.2	-52.3	-41.25	11.09
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-57.5	-63.3	0.2	-51.3	-41.25	10.08
	Non HT20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	8	-57.5	-63.3	0.2	-48.3	-41.25	7.08
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	1	5	-57.3		0.1	-52.2	-41.25	10.96
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	2	5	-57.3	-63.2	0.1	-51.2	-41.25	9.98
	HT/VHT20, M8 to M15	2	5	-57.3	-63.2	0.1	-51.2	-41.25	9.98
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-57.3	-63.2	0.1	-48.2	-41.25	6.98
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-57.3	-63.2	0.1	-51.2	-41.25	9.98
	HT/VHT20 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-57.3	-63.2	0.1	-51.2	-41.25	9.98

Keysight Spectrum Analyzer - Swept LA

Center Freq 6.015000000 GHz

Trig: Free Run

Avg Type: RMS

Auto Tune

Center Freq 6.015000000 GHz

Start Freq 30.000000 MHz

Stop Freq 12.000000000 GHz

CF Step 1.197000000 GHz

Auto

Freq Offset 0 Hz

Scale Type

Log

10 dBm

Ref -30.000 dBm

Mkr3 5.589 0 GHz

-33.860 dBm

3

2

Start 30 MHz

#Res BW 1.0 MHz

#VBW 3.0 MHz

Stop 12,000 GHz

Sweep 20.00 ms (6000 pts)

MNR	MODE	FREQ	dBm	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION VALUE
3	N	5.589 0 GHz	-33.860 dBm			
2	N	11.490 0 GHz	-33.893 dBm			
1	N	6.559 0 GHz	-33.860 dBm			

MEM

(STATUS)

Center Freq 6.015000000 GHz

Ref -30.00 dBm

Mkr3 5.5870 GHz -49.670 dBm

Stop 12.000 GHz

Start 30 MHz

IF Res BW 1.0 MHz

#VBW 3.0 MHz

Sweep 20.00 ms (6000 pts)

UNIT	NAME	TRG	SCN	FUNCTION	FUNCTION HINT	FUNCTION VALUE
dBm	1	F	1	5.570 GHz	-73.981 dBm	
dBm	2	F	1	11.490 GHz	-93.138 dBm	
dBm	3	F	1	5.587 GHz	-49.670 dBm	

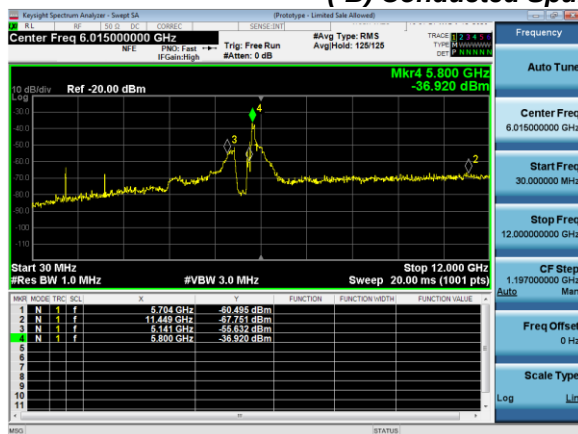
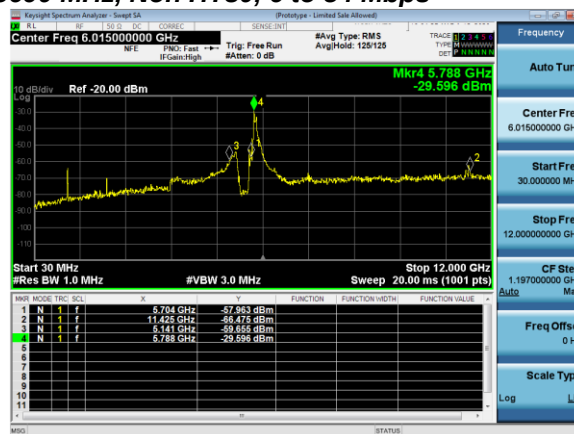
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Conducted Spurious Peak

