

<b>RTS</b> RIM Testing Services	Document SAR Compliance Test Report for the BlackBerry Wireless Handheld Model RBA41GW / RBA42GW / RBA43GW		Page 1(25)
	Author Data <b>Daoud Attayi</b>	Dates of Test <b>March 03-16, April 10-11, 2006</b>	Test Report No <b>RTS-0279-0603-03</b>
		FCC ID: <b>L6ARBA40GW</b>	




## SAR Compliance Test Report

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**Statement of Compliance:** RIM Testing Services declares under its sole responsibility that the product to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate RF exposure standards, recommendations and guidelines. It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices.

**Device Category:** This wireless handheld is a portable device, designed to be used in direct contact with the user's head, hand and to be carried in approved accessories when carried on the user's body.

**RF exposure environment:** This wireless portable device has been shown to be in compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01), FCC 96-326, IEEE Std. C95.1-1999, Health Canada's Safety Code 6, and reproduced in RSS-102, issue 2 – 2005 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01), ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.3-1991, IEEE 1528-2003 and Health Canada's Safety Code 6.

Tested and documented by:	Signatures	Date
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<b>Approved by:</b>  Paul G. Cardinal, Ph.D. Manager		12-Apr-2006

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APPENDIX A: SAR DISTRIBUTION COMPARISON FOR ACCURACY VERIFICATION

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APPENDIX C: SAR DISTRIBUTION PLOTS - BODY-WORN CONFIGURATION

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## 1.0 OPERATING CONFIGURATIONS AND TEST CONDITIONS

### 1.1 Picture of Handheld



Figure 1. BlackBerry Wireless Handheld\_RBA41GW (left), RBA42GW (right)

All variants are identical except slightly cosmetic difference. RBA42GW and RBA43GW are identical except for colour difference.

### 1.2 Antenna description

<b>Type</b>	Internal fixed antenna
<b>Location</b>	Back bottom centre
<b>Configuration</b>	Internal fixed antenna

Table 1. Antenna description

### 1.3 Handheld description

<b>Handheld Model</b>	RBA41GW / RBA42GW / RBA43GW		
<b>FCC ID</b>	L6ARBA40GW		
<b>PIN</b>	203F280E (LCD1), 2040F601 (LCD2), 2040F764 (RBA42GW)		
<b>Prototype or Production Unit</b>	Production		
<b>Mode(s) of Operation in North America</b>	GSM 850 GSM 1900	** GPRS 850 ** GPRS 1900	* Bluetooth
<b>Maximum nominal conducted RF Output Power</b>	32.5 dBm 29.5 dBm	31.0 dBm 28.0 dBm	0 dBm
<b>Tolerance in Power Setting on centre channel</b>	± 0.30 dB	± 0.30 dB	N/A
<b>Duty Cycle</b>	1:8	2:8	N/A
<b>Transmitting Frequency Range (MHz)</b>	824.2 – 848.8 1850.2 – 1909.8	824.2 – 848.8 1850.2 – 1909.8	2402-2483

Table 2. Test device description

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\* Bluetooth application is for hands-free operation with headset only. Therefore, no head SAR testing with BT on is required. Worst case body SAR with holster was tested with BT turned on as shown in the Table 16.

\*\* The GPRS operation for the BlackBerry RBA41GW is multislot class 10 with 2 timeslots uplink. Software automatically lowers power by 1 PL (Power level) when 2 timeslots are used for uplink transmission. The device can be attached to both GPRS and GSM services, using one service at a time. During voice calls or SMS, GPRS services are suspended and then resumed automatically after the call or SMS session has ended.

#### 1.4 Body worn accessories

##### Holsters

The BlackBerry Wireless Handheld has been tested with the following holsters which all contain metal components and the separation distance between the handheld and the user's body is listed in the table below. All of the holsters are designed with the intended handheld orientation being with the LCD facing the belt clip. Proper positioning is vital for protection of the LCD display, and to help maximize the battery life of the handheld. The handheld can also be placed in the holders with the backside facing the belt clip. Body SAR was evaluated with the worst-case configuration (back of handheld facing belt clip).

Number	Holster Type	Model / Part Number	Separation (mm)
1	Holster 1	HDW-08361-000	15.0
2	Holster 2	ASY-11915-001	15.0
3	Holster 3	HDW-09897-001	17.0
4	Holster 4	ASY-11930-0xx	17.0



**Figure 2. Body-worn holsters**

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## 1.5 Headsets

The BlackBerry Wireless Handheld was tested with and without with the headset model number HDW-03458-001.

## 1.6 Batteries

The BlackBerry Wireless Handheld was tested with the following Lithium Ion Batteries.

- 1) BAT-06860-003
- 2) BAT-06860-003 (Alternate)
- 3) BAT-06985-002 (Higher capacity, alternate)

## 1.7 LCDs

The BlackBerry Wireless Handhelds were tested with the following LCDs.

