



**FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C AND ANSI C63.4 : 2003**

**TEST REPORT**

**For**

**Bluetooth Keyboard**

**Model : Y-RAQ-DEL2**

**Trade Name : DELL**

**Issued for**

**Logitech Far East Ltd.**

**#2 Creation Rd, 4, Science-Based Ind.**

**Park Hsinchu Taiwan, R.O.C.**

**Issued by**

**Compliance Certification Services Inc.**

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## 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

### 2.1 DESCRIPTION OF EUT & POWER

<b>Product Name</b>	Bluetooth Keyboard
<b>Model Number</b>	Y-RAQ-DEL2
<b>Frequency Range</b>	2402MHz to 2480MHz $f = 2402 + n\text{MHz}$ , $n = 0, \dots, 78$
<b>Transmit Power</b>	-5.73dBm
<b>Channel Spacing</b>	1MHz
<b>Channel Number</b>	79
<b>Air Data Rate</b>	GFSK (1Mbps), $\pi/4$ -DQPSK(2Mbps), 8-DPSK(3Mbps)
<b>Type of Modulation</b>	Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum
<b>Frequency Selection</b>	by software / firmware
<b>Transmitter Classification</b>	portable device
<b>Antenna Type</b>	PCB Antenna, Antenna Gain : 0.46 dBi
<b>Power Source</b>	3VDC (From Battery)
<b>RF Exposure Evaluation</b>	Since the EUT is classed portable device, and the maximum peak power is -5.73dBm (<13.6dBm), the MPE evaluation is not required and no SAR consideration applied.

*Remark : For more details, please refer to the User's manual of the EUT.*

## 3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4 and FCC CFR 47 2.1046, 2046, 2.1047, 2.1049, 2.1051, 2.1053, 2.1055, 2.1057, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247.



## **4. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS**

### **4.1 FACILITIES**

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at Rm.258, Bldg.17, NO.195 , Sec. 4, Chung Hsing Rd., Chu-Tung Chen. Hsin-Chu, Taiwan 310 R.O.C.

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.

### **4.2 EQUIPMENT**

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, biconical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with preselectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers.

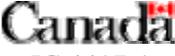
Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

### **4.3 LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS LISTINGS**

The test facilities used to perform radiated and conducted emissions tests are accredited by National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for the specific scope of accreditation under Lab Code: 200118-0 to perform Electromagnetic Interference tests according to FCC PART 15 AND CISPR 22 requirements. No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government. In addition, the test facilities are listed with Federal Communications Commission (registration no: 90585 and 90584).

#### 4.4 TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Country	Agency	Scope of Accreditation	Logo
USA	NVLAP	EN 55014-1, AS/NZS 1044, CNS 13783-1, IEC/CISPR 14-1, IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, ANSI C63.4, AS/NZS CISPR 22, AS/NZS 3548, IEC 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11	 200118-0
USA	FCC	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites to perform FCC Part 15/18 measurements	 90585, 90584
Japan	VCCI	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites to perform conducted/radiated measurements	<b>VCCI</b> R-1229/1189 C-1250/1294
Taiwan	CNLA	FCC Method-47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C,D,E CISPR 11, FCC METHOD-47 CFR Part 18, EN 55011, CNS 13803, CISPR 13, CNS 13439, FCC Method-47 CFR Part 15 Subpart B, CISPR 14-1, EN 55014-1, CNS 13783-1, EN 55015, CNS 14115, CISPR 22, EN 55022, VCCI CNS 13438, EN 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11	 <b>0240</b> <b>ILAC MRA</b>
Taiwan	BSMI	CNS 13803, CNS 13438, CNS 13439, CNS 13783-1, CNS 14115	 SL2-IS-E-0002 SL2-IN-E-0002 SL2-A1-E-0002 SL2-R1-E-0002 SL2-R2-E-0002 SL2-L1-E-0002
Canada	Industry Canada	RSS212, Issue 1	 IC 4417-1

*\* No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.*



## 5. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

### 5.1 MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

### 5.2 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Radiated Emission, 30 to 1000 MHz	+/- 3.2 dB
Radiated Emission, 1 to 26.5GHz	+/- 3.2 dB
Power Line Conducted Emission	+/- 2.1 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%

## 6. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT had been tested under operating condition.

There are three channels have been tested as following :

Channel	Frequency (MHz)
Low	2402
Middle	2441
High	2480

Bluetooth mode : 3Mbps data rate (worst case) were chosen for full testing.

Note : After the preliminary scan all the data rates, we found the test mode(s) producing the highest emission level, so evaluated we chosen the above modes (worst case) as a representative.



## **7. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST**

### **SUPPORT EQUIPMENT**

N/A

### **SETUP DIAGRAM FOR TESTS**



### **EUT OPERATING CONDITION**

1. Setup all computers like the setup diagram.
2. keystroke : comment
3. Esc : press ESC before switching to another item
4. 4 : 2402MHz TX.
5. 5 : 2441MHz TX.
6. 6 : 2480MHz TX
7. 7 : 2402MHz RX.
8. 8 : 2441MHz RX
9. 9 : 2480MHz RX
10. F1 : Hopping
11. All of the function are under run.
12. Start test.



## 8. APPLICABLE LIMITS AND TEST RESULTS

### 8.1 20dB BANDWIDTH FOR HOPPING

#### LIMIT

Limit : N/A

#### TEST EQUIPMENTS

Description & Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Date of Calibration
ROHDE & SCHWARZ SPECTRUM ANALYZER	FSEK30	835253/002	September 24, 2005
AGILENT SPECTRUM ANALYZER	E4446A	MY433601.32	January 26, 2005

#### TEST SETUP



#### TEST PROCEDURE

The 20dB band width was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to RF antenna connector(conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency. The analyzer center frequency was set to the EUT carrier frequency, using the analyzer. Display Line and Marker Delta functions, the 20dB band width of the emission was determined.

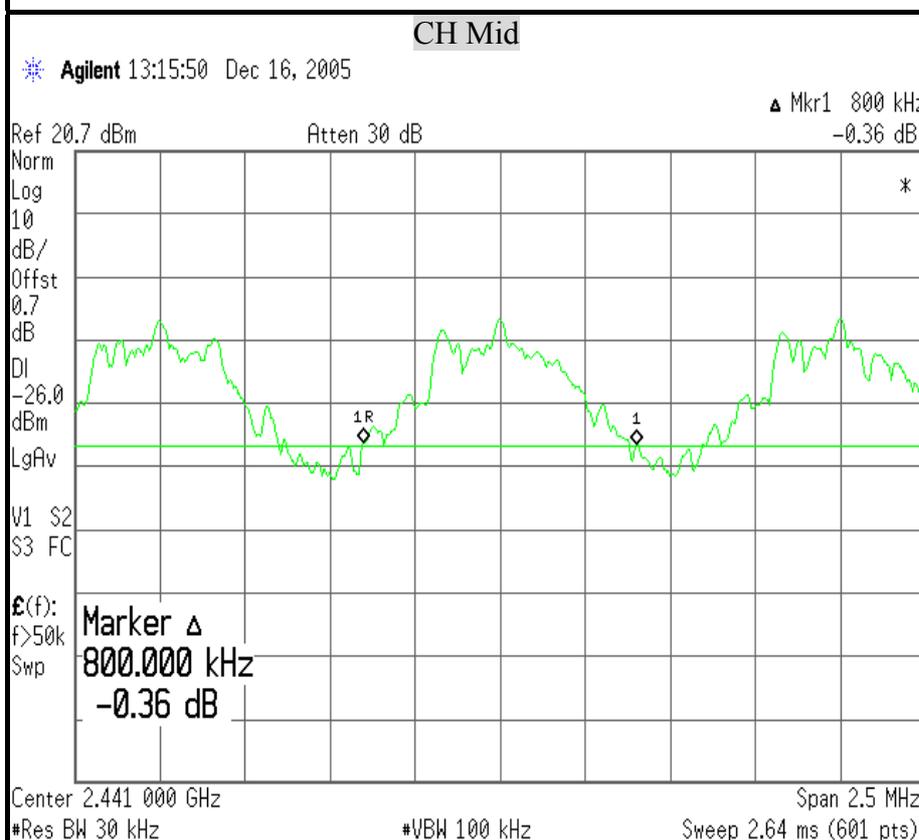
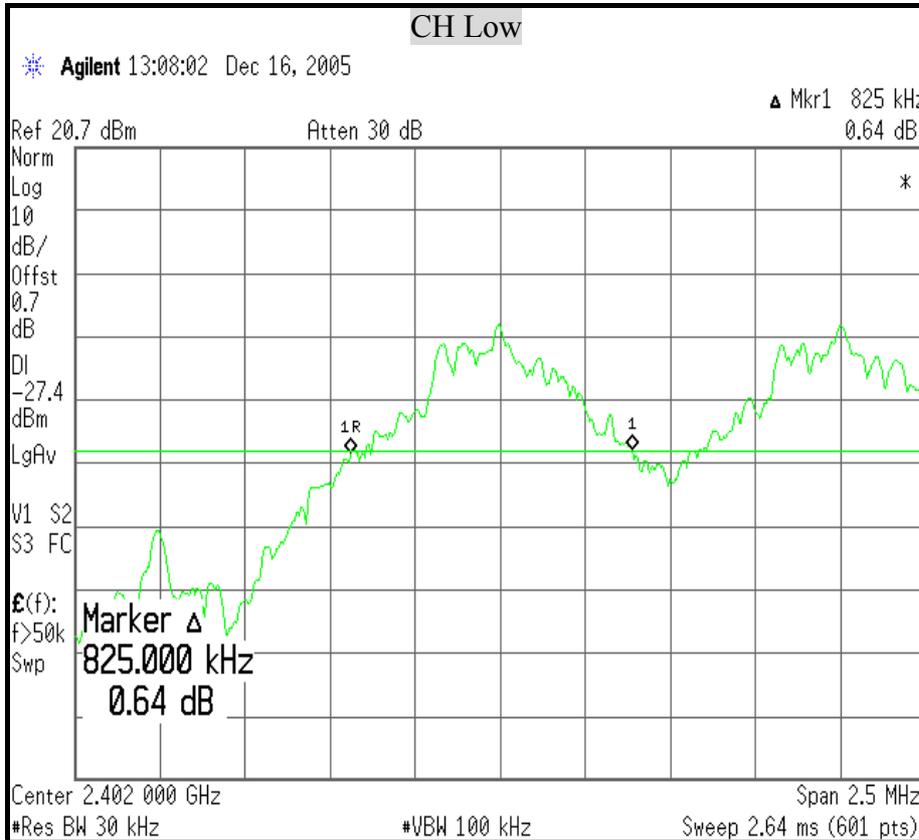
#### TEST RESULTS

