

Report No.: HA060233-08



# HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY T-COIL TEST REPORT

FCC ID : IHDT56ZE1

**Equipment**: Mobile Cellular Phone

Brand Name : Motorola Model Name : XT2087-1

T-Rating : T4

Applicant : Motorola Mobility LLC

222 W, Merchandise Mart Plaza,

Chicago IL 60654 USA

Manufacturer : Motorola Mobility LLC

222 W, Merchandise Mart Plaza,

Chicago IL 60654 USA

Standard : FCC 47 CFR §20.19

ANSI C63.19-2011

The product was received on Nov. 04, 2020 and testing was started from Nov. 07, 2020 and completed on Nov. 07, 2020. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample provide by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in C63.19-2011 / 47 CFR Part 20.19 and has been pass the FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

Qua Grang.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory

No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

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## History of this test report

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Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA060233-08	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Nov. 13, 2020

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## 1. Attestation of Test Results

Air Interface	Band MHz	T-Rating	Frequency Response	Magnetic Intensity
	EDGE850	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over EDGE	EDGE1900	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over UMTS	Band 4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 5	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over LTE	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over WiFi	2450	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT OVEL WIFT	5200	T4	Pass	Pass
Date Tested		2020/11/07 -	~ 2020/11/07	

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The device is compliance with HAC limits specified in guidelines FCC 47CFR §20.19 and ANSI Standard ANSI C63.19.

Reviewed by: <u>Jason Wang</u> Report Producer: <u>Daisy Peng</u>

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## 2. General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Applicant Name	Motorola Mobility LLC
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola
Model Name	XT2087-1
FCC ID	IHDT56ZE1
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Frequency Band	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5150 MHz ~ 5350 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz WLAN 5.6GHz Band: 5725 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz Bluetooth: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz Bluetooth: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz
Mode Remark:	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT40/VHT80/VHT160 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK

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<sup>1.</sup> In this report only evaluation OTT VoIP operation, the CMRS Voice evaluation refer to Sporton T-Coil report, Report No.: HA060301-08B.

## 3. Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

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	Testing Laboratory				
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.					
Test Site Location	No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978				
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.: SAR04-HY				

## 4. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19 2011-version
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05r01
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing v03
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01r03

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## 5. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band MHz	Туре	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction													
0014	EDGE850	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup>	No													
GSM	EDGE1900	VD	162	WLAIN, DI	Google Duo	INO													
UMTS	HSPA	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup>	No													
	Band 2			WLAN, BT		No													
	Band 4		Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup>	No													
	Band 5			WLAN, BT		No													
LTE (FDD)	Band 7	VD		WLAN, BT		No													
(1.55)	Band 12				WLAN, BT		No												
	Band 17					WLAN, BT		No											
	Band 66				WLAN, BT		No												
	2450		Yes	Yes				No											
	5200											No							
Wi-Fi	5300	VD			GSM,WCDMA,LTE,BT	Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup>	No												
	5500						No												
	5800																		
BT	2450	DT	No	GSM,WCDMA,LTE	NA	No													

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### Type Transport:

VO= Voice only

DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)

VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

#### Remark

- For protocols not listed in Table 7.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011 or the ANSI C63.19-2011 VoLTE interpretation, the average speech level of −20 dBm0 should be used.
- The device have similar frequency in some LTE bands: LTE B12/17, 4/66, since the supported frequency spans for the smaller LTE bands are completely cover by the larger LTE bands, therefore, only larger LTE bands were required to be tested for hearing-aid compliance.

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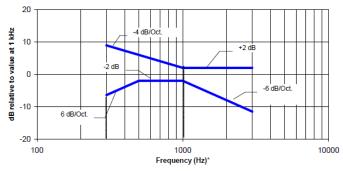
## 6. Measurement standards for T-Coil

## 6.1 Frequency Response

The frequency response of the perpendicular component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz.

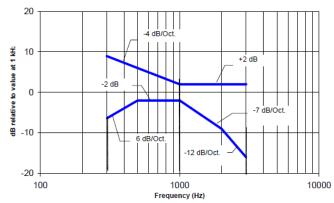
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Figure 1.1 and Figure 1.2 provide the boundaries as a function of frequency. These response curves are for true field-strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus, the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.



NOTE-The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.1 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with field strength≤-15dB at 1 KHz



NOTE—The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.2 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds -15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

### 6.2 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

This section provides the signal quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. A device is assessed beginning by determining the category of the RF environment in the area of the T-Coil source.

