



FCC CFR47 PART 15 SUBPART C CERTIFICATION

TEST REPORT

FOR

802.11 a/b/g ACCESS POINT

MODEL NUMBER: AIR-AP1131AG-A-K9

FCC ID: LDK102054

REPORT NUMBER: 04U2603-1

ISSUE DATE: JULY 30, 2004

Prepared for CISCO SYSTEMS, INC. 170 WEST TASMAN DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA 95134

Prepared by

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES 561F MONTEREY ROAD, MORGAN HILL, CA 95037, USA

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1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

COMPANY NAME: CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

170 WEST TASMAN DRIVE

SAN JOSE, CA 95134

EUT DESCRIPTION: 802.11 a/b/g Access Point

MODEL: AIR-AP1131AG-A-K9

DATE TESTED: JULY 24 – JULY 29, 2004

APPLICABLE STANDARDS

STANDARD

TEST RESULTS

FCC PART 15 SUBPART C

NO NON-COMPLIANCE NOTED

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Compliance Certification Services, Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Note: This document reports conditions under which testing was conducted and results of tests performed. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Compliance Certification Services and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Compliance Certification Services will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document.

Approved & Released For CCS By:

Tested By:

YAN ZHENG

EMC SUPERVISOR

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

DAVID GARCIA EMC ENGINEER

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

2. EUT DESCRIPTION

The EUT is an 802.11a/b/g access point. There are two radios, one for the 2.4 GHz band and the other for the 5 GHz bands. These two radio transmitters may operate simultaneously.

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The 2.4 GHz transmitter has a maximum peak conducted output power as follows:

Frequency Range	Mode	Output Power	Output Power
(MHz)		(dBm)	(mW)
2412 - 2462	802.11b	25.64	366.44
2412 - 2462	802.11g	24.82	303.39

The 2.4 GHz radio utilizes two identical internal inverted F antennas for diversity, each with a maximum gain of 4 dBi.

3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4/2001, FCC CFR 47 Part 2 and FCC CFR 47 Part 15.

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4. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 561F Monterey Road, Morgan Hill, California, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at http://www.ccsemc.com.



No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.

5. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

5.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

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5.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Radiated Emission, 30 to 200 MHz	+/- 3.3 dB
Radiated Emission, 200 to 1000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Radiated Emission, 1000 to 2000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Power Line Conducted Emission	+/- 2.9 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%.

5.3. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

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TEST EQUIPMENT LIST					
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal Due	
EMI Test Receiver	R & S	ESIB40	4/24/2174	11/21/2004	
Peak Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB41291160	11/7/04	
Peak / Average Power Sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40440755	11/7/04	
30MHz 2Ghz	Sunol Sciences	JB1 Antenna	A121003	12/22/04	
EMI Receiver, 9 kHz ~ 2.9 GHz	HP	8542E	3942A00286	11/21/04	
RF Filter Section	HP	85420E	3705A00256	11/21/04	
Antenna, Horn 1 ~ 18 GHz	EMCO	3115	6717	2/4/05	
Amplifier 1-26GHz	MITEQ	NSP2600-SP	924342	4/25/05	
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	MY43360112	1/13/05	
Directional Coupler	Krytar	1817	2	CNR	

The below test and measurement equipment was utilized for the radiated emissions below 1GHz and AC line conducted tests documented in this report:

Equip#	Manufacturer/ Model	Description	Last Cal	Next Due	Test Number(s)
005678	Hewlett Packard/ E7401A	Spectrum Analyzer	18-AUG- 2003	18-AUG- 2004	[11186], [11189], [11193], [11216]
005680	Hewlett Packard/ E7405A	Spectrum Analyzer	11-SEP-2003	11-SEP-2004	[11173], [11174], [11217]
005682	Hewlett Packard/ 85460A	RF Filter Section	11-JUL-2003	11-JUL-2004	[11173], [11174], [11217]
005684	Hewlett Packard/ 85462A	EMI Receiver RF Section	11-JUL-2003	11-JUL-2004	[11173], [11174], [11217]
007056	Schaffner-Chase/ CBL6112B	Bilog Antenna	23-OCT-2003	23-OCT- 2004	[11173], [11174], [11217]
007705	Fischer Custom Communications/ FCC-LISN-50/250- 50-2-01	LISN	26-AUG- 2003	26-AUG- 2004	[11186], [11189], [11216]
007893	EMC Test Systems/ 3144	Log Periodic Antenna	Cal Not Required	N/A	[11176]
008111	Unifield 5m Chamber/ Unifield 5m Chamber	Unifield 5m Chamber	12-MAR- 2004	12-MAR- 2005	[11176], [11207]
008136	Huber + Suhner/ SF106A	7m Sucoflex cable	16-JAN-2004	16-JAN-2005	[11176], [11207]
018313	Heweltt Packard/ 8447D	RF Preamplifier	30-DEC-2003	30-DEC- 2004	[11173]
018719	Rohde & Schwarz/ ESCS30	EMI Test Receiver, 9kHz- 2.75GHz	28-AUG- 2003	28-AUG- 2004	[11186], [11189], [11193], [11216]
020646	Microwave Associates/ 7524-PND	N Type Line Coax Switch	17-AUG- 2003	17-AUG- 2004	[11186], [11189], [11193], [11216]
021676	Amplifier Research/ DC7144	Directional Coupler, 0.8- 4.2GHz, 40dB Coupling	15-MAR- 2004	15-MAR- 2005	[11207]

SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST					
Description Manufacturer Model Serial Number					
Laptop PC	IBM	T20	78-F2737		
AC Adapter	IBM	AA21131	N/A		
AC Adapter	Cisco	PSA18U-480C	N/A		

I/O CABLES

	I/O CABLE LIST					
Cable	Port	# of	Connector	Cable	Cable	Remarks
No.		Identical	Type	Type	Length	
		Ports				
1	AC	1	AC	Unshielded	1.8	N/A
2	DC	1	DC	Unshielded	1.5	N/A
3	Serial	1	dB9 to RJ45	Unshielded	1.5	N/A
4	DC	1	DC	Unshielded	1.5	N/A
5	AC	1	AC	Unshielded	1.8	N/A

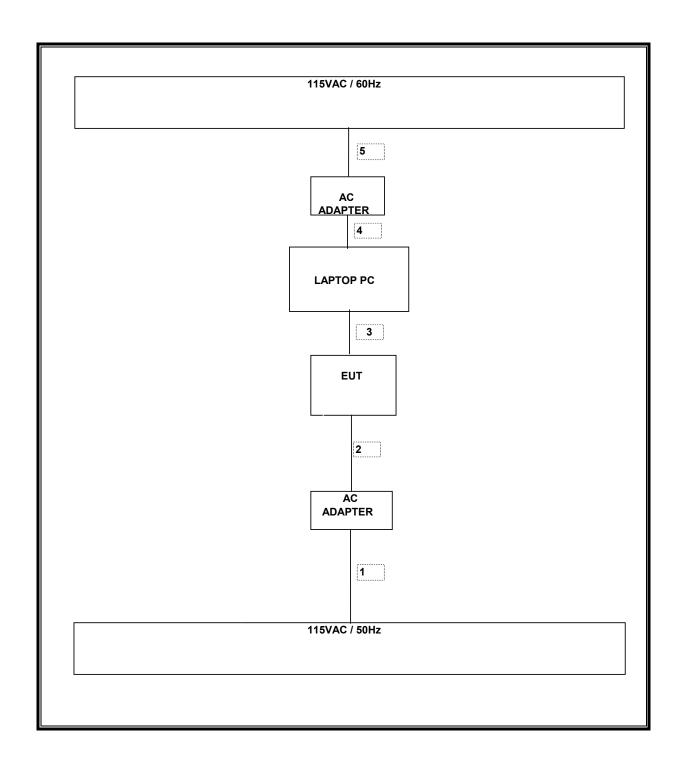
The below support equipment was utilized for the radiated emissions below 1GHz and AC line conducted tests documented in this report:

Sample Number	Equipment Details	Serial Number	Part Number
S01	AIR-AP1131G-x-K9	FHH08202078	
S02	AIR-PWRINJ3	FOC0750M0PK	
S03	AC Adapter	PHI07390EL8	34-1977-03
S04	IBM T20 Laptop	78-F2668	
S05	TBM T20 with AIR-CB21AG		
S06	IBM T20 with AIR-CB21AG		

TEST SETUP

The EUT is a stand alone access point. It was connected to a laptop PC via series port and test software was used to exercise the radio.

