

# TEST REPORT

## CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY

**Standard:** 47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart C (Section 15.247)

**Report No.:** RFBDKG-WTW-P25080074

**FCC ID:** JNZA00198

**Product:** Wireless Headset

**Brand:** Logitech G, logitech G, G

**Model No.:** A00198

**Received Date:** 2025/8/6

**Test Date:** 2025/8/20 ~ 2025/8/28

**Issued Date:** 2025/9/16

**Applicant:** Logitech Far East Ltd.

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**Issued By:** Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch  
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**FCC Registration /** 281270 / TW0032

**Designation Number:** 788550 / TW0003

**Approved by:** Jeremy Lin, **Date:** 2025/9/16  
Jeremy Lin / Project Engineer

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Prepared by : Lena Wang / Specialist

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## Release Control Record

Issue No.	Description	Date Issued
RFBDKG-WTW-P25080074	Original Release	2025/9/16

## 1 Certificate

**Product:** Wireless Headset

**Brand:** Logitech G, logitech G, G

**Test Model:** A00198

**Sample Status:** Engineering sample

**Applicant:** Logitech Far East Ltd.

**Test Date:** 2025/8/20 ~ 2025/8/28

**Standard:** 47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart C (Section 15.247)

**Measurement** ANSI C63.10-2020

**procedure:** KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02

The above equipment has been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's RF characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

## 2 Summary of Test Results

47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart C (Section 15.247)			
Standard / Clause	Test Item	Result	Remark
15.247 (a)(1)	RF Output Power	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.247(a)(1) (iii)	Number of Hopping Frequency Used	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.247(a)(1) (iii)	Dwell Time on Each Channel	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.247(a)(1)	Hopping Channel Separation	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.247(a)(1)	20 dB Bandwidth	-	Refer to Note 1
15.247(d)	Conducted Out of Band Emissions	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.207	AC Power Conducted Emissions	Pass	Minimum passing margin is -15.32 dB at 0.15400 MHz
15.205 / 15.209 / 15.247(d)	Unwanted Emissions below 1 GHz	Pass	Minimum passing margin is -11.0 dB at 444.19 MHz
15.205 / 15.209 / 15.247(d)	Unwanted Emissions above 1 GHz	Pass	Minimum passing margin is -8.3 dB at 2390.00 MHz
15.203	Antenna Requirement	Pass	No antenna connector is used.

### Notes:

1. If the Frequency Hopping System operating in 2400-2483.5 MHz band and the output power less than 125 mW. The hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of hopping channel whichever is greater.
2. Determining compliance based on the results of the compliance measurement, not taking into account measurement instrumentation uncertainty.

### 2.1 Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2:

Parameter	Specification	Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) (±)
RF Output Power	-	1.371 dB
Dwell Time on Each Channel	-	0.0218
Hopping Channel Separation	-	390 Hz
20 dB Bandwidth	-	206.5 Hz
Conducted Out of Band Emissions	9 kHz ~ 40 GHz	2.79 dB
AC Power Conducted Emissions	9 kHz ~ 30 MHz	2.88 dB
Unwanted Emissions below 1 GHz	9 kHz ~ 30 MHz	3 dB
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	2.93 dB
Unwanted Emissions above 1 GHz	1 GHz ~ 18 GHz	1.76 dB
	18 GHz ~ 40 GHz	1.77 dB

The other instruments specified are routine verified to remain within the calibrated levels, no measurement uncertainty is required to be calculated.

### 2.2 Supplementary Information

There is not any deviation from the test standards for the test method, and no modifications required for compliance.

### 3 General Information

#### 3.1 General Description

Product	Wireless Headset
Brand	Logitech G, logitech G, G
Test Model	A00198
Status of EUT	Engineering sample
Power Supply Rating	3.8 V from battery 5 V from host equipment
Modulation Type	Bluetooth : GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK LIGHTSPEED : GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK
Modulation Technology	FHSS
Transfer Rate	Up to 2 Mbps
Operating Frequency	2.402 GHz ~ 2.48 GHz
Number of Channel	79
Output Power	9.078 mW (9.58 dBm)

Note:

1. The EUT uses following accessories.

Item	Brand	Model	Specification
Battery 1	Highpower	521730	Power Rating : 3.8V,290mAh, 1.102Wh
Battery 2	SYnergy	AHB521630HPJT	Power Rating : 3.8V,290mAh, 1.11Wh
Battery 3	Exquisite Power	521730	Power Rating : 3.8V,290mAh, 1.102Wh
USB Cable 1	-	-	Signal Line : 0.6M / 1core
USB Cable 2	-	-	Signal Line : 0.6M / 1core
Dongle (optional)	Logitech G , logitech G, G	A00199	-

2. The EUT may have a lot of colors for marketing requirement.

3. This device features BT-EDR and LIGHTSPEED functions. LIGHTSPEED utilizes the same technology as BT-EDR but with an enhanced secure protocol.

4. The EUT of LIGHTSPEED and Bluetooth technology cannot transmit simultaneously. Additionally, BT-BR/EDR and BT-LE cannot transmit at the same time, utilizing time-shared coexistence technology.

5. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

#### 3.2 Antenna Description of EUT

1. The antenna information is listed as below.

Antenna Net Gain(dBi)	Frequency range	Antenna Type	Connector Type
1.04	2.4~2.4835GHz	Monopole	none(like solder)

\* Detail antenna specification please refer to antenna datasheet and/or antenna measurement report.

### 3.3 Channel List

79 channels are provided for BT-EDR / LIGHTSPEED:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)						
0	2402	20	2422	40	2442	60	2462
1	2403	21	2423	41	2443	61	2463
2	2404	22	2424	42	2444	62	2464
3	2405	23	2425	43	2445	63	2465
4	2406	24	2426	44	2446	64	2466
5	2407	25	2427	45	2447	65	2467
6	2408	26	2428	46	2448	66	2468
7	2409	27	2429	47	2449	67	2469
8	2410	28	2430	48	2450	68	2470
9	2411	29	2431	49	2451	69	2471
10	2412	30	2432	50	2452	70	2472
11	2413	31	2433	51	2453	71	2473
12	2414	32	2434	52	2454	72	2474
13	2415	33	2435	53	2455	73	2475
14	2416	34	2436	54	2456	74	2476
15	2417	35	2437	55	2457	75	2477
16	2418	36	2438	56	2458	76	2478
17	2419	37	2439	57	2459	77	2479
18	2420	38	2440	58	2460	78	2480
19	2421	39	2441	59	2461		

### 3.4 Test Mode Applicability and Tested Channel Detail

Pre-Scan:	<p>1. EUT can be used in the following ways: X-axis/ Y-axis/ Z-axis. Pre-scan these ways and find the worst case as a representative test condition.</p> <p>2. The USB Cable has the following models:Cable NO.1/ Cable NO.2. Pre-scan these models of USB Cables and find the worst case as a representative test condition.</p> <p>3. The Battery has the following models: Battery NO.1 Highpower/ Battery NO.2 Synergy/ Battery NO.3 Exquisite Power. Pre-scan these models of batteries and find the worst case as a representative test condition.</p> <p>4. EUT has support multiple power sources: USB-C/ Battery. Pre-scan these sources and find the worst case as a representative test condition.</p> <p>5. Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).</p>
Worst Case:	<p>1. EUT the worst case was found when positioned on (X / Y / Z axis):Z axis</p> <p>2. The USB cable worst condition:Cable NO.1</p> <p>3. The battery worst condition: Battery NO.2</p> <p>4. Worst-Case Power Source Conditions for the Following Test Items: Unwanted Emission Test:USB-C AC Conducted Emission Test: USB-C</p>

Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below:

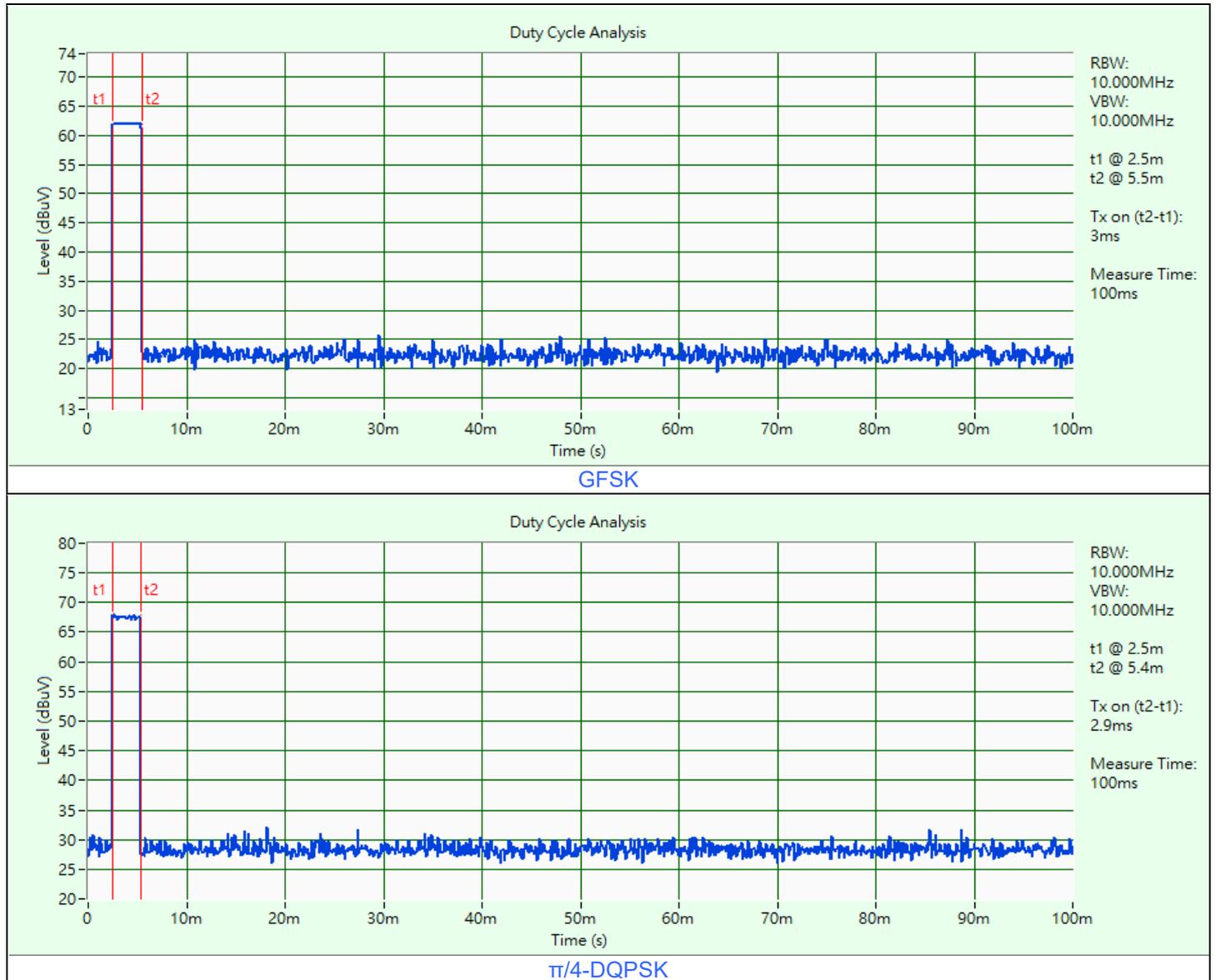
Test Item	EUT Configure Mode	Tested Channel	Modulation	Data Rate Parameter
RF Output Power	A, B	0, 39, 78	GFSK	DH5
			$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	2DH5
Number of Hopping Frequency Used	A, B	Hopping	GFSK	DH5
			$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	2DH5
Dwell Time on Each Channel	A, B	Hopping	GFSK	DH1/DH3/DH5
			$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	2DH1/2DH3/2DH5
Hopping Channel Separation / 20 dB Bandwidth	A, B	0, 39, 78	GFSK	DH5
			$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	2DH5
Conducted Out of Band Emissions	A, B	Hopping 0, 78	GFSK	DH5
			$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	2DH5
AC Power Conducted Emissions	A, B	78	$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	2DH5
Unwanted Emissions below 1 GHz	A, B	78	$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	2DH5
Unwanted Emissions above 1 GHz	A, B	0, 39, 78	GFSK	DH5
			$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	2DH5
EUT Configure Mode:	A	BT-BR/EDR		
	B	LIGHTSPEED		

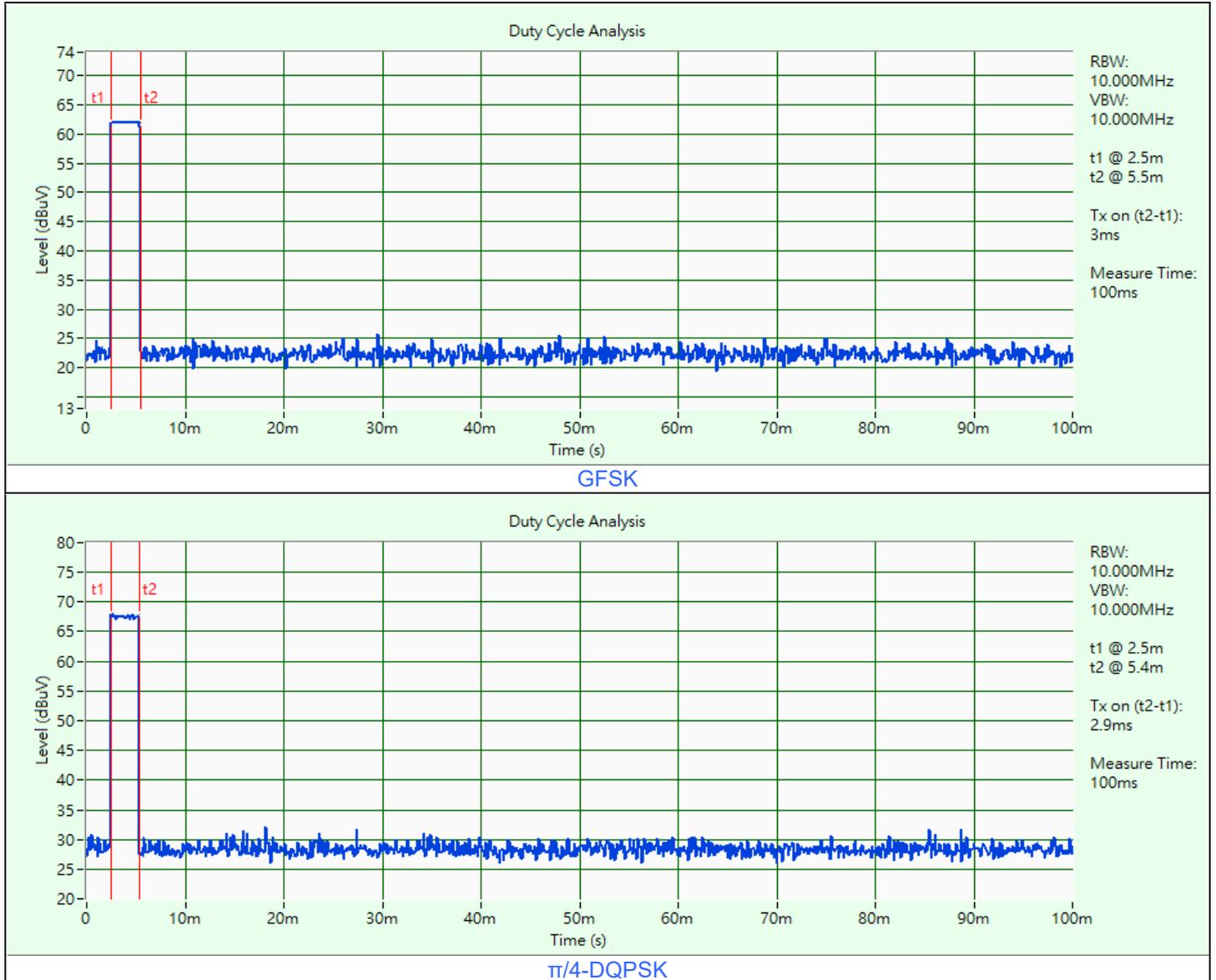
### 3.5 Duty Cycle of Test Signal

#### Mode A

**GFSK:** Duty cycle = 3 ms / 100 ms x 100% = 3.0%

**$\pi/4$ -DQPSK:** Duty cycle = 2.9 ms / 100 ms x 100% = 2.9%

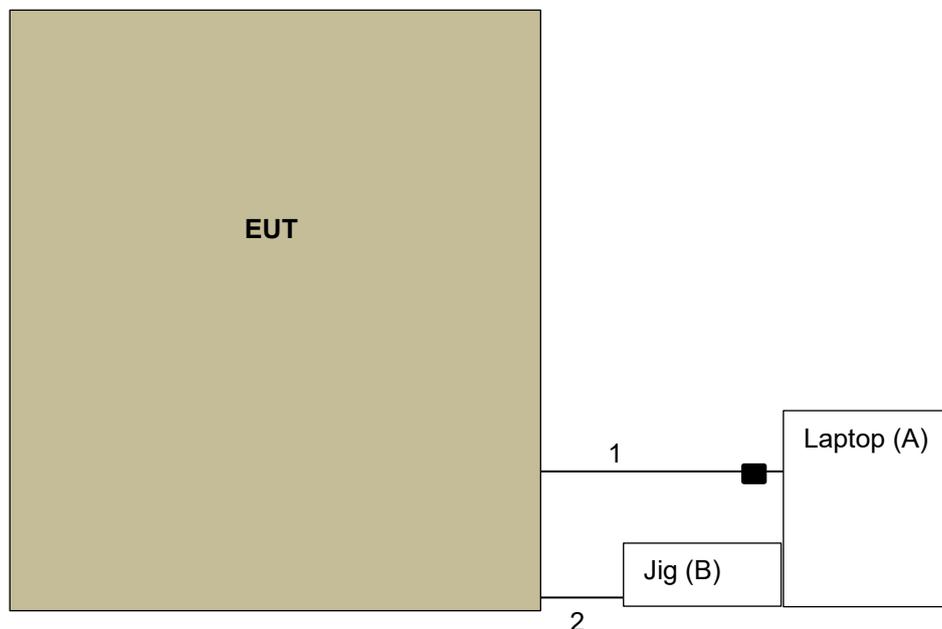


**Mode B****GFSK:** Duty cycle = 3 ms / 100 ms x 100% = 3.0% **$\pi/4$ -DQPSK:** Duty cycle = 2.9 ms / 100 ms x 100% = 2.9%

### 3.6 Test Program Used and Operation Descriptions

Controlling software AB157xLab Test Tool-5.2.0.2 has been activated to set the EUT under transmission condition continuously at specific channel frequency.

