

SAR Compliance Test Report for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RDM71UW/ REN71UW

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Author Data

Andrew Becker

Dates of Test

Jan 11 – July 04, 2011

Test Report No

RTS-3640-1102-04B

Applicant:

FCC ID: L6ARDM70UW

1C ID 2503A-RDM70UW

L6AREN70UW

2503A-REN70UW

SAR Compliance Test Report

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Research In Motion Limited

Statement of Compliance:

RIM Testing Services declares under its sole responsibility that the product to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate RF exposure standards, recommendations and guidelines. It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and

recommended practices.

Device Category: This BlackBerry® Smartphone is a portable device, designed to be used in direct

contact with the user's head, hand and to be carried in approved accessories when

carried on the user's body.

RF exposure environment:

This device has been shown to be in compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general $\,$ population exposure limits

specified in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01), FCC 96-326, IEEE Std. C95.1-2005, Health Canada's Safety Code 6, as reproduced in RSS-102 issue 4-2010 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC OET Procedures, OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01), ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.3-2002, IEEE 1528-2003, IEC 62209-1-2005, IEC 62209 - 2-2010 and Health

Canada's Safety Code 6.

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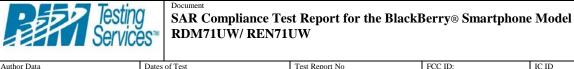
APPENDIX A: SAR DISTRIBUTION COMPARISON FOR ACCURACY VERIFICATION

APPENDIX B: SAR DISTRIBUTION PLOTS - HEAD CONFIGURATION

APPENDIX C: SAR DISTRIBUTION PLOTS - BODY-WORN CONFIGURATION

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				L6AREN70UW	2503A-REI	N70UW

1.0 OPERATING CONFIGURATIONS AND TEST CONDITIONS

1.1 Picture of Device

Please refer to Appendix E.

Figure 1.1.1 BlackBerry Smartphone

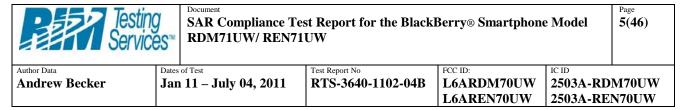
1.2 Antenna description

Type	Internal fixed antenna
Location	Back bottom centre (main licensed
Location	transmitters)
Configuration	Internal fixed antenna

Table 1.2.1. Antenna description

1.3 Device description

	Г						
Device Model	RDM71UW						
FCC ID	L6ARDM70UW						
IC ID	2503A-RDM70UW						
	26000070 (Radiated I	Rev1), 2695E3C2 (Ra	adiated Rev2), 26000	080 (Conducted			
PIN	Rev1), 2696B404 (Co	onducted Rev2)					
Hardware Version	Rev 1, Rev2						
Software Version	6.1.0.70, 6.1.0.157	6.1.0.70, 6.1.0.157					
Prototype or Production Unit	Production						
	1-slot 2-slots 3-slots 4-slots						
Mode(s) of Operation in North	GSM 850	EDGE/GPRS	EDGE/GPRS	EDGE/GPRS			
America	GSM 1900	850/1900	850/1900	850/1900			
Maximum nominal conducted RF	32.5	30.0	28.5	27.5			
Output Power (dBm)	30.0	27.0	25.5	24.5			
Tolerance in Power Setting on centre	± 0.50	± 0.50	± 0.50	± 0.50			
channel (dB)	± 0.50	± 0.50	± 0.50	± 0.50			
Duty Cycle	1:8	2:8	3:8	4:8			
	824.2 - 848.8	824.2 - 848.8	824.2 - 848.8	824.2 - 848.8			
Tx Frequency Range (MHz)	1850.2 – 1909.8	1850.2 – 1909.8	1850.2 – 1909.8	1850.2 – 1909.8			
Mode(s) of Operation in North	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n	Bluetooth			
America	002.110	002.11g	002.1111	Diuctootii			
Maximum nominal conducted RF	18.0 16.0 16.0 9						
Output Power (dBm)	18.0 16.0 9.00						
Tolerance in Power Setting on centre	± 0.50 ± 0.50 ± 0.50						
channel (dB)	± 0.50 ± 0.50 N/A						
Duty Cycle	1:1	1:1	1:1	N/A			
Tx Frequency Range (MHz)	2412-2462	2412-2462	2412-2462	2402 - 2483			

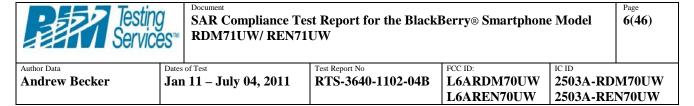


	WCDMA / UMTS	WCDMA /	
Mode(s) of Operation in North	FDD V	UMTS FDD II	
America	(850)	(1900)	
Maximum nominal conducted RF Output Power (dBm)	24.0	23.5	
Tolerance in Power Setting on centre channel (dB)	± 0.50	± 0.50	
Duty Cycle	1:1	1:1	
Tx Frequency Range (MHz)	824.6 – 846.6	1852.4 – 1907.6	

Table 1.3.1. RDM71UW Test device description

RDM71UW supports GSM/GPRS/EDGE 900/1800 MHz bands and UMTS band I that are not operational in North America, therefore no data is presented in this report for those bands.

Device Model	REN71UW			
FCC ID	L6AREN70UW			
IC ID	2503A-REN70UW			
PIN	27B245BB			
Hardware Version	Rev 1			
Software Version	6.1.0.157			
Prototype or Production Unit	Production			
Mode(s) of Operation in North America	1-slot GSM 850 GSM 1900	2-slots EDGE/GPRS 850/1900	3-slots EDGE/GPRS 850/1900	4-slots EDGE/GPRS 850/1900
Maximum nominal conducted RF Output Power (dBm)	32.5 30.0	30.0 27.0	28.5 25.5	27.5 24.5
Tolerance in Power Setting on centre channel (dB)	± 0.50	± 0.50	± 0.50	± 0.50
Duty Cycle	1:8	2:8	3:8	4:8
Tx Frequency Range (MHz)	824.2 - 848.8 1850.2 - 1909.8			
Mode(s) of Operation in North America	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n	Bluetooth
Maximum nominal conducted RF Output Power (dBm)	18.0	16.0	16.0	9.00
Tolerance in Power Setting on centre channel (dB)	± 0.50	± 0.50	± 0.50	N/A
Duty Cycle	1:1	1:1	1:1	N/A
Tx Frequency Range (MHz)	2412-2462	2412-2462	2412-2462	2402 - 2483



Mode(s) of Operation in North	WCDMA / UMTS FDD IV		
America	(1700)		
Maximum nominal conducted RF Output Power (dBm)	23.5		
Tolerance in Power Setting on centre channel (dB)	± 0.50		
Duty Cycle	1:1		
Tx Frequency Range (MHz)	1712.4-1752.6		

Table 1.3.2. REN71UW Test device description

Note 1: REN71UW supports GSM/GPRS/EDGE 900/1800 MHz bands and UMTS bands I and VIII that are not operational in North America, therefore no data is presented in this report for those bands.

Note 2: According to manufacturer's hardware similarity declaration document, the two models (RDM71UW/RDN71UW and REN71UW) have the same PCB/design. Please refer to the declaration for more detail. The difference is model: REN71UW does not support UMTS band II and V, instead it supports UMTS bands IV.



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IC ID

1.4 **Body worn accessories (holsters)**

The device has been tested with the holsters listed below. The holster is designed with the intended device orientation being with the LCD facing the belt clip. Proper positioning is vital for protection of the LCD display, and to help maximize the battery life of the device. The device can also be placed in the holster with the backside facing the belt clip. Body SAR measurements were carried out with the worst-case configuration front LCD side and backside towards the belt clip.

