

# Intertek Testing Services

## APPLICATION FOR FCC CERTIFICATION

Continental Conair Limited

DSSS Cordless Telephone

**Model: GH2405**

**FCC ID: LBBGH2405**

Job # J99030602  
Report # J99030602C

**Number of Pages: 15 + Supporting Data and Documents**

**Date of Report: January 27, 2000**

This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of Intertek Testing Services.

This report must not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government.

The results contained in this report were derived from measurements performed on the identified test samples. Any implied performance of other samples on this report is dependent on the representative of the samples tested.

**NVLAP®**

**Table of Contents**

1.0	<u>Summary of Tests</u>	1
2.0	<u>General Description</u>	2
2.1	Product Description	2
2.2	Related Submittal(s) Grants	2
2.3	Test Methodology	3
2.4	Test Facility	3
3.0	<u>System Test Configuration</u>	4
3.1	Support Equipment	4
3.2	Block Diagram of Test Setup	4
3.3	Justification	5
3.4	Software Exercise Program	5
3.5	Mode of Operation During Test	5
3.6	Modifications Required for Compliance	5
3.7	Additions, deviations and exclusions from standards	5
4.0	<u>Measurement Results</u>	6
4.1	Maximum Conducted Output Power at Antenna Terminals	6
4.2	Minimum 6 dB RF Bandwidth	8
4.3	Maximum Power Density Reading	9
4.4	Out of Band Conducted Emissions	10
4.5	Out of Band Radiated Emissions	10
4.6	Transmitter Radiated Emissions in Restricted Bands	11
4.7	AC Line Conducted Emission	12
4.8	Radiated Emissions from Digital Section of Transceiver (Transmitter)	13
4.9	Radiated Emissions from Receiver Section of Transceiver (L.O. Radiation)	13
4.10	Processing Gain Measurements	14
4.11	Transmitter Duty Cycle Calculation and Measurements	14
5.0	<u>Miscellaneous Information or Other Comments</u>	15

1.0 Summary of Tests**DSSS Cordless Telephone – Model: GH2405**  
**FCC ID: LBBGH2405**

TEST	REFERENCE	RESULTS
Max. Output power	15.247(b)	Pass
6 dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)(2)	Pass
Max. Power Density	15.247(d)	Pass
Out of Band Antenna Conducted Emission	15.247(c)	Pass
Out of Band Radiated Emission	15.247(c)	N/A
Radiated Emission in Restricted Bands	15.35(b)(c)	Pass
AC Conducted Emission	15.207	N/A
Radiated Emission from Digital Part	15.109	Pass
Radiated Emission from Receiver L.O.	15.109	N/A
Processing Gain Measurements	15.247(e)	Pass
Antenna Requirement	15.203	Pass

Test Engineer: Xi-Ming Yang  
Xi-Ming YangDate: January 27, 2000Telco Manager: David Chernomordik  
David ChernomordikDate: January 27, 2000

# Intertek Testing Services

Continental Conair Limited, FCC ID: LBBGH2405

1365 Adams Court, Menlo Park, CA 94025

Date of Test: 12/28/99 & 1/7-8/00

## 2.0 General Description

### 2.1 Product Description

The Model GH2405 is a DSSS cordless telephone. For more details, please refer to the attached page.

A production version of the sample was received on December 28, 1999 in good condition.

## Overview of Model GH2405

Applicant	Continental Conair Limited	
Trade Name & Model No.	Southwestern Bell Freedom Phone, GH2405	
FCC Identifier	LBBGH2405	
Use of Product	DSSS Cordless Telephone	
Manufacturer & Model of Spread Spectrum Module	Continental Conair Limited	
Type of Transmission	Direct Sequence	
Rated RF Output (mW)	100 mW	
Frequency Range (MHz)	2404.8 – 2475.0	
Number of Channel(s)	40	
Antenna(s) & Gain, dBi	0	
Processing Gain Measurements	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Will be provided to ITS for submission with the application Will be provided directly to the FCC reviewing engineer by the client or manufacturer of the spread spectrum module
Antenna Requirement	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	The EUT uses a permanently connected antenna. The antenna is affixed to the EUT using a unique connector which allows for replacement of a broken antenna, but DOES NOT use a standard antenna jack or electrical connector. The EUT requires professional installation (attach supporting documentation if using this option).
Manufacturer name & address	Giant Electronics Ltd. 1,2,5,6 & 11/F., Elite Building Nam Tau, Shen Zhen People's Republic of China	

### 2.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants

None.

## 2.3 Test Methodology

Both AC mains line-conducted and radiated emissions measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 (1992). Radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "Data Sheet" of this Application. All other measurements were made in accordance with the procedures in part 2 of CFR 47.

## 2.4 Test Facility

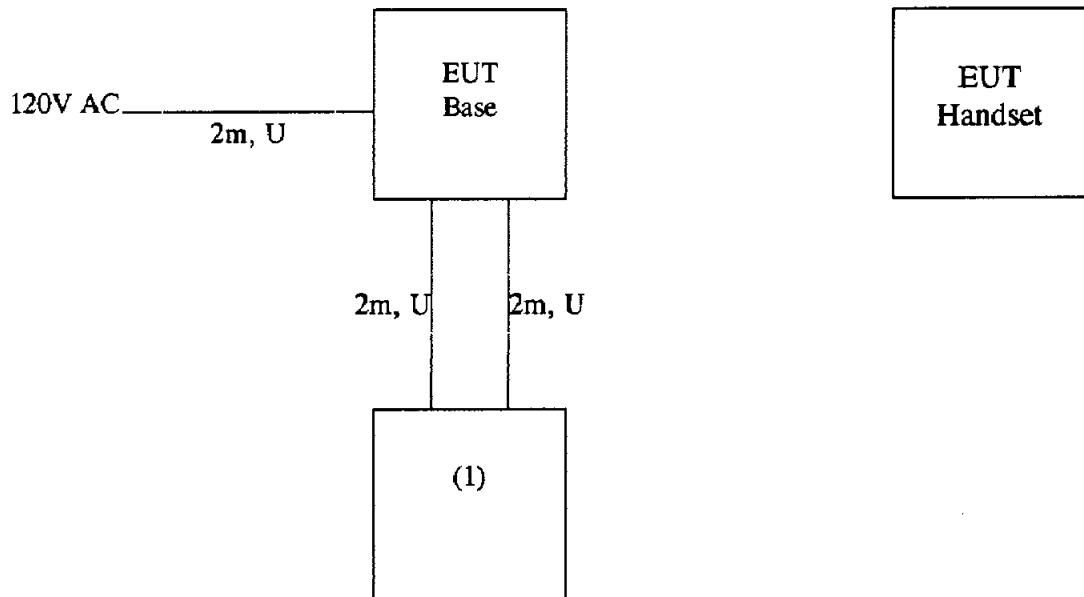
The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data is site . This test facility and site measurement data have been fully placed on file with the FCC and NVLAP accredited.

### 3.0 System Test Configuration

#### 3.1 Support Equipment and description

Support equipment					
Qty	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model #	S/N #	FCC ID
1	Telephone Line Simulator	Teltone	TLS-3	022733	N/A

#### 3.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



• = EUT

\*\* = No ferrites on video cable

S = Shielded

U = Unshielded

F = With Ferrite

### 3.3 Justification

For emission testing, the equipment under test (EUT) was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). During testing, all cables were manipulated to produce worst case emissions.

For radiated emission measurements, the EUT is attached to a cardboard box (if necessary) and placed on the wooden turntable. If the EUT attaches to peripherals, they are connected and operational (as typical as possible). The EUT is wired to transmit full power.

The signal is maximized through rotation and placement in the three orthogonal axes. The antenna height and polarization are varied during the search for maximum signal level. The antenna height is varied from 1 to 4 meters. Radiated emissions are taken at three meters unless the signal level is too low for measurement at that distance. If necessary, a pre-amplifier is used and/or the test is conducted at a closer distance.

All readings are extrapolated back to the equivalent three meter reading using inverse scaling with distance.

### 3.4 Software Exercise Program

The EUT exercise program used during radiated and conducted testing was designed to exercise the various system components in a manner similar to a typical use. For emissions testing, the units were setup to transmit continuously to simplify the measurement methodology. Care was taken to ensure proper power supply voltages during testing.

### 3.5 Mode of Operation During Test

The EUT was running in a transmitting mode.

### 3.6 Modifications Required for Compliance

The following modifications were installed during compliance testing in order to bring the product into compliance (Please note that this list does not include changes made specifically by prior to compliance testing):

No modifications were made to the EUT by Intertek Testing Services.

### 3.7 Additions, deviations and exclusions from standards

No additions, deviations or exclusion have been made from standard.

## 4.0 Measurement Results

### 4.1 Maximum Radiated Output Power, FCC RULES 15.247(b):

#### Test Procedure

The EUT was positioned on a non-conductive turntable, 0.8m above the ground plane on an open test site.

The radiated emission at the fundamental frequency was measured at 3m distance with a test antenna and spectrum analyzer. During the measurement, the resolution and video bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer were set to 1 MHz. To maximize emissions, the system was rotated through 360°, the antenna height was varied from 1m to 4m, and the antenna polarization was changed.

The ERP was calculated using equation:

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \cdot P \cdot G}}{D}$$

Where E = Field Strength (V/m),

D = Distance between two antennae(m)

G = Numeric Gain of Antenna (1 for isotropic antenna),

P = ERP (W) = EIRP (G=1)

Base		
Frequency (MHz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel: 1	19.2	84.6
Middle Channel: 20	19.4	88.7
High Channel: 40	19.7	94.8

Please refer to the following plots:

Plot B1a: Low Channel, Spectrum Analyzer Reading (Base)

Plot B1b: Middle Channel, Spectrum Analyzer Reading (Base)

Plot B1c: High Channel, Spectrum Analyzer Reading (Base)

Data Sheet – Radiated Emission (Output Power)

Handset		
Frequency (MHz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel: 1	18.2	67.2
Middle Channel: 20	18.6	73.6
High Channel: 40	19.4	88.6

Please refer to the following plots:

Plot H1a: Low Channel, Spectrum Analyzer Reading (Handset)

Plot H1b: Middle Channel Output Power Reading (Handset)

Plot H1c: High Channel Output Power Reading (Handset)

## **Radiated Emissions Test Data**

Company:	Continental Conair Ltd.	Model #:		Prod.	FCC 2.993	
EUT:	Cordless Phone Base	S/N or FCC #:		Test Dist.	3 meter	
Project #:	J9903060 2	Test Date:	December 28, 1999	TP	0.04	Watt
Test Mode:	Tx Power for Low, Mid, Hing Ch	Engineer:	Xi Ming Y.	Min. Att.	20.13	dBc

Antenna Used			Pre-Amp Used			Gains Used			Transducer Used		
Number:	2	14	21	0	8	13	0	0	12	0	
Model:	EMCO 3143	EMCO 3115	3-00-3	None	CPH_P1000	ACC_400	None	None	GRT_M-L	None	

**Notes:**

- a) O.C.F.: Other Correction Factor
- b) Insert. Loss = Cable A + Cable B + Cable C + Transducer.
- c) Net = Reading + Antenna Factor - Pre-Amp + Insert. Loss.
- d) Attn. = Field Strength (Fundamental) - Field Strength (Harmonics).
- e) Negative signs (-) in Margin column signify levels below the limits.

## ***Radiated Emissions Test Data***

Company:	Continental Conair Ltd.	Model #:			Rad.:	FCC 15.247
EUT:	Cordless Phone Hand set	S/N or FCC #:			Test Dist.	3 meter
Project #:	J99030602	Test Date:	December 28, 1999		TPR:	Wired
Test Mode:	Tx Power for Low, Mid, High Ch.		Engineer:	Xi Ming Y.	Min. Att.	10dB

**Notes:**

- a) O.C.F.: Other Correction Factor
- b) Insert. Loss = Cable A + Cable B + Cable C + Transducer.
- c) Net = Reading + Antenna Factor - Pre-Amp + Insert. Loss.
- d) Attn. = Field Strength (Fundamental) - Field Strength (Harmonics).
- e) Negative signs (-) in Margin column signify levels below the limits.