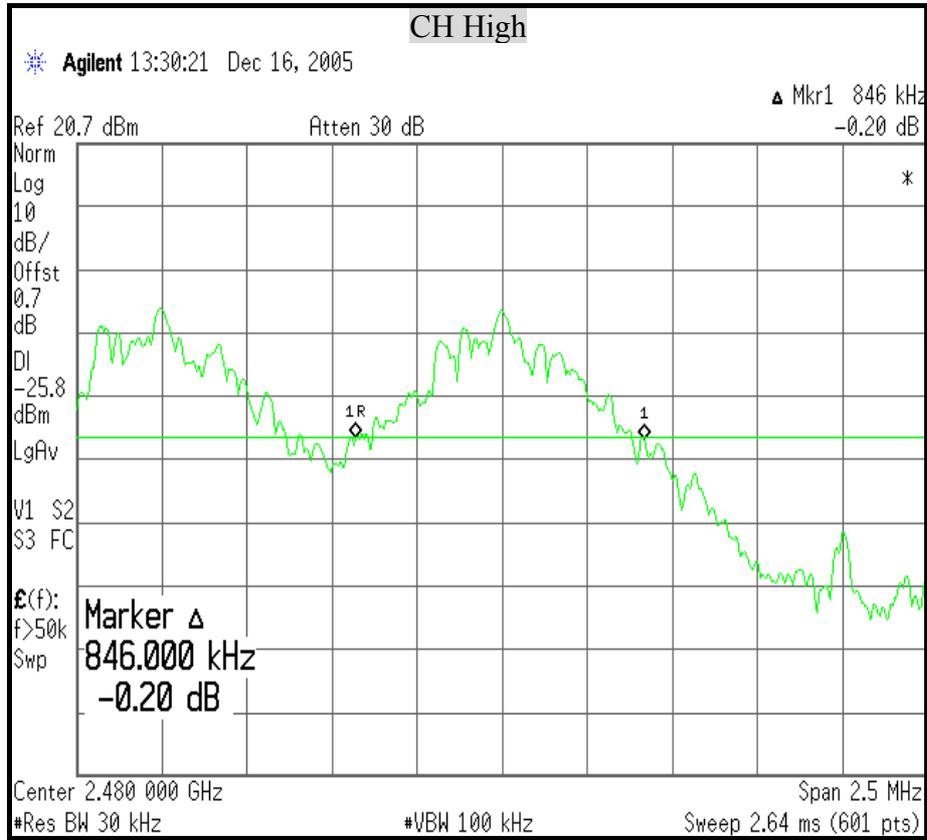
No non-compliance noted

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Pass / Fail
Low	2402	825	N/A
Middle	2441	800	N/A
High	2480	846	N/A



**20dB BANDWIDTH**







## 8.2 MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER

### LIMIT

§15.247(b)(1) The Maximum Peak Output Power Measurement is 125mW for frequency hopping systems operating in 2400~2483.5 MHz employing at least 15 hopping channels.

### TEST EQUIPMENTS

Description & Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Date of Calibration
ROHDE & SCHWARZ SPECTRUM ANALYZER	FSEK30	835253/002	September 24, 2005
AGILENT SPECTRUM ANALYZER	E4446A	MY433601.32	January 26, 2005

### TEST SETUP



### TEST PROCEDURE

The RF power output was measured with a Spectrum analyzer connected to the RF Antenna connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency, A spectrum analyzer was used to record the shape of the transmit signal.

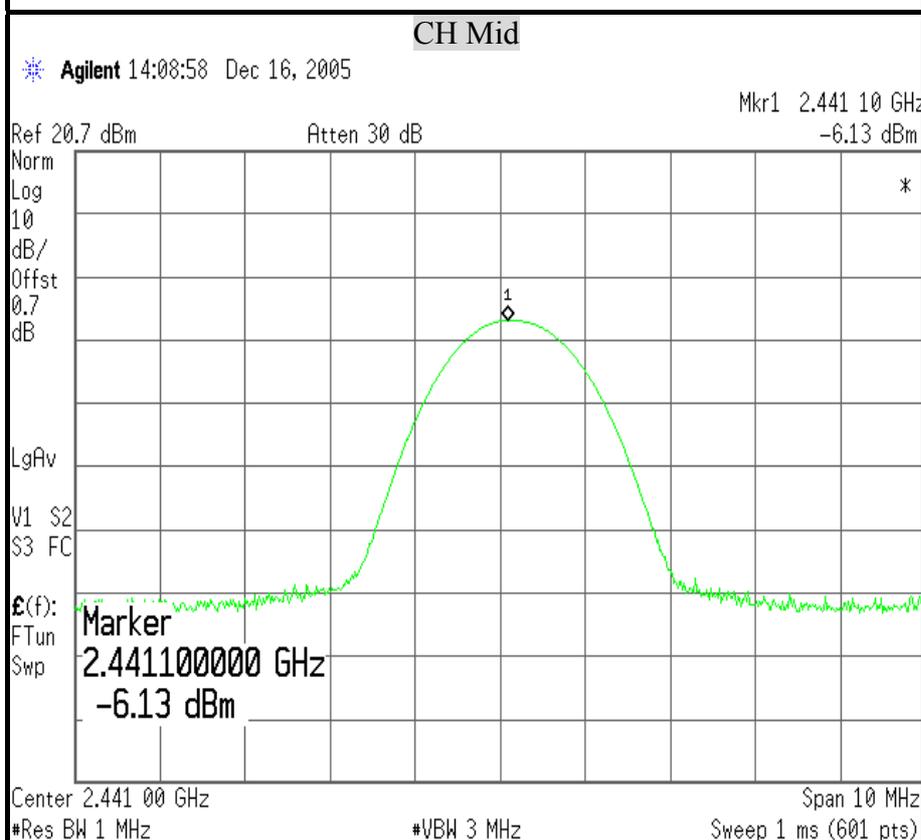
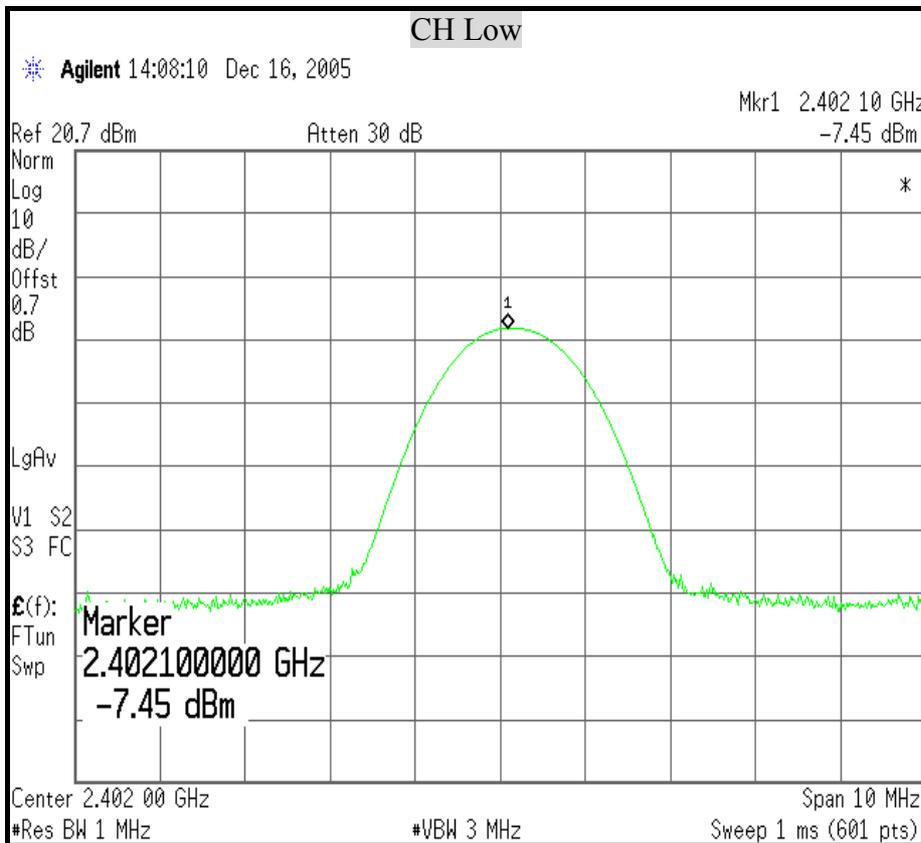
### TEST RESULTS

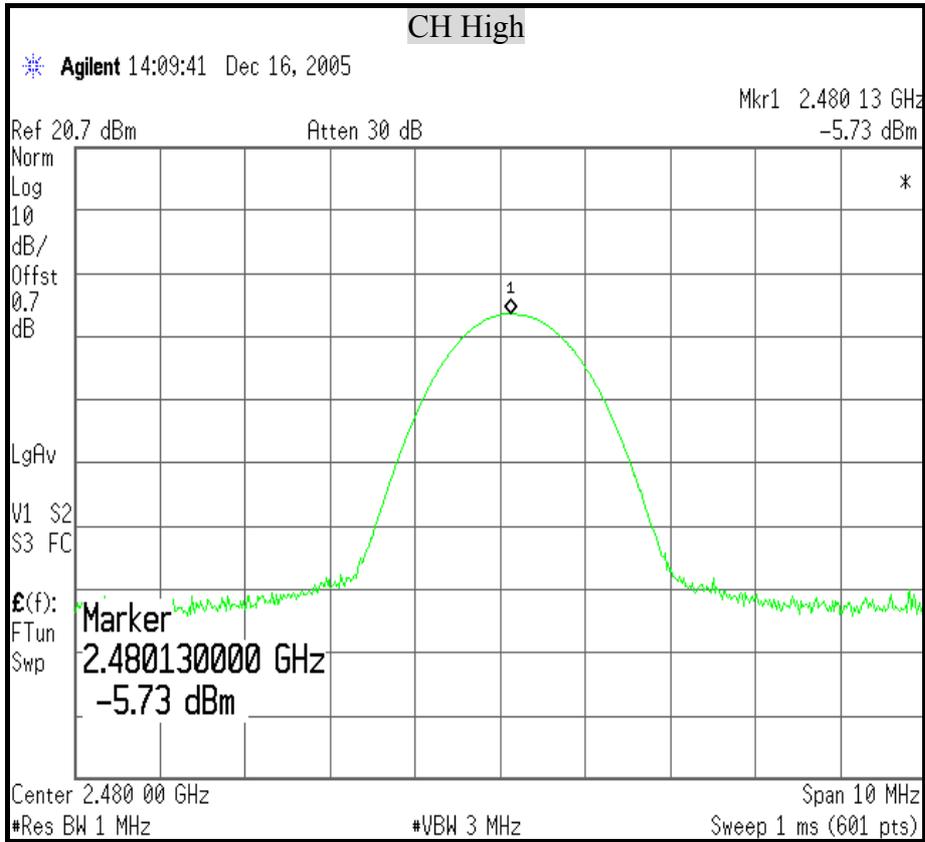
No non-compliance noted

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power Output (dBm)	Peak Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
Low	2402	-7.45	20.97	PASS
Middle	2441	-6.13	20.97	PASS
High	2480	-5.73	20.97	PASS



**MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER**







### 8.3 HOPPING CHANNEL SEPARATION

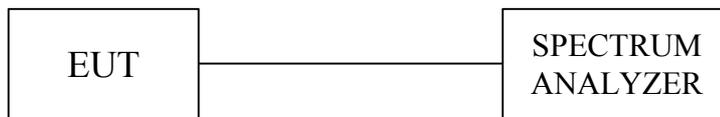
#### LIMIT

§15.247(a)(1) Frequency hopping system operating in 2400-2483.5MHz. Band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25kHz or two-third of 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125mW.

