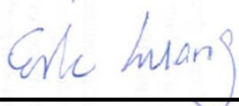


FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Motorola Mobility, LLC
EQUIPMENT : Mobile Cellular Phone
BRAND NAME : Motorola
MODEL NAME : 7882
FCC ID : IHDT56VA4
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE 1528-2013

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager



Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No.52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)



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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA620325-03	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	May. 09, 2016

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Motorola Mobility, LLC** , **Mobile Cellular Phone, 7882**, are as follows.

Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Highest SAR Summary				Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 10g SAR (W/kg)
		Head (Separation 0mm)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	Product specific (Separation 0mm)		
		1g SAR (W/kg)			10g SAR (W/kg)		
Licensed	GSM850	0.45	0.89	0.75		1.59	3.62
	GSM1900	0.38	0.68	0.68			
	WCDMA II	0.96	0.93	0.93			
	WCDMA IV	0.79	0.97	0.97	2.95		
	WCDMA V	0.40	0.80	0.89			
	LTE Band 2	1.01	0.82	0.82			
	LTE Band 4	0.53	0.95	0.95	2.73		
	LTE Band 5	0.39	0.72	0.74			
	LTE Band 7	0.51	0.91	0.91			
	LTE Band 12	0.30	0.61	0.61			
	LTE Band 17						
DTS	2.4GHz WLAN	1.12	0.18	0.18		1.51	2.95
NII	5GHz WLAN	0.63	0.37	0.37	0.67	1.59	3.62
DSS	Bluetooth		0.05			1.01	3.25
Date of Testing:		2016/3/5 ~ 2016/4/10					

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for partial-body, 4.0 W/kg for Product specific) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
Test Site Location	No.52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978

Applicant	
Company Name	Motorola Mobility, LLC
Address	222 W. Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA

Manufacturer	
Company Name	Motorola Mobility, LLC
Address	222 W. Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA

3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola
Model Name	7882
FCC ID	IHDT56VA4
IMEI Code	354116070005471
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	· GSM/GPRS/EGPRS · RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps · HSDPA · HSUPA · DC-HSDPA · LTE: QPSK, 16QAM · 802.11a/b/g/n HT20/HT40 · Bluetooth v3.0+EDR · Bluetooth v4.0-LE
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark: - While operating in “Front” and “Back” configuration by end user, the device will limit different maximum output powers on the WCDMA B2/B4 and LTE B2/B4/B7 transmitter and detail descriptions of the power reduction mechanism are included in the operational description. - While operating in body-adjacent exposure configuration during a mobile hotspot session, the device will reduced output powers on the WCDMA B2/B4 and LTE B2/B4/B7 transmitter and detail descriptions of the power reduction mechanism are included in the operational description. - This device 2.4GHz / 5.2GHz / 5.8GHz WLAN supports Hotspot operation and WiFi Direct (Group Client / Group Owner), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (Group Client).	

4.2 Re-use of Measured Data

1. This application re-uses data collected on a similar device. The subject device of this application (Model 7882, FCC ID IHDT56VA4) is electrically identical to the reference device (Model 8028, FCC ID IHDT56VA2) for the portions of the circuitry corresponding to the data being re-used, as treated by KDB Publication 178919 D01.
2. For details concerning the similarity with respect to component placement, mechanical/electrical design etc., please refer to the Operational Description.
3. The re-used SAR data includes the following bands provided in Appendix E (Sporton SAR Report No. FA620325 for the reference device Model 8028, FCC ID IHDT56VA2): GSM850/1900, WCDMA B5, LTE B5, 2.4GHz/5GHz WLAN and Bluetooth.
4. The following bands from the reference device report in Appendix E are not applicable to the Model 7882 (FCC ID IHDT56VA4) subject device of this application: WCDMA B2 and LTE B7.
5. In order to confirm hardware similarity of the subject device with the reference device, spot check measurements were performed on the subject device for the individual cases within each frequency band and test condition (head, body-worn, hotspot and extremity) having maximum reported SAR, for those frequency bands and test conditions where such maximum SAR exceeded half of the FCC allowed value. The spot check test cases and qualifying criteria to confirm equivalence was as follows table.
6. Assertions concerning the similarity of these devices are based on representations by the applicant. The applicant accepts full responsibility for the validity of the similarity claim, and for the determination that verification test data are sufficient to support it.
7. Spot Check Results within one expanded STD uncertainty of reference device.

<Spot Check Exposure Condition>

<Head Exposure Condition>

Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)
WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	1	2412

<Hotspot Exposure Condition>

Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)
WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	4182	836.4

<Body-Worn Exposure Condition>

Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)
GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	189	836.4

4.3 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05												
FCC ID	IHDT56VA4											
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone											
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 02: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 04: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 05: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 07: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz											
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 02:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 04:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 05:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 07: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 12:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 17: 5MHz, 10MHz											
uplink modulations used	QPSK, and 16QAM											
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Data only											
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3											
	Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)						MPR (dB)				
		1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz					
	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1				
	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1				
	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2				
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)											
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.											
Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band												
LTE Band 2												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900
LTE Band 4												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745
LTE Band 5												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20450	829	20450	829	20450	829
M	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5
H	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20600	844	20600	844	20600	844

LTE Band 7								
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20775	2502.5	20800	2505	20825	2507.5	20850	2510
M	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535
H	21425	2567.5	21400	2565	21375	2562.5	21350	2560
LTE Band 12								
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	23017	699.7	23025	700.5	23035	701.5	23060	704
M	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5
H	23173	715.3	23165	714.5	23155	713.5	23130	711
LTE Band 17								
	Bandwidth 5 MHz			Bandwidth 10 MHz				
	Channel #		Freq.(MHz)	Channel #		Freq. (MHz)		
L	23755		706.5	23780		709		
M	23790		710	23790		710		
H	23825		713.5	23800		711		

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

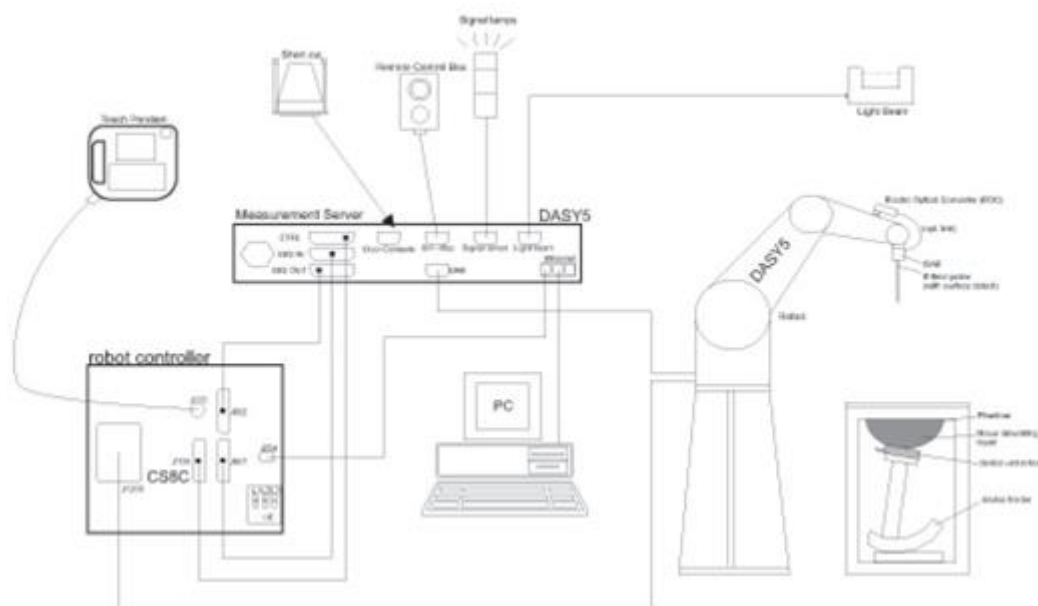
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g – >100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm	

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASy measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1012	May. 28, 2015	May. 27, 2016
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1068	Nov. 23, 2015	Nov. 22, 2016
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d041	Oct. 22, 2015	Oct. 21, 2016
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1008	Aug. 19, 2015	Aug. 18, 2016
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	495	May. 22, 2015	May. 21, 2016
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	778	Feb. 18, 2016	Feb. 17, 2017
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	Sep. 24, 2015	Sep. 23, 2016
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3925	May. 27, 2015	May. 26, 2016
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3270	Sep. 28, 2015	Sep. 27, 2016
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3931	Oct. 01, 2015	Sep. 30, 2016
WonDer	Thermometer	WD-5015	TM642	Oct. 16, 2015	Oct. 15, 2016
WonDer	Thermometer	WD-5015	TM281	Oct. 16, 2015	Oct. 15, 2016
Wisewind	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM225	Oct. 16, 2015	Oct. 15, 2016
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8820C	6201341950	Dec. 18, 2015	Dec. 17, 2016
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50266977	May. 14, 2015	May. 13, 2016
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
R&S	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Dec. 18, 2015	Dec. 17, 2016
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46316648	Jan. 12, 2016	Jan. 11, 2017
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1126	Jul. 21, 2015	Jul. 20, 2016
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	LKMelectronic	DTM3000SPEZIAL/90900	Aug. 26, 2015	Aug. 25, 2016
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	May. 13, 2015	May. 12, 2016
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1339124	May. 13, 2015	May. 12, 2016
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	MS2830A	6201396378	Jun. 17, 2015	Jun. 16, 2016
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	Note 1	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note 1	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note 1	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Note 1	
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	Note 1	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-3W	162601250	Note 1	

General Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
For Body								
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	HSL	22.5	0.896	43.279	0.89	41.90	0.67	3.29	±5	2016/3/8
750	HSL	22.5	0.896	43.300	0.89	41.90	0.67	3.34	±5	2016/3/8
750	MSL	22.8	0.974	56.669	0.96	55.50	1.46	2.11	±5	2016/3/5
1750	HSL	22.6	1.377	39.646	1.37	40.10	0.51	-1.13	±5	2016/3/6
1750	MSL	22.3	1.480	55.100	1.49	53.40	-0.67	3.18	±5	2016/3/9
1750	MSL	22.5	1.459	52.943	1.49	53.40	-2.08	-0.86	±5	2016/4/9
1900	HSL	22.6	1.395	38.571	1.40	40.00	-0.36	-3.57	±5	2016/3/7
1900	MSL	22.5	1.524	54.950	1.52	53.30	0.26	3.10	±5	2016/4/9
2600	HSL	22.6	2.002	38.887	1.96	39.00	2.14	-0.29	±5	2016/3/6
2600	MSL	22.5	2.244	53.370	2.16	52.50	3.89	1.66	±5	2016/4/10

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check for Low / Middle / High Frequencies>

General Note:

The tissue measure results for low / middle / high frequencies list below, the results were used in the Dasy SAR system to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters on the SAR test device. The SAR test plots may slightly difference between the tables below due to the digit rounding in the software calculated.

CH	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
23060	704	Body	0.93	57.17	0.96	55.68	-3.05	2.64	±5	Mar. 05, 2016
23095	707.5	Body	0.93	57.14	0.96	55.67	-2.73	2.59	±5	Mar. 05, 2016
23130	711	Body	0.94	57.10	0.96	55.66	-2.37	2.51	±5	Mar. 05, 2016
20850	2510	Head	1.89	39.21	1.86	39.12	1.85	0.28	±5	Mar. 06, 2016
21100	2535	Head	1.92	39.13	1.89	39.09	1.77	0.07	±5	Mar. 06, 2016
21350	2560	Head	1.95	39.03	1.92	39.05	1.61	-0.17	±5	Mar. 06, 2016
20050	1720	Head	1.35	39.75	1.36	40.15	-0.98	-0.88	±5	Mar. 06, 2016
20175	1732.5	Head	1.36	39.71	1.36	40.13	0.01	-0.96	±5	Mar. 06, 2016
20300	1745	Head	1.37	39.66	1.37	40.11	0.12	-1.11	±5	Mar. 06, 2016
1312	1712.4	Head	1.34	39.78	1.35	40.16	-0.78	-1.03	±5	Mar. 06, 2016
1413	1732.6	Head	1.36	39.71	1.36	40.13	0.02	-0.96	±5	Mar. 06, 2016
1513	1752.6	Head	1.38	39.64	1.37	40.09	0.68	-1.15	±5	Mar. 06, 2016
18700	1860	Head	1.35	38.71	1.40	40.00	-3.36	-3.21	±5	Mar. 07, 2016
18900	1880	Head	1.37	38.65	1.40	40.00	-1.93	-3.38	±5	Mar. 07, 2016
19100	1900	Head	1.40	38.57	1.40	40.00	-0.35	-3.57	±5	Mar. 07, 2016
9262	1852.4	Head	1.35	38.73	1.40	40.00	-3.89	-3.17	±5	Mar. 07, 2016
9400	1880	Head	1.37	38.65	1.40	40.00	-1.93	-3.38	±5	Mar. 07, 2016
9538	1907.6	Head	1.40	38.54	1.40	40.00	0.21	-3.64	±5	Mar. 07, 2016
23060	704	Head	0.852	43.938	0.887	42.145	-4.30	4.37	±5	Mar. 08, 2016
23095	707.5	Head	0.855	43.894	0.887	42.127	-3.93	4.26	±5	Mar. 08, 2016
23130	711	Head	0.858	43.849	0.887	42.108	-3.57	4.15	±5	Mar. 08, 2016
9262	1852.4	Body	1.47	55.07	1.52	53.30	-3.41	3.32	±5	Apr. 09, 2016
9400	1880	Body	1.50	55.01	1.52	53.30	-1.40	3.21	±5	Apr. 09, 2016
9538	1907.6	Body	1.53	54.92	1.52	53.30	0.89	3.04	±5	Apr. 09, 2016
18700	1860	Body	1.476	55.06	1.52	53.30	-2.89	3.30	±5	Apr. 09, 2016
18900	1880	Body	1.499	55.01	1.52	53.30	-1.38	3.21	±5	Apr. 09, 2016
19100	1900	Body	1.524	54.95	1.52	53.30	0.26	3.10	±5	Apr. 09, 2016
20050	1720	Body	1.432	53.01	1.47	53.46	-2.59	-0.92	±5	Apr. 09, 2016
20175	1732.5	Body	1.444	52.99	1.48	53.43	-2.43	-0.77	±5	Apr. 09, 2016
20300	1745	Body	1.455	52.96	1.49	53.41	-2.35	-0.82	±5	Apr. 09, 2016
1312	1712.4	Body	1.43	53.03	1.47	53.47	-2.51	-0.88	±5	Apr. 09, 2016
1413	1732.6	Body	1.44	52.99	1.48	53.43	-2.70	-0.77	±5	Apr. 09, 2016
1513	1752.6	Body	1.46	52.93	1.49	53.39	-2.01	-0.88	±5	Apr. 09, 2016
20850	2510	Body	2.11	53.73	2.03	52.62	3.94	2.15	±5	Apr. 10, 2016
21100	2535	Body	2.16	53.60	2.07	52.59	4.35	1.90	±5	Apr. 10, 2016
21350	2560	Body	2.18	53.50	2.10	52.55	3.81	1.71	±5	Apr. 10, 2016

Table of Low/Middle/High Channel for Liquid Validation

10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

<System Verification for 1g SAR Results>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2016/3/8	750	HSL	250	D750V3-1012	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE3 Sn577	2.18	8.22	8.72	6.08
2016/3/8	750	HSL	250	D750V3-1012	EX3DV4 - SN3925	DAE3 Sn495	1.99	8.22	7.96	-3.16
2016/3/5	750	MSL	250	D750V3-1012	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE3 Sn577	2.16	8.61	8.64	0.35
2016/3/6	1750	HSL	250	D1750V2-1068	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE3 Sn577	9.08	36.80	36.32	-1.30
2016/3/9	1750	MSL	250	D1750V2-1068	EX3DV4 - SN3925	DAE3 Sn495	9.10	35.70	36.40	1.96
2016/4/9	1750	MSL	250	D1750V2-1068	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE3 Sn577	9.22	35.70	36.88	3.31
2016/3/7	1900	HSL	250	D1900V2-5d041	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE3 Sn577	9.74	39.80	38.96	-2.11
2016/4/9	1900	MSL	250	D1900V2-5d041	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE3 Sn577	10.20	40.00	40.8	2.00
2016/3/6	2600	HSL	250	D2600V2-1008	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE3 Sn577	15.20	56.30	60.80	7.99
2016/4/10	2600	MSL	250	D2600V2-1008	ES3DV3 - SN3270	DAE4 Sn778	13.60	55.80	54.4	-2.51

<System Verification for 10g SAR Results>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2016/3/9	1750	MSL	250	D1750V2-1068	EX3DV4 - SN3925	DAE3 Sn495	4.94	19.00	19.76	4.00

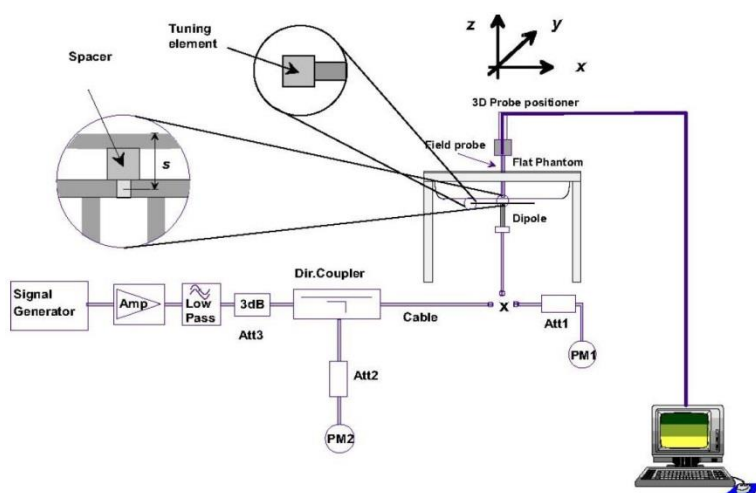


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2. The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

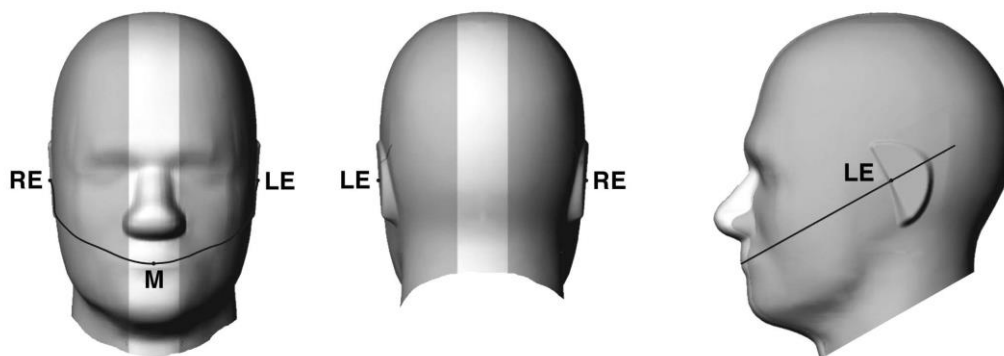


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

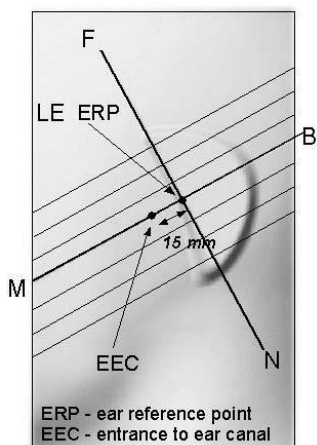


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

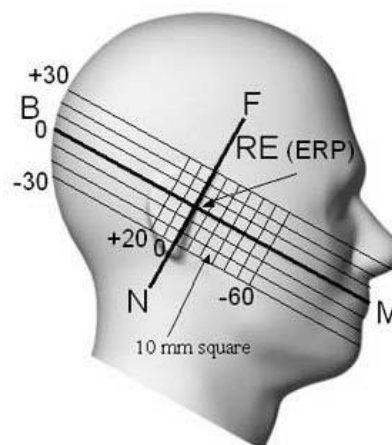


Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

11.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

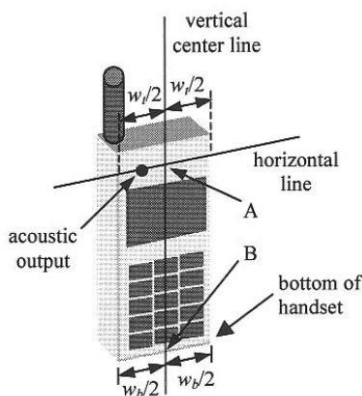


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“fixed case”

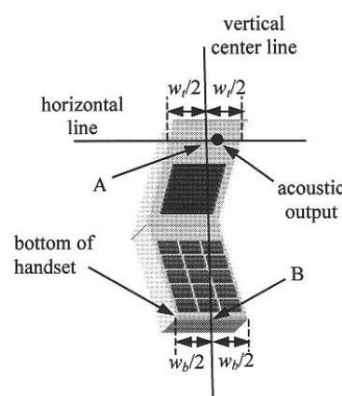


Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“clam-shell case”