- 1) LCD-09151-001
- 2) LCD-09151-002 (Alternate)

## 1.8 Procedure used to establish test signal

The Handheld was put into test mode for SAR measurements by placing a voice call from a Rohde & Schwarz CMU-200 Communications Test Instrument. The power control level was set to command the handheld to transmit at full power at the specified frequency. Other parameters include: Channel type = full rate, discontinuous transmission off, frequency hopping off. For GPRS mode, the handheld was assigned 2 tx timeslot. A Rohde & Schwarz CMU-200 was used to establish a connection with the EUT's Bluetooth radio. Worst case SAR was evaluated with Bluetooth on.

## 2.0 DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

### 2.1 SAR measurement system

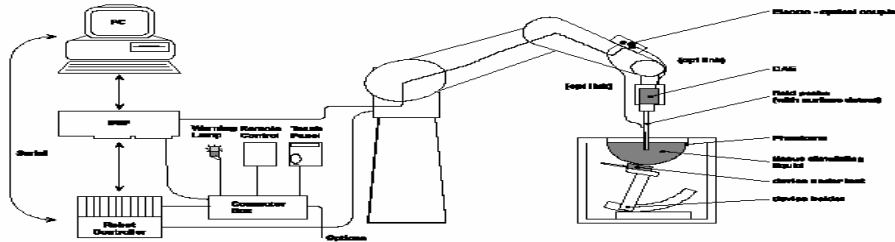
SAR measurements were performed using a Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY4), an automated SAR measurement system manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG), of Zurich, Switzerland.

The DASY 4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software.
- An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A DAE module that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, A/D conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC).
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector that is connected to the EOC.
- The EOC performs the conversion from an optical signal into the digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the PC plug-in card.

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- The functions of the PC plug-in card based on a DSP is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, surveillance of the robot operation fast movement interrupts.
- A computer operating Windows 2000.
- DASY 4 software version 4.6.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM Twin Phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes (see section 6.1).
- System validation dipoles allowing for the validation of proper functioning of the system.



**Figure 3. System Description**

### 2.1.1 Equipment List

Manufacturer	Test Equipment	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	E-field probe	ET3DV6	1644	11/11/2006
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE3)	DAE3 V1	472	12/01/2007
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Dipole Validation Kit	D835V2	446	01/07/2007
SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG	Dipole Validation Kit	D1900V2	545	01/06/2007
Agilent Technologies	Signal generator	HP 8648C	4037U03155	09/13/2007
Agilent Technologies	Power meter	E4419B	GB40202821	09/14/2006
Agilent Technologies	Power sensor	8481A	MY41095417	09/20/2006
Amplifier Research	Amplifier	5S1G4M3	300986	CNR
Agilent Technologies	Network analyzer	8753ES	US39174857	09/14/2006
Rohde & Schwarz	Base Station Simulator	CMU 200	102204	09/06/2006
Rohde & Schwarz	Base Station Simulator	CMU 200	109747	02/08/2007

**Table 3. Equipment list**

<b>RTS</b> <b>RIM Testing Services</b>	Document SAR Compliance Test Report for the BlackBerry Wireless Handheld Model RBA41GW / RBA42GW / RBA43GW		Page 8(25)
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## 2.2 Description of the test setup

Before a SAR test is conducted, the Handheld and the DASY equipment are setup as follows:

### 2.2.1 Handheld and base station simulator setup

- Power up the Handheld.
- Turn on the base station simulator and set the radio channel and power to the appropriate values.
- Connect an antenna to the RF IN/OUT of the communication test set and place it close to the Handheld.

### 2.2.2 DASY setup

- Turn the computer on and log on to Windows 2000.
- Start the DASY4 software by clicking on the icon located on the Windows desktop.
- Mount the DAE unit and the probe. Turn on the DAE unit.
- Turn the Robot Controller on by turning the main power switch to the horizontal position
- Align the probe by clicking the 'Align probe in light beam' button.
- Open a file and configure the proper parameters - probe, medium, communications system etc.
- Establish a connection between the Handheld and the communications test instrument. Place the Handheld on the stand and adjust it under the phantom.
- Start SAR measurements.

## 3.0 ELECTRIC FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION

### 3.1 Probe Specifications

SAR measurements were conducted using the dosimetric probe ET3DV6, designed by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG for the measurement of SAR. The probe is constructed using the thin film technique, with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. It has a symmetrical design with triangular core, built-in optical fibre for the surface detection system and built-in shielding against static discharge. The probe is sensitive to E-fields and thus incorporates three small dipoles arranged so that the overall response is close to isotropic. The table below summarizes the technical data for the probe.



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Property	Data
Frequency range	30 MHz – 3 GHz
Linearity	$\pm 0.1$ dB
Directivity (rotation around probe axis)	$\leq \pm 0.2$ dB
Directivity (rotation normal to probe axis)	$\pm 0.4$ dB
Dynamic Range	5 mW/kg – 100 W/kg
Probe positioning repeatability	$\pm 0.2$ mm
Spatial resolution	$< 0.125$ mm <sup>3</sup>

**Table 4. Probe specifications**

### 3.2 Probe calibration and measurement errors

The probe was calibrated on November 11, 2005 with an accuracy better than  $\pm 10\%$ . The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe were tested. The probe calibration parameters are shown on Appendix D.