The RF measurements made for the T-Coil evaluation are used to assign the category T1 through T4. The limitation is given in Table 1. This establishes the RF environment presented by the WD to a hearing aid.

Category	Telephone parameters WD signal quality ((signal + noise) to noise ratio in dB)
Category T1	0 to 10 dB
Category T2	10 to 20 dB
Category T3	20 to 30 dB
Category T4	> 30 dB

**Table 1 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories** 

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## 7. T-Coil Test Procedure

Referenced to ANSI C63.19-2011, Section 7.4

This section describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. In addition to measuring the absolute signal levels, the A-weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. To assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal must be made at the same location for each measurement position. In addition, the RF field strength at each measurement location must be at or below that required for the assigned category.

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Measurements shall not include undesired properties from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load, there might still be RF leakage from the WD, which can interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be performed with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well,

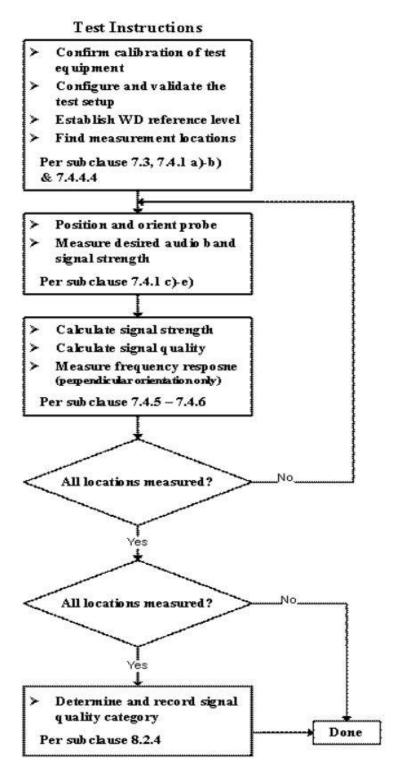
Measurement shall be performed at two locations specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 A.3, with the correct probe orientation for a particular location, in a multistage sequence by first measuring the field intensity of the desired T-Coil signal the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired magnetic components (ABM2) must be measured at the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired ABM signals must be calculated. For the perpendicular field location, only the ABM1 frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage.

The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining ABM1 and ABM2. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of ABM1.

- a. A validation of the test setup and instrumentation may be performed using a TMFS or Helmholtz coil Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within the specified tolerance.
- b. Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a non-radiating load. Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- c. The drive level to the WD ise set such that the reference input level specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (ABM1) at f = 1 kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.2, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used. The same drive level shall be used for the ABM1 frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.
- d. Determine the magnetic measurement locations for the WD device (A.3), if not already specified by the manufacturer, as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.1.1 and 7.4.4.2.
- e. At each measurement location, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (ABM1 at fi) as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.2 in each individual ISO 266-1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (fi) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in item c) and the reading taken for that band.
- f. Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input-output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated probe output, as specified in D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB A/m.)
- g. All Measurements of the desired signal shall be shown to be of the desired signal and not of an undesired signal. This may be shown by turning the desired signal ON and OFF with the probe measuring the same location. If the scanning method is used the scans shall show that all measurement points selected for the ABM1 measurement meet the ambient and test system noise criteria in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- h. At the measurement location for each orientation, measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (ABM2) as specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.4 with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using A-weighting and the half-band integrator. Calculate the ratio of the desired to undesired signal strength (i,e., signal quality).
- i. Obtain the data from the postprocessor, SEMCAD, and determine the category that properly classifies the signal quality based on ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 8.5.

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## 7.1 Test Flow Chart

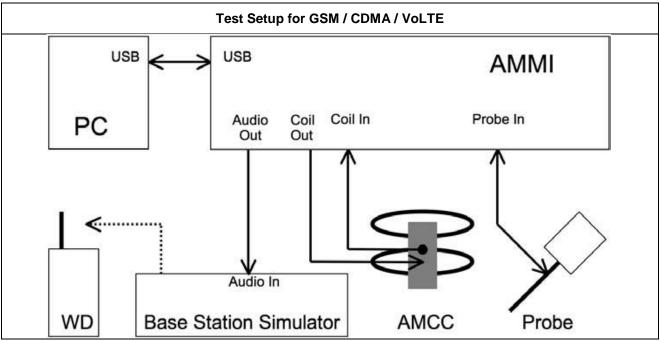


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Fig. 2 T-Coil Signal Test flowchart