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Tx 2 Spur Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle Correction (dB)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5690	Non HT80, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-31.2		0.2	-26.1	-21.25	4.81
	Non HT80, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-36.9	-29.6	0.2	-23.7	-21.25	2.44
	VHT80, M0 to M9 1ss	1	5	-36.2		0.8	-30.3	-21.25	9.09
	VHT80, M0 to M9 1ss	2	5	-42.9	-35.6	0.8	-29.0	-21.25	7.76
	VHT80, M0 to M9 2ss	2	5	-42.9	-35.6	0.8	-29.0	-21.25	7.76
	VHT80 Beam Forming, M0 to M9 1ss	2	8	-47.0	-42.1	0.8	-32.1	-21.25	10.80
	VHT80 Beam Forming, M0 to M9 2ss	2	5	-42.9	-35.6	0.8	-29.0	-21.25	7.76
	VHT80 STBC, M0 to M9 1ss	2	5	-42.9	-35.6	0.8	-29.0	-21.25	7.76
5710	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-37.8		0.2	-32.6	-21.25	11.34
	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-38.6	-36.2	0.2	-29.1	-21.25	7.80
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	1	5	-42.8		0.2	-37.6	-21.25	16.40
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	2	5	-46.2	-42.2	0.2	-35.6	-21.25	14.33
	HT/VHT40, M8 to M15	2	5	-46.2	-42.2	0.2	-35.6	-21.25	14.33
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-47.7	-45.0	0.2	-35.0	-21.25	13.77
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-46.2	-42.2	0.2	-35.6	-21.25	14.33
	HT/VHT40 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-46.2	-42.2	0.2	-35.6	-21.25	14.33
5720	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-47.8		0.2	-42.6	-21.25	21.34
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-48.5	-46.5	0.2	-39.2	-21.25	17.98
	Non HT20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	8	-48.5	-46.5	0.2	-36.2	-21.25	14.98
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	1	5	-48.4		0.1	-43.3	-21.25	22.07
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	2	5	-47.7	-45.5	0.1	-38.4	-21.25	17.10
	HT/VHT20, M8 to M15	2	5	-48.1	-46.5	0.1	-39.2	-21.25	17.92
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-47.7	-45.5	0.1	-35.4	-21.25	14.10
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-48.1	-46.5	0.1	-39.2	-21.25	17.92
	HT/VHT20 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-48.1	-46.5	0.1	-39.2	-21.25	17.92
5745	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-45.5		0.2	-40.3	-21.25	19.05
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-45.5	-51.9	0.2	-39.4	-21.25	18.17
	Non HT20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	8	-45.5	-51.9	0.2	-36.4	-21.25	15.17

