

EMC TEST REPORT

Report No. : TS12040079-EME**Model No. : F21-6S-TX****Issued Date : May 30, 2012****Applicant: Intercontinental Technologies, Ltd.
558-2 Plate Drive, East Dundee IL 60118 USA****Test Method/ Standard: 47 CFR FCC Part 15.231 & ANSI C63.4 2003****Test By: Intertek Testing Services Taiwan Ltd.
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Summary of Tests

Test Item	Reference	Results
Timing requirement of manually operated transmitter	15.231(a)(1)	Pass
Radiated Emission test	15.231(b), 15.209	Pass
Measured bandwidth	15.231(c)	Pass
Conducted Emission test	15.231(b), 15.207	N/A

1. General information

1.1 Identification of the EUT

Product:	Industrial Radio Remote Control Transmitter
Model No.:	F21-6S-TX
FCC ID.:	JI9-F21-6S-029
Frequency Range:	317.5225 MHz
Channel Number:	Single channel
Frequency of Each Channel:	317.5225 MHz
Access scheme:	AFSK
Power Supply:	DC 3 V from battery
Power Cord:	N/A
Sample Received:	Apr. 03, 2012
Test Date(s):	May 12, 2012 ~ May 25, 2012
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Note 2:	When determining the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test has been considered.

1.2 Additional information about the EUT

The EUT is Industrial Radio Remote Control Transmitter, and was defined as information technology equipment.

For more detail features, please refer to User's manual as file name "Installation guide.pdf"



1.3 Antenna description

The EUT uses a permanently connected antenna.

Antenna Gain : ≤ 1.5 dBi

Antenna Type : Helical antenna

Connector Type : N/A

2. Test specifications

2.1 Test standard

The EUT was performed according to the procedures in FCC Part 2.1053 and the requirement in FCC Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.231.

2.2 Operation mode

The EUT was supplied with DC 3 V from battery and transmitted RF signal continuously by pressing UP button during the test.

2.3 Test equipment

Equipment	Brand	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	100018	2011/12/6	2012/12/4
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde&schwarz	FSP30	100137	2011/6/29	2012/6/28
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde&schwarz	FSEK30	100186	2012/2/6	2013/2/5
Horn Antenna (1-18G)	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120 D	9120D-456	2010/8/31	2012/8/30
Horn Antenna (14-42G)	SHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170159	2010/9/3	2012/9/2
Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	9168-172	2011/7/26	2013/7/25
Pre-Amplifier	MITEQ	AFS44-00102650 --42-10P-44	1495287	2011/10/27	2013/10/26
Pre-Amplifier	MITEQ	JS4-26004000--2 7-8A	828825	2010/9/8	2012/9/7
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	0844001	2011/10/13	2012/10/12
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0738452	2011/10/13	2012/10/12
Temperature&Humidity Test Chamber	TERCHY	MHU-225LRU(S A)	950838	2011/6/17	2012/6/16
Two-Line V-Network	Rohde&schwarz	ESH3-Z5	838979/014	2011/10/19	2012/10/18

Note: The above equipments are within the valid calibration period.