#### TEST EQUIPMENTS

Description & Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Date of Calibration
ROHDE & SCHWARZ SPECTRUM ANALYZER	FSEK30	835253/002	September 24, 2005
AGILENT SPECTRUM ANALYZER	E4446A	MY433601.32	January 26, 2005

#### TEST SETUP



#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in test setup without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range.
3. By using the MaxHold function record the separation of adjacent channels.
4. Measure the frequency difference of these two adjacent channels by spectrum analyzer MARK function. And then plot the result on spectrum analyzer screen.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

#### TEST RESULTS

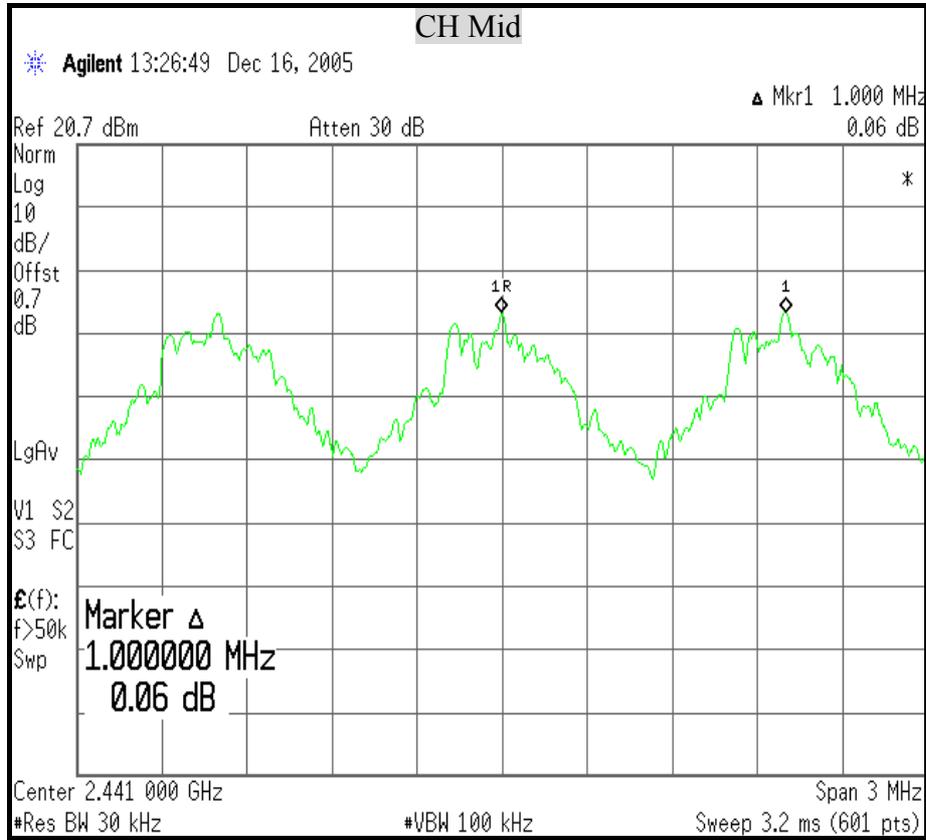
No non-compliance noted

Refer to section 8.1, 20dB bandwidth measurement, the measured channel separation should be greater than two-third of 20dB bandwidth or Minimum bandwidth.

Channel	Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation (kHz)	Two –third of 20dB bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum Bandwidth	Result
2441MHz (Mid)	1000	564	25 kHz	PASS



### HOPPING CHANNEL SEPARATION





## 8.4 NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY USED

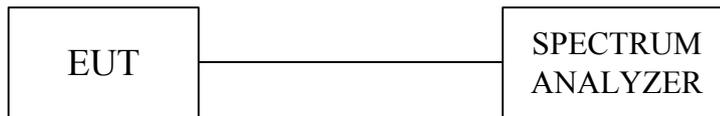
### LIMIT

§15.247(a)(1)(iii) For frequency hopping system operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz bands shall use at least 15 hopping frequencies

### TEST EQUIPMENTS

Description & Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Date of Calibration
ROHDE & SCHWARZ SPECTRUM ANALYZER	FSEK30	835253/002	September 24, 2005
AGILENT SPECTRUM ANALYZER	E4446A	MY433601.32	January 26, 2005

### TEST SETUP



### TEST PROCEDURE

- 1 Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (spectrum analyzer) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2 Position the EUT as shown in test setup without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3 Set the spectrum analyzer on MaxHold Mode, and then keep the EUT in hopping mode. Record all the signals from each channel until each one has been recorded.
- 4 Set the spectrum analyzer on View mode and then plot the result on spectrum analyzer screen.
- 5 Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### TEST RESULTS

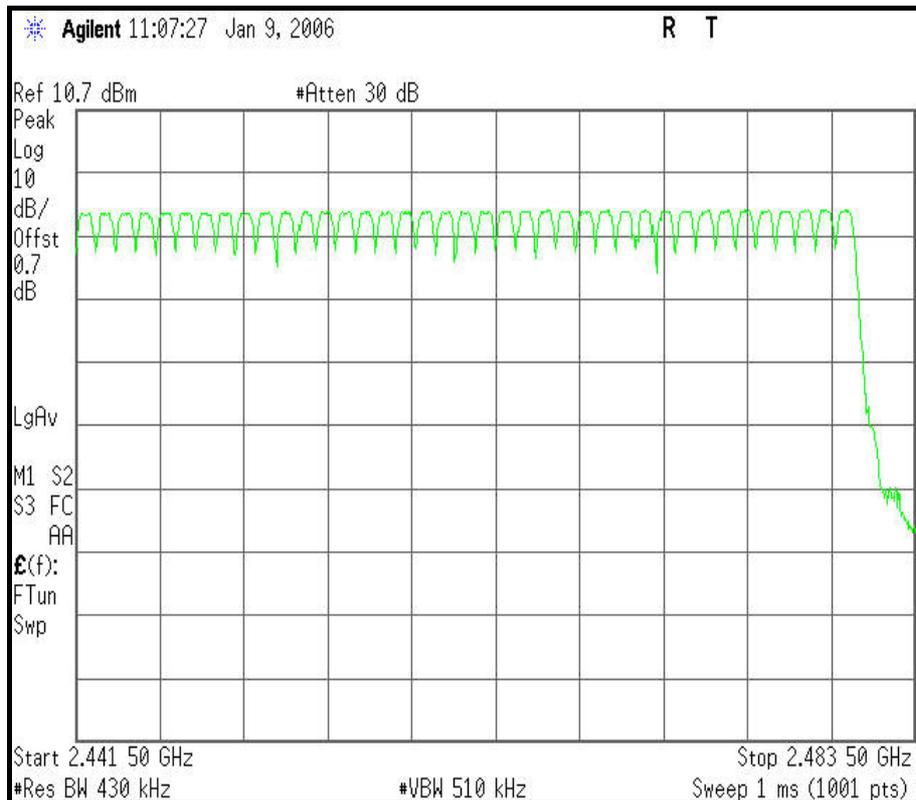
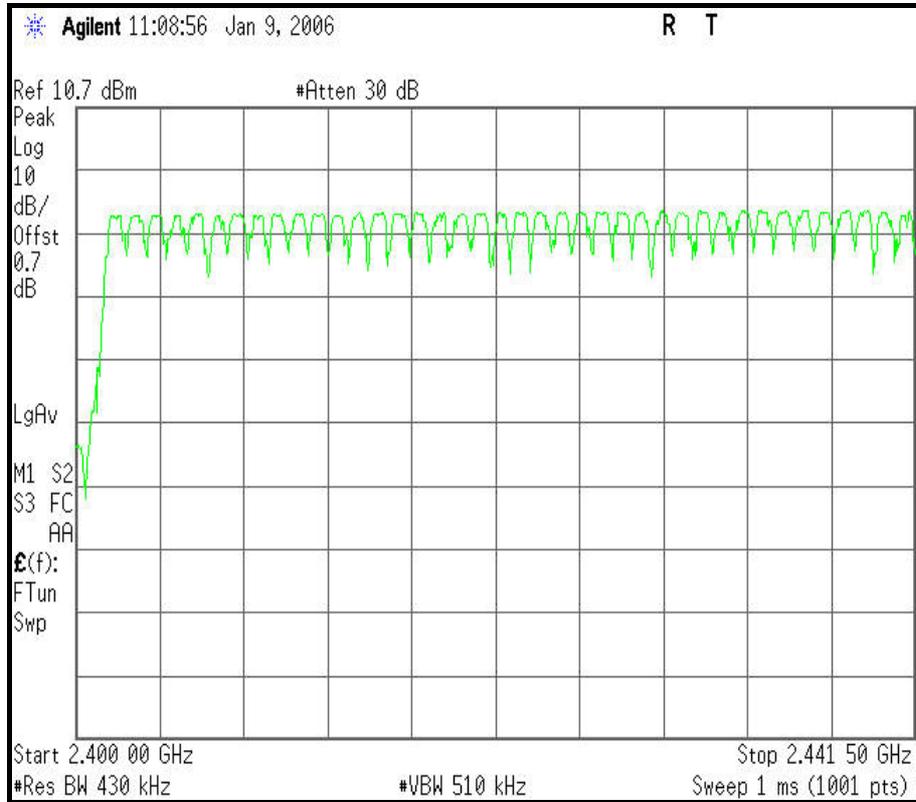
No non-compliance noted

Refer to the attached plot.

There are 79 hopping frequencies in a hopping sequence.



**NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY USED**





## 8.5 AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY

### LIMIT

§15.247(a)(1)(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 non-overlapping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

### TEST EQUIPMENTS

Description & Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Date of Calibration
ROHDE & SCHWARZ SPECTRUM ANALYZER	FSEK30	835253/002	September 24, 2005
AGILENT SPECTRUM ANALYZER	E4446A	MY433601.32	January 26, 2005

### TEST SETUP



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The span is set to 0 Hz, centered on a single, selected hopping channel. The width of a single pulse is measured in a fast scan. The number of pulses is measured in a 3.16 second scan, to enable resolution of each occurrence.
2. The average time of occupancy in the specified 31.6 second period (79 channels \* 0.4 s) is equal to  $10 * (\# \text{ of pulses in } 3.16 \text{ s}) * \text{ pulse width}$ .