	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	1	5	-46.2		0.1	-41.2	-21.25	19.91
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	2	5	-46.2	-50.5	0.1	-39.8	-21.25	18.54
	HT/VHT20, M8 to M15	2	5	-46.2	-50.5	0.1	-39.8	-21.25	18.54
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-46.2	-50.5	0.1	-36.8	-21.25	15.54
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-46.2	-50.5	0.1	-39.8	-21.25	18.54
	HT/VHT20 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-46.2	-50.5	0.1	-39.8	-21.25	18.54
5755	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-45.6		0.2	-40.4	-21.25	19.17
	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-45.6	-47.1	0.2	-38.1	-21.25	16.87
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	1	5	-46.8		0.2	-41.7	-21.25	20.42
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	2	5	-46.8	-49.9	0.2	-39.9	-21.25	18.69
	HT/VHT40, M8 to M15	2	5	-46.8	-49.9	0.2	-39.9	-21.25	18.69
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-46.8	-49.9	0.2	-36.9	-21.25	15.69
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-46.8	-49.9	0.2	-39.9	-21.25	18.69
	HT/VHT40 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-46.8	-49.9	0.2	-39.9	-21.25	18.69
5775	Non HT80, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-37.2		0.2	-32.1	-21.25	10.82
	Non HT80, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-37.2	-32.2	0.2	-25.8	-21.25	4.58
	VHT80, M0 to M9 1ss	1	5	-40.8		0.8	-35.0	-21.25	13.76
	VHT80, M0 to M9 1ss	2	5	-40.8	-34.2	0.8	-27.5	-21.25	6.29
	VHT80, M0 to M9 2ss	2	5	-40.8	-34.2	0.8	-27.5	-21.25	6.29
	VHT80 Beam Forming, M0 to M9 1ss	2	8	-45.3	-37.2	0.8	-27.7	-21.25	6.49
	VHT80 Beam Forming, M0 to M9 2ss	2	5	-40.8	-34.2	0.8	-27.5	-21.25	6.29
	VHT80 STBC, M0 to M9 1ss	2	5	-40.8	-34.2	0.8	-27.5	-21.25	6.29
5785	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-48.1		0.2	-43.0	-21.25	21.72
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-48.1	-54.2	0.2	-42.0	-21.25	20.76
	Non HT20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	8	-48.1	-54.2	0.2	-39.0	-21.25	17.76
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	1	5	-48.3		0.1	-43.3	-21.25	22.00
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	2	5	-48.3	-53.8	0.1	-42.2	-21.25	20.92
	HT/VHT20, M8 to M15	2	5	-48.3	-53.8	0.1	-42.2	-21.25	20.92
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-48.3	-53.8	0.1	-39.2	-21.25	17.92
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-48.3	-53.8	0.1	-42.2	-21.25	20.92
	HT/VHT20 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-48.3	-53.8	0.1	-42.2	-21.25	20.92
5795	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-47.9		0.2	-42.7	-21.25	21.44
	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-47.9	-50.0	0.2	-40.6	-21.25	19.37
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	1	5	-48.3		0.2	-43.2	-21.25	21.92
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	2	5	-48.3	-53.9	0.2	-42.1	-21.25	20.86
	HT/VHT40, M8 to M15	2	5	-48.3	-53.9	0.2	-42.1	-21.25	20.86
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-48.3	-53.9	0.2	-39.1	-21.25	17.86
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-48.3	-53.9	0.2	-42.1	-21.25	20.86
	HT/VHT40 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-48.3	-53.9	0.2	-42.1	-21.25	20.86

5825	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-48.7		0.2	-43.5	-21.25	22.24
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-48.7	-54.0	0.2	-42.4	-21.25	21.13
	Non HT20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	8	-48.7	-54.0	0.2	-39.4	-21.25	18.13
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	1	5	-48.8		0.1	-43.7	-21.25	22.49
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	2	5	-48.8	-52.3	0.1	-42.1	-21.25	20.88
	HT/VHT20, M8 to M15	2	5	-48.8	-52.3	0.1	-42.1	-21.25	20.88
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-48.8	-52.3	0.1	-39.1	-21.25	17.88
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-48.8	-52.3	0.1	-42.1	-21.25	20.88
	HT/VHT20 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-48.8	-52.3	0.1	-42.1	-21.25	20.88

(-B) Conducted Spurs Peak, 5690 MHz, Non HT80, 6 to 54 Mbps**Antenna A****Antenna B**

A.7 Conducted Bandedge

Conducted Band Edge Test Requirement

15.407

(b) *Undesirable emission limits.* Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

(4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band:

(i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.

(6) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209.

(7) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.

(8) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the upper and lower frequency band edges as the design of the equipment permits

KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01

2. Unwanted Emissions that fall Outside of the Restricted Bands

a) For all measurements, follow the requirements in II.G.3. *“General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements.”*

b) At frequencies below 1000 MHz, use the procedure described in II.G.4. *“Procedure for Unwanted Emissions Measurements Below 1000 MHz.”*

c) At frequencies above 1000 MHz, use the procedure for maximum emissions described in II.G.5., *“Procedure for Unwanted Emissions Measurements Above 1000 MHz.”*

(i) Sections 15.407(b)(1-3) specifies the unwanted emissions limit for the U-NII-1 and U-NII-2 bands. As specified, emissions above 1000 MHz that are outside of the restricted bands are subject to a peak emission limit of -27 dBm/MHz.³

(ii) Section 15.407(b)(4) specifies the unwanted emissions limit for the U-NII-3 band. A band emissions mask is specified in Section 15.407(b)(4)(i). The emission limits are based on the use of a peak detector.

