



EMC Test Report

Application for Grant of Equipment Authorization pursuant to

Industry Canada RSS-Gen Issue 2 / RSS 210 Issue 7 FCC Part 15 Subpart C

Models: ST-616-001 and ST-616-031

IC CERTIFICATION #: 2404A-616T
FCC ID: KL7-616T-V1

APPLICANT: Savi Technology, Inc.
351 E. Evelyn Ave.
Mountain View, CA 94041

TEST SITE(S): Elliott Laboratories
684 W. Maude Avenue
Sunnyvale, CA 94085

IC SITE REGISTRATION #: 2845A-2

REPORT DATE: July 16, 2009

FINAL TEST DATES: July 1, July 2 and July 8, 2009

AUTHORIZED SIGNATORY:



David W. Bare
Chief Engineer
Elliott Laboratories.



Testing Cert #2016-01

Elliott Laboratories is accredited by the A2LA, certificate number 2016-01, to perform the test(s) listed in this report, except where noted otherwise. This report shall not be reproduced, except in its entirety, without the written approval of Elliott Laboratories

REVISION HISTORY

Rev#	Date	Comments	Modified By
1	July 28, 2009	First release	

TABLE OF CONTENTS

COVER PAGE	1
REVISION HISTORY	2
TABLE OF CONTENTS	3
SCOPE	5
OBJECTIVE	5
STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE	6
DEVIATIONS FROM THE STANDARDS	6
TEST RESULTS SUMMARY	7
MOMENTARILY OPERATED DEVICES – CONTROL SIGNALS.....	7
MOMENTARILY OPERATED DEVICES – DATA SIGNALS OR SIGNALS AT PREDETERMINED INTERVALS	8
GENERAL REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ALL BANDS	8
MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES.....	9
EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DETAILS	9
GENERAL.....	9
ANTENNA SYSTEM	9
ENCLOSURE.....	10
MODIFICATIONS.....	10
SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	10
EUT INTERFACE PORTS	10
EUT OPERATION	10
TEST SITE	11
GENERAL INFORMATION	11
CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS	11
RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS	11
MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION	12
RECEIVER SYSTEM	12
INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER	12
LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN).....	12
FILTERS/ATTENUATORS	13
ANTENNAS	13
ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE	13
INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION.....	13
TEST PROCEDURES	14
EUT AND CABLE PLACEMENT	14
CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	14
RADIATED EMISSIONS	14
RADIATED EMISSIONS	15
BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENTS	16
SPECIFICATION LIMITS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS	17
GENERAL TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS	17
RADIATED FUNDAMENTAL AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS – MOMENTARILY OPERATED DEVICES	18
SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	18
SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - RADIATED EMISSIONS.....	19
SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - FIELD STRENGTH TO EIRP CONVERSION	20

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

APPENDIX A TEST EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION DATA	1
APPENDIX B TEST DATA	2
APPENDIX C PHOTOGRAPHS OF TEST CONFIGURATIONS.....	3
APPENDIX D PROPOSED FCC ID LABEL & LABEL LOCATION	4
APPENDIX E DETAILED PHOTOGRAPHS	5
APPENDIX F OPERATOR'S MANUAL	6
APPENDIX G BLOCK DIAGRAM.....	7
APPENDIX H SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS.....	8
APPENDIX I THEORY OF OPERATION	9
APPENDIX J ADVERTISING LITERATURE	10
APPENDIX K RF EXPOSURE INFORMATION.....	11

SCOPE

An electromagnetic emissions test has been performed on the Savi Technology, Inc. model ST-616-001 pursuant to the following rules:

Industry Canada RSS-Gen Issue 2
RSS 210 Issue 7 "Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment"
FCC Part 15 Subpart C

Conducted and radiated emissions data has been collected, reduced, and analyzed within this report in accordance with measurement guidelines set forth in the following reference standards and as outlined in Elliott Laboratories test procedures:

ANSI C63.4:2003

The intentional radiator above has been tested in a simulated typical installation to demonstrate compliance with the relevant Industry Canada performance and procedural standards.

Final system data was gathered in a mode that tended to maximize emissions by varying orientation of EUT, orientation of power and I/O cabling, antenna search height, and antenna polarization.

Every practical effort was made to perform an impartial test using appropriate test equipment of known calibration. All pertinent factors have been applied to reach the determination of compliance.

OBJECTIVE

The primary objective of the manufacturer is compliance with the regulations outlined in the previous section.

Prior to marketing in the USA, all unlicensed transmitters and transceivers require certification. Receive-only devices operating between 30 MHz and 960 MHz are subject to either certification or a manufacturer's declaration of conformity, with all other receive-only devices exempt from the technical requirements.

Prior to marketing in Canada, Class I transmitters, receivers and transceivers require certification. Class II devices are required to meet the appropriate technical requirements but are exempt from certification requirements.

Certification is a procedure where the manufacturer submits test data and technical information to a certification body and receives a certificate or grant of equipment authorization upon successful completion of the certification body's review of the submitted documents. Once the equipment authorization has been obtained, the label indicating compliance must be attached to all identical units, which are subsequently manufactured.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product which may result in increased emissions should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained (i.e., printed circuit board layout changes, different line filter, different power supply, harnessing or I/O cable changes, etc.).

Testing was performed only on model ST-616-001. This model was considered representative of the ST-616-031.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The tested sample of Savi Technology, Inc. model ST-616-001 complied with the requirements of the following regulations:

Industry Canada RSS-Gen Issue 2
RSS 210 Issue 7 "Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment"
FCC Part 15 Subpart C

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modifications to the product should be assessed to determine their potential impact on the compliance status of the device with respect to the standards detailed in this test report.

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of Savi Technology, Inc. model ST-616-001 and ST-616-031 and therefore apply only to the tested sample. The sample was selected and prepared by Eugene Schlindwein of Savi Technology, Inc.

DEVIATIONS FROM THE STANDARDS

No deviations were made from the published requirements listed in the scope of this report.

TEST RESULTS SUMMARY**MOMENTARILY OPERATED DEVICES – CONTROL SIGNALS**

FCC Rule Part	RSS Rule Part	Description	Measured Value / Comments	Limit / Requirement	Result
15.231 (a) (1)	RSS 210 A1.1.1 (1)	Duration of manually activated transmissions	No manually activated transmissions	< 5 seconds	Complies
15.231 (a) (2)	RSS 210 A1.1.1 (2)	Duration of automatically activated transmissions	< 5 seconds ¹	< 5 seconds	Complies
15.231 (a) (3)	RSS 210 A1.1.1 (3)	Transmissions at predetermined / regular intervals	No transmissions at regular intervals	Such transmissions are not permitted	Complies
15.231 (a) (4)	RSS 210 A1.1.1 (4)	Pendency of transmissions used during emergencies	Not applicable, no emergency conditions		Complies
15.231 (b)	RSS 210 Table 4	Fundamental Signal Strength	79.2dB μ V/m (9120.1 μ V/m) @ 433.87MHz (-1.6dB)	Refer to table in limits section	Complies
15.231 (b) / 15.209	RSS 210 Table 2 / 4	Radiated Spurious Emissions, 30 - 4400 MHz	34.6dB μ V/m (53.7 μ V/m) @ 867.75MHz (-11.4dB)	Refer to table in limits section	Complies
15.231 (c)	RSS 210 A1.1.3	Bandwidth	515 kHz	< 0.5% of operating frequency	Complies
15.231 (d)	RSS 210 A1.1.4	Frequency Stability - 40.66 – 40.70 MHz band			N/A

Note – As the device can be placed in any position on a container was tested in all three orthogonal orientations. Special software was loaded into the device to allow continuous transmission for ease of testing.

