

Test Report
AIR-CAP1532I-B-K9

Cisco Aironet 802.11n Dual Band Mesh Access Points

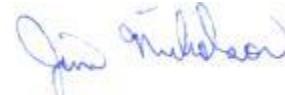
FCC ID: LDK102090P

5710-5720 MHz

Against the following Specifications:

CFR47 Part 15.407

Cisco Systems
170 West Tasman Drive
San Jose, CA 95134

	
Author: Jose Aguirre Tested By	Approved By: Jim Nicolson Title: Technical Leader, Engineering Revision: 2

This report replaces any previously entered test report under **EDCS-1539151**. This test report has been electronically authorized and archived using the CISCO Engineering Document Control system.

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Section 1: Overview

The samples were assessed against the tests detailed in section 3 under the requirements of the following specifications:

Specifications:
CFR47 Part 15.407

Measurements were made in accordance with

- ANSI C63.10:2013
- KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01
- KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output

Section2: Assessment Information

2.1 General

This report contains an assessment of an apparatus against Electromagnetic Compatibility Standards based upon tests carried out on the samples submitted. The testing was performed by and for the use of Cisco systems Inc:

With regard to this assessment, the following points should be noted:

- a) The results contained in this report relate only to the items tested and were obtained in the period between the date of the initial assessment and the date of issue of the report. Manufactured products will not necessarily give identical results due to production and measurement tolerances.
- b) The apparatus was set up and exercised using the configuration and modes of operation defined in this report only.
- c) Where relevant, the apparatus was only assessed using the susceptibility criteria defined in this report and the Test Assessment Plan (TAP).
- d) All testing was performed under the following environmental conditions:
 - Temperature 15°C to 35°C (54°F to 95°F)
 - Atmospheric Pressure 860mbar to 1060mbar (25.4" to 31.3")
 - Humidity 10% to 75*%
- e) All AC testing was performed at one or more of the following supply voltages:
 - 110V 60 Hz (+/-20%)

Units of Measurement

The units of measurements defined in the appendices are reported in specific terms, which are test dependent. Where radiated measurements are concerned these are defined at a particular distance. Basic voltage measurements are defined in units of [dBuV]

As an example, the basic calculation for all measurements is as follows:

Emission level [dBuV] = Indicated voltage level [dBuV] + Cable Loss [dB] + Other correction factors [dB]

The combinations of correction factors are dependent upon the exact test configurations [see test equipment lists for further details] and may include:-

Antenna Factors, Pre Amplifier Gain, LISN Loss, Pulse Limiter Loss and Filter Insertion Loss..

Note: to convert the results from dBuV/m to uV/m use the following formula:-

Level in uV/m = Common Antilogarithm $[(X \text{ dBuV/m})/20] = Y \text{ uV/m}$

Measurement Uncertainty Values

voltage and power measurements	± 2 dB
conducted EIRP measurements	± 1.4 dB
radiated measurements	± 3.2 dB
frequency measurements	$\pm 2.4 \cdot 10^{-7}$
temperature measurements	$\pm 0.54^\circ$
humidity measurements	$\pm 2.3\%$
DC and low frequency measurements	$\pm 2.5\%$

Where relevant measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$.

Radiated emissions (expanded uncertainty, confidence interval 95%)

30 MHz - 300 MHz	± 3.8 dB
300 MHz - 1000 MHz	± 4.3 dB
1 GHz - 10 GHz	± 4.0 dB
10 GHz - 18GHz	± 8.2 dB
18GHz - 26.5GHz	± 4.1 dB
26.5GHz - 40GHz	± 3.9 dB

Conducted emissions (expanded uncertainty, confidence interval 95%)

30 MHz – 40GHz	± 0.38 dB
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A product is considered to comply with a requirement if the nominal measured value is below the limit line. The product is considered to not be in compliance in case the nominal measured value is above the limit line.

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2.2 Date of testing

07-Jul-15 - 08-Aug-15

2.3 Report Issue Date

18-August-2015

Cisco uses an electronic system to issue, store and control the revision of test reports. This system is called the Engineering Document Control System (EDCS). The actual report issue date is embedded into the original file on EDCS. Any copies of this report, either electronic or paper, that are not on EDCS must be considered uncontrolled.

2.4 Testing facilities

This assessment was performed by:

Testing Laboratory

Cisco Systems, Inc.,
125 West Tasman Drive
San Jose, CA 95134, USA

Test Engineers

Jose Aguirre

2.5 Equipment Assessed (EUT)

AIR-CAP1532I-B-K9

2.6 EUT Description

The 1532I Series Cisco Aironet 802.11n Dual Band Mesh Access Points support the following modes of operation. The modes are further defined in the radio Theory of Operation. The modes included in this report represent the worst case data for all modes.

Non HT/VHT-20, One Antenna, 6 to 54 Mbps
Non HT/VHT-20, Two Antennas, 6 to 54 Mbps

HT/VHT-20, One Antenna, M0 to M7
HT/VHT-20, Two Antennas, M0 to M15

HT/VHT-20 STBC, Two Antennas, M0 to M7

Non HT/VHT-40 Duplicate, One Antenna, 6-54 Mbps
Non HT/VHT-40 Duplicate, Two Antennas, 6-54 Mbps

HT/VHT-40, One Antenna, M0 to M7
HT/VHT-40, Two Antennas, M0 to M15

HT/VHT-40 STBC, Two Antennas, M0 to M7

The following antennas are supported by this product series.

The data included in this report represent the worst case data for all antennas.

Frequency	Part Number	Antenna Type	Antenna Gain (dBi)
2.4/5 GHz	Internal	Dual-resonant Omni	3 / 5

Section 3: Result Summary

3.1 Results Summary Table

Conducted emissions

Basic Standard	Technical Requirements / Details	Result
FCC 15.407	<p>99% & 26 dB Bandwidth: The 99% occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. There is no limit for 99% OBW.</p> <p>The 26 dB emission is the width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 26 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.</p>	Pass
FCC 15.407	<p>Output Power: 15.407 (2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.</p>	Pass
FCC 15.407	<p>Power Spectral Density: 15.407 The maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.</p>	Pass
FCC 15.407	<p>Conducted Spurious Emissions / Band-Edge: 15.407 (3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.</p>	Pass
FCC 15.407 FCC 15.209 FCC 15.205	<p>Restricted band: Unwanted emissions falling within the restricted bands, as defined in FCC 15.205 (a) must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC 15.209 (a).</p>	Pass

Radiated Emissions (General requirements)

Basic Standard	Technical Requirements / Details	Result
FCC 15.209 FCC 15.205	TX Spurious Emissions: Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the filed strength limits table in this section.	Pass
FCC 15.207	AC conducted Emissions: Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, for any radio apparatus equipped to operate from the public utility AC power supply, either directly or indirectly (such as with a battery charger), the radio frequency voltage of emissions conducted back onto the AC power lines in the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits shown in the table in these sections. The more stringent limit applies at the frequency range boundaries.	Pass

* MPE calculation is recorded in a separate report

Section 4: Sample Details

Note: Each sample was evaluated to ensure that its condition was suitable to be used as a test sample prior to the commencement of testing.

4.1 Sample Details

Sample No.	Equipment Details	Manufacturer	Hardware Rev.	Firmware Rev.	Software Rev.	Serial Number
S01	AIR-CAP1532I-B-K9	Cisco Systems	A0	ap1g3-k9w7-mx.153	Cisco IOS 15.3	RFDPP1AE004
S02*	AIR-PWR-C	Meanwell	A0	NA	NA	EB46E93226

(*) S02 are support equipment Power supplies for EUT S01

4.2 System Details

System #	Description	Samples
1	AIR-CAP1532I-B-K9	S01
2	AIR-PWR-C	S02

4.3 Mode of Operation Details

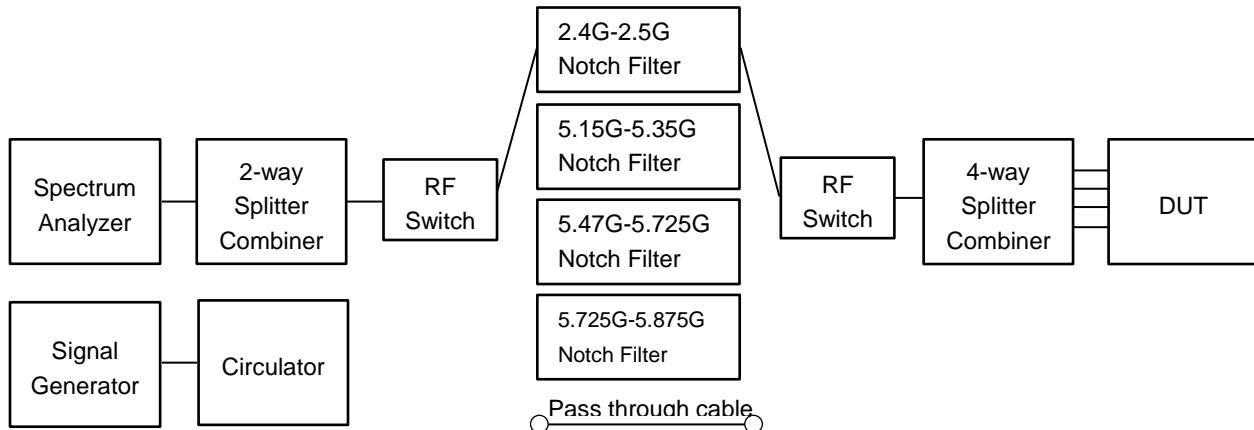
Mode#	Description	Comments
1	Continuous Transmitting	Continuous Transmitting

All measurements were made in accordance with

- ANSI C63.10:2013
- KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01
- KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output

Appendix A: Emission Test Results

Conducted Test Setup Diagram



Target Maximum Channel Power

The following table details the maximum supported Total Channel Power for all operating modes.