### 3.7 Connection Diagram of EUT and Peripheral Devices



-----  
**Under Table**

-----  
**Remote Site**

### 3.8 Configuration of Peripheral Devices and Cable Connections

ID	Product	Brand	Model No.	Serial No.	FCC ID	Remarks
A	Laptop	Lenovo	20J4 MD A003TW	PF-11H9AK	N/A	Provided by Lab
B	Jig	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Supplied by applicant

ID	Cable Descriptions	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielding (Yes/No)	Cores (Qty.)	Remarks
1	USB Cable	1	0.6	Y	1	Supplied by applicant
2	Console Cable	1	0.2	N	0	Supplied by applicant (for RF Setup)

## 4 Test Instruments

The calibration interval of the all test instruments are 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to NML/ROC and NIST/USA.

### 4.1 RF Output Power

Description Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibrated Date	Calibrated Until
Fixed Attenuator Woken	00800A1K01A-10	00800A1K01A-10-01	2025/5/23	2026/5/22
USB Power Sensor Anritsu	MA24408A	12994	2024/12/4	2025/12/3

Notes:

1. The test was performed in Oven room.
2. Tested Date: 2025/8/28

### 4.2 Number of Hopping Frequency Used

Description Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibrated Date	Calibrated Until
Fixed Attenuator Woken	00800A1K01A-10	00800A1K01A-10-01	2025/5/23	2026/5/22
Signal & Spectrum Analyzer R&S	FSV3044	101504	2025/6/18	2026/6/17
Software BV	ADT_RF Test Software V7.6.5.4	N/A	N/A	N/A

Notes:

1. The test was performed in Oven room.
2. Tested Date: 2025/8/28

### 4.3 Dwell Time on Each Channel

Refer to section 4.2 to get the tested date and information of the instruments.

### 4.4 Hopping Channel Separation

Refer to section 4.2 to get the tested date and information of the instruments.

### 4.5 20 dB Bandwidth

Refer to section 4.2 to get the tested date and information of the instruments.

### 4.6 Conducted Out of Band Emissions

Refer to section 4.2 to get the tested date and information of the instruments.

#### 4.7 AC Power Conducted Emissions

Description Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibrated Date	Calibrated Until
50 ohm terminal resistance	E1-011279	04	2024/11/28	2025/11/27
	E1-011280	05	2024/11/28	2025/11/27
	E1-011311	09	2024/11/28	2025/11/27
DC LISN Schwarzbeck	NNBM 8126G	8126G-069	2024/11/5	2025/11/4
Diode Pulse Limiter Schwarzbeck	VTSD 9561 F-N	01445	2025/4/27	2026/4/26
EMI Test Receiver R&S	ESCI	100613	2024/11/25	2025/11/24
LISN R&S	ENV216	101826	2025/3/24	2026/3/23
	ESH3-Z5	100311	2024/9/5	2025/9/4
RF Coaxial Cable Woken	5D-FB	Cable-cond1-01	2025/1/5	2026/1/4
Software BVADT	BVADT_Cond_ V7.4.1.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
V-LISN Schwarzbeck	NNBL 8226-2	8226-142	2024/8/28	2025/8/27

Notes:

1. The test was performed in HY - Conduction 1.
2. Tested Date: 2025/8/21

#### 4.8 Unwanted Emissions below 1 GHz

Description Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibrated Date	Calibrated Until
Antenna Tower Max-Full	MFA-515BSN	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bi_Log Antenna Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	9168-1214	2024/10/15	2025/10/14
EXA Signal Analyzer Agilent	N9010A	MY52220207	2024/12/30	2025/12/29
Loop Antenna TESEQ	HLA 6121	64095	2024/10/17	2025/10/16
MXE EMI Receiver Agilent	N9038A	MY52260177	2024/9/19	2025/9/18
Preamplifier EMCI	EMC330N	980798	2025/1/14	2026/1/13
RF Coaxial Cable EMCI	EMCCFD400-NM-NM- 500	201248	2025/1/14	2026/1/13
	EMCCFD400-NM-NM- 3000	201249	2025/1/14	2026/1/13
	EMCCFD400-NM-NM- 9000	201251(with PAD)	2025/1/14	2026/1/13
Software BV ADT	ADT_Radiated_ V7.6.15.9.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
Turn Table Max-Full	MFT-201SS	N/A	N/A	N/A
Turn Table Controller Max-Full	MF-7802BS	MF780208676	N/A	N/A

Notes:

1. The test was performed in WM - 966 chamber 9.
2. Tested Date: 2025/8/21

#### 4.9 Unwanted Emissions above 1 GHz

Description Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibrated Date	Calibrated Until
Antenna Tower Max-Full	MFA-515BSN	N/A	N/A	N/A
EXA Signal Analyzer Agilent	N9010A	MY52220207	2024/12/30	2025/12/29
Horn Antenna RFSPIN	DRH18-E	210104A18E	2024/11/10	2025/11/9
Horn Antenna Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	9170-1049	2024/11/10	2025/11/9
MXE EMI Receiver Agilent	N9038A	MY52260177	2024/9/19	2025/9/18
Preamplifier Agilent	83017A	MY39501357	2025/6/11	2026/6/10
Preamplifier EMCI	EMC184045SE	980788	2025/1/14	2026/1/13
RF Coaxial Cable EMCI	EMC101G-KM-KM-2000	201254	2025/1/14	2026/1/13
	EMC101G-KM-KM-3000	201258	2025/1/14	2026/1/13
	EMC101G-KM-KM-5000	201261	2025/1/14	2026/1/13
	EMC104-SM-SM-1000	210103	2025/1/14	2026/1/13
	EMC104-SM-SM-3000	201241	2025/1/14	2026/1/13
	EMC104-SM-SM-9000	201244	2025/1/14	2026/1/13
Software BV ADT	ADT_Radiated_ V7.6.15.9.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
Turn Table Max-Full	MFT-201SS	N/A	N/A	N/A
Turn Table Controller Max-Full	MF-7802BS	MF780208676	N/A	N/A

Notes:

1. The test was performed in WM - 966 chamber 9.
2. Tested Date: 2025/8/20 ~ 2025/8/21

## 5 Limits of Test Items

### 5.1 RF Output Power

The Maximum Output Power Measurement is 125 mW (21 dBm).

### 5.2 Number of Hopping Frequency Used

At least 15 channels frequencies, and should be equally spaced.

### 5.3 Dwell Time on Each Channel

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

### 5.4 Hopping Channel Separation

At least 25 kHz or two-third of 20 dB hopping channel bandwidth (whichever is greater).

### 5.5 20 dB Bandwidth

Maximum bandwidth is not specified.

### 5.6 Conducted Out of Band Emissions

Below 20 dB of the highest emission level of operating band (in 100 kHz Resolution Bandwidth).

### 5.7 AC Power Conducted Emissions

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.50 - 5.0	56	46
5.0 - 30.0	60	50

Notes:

1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.
2. The limit decreases in line with the logarithm of the frequency in the range of 0.15 to 0.50 MHz.

## 5.8 Unwanted Emissions below 1 GHz

Radiated emissions up to 1 GHz which fall in the restricted bands must comply with the radiated emission limits specified as below table. Other emissions shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the desired power:

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 ~ 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100	3
88 ~ 216	150	3
216 ~ 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Notes:

1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.
2. Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).

## 5.9 Unwanted Emissions above 1 GHz

Radiated emissions above 1 GHz which fall in the restricted bands must comply with the radiated emission limits specified as below table. Other emissions shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the desired power:

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
Above 960	500	3

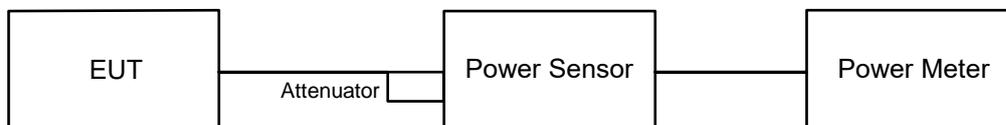
Notes:

1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.
2. Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).
3. For frequencies above 1000 MHz, the field strength limits are based on average detector, however, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits, specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation.

## 6 Test Arrangements

### 6.1 RF Output Power

#### 6.1.1 Test Setup



#### 6.1.2 Test Procedure

##### Peak Power:

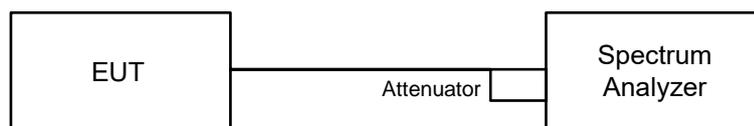
A peak power sensor was used on the output port of the EUT. A power meter was used to read the response of the peak power sensor. Record the power level.

##### Average Power:

Average power sensor was used to perform output power measurement, trigger and gating function of wide band power meter is enabled to measure max output power of TX on burst. Duty factor is not added to measured value.

### 6.2 Number of Hopping Frequency Used

#### 6.2.1 Test Setup



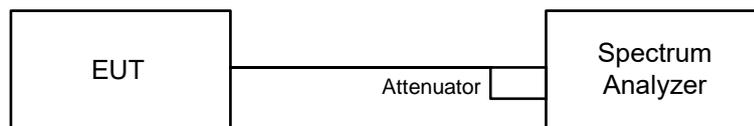
#### 6.2.2 Test Procedure

- a. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- b. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- c. Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of channels the device supports, it could be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly seen.
- d. RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.
- e. Video (or average) bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq$  RBW.
- f. Sweep: No faster than coupled (auto) time.
- g. Detector function: Peak.
- h. Trace: Max-hold.
- i. Allow the trace to stabilize

Note: Where the device shares the same channel plan (carrier frequencies and number of channels) across multiple data rates or modulation schemes then the number of channels need only be measured for one of those modulation schemes or data rates.

## 6.3 Dwell Time on Each Channel

### 6.3.1 Test Setup



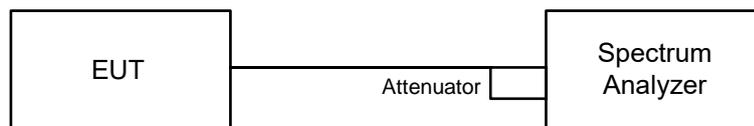
### 6.3.2 Test Procedure

- a. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- b. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- c. Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.
- d. RBW shall be  $\leq$  channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set  $\gg 1 / T$ , where T is the expected transmission time per hop.
- e. Sweep time: Set so that the start of the first transmission and end of the last transmission for the hop are clearly captured. Setting the sweep time to be slightly longer than the hopping period per channel (hopping period =  $1/\text{hopping rate}$ ) should achieve this.
- f. Use a video trigger, where possible with a trigger delay, so that the start of the transmission is clearly observed. The trigger level might need adjustment to reduce the chance of triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel.
- g. Detector function: Peak.
- h. Trace: Clear-write, single sweep.
- i. Place markers at the start of the first transmission on the channel and at the end of the last transmission. The dwell time per hop is the time between these two markers.

Note: Where the device shares the same hopping algorithms (dwell time, channel selection) across multiple data rates or modulation schemes then the time of occupancy need only be measured for one of those modulation schemes or data rates. If the dwell time value varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation in dwell time.

## 6.4 Hopping Channel Separation

### 6.4.1 Test Setup



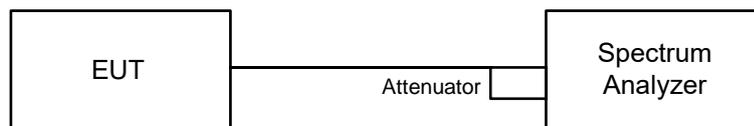
### 6.4.2 Test Procedure

- a. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- b. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range.
- c. Span: Wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels.
- d. RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.
- e. Video (or average) bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq$  RBW.
- f. Sweep: No faster than coupled (auto) time.
- g. Detector function: Peak.
- h. Trace: Max-hold.
- i. Allow the trace to stabilize.

Note: Where the device shares the same channel plan (carrier frequencies and number of channels) across multiple data rates or modulation schemes then the carrier separation need only be measured for one of those modulation schemes or data rates.

## 6.5 20 dB Bandwidth

### 6.5.1 Test Setup

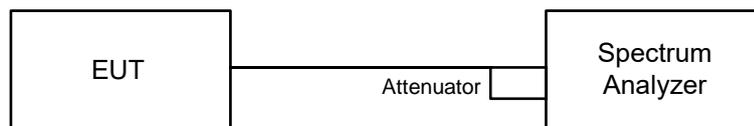


### 6.5.2 Test Procedure

- a. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- b. The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer shall be between two times and five times the OBW.
- c. The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be at least three times RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.
- d. Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than  $[10 \log (OBW/RBW)]$  below the reference level.
- e. Steps a) through c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified tolerances.
- f. The dynamic range of the instrument at the selected RBW shall be more than 10 dB below the target “-xx dB down” requirement; that is, if the requirement calls for measuring the -20 dB OBW, the instrument noise floor at the selected RBW shall be at least 30 dB below the reference value.
- g. Set detection mode to peak and trace mode to max-hold.
- h. Determine the reference value: Set the EUT to transmit an unmodulated carrier or modulated signal, as applicable. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest level of the displayed trace (this is the reference value).
- i. Determine the “-xx dB down amplitude” using  $[(\text{reference value}) - xx]$ . Alternatively, this calculation may be made by using the marker-delta function of the instrument.

## 6.6 Conducted Out of Band Emissions

### 6.6.1 Test Setup



### 6.6.2 Test Procedure

#### MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE REF

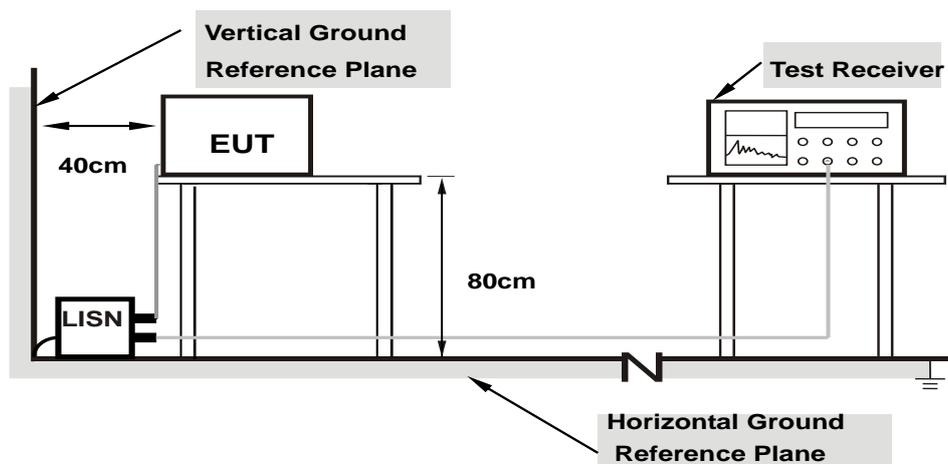
- a. Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- b. Set the VBW  $\geq$  300 kHz.
- c. Detector = peak.
- d. Sweep time = auto couple.
- e. Trace mode = max hold.
- f. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- g. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level in any 100 kHz band segment within the fundamental EBW.

#### MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE OOBE

- a. Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b. Set VBW  $\geq$  300 kHz.
- c. Detector = peak.
- d. Sweep = auto couple.
- e. Trace Mode = max hold.
- f. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- g. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

## 6.7 AC Power Conducted Emissions

### 6.7.1 Test Setup



**Note: 1.Support units were connected to second LISN.**

For the actual test configuration, please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

### 6.7.2 Test Procedure

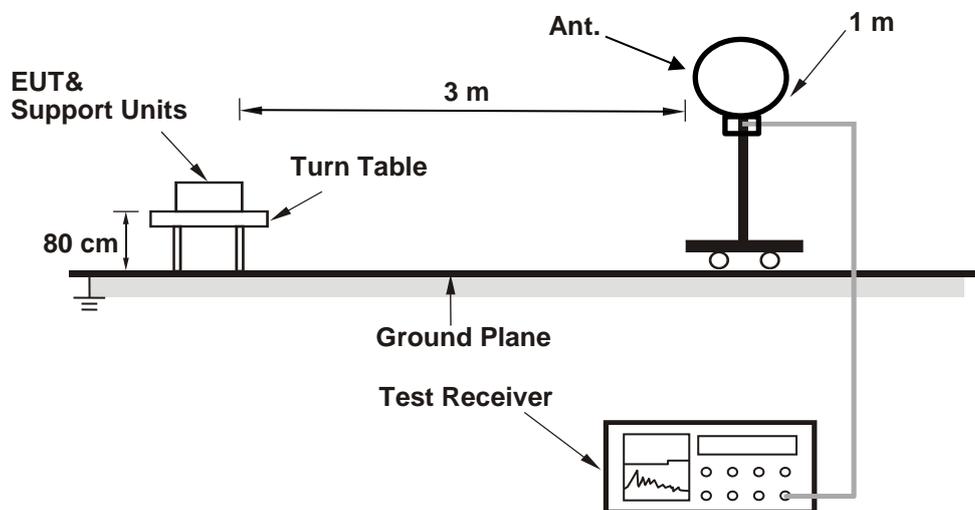
- Exploratory ac power-line conducted emission measurements: The EUT shall be operated on the mid channel and in the mode with highest output power unless the fundamental operates in the AC power-line emission test range then the EUT shall be operated in the range of typical modes of operation.
- The EUT was placed on a 0.8 meter to the top of table and placed 0.4 meters from the conducting wall of the shielded room with EUT being connected to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Other support units were connected to the power mains through another LISN. The two LISNs provide 50 ohm/ 50 uH of coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.
- Both lines of the power mains connected to the EUT were checked for maximum conducted interference.
- The frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz was searched. Emission levels under (Limit – 20 dB) was not recorded.

Note: The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver is 9 kHz for quasi-peak detection (QP) and average detection (AV) at frequency 0.15 MHz-30 MHz.

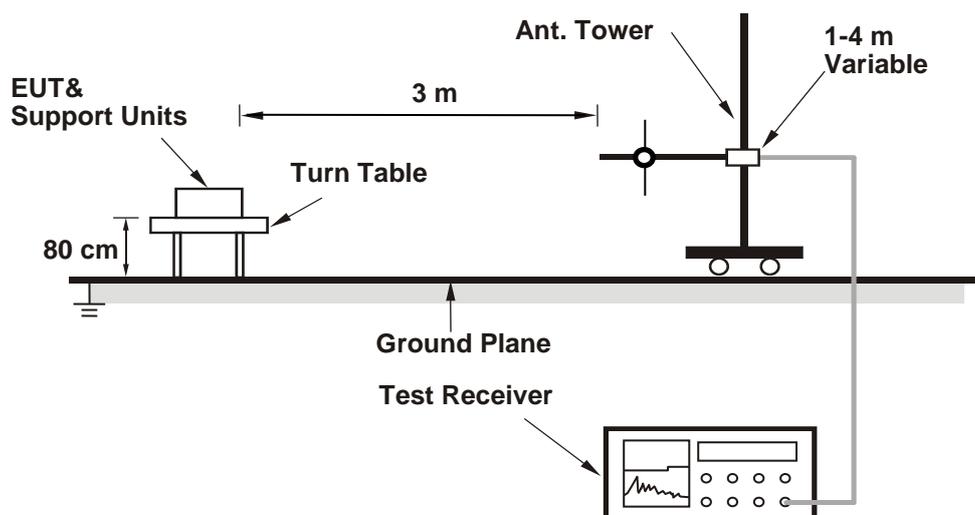
## 6.8 Unwanted Emissions below 1 GHz

### 6.8.1 Test Setup

#### For Radiated emission below 30 MHz



#### For Radiated emission above 30 MHz



For the actual test configuration, please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

## 6.8.2 Test Procedure

### For Radiated emission below 30 MHz

- a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. Parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel orientations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to Quasi-Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode, except for the frequency band (9 kHz to 90 kHz and 110 kHz to 490 kHz) set to average detect function and peak detect function.