3. Radiated emission test FCC 15.231 (b)

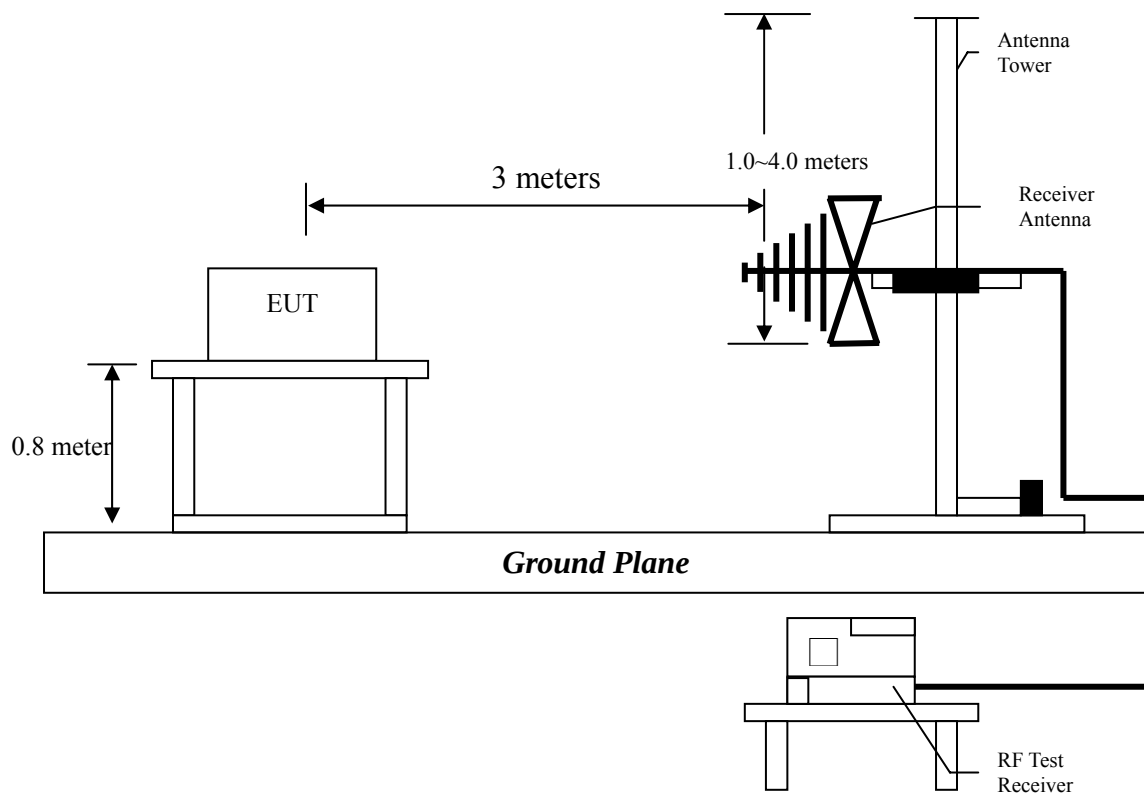
3.1 Operating environment

Temperature: 24 °C
Relative Humidity: 55 %
Atmospheric Pressure 1008 hPa

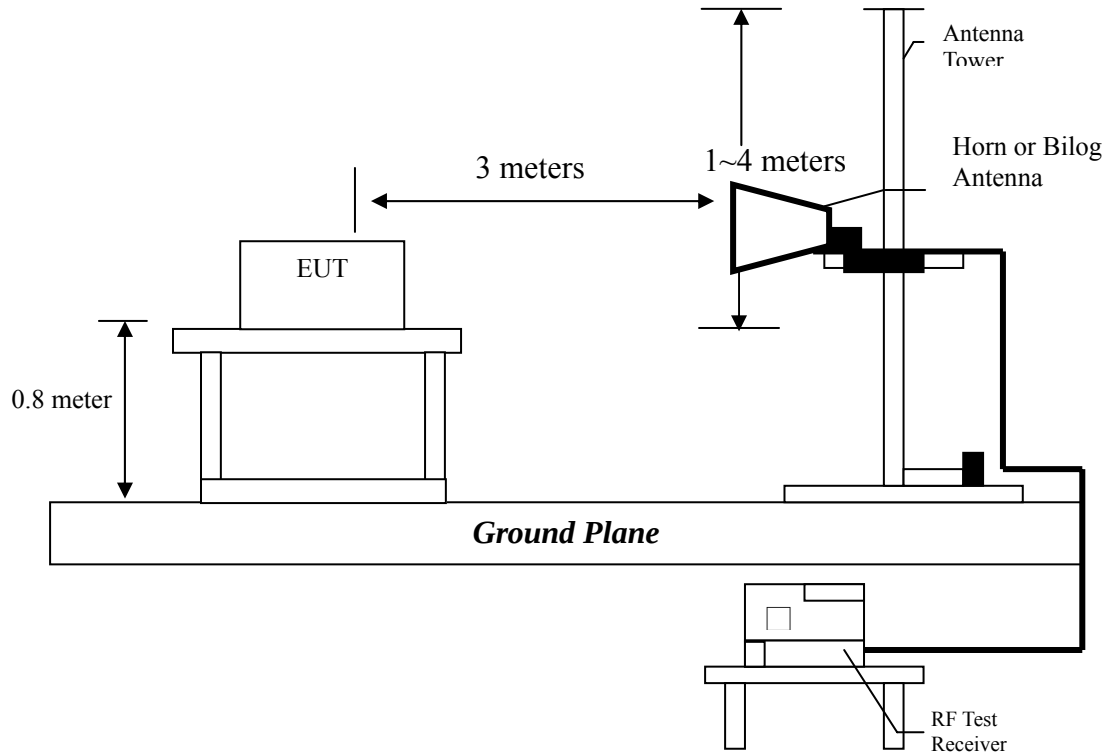
3.2 Test setup & procedure

The Diagram below shows the test setup, which is utilized to make these measurements.

