

The University of Michigan
Radiation Laboratory
3228 EECS Building
Ann Arbor, MI 48109-2122
Tel: (734) 647-1792

Measured Radio Frequency Emissions
From

**Yazaki 2001 NGV RKE
Transmitter**

Report No. 415031-047
June 2, 2000

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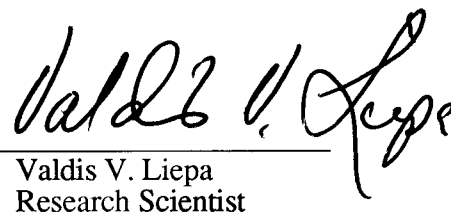
For:
Yazaki North America, Inc.
6801 Haggerty Rd.
Canton, Michigan

Contact:
Cal Dawson
Tel: (734) 983-2476
Fax: (734) 983-2477
PO: RD-00-D-719

Measurements made by:

Elliott Smith
Joseph Brunett

Tests supervised by:
Report approved by:


Valdis V. Liepa
Research Scientist

Summary

Tests for compliance with FCC Regulations, Part 15, Subpart C, and for compliance with Industry Canada RSS-210, were performed on Yazaki 2001 NGV RKE transmitter. This device is subject to the Rules and Regulations as a transmitter and as a digital device.

In testing performed May 1st, 9th, and June 2nd, 2000, the device tested in the worst case met the allowed specifications for radiated emissions by 4.2 dB at fundamental and by 6.9 dB at harmonics (see p. 7). Besides harmonics, there were no other significant spurious emissions found; emissions from digital circuitry were negligible. The line conducted emission tests do not apply, since the device is powered by one 3 V battery.

1. Introduction

Yazaki 2001 NGV RKE transmitter, was tested for compliance with FCC Regulations, Part 15, adopted under Docket 87-389, April 18, 1989, and with Industry Canada RSS-210, Issue 2, dated February 14, 1998. The tests were performed at the University of Michigan Radiation Laboratory Willow Run Test Range following the procedures described in ANSI C63.4-1992 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz". The Site description and attenuation characteristics of the Open Site facility are on file with FCC Laboratory, Columbia, Maryland. (FCC file 31040/SIT) and with Industry Canada, Ottawa, ON (File Ref. No: IC2057).

2. Test Procedure and Equipment Used

The test equipment commonly used in our facility is listed in Table 2.1 below. The second column identifies the specific equipment used in these tests. The HP 8593E spectrum analyzer is used for primary amplitude and frequency reference.

Table 2.1. Test Equipment.

| Test Instrument | Equipment Used | Manufacturer/Model | Cal. Date/By |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|---|-----------------------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer (9kHz-22GHz) | X | Hewlett-Packard 8593A SN: 3107A01358 | October 1999/UM |
| Spectrum Analyzer (9kHz-26GHz) | X | Hewlett-Packard 8593E SN: 3107A01131 | September 1999/HP |
| Spectrum Analyzer (0.1-1500 MHz) | | Hewlett-Packard 182T/8558B SN: 1529A01114/543592 | October 1999/U of M Rad Lab |
| Preamplifier (5-1000MHz) | X | Watkins-Johnson A11 -1 plus A25-1S | October 1999/U of M Rad Lab |
| Preamplifier (5-4000 MHz) | X | Avantek | Oct. 1999/ U of M Rad Lab |
| Broadband Bicone (20-200 MHz) | X | University of Michigan | June 1996/U of M Rad Lab |
| Broadband Bicone (200-1000 MHz) | | University of Michigan | June 1996/U of M Rad Lab |
| Dipole Antenna Set (25-1000 MHz) | X | University of Michigan | Dec. 1997/U of M Rad Lab |
| Dipole Antenna Set (30-1000 MHz) | | EMCO 3121C SN: 992 | June 1996/U of M Rad Lab |
| Active Loop Antenna (0.090-30MHz) | | EMCO 6502 SN: 2855 | December 1993/ EMCO |
| Active Rod (30Hz-50 MHz) | | EMCO 3301B SN: 3223 | December 1993/EMCO |
| Ridge-horn Antenna (0.5-5 GHz) | X | University of Michigan | March 1999/U of M Rad Lab |
| LISN Box | | University of Michigan | Dec. 1997/U of M Rad Lab |
| Signal Cables | X | Assorted | January 1993/U of M Rad Lab |
| X-Y Plotter | | Hewlett-Packard 7046A | During Use/U of M Rad Lab |
| Signal Generator (0.1-990 MHz) | | Hewlett-Packard 8656A | January 1990/U of M Rad Lab |
| Printer | X | Hewlett-Packard 2225A | August 1989/HP |