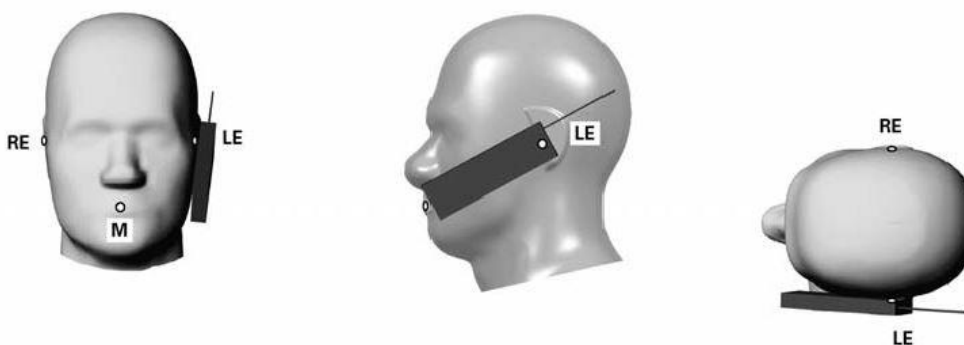


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

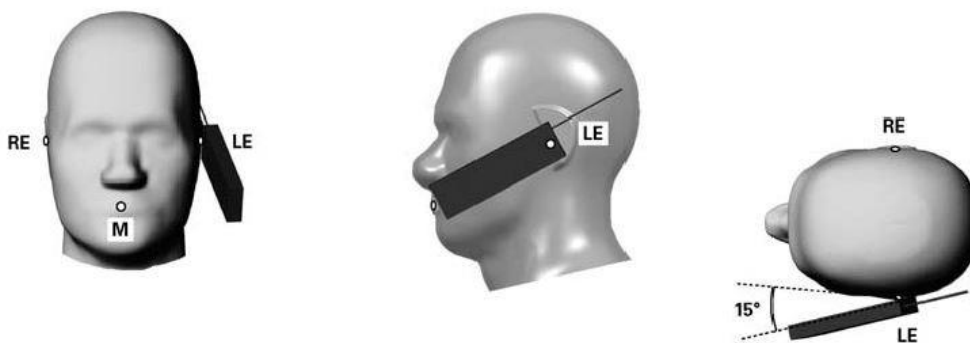


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

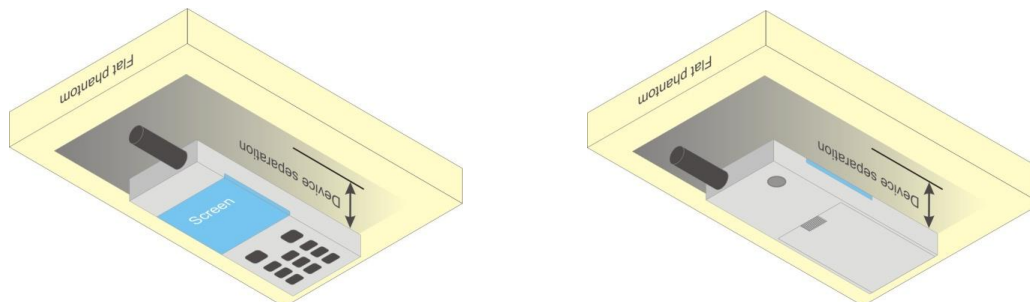


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

11.6 Product specific Exposure Configurations

Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in Product specific only exposure conditions; i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require Product specific SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. The 1-g body and 10-g Product specific SAR exclusion thresholds found in KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension $> 15.0 \text{ cm}$ or an overall diagonal dimension $> 16.0 \text{ cm}$ that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, unless it is confirmed otherwise through KDB inquiries, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless mode and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at $\leq 25 \text{ mm}$ from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g Product specific SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.⁶ The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g Product specific SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$; however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold. The normal tablet procedures in KDB 616217 are required when the over diagonal dimension of the device is $> 20.0 \text{ cm}$. Hotspot mode SAR is not required when normal tablet procedures are applied. Product specific 10-g SAR is also not required for the front (top) surface of large form factor full size tablets. The more conservative tablet SAR results can be used to support the 10-g Product specific SAR for phablet mode. The simultaneous transmission operating configurations applicable to voice and data transmissions for both phone and mini-tablet modes must be taken into consideration separately for 1-g and 10-g SAR to determine the simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion and measurement requirements for the relevant wireless mode and exposure conditions

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
3. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_d/β_d	β_{hs} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1)	β_{EC}	β_{ED} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β_{ED} (SF)	β_{ED} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ED1} : 47/15 β_{ED2} : 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ED} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

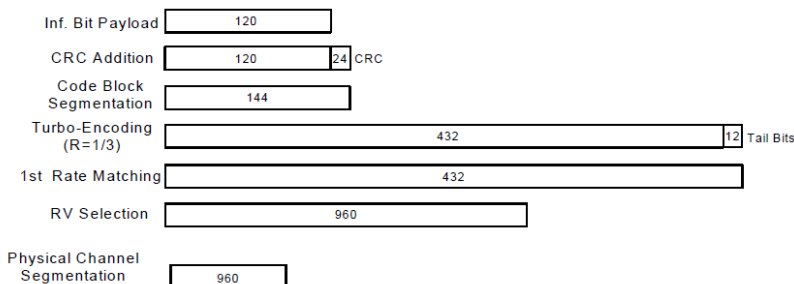
DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration below
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 - iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
 - iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - v. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
 - b). Subtest 2: $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$
 - c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
 - d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
 - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12
Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table. Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.		


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)
Setup Configuration

<WCDMA Conducted Power>
General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

<For Head condition>

Band		WCDMA II			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	WCDMA IV			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel		9262	9400	9538		1312	1413	1513	
Rx Channel		9662	9800	9938		1537	1638	1738	
Frequency (MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6		1712.4	1732.6	1752.6	
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	22.51	22.70	22.86	24.00	22.43	22.63	22.90	24.00
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.53	22.71	22.89	24.00	22.45	22.65	22.92	24.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	21.88	21.93	22.05	23.00	21.72	21.86	22.21	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.87	21.97	22.08	23.00	21.67	21.92	22.17	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.32	21.39	21.45	22.50	21.10	21.37	21.60	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.32	21.37	21.49	22.50	21.11	21.38	21.59	22.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	21.86	21.91	22.03	23.00	21.70	21.84	22.19	23.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	21.85	21.95	22.06	23.00	21.67	21.90	22.16	23.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	21.30	21.38	21.43	22.50	21.08	21.35	21.58	22.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	21.29	21.36	21.47	22.50	21.09	21.36	21.56	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	21.80	21.94	21.96	23.00	21.65	21.80	22.12	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	19.79	19.84	20.00	21.00	19.70	19.87	20.13	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	20.85	21.01	21.07	22.00	20.66	20.88	21.09	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	19.79	19.89	20.11	21.00	19.72	19.86	20.21	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.82	21.95	22.03	23.00	21.65	21.86	22.14	23.00

<For Hotspot / Body-worn condition>

Band		WCDMA II			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	WCDMA IV			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel		9262	9400	9538		1312	1413	1513	
Rx Channel		9662	9800	9938		1537	1638	1738	
Frequency (MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6		1712.4	1732.6	1752.6	
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	19.72	19.48	19.75	21.00	17.60	18.00	18.19	19.50
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	19.74	19.51	19.79	21.00	17.62	18.04	18.24	19.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	18.73	18.78	18.90	20.00	16.97	17.11	17.46	18.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	18.72	18.82	18.93	20.00	16.92	17.17	17.42	18.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	18.17	18.24	18.30	19.50	16.35	16.62	16.85	18.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	18.17	18.22	18.34	19.50	16.36	16.63	16.84	18.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	18.71	18.76	18.88	20.00	16.95	17.09	17.44	18.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	18.70	18.80	18.91	20.00	16.92	17.15	17.41	18.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	18.15	18.23	18.28	19.50	16.33	16.60	16.83	18.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	18.14	18.21	18.32	19.50	16.34	16.61	16.81	18.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	18.65	18.79	18.81	20.00	16.90	17.05	17.37	18.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	16.64	16.69	16.85	18.00	14.95	15.12	15.38	16.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	17.70	17.86	17.92	19.00	15.91	16.13	16.34	17.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	16.64	16.74	16.96	18.00	14.97	15.11	15.46	16.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	18.67	18.80	18.88	20.00	16.90	17.11	17.39	18.50

<LTE Conducted Power>**General Note:**

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
8. For LTE B12 / B4 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
9. LTE band 17 SAR test was covered by Band 12; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is $\leq$ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band

<LTE Band 2 for Head condition >

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				18700	18900	19100		
Frequency (MHz)				1860	1880	1900		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.56	22.42	22.37	24	0
20	QPSK	1	49	22.92	23.04	22.54		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.28	22.63	22.34		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.75	21.86	21.81	23	1
20	QPSK	50	24	21.68	21.74	21.72		
20	QPSK	50	50	21.74	21.72	21.70		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.75	21.77	21.71		
20	16QAM	1	0	21.57	21.58	21.43	23	1
20	16QAM	1	49	21.43	21.49	21.54		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.40	21.38	21.37		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.72	20.74	20.69	22	2
20	16QAM	50	24	20.62	20.66	20.70		
20	16QAM	50	50	20.60	20.68	20.65		
20	16QAM	100	0	20.74	20.66	20.59		
Channel				18675	18900	19125		
Frequency (MHz)				1857.5	1880	1902.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	22.64	22.66	22.71	24	0
15	QPSK	1	37	22.96	23.01	22.97		
15	QPSK	1	74	22.62	22.71	22.54		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.75	21.78	21.83	23	1
15	QPSK	36	20	21.79	21.78	21.72		
15	QPSK	36	39	21.69	21.74	21.77		
15	QPSK	75	0	21.75	21.75	21.76		
15	16QAM	1	0	21.54	21.02	21.52	23	1
15	16QAM	1	37	21.42	21.57	21.42		
15	16QAM	1	74	21.32	21.46	21.47		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.60	20.70	20.70	22	2
15	16QAM	36	20	20.67	20.61	20.67		
15	16QAM	36	39	20.45	20.70	20.69		
15	16QAM	75	0	20.80	20.70	20.70		
Channel				18650	18900	19150		
Frequency (MHz)				1855	1880	1905		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.51	22.41	22.48	24	0
10	QPSK	1	25	23.00	23.08	22.91		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.28	22.48	22.55		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.71	21.71	21.69	23	1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.72	21.78	21.73		
10	QPSK	25	25	21.69	21.75	21.71		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.67	21.71	21.77		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.45	21.56	21.47	23	1
10	16QAM	1	25	21.41	21.45	21.37		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.31	21.47	21.45		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.65	20.67	20.79	22	2
10	16QAM	25	12	20.79	20.61	20.67		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.72	20.65	20.63		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.43	20.68	20.72		



Channel				18625	18900	19175	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1852.5	1880	1907.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.47	22.46	22.19	24	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.89	22.95	22.87		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.29	22.81	22.67		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.67	21.69	21.70	23	1
5	QPSK	12	7	21.65	21.69	21.76		
5	QPSK	12	13	21.67	21.75	21.70		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.67	21.69	21.71	23	1
5	16QAM	1	0	21.32	21.41	21.39		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.43	21.56	21.40		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.33	21.35	21.41	22	2
5	16QAM	12	0	20.55	20.50	20.61		
5	16QAM	12	7	20.52	20.68	20.79		
5	16QAM	12	13	20.57	20.79	20.85	22	2
5	16QAM	25	0	20.55	20.62	20.68		
Channel				18615	18900	19185	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1851.5	1880	1908.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.39	22.32	22.55	24	0
3	QPSK	1	8	22.76	22.80	22.76		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.45	22.47	22.66		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.63	21.75	21.68	23	1
3	QPSK	8	4	21.65	21.81	21.86		
3	QPSK	8	7	21.66	21.80	21.74		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.64	21.73	21.76	23	1
3	16QAM	1	0	21.46	21.53	21.56		
3	16QAM	1	8	21.29	21.42	21.48		
3	16QAM	1	14	21.44	21.90	21.55	22	2
3	16QAM	8	0	20.55	20.91	20.73		
3	16QAM	8	4	20.44	20.80	20.70		
3	16QAM	8	7	20.75	20.82	20.81	22	2
3	16QAM	15	0	20.55	20.81	20.72		
Channel				18607	18900	19193	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1850.7	1880	1909.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.54	22.38	22.67	24	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.70	22.82	22.75		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.63	22.79	22.74		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.83	22.95	22.80		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.87	22.84	22.83		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.78	22.81	22.76		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.72	21.73	21.73	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.53	21.54	21.61	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.47	21.54	21.54		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.49	21.53	21.55		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.54	21.71	21.81		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.93	21.84	21.95		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.91	22.04	21.94		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.53	20.77	20.81	22	2

<LTE Band 2 for Hotspot / body-worn condition >

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				18700	18900	19100		
Frequency (MHz)				1860	1880	1900		
20	QPSK	1	0	19.06	19.13	19.11	21	0
20	QPSK	1	49	19.39	19.62	19.24		
20	QPSK	1	99	19.00	19.30	19.22		
20	QPSK	50	0	19.41	19.52	19.48	21	0
20	QPSK	50	24	19.35	19.39	19.44		
20	QPSK	50	50	19.34	19.39	19.38		
20	QPSK	100	0	19.40	19.43	19.35	21	0
20	16QAM	1	0	19.06	19.24	19.26		
20	16QAM	1	49	19.09	19.26	19.29		
20	16QAM	1	99	19.04	19.09	19.21	21	0
20	16QAM	50	0	19.43	19.46	19.43		
20	16QAM	50	24	19.40	19.39	19.38		
20	16QAM	50	50	19.36	19.43	19.43	21	0
20	16QAM	100	0	19.31	19.44	19.41		
Channel				18675	18900	19125	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1857.5	1880	1902.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	19.11	19.07	19.05	21	0
15	QPSK	1	37	19.47	19.59	19.24		
15	QPSK	1	74	19.03	19.24	19.20		
15	QPSK	36	0	19.38	19.44	19.45	21	0
15	QPSK	36	20	19.39	19.44	19.47		
15	QPSK	36	39	19.40	19.37	19.40		
15	QPSK	75	0	19.41	19.53	19.29	21	0
15	16QAM	1	0	19.14	19.27	19.21		
15	16QAM	1	37	19.12	19.29	19.23		
15	16QAM	1	74	19.13	19.02	19.13	21	0
15	16QAM	36	0	19.49	19.52	19.46		
15	16QAM	36	20	19.37	19.36	19.38		
15	16QAM	36	39	19.40	19.53	19.43	21	0
15	16QAM	75	0	19.36	19.52	19.34		
Channel				18650	18900	19150	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1855	1880	1905		
10	QPSK	1	0	19.02	19.06	19.09	21	0
10	QPSK	1	25	19.54	19.58	19.25		
10	QPSK	1	49	19.02	19.15	19.20		
10	QPSK	25	0	19.31	19.46	19.45	21	0
10	QPSK	25	12	19.36	19.37	19.42		
10	QPSK	25	25	19.32	19.35	19.33		
10	QPSK	50	0	19.39	19.56	19.39	21	0
10	16QAM	1	0	19.14	19.31	19.14		
10	16QAM	1	25	19.13	19.20	19.16		
10	16QAM	1	49	19.03	19.06	19.22	21	0
10	16QAM	25	0	19.52	19.42	19.50		
10	16QAM	25	12	19.34	19.28	19.28		
10	16QAM	25	25	19.31	19.54	19.35	21	0
10	16QAM	50	0	19.29	19.58	19.35		

Channel				18625	18900	19175	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1852.5	1880	1907.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	19.02	19.15	19.02	21	0
5	QPSK	1	12	19.60	19.61	19.35		
5	QPSK	1	24	19.10	19.25	19.19		
5	QPSK	12	0	19.36	19.50	19.54	21	0
5	QPSK	12	7	19.43	19.28	19.51		
5	QPSK	12	13	19.24	19.35	19.38		
5	QPSK	25	0	19.48	19.56	19.42		
5	16QAM	1	0	19.10	19.32	19.18	21	0
5	16QAM	1	12	19.15	19.25	19.22		
5	16QAM	1	24	19.00	19.07	19.14		
5	16QAM	12	0	19.47	19.42	19.45	21	0
5	16QAM	12	7	19.28	19.19	19.38		
5	16QAM	12	13	19.24	19.55	19.37		
5	16QAM	25	0	19.23	19.57	19.36		
Channel				18615	18900	19185	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1851.5	1880	1908.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	19.03	19.25	19.05	21	0
3	QPSK	1	8	19.58	19.59	19.31		
3	QPSK	1	14	19.03	19.33	19.15		
3	QPSK	8	0	19.46	19.50	19.51	21	0
3	QPSK	8	4	19.44	19.29	19.58		
3	QPSK	8	7	19.24	19.35	19.42		
3	QPSK	15	0	19.54	19.54	19.46		
3	16QAM	1	0	19.05	19.29	19.20	21	0
3	16QAM	1	8	19.08	19.24	19.28		
3	16QAM	1	14	19.03	19.02	19.20		
3	16QAM	8	0	19.45	19.47	19.41	21	0
3	16QAM	8	4	19.24	19.29	19.32		
3	16QAM	8	7	19.25	19.49	19.45		
3	16QAM	15	0	19.20	19.55	19.39		
Channel				18607	18900	19193	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1850.7	1880	1909.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	19.02	19.30	19.15	21	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	19.54	19.58	19.26		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	19.02	19.33	19.21		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	19.39	19.59	19.58		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	19.48	19.32	19.56		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	19.30	19.42	19.40		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	19.45	19.46	19.53	21	0
1.4	16QAM	1	0	19.07	19.33	19.14	21	0
1.4	16QAM	1	3	19.04	19.18	19.33		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	19.06	19.10	19.21		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	19.37	19.41	19.42		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	19.25	19.38	19.28		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	19.17	19.47	19.40		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	19.10	19.59	19.30	21	0

<LTE Band 4 for Head condition>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20050	20175	20300		
Frequency (MHz)				1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.30	22.72	22.67	24	0
20	QPSK	1	49	22.72	23.31	22.95		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.51	22.84	22.69		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.66	21.93	21.91	23	1
20	QPSK	50	24	21.71	22.04	22.01		
20	QPSK	50	50	21.70	21.82	21.96		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.63	22.02	22.01	23	1
20	16QAM	1	0	21.07	21.66	21.59		
20	16QAM	1	49	21.53	21.68	21.52		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.31	21.71	21.53	22	2
20	16QAM	50	0	20.65	20.89	20.93		
20	16QAM	50	24	20.60	20.81	21.04		
20	16QAM	50	50	20.56	20.82	20.90	22	2
20	16QAM	100	0	20.61	20.82	20.91		
Channel				20025	20175	20325		
Frequency (MHz)				1717.5	1732.5	1747.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	22.33	22.67	22.71	24	0
15	QPSK	1	37	22.68	23.12	23.07		
15	QPSK	1	74	22.59	22.75	22.95		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.70	21.88	22.06	23	1
15	QPSK	36	20	21.66	21.91	22.09		
15	QPSK	36	39	21.56	21.91	22.10		
15	QPSK	75	0	21.59	21.83	22.06	23	1
15	16QAM	1	0	21.32	21.59	21.53		
15	16QAM	1	37	21.50	21.66	21.95		
15	16QAM	1	74	21.18	21.59	21.54	22	2
15	16QAM	36	0	20.58	20.81	20.99		
15	16QAM	36	20	20.52	20.81	20.97		
15	16QAM	36	39	20.54	20.75	20.89	22	2
15	16QAM	75	0	20.64	20.79	21.00		
Channel				20000	20175	20350		
Frequency (MHz)				1715	1732.5	1750		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.14	22.54	22.74	24	0
10	QPSK	1	25	22.73	23.08	22.98		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.19	22.51	22.68		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.51	21.83	22.08	23	1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.63	21.87	22.12		
10	QPSK	25	25	21.59	21.89	22.06		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.63	21.96	22.09	23	1
10	16QAM	1	0	21.16	21.66	21.62		
10	16QAM	1	25	21.50	21.63	21.74		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.39	21.53	21.57	22	2
10	16QAM	25	0	20.57	20.89	21.17		
10	16QAM	25	12	20.52	20.83	21.06		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.54	20.73	20.99	22	2
10	16QAM	50	0	20.49	20.78	21.07		

Channel				19975	20175	20375	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1712.5	1732.5	1752.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.23	22.67	22.81	24	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.85	23.19	22.92		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.44	22.72	22.71		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.47	21.81	22.12	23	1
5	QPSK	12	7	21.52	21.95	22.11		
5	QPSK	12	13	21.55	21.90	22.11		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.47	21.90	22.05	23	1
5	16QAM	1	0	21.31	21.68	22.03		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.26	21.60	21.99		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.34	21.59	21.56	22	2
5	16QAM	12	0	20.42	20.79	20.77		
5	16QAM	12	7	20.60	20.76	21.05		
5	16QAM	12	13	20.55	20.81	20.90	22	2
5	16QAM	25	0	20.51	20.77	21.05		
Channel				19965	20175	20385	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1711.5	1732.5	1753.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.26	22.90	23.15	24	0
3	QPSK	1	8	22.43	23.22	23.20		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.21	22.95	23.06		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.40	21.78	21.93	23	1
3	QPSK	8	4	21.46	21.94	22.07		
3	QPSK	8	7	21.46	21.97	22.07		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.47	21.87	22.07	23	1
3	16QAM	1	0	21.11	21.73	21.98		
3	16QAM	1	8	21.57	21.86	21.70		
3	16QAM	1	14	21.01	21.69	21.88	22	2
3	16QAM	8	0	20.46	20.87	21.07		
3	16QAM	8	4	20.42	20.94	21.05		
3	16QAM	8	7	20.56	20.84	21.06	22	2
3	16QAM	15	0	20.40	20.84	21.04		
Channel				19957	20175	20393	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1710.7	1732.5	1754.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.40	22.84	23.05	24	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.49	22.91	23.10		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.37	22.63	23.09		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.51	22.95	23.15		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.49	23.03	23.26		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.67	22.89	23.30		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.49	21.87	22.14	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.39	21.73	21.99	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.40	21.64	21.91		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.41	21.75	21.92		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.48	21.77	22.03		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.49	21.87	22.31		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.44	22.05	22.35		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.35	20.89	21.14	22	2

