

ROGERS LABS, INC.

4405 West 259th Terrace Louisburg, KS 66053 Phone / Fax (913) 837-3214

TEST REPORT

For

APPLICATION of CERTIFICATION

For

GARMIN INTERNATIONAL, INC.

1200 East 151st Street Olathe, KS 66062 Phone: (913) 397-8200

Mr. Van Ruggles Director of Quality Assurance

MODEL: RINO
Family Radio Service (FRS) /
General Mobile Radio Services (GMRS)
Combination UHF TRANSCEIVER
FREQUENCY: 462 MHz and 467 MHz

FCC ID: IPH-00726

Test Date: September 4, 2003

Certifying Engineer:

Scot D Rogers

Scot D. Rogers ROGERS LABS, INC.

4405 West 259th Terrace Louisburg, KS 66053 Phone: (913) 837-3214 FAX: (913) 837-3214

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Louisburg, KS 66053
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Garmin International, Inc.

MODEL: Rino 130
FRS/GMRS Combination UHF Transceiver
FCC ID#: IPH-00729 SN: ENG-1
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FORWARD:

In accordance with the Federal Communications Code of Federal Regulations, dated October 1, 2002, Part 2 Subpart J, Paragraphs 2.907, 2.911, 2.913, 2.915, 2.925, 2.926, 2.1031 through 2.1057, applicable paragraphs of Parts 15, and 95, the following is submitted:

NVLAP Lab Code: 200087-0

List of Test Equipment

A Hewlett Packard 8591EM and or 8562A Spectrum Analyzer was used as the measuring device for the emissions testing. analyzer settings used are described in the following table. Refer to the Appendix for a complete list of Test Equipment.

HP 8591EM SPECTRUM ANALYZER SETTINGS							
CONDUCTED EMISSIONS:							
RBW	AVG. BW	DETECTOR FUNCTION					
9 kHz	30 kHz	Peak/Quasi Peak					
RADIATE	D EMISSIONS (30 - 100	0 MHz):					
RBW	AVG. BW	DETECTOR FUNCTION					
120 kHz	300 kHz	Peak/Quasi Peak					
нр 8562	A SPECTRUM ANALYZER S	ETTINGS					
RADIAT	TED EMISSIONS (1 - 40	GHz):					
RBW	AVG. BW	DETECTOR FUNCTION					
1 MHz	1 MHz	Peak/Average					
ANTENNA CONDUCTED EMISSIONS:							
RBW AVG. BW DETECTOR FUNCTION							
120 kHz	300 kHz	Peak					

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Garmin International, Inc. MODEL: Rino 130 FRS/GMRS Combination UHF Transceiver FCC ID#: IPH-00729 SN: ENG-1

Louisburg, KS 66053 Test #:030829 FCC ID#: IPH-0 Phone/Fax: (913) 837-3214 Test to: FCC Parts 2, 15, and 95 Page 3 of 26 RINO 130 TstRpt.Doc 9/8/2003

2.1033(c) Application for Certification

(1) Manufacturer: GARMIN INTERNATIONAL, INC.

1200 East 151st Street

NVLAP Lab Code: 200087-0

Olathe, KS 66062

PHONE: (913) 397-8200

(2) FCC Identification: Model: RINO 130 FCC I.D.: IPH-00726

S/N: ENG-1

- (3) Copy of the installation and operating manual: Refer to exhibit for Draft Instruction Manual.
- (4) Emission Types: 6K0F3E and 7K5F2D
- (5) Frequency Range: 462 MHz and 467 MHz
- (6) Operating Power Level: 1.0 Watts (GMRS only channels)
 0.5 Watts (FRS channels)
- (7) Max Power allowed as defined in 95.639:
 50.0 Watts (GMRS) and 0.5 Watts (ERP) for (FRS channels).
- (8) Power into final amplifier:
 1.0 Watt GMRS: 2.2 Watts (4.0V @ 0.56A)
 0.5 Watt FRS: 1.4 Watts (4.0V @ 0.35A)
- (9) Tune Up Procedure for Output Power:
 Refer to Exhibit for Transceiver Alignment Procedure.
- (10) Circuit Diagrams; description of circuits, frequency stability, spurious suppression, and power and modulation limiting: Refer to Exhibit for Circuit Diagrams. Refer to Exhibit for Theory of Operation.
- (11) Photograph or drawing of the Identification Plate: Refer to Exhibit for Photograph or Drawing.
- (12) Drawings of Construction and Layout:
 Refer to Exhibit for Drawings of Components Layout and Chassis Drawings.
- (13) Detail Description of Digital Modulation:
 Refer to exhibit for description of modulation.
- (14) Data required by 2.1046 through 2.1057 is reported in this document.

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(15) Application for certification of an external radio power amplifier operating under part 97of this chapter.

This specification is not applicable to this device.

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- (16) Application for certification of AM broadcast transmitter. This specification is not applicable to this device.
- (17) A single application may be filed for a composite system that incorporates devices subject to certification under multiple rule parts; however, the appropriate fee must be included for each device. The device is governed by CFR rule Part 95 subpart A (GMRS) and 95 subpart B (FRS).