The frequency spectrum from 30MHz to 1000MHz was investigated.



The frequency spectrum from over 1GHz was investigated.



The signal is maximized through rotation and placement in the three orthogonal axes.

Radiated emission measurements were performed from 30 MHz to 25 GHz. Spectrum Analyzer Resolution Bandwidth is 100 kHz or greater for frequencies 30 MHz to 1 GHz, 1MHz – for frequencies above 1 GHz.

The EUT for testing is arranged on a fiberglass turntable. If some peripherals apply to the EUT, the peripherals will be connected to EUT and the whole system. During the test, all cables were arranged to produce worst-case emissions. The signal is maximized through rotation. The height of antenna and polarization is changing constantly for exploring for maximum signal level. The height of antenna can be up to 4 meters and down to 1 meter.

The measurement for radiated emission will be done at the distance of three meters unless the signal level is too low to measure at that distance. In the case of the reading under noise floor, a pre-amplifier is used and/or the test is conducted at a closer distance. And then all readings are extrapolated back to the equivalent three meter reading using inverse scaling with distance.

The signal is maximized through rotation and placement in the three orthogonal axes.



X axis



Y axis



Z axis

After verifying three axes, we found the maximum electromagnetic field was occurred at Z axis. The final test data was executed under this configuration.

The EUT configuration please refer to the “Spurious set-up photo.pdf”.

3.3 Radiated emission limit

3.3.1 Fundamental and harmonics emission limits

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength of Fundamental		Field Strength of Harmonics	
	(uV/m@3 m)	(dBuV/m@3 m)	(uV/m@3 m)	(dBuV/m@3 m)
317.5225	61446.90	95.77	6144.69	75.77

3.3.2 General radiated emission limit

The spurious Emission shall test through the 10th harmonic. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

Frequency MHz	15.209 Limits (dBμV/m@3m)
30-88	40
88-216	43.5
216-960	46
Above 960	54

Remark:

1. In the above table, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
2. Distance refers to the distance in meters between the measuring instrument antenna and the closed point of any part of the device or system

Measurement uncertainty was calculated in accordance with TR 100 028-1.

Parameter	Uncertainty
Radiated Emission	± 5.056 dB
Conducted Emission	± 2.786 dB

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95 % confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$.

3.4 Calculation of Average Factor

The specification for output field strengths in accordance with the FCC rules specify measurements with an average detector. During testing, a spectrum analyzer incorporating a peak detector was used. Therefore, a reduction factor can be applied to the resultant peak signal level and compared to the limit for measurement instrumentation incorporating an average detector.

The time period over which the duty cycle is measured in 100 ms or the repetition cycle, whichever is a shorter time frame. The duty cycle is measured by placing the spectrum analyzer in zero span mode at 100 resolution bandwidth.

Model: F21-6S-TX

Averaging factor in dB = $20\log(\text{duty cycle})$

The duty cycle is simply the on-time divided by the period:

The duration of one cycle = 204.4 ms. It is greater than 100ms. Use the 100ms for duration of one cycle.