SETUP DIAGRAM FOR TESTS



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6. APPLICABLE LIMITS AND TEST RESULTS

6.1. **6 dB BANDWIDTH**

LIMIT

§15.247 (a) (2) For direct sequence systems, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 100 kHz and the VBW is set to 100 kHz. The sweep time is coupled.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

802.11b Mode

Channel	Frequency	6 dB Bandwidth	Minimum Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)
Low	2412	10083.33	500	9583
Middle	2437	10000.00	500	9500
High	2462	10083.33	500	9583

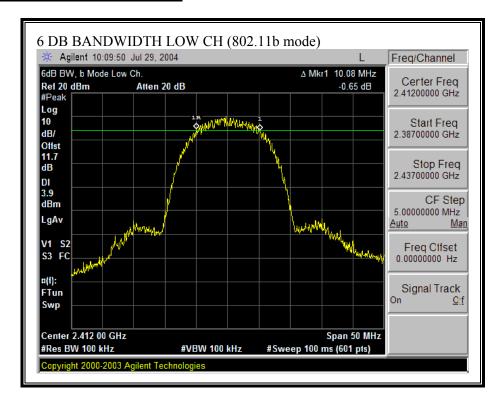
802.11g Mode

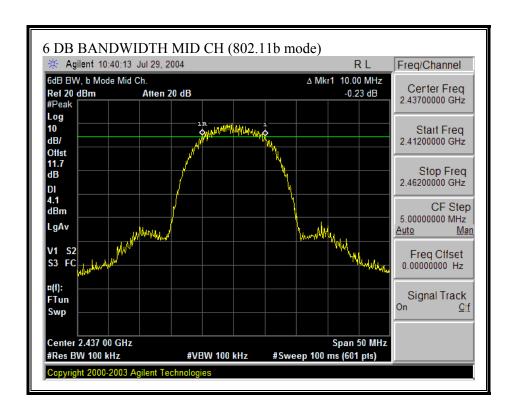
002.118	702.118 111040				
Channel	Frequency	6 dB Bandwidth	Minimum Limit	Margin	
	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	
Low	2412	16416.67	500	15917	
Middle	2437	16500.00	500	16000	
High	2462	16416.67	500	15917	

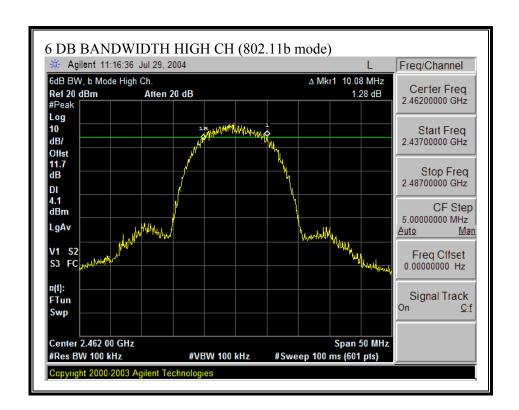
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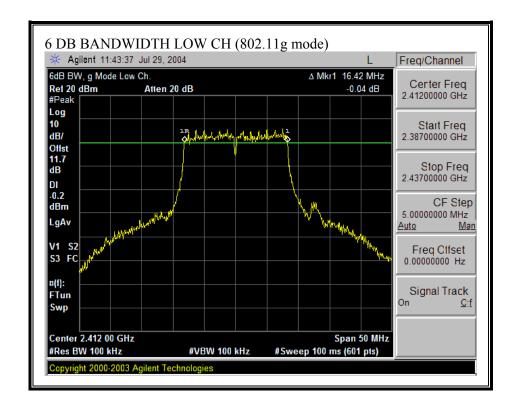
6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11b MODE)



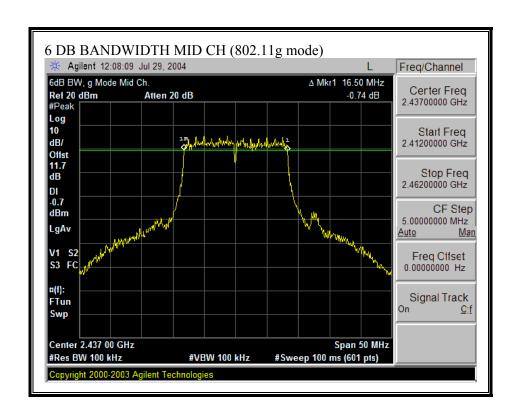


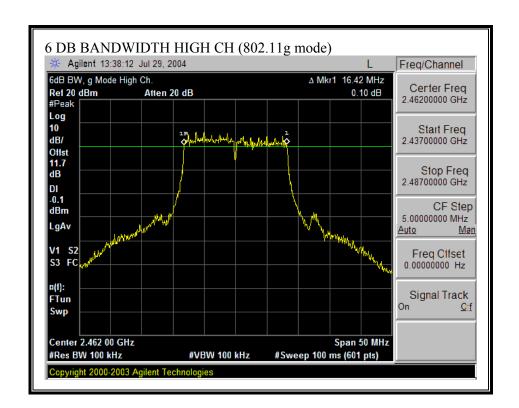


6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11g MODE)



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6.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the 99 % bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled. The spectrum analyzer internal 99% bandwidth function is utilized.

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RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

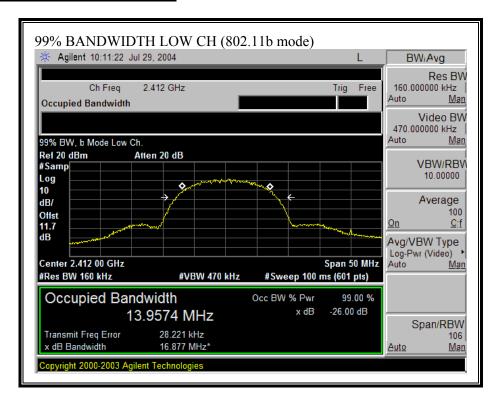
802.11b Mode

Channel	Frequency	99% Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	2412	13.957
Middle	2437	14.218
High	2462	14.394

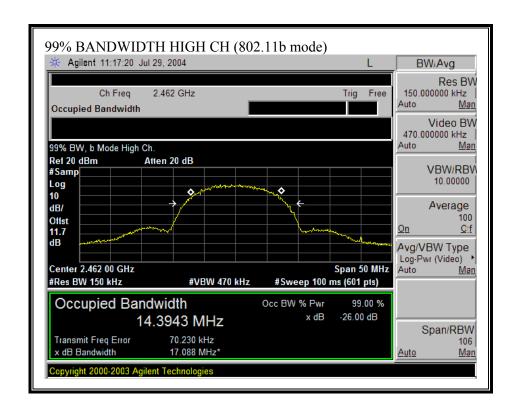
802.11g Mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2412	16.355
Middle	2437	16.367
High	2462	16.339

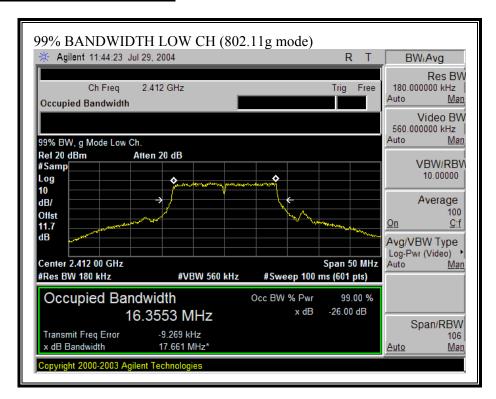
99% BANDWIDTH (802.11b MODE)

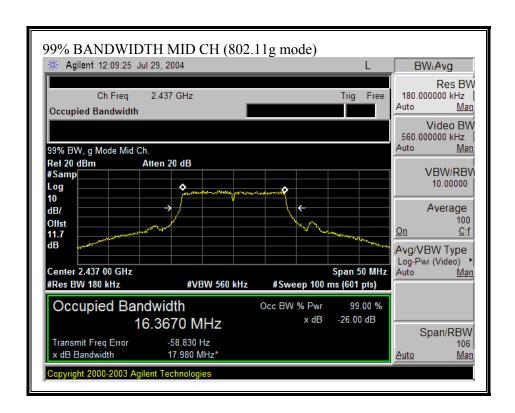


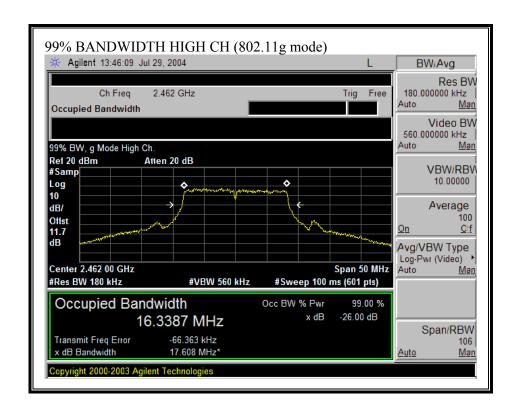




99% BANDWIDTH (802.11g MODE)







6.3. PEAK OUTPUT POWER

PEAK POWER LIMIT

§15.247 (b) The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

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\$15.247 (b) (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz , and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt.