2.1046 RF Power Output

Measurements Required:

Measurements shall be made to establish the radio frequency power delivered by the transmitter into the standard output termination. The power output shall be monitored and recorded and no adjustment shall be made to the transmitter after the test has begun, except as noted below:

If the power output is adjustable, measurements shall be made for the highest and lowest power levels.

Test Arrangement:

TRANSMITTER	ATTENUATION	SPECTRUM	ANALYZER
	0 dB		

The radio frequency power output was measured at the antenna terminal by replacing the antenna with a spectrum analyzer. The spectrum analyzer had an impedance of $50\,\text{W}$ to match the impedance of the standard antenna. A HP 8591EM and/or 8562A Spectrum Analyzer was used to measure the radio frequency power at the antenna port. The data was taken in dBm and converted to watts as shown in the following Table. Refer to Figure one showing the output power of the transmitter at the antenna terminal. Data was taken per Paragraph 2.1046(a) and applicable parts of Part 95.

29.33 dBm = $10^{(29.33/10)}$ 27.0 dBm = $10^{(27.0/10)}$ = 857.0 mW = 501.1mW = 0.5 Watts

Results:

FREQUENCY	P_{dBm}	P_{mw}	P_{w}
462.6125	27.0	501.1	0.5
467.6125	27.0	501.1	0.5
467.6250	29.335	857.0	1.0

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Using the substitution method the following data was taken per TIA/EIA-603. Utilizing the permanently attached onequarter wave antenna system the radio frequency output power was measured at a three-meter distance on an approved Open Area Test Site (OATS) using the substitution method. A HP 8591EM Spectrum Analyzer was used to measure the radio frequency power produced by the EUT at a distance of three-The level was recorded and the EUT was removed from the table and replaced by a substitution antenna driven by a frequency generator. The generator output level was then increased until the amplitude level produced by the substitution system measured the same as previously recorded from the EUT. The antenna was removed and replaced by a spectrum analyzer to accurately record the generators power This power output level was then recorded as the power required to reproduce the measured level. procedure was repeated for all frequencies of interest with the data taken reported below. The testing procedures used conform to the procedures stated in the TIA/EIA-603 document.

High and low power radiated emission of fundamental.

Frequency	Amplitude of	f emission	Signal level to dipole required to reproduce		
of Emission	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	
EMISSION					
(MHz)	dBm	dBm	dBm	dBm	
462.6125	-12.1	-1.8	20.3	26.8	
467.6125	-11.9	-1.9	20.4	26.8	
462.6250	-8.5	1.2	22.2	29.4	

 P_{dBm} = power in dB above 1 milliwatt.

Milliwatts = $10^{(PdBm/10)}$

Watts = (Milliwatts)x(0.001)(W/mW)

Table for conversion from dBm to watts

dBm	20.3	20.4	22.2	26.8	29.4
Watts	0.108	0.110	0.166	0.5	0.9

The specifications of Paragraph 2.1046(a) and applicable Parts of 95 are met. There are no deviations to the specifications.

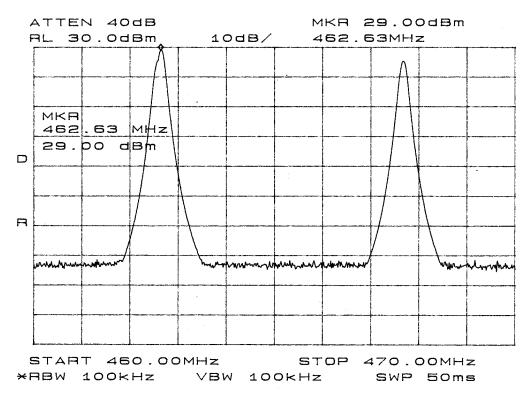
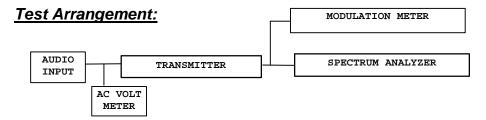


Figure one Power Output at antenna terminal

2.1047 Modulation Characteristics

Measurements Required:

A curve or equivalent data, which shows that the equipment will meet the modulation requirements of the rules, under which the equipment is to be licensed, shall be submitted.



The radio frequency output was coupled to a HP Spectrum Analyzer and a modulation meter. The spectrum analyzer was used to observe the radio frequency spectrum with the transmitter operating in its various modes. The modulation meter was used to measure the percent modulation or frequency deviation.

Results:

Figure two displays the graph made showing the audio frequency response of the modulator. The frequency generator was set to 1

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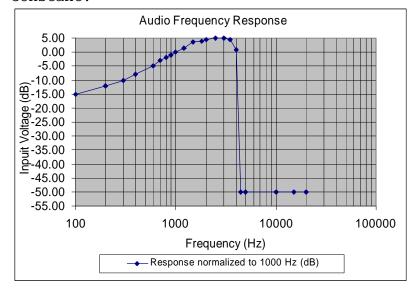
MODEL: Rino 130 FRS/GMRS Combination UHF Transceiver

Louisburg, KS 66053 Test #:030829 FCC ID#: IPH-00729 SN: ENG-1

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kHz and injected into the audio input port of the EUT. input voltage amplitude was adjusted to obtain 50% modulation at 1000 Hz. This level was then taken as the 0-dB reference. frequency of the generator was then varied and the voltage input level recorded while holding the output modulation level constant.