Number	Holster Type	Part Number	Separation distance (mm)
1	Vertical Holster	HDW-31012-001	19
*2	Vertical Holster (alt.)	HDW-31010-001	19

^{*}Identical design, but made of a different type of material. Separation distance is identical

Table 1.4.1. Body worn holster

Please refer to Appendix E. Figure 1.4.1. Body-worn holster

1.5 Headset

The device was tested with and without the following headset model numbers.

- 1) HDW-14322-003
- 2) HDW-15766-005
- 3) HDW-24529-001

1.6 **Battery**

The device was tested with the following Lithium Ion Battery pack.

1) BAT-26483-003



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1.7 Procedure used to establish test signal

The device was put into test mode for SAR measurements by placing a voice call from a Rohde & Schwarz CMU 200 Communications Test Instrument. The power control level was set to command the device to transmit at full power at the specified frequency. Other parameters include: Channel type = full rate, discontinuous transmission off, frequency hopping off.

1.8 Highlights of the FCC OET SAR Measurement Requirements

1.8.1 SAR Measurement Requirements for 802.11 b/g/n Transmitter

- Maintained dielectric parameter uncertainty as close to $\pm 5.0\%$ of the target value as possible.
- Liquid depth from SAM ERP or flat phantom was kept at 15 cm.
- System accuracy validation was conducted within \pm 100 MHz of device mid-band frequency and results were within \pm 10 % of the manufacturers target value for each band.
- Frequency Channel Configuration: 802.11 b/g modes are tested on "default test channels" 1, 6 and 11.
- For each frequency band, testing at higher rates and higher modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than ½ dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate.
- SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.
- SAR test are conducted on each "default test channel" and each band with the worst case modulation that resulted in maximum duty cycle.
- Conducted power measurements:

:

802.11	802.11b @ 1Mbps		802.11g @ 6Mbps		6.5 Mbps	
Chan	Cond. Power (dBm)	Chan	Cond. Power (dBm)	Chan	Cond. Power (dBm)	
1	17.91	1	15.44	1	15.30	
6	18.10	6	15.61	6	15.41	
11	18.45	11	15.96	11	15.80	

Table 1.8.1. 802.11 b/g/n channel vs. conducted power



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		802.11g			802.11b	
ta Rate (Mbps)	Mod.	Channel 6 Cond. Power (dBm)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Mod.	Channel 6 Cond. Power (dBm)	
6	BPSK	15.61	1	BPSK	18.10	
9	BPSK	15.22	2	DQPSK	17.84	
12	QPSK	13.62	5.5	CCK	17.20	
18	QPSK	12.95	11	CCK	16.70	
24	16-QAM	11.71	22	CCK	18.10	
36	16-QAM	10.75				
48	64-QAM	10.00				
54	64-QAM	10.00				
				802.11 n		
Data Dat	to (Mhna)	Mod.		Channel 6		
Data Kat	te (Mbps)	MIOC	ı.	Cond. Power (dBm)		
6	.5	MCS0		15.41		
1	3	MCS1		13.51		
19	19.5			12.81		
2	26			11.67		
3	39			10.91	<u> </u>	
5	52			10.41		
58	3.5	MCS6		10.31		
6	55	MCS7		9.67	·	

Table 1.8.2. 802.11 b/g/n modulation type/data rate vs. conducted power



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1.8.2 SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices

WCDMA Handsets

Output Power Verification

- Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels using 12.2 kbps RMC, 12.2 kbps AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signal radio bearer) with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's" for WCDMA/HSPA or applying the required inner loop.
- For Release 5/6 HSPA, output power is measured according to requirements for HS-DPCCH Sub-test 1-4/5

Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signalling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that RF channel in 12.2 RMC.

Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR for other spreading codes and multiple DPDCH_n, when supported by the DUT, are not required when the maximum average outputs of each RF channel, for each spreading code and DPDCH_n configuration, are less than $^{1}\!\!/4$ dB higher than those measured in 12.2 RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel with an applicable RMC configuration for the corresponding spreading code or DPDCH_n using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR with 12.2 RMC.



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Handsets with HSPA

Body SAR is not required for handsets with HSPA capabilities, when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA active is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA Otherwise, SAR for HSPA is measured using FRC (fixed reference channel) in the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that RF channel in 12.2kbps RMC.

	Band	FDD V (850)]	FDD II (19	00)		
	Channel	4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538	
	Freq (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	
Mode	Subtest	Max	burst avei	raged	Max bur	st average	d conducted	
Mode	Subtest	condu	cted power	r (dBm)		power (dBm)		
Rel99	12.2 kbps RMC	24.05	24.10	24.15	23.72	23.25	23.90	
Rel99	12.2 kbps AMR, SRB	24.00	24.15	24.12	23.71	23.30	23.82	
	3.4 kbps							
Rel5 HSDPA	1	23.52	23.75	23.84	23.40	22.98	23.40	
Rel5 HSDPA	2	23.60	23.77	23.83	23.42	22.87	23.34	
Rel5 HSDPA	3	23.57	23.71	23.81	23.35	22.90	23.25	
Rel5 HSDPA	4	23.50	23.70	23.80	23.38	22.80	23.30	
Rel6 HSUPA	1	23.65	23.74	23.82	23.50	22.86	23.35	
Rel6 HSUPA	2	23.69	23.65	23.90	23.42	22.73	23.30	
Rel6 HSUPA	3	23.70	23.77	23.81	23.37	22.71	23.38	
Rel6 HSUPA	4	23.50	23.68	23.80	23.42	22.80	23.28	
Rel6 HSUPA	5	23.55	23.70	23.80	23.48	22.78	23.47	

	Band	FDD IV (1700)		00)	
	Channel	1312	1312	1312	
	Freq (MHz)	1712.4	1712.4	1712.4	
Mode	Subtest	Max	burst aver	aged	
Mode	Subtest	conducted power (dBm)			
Rel99	12.2 kbps RMC	23.75	23.96	23.57	
Rel99	12.2 kbps, Voice, AMR, SRB 3.4 kbps	23.74	23.88	23.55	
Rel5 HSDPA	1	23.53	23.86	23.52	
Rel5 HSDPA	2	23.56	23.88	23.51	
Rel5 HSDPA	3	23.57	23.80	23.53	
Rel5 HSDPA	4	23.59	23.79	23.49	
Rel6 HSUPA	1	23.56	23.86	23.53	
Rel6 HSUPA	2	23.55	23.91	23.55	
Rel6 HSUPA	3	23.60	23.87	23.51	
Rel6 HSUPA	4	23.63	23.92	23.55	
Rel6 HSUPA	5	23.61	23.93	23.53	

Table 1.8.3. WCDMA (Rel99) / HSPA conducted power measurements

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1.9 Highlights of the FCC OET SAR Evaluation Considerations for Handsets with Multiple Transmitters/ Antennas & GSM/GPRS/EDGE Procedure

Unlicensed Transmitters

When there is simultaneous transmission -

Stand-alone SAR not required when

- output $\leq 2 \cdot PRef$ and antenna is > 5.0 cm from other antennas
- output \leq PRef and antenna is > 2.5 cm from other antennas
- the other antenna(s), which are < 2.5 cm away, has an output \le PRef OR max 1g SAR < 1.2 W/kg

Otherwise stand-alone SAR is required

- test SAR on highest output channel for each wireless mode and exposure condition
- \bullet if SAR for highest output channel is > 50% of SAR limit, evaluate all channels according to normal procedure

Simultaneous Transmission SAR not required:

Unlicensed only

- when stand-alone 1-g SAR is not required and antenna is > 5 cm from other antennas
- when the other antenna(s), which are < 2.5 cm away, has an output ≤ PRef OR max 1g SAR < 1.2 W/kg

Licensed & Unlicensed

- \bullet when the sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg for each pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas. or
- when the ratio of SAR to peak SAR separation distance of simultaneous transmitting antenna pair is < 0.3

Simultaneous Transmission SAR required:

Licensed & Unlicensed

• antenna pairs with SAR to antenna separation ratio ≥ 0.3 ; test is only required for the configuration that results in the highest SAR in standalone configuration for each wireless mode and exposure condition.