Conducted Band Edge Test Procedure

Ref. 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01

ANSI C63.10: 2013

Conducted Band Edge

Test Procedure

1. Connect the antenna port(s) to the spectrum analyzer input.
2. Place the radio in continuous transmit mode. Use the procedures in KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 to substitute conducted measurements in place of radiated measurements.
3. Configure Spectrum analyzer as per test parameters below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer).
4. Record the marker. Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands.
5. The “measure-and-sum technique” is used for measuring in-band transmit power of a device. In the measure-and-sum approach, the conducted emission level is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in linear power units. The worst case output is recorded.
6. Place a marker at the end of the restricted band closest to the transmit frequency to show compliance.

Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands
7. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01
ANSI C63.10: 2013 Section 12.7.6 (Peak), Section 12.7.7.2 (Method AD)

Conducted Spurious Emissions

Test parameters

Peak	Average
Span = 30MHz to 26.5GHz / 26.5GHz to 40GHz	Span = 30MHz to 26.5GHz / 26.5GHz to 40GHz
RBW = 1 MHz	RBW = 1 MHz
VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz	VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz
Sweep = Auto couple	Sweep = Auto couple
Detector = Peak	Detector = RMS
Trace = Max Hold.	Power Averaging

Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	☒	☐
	Support	NA	☐	☒

Tested By :
Johanna Knudsen
Test Result : PASS

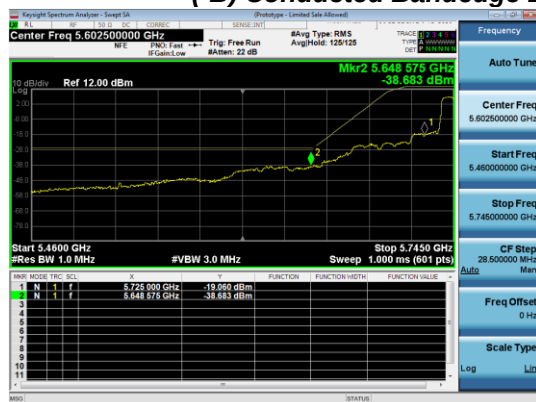
Date of testing:
11-FEB-20 to 12-FEB-20

Test Equipment

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

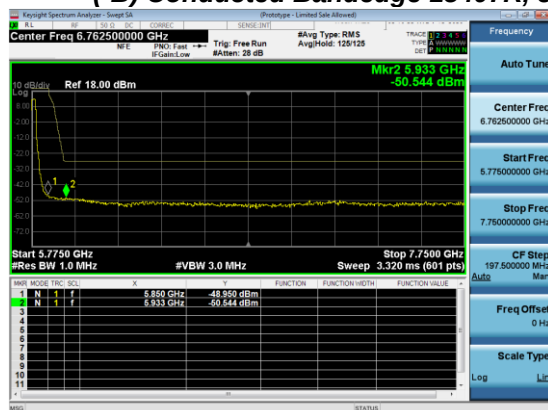
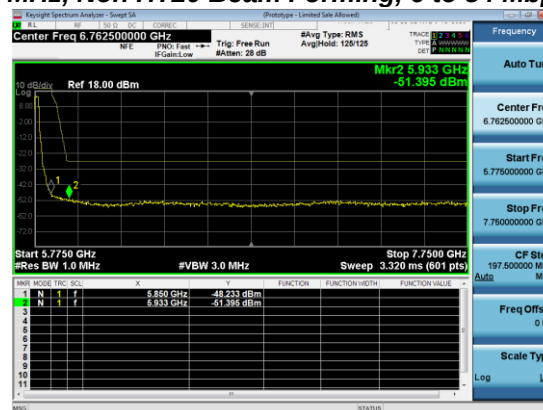
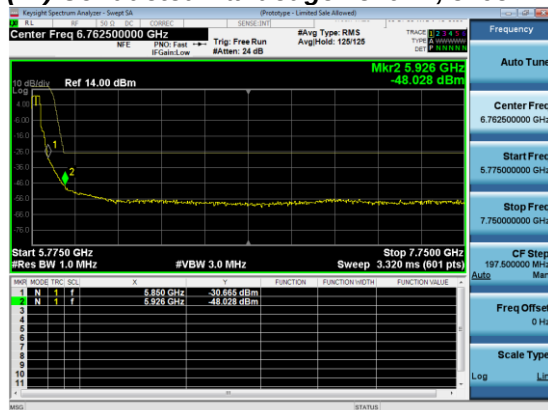
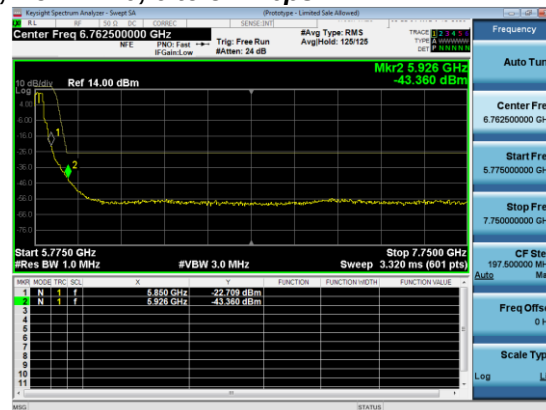
Conducted Bandedge – Peak (Left)