Operating Mode	Maximum Channel Power (dBm)	
	Frequency (MHz)	
Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps	19	
HT-20, M0 to M7	20	
HT-20, M0 to M7, M0 to M9 1-0ss	20	
HT-20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	20	
HT-20 STBC, M0 to M7	20	
	5710	
Non HT-40, M0 to M15, M0 to M9 1-0ss	20	
HT-40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	20	
HT-40 STBC, M0 to M7	20	

A.1

99% and 26dB Bandwidth

FCC 15.407 The 99% occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. There is no limit for 99% OBW.

The 26 dB emission is the width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 26 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

KDB 644545 D03 v01 section D1b

Band-crossing emissions: For an emission that crosses the boundary between two adjacent U-NII bands, the boundary frequency between the bands serves as one edge for defining the portion of the EBW that falls within a particular U-NII band. However, the -26 dB points are measured relative to the highest point on the contiguous segment—regardless of which band contains that highest point (Figure4).

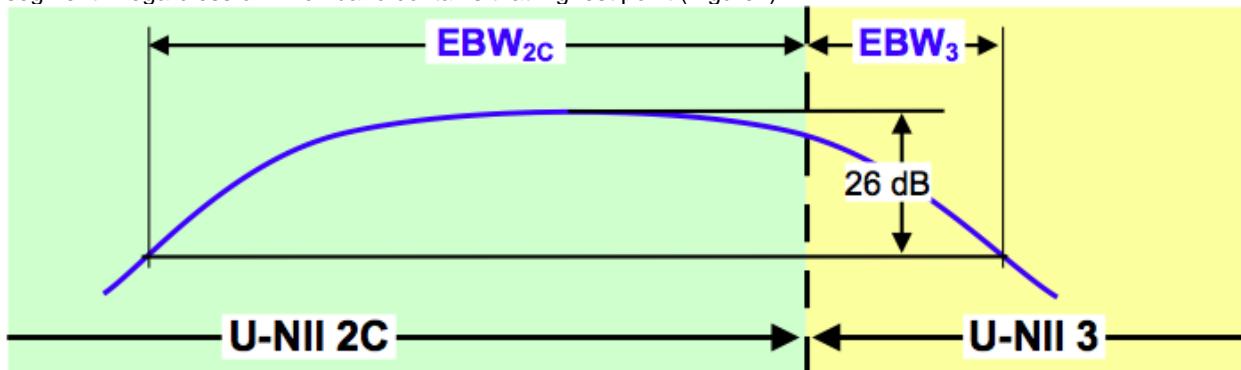


Figure 4. Emission Bandwidth (EBW) within a Band for Band-Crossing Signals

Test Procedure

Ref. ANSI C63.10: 2013 Section 6.9.3

99% BW and EBW (-26dB)

Test Procedure

1. Set the radio in the continuous transmitting mode.
2. Allow the trace to stabilize.
3. Setting the x-dB bandwidth mode to -26dB and OBW power function to 99% within the measurement set up function.
4. Select the automatic OBW measurement function of an instrument to perform bandwidth measurement.
5. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. ANSI C63.10: 2013 Section 6.9.3

99% BW and EBW (-26dB)

Test parameters

Span = 1.5 x to 5.0 times OBW

RBW = approx. 1% to 5% of the OBW

VBW \geq 3 x RBW

Detector = Peak or where practical sample shall be used

Trace = Max. Hold

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
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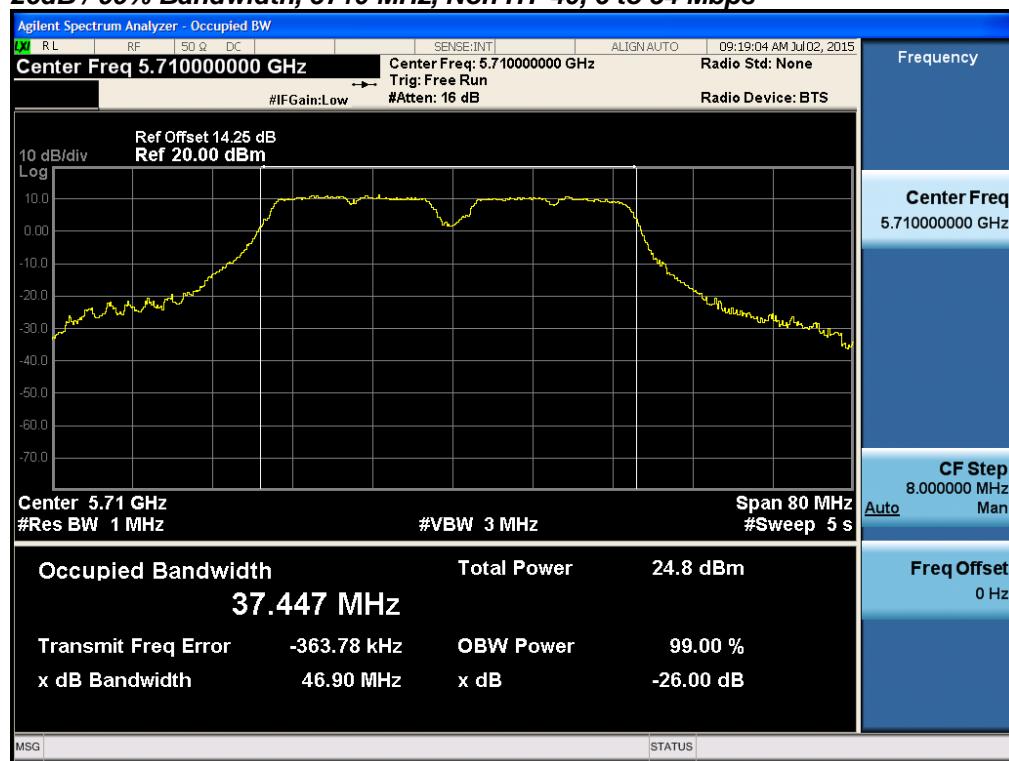
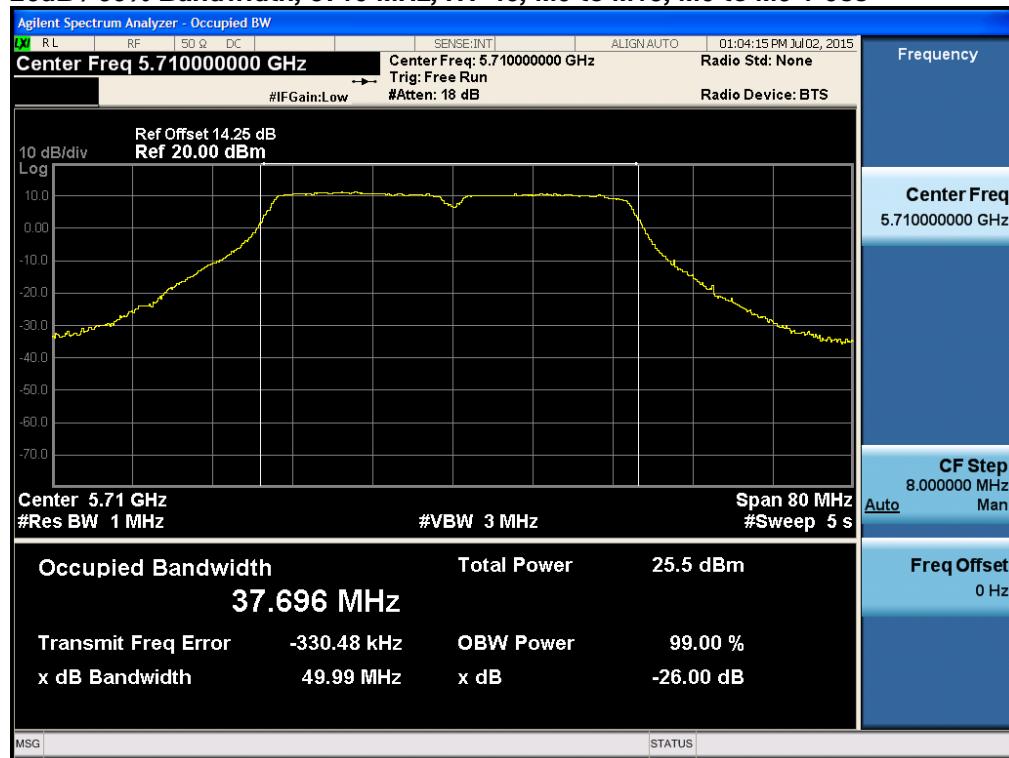
1	EUT	S01	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Support	S02	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

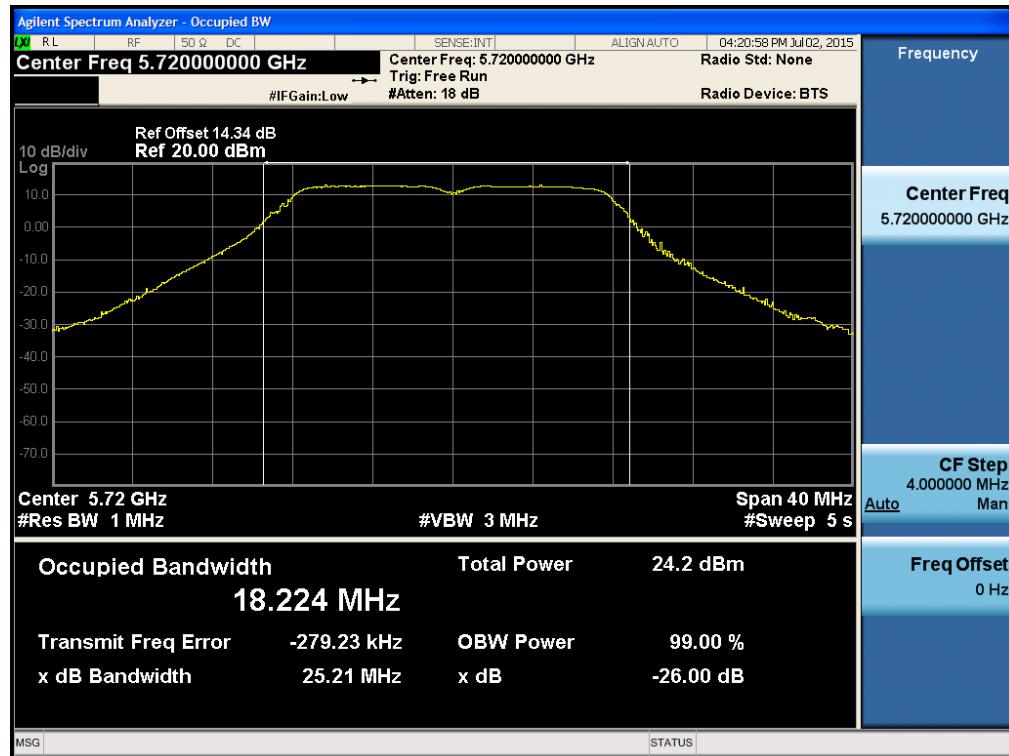
Tested By : Jose Aguirre	Date of testing: 07-Jul-15 - 08-Aug-15
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Test Result : PASS