¹ Refer to the operational description included with this application for detailed description and timing diagrams for transmission duration

MOMENTARILY OPERATED DEVICES - DATA SIGNALS OR SIGNALS AT PREDETERMINED INTERVALS

FCC Rule Part	RSS Rule Part	Description	Measured Value / Comments	Limit / Requirement	Result
15.231 (e)	RSS 210 A1.1.5	Duration of transmissions	²	< 1 second	Complies
15.231 (e)	RSS 210 A1.1.5	Period between transmissions		> 30 times duration of signal and > 10s	Complies
15.231 (e)	RSS 210 Table 5	Fundamental Signal Strength	71.2dB μ V/m (3630.8 μ V/m) @ 433.87MHz (-1.7dB)	Refer to table in limits section	Complies
15.231 (e) / 15.209	RSS 210 Table 5	Radiated Spurious Emissions, 30 - 4400 MHz	34.6dB μ V/m (53.7 μ V/m) @ 867.75MHz (-11.4dB)	Refer to table in limits section	Complies
15.231 (c)	RSS 210 A1.1.3	Bandwidth	515 kHz	< 0.5% of operating frequency	Complies
15.231 (d)	RSS 210 A1.1.4	Frequency Stability - 40.66 – 40.70 MHz band			N/A

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ALL BANDS

FCC Rule Part	RSS Rule part	Description	Measured Value / Comments	Limit / Requirement	Result (margin)
15.203	-	RF Connector	Antenna is integral to the device	Integral antenna or non-standard connector if not professionally installed	Complies
15.109	RSS GEN 7.2.3 Table 1	Receiver spurious emissions	33.7dB μ V/m (48.4 μ V/m) @ 1288.3MHz (-20.3dB)	Refer to table in Standard	Complies
15.207	RSS GEN Table 2	AC Conducted Emissions	Battery operated	-	N/A
	RSS 102	RF Exposure Requirements	Refer to RSS 102 declaration	Refer RSS 102	Complies
	RSP 100 RSS GEN 7.1.5	User Manual	Statement in documents provided to the user	Statement required regarding non-interference	Complies
	RSP 100 RSS GEN 7.1.5	User Manual	No detachable antenna	Statement required regarding detachable antenna	N/A
	RSP 100 RSS GEN 4.4.1	99% Bandwidth	266 kHz	Information only	N/A

² Refer to the operational description included with this application for detailed description and timing diagrams for transmission duration

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

ISO/IEC 17025 requires that an estimate of the measurement uncertainties associated with the emissions test results be included in the report. The measurement uncertainties given below are based on a 95% confidence level and were calculated in accordance with UKAS document LAB 34.

Measurement Type	Frequency Range (MHz)	Calculated Uncertainty (dB)
Conducted Emissions	0.15 to 30	± 2.4
Radiated Emissions	0.015 to 30	± 3.0
Radiated Emissions	30 to 1000	± 3.6
Radiated Emissions	1000 to 40000	± 6.0

EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DETAILS**GENERAL**

The Savi Technology, Inc. models ST-616-001 and ST-616-031 are RF Tagging devices that are designed to identify the container to which they are attached to the Savi System. Normally, the EUT would be mounted to a container or similar piece of equipment. The EUT was treated as tabletop equipment during testing to simulate the end user environment.

A response from the EUT is initiated by a 123 kHz signal from a Savi SignPost or 433.92 MHz signal from a Savi Reader. Upon receiving the initiation signal the EUT transmits a signal at 433.92 MHz. This signal is comprised of SignPost ID and Tag ID.

A response from the EUT is initiated by a 433.92 MHz Savi Reader signal. Upon receiving the initiation signal the EUT transmits a signal at 433.92 MHz. This signal is comprised of Tag ID.

There are two versions of the tag (ST-616-001 and ST-616-031). They are identical except for the model number. The difference between these two versions is that model ST-616-001 will be sold to legacy installations and model ST-616-031 will be sold to newer open standard installations.

The sample was received on July 1, 2009 and tested on July 1, July 2 and July 8, 2009. The EUT consisted of the following component(s):

Company	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
Savi Technology	ST-616-001	Tag	6580458	KL7-616T-V1

ANTENNA SYSTEM

The antenna used with the Savi Technology, Inc. models ST-616-001 and ST-616-031 is integral to the device, thereby meeting the requirements of FCC 15.203.

ENCLOSURE

The EUT enclosure is primarily constructed of plastic and is provided with a plastic mounting bracket. It measures approximately 2.5cm wide by 2.0cm deep by 18.5cm high.

MODIFICATIONS

No modifications were made to the EUT during the time the product was at Elliott.

SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

No support equipment was used during testing.

EUT INTERFACE PORTS

The I/O cabling configuration during testing was as follows:

Port	Connected To	Description	Cable(s)	Shielded or Unshielded	Length(m)
None	-	-	-	-	-

EUT OPERATION

The transmitter was continuously transmitting a modulated signal during emissions tests. For receive mode and digital circuit tests the EUT was in receive mode with the LO and receiver circuit active.

TEST SITE**GENERAL INFORMATION**

Final test measurements were taken on July 1, July 2 and July 8, 2009 at the test sites listed below. Pursuant to section 2.948 of the FCC's Rules and section 3.3 of RSP-100, construction, calibration, and equipment data has been filed with the Commission and with industry Canada.

Site	Registration Numbers		Location
	FCC	Canada	
SVOATS #2	90593	2845A-2	684 West Maude Ave, Sunnyvale CA 94085-3518

ANSI C63.4:2003 recommends that ambient noise at the test site be at least 6 dB below the allowable limits. Ambient levels are below this requirement with the exception, on OATS sites, of predictable local TV, radio, and mobile communications traffic. The test site(s) contain separate areas for radiated and conducted emissions testing. Considerable engineering effort has been expended to ensure that the facilities conform to all pertinent requirements of ANSI C63.4:2003.

CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS

Conducted emissions testing is performed in conformance with ANSI C63.4:2003. Measurements are made with the EUT connected to the public power network through a nominal, standardized RF impedance, which is provided by a line impedance stabilization network, known as a LISN. A LISN is inserted in series with each current-carrying conductor in the EUT power cord.

RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS

The FCC has determined that radiation measurements made in a shielded enclosure are not suitable for determining levels of radiated emissions. Radiated measurements are performed in an open field environment or in a semi-anechoic chamber. The test sites are maintained free of conductive objects within the CISPR defined elliptical area incorporated in ANSI C63.4:2003 guidelines and meet the Normalized Site Attenuation (NSA) requirements of ANSI C63.4:2003.

MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION**RECEIVER SYSTEM**

An EMI receiver as specified in CISPR 16-1-1 is used for emissions measurements. The receivers used can measure over the frequency range of 9 kHz up to 2000 MHz. These receivers allow both ease of measurement and high accuracy to be achieved. The receivers have Peak, Average, and CISPR (Quasi-peak) detectors built into their design so no external adapters are necessary. The receiver automatically sets the required bandwidth for the CISPR detector used during measurements. If the repetition frequency of the signal being measured is below 20Hz, peak measurements are made in lieu of Quasi-Peak measurements.

For measurements above the frequency range of the receivers, a spectrum analyzer is utilized because it provides visibility of the entire spectrum along with the precision and versatility required to support engineering analysis. Average measurements above 1000MHz are performed on the spectrum analyzer using the linear-average method with a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz and a video bandwidth of 10 Hz, unless the signal is pulsed in which case the average (or video) bandwidth of the measuring instrument is reduced to onset of pulse desensitization and then increased.

INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER

The receivers utilize either a Rohde & Schwarz EZM Spectrum Monitor/Controller or contain an internal Spectrum Monitor/Controller to view and convert the receiver measurements to the field strength at an antenna or voltage developed at the LISN measurement port, which is then compared directly with the appropriate specification limit. This provides faster, more accurate readings by performing the conversions described under Sample Calculations within the Test Procedures section of this report. Results are printed in a graphic and/or tabular format, as appropriate. A personal computer is used to record all measurements made with the receivers.

The Spectrum Monitor provides a visual display of the signal being measured. In addition, the controller or a personal computer run automated data collection programs which control the receivers. This provides added accuracy since all site correction factors, such as cable loss and antenna factors are added automatically.

LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN)

Line conducted measurements utilize a fifty microhenry Line Impedance Stabilization Network as the monitoring point. The LISN used also contains a 250 uH CISPR adapter. This network provides for calibrated radio frequency noise measurements by the design of the internal low pass and high pass filters on the EUT and measurement ports, respectively.

FILTERS/ATTENUATORS

External filters and precision attenuators are often connected between the receiving antenna or LISN and the receiver. This eliminates saturation effects and non-linear operation due to high amplitude transient events.

ANTENNAS

A loop antenna is used below 30 MHz. For the measurement range 30 MHz to 1000 MHz either a combination of a biconical antenna and a log periodic or a bi-log antenna is used. Above 1000 MHz, horn antennas are used. The antenna calibration factors to convert the received voltage to an electric field strength are included with appropriate cable loss and amplifier gain factors to determine an overall site factor, which is then programmed into the test receivers or incorporated into the test software.

ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE

The antennas used to measure the radiated electric field strength are mounted on a non-conductive antenna mast equipped with a motor-drive to vary the antenna height. Measurements below 30 MHz are made with the loop antenna at a fixed height of 1m above the ground plane.

ANSI C63.4:2003 specifies that the test height above ground for table mounted devices shall be 80 centimeters. Floor mounted equipment shall be placed on the ground plane if the device is normally used on a conductive floor or separated from the ground plane by insulating material from 3 to 12 mm if the device is normally used on a non-conductive floor. During radiated measurements, the EUT is positioned on a motorized turntable in conformance with this requirement.

INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

All test equipment is regularly checked to ensure that performance is maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. All antennas are calibrated at regular intervals with respect to tuned half-wave dipoles. An exhibit of this report contains the list of test equipment used and calibration information.

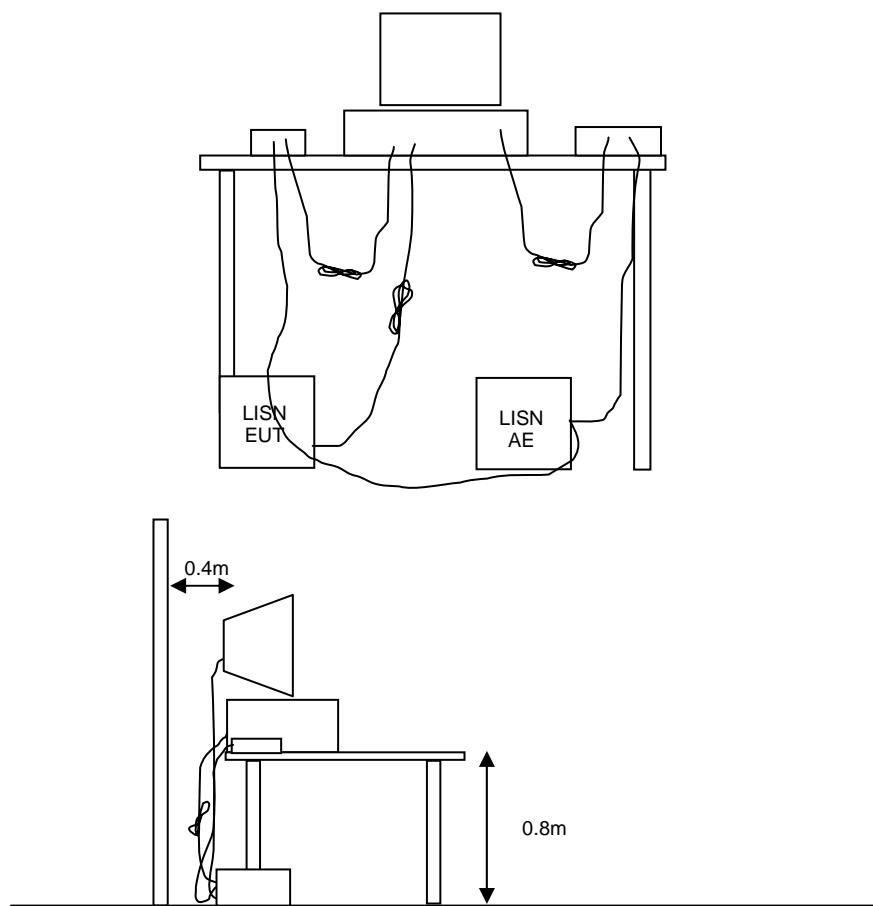
TEST PROCEDURES

EUT AND CABLE PLACEMENT

The regulations require that interconnecting cables be connected to the available ports of the unit and that the placement of the unit and the attached cables simulate the worst case orientation that can be expected from a typical installation, so far as practicable. To this end, the position of the unit and associated cabling is varied within the guidelines of ANSI C63.4:2003, and the worst-case orientation is used for final measurements.

CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Conducted emissions are measured at the plug end of the power cord supplied with the EUT. Excess power cord length is wrapped in a bundle between 30 and 40 centimeters in length near the center of the cord. Preliminary measurements are made to determine the highest amplitude emission relative to the specification limit for all the modes of operation. Placement of system components and varying of cable positions are performed in each mode. A final peak mode scan is then performed in the position and mode for which the highest emission was noted on all current carrying conductors of the power cord.



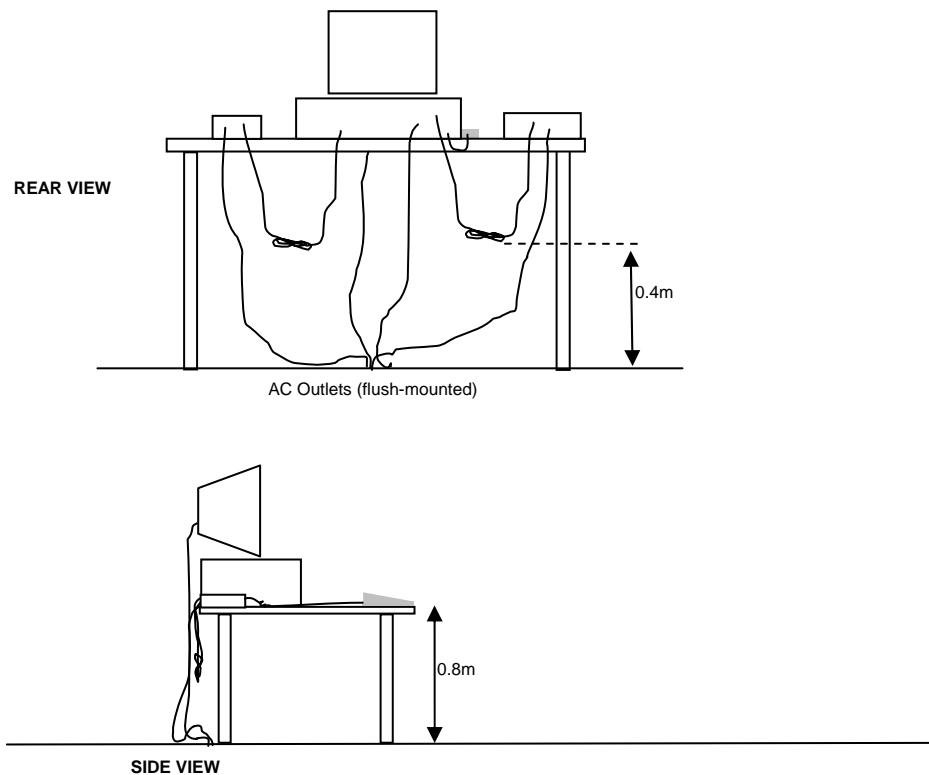
RADIATED EMISSIONS

A preliminary scan of the radiated emissions is performed in which all significant EUT frequencies are identified with the system in a nominal configuration. At least two scans are performed, one scan for each antenna polarization (horizontal and vertical; loop parallel and perpendicular to the EUT). During the preliminary scans, the EUT is rotated through 360°, the antenna height is varied (for measurements above 30 MHz) and cable positions are varied to determine the highest emission relative to the limit. Preliminary scans may be performed in a fully anechoic chamber for the purposes of identifying the frequencies of the highest emissions from the EUT.

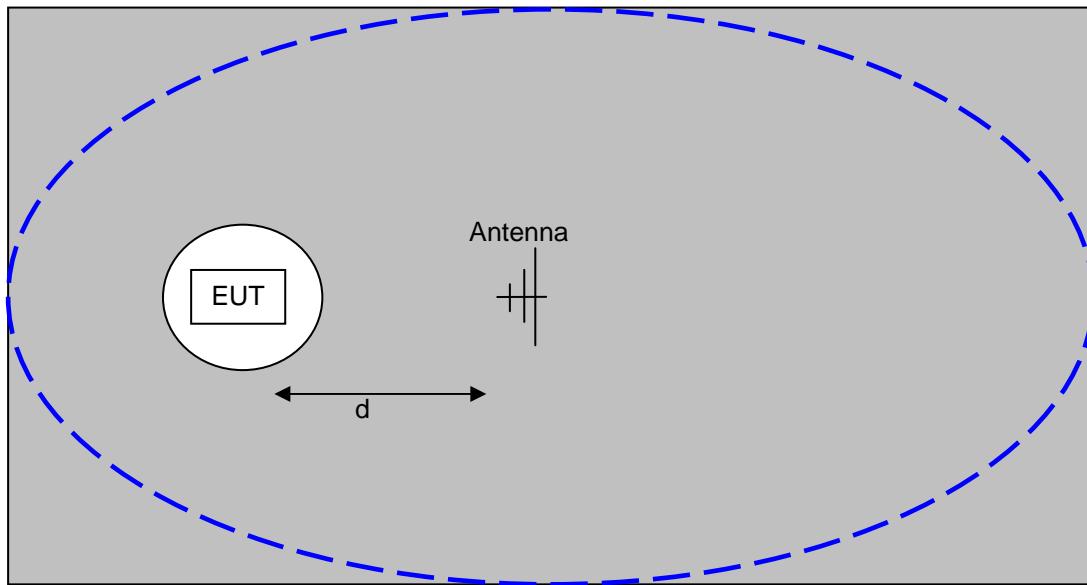
A speaker is provided in the receiver to aid in discriminating between EUT and ambient emissions. Other methods used during the preliminary scan for EUT emissions involve scanning with near field magnetic loops, monitoring I/O cables with RF current clamps, and cycling power to the EUT.

Final maximization is a phase in which the highest amplitude emissions identified in the spectral search are viewed while the EUT azimuth angle is varied from 0 to 360 degrees relative to the receiving antenna. The azimuth, which results in the highest emission is then maintained while varying the antenna height from one to four meters (for measurements above 30 MHz, measurements below 30 MHz are made with the loop antenna at a fixed height of 1m). The result is the identification of the highest amplitude for each of the highest peaks. Each recorded level is corrected in the receiver using appropriate factors for cables, connectors, antennas, and preamplifier gain.