### 4.0 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Prior to conducting SAR measurements, the system was validated using the dipole validation kit and the flat section of the SAM phantom. A power level of 1.0W was applied to the dipole antenna. The verification results are in the table below with a comparison to reference values. Printouts are shown in Appendix A. All the measured parameters are within the allowed tolerances.

#### 4.1 System accuracy verification for Head Adjacent use

f (MHz)	Limits / Measured	SAR (W/kg) 1 g / 10 g	Dielectric Parameters		Liquid Temp (°C)
			$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ [S/m]	
835	Measured (03/03/2006)	8.29 / 5.36	41.7	0.86	23.1
	Measured (03/06/2006)	8.40 / 5.44	40.7	0.87	24.0
	Measured (03/14/2006)	9.58 / 6.22	42.6	0.91	23.8
	Measured (04/10/2006)	9.89 / 6.40	43.6	0.93	22.8
	Recommended Limits	9.10 / 5.9	41.5	0.90	N/A
1900	Measured (03/09/2006)	37.6 / 19.9	38.8	1.40	23.8
	Measured (03/13/2006)	38.5 / 20.3	38.4	1.43	24.0
	Recommended Limits	39.5 / 20.7	40.0	1.40	N/A

**Table 5. System accuracy (Validation for Head Adjacent use)**

<b>RTS</b> <b>RIM Testing Services</b>	Document SAR Compliance Test Report for the BlackBerry Wireless Handheld Model RBA41GW / RBA42GW / RBA43GW		Page 10(25)
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## 5.0 PHANTOM DESCRIPTION

The SAM Twin Phantom, manufactured by SPEAG, was used during the SAR measurements. The phantom is made of a fibreglass shell integrated with a wooden table.

The SAM Twin Phantom is a fibreglass shell phantom with 2 mm shell thickness. It has three measurement areas:

- Left side head
- Right side head
- Flat phantom

The phantom table dimensions are: 100x50x85 cm (LxWxH). The table is intended for use with freestanding robots.

The bottom shelf contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder in place. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different solutions).

A white cover is provided to top the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on the cover are possible; however the optical surface detector does not work properly at the cover surface. Place a sheet of white paper on the cover when using optical surface detection.

Liquid depth of  $\geq 15$  cm is maintained in the phantom for all the measurements.



**Figure 4. SAM Twin Phantom**

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## 6.0 TISSUE DIELECTRIC PROPERTIES

### 6.1 Composition of tissue simulant

The composition of the brain and muscle simulating liquids for 800-900 MHz and 1800-1900 MHz are shown in the table below.

INGREDIENT	MIXTURE 800-900MHz		MIXTURE 1800-1900MHz	
	Brain %	Muscle %	Brain %	Muscle %
Water	51.07	65.45	54.88	69.91
Sugar	47.31	34.31	0	0
Salt	1.15	0.62	0.21	0.13
HEC	0.23	0	0	0
Bactericide	0.24	0.10	0	0
DGBE	0	0	44.91	29.96

**Table 6. Tissue simulant recipe**

#### 6.1.1 Equipment

Manufacturer	Test Equipment	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date
Pyrex, England	Graduated Cylinder	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pyrex, USA	Beaker	N/A	N/A	N/A
Acculab	Weight Scale	V1-1200	018WB2003	N/A
Control Company	Digital Thermometer	15-077-21	51129471	05/20/2007
IKA Works Inc.	Hot Plate	RC Basic	3.107433	N/A

**Table 7. Tissue simulant preparation equipment**

#### 6.1.2 Preparation procedure

##### 800-900 MHz liquids

- Fill the container with **water**. Begin heating and stirring.
- Add the **Cellulose**, the **preservative substance** and the **salt**. After several hours, the liquid will become more transparent again. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Add **Sugar**. Stir it well until the sugar is sufficiently dissolved.
- Keep the liquid hot but below the boiling point for at least an hour. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Remove the container from, and turn the hotplate off and allow the liquid to cool off to room temperature prior to performing dielectric measurements.

##### 1800-1900 MHz liquid

- Fill the container with **water**. Begin heating and stirring.

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- Add the **salt** and **Glycol**. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Keep the liquid hot but below the boiling point for at least an hour. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Remove the container from, and turn the hotplate off and allow the liquid to cool off to room temperature prior to performing dielectric measurements.

## 6.2 Electrical parameters of the tissue simulating liquid

The tissue dielectric parameters shall be measured before a batch can be used for SAR measurements to ensure that the simulated tissue was properly made and will simulate the desired human characteristic. Limits and measured electrical parameters are shown in the table below.