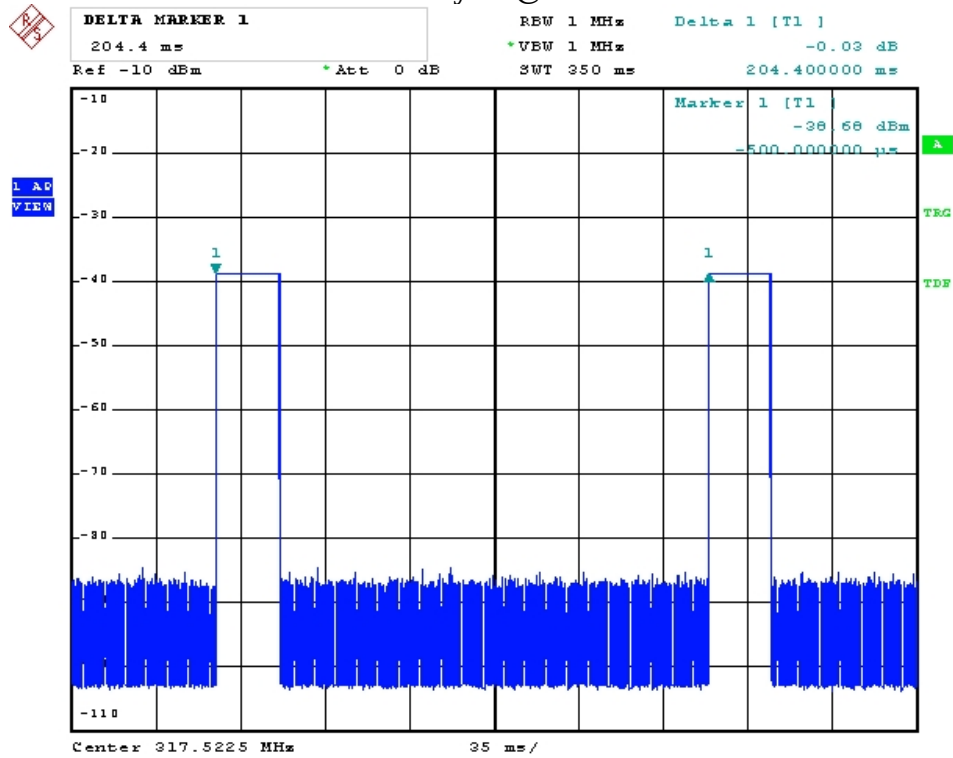
The pulses in each period = 26.5 ms

Duty Cycle = $26.5 \text{ ms} / 100 \text{ ms} = 0.265$

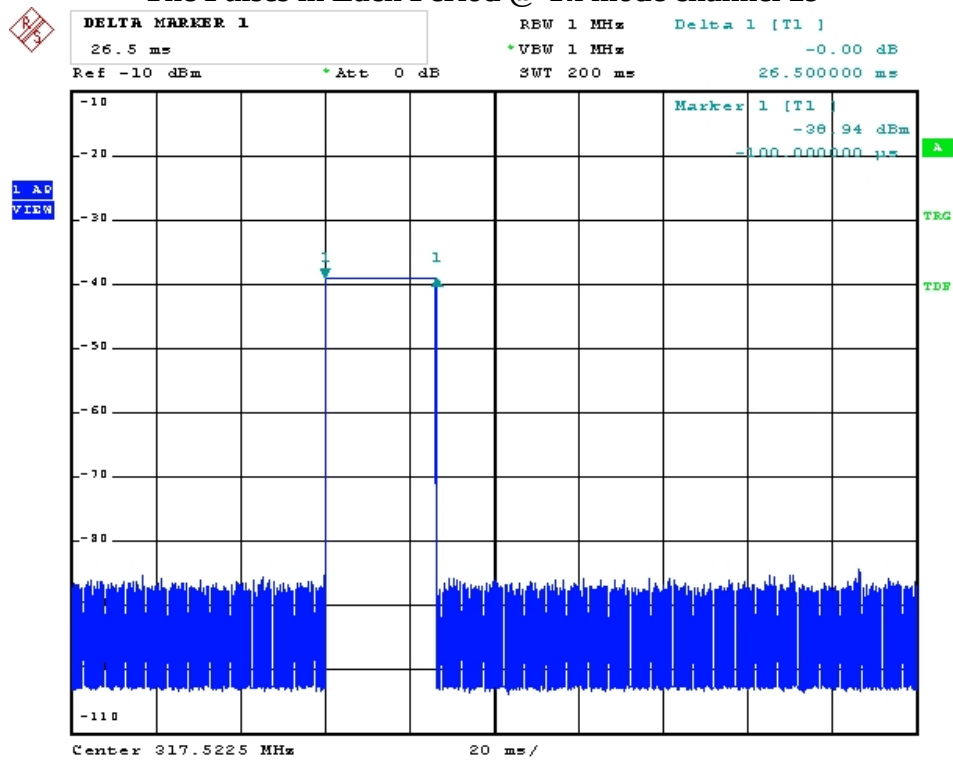
Therefore, the duty cycle correction factor will be $20 \log_{10} 0.265 = -11.54$ dB

Please see the plot below.