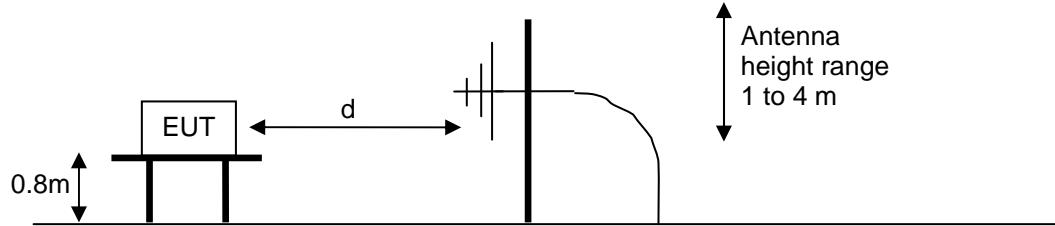
When testing above 18 GHz, the receive antenna is located at 1meter from the EUT and the antenna height is restricted to a maximum of 2.5 meters.



Typical Test Configuration for Radiated Field Strength Measurements



The ground plane extends beyond the ellipse defined in CISPR 16 / CISPR 22 / ANSI C63.4 and is large enough to accommodate test distances (d) of 3m and 10m. Refer to the test data tables for the actual measurement distance.



Test Configuration for Radiated Field Strength Measurements
OATS- Plan and Side Views

BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENTS

The 6dB, 20dB and/or 26dB signal bandwidth is measured in using the bandwidths recommended by ANSI C63.4. When required, the 99% bandwidth is measured using the methods detailed in RSS GEN.

SPECIFICATION LIMITS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

The limits for conducted emissions are given in units of microvolts, and the limits for radiated emissions are given in units of microvolts per meter at a specified test distance. Data is measured in the logarithmic form of decibels relative to one microvolt, or dB microvolts (dBuV). For radiated emissions, the measured data is converted to the field strength at the antenna in dB microvolts per meter (dBuV/m). The results are then converted to the linear forms of uV and uV/m for comparison to published specifications.

For reference, converting the specification limits from linear to decibel form is accomplished by taking the base ten logarithm, then multiplying by 20. These limits in both linear and logarithmic form are as follows:

GENERAL TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS

The table below shows the limits for the spurious emissions from transmitters that fall in restricted bands³ (with the exception of transmitters operating under FCC Part 15 Subpart D and RSS 210 Annex 9), the limits for all emissions from a low power device operating under the general rules of RSS 310 (tables 3 and 4), RSS 210 (table 2) and FCC Part 15 Subpart C section 15.209.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limit (uV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m @ 3m)
0.009-0.490	$2400/F_{\text{KHz}} @ 300\text{m}$	$67.6-20*\log_{10}(F_{\text{KHz}}) @ 300\text{m}$
0.490-1.705	$24000/F_{\text{KHz}} @ 30\text{m}$	$87.6-20*\log_{10}(F_{\text{KHz}}) @ 30\text{m}$
1.705 to 30	30 @ 30m	29.5 @ 30m
30 to 88	100 @ 3m	40 @ 3m
88 to 216	150 @ 3m	43.5 @ 3m
216 to 960	200 @ 3m	46.0 @ 3m
Above 960	500 @ 3m	54.0 @ 3m

³ The restricted bands are detailed in FCC 15.203, RSS 210 Table 1 and RSS 310 Table 2

RADIATED FUNDAMENTAL AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS - MOMENTARILY OPERATED DEVICES

The table below shows the limits for both the fundamental and spurious emissions for control signals. The limits for data signals, or signals with predetermined transmissions, are given in the second table

Operating Frequency (MHz)	Fundamental Field Strength (microvolts/m)	Spurious Emissions (microvolts/m)
70 - 130	1250	125
130 - 174	1250 - 3750	125 - 375
174 - 260	3750	375
260 - 470	3750 - 12,500	375 - 1250
Above 470	12,500	1250

Spurious Emissions Limits – Control Signals

Operating Frequency (MHz)	Fundamental Field Strength (microvolts/m)	Spurious Emissions (microvolts/m)
70 - 130	500	50
130 - 174	500 - 1500	50 - 150
174 - 260	1500	150
260 - 470	1500 - 5000	150 - 500
Above 470	5000	500

Spurious Emissions Limits – Data Signals**SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - CONDUCTED EMISSIONS**

Receiver readings are compared directly to the conducted emissions specification limit (decibel form) as follows:

$$R_f - S = M$$

where:

R_f = Receiver Reading in dBuV

S = Specification Limit in dBuV

M = Margin to Specification in +/- dB

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - RADIATED EMISSIONS

Receiver readings are compared directly to the specification limit (decibel form). The receiver internally corrects for cable loss, preamplifier gain, and antenna factor. The calculations are in the reverse direction of the actual signal flow, thus cable loss is added and the amplifier gain is subtracted. The Antenna Factor converts the voltage at the antenna coaxial connector to the field strength at the antenna elements.

A distance factor, when used for electric field measurements above 30MHz, is calculated by using the following formula:

$$F_d = 20 \cdot \text{LOG10} (D_m/D_s)$$

where:

F_d = Distance Factor in dB

D_m = Measurement Distance in meters

D_s = Specification Distance in meters

For electric field measurements below 30MHz the extrapolation factor is either determined by making measurements at multiple distances or a theoretical value is calculated using the formula:

$$F_d = 40 \cdot \text{LOG10} (D_m/D_s)$$

Measurement Distance is the distance at which the measurements were taken and Specification Distance is the distance at which the specification limits are based. The antenna factor converts the voltage at the antenna coaxial connector to the field strength at the antenna elements.

The margin of a given emission peak relative to the limit is calculated as follows:

$$R_C = R_F + F_d$$

and

$$M = R_C - L_S$$

where:

R_F = Receiver Reading in dBuV/m

F_d = Distance Factor in dB

R_C = Corrected Reading in dBuV/m

L_S = Specification Limit in dBuV/m

M = Margin in dB Relative to Spec

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - FIELD STRENGTH TO EIRP CONVERSION

Where the radiated electric field strength is expressed in terms of the equivalent isotropic radiated power (eirp), or where a field strength measurement of output power is made in lieu of a direct measurement, the following formula is used to convert between eirp and field strength at a distance of 3m from the equipment under test:

$$E = \frac{1000000 \sqrt{30 P}}{3} \text{ microvolts per meter}$$

3

where P is the eirp (Watts)

Appendix A Test Equipment Calibration Data

1 Page

Radiated Emissions, 30 - 5,000 MHz, 01-Jul-09**Engineer: Mehran Birgani**

Manufacturer	Description	Model #	Asset #	Cal Due
Elliott Laboratories	Log Periodic Antenna 300-1000 MHz	EL300.1000	55	03-Apr-10
Hewlett Packard	Microwave Preamplifier, 1-26.5GHz	8449B	870	09-Oct-09
Filtek	Filter, 1 GHz High Pass	HP12/1000-5BA	955	23-Jun-10
Hewlett Packard	SpecAn 30 Hz -40 GHz, SV (SA40) Red	8564E (84125C)	1148	12-Mar-10
Rohde & Schwarz	Test Receiver, 0.009-2750 MHz	ESN	1332	14-Apr-10
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter, Single Channel	NRVS	1422	06-Nov-09

