# **FCC SAR Test Report**

APPLICANT : Motorola Mobility, LLC

**EQUIPMENT**: Mobile Cellular Phone

**BRAND NAME**: Motorola

MODEL NAME : 4597

FCC ID : IHDT56QG2

**STANDARD** : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

**ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992** 

IEEE 1528-2003

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager

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Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager

lac-MRA



Report No.: FA542019-01A

## SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

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SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

Issued Date: May. 18, 2015 Form version.: 150415

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**Revision History** 

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FA542019-01A	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	May. 18, 2015

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## 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Motorola Mobility**, **LLC**, **Mobile Cellular Phone**, **4597**, are as follows.

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		Highest SAR Summary							
Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Head (Separation 0mm)	Body-worn (Separation 15mm)	Wireless Router (Separation 10mm)	Highest Simultaneous				
			Transmission SAR (W/kg)						
	GSM850	0.41	0.49	0.62					
	GSM1900	0.31	0.46	0.97					
	WCDMA Band V	0.76	0.70	0.81					
PCE	WCDMA Band IV	0.50	0.94	0.86	1.38				
WCDMA Band I		0.59	0.84	0.76					
	LTE Band 4	0.36	0.67	1.33					
	LTE Band 7	0.20	1.13	0.75					
DTS	2.4GHz WLAN	0.49	0.05	0.09	1.38				
DSS	Bluetooth	0.09	0.01	0.02	1.33				
Date of	Testing:		2015/5/2 ~	2015/5/11					

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003.

## 2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory								
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.								
Test Site Location	No.52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978							

Applicant Applicant						
Company Name	Company Name Motorola Mobility, LLC					
Address	222 W Merchandise Mart Plaza, Suite 1800, Chicago, IL 60654, United States					

Manufacturer Control of the Control							
Company Name	Company Name Motorola Mobility, LLC						
Address 222 W Merchandise Mart Plaza, Suite 1800, Chicago, IL 60654, United States							

## 3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

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- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r03
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02

## 4. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

### 4.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
<b>Equipment Name</b>	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola
Model Name	4597
FCC ID	IHDT56QG2
IMEI Code	355491060004373
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA LTE: QPSK, 16QAM 802.11b/g/n HT20 Bluetooth v3.0 with EDR, Bluetooth v4.0 with LE
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

## Remark:

- The 2.4GHz WLAN and Bluetooth conducted power and SAR testing results were referred to Sporton FCC SAR Test Report, Brand Name: Motorola, Model Name: 4247, FCC ID: IHDT56QG1, Report No: FA542019A or Appendix D and also used perform transmission simultaneous analysis.
- 2. While operating in body-adjacent exposure configurations during a mobile hotspot session, reduced power limits are enforced on the WCDMA B4 / B2 and LTE B7 transmitter. More detailed information which can be referred to "operational description".

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## 4.2 Maximum Tune-up Limit

Mode	Burst average power(dBm)					
Mode	GSM 850	GSM 1900				
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.50	30.50				
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.50	30.50				
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	32.00	29.00				
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	30.00	27.00				
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	28.00	25.00				
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	28.00	27.00				
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	26.00	25.00				
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	24.00	23.00				
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	22.00	21.00				

Band / Mode				Average power(dBm)
			AMR / RMC 12.2Kbps	24.00
WCDMA	Dead V / IV / II		HSDPA Subtest-1	23.00
WCDIVIA	Band V / IV / II		DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	23.00
			HSUPA Subtest-5	23.00
LTE		Band 4		24.00
		Band 7		24.00

	Mode	Average Power (dBm)	
	802	.11b	16.00
		CH 1	14.00
	802.11g 802.11n-HT20	CH 6	15.50
2.4GHz WLAN		CH 11	12.00
		CH 1	13.00
		CH 6	14.50
		CH 11	9.50
Bluetooth	v3.0 wi	th EDR	10.00
Bluetootii	v4.0 v	vith LE	1.00