#### Notes:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 200 Hz at frequency below 150 kHz.
2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 9 kHz or 10 kHz at frequency (150 kHz to 30 MHz).
3. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.

### For Radiated emission above 30 MHz

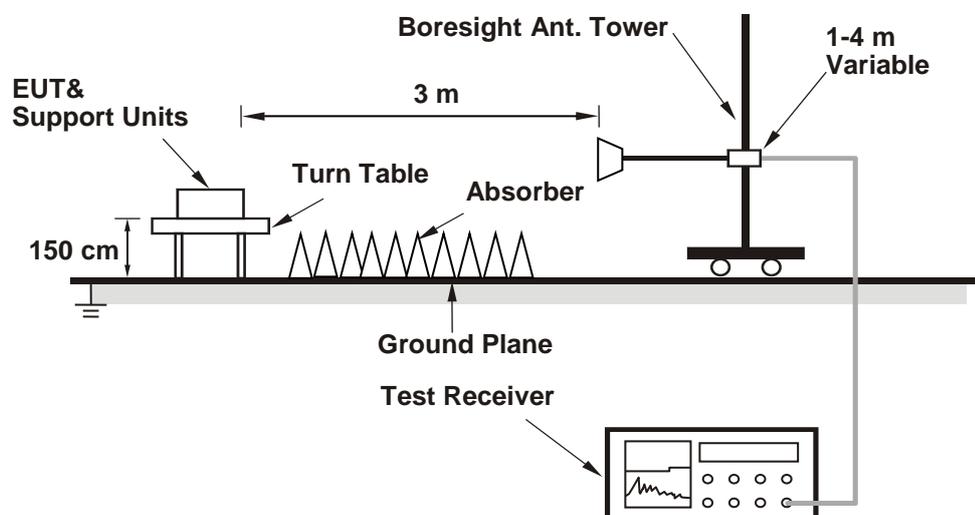
- a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to Quasi-peak(QP) detect function, Average(AV) detect function, Peak(PK) detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequencies less than or equal to 1 GHz.

#### Notes:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.
2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.

## 6.9 Unwanted Emissions above 1 GHz

### 6.9.1 Test Setup



For the actual test configuration, please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

### 6.9.2 Test Procedure

- The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- The test-receiver system was set to peak and average detects function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is above 1 GHz. If the peak reading value also meets average limit, measurement with the average detector is unnecessary.

#### Notes:

- The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 3 MHz for Peak detection (PK) and Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 GHz.
- The maximum dwell time per 1 MHz is determined as follows:  
 Maximum dwell time per 1 MHz = dwell time per 100 ms per channel × (channel separation correction + overlapping channel correction) where:
  - Channel separation correction =  $[1 / \text{channel separation (MHz)}]$  for channel separation < 1 MHz, and = 1 for channel separation  $\geq$  1 MHz, as determined using the procedures of 7.8.2. If the average measurements are performed on the Nth harmonic, the channel separation value is N times the separation at the fundamental frequency.
  - Overlapping channel correction = 0 when the 20 dB channel bandwidth < channel separation and = 1 for when the 20 dB channel bandwidth > channel separation.
 The average value may be determined as follows:
  - From the peak value of the emission: The measured peak value in dBuV/m is corrected by  $20\log(\text{maximum dwell time in 100 ms} / 100)$ .
  - From the average value of the emission: When the average value has been measured with the device continuously transmitting (100% duty cycle) the measured average value in dBuV/m is corrected by  $X\log(\text{maximum dwell time in 100 ms} / 100)$  where X = 10 if using an rms-average power detector (with output data in power terms) and X = 20 if using a linear voltage average detector (with output data in voltage terms).
- All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.

## 7 Test Results of Test Item

### 7.1 RF Output Power

Input Power:	3.8 Vdc	Environmental Conditions:	25°C, 60% RH	Tested By:	Ivan Tseng
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#### Mode A

#### For Peak Power

#### GFSK

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Peak Power (mW)	Peak Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
0	2402	4.853	6.86	21	Pass
39	2441	5.012	7.00	21	Pass
78	2480	5.058	7.04	21	Pass

Note: The antenna gain is 1.04 dBi  $\leq$  6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

#### $\pi/4$ -DQPSK

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Peak Power (mW)	Peak Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
0	2402	8.73	9.41	21	Pass
39	2441	9.036	9.56	21	Pass
78	2480	9.078	9.58	21	Pass

Note: The antenna gain is 1.04 dBi  $\leq$  6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

#### For Average Power

#### GFSK

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (mW)	Average Power (dBm)
0	2402	4.56	6.59
39	2441	4.634	6.66
78	2480	4.732	6.75

#### $\pi/4$ -DQPSK

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (mW)	Average Power (dBm)
0	2402	4.395	6.43
39	2441	4.56	6.59
78	2480	4.624	6.65

## Mode B

### For Peak Power

#### GFSK

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Peak Power (mW)	Peak Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
0	2402	4.819	6.83	21	Pass
39	2441	4.943	6.94	21	Pass
78	2480	5.035	7.02	21	Pass

Note: The antenna gain is 1.04 dBi  $\leq$  6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

#### $\pi/4$ -DQPSK

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Peak Power (mW)	Peak Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
0	2402	8.892	9.49	21	Pass
39	2441	8.913	9.50	21	Pass
78	2480	8.933	9.51	21	Pass

Note: The antenna gain is 1.04 dBi  $\leq$  6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

### For Average Power

#### GFSK

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (mW)	Average Power (dBm)
0	2402	4.55	6.58
39	2441	4.592	6.62
78	2480	4.688	6.71

#### $\pi/4$ -DQPSK

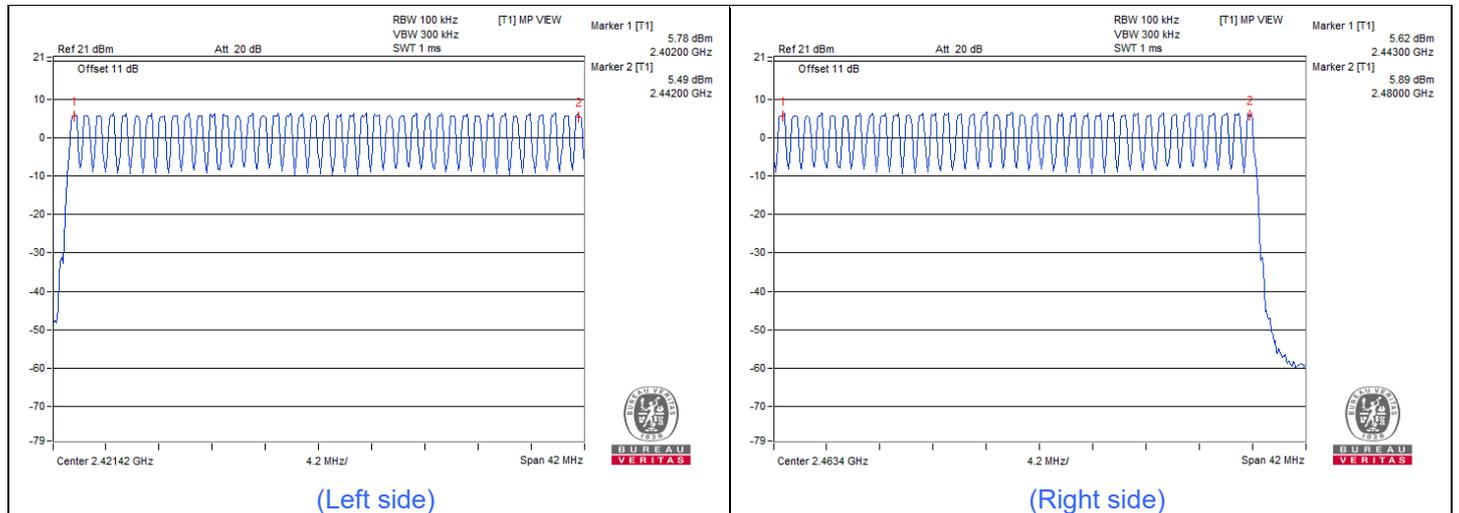
Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (mW)	Average Power (dBm)
0	2402	4.519	6.55
39	2441	4.581	6.61
78	2480	4.656	6.68

## 7.2 Number of Hopping Frequency Used

Input Power:	3.8 Vdc	Environmental Conditions:	25°C, 60% RH	Tested By:	Ivan Tseng
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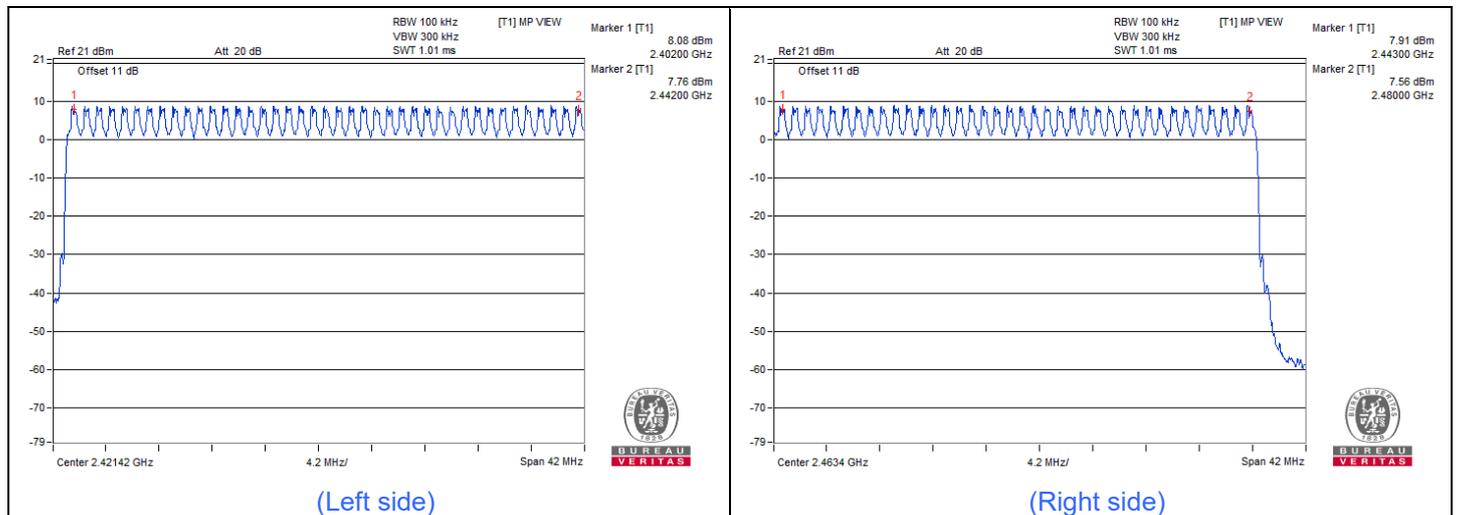
### Mode A

#### GFSK



Note: There are 79 hopping frequencies in the hopping mode. On the plots, it shows that the hopping frequencies are equally spaced.

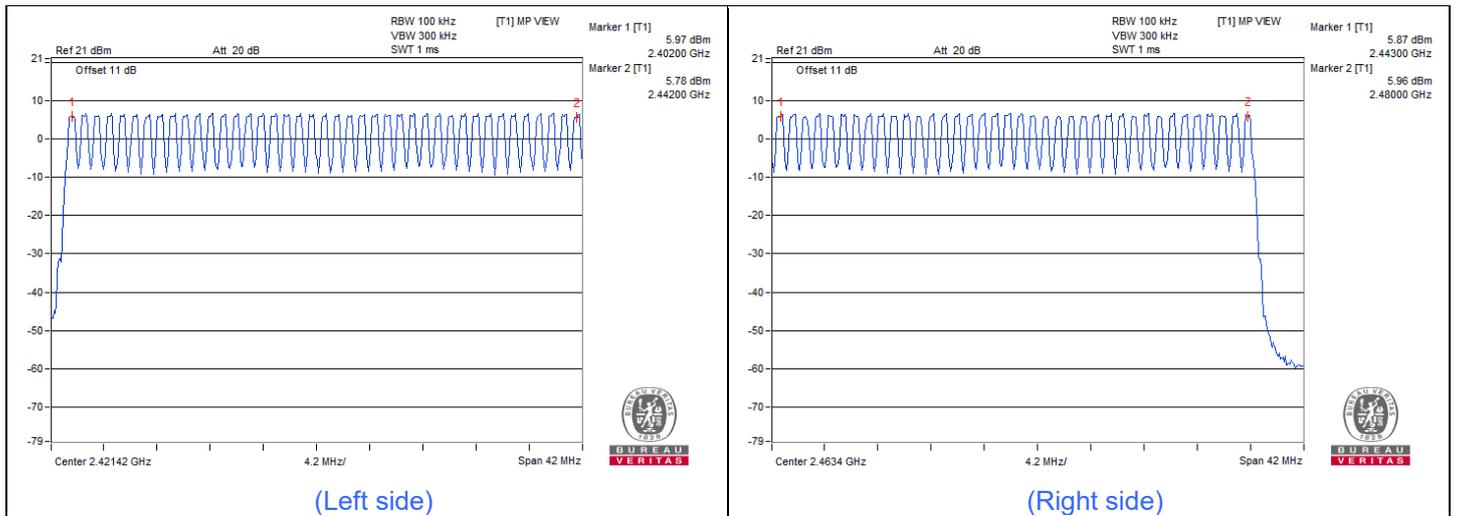
#### $\pi/4$ -DQPSK



Note: There are 79 hopping frequencies in the hopping mode. On the plots, it shows that the hopping frequencies are equally spaced.

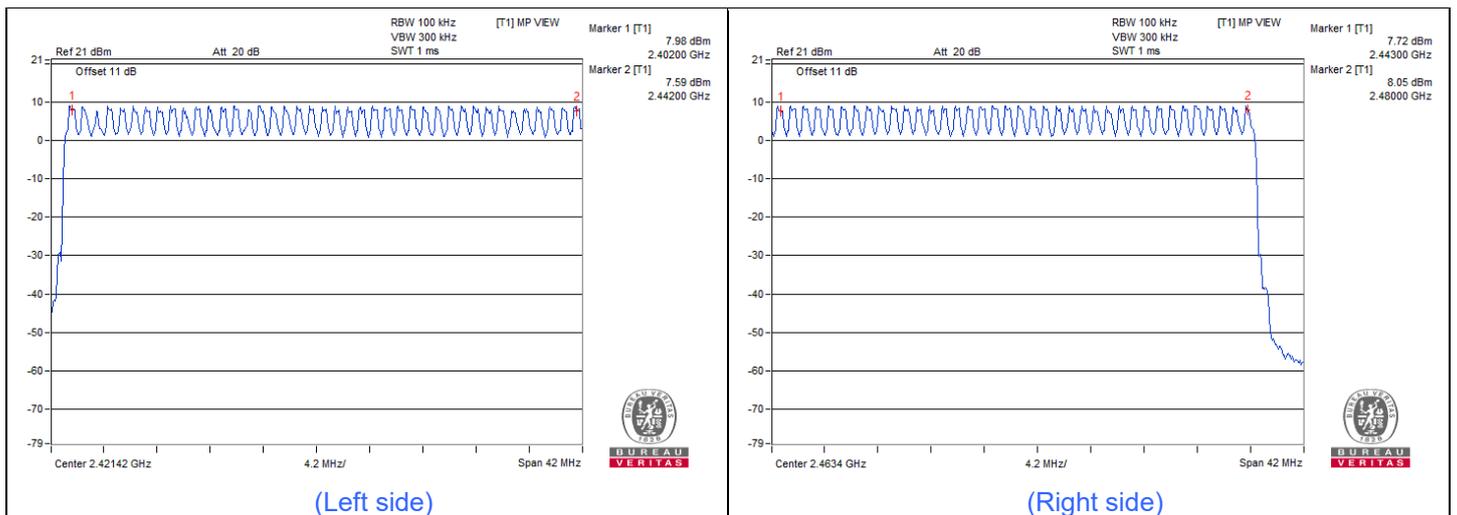
### Mode B

### GFSK



Note: There are 79 hopping frequencies in the hopping mode. On the plots, it shows that the hopping frequencies are equally spaced.

### $\pi/4$ -DQPSK



Note: There are 79 hopping frequencies in the hopping mode. On the plots, it shows that the hopping frequencies are equally spaced.