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## 7.2 Test Setup Diagram for GSM/UMTS/VoLTE



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#### **General Note:**

- Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to C63 and KDB 285076 D02v03:
  - GSM input level: -16dBm0
  - UMTS input level: -16dBm0
  - VoLTE input level: -16dBm0
- 2. For GSM / UMTS test setup and input level, the correct input level definition is via a communication tester CMU200's "Decoder Cal" and "Codec Cal" with audio option B52 and B85 to set the correct audio input levels.
- 3. CMU200 is able to output 1kHz audio signal equivalent to 3.14dBm0 at "Decoder Cal." confuguration, the signal reference is used to adjust the AMMI gain setting to reach -16dBm0 for GSM/UMTS. CMW500 input is calibrated and the relation between the analog input voltage and the internal level in dBm0 can be determined
- 4. Voice over Long-Term Evolution (VoLTE) is a standard for high-speed wireless communication for mobile phones and data terminals including IoT devices and wearables. It is based on the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) network, with specific profiles for control and media planes of voice service on LTE defined by GSMA in PRD IR.92. This approach results in the voice service (control and media planes) being delivered as data flows within the LTE data bearer. This means that there is no dependency on the legacy circuit-switched voice network to be maintained
- 5. The test setup used for VoLTE over IMS is via the callbox of CMW500 for T-coil measurement, The data application unit of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP multimedia subsystem server. The CMW500 can be manually configured to ensure and control the speech input level result is -16dBm0 for VoLTE when the device during the IMS connection.

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### <Define the input level for GSM/UMTS/CDMA>

1. The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal

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2. The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(\*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

<Example define the input level for GSM/UMTS/CDMA>

AEXAMPIO GOTINO CHO HIPAC TO CONTO CONTO CO DINITO				
Gain Value	20* log(gain)	AMCC Coil In	Level	
(linear)	dB	(dBv RMS)	dBm0	
		-2.47	3.14	
10	20	-19.85	-14.24	
8.17	18.24	-21.61	-16	

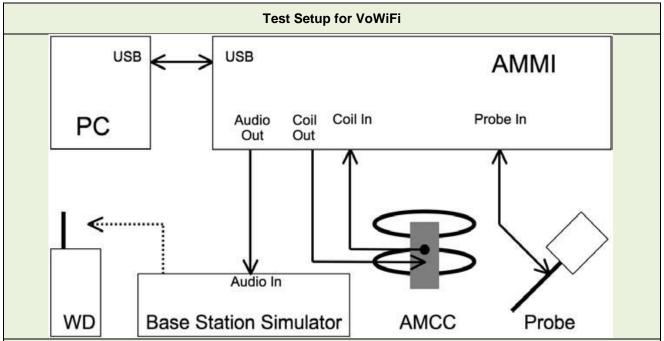
Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Required Gain Factor	Calculated Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.17
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	35.36
48k_voice_300Hz ~ 3kHz	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	69.25

<Example define the input level for VoLTE>

Gain Value	dBm0	Full scal Voltage	dB	AMMI audio out dBv (RMS)	AMCC Coil Out (dBv (RMS)
	3.14	1.5		0.51	
100	5.61		40	2.98	3.13
8.31	-16		18.39		-18.48
Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.31
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	35.98
48k_voice_300-3000	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	70.46

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## 7.3 Test Setup Diagram for VoWiFi - PAG reuse



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#### **General Note:**

- 1. Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to C63 and KDB 285076 D02v03:
  - VoWiFi input level: -20dBm0
- 2. For Voice over Wi-Fi (VoWiFi) is a term typically employed to describe the delivery of commercial telephony services using Voice over IP (VoIP) technologies from mobile devices connected across Wi-Fi. This is typically counter to alternatives, predominantly Voice over LTE (VoLTE), in which a mobile network operator's (MNO's) licensed spectrum (i.e. 4G LTE) is used to carry packetized voice. Broadly speaking, VoWiFi terminology is assigned to all core IMS services accessed from unlicensed spectrum and across untrusted access infrastructures, such as public Wi-Fi access points
- 3. The test setup used for VoWiFi over IMS is via the callbox of CMW500 for T-coil measurement, The data application unit of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP multimedia subsystem server. The CMW500 can be manually configured to ensure and control the speech input level result is -20dBm0 for VoWiFi when the device during the IMS connection.
- 4. An investigation was perfromed to determine worst case codec, bit rate and air interface configuration refer to section10.2