<LTE Band 4 for Hotspot / body-worn condition >

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20050	20175	20300	20.4	0
Frequency (MHz)				1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	18.41	18.65	18.83		
20	QPSK	1	49	18.90	18.94	18.85	20.4	0
20	QPSK	1	99	18.84	18.84	18.68		
20	QPSK	50	0	18.66	18.59	18.63		
20	QPSK	50	24	18.73	18.85	18.66	20.4	0
20	QPSK	50	50	18.40	18.48	18.55		
20	QPSK	100	0	18.42	18.65	18.52		
20	16QAM	1	0	18.63	18.54	18.41	20.4	0
20	16QAM	1	49	18.41	18.54	18.41		
20	16QAM	1	99	18.48	18.54	18.43		
20	16QAM	50	0	18.49	18.76	18.79	20.4	0
20	16QAM	50	24	18.47	18.88	18.92		
20	16QAM	50	50	18.60	18.83	18.90		
20	16QAM	100	0	18.47	18.73	18.88		
Channel				20025	20175	20325	20.4	0
Frequency (MHz)				1717.5	1732.5	1747.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	18.42	18.64	18.79		
15	QPSK	1	37	18.63	19.09	19.17	20.4	0
15	QPSK	1	74	18.55	18.77	18.86		
15	QPSK	36	0	18.55	18.92	19.02		
15	QPSK	36	20	18.50	18.81	19.03	20.4	0
15	QPSK	36	39	18.55	18.84	19.06		
15	QPSK	75	0	18.52	18.83	19.06		
15	16QAM	1	0	18.44	18.86	18.80	20.4	0
15	16QAM	1	37	18.52	18.92	19.27		
15	16QAM	1	74	18.46	18.86	18.51		
15	16QAM	36	0	18.58	18.87	19.05	20.4	0
15	16QAM	36	20	18.56	18.86	19.08		
15	16QAM	36	39	18.60	18.84	19.03		
15	16QAM	75	0	18.60	18.86	19.11		
Channel				20000	20175	20350	20.4	0
Frequency (MHz)				1715	1732.5	1750		
10	QPSK	1	0	18.40	18.63	18.71		
10	QPSK	1	25	18.81	18.92	19.06	20.4	0
10	QPSK	1	49	18.66	18.68	18.86		
10	QPSK	25	0	18.65	18.77	19.00		
10	QPSK	25	12	18.75	18.69	18.92	20.4	0
10	QPSK	25	25	18.67	18.81	19.03		
10	QPSK	50	0	18.73	18.70	19.04		
10	16QAM	1	0	18.47	18.77	18.76	20.4	0
10	16QAM	1	25	18.57	18.73	19.10		
10	16QAM	1	49	18.56	18.71	18.47		
10	16QAM	25	0	18.81	18.79	18.88	20.4	0
10	16QAM	25	12	18.70	18.82	19.07		
10	16QAM	25	25	18.71	18.71	18.85		
10	16QAM	50	0	18.80	18.85	19.00		

Channel				19975	20175	20375	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1712.5	1732.5	1752.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	18.42	18.60	18.65	20.4	0
5	QPSK	1	12	18.81	19.02	19.08		
5	QPSK	1	24	18.73	18.69	18.80		
5	QPSK	12	0	18.57	18.73	18.95	20.4	0
5	QPSK	12	7	18.72	18.63	18.94		
5	QPSK	12	13	18.68	18.84	19.04		
5	QPSK	25	0	18.64	18.71	19.01		
5	16QAM	1	0	18.49	18.75	18.78	20.4	0
5	16QAM	1	12	18.50	18.80	19.11		
5	16QAM	1	24	18.56	18.70	18.46		
5	16QAM	12	0	18.85	18.79	18.96	20.4	0
5	16QAM	12	7	18.61	18.76	19.15		
5	16QAM	12	13	18.81	18.74	18.85		
5	16QAM	25	0	18.74	18.93	18.97		
Channel				19965	20175	20385	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1711.5	1732.5	1753.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	18.45	18.44	18.42	20.4	0
3	QPSK	1	8	18.86	18.90	18.89		
3	QPSK	1	14	18.80	18.58	18.67		
3	QPSK	8	0	18.51	18.60	18.84	20.4	0
3	QPSK	8	4	18.76	18.51	18.80		
3	QPSK	8	7	18.70	18.57	18.90		
3	QPSK	15	0	18.54	18.41	18.88		
3	16QAM	1	0	18.59	18.58	18.68	20.4	0
3	16QAM	1	8	18.52	18.63	18.85		
3	16QAM	1	14	18.65	18.44	18.45		
3	16QAM	8	0	18.75	18.53	18.73	20.4	0
3	16QAM	8	4	18.67	18.62	19.00		
3	16QAM	8	7	18.77	18.50	18.72		
3	16QAM	15	0	18.64	18.81	18.80		
Channel				19957	20175	20393	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1710.7	1732.5	1754.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	18.42	18.56	18.42	20.4	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	18.74	18.91	18.90		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	18.90	18.42	18.73		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	18.62	18.50	18.64		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	18.89	18.41	18.70		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	18.56	18.53	18.84		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	18.61	18.45	18.81	20.4	0
1.4	16QAM	1	0	18.52	18.52	18.56	20.4	0
1.4	16QAM	1	3	18.45	18.56	18.51		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	18.42	18.42	18.49		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	19.00	18.59	18.74		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	18.79	18.49	18.88		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	18.75	18.51	18.65		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	18.60	18.66	18.76	20.4	0

<LTE Band 7 for Head condition>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20850	21100	21350		
Frequency (MHz)				2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.19	22.41	22.13	24	0
20	QPSK	1	49	23.31	23.08	22.58		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.74	22.23	22.36		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.79	21.89	21.48	23	1
20	QPSK	50	24	22.01	21.90	21.56		
20	QPSK	50	50	21.97	21.79	21.46		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.88	21.80	21.55	23	1
20	16QAM	1	0	21.40	21.35	21.10		
20	16QAM	1	49	21.74	21.37	21.03		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.68	21.09	21.09	22	2
20	16QAM	50	0	20.82	20.75	20.43		
20	16QAM	50	24	20.90	20.91	20.59		
20	16QAM	50	50	20.95	20.81	20.59	22	2
20	16QAM	100	0	20.78	20.65	20.51		
Channel				20825	21100	21375	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2507.5	2535	2562.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	22.45	22.86	22.37	24	0
15	QPSK	1	37	23.05	23.10	22.71		
15	QPSK	1	74	23.07	22.75	22.58		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.78	21.90	21.55	23	1
15	QPSK	36	20	21.96	21.93	21.50		
15	QPSK	36	39	22.06	21.80	21.67		
15	QPSK	75	0	21.95	21.78	21.48	23	1
15	16QAM	1	0	21.52	21.49	21.08		
15	16QAM	1	37	21.57	21.45	21.17		
15	16QAM	1	74	21.29	21.75	21.10	22	2
15	16QAM	36	0	20.68	20.83	20.50		
15	16QAM	36	20	20.86	20.86	20.51		
15	16QAM	36	39	20.96	20.85	20.69	22	2
15	16QAM	75	0	20.84	20.90	20.59		
Channel				20800	21100	21400	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2505	2535	2565		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.28	22.45	22.12	24	0
10	QPSK	1	25	23.05	22.93	22.65		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.70	22.32	22.13		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.72	21.87	21.45	23	1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.75	21.88	21.65		
10	QPSK	25	25	21.80	21.82	21.62		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.80	21.87	21.62	23	1
10	16QAM	1	0	21.45	21.33	21.03		
10	16QAM	1	25	21.44	21.45	21.03		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.69	21.45	21.01	22	2
10	16QAM	25	0	20.73	20.96	20.56		
10	16QAM	25	12	20.75	20.82	20.58		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.78	20.64	20.64	22	2
10	16QAM	50	0	20.90	20.91	20.63		

Channel				20775	21100	21425	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2502.5	2535	2567.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.18	22.56	22.11	24	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.82	22.91	22.79		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.23	22.32	22.13		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.75	21.84	21.52	23	1
5	QPSK	12	7	21.73	21.88	21.60		
5	QPSK	12	13	21.69	21.85	21.57		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.74	21.86	21.57		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.35	21.25	21.24	23	1
5	16QAM	1	12	21.34	21.26	21.20		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.29	21.14	21.21		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.65	20.74	20.66	22	2
5	16QAM	12	7	20.81	20.86	20.70		
5	16QAM	12	13	20.69	20.79	20.49		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.74	20.89	20.58		



<LTE Band 7 for Hotspot / body-worn condition >

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20850	21100	21350		
Frequency (MHz)				2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	19.91	19.71	19.78	21.7	0
20	QPSK	1	49	20.38	20.11	19.80		
20	QPSK	1	99	19.77	19.76	19.73		
20	QPSK	50	0	19.93	19.91	19.81	21.7	0
20	QPSK	50	24	20.13	19.94	19.84		
20	QPSK	50	50	20.12	19.84	19.82		
20	QPSK	100	0	20.01	19.81	19.70	21.7	0
20	16QAM	1	0	19.89	19.94	19.91		
20	16QAM	1	49	20.43	19.98	19.81		
20	16QAM	1	99	20.28	19.70	19.78	21.7	0
20	16QAM	50	0	19.98	19.99	19.71		
20	16QAM	50	24	20.02	20.01	19.73		
20	16QAM	50	50	20.19	19.92	19.73	21.7	0
20	16QAM	100	0	20.04	19.80	19.83		
Channel				20825	21100	21375	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2507.5	2535	2562.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	19.76	19.86	19.77	21.7	0
15	QPSK	1	37	20.09	20.04	19.89		
15	QPSK	1	74	20.05	19.81	19.81		
15	QPSK	36	0	19.99	20.14	20.18	21.7	0
15	QPSK	36	20	20.21	20.13	20.18		
15	QPSK	36	39	20.27	20.06	20.28		
15	QPSK	75	0	20.21	20.02	20.15	21.7	0
15	16QAM	1	0	19.71	19.71	19.89		
15	16QAM	1	37	19.91	19.72	19.71		
15	16QAM	1	74	20.06	19.74	19.79	21.7	0
15	16QAM	36	0	19.99	20.10	20.20		
15	16QAM	36	20	20.17	20.13	20.17		
15	16QAM	36	39	20.18	20.05	20.34	21.7	0
15	16QAM	75	0	20.19	20.08	20.22		
Channel				20800	21100	21400	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2505	2535	2565		
10	QPSK	1	0	20.09	20.14	19.77	21.7	0
10	QPSK	1	25	20.04	20.01	20.22		
10	QPSK	1	49	19.85	20.00	19.77		
10	QPSK	25	0	19.72	20.00	19.80	21.7	0
10	QPSK	25	12	19.80	20.04	19.81		
10	QPSK	25	25	19.78	19.92	19.85		
10	QPSK	50	0	19.95	19.93	19.82	21.7	0
10	16QAM	1	0	19.85	19.78	19.72		
10	16QAM	1	25	19.75	19.89	19.71		
10	16QAM	1	49	19.74	19.88	19.79	21.7	0
10	16QAM	25	0	19.72	20.07	19.79		
10	16QAM	25	12	19.70	19.97	19.79		
10	16QAM	25	25	19.90	19.80	19.73	21.7	0
10	16QAM	50	0	19.70	20.09	19.90		

Channel				20775	21100	21425	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2502.5	2535	2567.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	19.99	20.25	19.76	21.7	0
5	QPSK	1	12	19.81	19.99	20.36		
5	QPSK	1	24	19.85	20.00	19.95		
5	QPSK	12	0	20.04	20.07	19.70	21.7	0
5	QPSK	12	7	20.00	20.14	19.76		
5	QPSK	12	13	19.99	20.05	19.80		
5	QPSK	25	0	20.02	20.02	19.77		
5	16QAM	1	0	19.84	19.84	19.85	21.7	0
5	16QAM	1	12	20.14	19.87	19.78		
5	16QAM	1	24	19.89	19.74	19.70		
5	16QAM	12	0	19.96	20.13	19.89	21.7	0
5	16QAM	12	7	20.08	20.11	19.79		
5	16QAM	12	13	19.88	20.05	19.78		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.04	20.19	19.85		

<LTE Band 12 for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn condition>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				23060	23095	23130		
Frequency (MHz)				704	707.5	711		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.75	22.68	22.84	24	0
10	QPSK	1	25	23.14	23.36	23.02		
10	QPSK	1	49	23.00	23.25	22.82		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.13	22.16	22.13	23	1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.12	22.09	22.06		
10	QPSK	25	25	22.08	22.15	22.02		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.11	22.14	22.13	23	1
10	16QAM	1	0	21.72	21.70	21.54		
10	16QAM	1	25	21.82	21.96	21.87		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.84	21.86	21.49	22	2
10	16QAM	25	0	20.90	21.15	21.12		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.04	21.04	20.98		
10	16QAM	25	25	21.07	21.19	20.89	22	2
10	16QAM	50	0	21.04	21.07	21.06		
Channel				23035	23095	23155		
Frequency (MHz)				701.5	707.5	713.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.96	22.62	22.97	24	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.94	23.41	23.16		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.95	23.28	22.79		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.08	22.05	22.05	23	1
5	QPSK	12	7	22.05	22.12	22.00		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.11	22.12	22.03		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.04	22.11	21.98	23	1
5	16QAM	1	0	21.77	22.04	21.60		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.65	21.80	21.58		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.62	21.89	21.44	22	2
5	16QAM	12	0	20.79	21.11	20.81		
5	16QAM	12	7	20.87	21.08	20.84		
5	16QAM	12	13	20.70	21.12	20.81	22	2
5	16QAM	25	0	20.81	21.25	20.97		
Channel				23025	23095	23165		
Frequency (MHz)				700.5	707.5	714.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.87	22.49	22.43	24	0
3	QPSK	1	8	22.88	22.91	22.71		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.88	22.69	22.83		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.94	21.91	21.78	23	1
3	QPSK	8	4	21.81	21.88	21.76		
3	QPSK	8	7	21.82	21.85	21.84		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.84	21.88	21.78	23	1
3	16QAM	1	0	21.35	21.60	21.65		
3	16QAM	1	8	21.29	21.58	21.61		
3	16QAM	1	14	21.35	21.68	21.50	22	2
3	16QAM	8	0	20.77	20.99	20.66		
3	16QAM	8	4	20.67	20.94	20.75		
3	16QAM	8	7	20.68	20.99	20.70	22	2
3	16QAM	15	0	20.72	20.86	20.67		

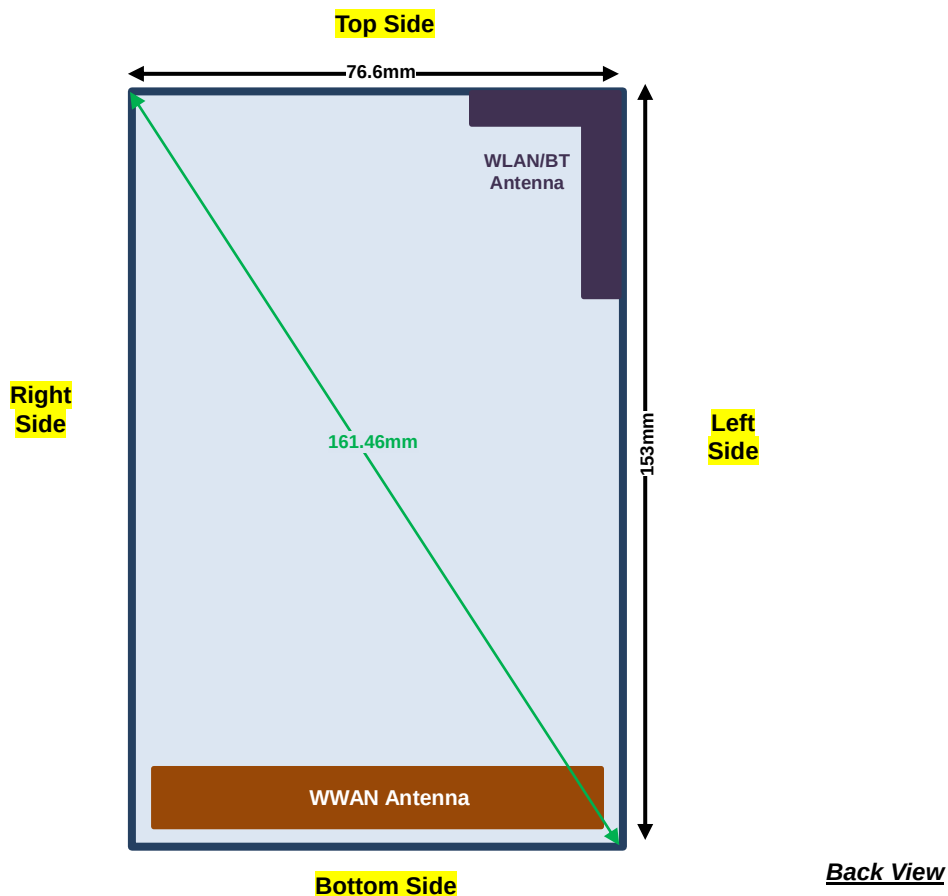
Channel				23017	23095	23173	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				699.7	707.5	715.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.68	22.87	22.54	24	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.69	22.93	22.79		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.70	22.96	22.68		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.79	23.07	22.88		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.87	23.08	22.91		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.75	23.04	22.89		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.81	22.03	21.79	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.35	21.78	21.46	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.23	21.77	21.56		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.34	21.75	21.45		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.87	21.93	21.78		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.91	21.92	21.78		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.94	22.16	21.75		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.94	20.84	20.56	22	2

<LTE Band 17 for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn condition >

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				23780	23790	23800		
Frequency (MHz)				709	710	711		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.51	22.48	22.73	24	0
10	QPSK	1	25	22.95	23.25	23.15		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.67	22.74	22.62		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.13	22.14	22.06	23	1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.07	22.07	22.04		
10	QPSK	25	25	22.06	22.07	21.98		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.07	22.08	22.06	23	1
10	16QAM	1	0	21.93	21.73	21.79		
10	16QAM	1	25	21.78	22.16	21.58		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.90	21.48	21.46	22	2
10	16QAM	25	0	21.11	20.95	21.11		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.01	21.06	21.05		
10	16QAM	25	25	21.08	21.03	20.87	22	2
10	16QAM	50	0	21.06	20.97	21.08		
Channel				23755	23790	23825		
Frequency (MHz)				706.5	710	713.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.38	22.59	22.85	24	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.06	23.35	23.01		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.73	22.85	22.72		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.97	22.12	21.87	23	1
5	QPSK	12	7	22.05	22.07	21.92		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.08	22.04	21.93		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.09	22.01	21.89	23	1
5	16QAM	1	0	21.61	21.65	21.52		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.71	21.50	21.40		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.31	21.78	21.38	22	2
5	16QAM	12	0	20.74	21.15	20.82		
5	16QAM	12	7	21.07	21.14	20.92		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.06	21.18	21.04	22	2
5	16QAM	25	0	20.88	21.20	20.89		

13. Antenna Location

<Mobile Phone>



Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	> 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	> 25mm	> 25mm	≤ 25mm

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

General Note:

- Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

14. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg.
4. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.
5. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g Product specific SAR is required only for the edges according to "operational description" with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2W/kg SAR test reduction threshold, for this device all the edges SAR scaled to maximum output power is less than 1.2W/kg of UMTS B2 and LTE B2/B7, the Product specific SAR is required only for Bottom side of UMTS B4 and LTE B4.
6. While operating in "Front" and "Back" configuration by end user, the device will limit different maximum output powers on the WCDMA B2/B4 and LTE B2/B4/B7 transmitter and detail descriptions of the power reduction mechanism are included in the operational description.
7. While operating in body-adjacent exposure configuration during a mobile hotspot session, the device will reduced output powers on the WCDMA B2/B4 and LTE B2/B4/B7 transmitter and detail descriptions of the power reduction mechanism are included in the operational description.

