

		Document Appendix C for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RHT181LW (STV100-2) SAR Report Part 2/2		Page 1(95)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Oct 06 – Nov 02, 2015	Test Report No RTS-6066-1511-01	FCC ID: L6ARHT180LW	

APPENDIX C: PROBE & DIPOLE CALIBRATION DATA PART 2 OF 2

Note: Model RHM181LW was tested using the external lab CETECOM ICT Services GmbH. Information regarding the SAR test results and procedures for model: RHM181LW were taken from the CETECOM SAR test report for model RHM181LW, report number 1-0042/15-01-15-A

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Calibration Files for Model RHM181LW

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Probe 1554

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Author Data Andrew Becker		Dates of Test Oct 06 – Nov 02, 2015	Test Report No RTS-6066-1511-01	FCC ID: L6ARHT180LW	

Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-15-A



2 Calibration report "Probe ET3DV6"

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **Cetecom**

Certificate No: **ET3-1554_May15**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **ET3DV6 - SN:1554**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6**
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **May 19, 2015**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (MSTE critical for calibration):

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	QB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4413A	MY41486267	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 2 dB Attenuator	SN: 83054 (2c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 55277 (20c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02122)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: 55129 (20c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe E53C72	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. E53-0013, Dec-14)	Dec-15
DAEA	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAEA-660, Jan-15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8548C	U53842U01700	4-Aug-09 (in house check Apr-12)	In house check: Apr-15
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	U537300585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by: **Laif Klyseir** Function: **Laboratory Technician** Signature: 

Approved by: **Kaja Polakovic** Function: **Technical Manager** Signature: 

Issued: May 18, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ET3-1554_May15

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Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-15-A



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ψ	ψ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values. i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM_{f/x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- A_{x,y,z}, B_{x,y,z}, C_{x,y,z}, D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

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ET3DV6 – SN:1554

May 19, 2015

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1554

Manufactured: October 16, 2000
Calibrated: May 19, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ET3-1554_May15

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ET3DV6 - SN:1554

May 19, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1554

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$) ^a	1.41	1.60	1.34	$\pm 10.1\%$
DGP (mV) ^b	102.3	102.2	105.1	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^c (k=2)
0	CDW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	244.3	$\pm 3.3\%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		287.5	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		249.8	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^a The uncertainties of Norm(X,Y,Z) do not affect the E₁-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^b Numerical linearization parameter, uncertainty not required.

^c Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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ET3DV6- SN:1554

May 15, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1554

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ¹	Relative Permittivity ²	Conductivity (S/m) ³	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ⁴	Depth ⁵ (mm)	Unc. (k%)
750	41.9	0.69	7.09	7.09	7.09	0.23	3.00	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.86	6.86	6.86	0.24	3.00	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.54	6.54	6.54	0.28	3.00	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.37	5.37	5.37	0.49	2.53	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.12	5.12	5.12	0.68	2.19	± 12.0 %
2450	36.2	1.80	4.30	4.30	4.30	0.80	1.88	± 12.0 %

¹ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 3), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the referenced frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 126, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

² At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be related to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 3%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

³ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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ET3DV6–SN:1554

May 19, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1554

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^d	Conductivity (S/m) ^d	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^e	Depth ^e (mm)	Unc ^e (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.77	6.77	6.77	0.25	3.00	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.65	6.65	6.65	0.29	3.00	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.06	6.29	6.29	6.29	0.27	3.00	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.81	4.81	4.81	0.75	2.58	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.58	4.58	4.58	0.80	2.39	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	3.92	3.92	3.92	0.78	1.37	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of a 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), since it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 80 and 100 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^d At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^e Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to this boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe-to-diameter from the boundary.

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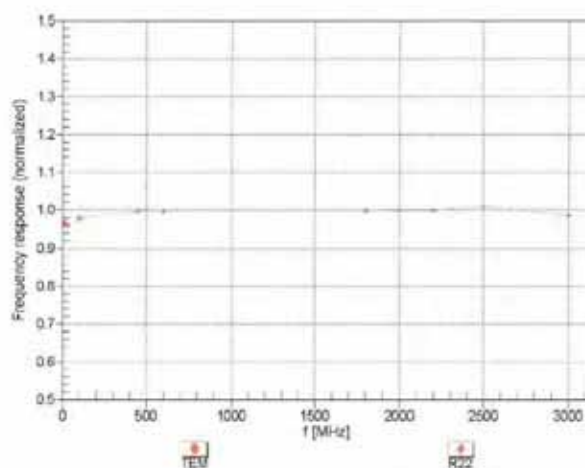
Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-15-A



ET30V6-SN:1554

May 19, 2015

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 0.3\%$ (k=2)

Certificate No: ET3-1554_May15

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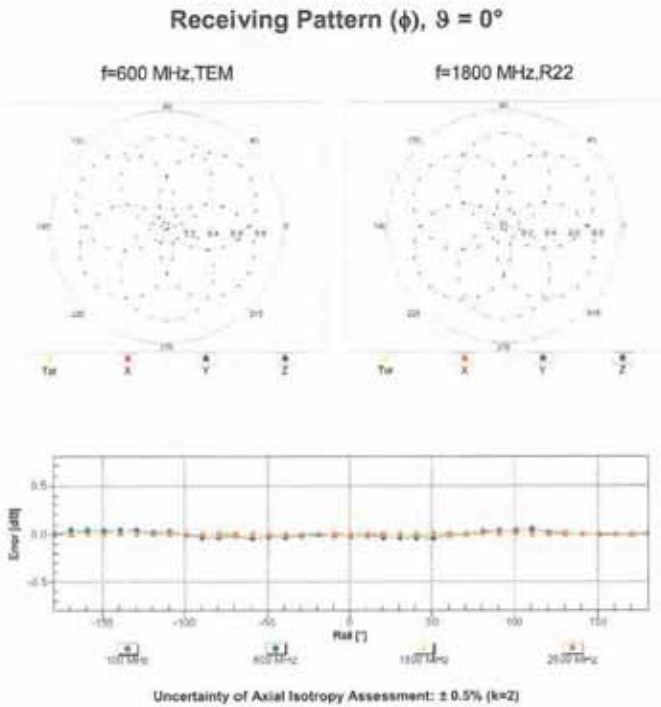
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ET3DV6-SN:1554

May 19, 2015



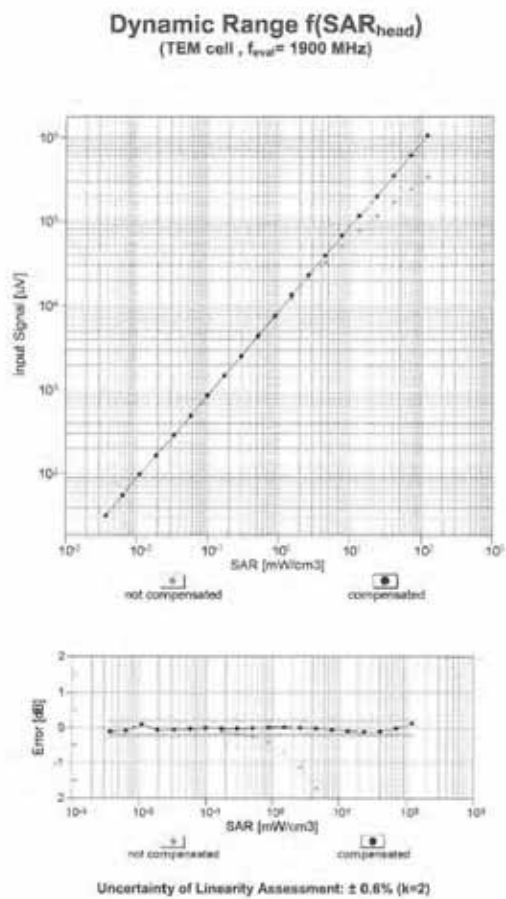
		Document Appendix C for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RHT181LW (STV100-2) SAR Report Part 2/2		Page 12(95)
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ET3DV6- SN:1554