Radiated Emissions, 30 - 2,000 MHz, 02-Jul-09**Engineer: Mehran Birgani**

Manufacturer	Description	Model #	Asset #	Cal Due
EMCO	Antenna, Biconilog Transmitting	3143	180	N/A
EMCO	Log Periodic Antenna, 0.3-1 GHz	3146A	364	23-Dec-09
Hewlett Packard	Microwave Preamplifier, 1-26.5GHz	8449B	870	09-Oct-09
Hewlett Packard	EMC Spectrum Analyzer, 9 KHz-26.5 GHz	8593EM	1141	29-Dec-09
Hewlett Packard	Preamplifier, 100 kHz - 1.3 GHz	8447D OPT 010	1826	26-May-10

Radiated Emissions, 30 - 2,000 MHz, 08-Jul-09**Engineer: Mehran Birgani**

Manufacturer	Description	Model #	Asset #	Cal Due
Elliott Laboratories	Biconical Antenna, 30-300 MHz	EL30.300	54	03-Apr-11
Elliott Laboratories	Log Periodic Antenna 300-1000 MHz	EL300.1000	55	03-Apr-10
Rohde & Schwarz	Test Receiver, 0.009-2750 MHz	ESN	1332	14-Apr-10

Appendix B Test Data

T76000 8 Pages



EMC Test Data

Client:	Savi	Job Number:	J75901
Model:	ST-616-001	T-Log Number:	T76000
	ST-616-031	Account Manager:	Sherren Washington
Contact:	Eugene Schlindwein	Project Engineer:	David Bear
Emissions Spec:	FCC 15.231(a/e); FCC 15.240	Class:	A
Immunity Spec:	-	Environment:	-

EMC Test Data

For The

Savi

Model

ST-616-001
ST-616-031

Date of Last Test: 7/8/2009



EMC Test Data

Client:	Savi	Job Number:	J75901
Model:	ST-616-001	T-Log Number:	T76000
	ST-616-031	Account Manager:	Sherren Washington
Contact:	Eugene Schlindwein		
Emissions Spec:	FCC 15.231(a/e); FCC 15.240	Class:	A
Immunity Spec:	-	Environment:	-

EUT INFORMATION

General Description

The EUT is an RF Tagging device which is designed to identify the container to which it is attached to the Savi System. Normally, the EUT would be mounted to a container or similar piece of equipment. The EUT was treated as tabletop equipment during testing to simulate the end user environment.

A response from the EUT is initiated by a 123 kHz signal from a Savi SignPost or 433.92 MHz signal from a Savi Reader. Upon receiving the initiation signal the EUT transmits a signal at 433.92 MHz. This signal is comprised of SignPost ID and Tag ID.

A response from the EUT is initiated by a 433.92 MHz Savi Reader signal. Upon receiving the initiation signal the EUT transmits a signal at 433.92 MHz. This signal is comprised of Tag ID.

Equipment Under Test

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
Savi Technology	ST-616-001	Tag	6580458	KL7-616T-V1
	ST-616-031			

Other EUT Details

The antenna is integral to the device, thereby meeting the requirements of FCC 15.203.

There are two versions of the tag (ST-616-001 and ST-616-031). They are identical except for the model number. The difference between these two versions is that model ST-616-001 will be sold to legacy installations and model ST-616-031 will be sold to newer open standard installations.

EUT Enclosure

The EUT enclosure is primarily constructed of plastic and is provided with a plastic mounting bracket. It measures approximately 2.5cm wide by 2.0cm deep by 18.5cm high.

Modification History

Mod. #	Test	Date	Modification
1	-	-	None

Modifications applied are assumed to be used on subsequent tests unless otherwise stated as a further modification.



EMC Test Data

Client:	Savi	Job Number:	J75901
Model:	ST-616-001	T-Log Number:	T76000
	ST-616-031	Account Manager:	Sherren Washington
Contact:	Eugene Schlindwein		
Emissions Spec:	FCC 15.231(a/e); FCC 15.240	Class:	A
Immunity Spec:	-	Environment:	-

Test Configuration #1

Local Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
None	-	-	-	-

Remote Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
None	-	-	-	-

Interface Cabling and Ports

Port	Connected To	Cable(s)		
		Description	Shielded or Unshielded	Length(m)
None	-	-	-	-

EUT Operation During Emissions Tests

The transmitter was continuously transmitting a modulated signal during emissions tests. For receive mode and digital circuit tests the EUT was in receive mode with the LO and receiver circuit active.



EMC Test Data

Client:	Savi	Job Number:	J75901
Model:	ST-616-001	T-Log Number:	T76000
	ST-616-031	Account Manager:	Sherren Washington
Contact:	Eugene Schlindwein		
Spec:	FCC 15.231(a/e); FCC 15.240	Class:	A

Radiated Emissions

Test Specifics

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

General Test Configuration

Date of Test: 7/1/2009

Test Engineer: Mehran Birgani

Test Location: SVOATS #2

Config. Used: 1

Config Change: None

EUT Voltage: Battery

The EUT was located on the turntable for radiated emissions testing.

Note, **preliminary** testing indicates that the emissions were maximized by orientation of the EUT and elevation of the measurement antenna. **Maximized** testing indicated that the emissions were maximized by orientation of the EUT, elevation of the measurement antenna, and manipulation of the EUT's interface cables.

Note, for testing above 1 GHz, the FCC specifies the limit as an average measurement. In addition, the FCC states that the peak reading of any emission above 1 GHz, can not exceed the average limit by more than 20 dB.

Ambient Conditions:

Temperature (°C): 20-30

Rel. Humidity (%): 20-55

Summary of Results

Run #	Test Performed	Limit	Result	Margin
1a	RE, 433.92MHz, Fundamental	15.231(e) / RSS 210	Pass	71.2dB μ V/m (3630.8 μ V/m) @ 433.87MHz (-1.7dB)
1a	RE, 433.92MHz, Fundamental	15.231(a) / RSS 210	Pass	79.2dB μ V/m (9120.1 μ V/m) @ 433.87MHz (-1.6dB)
1a	RE, 433.92MHz, Fundamental	15.240 / RSS-210	Pass	79.2dB μ V/m (9120.1 μ V/m) @ 433.87MHz (-1.6dB)
1b	RE, Tx Spurious Emissions	FCC 15.209	Pass	34.6dB μ V/m (53.7 μ V/m) @ 867.75MHz (-11.4dB)
2	RE, RxSpurious Emissions	15.109 & RSS-GEN	Pass	33.7dB μ V/m (48.4 μ V/m) @ 1288.3MHz (-20.3dB)
3	Bandwidth (20dB)	15.231 / RSS 210	Pass	515 kHz
3	Bandwidth (99%)	RSS-GEN	N/A	266 kHz

Modifications Made During Testing:

Special software is loaded into the device prior to testing to allow continuous transmission for ease of testing.

Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.



EMC Test Data

Client:	Savi				Job Number:	J75901	
Model:	ST-616-001				T-Log Number:	T76000	
	ST-616-031				Account Manager:	Sherren Washington	
Contact:	Eugene Schlindwein						
Spec:	FCC 15.231(a/e); FCC 15.240				Class:	A	

Run #1: Radiated Emissions, 30 MHz - 4.3 GHz

Run #1a: Fundamental Mesaurement of 433.923

Operation under 15.231(e)

Frequency	Level	Pol	FCC 15.231(e)		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB μ V/m	V/H	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
433.874	71.2	V	72.9	-1.7	AVG	338	1.1	Upright
433.874	69.2	V	75.9	-6.7	AVG	264	1.2	Flat
433.874	69.9	H	77.9	-8.0	AVG	178	1.0	Side
433.874	63.9	H	73.9	-10.0	AVG	253	3.4	Upright
433.874	62.6	H	74.9	-12.3	AVG	311	3.7	Flat
433.874	58.6	V	76.9	-18.3	AVG	103	1.1	Side
433.874	91.2	V	92.9	-1.7	PK	338	1.1	Upright
433.874	89.9	H	92.9	-3.0	PK	178	1.0	Side
433.874	89.2	V	92.9	-3.7	PK	264	1.2	Flat
433.874	83.9	H	92.9	-9.0	PK	253	3.4	Upright
433.874	82.6	H	92.9	-10.3	PK	311	3.7	Flat
433.874	78.6	V	92.9	-14.3	PK	103	1.1	Side

Note 1: Duty cycle is 10% . A -20dB correction was used to determine the average level from the peak reading

Operation under 15.231(a)

Frequency	Level	Pol	FCC 15.231(a)		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB μ V/m	V/H	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
433.874	79.2	V	80.8	-1.6	AVG	338	1.1	Upright
433.874	91.2	V	100.8	-9.6	PK	338	1.1	Upright

Note 1: Duty cycle is 25% . A -12dB correction was used to determine the average level from the peak reading

Note 2: Peak readings made using a receiver and measurement bandwidth set to 120kHz.

Operation under 15.240

Frequency	Level	Pol	FCC 15.240		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB μ V/m	V/H	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
433.874	79.2	V	80.8	-1.6	AVG	338	1.1	Upright
433.874	91.2	V	94.8	-3.6	PK	338	1.1	Upright

Note 1: Duty cycle is 25% . A -12dB correction was used to determine the average level from the peak reading

Note 2: Peak readings made using a receiver and measurement bandwidth set to 120kHz.



EMC Test Data

Client:	Savi				Job Number:	J75901	
Model:	ST-616-001				T-Log Number:	T76000	
	ST-616-031				Account Manager:	Sherren Washington	
Contact:	Eugene Schlindwein						
Spec:	FCC 15.231(a/e); FCC 15.240				Class:	A	

Run #1b: Spurious Emissions, 30-4400 MHz (Tx Mode)

Frequency	Level	Pol	FCC 15.209		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB μ V/m	V/H	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
867.746	34.6	V	46.0	-11.4	QP	139	1.1	Upright
867.746	32.3	H	46.0	-13.7	QP	207	1.0	Flat
867.746	31.9	H	46.0	-14.1	QP	326	1.1	Side
867.746	29.7	V	46.0	-16.3	QP	64	1.2	Flat
867.746	29.5	V	46.0	-16.5	QP	68	1.2	Side
867.746	28.7	H	46.0	-17.3	QP	136	1.2	Upright
1301.540	34.2	H	54.0	-19.8	AVG	243	1.5	Side
1301.610	33.5	H	54.0	-20.5	AVG	245	1.0	Flat
1301.650	34.1	H	54.0	-19.9	AVG	286	1.9	Upright
1301.700	34.0	V	54.0	-20.0	AVG	214	1.2	Upright
1301.710	35.9	V	54.0	-18.1	AVG	240	1.0	Flat
1301.720	31.6	V	54.0	-22.4	AVG	333	1.1	Side
1735.350	24.9	V	54.0	-29.1	AVG	82	1.0	Flat
1735.440	24.5	H	54.0	-29.5	AVG	0	1.1	Flat
2169.370	33.3	H	54.0	-20.7	AVG	53	2.0	Flat
2169.420	32.7	H	54.0	-21.3	AVG	51	2.0	Side
2169.460	33.1	V	54.0	-20.9	AVG	194	1.5	Upright
2169.470	36.2	V	54.0	-17.8	AVG	273	1.0	Flat
2169.470	33.3	H	54.0	-20.7	AVG	274	1.7	Upright
2169.580	32.8	V	54.0	-21.2	AVG	90	1.0	Side
2603.270	29.3	V	54.0	-24.7	AVG	38	1.0	Flat
3037.130	36.9	V	54.0	-17.1	AVG	210	1.0	Upright
3037.170	35.1	H	54.0	-18.9	AVG	358	2.0	Flat
3037.250	33.7	H	54.0	-20.3	AVG	292	1.5	Upright
3037.280	36.9	V	54.0	-17.1	AVG	272	1.1	Flat
3037.320	37.4	H	54.0	-16.6	AVG	253	2.0	Side
3037.340	34.1	V	54.0	-19.9	AVG	273	1.8	Side
1301.540	46.2	H	74.0	-27.8	PK	243	1.5	Side
1301.610	45.5	H	74.0	-28.5	PK	245	1.0	Flat
1301.650	46.1	H	74.0	-27.9	PK	286	1.9	Upright
1301.700	46.0	V	74.0	-28.0	PK	214	1.2	Upright
1301.710	47.9	V	74.0	-26.1	PK	240	1.0	Flat
1301.720	43.6	V	74.0	-30.4	PK	333	1.1	Side
1735.350	36.9	V	74.0	-37.1	PK	82	1.0	Flat
1735.440	36.5	H	74.0	-37.5	PK	0	1.1	Flat
2169.370	45.3	H	74.0	-28.7	PK	53	2.0	Flat
2169.420	44.7	H	74.0	-29.3	PK	51	2.0	Side
2169.460	45.1	V	74.0	-28.9	PK	194	1.5	Upright
2169.470	48.2	V	74.0	-25.8	PK	273	1.0	Flat



EMC Test Data

Client:	Savi	Job Number:	J75901
Model:	ST-616-001	T-Log Number:	T76000
	ST-616-031	Account Manager:	Sherren Washington
Contact:	Eugene Schlindwein		
Spec:	FCC 15.231(a/e); FCC 15.240	Class:	A

Run #1b: Continue

Frequency	Level	Pol	FCC 15.209		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB μ V/m	V/H	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
2169.470	45.3	H	74.0	-28.7	PK	274	1.7	Upright Note 2
2169.580	44.8	V	74.0	-29.2	PK	90	1.0	Side Note 2
2603.270	41.3	V	74.0	-32.7	PK	38	1.0	Flat Note 2
3037.130	48.9	V	74.0	-25.1	PK	210	1.0	Upright Note 2
3037.170	47.1	H	74.0	-26.9	PK	358	2.0	Flat Note 2
3037.250	45.7	H	74.0	-28.3	PK	292	1.5	Upright Note 2
3037.280	48.9	V	74.0	-25.1	PK	272	1.1	Flat Note 2
3037.320	49.4	H	74.0	-24.6	PK	253	2.0	Side Note 2
3037.340	46.1	V	74.0	-27.9	PK	273	1.8	Side Note 2

Note 1: Worst case duty cycle for all three operational modes is 25% . A -12dB correction was used to determine the average level from the peak reading. All three orientations evaluated and all readings within 30dB of the limit were recorded.