§15.247 (b) (4) Except as shown in paragraphs (b)(3) (i), (ii) and (iii) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The maximum antenna gain is 4 dBi, therefore the limit is 30 dBm.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer and the analyzer's internal channel power integration function is used to integrate the power over a bandwidth greater than or equal to the 99% bandwidth.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

802.11b Mode

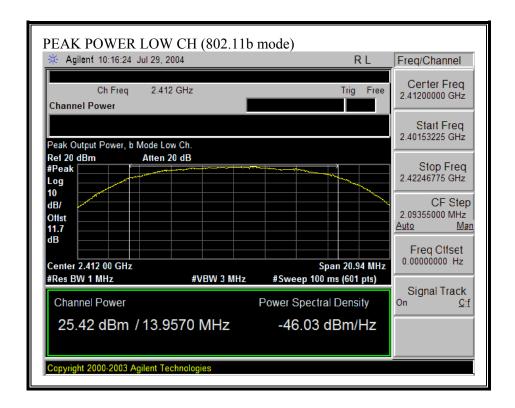
Channel	Frequency	Peak Power	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	2412	25.42	30	-4.58
Middle	2437	25.49	30	-4.51
High	2462	25.64	30	-4.36

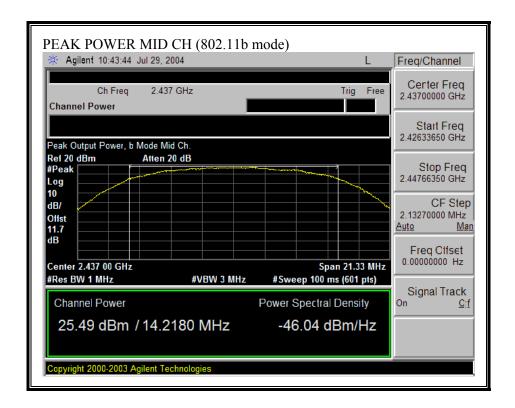
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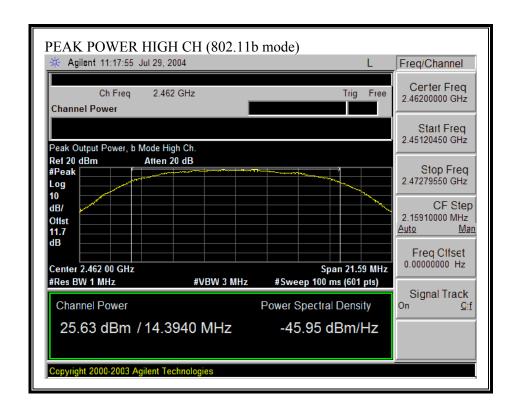
802.11g Mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
	(1 VIIIZ)	(uDIII)	(uDIII)	(uD)
Low	2412	24.82	30	-5.18
Middle	2437	24.78	30	-5.22
High	2462	24.16	30	-5.84

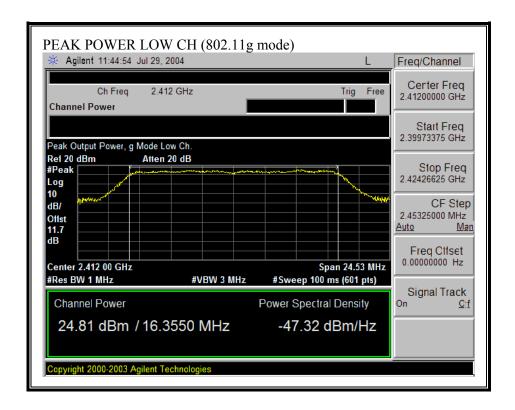
OUTPUT POWER (802.11b MODE)

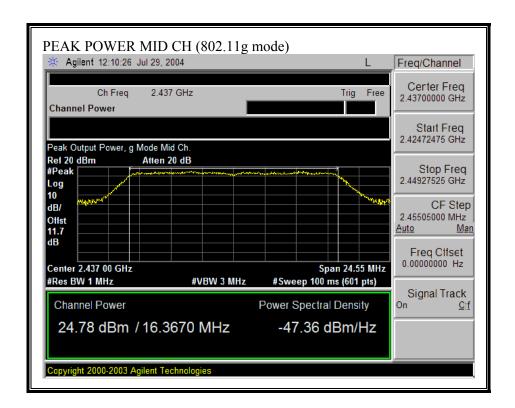


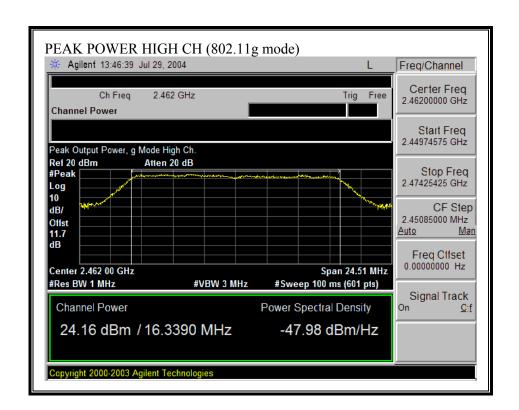




OUTPUT POWER (802.11g MODE)







6.4. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

LIMITS

§1.1310 The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

TABLE 1-LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Lim	nits for Occupational	I/Controlled Exposu	res	
0.3–3.0	614 1842/f	1.63 4.89/f	*(100) *(900/f²)	6
30–300	61.4	0.163	1.0 f/300	6 6
1500-100,000			5	6
(B) Limits	for General Populati	ion/Uncontrolled Exp	posure	
0.3–1.34	614 824/f	1.63 2.19/f	*(100) *(180/f²)	30 30

TABLE 1-LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)-Continued

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
30–300 300–1500 1500–100,000	27.5	0.073	0.2 f/1500 1.0	30 30 30

f = frequency in MHz

* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their
employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure.

Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for

exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

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CALCULATIONS

Given

 $E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G)/d}$

and

 $S = E ^2 / 3770$

where

E = Field Strength in Volts/meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power Density in milliwatts/square centimeter

Combining equations and rearranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$d = \sqrt{((30 * P * G) / (3770 * S))}$$

Changing to units of Power to mW and Distance to cm, using:

P(mW) = P(W) / 1000 and

d (cm) = 100 * d (m)

yields

 $d = 100 * \sqrt{(30 * (P / 1000) * G) / (3770 * S)}$

 $d = 0.282 * \sqrt{(P * G / S)}$

where

d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power Density in mW/cm^2$

Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using:

 $P (mW) = 10 ^ (P (dBm) / 10)$ and

 $G \text{ (numeric)} = 10 ^ (G \text{ (dBi)} / 10)$

yields

 $d = 0.282 * 10 ^ ((P + G) / 20) / \sqrt{S}$ Equation (1)

where

d = MPE distance in cm

P = Power in dBm

G = Antenna Gain in dBi

 $S = Power Density Limit in mW/cm^2$

Equation (1) and the measured peak power is used to calculate the MPE distance.

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LIMITS

From §1.1310 Table 1 (B), $S = 1.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

Mode	Power Density	Output	Antenna	MPE
	Limit	Power	Gain	Distance
	(mW/cm^2)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(cm)
802.11b	1.0	25.64	4.00	8.56
802.11g	1.0	24.82	4.00	7.78

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NOTE: For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.

6.5. AVERAGE POWER

AVERAGE POWER LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

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802.11b Mode

Channel	Frequency	Average Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	2412	19.90
Middle	2437	19.70
High	2462	19.90

802.11g Mode

Channel	Frequency	Average Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	2412	17.00
Middle	2437	16.60
High	2462	16.90

6.6. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

LIMIT

§15.247 (d) For direct sequence systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer, the maximum level in a 3 kHz bandwidth is measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW = 3 kHz and VBW > 3 kHz, sweep time = span / 3 kHz, and video averaging is turned off. The PPSD is the highest level found across the emission in any 3 kHz band.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

802.11b Mode

Channel	Frequency	PPSD	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	2412	-3.76	8	-11.76
Middle	2437	-3.64	8	-11.64
High	2462	-3.52	8	-11.52

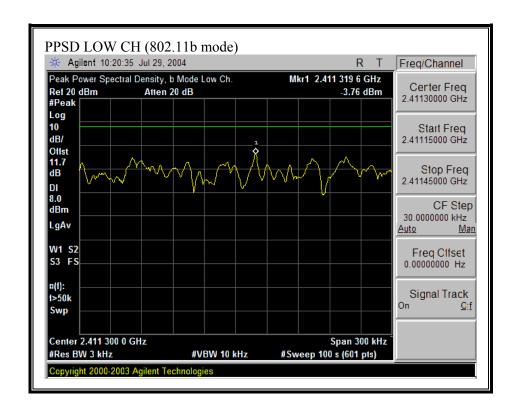
802.11g Mode

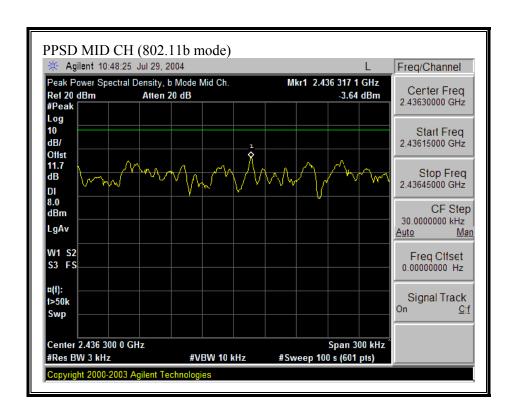
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2412	-8.36	8	-16.36
Middle	2437	-7.11	8	-15.11
High	2462	-8.52	8	-16.52