711210	Response normalized
Audio Frequency	
(Hz)	(dB)
100	-15.00
200	-12.00
300	-10.00
400	-8.00
600	-5.00
700	-3.00
800	-2.00
900	-1.00
1000	0.00
1200	1.50
1500	3.50
1800	4.00
2000	4.50
2500	5.00
3000	5.00
3500	4.50
4000	1
4500	-50.00
5000	-50.00
10000	-50.00
15000	-50.00
20000	-50.00
20000	30.00

Figure two Audio Frequency Response Characteristics.

Figure 3 shows the deviation response for each of four frequencies while the input voltage was varied. The frequency is held constant and the frequency deviation is read from the deviation meter.

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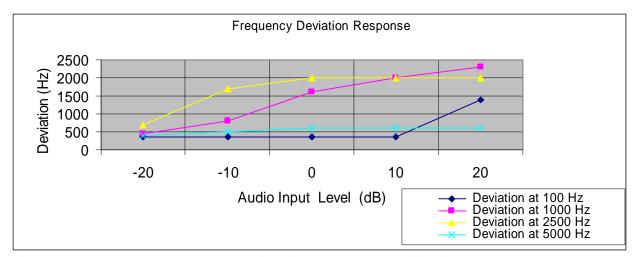


Figure three Frequency Deviation Characteristics.

Figure four shows the frequency response of the audio low pass filter.

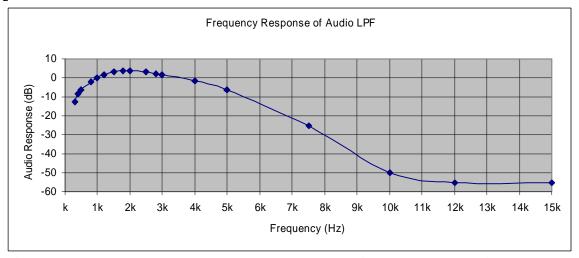


Figure four Frequency Response of Audio low Pass Filter.

The specifications of Paragraph 2.1047 and applicable parts of 95 are met.

2.1049 Occupied Bandwidth

Measurements Required:

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission. Plots were taken with the unit operating in audio and digital data modes.

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Results:

Channel	f _c (MHz)	O.B.(kHz)
10 (FRS Audio)	467.6125	5.75
10 (with CTCSS)	467.6125	6.00
10 (FRS digital 1111)	467.5625	7.06
10 (FRS digital 1010)	467.5625	7.50
18 (GMRS Audio)	462.6250	5.75

A spectrum analyzer was used to observe the radio frequency spectrum with the transmitter operating in a normal modes, modulated by a frequency of 2500 Hz at a level 16 dB above 50% modulation for voice and either a 1010 or 1111 digital code for transmitting GPS data. The power ratio in dB representing 99.5% of the total mean power was recorded from the spectrum analyzer. Refer to figures five through ten for plots showing the occupied bandwidth of 99.5% power and emission mask.

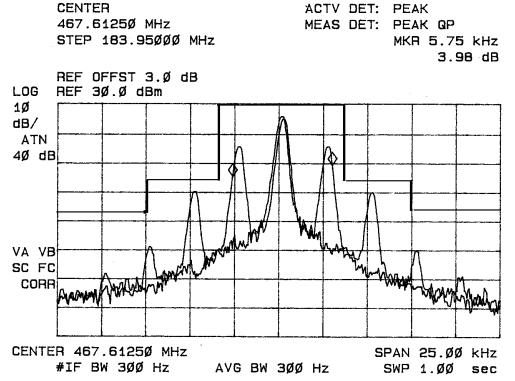


Figure five Occupied Band Width (voice FRS).

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Page 10 of 26 RINO 130 TstRpt.Doc 9/8/2003 MARKER A 6.ØØ kHz 5.62 dB

ACTV DET: PEAK MEAS DET: PEAK QP

> MKR 6.ØØ kHz 5.62 dB

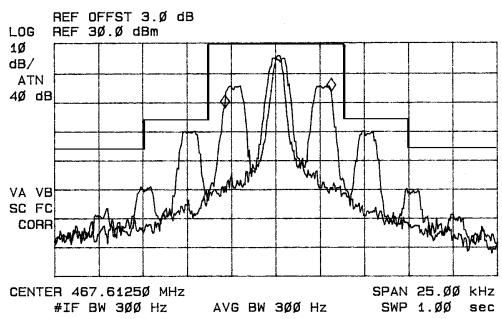


Figure six Occupied Band Width (voice with CTCSS).

MARKER A 7.Ø6 kHz 2.73 dB

ACTV DET: PEAK MEAS DET: PEAK QP

MKR 7.Ø6 kHz 2.73 dB

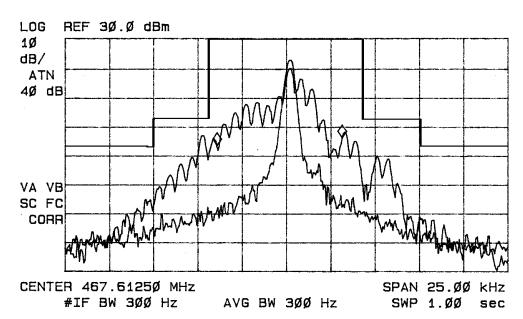


Figure seven Occupied Band Width (Data 1111).