May 19, 2015



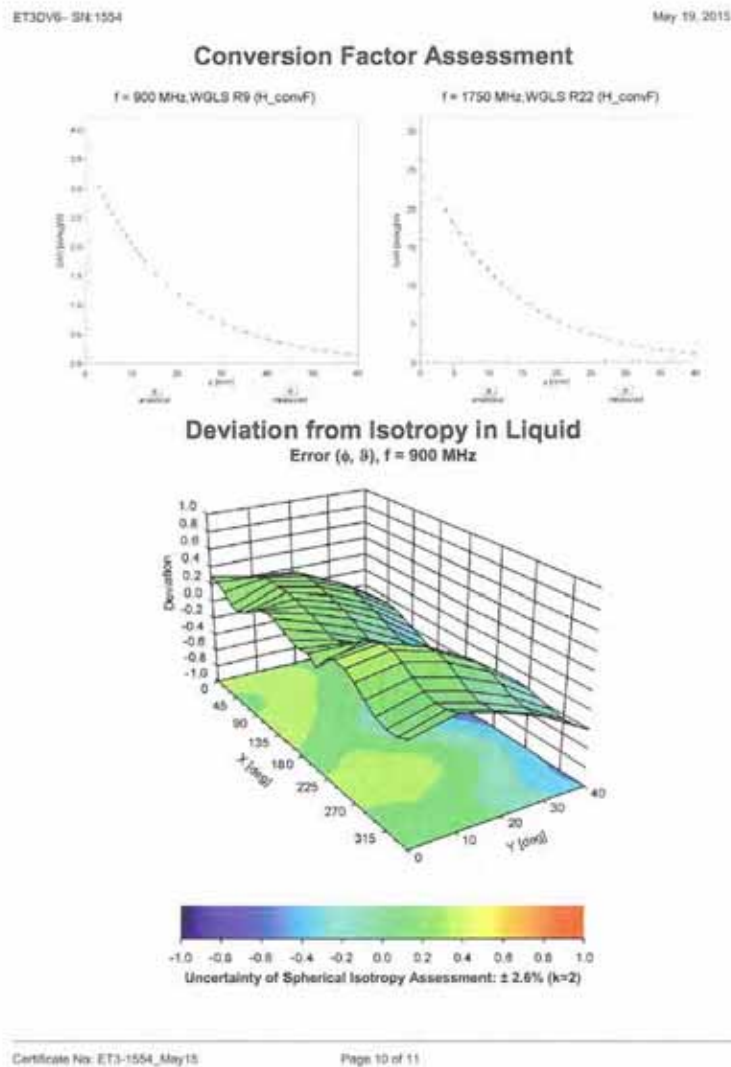
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ET3DV6- SN:1554

May 19, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1554

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	40.8
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	6.8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	4 mm

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Probe 3320

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3 Calibration report "Probe ES3DV3"

Calibration Laboratory of
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Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **Cetecom**

Certificate No. **ES3-3320, Feb15**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN-3320**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6**
Calibration procedure for disimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **February 25, 2015**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurement (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closest laboratory facility: environment temperature (23 ± 0.2°C) and humidity = 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (MUTP critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	0841200874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor EA12A	MY41480007	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: 95004 (30)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: 95277 (30)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: 95129 (30)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. 630-3013, Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 860	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-860, Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8440C	US3942001720	4-Aug-06 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-15
Network Analyzer 14P 8153C	US37360085	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by: **Claude Linder** (Name) **Laboratory Technician** (Function)  (Signature)

Approved by: **Verja Fritsch** (Name) **Technical Manager** (Function)  (Signature)

Issued: February 25, 2015

The calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No. ES3-3320, Feb15

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Calibration Laboratory of
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Accreditation No.: SC5 0108

Glossary:

TSL	Issue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization α	α rotation around probe axis
Polarization β	β rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., β = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	Information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X in the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

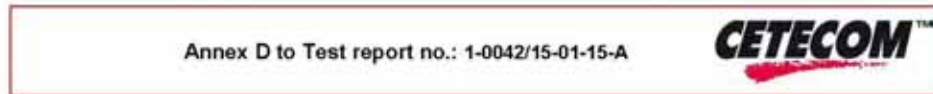
Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}: Assessed for E-field polarization $\hat{a} = \hat{D}$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1000$ MHz: T22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM₅_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the rate of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in fat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f < 600$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 600$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF, whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a fat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

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ES3DV3 – SN 3320

February 25, 2015

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3320

Manufactured: January 10, 2012
Repaired: February 23, 2015
Calibrated: February 25, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ES3-3320_Feb15

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Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-15-A



ES3DV3 - SN:3320

February 25, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3320

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) ²) ^a	1.26	1.07	1.16	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^b	101.9	105.3	107.3	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB √µV	C	D dB	V/R mV	Unc ^c (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	194.5	±3.5 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		196.7	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		173.4	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^a The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E² field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 3 and 4).

^b Numerical relinearization parameters; uncertainty not required.

^c Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the test value.

		Document Appendix C for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RHT181LW (STV100-2) SAR Report Part 2/2		Page 20(95)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Oct 06 – Nov 02, 2015	Test Report No RTS-6066-1511-01	FCC ID: L6ARHT180LW	

Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-15-A



ES3DV3 - SN:3320

February 25, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3320

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^d	Conductivity (S/m) ^e	Coef ^f X	Coef ^f Y	Coef ^f Z	Alpha ^g	Depth ^h (mm)	U _{ref} (W/kg)
450	43.5	0.87	6.75	6.75	6.75	0.22	2.56	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	6.32	6.32	6.32	0.26	2.19	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.14	6.14	6.14	0.29	2.01	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.04	6.04	6.04	0.45	1.55	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	5.52	5.52	5.52	0.46	1.56	± 12.0 %
1640	40.3	1.29	5.25	5.25	5.25	0.64	1.25	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.19	5.19	5.19	0.69	1.19	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.04	5.04	5.04	0.45	1.51	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.60	4.51	4.51	4.51	0.71	1.35	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v1.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the Coef^f uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 10 MHz for Coef^f components of 30, 64, 126, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 3 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^d At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (x and y) can be related to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (x and y) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the Coef^f uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^e Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Oct 06 – Nov 02, 2015	Test Report No RTS-6066-1511-01	FCC ID: L6ARHT180LW	

Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-15-A



ES3DV3 – SN:3320

February 25, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3320

Calibration Parameter Determined In Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ¹	Relative Permittivity ²	Conductivity (S/m) ²	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ³	Depth (mm) ⁴	Unc. (% ²)
450	56.7	0.94	7.00	7.00	7.00	0.15	1.80	± 13.3 %
750	55.5	0.96	6.09	6.09	6.09	0.31	1.96	± 12.0 %
935	55.2	0.97	6.11	6.11	6.11	0.80	1.20	± 12.0 %
900	56.0	1.05	5.95	5.95	5.95	0.71	1.31	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	5.29	5.29	5.29	0.48	1.87	± 12.0 %
1640	53.8	1.40	5.14	5.14	5.14	0.89	1.28	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.48	4.73	4.73	4.73	0.80	1.25	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.54	4.54	4.54	0.71	1.38	± 12.0 %
2150	53.1	1.98	4.49	4.46	4.46	0.72	1.26	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.16	4.16	4.16	0.80	1.02	± 12.0 %

¹ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 54, 128, 160 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz, frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

² At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

³ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPIEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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Author Data Andrew Becker		Dates of Test Oct 06 – Nov 02, 2015	Test Report No RTS-6066-1511-01	FCC ID: L6ARHT180LW	

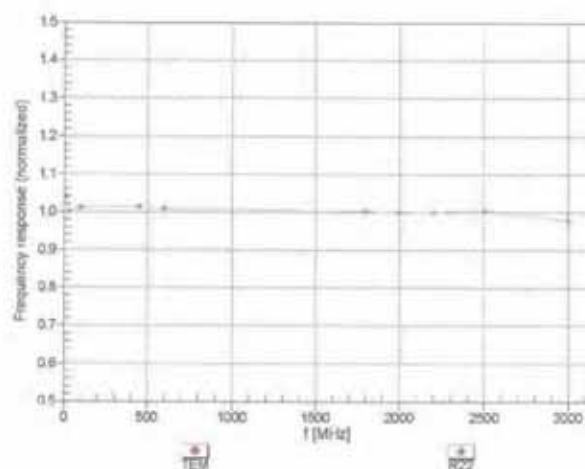
Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-15-A



ES30V3- 8N3320

February 25, 2015

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 5.3\%$ ($k=2$)