	2.45	5.15 - 5.35	5.47 - 5.85	GHz		
\mathbf{P}_{Ref}	12	6	5	mW		
Device output power should be rounded to the nearest mW to compare with values specified in this table.						

Table 1.9.1 – Output Power Thresholds for Unlicensed Transmitters

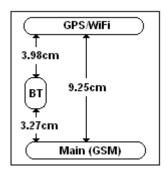


Figure 1.9.1. Back view of device showing closet distance between antenna pairs



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Mode	Configuration	Highest 1 g SAR (W/kg)
GSM/GPRS/EDGE/	Head-Left-Touch	1.44
WCDMA	No Holster Back, 15mm away	0.94
	Head-Left-Touch	0.25
802.11b/g/n	No Holster Back, 15mm away	0.06

Table 1.9.2. RDM71UW Highest SAR values for the same setup

Antenna	Channel	Position	SAR Zoom 1g	X [mm]	Y [mm]	Z [mm]	
Antenna 1 (802.11b)	High	LHS, Touch	0.25	23.4	337	-169.0	
Antenna 2,	півіі	LH3, TOUCH	0.23	23.4	337	-105.0	
UMTS band II	High	LHS, Touch	1.44	68.2	259	-168	
		SAR Sum	1.69				
		Delta [cm]		4.5	-7.8	0.1	
		closest Distance [cm]					9.00
		Ratio	0.19				

Table 1.9.3. RDM71UW Highest SAR values & Peak Coordiates distance

Mode	Configuration	Highest 1 g SAR (W/kg)
GSM/GPRS/EDGE/	Head-Left-Touch	1.43
WCDMA	No Holster Back, 15mm away	1.09
	Head-Left-Touch	0.25
802.11b/g/n	No Holster Back, 15mm away	0.06

Table 1.9.4. REN71UW Highest SAR values for the same setup



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		SAR				
		Zoom	X	Υ	Z	
Antenna	Position	1g	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	
Antenna 1 (802.11b)	LHS, Touch	0.25	23.22	337	-171.8	
Antenna 3 (UMTS band IV)	LHS, Touch	1.43	66.88	256.9	-169.3	
	SAR Sum	1.68				
	Delta [cm]		-4.4	8.0	-0.3	
	closest Distance [cm]					9.13
	Ratio	0.18				

Table 1.9.5. REN71UW Highest SAR values & Peak Coordiates distance

BT & WiFi: BT Stand-alone SAR is not required, since output \leq PRef and antenna is > 2.5 cm from other antennas.

Simultaneous Transmission SAR is not required since WiFi SAR is < 1.2 W/kg

BT & GSM/WCDMA: BT Stand-alone SAR and simultaneous transmission SAR are not required, since BT output power is \leq PRef and antenna is > 2.5 cm from other antennas.

GSM/WCDMA & WiFi: Simultaneous Transmission SAR is not required for head configuration based on ratio of SAR to peak SAR separation distance is < 0...3

Simultaneous Transmission SAR is not required for body configuration based on the sum of 1-g SAR values for each pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas being < 1.6 W/kg.

- The device supports DTM, GPRS Category Class A, Multi-Slot Class 12 with maximum 5- slots (2/3/4-slots uplink and 3/2/1-slot downlink).
- For head SAR configuration, 1-slot or MS 2/3/4-slots uplink were evaluated.
- For body SAR configuration, MS 2/3/4-slots GPRS (PD) mode was tested.
- In EDGE/GPRS mode, GMSK Modulation was used using CS1-CS4 or MCSI-MCS4.
- 8-PSK modulation or MCS5-MCS9 code scheme were avoided since maximum burst avg power was measured lower on those modulation schemes.
- \bullet Each slot is set to maximum power, but there is software power reduction of $\sim 2/4/6$ dB in DTM/EDGE/GPRS 2/3/4-slots uplink modes.
- Please refer to the conducted power measurements table below:



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	Freq.	Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm)	Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm)	Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm)	Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm)	Max burst averaged conducted power (dBm)
Mode	(MHz)	CS1	CS4	MCS1	MCS4	MCS5
2-slots	824.2	29.8	29.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
GPRS	836.8	29.8	29.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
850 MHz	848.8	29.6	29.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-slots	824.2	28.9	28.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
GPRS	836.8	28.8	28.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
850 MHz	848.8	28.4	28.4	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-slots	824.2	27.4	27.3	N/A	N/A	N/A
GPRS	836.8	27.6	27.4	N/A	N/A	N/A
850 MHz	848.8	27.3	27.2	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-slots	824.2	29.7	29.7	29.9	29.7	29.9
EDGE/DTM	836.8	29.8	29.8	29.8	29.7	29.8
850 MHz	848.8	29.6	29.6	29.8	29.9	29.8
3-slots	824.2	28.9	28.9	28.9	28.9	28.9
EDGE/DTM			28.4			
850 MHz	836.8	28.4		28.4	28.4	28.4
4-slots	848.8	28.4	28.4	28.4	28.4	28.4
EDGE/DTM	824.2	27.4	27.4	27.4	27.4	27.4
850 MHz	836.8	27.6	27.6	27.6	27.6	27.6
2.1.	848.8 1850.2	27.3 27.3	27.3 27.3	27.3 N/A	27.3 N/A	27.3 N/A
2-slots GPRS	1880.2	27.3	27.2	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
1900 MHz	1909.8	27.3	27.3	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-slots	1850.2	25.5	25.6	N/A	N/A	N/A
GPRS	1880.0	25.2	25.3	N/A	N/A	N/A
1900 MHz	1909.8	25.5	25.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-slots	1850.2	24.7	24.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
GPRS	1880.0	24.4	24.4	N/A	N/A	N/A
1900 MHz	1909.8	24.3	24.2	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-slots	1850.2	27.2	27.4	27.4	27.3	27.2
EDGE/DTM	1880.0	27.0	27.2	27.2	27.1	27.1
1900 MHz 3-slots	1909.8 1850.2	27.1 25.9	27.3 25.9	27.3 25.8	27.2 25.8	27.2 25.6
5-siots EDGE/DTM	1880.2	25.6	25.6	25.5	25.5	25.4
1900 MHz	1909.8	25.7	25.7	25.6	25.6	25.6
4-slots	1850.2	24.6	24.6	24.5	24.5	24.5
EDGE/DTM	1880.0	24.5	24.5	24.5	24.5	24.4
1900 MHz	1909.8	24.7	24.7	24.6	24.6	24.8

Mode		Freq. (MHz)		eraged conducted er (dBm)
1-slot		824.2	3	32.8
GSM (C	,	836.8	3	32.6
850 MH	Z	848 8		32.7



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1-slot GSM (CS) 1900 MHz	1850.2	29.7
	1880.0	29.8
	1909.8	29.6

1.9.5. GSM/EDGE/GPRS channel vs. conducted powers

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Andrew Becker

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DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

2.1 **SAR** measurement system

2.0

SAR measurements were performed using a Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY4/5), an automated SAR measurement system manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG), of Zurich, Switzerland.