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Page 11 of 26 RINO 130 TstRpt.Doc 9/8/2003 MARKER A 7.5Ø kHz 1.38 dB

ACTV DET: PEAK MEAS DET: PEAK QP

> MKR 7.5Ø kHz 1.38 dB

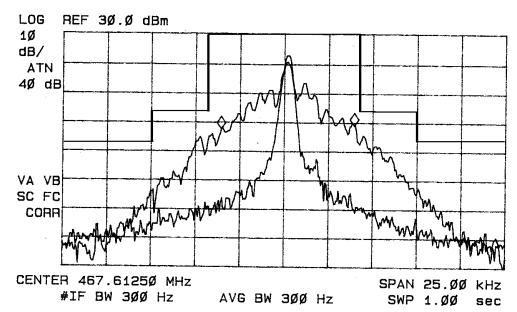


Figure eight Occupied Band Width (Data 1010).

MARKER A 5.75 kHz .74 dB

ACTV DET: PEAK MEAS DET: PEAK QP

> MKR 5.75 kHz .74 dB

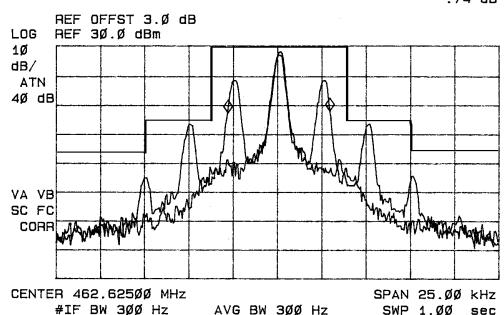
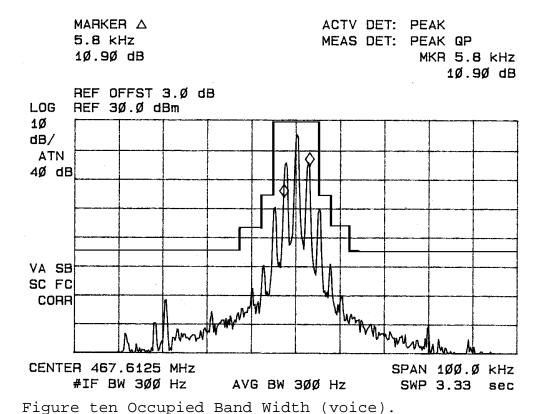


Figure nine Occupied Band Width (voice GMRS).

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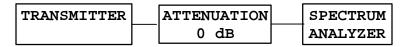


2.1051 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

Measurements Required:

The radio frequency voltage or power generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna.

Test Arrangement:



The radio frequency output was coupled to a HP 8562 Spectrum Analyzer. The spectrum analyzer was used to observe the radio frequency spectrum with the transmitter operated in a normal mode. The frequency spectrum from 30 MHz to 5.0 GHz was observed and plots produced of the frequency spectrum. Figures eleven through sixteen represent data for the RINO operating in FRS and GMRS modes. Data was taken per 2.1051, 2.1057, and applicable paragraphs of Part and 95.

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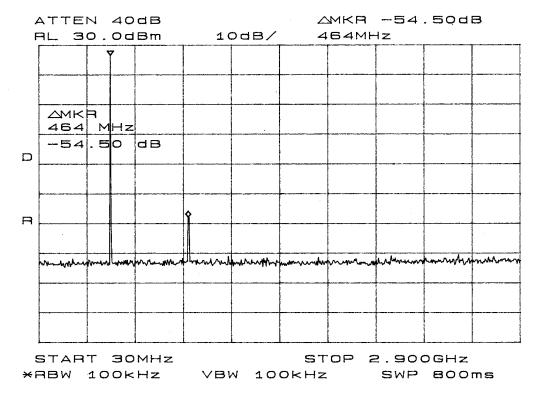


Figure eleven Emissions at Antenna Terminal for FRS unit.

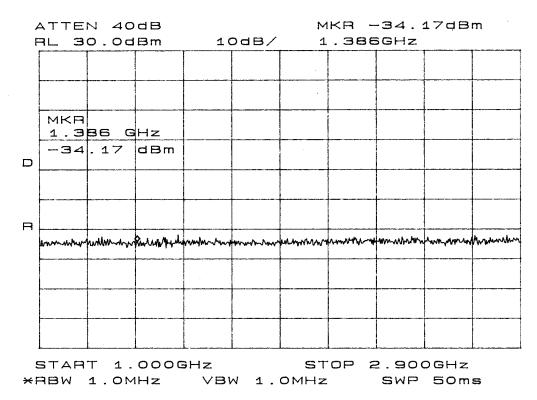


Figure twelve Emissions at Antenna Terminal for FRS unit.