### TEST RESULTS

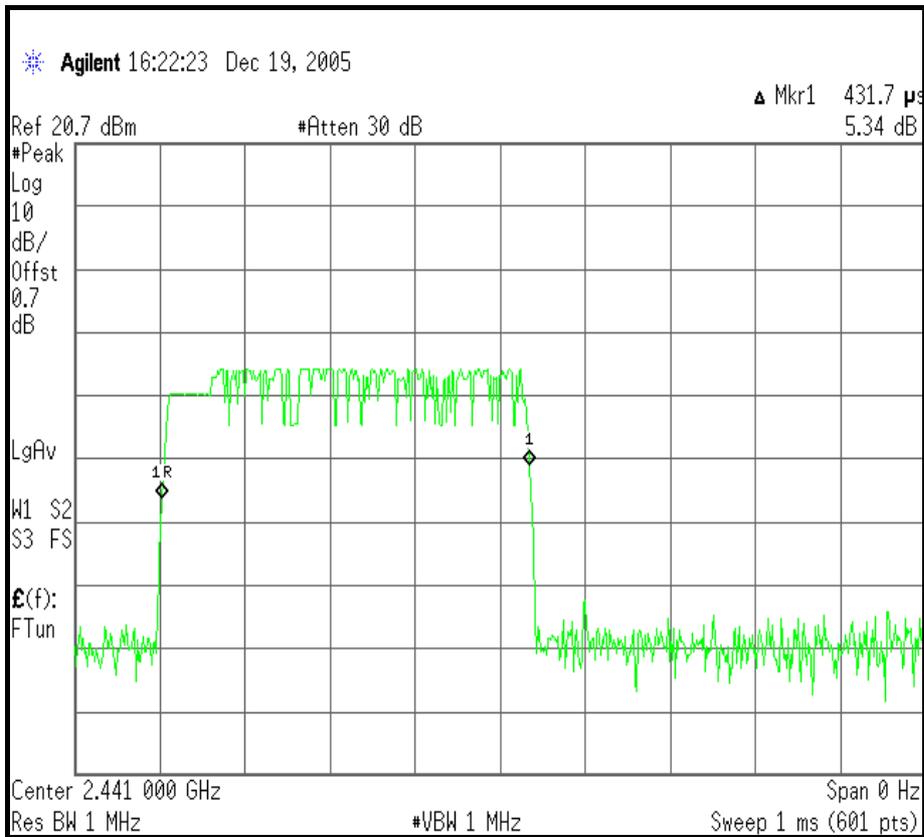
No non-compliance noted

Pulse width = 0.431 ms  
 # of pulses in 3.16s = 32

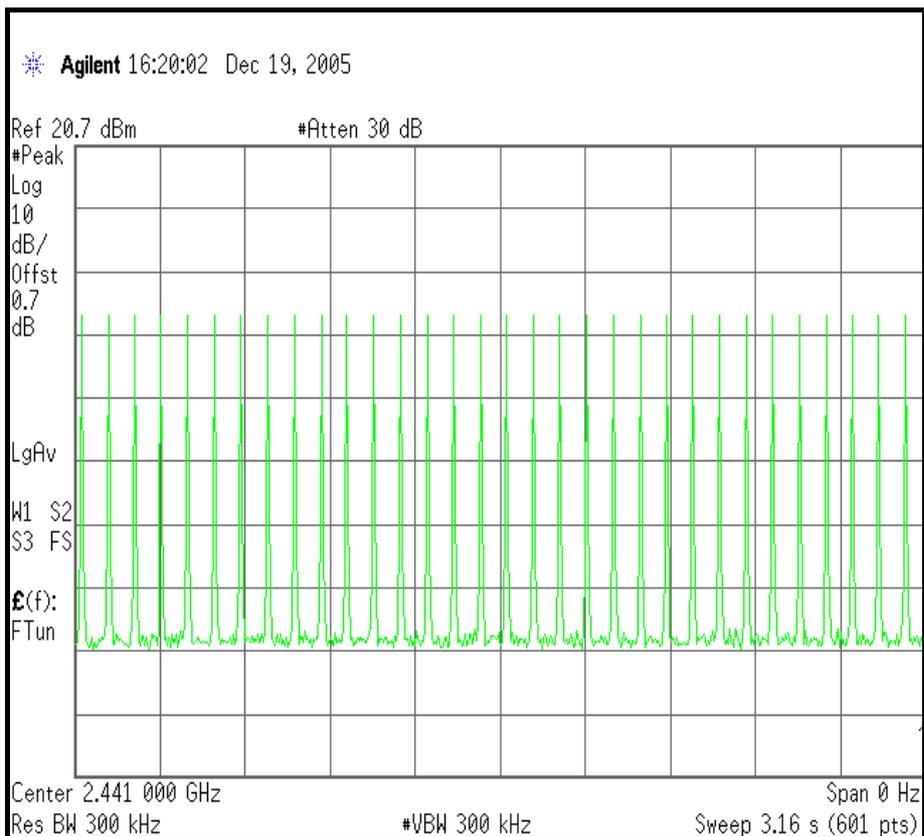
The average time of occupancy in the specified 31.6 second period =  $10 * 32 * 0.431 \text{ ms} = 137.92 \text{ ms}$  (<400ms)



### PULSE WIDTH



### NUMBER OF PULSES IN 3.16 SECOND OBSERVATION PERIOD





## **8.6 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION**

### **LIMITS**

§ 15.247(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the and that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 100 kHz.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26.5 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in the 2.4 GHz band.

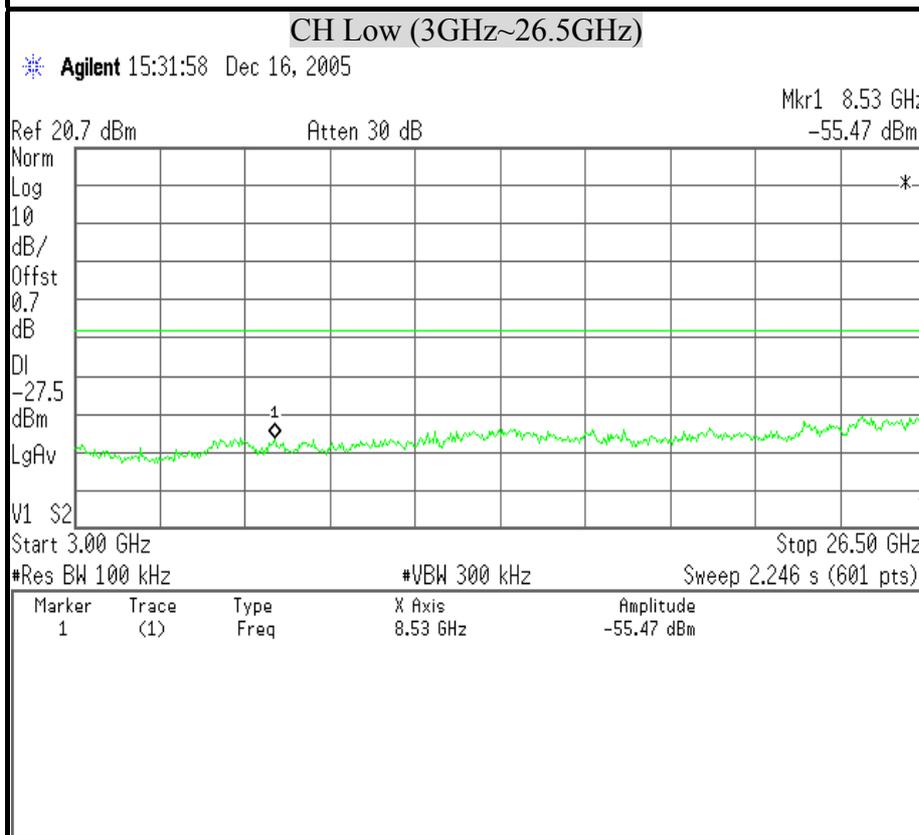
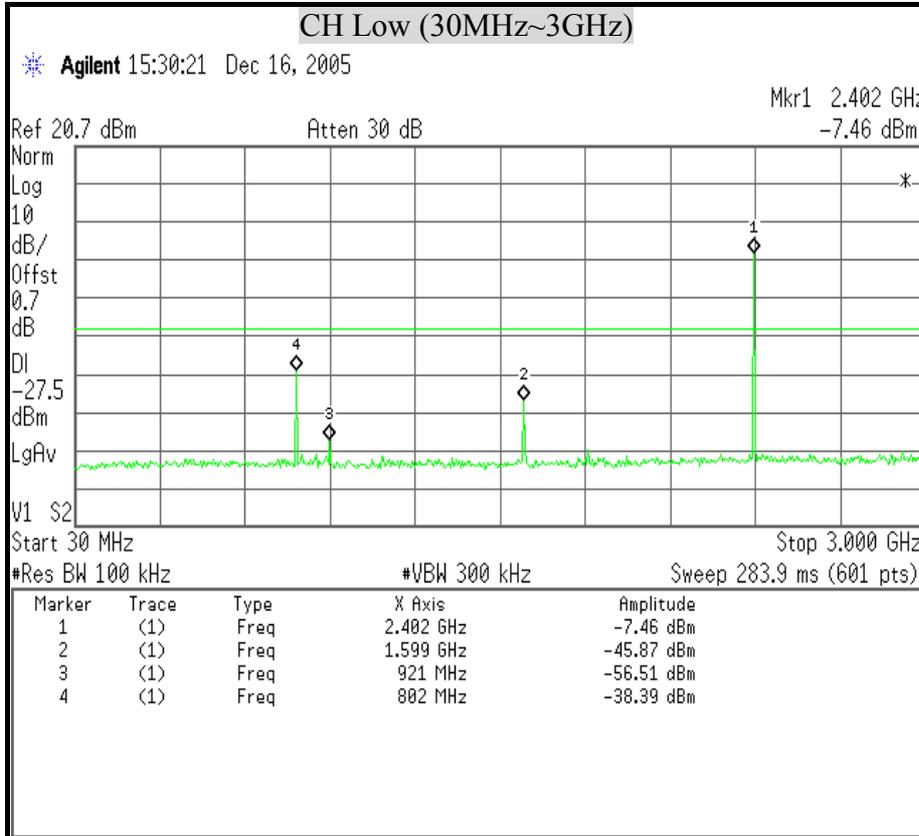
### **TEST RESULTS**