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The DASY 4/52 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- · A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software.
- · An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- · A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- · A DAE module that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, A/D conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC).
- · A unit to operate the optical surface detector that is connected to the EOC.
- · The EOC performs the conversion from an optical signal into the digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the PC plug-in card.
- · The functions of the PC plug-in card based on a DSP is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, surveillance of the robot operation fast movement interrupts.
- · A computer operating Windows.
- · DASY 4 software version 4.7 or DASY 52 version 52.6(2)...
- · Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- · The SAM Twin Phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- · The device holder for mobile phones.
- · Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes (see section 6.1).
- · System validation dipoles allowing for the validation of proper functioning of the system.

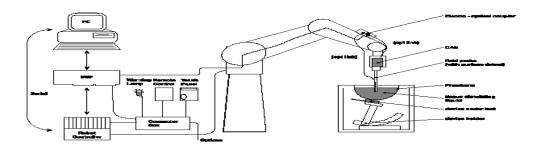


Figure 2.1.1. System Description



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2.1.1 Equipment List

Manufacturer	Test Equipment	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date (MM/DD/YY)
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	E-field probe	ET3DV6	1643	03/09/2011
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	E-field probe	ET3DV6	1644	11/16/2011
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	E-field probe	ES3DV3	3225	01/13/2012
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE3)	DAE3 V1	472	03/07/2012
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Dipole Validation Kit	D835V2	446	03/09/2013
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Dipole Validation Kit	D1800V2	2d020	01/13/2013
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Dipole Validation Kit	D1900V2	545	03/09/2013
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Dipole Validation Kit	D2450V2	747	11/11/2011
Agilent Technologies	Signal generator	8648C	4037U03155	09/24/2011
Agilent Technologies	Power meter	E4419B	GB40202821	09/15/2011
Agilent Technologies	Power sensor	8481A	MY41095417	09/23/2011
Agilent Technologies	Power sensor	N1921A	SG45240281	05/22/2011
Agilent Technologies	Power meter	N1911A	MY45100905	05/01/2011
Amplifier Research	Amplifier	5S1G4M3	300986	CNR
Agilent Technologies	Network analyzer	8753ES	US39174857	09/17/2011
Rohde & Schwarz	Base Station Simulator	CMU 200	109747	12/07/2011

Table 2.1.2. Equipment list



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2.2 Description of the test setup

Before SAR measurements are conducted, the device and the DASY equipment are setup as follows:

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2.2.1 Device and base station simulator setup

- Power up the device.
- Turn on the base station simulator and set the radio channel and power to the appropriate values.
- Connect an antenna to the RF IN/OUT of the communication test set and place it close to the device.

2.2.2 DASY setup

- Turn the computer on and log on to Windows.
- Start the DASY software by clicking on the icon located on the Windows desktop.
- Mount the DAE unit and the probe. Turn on the DAE unit.
- Turn the Robot Controller on by turning the main power switch to the horizontal position
- Align the probe by clicking the 'Align probe in light beam' button.
- Open a file and configure the proper parameters probe, medium, communications system etc.
- Establish a connection between the Device and the communications test instrument. Place the Device on the stand and adjust it under the phantom.
- Start SAR measurements.

3.0 ELECTRIC FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION

3.1 Probe Specifications

SAR measurements were conducted using the dosimetric probe, designed by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG for the measurement of SAR. The probe is constructed using the thin film technique, with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. It has a symmetrical design with triangular core, built-in optical fibre for the surface detection system and built-in shielding against static discharge. The probe is sensitive to Efields and thus incorporates three small dipoles arranged so that the overall response is close to isotropic. The table below summarizes the technical data for the probe.

Property	Data		
Probe n	nodel ET3DV6/ES3DV3		
Frequency range	10 MHz to 4 GHz		
Linearity	± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)		
Directivity (rotation around probe axis)	\pm 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)		
Directivity (rotation normal to probe axis)	\pm 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)		
Dynamic Range	$5 \mu \text{W/g to} > 100 \text{ mW/g}$; Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$		
Probe positioning repeatability	±0.2 mm		
Spatial resolution	< 0.125 mm ³		

Table 3.1.1. Probe specifications



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3.2 Probe calibration and measurement uncertainty

The probe had been calibrated with an accuracy better than $\pm 12\%$. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe were tested. The probe calibration parameters are shown on Appendix D and below:

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X Co	nvF Y Co	nvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	6.12	6.12	6.12	0.99	1.07 ± 11.0%
1810	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	5.14	5.14	5.14	0.46	1.60 ± 11.0%
1950	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	4.96	4.96	4.96	0.47	1.57 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	4.53	4.53	4.53	0.41	1.89 ± 11.0%

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X Cor	nvFY Co	nvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	5.97	5.97	5.97	0.98	1.12 ± 11.0%
1810	± 50 / ± 100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	4.90	4.90	4.90	0.35	2.07 ± 11.0%
1950	±50/±100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	4.83	4.83	4.83	0.32	2.45 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	4.32	4.32	4.32	0.74	1.27 ± 11.0%

C The validity of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher.

DASY v4.7/DASY52 has been used for measurements, therefore ± 100 MHz tolerance is valid.

Measured dielectric parameters are within +/-5% of the probe calibration values and target values. Expanded probe calibration uncertainty (k=2) is < 15%

4.0 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Prior to conducting SAR measurements, the system was validated using the dipole validation kit and the flat section of the SAM phantom. A power level of 1.0W was applied to the dipole antenna. The verification results are in the table below with a comparison to reference values. Printouts are shown in Appendix A. All the measured parameters are within the allowed tolerances.

At above 1.5 - 2 GHz, dipoles maintain good return loss of -15 dB to -20 dB, therefore SAR measurements are limited to approximately +/- 100 MHz of the probe/dipole calibration frequency.



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		•		L6AREN70UW	2503A-REI	N70UW

4.1 System accuracy verification for head adjacent use

f	Limits / Measured	SAR	Dielectric	Liquid	
(MHz)	(MM/DD/YY)	(W/kg) 1 g/ 10 g	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	σ [S/m]	Temp (°C)
835	Measured (02/09/2011)	9.59/6.29	40.4	0.92	22.4
655	Recommended Limits	9.50/6.27	41.5	0.90	N/A
1000	Measured (02/14/2011)	38.3/20.2	38.2	1.39	22.1
1900	Recommended Limits	39.5/20.8	40.0	1.40	N/A
2450	Measured (01/11/2011)	56.1/25.7	37.6	1.86	22.4
	Recommended Limits	53.2/24.8	39.2	1.80	N/A

Table 4.1.1. RDM71UW System accuracy (validation for head adjacent use)

		SAR	Dielectric Parameters		Liquid
f (MHz)	Limits / Measured (MM/DD/YYYY)	1 g/10 g (W/kg)	ε_r	σ [S/m]	Temp.
	Measured (06/30/2011)	38.8/20.3	41.1	1.42	22.6
1800	Measured (07/04/2011)	38.0/19.9	40.6	1.42	22.8
	Recommended Limits	38.2/20.1	40.0	1.40	N/A

Table 4.1.2. REN71UW System accuracy (validation for head adjacent use)



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5.0 PHANTOM DESCRIPTION

The SAM Twin Phantom, manufactured by SPEAG, was used during the SAR measurements. The phantom is made of a fibreglass shell integrated with a wooden table.

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The SAM Twin Phantom is a fibreglass shell phantom with 2 mm shell thickness. It has three measurement areas:

Left side head Right side head Flat phantom

The phantom table dimensions are: 100x50x85 cm (LxWxH). The table is intended for use with freestanding robots.

The bottom shelf contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder in place. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different solutions).

A white cover is provided to top the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on the cover are possible; however the optical surface detector does not work properly at the cover surface. Place a sheet of white paper on the cover when using optical surface detection.

Liquid depth of \geq 15 cm is maintained in the phantom for all the measurements.