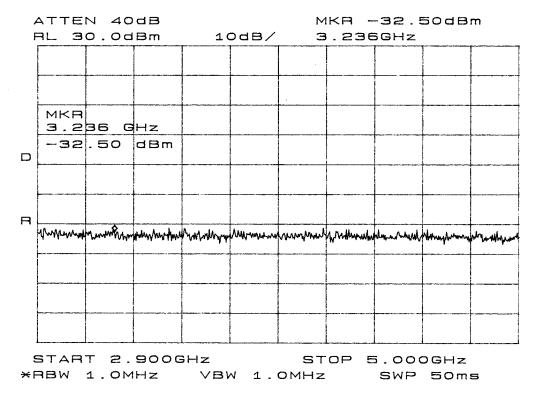


Figure thirteen Emissions at Antenna Terminal for FRS.

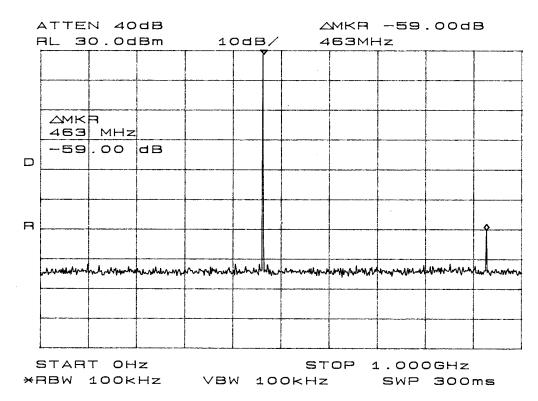


Figure fourteen Emissions at Antenna Terminal for GMRS.

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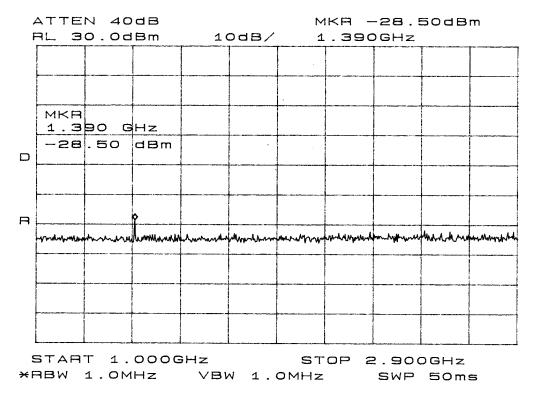


Figure fifteen Emissions at Antenna Terminal for GMRS.

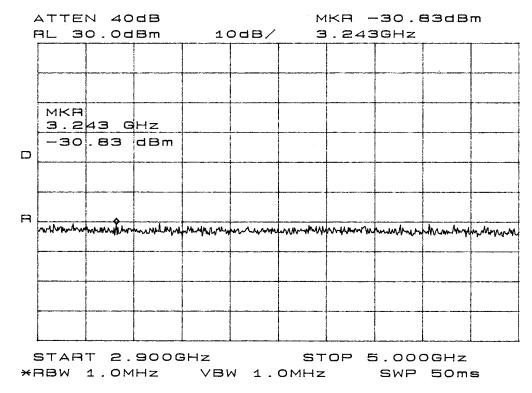


Figure sixteen Emissions at Antenna Terminal for GMRS.

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Results:

The output of the unit was coupled to a HP Spectrum Analyzer and the frequency emissions were measured. Data was taken as per 2.1051 and applicable paragraphs of Part 95. Specifications of Paragraphs 2.1051, 2.1057 and applicable paragraphs of part 95 are met. There are no deviations to the specifications.

NVLAP Lab Code: 200087-0

FCC Limits:

```
1.0 Watt = 43 + 10 \text{ LOG}(P_0) 0.5 Watt = 43 + 10 \text{ LOG}(P_0)
           = 43 + 10 LOG(1)
                                             = 43 + 10 LOG(0.5)
           = 43.0
                                              = 40.0
```

1.0 Watt GMRS Output

1.0 Mace diffe dacpae						
CHANNEL MHz	SPURIOUS FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL BELOW CARRIER (dB)				
462.6250	925.25	-60.0				
	1387.87	-60.3				
	1850.50	-69.6				
	2313.13	-67.3				
	2775.75	-71.6				
	3238.38	-74.0				
	3701.00	-67.8				
	4163.63	-68.5				
	4626.25	-70.3				

0.5 Watt FRS Output

CHANNEL	SPURIOUS	LEVEL BELOW
MHz	FREQ. (MHz)	CARRIER (dB)
467.6125	935.22	-55.0
	1402.84	-70.8
	1870.45	-71.1
	2338.06	-71.5
	2805.68	-71.3
	3273.29	-71.8
	3740.90	-71.0
	4208.51	-73.3
	4676.13	-72.6

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2.1053 Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

Measurements Required:

Measurements shall be made to detect spurious emissions that may be radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements under normal conditions of installation and operation.