Recommended limits are adopted from IEEE P1528-2003:

“Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, SPEAG dipole calibration certificates and from FCC Tissue Dielectric Properties web page at <http://www.fcc.gov/fcc-bin/dielec.sh>

f (MHz)	Tissue Type	Limits / Measured	Dielectric Parameters		Liquid Temp (°C)
			$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ [S/m]	
835	Head	Measured (03/03/2006)	41.7	0.86	23.1
		Measured (03/06/2006)	40.7	0.87	24.0
		Measured (03/14/2006)	42.6	0.91	23.8
		Measured (04/10/2006)	43.6	0.93	22.8
		Recommended Limits	41.5	0.90	N/A
	Muscle	Measured (03/06/2006)	52.5	0.95	23.0
		Measured (03/15/2006)	53.4	0.97	23.0
		Measured (04/10/2006)	52.8	0.94	22.8
	Recommended Limits	55.2	0.97	N/A	
1900	Head	Measured (03/09/2006)	38.8	1.40	23.8
		Measured (03/13/2006)	38.4	1.43	24.0
		Recommended Limits	40.0	1.40	N/A
	Muscle	Measured (03/13/2006)	51.1	1.53	24.1
		Recommended Limits	53.3	1.52	N/A

**Table 8. Electrical parameters of tissue simulating liquid**

### 6.2.1 Equipment

Manufacturer	Test Equipment	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date
Agilent Technologies	Network Analyzer	8753ES	US39174857	09/14/2006
Agilent Technologies	Dielectric probe kit	HP 85070C	US9936135	CNR
Control Company	Digital Thermometer	15-077-21	51129471	05/20/2007

**Table 9. Equipment required for electrical parameter measurements**

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## 6.2.2 Test Configuration

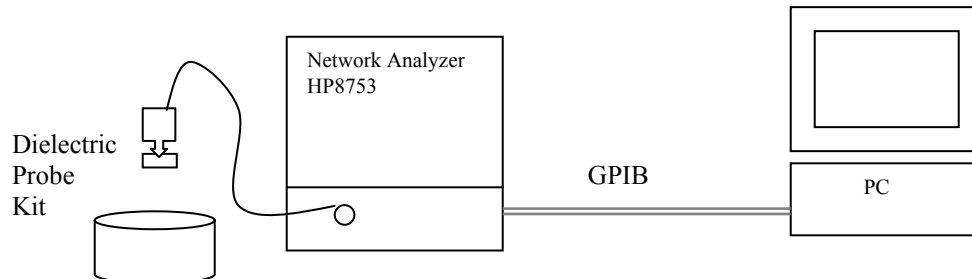


Figure 5. Test configuration

## 6.2.3 Procedure

1. Turn NWA on and allow at least 30 minutes for warm up.
2. Mount dielectric probe kit so that interconnecting cable to NWA will not be moved during measurements or calibration.
3. Pour de-ionized water and measure water temperature ( $\pm 1^\circ$ ).
4. Set water temperature in HP-Software (Calibration Setup).
5. Perform calibration.
6. Relative permittivity  $\epsilon_r = \epsilon'$  and conductivity can be calculated from  $\epsilon''$   

$$\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 \epsilon''$$
7. Measure liquid shortly after calibration.
8. Stir the liquid to be measured. Take a sample (~50ml) with a syringe from the center of the liquid container.
9. Pour the liquid into a small glass flask. Hold the syringe at the bottom of the flask to avoid air bubbles.
10. Put the dielectric probe in the glass flask. Check that there are no air bubbles in front of the opening in the dielectric probe kit.
11. Perform measurements.
12. Adjust medium parameters in DASY4 for the frequencies necessary for the measurements ('Setup Config', select medium (e.g. Head 835 MHz) and press 'Option'-button.
13. Select the current medium for the frequency of the validation (e.g. Setup Medium Brain 835 MHz).

Sample calculation for 835 MHz head tissue dielectric parameters using data from Table 10.

Relative permittivity  $\epsilon_r = \epsilon' = 41.66$

Conductivity  $\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 \epsilon'' = (2\pi \times 835 \times 10^6)(8.854 \times 10^{-12})(18.47) = 0.86 \text{ S/m}$

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**Title**  
**SubTitle**  
March 03, 2006 10:21 AM

**Title**  
**SubTitle**  
March 03, 2006 11:59 AM

Frequency	e'	e''	Frequency	e'	e''
800.000000 MHz	42.0400	18.5825	800.000000 MHz	52.8146	20.4256
805.000000 MHz	41.9969	18.5956	805.000000 MHz	52.7689	20.4194
810.000000 MHz	41.9283	18.5512	810.000000 MHz	52.7222	20.3912
815.000000 MHz	41.8801	18.5391	815.000000 MHz	52.6550	20.3649
820.000000 MHz	41.8414	18.5194	820.000000 MHz	52.5974	20.3468
825.000000 MHz	41.8020	18.4947	825.000000 MHz	52.5494	20.3530
830.000000 MHz	41.7369	18.4881	830.000000 MHz	52.5057	20.3523
<b>835.000000 MHz</b>	<b>41.6604</b>	<b>18.4744</b>	<b>835.000000 MHz</b>	<b>52.4726</b>	<b>20.3478</b>
840.000000 MHz	41.6042	18.4554	840.000000 MHz	52.3846	20.3085
845.000000 MHz	41.5545	18.4556	845.000000 MHz	52.3432	20.2749
850.000000 MHz	41.4947	18.4174	850.000000 MHz	52.2851	20.3122
855.000000 MHz	41.4481	18.3863	855.000000 MHz	52.2808	20.2869
860.000000 MHz	41.3887	18.3797	860.000000 MHz	52.2183	20.2615
865.000000 MHz	41.3182	18.3663	865.000000 MHz	52.1613	20.2770
870.000000 MHz	41.2554	18.3409	870.000000 MHz	52.1031	20.2717
875.000000 MHz	41.1961	18.3249	875.000000 MHz	52.0748	20.2872
880.000000 MHz	41.1378	18.3090	880.000000 MHz	52.0394	20.2526
885.000000 MHz	41.0950	18.3088	885.000000 MHz	51.9887	20.2868
890.000000 MHz	41.0373	18.3230	890.000000 MHz	51.9641	20.2902
895.000000 MHz	41.0098	18.2689	895.000000 MHz	51.9192	20.2648
900.000000 MHz	40.9506	18.2887	900.000000 MHz	51.9063	20.2534