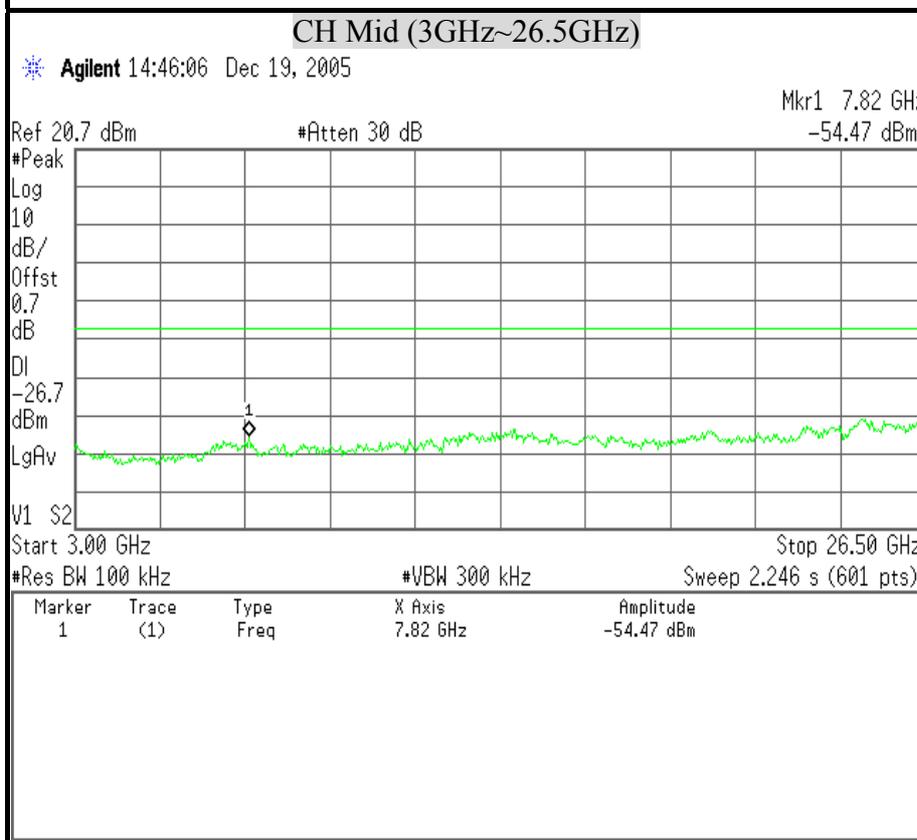
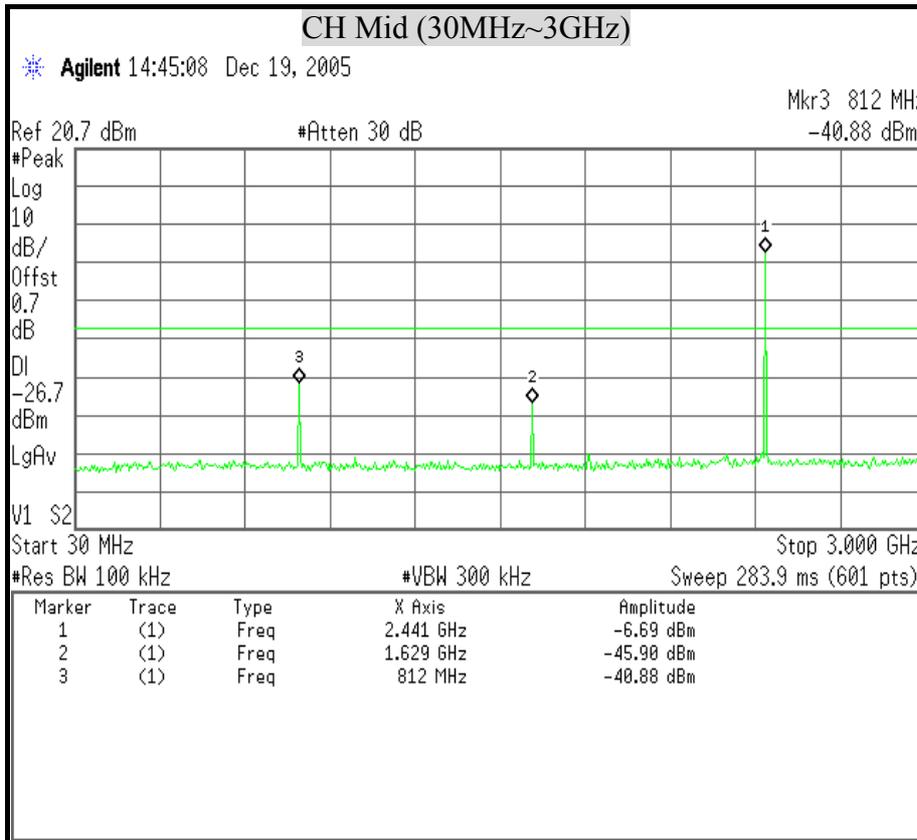
No non-compliance noted

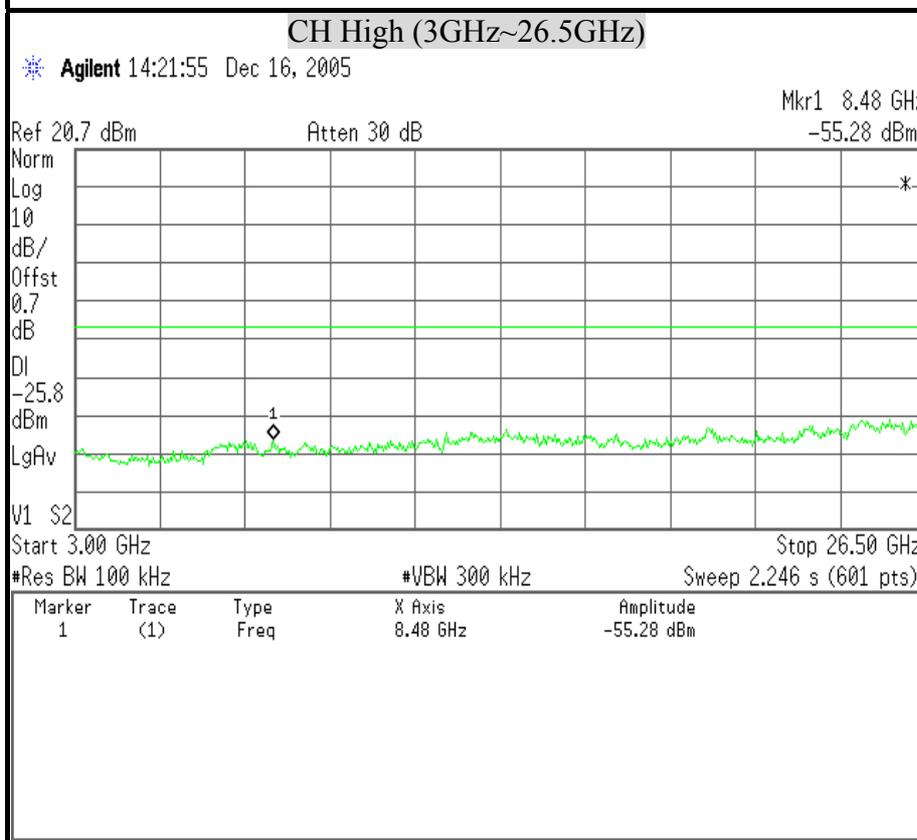
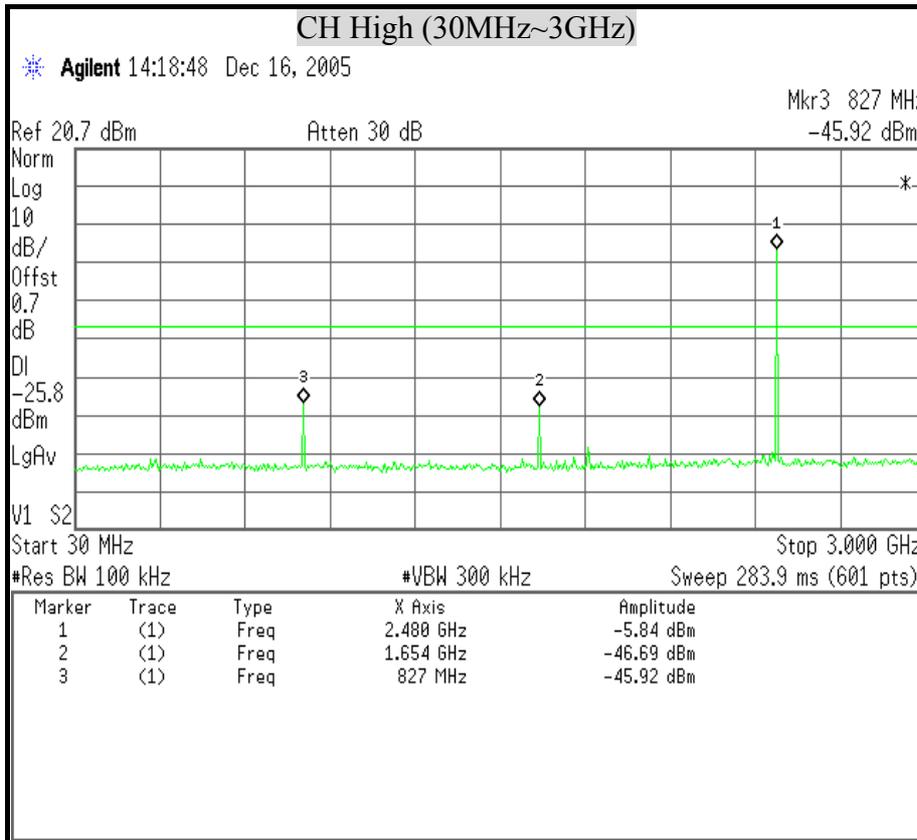


**BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE OF RF CONDUCTED EMISSIONS**

**OUT-OF-BAND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS-CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT**









## 8.7 RADIATED EMISSIONS

### 8.7.1 TRANSMITTER RADIATED SUPURIOUS EMSSIONS

#### LIMITS

§ 15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 -1710	10.6 -12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 -121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 -13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 -16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3338	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 -335.4	3600 - 4400	( <sup>2</sup> )
13.36 - 13.41			

<sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

<sup>2</sup> Above 38.6

§ 15.205 (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.



§ 15.209 (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table :

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
30 - 88	100 **	3
88 - 216	150 **	3
216 - 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

\*\* Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz, However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e-g, Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

§ 15.209 (b) In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

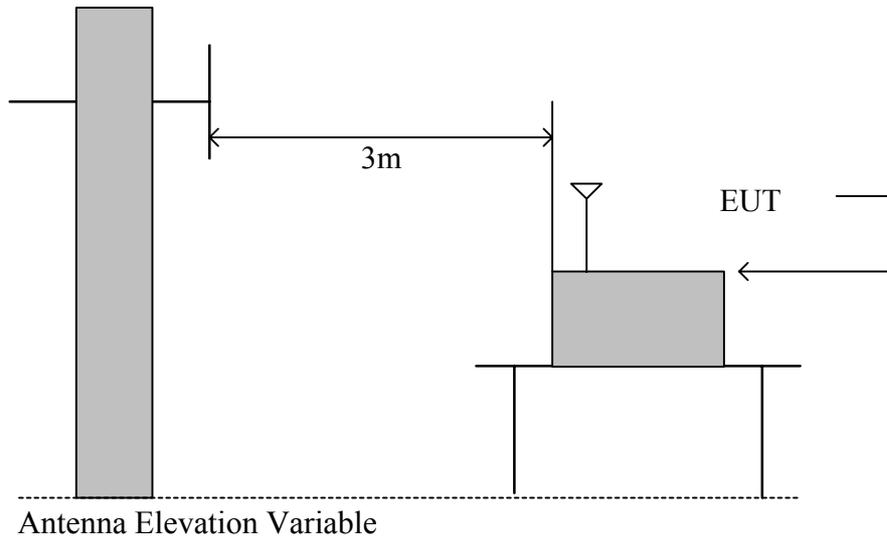
### TEST EQUIPMENTS

The following test equipments are utilized in making the measurements contained in this report.