Figure 5.0.1. SAM Twin Phantom



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6.0 TISSUE DIELECTRIC PROPERTIES

6.1 Composition of tissue simulant

The composition of the brain and muscle simulating liquids are shown in the table below.

INGREDIENT	MIXTURE 800–900MHz		MIXTURE 1800– 1900MHz		MIXTURE 2450 MHz	
INGREDIENT	Brain %	Muscle %	Brain %	Muscle %	Brain %	Muscle %
Water	40.29	65.45	55.24	69.91	55.0	68.75
Sugar	57.90	34.31	0	0	0	0
Salt	1.38	0.62	0.31	0.13	0	0
HEC	0.24	0	0	0	0	0
Bactericide	0.18	0.10	0	0	0	0
DGBE	0	0	44.45	29.96	40.0	31.25
Triton X-100	0	0	0	0	5.0	0

Table 6.1.1. Tissue simulant recipe

6.1.1 Equipment

Manufacturer	Test Equipment	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date (MM/DD/YY)
Pyrex, England	Graduated Cylinder	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pyrex, USA	Beaker	N/A	N/A	N/A
Acculab	Weight Scale	V1-1200	018WB2003	N/A
IKA Works Inc.	Hot Plate	RC Basic	3.107433	N/A
Dell	PC using GPIB card	GX110	347	N/A
Agilent Technologies	Dielectric probe kit	HP 85070C	US9936135	CNR
Agilent Technologies	Network Analyzer	8753ES	US39174857	09/17/2011
Control Company	Digital Thermometer	23609-234	21352860	09/14/2011
Control Company	Digital Thermometer	15-077-21	51129471	04/29/2011

Table 6.1.2. Tissue simulant preparation equipment



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6.1.2 Preparation procedure

800-900 MHz liquids

- Fill the container with water. Begin heating and stirring.
- Add the **Cellulose**, the **preservative substance** and the **salt**. After several hours, the liquid will become more transparent again. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.

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- Add Sugar. Stir it well until the sugar is sufficiently dissolved.
- Keep the liquid hot but below the boiling point for at least an hour. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Remove the container from, and turn the hotplate off and allow the liquid to cool off to room temperature prior to performing dielectric measurements.

1800-2450 MHz liquid

- Fill the container with water and place it on hotplate. Begin heating and stirring.
- Add the salt, Glycol/Triton X-100. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Keep the liquid hot enough to dissolve sugar for at least an hour. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Remove the container from, and turn the hotplate off and allow the liquid to cool off to room temperature prior to performing dielectric measurements.

6.2 Electrical parameters of the tissue simulating liquid

The tissue dielectric parameters shall be measured before a batch can be used for SAR measurements to ensure that the simulated tissue was properly made and will simulate the desired human characteristic. Limits and measured electrical parameters are shown in the table below.

Recommended limits are adopted from IEEE P1528-2003:

"Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", DASY 4 manual and from FCC Tissue Dielectric Properties web page at http://www.fcc.gov/fcc-bin/dielec.sh

e (MIII-)	Tissue	Thursday / Manager a	Dielectric Parameters		Liquid Temp
f (MHz)	Type	Limits / Measured	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	σ [S/m]	(°C)
	IId	Measured (02/09/2011)	40.4	0.92	22.4
025	Head	Recommended Limits	41.5	0.90	N/A
835	Muscle	Measured (02/09/2011)	53.3	1.00	22.4
	Muscie	Recommended Limits	55.2	0.97	N/A
77 1	Head	Measured (02/14/2011)	38.2	1.39	22.1
1000	пеац	Recommended Limits	40.0	1.40	N/A
1900	Muscle	Measured (02/14/2011)	50.6	1.56	22.3
	Muscie	Recommended Limits	53.3	1.52	N/A
	Head	Measured (01/11/2011)	37.6	1.86	22.4
2450	Head	Recommended Limits	39.2	1.80	N/A
2430		Measured (01/11/2011)	50.6	1.93	22.8
	Muscle	Recommended Limits	52.7	1.95	N/A

Table 6.2..1 RDM71UW Electrical parameters of tissue simulating liquid



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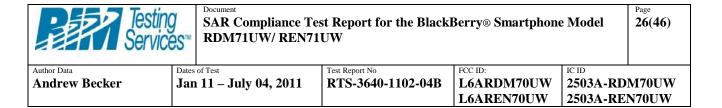
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f	Tissue	Limits / Measured	Dielectric Parameters		Liquid Temp
(MHz)	Type	(MM/DD/YYYY)	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	σ [S/m]	(°C)
		Measured (06/30/2011)	41.1	1.42	22.6
	Head	Measured (07/04/2011)	40.6	1.42	22.8
1800		Recommended Limits	40.0	1.40	N/A
1800	Muscle	Measured (06/30/2011)	53.7	1.56	22.7
		Measured (07/04/2011)	53.8	1.56	22.6
		Recommended Limits	53.3	1.52	N/A

 $Table \ 6.2.2. \ REN71UW \ Electrical \ parameters \ of \ tissue \ simulating \ liquid$



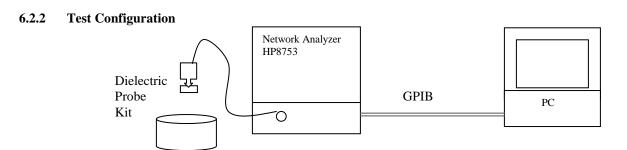


Figure 6.2.1 Test configuration

6.2.3 Procedure

- 1. Turn NWA on and allow at least 30 minutes for warm up.
- 2. Mount dielectric probe kit so that interconnecting cable to NWA will not be moved during measurements or calibration.
- 3. Pour de-ionized water and measure water temperature $(\pm 1^{\circ})$.
- 4. Set water temperature in HP-Software (Calibration Setup).
- 5. Perform calibration.
- 6. Relative permittivity $\mathcal{E}\mathbf{r} = \mathcal{E}'$ and conductivity can be calculated from \mathcal{E}'' $\mathbf{\sigma} = \mathbf{\omega} \ \mathbf{\varepsilon}_0 \ \mathbf{\varepsilon}''$
- 7. Measure liquid shortly after calibration.
- 8. Stir the liquid to be measured. Take a sample (~50ml) with a syringe from the center of the liquid container.
- 9. Pour the liquid into a small glass flask. Hold the syringe at the bottom of the flask to avoid air bubbles.
- 10. Put the dielectric probe in the glass flask. Check that there are no air bubbles in front of the opening in the dielectric probe kit.
- 11. Perform measurements.
- 12. Adjust medium parameters in DASY for the frequencies necessary for the measurements ('Setup Config', select medium (e.g. Head 835 MHz) and press 'Option'-button.
- 13. Select the current medium for the frequency of the validation (e.g. Setup Medium Brain 835 MHz).



Test Report No

SAR Compliance Test Report for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RDM71UW/ REN71UW

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7.0 SAR SAFETY LIMITS

Standards/Guideline	Localized SAR Limit (W/kg) General public (uncontrolled)	Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) Workers (controlled)
ICNIRP Standard	2.0 (10g)	10.0 (10g)
IEEE C95.1 Standard	1.6 (1g)	8.0 (1g)

Table 7.0.1. SAR safety limits for Controlled / Uncontrolled environment

Human Exposure	Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) 10g, ICNIRP Standard	Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) 1g, IEEE C95.1 Standard
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole		
body)	0.08	0.08
Spatial Peak (averaged over any X g of		
tissue)	2.00	1.60
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles		
averaged over 10 g)	4.00	4.00 (10g)

Table 7.0.2. SAR safety limits

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).



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8.0 DEVICE POSITIONING

8.1 Device holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The Device was positioned for all test configurations using the DASY holder. The device holder facilitates the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately and with repeatability positioned according to FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).