### 7.3 Dwell Time on Each Channel

Input Power:	3.8 Vdc	Environmental Conditions:	25°C, 60% RH	Tested By:	Ivan Tseng
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#### Mode A

#### GFSK

Mode	Number of transmission in 31.6 sec	Length of transmission time (msec)	Dwell Time (msec)	Limit (msec)	Test Result
DH1	51 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 323 times	0.423	136.63	400	Pass
DH3	25 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 158 times	1.695	267.81	400	Pass
DH5	17 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 108 times	2.952	318.82	400	Pass

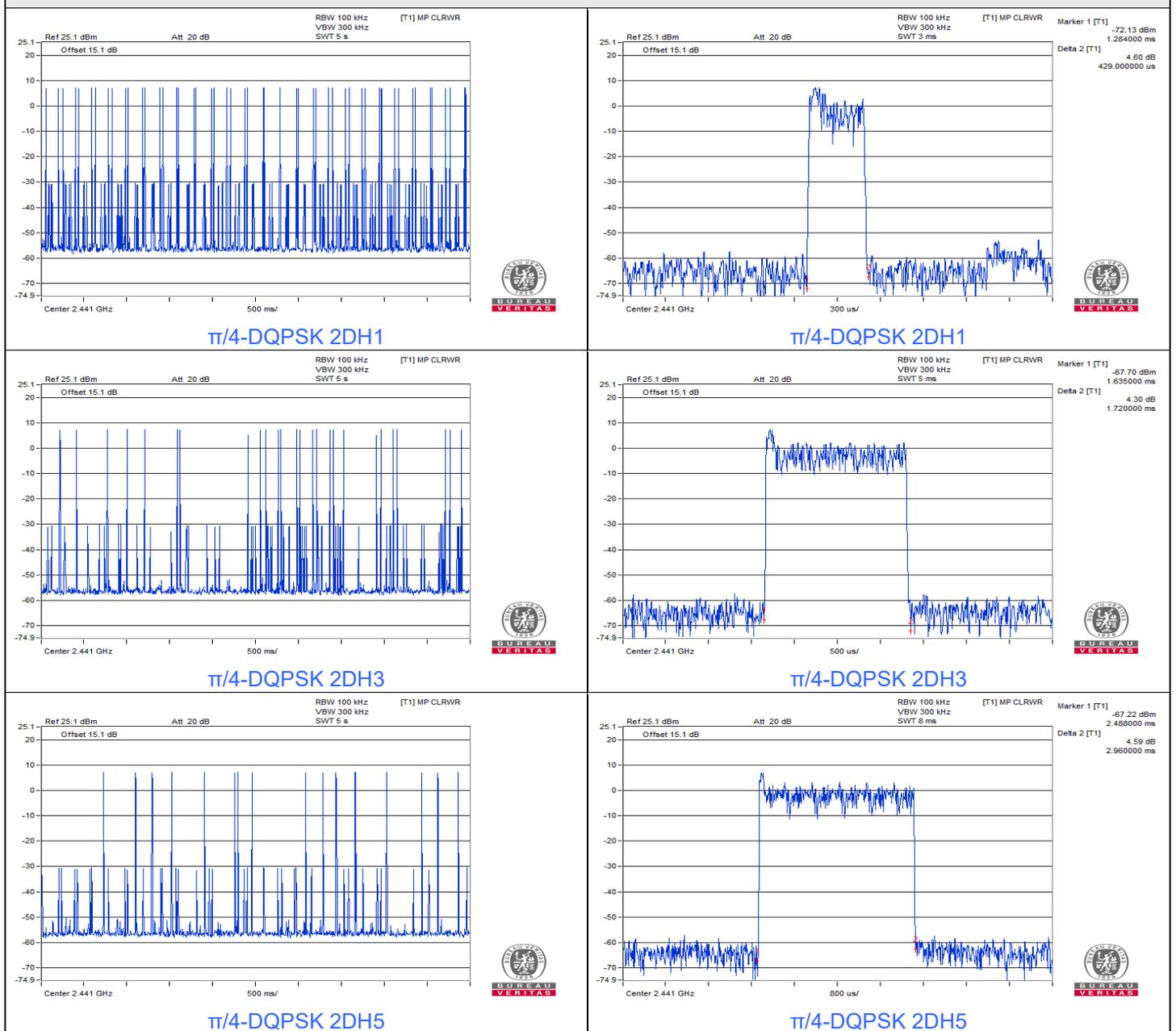
#### Spectrum plots of Dwell Time



$\pi/4$ -DQPSK

Mode	Number of transmission in 31.6 sec	Length of transmission time (msec)	Dwell Time (msec)	Limit (msec)	Test Result
2DH1	50 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 316 times	0.429	135.56	400	Pass
2DH3	26 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 165 times	1.72	283.8	400	Pass
2DH5	17 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 108 times	2.96	319.68	400	Pass

Spectrum plots of Dwell Time





Mode B

GFSK

Mode	Number of transmission in 31.6 sec	Length of transmission time (msec)	Dwell Time (msec)	Limit (msec)	Test Result
DH1	50 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 316 times	0.42	132.72	400	Pass
DH3	27 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 171 times	1.68	287.28	400	Pass
DH5	18 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 114 times	2.96	337.44	400	Pass

Spectrum plots of Dwell Time



$\pi/4$ -DQPSK

Mode	Number of transmission in 31.6 sec	Length of transmission time (msec)	Dwell Time (msec)	Limit (msec)	Test Result
2DH1	52 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 329 times	0.42	138.18	400	Pass
2DH3	25 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 158 times	1.7	268.6	400	Pass
2DH5	18 (times / 5 sec) * 6.32 = 114 times	2.968	338.35	400	Pass

Spectrum plots of Dwell Time



### 7.4 Hopping Channel Separation

Input Power:	3.8 Vdc	Environmental Conditions:	25°C, 60% RH	Tested By:	Ivan Tseng
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#### Mode A

#### GFSK

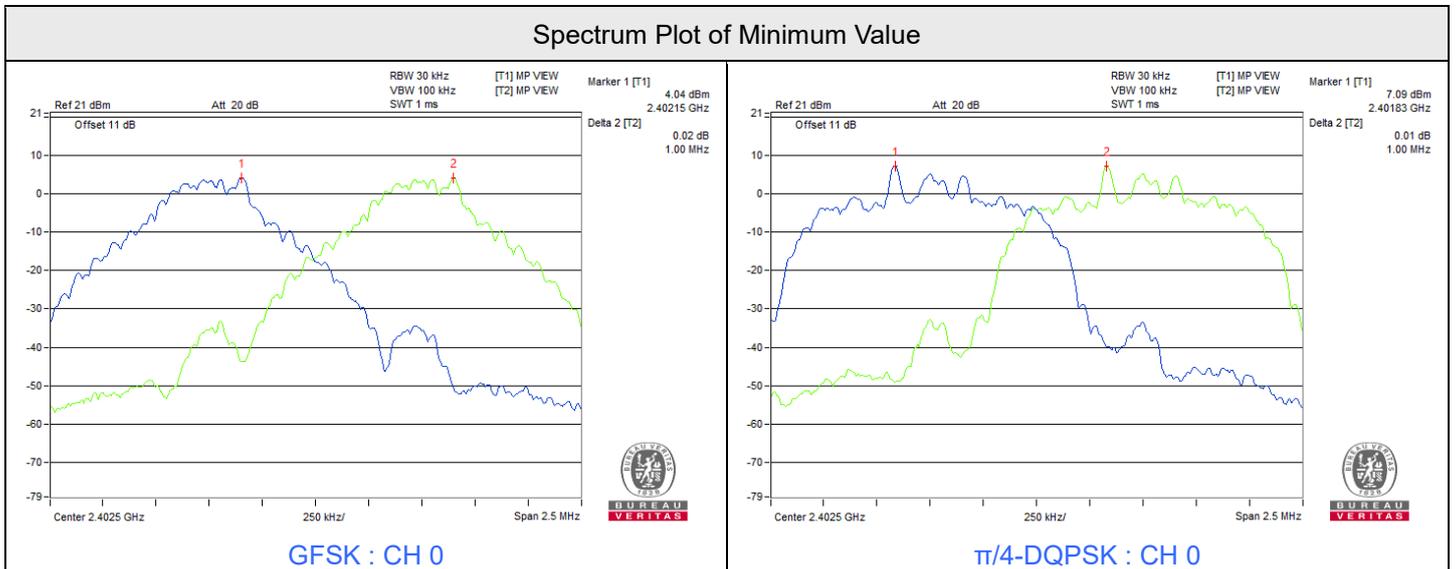
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Hopping Channel Separation (MHz)	Minimum Limit (MHz)	Test Result
0	2402	1.00	0.64	Pass
39	2441	1.01	0.64	Pass
78	2480	1.00	0.64	Pass

Note: The minimum limit is two-third 20dB bandwidth.

#### $\pi/4$ -DQPSK

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Hopping Channel Separation (MHz)	Minimum Limit (MHz)	Test Result
0	2402	1.00	0.83	Pass
39	2441	1.01	0.83	Pass
78	2480	1.01	0.83	Pass

Note: The minimum limit is two-third 20dB bandwidth.



**Mode B**

**GFSK**

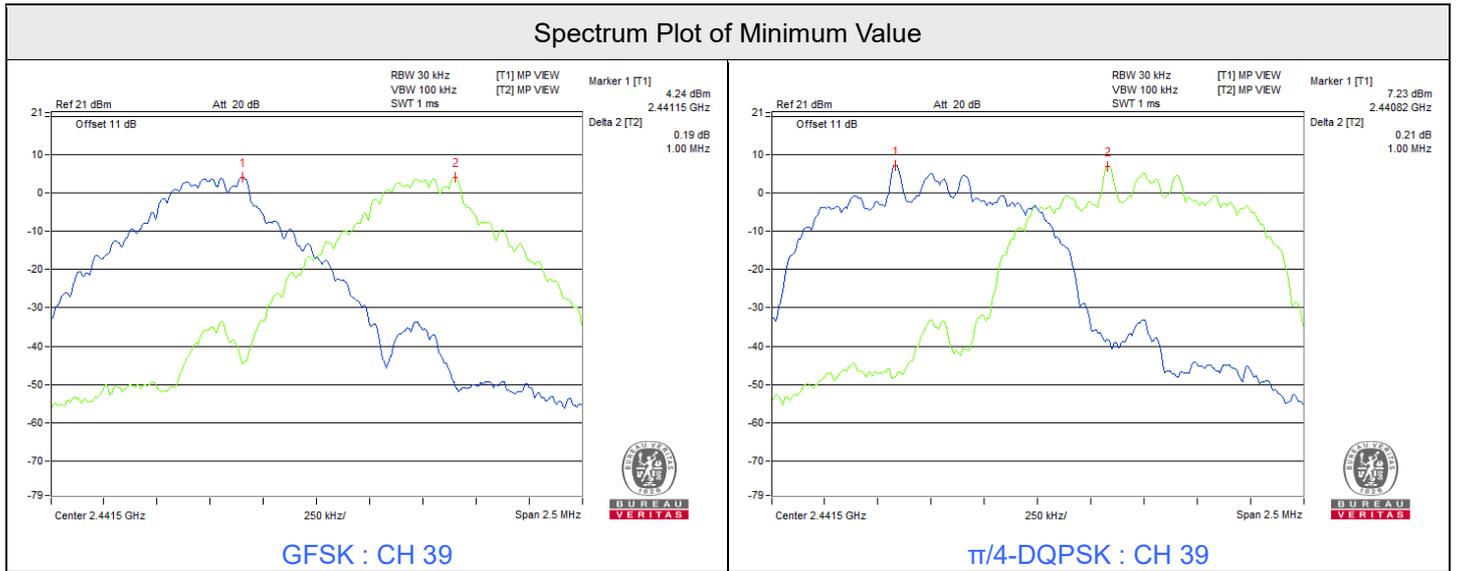
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Hopping Channel Separation (MHz)	Minimum Limit (MHz)	Test Result
0	2402	1.01	0.64	Pass
39	2441	1.00	0.64	Pass
78	2480	1.01	0.64	Pass

Note: The minimum limit is two-third 20dB bandwidth.

**$\pi/4$ -DQPSK**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Hopping Channel Separation (MHz)	Minimum Limit (MHz)	Test Result
0	2402	1.01	0.83	Pass
39	2441	1.00	0.83	Pass
78	2480	1.00	0.84	Pass

Note: The minimum limit is two-third 20dB bandwidth.





### 7.5 20 dB Bandwidth

Input Power:	3.8 Vdc	Environmental Conditions:	25°C, 60% RH	Tested By:	Ivan Tseng
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#### Mode A

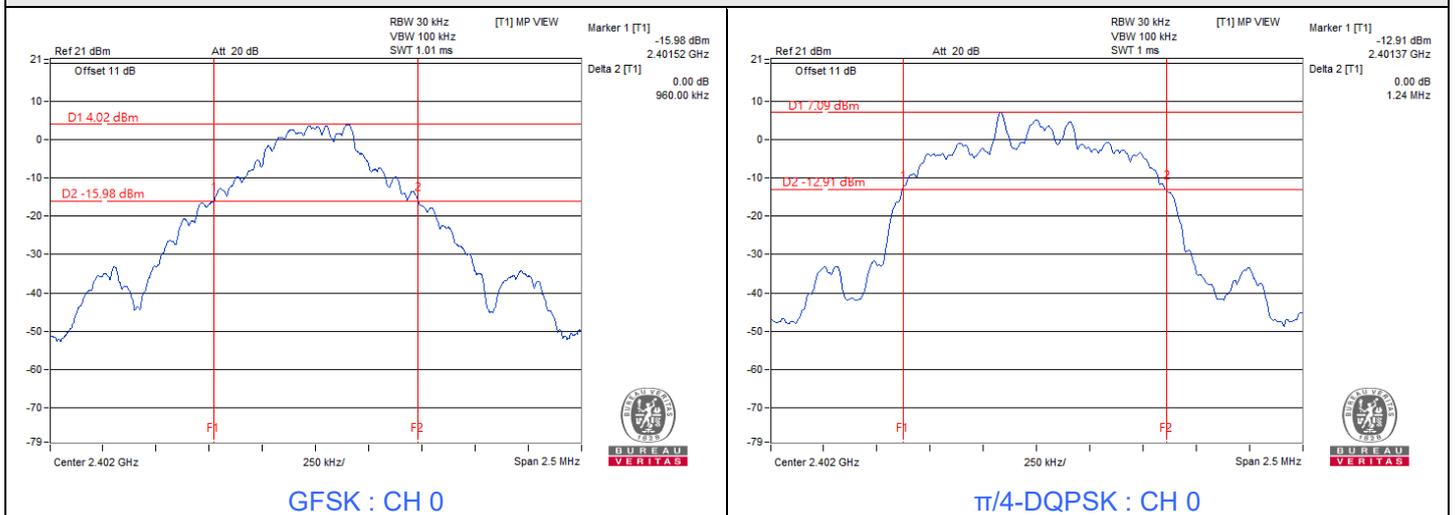
#### GFSK

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
0	2402	0.96
39	2441	0.96
78	2480	0.96

#### $\pi/4$ -DQPSK

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
0	2402	1.24
39	2441	1.24
78	2480	1.24