**Head**

**Muscle**

**Table 10. 835 MHz head and muscle tissue dielectric parameters**

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Title			Title		
SubTitle			SubTitle		
March 03, 2006 02:15 PM			March 13, 2006 04:37 PM		
Frequency	e'	e''	Frequency	e'	e''
1.800000000 GHz	39.1794	12.9216	1.800000000 GHz	51.3755	14.2493
1.805000000 GHz	39.1508	12.9296	1.805000000 GHz	51.3685	14.2621
1.810000000 GHz	39.1383	12.9339	1.810000000 GHz	51.3621	14.2922
1.815000000 GHz	39.1134	12.9518	1.815000000 GHz	51.3340	14.3084
1.820000000 GHz	39.0996	12.9629	1.820000000 GHz	51.3142	14.3000
1.825000000 GHz	39.0882	12.9577	1.825000000 GHz	51.3024	14.3133
1.830000000 GHz	39.0776	12.9879	1.830000000 GHz	51.2819	14.3411
1.835000000 GHz	39.0718	12.9912	1.835000000 GHz	51.2783	14.3547
1.840000000 GHz	39.0602	13.0039	1.840000000 GHz	51.2598	14.3668
1.845000000 GHz	39.0338	13.0019	1.845000000 GHz	51.2345	14.3705
1.850000000 GHz	39.0236	13.0257	1.850000000 GHz	51.2235	14.3904
1.855000000 GHz	39.0021	13.0357	1.855000000 GHz	51.2088	14.3888
1.860000000 GHz	38.9773	13.0684	1.860000000 GHz	51.1795	14.4068
1.865000000 GHz	38.9577	13.0802	1.865000000 GHz	51.1776	14.4192
1.870000000 GHz	38.9447	13.0879	1.870000000 GHz	51.1535	14.4505
1.875000000 GHz	38.9417	13.1161	1.875000000 GHz	51.1399	14.4482
1.880000000 GHz	38.9115	13.1285	1.880000000 GHz	51.1174	14.4678
1.885000000 GHz	38.8941	13.1419	1.885000000 GHz	51.1060	14.4672
1.890000000 GHz	38.8740	13.1600	1.890000000 GHz	51.0878	14.4867
1.895000000 GHz	38.8427	13.1644	1.895000000 GHz	51.0642	14.5076
1.900000000 GHz	38.8289	13.1962	1.900000000 GHz	51.0639	14.4939
1.905000000 GHz	38.8084	13.2029	1.905000000 GHz	51.0367	14.5216
1.910000000 GHz	38.7866	13.2162	1.910000000 GHz	51.0221	14.5312
1.915000000 GHz	38.7781	13.2270	1.915000000 GHz	51.0028	14.5627
1.920000000 GHz	38.7689	13.2501	1.920000000 GHz	51.0044	14.5616

Head

Muscle

Table 11. 1900 MHz head and muscle tissue dielectric parameters

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## 7.0 SAR SAFETY LIMITS

Standards/Guideline	Localized SAR Limit (W/kg) General public (uncontrolled)	Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) Workers (controlled)
ICNIRP (1998) Standard	2.0 (10g)	10.0 (10g)
IEEE C95.1 (1999) Standard	1.6 (1g)	8.0 (1g)

**Table 12. SAR safety limits for Controlled / Uncontrolled environment**

Human Exposure	Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) 10g, ICNIRP (1998) Standard	Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) 1g, IEEE C95.1 (1999) Standard
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.08
Spatial Peak (averaged over any X g of tissue)	2.00	1.60
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.00	4.00 (10g)

**Table 13. SAR safety limits**

**Uncontrolled Environments** are defined as locations where there is exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