UMTS Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
6. For LTE B12 / B4 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
7. LTE band 17 SAR test was covered by Band 12; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is $\leq$ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band

14.1 Head SAR
<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
01	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	9538	1907.6	22.89	24.00	1.291	0.13	0.656	0.847
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	9262	1852.4	22.53	24.00	1.403	-0.01	0.682	0.957
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	9400	1880	22.71	24.00	1.346	0.16	0.696	0.937
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	9538	1907.6	22.89	24.00	1.291	-0.15	0.460	0.594
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	9538	1907.6	22.89	24.00	1.291	-0.19	0.553	0.714
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	9538	1907.6	22.89	24.00	1.291	-0.11	0.423	0.546
02	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	1513	1752.6	22.92	24.00	1.282	0.11	0.449	0.576
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	1312	1712.4	22.45	24.00	1.429	0.16	0.338	0.483
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	1413	1732.6	22.65	24.00	1.365	0.14	0.580	0.791
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	1513	1752.6	22.92	24.00	1.282	-0.03	0.244	0.313
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	1513	1752.6	22.92	24.00	1.282	-0.02	0.232	0.298
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	1513	1752.6	22.92	24.00	1.282	0.03	0.249	0.319



<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	18900	1880	23.04	24.00	1.247	-0.12	0.728	0.908
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	18700	1860	22.92	24.00	1.282	-0.06	0.771	0.989
03	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	19100	1900	22.54	24.00	1.400	-0.07	0.718	1.005
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	0mm	18900	1880	21.86	23.00	1.300	0.03	0.474	0.616
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Right Cheek	0mm	18900	1880	21.77	23.00	1.327	0.06	0.436	0.579
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	0mm	18900	1880	23.04	24.00	1.247	-0.12	0.510	0.636
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	18900	1880	21.86	23.00	1.300	-0.1	0.307	0.399
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	18900	1880	23.04	24.00	1.247	-0.11	0.701	0.874
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	18700	1860	22.92	24.00	1.282	-0.16	0.551	0.707
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	19100	1900	22.54	24.00	1.400	-0.12	0.659	0.922
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	0mm	18900	1880	21.86	23.00	1.300	-0.1	0.420	0.546
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Left Cheek	0mm	18900	1880	21.77	23.00	1.327	-0.12	0.396	0.526
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	0mm	18900	1880	23.04	24.00	1.247	0.05	0.523	0.652
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	0mm	18900	1880	21.86	23.00	1.300	-0.02	0.326	0.424
04	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	20175	1732.5	23.31	24.00	1.172	-0.18	0.455	0.533
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	0mm	20175	1732.5	22.04	23.00	1.247	-0.18	0.277	0.346
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	0mm	20175	1732.5	23.31	24.00	1.172	-0.1	0.229	0.268
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Tilted	0mm	20175	1732.5	22.04	23.00	1.247	-0.16	0.143	0.178
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	20175	1732.5	23.31	24.00	1.172	-0.15	0.218	0.256
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Cheek	0mm	20175	1732.5	22.04	23.00	1.247	-0.13	0.132	0.165
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	0mm	20175	1732.5	23.31	24.00	1.172	0.15	0.245	0.287
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Tilted	0mm	20175	1732.5	22.04	23.00	1.247	0.14	0.153	0.191
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	20850	2510	23.31	24.00	1.172	-0.07	0.274	0.321
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	0mm	20850	2510	22.01	23.00	1.256	-0.14	0.167	0.210
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	0mm	20850	2510	23.31	24.00	1.172	0.17	0.352	0.413
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Tilted	0mm	20850	2510	22.01	23.00	1.256	0.06	0.219	0.275
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	20850	2510	23.31	24.00	1.172	-0.16	0.430	0.504
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	21100	2535	23.08	24.00	1.236	0.05	0.412	0.509
05	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	21350	2560	22.58	24.00	1.387	0.11	0.370	0.513
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Cheek	0mm	20850	2510	22.01	23.00	1.256	-0.07	0.282	0.354
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	0mm	20850	2510	23.31	24.00	1.172	0.13	0.202	0.237
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Tilted	0mm	20850	2510	22.01	23.00	1.256	-0.02	0.126	0.158
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Cheek	0mm	23095	707.5	23.36	24.00	1.159	-0.1	0.228	0.264
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Cheek	0mm	23095	707.5	22.16	23.00	1.213	-0.13	0.149	0.181
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Tilted	0mm	23095	707.5	23.36	24.00	1.159	0.17	0.124	0.144
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Tilted	0mm	23095	707.5	22.16	23.00	1.213	0.17	0.078	0.095
06	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Cheek	0mm	23095	707.5	23.36	24.00	1.159	0.07	0.257	0.298
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Cheek	0mm	23095	707.5	22.16	23.00	1.213	-0.19	0.152	0.184
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Tilted	0mm	23095	707.5	23.36	24.00	1.159	-0.057	0.150	0.174
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Tilted	0mm	23095	707.5	22.16	23.00	1.213	-0.057	0.102	0.124

14.2 Hotspot SAR

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	9538	1907.6	19.79	21.00	1.321	-0.13	0.522	0.690
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9538	1907.6	19.79	21.00	1.321	-0.12	0.686	0.906
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9262	1852.4	19.74	21.00	1.337	0.03	0.619	0.827
07	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9400	1880	19.51	21.00	1.409	-0.03	0.657	0.926
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	9538	1907.6	19.79	21.00	1.321	0.06	0.222	0.293
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10mm	9538	1907.6	19.79	21.00	1.321	0.01	0.216	0.285
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	9538	1907.6	19.79	21.00	1.321	0.08	0.303	0.400
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	1513	1752.6	18.24	19.50	1.337	0.04	0.254	0.339
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	1513	1752.6	18.24	19.50	1.337	-0.06	0.506	0.676
08	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	1312	1712.4	17.62	19.50	1.542	-0.1	0.626	0.965
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	1413	1732.6	18.04	19.50	1.400	-0.06	0.497	0.696
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	1513	1752.6	18.24	19.50	1.337	0.08	0.056	0.075
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10mm	1513	1752.6	18.24	19.50	1.337	-0.11	0.079	0.106
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	1513	1752.6	18.24	19.50	1.337	0.15	0.453	0.605

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10mm	18900	1880	19.62	21.00	1.374	-0.05	0.446	0.613
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10mm	18900	1880	19.52	21.00	1.406	-0.04	0.440	0.619
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	18900	1880	19.62	21.00	1.374	-0.06	0.560	0.769
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	18900	1880	19.52	21.00	1.406	-0.1	0.565	0.794
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	18700	1860	19.41	21.00	1.442	-0.09	0.561	0.809
09	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	19100	1900	19.48	21.00	1.419	-0.19	0.576	0.817
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10mm	18900	1880	19.43	21.00	1.435	-0.18	0.562	0.807
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	10mm	18900	1880	19.62	21.00	1.374	0.06	0.215	0.295
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10mm	18900	1880	19.52	21.00	1.406	-0.15	0.241	0.339
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	10mm	18900	1880	19.62	21.00	1.374	0.01	0.209	0.287
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	10mm	18900	1880	19.52	21.00	1.406	0.05	0.253	0.356
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10mm	18900	1880	19.62	21.00	1.374	0.04	0.266	0.365
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	18900	1880	19.52	21.00	1.406	0.14	0.270	0.380
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10mm	20175	1732.5	18.94	20.40	1.400	0.12	0.269	0.376
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	10mm	20175	1732.5	18.85	20.40	1.429	-0.07	0.263	0.376
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	20175	1732.5	18.94	20.40	1.400	-0.15	0.631	0.883
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	10mm	20175	1732.5	18.85	20.40	1.429	-0.13	0.626	0.894
10	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10mm	20175	1732.5	18.65	20.40	1.496	-0.05	0.632	0.946
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	18.94	20.40	1.400	0.18	0.055	0.077
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	18.85	20.40	1.429	-0.01	0.053	0.076
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	18.94	20.40	1.400	-0.11	0.077	0.108
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	18.85	20.40	1.429	0.04	0.076	0.109
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	18.94	20.40	1.400	0.08	0.543	0.760
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	18.85	20.40	1.429	0.04	0.541	0.773

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10mm	20850	2510	20.38	21.70	1.355	0.14	0.573	0.777
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	10mm	20850	2510	20.13	21.70	1.435	0.16	0.577	0.828
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	10mm	21100	2535	19.94	21.70	1.500	-0.15	0.517	0.775
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	10mm	21350	2560	19.84	21.70	1.535	-0.13	0.454	0.697
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Front	10mm	20850	2510	20.01	21.70	1.476	0.06	0.555	0.819
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	20850	2510	20.38	21.70	1.355	-0.13	0.642	0.870
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	21100	2535	20.11	21.70	1.442	-0.18	0.583	0.841
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	21350	2560	19.80	21.70	1.549	-0.19	0.501	0.776
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	10mm	20850	2510	20.13	21.70	1.435	-0.13	0.631	0.906
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	10mm	21100	2535	19.94	21.70	1.500	-0.06	0.583	0.874
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	10mm	21350	2560	19.84	21.70	1.535	-0.04	0.501	0.769
11	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10mm	20850	2510	20.01	21.70	1.476	-0.11	0.619	0.913
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	10mm	20850	2510	20.38	21.70	1.355	-0.04	0.249	0.337
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Side	10mm	20850	2510	20.13	21.70	1.435	0.1	0.251	0.360
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	10mm	20850	2510	20.38	21.70	1.355	-0.17	0.152	0.206
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Side	10mm	20850	2510	20.13	21.70	1.435	0.15	0.193	0.277
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10mm	20850	2510	20.38	21.70	1.355	-0.07	0.322	0.436
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Side	10mm	20850	2510	20.13	21.70	1.435	-0.15	0.322	0.462
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	10mm	23095	707.5	23.36	24.00	1.159	0.14	0.345	0.400
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10mm	23095	707.5	22.16	23.00	1.213	-0.04	0.223	0.271
12	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10mm	23095	707.5	23.36	24.00	1.159	0.12	0.526	0.610
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10mm	23095	707.5	22.16	23.00	1.213	-0.12	0.326	0.396
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Side	10mm	23095	707.5	23.36	24.00	1.159	0.05	0.362	0.419
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Side	10mm	23095	707.5	22.16	23.00	1.213	-0.14	0.226	0.274
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Side	10mm	23095	707.5	23.36	24.00	1.159	-0.16	0.343	0.397
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Side	10mm	23095	707.5	22.16	23.00	1.213	-0.02	0.221	0.268
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Bottom Side	10mm	23095	707.5	23.36	24.00	1.159	0	0.035	0.041
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Side	10mm	23095	707.5	22.16	23.00	1.213	-0.04	0.020	0.024

14.3 Product specific SAR
<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	1513	1752.6	22.92	24.00	1.282	0.088	1.730	2.218
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	1312	1712.4	22.45	24.00	1.429	0.119	1.610	2.301
13	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	1413	1732.6	22.65	24.00	1.365	0.031	2.160	2.947

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
14	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Side	0mm	20175	1732.5	22.04	24.00	1.570	0.046	1.740	2.732
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Side	0mm	20050	1720	21.71	24.00	1.694	0.127	1.510	2.558
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Side	0mm	20300	1745	22.01	24.00	1.581	0.146	1.690	2.672

14.4 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	9538	1907.6	19.79	21.00	1.321	-0.13	0.522	0.690
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9538	1907.6	19.79	21.00	1.321	-0.12	0.686	0.906
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9262	1852.4	19.74	21.00	1.337	0.03	0.619	0.827
15	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9400	1880	19.51	21.00	1.409	-0.03	0.657	0.926
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	1513	1752.6	18.24	19.50	1.337	0.04	0.254	0.339
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	1513	1752.6	18.24	19.50	1.337	-0.06	0.506	0.676
16	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	1312	1712.4	17.62	19.50	1.542	-0.1	0.626	0.965
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	1413	1732.6	18.04	19.50	1.400	-0.06	0.497	0.696

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10mm	18900	1880	19.62	21.00	1.374	-0.05	0.446	0.613
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10mm	18900	1880	19.52	21.00	1.406	-0.04	0.440	0.619
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	18900	1880	19.62	21.00	1.374	-0.06	0.560	0.769
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	18900	1880	19.52	21.00	1.406	-0.1	0.565	0.794
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	18700	1860	19.41	21.00	1.442	-0.09	0.561	0.809
17	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	19100	1900	19.48	21.00	1.419	-0.19	0.576	0.817
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10mm	18900	1880	19.43	21.00	1.435	-0.18	0.562	0.807
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10mm	20175	1732.5	18.94	20.40	1.400	0.12	0.269	0.376
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	10mm	20175	1732.5	18.85	20.40	1.429	-0.07	0.263	0.376
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	20175	1732.5	18.94	20.40	1.400	-0.15	0.631	0.883
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	10mm	20175	1732.5	18.85	20.40	1.429	-0.13	0.626	0.894
18	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10mm	20175	1732.5	18.65	20.40	1.496	-0.05	0.632	0.946
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10mm	20850	2510	20.38	21.70	1.355	0.14	0.573	0.777
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	10mm	20850	2510	20.13	21.70	1.435	0.16	0.577	0.828
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	10mm	21100	2535	19.94	21.70	1.500	-0.15	0.517	0.775
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	10mm	21350	2560	19.84	21.70	1.535	-0.13	0.454	0.697
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Front	10mm	20850	2510	20.01	21.70	1.476	0.06	0.555	0.819
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	20850	2510	20.38	21.70	1.355	-0.13	0.642	0.870
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	21100	2535	20.11	21.70	1.442	-0.18	0.583	0.841
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	21350	2560	19.80	21.70	1.549	-0.19	0.501	0.776
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	10mm	20850	2510	20.13	21.70	1.435	-0.13	0.631	0.906
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	10mm	21100	2535	19.94	21.70	1.500	-0.06	0.583	0.874
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	10mm	21350	2560	19.84	21.70	1.535	-0.04	0.501	0.769
19	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10mm	20850	2510	20.01	21.70	1.476	-0.11	0.619	0.913
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	10mm	23095	707.5	23.36	24.00	1.159	0.14	0.345	0.400
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10mm	23095	707.5	22.16	23.00	1.213	-0.04	0.223	0.271
20	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10mm	23095	707.5	23.36	24.00	1.159	0.12	0.526	0.610
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10mm	23095	707.5	22.16	23.00	1.213	-0.12	0.326	0.396

14.5 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	1413	1732.6	22.65	24.00	1.365	0.031	2.160	-	2.947
2nd	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	1413	1732.6	22.65	24.00	1.365	0.046	2.080	1.04	2.838

General Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is $\geq 0.8\text{W/kg}$.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR $< 1.45\text{W/kg}$, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the Product specific repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to Product specific and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for Product specific exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
4. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
5. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Portable Handset				Note
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Product specific	
1.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes	
2.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
3.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
4.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
5.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth		Yes		Yes	
6.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth		Yes		Yes	WWAN VoIP
7.	WCDMA+ Bluetooth		Yes		Yes	WWAN VoIP
8.	LTE + Bluetooth		Yes		Yes	WWAN VoIP
9.	GSM Voice + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes	
10.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	WWAN VoIP
11.	WCDMA + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	WWAN VoIP
12.	LTE + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	WWAN VoIP

General Note:

- This device supported VoIP in EGPRS, WCDMA, LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
- WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- This device 2.4GHz / 5.2GHz / 5.8GHz WLAN supports Hotspot operation and WiFi Direct (Group Client / Group Owner), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (Group Client).
- EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- The worst WWAN and WLAN reported SAR for each configuration was used for SAR summation, Therefore, the following summations represent the absolute worst cases for simultaneous transmission with WWAN and WLAN
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\min. \text{ separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
 - The SPLSR calculated results please refer to section 15.5.
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 based on the formula below.
 - $(\max. \text{ power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\min. \text{ test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} / x] \text{ W/kg}$ for test separation distances $\leq 50 \text{ mm}$; where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR, and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.
 - When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
 - 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth Max Power	Exposure Position	Product specific
12.5 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.302 W/kg

15.1 Head Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN			
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.332	1.118	1.45		
		Right Tilted	0.244	0.560	0.80		
		Left Cheek	0.454	0.531	0.99		
		Left Tilted	0.240	0.526	0.77		
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.375	1.118	1.49		
		Right Tilted	0.245	0.560	0.81		
		Left Cheek	0.336	0.531	0.87		
		Left Tilted	0.252	0.526	0.78		
WCDMA	WCDMA II	Right Cheek	0.957	1.118	2.08	0.03	Case 1
		Right Tilted	0.594	0.560	1.15		
		Left Cheek	0.714	0.531	1.25		
		Left Tilted	0.546	0.526	1.07		
	WCDMA IV	Right Cheek	0.791	1.118	1.91	0.03	Case 2
		Right Tilted	0.313	0.560	0.87		
		Left Cheek	0.298	0.531	0.83		
		Left Tilted	0.319	0.526	0.85		
	WCDMA V	Right Cheek	0.396	1.118	1.51		
		Right Tilted	0.262	0.560	0.82		
		Left Cheek	0.352	0.531	0.88		
		Left Tilted	0.218	0.526	0.74		
LTE	LTE Band 2	Right Cheek	1.005	1.118	2.12	0.04	Case 3
		Right Tilted	0.636	0.560	1.20		
		Left Cheek	0.922	0.531	1.45		
		Left Tilted	0.652	0.526	1.18		
	LTE Band 4	Right Cheek	0.533	1.118	1.65	0.02	Case 4
		Right Tilted	0.268	0.560	0.83		
		Left Cheek	0.256	0.531	0.79		
		Left Tilted	0.287	0.526	0.81		
	LTE Band 5	Right Cheek	0.370	1.118	1.49		
		Right Tilted	0.272	0.560	0.83		
		Left Cheek	0.393	0.531	0.92		
		Left Tilted	0.272	0.526	0.80		
	LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.321	1.118	1.44		
		Right Tilted	0.413	0.560	0.97		
		Left Cheek	0.513	0.531	1.04		
		Left Tilted	0.237	0.526	0.76		
	LTE Band 12	Right Cheek	0.264	1.118	1.38		
		Right Tilted	0.144	0.560	0.70		
		Left Cheek	0.298	0.531	0.83		
		Left Tilted	0.174	0.526	0.70		



WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	3	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	5GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.332	0.633	0.97		
		Right Tilted	0.244	0.443	0.69		
		Left Cheek	0.454	0.482	0.94		
		Left Tilted	0.240	0.537	0.78		
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.375	0.633	1.01		
		Right Tilted	0.245	0.443	0.69		
		Left Cheek	0.336	0.482	0.82		
		Left Tilted	0.252	0.537	0.79		
WCDMA	WCDMA II	Right Cheek	0.957	0.633	1.59		
		Right Tilted	0.594	0.443	1.04		
		Left Cheek	0.714	0.482	1.20		
		Left Tilted	0.546	0.537	1.08		
	WCDMA IV	Right Cheek	0.791	0.633	1.42		
		Right Tilted	0.313	0.443	0.76		
		Left Cheek	0.298	0.482	0.78		
		Left Tilted	0.319	0.537	0.86		
	WCDMA V	Right Cheek	0.396	0.633	1.03		
		Right Tilted	0.262	0.443	0.71		
		Left Cheek	0.352	0.482	0.83		
		Left Tilted	0.218	0.537	0.76		
LTE	LTE Band 2	Right Cheek	1.005	0.633	1.64	0.02	Case 5
		Right Tilted	0.636	0.443	1.08		
		Left Cheek	0.922	0.482	1.40		
		Left Tilted	0.652	0.537	1.19		
	LTE Band 4	Right Cheek	0.533	0.633	1.17		
		Right Tilted	0.268	0.443	0.71		
		Left Cheek	0.256	0.482	0.74		
		Left Tilted	0.287	0.537	0.82		
	LTE Band 5	Right Cheek	0.370	0.633	1.00		
		Right Tilted	0.272	0.443	0.72		
		Left Cheek	0.393	0.482	0.88		
		Left Tilted	0.272	0.537	0.81		
	LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.321	0.633	0.95		
		Right Tilted	0.413	0.443	0.86		
		Left Cheek	0.513	0.482	1.00		
		Left Tilted	0.237	0.537	0.77		
	LTE Band 12	Right Cheek	0.264	0.633	0.90		
		Right Tilted	0.144	0.443	0.59		
		Left Cheek	0.298	0.482	0.78		
		Left Tilted	0.174	0.537	0.71		

15.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN				
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)				
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.525	0.145	0.067	0.67	0.59		
		Back	0.724	0.184	0.366	0.91	1.09		
		Left side	0.746	0.093	0.260	0.84	1.01		
		Right side	0.596			0.60	0.60		
		Top side		0.125	0.128	0.13	0.13		
		Bottom side	0.056			0.06	0.06		
	GSM1900	Front	0.558	0.145	0.067	0.70	0.63		
		Back	0.680	0.184	0.366	0.86	1.05		
		Left side	0.237	0.093	0.260	0.33	0.50		
		Right side	0.198			0.20	0.20		
		Top side		0.125	0.128	0.13	0.13		
		Bottom side	0.336			0.34	0.34		
WCDMA	WCDMA II	Front	0.690	0.145	0.067	0.84	0.76		
		Back	0.926	0.184	0.366	1.11	1.29		
		Left side	0.293	0.093	0.260	0.39	0.55		
		Right side	0.285			0.29	0.29		
		Top side		0.125	0.128	0.13	0.13		
		Bottom side	0.400			0.40	0.40		
	WCDMA IV	Front	0.339	0.145	0.067	0.48	0.41		
		Back	0.965	0.184	0.366	1.15	1.33		
		Left side	0.075	0.093	0.260	0.17	0.34		
		Right side	0.106			0.11	0.11		
		Top side		0.125	0.128	0.13	0.13		
		Bottom side	0.605			0.61	0.61		
	WCDMA V	Front	0.537	0.145	0.067	0.68	0.60		
		Back	0.626	0.184	0.366	0.81	0.99		
		Left side	0.889	0.093	0.260	0.98	1.15		
		Right side	0.520			0.52	0.52		
		Top side		0.125	0.128	0.13	0.13		
		Bottom side	0.087			0.09	0.09		

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN				
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)				
LTE	LTE Band 2	Front	0.619	0.145	0.067	0.76	0.69		
		Back	0.817	0.184	0.366	1.00	1.18		
		Left side	0.339	0.093	0.260	0.43	0.60		
		Right side	0.356			0.36	0.36		
		Top side		0.125	0.128	0.13	0.13		
		Bottom side	0.380			0.38	0.38		
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.376	0.145	0.067	0.52	0.44		
		Back	0.946	0.184	0.366	1.13	1.31		
		Left side	0.077	0.093	0.260	0.17	0.34		
		Right side	0.109			0.11	0.11		
		Top side		0.125	0.128	0.13	0.13		
		Bottom side	0.773			0.77	0.77		
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.631	0.145	0.067	0.78	0.70		
		Back	0.718	0.184	0.366	0.90	1.08		
		Left side	0.736	0.093	0.260	0.83	1.00		
		Right side	0.554			0.55	0.55		
		Top side		0.125	0.128	0.13	0.13		
		Bottom side	0.101			0.10	0.10		
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.828	0.145	0.067	0.97	0.90		
		Back	0.913	0.184	0.366	1.10	1.28		
		Left side	0.337	0.093	0.260	0.43	0.60		
		Right side	0.277			0.28	0.28		
		Top side		0.125	0.128	0.13	0.13		
		Bottom side	0.462			0.46	0.46		
	LTE Band 12	Front	0.400	0.145	0.067	0.55	0.47		
		Back	0.610	0.184	0.366	0.79	0.98		
		Left side	0.419	0.093	0.260	0.51	0.68		
		Right side	0.397			0.40	0.40		
		Top side		0.125	0.128	0.13	0.13		
		Bottom side	0.041			0.04	0.04		

15.3 Product specific Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band	1	2	3	4	1+2 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg)	1+4 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth			
	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 10g SAR (W/kg)			
WCDMA IV	2.947	-	0.670	0.302	2.95	3.62	3.25
LTE Band 4	2.732	-	0.670	0.302	2.73	3.40	3.03

Remark:

- According to KDB 648474 D04v01r03, for 2.4GHz WLAN hand SAR ("-") was excluded, due to SAR was < 1.2W/kg.