NVLAP Lab Code: 200087-0

Test Arrangement:



The transmitter was placed on a wooden turntable 0.8 meters above the ground plane and at a distance of 3 meters from the FSM antenna. With the EUT radiating into the standard attached antenna, the receiving antenna was raised and lowered from 1m to 4m to obtain the maximum reading of spurious radiation from the EUT on the spectrum analyzer. The turntable was rotated though 360 degrees to locate the position registering the highest amplitude of emission. frequency spectrum was then searched for spurious emissions generated from the transmitter. The amplitude of each spurious emission was maximized by raising and lowering the FSM antenna, and rotating the turntable before final data was recorded. A biconilog antenna was used for frequency measurements of 30 to 1000 MHz. A log periodic antenna was used for frequencies of 1000 MHz to 5 GHz and pyramidal horn antennas were used for frequencies of 5 GHz to 40 GHz. Emission levels were measured and recorded from the spectrum analyzer in dBm. The transmitter was then removed and replaced with a substitution antenna and signal generator. The signal from the generator was then adjusted such that the amplitude received was the same as that previously recorded for each frequency. This step was repeated for both horizontal and vertical polarizations. The power in dBm required to produce the desired signal level was then recorded from the signal generator. The power in dBm was then calculated by reducing the previous readings by the power loss in the cable and further corrected for the gain in the substitution antenna. Data was taken at the ROGERS LABS, INC. 3 meters open area test site (OATS). description of the test facility is on file with the FCC, Reference 90910, and dated August 15, 2003. The testing procedures used conform to the procedures stated in the TIA/EIA-603 document.

The limits for the spurious radiated emissions are defined by the following equation.

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Limit = Amplitude of the spurious emission must be attenuated by this amount below the level of the fundamental. On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 250% of the authorized bandwidth: at least $43 + 10 \text{ Log } (P_{\circ}) \text{ dB}$.

NVLAP Lab Code: 200087-0

1-watt GMRS transmitter. Attenuation = $43 + 10 \text{ Log}_{10}(P_w)$ $= 43 + 10 \text{ Log}_{10}(1)$ = 43.0 dB1/2 watt FRS transmitter. Attenuation = $43 + 10 \text{ Log}_{10}(P_w)$ $= 43 + 10 \text{ Log}_{10}(0.5)$ = 40.0 dB

Results:

The EUT was connected to the standard antenna and set to transmit at the desired frequency. The amplitude of each spurious emission was then maximized and recorded. The transmitter produces 1.0 or 0.5 watts of output power (30 or Then the radiated spurious emission in dB is calculated from the following equation:

Radiated spurious emission (dB) = RSE

Radiated spurious emission (dB) =

10 Log₁₀[Tx power(W)/0.001] - signal level required to reproduce example:

RSE = $10 \text{ Log}_{10}[0.5/0.001] - (-40.2) = 67.0 \text{ dBc}$

Channel frequency 462.6125 MHz (FRS)

Frequency of	Amplitude of Spurious emission		emission required to reproduce		Emission level below carrier		Limit
Emission	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	
(MHz)	dBm	dBm	dBm	dBm	dBc	dBc	dBc
925.23	-70.1	-75.2	-30.3	-40.2	50.6	67.0	40
1387.83	-85.0	-86.7	-55.3	-63.8	75.6	90.6	40
1850.45	-90.8	-87.5	-61.3	-63.8	81.6	90.6	40

Channel frequency 467.6125 MHz (FRS)

Frequency of	Amplitude of Spurious emission		of emission required to reproduce		Emission below c	Limit	
Emission	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	
(MHz)	dΒμV	dΒμV	dBm	dBm	dBc	dBc	dBc
935.23	-71.3	-75.6	-29.0	-40.8	49.4	67.6	40
1402.84	-89.3	-85.5	-60.0	-63.0	80.4	89.8	40
1870.45	-89.0	-89.1	-60.5	-65.3	80.9	92.1	40

ROGERS LABS, INC. 4405 West 259th Terrace Garmin International, Inc.

MODEL: Rino 130 FRS/GMRS Combination UHF Transceiver Louisburg, KS 66053 Test #:030829 FCC ID#: IPH-00729 Phone/Fax: (913) 837-3214 Test to: FCC Parts 2, 15, and 95 FCC ID#: IPH-00729 SN: ENG-1

Frequency of	Amplitude of Spurious emission		Signal level required to	_	Emission level below carrier		Limit
Emission	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	
(MHz)	dΒμV	dΒμV	dBm	dBm	dBc	dBc	dBc
925.25	-68.0	-60.3	-26.8	-32.1	49.0	61.5	43
1387.87	-75.0	-77.3	-47.2	-54.8	69.4	84.2	43
1850.50	-76.1	-78.7	-45.5	-55.0	67.7	84.4	43

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Radiated Emissions from EUT

Emission Frequency (MHz)	FSM Horz.	FSM Vert.	Ant. Factor	Amp. Gain (dB)	RFS Horz. @ 3m	RFS Vert. @ 3m	Limit @ 3m
	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	(dB)		(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)
462.6125	94.9	105.2	19.1	0	114.0	124.3	124.4
925.23	36.9	31.8	23.6	0	60.5	55.4	84.4
1387.83	22.0	20.3	26.9	0	48.9	47.2	84.4
1850.45	16.2	19.5	30.2	0	46.4	49.7	84.4
467.6125	95.1	105.1	19.1	0	114.2	124.2	124.4
935.23	35.7	31.4	23.6	0	59.3	55.0	84.4
1402.84	17.7	21.5	26.4	0	44.1	47.9	84.4
1870.45	18.0	17.9	30.2	0	48.2	48.1	84.4
462.6250	98.5	108.2	19.1	0	117.6	127.3	127.4
925.25	39.0	46.7	23.6	0	62.6	70.3	84.4
1387.87	32.0	29.7	26.9	0	58.9	56.6	84.4
1850.50	30.9	28.3	30.2	0	61.1	58.5	84.4

All other measured spurious emissions where 20 db or more below the specified limit. Specifications of Paragraph 2.1053, 2.1057, applicable paragraphs of part 95 are met. There are no deviations to the specifications.