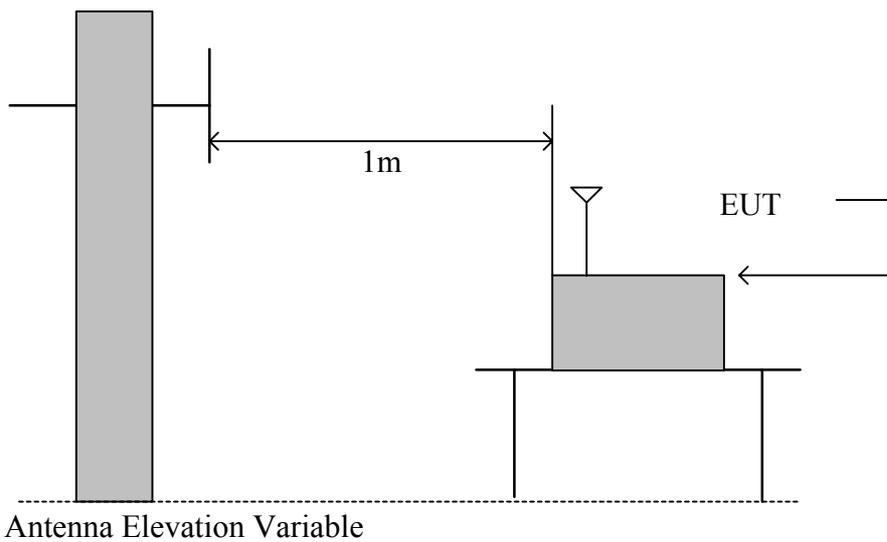
Manufacturer or Type	Model No.	Serial No.	Date of Calibration	Calibration Period	Remark
CHASE BI-LOG ANTENNA	CBL6112B	2817	March 22, 2005	1 Year	FINAL
R/S SPECTRUM ANALYZER	FSEK30	835253/002	September 24, 2005	1 Year	FINAL
AGILENT SPECTRUM ANALYZER	E4446A	MY433601.32	January 26, 2005	1 Year	FINAL
R/S EMI TEST RECEIVER	ESCS30	835418/008	August 24, 2005	1 Year	FINAL
OPEN SITE	-----	No.2	May 07, 2005	1 Year	FINAL
N TYPE COAXIAL CABLE	9913-30M	-----	July 28, 2005	1 Year	FINAL
Horn Antenna	AH-118	10089	August 10, 2005	1 Year	FINAL
Agilent Pre-amplifier	8449B	3008A01471	December 07, 2005	1 Year	FINAL
HP Amplifier	8447D	1937A02748	December 07, 2005	1 Year	FINAL
HP High pass filter	84300/80038	002	CAL. ON USE	1 Year	FINAL

## TEST SETUP

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 to 1GHz.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission above 1GHz.





## **TEST PROCEDURE**

- a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 10 meter open area test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. While measuring the radiated emission below 1GHz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. While measuring the radiated emission above 1GHz, the EUT was set 1 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna
- c. The antenna is a broadband antenna, and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarization of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10 dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

### Note :

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 KHz for Peak detection (PK) and Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1GHz.
2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz for Peak detection and frequency above 1GHz.
3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 10 Hz for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.

## **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

**8.7.2 WORST-CASE RADIATED EMISSION BELOW 1 GHz**

<b>Product Name</b>	Bluetooth Keyboard	<b>Test Date</b>	2005/12/21
<b>Model Name</b>	Y-RAQ-DEL2	<b>Test By</b>	Nicky Liu
<b>Test Mode</b>	CH Low TX	<b>TEMP &amp; Humidity</b>	16.8 °C, 79%

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Meter Reading at 3m(dBμV)		Limits (dBμV/m)	Emission Level at 3m(dBμV/m)	
			Horizontal	Vertical		Horizontal	Vertical
71.73	7.47	1.13	8.30	8.10	40.00	16.90	16.70
120.17	13.69	1.44	6.40	8.30	43.50	21.53	23.43
236.25	12.58	1.97	7.30	9.30	46.00	21.85	23.85
304.53	14.33	2.21	6.80	6.90	46.00	23.33	23.43
335.10	15.18	2.32	7.10	9.30	46.00	24.61	26.81
479.92	18.44	2.82	5.30	7.70	46.00	26.56	28.96
585.30	19.40	3.29	5.50	5.90	46.00	28.19	28.59
720.18	20.88	3.63	4.60	5.30	46.00	29.11	29.81

**Remark:**

1. Emission level (dBμV/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) + Meter Reading (dBμV).
2. According to technical experience, all spurious emission at channel Low, Middle and High are almost the same below 1GHz, so the spurious emission test result of the channel Low was chosen as representative in final test.

**8.7.3 TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSION ABOVE 1 GHz**

<b>Product Name</b>	Bluetooth Keyboard	<b>Test Date</b>	2005/12/20
<b>Model Name</b>	Y-RAQ-DEL2	<b>Test By</b>	Nicky Liu
<b>Test Mode</b>	CH Low TX	<b>TEMP &amp; Humidity</b>	14 °C, 80%

Measurement Distance at 1m Horizontal polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level 1m (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
1601.32	52.98	27.63	3.76	35.06	9.50	0.00	39.81	74.00	-34.19	P	1.00
1601.32	45.97	27.63	3.76	35.06	9.50	0.00	32.80	54.00	-21.20	A	1.00
4804.40	45.69	34.33	6.32	35.30	9.50	0.37	41.91	74.00	-32.09	P	1.00
4804.40	36.25	34.33	6.32	35.30	9.50	0.37	32.47	54.00	-21.53	A	1.00
Measurement Distance at 1m Vertical polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level 1m (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
1601.32	54.18	27.63	3.76	35.06	9.50	0.00	41.01	74.00	-32.99	P	1.00
1601.32	49.09	27.63	3.76	35.06	9.50	0.00	35.92	54.00	-18.08	A	1.00
4804.00	46.10	34.33	6.32	35.30	9.50	0.37	42.32	74.00	-31.68	P	1.00
4804.00	36.19	34.33	6.32	35.30	9.50	0.37	32.41	54.00	-21.59	A	1.00

**Remark:**

1. The measurement was searched to 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic.
2. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
3. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
4. Dist : correction to extra plate reading to 3m specification distance 1m measurement distance = -9.5dB
5. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  
Level = Reading + AF + Cable – Preamp + Filter – Dist, Margin = Level-Limit
6. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
7. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	Bluetooth Keyboard	<b>Test Date</b>	2005/12/20
<b>Model Name</b>	Y-RAQ-DEL2	<b>Test By</b>	Nicky Liu
<b>Test Mode</b>	CH Middle TX	<b>TEMP &amp; Humidity</b>	14 °C, 80%

Measurement Distance at 1m Horizontal polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level 1m (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
4882.43	45.68	34.60	6.32	35.30	9.50	0.29	42.09	74.00	-31.91	P	1.00
4882.43	35.19	34.60	6.32	35.30	9.50	0.29	31.60	54.00	-22.40	A	1.00
7323.90	44.36	39.61	8.30	35.56	9.50	0.82	48.03	74.00	-25.97	P	1.00
7323.90	34.28	39.61	8.30	35.56	9.50	0.82	37.95	54.00	-16.05	A	1.00
Measurement Distance at 1m Vertical polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level 1m (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
4882.43	45.10	34.60	6.32	35.30	9.50	0.29	41.51	74.00	-32.49	P	1.00
4882.43	35.36	34.60	6.32	35.30	9.50	0.29	31.77	54.00	-22.23	A	1.00
7323.90	43.85	39.61	8.30	35.56	9.50	0.82	47.52	74.00	-26.48	P	1.00
7323.90	33.67	39.61	8.30	35.56	9.50	0.82	37.34	54.00	-16.66	A	1.00

**Remark:**

1. The measurement was searched to 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic.
2. AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
3. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
4. Dist : correction to extra plate reading to 3m specification distance 1m measurement distance = -9.5dB
5. The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  

$$\text{Level} = \text{Reading} + \text{AF} + \text{Cable} - \text{Preamp} + \text{Filter} - \text{Dist}, \text{Margin} = \text{Level-Limit}$$
6. The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
7. The test limit distance is 3M limit.



<b>Product Name</b>	Bluetooth Keyboard	<b>Test Date</b>	2005/12/20
<b>Model Name</b>	Y-RAQ-DEL2	<b>Test By</b>	Nicky Liu
<b>Test Mode</b>	CH High TX	<b>TEMP &amp; Humidity</b>	14 °C, 80%

Measurement Distance at 1m Horizontal polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level 1m (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
4960.14	44.63	34.86	6.32	35.30	9.50	0.21	41.22	74.00	-32.78	P	1.00
4960.14	34.47	34.86	6.32	35.30	9.50	0.21	31.06	54.00	-22.94	A	1.00
7440.98	43.87	39.87	8.35	35.59	9.50	0.71	47.71	74.00	-26.29	P	1.00
7440.98	33.42	39.87	8.35	35.59	9.50	0.71	37.26	54.00	-16.74	A	1.00

Measurement Distance at 1m Vertical polarity											
Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	AF (dBμV)	Cable (dB)	Pre-amp (dB)	Dist (dB)	Filter (dB)	Level 1m (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Mark (P/Q/A)	Height (Meter)
4960.14	45.64	34.86	6.32	35.30	9.50	0.21	42.23	74.00	-31.77	P	1.00
4960.14	35.47	34.86	6.32	35.30	9.50	0.21	32.06	54.00	-21.94	A	1.00
7440.98	43.64	39.87	8.35	35.59	9.50	0.71	47.48	74.00	-26.52	P	1.00
7440.98	32.91	39.87	8.35	35.59	9.50	0.71	36.75	54.00	-17.25	A	1.00

**Remark:**

- The measurement was searched to 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic.
- AF: Antenna Factor, Cable: Cable Loss, Pre-Amp: Preamplifier gain, Filter: High Pass Filter Insertion Loss (3.5GHz)
- Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz
- Dist : correction to extra plate reading to 3m specification distance 1m measurement distance = -9.5dB
- The result basic equation calculation is as follow:  

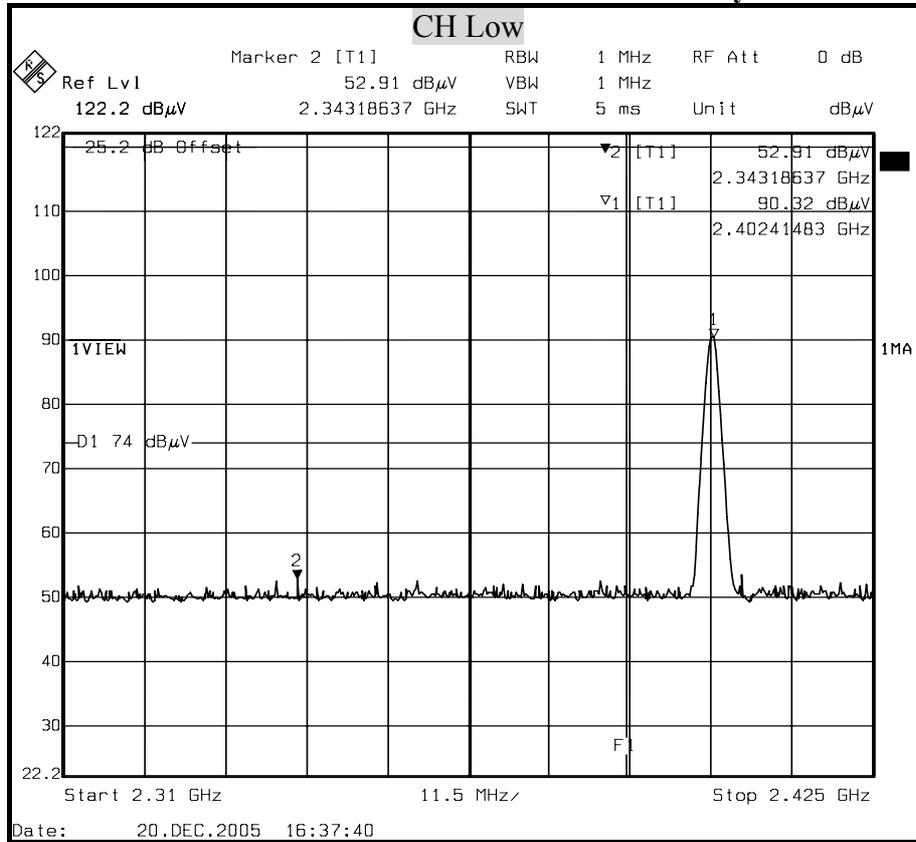
$$\text{Level} = \text{Reading} + \text{AF} + \text{Cable} - \text{Preamp} + \text{Filter} - \text{Dist}, \text{Margin} = \text{Level} - \text{Limit}$$
- The other emission levels were 20dB below the limit
- The test limit distance is 3M limit.