Spectrum Plot of Minimum Value



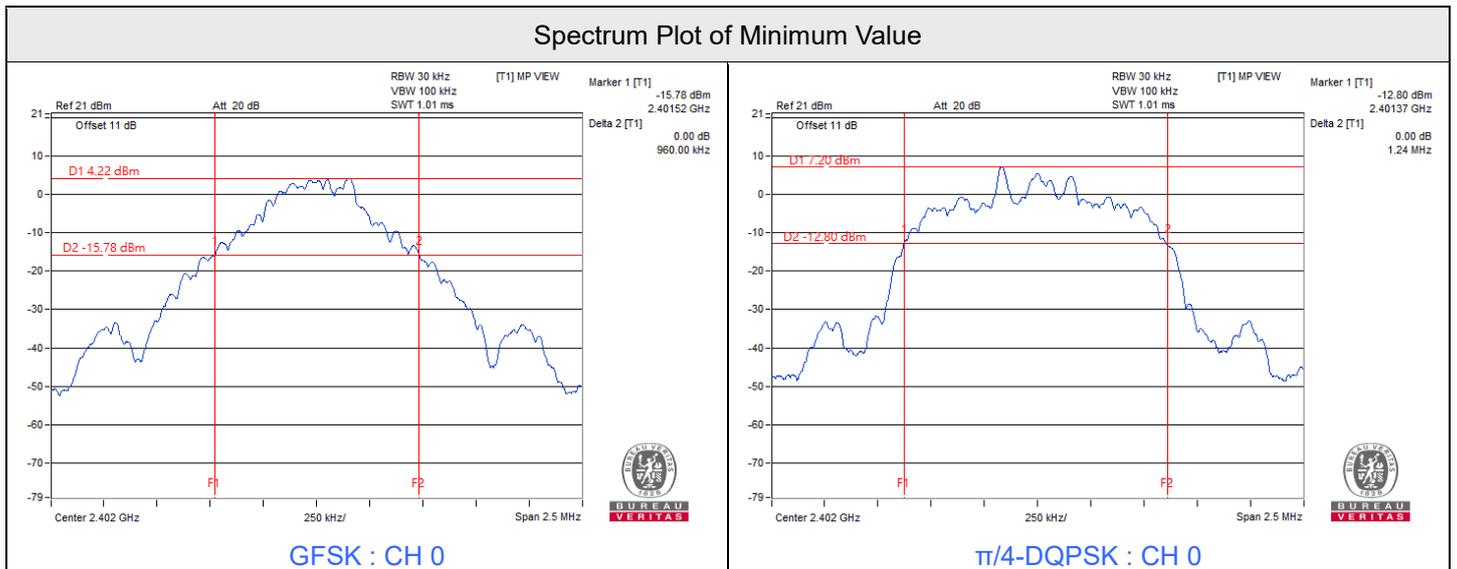
**Mode B**

**GFSK**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
0	2402	0.96
39	2441	0.96
78	2480	0.96

**$\pi/4$ -DQPSK**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
0	2402	1.24
39	2441	1.24
78	2480	1.25





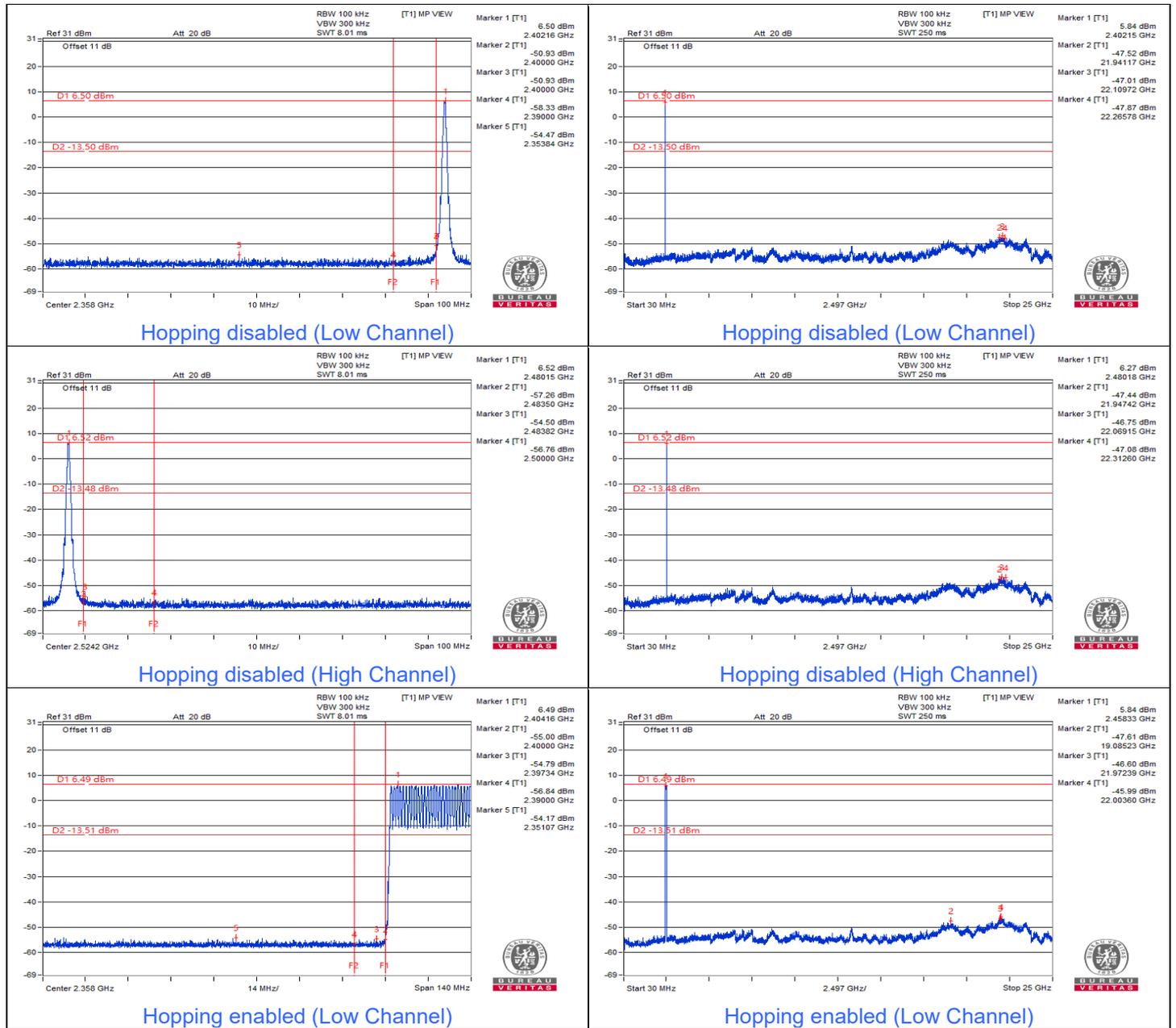
BUREAU VERITAS

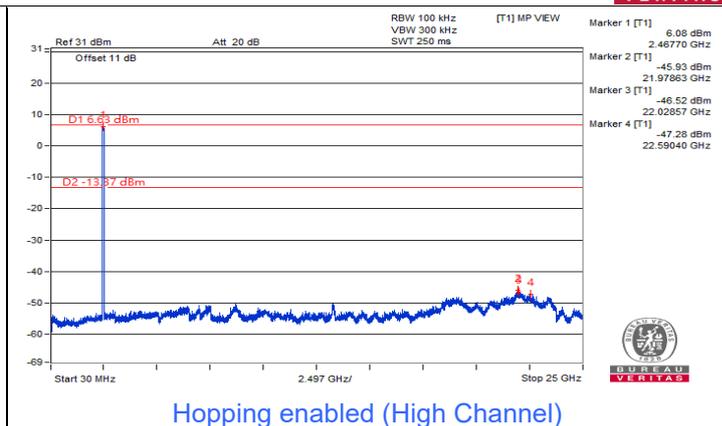
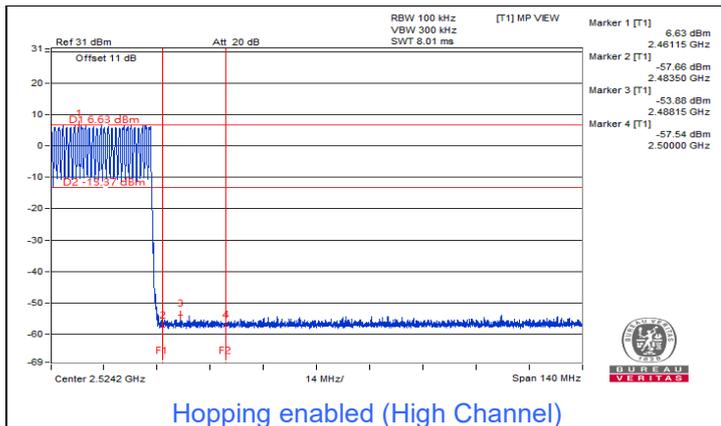
### 7.6 Conducted Out of Band Emissions

Input Power:	3.8 Vdc	Environmental Conditions:	25°C, 60% RH	Tested By:	Ivan Tseng
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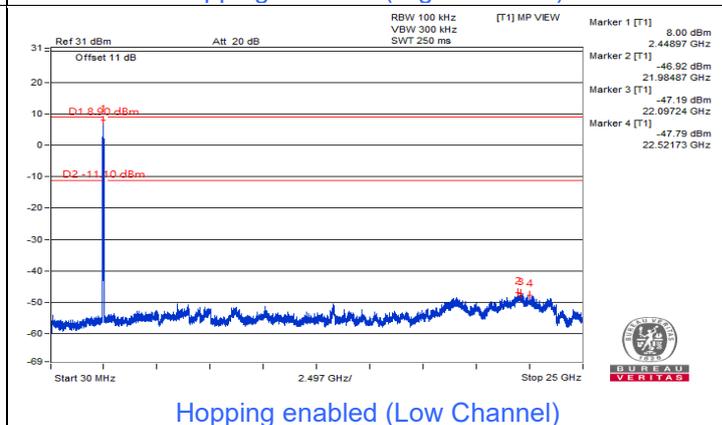
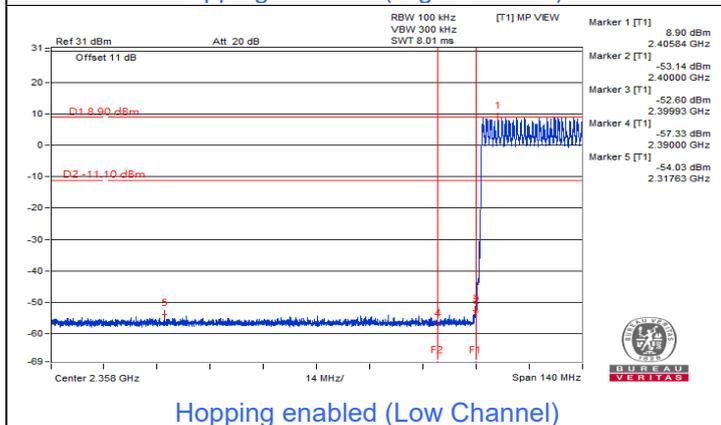
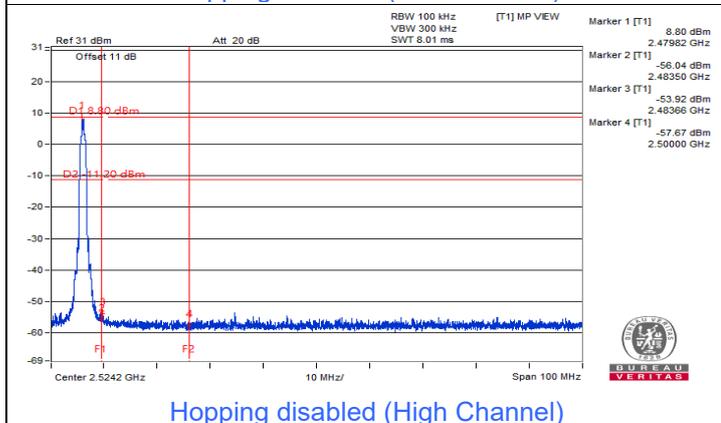
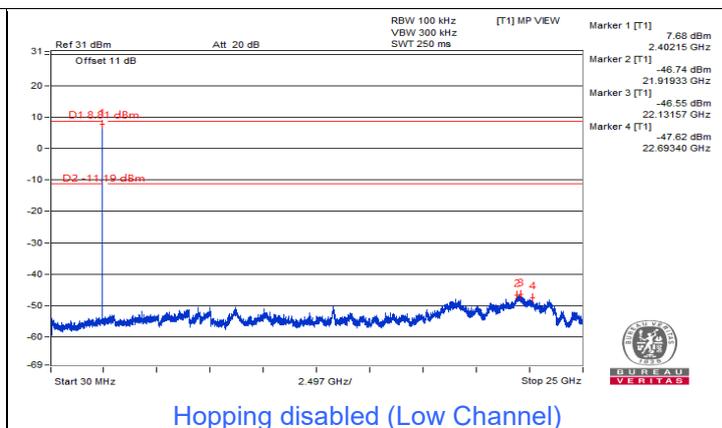
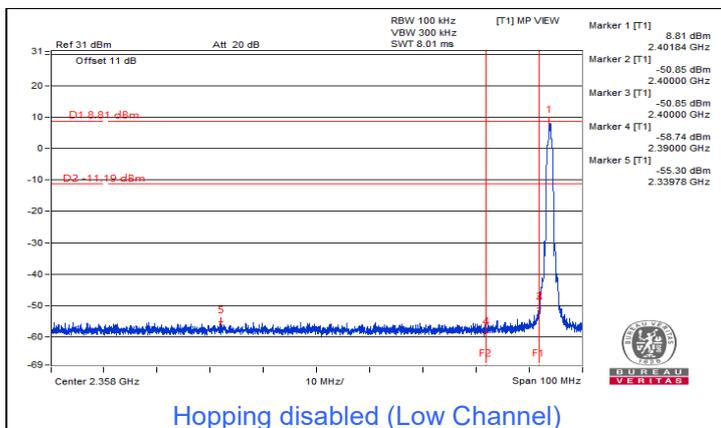
#### Mode A

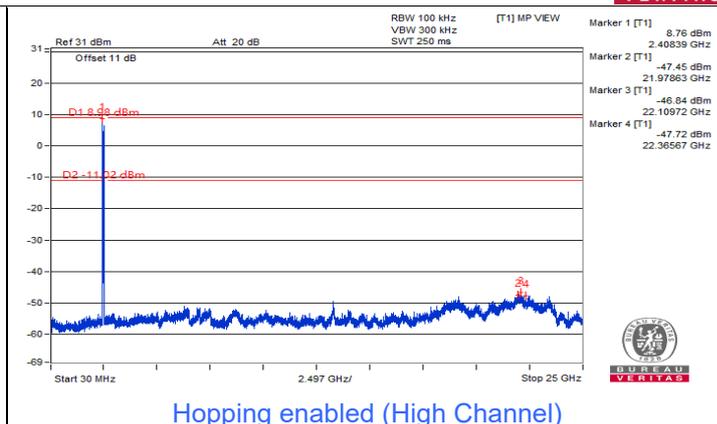
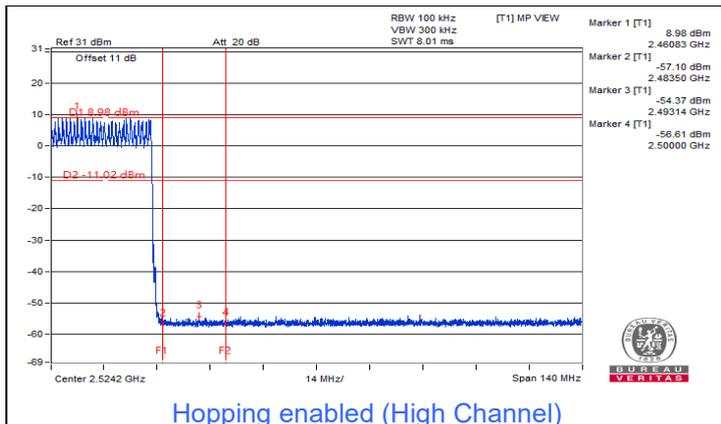
#### GFSK





$\pi/4$ -DQPSK

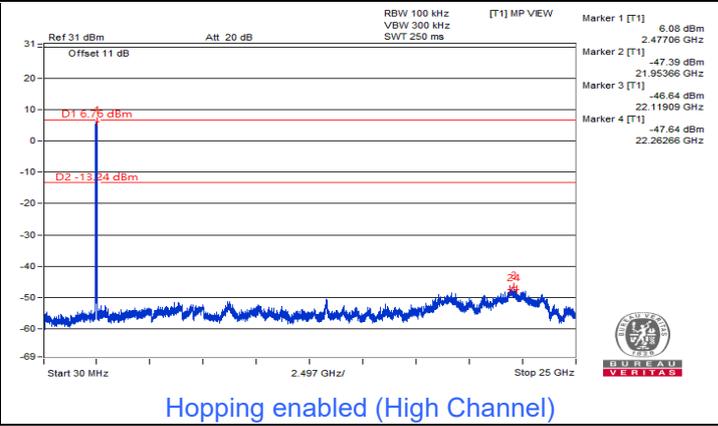
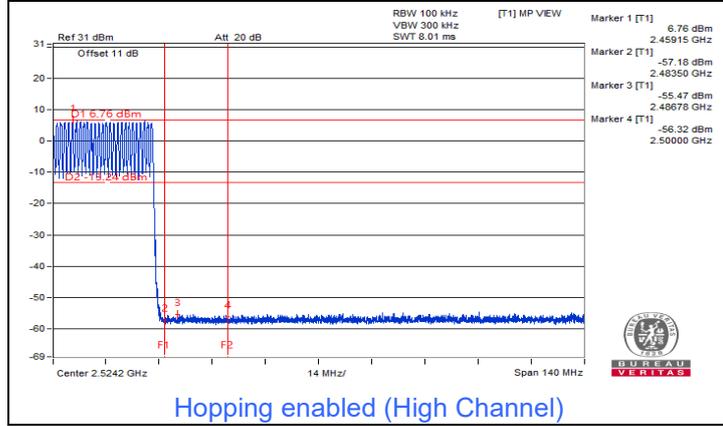
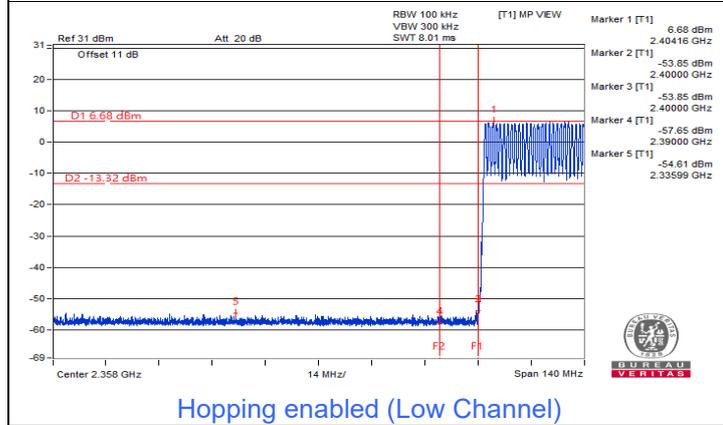
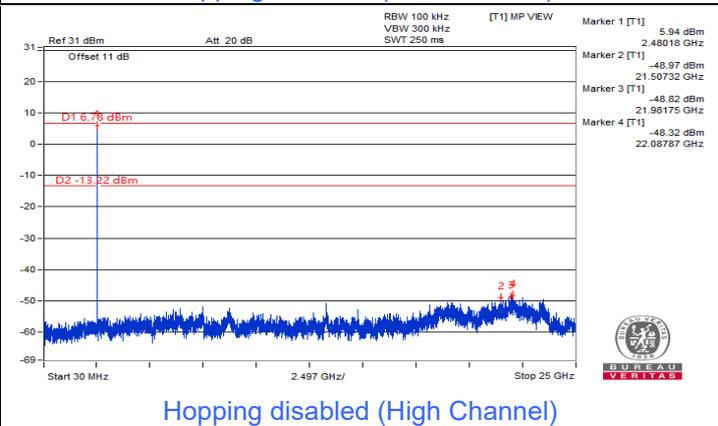
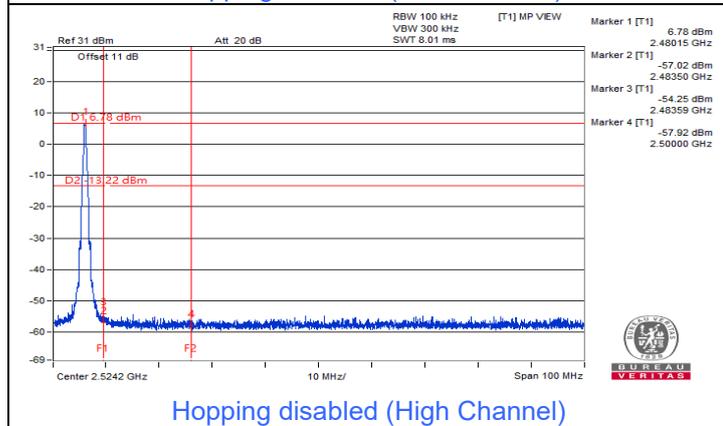
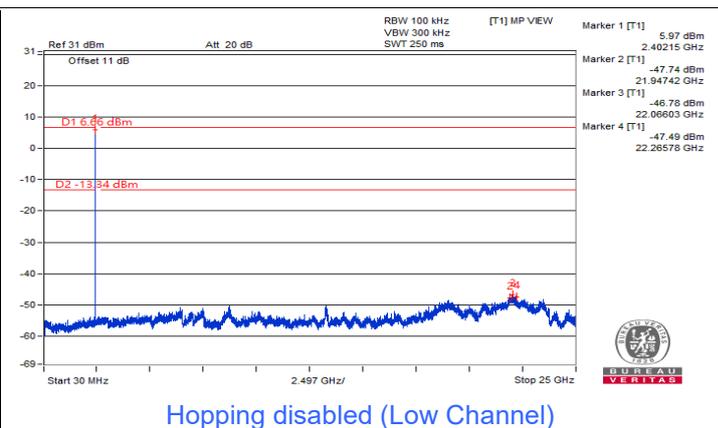
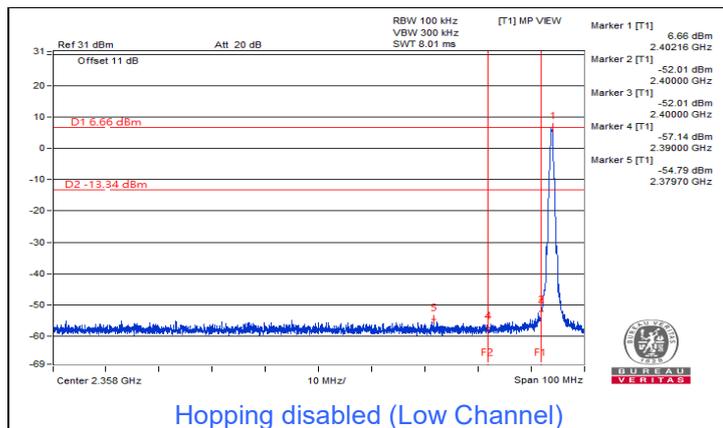






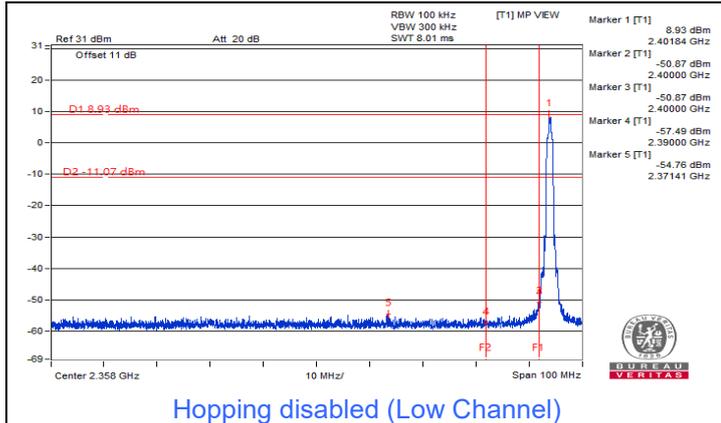
Mode B

GFSK





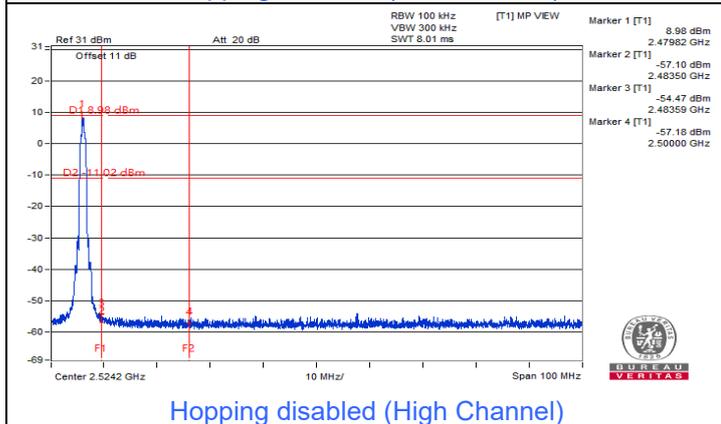
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK