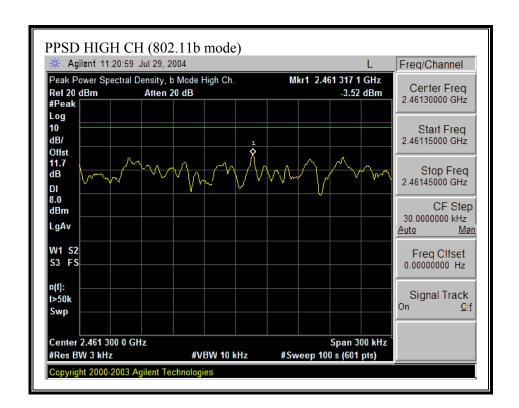
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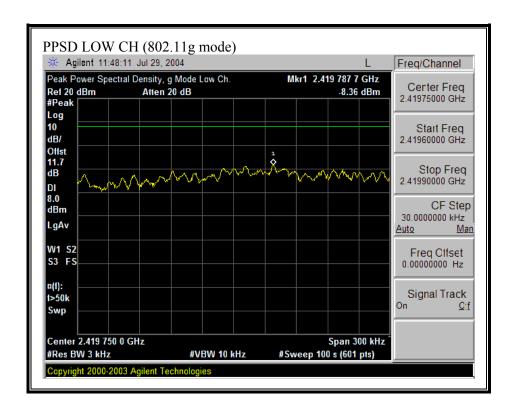
PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11b MODE)

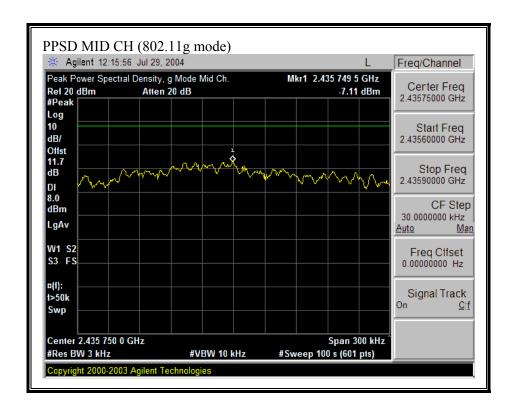


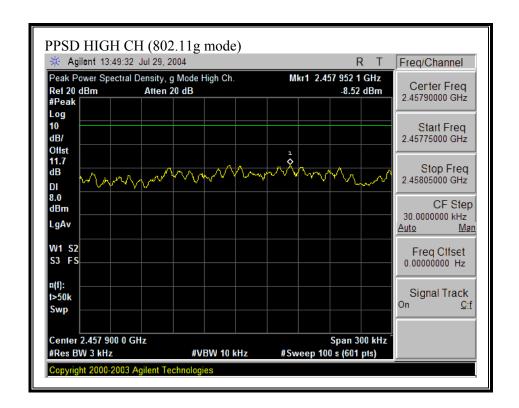




PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11g MODE)







6.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

LIMITS

§15.247 (c) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

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TEST PROCEDURE

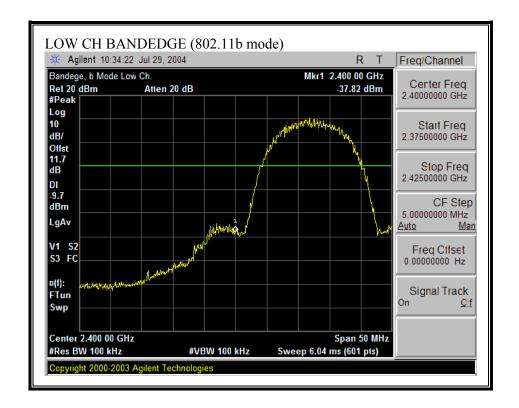
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 100 kHz.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

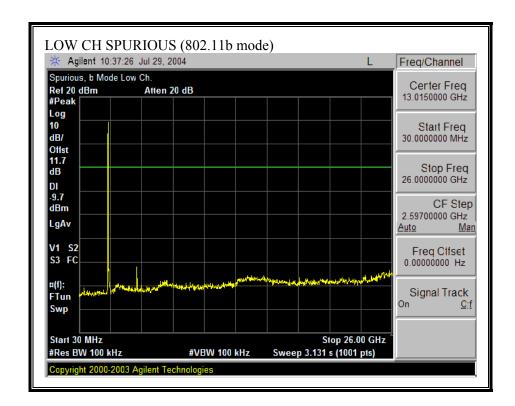
RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

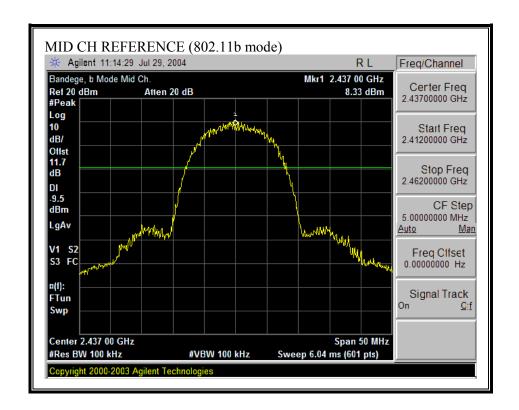
SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11b MODE)

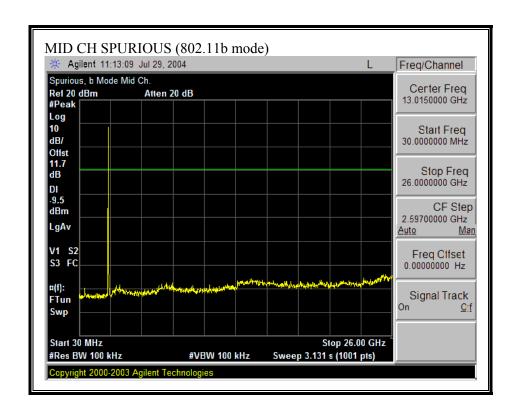


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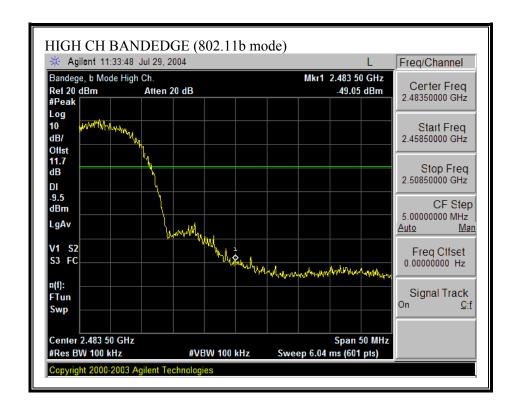


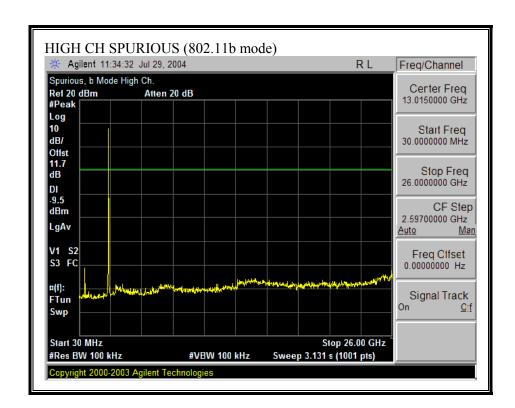
SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL (802.11b MODE)



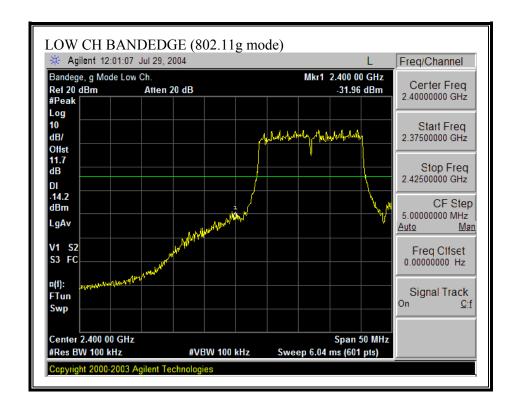


SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11b MODE)

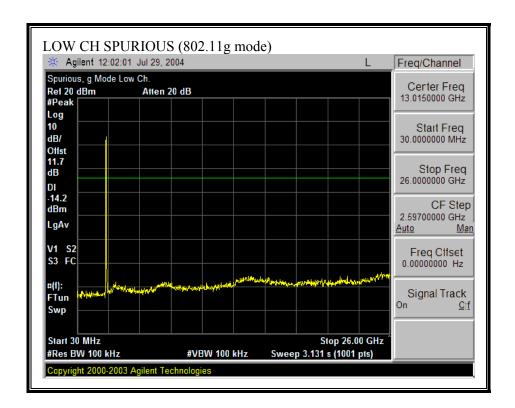




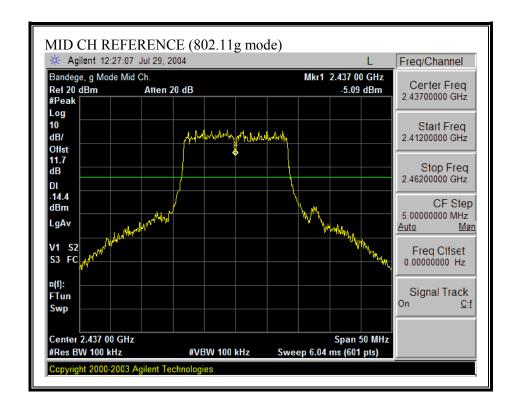
SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11g MODE)