**Controlled Environments** are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

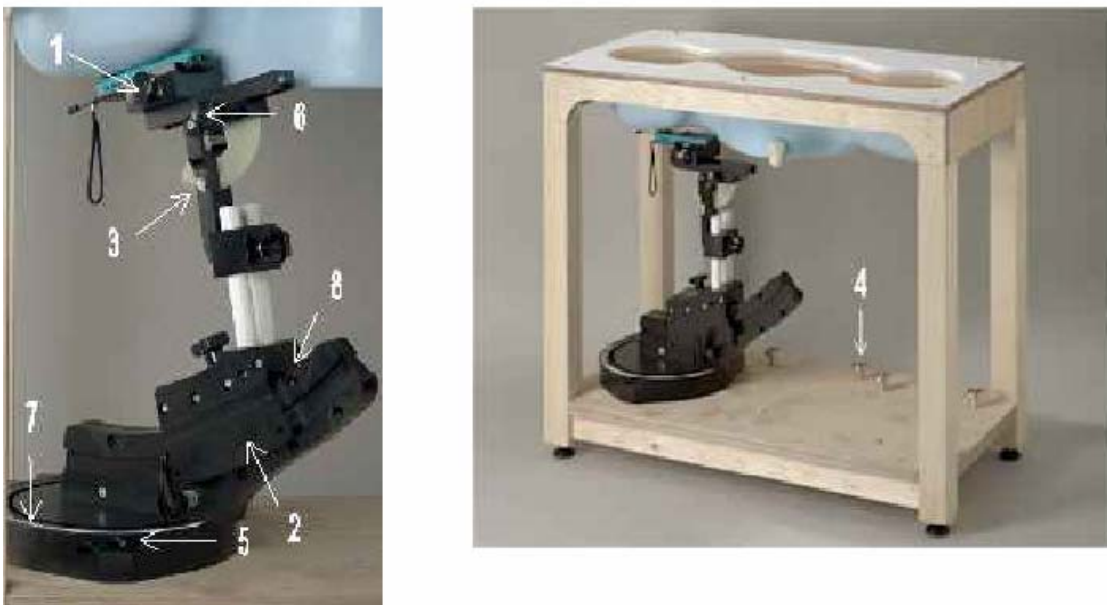


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## 8.0 DEVICE POSITIONING

### 8.1 Device holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The Handheld was positioned for all test configurations using the DASY4 holder. The device holder facilitates the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately and with repeatability positioned according to FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



**Figure 6. Device Holder**

1. Put the phone in the clamp mechanism (1) and hold it straight while tightening. (Curved phones or phones with asymmetrical ear pieces should be positioned so that the earpiece is in the symmetry plane of the clamp).
2. Adjust the sliding carriage (2) to 90°. Then adjust the phone holder angle (3) until the reference line of the phone is horizontal (parallel to the flat phantom bottom). The phone reference line is defined as the front tangential line between the earpiece and the center of the device bottom (or the center of the flip hinge). For devices with parallel front and backsides, the phone holder angle (3) is 0°.
3. Place the device holder at the desired phantom section and move it securely against the positioning pins (4). The screw in front of the turning plate can be applied for correct positioning (5). (Do not tighten it too strongly).
4. Shift the phone clamp (6) so that the earpiece is exactly below the ear marking of the phantom. The phone is now correctly positioned in the holder for all standard phantom measurements, even after changing the phantom or phantom section.

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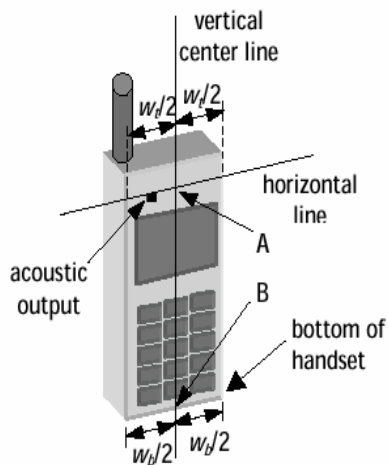
5. Adjust the device position angles to the desired measurement position.
6. After fixing the device angles, move the phone fixture up until the phone touches the ear marking. (The point of contact depends on the design of the device and the positioning angle).

## 8.2 Description of the test positioning

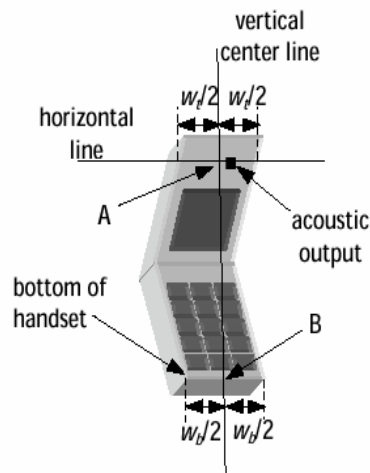
### 8.2.1 Test Positions of Device Relative to Head

The handset was tested in two test positions against the head phantom, the “cheek” position and the “tilted” position, on both left and right sides of the phantom.

The handset was tested in the above positions according to IEEE 1528- 2003 “Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques”.



**Figure 7a. Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines – fixed case**

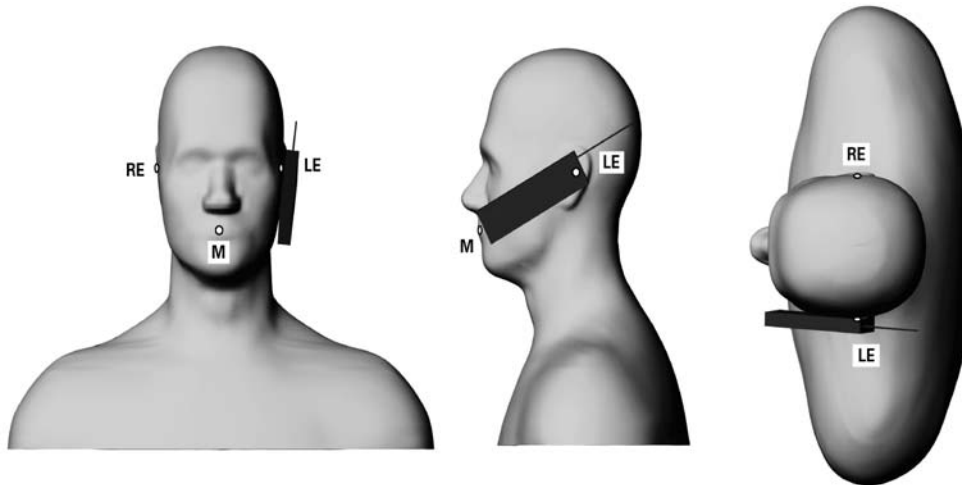


**Figure 7b. Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines – “clam-shell”**

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### 8.2.1.1 Definition of the “cheek” position