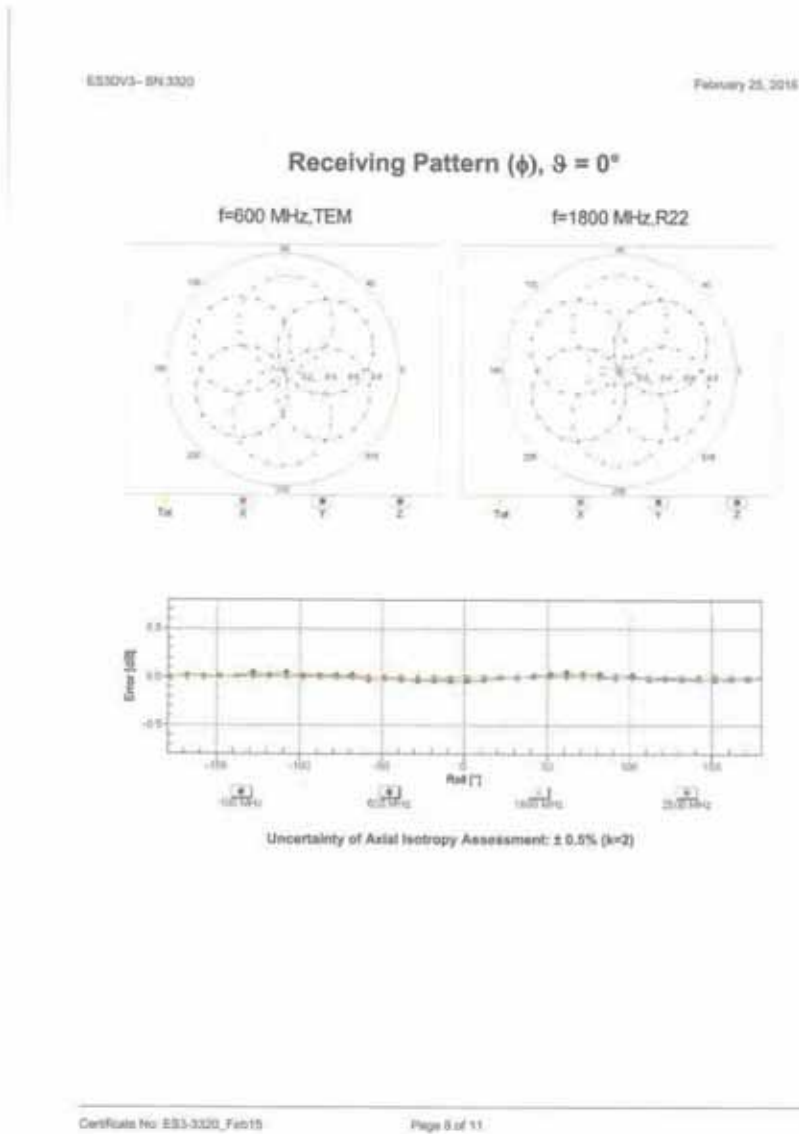
Certificate No: ES3-3320_Feb15

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Author Data Andrew Becker		Dates of Test Oct 06 – Nov 02, 2015	Test Report No RTS-6066-1511-01	FCC ID: L6ARHT180LW	

Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-15-A





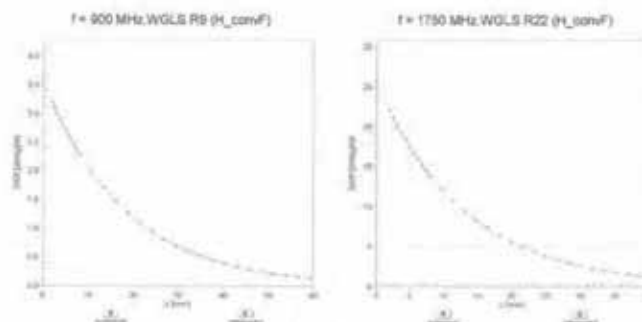
	Document Appendix C for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RHT181LW (STV100-2) SAR Report Part 2/2			Page 25(95)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Oct 06 – Nov 02, 2015	Test Report No RTS-6066-1511-01	FCC ID: L6ARHT180LW	

Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-15-A

ES3DV3- (SN 3320)

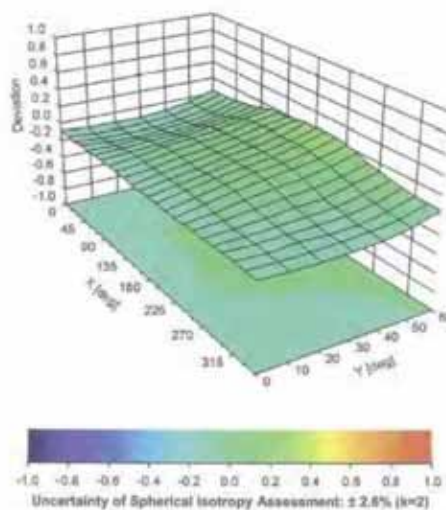
February 25, 2015

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (θ, ϕ), $f = 900$ MHz



Certificate No: ES3-3320_Feb15

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ES3DV3- SN:3320

February 26, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3320

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-108.1
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

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Probe 3326

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Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-16-A



4 Calibration report "Probe ES3DV3"

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client: Cetecom

Certificate No: ES3-3326_Aug14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: ES3DV3 - SN:3326

Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: August 18, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility, environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498057	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S6054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S6277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13)	Dec-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Calibrated by: Name: Jeton Kasrati, Function: Laboratory Technician, Signature: [Signature]

Approved by: Katja Pokovic, Technical Manager, Signature: [Signature]

Issued: August 18, 2014

Certificate No: ES3-3326_Aug14

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		Document Appendix C for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RHT181LW (STV100-2) SAR Report Part 2/2			Page 29(95)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Oct 06 – Nov 02, 2015	Test Report No RTS-6066-1511-01	FCC ID: L6ARHT180LW		

Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-16-A



**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

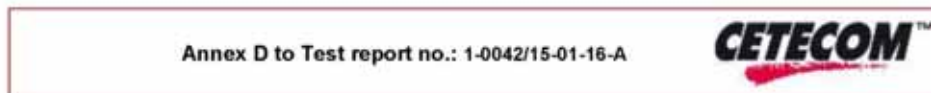
Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: ES3-3326_Aug14

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ES3DV3 – SN:3326

August 18, 2014

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3326

Manufactured: January 10, 2012
Calibrated: August 18, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ES3-3326_Aug14

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Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-16-A



ES3DV3 – SN:3326

August 18, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3326

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$) ^a	1.18	0.93	0.92	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^b	102.0	103.0	97.0	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

URD	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^c (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	200.7	±3.8 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		208.6	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		205.4	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^a The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^b Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

^c Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

		Document Appendix C for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RHT181LW (STV100-2) SAR Report Part 2/2		Page 32(95)
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Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-16-A



ES3DV3- SN:3326

August 18, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3326

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^a	Relative Permittivity ^b	Conductivity (S/m) ^c	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^d	Depth (mm)	Unc. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.54	6.54	6.54	0.56	1.34	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.32	6.32	6.32	0.34	1.84	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.20	6.20	6.20	0.49	1.46	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.26	5.26	5.26	0.69	1.27	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.10	5.10	5.10	0.80	1.24	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.55	4.55	4.55	0.79	1.30	± 12.0 %

^a Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 3 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^b At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^c Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

		Document Appendix C for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RHT181LW (STV100-2) SAR Report Part 2/2		Page 33(95)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Oct 06 – Nov 02, 2015	Test Report No RTS-6066-1511-01	FCC ID: L6ARHT180LW	

Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-16-A



ES3DV3–SN:3326

August 18, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3326

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^a	Relative Permittivity ^a	Conductivity (S/m) ^a	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^a	Depth (mm)	Unc. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.22	6.22	6.22	0.80	1.18	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.26	6.26	6.26	0.40	1.45	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.06	6.06	6.06	0.80	1.13	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.88	4.88	4.88	0.80	1.23	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.66	4.66	4.66	0.47	1.66	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.28	4.28	4.28	0.80	1.10	± 12.0 %

^a Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 222 MHz respectively. Above 3 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^b At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^c Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAO warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

		Document Appendix C for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RHT181LW (STV100-2) SAR Report Part 2/2			Page 34(95)
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Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-16-A



5 Calibration report "Probe ES3DV3"

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **Cetecom**

Certificate No: **ES3-3326_Aug15**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **ES3DV3 - SN:3326**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6**
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **August 12, 2015**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41408087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013, Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642L01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by:	Name: Leif Klysner	Function: Laboratory Technician	Signature: 
Approved by:	Name: Katja Polovic	Function: Technical Manager	Signature: 

Issue: August 13, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ES3-3326_Aug15

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		Document Appendix C for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RHT181LW (STV100-2) SAR Report Part 2/2			Page 35(95)
Author Data Andrew Becker		Dates of Test Oct 06 – Nov 02, 2015	Test Report No RTS-6066-1511-01	FCC ID: L6ARHT180LW	

Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-16-A



Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

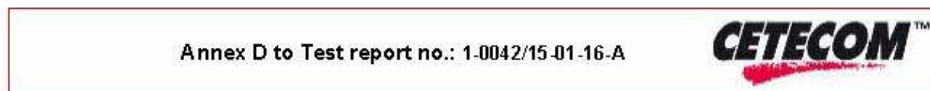
Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

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ES3DV3 – SN:3326

August 12, 2015

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3326

Manufactured: January 10, 2012
Calibrated: August 12, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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ES3DV3 – SN:3326

August 12, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3326

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$) ^A	1.18	0.93	0.92	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	104.0	107.9	101.5	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^C (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	203.5	±3.3 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		206.2	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		203.4	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E₁-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^C Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value

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ES3DV3- SN:3326

August 12, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3326

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^H (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.41	6.41	6.41	0.58	1.34	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.18	6.18	6.18	0.22	2.53	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.10	6.10	6.10	0.57	1.39	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.18	5.18	5.18	0.59	1.30	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.74	1.20	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.42	4.42	4.42	0.77	1.29	± 12.0 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 20, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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ES3DV3- SN:3326

August 12, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3326

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^e	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^g	Depth ^h (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.33	6.33	6.33	0.80	1.15	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.24	6.24	6.24	0.35	1.87	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.18	6.18	6.18	0.63	1.36	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.85	4.85	4.85	0.55	1.50	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.67	4.67	4.67	0.74	1.31	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.27	4.27	4.27	0.80	1.09	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 7), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 10 MHz.