Figure 7. Device Holder

- 1. Put the phone in the clamp mechanism (1) and hold it straight while tightening. (Curved phones or phones with asymmetrical ear pieces should be positioned so that the earpiece is in the symmetry plane of the clamp).
- 2. Adjust the sliding carriage (2) to 90° . Then adjust the phone holder angle (3) until the reference line of the phone is horizontal (parallel to the flat phantom bottom). The phone reference line is defined as the front tangential line between the earpiece and the center of the device bottom (or the center of the flip hinge). For devices with parallel front and backsides, the phone holder angle (3) is 0° .
- 3. Place the device holder at the desired phantom section and move it securely against the positioning pins (4). The screw in front of the turning plate can be applied for correct positioning (5). (Do not tighten it too strongly).
- 4. Shift the phone clamp (6) so that the earpiece is exactly below the ear marking of the phantom. The phone is now correctly positioned in the holder for all standard phantom measurements, even after changing the phantom or phantom section.
- 5. Adjust the device position angles to the desired measurement position.

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6. After fixing the device angles, move the phone fixture up until the phone touches the ear marking. (The point of contact depends on the design of the device and the positioning angle).

8.2 Description of the test positioning

8.2.1 Test Positions of Device Relative to Head

The handset was tested in two test positions against the head phantom, the "cheek" position and the "tilted" position, on both left and right sides of the phantom.

The handset was tested in the above positions according to IEEE 1528- 2003 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques".

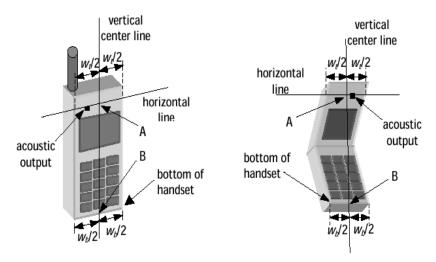


Figure 8.2.1a. Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines – fixed case

Figure 8.2.1b. Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines – "clam-shell"



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8.2.1.1 Definition of the "cheek" position

- 1) Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece, open the cover.
- 2) Define two imaginary lines on the handset: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A on Figures 8.2.1a and 8.2.1b), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 8.2.1a). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output. However, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 8.2.1b), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip pieces, and other irregularly shaped handsets.
- 3) Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 8.2.1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal center line is in a plane approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- **4)** Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the handset touches the ear.
- 5) While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is the plane normal to MB ("mouth-back") NF ("neck-front") including the line MB (reference plane).
- **6**) Rotate the phone around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
- 7) While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, rotate the handset about the line NF until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek).

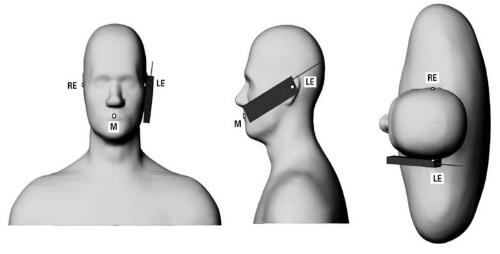
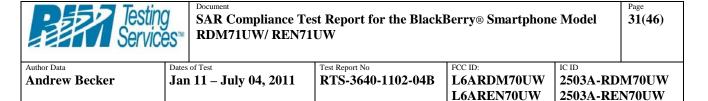


Figure 8.2.2. Phone position 1, "cheek" or "touch" position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning, are indicated. The shoulders are shown for illustration purposes only.



8.2.1.2 Definition of the "Tilted" Position

- 1) Repeat steps 1 to 7 of 5.4.1 (in this report 8.2.1.1) to replace the device in the "cheek position."
- 2) While maintaining the device in the reference plane (described above) and pivoting against the ear, move the device outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees, or until the antenna touches the phantom.

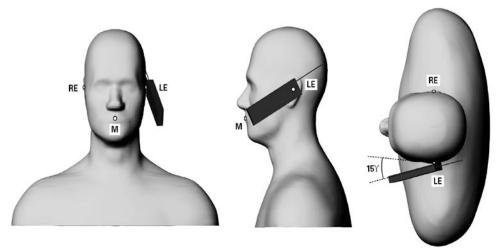


Figure 8.2.3. Phone position 2, "tilted position." The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning, are indicated. The shoulders are shown for illustration purposes only.

8.2.2 Body Holster Configuration

Body worn holsters, as well as 15mm separation distance, have been tested with the device for FCC RF exposure compliance. The EUT was positioned in each holster case and the belt clip was placed against the flat section of the phantom. A headset was then connected to the device to simulate hands-free operation in a body worn holster configuration.



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9.0 HIGH LEVEL EVALUATION

9.1 Maximum search

The maximum search is automatically performed after each coarse scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the coarse scan measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations.

9.2 Extrapolation

The extrapolation can be used in z-axis scans with automatic surface detection. The SAR values can be extrapolated to the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is the sum of the probe sensor offset, the surface detection distance and the grid offset. The extrapolation is based on fourth order polynomial functions. The extrapolation is only available for SAR values.

9.3 Boundary correction

The correction of the probe boundary effect in the vicinity of the phantom surface is done in the standard (worst case) evaluation; the boundary effect is reduced by different weights for the lowest measured points in the extrapolation routine. The result is a slight overestimation of the extrapolated SAR values (2% to 8%) depending on the SAR distribution and gradient. The advanced evaluation makes a full compensation of the boundary effect before doing the extrapolation. This is only possible for probes with specifications on the boundary effect.

9.4 Peak search for 1g and 10g cube averaged SAR

The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 5x5x7 scan. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements.

The measured volume of 30x30x30mm with 7.5mm resolution in (x,y) and 5mm resolution in z axis amounts to 175 measurement points. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. Boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume in a 1mm grid. In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is then moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. This last procedure is repeated for a 10 g cube. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.



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10.0 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

1	DASY4 Uncertainty Budget According to IEEE P1528 [1]												
	Uncertainty	Prob.	Div.	(c_i)	(c_i)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(v_i)					
Error Description	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	v_{eff}					
Measurement System													
Probe Calibration	±4.8%	N	1	1	1	±4.8%	±4.8%	∞					
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞					
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9 %	∞					
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞					
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7 %	∞					
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6 %	∞					
Readout Electronics	±1.0%	N	1	1	1	±1.0%	±1.0 %	∞					
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5 %	∞					
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5 %	∞					
RF Ambient Conditions	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞					
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2 %	∞					
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞					
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞					
Test Sample Related													
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9 %	145					
Device Holder	±3.6 %	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6 %	5					
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9 %	∞					
Phantom and Setup					-"								
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3 %	∞					
Liquid Conductivity (target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	±1.8%	±1.2 %	∞					
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.64	0.43	±1.6%	±1.1%	∞					
Liquid Permittivity (target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	±1.7%	±1.4%	∞					
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5%	±1.2 %	∞						
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±10.3 %	±10.0%	330					
Expanded STD Uncertain	ty					±20.6 %	±20.1 %						

Table 10.0.1. Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY4 assessed according to IEEE P1528. Source: Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

[1] The budget is valid for the frequency range 300MHz - 3 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerably smaller.