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Bandedge Level (dBm)	Tx 2 Bandedge Level (dBm)	Total Tx Bandedge Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5745	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-48.7		-43.6	-27.0	16.63
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-48.7	-50.9	-41.5	-27.0	14.49
	Non HT20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	8	-48.7	-50.9	-38.5	-27.0	11.49
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	1	5	-49.2		-44.0	-27.0	17.04
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	2	5	-49.2	-50.7	-41.8	-27.0	14.81
	HT/VHT20, M8 to M15	2	5	-49.2	-50.7	-41.8	-27.0	14.81
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-49.2	-50.7	-38.8	-27.0	11.81
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-49.2	-50.7	-41.8	-27.0	14.81
	HT/VHT20 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-49.2	-50.7	-41.8	-27.0	14.81
5755	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-45.1		-40.0	-27.0	13.03
	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-45.1	-41.7	-34.9	-27.0	7.90
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	1	5	-49.4		-44.2	-27.0	17.23
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	2	5	-49.4	-46.4	-39.5	-27.0	12.48
	HT/VHT40, M8 to M15	2	5	-49.4	-46.4	-39.5	-27.0	12.48
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-49.4	-46.4	-36.5	-27.0	9.48
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-49.4	-46.4	-39.5	-27.0	12.48
	HT/VHT40 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-49.4	-46.4	-39.5	-27.0	12.48
5775	Non HT80, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-38.7		-33.5	-27.0	6.54
	Non HT80, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-38.7	-33.3	-27.0	-27.0	0.03
	VHT80, M0 to M9 1ss	1	5	-40.0		-34.8	-27.0	7.83
	VHT80, M0 to M9 1ss	2	5	-40.0	-35.9	-28.6	-27.0	1.64
	VHT80, M0 to M9 2ss	2	5	-40.0	-35.9	-28.6	-27.0	1.64
	VHT80 Beam Forming, M0 to M9 1ss	2	8	-43.1	-39.4	-29.0	-27.0	2.02
	VHT80 Beam Forming, M0 to M9 2ss	2	5	-40.0	-35.9	-28.6	-27.0	1.64
	VHT80 STBC, M0 to M9 1ss	2	5	-40.0	-35.9	-28.6	-27.0	1.64

(-B) Conducted Bandedge 15407L, 5775 MHz, Non HT80, 6 to 54 Mbps**Antenna A****Antenna B**