2.1055 Frequency Stability

Measurements Required:

The frequency stability shall be measured with variations of ambient temperature from -30° to +50° centigrade. Measurements shall be made at the extremes of the temperature range and at intervals of not more than 10° centigrade through the range. A period of time sufficient to stabilize all of the components of the oscillator circuit at each temperature level shall be allowed prior to frequency measurement. In addition to temperature stability

ROGERS LABS, INC.

4405 West 259th Terrace

MODEL: Rino 130

FRS/GMRS Combination UHF Transceiver

Louisburg, KS 66053

Test #:030829

FCC ID#: IPH-00729 SN: ENG-1

Phone/Fax: (913) 837-3214

Test to: FCC Parts 2, 15, and 95

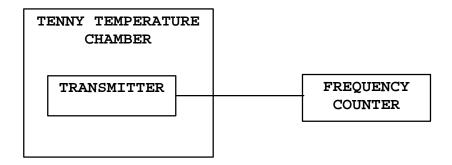
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the frequency stability shall be measured with variation of primary supply voltage as follows:

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- Vary primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.
- (2) For hand carried, batteries powered equipment, reduce primary supply voltage to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.
- The supply voltage shall be measured at the input to the cable normally provided with the equipment, or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally provided.

Test Arrangement:



The measurement procedure outlined below shall be followed:

Steps 1: The transmitter shall be installed in an environmental test chamber whose temperature is controllable. Provision shall be made to measure the frequency of the transmitter.

Step 2: With the transmitter inoperative (power switched "OFF"), the temperature of the test chamber shall be adjusted to +25°C. After a temperature stabilization period of one hour at +25°C, the transmitter shall be switched "ON" with standard test voltage applied.

Step 3: The carrier shall be keyed "ON", and the transmitter shall be operated unmodulated at full radio frequency power output at the duty cycle, for which it is rated, for duration of at least 5 minutes. The radio frequency carrier frequency shall be monitored and measurements shall be recorded.

Step 4: The test procedures outlined in Steps 2 and 3, shall be repeated after stabilizing the transmitter at the environmental temperatures specified, -30°C to 50°C in 10 degree increments.

ROGERS LABS, INC.

4405 West 259th Terrace

MODEL: Rino 130 FRS/GMRS Combination UHF Transceiver
FCC ID#: IPH-00729 SN: ENG-1 Louisburg, KS 66053 Test #:030829 FCC ID#: IPH-00729 Phone/Fax: (913) 837-3214 Test to: FCC Parts 2, 15, and 95 FCC ID#: IPH-00729 SN: ENG-1 Page 21 of 26 The frequency stability was measured with variations in the power supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal

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value. A Topward 6303A DC Power Supply was used to vary the dc voltage for the power input from 3.80 Vdc to 5.18 Vdc. The frequency was measured and the variation in parts per million was calculated. Data was taken per Paragraphs 2.1055 and applicable paragraphs of part 95.

Results:

FREQ.	FREQU	JENCY S	STABILI'	TY VS '	TEMPERA (PPM)	TURE I	N PARTS	PER MI	LLION
(MHz)				Temp	erature	in °C			
467.6125	-30	-20	-10	0	+10	+20	+30	+40	+50
D (Hz)	-310	-200	-260	-70	-40	-10	-20	0	-20
Ppm	-0.7	-0.4	-0.6	-0.2	-0.09	-0.02	-0.04	0.0	-0.04
%	-66E-6	-44E-6	-55E-6	-15E-6	-9E-6	-2E-6	-4E-6	0	-4E-6

FREQUENCY	FREQUENCY STABILITY VS VOLTAGE VARIATION					
IN MHz	4.0 volts nominal; RESULTS IN PPM					
	INPUT VOLTAGE					
	$3.80~V_{\rm dc}$	$4.50~V_{\text{dc}}$	5.18 V _{dc}			
462.6125	0.0	0.0	0.0			

FREQUENCY IN MHz	FREQUENCY STABILITY VS VOLTAGE VARIATION 4.5 volts nominal; RESULTS IN PPM BATTERY ENDPOINT VOLTAGE 3.375 Vdc
462.6125	0.0

Specifications of Paragraphs 2.1055 and applicable paragraphs of parts 22, 74, 90 and 95 are met. There are no deviations to the specifications.

ROGERS LABS, INC. 4405 West 259th Terrace Louisburg, KS 66053 Test #:030829 FCC ID#: IPH-00729 Phone/Fax: (913) 837-3214 Test to: FCC Parts 2, 15, and 95

Garmin International, Inc.