15.4 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

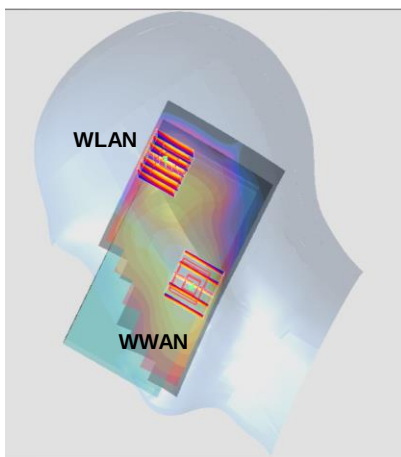
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2	1+3	1+4
			WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	5GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.525	0.145	0.067	0.048	0.67	0.59	0.57
		Back	0.885	0.184	0.366	0.046	1.07	1.25	0.93
	GSM1900	Front	0.558	0.145	0.067	0.048	0.70	0.63	0.61
		Back	0.680	0.184	0.366	0.046	0.86	1.05	0.73
WCDMA	WCDMA II	Front	0.690	0.145	0.067	0.048	0.84	0.76	0.74
		Back	0.926	0.184	0.366	0.046	1.11	1.29	0.97
	WCDMA IV	Front	0.339	0.145	0.067	0.048	0.48	0.41	0.39
		Back	0.965	0.184	0.366	0.046	1.15	1.33	1.01
	WCDMA V	Front	0.537	0.145	0.067	0.048	0.68	0.60	0.59
		Back	0.802	0.184	0.366	0.046	0.99	1.17	0.85
LTE	LTE Band 2	Front	0.619	0.145	0.067	0.048	0.76	0.69	0.67
		Back	0.817	0.184	0.366	0.046	1.00	1.18	0.86
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.376	0.145	0.067	0.048	0.52	0.44	0.42
		Back	0.946	0.184	0.366	0.046	1.13	1.31	0.99
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.631	0.145	0.067	0.048	0.78	0.70	0.68
		Back	0.718	0.184	0.366	0.046	0.90	1.08	0.76
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.828	0.145	0.067	0.048	0.97	0.90	0.88
		Back	0.913	0.184	0.366	0.046	1.10	1.28	0.96
	LTE Band 12	Front	0.400	0.145	0.067	0.048	0.55	0.47	0.45
		Back	0.610	0.184	0.366	0.046	0.79	0.98	0.66

15.5 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

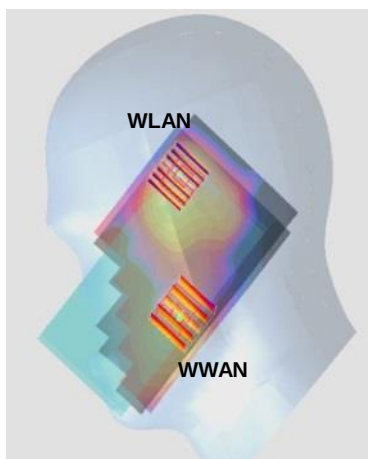
General Note:

1. $SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$. If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary

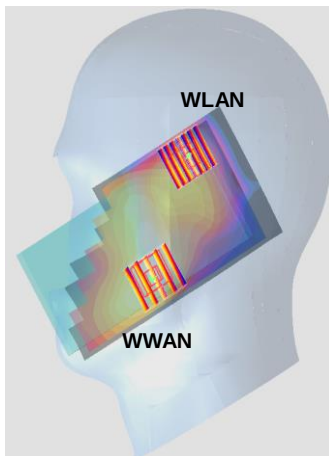
Case 1	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (cm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	WCDMA II	Right Cheek	0.957	0mm	0.0491	0.0589	-0.0006	88.6	2.08	0.03	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.118	0mm	0.0172	-0.0238	-0.0013				



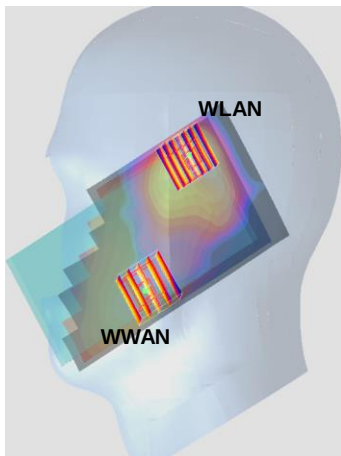
Case 2	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (cm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	WCDMA IV	Right Cheek	0.791	0mm	0.051	0.0617	0.001	92.0	1.91	0.03	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.118	0mm	0.0172	-0.0238	-0.0013				



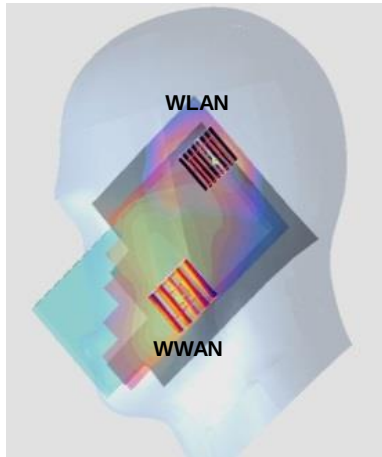
Case 3	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (cm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 2	Right Cheek	1.005	0mm	0.0478	0.0582	-0.0009	87.5	2.12	0.04	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.118	0mm	0.0172	-0.0238	-0.0013				



Case 4	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (cm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 4	Right Cheek	0.533	0mm	0.0536	0.0633	0.0009	94.4	1.65	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.118	0mm	0.0172	-0.0238	-0.0013				



Case 5	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (cm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 2	Right Cheek	1.005	0mm	0.0478	0.0582	-0.0009	94.7	1.64	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.633	0mm	0.006	-0.0268	-0.0029				



Test Engineer : Poa Pan, Bevis Chang, Lawrence Chen, Thomas Wang, Iran Wang and Tommy Chen

16. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	$1/k^{(b)}$	$1/\sqrt{3}$	$1/\sqrt{6}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) k is the coverage factor

Table 16.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	2.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Combined Std. Uncertainty						11.4%	11.4%
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty						22.9%	22.7%

Table 16.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

17. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 “Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations”
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz”, September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, “IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, “SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters”, Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, “Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies”, Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets”, Oct 2015.
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, “3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES”, Oct 2015
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices”, Dec 2015
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, “SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities”, Oct 2015.
- [11] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, “SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz”, Aug 2015.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, “RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations” Oct 2015.



Appendix A. *Plots of System Performance Check*

The plots are shown as follows.

System Check_Head_750MHz_160308

DUT: D750V3-1012

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_750_160308 Medium parameters used: $f = 750$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.896$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.279$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(10.46, 10.46, 10.46); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM LEFT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1718
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.91 W/kg

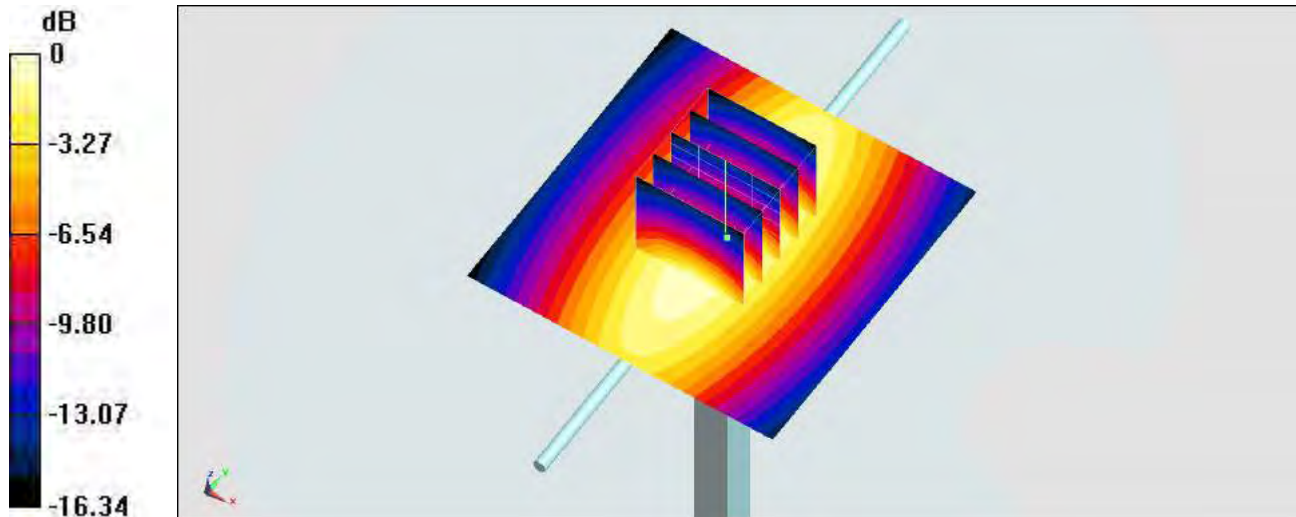
Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 59.75 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.45 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.90 W/kg



0 dB = 2.91 W/kg = 4.64 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_750MHz_160308**DUT: D750V3-1012**

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_750_160308 Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.896 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.5°C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3925; ConvF(10.15, 10.15, 10.15); Calibrated: 2015/5/27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2015/5/22
- Phantom: SAM_Front; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1303
- ;Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.47 mW/g

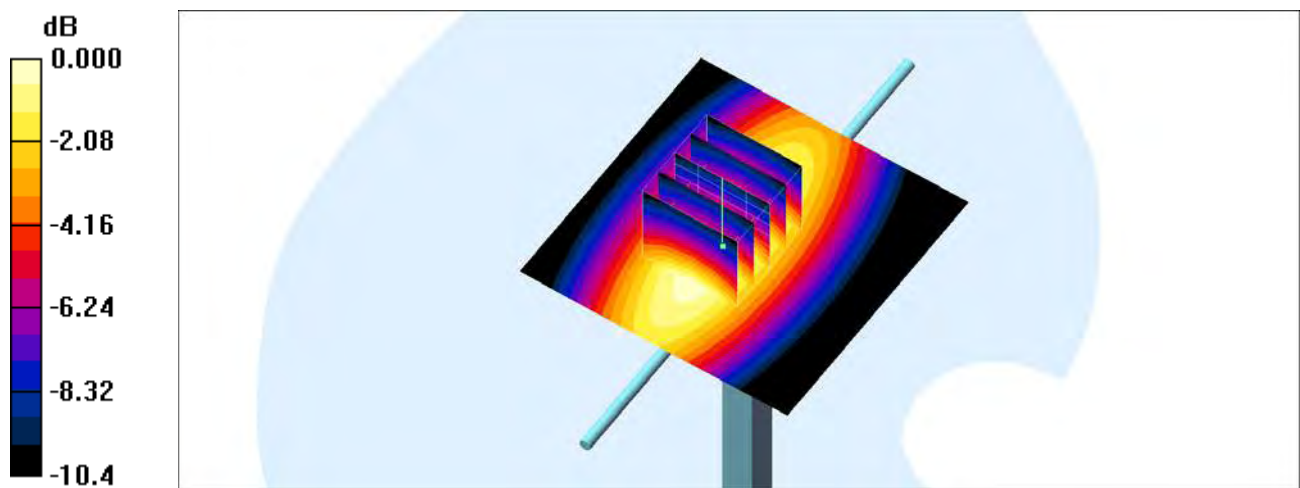
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 53.0 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.026 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.91 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.99 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 1.31 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.51 mW/g



0 dB = 2.51 mW/g

System Check_Body_750MHz_160305

DUT: D750V3-1012

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_160305 Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.974 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.669$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.8°C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8°C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(10.29, 10.29, 10.29); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM LEFT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1718
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.80 W/kg

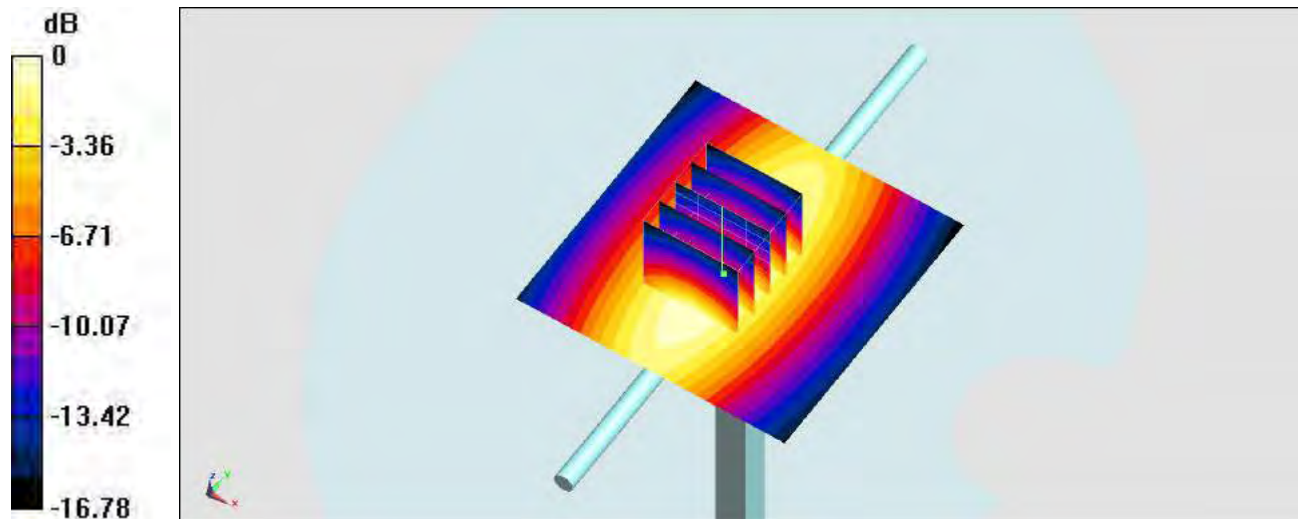
Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 55.10 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.16 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 1.46 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.66 W/kg



0 dB = 2.80 W/kg = 4.47 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1750MHz_160306

DUT: D1750V2-1068

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750_160306 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.377$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.646$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(8.58, 8.58, 8.58); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM LEFT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1718
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.0 W/kg

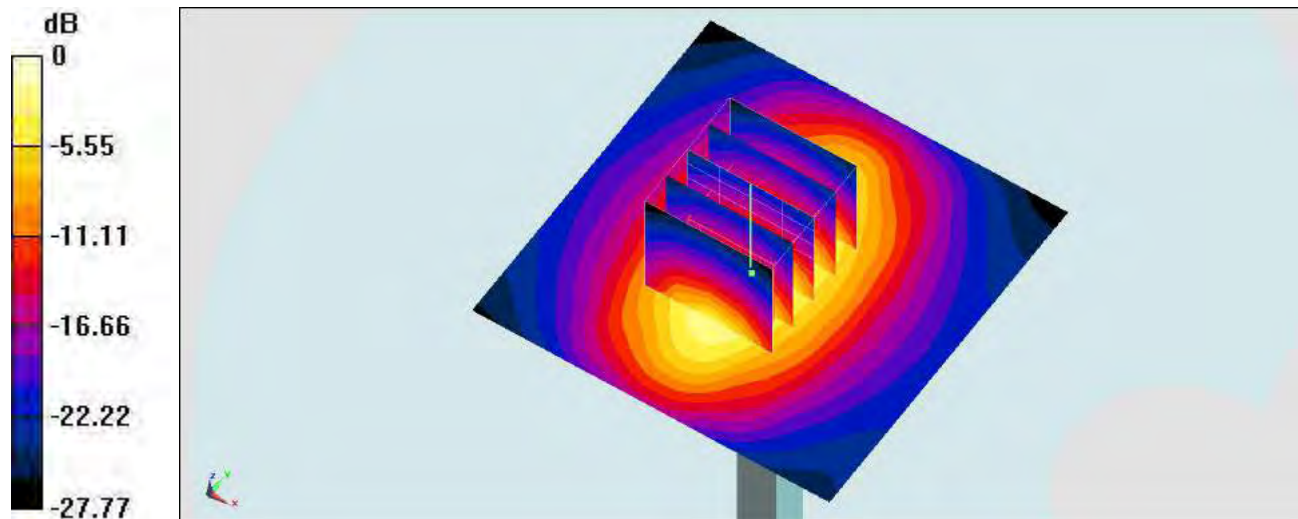
Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 103.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.91 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.7 W/kg



0 dB = 14.0 W/kg = 11.46 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_1750MHz_160309**DUT: D1750V2-1068**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_160309 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.3 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3925; ConvF(8.1, 8.1, 8.1); Calibrated: 2015/5/27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2015/5/22
- Phantom: SAM_Front; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1303
- ;Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.6 mW/g

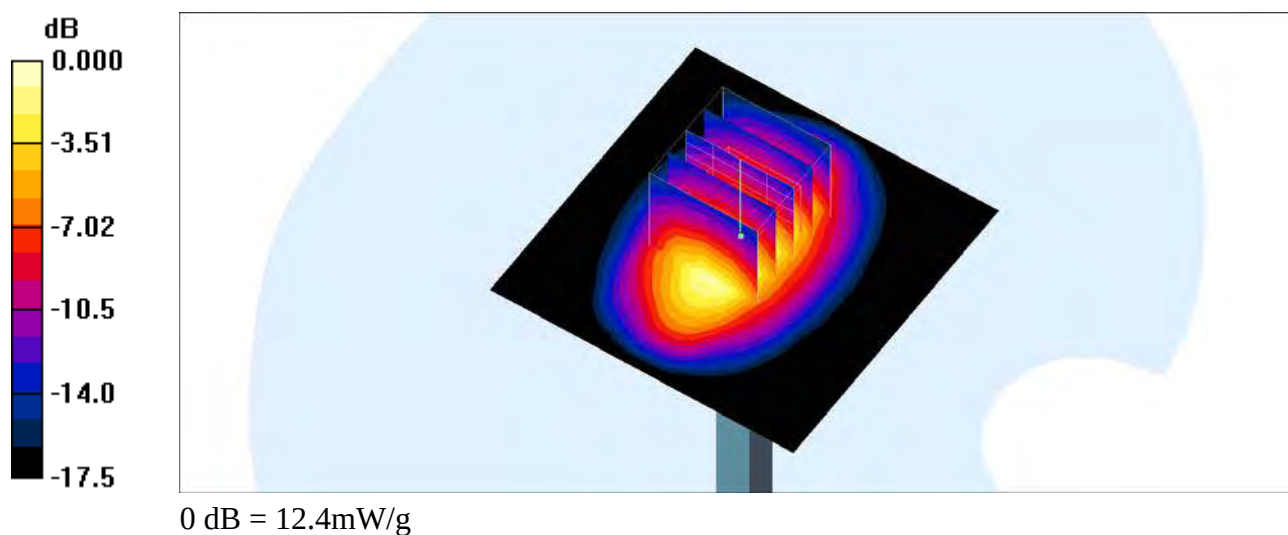
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.033 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.94 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.4 mW/g



System Check_Body_1750MHz_160409

DUT: D1750V2-1068

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_160409 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.459$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.943$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(8.19, 8.19, 8.19); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM_Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.5 W/kg

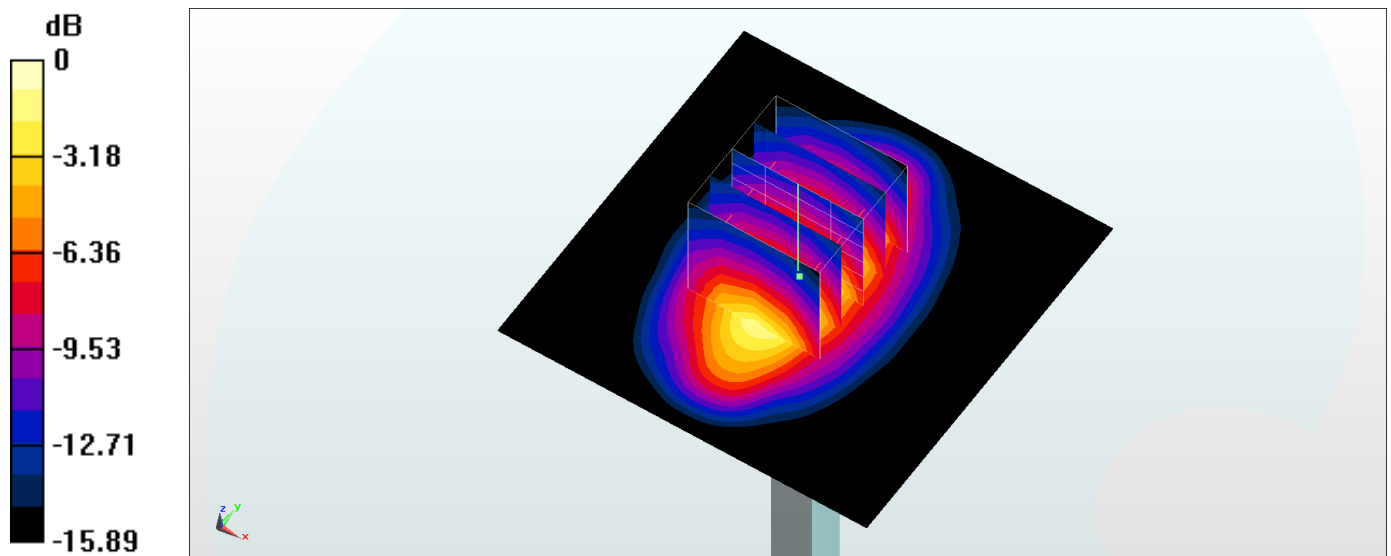
Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.8 W/kg