3. Configuration and Identification of Device Under Test

The DUT is a peanut-shaped four-button low power transmitter designed to send identification and control signals to a companion receiver. It is activated by depressing any of the buttons. When the transmitter is activated by momentary push, it transmits one ASK encoded (repeated) words. When a button is kept depressed, it transmits up to 30 second. The emission is a pulse-width modulated code on a 315.0 MHz carrier .

The DUT was designed by Yazaki North America, Inc., EIS Department, 6801 Haggerty Rd., Canton, Michigan and manufactured by Nacom Corporation, 1495 Kalamazoo Drive, Griffin, Georgia 30233. It is identified as:

Yazaki RKE Transmitter
PN: 3544938C2
Model: 2001 NGV
FCC ID: KYPNAV01TX1
CANADA:

3.1 EMI Relevant Modifications

No modifications were made by this laboratory.

4. Emission Limits

4.1 Radiated Emission Limits

The DUT tested falls under the category of an Intentional Radiators and the Digital Devices. For FCC, it is subject to Part 15, Subpart C, (Section 15.231), Subpart B, (Section 15.109), and Subpart A, (Section 15.33). For Industry Canada it is subject to RSS-210, (Sections 6.1 and 6.3). The applicable testing frequencies with corresponding emission limits are given in Tables 4.1 and 4.2 below. As a digital device, the DUT is considered as a Class B device.

Table 4.1. Radiated Emission Limits (FCC: 15.33, 15.35, 15.109; IC: RSS-210, 6.2.2(r)).
(Digital Class B)

| Freq. (MHz) | E _{lim} (3m) μ V/m | E _{lim} dB(μ V/m) |
|-------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 30-88 | 100 | 40.0 |
| 88-216 | 150 | 43.5 |
| 216-960 | 200 | 46.0 |
| 960-2000 | 500 | 54.0 |

Note: Average readings apply above 1000 MHz (1 MHz BW)
Quasi-Peak readings apply to 1000 MHz (120 kHz BW)

Table 4.2. Radiated Emission Limits (FCC: 15.231(b), 15.205(a); IC: RSS-210; 6.1, 6.3)
Transmitter.

| Frequency (MHz) | Fundamental Ave. E_{lim} (3m) | | Spurious** Ave. E_{lim} (3m) | |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| | (μ V/m) | dB (μ V/m) | (μ V/m) | dB (μ V/m) |
| 260.0-470.0 | 3750-12500* | | 375-1250 | |
| 322-335.4 399.9-410 608-614 | Restricted Bands | | 200 | 46.0 |
| 960-1240 1300-1427 1435-1626.5 1660-1710 1718.9-1722.2 2200-2300 | Restricted Bands | | 500 | 54.0 |

* Linear interpolation, formula: $E = -7083 + 41.67 \cdot f$ (MHz)

** Measure up to tenth harmonic; 120 kHz BW up to 1 GHz, 1 MHz BW above 1 GHz

4.2 Conductive Emission Limits

The conductive emission limits and tests do not apply here, since the DUT is powered by one internal 3 V battery.

5. Radiated Emission Tests and Results

5.1 Anechoic Chamber Measurements

To familiarize with the radiated emission behavior of the DUT, the DUT was first studied and measured in a shielded anechoic chamber. In the chamber there is a set-up similar to that of an outdoor 3-meter site, with a turntable, an antenna mast, and a ground plane. Instrumentation includes spectrum analyzers and other equipment as needed.

In testing for radiated emissions, the transmitter was activated using the lock/unlock button with a special wooden clamp for repeated pulse emissions. It was placed on the test table flat, on its side, or on its end.