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### <Define the input level for VoWiFi>

1. The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal

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2. The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k csek 8k 441 white 10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

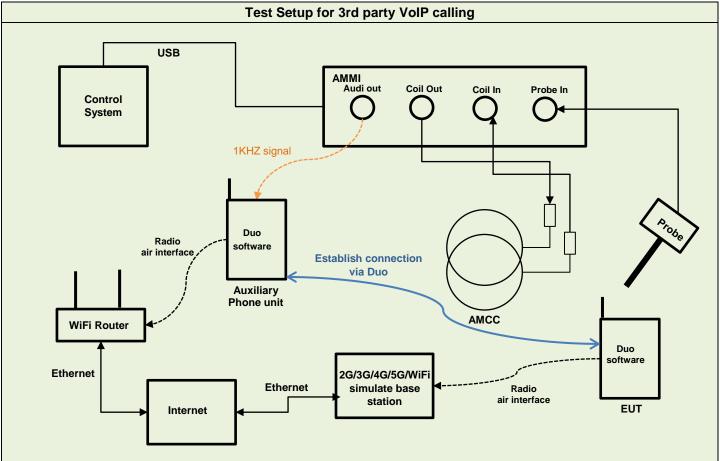
(\*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

Gain Value	dBm0	Full scal Voltage	dB	AMMI audio out dBv (RMS)	AMCC Coil Out (dBv (RMS)
	3.14	1.5		0.51	
100	5.61		40	2.98	3.13
5.24	-20		14.39		-22.48
Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	5.24
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	22.70
48k_voice_300-3000	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	44.46

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## 7.4 Test Setup and Diagram for OTT VoIP - PAG Reuse



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#### General Note:

- 1. Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to C63 and KDB 285076 D02v03:
  - OTT VoIP input Level: -20dBm0
- 2. Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) such as google duo application, also called IP telephony, is a methodology and group of technologies for the delivery of voice communications and multimedia sessions over Internet Protocol (IP) networks, such as the Internet. The terms Internet telephony, broadband telephony, and broadband phone service specifically refer to the provisioning of communications services (voice, fax, SMS, voice-messaging) over the public Internet, rather than via the public switched telephone network (PSTN)
- 3. The Google DUO service support code and bitrate are list in section9, the customized Google DUO software is installed on a mobile phone which is used as the Auxiliary for the test. The software enables audio coding rate to be changed, and reports the input digital audio level before audio processing which can be used to calibrate the input audio level.
- 4. This device comes with the preinstalled VoIP application that supports the Google DUO service and related codec. The test configuration establishes a call between the device under test and an auxiliary handset via the google DUO server
- 5. The test setup used for Google DUO VoIP call is via the data application unit on the 2G/3G/4G/5G/WiFi simulate base station, connected to the internet via the google DUO serverr to the auxiliary device. The auxiliary device runs special software that allows the codecs and bit rate to be fixed to a specific value. Please refer to section9, an assessment was made of each of the different codec bit rates to determine the worst case for each of the different OTT transport (WiFi, LTE, GSM, WCDMA, 5G FR1)
- 6. The auxiliary device includes software that displays the audio level in dBFS which allows calibration of the system to establish the -20dBm0 reference level. After establishing the voice call between auxiliary device and device under test the audio output from the AMMI is injected into the auxiliary device. The gain factor to establish a reference level of -20dBm0 for use during the test is determined as detailed in the next page based on the 0dBFull Scale (0dBFS) value being equivalent to 3.14dBm0.

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## <Define the input level for OTT VoIP>

 The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal

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- 2. The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.
- 3. Input a gain value to readout the -23dBFS level as reference. (0dBFS = 3.14 dBmO)
- 4. Adjust gain level until to readout the dBFS level until it changes to -24dBFS.
- 5. Based on the step 1 and 2, and then calculate the gain value(dB) by interpolation to get the -20dBm0 corresponding gain value.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(\*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

Cton Cianal tuna		Audi	o out	Target Level		
Step	Step Signal type Gain value		Gain value (dB)	dBFS	dBm0	
Step 1	1KHz Sine	7.7	7.7 17.73 (Ref.)			
Step 2	1KHz Sine	6.8	16.65	-24		
Step 3	1KHz Sine	7.57**	17.58*	-23.14	-20	

Remark (\*) Based on the step 1 and 2 and then via interpolation to get this value. (\*\*) Gain value=10^Gain value(dB)/20

Signal type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain value
1kHz sine		3	0	1	7.57
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	32.77
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	64.79

- 1. According to the gain setting for 1kHz sine wave, determine the gain setting for signals above.
- 2. The gain for the specific signal is multiplied by this factor to achieve the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

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## 7.5 Description of EUT Test Position

Fig.3 illustrate the references and reference plane that shall be used in a typical EUT emissions measurement. The principle of this section is applied to EUT with similar geometry. Please refer to Appendix C for the setup photographs.