A.3 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

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	Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r03																
FC	C ID					IHDT56	QG2										
Eq	uipment Na	ame				Mobile C	Cellula	ular Phone									
			y Ra	nge of each	n LTE				z ~ 1754.3 l								
trai	nsmission I	band							z ~ 2567.5 l		U I= 4	CMIL OOM	AL I				
Ch	annel Band	dwidth							MHz, 5MHz MHz, 15MH			5MHZ, 20N	/IHZ				
Re	ease and	Catego	ory			Rel10, C	Cat4	·	•								
upl	ink modula	ations	used			QPSK, a	and 16	6QAM									
LTE	Voice / D	ata re	quirer	ments		Voice ar	nd Dat	ta									
							Ta	ble 6.2.3-1:	Maximum	Power	Redu	ction (MPF	) for Powe	r Class	3		
						Mo	dulatio	on	Channel ban	dwidth	/ Trar	nsmission ba	ndwidth (RI	3)	MPI	R (dB)	
LTE	MPR per	maner	ntly b	uilt-in by de	esign			1.4	3.0		5	10	15	20	1		
							OBOL	MHz		_	Hz	MHz	MHz	MHz	-		
							QPSK 6 QAM	>5 1 ≤5	> 4 ≤ 4		8 8	> 12 ≤ 12	> 16 ≤ 16	> 18 ≤ 18		≤ 1 ≤ 1	
							6 QAM		>4	_	- 8	> 12	> 16	> 18		≤ 1 ≤ 2	
LTE	A-MPR						during	g SAR tes	ator configuting and th								
Po	Spectrum plots for RB configuration  Power reduction applied to satisfy SA compliance				A proper measure not inclu	erly of ement uded in open open open open open open open ope	configured therefore, the SAR i		olots f	or ea	ch RB alloc	ation and	offset o	onfigu	ıration a	re	
				Transm	ission (I			nel numbe	rs and fred	uenc	ies in	each LTE	band				
								LTE Ba									
	Bandwidth	n 1.4 N	ЛНz	Bandwid	th 3 MHz	z Bai	ndwid	th 5 MHz	Bandwidt	h 10 l	MHz	Bandwid	th 15 MHz	Ban	dwidth	1 20 MH:	z
	Ch. #	Fre (MH		Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)		า. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #		eq. Hz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch	. #	Freq. (MHz)	
L	19957	171	0.7	19965	1711.5	5 199	975	1712.5	20000	17	'15	20025	1717.5	200	)50	1720	
М	20175	173	2.5	20175	1732.5	5 20°	175	1732.5	20175	1732.5		20175	1732.5 20		75	1732.5	5
Н	20393	175	4.3	20385	1753.5	5 203	375	1752.5	20350	17	'50	20325	1747.5	203	300	1745	
LTE Band 7																	
				E	Bandwidt			Bar	ndwidt			Ва	ndwidtl	n 20 N	lHz		
	Ch. #		Fre	q. (MHz)	Ch	h. # Freq. (M		eq. (MHz)	Ch. #	!	Freq. (MHz)		Ch.	#	Fred	q. (MHz)	
L	20775	5		2502.5	208	300		2505	2082	5		2507.5	2085	50		2510	
М	21100			2535		100		2535	21100		2535		21100		2535		
Н	21425	5	2	2567.5	214	400	00 2565		2137	5	2562.5		21350		2560		



5. RF Exposure Limits

## 5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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### 5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

### Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.



6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

## 6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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## 6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

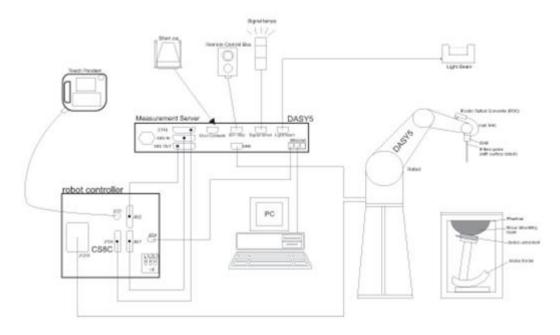
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.