In the chamber we studied and recorded all the emissions using a bicone antenna up to 300 MHz and a ridged horn antenna above 200 MHz. The measurements made in the chamber below 1 GHz are used for pre-test evaluation only. The measurements made above 1 GHz are used in pre-test evaluation and in the final compliance assessment. We note that for the horn antenna, the antenna pattern is more directive and hence the measurement is essentially that of free space (no ground reflection). Consequently it is not essential to measure the DUT for both antenna polarizations, as long as the DUT is measured on all three of its major axis. In the chamber we also recorded the spectrum and modulation characteristics of the carrier. These data are presented in subsequent sections. We also note that in scanning from 30 MHz to 3.15 GHz using bicone and the ridge horn antennas, there were no other significant spurious emissions observed.

5.2 Outdoor Measurements

After the chamber measurements, the emissions were re-measured on the outdoor 3-meter site at fundamental and harmonics up to 1 GHz using tuned dipoles and/or the high frequency bicone.

Photographs in Appendix (at end of this report) show the DUT on the open in site table (OATS).

5.3 Computations and Results

To convert the dBm measured on the spectrum analyzer to dB(μ V/m), we use expression

$$E_3(\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}) = 107 + P_R + K_A - K_G + K_E$$

where P_R = power recorded on spectrum analyzer, dB, measured at 3m
 K_A = antenna factor, dB/m
 K_G = pre-amplifier gain, including cable loss, dB
 K_E = pulse operation correction factor, dB (see 6.1)

When presenting the data, at each frequency the highest measured emission under all of the possible orientations is given. Computations and results are given in Tables 5.1 and 5.2. There we see that the DUT meets the limit by 4.2 dB.

6. Other Measurements and Computations

6.1 Correction For Pulse Operation

When the transmitter is activated by momentary push, it transmits one ASK encoded word. When a button is kept depressed, it repeatedly transmits encoded word every 105 milliseconds. PWM coding is used: ones and zeros are encoded as wide and narrow pulses. This device transmits a total of 88 pulses per word, the first 12 bits transmitted consist of narrow synchronization pulses while the remaining 66 pulses are the ASK encoded words and can be either narrow or wide pulses. See Fig. 6.1 for recorded ASK pattern. The duty factor for such is

$$K_E = 12 * 0.187\text{ms} + 66 * 0.380\text{ms} = 27.3\text{ms} / 100 \text{ ms} = 0.273 \text{ or } -11.2 \text{ dB.}$$

6.2 Emission Spectrum

Using the ridge-horn antenna and DUT placed in its aperture, emission spectrum was recorded and is shown in Figure 6.2.

6.3 Bandwidth of the Emission Spectrum

The measured spectrum of the signal is shown in Figure 6.3. The allowed (-20 dB) bandwidth is 0.25% of 315 MHz, or 787.25 KHz. From the plot we see that the -20 dB bandwidth is 48.0 kHz, and the center frequency is 314.96 MHz.

6.4 Effect of Supply Voltage Variation

The DUT has been designed to be powered by 3 VDC battery. For this test, the battery was replaced by a laboratory variable power supply. Relative power radiated was measured at the fundamental as the voltage was varied from 2.0 to 4.5 volts. The emission variation is shown in Figure 6.4.

6.5 Input Voltage at Battery Terminals

Batteries: before testing $V_{oc} = 3.23 \text{ V}$
 after testing $V_{oc} = 3.11 \text{ V}$
Ave. current from batteries $I = 1.82 \text{ mA (pulsed)}$

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Table 5.1 Highest Emissions Measured