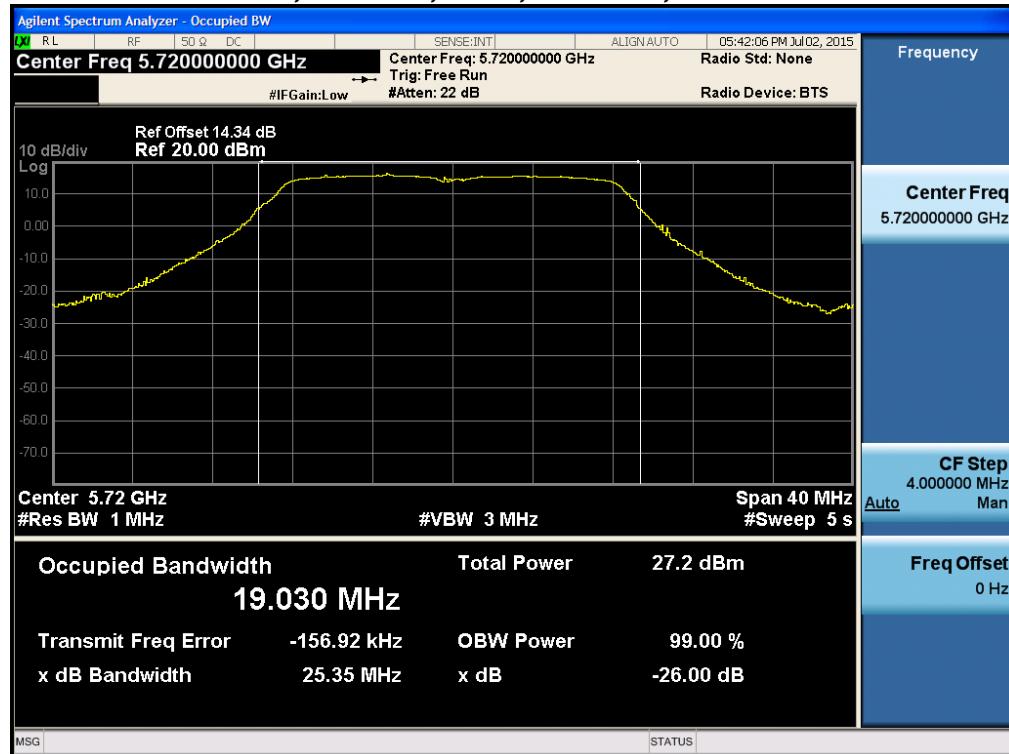
See Appendix C for list of test equipment

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	26dB BW (MHz)	99% BW (MHz)
5710	Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	46.9	37.4
	HT-40, M0 to M15, M0 to M9 1-0ss	m0	50.0	37.7
5720	Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	25.2	18.2
	HT-20, M0 to M15, M0 to M9 1-0ss	m0	25.6	19.0

26dB / 99% Bandwidth, 5710 MHz, Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps

26dB / 99% Bandwidth, 5710 MHz, HT-40, M0 to M15, M0 to M9 1-0ss

26dB / 99% Bandwidth, 5720 MHz, Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps



26dB / 99% Bandwidth, 5720 MHz, HT-20, M0 to M15, M0 to M9 1-0ss



A.2 Maximum Conducted Output Power/ Power Spectral Density

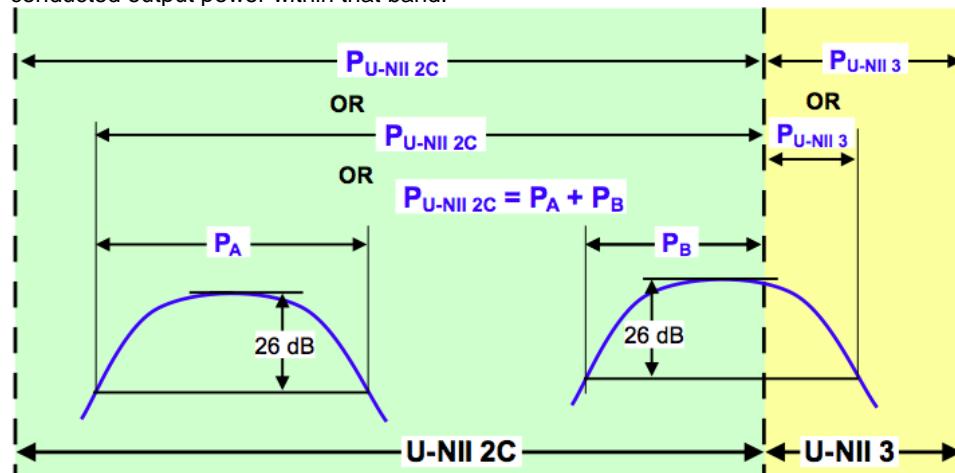
15.407 (2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or $11 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log B$, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

15.407 a (3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

The power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

KDB 644545 D03 (section F.2.b.ii)

When measuring the portion of the maximum conducted output power within a single U-NII band, the power shall be integrated across only the portion of the EBW that falls within that band. That is, if an EBW extends across the boundary between two adjacent bands, the boundary frequency between the bands serves as one edge of the frequency range to be integrated. Integration across an entire U-NII band without regard to 26 dB points is also acceptable for determining conducted output power within that band.



Conducted output power within a U-NII band: Integrate over the band, or integrate over a span including the 26 dB EBWs of transmission segments within the band, or integrate over 26 dB EBW of each transmission segment in the band and sum.

Figure 5. Conducted Output Power Measurement Examples

The “measure-and-sum technique” is used for measuring in-band transmit power of a device. In the measure-and-sum approach, the conducted emission level is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in linear power units. (ANSI C63.10: 2013, section 14.3.2.2)

Test Procedure

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01

ANSI C63.10: 2013

KDB 644545 D03 v01

Output Power

Test Procedure

1. Set the radio in the continuous transmitting mode at full power
2. Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or alternatively entire 99% OBW) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function. The integration shall be performed using the spectrum analyzer band-power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW or the OBW band edges.
3. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01

ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 12.3.2.2 Method SA-1

Output Power

Test parameters

Span = >1.5 times the OBW

RBW = 1MHz

VBW \geq 3 x RBW

Sweep = Auto couple

Detector = sample

Trace = Trace Average 100

The “measure-and-sum technique” is used for measuring in-band transmit power of a device. In the measure-and-sum approach, the conducted emission level is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in linear power units. (See ANSI C63.10 section 14.3.2.2)

Power Spectral Density (UNII 2C band)

Test parameters

ANSI C63.10: 2013 , sec12.3.2.2 Method SA-1

Span = >1.5 times the OBW

RBW = 1MHz

VBW \geq 3 x RBW

Sweep = Auto couple

Detector = Sample

Trace = Trace Average 100

Marker = Peak Search

The “Measure and add 10 log(N) dB technique”, where N is the number of outputs, is used for measuring in-band Power Spectral Density. With this technique, spectrum measurements are performed at each output of the device, and the quantity 10 log(4) (or 6dB) is added to the worst case spectrum value before comparing to the emission limit. (ANSI C63.10 2013 section 14.3.2.3)

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Support	S02	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Tested By :

Jose Aguirre

Date of testing:

07-Jul-15 - 08-Aug-15

Test Result : PASS

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Max Power (dBm)	Tx 2 Max Power (dBm)	Total Tx Channel Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5710	Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	19.4		19.4	24.0	4.6
	Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	16.6	17.5	20.1	24.0	3.9
	HT-40, M0 to M7	1	5	19.1		19.1	24.0	4.9
	HT-40, M0 to M7	2	5	16.3	17.2	19.8	24.0	4.2
	HT-40, M8 to M15	2	5	16.3	17.2	19.8	24.0	4.2
	HT-40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	14.3	15.2	17.8	22.0	4.2
	HT-40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	16.3	17.2	19.8	24.0	4.2
	HT-40 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	16.3	17.2	19.8	24.0	4.2
5720	Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	19.1		19.1	23.6	4.5
	Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	16.2	17.3	19.8	23.6	3.8
	Non HT-20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	8	14.3	15.5	18.0	21.6	3.6
	HT-20, M0 to M7	1	5	19.1		19.1	23.8	4.7
	HT-20, M0 to M7	2	5	16.1	17.2	19.7	23.8	4.1
	HT-20, M8 to M15	2	5	16.2	17.3	19.8	23.8	4.0
	HT-20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	14.1	15.4	17.8	21.8	4.0
	HT-20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	16.2	17.3	19.8	23.8	4.0
	HT-20 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	16.2	17.3	19.8	23.8	4.0

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 PSD (dBm/MHz)	Tx 2 PSD (dBm/MHz)	Total PSD (dBm/MHz)	Limit (dBm/MHz)	Margin (dB)
5710	Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	5.7		5.7	11.0	5.3
	Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	2.9	3.9	6.4	11.0	4.6
	HT-40, M0 to M7	1	5	5.5		5.5	11.0	5.5
	HT-40, M0 to M7	2	5	2.5	3.1	5.8	11.0	5.2
	HT-40, M8 to M15	2	5	2.5	3.1	5.8	11.0	5.2
	HT-40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	0.3	1.6	4.0	9.0	5.0
	HT-40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	2.5	3.1	5.8	11.0	5.2
	HT-40 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	2.5	3.1	5.8	11.0	5.2
5720	Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	8.4		8.4	11.0	2.6
	Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	5.6	6.5	9.1	11.0	1.9
	Non HT-20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	8	3.5	4.6	7.1	9.0	1.9
	HT-20, M0 to M7	1	5	8.3		8.3	11.0	2.7
	HT-20, M0 to M7	2	5	5.1	6.4	8.8	11.0	2.2
	HT-20, M8 to M15	2	5	5.4	6.5	9.0	11.0	2.0
	HT-20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	3.1	4.8	7.0	9.0	2.0
	HT-20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	5.4	6.5	9.0	11.0	2.0
	HT-20 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	5.4	6.5	9.0	11.0	2.0