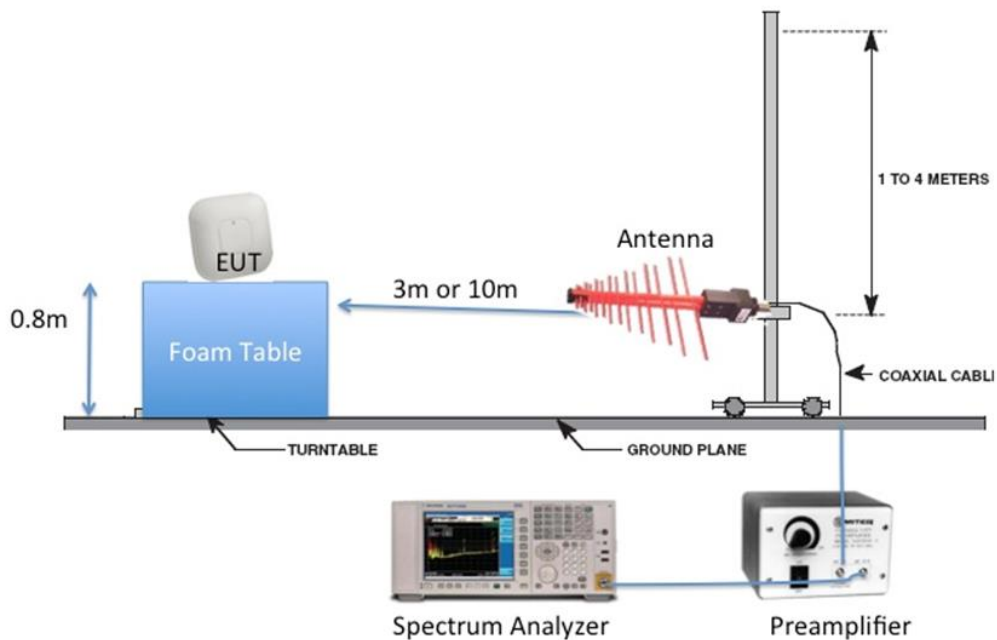
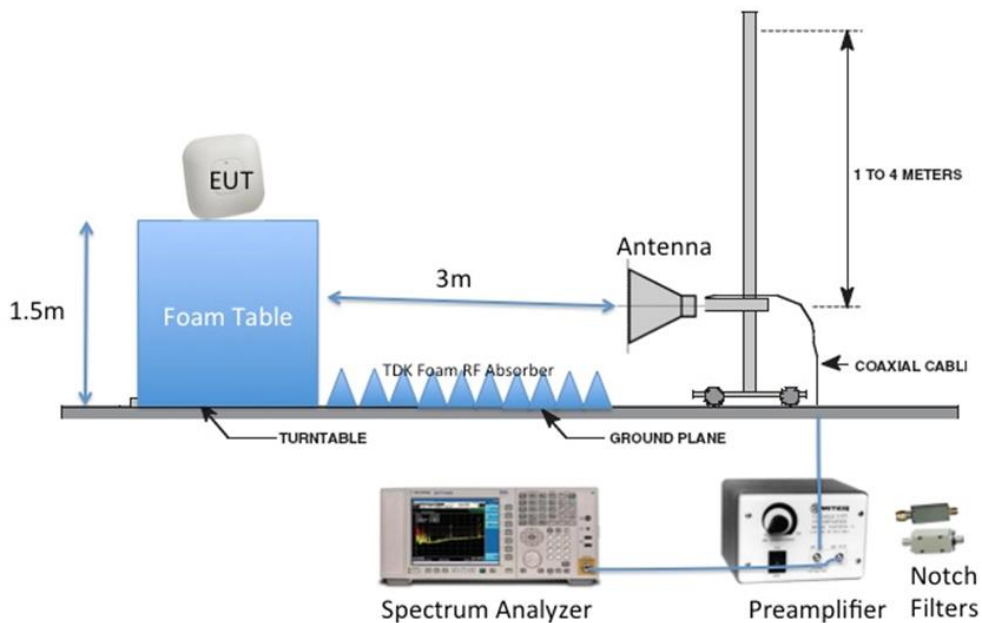
Conducted Bandedge Peak (Right Side)