HP REF 86.6 dB $\mu$ V ATTN 0 dB

Plot B12

MKR 2.404.76 GHz  
82.10 dB $\mu$ V



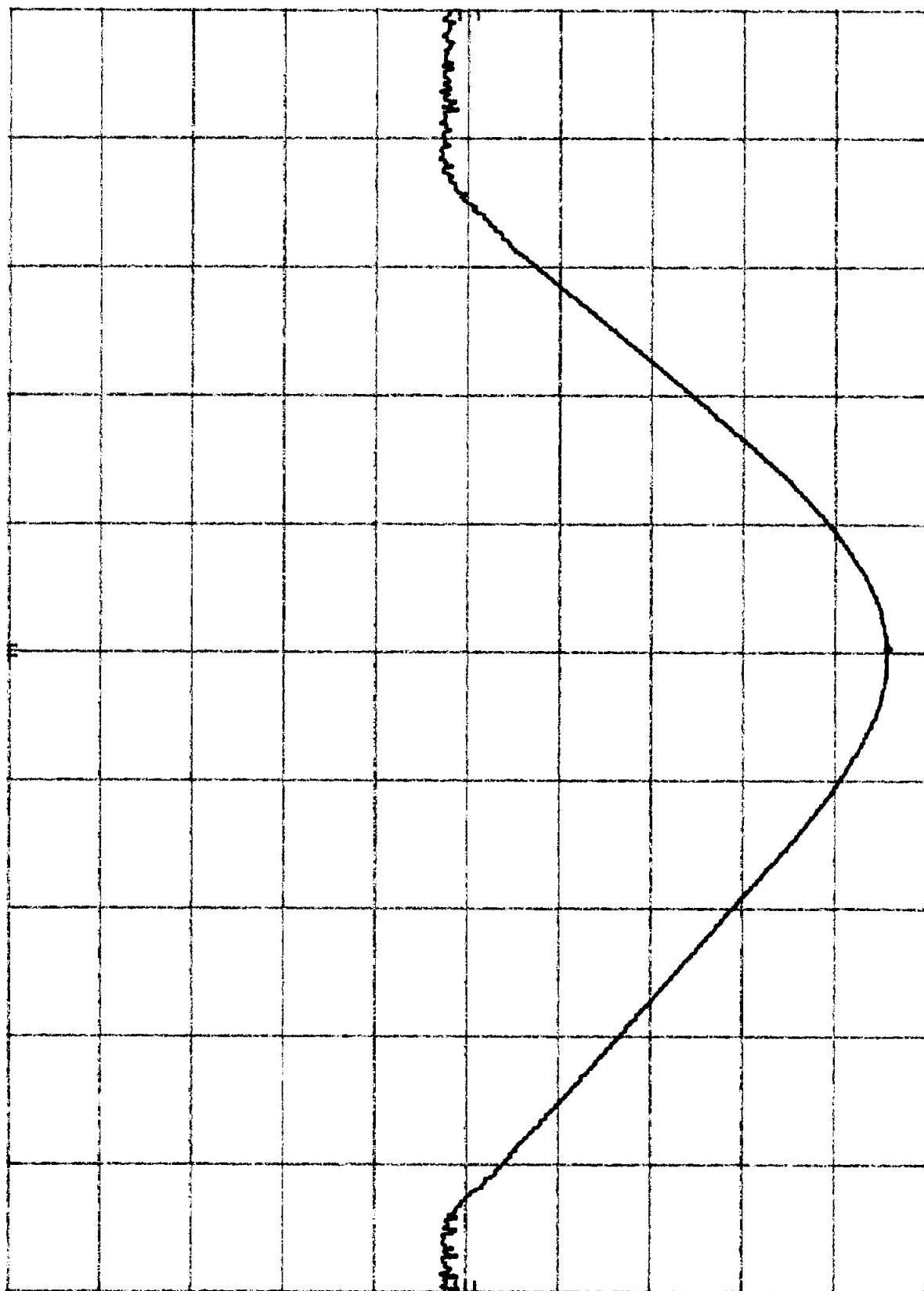
CENTER 2.404.8 GHz  
RES BW 3 MHz  
VBW 3 MHz  
SPAN 10.0 MHz  
SWP 20.0 msec

REF 86.6 dB $\mu$ V ATTEN 0 dB

B1b

MKR 2. 440.72 GHz

82.30 dB $\mu$ V



CENTER 2.440.8 GHz

RES BW 3 MHz

VBW 3 MHz

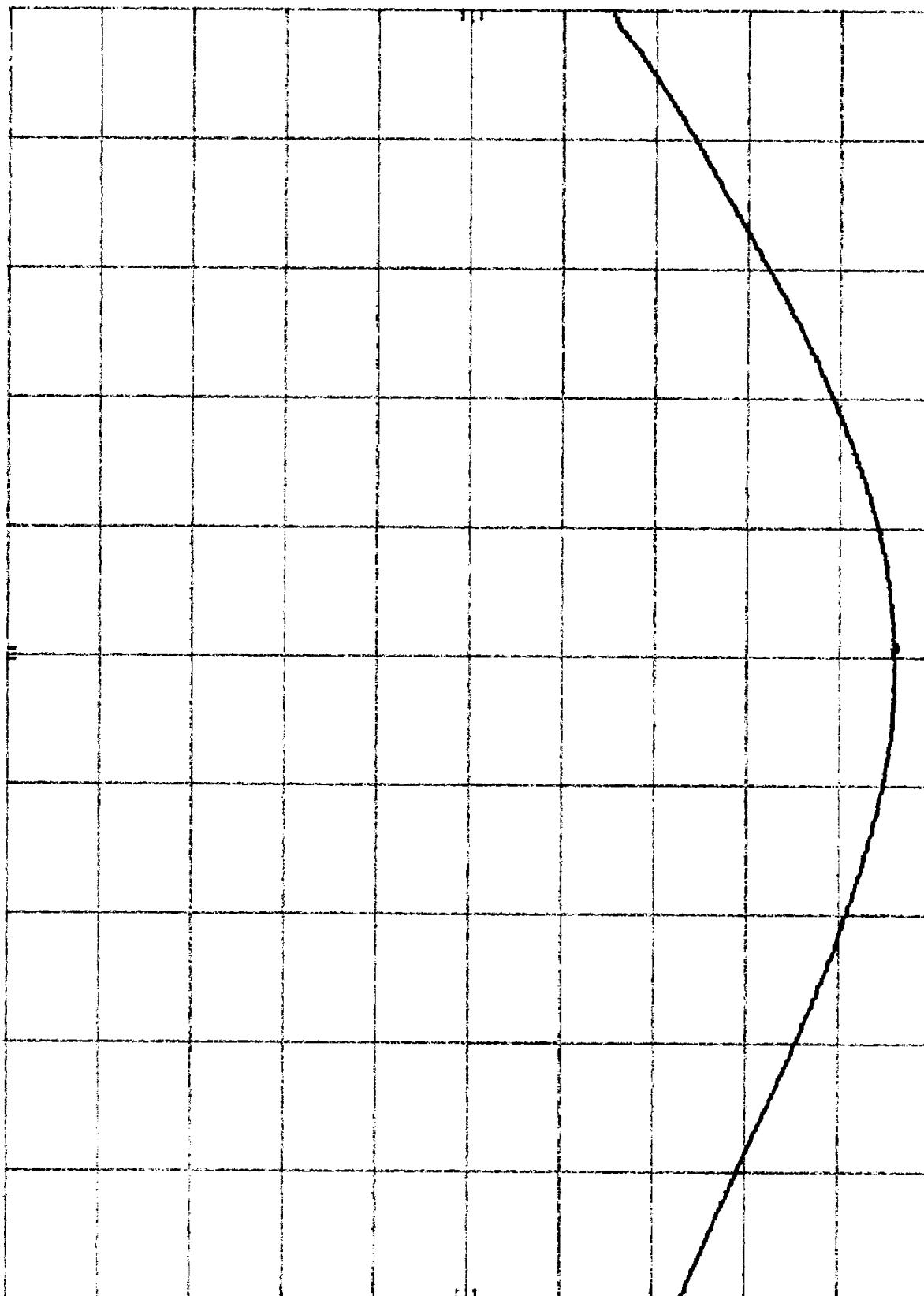
SPAN 20.0 MHz

SWP 20.0 msec

HP REF 86.6 dB $\mu$ V ATTEN 0 dB

120 + 310

MKR 2.474 82 GHz  
82.60 dB $\mu$ V



CENTER 2.474 9 GHz  
RES BW 3 MHz

VBW 3 MHz

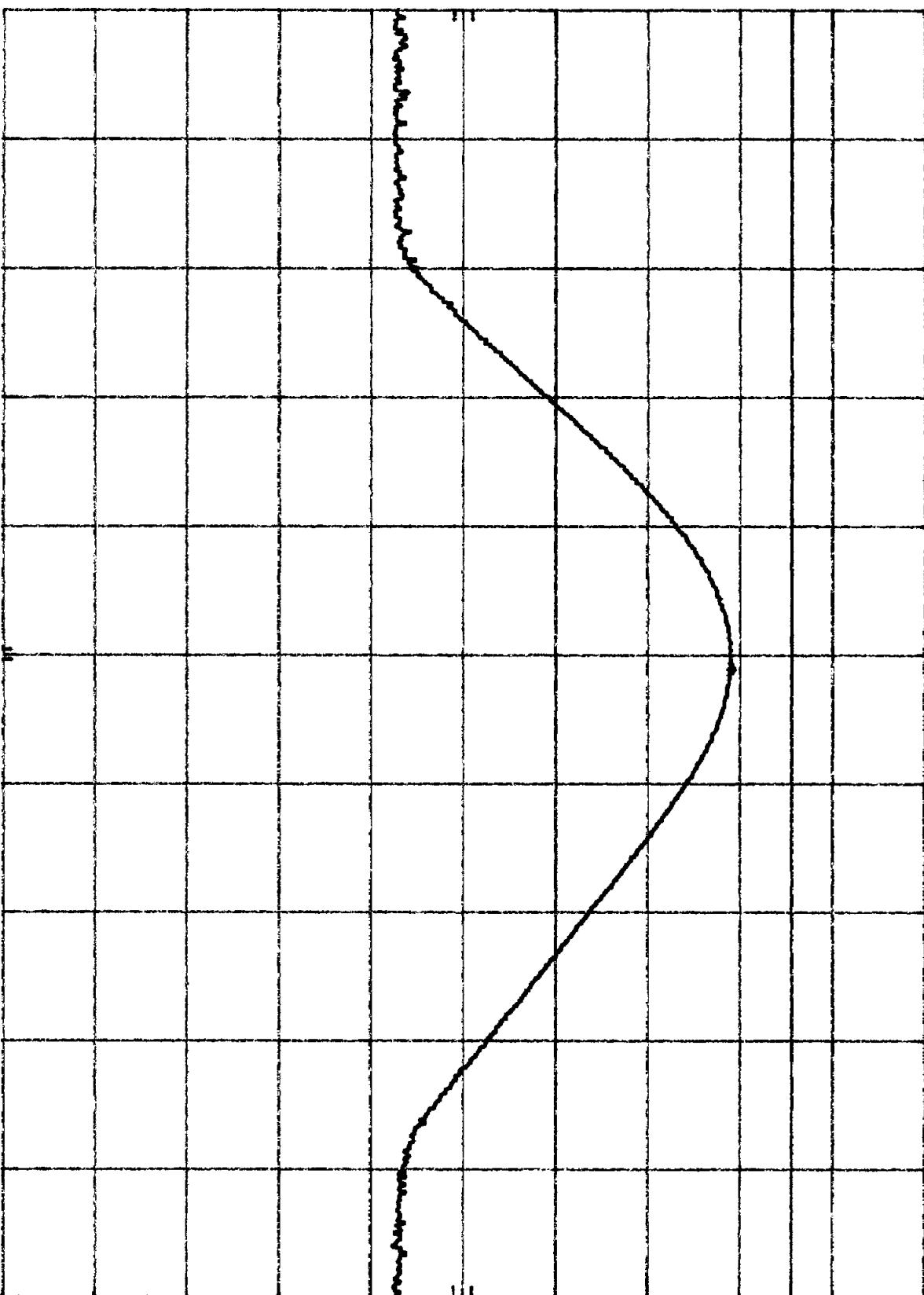
SPAN 10.0 MHz  
SWP 20.0 msec

Part H 10

MKR 2. 404 84 GHz  
81. 10 dBW

REF 102.0 dBµV ATTN 10 dB

/8901



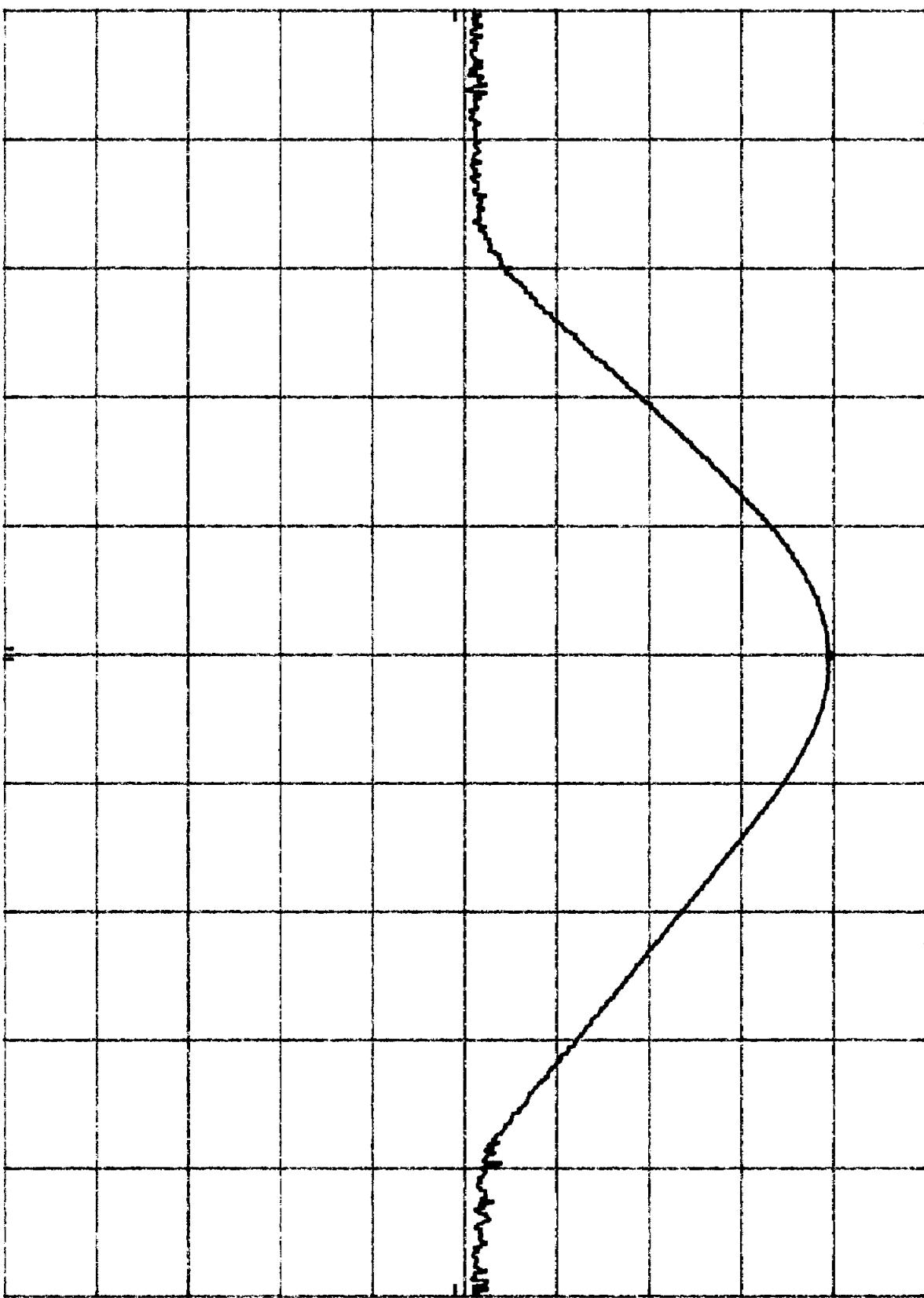
CENTER 2.404 6 GHz  
RES BW 3 MHz  
VBW 3 MHz