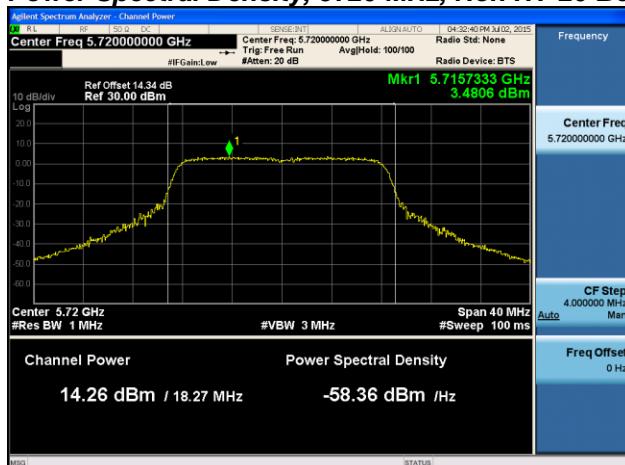
Peak Output Power, 5720 MHz, Non HT-20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps



Antenna A

Antenna B

Power Spectral Density, 5720 MHz, Non HT-20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps



Antenna A

Antenna B

A.3

Conducted Spurious Emissions

15.407 (b) Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz..
- (6) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209.
- (7) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.

Test Procedure

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01
ANSI C63.10: 2013

Conducted Spurious Emissions

Test Procedure

1. Connect the antenna port(s) to the spectrum analyzer input.
2. Place the radio in continuous transmit mode. Use the procedures in KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01 to substitute conducted measurements in place of radiated measurements.
3. Configure Spectrum analyzer as per test parameters below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer).
4. Record the marker waveform peak to spur difference. Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands.
5. The “measure-and-sum technique” is used for measuring in-band transmit power of a device. In the measure-and-sum approach, the conducted emission level is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in linear power units. The worst case output is recorded.
6. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01
ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 12.7.7.3 (average) & 12.7.6 (peak)

Conducted Spurious Emissions

Test parameters

Span = 30MHz to 18GHz / 18GHz to 40GHz
RBW = 1 MHz
VBW \geq 3 x RBW for Peak, 1kHz for Average
Sweep = Auto couple
Detector = Peak
Trace = Max Hold.

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Support	S02	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

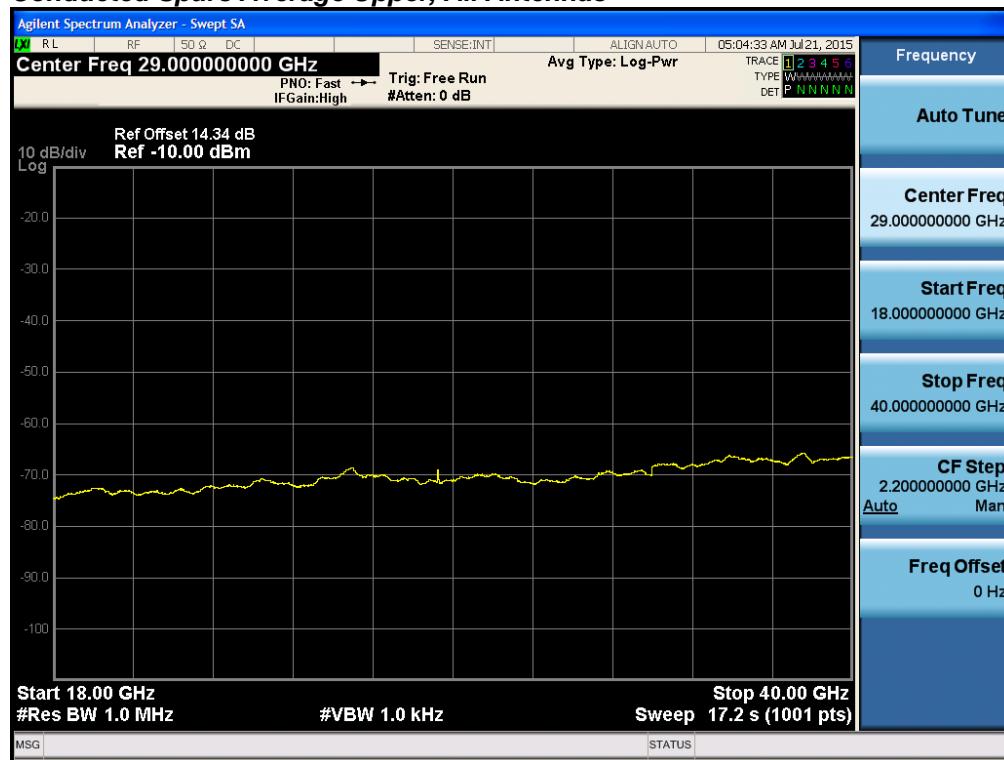
Tested By : Jose Aguirre	Date of testing: 07-Jul-15 - 08-Aug-15
Test Result : PASS	

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

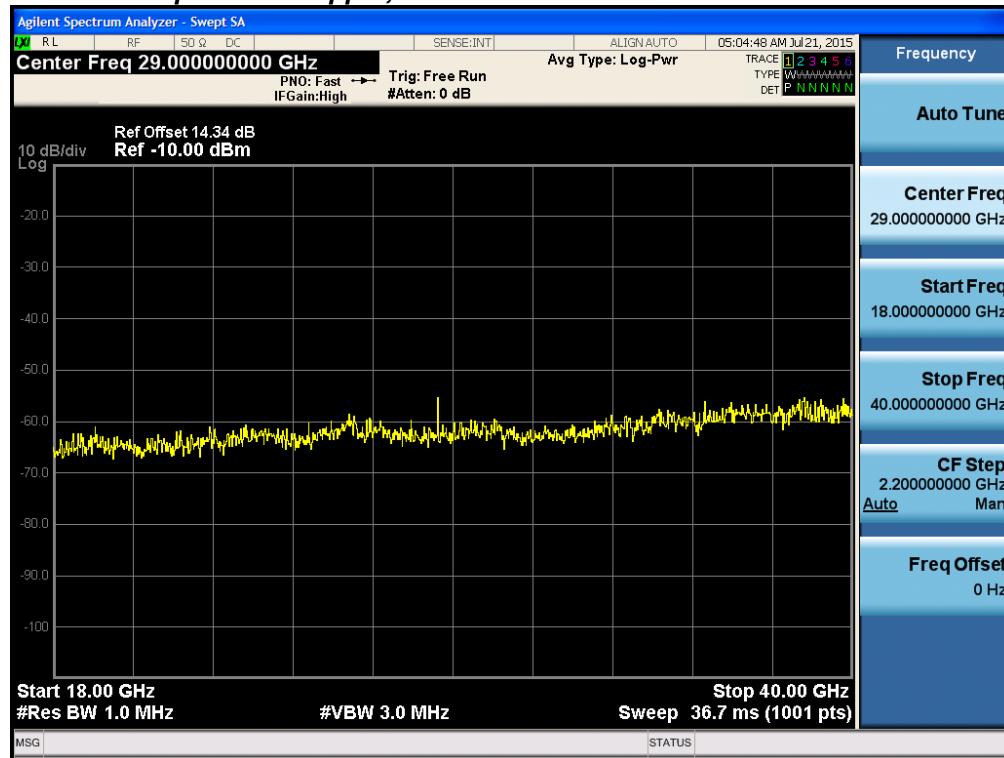
Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Tx 2 Spur Power (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5710	Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-50.3		-45.3	-41.25	4.1
	Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-50.6	-53.2	-43.7	-41.25	2.4
	HT-40, M0 to M7	1	5	-50.9		-45.9	-41.25	4.7
	HT-40, M0 to M7	2	5	-50.0	-53.2	-43.3	-41.25	2.1
	HT-40, M8 to M15	2	5	-50.0	-53.2	-43.3	-41.25	2.1
	HT-40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-53.4	-56.4	-43.6	-41.25	2.4
	HT-40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-50.0	-53.2	-43.3	-41.25	2.1
	HT-40 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-50.0	-53.2	-43.3	-41.25	2.1
5720	Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-49.8		-44.8	-41.25	3.6
	Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-53.2	-53.3	-45.2	-41.25	4.0
	Non HT-20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	8	-53.7	-56.3	-43.8	-41.25	2.5
	HT-20, M0 to M7	1	5	-49.8		-44.8	-41.25	3.6
	HT-20, M0 to M7	2	5	-53.3	-53.3	-45.3	-41.25	4.0
	HT-20, M8 to M15	2	5	-49.7	-52.9	-43.0	-41.25	1.8
	HT-20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-53.6	-56.3	-43.7	-41.25	2.5
	HT-20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-49.7	-52.9	-43.0	-41.25	1.8
	HT-20 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-49.7	-52.9	-43.0	-41.25	1.8