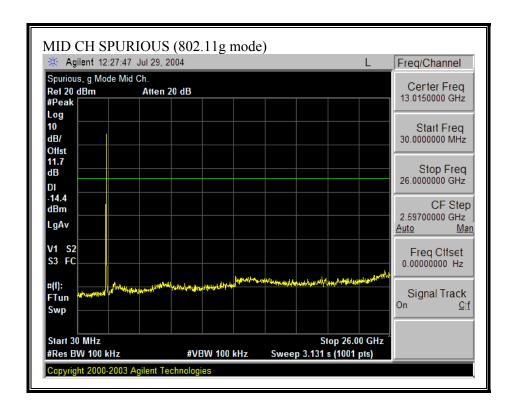


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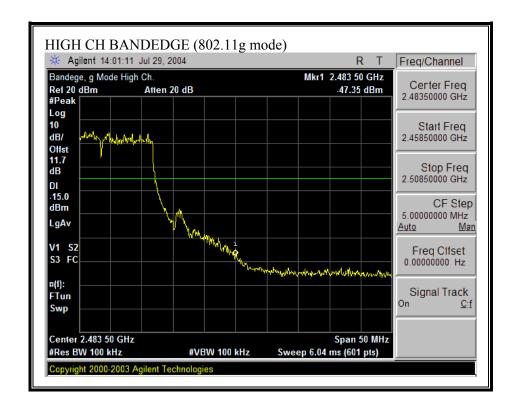


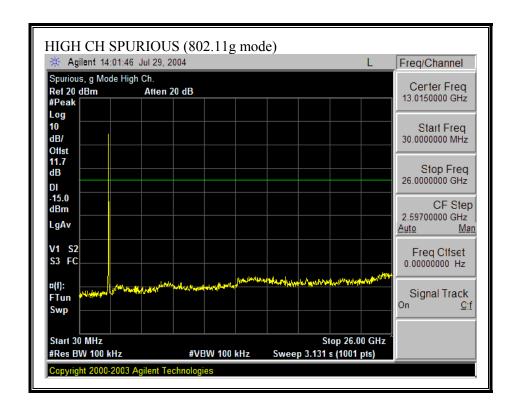
SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL (802.11g MODE)





SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11g MODE)





6.8. RADIATED EMISSIONS

6.8.1. TRANSMITTER RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

LIMITS

§15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

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MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
¹ 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	$\binom{2}{}$
13.36 - 13.41			

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

§15.205 (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

² Above 38.6

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§15.209 (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
30 - 88	100 **	3
88 - 216	150 **	3
216 - 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

^{**} Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

^{§15.209 (}b) In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 80 cm above the ground plane. The antenna to EUT distance is 3 meters. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4. The EUT is set to transmit in a continuous mode.

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For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz, then the video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz for peak measurements and 10 Hz for average measurements.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

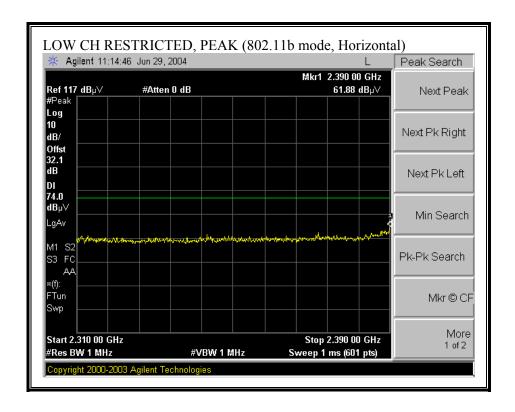
The frequency range of interest is monitored at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth. The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions.

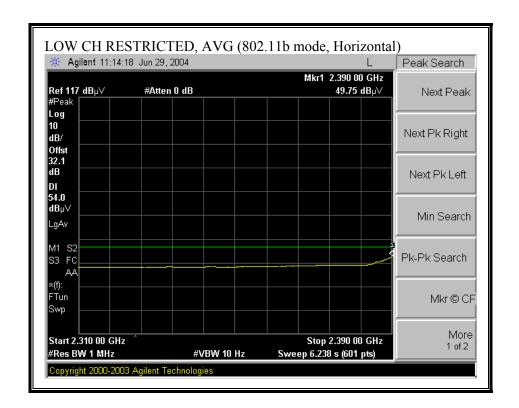
RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

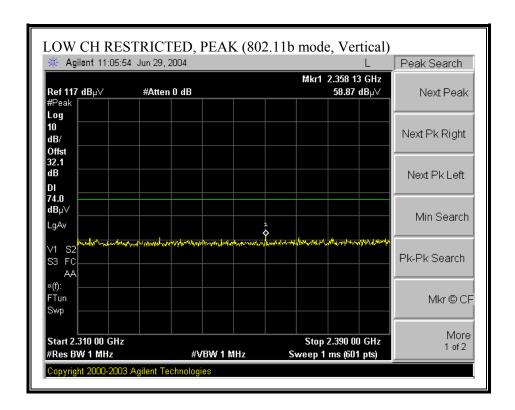
6.8.2. TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSIONS ABOVE 1 GHZ

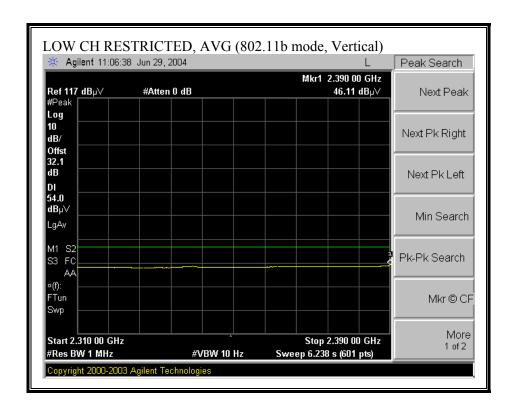
RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (b MODE, LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



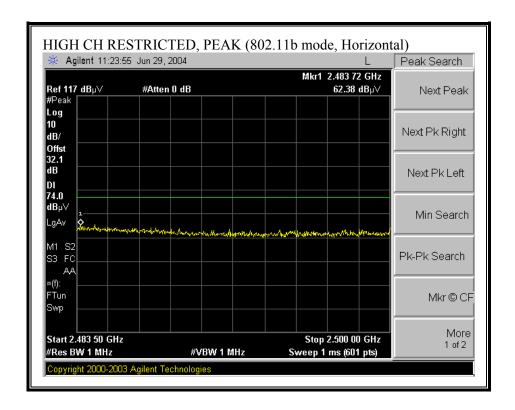


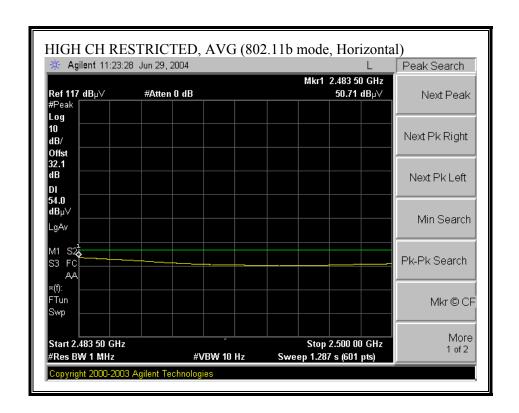
RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (b MODE, LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)



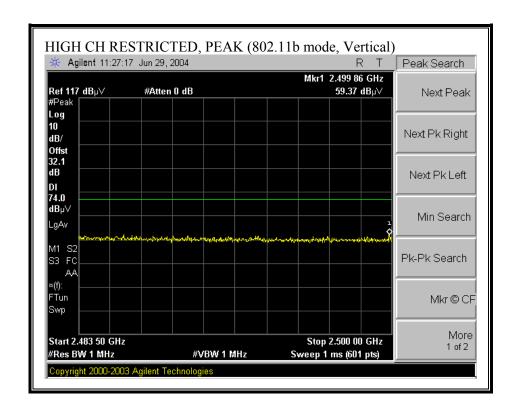


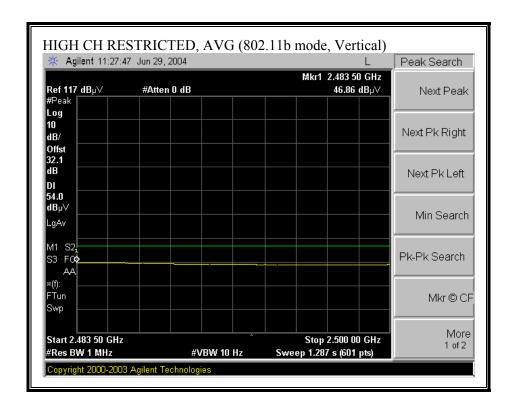
RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (b MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