7. System Description and Setup

### The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing,
   AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps,
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

## 8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

#### <Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

#### <SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

### 8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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## 8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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### 8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution of x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be $\leq$ the corresponding device with at least one



8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	lution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm <sup>*</sup>	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$		
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
	grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$			
Minimum zoom scan volume	can x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$		

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

### 8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

### 8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is  $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$ ,  $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$ ,  $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$  and  $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$  zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Medel	Carial Number	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	499	Mar. 20, 2015	Mar. 19, 2016
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1068	Nov. 14, 2014	Nov. 13, 2015
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d041	Mar. 24, 2015	Mar. 23, 2016
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1070	Nov. 19, 2014	Nov. 18, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1388	Sep. 24, 2014	Sep. 23, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1399	Nov. 13, 2014	Nov. 12, 2015
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3578	Mar. 31, 2015	Mar. 30, 2016
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3955	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
Wisewind	Thermometer	ETP-101	TM560	Oct. 21, 2014	Oct. 20, 2015
WonDer	Thermometer	WD-5015	TM685	Oct. 21, 2014	Oct. 20, 2015
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8820C	6201074414	Feb. 06, 2015	Feb. 05, 2016
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50266977	May. 27, 2014	May. 26, 2015
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Agilent	Signal Generator	N5181A	MY50145381	Dec. 11, 2014	Dec. 10, 2015
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46316648	Feb. 11, 2015	Feb. 10, 2016
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1138	Nov. 18, 2014	Nov. 17, 2015
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1349001	Dec. 03, 2014	Dec. 02, 2015
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1306099	Dec. 03, 2014	Dec. 02, 2015
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 7	101131	Jul. 10, 2014	Jul. 09, 2015
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	Not	te 1
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Not	te 1
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Not	te 1
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Not	te 1
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	Not	te 1
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-3W	162601250	Not	te 1

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### General Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.



## 10. System Verification

## 10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target

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tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
				For Head				
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
				For Body				
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

### <Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε <sub>r</sub> ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	HSL	22.4	0.903	42.723	0.90	41.50	0.33	2.95	±5	2015/5/3
835	HSL	22.3	0.920	42.522	0.90	41.50	2.22	2.46	±5	2015/5/11
835	MSL	22.4	0.979	57.279	0.97	55.20	0.93	3.77	±5	2015/5/3
835	MSL	22.5	0.992	57.177	0.97	55.20	2.27	3.58	±5	2015/5/10
1750	HSL	22.5	1.363	40.572	1.37	40.10	-0.51	1.18	±5	2015/5/2
1750	MSL	22.3	1.459	52.898	1.49	53.40	-2.08	-0.94	±5	2015/5/4
1750	MSL	22.5	1.478	53.486	1.49	53.40	-0.81	0.16	±5	2015/5/6
1750	MSL	22.1	1.467	53.157	1.49	53.40	-1.54	-0.46	±5	2015/5/8
1900	HSL	22.5	1.452	40.063	1.40	40.00	3.71	0.16	±5	2015/5/3
1900	HSL	22.3	1.427	41.293	1.40	40.00	1.93	3.23	±5	2015/5/10
1900	MSL	22.5	1.528	55.321	1.52	53.30	0.53	3.79	±5	2015/5/6
1900	MSL	22.4	1.560	54.780	1.52	53.30	2.63	2.78	±5	2015/5/9
2600	HSL	22.5	2.002	38.410	1.96	39.00	2.14	-1.51	±5	2015/5/2
2600	MSL	22.5	2.201	52.823	2.16	52.50	1.90	0.62	±5	2015/5/5
2600	MSL	22.4	2.253	52.909	2.16	52.50	4.31	0.78	±5	2015/5/7

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## 10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2015/5/3	835	HSL	250	D835V2-499	EX3DV4 - SN3578	DAE4 Sn1388	2.19	9.20	8.76	-4.78
2015/5/11	835	HSL	250	D835V2-499	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	2.33	9.20	9.32	1.30
2015/5/3	835	MSL	250	D835V2-499	EX3DV4 - SN3578	DAE4 Sn1388	2.50	9.30	10.00	7.53
2015/5/10	835	MSL	250	D835V2-499	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	2.32	9.30	9.28	-0.22
2015/5/2	1750	HSL	250	D1750V2-1068	EX3DV4 - SN3578	DAE4 Sn1388	8.68	36.80	34.72	-5.65
2015/5/4	1750	MSL	250	D1750V2-1068	EX3DV4 - SN3578	DAE4 Sn1388	9.42	38.00	37.68	-0.84
2015/5/6	1750	MSL	250	D1750V2-1068	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	9.20	38.00	36.80	-3.16
2015/5/8	1750	MSL	250	D1750V2-1068	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	9.13	38.00	36.52	-3.89
2015/5/3	1900	HSL	250	D1900V2-5d041	EX3DV4 - SN3578	DAE4 Sn1388	9.47	40.00	37.88	-5.30
2015/5/10	1900	HSL	250	D1900V2-5d041	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	9.73	40.00	38.92	-2.70
2015/5/6	1900	MSL	250	D1900V2-5d041	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	9.93	39.80	39.72	-0.20
2015/5/9	1900	MSL	250	D1900V2-5d041	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	9.89	39.80	39.56	-0.60
2015/5/2	2600	HSL	250	D2600V2-1070	EX3DV4 - SN3578	DAE4 Sn1388	14.20	56.90	56.80	-0.18
2015/5/5	2600	MSL	250	D2600V2-1070	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	13.60	55.30	54.40	-1.63
2015/5/7	2600	MSL	250	D2600V2-1070	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	14.00	55.30	56.00	1.27