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Tx Paths	Correlated Antenna Gain (dBi)	Tx 1 Spur Power (dBm)	Tx 2 Spur Power (dBm)	Total Conducted Spur (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5710	Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-63.1		-58.1	-21.25	36.9
	Non HT-40, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-62.2	-63.8	-54.9	-21.25	33.7
	HT-40, M0 to M7	1	5	-60.0		-55.0	-21.25	33.8
	HT-40, M0 to M7	2	5	-62.9	-62.8	-54.8	-21.25	33.6
	HT-40, M8 to M15	2	5	-62.9	-62.8	-54.8	-21.25	33.6
	HT-40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-58.9	-62.1	-49.2	-21.25	28.0
	HT-40 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-62.9	-62.8	-54.8	-21.25	33.6
	HT-40 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-62.9	-62.8	-54.8	-21.25	33.6
5720	Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps	1	5	-62.0		-57.0	-21.25	35.8
	Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	5	-63.3	-61.2	-54.1	-21.25	32.9
	Non HT-20 Beam Forming, 6 to 54 Mbps	2	8	-64.1	-61.1	-51.3	-21.25	30.1
	HT-20, M0 to M7	1	5	-61.7		-56.7	-21.25	35.5
	HT-20, M0 to M7	2	5	-61.0	-59.4	-52.1	-21.25	30.9
	HT-20, M8 to M15	2	5	-60.4	-60.5	-52.4	-21.25	31.2
	HT-20 Beam Forming, M0 to M7	2	8	-62.5	-61.2	-50.8	-21.25	29.5
	HT-20 Beam Forming, M8 to M15	2	5	-60.4	-60.5	-52.4	-21.25	31.2
	HT-20 STBC, M0 to M7	2	5	-60.4	-60.5	-52.4	-21.25	31.2

Conducted Spurs Average Upper, All Antennas



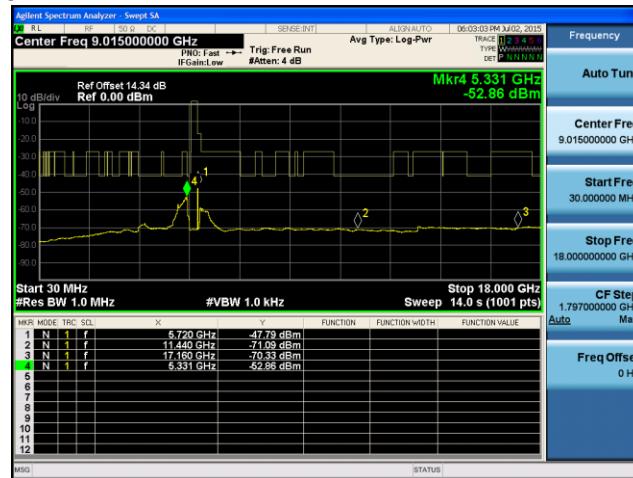
Conducted Spurs Peak Upper, All Antennas



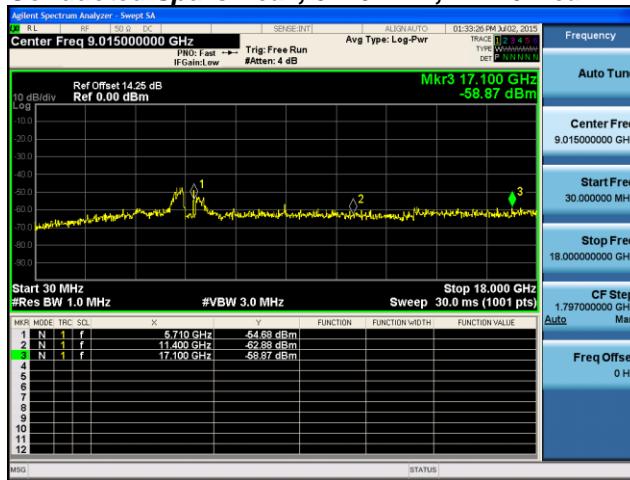
Conducted Spurs Average, 5720 MHz, HT-20, M8 to M15



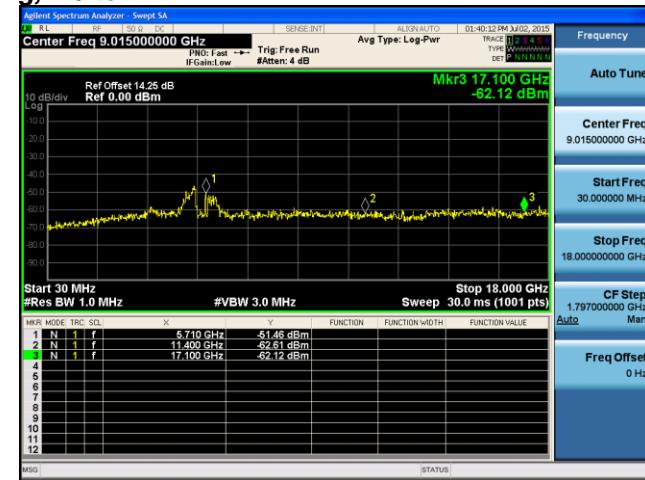
Antenna A



Antenna B

Conducted Spurs Peak, 5710 MHz, HT-40 Beam Forming, M0 to M7


Antenna A



Antenna B

A.4

Conducted Band edge

15.407 (b) Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b) (7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (6) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in 15.209.
- (7) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.
- (8) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the upper and lower frequency band edges as the design of the equipment permits

Test Procedure

Ref. KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01

ANSI C63.10: 2013

Conducted Band edge

Test Procedure

1. Connect the antenna port(s) to the spectrum analyzer input.
2. Place the radio in continuous transmit mode. Use the procedures in ANSI C63.10: 2013 to substitute conducted measurements in place of radiated measurements.
3. Configure Spectrum analyzer as per test parameters below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer).
4. Place a marker at the end of the restricted band closest to the transmit frequency to show compliance. Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands.
5. The “measure-and-sum technique” is used for measuring in-band transmit power of a device. In the measure-and-sum approach, the conducted emission level is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in linear power units. The worst case output is recorded.
6. Place a marker at the end of the restricted band closest to the transmit frequency to show compliance. Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands
7. Capture graphs and record pertinent measurement data.

Ref. ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 12.7.6 (peak) & 12.7.7.3 (average, Method VB-A (Alternative))

Conducted Band edge

Test parameters restricted Band

RBW = 1 MHz

VBW \geq 3 x RBW for Peak, 100Hz for Average

Sweep = Auto couple

Detector = Peak

Trace = Max Hold.

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Support	S02	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

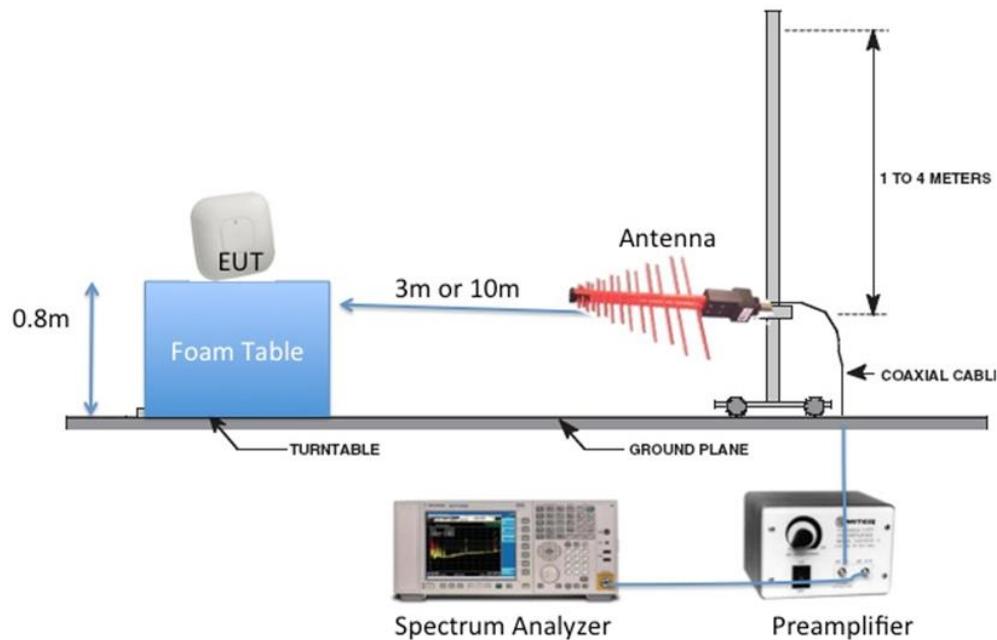
Tested By :	Date of testing:
Test Result : Not Required	

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

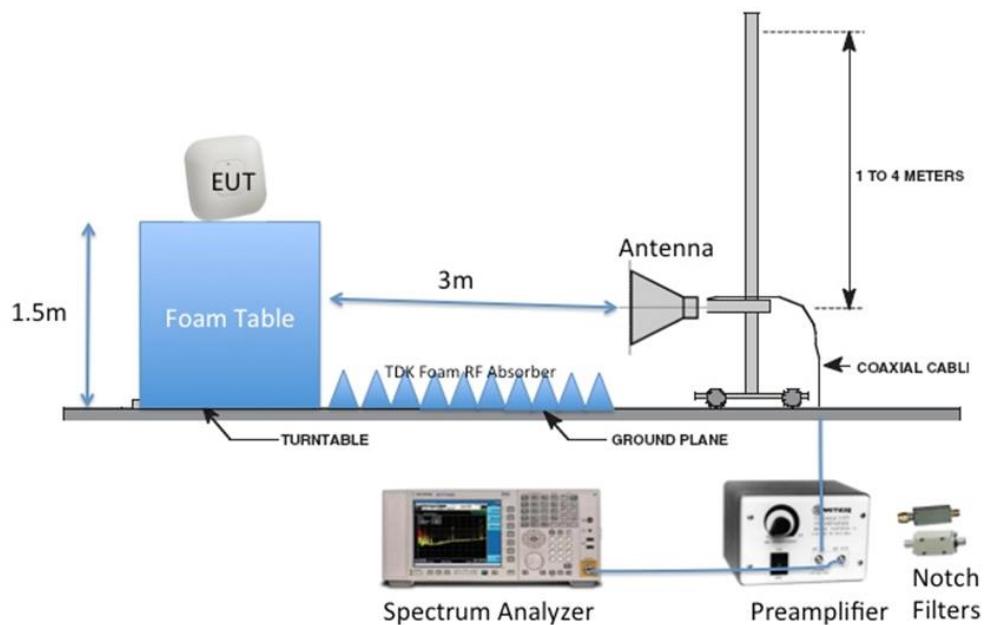
Appendix B: Emission Test Results

Testing Laboratory: Cisco Systems, Inc., 170 West Tasman Drive, San Jose, CA 95134, USA

Radiated Emission Setup Diagram-Below 1G



Radiated Emission Setup Diagram-Above 1G



B.1

Radiated Spurious Emissions

FCC 15.205 / 15.407 Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

Ref. ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 12.7.6 (peak) & 12.7.7.3 (average)

Using Vasona, configure the spectrum analyzer as shown below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer). Place the radio in continuous transmit mode.