SPAN 20.0 MHz  
SWP 20.0 msec

HP REF 92.0 dB $\mu$ V ATTEN 10 dB

MKR 2.440 77 GHz

81.50 dB $\mu$ V



CENTER 2.440 7 GHz  
RES BW 3 MHz

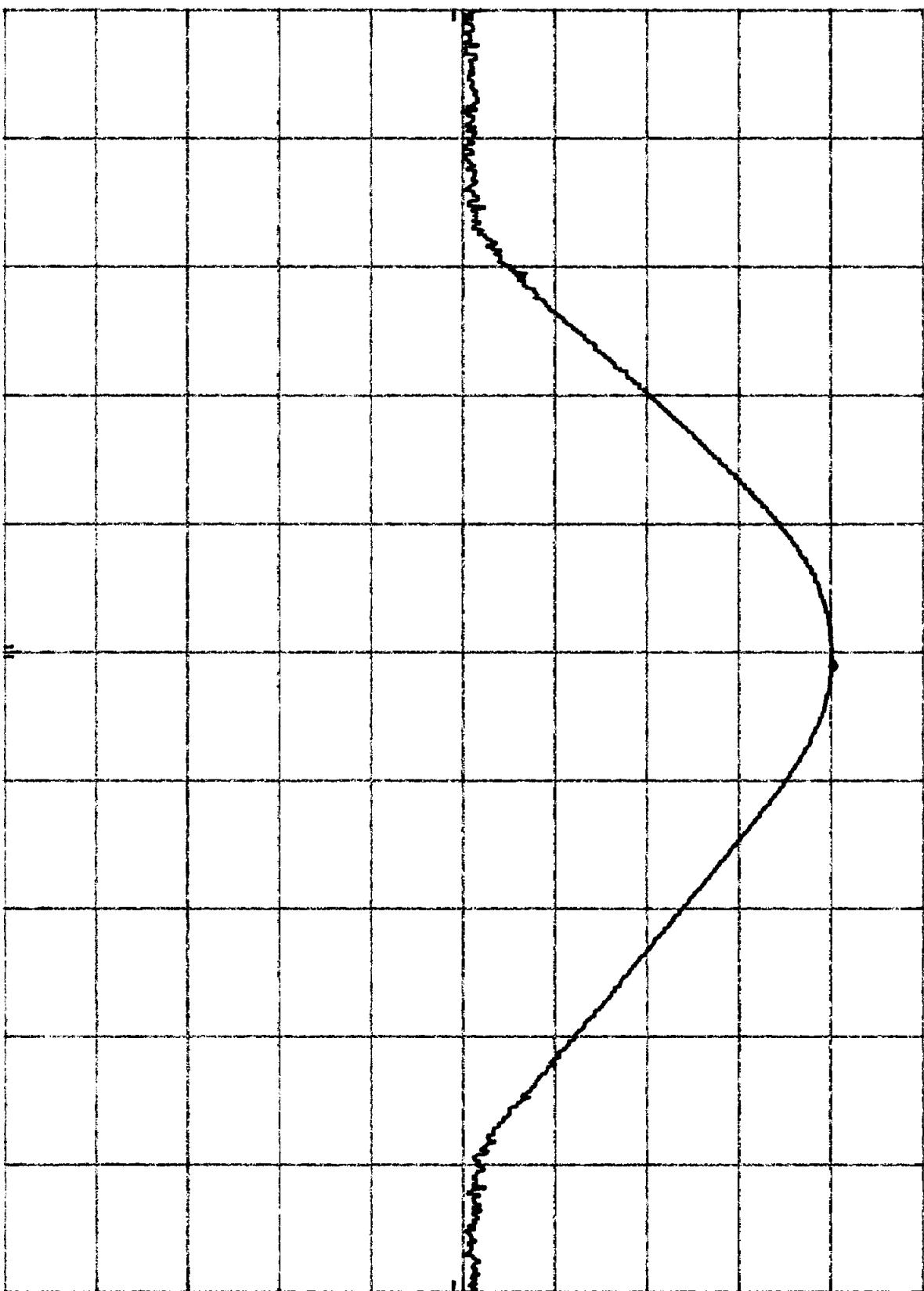
SPAN 20.0 MHz  
SWP 20.0 msec

Plot H1C

MKR 2.475 20 GHz

82.30 dB $\mu$ V

hp REF 92.0 dB $\mu$ V ATTN 10 dB



CENTER 2.475 0 GHz  
RES BW 3 MHz

VBW 3 MHz

SPAN 20.0 MHz  
SWP 20.0 msec

## 4.2 Minimum 6 dB RF Bandwidth, FCC Rule 15.247(a)(2):

The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer. Analyzer RES BW was set to 100 kHz. For each RF output channel investigated, the spectrum analyzer center frequency was set to the channel carrier. A PEAK output reading was taken, a DISPLAY line was drawn 6 dB lower than PEAK level. The 6 dB bandwidth was determined from where the channel output spectrum intersected the display line.

Base		
Frequency (MHz)	Min. 6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)
2400.8	1442	500

Refer to the following plots for 6 dB bandwidth sharp:

Plot B2a: Low Channel 6 dB RF Bandwidth

Plot B2b: Middle Channel 6 dB RF Bandwidth

Plot B2c: High Channel 6 dB RF Bandwidth

Handset		
Frequency (MHz)	Min. 6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)
2475	1434	500

Refer to the following plots for 6 dB bandwidth sharp:

Plot H2a: Low Channel 6 dB RF Bandwidth

Plot H2b: Middle Channel 6 dB RF Bandwidth

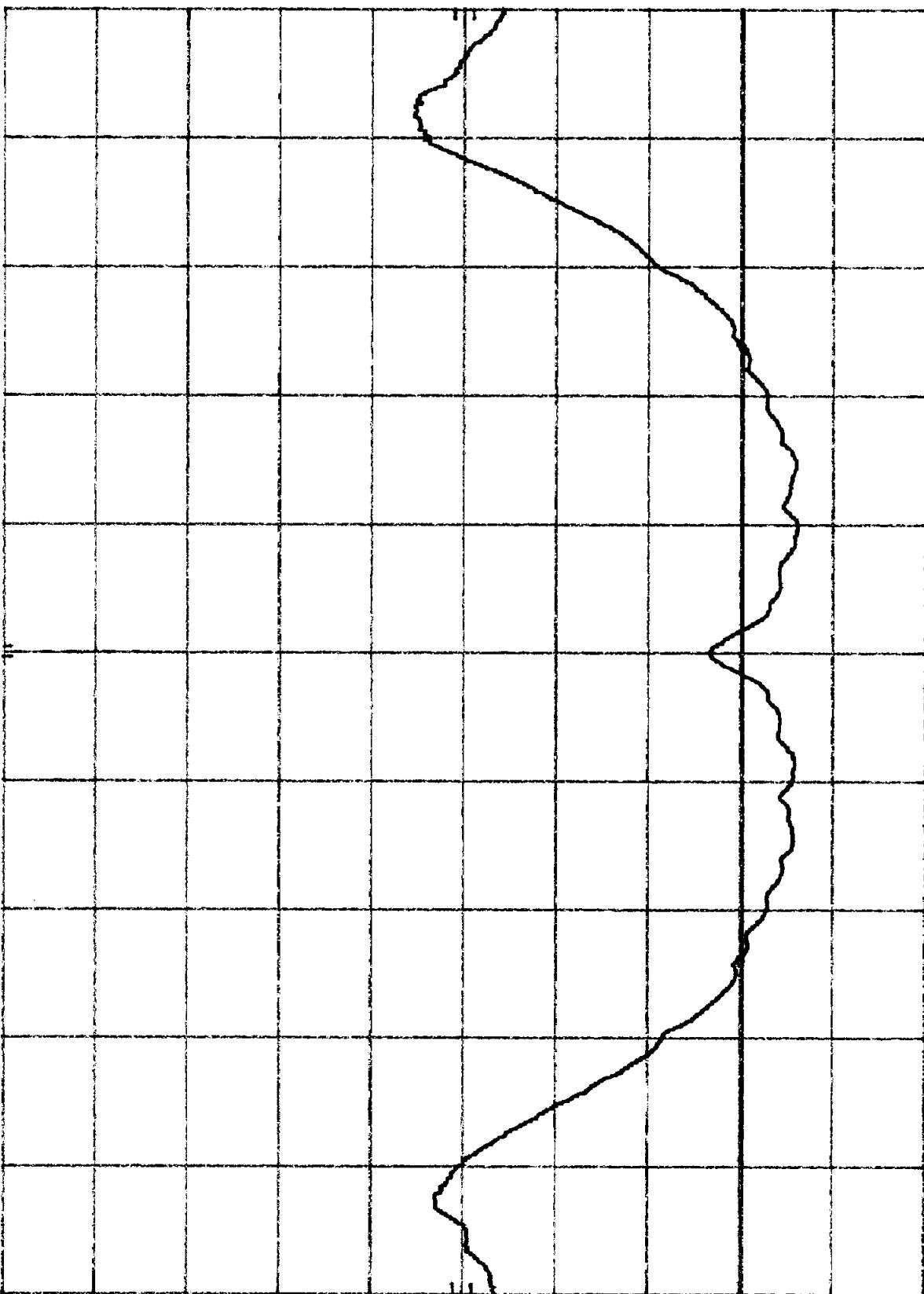
Plot H2c: High Channel 6 dB RF Bandwidth