^e At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and n) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and n) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^g Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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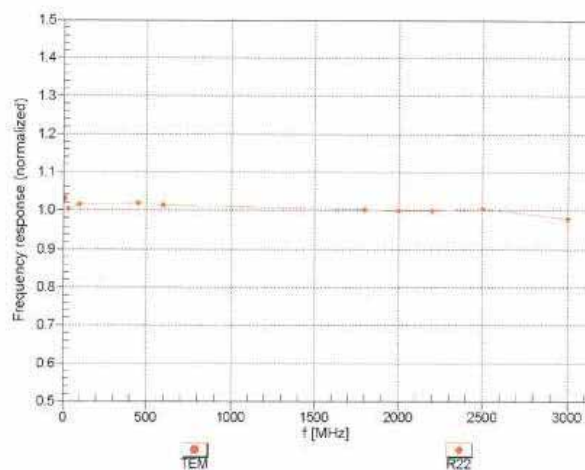
Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-16-A



ES3DV3- SN-3326

August 12, 2015

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

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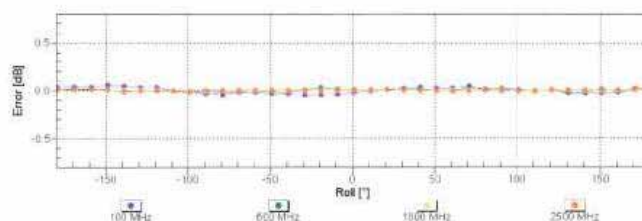
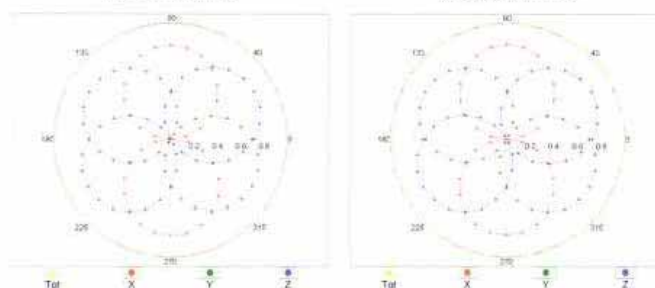
ES3DV3– SN:3326

August 12, 2015

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM

f=1800 MHz,R22



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

Certificate No: ES3-3326_Aug15

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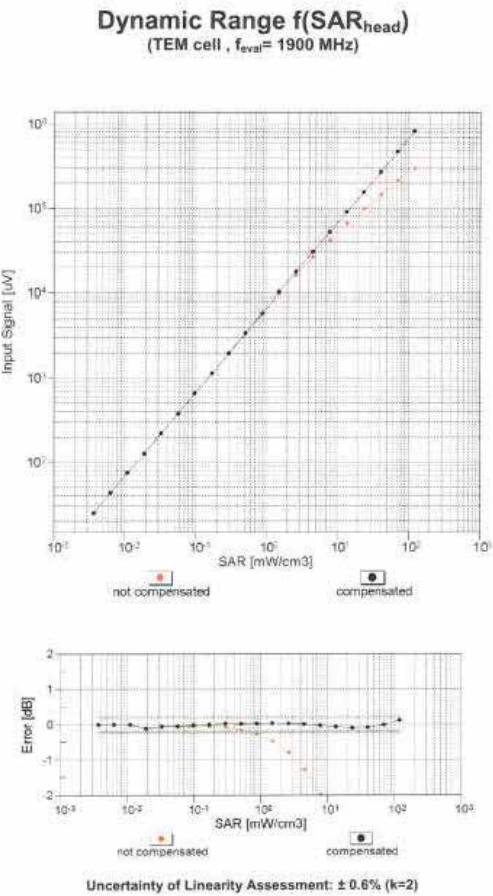
		Document Appendix C for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RHT181LW (STV100-2) SAR Report Part 2/2		Page 42(95)
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August 12, 2015



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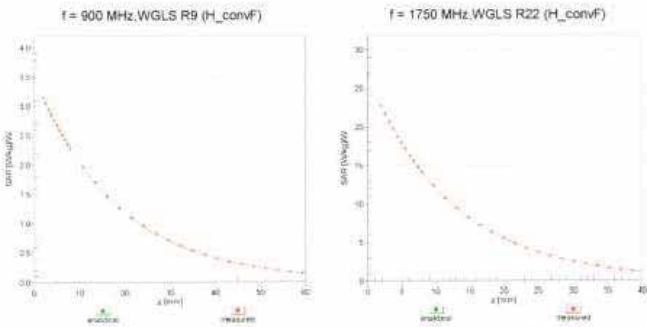
Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-16-A



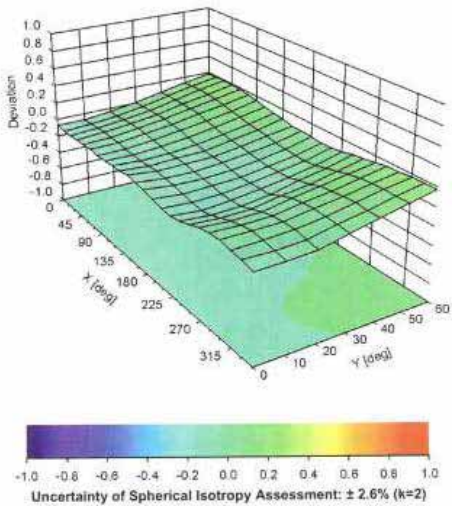
ES3DV3- SN-3326

August 12, 2015

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid
Error (ϕ , θ), $f = 900$ MHz



Certificate No: ES3-3326_Aug15

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ES3DV3- SN:3326

August 12, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3326

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	130.9
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

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Probe 3944

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Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-15-A



5 Calibration report "Probe EX3DV4"

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client: Cetecom

Certificate No.: EX3-3944, Aug14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: EX3DV4 - SN:3944

Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6
Calibration procedure for doalmetric E-field probes

Calibration date: August 19, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closest laboratory facility, environment temperature (22 ± 2°C and humidity < 70%).

Calibration Equipment used (MATE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4418B	024125874	23-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4413A	MFA1408087	23-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: 59054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 55277 (20c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01910)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: 55129 (30c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe E530V2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-13 (No. E53-3013, Dec13)	Dec-14
DA64	SN: 660	13-Dec-13 (No. DA64-660, Dec13)	Dec-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8848C	1J53642U01700	4-Aug-09 (in house check Apr-13)	in house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37990588	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	in house check: Oct-14

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Josin Kaiman	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Karin Kaiman	Technical Manager	

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Issued August 19, 2014

Certificate No.: EX3-3944, Aug14

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Calibration Laboratory of
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Zugbrunnstrasse 40, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

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NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization β	β rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\beta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2006

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}: Assessed for E-field polarization $\beta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM_f/h_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical Isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

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EX3DV4 – SN:3944

August 19, 2014

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3944

Manufactured: May 2, 2013
Calibrated: August 19, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3944_Aug14

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EX3DV4 – SN:3944

August 19, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3944

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/V/m)^{1/2}$	0.55	0.63	0.43	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) ²	99.7	95.2	101.5	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UD	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB- $\sqrt{\mu V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc [*] (k=2)
0	DW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	151.1	$\pm 3.3\%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		155.3	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		147.3	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^{*} The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the $k=2$ uncertainty inside T34 (see Pages 5 and 6).

^{*} Numerical linearization parameter uncertainty not required.