Span:	1GHz – 18 GHz/18GHz-26G/26GHz-40GHz
Reference Level:	80 dBuV
Attenuation:	10 dB
Sweep Time:	Coupled
Resolution Bandwidth:	1MHz
Video Bandwidth:	3 MHz for peak, 1 KHz for average
Detector:	Peak

Terminate the access Point RF ports with 50 ohm loads.

Maximize Turntable (find worst case table angle), Maximize Antenna (find worst case height)

Save 2 plots: 1) Average plot (Vertical and Horizontal), Limit= 54dBuV/m @3m
 2) Peak plot (Vertical and Horizontal), Limit = 74dBuV/m @3m

Place a marker at the end of the restricted band closest to the transmit frequency to show compliance.
 Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands.

This report represents the worst case data for all supported operating modes and antennas. There are no measurable emissions above 18 GHz.

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Support	S02	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Tested By : Jose Aguirre	Date of testing: 07-Jul-15 - 08-Aug-15
Test Result : PASS	

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

B.1.A Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions-Average worst case

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Spurious Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (MHz)
5710	HT/VHT40, M0 to M15	m0	49.6	54	4.4
5720	Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	49.8	54	4.2

B.1.A.1 Radiated Transmitter Spurs, 5720 MHz, 6 to 54 Mbps , Average (1-18GHz)

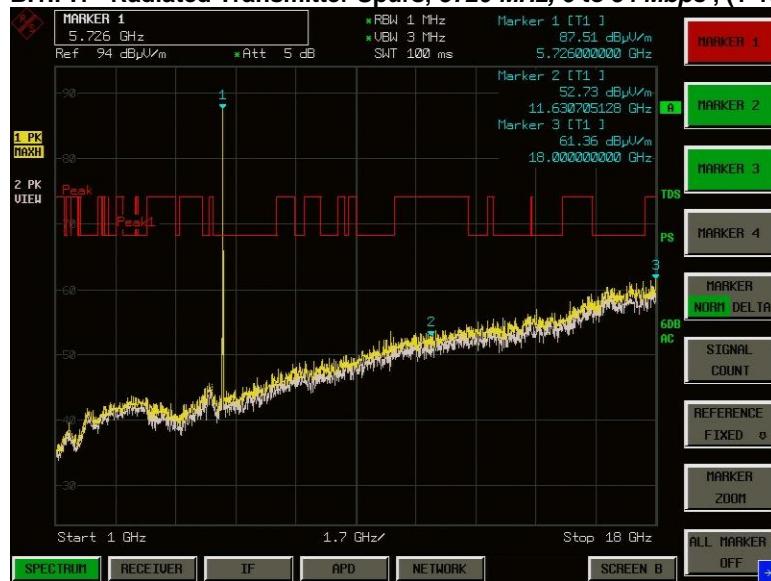
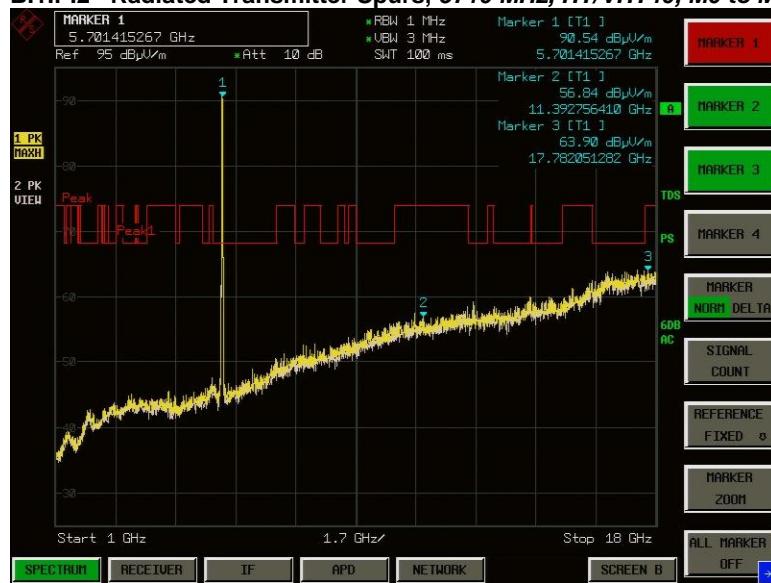
B.1.A.2 Radiated Transmitter Spurs, 5710 MHz, HT/VHT40, M0 to M15, Average (1-18GHz)


B.1.A.7 Radiated Transmitter Spurs, All rate, All modes, Average (18-26.5GHz)

B.1.A.9 Radiated Transmitter Spurs, All rate, All modes, Average (26.5- 40GHz)


B.1.P Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions-Peak worst case

Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Spurious Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (MHz)
5710	HT/VHT40, M0 to M15	m0	63.9	74	10.1
5720	Non HT-20, 6 to 54 Mbps	6	61.4	74	12.6

B.1.P.1 Radiated Transmitter Spurs, 5720 MHz, 6 to 54 Mbps, (1-18GHz)

B.1.P.2 Radiated Transmitter Spurs, 5710 MHz, HT/VHT40, M0 to M23, M0.0 to M9.4, Peak (1-18GHz)


B.1.P.7 Radiated Transmitter Spurs, All rate, All modes, Peak (18-26.5GHz) Horizontal & Vertical

B.1.P.8 Radiated Transmitter Spurs, All rate, All modes, Peak (26.5-40GHz) Horizontal & Vertical


B.2

Radiated Emissions 30MHz to 1GHz

FCC 15.209 / 15.205 / 15.407 Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

Ref. ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 6.5

Using Vasona, configure the spectrum analyzer as shown below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer). Place the radio in continuous transmit mode.

Span:	30MHz – 1GHz
Reference Level:	80 dBuV
Attenuation:	10 dB
Sweep Time:	Coupled
Resolution Bandwidth:	100kHz
Video Bandwidth:	300kHz
Detector:	Peak for Pre-scan, Quasi-Peak Compliance shall be determined using CISPR quasi-peak detection; however, peak detection is permitted as an alternative to quasi-peak detection.

Terminate the access Point RF ports with 50 ohm loads.

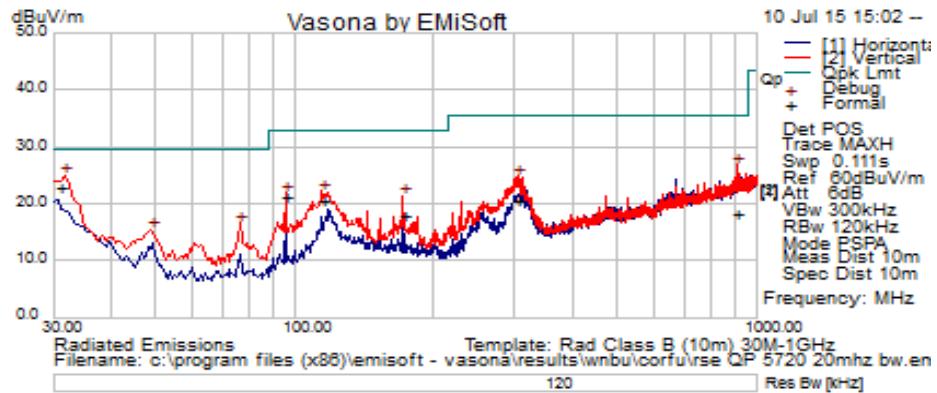
Maximize Turntable (find worst case table angle), Maximize Antenna (find worst case height)

This report represents the worst case data for all supported operating modes and antennas.

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Support	S02	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Tested By :	Date of testing:
Jose Aguirre	07-Jul-15 - 08-Aug-15
Test Result : PASS	

See Appendix C for list of test equipment



Frequency MHz	Raw dBuV	Cable Loss	AF dB	Level dBuV/m	Measurement Type	P ol	Hgt cm	Azt Deg	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Pass /Fail
114.431	33.65	1.28	-14.32	20.62	Quasi Max	V	391	69	33	-12.38	Pass
906.063	20.34	3.33	-5.4	18.27	Quasi Max	V	318	92	35.5	-17.23	Pass
31	30.17	0.66	-7.73	23.1	Quasi Max	V	166	153	29.5	-6.4	Pass
171.831	32.43	1.57	-15.89	18.1	Quasi Max	V	154	194	33	-14.9	Pass
305.306	31.94	2.08	-13.53	20.49	Quasi Max	V	109	196	35.5	-15.01	Pass
95.356	39.05	1.14	-18.76	21.42	Quasi Max	V	104	294	33	-11.58	Pass

B.3 AC Conducted Emissions

FCC 15.207 Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, for any radio apparatus equipped to operate from the public utility AC power supply, either directly or indirectly (such as with a battery charger), the radio frequency voltage of emissions conducted back onto the AC power lines in the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits shown in the table in these sections. The more stringent limit applies at the frequency range boundaries.

Measurement Procedure

Accordance with ANSI C63.10:2013 section 6.2

Using Vasona, configure the spectrum analyzer as shown below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer). Place the radio in continuous transmit mode.