- 1) Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece, open the cover.
- 2) Define two imaginary lines on the handset: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width  $w_t$  of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A on Figures 7a and 7b), and the midpoint of the width  $w_b$  of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 7a). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output. However, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 7b), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip pieces, and other irregularly shaped handsets.
- 3) Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 7), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal center line is in a plane approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 4) Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the handset touches the ear.
- 5) While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is the plane normal to MB (“mouth-back”) - NF (“neck-front”) including the line MB (reference plane).
- 6) Rotate the phone around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
- 7) While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, rotate the handset about the line NF until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek).

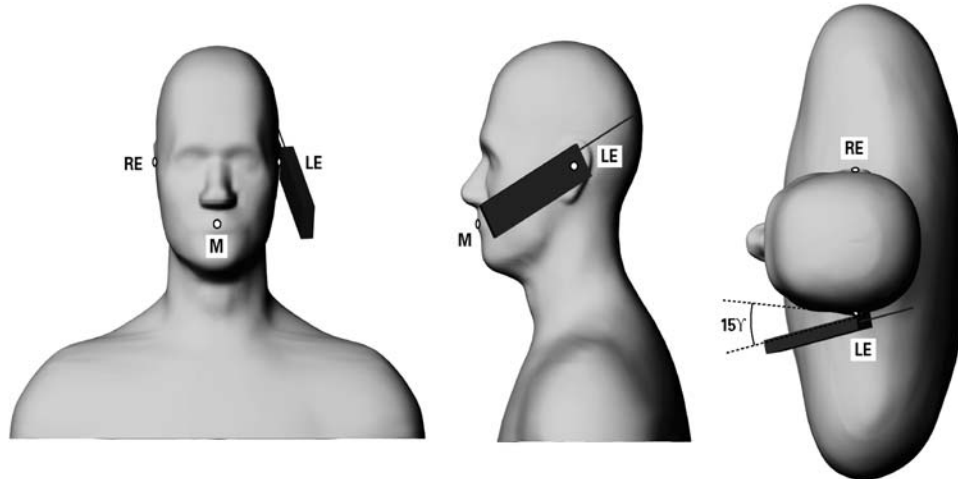


**Figure 8. Phone position 1, “cheek” or “touch” position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning, are indicated. The shoulders are shown for illustration purposes only.**

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### 8.2.1.2 Definition of the “Tilted” Position

- 1) Repeat steps 1 to 7 of 5.4.1 (in this report 8.2.1.1) to replace the device in the “cheek position.”
- 2) While maintaining the device in the reference plane (described above) and pivoting against the ear, move the device outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees, or until the antenna touches the phantom.



**Figure 9. Phone position 2, “tilted position.”** The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning, are indicated. The shoulders are shown for illustration purposes only.

### 8.2.2 Body Holster Configuration

A body worn holster, as shown on Figure 2, was tested with the Wireless Handheld for FCC RF exposure compliance. The EUT was positioned in the holster case and the belt clip was placed against the flat section of the phantom. A headset was then connected to the handheld to simulate hands-free operation in a body worn holster configuration.

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## 9.0 HIGH LEVEL EVALUATION

### 9.1 Maximum search

The maximum search is automatically performed after each coarse scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the coarse scan measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations.

### 9.2 Extrapolation

The extrapolation can be used in z-axis scans with automatic surface detection. The SAR values can be extrapolated to the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is the sum of the probe sensor offset, the surface detection distance and the grid offset. The extrapolation is based on fourth order polynomial functions. The extrapolation is only available for SAR values.

### 9.3 Boundary correction

The correction of the probe boundary effect in the vicinity of the phantom surface is done in the standard (worst case) evaluation; the boundary effect is reduced by different weights for the lowest measured points in the extrapolation routine. The result is a slight overestimation of the extrapolated SAR values (2% to 8%) depending on the SAR distribution and gradient. The advanced evaluation makes a full compensation of the boundary effect before doing the extrapolation. This is only possible for probes with specifications on the boundary effect.

### 9.4 Peak search for 1g and 10g cube averaged SAR

The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 7x7x7 scan. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements.

The measured volume of 30x30x30mm mm with 5mm resolution amounts to 343 measurement points. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. Boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume in a 1mm grid. In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is then moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. This last procedure is repeated for a 10 g cube. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.