Note 2: Signal is not in a restricted band but the more stringent restricted band limit was used.

Run #2: Spurious Emissions, Receive Mode, 30MHz - 2000 MHz (429.005MHz)

Frequency	Level	Pol	FCC 15.109		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB μ V/m	V/H	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
1286.880	33.6	V	54.0	-20.4	PK	0	1.0	Upright - Noise Floor, Note 1
1288.280	33.7	V	54.0	-20.3	PK	360	1.0	Side - Noise Floor, Note 1
429.005	20.6	H	46.0	-25.4	QP	0	1.0	Flat, Fundamental (Noise Floor)
429.005	19.8	V	46.0	-26.2	QP	360	1.0	Side, Fundamental (Noise Floor)
429.005	19.7	V	46.0	-26.3	QP	360	1.0	Flat, Fundamental (Noise Floor)
429.005	18.3	H	46.0	-27.7	QP	0	1.0	Side, Fundamental (Noise Floor)
429.005	18.1	H	46.0	-27.9	QP	0	1.0	Upright, Fundamental (Noise Floor)
429.005	17.9	V	46.0	-28.1	QP	360	1.0	Upright, Fundamental (Noise Floor)

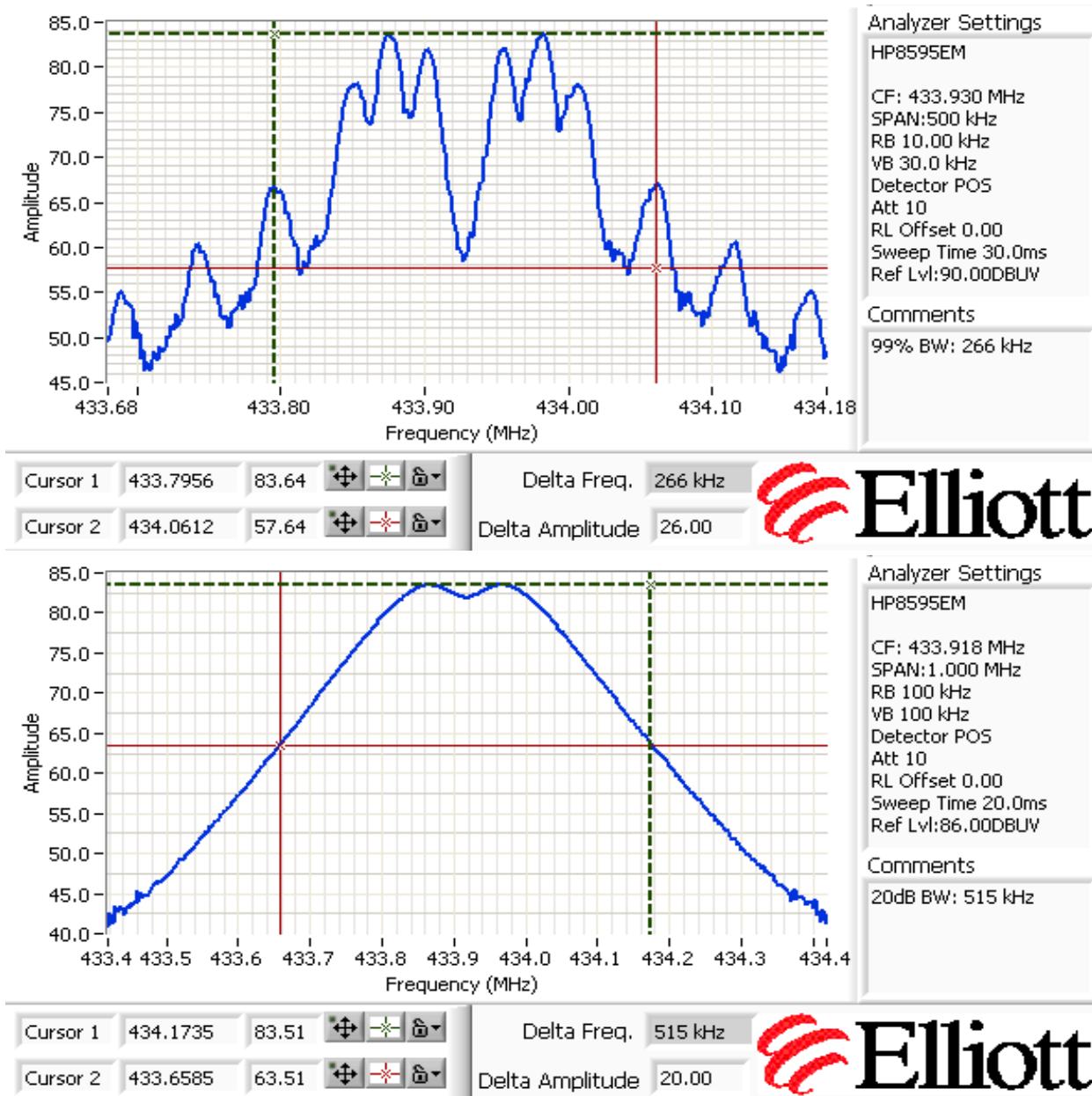
Note 1: Peak readings with the average limit.

Note 2: All three orientations evaluated and all readings were within noise floor.

Client:	Savi	Job Number:	J75901
Model:	ST-616-001	T-Log Number:	T76000
	ST-616-031	Account Manager:	Sherren Washington
Contact:	Eugene Schlindwein		
Spec:	FCC 15.231(a/e); FCC 15.240	Class:	A

Run #3: Transmit Mode (433.92 MHz) - Bandwidth

Signal bandwidth was measured to be 515kHz (see graph below - RB=VB=100kHz). The maximum permitted bandwidth is 0.25% of the fundamental signal level = 1.08MHz



Appendix C Photographs of Test Configurations

Appendix D Proposed FCC ID Label & Label Location

Appendix E Detailed Photographs

Appendix F Operator's Manual

Appendix G Block Diagram

Appendix H Schematic Diagrams

Appendix I Theory of Operation

Appendix J Advertising Literature

Appendix K RF Exposure Information