Span:	150 KHz – 30 MHz
Attenuation:	10 dB
Sweep Time:	Coupled
Resolution Bandwidth:	9 KHz
Video Bandwidth:	30 KHz
Detector:	Quasi-Peak / Average

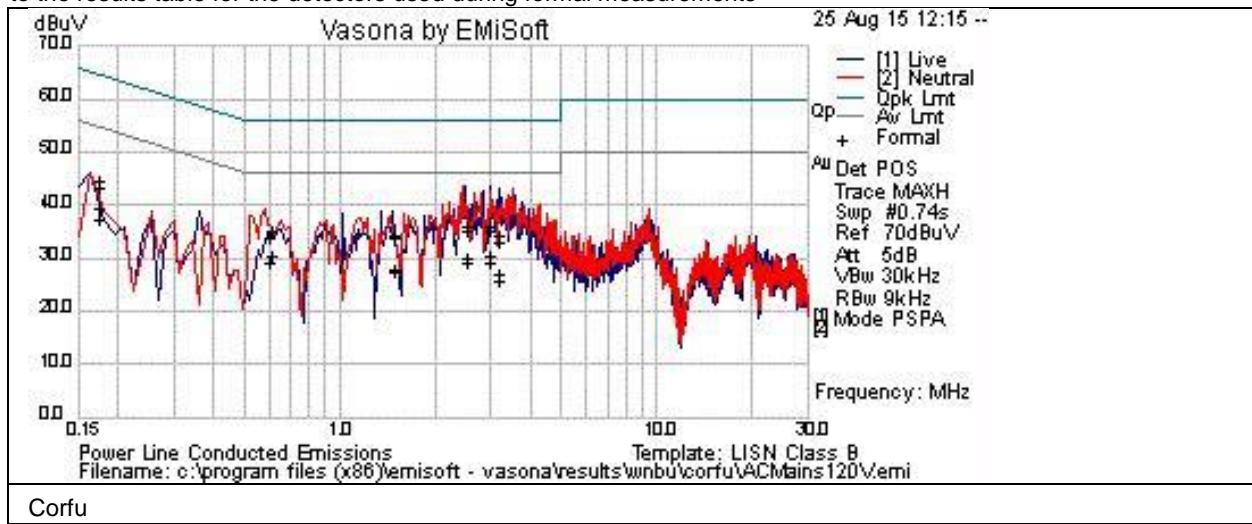
System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
1	EUT	S01	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Support	S02	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Tested By :	Date of testing:
Jose Aguirre	07-Jul-15 - 08-Aug-15
Test Result : PASS	

See Appendix C for list of test equipment

Graphical Test Results

Note that the data displayed on the plots detailed in this appendix were measured using a 'Peak Detector'. Please refer to the results table for the detectors used during formal measurements



Test Results Table

Frequency MHz	Raw dBuV	Cable Loss	Factors dB	Level dBuV	Measurement	Type	Line	Limit dBuV	Margin dB	Pass /Fail	Comments
0.606	15	20	0	35	Qp	L	56	-21	Pass		
2.508	16.2	20	0	36.2	Qp	L	56	-19.8	Pass		
2.986	16.2	20	0.1	36.2	Qp	L	56	-19.8	Pass		
0.173	23.6	20.9	0	44.6	Qp	L	64.8	-20.2	Pass		
1.478	14.5	20	0	34.5	Qp	L	56	-21.5	Pass		
3.18	14.3	20	0	34.3	Qp	L	56	-21.7	Pass		
2.986	15	20	0.1	35	Qp	N	56	-21	Pass		
2.508	15.1	20	0	35.1	Qp	N	56	-20.9	Pass		
3.18	12.8	20	0	32.8	Qp	N	56	-23.2	Pass		
0.604	13.7	20	0	33.8	Qp	N	56	-22.2	Pass		
0.173	22.4	20.9	0	43.4	Qp	N	64.8	-21.4	Pass		
1.478	13.9	20	0	33.9	Qp	N	56	-22.1	Pass		
0.606	10.4	20	0	30.4	Av	L	46	-15.6	Pass		
2.508	10.1	20	0	30.1	Av	L	46	-15.9	Pass		
2.986	10.6	20	0.1	30.7	Av	L	46	-15.3	Pass		
0.173	18.5	20.9	0	39.5	Av	L	54.8	-15.3	Pass		
1.478	7.9	20	0	27.9	Av	L	46	-18.1	Pass		
3.18	7	20	0	27.1	Av	L	46	-18.9	Pass		
2.986	9.3	20	0.1	29.3	Av	N	46	-16.7	Pass		
2.508	9.3	20	0	29.3	Av	N	46	-16.7	Pass		
3.18	5.6	20	0	25.7	Av	N	46	-20.3	Pass		
0.604	9	20	0	29.1	Av	N	46	-16.9	Pass		
0.173	16.5	20.9	0	37.5	Av	N	54.8	-17.4	Pass		
1.478	7.4	20	0	27.4	Av	N	46	-18.6	Pass		

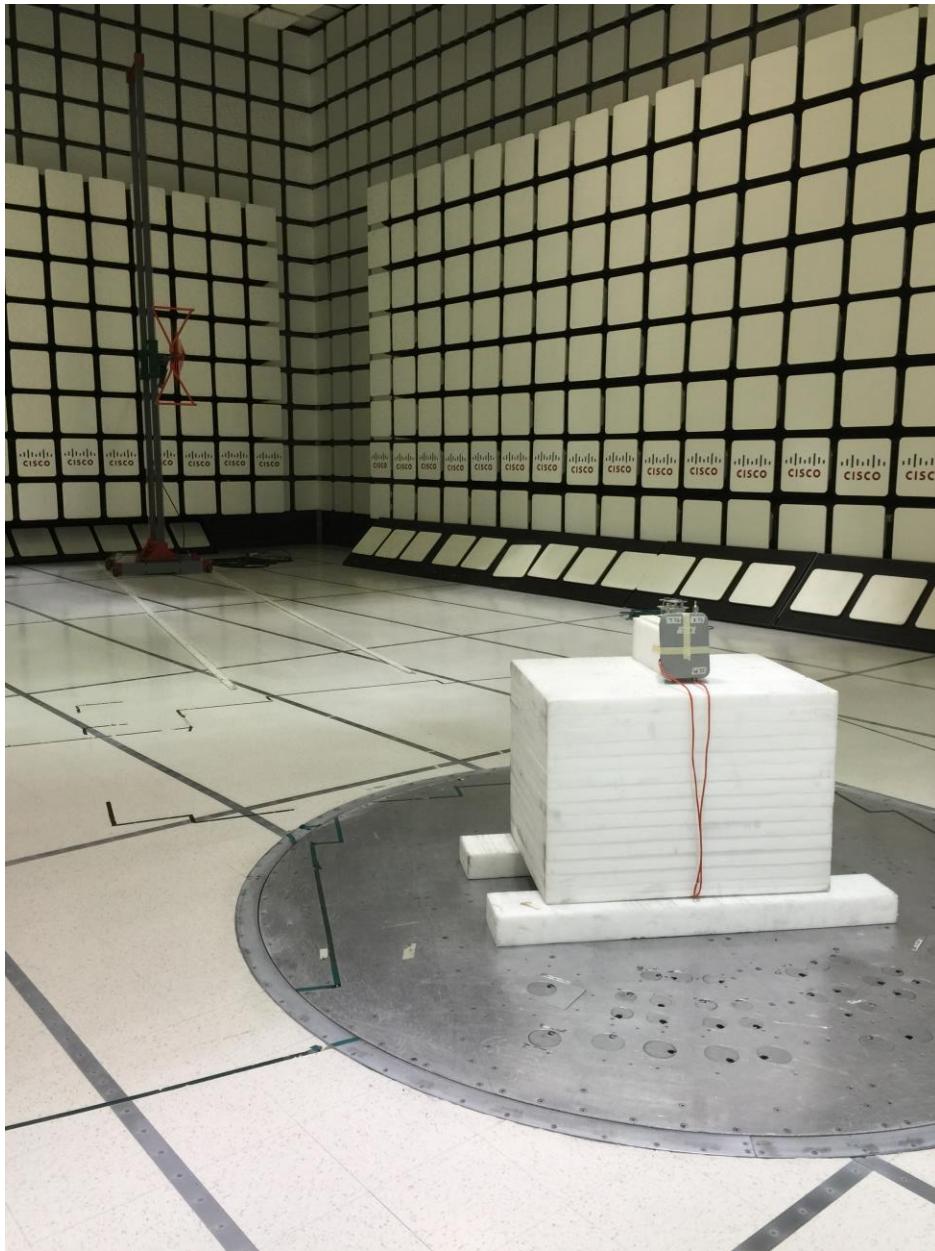
Photographs of setup**Title: AIR-CAP1532I-B-K9 Conducted Test Setup**

This is a dual band 2.4GHz / 5GHz device. All ports in this test set up photo are connected as all testing is automated. Section 2.6 of this test report given an overview of the different Tx antenna combinations used by this device.

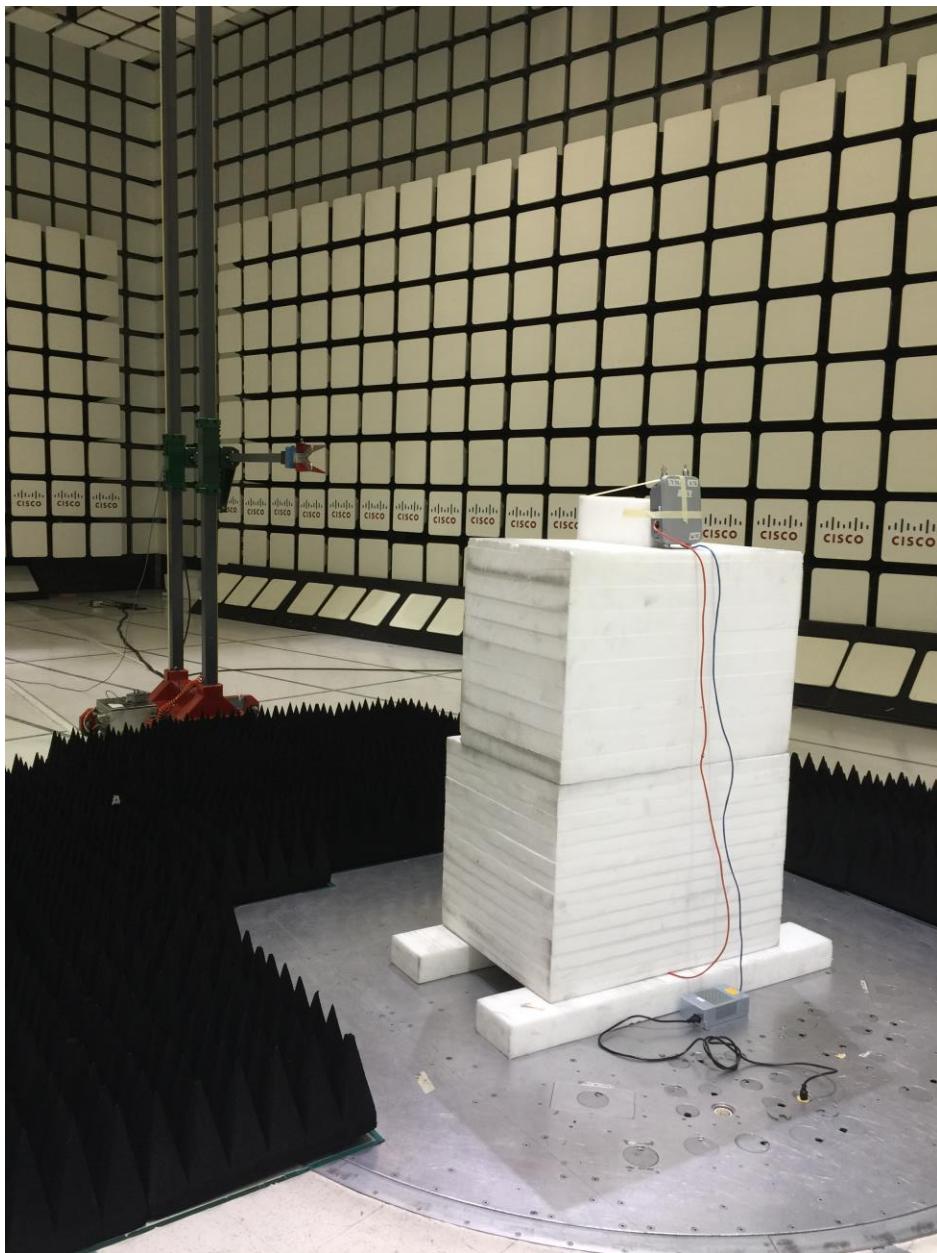
AIR-CAP1532I-B-K9 AC Mains Conducted Emissions setup