Hopping disabled (Low Channel)



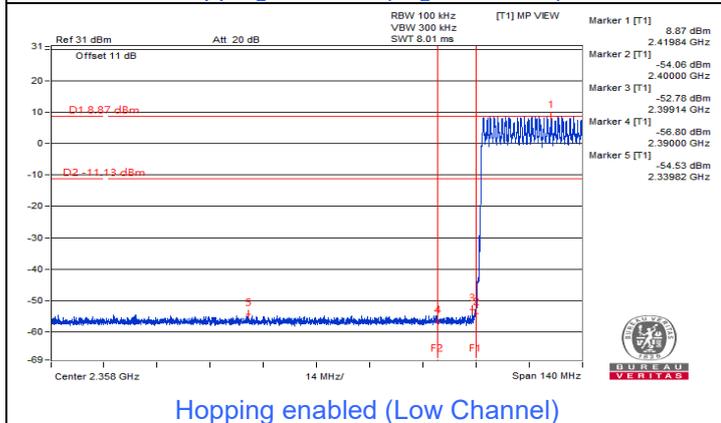
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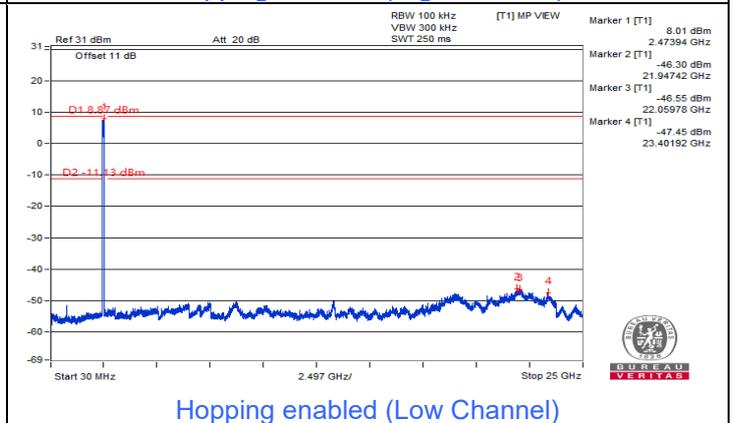
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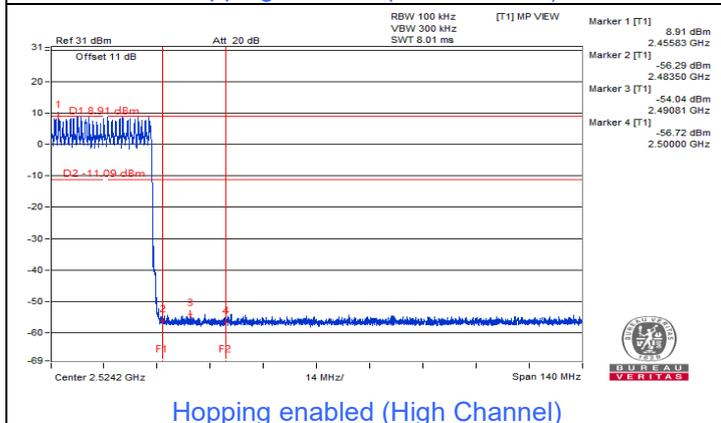
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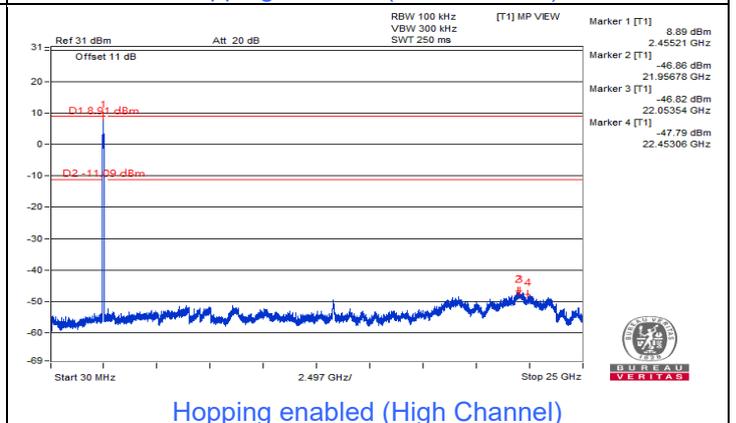
Hopping enabled (Low Channel)



Hopping enabled (Low Channel)



Hopping enabled (High Channel)



Hopping enabled (High Channel)

## 7.7 AC Power Conducted Emissions

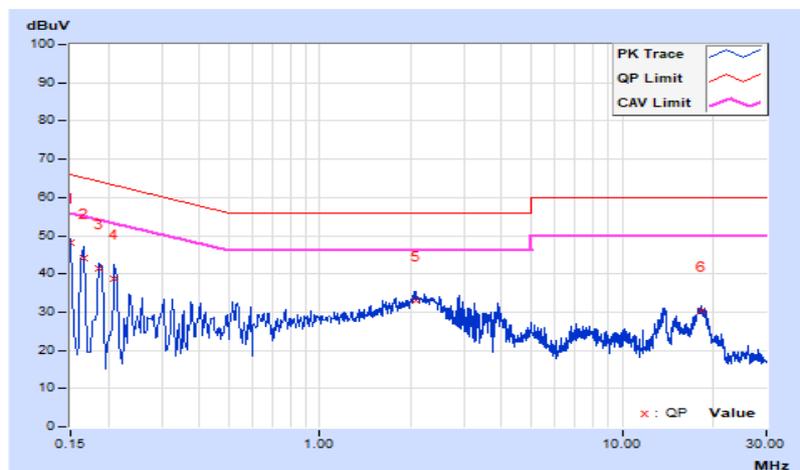
### Mode A

RF Mode	BT DQPSK	Channel	CH 78 : 2480 MHz
Frequency Range	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	Detector Function & Resolution Bandwidth	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV), 9 kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	25 °C, 75% RH
Tested By	Greg Lin		

Phase Of Power : Line (L)										
No	Frequency (MHz)	Correction Factor (dB)	Reading Value (dBuV)		Emission Level (dBuV)		Limit (dBuV)		Margin (dB)	
			Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.
1	0.15000	9.68	38.59	23.49	48.27	33.17	66.00	56.00	-17.73	-22.83
2	0.16600	9.69	34.33	12.17	44.02	21.86	65.16	55.16	-21.14	-33.30
3	0.18600	9.70	31.60	13.16	41.30	22.86	64.21	54.21	-22.91	-31.35
4	0.21000	9.71	29.17	13.39	38.88	23.10	63.21	53.21	-24.33	-30.11
5	2.07000	9.79	23.22	16.47	33.01	26.26	56.00	46.00	-22.99	-19.74
6	18.35000	10.06	20.41	12.08	30.47	22.14	60.00	50.00	-29.53	-27.86

#### Remarks:

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value

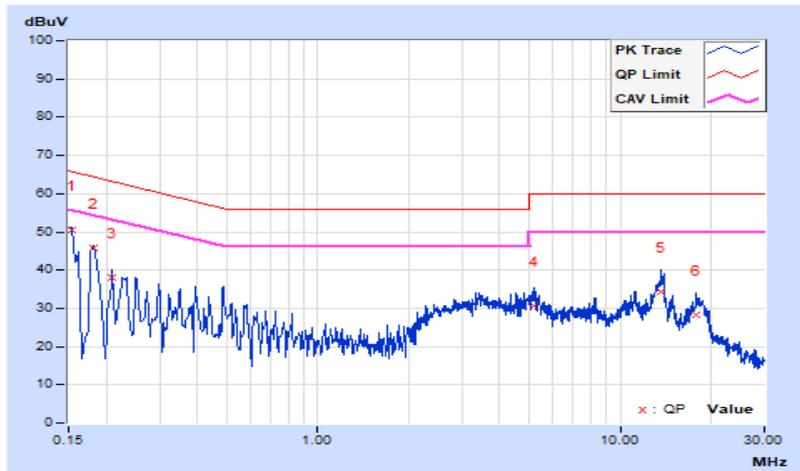


<b>RF Mode</b>	BT DQPSK	<b>Channel</b>	CH 78 : 2480 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Resolution Bandwidth</b>	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV), 9 kHz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	25 °C, 75% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Greg Lin		

Phase Of Power : Neutral (N)										
No	Frequency (MHz)	Correction Factor (dB)	Reading Value (dBuV)		Emission Level (dBuV)		Limit (dBuV)		Margin (dB)	
			Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.
1	0.15400	9.66	40.80	26.43	50.46	36.09	65.78	55.78	-15.32	-19.69
2	0.18180	9.66	36.18	24.31	45.84	33.97	64.40	54.40	-18.56	-20.43
3	0.21000	9.66	28.31	13.27	37.97	22.93	63.21	53.21	-25.24	-30.28
4	5.16600	9.89	20.74	12.16	30.63	22.05	60.00	50.00	-29.37	-27.95
5	13.70600	10.11	24.14	17.08	34.25	27.19	60.00	50.00	-25.75	-22.81
6	17.91400	10.23	17.90	12.63	28.13	22.86	60.00	50.00	-31.87	-27.14

**Remarks:**

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value



### Mode B

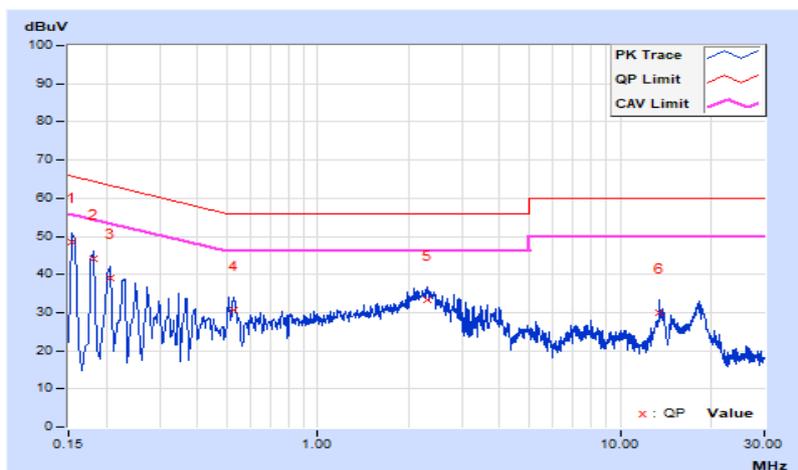
RF Mode	BT DQPSK	Channel	CH 78 : 2480 MHz
Frequency Range	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	Detector Function & Resolution Bandwidth	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV), 9 kHz
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	25 °C, 75% RH
Tested By	Greg Lin		

#### Phase Of Power : Line (L)

No	Frequency (MHz)	Correction Factor (dB)	Reading Value (dBuV)		Emission Level (dBuV)		Limit (dBuV)		Margin (dB)	
			Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.
1	0.15400	9.68	38.74	23.76	48.42	33.44	65.78	55.78	-17.36	-22.34
2	0.18200	9.70	34.43	20.27	44.13	29.97	64.39	54.39	-20.26	-24.42
3	0.20577	9.71	29.51	12.34	39.22	22.05	63.37	53.37	-24.15	-31.32
4	0.52985	9.74	20.83	11.09	30.57	20.83	56.00	46.00	-25.43	-25.17
5	2.29000	9.80	23.55	16.84	33.35	26.64	56.00	46.00	-22.65	-19.36
6	13.49000	10.01	20.05	10.56	30.06	20.57	60.00	50.00	-29.94	-29.43

#### Remarks:

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value

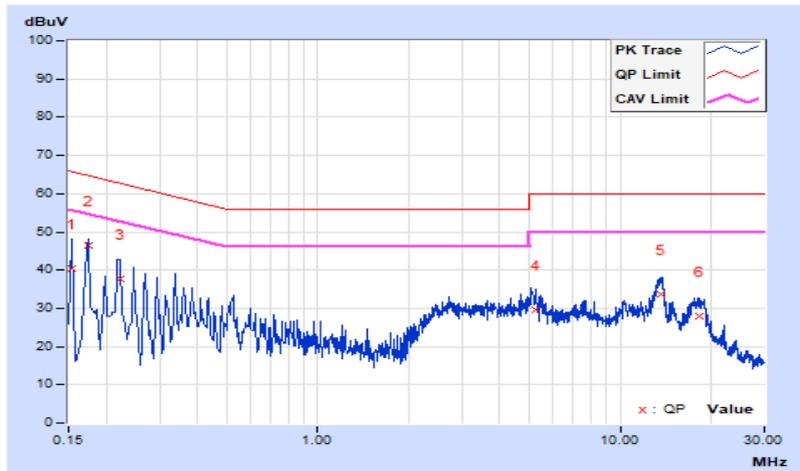


<b>RF Mode</b>	BT DQPSK	<b>Channel</b>	CH 78 : 2480 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Resolution Bandwidth</b>	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV), 9 kHz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	25 °C, 75% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Greg Lin		

Phase Of Power : Neutral (N)										
No	Frequency (MHz)	Correction Factor (dB)	Reading Value (dBuV)		Emission Level (dBuV)		Limit (dBuV)		Margin (dB)	
			Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.
1	0.15400	9.66	30.63	9.38	40.29	19.04	65.78	55.78	-25.49	-36.74
2	0.17400	9.66	36.89	23.40	46.55	33.06	64.77	54.77	-18.22	-21.71
3	0.22152	9.67	28.04	10.47	37.71	20.14	62.76	52.76	-25.05	-32.62
4	5.25000	9.89	19.65	11.11	29.54	21.00	60.00	50.00	-30.46	-29.00
5	13.63800	10.10	23.53	16.67	33.63	26.77	60.00	50.00	-26.37	-23.23
6	18.33800	10.24	17.81	12.58	28.05	22.82	60.00	50.00	-31.95	-27.18

**Remarks:**

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value



## 7.8 Unwanted Emissions below 1 GHz

### Mode A

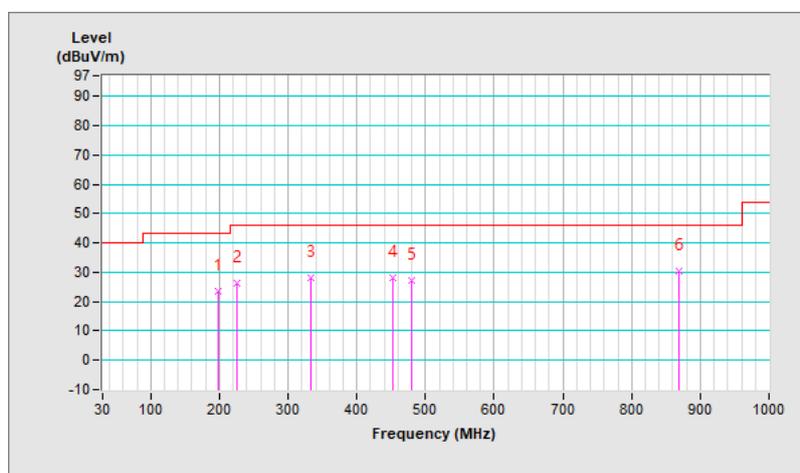
RF Mode	BT DQPSK	Channel	CH 78 : 2480 MHz
Frequency Range	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Detector Function & Bandwidth	PK: RB=120 kHz, DET=Peak QP: RB=120 kHz, DET=Quasi-Peak
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	22 °C, 68% RH
Tested By	Greg Lin		

#### Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	198.78	23.6 PK	43.5	-19.9	1.25 H	216	39.7	-16.1
2	225.94	26.4 QP	46.0	-19.6	1.00 H	88	42.3	-15.9
3	332.64	28.1 QP	46.0	-17.9	1.00 H	218	39.3	-11.2
4	451.95	28.2 QP	46.0	-17.8	1.50 H	63	36.3	-8.1
5	480.08	27.3 QP	46.0	-18.7	1.25 H	359	35.0	-7.7
6	868.08	30.5 QP	46.0	-15.5	1.25 H	194	31.7	-1.2

#### Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz.
5. The frequency range 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz: all emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit, therefore do not be recorded in this report.

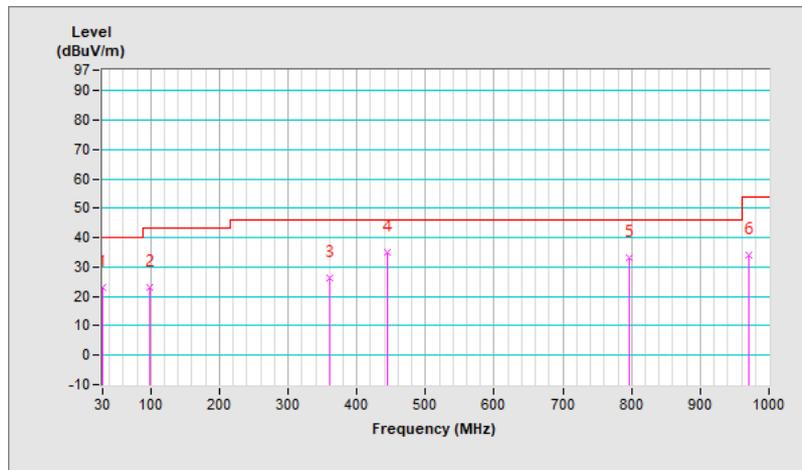


<b>RF Mode</b>	BT DQPSK	<b>Channel</b>	CH 78 : 2480 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	PK: RB=120 kHz, DET=Peak QP: RB=120 kHz, DET=Quasi-Peak
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	22 °C, 68% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Greg Lin		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	30.97	23.2 PK	40.0	-16.8	1.50 V	33	37.6	-14.4
2	98.87	23.0 QP	43.5	-20.5	1.25 V	278	40.5	-17.5
3	360.77	26.4 QP	46.0	-19.6	1.00 V	208	37.2	-10.8
<b>4</b>	<b>444.19</b>	<b>35.0 QP</b>	<b>46.0</b>	<b>-11.0</b>	<b>1.00 V</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>43.2</b>	<b>-8.2</b>
5	797.27	33.0 QP	46.0	-13.0	1.25 V	279	34.9	-1.9
6	970.90	34.0 QP	54.0	-20.0	1.50 V	271	33.4	0.6

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz.
5. The frequency range 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz: all emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit, therefore do not be recorded in this report.