0 dB = 13.8 W/kg = 11.40 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz_160307

DUT: D1900V2_5d041

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_160307 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.395$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.571$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(8.31, 8.31, 8.31); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM LEFT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1718
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.2 W/kg

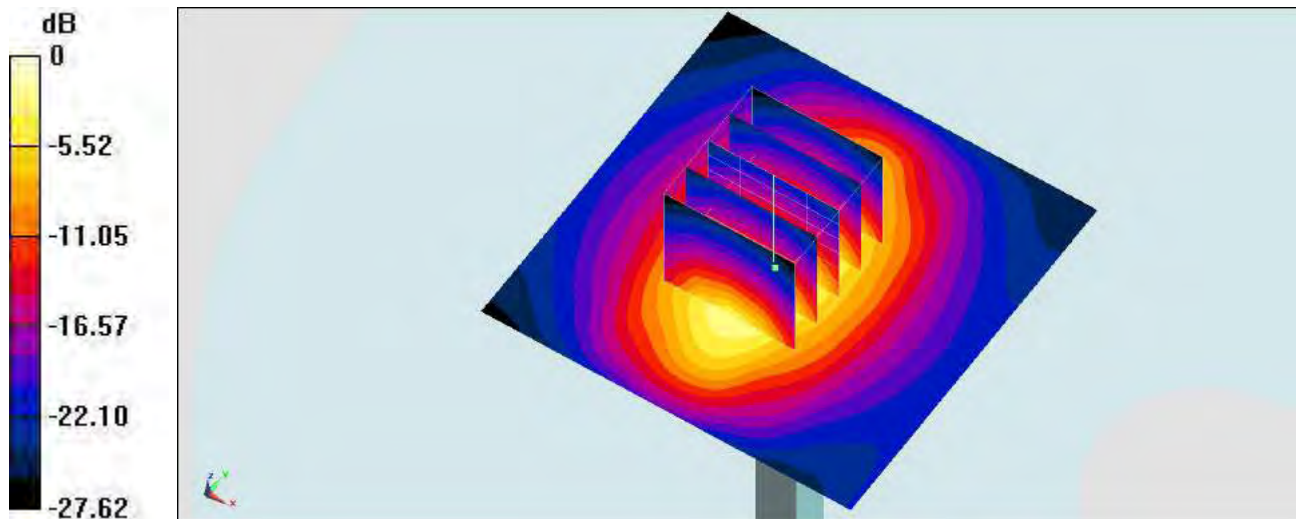
Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 107.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.74 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.06 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.2 W/kg



0 dB = 15.2 W/kg = 11.82 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_1900MHz_160409

DUT: D1900V2-5d041

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_160409 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.524$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.95$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM_Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.7 W/kg

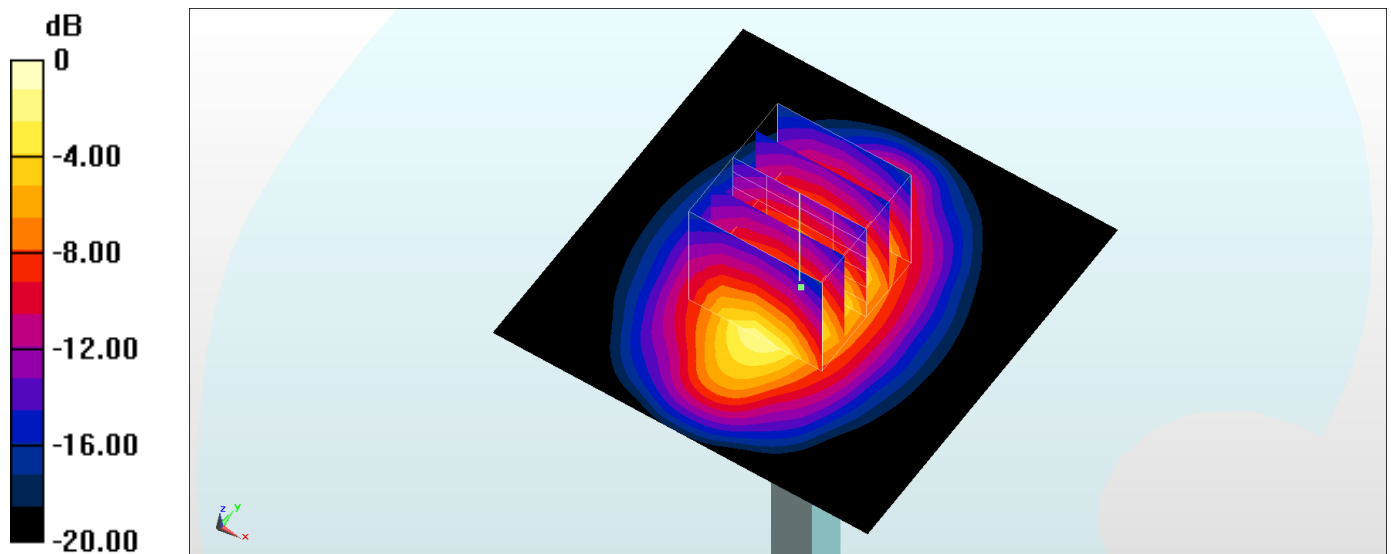
Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 104.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.34 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.4 W/kg



0 dB = 15.4 W/kg = 11.88 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2600MHz_160306

DUT: D2600V2-1008

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2600_160306 Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.002$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.887$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM_RIGHT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 26.0 W/kg

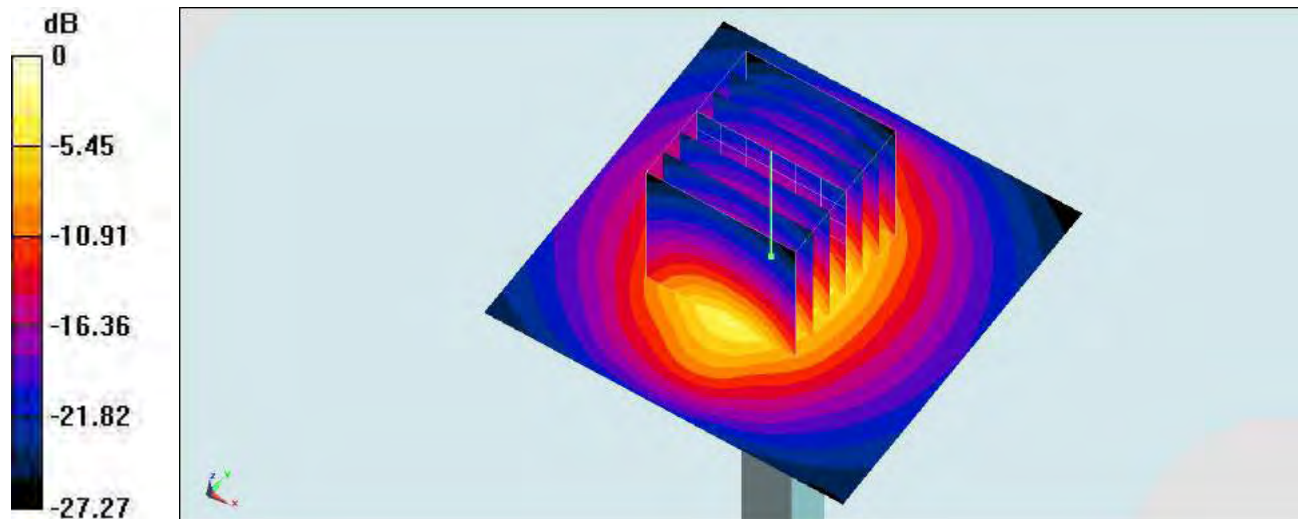
Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 117.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 15.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.72 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 26.2 W/kg



0 dB = 26.0 W/kg = 14.15 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_2600MHz_160410

DUT: D2600V2-1008

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2600_160410 Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.244$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.37$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 2015/9/28;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2016/2/18
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1796
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.8 W/kg

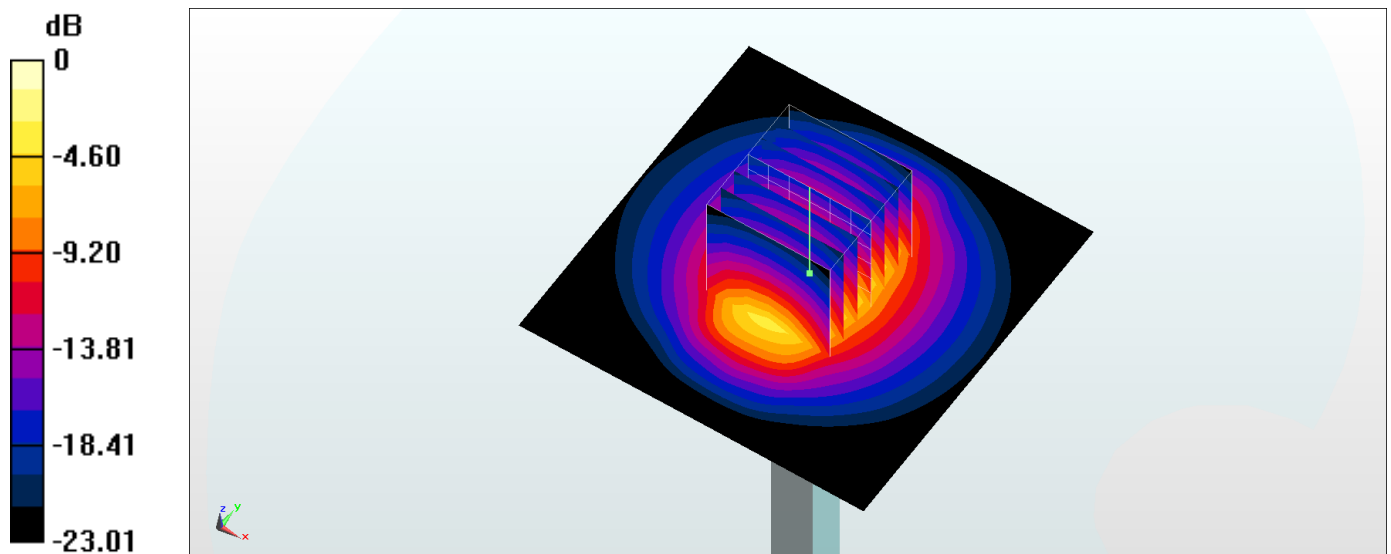
Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 104.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.1 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.3 W/kg



0 dB = 21.3 W/kg = 13.28 dBW/kg



Appendix B. Plots of SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

#01_WCDMA II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_Ch9262

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_160307 Medium parameters used : $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.346$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.732$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(8.31, 8.31, 8.31); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM LEFT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1718
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch9262/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.964 W/kg

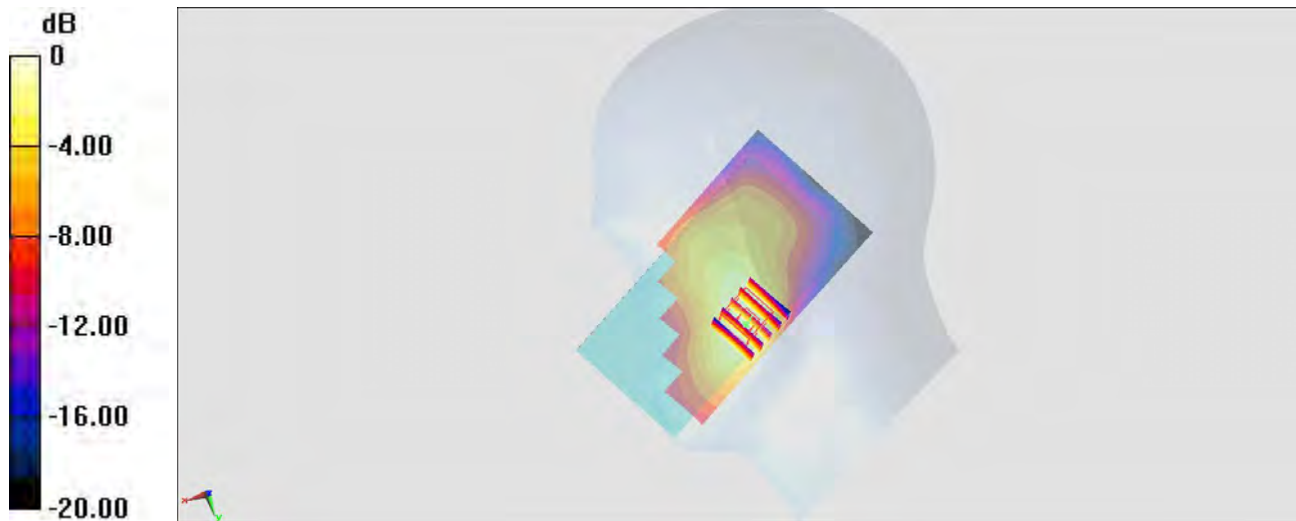
Configuration/Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.682 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.433 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.918 W/kg



0 dB = 0.964 W/kg = -0.16 dBW/kg

#02_WCDMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_Ch1413

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750_160306 Medium parameters used: $f = 1733$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.361$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.712$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(8.58, 8.58, 8.58); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM LEFT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1718
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch1413/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.743 W/kg

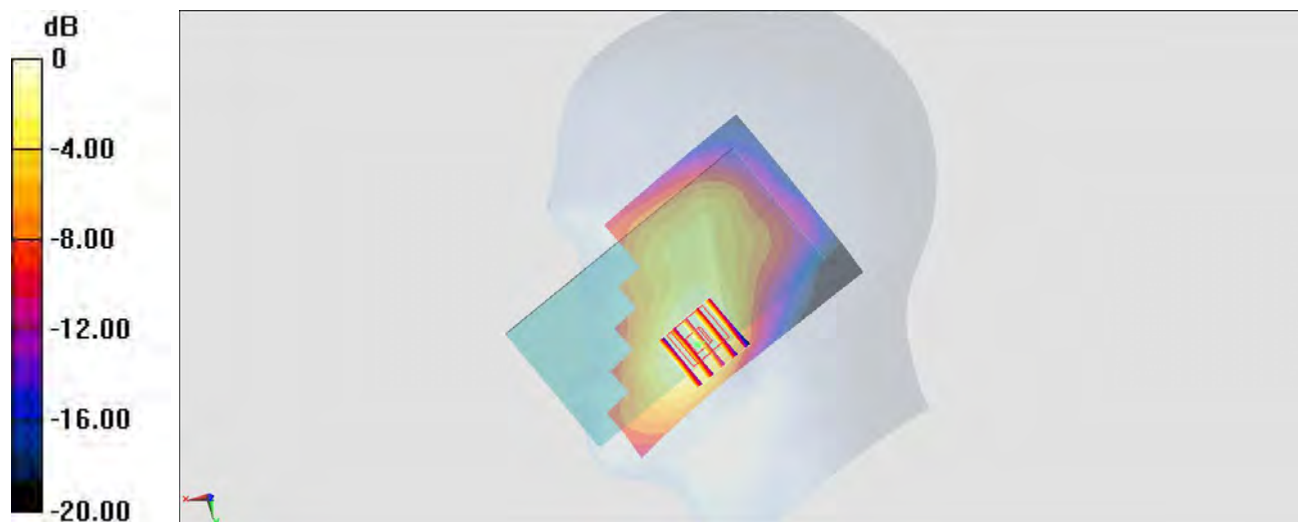
Configuration/Ch1413/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.86 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.850 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.580 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.386 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.754 W/kg



0 dB = 0.743 W/kg = -1.29 dBW/kg

#03_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1_49_Right Cheek_Ch19100

Communication System: LTE ; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_160307 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.395$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.571$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(8.31, 8.31, 8.31); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM LEFT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1718
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch19100/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.07 W/kg

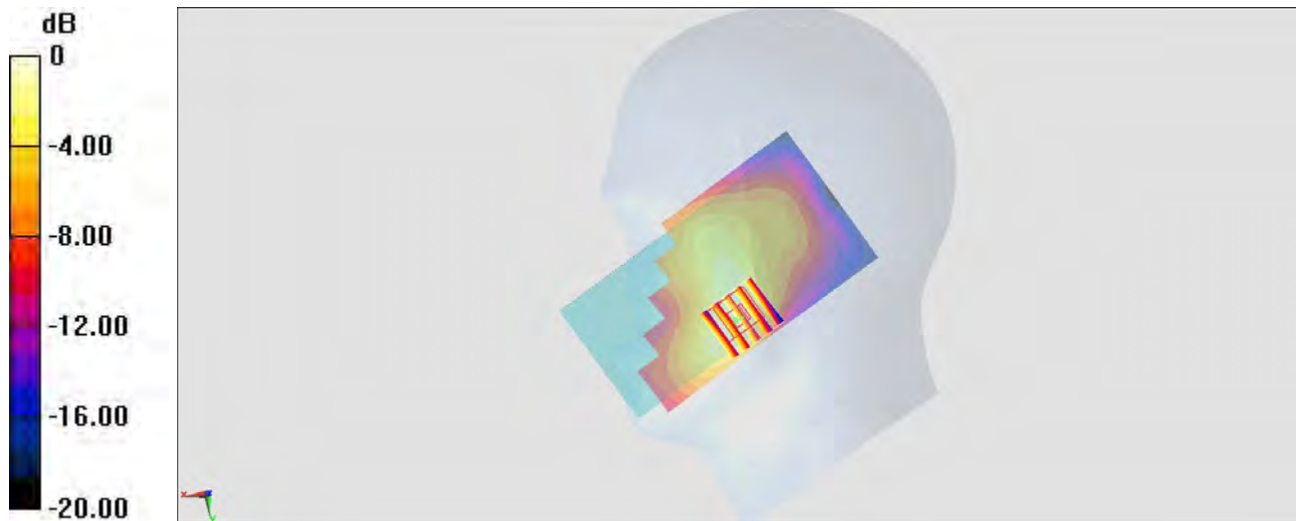
Configuration/Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.99 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.718 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.452 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.963 W/kg



0 dB = 1.07 W/kg = 0.29 dBW/kg

#04_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1_49_Right Cheek_Ch20175

Communication System: LTE ; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750_160306 Medium parameters used : $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.714$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(8.58, 8.58, 8.58); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM LEFT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1718
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch20175/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.650 W/kg

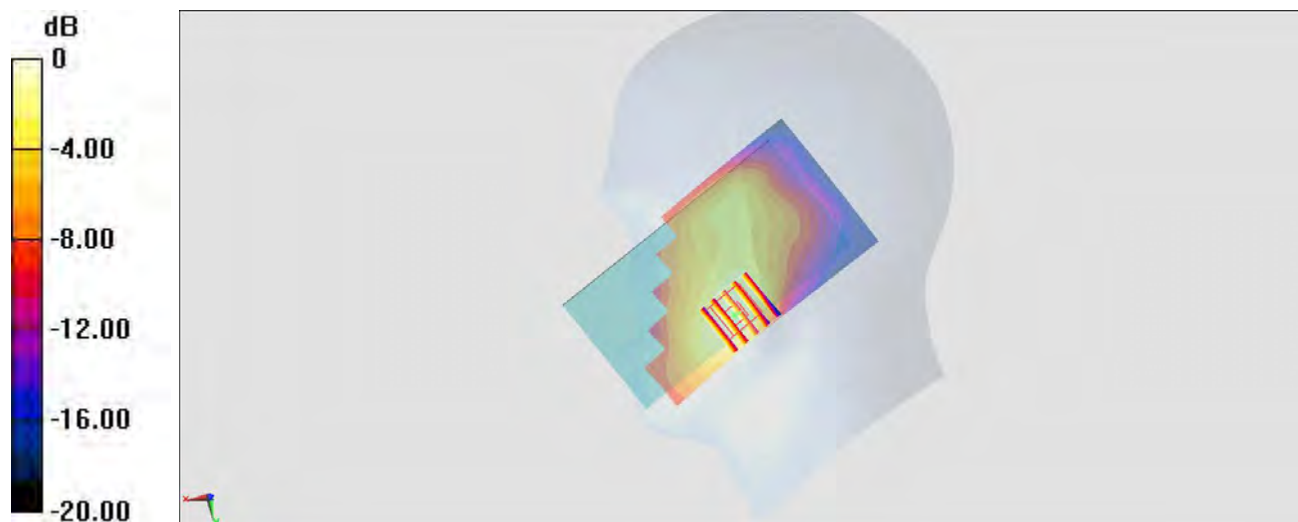
Configuration/Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.87 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.658 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.455 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.303 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.586 W/kg



0 dB = 0.650 W/kg = -1.87 dBW/kg

#05_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_1_49_Left Cheek_Ch21350

Communication System: LTE ; Frequency: 2560 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2600_160306 Medium parameters used: $f = 2560$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.951$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.033$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM_RIGHT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1719
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch21350/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.628 W/kg