^{*} Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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EX3DV4-SN3944

August 19, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3944

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^a	Relative Permittivity ^b	Conductivity (S/m) ^c	CorrF X	CorrF Y	CorrF Z	Alpha ^d	Depth (mm)	Unc. (%=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.41	10.41	10.41	0.48	0.70	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.95	9.95	9.95	0.28	1.06	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.79	9.79	9.79	0.78	0.60	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.42	8.42	8.42	0.76	0.58	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.24	8.24	8.24	0.45	0.71	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.52	7.52	7.52	0.48	0.89	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.86	7.33	7.33	7.33	0.41	0.82	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.24	7.24	7.24	0.52	0.83	± 13.1 %
5200	35.0	4.86	5.28	5.28	5.28	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	5.08	5.08	5.08	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.87	4.87	4.87	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.76	4.76	4.76	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.76	4.76	4.76	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^a Frequency validity above 300 MHz of a 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 7), else it is restricted to a 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the CorrF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 60 and 70 MHz for CorrF assessments at 30, 64, 126, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to a 110 MHz.

^b At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be related to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the CorrF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^d Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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EX3DV4- SN:3944

August 16, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3944

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ¹	Relative Permittivity ²	Conductivity (S/m) ³	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ⁴	Depth ⁵ (mm)	Unc. (%=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.92	9.92	9.92	0.48	0.77	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.82	9.82	9.82	0.38	0.89	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.54	9.54	9.54	0.60	0.71	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.09	8.09	8.06	0.49	0.76	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.34	0.85	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.43	7.43	7.43	0.75	0.89	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.18	7.26	7.26	7.26	0.80	0.60	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.72	6.72	6.72	0.32	1.30	± 13.1 %
5200	48.0	5.30	4.56	4.56	4.56	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.40	4.40	4.40	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.8	5.65	4.15	4.15	4.15	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.5	5.77	4.08	4.08	4.08	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.02	4.02	4.02	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

¹ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency used. If frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 60 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 84, 125, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

² At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

³ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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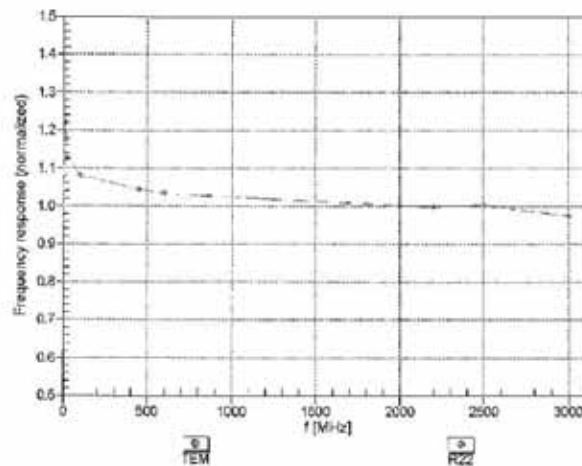
Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-15-A



EX3DV4-5923944

August 18, 2014

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 0.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Certificate No: EX3-3944_Aug14

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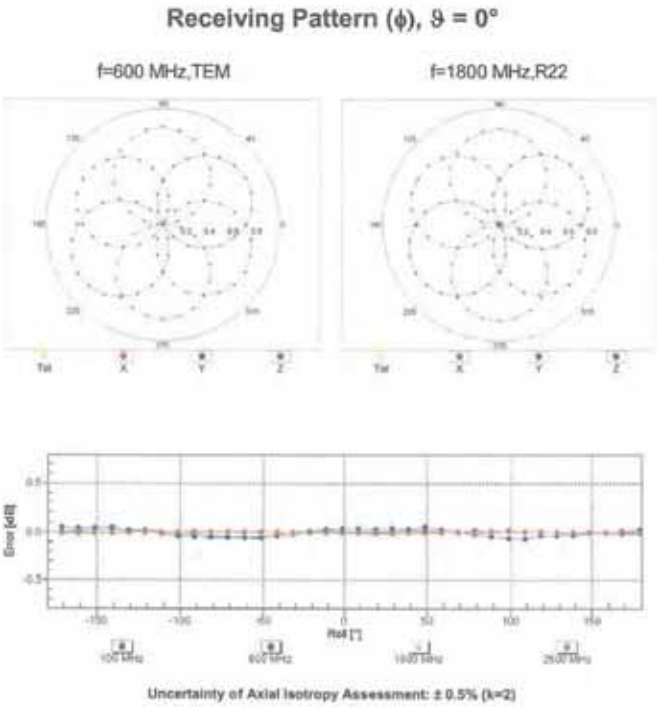
		Document Appendix C for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RHT181LW (STV100-2) SAR Report Part 2/2		Page 53(95)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Oct 06 – Nov 02, 2015	Test Report No RTS-6066-1511-01	FCC ID: L6ARHT180LW	

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EX30V4- SN:3944

August 19, 2014



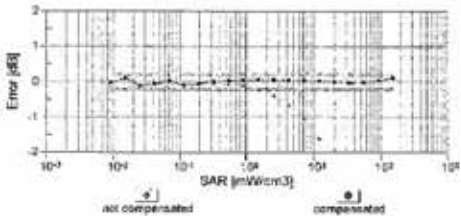
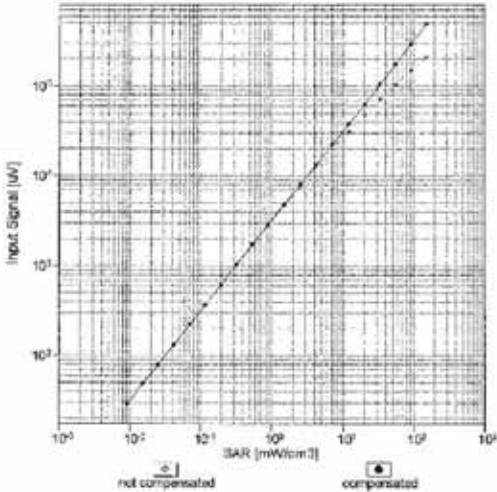
Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-15-A

EX3DV4-SN 3944

EX3DV4-SN 3944

August 19, 2014

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})
(TEM cell, f_{test}= 1900 MHz)

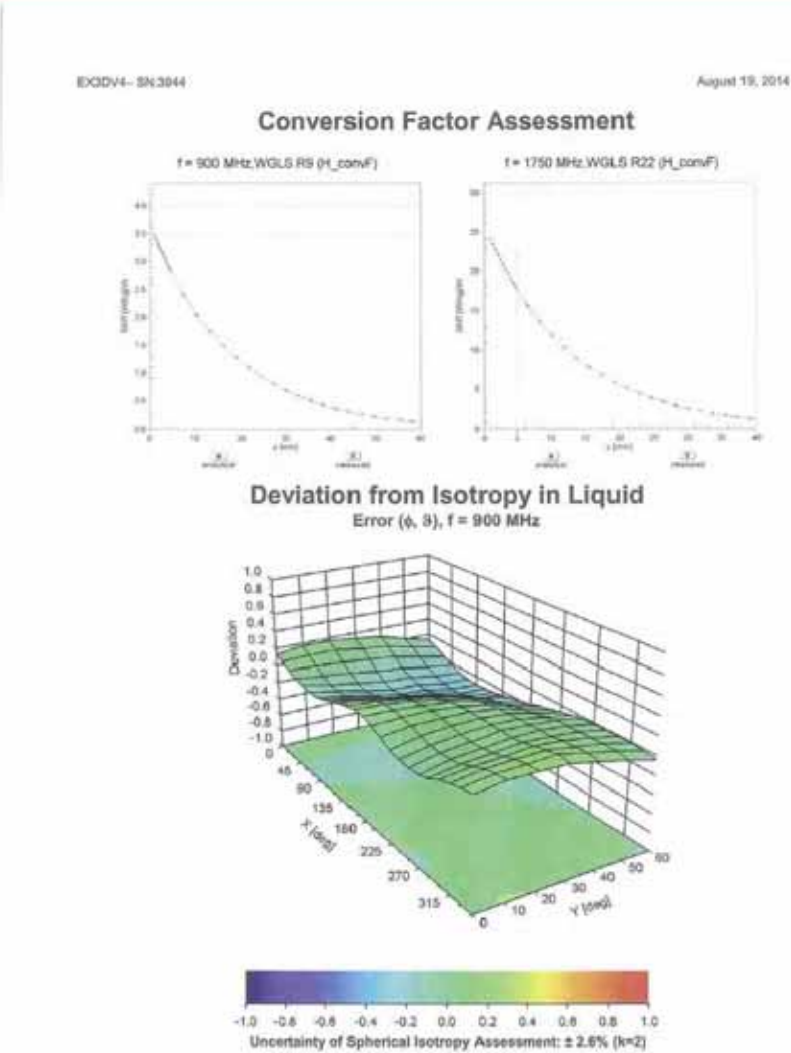


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

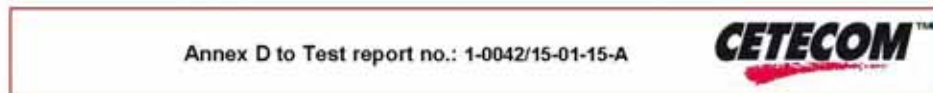
	Document Appendix C for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RHT181LW (STV100-2) SAR Report Part 2/2			Page 55(95)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Oct 06 – Nov 02, 2015	Test Report No RTS-6066-1511-01	FCC ID: L6ARHT180LW	