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Bandedge Level (dBm)	Tx 2 Bandedge Level (dBm)	Total Tx Bandedge Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5785	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-50.5		-44.7	-27.0	17.66
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-50.5	-51.4	-42.8	-27.0	15.76
	Non HT20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	8	-50.5	-51.4	-39.8	-27.0	12.76
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	1	5	-51.3		-46.1	-27.0	19.14
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	2	5	-51.3	-53.2	-44.1	-27.0	17.07
	HT/VHT20, M8 to M15	2	5	-51.3	-53.2	-44.1	-27.0	17.07
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-51.3	-53.2	-41.1	-27.0	14.07
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-51.3	-53.2	-44.1	-27.0	17.07
	HT/VHT20 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-51.3	-53.2	-44.1	-27.0	17.07
5795	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-48.0		-42.9	-27.0	15.93
	Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-48.0	-43.4	-36.9	-27.0	9.94
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	1	5	-50.7		-45.5	-27.0	18.53
	HT/VHT40, M0 to M7	2	5	-50.7	-48.5	-41.3	-27.0	14.29
	HT/VHT40, M8 to M15	2	5	-50.7	-48.5	-41.3	-27.0	14.29
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-50.7	-48.5	-38.3	-27.0	11.29
	HT/VHT40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-50.7	-48.5	-41.3	-27.0	14.29
	HT/VHT40 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-50.7	-48.5	-41.3	-27.0	14.29
5825	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-50.9		-45.7	-27.0	18.74
	Non HT20, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-50.9	-52.1	-43.3	-27.0	16.29
	Non HT20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	8	-50.9	-52.1	-40.3	-27.0	13.29
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	1	5	-50.9		-45.7	-27.0	18.74
	HT/VHT20, M0 to M7	2	5	-50.9	-52.1	-43.4	-27.0	16.38
	HT/VHT20, M8 to M15	2	5	-50.9	-52.1	-43.4	-27.0	16.38
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-50.9	-52.1	-40.4	-27.0	13.38
	HT/VHT20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-50.9	-52.1	-43.4	-27.0	16.38
	HT/VHT20 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-50.9	-52.1	-43.4	-27.0	16.38

(-B) Conducted Bandedge 15407R, 5785 MHz, Non HT20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps**Antenna A****Antenna B****(-B) Conducted Bandedge 15407R, 5795 MHz, Non HT40, 6 to 54 Mbps****Antenna A****Antenna B**

Appendix B: Emission Test Results

Testing Laboratory: Cisco Systems, Inc., 125 West Tasman Drive, San Jose, CA 95134, USA

Radiated Emission Setup Diagram-Below 1G**Radiated Emission Setup Diagram-Above 1G**

B.1 Radiated Spurious Emissions

Not covered by the scope of this test report.

B.2 Radiated Emissions 30MHz to 1GHz

Not covered by the scope of this test report.

B.3 AC Conducted Emissions

Not covered by the scope of this test report.

Appendix C: List of Test Equipment Used to perform the test

Equip#	Manufacturer/ Model	Description	Last Cal	Next Cal	Test Item
CIS057477	Cisco ATIL	Automation Test Insertion Loss	Cal Not Required		A1 thru A7
CIS055109	Agilent N9030A-550	PXA Signal Analyzer, 3Hz to 50GHz	18-Jul-19	18-Jul-20	A1 thru A7
CIS055093	National Instruments PXI-1042Q	Chassis	Cal Not Required		A1 thru A7
CIS057238	National Instruments PXI-8115	Embedded Controller	Cal Not Required		A1 thru A7
CIS057247	National Instruments PXI-2796	40 GHz Dual 6x1 Multiplexer (SP6T)	Cal Not Required		A1 thru A7
CIS056092	National Instruments PXI-2796	40 GHz Dual 6x1 Multiplexer (SP6T)	Cal Not Required		A1 thru A7
CIS057248	National Instruments PXI-2799	Switch 1x1	Cal Not Required		A1 thru A7
CIS056209	Keysight (Agilent/HP) / N5182B	MXG X-Series RF Vector Signal Generator	13-Dec-19	13-Dec-20	A1 thru A7
CIS06695	LUFFT/ 5063-33W	DIAL HYGROMETER	6-Nov-19	6-Nov-20	A1 thru A7
CIS056329	Pasternack PE5019-1	Torque wrench	28-Feb-19	28-Feb-20	A1 thru A7

Appendix D: Abbreviation Key and Definitions

The following table defines abbreviations used within this test report.