REF 86.6 dB $\mu$ V ATTEN 0 dB  
MKR  $\Delta$  1.437 MHz  
 $\mu$ ot 82.3

SPAN 3.00 MHz

SWP 20.0 msec

DL  
66.9  
dB $\mu$ V



CENTER 2.404 80 GHz  
RES BW 100 kHz

VBW 100 kHz

SPAN 3.00 MHz  
SWP 20.0 msec

REF 86.6 dB $\mu$ V ATTEN 0 dB

10 dB/ $\mu$ V

MKR  $\Delta$  1.422 MHz

DL  
67.2  
dB $\mu$ V



CENTER 2.440 80 GHz  
RES BW 100 kHz  
VBW 100 kHz

1407 526

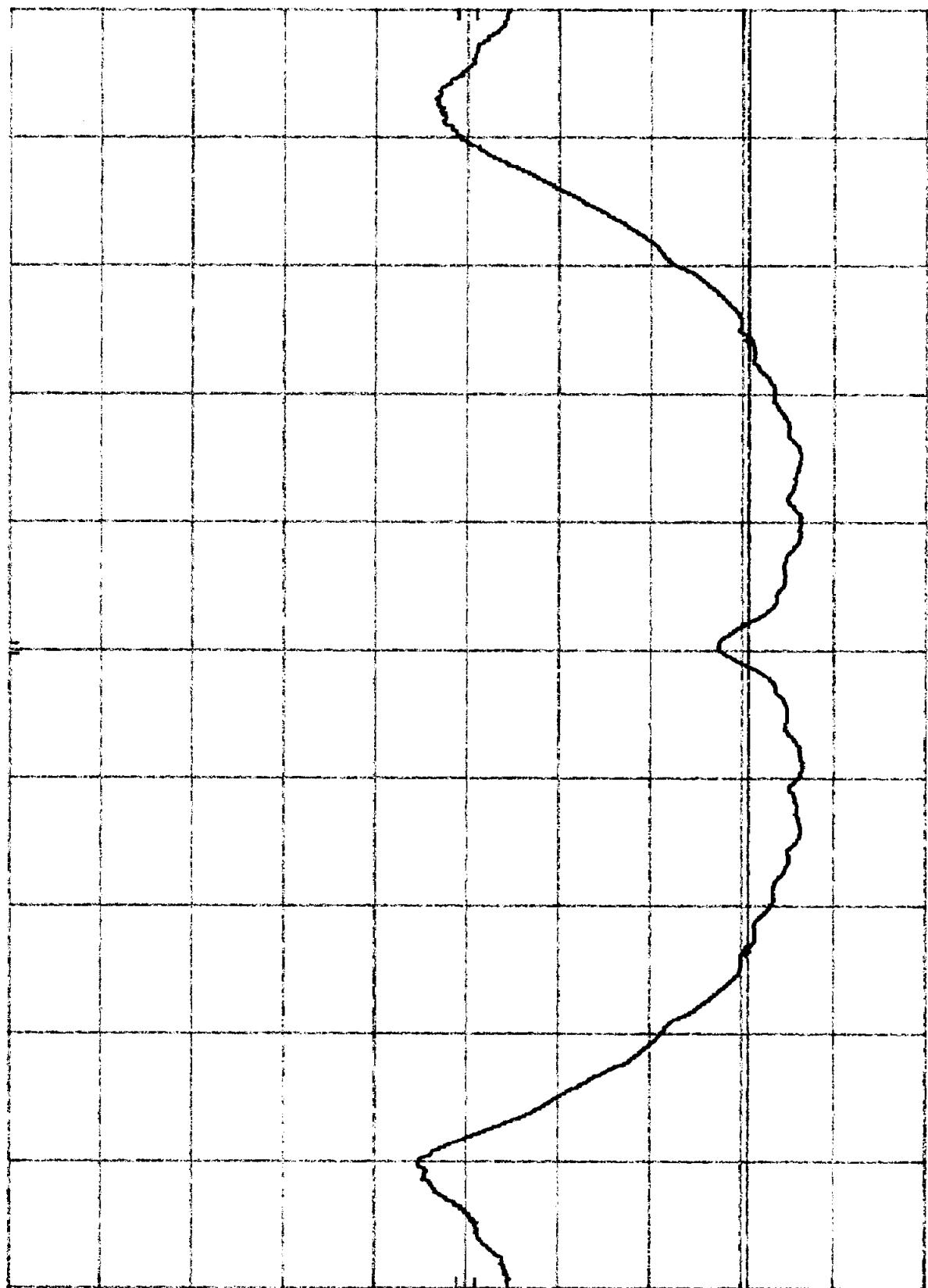
MKR  $\Delta$  1.434 MHz

-0.20 dB

REF 86.6 dBm ATTEN 0 dB

10 dB

DL  
67.3  
dBm



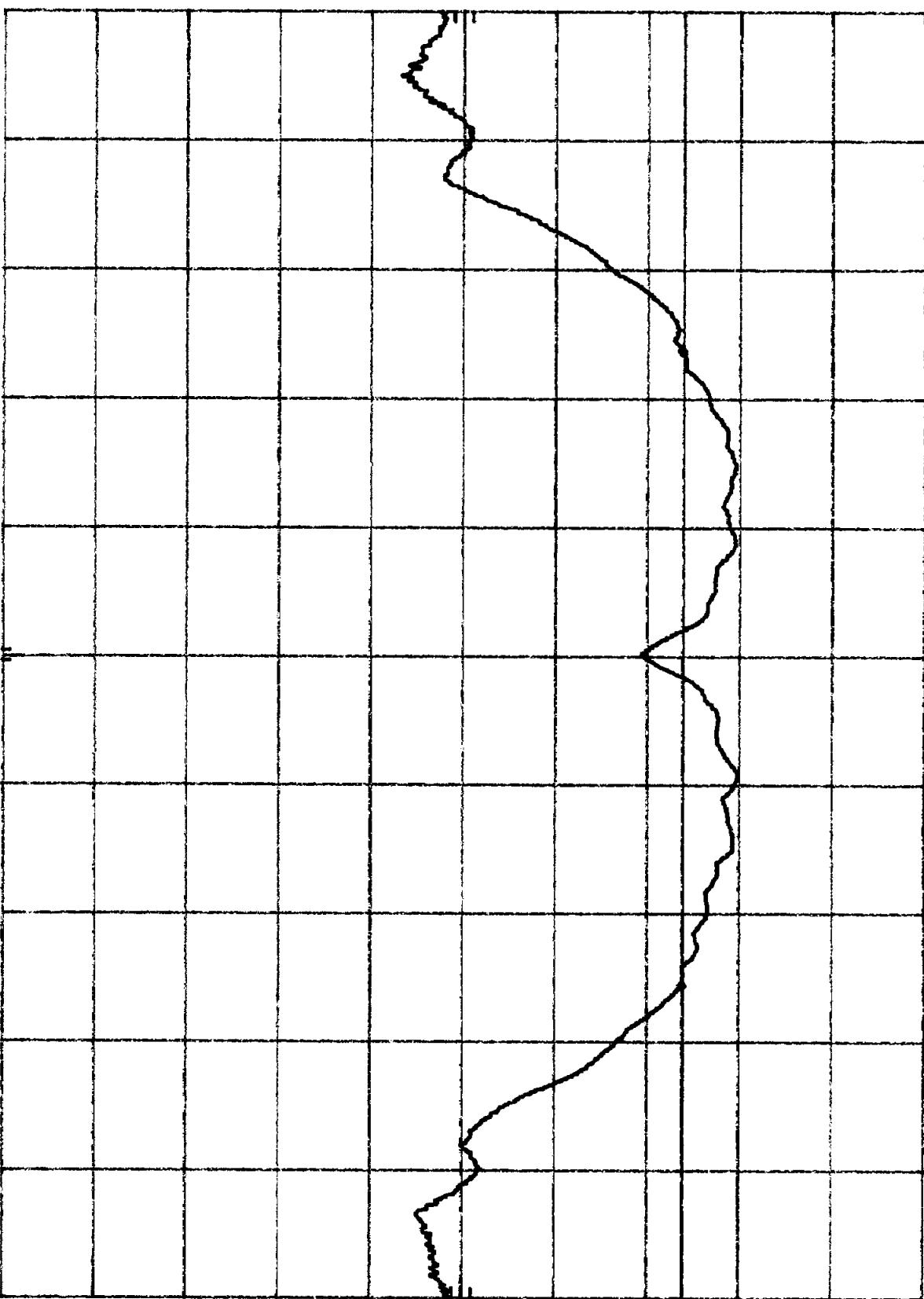
Plot H2a

MKR  $\Delta$  1.479 MHz

hp REF 92.0 dB $\mu$ V ATTEN 10 dB

10 dB/

DL  
65.9  
dB $\mu$ V



CENTER 2.40478 GHz  
RES BW 100 kHz  
VBW 100 kHz

SPAN 3.00 MHz  
SWP 20.0 msec

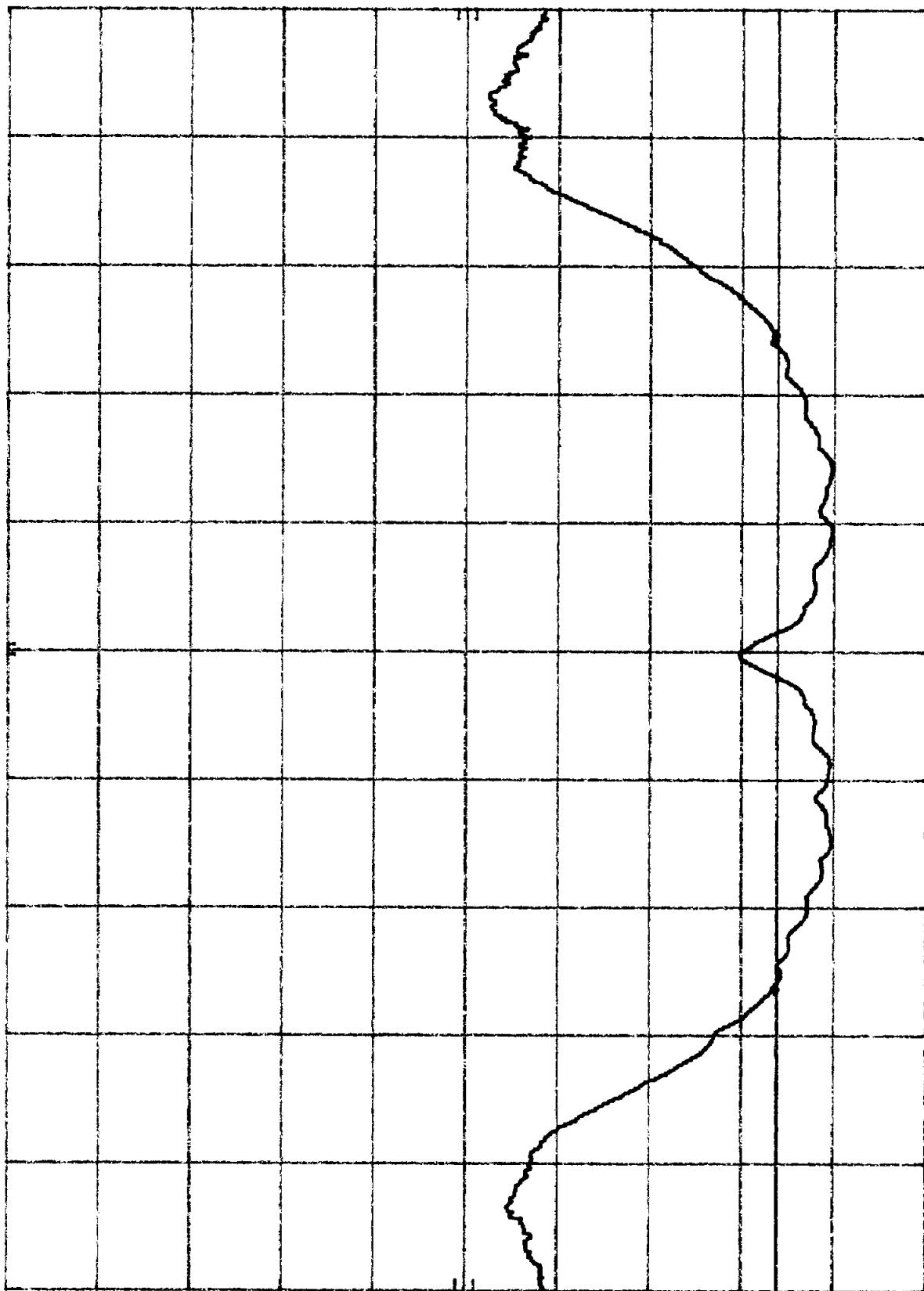
MKR  $\Delta$  1.530 MHz

0.10 dB

hp REF 82.0 dB $\mu$ V ATTN 10 dB

10 dB/ $\mu$

DL  
65.9  
dB $\mu$ V



$\rho_{c}^{\prime \prime} H_{-2}^{\prime \prime}$

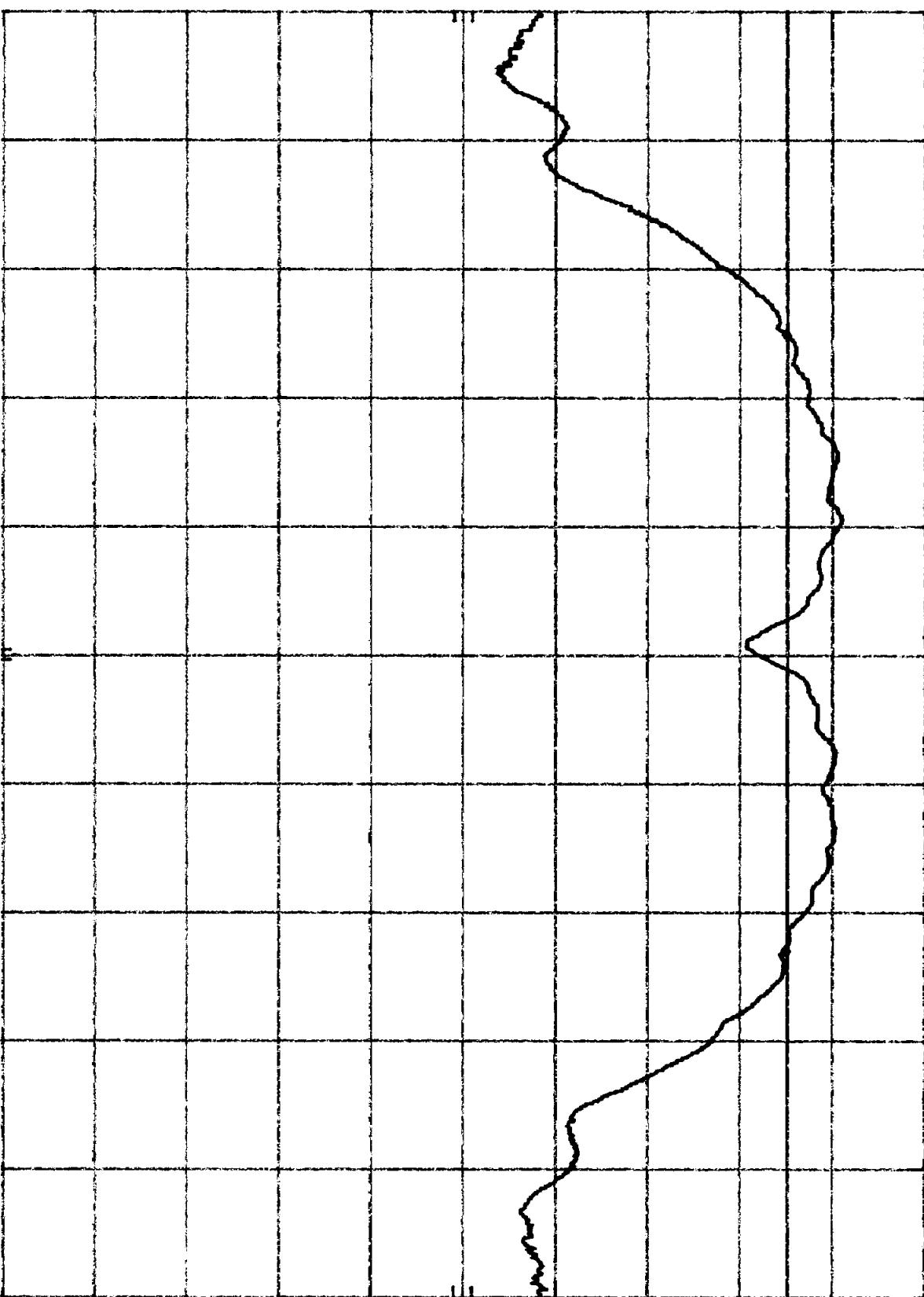
MKR  $\Delta 1.434$  MHz

-0.10 dB

HP REF 82.0 dB $\mu$ V ATTN 10 dB

10 dB/

DL  
67.1  
dB $\mu$ V



CENTER 2.475 00 GHz  
RES BW 100 kHz

VBW 100 kHz

SPAN 3.00 MHz  
SWP 20.0 msec

### 4.3 Maximum Power Density Reading, FCC Rule 15.247(d):

The spectrum analyzer RES BW was set to 3 kHz. The START and STOP frequencies were set to the band edges of the maximum output passband. If there is no clear maximum amplitude in any given portion of the band, it may be necessary to make measurements at a number of bands defined by several START and STOP frequency pairs. The specification calls for a 1 second interval at each 3 kHz bandwidth; total SWEEP TIME is calculated as follows:

$$\text{SWEEP TIME (SEC)} = (\text{Fstop, kHz} - \text{Fstart, kHz})/3 \text{ kHz}$$