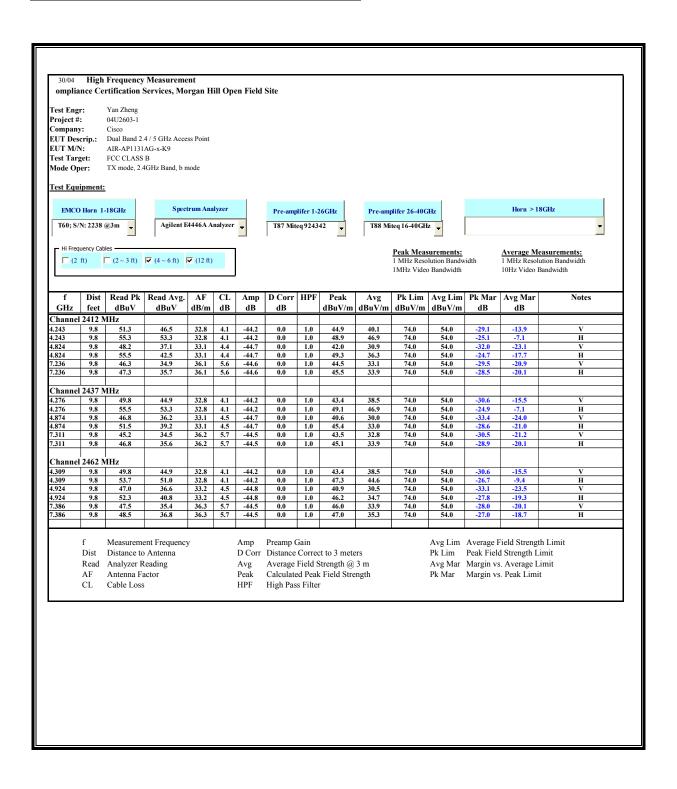


RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (b MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)



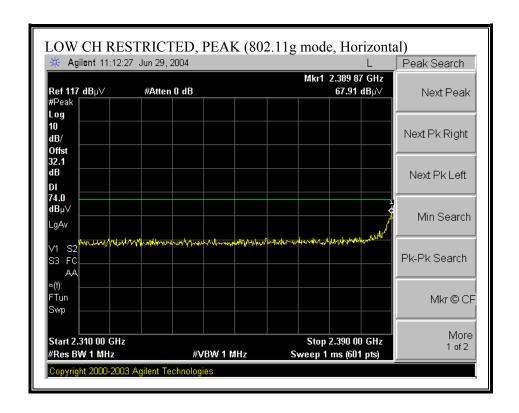


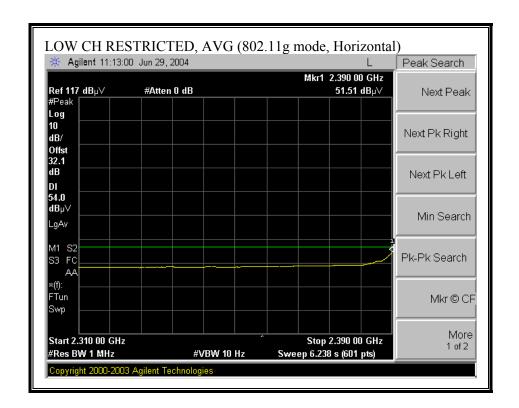
HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (b MODE)



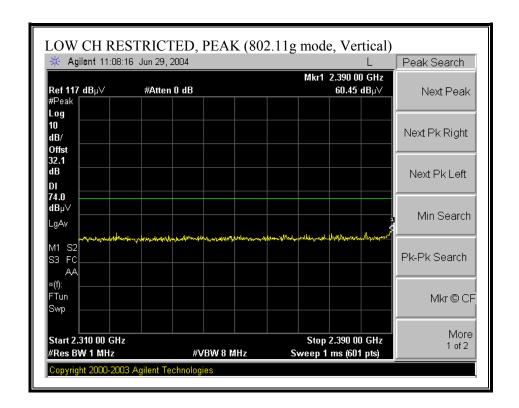
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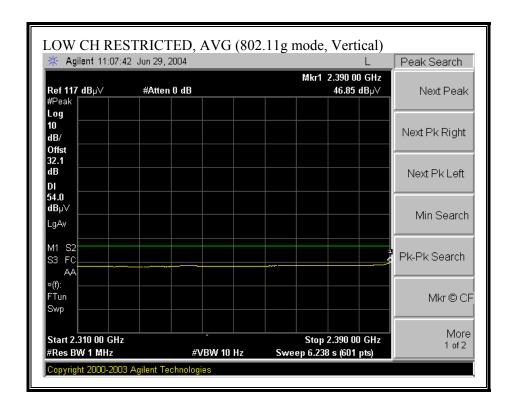
RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (g MODE, LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



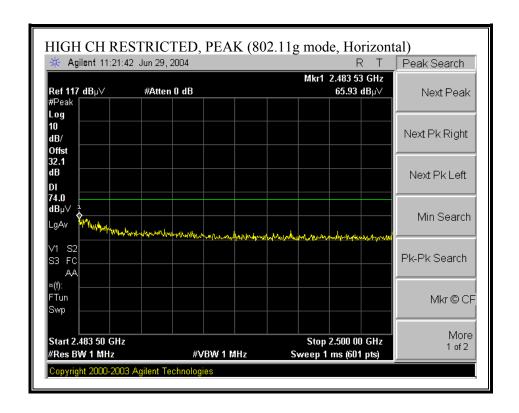


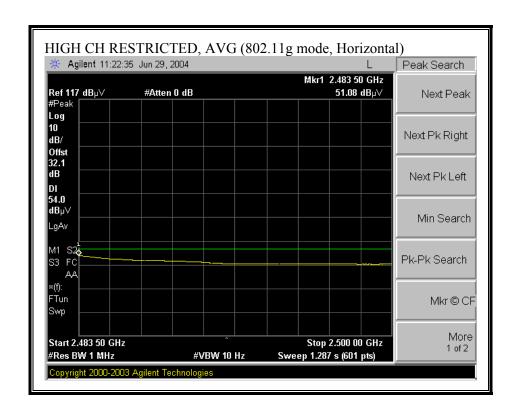
RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (g MODE, LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)



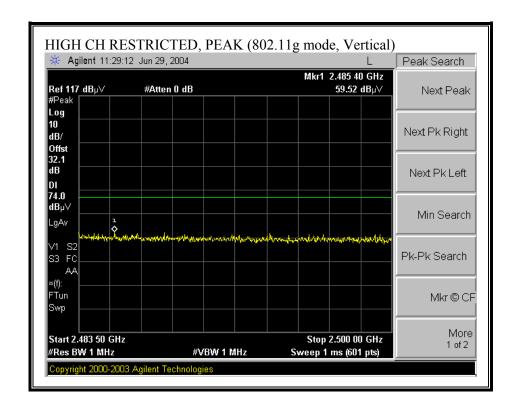


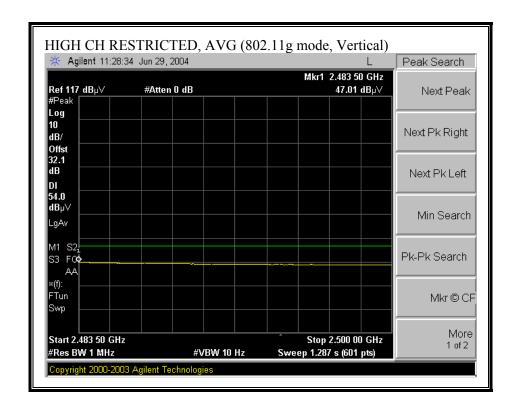
RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (g MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



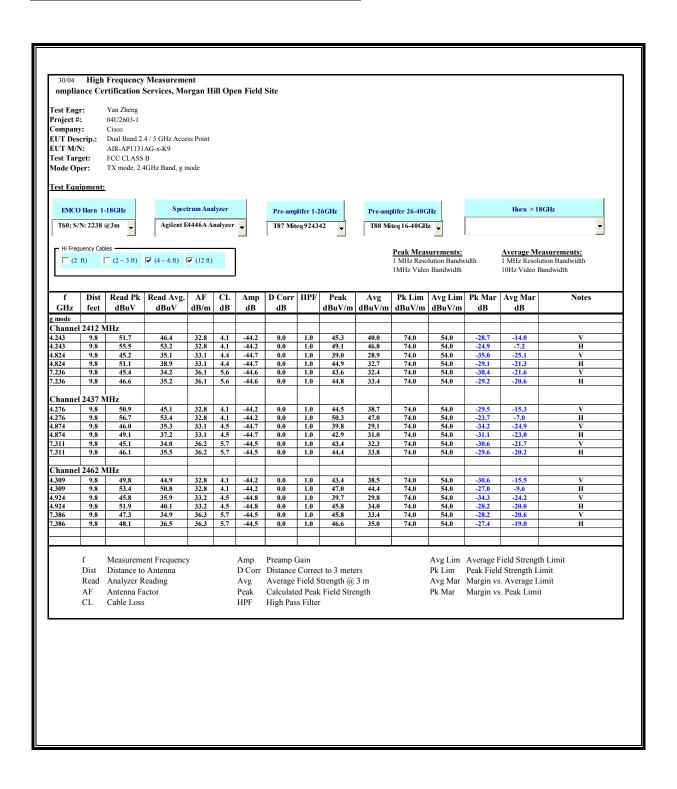


RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (g MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)





HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (g MODE)



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6.8.3. CO-LOCATED TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSIONS

SUPPLEMENTAL TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 80 cm above the ground plane. The antenna The dominant transmitter is set to the worst case channel. The spurious emissions performance of the dominant transmitter is investigated as the settings of the non-dominant transmitter are varied. The spectrum is searched for intermodulation products. Worst-case results are reported.