### 8.7.4 RESTRICTED BAND EDGES

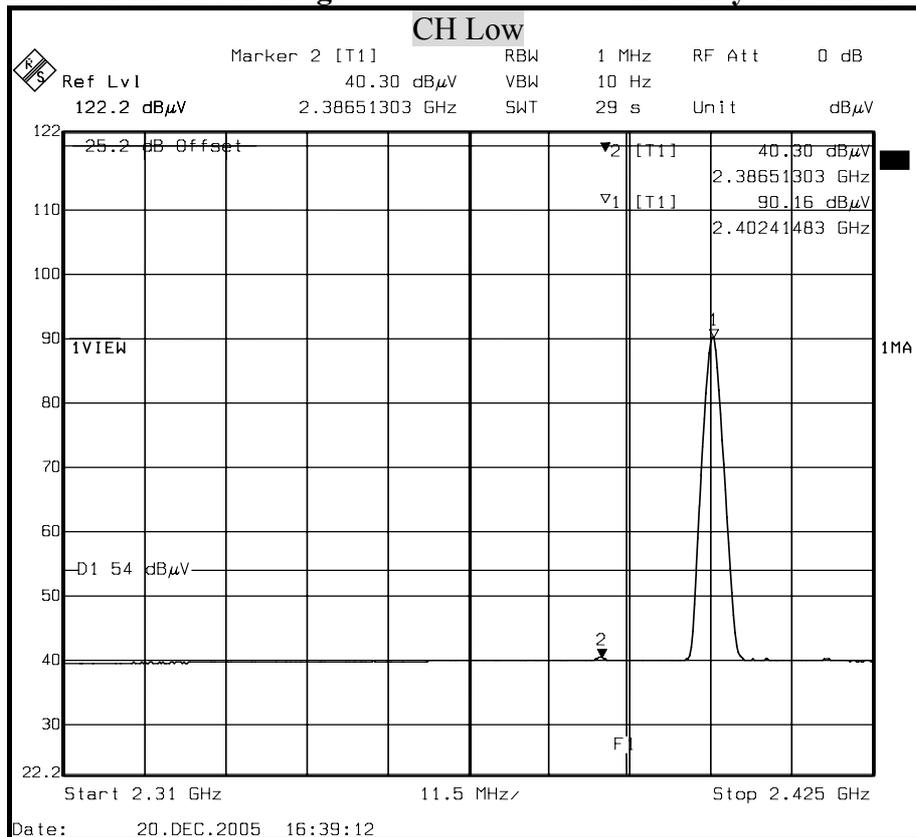
Detector mode : Peak

Polarity : Horizontal



Detector mode : Average

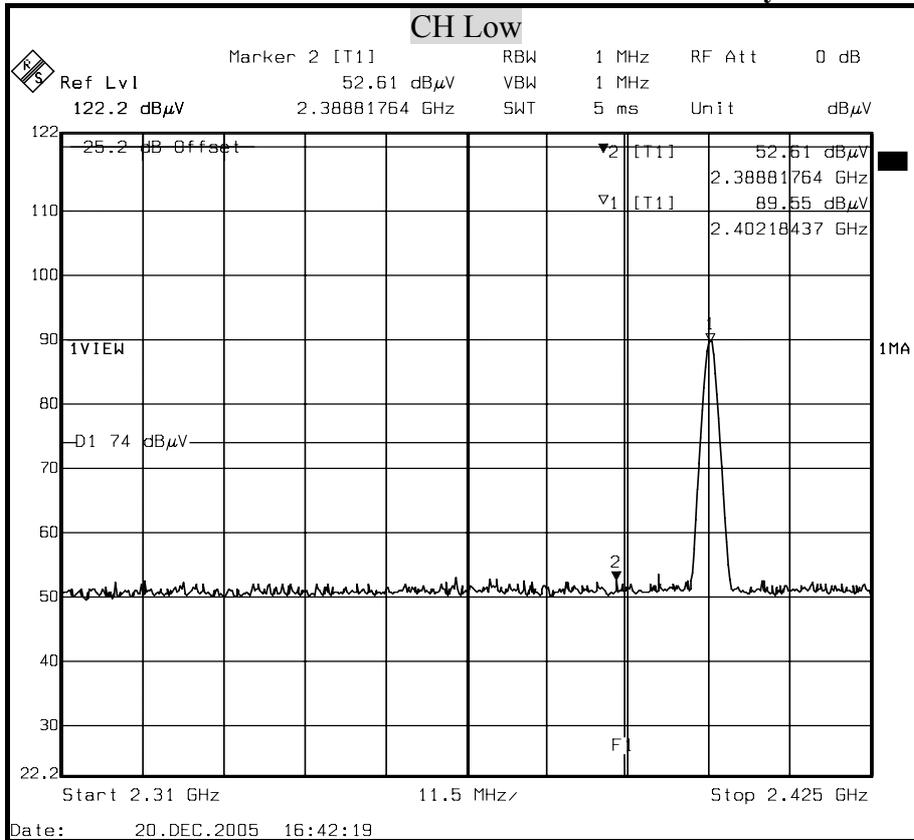
Polarity : Horizontal





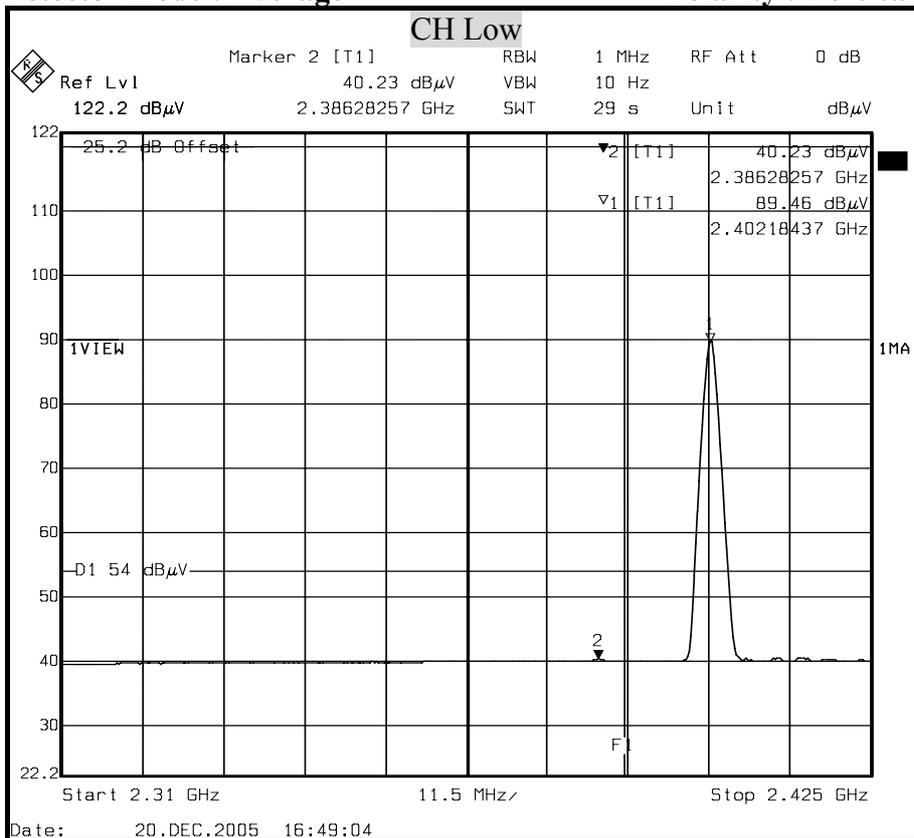
**Detector mode : Peak**

**Polarity : Vertical**



**Detector mode : Average**

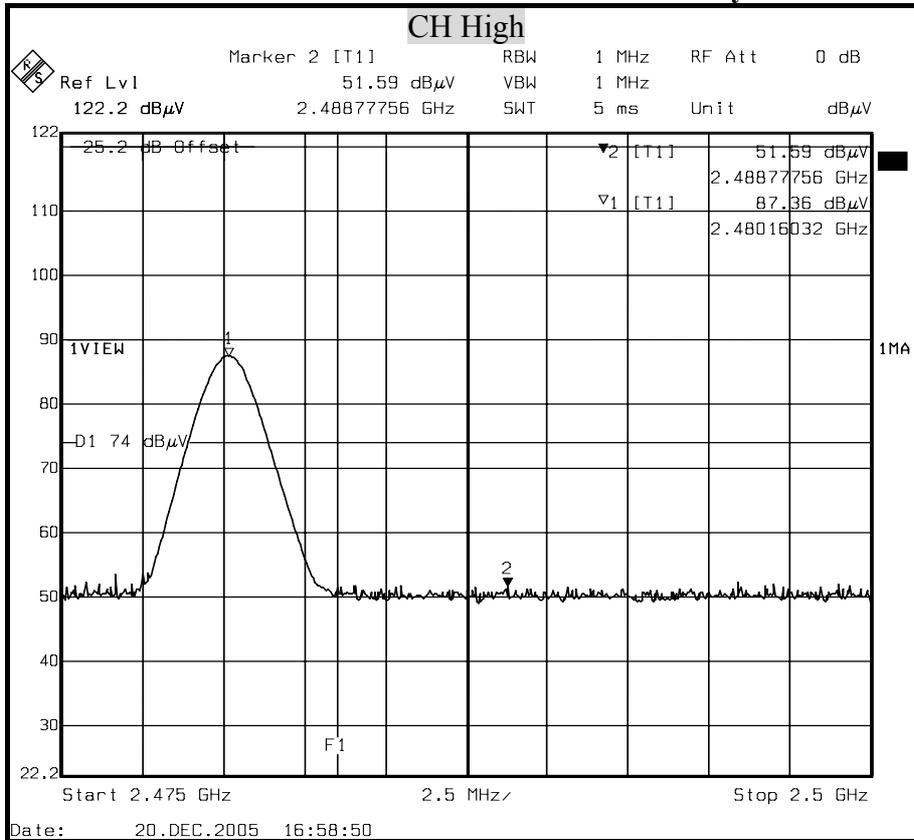
**Polarity : Vertical**





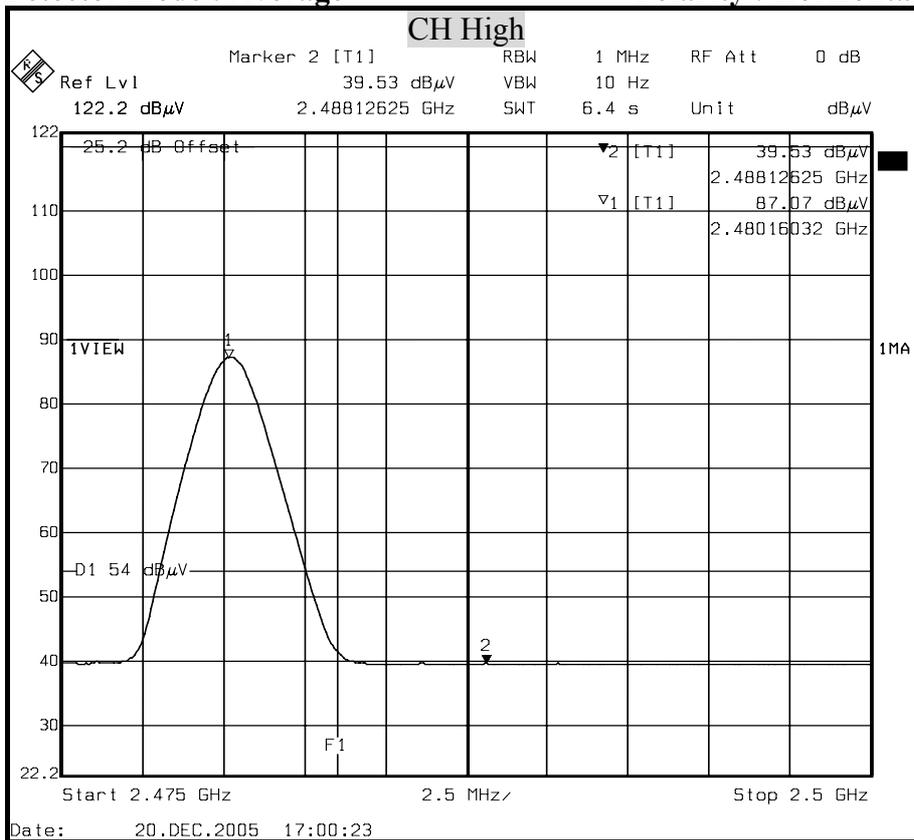
Detector mode : Peak

Polarity : Horizontal



Detector mode : Average

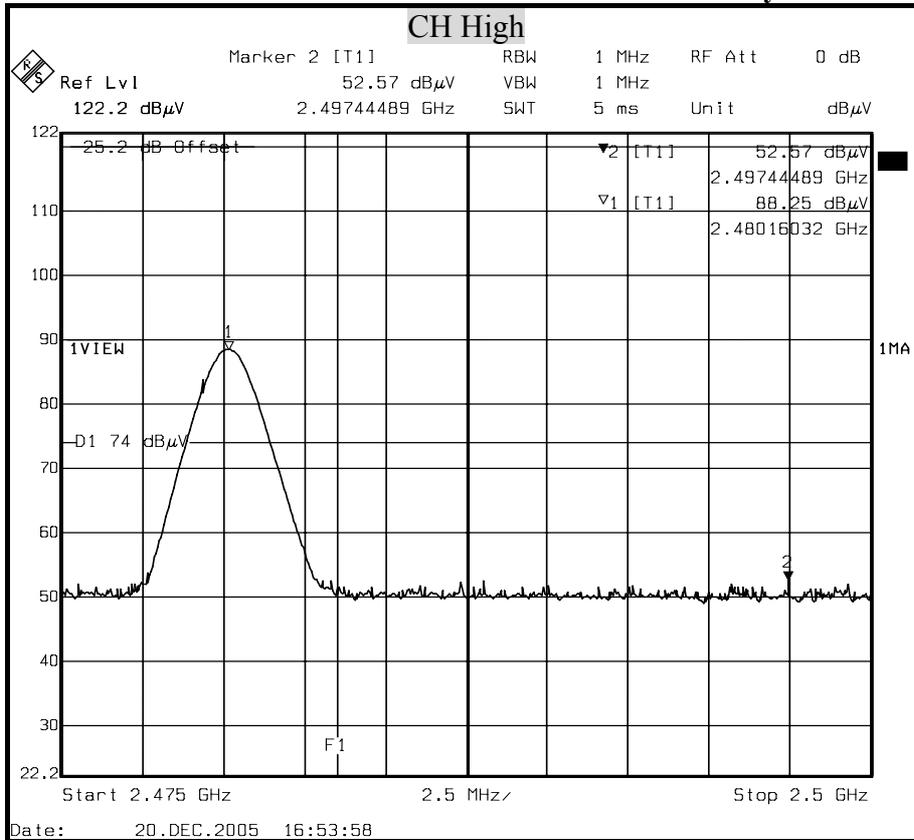
Polarity : Horizontal





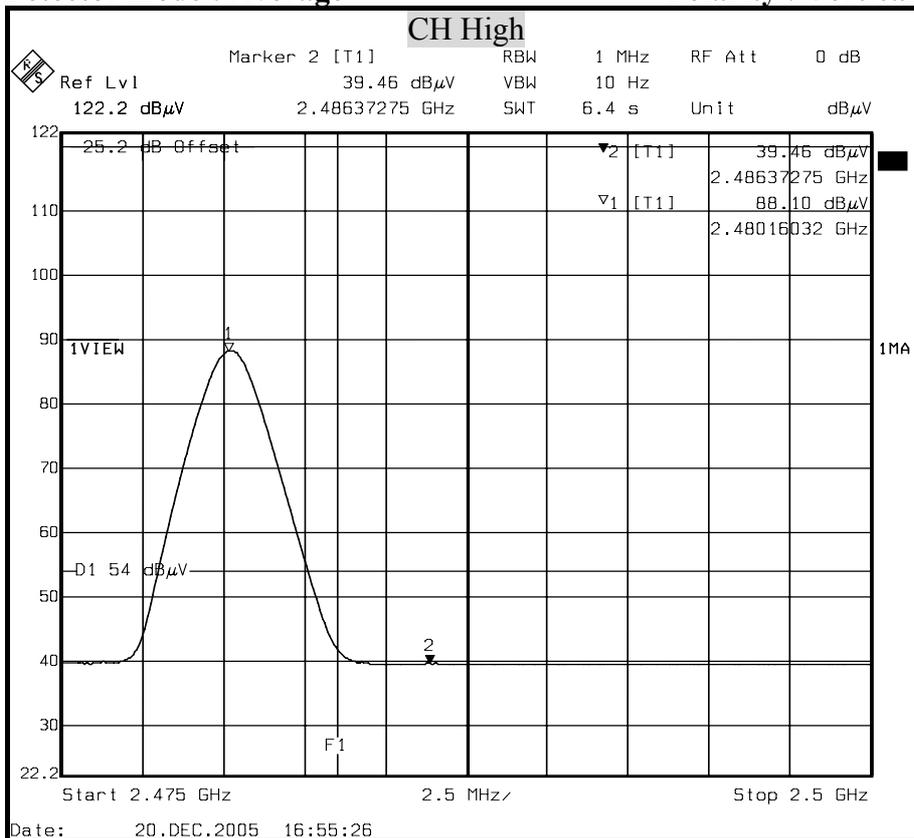
Detector mode : Peak

Polarity : Vertical



Detector mode : Average

Polarity : Vertical





## 8.8 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

### LIMITS

§ 15.207 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (b) and (c) this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal.

The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB $\mu$ v)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.5 - 5	56	46
5 - 30	60	50

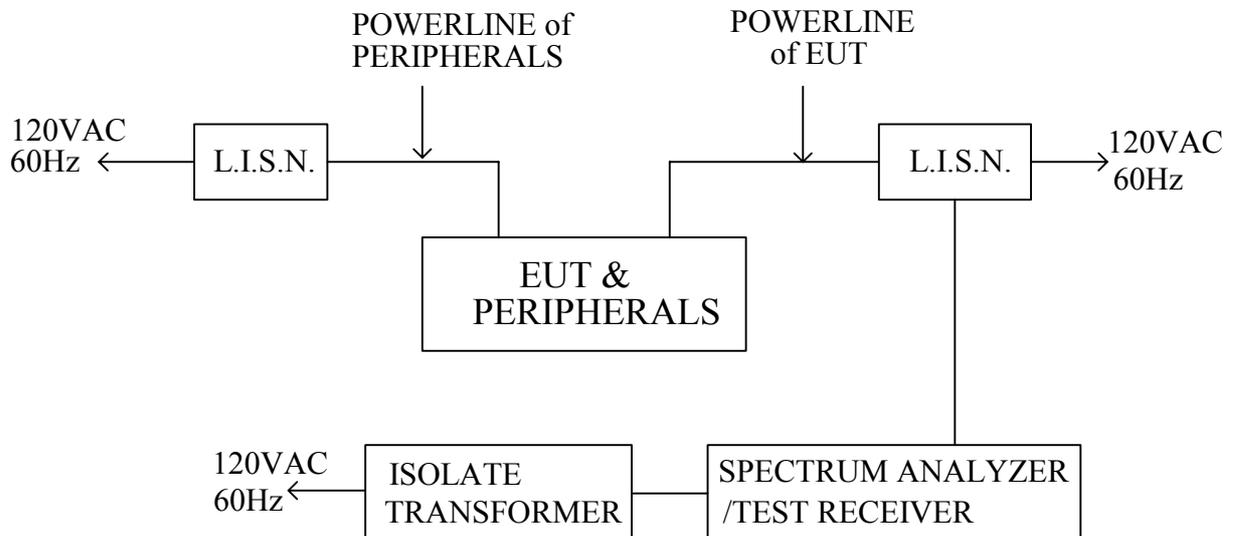
### TEST EQUIPMENTS

The following test equipments are used during the conducted powerline tests :

Manufacturer or Type	Model No.	Serial No.	Date of Calibration	Calibration Period	Remark
HP SPECTRUM ANALYZER	8594E	3801A05627	April 28, 2005	1 Year	PRETEST