| Radiated Emission - RF | | | | | | | | | | | Yazaki 2001 NGV RKE, FCC/IC |
|------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------|--------------|------------|----------|---------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| # | Freq. MHz | Ant. Used | Ant. Pol. | Pr dBm | Det. Used | Ka dB/m | Kg dB | E3* dBμV/m | E3lim dBμV/m | Pass dB | Comments |
| 1 | 315.0 | Dip | H | -22.7 | Pk | 18.9 | 20.6 | 71.4 | 75.6 | 4.2 | flat |
| 2 | 315.0 | Dip | H | -29.5 | Pk | 18.9 | 20.6 | 64.6 | 75.6 | 11.0 | side |
| 3 | 315.0 | Dip | H | -33.2 | Pk | 18.9 | 20.6 | 60.9 | 75.6 | 14.7 | end |
| 4 | 630.0 | Dip | H | -73.2 | Pk | 25.2 | 17.2 | 30.6 | 55.6 | 25.0 | flat |
| 5 | 630.0 | Dip | V | -68.7 | Pk | 25.2 | 17.2 | 35.1 | 55.6 | 20.5 | side |
| 6 | 630.0 | Dip | V | -64.8 | Pk | 25.2 | 17.2 | 39.0 | 55.6 | 16.6 | end |
| 7 | 945.0 | Dip | V | -74.9 | Pk | 28.9 | 14.8 | 34.9 | 55.6 | 20.7 | flat |
| 8 | 945.0 | Dip | V | -71.4 | Pk | 28.9 | 14.8 | 38.4 | 55.6 | 17.2 | side |
| 9 | 945.0 | Dip | V | -69.7 | Pk | 28.9 | 14.8 | 40.1 | 55.6 | 15.5 | end |
| 10 | 1260.0 | Horn | H | -58.2 | Pk | 20.4 | 28.1 | 29.9 | 55.6 | 25.7 | end |
| 11 | 1575.0 | Horn | H | -43.0 | Pk | 21.4 | 28.2 | 46.0 | 54.0 | 8.0 | end |
| 12 | 1890.0 | Horn | H | -51.0 | Pk | 22.1 | 28.1 | 38.8 | 55.6 | 16.8 | end |
| 13 | 2205.0 | Horn | H | -59.0 | Pk | 22.9 | 27.0 | 32.7 | 54.0 | 21.3 | side |
| 14 | 2520.0 | Horn | H | -56.7 | Pk | 24.0 | 26.6 | 36.5 | 55.6 | 19.1 | side |
| 15 | 2835.0 | Horn | H | -51.8 | Pk | 24.9 | 25.4 | 43.5 | 55.6 | 12.1 | side |
| 16 | 3150.0 | Horn | H | -47.5 | Pk | 25.2 | 24.8 | 48.7 | 55.6 | 6.9 | flat |
| 17 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | | | *includes -11.2 dB duty factor | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Digital Emissions | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|---|-----------|--------------|------------|----------|---------------|-----------------|------------|----------|
| # | Freq. MHz | Ant. Used | Ant. Pol. | Pr dBm | Det. Used | Ka dB/m | Kg dB | E3* dBμV/m | E3lim dBμV/m | Pass dB | Comments |
| 1 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | Digital emissions are more than 20 dB below FCC Class B limit | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Conducted Emissions | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|------------|----------|
| # | Freq. MHz | Line Side | Det. Used | Vtest dBμV | Vlim dBμV | Pass dB | Comments |
| 1 | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | Not applicable | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | |

Meas. 05/01/00 05/09/00 06/02/00; U of Mich.