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EX3DV4 - SN:3944

August 19, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3944

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-1.3
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

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6 Calibration report "Probe EX3DV4"

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **Cetecom**

Certificate No: **EX3-3944_Aug15**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3944**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date **August 14, 2015**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	02841202874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	M941408087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: 55054 (30)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 56277 (20a)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: 55129 (30a)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe E530V2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. E53-2013, Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660, Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3542L01706	4-Aug-09 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8733E	US37290599	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by:	Name Lail Klyne	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Issued: August 17, 2015

Certificate No: EX3-3944_Aug15

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Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-15-A



Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8064 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary:

TSL	issue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization β	β rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\beta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}: Assessed for E-field polarization $\beta = 0$ ($f < 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- A_{x,y,z}, B_{x,y,z}, C_{x,y,z}, D_{x,y,z}, VR_{x,y,z}: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f < 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3944_Aug15

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EX3DV4 – SN:3944

August 14, 2015

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3944

Manufactured: May 2, 2013
Calibrated: August 14, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3944_Aug15

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Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-15-A



EX3DV4 – SN:3944

August 14, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3944

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc. (k=2)
Norm. $(\mu V/(V/m))^2$ ^a	0.56	0.63	0.43	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^b	98.5	98.5	105.7	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

URD	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc. (k=2)
D	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	150.9	±3.5 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		153.4	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		147.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^a The uncertainties of Norm. X,Y,Z do not affect the E₁-field uncertainty inside TBL (see Pages 5 and 6)

^b Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^c Uncertainty is determined using the mass deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the test value.

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EX3DV4 – SN:3944

August 14, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3944

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ¹	Relative Permittivity ²	Conductivity (S/m) ³	CorrF X	CorrF Y	CorrF Z	Alpha ⁴	Depth ⁵ (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.22	10.22	10.22	0.24	1.33	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.96	9.96	9.96	0.22	1.40	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.74	9.74	9.74	0.22	1.38	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.42	8.42	8.42	0.33	0.89	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.19	8.19	8.19	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.26	7.26	7.26	0.36	0.80	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.15	7.15	7.15	0.30	0.95	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.12	7.12	7.12	0.48	0.89	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.36	5.36	5.36	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	5.08	5.08	5.08	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.92	4.92	4.92	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.77	4.77	4.77	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

¹ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of a 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 7), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the CorrF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for CorrF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

² At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the CorrF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

³ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. GREAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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EIC00V4- 5P/3944

August 14, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3944

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^e	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^g	Depth (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.98	9.98	9.98	0.28	1.18	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.91	9.91	9.91	0.36	0.94	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.72	9.72	9.72	0.49	0.81	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.13	8.13	8.13	0.45	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.91	7.91	7.91	0.46	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.53	7.53	7.53	0.33	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.37	7.37	7.37	0.30	0.95	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.81	6.81	6.81	0.31	1.33	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.48	4.48	4.48	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	4.16	4.16	4.16	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	4.02	4.02	4.02	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.11	4.11	4.11	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), while it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is: ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^e At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (x and y) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (x and y) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^g Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPREAD warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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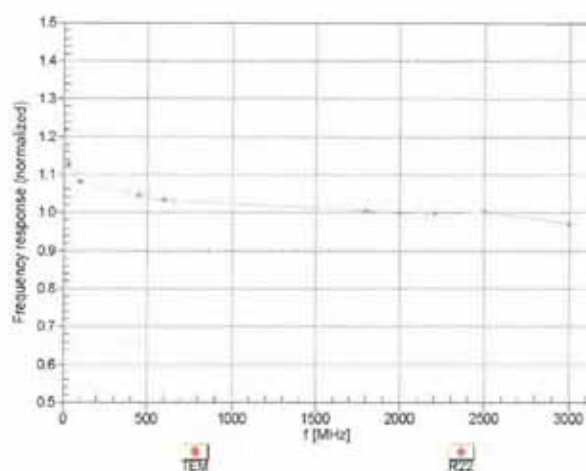
Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-15-A



EX3DV6-SN 3944

August 14, 2015

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: if110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3044_Aug15

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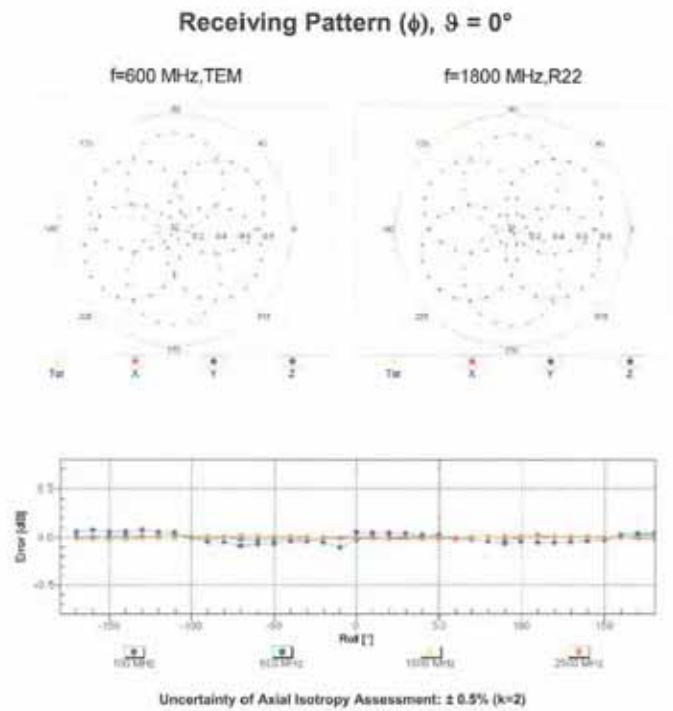
		Document Appendix C for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RHT181LW (STV100-2) SAR Report Part 2/2		Page 64(95)
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EX3DV4-SN3944

August 14, 2015



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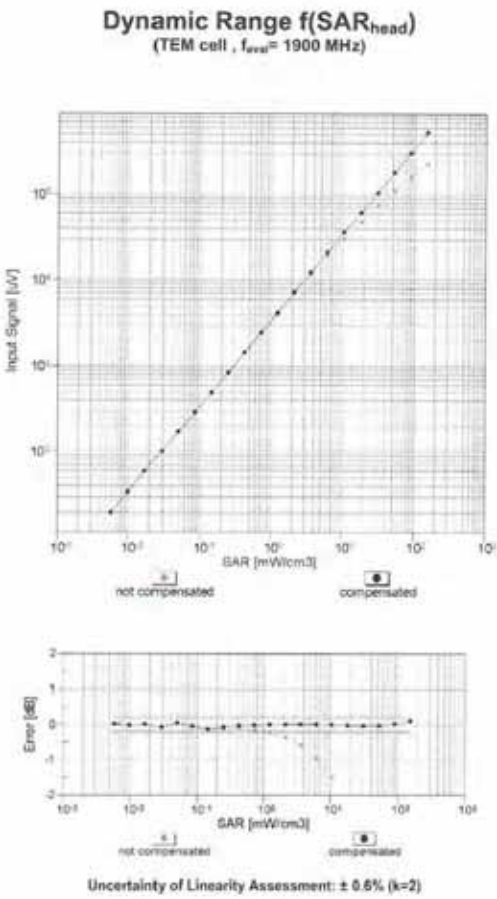
		Document Appendix C for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RHT181LW (STV100-2) SAR Report Part 2/2		Page 65(95)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Oct 06 – Nov 02, 2015	Test Report No RTS-6066-1511-01	FCC ID: L6ARHT180LW	

Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-15-A



EX3DV4-SN 3944

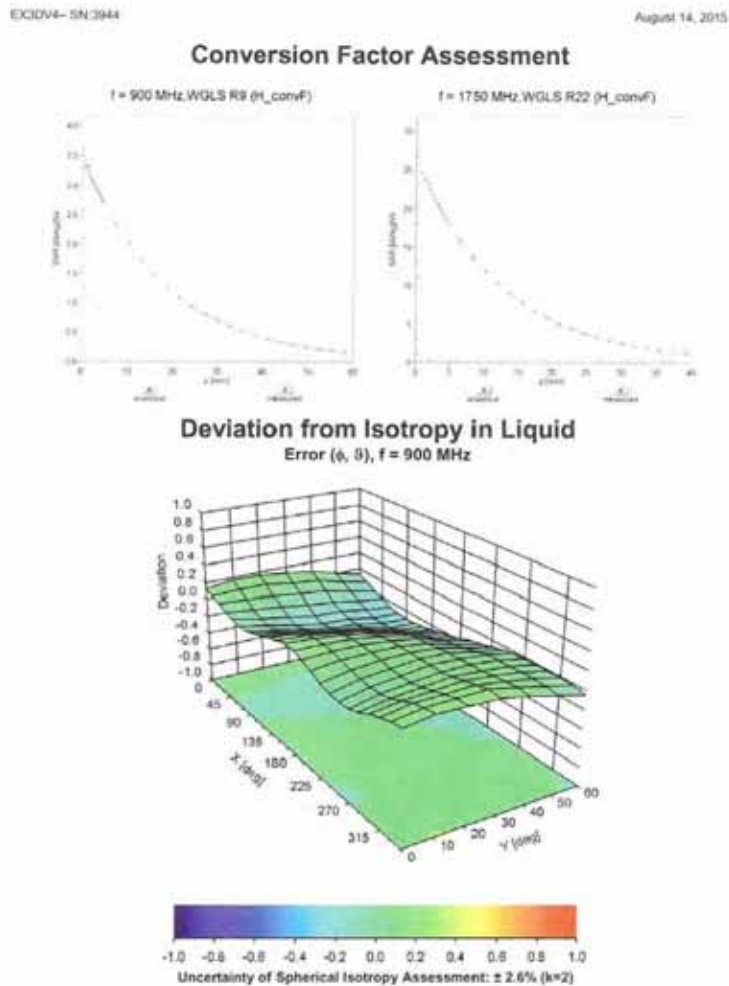
August 14, 2015



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Certificate No: EX3-3944_Aug15

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Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Oct 06 – Nov 02, 2015	Test Report No RTS-6066-1511-01	FCC ID: L6ARHT180LW	

Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-15-A



EX3DV4- SN:3944

August 14, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3944

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-0.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	5 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Certificate No: EX3-3944_Aug15

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1750 Dipole

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Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-15-A



9 Calibration report "1750 MHz System validation dipole"

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **Cetecom**

Certificate No: **D1750V2-1093_May15**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE			
Object	D1750V2 - SN: 1093		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz		
Calibration date	May 13, 2015		
This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (MATE critical for calibration)			
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	0807480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292793	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41062317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 3058 (20K)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES30V3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator RLS SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-09 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 54205	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15
Calibrated by:	Name Michael Weber	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Kajsa Pokovic	Technical Manager	
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory. Issued: May 13, 2015			

Certificate No: D1750V2-1093_May15

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Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-15-A



Calibration Laboratory of
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Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied:

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.1	1.37 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.0 ± 6 %	1.37 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	—	—

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.37 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	37.2 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.99 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.9 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied:

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.4	1.49 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.5 ± 6 %	1.49 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	—	—

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.46 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	37.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.09 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.6 Ω - 0.3 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	-46.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.8 Ω - 0.4 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	-27.2 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.213 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small erid caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	November 07, 2012

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 13.05.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1093

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

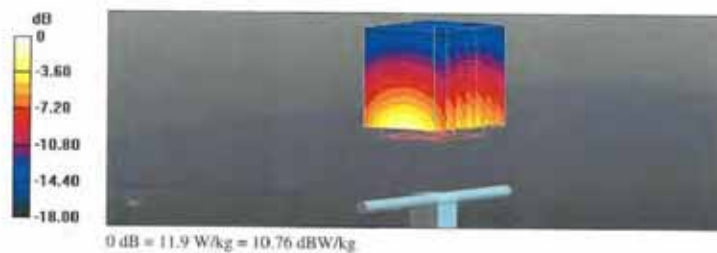
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.37 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.99 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 W/kg

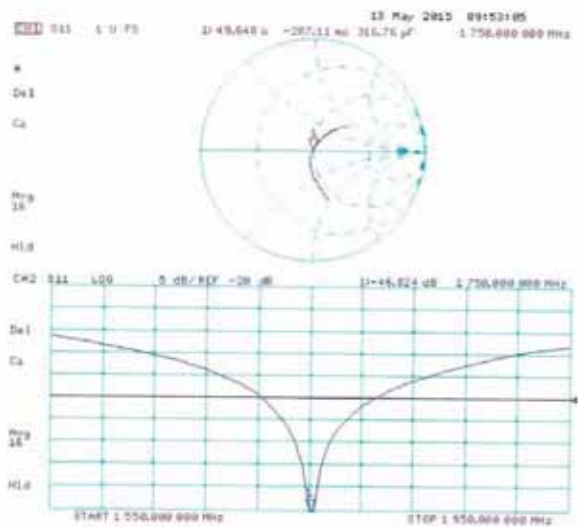


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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 13.05.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1093

Communication System: UFD 0 - CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.49 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_0 = 51.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: E53DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

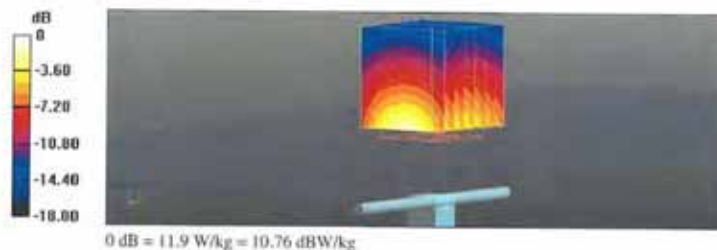
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.09 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 W/kg

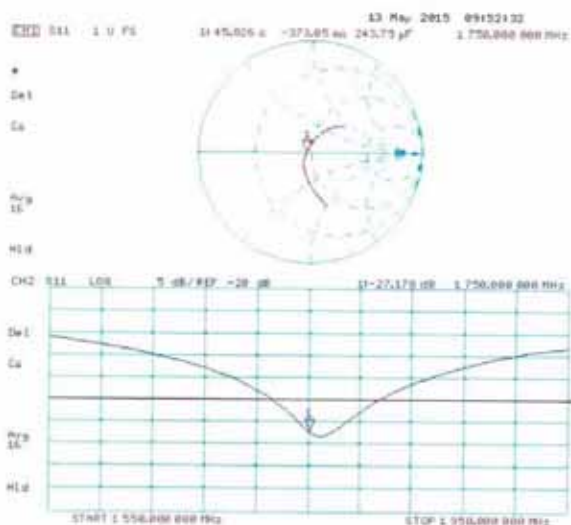


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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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1900 Dipole

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10 Calibration report "1900 MHz System validation dipole"

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **Cetecom**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d009_May15**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE																																															
Object	D1900V2 - SN:5d009																																														
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz																																														
Calibration date:	May 13, 2015																																														
This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&E critical for calibration) <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Primary Standards</th> <th>ID #</th> <th>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</th> <th>Scheduled Calibration</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Power meter EPM-442A</td> <td>0837480704</td> <td>07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)</td> <td>Oct-15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Power sensor HP 8481A</td> <td>U537292783</td> <td>07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)</td> <td>Oct-15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Power sensor HP 8481A</td> <td>MY41092317</td> <td>07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)</td> <td>Oct-15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reference 20 dB Attenuator</td> <td>SN: 3058 (20K)</td> <td>01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)</td> <td>Mar-16</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Type-N mismatch combination</td> <td>SN: 5047.2 / D6027</td> <td>01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)</td> <td>Mar-16</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reference Probe ESS0V3</td> <td>SN: 3205</td> <td>30-Dec-14 (No. ESS3-0256_Dec14)</td> <td>Dec-15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DAEs</td> <td>SN: 601</td> <td>18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)</td> <td>Aug-15</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Secondary Standards</th> <th>ID #</th> <th>Check Date (in house)</th> <th>Scheduled Check</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>RF generator RLS SMT-06</td> <td>100005</td> <td>04-Aug-09 (in house check Oct-13)</td> <td>In house check: Oct-16</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Network Analyser HP 8753E</td> <td>U537390585 S4206</td> <td>16-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)</td> <td>In house check: Oct-15</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	Power meter EPM-442A	0837480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15	Power sensor HP 8481A	U537292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15	Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15	Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 3058 (20K)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16	Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / D6027	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16	Reference Probe ESS0V3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-14 (No. ESS3-0256_Dec14)	Dec-15	DAEs	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15	Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check	RF generator RLS SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-09 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16	Network Analyser HP 8753E	U537390585 S4206	16-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration																																												
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Calibrated by:	Name Michael Weber	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 																																												
Approved by:	Name Kjetil Polovic	Technical Manager																																													
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Certificate No: D1900V2-5d009_May15