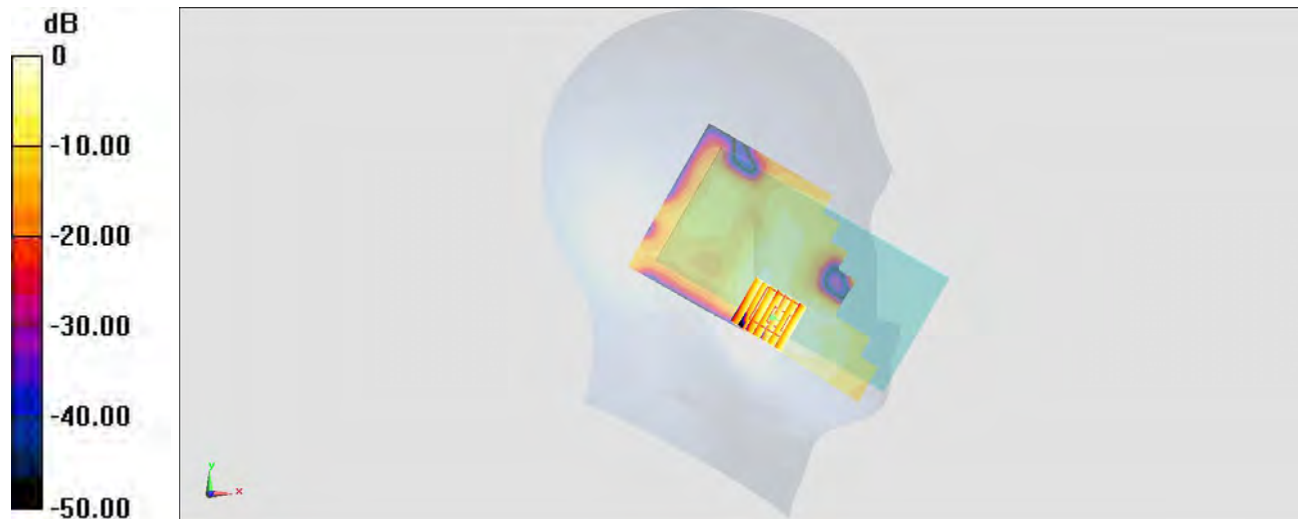
Configuration/Ch21350/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.95 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.690 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.370 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.240 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.575 W/kg



0 dB = 0.628 W/kg = -2.02 dBW/kg

#06_LTE Band 12_10M_QPSK_1_25_Left Cheek_Ch23095

Communication System: LTE ; Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_750_160308 Medium parameters used : $f = 707.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.855$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.894$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(10.46, 10.46, 10.46); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM LEFT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1718
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch23095/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.285 W/kg

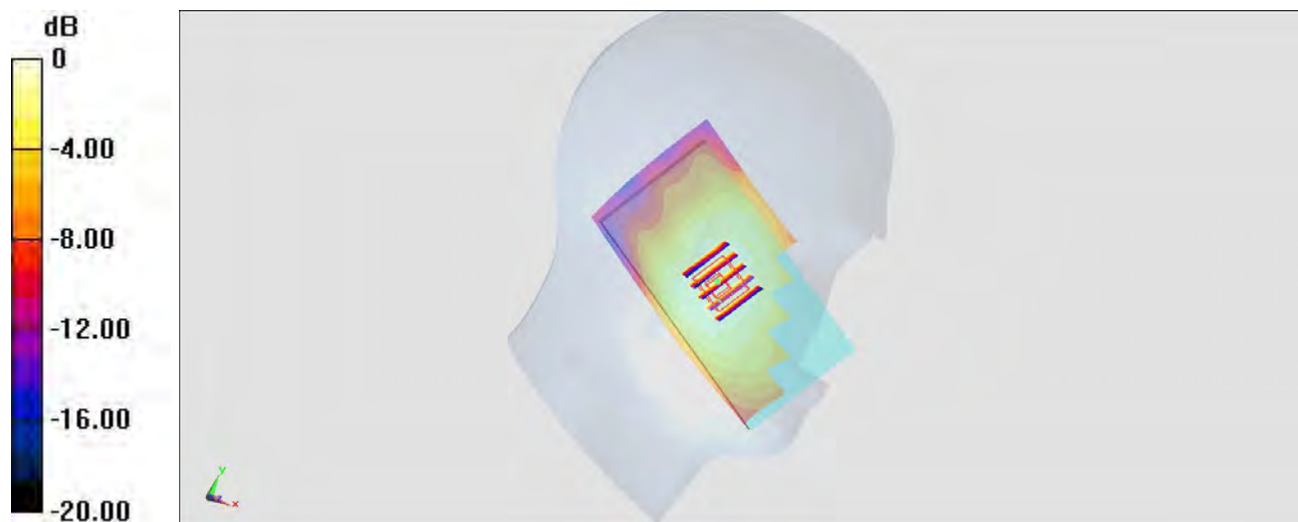
Configuration/Ch23095/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.06 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.321 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.257 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.204 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.296 W/kg



0 dB = 0.285 W/kg = -5.45 dBW/kg

#07_WCDMA II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch9400

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_160409 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.499$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.012$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM_Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch9400/Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 W/kg

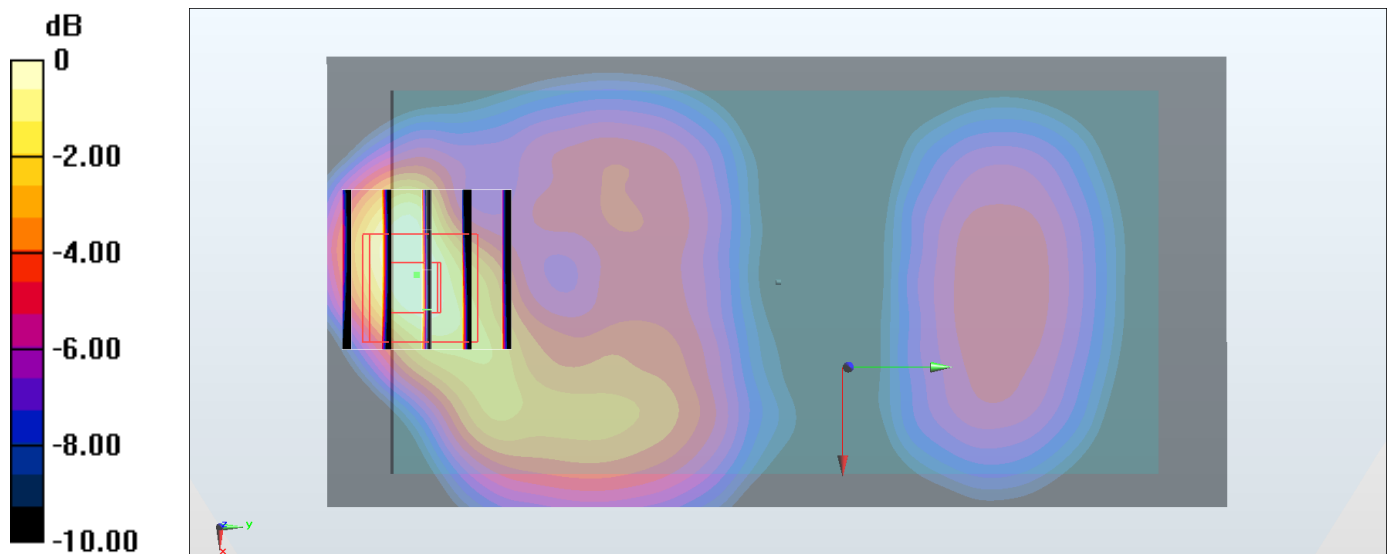
Configuration/Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.66 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.23 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.657 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.344 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.971 W/kg



0 dB = 0.971 W/kg = -0.13 dBW/kg

#08_WCDMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch1312

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1712.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_160409 Medium parameters used: $f = 1712.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.425$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.034$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(8.19, 8.19, 8.19); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM_Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch1312/Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.833 W/kg

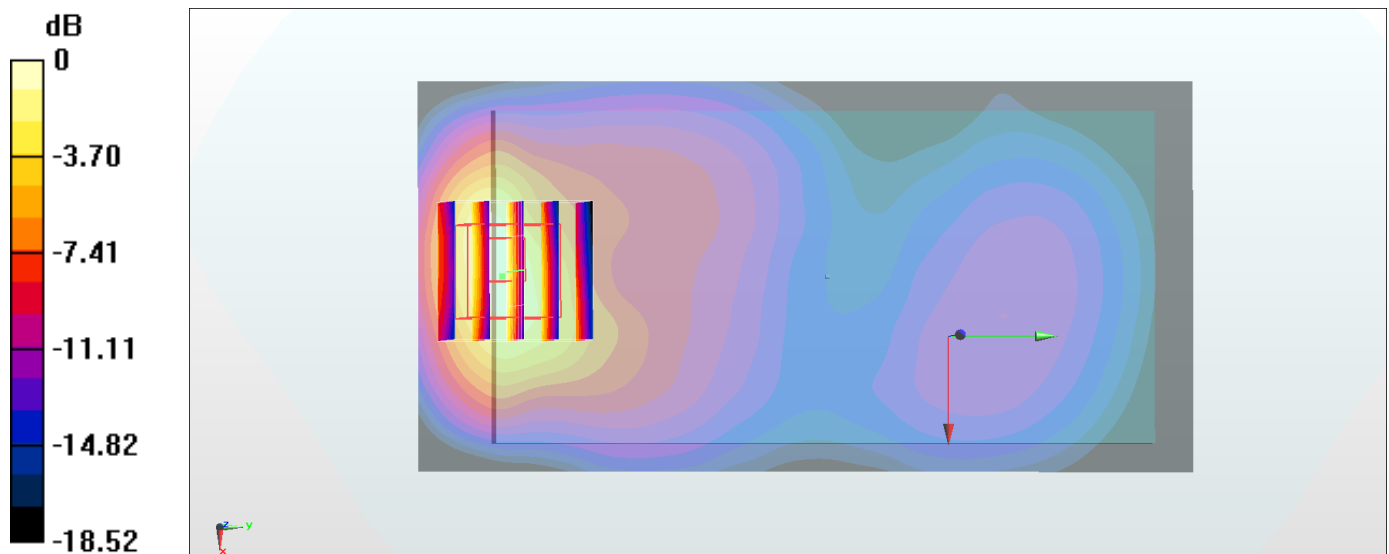
Configuration/Ch1312/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.896 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.626 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.331 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.921 W/kg



0 dB = 0.921 W/kg = -0.36 dBW/kg

#09_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_50_0_Back_10mm_Ch19100

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_160409 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.524$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.95$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM_Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch19100/Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.847 W/kg

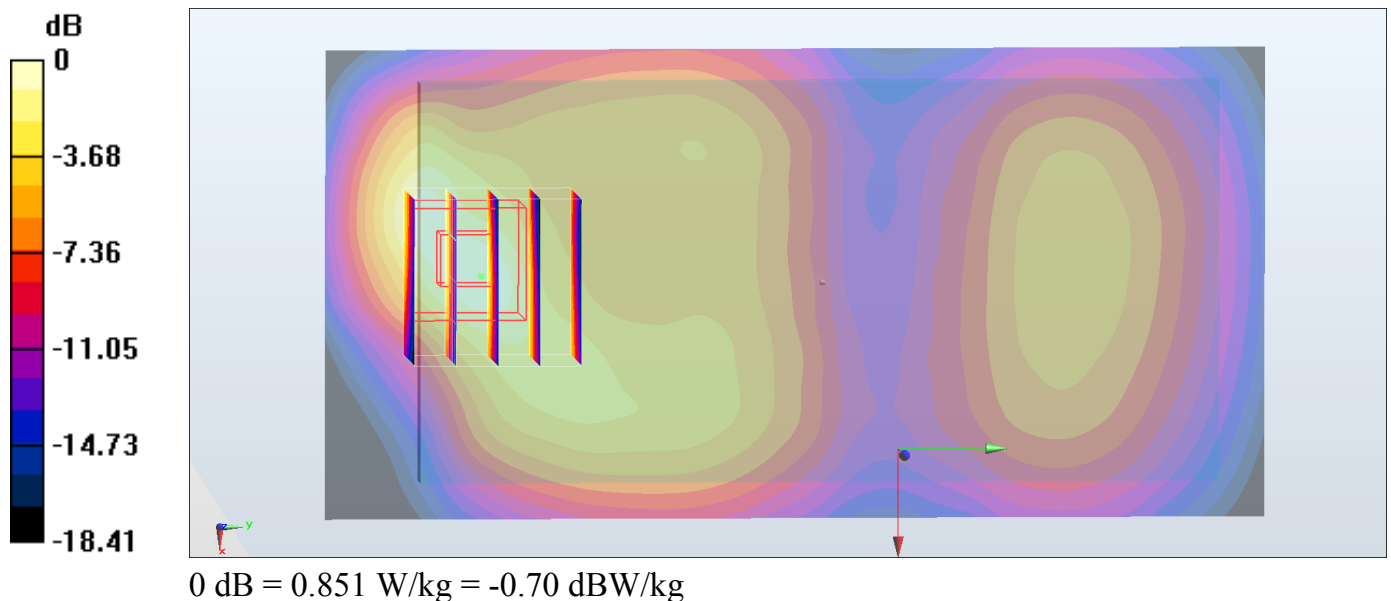
Configuration/Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.576 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.298 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.851 W/kg



#10_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_100_0_Back_10mm_Ch20175

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_160409 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.444$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.988$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(8.19, 8.19, 8.19); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM_Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch20175/Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.914 W/kg

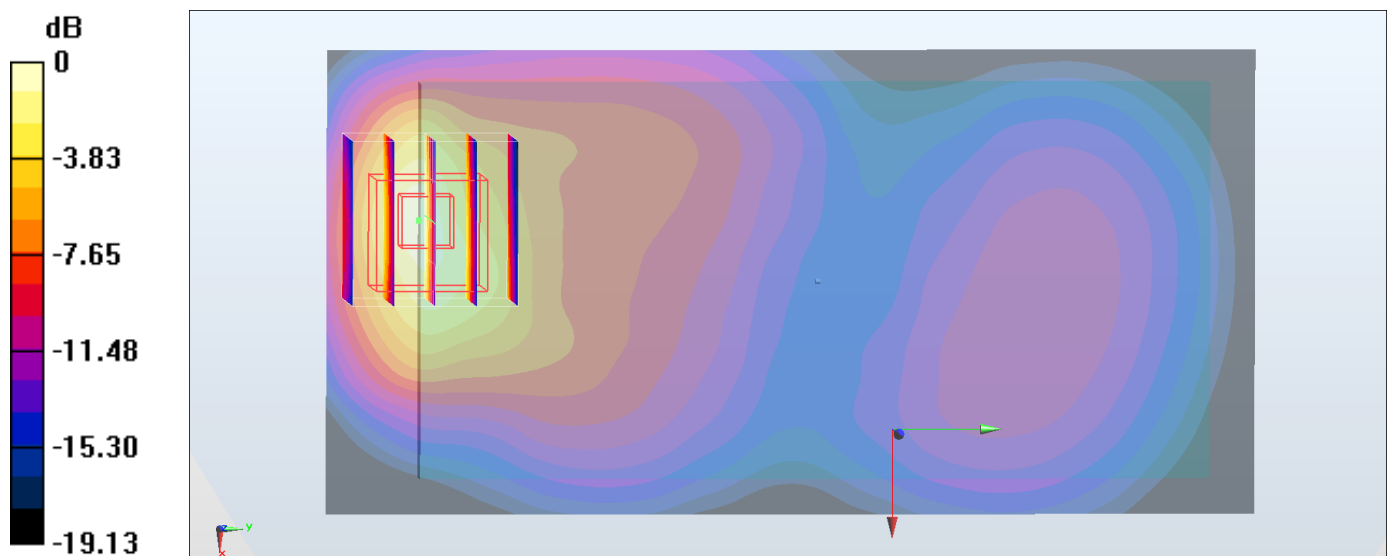
Configuration/Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.632 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.328 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.973 W/kg



0 dB = 0.973 W/kg = -0.12 dBW/kg

#11_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_100_0_Back_10mm_Ch20850

Communication System: LTE ; Frequency: 2510 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2600_160410 Medium parameters used: $f = 2510$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.113$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.732$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 2015/9/28;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2016/2/18
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1796
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch20850/Area Scan (71x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.781 W/kg

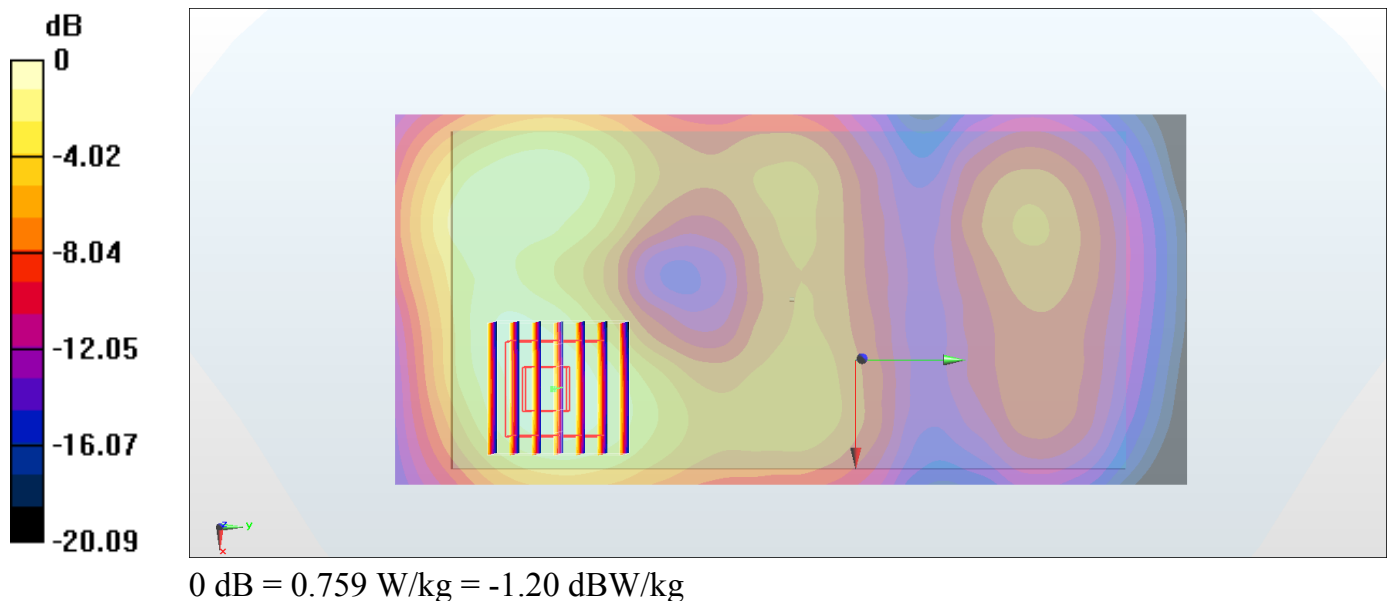
Configuration/Ch20850/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.619 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.334 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.759 W/kg



#12_LTE Band 12_10M_QPSK_1_25_Back_10mm_Ch23095

Communication System: LTE ; Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_160305 Medium parameters used: $f = 707.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.934$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 57.142$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.8 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(10.29, 10.29, 10.29); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM LEFT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1718
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch23095/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.593 W/kg

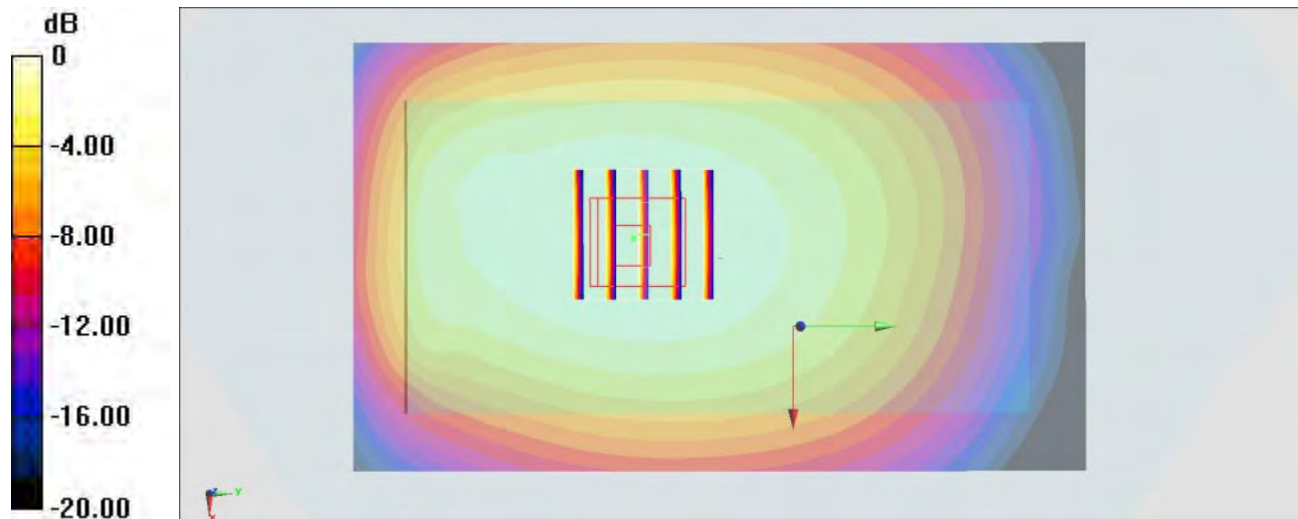
Configuration/Ch23095/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.659 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.526 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.416 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.608 W/kg



#13_WCDMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Bottom Side_0mm_Ch1413

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_160309 Medium parameters used: $f = 1733$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.3 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3925; ConvF(8.1, 8.1, 8.1); Calibrated: 2015/5/27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2015/5/22
- Phantom: SAM_Front; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1303
- ;Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Ch1413/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.7 mW/g