Radiated method was used; power density was calculated from field strength.

$$\begin{aligned} P &= (\text{ED})^2/30 \\ G &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

Base		
Frequency (MHz)	Power Density (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
2475.30	4.2	8.0

Handset		
Frequency (MHz)	Power Density (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
2474.68	4.2	8.0

Frequency Span = 600 kHz

Sweep Time = 600 Frequency Span/3 kHz  
= 200 seconds

Refer to Appendix C for the following plots:

Plot B3a.1 - B3a.2 Low Channel Power Density  
Plot B3b.1 - B3b.2 Middle Channel Power Density  
Plot B3c.1 - B3c.2: High Channel Power Density  
Plot H3a.1 - H3a.2 Low Channel Power Density  
Plot H3b.1 - H3b.2 Middle Channel Power Density  
Plot H3c.1 - H3c.2: High Channel Power Density  
Radiated Emission (Output Power Density) Handset and Base

## **Radiated Emissions Test Data**

Company:	Continental Conair Ltd.	Model #:		Test Date:	FCC 15.247
EUT:	Cordless Phone Base	S/N or FCC #:		Test Date:	3 meter
Project #:	J99030602	Test Date:	December 28, 1999	Test Point:	Wired
Test Mode:	Tx Power Density for Low, Mid, High Ch	Engineer:	Xi Ming Y.	Min. Attenuation:	10dB

	Antenna Used			Pre-Amp Used			Cable Used			Transducers Used		
Number:	2	14	21	0	8	13	0	0	12	0	None	None
Model:	EMCO 3143	EMCO 3115	3100-3	None	CDI P1000	AGC 400	None	None	GR-1 M+L	None	None	None

**Notes:**

- a) O.C.F.: Other Correction Factor
- b) Insert. Loss = Cable A + Cable B + Cable C + Transducer.
- c) Net = Reading + Antenna Factor - Pre-Amp + Insert. Loss.
- d) Attn. = Field Strength (Fundamental) - Field Strength (Harmonics).
- e) Negative signs (-) in Margin column signify levels below the limits.

## **Radiated Emissions Test Data**

Company:	Continental Conair Ltd.	Model #:		Ref:	FCC 15.247	
EUT:	Cordless Phone Hand set	S/N or FCC #:		Test Date	3	meter
Project #:	J99030602	Test Date:	December 28, 1999	TP		Wad
Test Mode:	Tx Power Density for Low, Mid, Hing Ch	Engineer:	Xi Ming Y.	Min. Att.		Cap

Antenna Used			Pre-Amp Used			Cable Used			Transducer Used		
Number:	2	14	21	0	8	13	0	0	12	0	
Model:	EMCO 3143	EMCO 3115	\$100-9	None	CDI P1000	ACO 2000	None	None	CDM M-1	None	

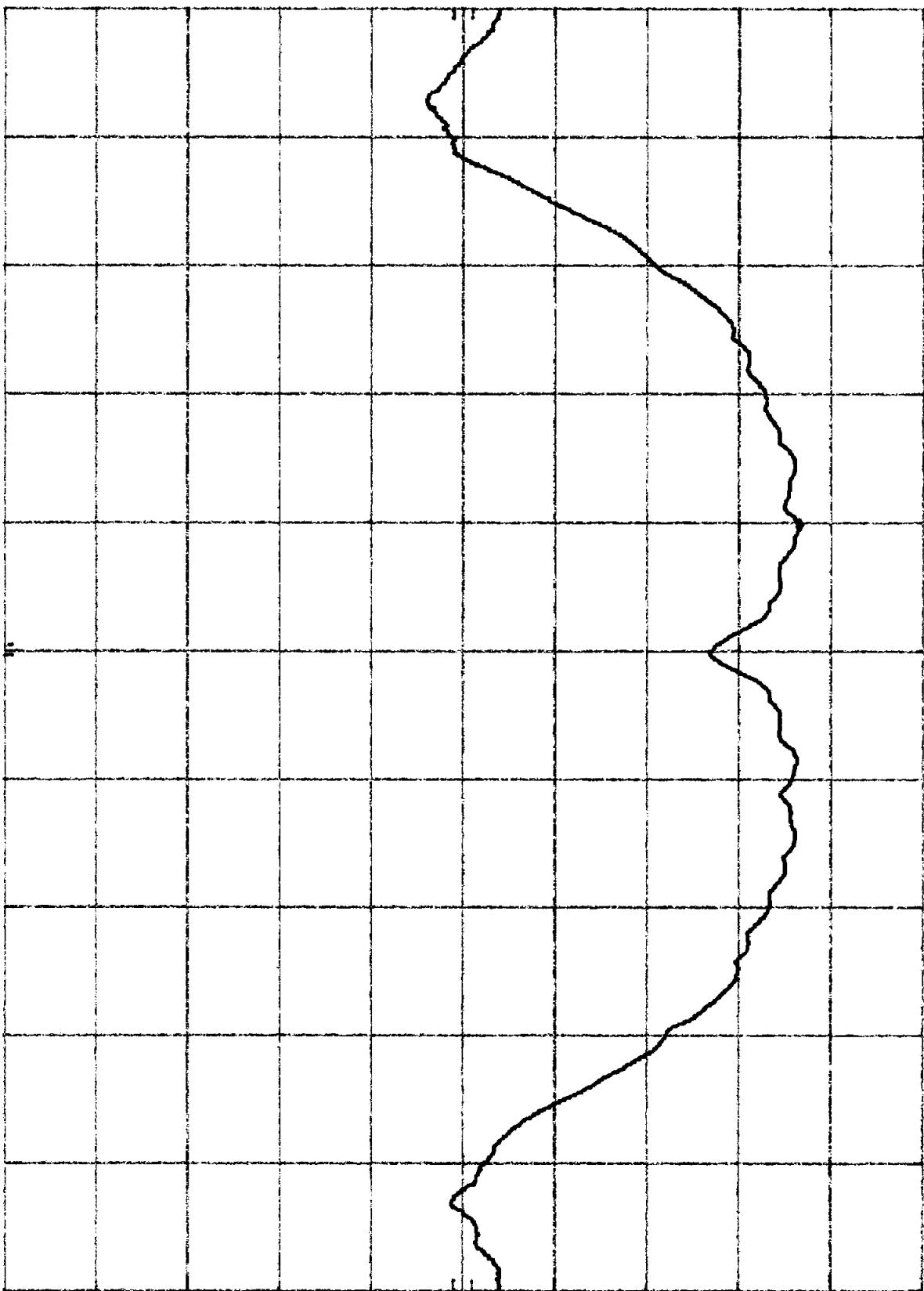
**Notes:**

- a) O.C.F.:Other Correction Factor
- b) Insert. Loss = Cable A + Cable B + Cable C + Transducer.
- c) Net = Reading + Antenna Factor - Pre-Amp + Insert. Loss.
- d) Attn. = Field Strength (Fundamental) - Field Strength (Harmonics).
- e) Negative signs (-) in Margin column signify levels below the limits.