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D	ASY5 Accordin							
	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(c_i)	(c_i)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(v_i)
Error Description	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	v_{efj}
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	$\pm 5.5 \%$	N	1	1	1	$\pm 5.5 \%$	$\pm 5.5 \%$	∞
Axial Isotropy	$\pm 4.7\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	$\pm 1.9\%$	$\pm 1.9 \%$	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	$\pm 9.6\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	$\pm 3.9 \%$	$\pm 3.9 \%$	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
Linearity	$\pm 4.7 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.7 \%$	$\pm 2.7 \%$	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6 %	$\pm 0.6 \%$	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	N	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	∞
Response Time	±0.8 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.5 \%$	$\pm 0.5 \%$	∞
Integration Time	$\pm 2.6 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.5 \%$	±1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	∞
Probe Positioner	$\pm 0.4 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.2 \%$	$\pm 0.2 \%$	∞
Probe Positioning	$\pm 2.9 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7 \%$	$\pm 1.7 \%$	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	$\pm 2.9 \%$	N	1	1	1	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\pm 2.9 \%$	145
Device Holder	$\pm 3.6 \%$	N	1	1	1	$\pm 3.6 \%$	$\pm 3.6 \%$	5
Power Drift	$\pm 5.0 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.9 \%$	$\pm 2.9 \%$	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	$\pm 4.0\%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.3\%$	$\pm 2.3 \%$	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	$\pm 5.0 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	$\pm 1.8 \%$	$\pm 1.2 \%$	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	$\pm 2.5\%$	N	1	0.64	0.43	$\pm 1.6 \%$	±1.1 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	$\pm 5.0 \%$	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	$\pm 1.7 \%$	±1.4 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	$\pm 2.5\%$	N	1	0.6	0.49	$\pm 1.5 \%$	$\pm 1.2 \%$	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						$\pm 10.7 \%$	$\pm 10.5 \%$	387
Expanded STD Uncertain	tv					$\pm 21.4 \%$	$\pm 21.0 \%$	

Table 10.0.2. Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY5 assessed according to IEEE P1528. Source: Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

[1] The budget is valid for the frequency range 300MHz - 3 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerably smaller.



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11.0 TEST RESULTS

11.1 SAR Measurement results at highest power measured against the head

			Cond.			SAR, averaged over 1 g			
Test Position	Mode	f (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Slider Position	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)	
Right	4-slots	824.2							
Head	GSM/EDGE	836.8	27.6	Closed	21.6	0.30	-0.47	0.33	
Cheek	850 MHz	848.8							
Right	3-slots	824.2							
Head	GSM/EDGE	836.8	28.4	Closed	21.7	0.31	0.15	0.31	
Cheek	850 MHz	848.8							
Dight	2-slots	824.2							
Right Head	GSM/EDGE	836.8	29.8	Closed	21.7	0.34	-0.24	0.36	
Cheek	850 MHz	836.8	29.8	Open	21.6	0.32	-0.18	0.32	
Clicck	650 WITZ	848.8							
Right	2-slots	824.2							
Head	GSM/EDGE	836.8	29.8	Closed	21.6	0.32	0.08	0.32	
15° Tilt	850 MHz	848.8							
Right	1-slot	824.2							
Head	GSM	836.8	32.6	Closed	21.5	0.34	-0.23	0.34	
Cheek	850 MHz	848.8							
T C	2.1.	824.2							
Left	2-slots GSM/EDGE	836.8	29.8	Closed	21.6	0.33	-0.18	0.33	
Head Cheek	850 MHz	836.8	29.8	Open	21.6	0.27	1.53	0.27	
Cheek	650 MITZ	848.8							
Left	2-slots	824.2							
Head	GSM/EDGE	836.8	29.8	Closed	21.7	0.36	0.06	0.36	
15° Tilt	850 MHz	848.8							

Table 11.1.1. RDM71UW SAR results for GSM/EDGE 850 head configuration

Note 1: If the power drift is ≤ -0.200 dB, the extrapolated SAR is calculated using the formula: Extrapolated SAR = (Measured SAR) * $10^{(Power Drift (dB))} / 10$)

Note 2: Only Middle channel was tested when 1g Average SAr < 0.8 W/Kg or 3dB lower than the limit.



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			G 1			SA	R, averaged	over 1 g
Test Position	Mode	f (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)	Slider Position	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
Right	4-slots	1850.2						
Head	GSM/EDGE	1880.0	24.5	Closed	21.9	0.36	-0.17	0.36
Cheek	1900 MHz	1909.8						
Right	3-slots	1850.2						
Head	GSM/EDGE	1880.0	25.6	Closed	22.0	0.36	-0.37	0.39
Cheek	1900 MHz	1909.8						
		1850.2						
Right	2-slots	1880.0	27.0	Closed	22.1	0.35	-0.51	0.39
Cheek	Head GSM/EDGE Cheek 1900 MHz	1880.0	27.0	Open	22.0	0.25	0.43	0.25
Check	1,000 1,1112	1909.8						
Right	2-slots	1850.2						
Head	GSM/EDGE	1880.0	27.0	Closed	21.8	0.34	0.13	0.34
15° Tilt	1900 MHz	1909.8						
Right	1-slot	1850.2						
Head	GSM	1880.0	29.8	Closed	21.9	0.31	-0.39	0.34
Cheek	1900 MHz	1909.8						
		1850.2						
Left	2-slots	1880.0	27.0	Closed	21.7	0.70	0.06	0.70
Head Cheek	GSM/EDGE 1900 MHz	1880.0	27.0	Open	21.7	0.40	-0.03	0.40
CHECK	1700 141112	1909.8						
Left	2-slots	1850.2						
Head	GSM/EDGE	1880.0	27.0	Closed	21.8	0.35	0.05	0.35
15° Tilt	1900 MHz	1909.8						

Table 11.1.2. RDM71UW SAR results for GSM/EDGE 1900 head configuration



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			Cond.			SAI	R, averaged	over 1 g
Test Position	Mode	f (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Slider Position	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
		826.4						
Right Head	WCDMA FDD V	836.4	24.1	Closed	21.7	0.26	-0.07	0.26
Cheek	850 MHz	836.4	24.1	Open	21.8	0.26	-0.03	0.26
		846.6						
Right	WCDMA	826.4						
Head	FDD V	836.4	24.1	Closed	21.8	0.26	-0.07	0.26
15° Tilt	850 MHz	846.6						
		826.4						
Left Head	WCDMA FDD V	836.4	24.1	Closed	21.6	0.24	-0.08	0.24
Cheek	850 MHz	836.4	24.1	Open	21.6	0.26	0.11	0.26
	K 650 MHZ	846.6						
Left	WCDMA	826.4						
Head	FDD V	836.4	24.1	Open	21.7	0.20	0.11	0.20
15° Tilt	850 MHz	846.6						

Table 11.1.3. RDM71UW SAR results for WCDMA band V head configuration



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			G 1			SA	R, averaged	over 1 g
Test Position	Mode	f (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)	Slider Position	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
		1852.4						
Right Head	WCDMA FDD II	1880	23.2	Closed	22.4	0.75	-0.28	0.80
Cheek	1900 MHz	1880	23.2	Open	22.3	0.47	0.05	0.47
		1907.6						
Right	WCDMA	1852.4						
Head	FDD II	1880	23.2	Closed	22.2	0.68	-0.04	0.68
15° Tilt	1900 MHz	1907.6						
		1852.4	23.7	Closed	22.0	1.29	-0.05	1.29
		1880	23.2	Closed	22.0	1.34	0.11	1.34
Left Head	WCDMA FDD II	1907.6	23.9	Closed	21.8	1.44	-0.04	1.44
Cheek	1900 MHz	1852.4	23.7	Open	21.7	0.79	-0.04	0.79
	-, , , ,	1880	23.2	Open	21.8	0.89	-0.07	0.89
		1907.6	23.9	Open	21.9	0.99	-0.02	0.99
Left	WCDMA	1852.4						
Head	FDD II	1880	23.2	Closed	21.9	0.63	-0.12	0.63
15° Tilt	1900 MHz	1907.6						