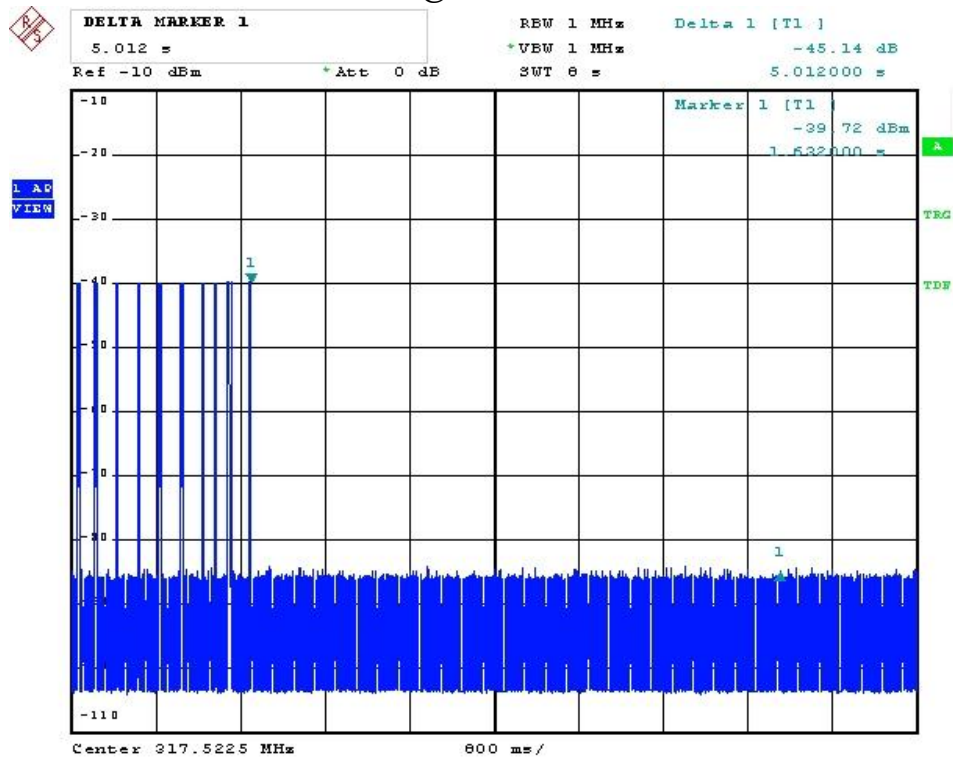
The Duration of One Cycle @ Tx mode channel 29



The Pulses in Each Period @ Tx mode channel 29



Release Time @ Tx mode channel 29



3.5 Radiated emission test data FCC 15.231

3.5.1 Measurement results: Fundamental emission

EUT : F21-6S-TX
 Worst Case : Tx at 317.5225 MHz at Z axis

Polarization (circle)	Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Corr. Factor (dB/m)	Reading (dBuV)	Average Factor (dB)	Calculated (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
Vertical	317.5225	PK	14.10	69.11	-	83.21	95.77	-12.56
Vertical	317.5225	AV	14.10	69.11	-11.54	71.67	75.77	-4.10
Horizontal	317.5225	PK	14.32	56.36	-	70.67	95.77	-25.10
Horizontal	317.5225	AV	14.32	56.36	-11.54	59.13	75.77	-16.64

Remark:

1. Calculated = Reading + Corr. Factor
2. Correction Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
3. Margin= Calculated – Limit

3.5.2 Measurement results: frequencies equal to or less than 1 GHz

EUT : F21-6S-TX
Worst Case : Tx at 317.5225 MHz at Z axis

Polarization (circle)	Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Corr. Factor (dB/m)	Reading (dBuV)	Average Factor (dB)	Calculated (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
Vertical	276.38	QP	13.24	30.52	-	43.75	46.00	-2.25
Vertical	289.96	PK	13.70	38.26	-	51.95	75.77	-23.82
Vertical	289.96	AV	13.70	38.26	-11.54	40.41	55.77	-15.36
Vertical	303.54	PK	14.32	46.07	-	60.38	75.77	-15.39
Vertical	303.54	AV	14.32	46.07	-11.54	48.84	55.77	-6.93
Vertical	553.80	PK	19.72	21.96	-	41.68	75.77	-34.09
Vertical	553.80	AV	19.72	21.96	-11.54	30.14	55.77	-25.63
Vertical	604.24	PK	20.88	16.57	-	37.44	75.77	-38.33
Vertical	604.24	AV	20.88	16.57	-11.54	25.90	55.77	-29.87
Vertical	635.28	PK	21.53	34.46	-	55.99	75.77	-19.78
Vertical	635.28	AV	21.53	34.46	-11.54	44.45	55.77	-11.32
Vertical	953.44	PK	25.34	13.92	-	39.25	75.77	-36.52
Vertical	953.44	AV	25.34	13.92	-11.54	27.71	55.77	-28.06
Horizontal	276.38	PK	13.21	21.88	-	35.08	46.00	-10.92
Horizontal	291.90	PK	14.17	29.42	-	43.58	75.77	-32.19
Horizontal	291.90	AV	14.17	29.42	-11.54	32.04	55.77	-23.73
Horizontal	635.28	PK	21.55	20.13	-	41.67	75.77	-34.10
Horizontal	635.28	AV	21.55	20.13	-11.54	30.13	55.77	-25.64