hp REF 86.6 dB $\mu$ V ATTEN 0 dB

10 dB/ $\mu$ V

MKR 2.440 503 GHz  
73.20 dB $\mu$ V



CENTER 2.440 80 GHz  
RES BW 100 kHz

VBW 100 kHz

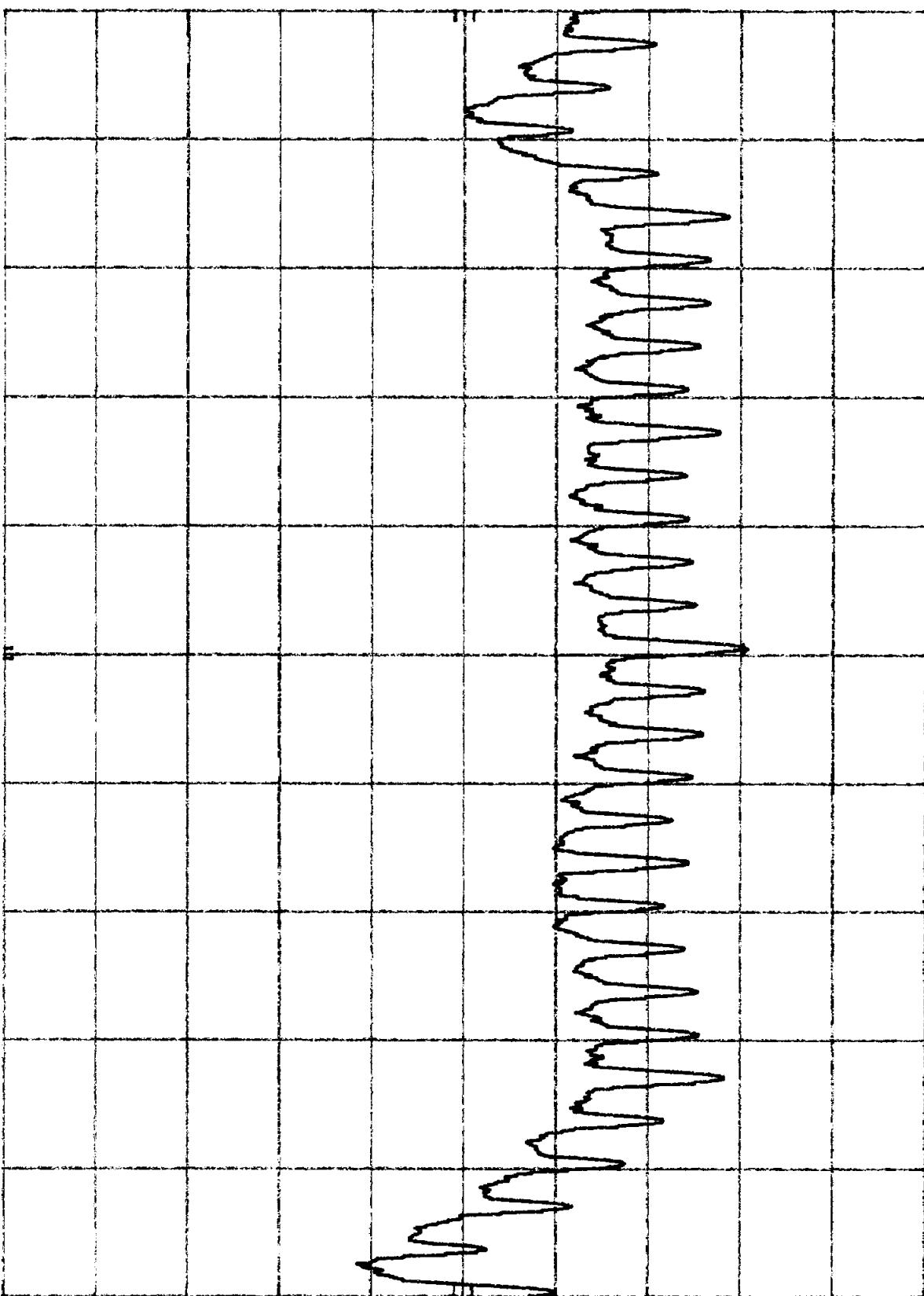
SPAN 3.00 MHz  
SWP 20.0 msec

REF 86.6 dB $\mu$ V ATTEN 0 dB

PLC 10302

MKR 2.440 500 0 GHz

66.90 dB $\mu$ V

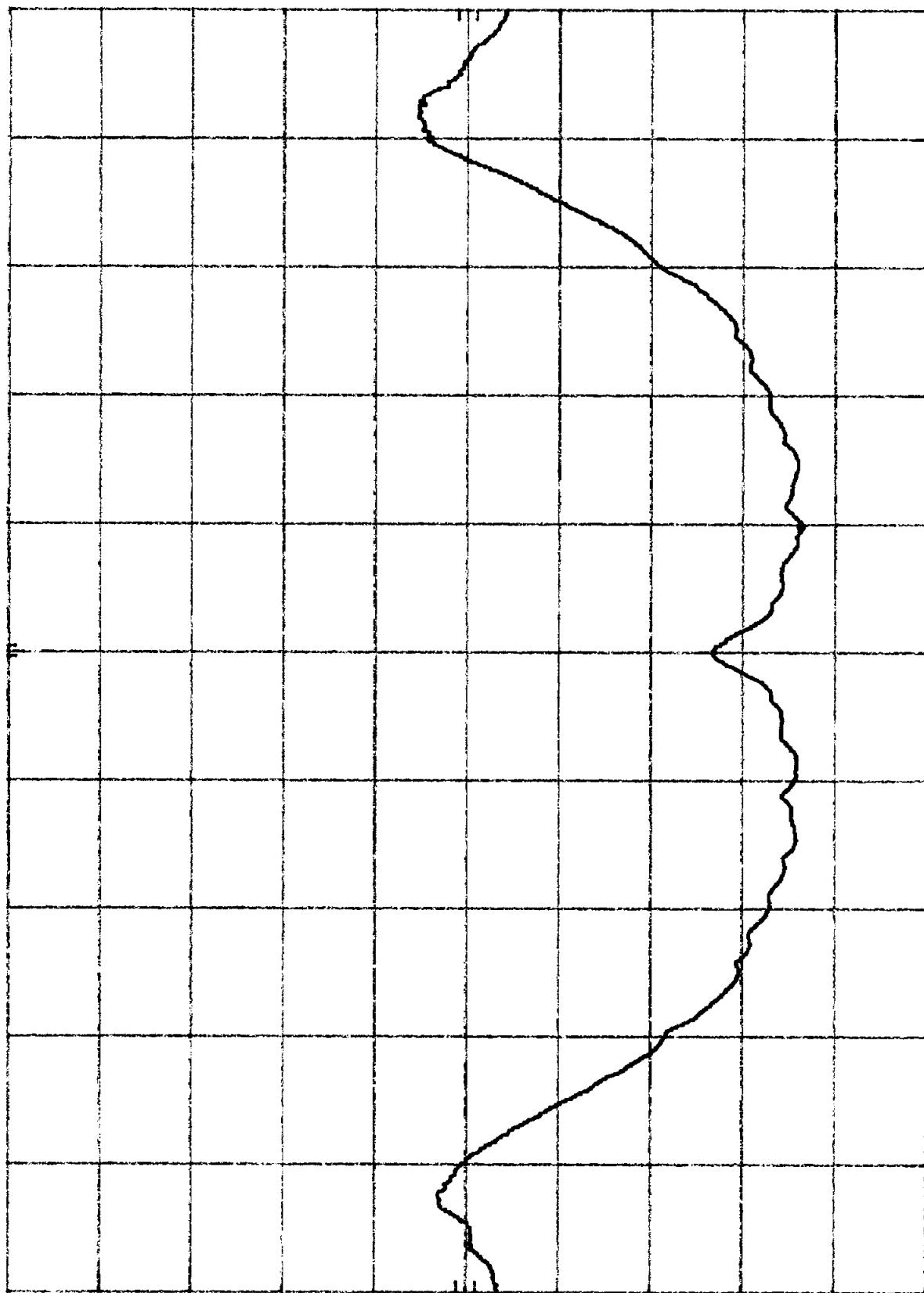


CENTER 2.440 500 GHz  
RES BW 3 kHz

VBW 3 kHz

SPAN 600 kHz  
SWP 200 sec

Plot 83a / MKR 2.404 503 GHz  
REF 86.6 dB $\mu$

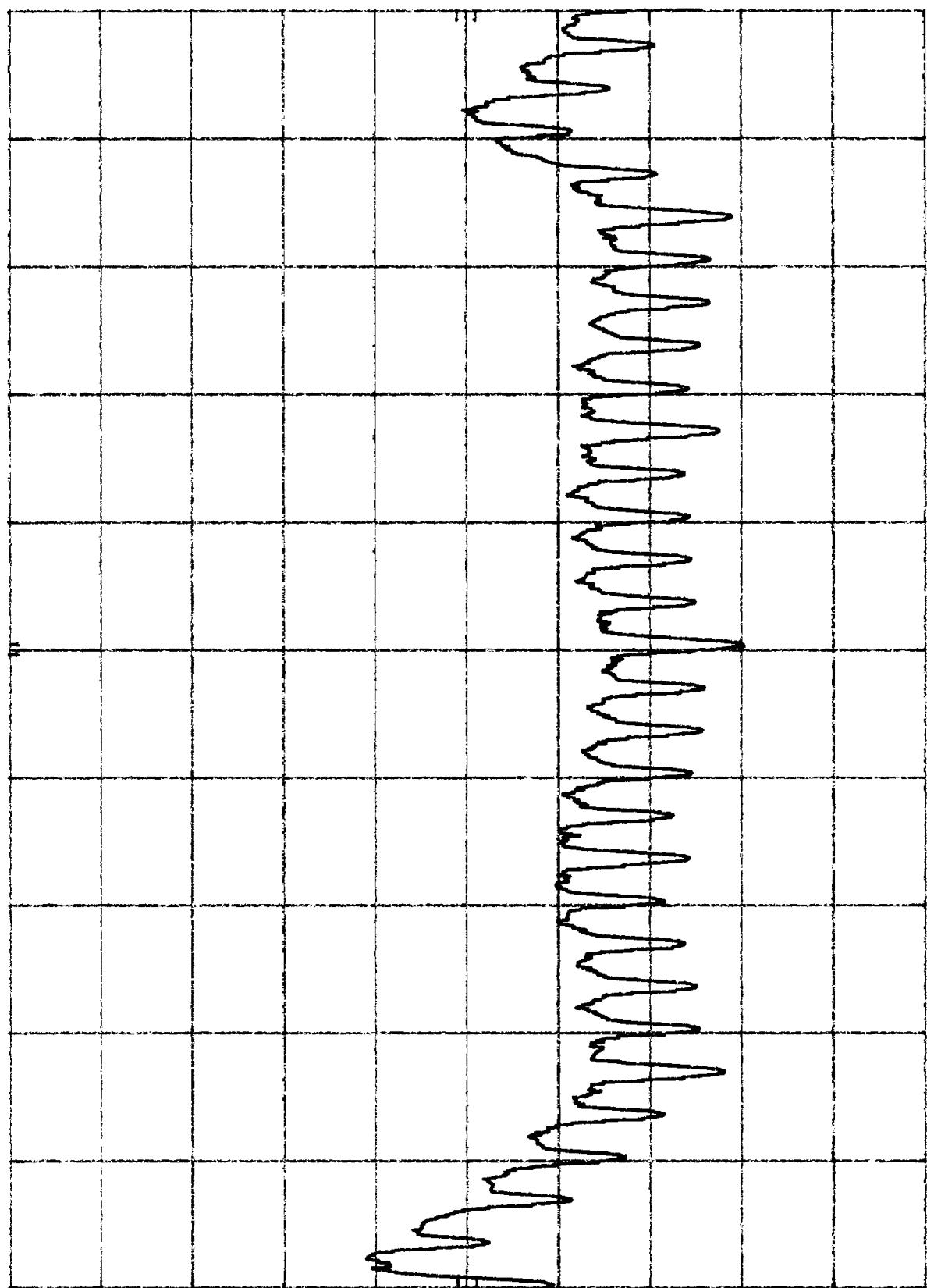


CENTER 2.404 80 GHz  
RES BW 100 kHz

VBW 100 kHz

SPAN 3.00 MHz  
SWP 20.0 msec

hp REF 86.6 dB $\mu$ V ATTEN 0 dB  
10 dB/  
Plot No. 2  
MKR 2.404 500 6 GHz  
66.50 dB $\mu$ V



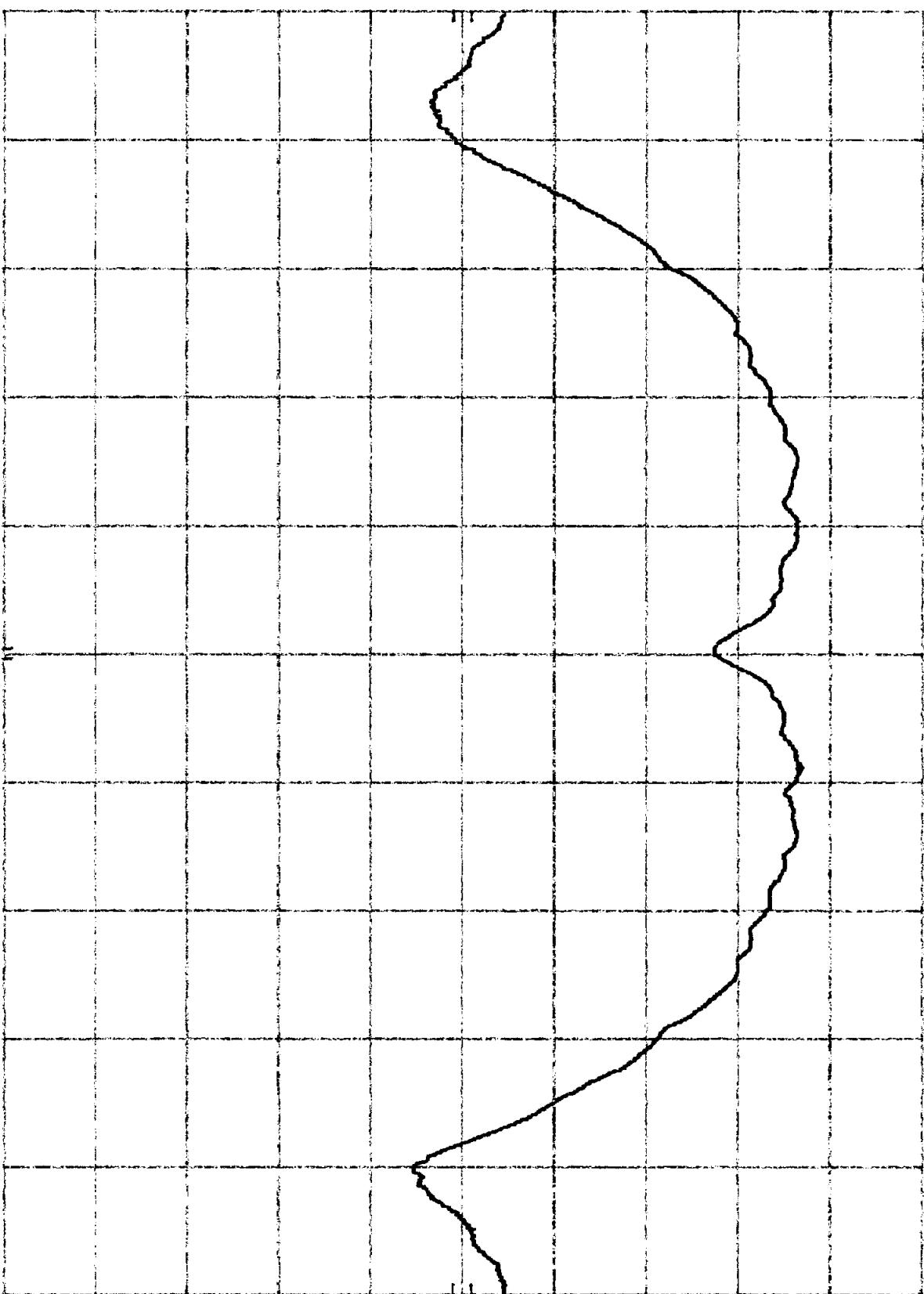
CENTER 2.404 500 GHz  
RES BW 3 kHz  
VBW 3 kHz  
SPAN 600 kHz  
SWP 200 sec