Table 11.1.4. RDM71UW SAR results for WCDMA band II head configuration



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			Cond.			SA	R, averaged	over 1 g
Test Position	Mode	f (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Slider Position	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
		2412						
Right	802.11 b	2437						
Head Cheek	2450 MHz	2462	18.4	Closed	22.5	0.13	-0.03	0.13
		2462	18.4	Open	22.5	0.04	-0.31	0.04
Right	802.11 b	2412						
Head	2450	2437						
15° Tilt	MHz	2462	18.4	Closed	22.2	0.17	-0.12	0.17
		2412						
Left	802.11 b	2437						
Head Cheek	2450 MHz	2462	18.4	Closed	22.6	0.25	-0.06	0.25
		2462	18.4	Open	22.6	0.06	-0.03	0.06
Left	802.11 b	2412						
Head	2450	2437						
15° Tilt	MHz	2462	18.4	Closed	22.4	0.26	-0.15	0.26

Table 11.1.5. RDM71UW SAR results for 802.11b head configuration

*Note: Tested only highest output power channel



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				Cond.			SAR	, average	d over 1 g
Test Position	Mode	f (MHz)	Peaks	Output Power (dBm)	Slider Position	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
		1712.4							
Right	WCDMA	1732.6	Peak 1	24.0	Closed	22.4	0.73	0.00	0.73
Head	FDD IV	1732.6	Peak 2	24.0	Closed	22.4	0.60	0.08	0.60
Cheek	1700 MHz	1732.6		24.0	Open	22.3	0.48	0.11	0.48
		1752.6							
Right	WCDMA	1712.4							
Head	FDD IV	1732.6		24.0	Closed	22.3	0.63	-0.09	0.63
15° Tilt	1700 MHz	1752.6							
		1712.4		23.8	Closed	22.4	1.26	0.10	1.26
Left Head	WCDMA FDD IV	1732.6		24.0	Closed	22.4	1.20	0.02	1.20
Cheek	1700 MHz	1732.6		24.0	Open	22.6	0.52	-0.01	0.52
		1752.6		23.6	Closed	22.5	1.43	-0.18	1.43
Left	WCDMA	1712.4							
Head	FDD IV	1732.6		24.0	Closed	22.6	0.54	0.00	0.54
15° Tilt	1700 MHz	1752.6							

Table 11.1.6. REN71UW SAR results for WCDMA band IV head configuration



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11.2 SAR measurement results at highest power measured against the body using accessories

					SA	R, average	d over 1 g
Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Holster type / device configuration	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
	824.2	29.8	No Holster, back side 15mm away	22.1	0.62	-0.15	0.62
	836.8	29.8	No Holster, back side 15mm away	22.1	0.83	-0.18	0.83
	848.8	29.6	No Holster, back side 15mm away	22.1	0.76	0.02	0.76
2-slots GPRS	836.8	29.8	No Holster, front side 15mm away	22.1	0.38	010	0.38
850 MHz	836.8	29.8	Vertical Holster, back side facing	22.1	0.68	0.04	0.68
	836.8	29.8	No Holster, headset 1, back side 15mm away	22.1	0.62	0.08	0.62
	836.8	29.8	No Holster, headset 2, back side 15mm away	22.0	0.64	0.01	0.64
	836.8	29.8	No Holster, headset 3, back side 15mm away	22.0	0.40	-0.22	0.42
3-slots GPRS 850 MHz	836.8	28.8	No Holster, back side 15mm away	22.0	0.74	-0.39	0.81
4-slots GPRS 850 MHz	836.8	27.6	No Holster, back side 15mm away	21.9	0.80	0.03	0.80

Table 11.2.1. RDM71UW SAR results for GPRS850 body-worn configurations



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					SAl	R, average	d over 1 g
Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Holster type / device configuration	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
	1880.0	27.2	No Holster, back side 15mm away	22.1	0.34	-0.20	0.36
2-Slots GPRS	1880.0	27.2	Vertical Holster, back side facing	22.0	0.24	-0.38	0.27
1900 MHz	1880.0	27.2	No Holster, front side 15mm away	21.9	0.24	-0.35	0.26
	1880.0	27.2	No Holster, HS#2, back side 15mm away	21.9	0.30	0.02	0.30
3-Slots GPRS 1900 MHz	1880.0	25.2	No Holster, back side 15mm away	22.0	0.41	0.24	0.41
4-Slots GPRS 1900 MHz	1880.0	24.4	No Holster, back side 15mm away	22.0	0.42	0.42	0.42

Table 11.2.2. RDM71UW SAR results for GPRS 1900 body-worn configurations

					SAR, averaged over 1 g		
Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Holster type / device configuration	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
	836.4	24.1	No Holster, back side 15mm away	22.5	0.61	-0.08	0.61
WCDMA FDD V 850 MHz	836.4	24.1	No Holster, front side 15mm away	22.1	0.28	-0.04	0.28
	836.4	24.1	Vertical Holster, back side facing	22.0	0.79	-0.06	0.79
	836.4	24.1	No Holster, HS#1, back side 15mm away	22.3	0.45	0.09	0.45
	836.4	24.1	No Holster, HS#2, back side 15mm away	22.2	0.43	0.09	0.43
	836.4	24.1	No Holster, HS#3, back side 15mm away	22.2	0.59	-0.06	0.59

Table 11.2.3. RDM71UW SAR results for WCDMA band V body-worn configurations



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			Holster type / device configuration	Liquid Temp. (°C)	SAR, averaged over 1 g		
Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Power (dBm)			Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
WCDMA FDD II 1900MHz	1852.4	23.7	No Hoslter, back side 15mm away	21.9	0.68	0.04	0.68
	1880.0	23.2	No Hoslter, back side 15mm away	21.9	0.79	-0.28	0.84
	1907.6	23.9	No Hoslter, back side 15mm away	21.9	0.94	-0.03	0.94
	1907.6	23.9	Vertical Holster, back side facing	22.0	0.59	-0.06	0.59
	1907.6	23.9	No Hoslter, front side 15mm away	22.1	0.54	0.02	0.54
	1907.6	23.9	No Holster, HS#2, back side 15 mm away	22.1	0.88	-0.18	0.88

Table 11.2.4. RDM71UW SAR results for WCDMA band II body-worn configurations

					SAR, averaged over 1 g		
Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Holster type / device configuration	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
	2462	18.4	No Hoslter, back side 15mm away	22.5	0.06	-0.21	0.06
	2462	18.4	Vertical Holster, back side facing	22.6	0.07	-0.01	0.07
802.11b/ WLAN	2462	18.4	Vertical Holster, front side facing	22.6	0.05	0.14	0.05
2450 MHz	2462	18.4	No Holster, HS#1, back side 15 mm away	22.6	0.05	-0.12	0.05
	2462	18.4	No Holster, HS#2, back side 15 mm away	22.8	0.04	-0.32	0.04
	2462	18.4	No Holster, HS#3, back side 15 mm away	22.4	0.04	-0.12	0.04

Table 11.2.5. RDM71UW SAR results for 802.11b/WLAN 2450 MHz body-worn configurations



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					SAR, averaged over 1 g		
Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Holster type / device configuration	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	*Extrapolated (W/kg)
	1712.4	23.8	No Holster, back side 15mm away	22.5	1.05	0.27	1.05
	1732.6	24.0	No Holster, back side 15mm away	22.6	0.88	-0.09	0.88
WCDMA FDD IV	1752.6	23.6	No Holster, back side 15mm away	22.5	1.09	-0.07	1.09
1700 MHz	1732.6	24.0	No Holster, front side 15mm away	22.5	0.53	-0.15	0.53
	1732.6	24.0	Vertical Holster, back side facing	22.5	0.57	0.09	0.57
	1732.6	24.0	No Holster, HS, back side 15mm away	22.6	0.70	-0.17	0.70

Table 11.2.6. REN71UW SAR results for WCDMA band IV body-worn configurations



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