AIR-CAP1532I-B-K9 Radiated Emissions setup 30MHz – 1GHz



AIR-CAP1532I-B-K9 Radiated Emissions setup above 1GHz



Appendix C: List of Test Equipment Used to perform the test

Equip#	Manufacturer/ Model	Description	Last Cal	Next Due	Test Item
Test Equipment used for Radiated Emissions					
CIS008447	Cisco / NSA 10m Chamber	NSA 10m Chamber	14-Oct-14	14-Oct-15	B.2
CIS030652	Sunol Sciences / JB1	Combination Antenna, 30MHz-2GHz	5-Nov-14	5-Nov-15	B.2
CIS033988	Agilent /E4446A	PSA Spectrum Analyzer	9-Dec-14	9-Dec-15	B.1
CIS044940	ROHDE & SCHWARZ / ESU40	EMI RECEIVER, 40GHZ	27-May-15	27-May-16	B.1
CIS041929	Newport /iBTHP-5-DB9	5 inch Temp/RH/Press Sensor w/20ft cable	20-Dec-14	20-Dec-15	B.1, B.2
CIS024998	MICRO-COAX / UFB197C-1-0240-504504	Coaxial RF Cable, 26.5 GHz	11-Mar-15	11-Mar-16	B.1, B.2
CIS035284	ETS Lindgren / 3117	Double Ridged Horn Antenna	16-Sep-14	16-Sep-15	B.1
CIS049516	Keysight / N9030A	PXA Spectrum Analyzer	12-Nov-14	12-Nov-15	B.1, B.2
CIS043124	Cisco /Above 1GHz Site Cal	Above 1GHz Cispr Site Verification	15-Jan-15	15-Jan-16	B.1
CIS008166	HP / 8491B Opt 010	10dB Attenuator	2-Feb-15	2-Feb-16	B.1
CIS020975	Micro-Coax / UFB311A-0-1344-520520	RF Coaxial Cable, to 18GHz, 134.4 in	18-Feb-15	18-Feb-16	B.1, B.2
CIS030559	Micro-Coax / UFB311A-1-0950-504504	RF Coaxial Cable, to 18GHz, 95 in	20-Feb-15	20-Feb-16	B.1, B.2
CIS003003	HP / 83731B	Synthesized Signal Generator	13-Mar-15	13-Mar-16	B.1
CIS005691	Miteq / NSP1800-25-S1	Broadband Preamplifier (1-18GHz)	25-Jun-15	25-Jun-16	B.1
CIS041979	Cisco / 1840	18-40GHz EMI Test Head/Verification Fixture	13-Jul-15	13-Jul-16	B.1
CIS047410	Agilent / N9038A	EMI Receiver	17-Feb-15	17-Feb-16	B.1, B.2
CIS051642	Huber+Suhner / Sucoflex 106PA	RF N Type Cable 8.5m	10-Feb-15	10-Feb-16	B.1, B.2
Test Equipment used for AC Mains Conducted Emissions					
CIS008192	Fischer Custom Communications FCC-450B-2.4-N	Instrumentation Limiter	28-JUL-15	28-JUL-16	B.3
CIS008197	TTE /H613-150K-50-21378	Hi Pass Filter - 150KHz cutoff	16-APR-15	16-APR-16	B.3
CIS008471	Bird / 5-T-MB	50 Ohm, 5W Terminator,Type BNC	18-SEP-14	18-SEP-15	B.3
CIS019337	Fischer Custom Communications FCC-LISN-50/250-50-2-01	LISN	08-SEP-14	08-SEP-15	B.3
CIS019136	Fischer Custom Communications FCC-801-M3-32A	Power Line Coupling/Decoupling Network	12-NOV-14	12-NOV-15	B.3
CIS023874	Fischer Custom Communications FCC-LISN-PA-NEMA-5-15	Power Adaptor, Polarized 120VAC	08-SEP-14	08-SEP-15	B.3
CIS035235	Lufkin / HY1035CME	5 Meter Tape Measure	Cal Not Required	N/A	B.3
CIS036031	York / CNE V	Comparison Noise Emitter	Cal Not Required	N/A	B.3
CIS039110	Coleman /RG-223	25 ft BNC cable	24-NOV-14	24-NOV-15	B.3
CIS045050	ROHDE & SCHWARZ/ ESCI	EMI Test Receiver	31-Oct-2014	31 Oct 2015	B.3
RF Conducted at output antenna port					
CIS050721	N9030A/ Keysight	PXA Signal Analyzer	13-Apr-16	13-Apr-16	A1 thru A4
CIS054609	ZFSC-2-10G /Mini-Circuits	Splitter	01-June-15	01-June-16	A1 thru A4

CIS054608	D3C2060 / Ditom	Splitter	01-June-15	01-June-16	A1 thru A4
CIS054607	PS4-09-452/4S/ Pulsar	Splitter	01-June-15	01-June-16	A1 thru A4
CIS054606	BRC50705-02/ Micro-Tronics	Notch Filter	01-June-15	01-June-16	A1 thru A4
CIS054605	BRC50703-02 / Micro-Tronics	Notch Filter	01-June-15	01-June-16	A1 thru A4
CIS054604	BRC50704-02/ Micro-Tronics	Notch Filter	01-June-15	01-June-16	A1 thru A4
CIS054603	BRM50702-02/ Micro-Tronics	Notch Filter	01-June-15	01-June-16	A1 thru A4
CIS054637	BWS30-W2/ Aeroflex	SMA 30dB Attenuator	02-June-15	02-June-16	A1 thru A4
CIS054636	BWS20-W2/ Aeroflex	20dB SMA Attenuator	02-June-15	02-June-16	A1 thru A4
CIS054625	RA08-S1S1-24/Megaphase	SMA cable 24"	02-June-15	02-June-16	A1 thru A4
CIS054624	RA08-S1S1-18/Megaphase	SMA cable 18"	02-June-15	02-June-16	A1 thru A4
CIS054623	RA08-S1S1-18/Megaphase	SMA cable 18"	02-June-15	02-June-16	A1 thru A4
CIS054622	RA08-S1S1-18/Megaphase	SMA cable 18"	02-June-15	02-June-16	A1 thru A4
CIS054621	RA08-S1S1-18/Megaphase	SMA cable 18"	02-June-15	02-June-16	A1 thru A4

Appendix E: Abbreviation Key and Definitions

The following table defines abbreviations used within this test report.

Abbreviation	Description	Abbreviation	Description
EMC	Electro Magnetic Compatibility	°F	Degrees Fahrenheit
EMI	Electro Magnetic Interference	°C	Degrees Celsius
EUT	Equipment Under Test	Temp	Temperature
ITE	Information Technology Equipment	S/N	Serial Number
TAP	Test Assessment Schedule	Qty	Quantity
ESD	Electro Static Discharge	emf	Electromotive force
EFT	Electric Fast Transient	RMS	Root mean square
EDCS	Engineering Document Control System	Qp	Quasi Peak
Config	Configuration	Av	Average
CIS#	Cisco Number (unique identification number for Cisco test equipment)	Pk	Peak
Cal	Calibration	kHz	Kilohertz (1×10^3)
EN	European Norm	MHz	MegaHertz (1×10^6)
IEC	International Electro technical Commission	GHz	Gigahertz (1×10^9)
CISPR	International Special Committee on Radio Interference	H	Horizontal
CDN	Coupling/Decoupling Network	V	Vertical
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network	dB	decibel
PE	Protective Earth	V	Volt
GND	Ground	kV	Kilovolt (1×10^3)
L1	Line 1	μV	Microvolt (1×10^{-6})
L2	Line2	A	Amp
L3	Line 3	μA	Micro Amp (1×10^{-6})
DC	Direct Current	mS	Milli Second (1×10^{-3})
RAW	Uncorrected measurement value, as indicated by the measuring device	μS	Micro Second (1×10^{-6})
RF	Radio Frequency	μS	Micro Second (1×10^{-6})
SLCE	Signal Line Conducted Emissions	m	Meter
Meas dist	Measurement distance	Spec dist	Specification distance
N/A or NA	Not Applicable	SL	Signal Line (or Telecom Line)
P	Power Line	L	Live Line
N	Neutral Line	R	Return
S	Supply	AC	Alternating Current

End