$P_{bit}$   $E_{bit}$

MKR 2.475 275 GHz  
79.30 dBm

HP REF 86.6 dBm ATTEN 0 dB

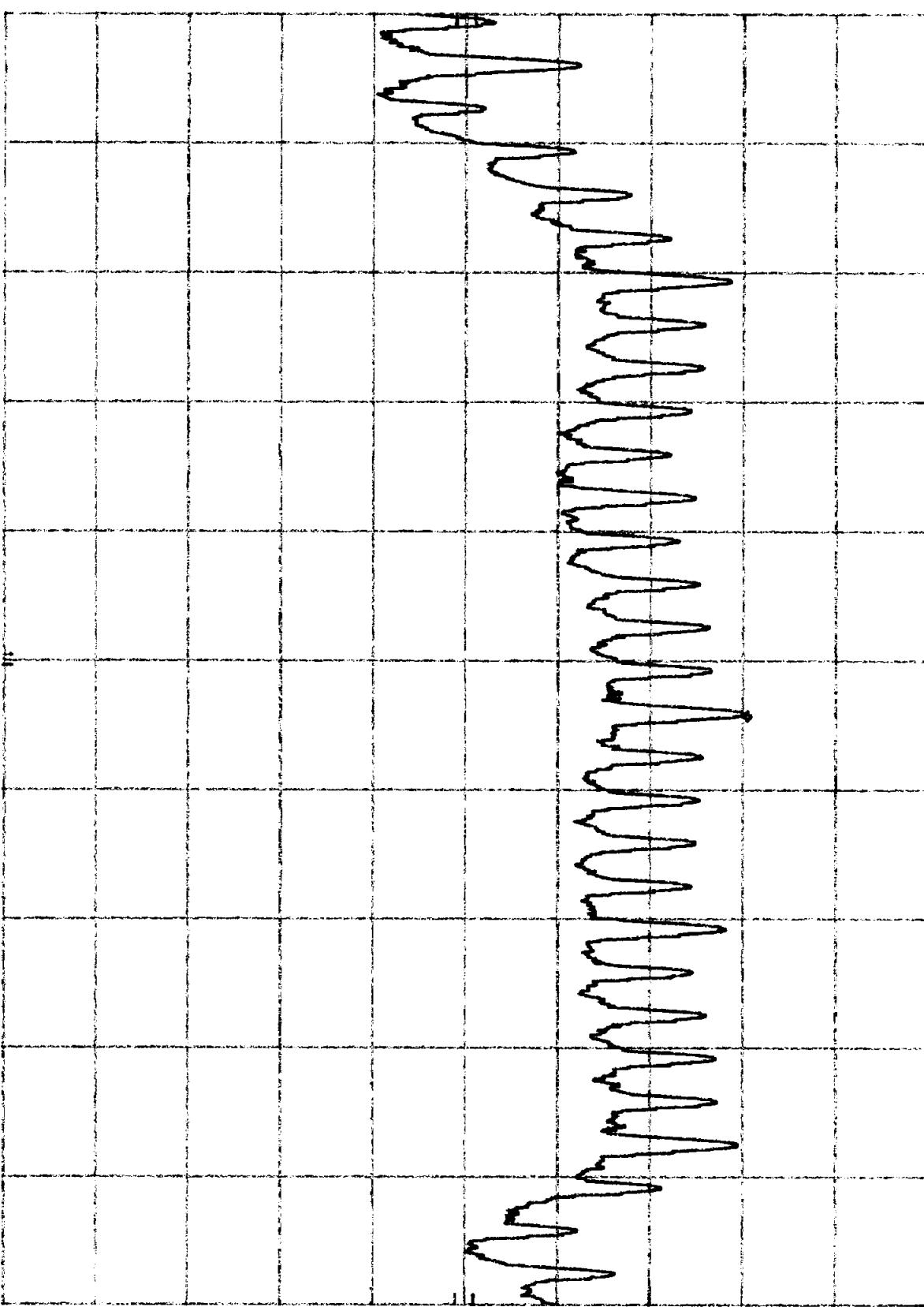
10 dB/



CENTER 2.475 01 GHz  
RES BW 100 kHz  
VBW 100 kHz  
SPAN 3.00 MHz  
SWP 20.0 msec

hp REF 86.6 dBµV ATTEN 0 dB  
10 dB/

MKR 2.475 300 2 GHz  
67.10 dBµV

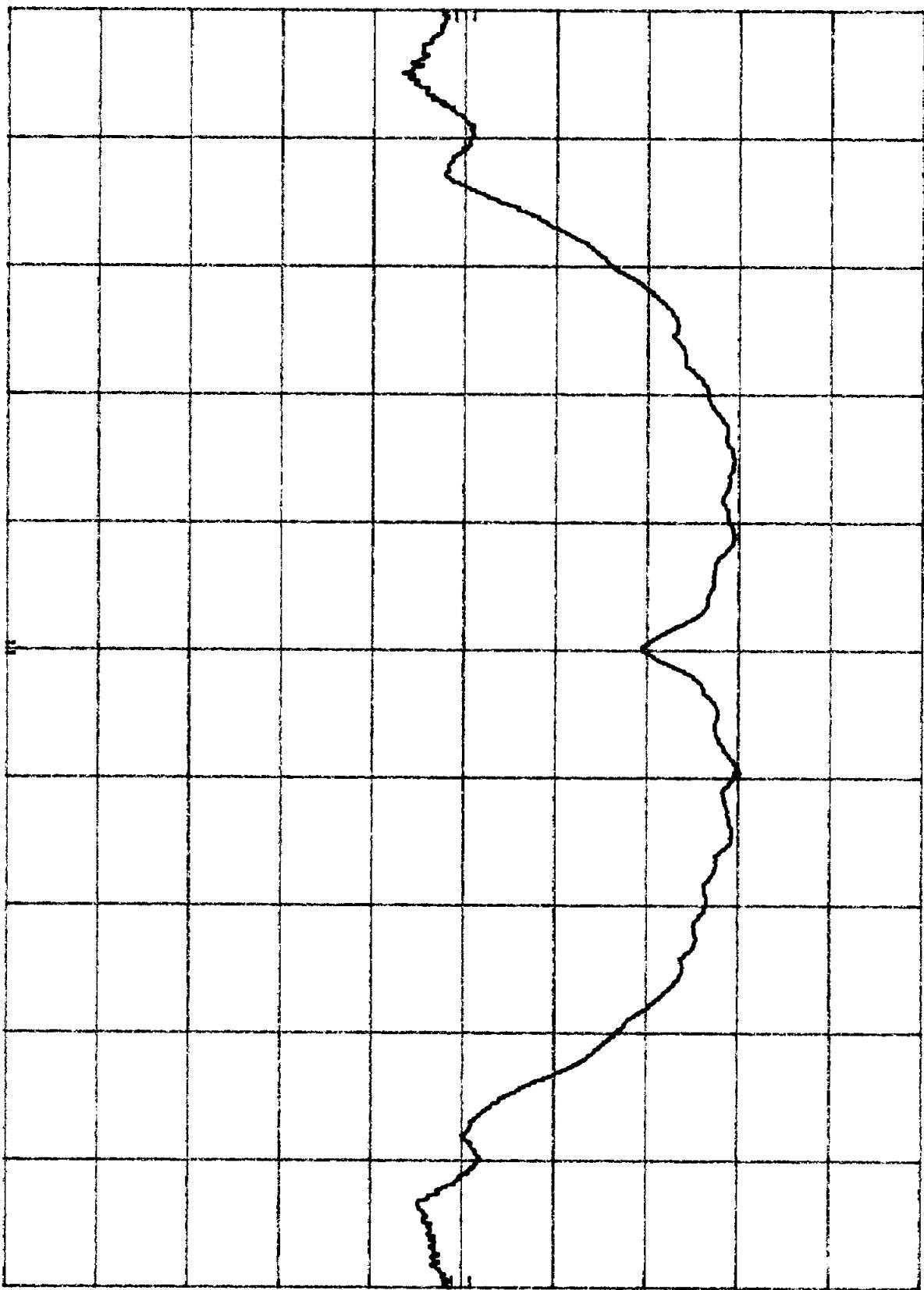


CENTER 2.475 275 GHz  
RES BW 3 kHz

VBW 3 kHz

SPAN 600 kHz  
SWP 200 sec

Plot H3a/  
MKR 2.405 066 GHz  
REF 92.0 dB $\mu$ V ATTEN 10 dB



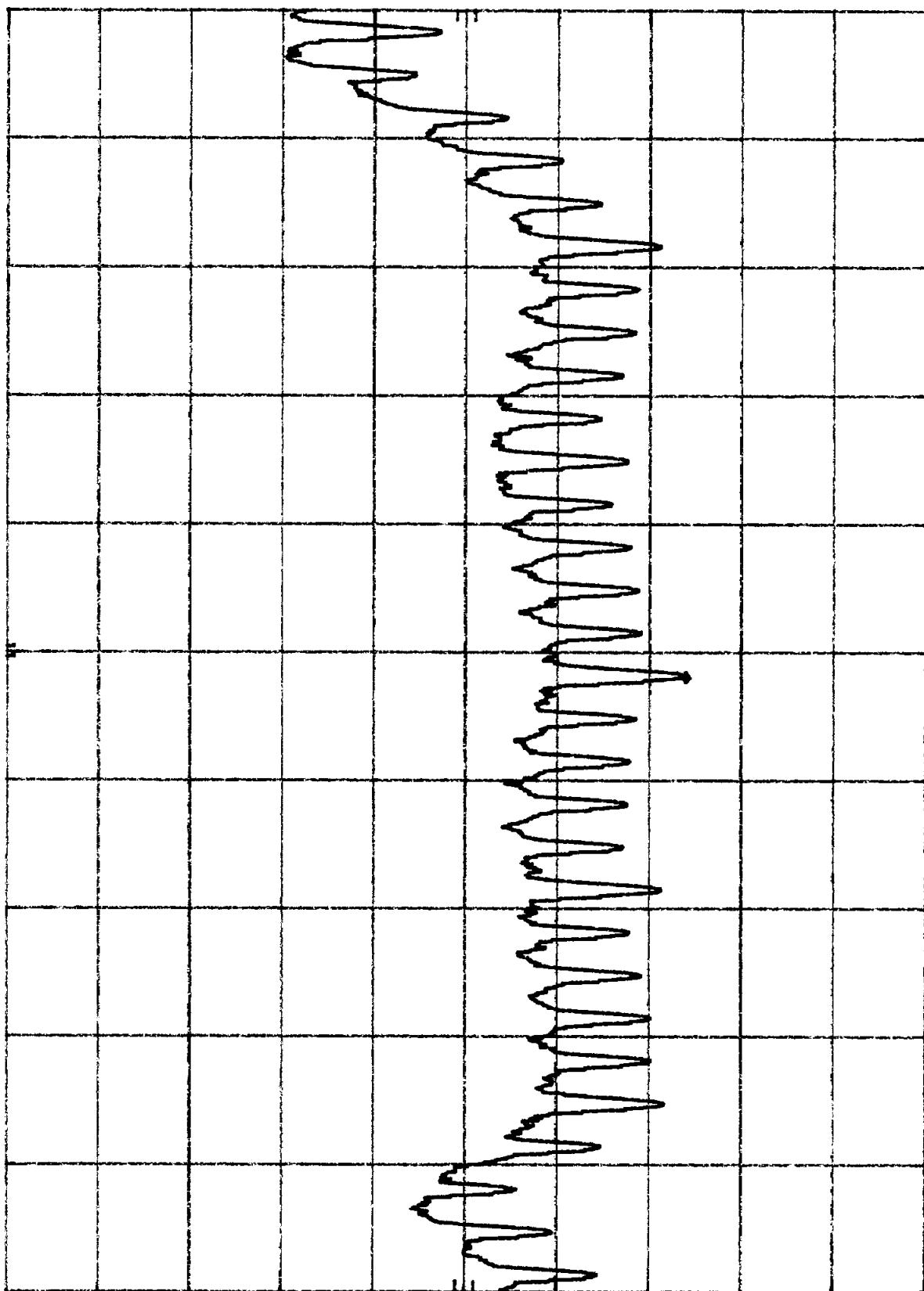
CENTER 2.404 78 GHz  
RES BW 100 kHz

VBW 100 kHz

SPAN 3.00 MHz  
SWP 20.0 msec

hp REF 92.0 dB $\mu$ V ATTEN 10 dB

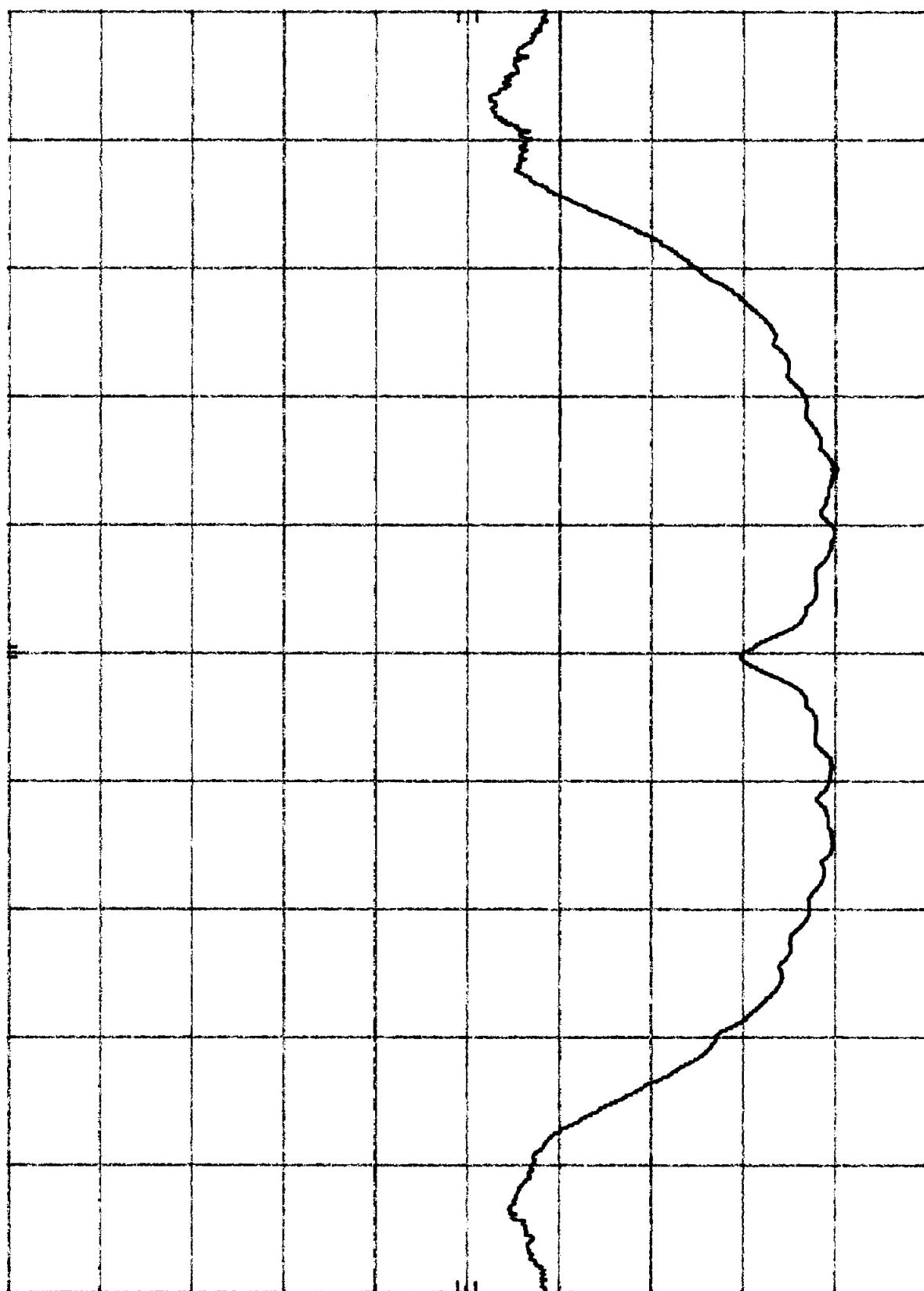
Plot H322  
MKR 2. 405 077 8 GHz  
66.00 dB $\mu$ V