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## 10.0 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

<b>DASY4 Uncertainty Budget</b> <b>According to IEEE P1528 [1]</b>								
Error Description	Uncertainty value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	( $c_i$ ) 1g	( $c_i$ ) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	( $v_i$ ) $v_{eff}$
<b>Measurement System</b>								
Probe Calibration	±4.8%	N	1	1	1	±4.8%	±4.8%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Readout Electronics	±1.0%	N	1	1	1	±1.0%	±1.0%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	√3	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
<b>Test Sample Related</b>								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
<b>Phantom and Setup</b>								
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	±5.0%	R	√3	0.64	0.43	±1.8%	±1.2%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.64	0.43	±1.6%	±1.1%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	±5.0%	R	√3	0.6	0.49	±1.7%	±1.4%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5%	±1.2%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±10.3%	±10.0%	330
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±20.6%	±20.1%	

Table 14. Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY4 assessed according to IEEE P1528.  
Source: Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

[1] The budget is valid for the frequency range 300MHz - 3 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerably smaller.

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## 11.0 TEST RESULTS

### 11.1 SAR Measurement results at highest power measured against the head

Mode	f (MHz)	Cond. Output Power (dBm)	LCD, Battery #, variant	SAR, averaged over 1 g (W/kg)			SAR, averaged over 1 g (W/kg)		
				Left-hand			Right-hand		
				Liquid Temp (°C)	Cheek	Tilted	Liquid Temp (°C)	Cheek	Tilted
GSM 850	824.2	32.50	1,1,1	23.3	0.73		23.0	0.72	
	* 836.8	32.40	1,1,1	23.1	0.81	0.48	22.9	0.85	0.44
	848.8	32.50	1,1,1	23.0	0.83		23.1	0.89	
	848.8		1,2,1				22.7	1.00	
	848.8		1,1,2	23.0	0.83		23.0	<b>1.09</b>	
GSM 1900	1850.2	29.80	1,1,1						
	* 1880.0	29.70	1,1,1	23.8	0.58	0.31	23.9	0.68	0.33
	1909.8	29.40	1,1,1						

**Table 15. SAR results for head configuration**

\* Supplement C: Middle channel testing is sufficient only if SAR < 3dB below limit see PN 02-1438

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		FCC ID: L6ARBA40GW	

**11.2 SAR measurement results at 2 timeslots uplink measured against the body using accessories.**

Mode	f (MHz)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Liquid Temp (°C)	Holster #, handheld configuration	LCD, Battery, variant #	Body SAR, averaged over 1 g (W/kg)
GPRS 850	824.2	31.10	23.3	1, back side facing the phantom	1, 1,1	1.28
	836.8	31.20	23.5	1, back side facing the phantom	1, 1,1	1.23
	848.8	31.20	23.5	1, back side facing the phantom	1, 1,1	1.16
	836.8		23.5	1, front side facing the phantom	1, 1,1	1.13
	824.2		23.1	2, back side facing the phantom	1, 1,1	0.75
	824.2		23.5	3, back side facing the phantom	1, 1,1	0.98
	824.2		23.2	4, back side facing the phantom	1, 1,1	0.92
	824.2		23.4	1, back side facing the phantom	1, 2,1	<b>1.31</b>
	824.2		23.0	1, back side facing the phantom	2, 2,1	1.22
	824.2		23.1	1, back side facing the phantom	1, 1, 2	1.31
	824.2		23.3	1, back side facing the phantom	1, 3,1	1.13
	824.2		23.2	1, back side facing the phantom BT ON, Headset connected	1, 2,1	1.12
	824.2		23.5	No holster, back side 15 mm away from the flat phantom	1, 2,1	0.96
GPRS 1900	1850.2	28.30	23.2	1, back side facing the phantom	1, 1,1	1.09
	1880.0	28.10	23.1	1, back side facing the phantom	1, 1,1	1.07
	1909.8	28.00	23.0	1, back side facing the phantom	1, 1,1	1.06
	1880.0		23.2	1, front side facing the phantom	1, 1,1	0.90
	1850.2		23.1	2, back side facing the phantom	1, 1,1	0.53
	1850.2		23.0	3, back side facing the phantom	1, 1,1	0.46
	1850.2		23.1	4, back side facing the phantom	1, 1,1	0.47
	1850.2		23.2	1, back side facing the phantom; BT ON; Headset connected	1, 1,1	0.83
	1850.2		23.0	No holster, back side 15 mm away from the flat phantom	1, 1,1	0.47

**Table 16. SAR results for body-worn configurations**

\* Supplement C: Middle channel testing is sufficient only if SAR < 3dB below limit see PN 02-1438



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## 12.0 REFERENCES

- [1] IEEE 1528-2003: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.
- [2] EN 50360: 2001, Product standard to demonstrate the compliance of mobile phones with the basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields (300 MHz – 3 GHz)
- [3] EN 50361: 2001, Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz – 3 GHz)
- [4] ICNIRP, International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (1998), Guidelines for limiting exposure in time-varying electric, magnetic, and electromagnetic fields (up to 300 GHz).
- [5] Council Recommendation 1999/519/EC of July 1999 on the limitation of exposure of the general public to electromagnetic fields (0 Hz to 300 GHz)
- [6] IEEE C95.3-1991, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields – RF and Microwave.
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