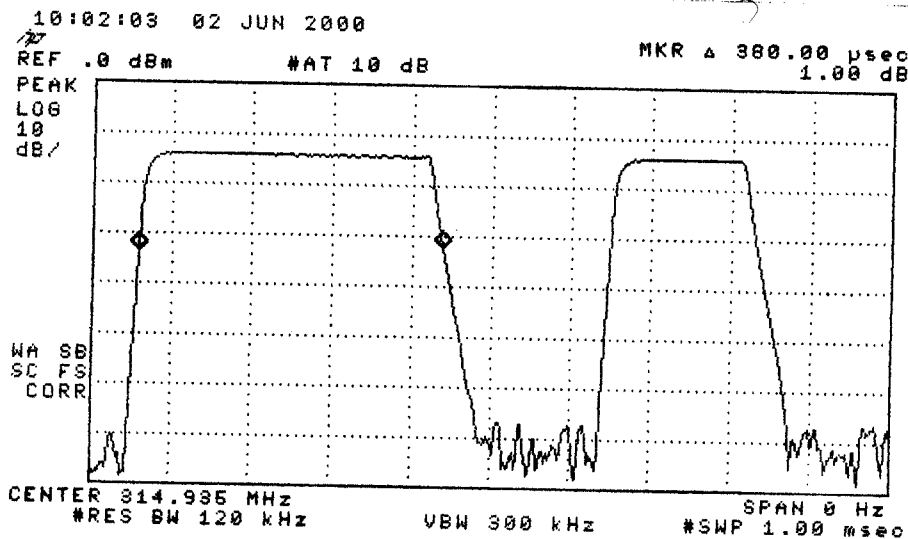
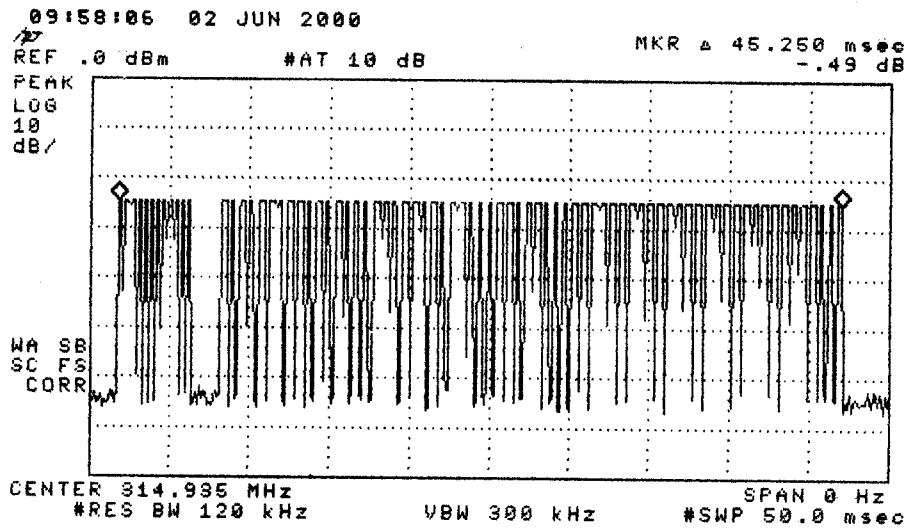
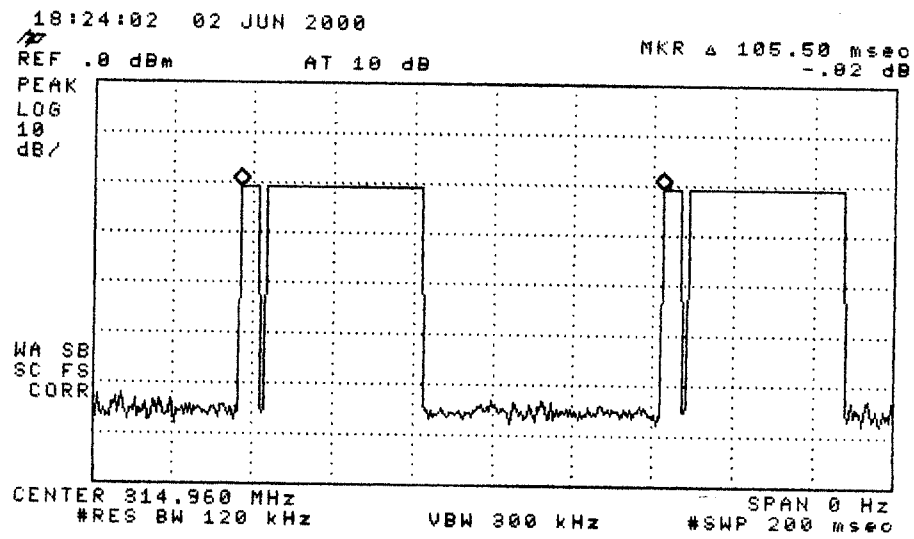


Figure 6.1. Transmissions modulation characteristics: (top) complete transmission, (center) expanded word, (bottom) expanded bits.

