

# RF EXPOSURE REPORT

REPORT NO.: SA960320L11A

MODEL NO.: DUB-2240

**ACCORDING:** FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure

**IEEE C95.1** 

**APPLICANT:** D-Link Corporation

ADDRESS: 17595 Mt. Herrmann, Fountain Valley, CA

92708, U.S.A.

**ISSUED BY:** Advance Data Technology Corporation

LAB ADDRESS: 47 14th Lin, Chiapau Tsun, Linko, Taipei,

Taiwan, R.O.C.

**TEST LOCATION:** No. 19, Hwa Ya 2<sup>nd</sup> Rd., Kueishan, Taoyuan,

Taiwan, R.O.C.

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# **RF Exposure Measurement (Mobile Device)**

#### 1. Introduction

In this document, we try to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body for our product. The limit for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) specified in FCC 1.1310 is followed. The Gain of the antenna used in this product is measured in a Fully Anechoic Chamber (FAC) calibrated for antenna measurement in ADT, and also the maximum total power input to the antenna is measured. Through the Friis transmission formula and the maximum gain of the antenna, we can calculate the distance, away from the product, where the limit of MPE is reached.

Although the Friis transmission formula is a far field assumption, the calculated result of that is an over-prediction for near field power density. We will take that as the worst case to specify the safety range.

## 2. RF Exposure Limit

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Average Time (minutes)	
(A)Limits For Occupational / Control Exposures					
300-1500	•••	•••	F/300	6	
1500-100,000	•••	•••	5	6	
(B)Limits For General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure					
300-1500	•••	•••	F/1500	30	
1500-100,000	•••	•••	1.0	30	

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F = Frequency in MHz



#### 3. Friis Formula

Friis transmission formula :  $Pd = (Pout*G) / (4*pi*r^2)$ 

where

Pd = power density in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

Pout = output power to antenna in mW

G = gain of antenna in linear scale

Pi = 3.1416

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

If we know the maximum Gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the MPE value at distance 20cm.

Ref.: David K. Cheng, *Field and Wave Electromagnetics*, Second Edition, Page 640, Eq. (11-133).

## 4. EUT Operating condition

The software provided by Manufacturer enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

#### 5. Classification

The antenna of this product, under normal use condition, is at least 20cm away from the body of the user. Warning statement to the user for keeping at least 20cm or more separation distance with the antenna should be included in users manual. So, this device is classified as **Mobile Device**.

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### 6. Test Results

### 6.1 Antenna Gain

Since the maximum eirp power is used as the peak output power to antenna, so the Gain of the antenna can be assumed as 0dBi.

In 15F test report, we find the worst case of Peak emission is 69.68dBuv equals to -25.52dBm. To evaluate RF exposure, we need to translate Peak emission level from 3m to 0.2m and RBW from 3MHz to 50MHz.

Distance from 3m to 0.2m

Distance = 3m	Distance = 0.2m	
RWB=3MHz	RWB=3MHz	
-25.52dBm	-2.00dBm	

## RBW from 3MHz to 50MHz

Distance = 0.2m	Distance = 0.2m	
RWB=3MHz	RBW=50MHz	
-2.00dBm	22.44dBm	

# 6.2 Output Power Into Antenna & RF Exposure value at distance 20cm:

Power (dBm)	Power ( mW)	Power Density (mW/cm2)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm2)
22.44	175.39	0.03489	1.00