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Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-15-A



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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Annex D to Test report no.: 1-0042/15-01-15-A



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied:

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.9 ± 6 %	1.37 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	---	---

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	41.1 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.32 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.4 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied:

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.7 ± 6 %	1.51 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	---	---

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.36 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.5 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$51.1 \Omega + 2.6 j\Omega$
Return Loss	-31.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$47.2 \Omega + 3.2 j\Omega$
Return Loss	-27.2 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.188 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	February 22, 2002

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 13.05.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d009

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

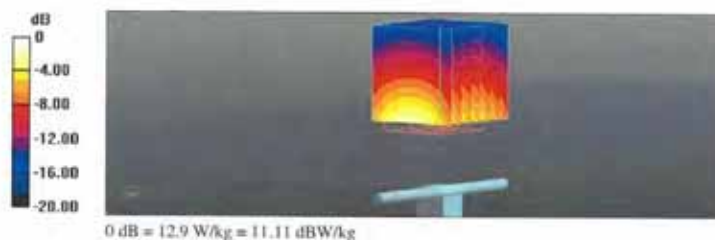
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.61 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.32 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.9 W/kg

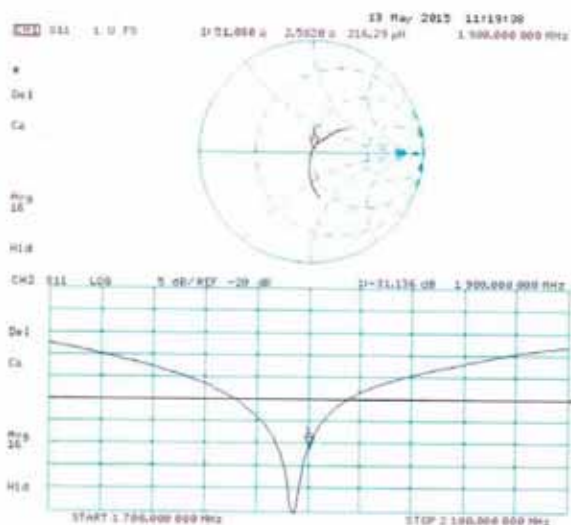


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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 13.05.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d009

Communication System: UTD 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/ $P_{in}=250 \text{ mW}$, $d=10\text{mm}$ /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

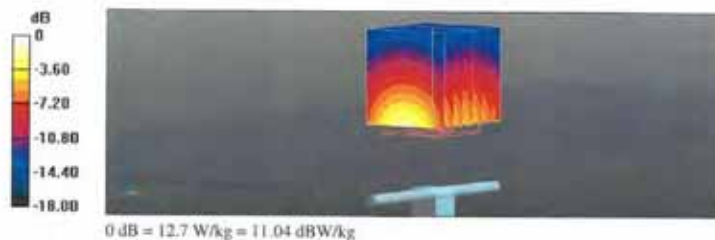
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 96.34 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.38 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 W/kg

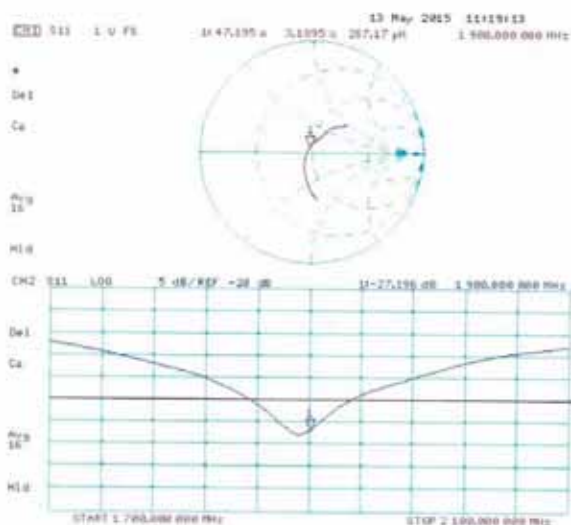


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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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2600 Dipole

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12 Calibration report "2600 MHz System validation dipole"

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
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S Servizio svizzero di taratura
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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **Cetecom**

Certificate No: **D2600V2-1040_Aug15**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE			
Object	D2600V2 - SN: 1040		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz		
Calibration date:	August 11, 2015		
This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (MATE critical for calibration)			
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB07480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02000)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37282783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02000)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41052317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02001)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SP# 3058 (20K)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SP# 3205	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205, Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 801	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-001_Aug14)	Aug-15
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-66	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-15
Network Analyzer HP 8753B	US37290585 54206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15
Calibrated by:	Name Michael Weber	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Katie Pokovic	Technical Manager	
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory. Issued: August 13, 2015			

Certificate No: D2600V2-1040_Aug15

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Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2000 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.0	1.95 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.6 ± 6 %	2.04 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	-----	-----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.6 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	56.9 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.57 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.9 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.5	2.16 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.1 ± 6 %	2.21 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	-----	-----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.5 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	56.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.55 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.9 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.6 Ω - 6.0 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.2 Ω - 4.5 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.3 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.153 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	May 24, 2011

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 11.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1040

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.04$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

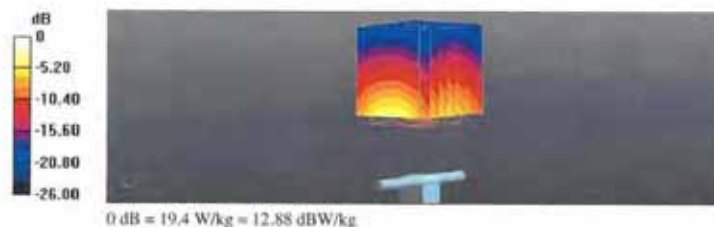
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 101.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.1 W/kg

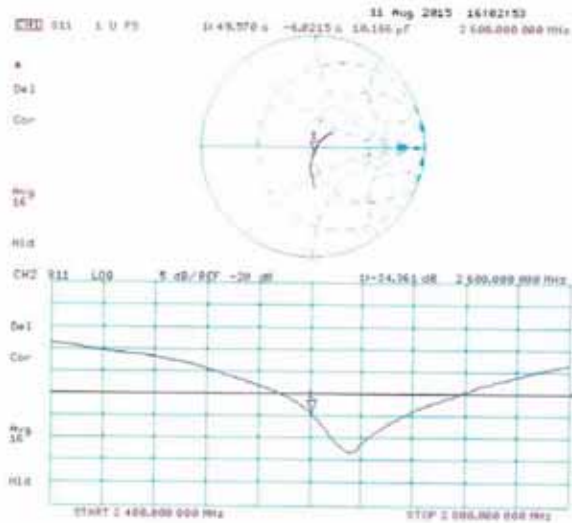
SAR(1 g) = 14.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.57 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 11.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1040

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.21$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.13, 4.13, 4.13); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QIX000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

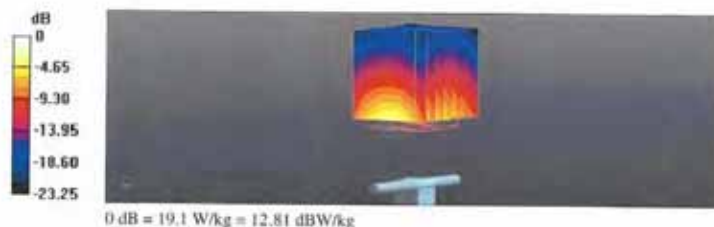
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.57 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.55 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg



Certificate No: D2600V2-1040_Aug15

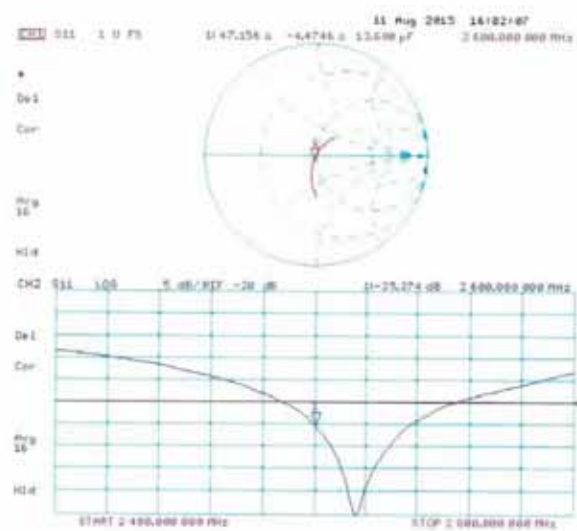
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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