SOLAR ISOLATION TRANSFORMER	7032-1	N/A	N/A	N/A	FINAL
EMCO L.I.S.N.	3850/2	9311-1025 9401-1028	January 10, 2005 For Characteristic impedance	1 Year	FINAL
			January 10, 2005 For Insertion loss		
R & S TEST RECEIVER	ESHS30	838550/003	February 21, 2005	1 Year	FINAL
KEENE SHIELDED ROOM	5983	No.1	N/A	N/A	FINAL
R & S PULSE LIMIT	EHS3Z2	357.8810.52	July 10, 2005	1 Year	FINAL
N TYPE COAXIAL CABLE	-----	-----	July 10, 2005	1 Year	FINAL
50 $\Omega$ TERMINATOR	-----	-----	July 10, 2005	1 Year	FINAL



## TEST SETUP



## TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 40 cm from the vertical ground plane and 80cm above the horizontal ground plane. The EUT IS CONFIGURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANSI C63.4.

The resolution bandwidth is set to 9 kHz for both quasi-peak detection and average detection measurements.

Line conducted data is recorded for both NEUTRAL and LINE.

## TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

Since this EUT is battery powered, this test item is not applicable.



## **9. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT**

### **9.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE**

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.247 (b), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

### **9.2 ANTENNA CONNECTED CONSTRUCTION**

The antenna used in this product is PCB antenna. The maximum Gain of the antenna only 0.46dBi.