MODEL: Rino 130 FRS/GMRS Combination UHF Transceiver FCC ID#: IPH-00729 SN: ENG-1

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APPENDIX

NVLAP Lab Code: 200087-0

Model: RINO

- 1. Test Equipment List.
- 2. Rogers Qualifications.
- 3. FCC Site Approval Letter.

ROGERS LABS, INC.

4405 West 259th Terrace
Louisburg, KS 66053
Phone/Fax: (913) 837-3214

Garmin International, Inc.

MODEL: Rino 130
FRS/GMRS Combination UHF Transceiver
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TEST EQUIPMENT LIST FOR ROGERS LABS, INC.

NVLAP Lab Code: 200087-0

The test equipment used is maintained in calibration and good operating condition. Use of this calibrated equipment ensures measurements are traceable to national standards.

List of Test Equipment:	Calibration	Date:
Scope: Tektronix 2230		2/03
Wattmeter: Bird 43 with Load Bird 8085		2/03
Power Supplies: Sorensen SRL 20-25, SRL 40-25, DC	R 150, DCR 140	2/03
H/V Power Supply: Fluke Model: 408B (SN: 5	73)	2/03
R.F. Generator: HP 606A		2/03
R.F. Generator: HP 8614A		2/03
R.F. Generator: HP 8640B		2/03
Spectrum Analyzer: HP 8562A,		2/03
Mixers: 11517A, 11970A, 11970K, 11970U, 1	1970V, 11970W	
HP Adapters: 11518, 11519, 11520		
Spectrum Analyzer: HP 8591 EM		5/03
Frequency Counter: Leader LDC 825		2/03
Antenna: EMCO Biconilog Model: 3143		5/03
Antenna: EMCO Log Periodic Model: 3147		10/02
Antenna: Antenna Research Biconical Model	: BCD 235	10/02
Antenna: EMCO Dipole Set 3121C		2/03
Antenna: C.D. B-101		2/03
Antenna: Solar 9229-1 & 9230-1		2/03
Antenna: EMCO 6509		2/03
Audio Oscillator: H.P. 201CD		2/03
R.F. Power Amp 65W Model: 470-A-1010		2/03
R.F. Power Amp 50W M185- 10-501		2/03
R.F. PreAmp CPPA-102		2/03
LISN 50 $\mu Hy/50$ ohm/0.1 μf		10/02
LISN Compliance Eng. 240/20		2/03
Peavey Power Amp Model: IPS 801		2/03
Power Amp A.R. Model: 10W 1010M7		2/03
Power Amp EIN Model: A301		2/03
ELGAR Model: 1751		2/03
ELGAR Model: TG 704A-3D		2/03
ESD Test Set 2010i		2/03
Fast Transient Burst Generator Model: EFT/	B-101	2/03
Current Probe: Singer CP-105		2/03
Current Probe: Solar 9108-1N		2/03
Field Intensity Meter: EFM-018		2/03
KEYTEK Ecat Surge Generator		2/03
Shielded Room 5 M x 3 M x 3.0 M (101 dB In	tegrity)	
05/20/2003	·	

ROGERS LABS, INC.

4405 West 259th Terrace MODEL: Rino 130 FRS/GMRS Combination UHF Transceiver Louisburg, KS 66053 Test #:030829 FCC ID#: IPH-00729 SN: ENG-1
Phone/Fax: (913) 837-3214 Test to: FCC Parts 2, 15, and 95 Page 24 of 26

QUALIFICATIONS

NVLAP Lab Code: 200087-0

Of

SCOT D. ROGERS, ENGINEER

ROGERS LABS, INC.

Mr. Rogers has approximately 14 years experience in the field of electronics. Six years working in the automated controls industry and 6 years working with the design, development and testing of radio communications and electronic equipment.

POSITIONS HELD:

Systems Engineer: A/C Controls Mfg. Co., Inc.

6 Years

Electrical Engineer: Rogers Consulting Labs, Inc.

5 Years

Electrical Engineer: Rogers Labs, Inc.

Current

EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND:

- 1) Bachelor of Science Degree in Electrical Engineering from Kansas State University.
- 2) Bachelor of Science Degree in Business Administration Kansas State University.
- 3) Several Specialized Training courses and seminars pertaining to Microprocessors and Software programming.

Scot D. Rogers

Scot DRogers

September 4, 2003

Date

1/08/2002

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Laboratory Division 7435 Oakland Mills Road Columbia, MD 21046

August 15, 2003

Registration Number: 90910

NVLAP Lab Code: 200087-0

Rogers Labs, Inc. 4405 West 259th Terrace Louisburg, KS 66053

Attention:

Scot Rogers

Re:

Measurement facility located at Louisburg

3 & 10 meter site

Date of Renewal: August 15, 2003

Dear Sir or Madam:

Your request for renewal of the registration of the subject measurement facility has been received. The information submitted has been placed in your file and the registration has been renewed. The name of your organization will remain on the list of facilities whose measurement data will be accepted in conjunction with applications for Certification under Parts 15 or 18 of the Commission's Rules. Please note that the file must be updated for any changes made to the facility and the registration must be renewed at least every three years.

Measurement facilities that have indicated that they are available to the public to perform measurement services on a fee basis may be found on the FCC website www.fcc.gov under E-Filing, OET Equipment Authorization Electronic Filing, Test Firms.

Information Technician

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