DATE: JULY 30, 2004

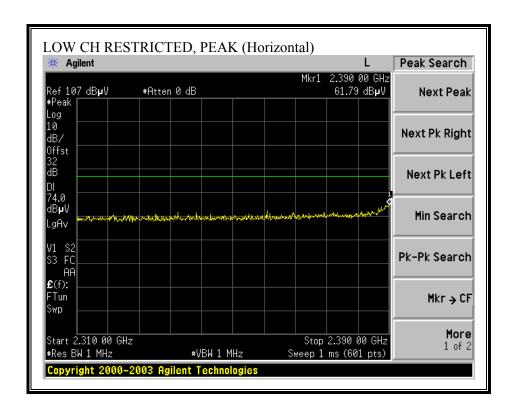
FCC ID: LDK102054

RESULTS

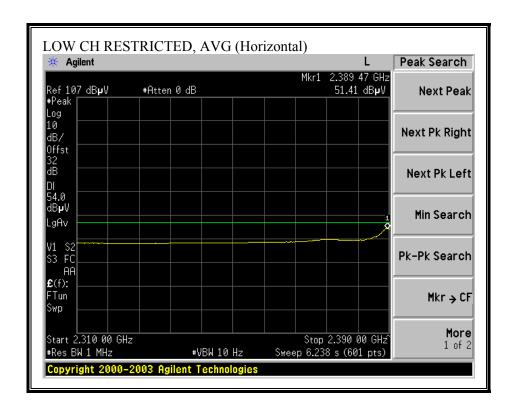
No non-compliance noted:

The 802.11 b/g radio is the dominant transmitter, and the 802.11 b mode is the dominant mode.

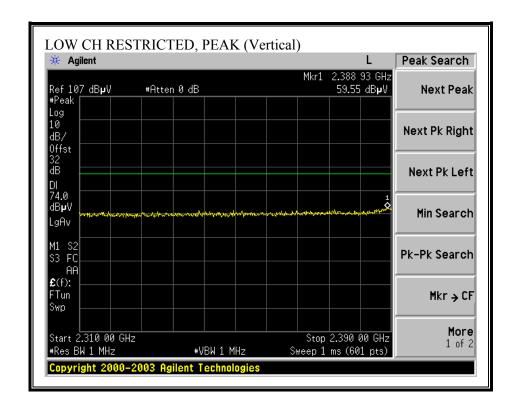
WORST-CASE RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)

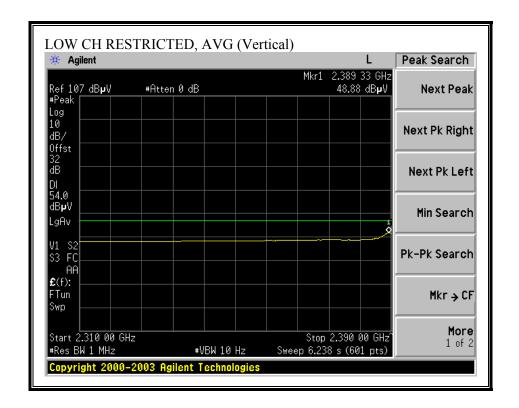


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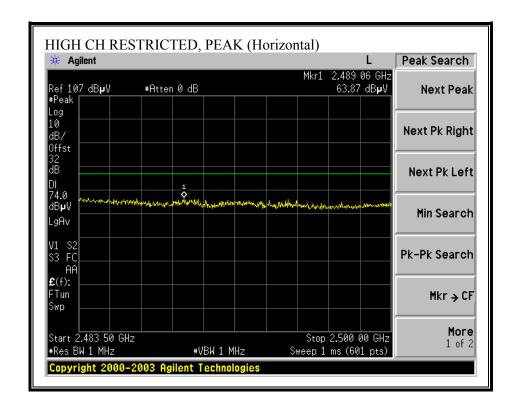


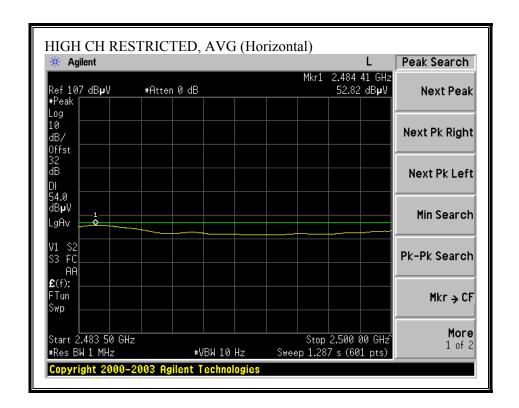
WORST-CASE RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)



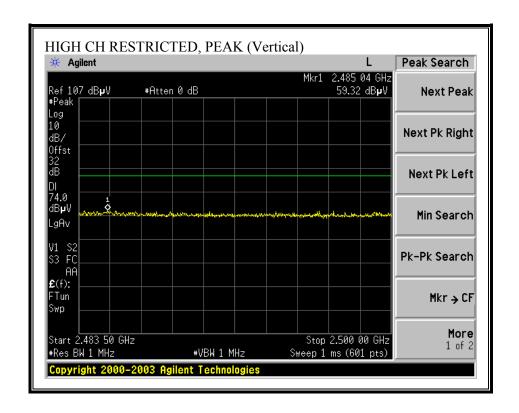


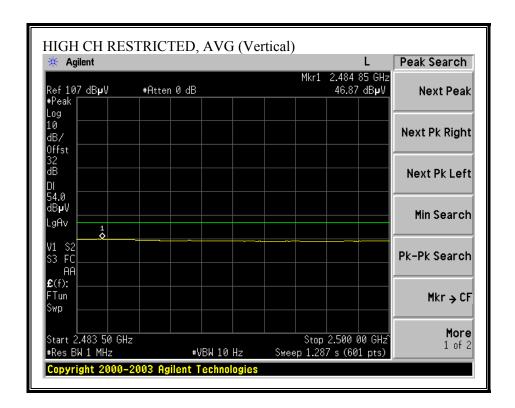
WORST-CASE RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)





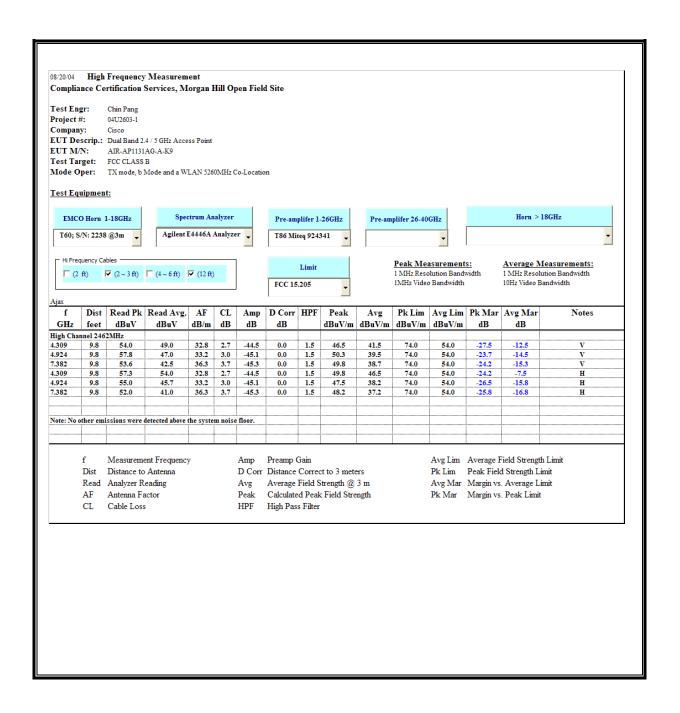
WORST-CASE RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)





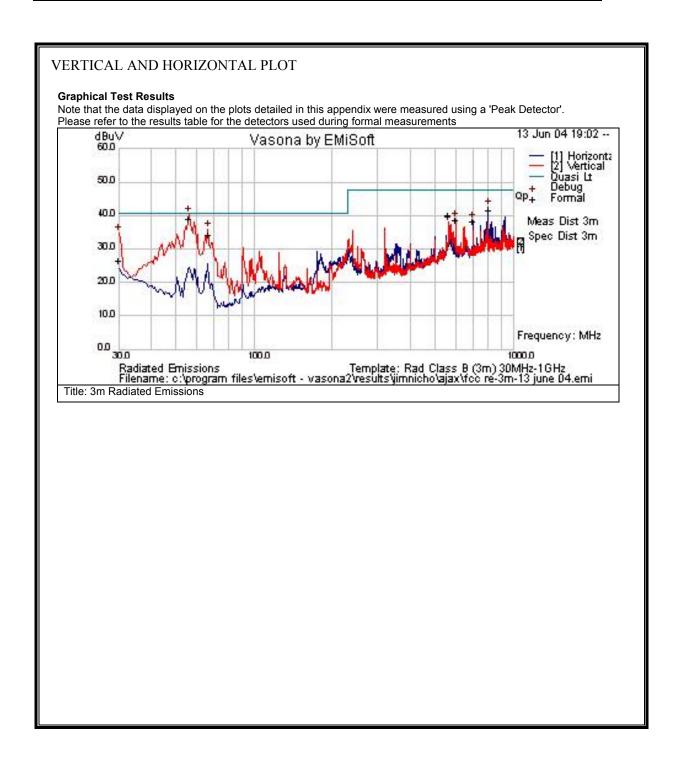
DATE: JULY 30, 2004 FCC ID: LDK 102054

WORST-CASE HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS



6.8.4. WORST-CASE RADIATED EMISSIONS BELOW 1 GHz

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 30 TO 1000 MHz (WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION, HORIZONTAL)