Remark:

1. Calculated = Reading + Corr. Factor – Average Factor
2. Correction Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
3. Margin= Calculated – Limit

3.5.3 Measurement results: frequency above 1GHz

The emissions were very low against the limit in the frequency range above 1 GHz.

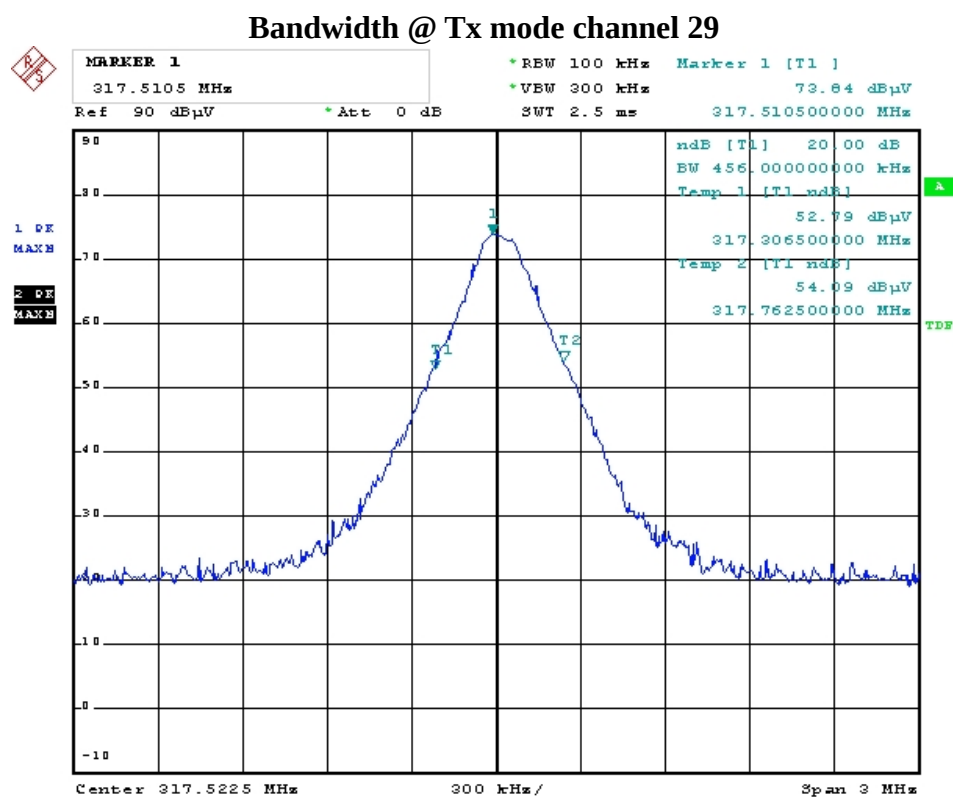
4. Measured bandwidth FCC 15.231(C)

The bandwidth of the emission shall be no wider than 0.25% of the center frequency for devices operating above 70MHz and below 900MHz. Bandwidth is determined at the points 20dB down from the modulated carrier.

$$B.W(20dBc) \text{ Limit} = 0.25\% \times f(\text{MHz}) = 0.25\% \times 317.5225 \text{ MHz} = 0.7938 \text{ MHz}$$

From the plot, the bandwidth is observed to be 456 kHz, at 20dBc where the bandwidth limit is 0.7938 MHz.

Please see the plot below.



5. Conducted emission FCC 15.207

According to FCC 15.207, the EUT only employs battery power for operation and does not operate from the AC power lines. Therefore, the test can be exempted.