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- ♦ The area is 5 cm by 5 cm.
- ♦ The area is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.
- ◆ The area is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- ◆ The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.

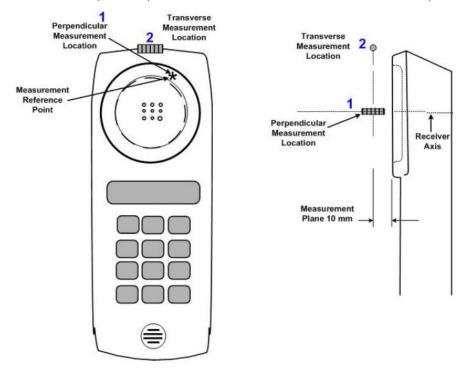


Fig.3 A typical EUT reference and plane for T-Coil measurements

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## 8. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration		
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	i ype/wodei	Serial Nulliber	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3130	Nov. 20, 2019	Nov. 19, 2020	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1311	Aug. 25, 2020	Aug. 24, 2021	
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1049	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1041	NCR	NCR	
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM685-1	Nov. 12, 2019	Nov. 11, 2020	
R&S	Base Station	CMU200	117591	Dec. 09, 2019	Dec. 08, 2020	
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	169351	Aug. 28, 2020	Aug. 27, 2021	
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	

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Note:

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<sup>1.</sup> NCR: "No-Calibration Required"

## 9. T-Coil testing for OTT VoIP Application

#### **General Notes:**

- According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.
- 2. The google Duo VoIP application are pre-installed on this device. According to KDB 285076 D02, all air interfaces via a data connection with VoIP application need to be considered HAC testing.

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- 3. The Google Duo only support OPUS audio codec and support 6Kbps to 75Kbps bitrate.
- 4. The test setup used for OTT VoIP call is the DUT connect to the CMW500 and via the data application unit on CMW500 connection to the Internet, the Auxiliary EUT is connected to the WiFi access point, the channel/Modulation/Frequency bands/data rate is configured on the CMW500 for the DUT unit. For the Auxiliary VoIP unit which is used to configure the audio codec rate and determine the audio input level of -20dBm0 based on the KDB 285076 D02v03 requirement.
- 5. <u>Codec Investigation:</u> For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following tests results which the worst case codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- 6. Air Interface Investigation:
  - a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface.
  - b. Due to OTT service and CMRS IP service are all be established over the internet protocol for the voice service, and on both services use the identical RF air interface for the WIFI and LTE, therefore according to Sporton T-coil report, report no.: HA060301-08B which the VoLTE and VoWiFi test results of air interface investigation, the worst configuration and frequency band of air interface was used for OTT T-Coil testing.
    - -LTE FDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 2 10MHz/16QAM/1RB Size
    - -WLAN2.4GHz worst configuration: 802.11g /6Mbps
    - -WLAN5GHz worst configuration and Band: WLAN 5.2GHz /11a/6Mbps

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## <Codec Investigation>

## **EDGE**

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-9.33	-10.24	-7.77		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-40.91	-40.72	-38.78	Avial	GSM850 / 189
Signal Quality (dB)	31.58	30.48	31.01	- Axial	GSIM650 / 169
Freq. Response	PASS	PASS	PASS PASS		

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## <u>HSPA</u>

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-2.89	-2.29	-6.46			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-47.74	-48.54	-48.88	Audal		
Signal Quality (dB)	44.85	46.25	42.42	Axial	UMTS B2 / 9400	
Freq. Response	PASS	PASS	PASS			

## LTE FDD

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-2.87	-2.47	-2.53		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-47.7	-48.29	-48.04	Avial	B2 / 20M / 18900
Signal Quality (dB)	44.83	45.82	45.51	Axial	
Freq. Response	PASS	PASS	PASS		