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VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL DATA

Test Results Table

Frequency	Raw	Cable	AF dB	Level	Туре	Pol	Hgt	Azt	Limit	Margin	Pass /Fail	Comments
MHz	dBuV	Loss dB		dBuV			cm	Deg	dBuV	dB		
30	5.3	0.6	18.6	24.6	Qp	>	98	359	40.5	-15.9	Pass	
56	29.5	0.8	7	37.4	Qp	>	123	204	40.5	-3.2	Pass	
66.272	24.8	0.9	6.6	32.4	Qp	>	163	86	40.5	-8.1	Pass	
560	16.5	2.5	19.2	38.2	Qp	>	98	66	47.5	-9.2	Pass	
600	15.2	2.6	19	36.8	Qp	>	104	96	47.5	-10.7	Pass	
700	14.4	2.8	19.3	36.4	Qp	Η	307	62	47.5	-11	Pass	
800	16.5	3	20.1	39.6	Qp	H	198	220	47.5	-7.9	Pass	

6.9. POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

LIMIT

 $\S15.207$ (a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal.

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The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted	Conducted Limit (dBuV)			
	Quasi-peak	Average			
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *			
0.5-5	56	46			
5-30	60	50			

Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 40 cm from the vertical ground plane and 80 cm above the horizontal ground plane. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4.

The resolution bandwidth is set to 9 kHz for both peak detection and quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

Line conducted data is recorded for both NEUTRAL and HOT lines.

RESULTS

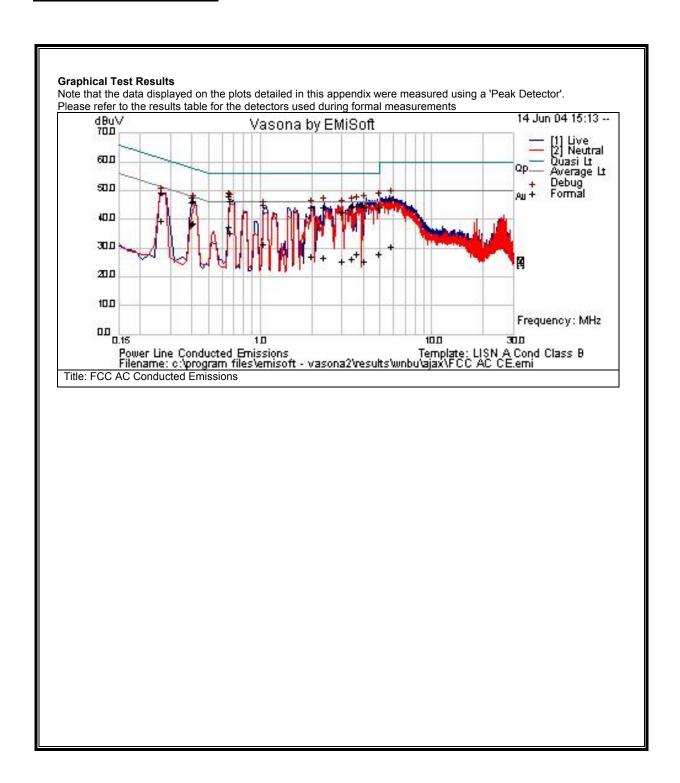
No non-compliance noted:

WORST EMISSIONS

Test Results Table

Frequency MHz		Cable		Level dBuV	Туре	Line	Limit dBuV	Margin dB	Pass /Fail	Comments
0.266				37.5	Av	L	51.2		Pass	
0.266	27.1	20.2	0	47.4	Qp	L	61.2	-13.8	Pass	
0.268	17.3	20.2	0	37.5	Av	N	51.2	-13.7	Pass	
0.268			0	47.2	Qp	N	61.2	-14	Pass	
0.406	23.5	20.1	0	43.6	Qp	N	57.7	-14.1	Pass	
0.406	15.8	20.1	0	35.9	Av	N	47.7	-11.8	Pass	
0.41	24	20.1	0	44.1	Qp	L	57.6	-13.5	Pass	
0.41	16.6	20.1	0	36.7	Av	L	47.6	-11	Pass	
0.662	15.3	20	0	35.4	Av	L	46	-10.6	Pass	
0.662	25.7	20	0	45.8	Qp	L	56	-10.2	Pass	
0.677	13.1	20	0	33.2	Av	N	46	-12.8	Pass	
0.677	24.3	20	0	44.4	Qp	N	56	-11.6	Pass	
1.06	22.8	20	0	42.9	Qp	L	56	-13.1	Pass	
1.06	9.1	20	0	29.1	Av	L	46	-16.9	Pass	
2.002	22	20	0	42.1	Qp	L	56	-13.9	Pass	
2.002	4.7	20	0	24.8	Av	L	46	-21.2	Pass	
2.362	22.1	20	0	42.2	Qp	L	56	-13.8	Pass	
2.362	4.4	20	0	24.5	Av	L	46	-21.5	Pass	
3.021	2.9	20.1	0	23	Av	N	46	-23	Pass	
3.021	20.1	20.1	0	40.2	Qp	N	56	-15.8	Pass	
3.436	3.8	20.1	0	24	Av	L	46	-22	Pass	
3.436	21.8	20.1	0	41.9	Qp	L	56	-14.1	Pass	
3.689	22.2	20.1	0	42.4	Qp	L	56	-13.6	Pass	
3.689	5.6	20.1	0	25.8	Av	L	46	-20.2	Pass	
4.059	21.9	20.1	0	42	Qp	N	56	-14	Pass	
4.059	3.3	20.1	0	23.4	Av	N	46	-22.6	Pass	
4.97	22	20.1	0.1	42.2	Qp	N	56	-13.8	Pass	
4.97	5.6	20.1	0.1	25.8	Av	N	46	-20.2	Pass	
5.89	24.3	20.2	0.1	44.5	Qp	L	60	-15.5	Pass	
5.89	8.3	20.2	0.1	28.5	Av	L	50	-21.5	Pass	

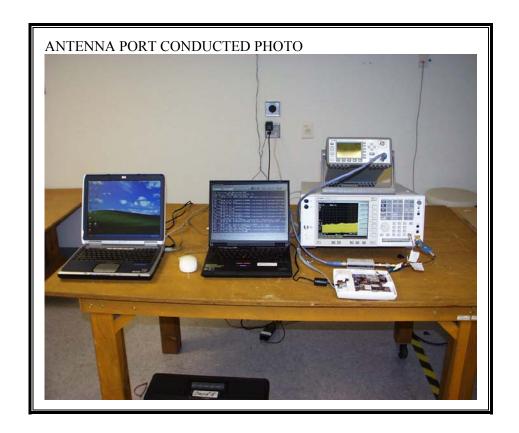
LINE 1 AND LINE 2 RESULTS



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7. SETUP PHOTOS

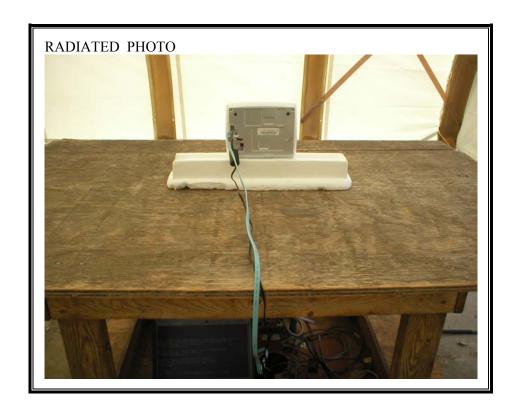
ANTENNA PORT CONDUCTED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP



RADIATED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP, FRONT

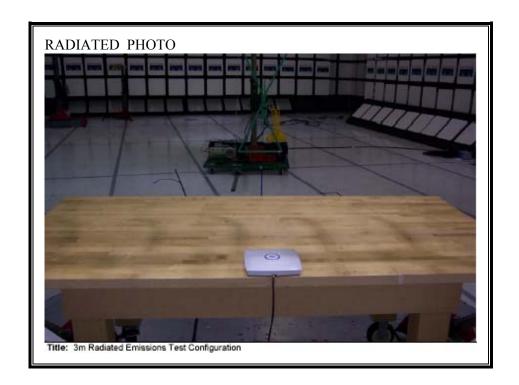


RADIATED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP, BACK



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RADIATED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP, BELOW 1GHz



POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT SETUP



END OF REPORT