Plot H3b1  
MKR 2.440 338 GHz  
71.90 dB

hp REF 82.0 dBW ATTEN 10 dB

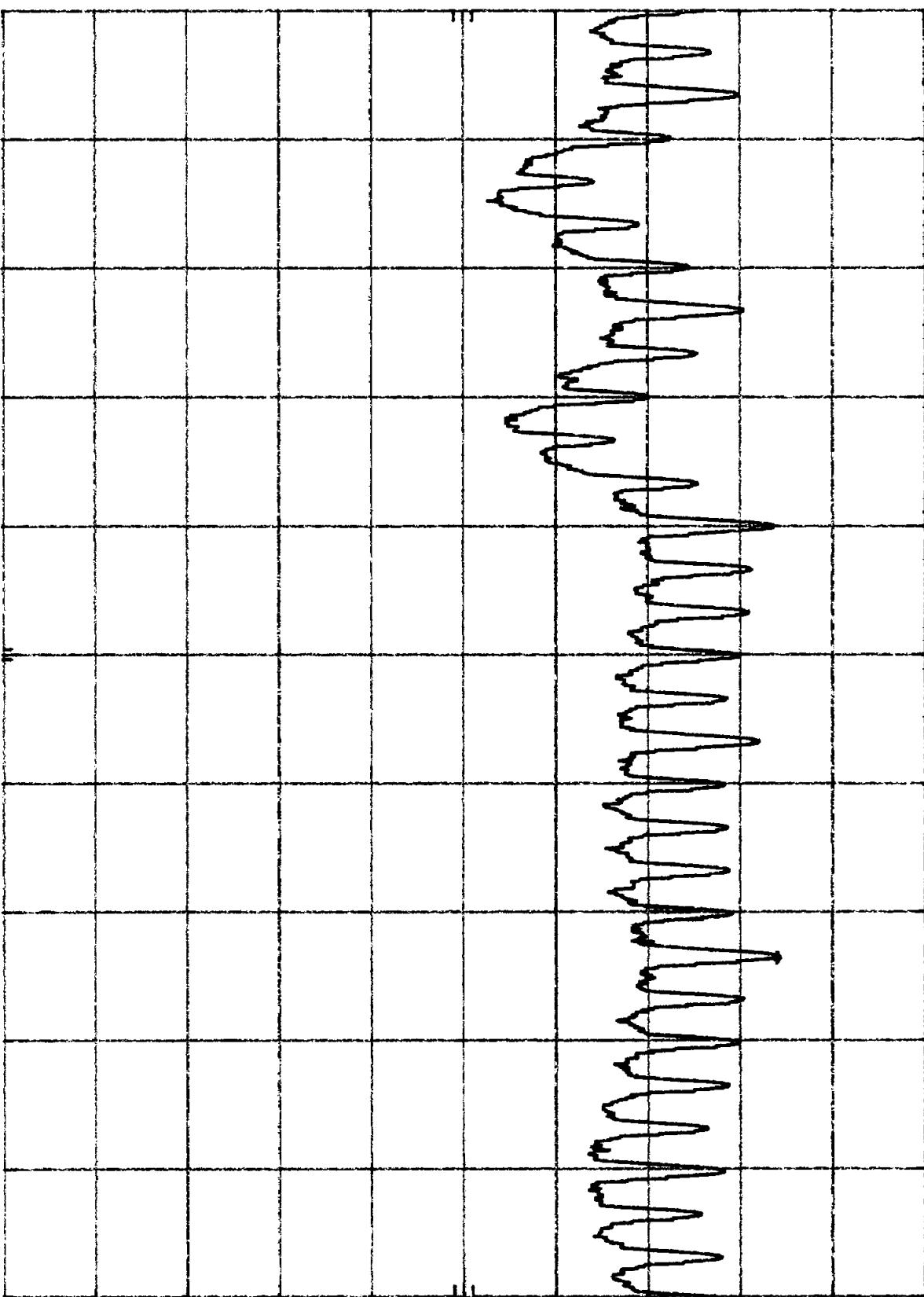
10 dB/



Plot 1156

MKR 2.440 479 0 GHz  
66.00 dB $\mu$ V

hp REF 82.0 dB $\mu$ V ATTN 10 dB  
10 dB/



CENTER 2.440 338 GHz  
RES BW 3 kHz

VBW 3 kHz

SPAN 600 kHz  
SWP 200 sec

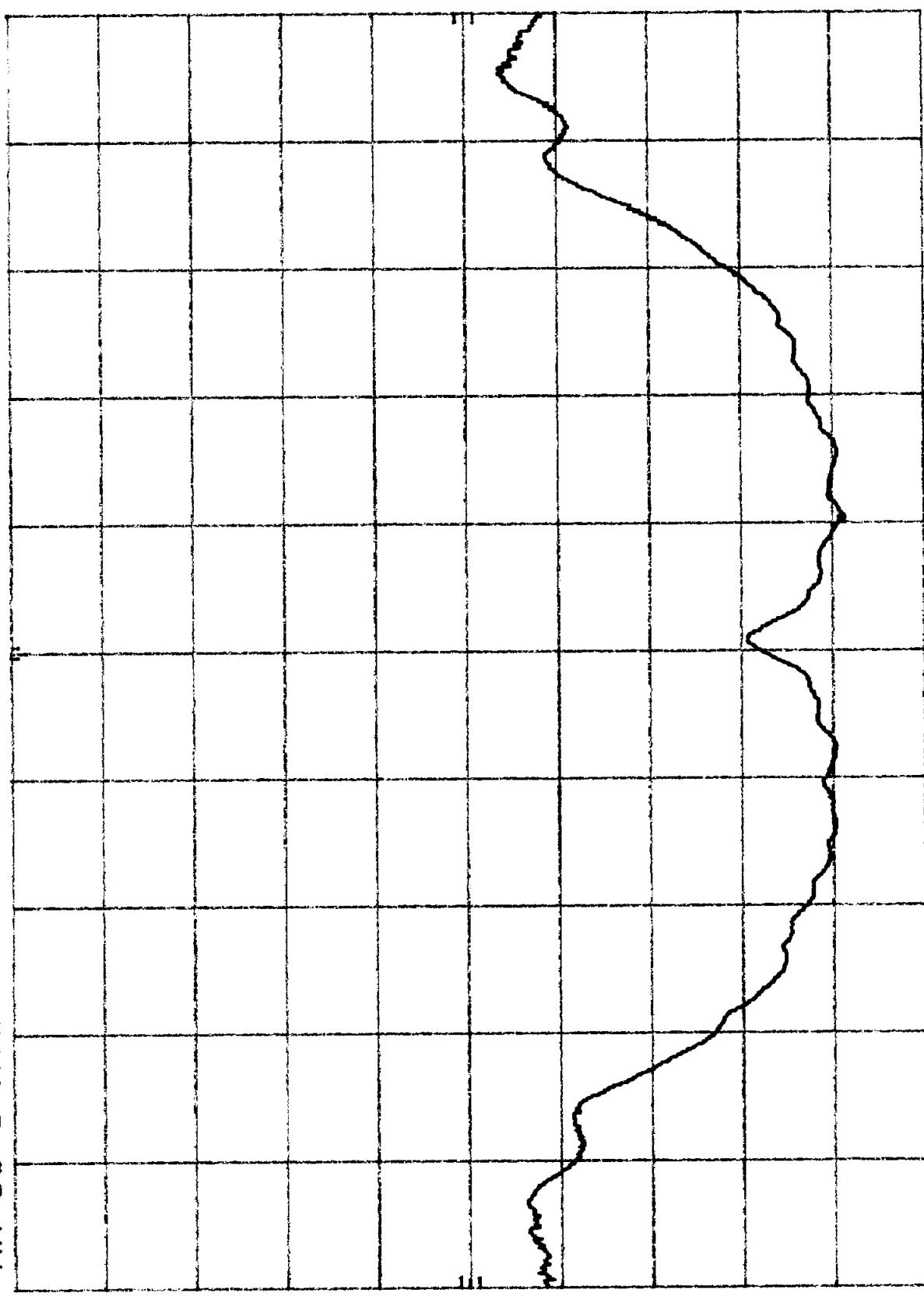
10 dB/

SPAN 3.00 MHz  
SWP 20.0 msac

HP REF 82.0 dBμV ATTEN 10 dB

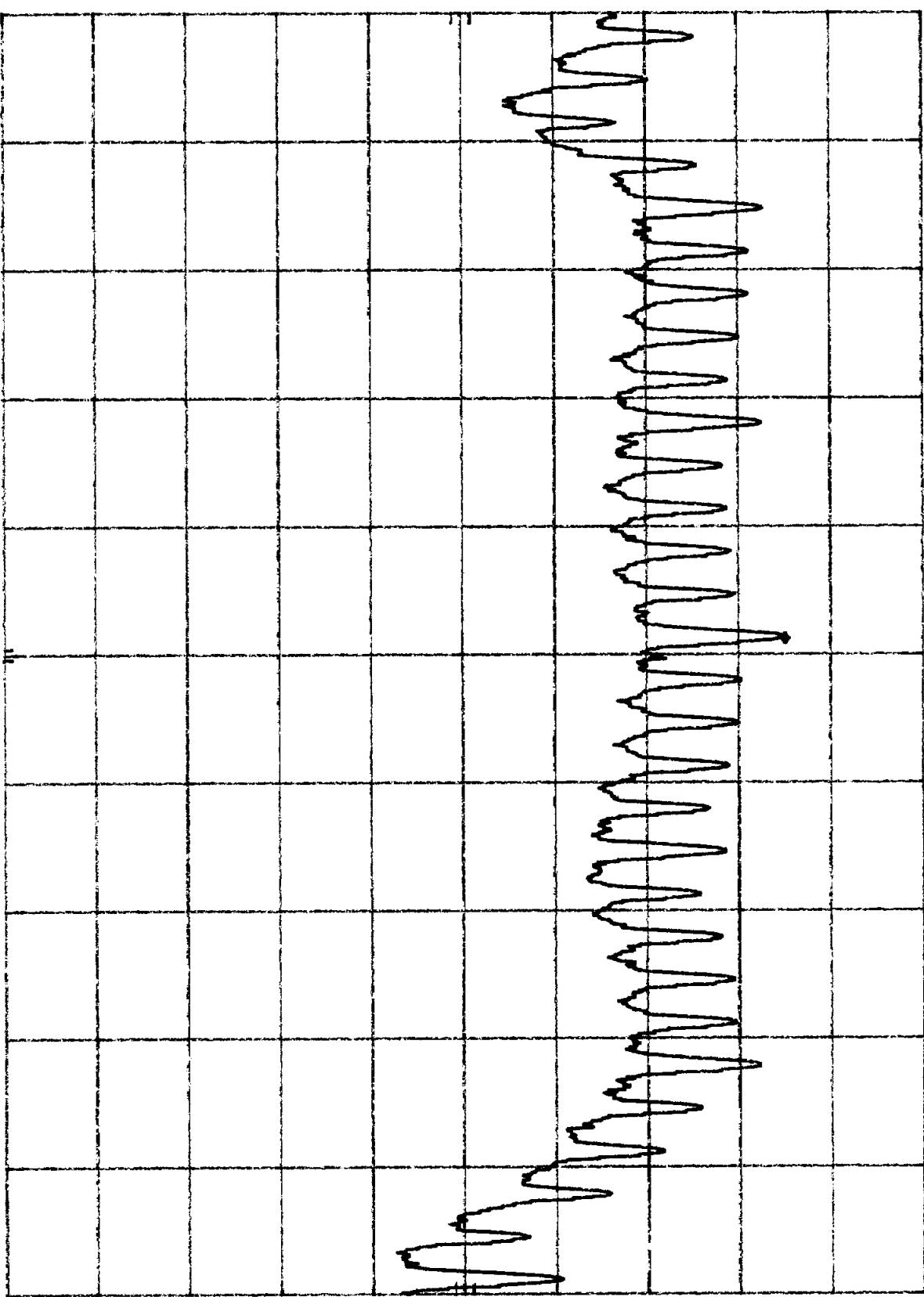
10 dB/

MKR 2.474 685 GHz  
73.10 dBμV



CENTER 2.475 00 GHz  
RES BW 100 kHz  
VBW 100 kHz

HP REF 82.0 dBμV ATTEN 10 dB  
10 dB/  
PMT 302 MKR 2.474 677.2 GHz  
67.10 dBμV



CENTER 2.474 685 GHz  
RES BW 3 kHz  
VBW 3 kHz  
SPAN 600 kHz  
SWP 200 sec