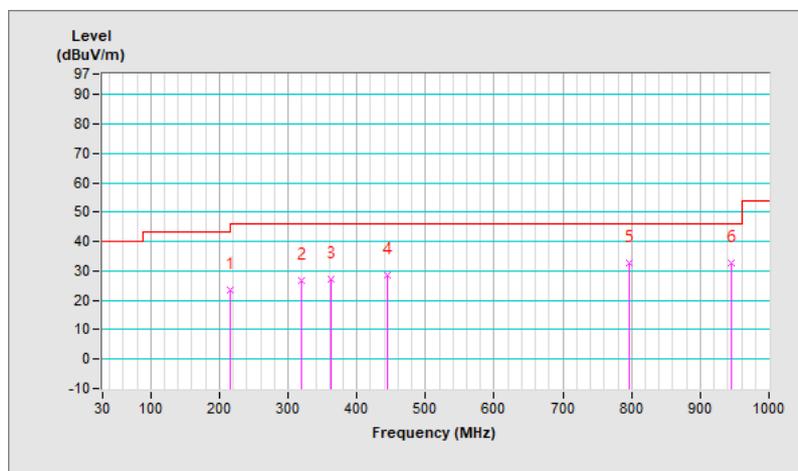
### Mode B

<b>RF Mode</b>	BT DQPSK	<b>Channel</b>	CH 78 : 2480 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	PK: RB=120 kHz, DET=Peak QP: RB=120 kHz, DET=Quasi-Peak
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	22 °C, 68% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Greg Lin		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	215.27	23.4 PK	43.5	-20.1	1.00 H	251	39.6	-16.2
2	320.03	26.8 QP	46.0	-19.2	1.00 H	275	38.3	-11.5
3	361.74	27.2 QP	46.0	-18.8	1.50 H	291	38.0	-10.8
4	444.19	28.7 QP	46.0	-17.3	1.25 H	326	36.9	-8.2
5	797.27	32.5 QP	46.0	-13.5	1.25 H	312	34.4	-1.9
6	944.71	32.7 QP	46.0	-13.3	1.50 H	18	32.5	0.2

#### Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz.
5. The frequency range 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz: all emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit, therefore do not be recorded in this report.

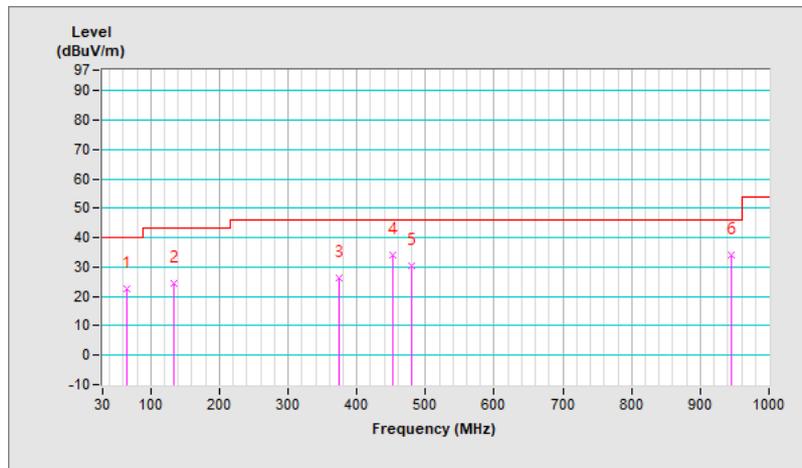


<b>RF Mode</b>	BT DQPSK	<b>Channel</b>	CH 78 : 2480 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	PK: RB=120 kHz, DET=Peak QP: RB=120 kHz, DET=Quasi-Peak
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	22 °C, 68% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Greg Lin		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	65.89	22.8 PK	40.0	-17.2	1.00 V	15	37.4	-14.6
2	132.82	24.5 QP	43.5	-19.0	1.50 V	132	38.2	-13.7
3	374.35	26.5 QP	46.0	-19.5	1.25 V	190	36.8	-10.3
4	451.95	34.2 QP	46.0	-11.8	1.00 V	170	42.3	-8.1
5	480.08	30.2 QP	46.0	-15.8	1.25 V	261	37.9	-7.7
6	944.71	33.9 QP	46.0	-12.1	1.50 V	163	33.7	0.2

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz.
5. The frequency range 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz: all emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit, therefore do not be recorded in this report.



## 7.9 Unwanted Emissions above 1 GHz

### Mode A

RF Mode	BT GFSK	Channel	CH 0 : 2402 MHz
Frequency Range	1 GHz ~ 25 GHz	Detector Function & Bandwidth	PK: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=Peak AV: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=RMS
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	22 °C, 68% RH
Tested By	Greg Lin		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	2390.00	59.0 PK	74.0	-15.0	1.69 H	126	26.4	32.6
2	2390.00	45.3 AV	54.0	-8.7	1.69 H	126	12.7	32.6
3	*2402.00	102.6 PK			1.69 H	126	70.0	32.6
4	*2402.00	72.1 AV			1.69 H	126	39.5	32.6
5	4804.00	49.9 PK	74.0	-24.1	2.23 H	118	45.5	4.4
6	4804.00	19.4 AV	54.0	-34.6	2.23 H	118	15.0	4.4
Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	2390.00	59.3 PK	74.0	-14.7	3.36 V	192	26.7	32.6
2	<b>2390.00</b>	<b>45.7 AV</b>	<b>54.0</b>	<b>-8.3</b>	<b>3.36 V</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>13.1</b>	<b>32.6</b>
3	*2402.00	103.7 PK			3.36 V	192	71.1	32.6
4	*2402.00	73.2 AV			3.36 V	192	40.6	32.6
5	4804.00	50.3 PK	74.0	-23.7	1.79 V	59	45.9	4.4
6	4804.00	19.8 AV	54.0	-34.2	1.79 V	59	15.4	4.4

#### Remarks:

- Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
- Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
- Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
- The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
- " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
- The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value + 20 log(Duty cycle) Where the duty cycle correction factor is calculated from following formula:  

$$20 \log(\text{Duty cycle}) = 20 \log(3/100*(1+0)) = -30.5 \text{ dB}$$



<b>RF Mode</b>	BT GFSK	<b>Channel</b>	CH 39 : 2441 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 25 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	PK: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=Peak AV: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=RMS
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	22 °C, 68% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Greg Lin		

**Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m**

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*2441.00	102.4 PK			1.66 H	128	69.8	32.6
2	*2441.00	71.9 AV			1.66 H	128	39.3	32.6
3	4882.00	50.3 PK	74.0	-23.7	2.26 H	107	45.8	4.5
4	4882.00	19.8 AV	54.0	-34.2	2.26 H	107	15.3	4.5

**Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m**

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*2441.00	103.5 PK			3.08 V	192	70.9	32.6
2	*2441.00	73.0 AV			3.08 V	192	40.4	32.6
3	4882.00	50.8 PK	74.0	-23.2	1.84 V	63	46.3	4.5
4	4882.00	20.3 AV	54.0	-33.7	1.84 V	63	15.8	4.5

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* " : Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value + 20 log(Duty cycle) Where the duty cycle correction factor is calculated from following formula:  
 $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle}) = 20 \log(3/100*(1+0)) = -30.5 \text{ dB}$



<b>RF Mode</b>	BT GFSK	<b>Channel</b>	CH 78 : 2480 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 25 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	PK: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=Peak AV: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=RMS
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	22 °C, 68% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Greg Lin		

**Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m**

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*2480.00	103.4 PK			1.64 H	125	70.6	32.8
2	*2480.00	72.9 AV			1.64 H	125	40.1	32.8
3	2483.50	53.8 PK	74.0	-20.2	1.64 H	125	57.1	-3.3
4	2483.50	23.3 AV	54.0	-30.7	1.64 H	125	26.6	-3.3
5	4960.00	50.6 PK	74.0	-23.4	2.17 H	118	45.8	4.8
6	4960.00	20.1 AV	54.0	-33.9	2.17 H	118	15.3	4.8

**Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m**

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*2480.00	104.4 PK			3.15 V	196	71.6	32.8
2	*2480.00	73.9 AV			3.15 V	196	41.1	32.8
3	2483.50	54.5 PK	74.0	-19.5	3.15 V	196	57.8	-3.3
4	2483.50	24.0 AV	54.0	-30.0	3.15 V	196	27.3	-3.3
5	4960.00	51.4 PK	74.0	-22.6	1.87 V	66	46.6	4.8
6	4960.00	20.9 AV	54.0	-33.1	1.87 V	66	16.1	4.8

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value + 20 log(Duty cycle) Where the duty cycle correction factor is calculated from following formula:  
 $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle}) = 20 \log(3/100*(1+0)) = -30.5 \text{ dB}$



<b>RF Mode</b>	BT DQPSK	<b>Channel</b>	CH 0 : 2402 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 25 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	PK: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=Peak AV: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=RMS
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	22 °C, 68% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Greg Lin		

**Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m**

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	2390.00	58.9 PK	74.0	-15.1	1.70 H	122	26.3	32.6
2	2390.00	45.5 AV	54.0	-8.5	1.70 H	122	12.9	32.6
3	*2402.00	104.6 PK			1.70 H	122	72.0	32.6
4	*2402.00	79.9 AV			1.70 H	122	47.3	32.6
5	4804.00	50.2 PK	74.0	-23.8	2.31 H	122	45.8	4.4
6	4804.00	25.5 AV	54.0	-28.5	2.31 H	122	21.1	4.4

**Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m**

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	2390.00	59.1 PK	74.0	-14.9	3.35 V	192	26.5	32.6
2	<b>2390.00</b>	<b>45.7 AV</b>	<b>54.0</b>	<b>-8.3</b>	<b>3.35 V</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>13.1</b>	<b>32.6</b>
3	*2402.00	105.7 PK			3.35 V	192	73.1	32.6
4	*2402.00	81.0 AV			3.35 V	192	48.4	32.6
5	4804.00	51.0 PK	74.0	-23.0	1.83 V	67	46.6	4.4
6	4804.00	26.3 AV	54.0	-27.7	1.83 V	67	21.9	4.4

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* " : Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value + 20 log(Duty cycle) Where the duty cycle correction factor is calculated from following formula:  
20 log(Duty cycle) = 20 log(2.9/100\*(1+1))= -24.7 dB



<b>RF Mode</b>	BT DQPSK	<b>Channel</b>	CH 39 : 2441 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 25 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	PK: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=Peak AV: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=RMS
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	22 °C, 68% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Greg Lin		

**Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m**

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*2441.00	105.1 PK			1.67 H	117	72.5	32.6
2	*2441.00	80.4 AV			1.67 H	117	47.8	32.6
3	4882.00	50.8 PK	74.0	-23.2	2.24 H	109	46.3	4.5
4	4882.00	26.1 AV	54.0	-27.9	2.24 H	109	21.6	4.5

**Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m**

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*2441.00	106.1 PK			3.31 V	189	73.5	32.6
2	*2441.00	81.4 AV			3.31 V	189	48.8	32.6
3	4882.00	51.4 PK	74.0	-22.6	1.81 V	72	46.9	4.5
4	4882.00	26.7 AV	54.0	-27.3	1.81 V	72	22.2	4.5

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* " : Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value + 20 log(Duty cycle) Where the duty cycle correction factor is calculated from following formula:  

$$20 \log(\text{Duty cycle}) = 20 \log(2.9/100*(1+1)) = -24.7 \text{ dB}$$



<b>RF Mode</b>	BT DQPSK	<b>Channel</b>	CH 78 : 2480 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 25 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	PK: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=Peak AV: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=RMS
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	22 °C, 68% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Greg Lin		

**Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m**

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*2480.00	105.4 PK			1.62 H	128	72.6	32.8
2	*2480.00	80.7 AV			1.62 H	128	47.9	32.8
3	2483.50	54.3 PK	74.0	-19.7	1.62 H	128	57.6	-3.3
4	2483.50	29.6 AV	54.0	-24.4	1.62 H	128	32.9	-3.3
5	4960.00	51.1 PK	74.0	-22.9	2.25 H	103	46.3	4.8
6	4960.00	26.4 AV	54.0	-27.6	2.25 H	103	21.6	4.8

**Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m**

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*2480.00	106.6 PK			3.17 V	197	73.8	32.8
2	*2480.00	81.9 AV			3.17 V	197	49.1	32.8
3	2483.50	54.9 PK	74.0	-19.1	3.17 V	197	58.2	-3.3
4	2483.50	30.2 AV	54.0	-23.8	3.17 V	197	33.5	-3.3
5	4960.00	51.9 PK	74.0	-22.1	1.85 V	70	47.1	4.8
6	4960.00	27.2 AV	54.0	-26.8	1.85 V	70	22.4	4.8

**Remarks:**

- Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
- Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
- Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
- The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
- " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
- The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value + 20 log(Duty cycle) Where the duty cycle correction factor is calculated from following formula:  
 $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle}) = 20 \log(2.9/100*(1+1)) = -24.7 \text{ dB}$

## Mode B

RF Mode	BT GFSK	Channel	CH 0 : 2402 MHz
Frequency Range	1 GHz ~ 25 GHz	Detector Function & Bandwidth	PK: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=Peak AV: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=RMS
Input Power	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions	22 °C, 68% RH
Tested By	Greg Lin		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	2390.00	59.1 PK	74.0	-14.9	1.74 H	131	26.5	32.6
2	2390.00	45.3 AV	54.0	-8.7	1.74 H	131	12.7	32.6
3	*2402.00	102.9 PK			1.74 H	131	70.3	32.6
4	*2402.00	72.4 AV			1.74 H	131	39.8	32.6
5	4804.00	50.0 PK	74.0	-24.0	2.32 H	26	45.6	4.4
6	4804.00	19.5 AV	54.0	-34.5	2.32 H	26	15.1	4.4
Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	2390.00	59.2 PK	74.0	-14.8	3.31 V	202	26.6	32.6
2	<b>2390.00</b>	<b>45.7 AV</b>	<b>54.0</b>	<b>-8.3</b>	<b>3.31 V</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>13.1</b>	<b>32.6</b>
3	*2402.00	103.9 PK			3.31 V	202	71.3	32.6
4	*2402.00	73.4 AV			3.31 V	202	40.8	32.6
5	4804.00	50.1 PK	74.0	-23.9	1.83 V	61	45.7	4.4
6	4804.00	19.6 AV	54.0	-34.4	1.83 V	61	15.2	4.4

### Remarks:

- Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
- Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
- Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
- The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
- " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
- The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value + 20 log(Duty cycle) Where the duty cycle correction factor is calculated from following formula:  
 $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle}) = 20 \log(3/100*(1+0)) = -30.5 \text{ dB}$



<b>RF Mode</b>	BT GFSK	<b>Channel</b>	CH 39 : 2441 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 25 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	PK: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=Peak AV: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=RMS
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	22 °C, 68% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Greg Lin		

**Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m**

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*2441.00	102.5 PK			1.59 H	124	69.9	32.6
2	*2441.00	72.0 AV			1.59 H	124	39.4	32.6
3	4882.00	50.3 PK	74.0	-23.7	2.37 H	112	45.8	4.5
4	4882.00	19.8 AV	54.0	-34.2	2.37 H	112	15.3	4.5

**Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m**

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*2441.00	103.7 PK			3.38 V	215	71.1	32.6
2	*2441.00	73.2 AV			3.38 V	215	40.6	32.6
3	4882.00	51.0 PK	74.0	-23.0	1.92 V	68	46.5	4.5
4	4882.00	20.5 AV	54.0	-33.5	1.92 V	68	16.0	4.5

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* " : Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value + 20 log(Duty cycle) Where the duty cycle correction factor is calculated from following formula:  
 $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle}) = 20 \log(3/100*(1+0)) = -30.5 \text{ dB}$



<b>RF Mode</b>	BT GFSK	<b>Channel</b>	CH 78 : 2480 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 25 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	PK: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=Peak AV: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=RMS
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	22 °C, 68% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Greg Lin		

**Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m**

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*2480.00	103.3 PK			1.53 H	131	70.5	32.8
2	*2480.00	72.8 AV			1.53 H	131	40.0	32.8
3	2483.50	53.7 PK	74.0	-20.3	1.53 H	131	57.0	-3.3
4	2483.50	23.2 AV	54.0	-30.8	1.53 H	131	26.5	-3.3
5	4960.00	50.5 PK	74.0	-23.5	2.23 H	114	45.7	4.8
6	4960.00	20.0 AV	54.0	-34.0	2.23 H	114	15.2	4.8

**Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m**

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*2480.00	104.3 PK			3.27 V	205	71.5	32.8
2	*2480.00	73.8 AV			3.27 V	205	41.0	32.8
3	2483.50	54.4 PK	74.0	-19.6	3.27 V	205	57.7	-3.3
4	2483.50	23.9 AV	54.0	-30.1	3.27 V	205	27.2	-3.3
5	4960.00	51.3 PK	74.0	-22.7	1.92 V	72	46.5	4.8
6	4960.00	20.8 AV	54.0	-33.2	1.92 V	72	16.0	4.8

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value + 20 log(Duty cycle) Where the duty cycle correction factor is calculated from following formula:  
 $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle}) = 20 \log(3/100 \cdot (1+0)) = -30.5 \text{ dB}$



<b>RF Mode</b>	BT DQPSK	<b>Channel</b>	CH 0 : 2402 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 25 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	PK: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=Peak AV: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=RMS
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	22 °C, 68% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Greg Lin		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	2390.00	58.8 PK	74.0	-15.2	1.73 H	125	26.2	32.6
2	2390.00	45.5 AV	54.0	-8.5	1.73 H	125	12.9	32.6
3	*2402.00	104.4 PK			1.73 H	125	71.8	32.6
4	*2402.00	79.7 AV			1.73 H	125	47.1	32.6
5	4804.00	50.1 PK	74.0	-23.9	2.36 H	124	45.7	4.4
6	4804.00	25.4 AV	54.0	-28.6	2.36 H	124	21.0	4.4
Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	2390.00	59.0 PK	74.0	-15.0	3.34 V	191	26.4	32.6
2	<b>2390.00</b>	<b>45.7 AV</b>	<b>54.0</b>	<b>-8.3</b>	<b>3.34 V</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>13.1</b>	<b>32.6</b>
3	*2402.00	105.6 PK			3.34 V	191	73.0	32.6
4	*2402.00	80.9 AV			3.34 V	191	48.3	32.6
5	4804.00	51.1 PK	74.0	-22.9	1.89 V	66	46.7	4.4
6	4804.00	26.4 AV	54.0	-27.6	1.89 V	66	22.0	4.4

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* " : Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value + 20 log(Duty cycle) Where the duty cycle correction factor is calculated from following formula:  
 $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle}) = 20 \log(2.9/100*(1+1)) = -24.7 \text{ dB}$



<b>RF Mode</b>	BT DQPSK	<b>Channel</b>	CH 39 : 2441 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 25 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	PK: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=Peak AV: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=RMS
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	22 °C, 68% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Greg Lin		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*2441.00	104.9 PK			1.71 H	123	72.3	32.6
2	*2441.00	80.2 AV			1.71 H	123	47.6	32.6
3	4882.00	50.8 PK	74.0	-23.2	2.28 H	111	46.3	4.5
4	4882.00	26.1 AV	54.0	-27.9	2.28 H	111	21.6	4.5