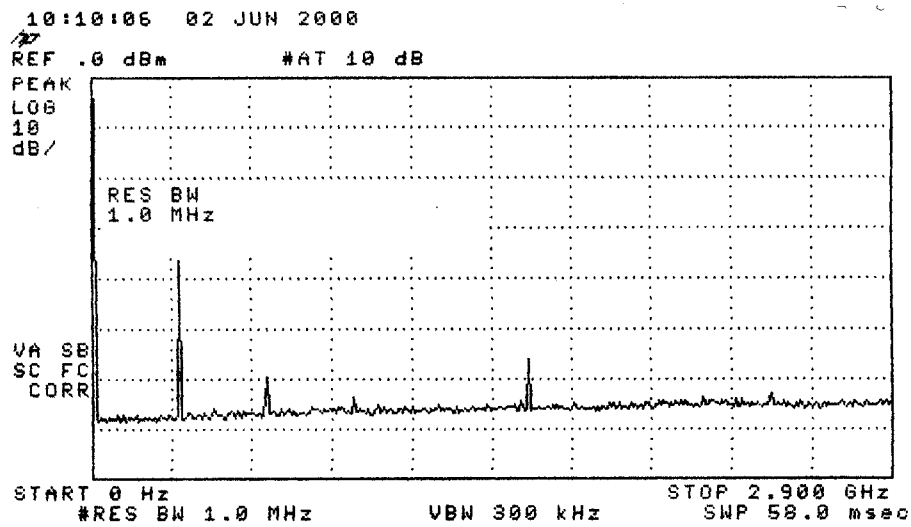


Figure 6.2. Emission spectrum of the DUT (pulsed emission).
The amplitudes are only indicative (not calibrated).

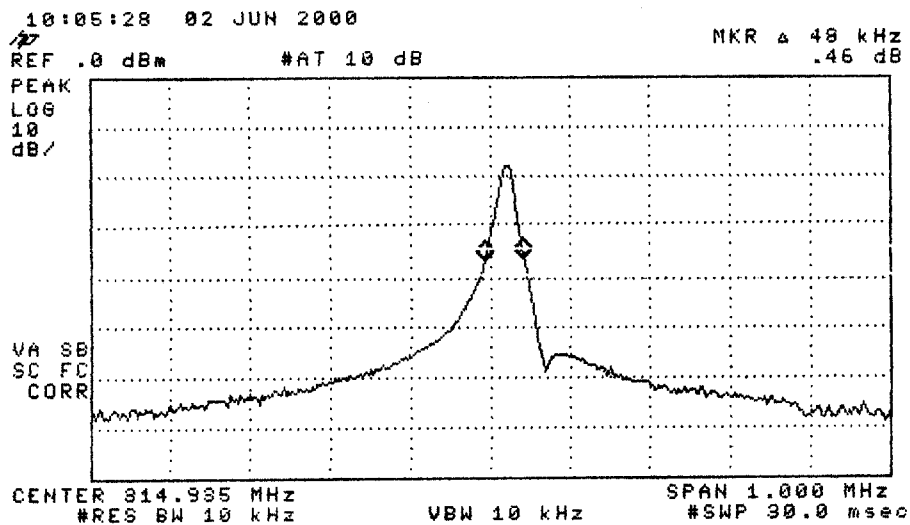


Figure 6.3. Measured bandwidth of the DUT (pulsed emission).

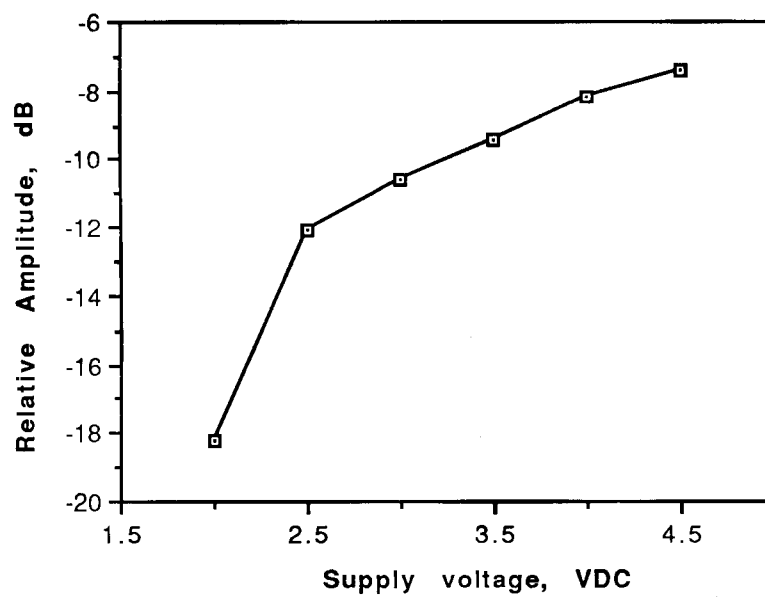


Figure 6.4. Relative emission at 315.0 MHz vs. supply voltage (pulsed emission).