Abbreviation	Description	Abbreviation	Description
EMC	Electro Magnetic Compatibility	°F	Degrees Fahrenheit
EMI	Electro Magnetic Interference	°C	Degrees Celsius
EUT	Equipment Under Test	Temp	Temperature
ITE	Information Technology Equipment	S/N	Serial Number
TAP	Test Assessment Schedule	Qty	Quantity
ESD	Electro Static Discharge	emf	Electromotive force
EFT	Electric Fast Transient	RMS	Root mean square
EDCS	Engineering Document Control System	Qp	Quasi Peak
Config	Configuration	Av	Average
CIS#	Cisco Number (unique identification number for Cisco test equipment)	Pk	Peak
Cal	Calibration	kHz	Kilohertz (1x10 ³)
EN	European Norm	MHz	MegaHertz (1x10 ⁶)
IEC	International Electro technical Commission	GHz	Gigahertz (1x10 ⁹)
CISPR	International Special Committee on Radio Interference	H	Horizontal
CDN	Coupling/Decoupling Network	V	Vertical
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network	dB	decibel
PE	Protective Earth	V	Volt
GND	Ground	kV	Kilovolt (1x10 ³)
L1	Line 1	μV	Microvolt (1x10 ⁻⁶)
L2	Line2	A	Amp
L3	Line 3	μA	Micro Amp (1x10 ⁻⁶)
DC	Direct Current	mS	Milli Second (1x10 ⁻³)
RAW	Uncorrected measurement value, as indicated by the measuring device	μS	Micro Second (1x10 ⁻⁶)
RF	Radio Frequency	μS	Micro Second (1x10 ⁻⁶)
SLCE	Signal Line Conducted Emissions	m	Meter
Meas dist	Measurement distance	Spec dist	Specification distance
N/A or NA	Not Applicable	SL	Signal Line (or Telecom Line)
P	Power Line	L	Live Line
N	Neutral Line	R	Return
S	Supply	AC	Alternating Current

Appendix E: Photographs of Test Setups



Appendix F: Software Used to Perform Testing

Cisco Internal LabView Radio Test Automation Software - RF Automation Main rev137

Cisco Internal LabView Radio Test Automation Software - Report Generation Main rev83

Appendix G: Test Procedures

Measurements were made in accordance with

- KDB 789033 - D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01
- KDB 662911 - MIMO
- ANSI C63.4 2014 Unintentional Radiators
- ANSI C63.10 2013 Intentional Radiators

Test procedures are summarized below:

FCC 5GHz Test Procedures	EDCS # 1445048
FCC 5GHz RSE Test Procedures	EDCS # 1511600

Appendix H: Scope of Accreditation (A2LA certificate number 1178-01)

The scope of accreditation of Cisco Systems, Inc. can be found on the A2LA web page at:

<http://www.a2la.org/scopepdf/1178-01.pdf>

Appendix I: Test Assessment Plan

Compliance Test Plan (Excel) EDCS# 1550359

Appendix J: Worst Case Justification

N/A

Appendix K: UUT Software Info

Cisco AP Software, (ap1g5), [cheetah-build4:/san/BUILD/workspace/NightlyMasterCisco/label/mallorca]

Technical Support: <http://www.cisco.com/techsupport>

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Compiled Mon Oct 21 02:57:58 PDT 2019

ROM: Bootstrap program is U-Boot boot loader

BOOTLDR: U-Boot boot loader Version 51

End