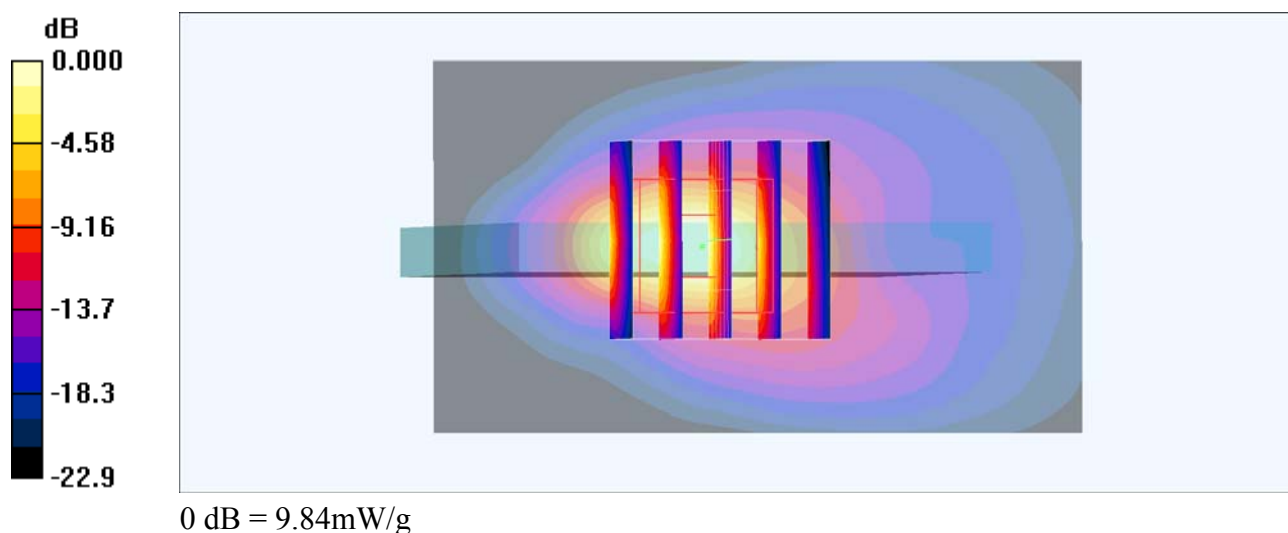
Ch1413/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 63.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.43 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.16 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.84 mW/g



#14_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_50_24_Bottom Side_0mm_Ch20175

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_160309 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.3 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3925; ConvF(8.1, 8.1, 8.1); Calibrated: 2015/5/27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2015/5/22
- Phantom: SAM_Front; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1303
- ;Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 159

Ch20175/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 7.97 mW/g

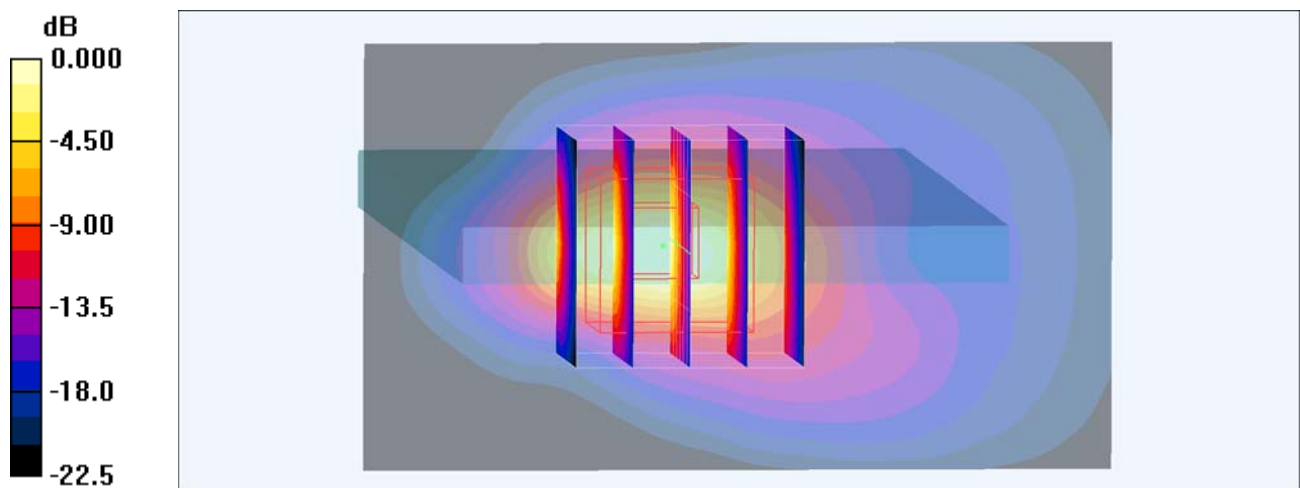
Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.046 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.94 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.36 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.74 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.28 mW/g



0 dB = 8.28mW/g

#15_WCDMA II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch9400

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_160409 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.499$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.012$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM_Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch9400/Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 W/kg

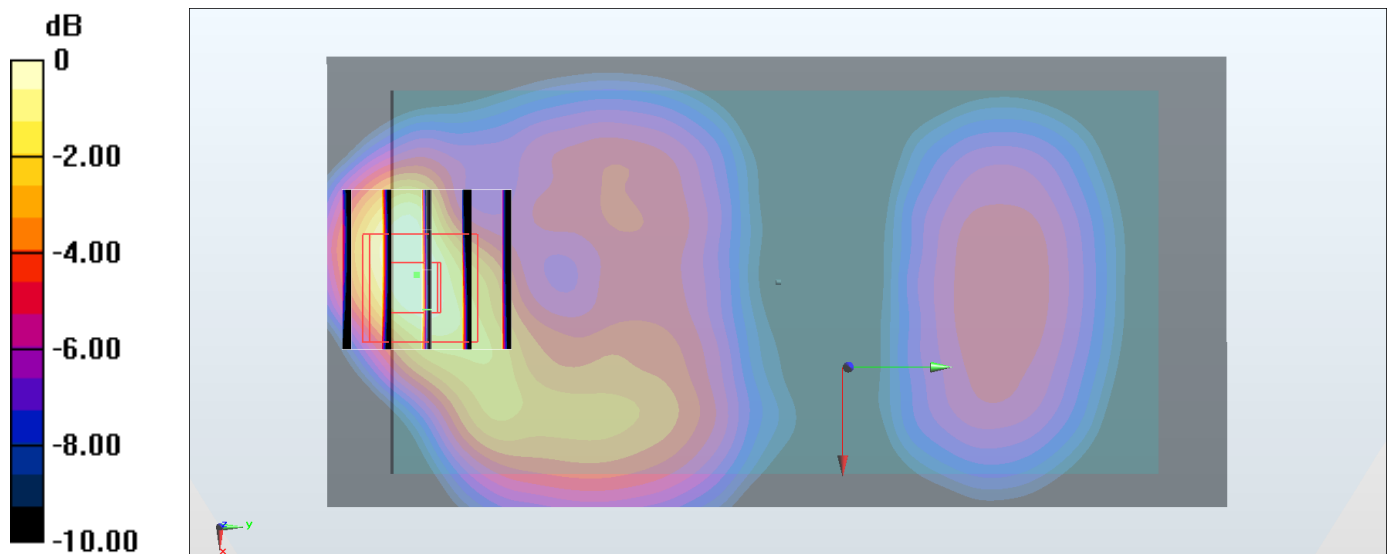
Configuration/Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.66 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.23 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.657 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.344 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.971 W/kg



0 dB = 0.971 W/kg = -0.13 dBW/kg

#16_WCDMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch1312

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1712.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_160409 Medium parameters used: $f = 1712.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.425$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.034$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(8.19, 8.19, 8.19); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM_Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch1312/Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.833 W/kg

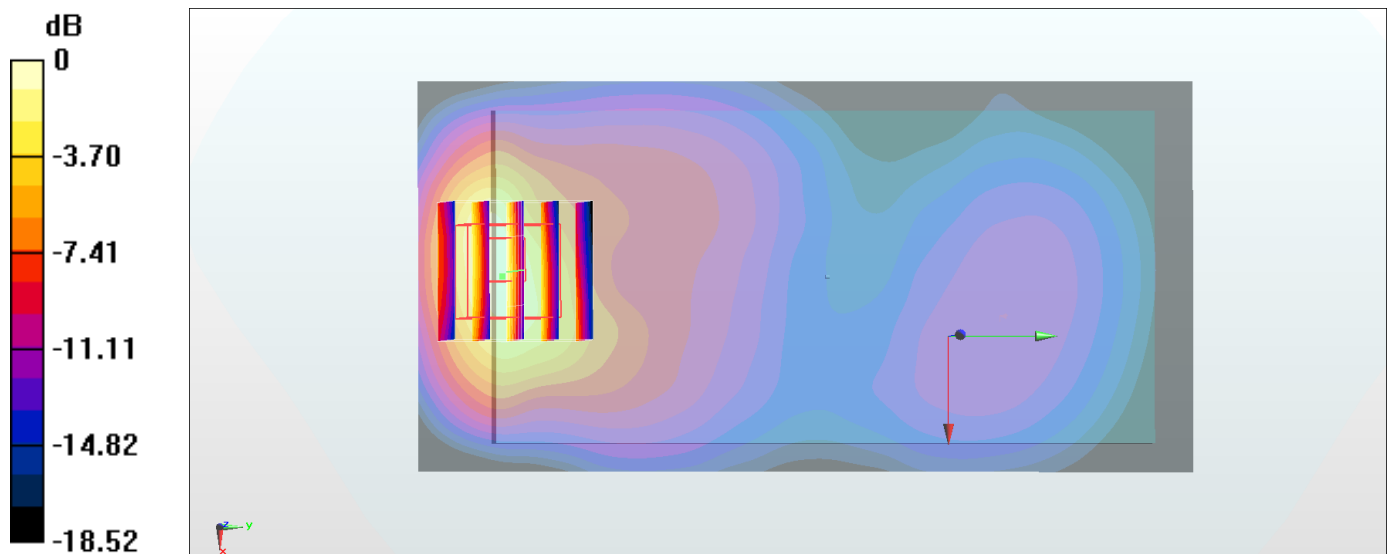
Configuration/Ch1312/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.896 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.626 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.331 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.921 W/kg



0 dB = 0.921 W/kg = -0.36 dBW/kg

#17_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_50_0_Back_10mm_Ch19100

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_160409 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.524$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.95$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM_Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch19100/Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.847 W/kg

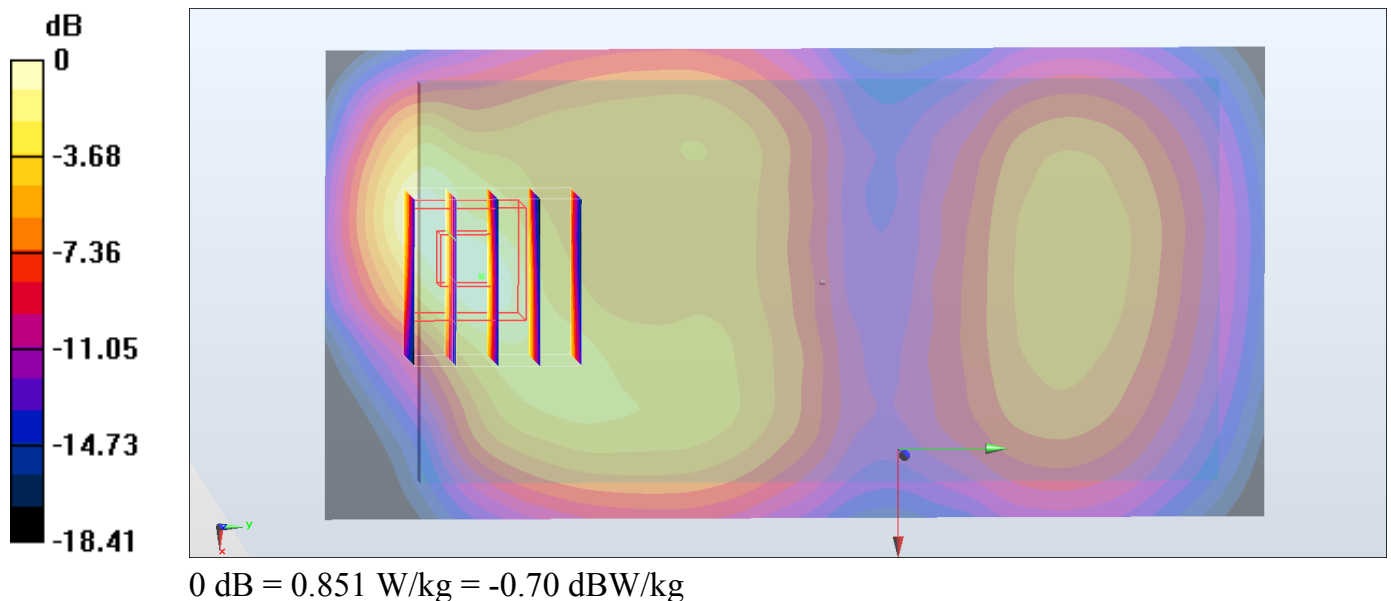
Configuration/Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.576 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.298 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.851 W/kg



#18_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_100_0_Back_10mm_Ch20175

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_160409 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.444$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.988$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(8.19, 8.19, 8.19); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM_Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1801
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch20175/Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.914 W/kg

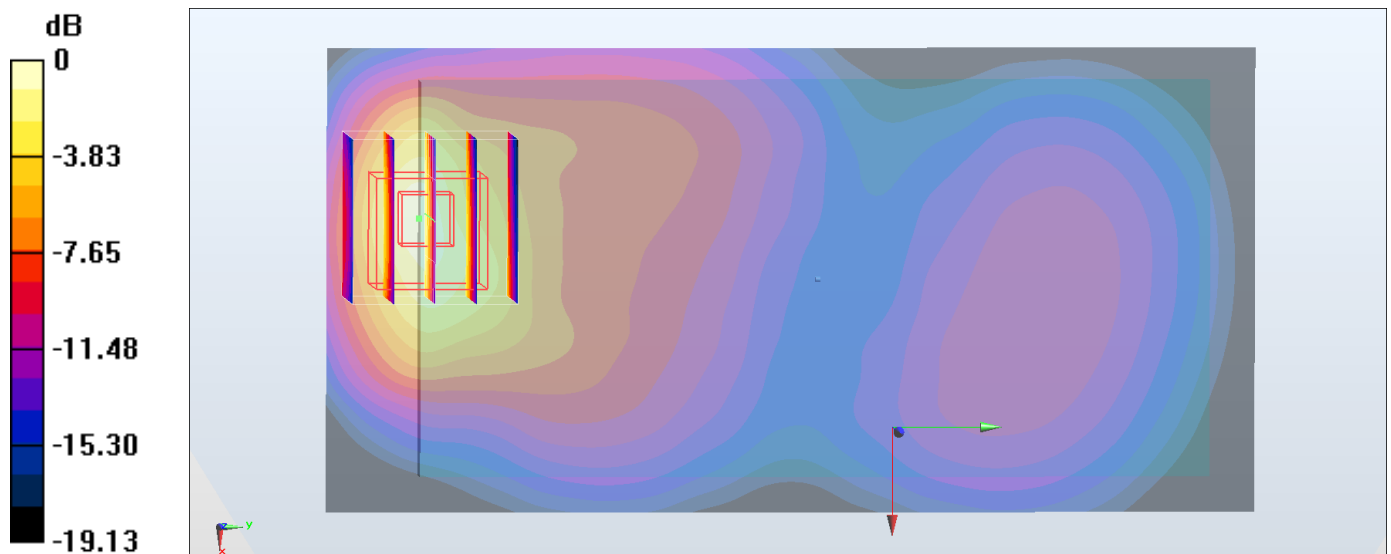
Configuration/Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.632 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.328 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.973 W/kg



0 dB = 0.973 W/kg = -0.12 dBW/kg

#19_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_100_0_Back_10mm_Ch20850

Communication System: LTE ; Frequency: 2510 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2600_160410 Medium parameters used: $f = 2510$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.113$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.732$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 2015/9/28;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2016/2/18
- Phantom: SAM_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: S/N:1796
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch20850/Area Scan (71x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.781 W/kg

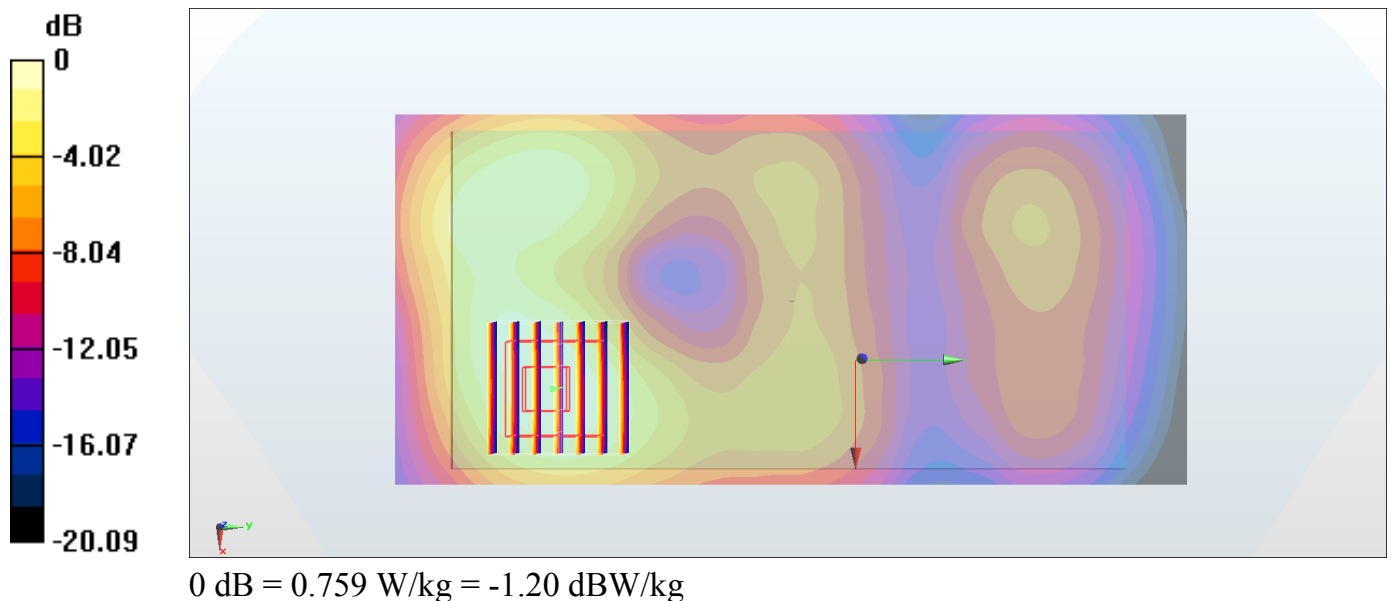
Configuration/Ch20850/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.619 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.334 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.759 W/kg



#20_LTE Band 12_10M_QPSK_1_25_Back_10mm_Ch23095

Communication System: LTE ; Frequency: 707.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_160305 Medium parameters used: $f = 707.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.934$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 57.142$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.8 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(10.29, 10.29, 10.29); Calibrated: 2015/10/1;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2015/9/24
- Phantom: SAM LEFT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1718
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch23095/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.593 W/kg

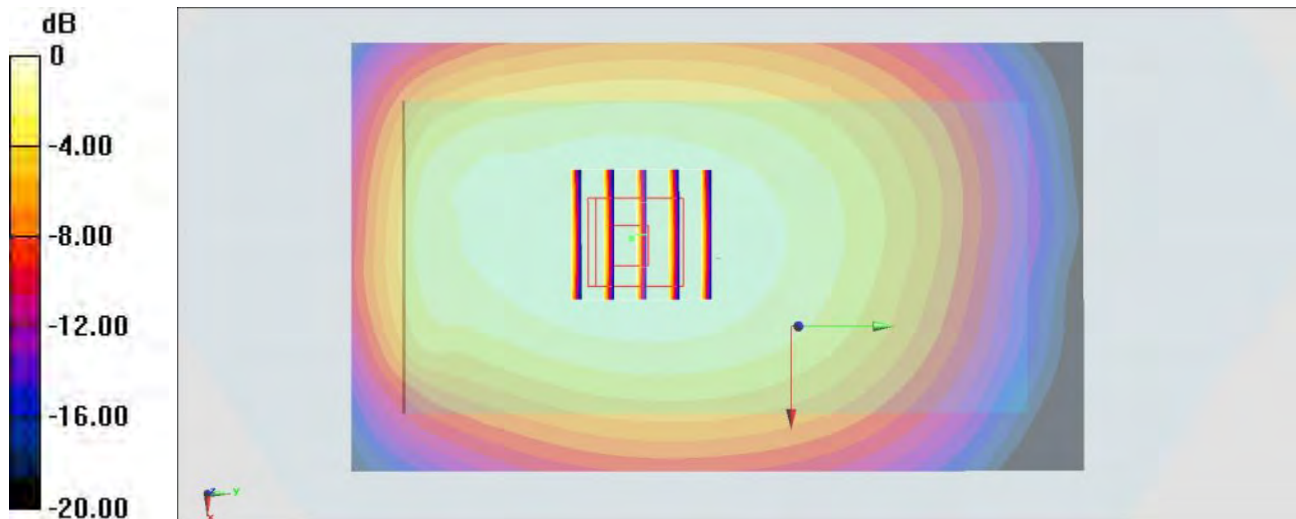
Configuration/Ch23095/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.659 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.526 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.416 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.608 W/kg



0 dB = 0.593 W/kg = -2.27 dBW/kg