## **WLAN**

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-3.29	-3.08	-2.98			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-40.04	-40.33	-40.12	Avial	WLAN2.4G / 6	
Signal Quality (dB)	36.75	37.25	37.14	- Axial	WLAN2.4G / 6	
Freq. Response	PASS	PASS	PASS			

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Plot No.	Air Interface	Modulation / Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
1	GSM850	EDGE 2 Tx slots	189	Axial (Z)	-10.24	-40.72	30.48	T4	-50.38	0.59	PASS
'	G3101030	LDGL 2 1X SIOIS	109	Transversal (Y)	-11.67	-46.01	34.34	T4	-50.24	0.59	FAGG
2	GSM1900	EDGE 2 Tx slots	661	Axial (Z)	-2.66	-41.48	38.82	T4	-50.32	0.28	PASS
2	GSW1900	EDGE 2 1X SIOIS	001	Transversal (Y)	-11.30	-45.80	34.50	T4	-50.25		PASS
3	WCDMA II	HSPA	9400	Axial (Z)	-6.46	-48.88	42.42	T4	-50.37	0.27	PASS
3	WCDIVIA II	пора	9400	Transversal (Y)	-11.02	-47.88	36.86	T4	-50.22		PASS
	MODMA IV	HSPA	1413	Axial (Z)	-3.00	-48.66	45.66	T4	-50.36	0.05	DAGG
4	WCDMA IV	HSPA	1413	Transversal (Y)	-10.85	-48.38	37.53	T4	-50.29	0.25	PASS
5	WCDMA V	LICDA	4182	Axial (Z)	-2.61	-48.11	45.50	T4	-50.34	0.0	PASS
5	WCDIVIA V	HSPA	4182	Transversal (Y)	-10.26	-47.58	37.32	T4	-50.21	0.3	PASS
	1.TE D 1.0	4014 400 414 4 0	10000	Axial (Z)	-2.87	-47.70	44.83	T4	-50.31	0.05	D4.00
6	LTE Band 2	10M_16QAM_1_0	18900	Transversal (Y)	-11.04	-46.30	35.26	T4	-50.28	0.65	PASS
_	14/1 AND 4011	000 44 014		Axial (Z)	-3.29	-40.04	36.75	T4	-50.35	0.40	D4.00
7	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	6	Transversal (Y)	-14.63	-44.89	30.26	T4	-50.27	0.16	PASS
	MI ANICOLI	000 44 - CMI	40	Axial (Z)	-3.38	-41.71	38.33	T4	-50.39	0.58	DAGG
8	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	40	Transversal (Y)	-12.51	-45.21	32.70	T4	-50.23		PASS

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### Remark:

1. Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume

2. The detail frequency response results please refer to appendix A.

3. Test Engineer: Randy Lin and Bevis Chang

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## 10. Uncertainty Assessment

The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance. The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 8.2.

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The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (ABM1)	Ci (ABM2)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM1)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM2)	
		Probe Sen	sitivity					
Reference Level	3.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.0 %	± 3.0 %	
AMCC Geometry	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %	
AMCC Current	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	
Probe Positioning During Calibrate	0.1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %	
Noise Contribution	0.7	Rectangular	√3	0.0143	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %	
Frequency Slope	5.9	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.3 %	± 3.5 %	
		Probe Sy	stem					
Repeatability / Drift	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	
Linearity / Dynamic Range	0.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.4 %	± 0.4 %	
Acoustic Noise	1.0	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.6 %	
Probe Angle	2.3	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.4 %	± 1.4 %	
Spectral Processing	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %	
Integration Time	0.6	Normal	1	1	5	± 0.6 %	± 3.0 %	
Field Disturbation	0.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %	
		Test Sig	ınal					
Reference Signal Spectral Response	0.6	Rectangular	√3	0	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %	
		Position	ing					
Probe Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %	
Phantom Thickness	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %	
EUT Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %	
		External Cont	tributions					
RF Interference	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.3	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %	
Test Signal Variation	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %	
	Combined Star	ndard Uncertainty				± 4.1 %	± 6.1 %	
	Coverage F	actor for 95 %				K	= 2	
	Expanded Uncertainty							

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

#### Uncertainty Budget of audio band magnetic measurement

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## 11. References

[1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011.

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- [2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v05r01, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Apr. 2020.
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v03, "Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services", Sep 2017
- [4] FCC KDB 285076 D03v01r03, "Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions", Oct. 2020.
- [5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

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