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*2441.00	105.9 PK			3.32 V	212	73.3	32.6
2	*2441.00	81.2 AV			3.32 V	212	48.6	32.6
3	4882.00	51.3 PK	74.0	-22.7	1.87 V	71	46.8	4.5
4	4882.00	26.6 AV	54.0	-27.4	1.87 V	71	22.1	4.5

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* " : Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value + 20 log(Duty cycle) Where the duty cycle correction factor is calculated from following formula:  
 $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle}) = 20 \log(2.9/100*(1+1)) = -24.7 \text{ dB}$



<b>RF Mode</b>	BT DQPSK	<b>Channel</b>	CH 78 : 2480 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 25 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	PK: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=Peak AV: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=RMS
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	22 °C, 68% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Greg Lin		

**Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m**

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*2480.00	105.1 PK			1.63 H	122	72.3	32.8
2	*2480.00	80.4 AV			1.63 H	122	47.6	32.8
3	2483.50	54.2 PK	74.0	-19.8	1.63 H	122	57.5	-3.3
4	2483.50	29.5 AV	54.0	-24.5	1.63 H	122	32.8	-3.3
5	4960.00	51.0 PK	74.0	-23.0	2.28 H	112	46.2	4.8
6	4960.00	26.3 AV	54.0	-27.7	2.28 H	112	21.5	4.8

**Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m**

No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*2480.00	106.4 PK			3.38 V	245	73.6	32.8
2	*2480.00	81.7 AV			3.38 V	245	48.9	32.8
3	2483.50	54.7 PK	74.0	-19.3	3.38 V	245	58.0	-3.3
4	2483.50	30.0 AV	54.0	-24.0	3.38 V	245	33.3	-3.3
5	4960.00	51.8 PK	74.0	-22.2	1.89 V	77	47.0	4.8
6	4960.00	27.1 AV	54.0	-26.9	1.89 V	77	22.3	4.8

**Remarks:**

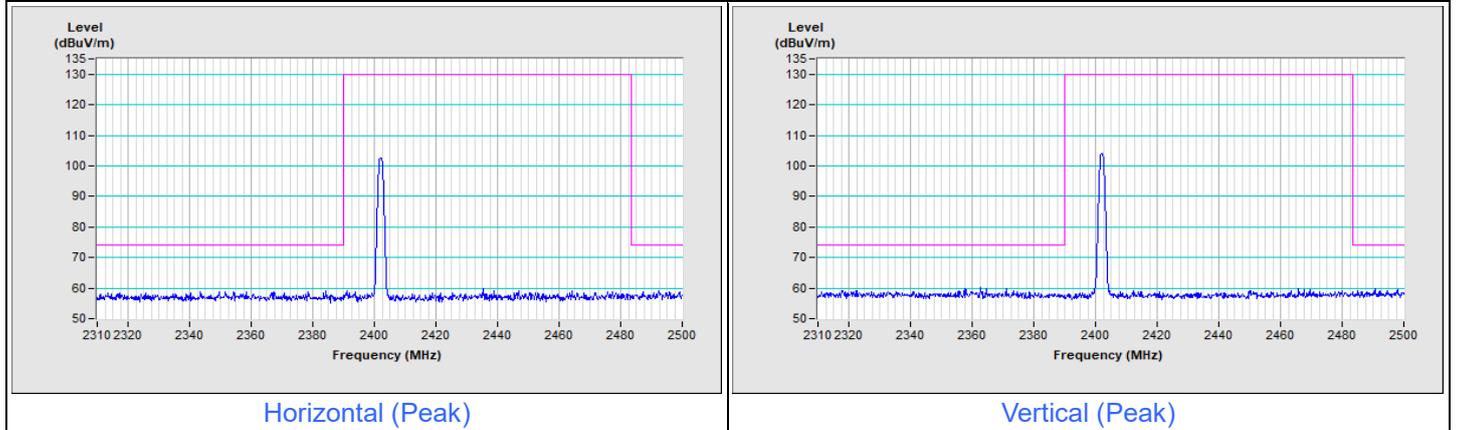
- Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
- Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
- Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
- The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
- " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
- The average value of fundamental and harmonic frequency is: Average = Peak value + 20 log(Duty cycle) Where the duty cycle correction factor is calculated from following formula:  

$$20 \log(\text{Duty cycle}) = 20 \log(2.9/100*(1+1)) = -24.7 \text{ dB}$$

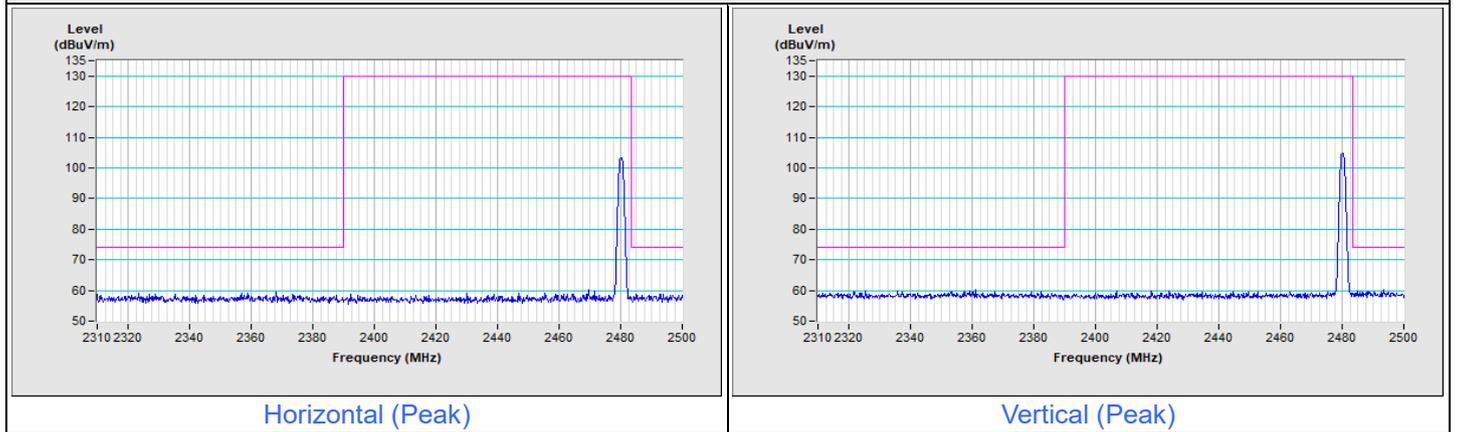
Mode A

Frequency Range	2.31 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Detector Function & Bandwidth	PK: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=Peak
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BT GFSK Channel 0

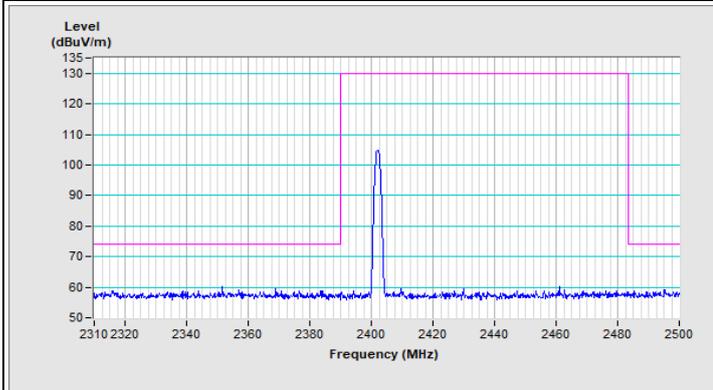


BT GFSK Channel 78

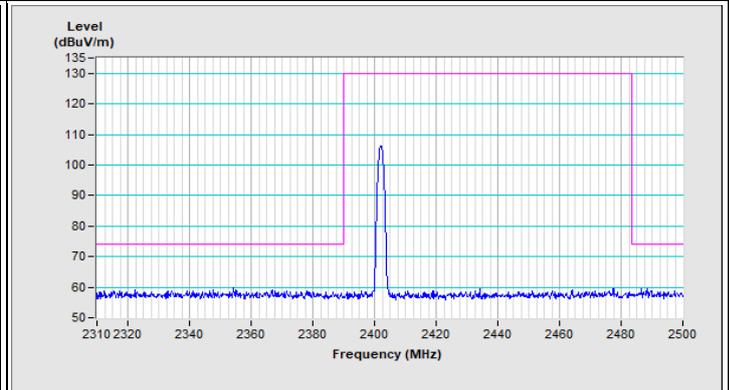


Frequency Range	2.31 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Detector Function & Bandwidth	PK: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=Peak
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### BT DQPSK Channel 0

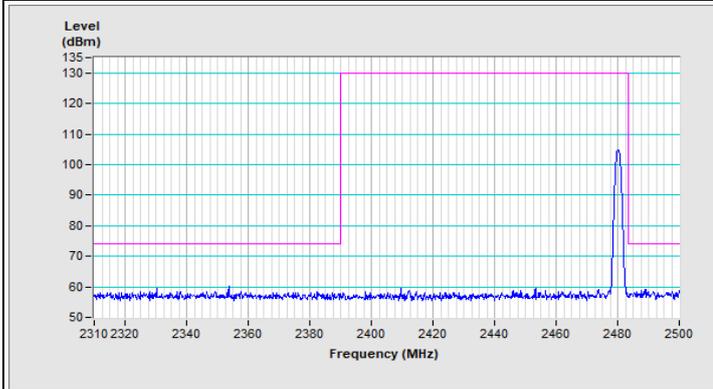


Horizontal (Peak)

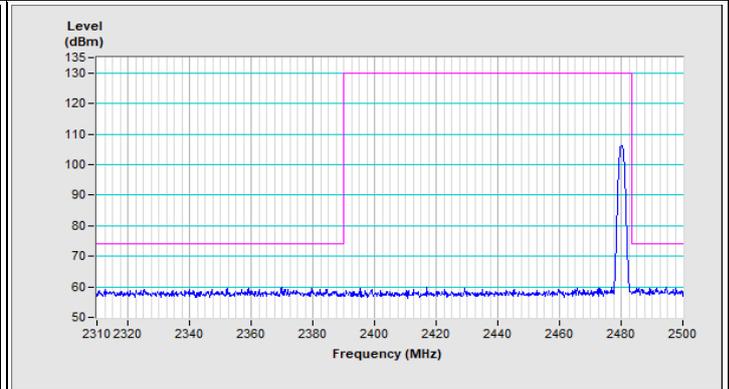


Vertical (Peak)

### BT DQPSK Channel 78



Horizontal (Peak)

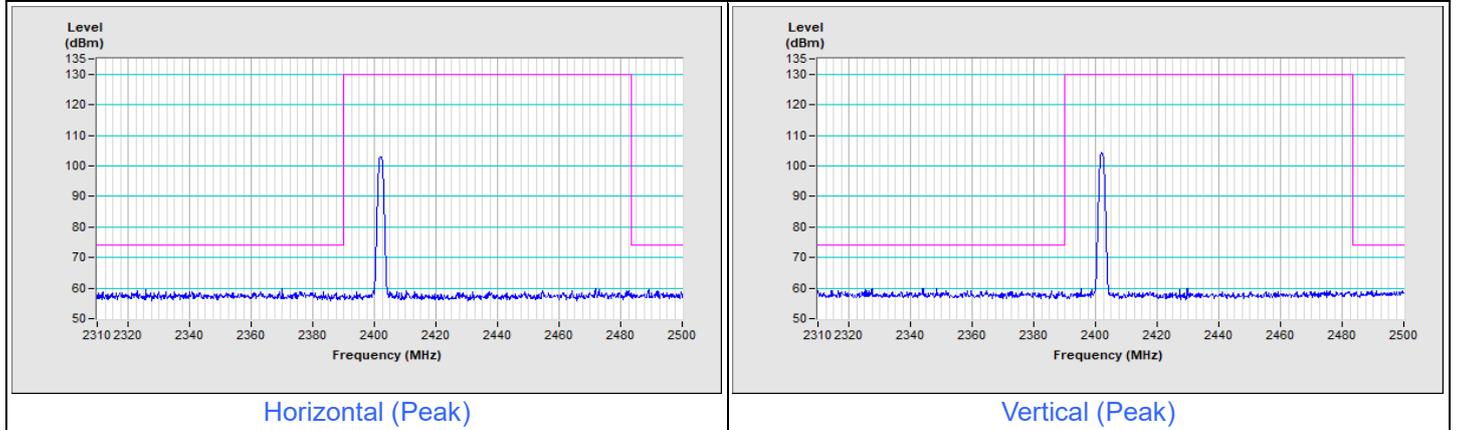


Vertical (Peak)

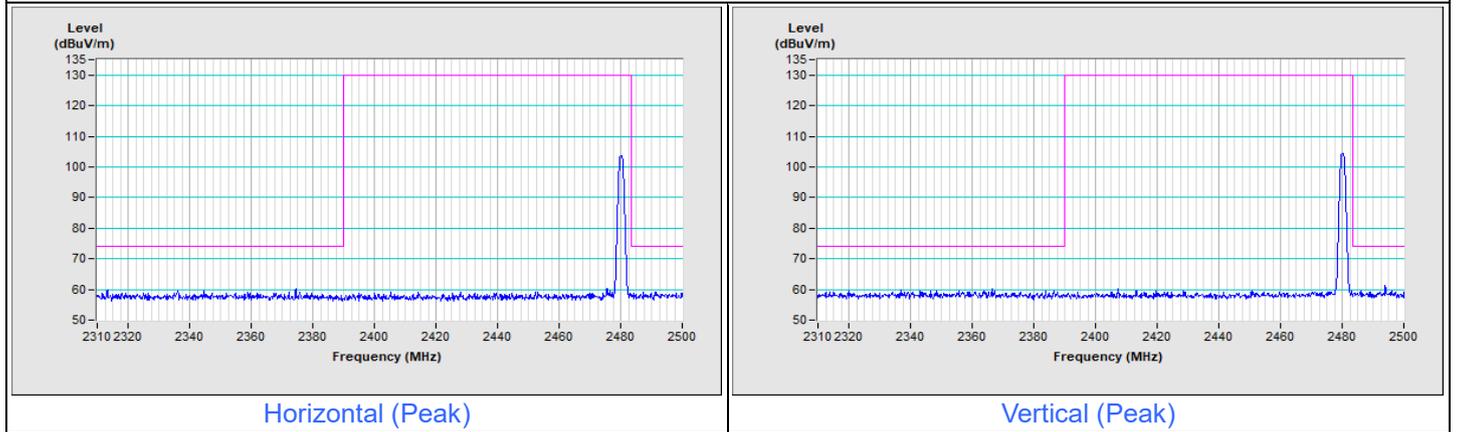
Mode B

Frequency Range	2.31 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Detector Function & Bandwidth	PK: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=Peak
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BT GFSK Channel 0

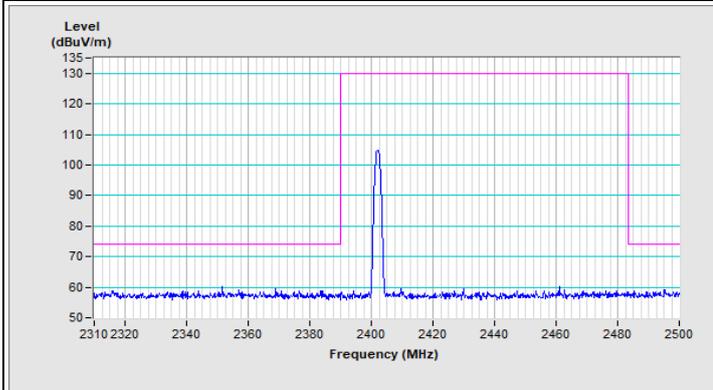


BT GFSK Channel 78

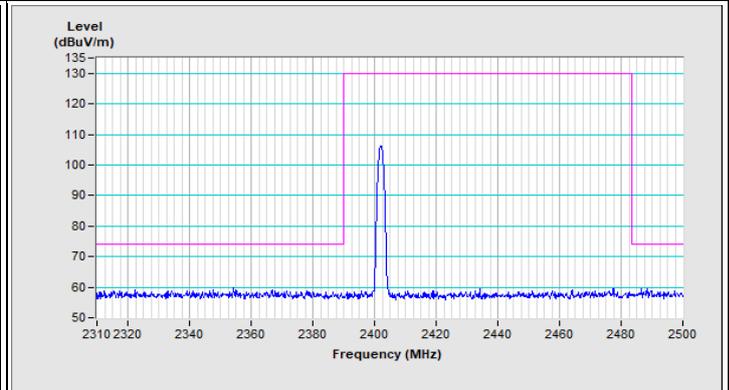


Frequency Range	2.31 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Detector Function & Bandwidth	PK: RB=1 MHz, VB=3 MHz, DET=Peak
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### BT DQPSK Channel 0

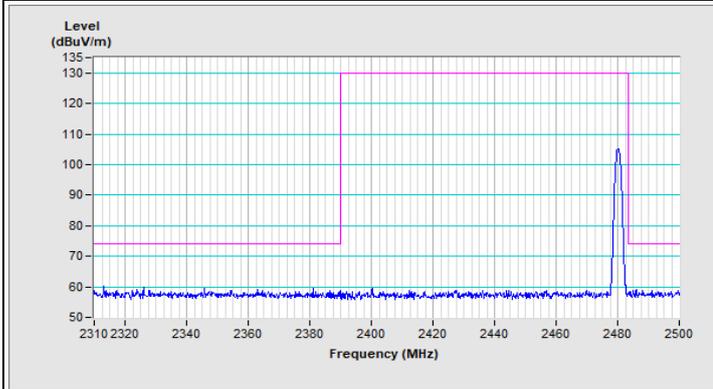


Horizontal (Peak)

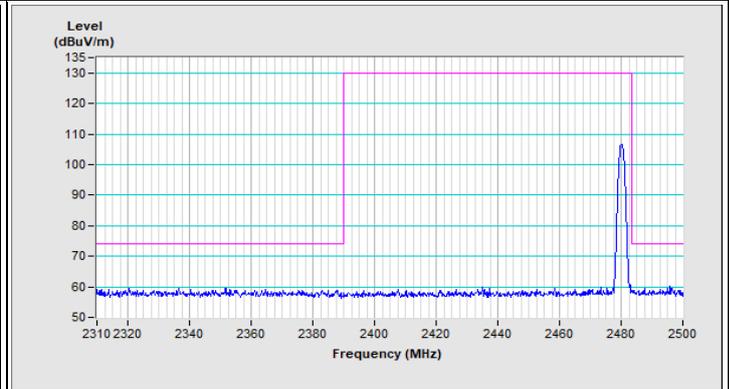


Vertical (Peak)

### BT DQPSK Channel 78



Horizontal (Peak)



Vertical (Peak)

## 8 Pictures of Test Arrangements

Please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo)

## 9 Information of the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are FCC recognized accredited test firms and accredited according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

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**Web Site:** <http://ee.bureauveritas.com.tw>

The address and road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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