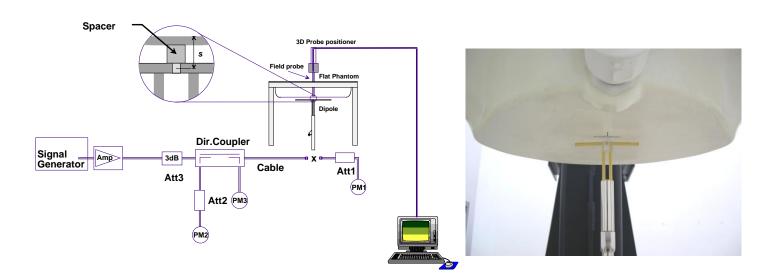


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

## 11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

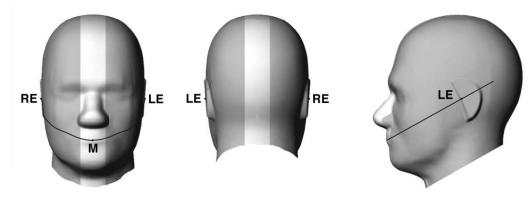


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

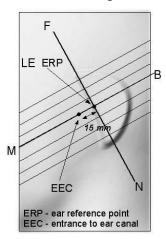
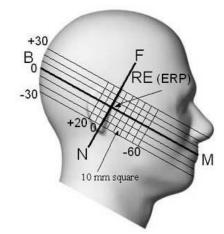


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.



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Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

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## 11.2 Definition of the cheek position

Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.

- Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output: however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line. 6.
- While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

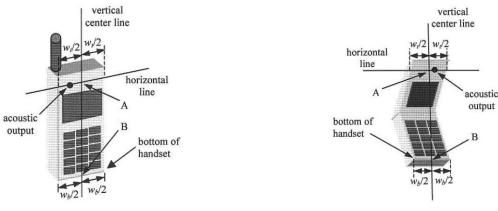


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines-"clam-shell case"

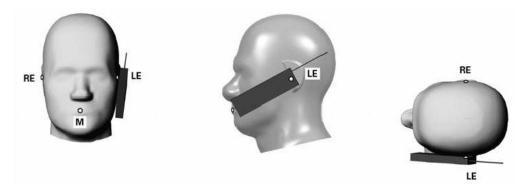


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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## 11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.

- While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point



Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

## 11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

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Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

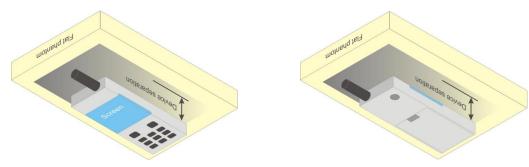


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

### 11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC HDB Publication 941225 D06 v02 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L  $\times$  W  $\ge$  9 cm  $\times$  5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.



## 12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

#### <GSM Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.

Band GSM850	Burst Av	erage Powe	er (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-A	verage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up	
TX Channel	128	189	251	Limit	128	189	251	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.34	32.41	32.02	33.50	23.34	23.41	23.02	24.50	
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.35	32.43	32.04	33.50	23.35	23.43	23.04	24.50	
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	30.68	30.72	30.33	32.00	24.68	24.72	24.33	26.00	
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	28.94	28.96	28.85	30.00	24.68	24.70	24.59	25.74	
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	26.54	26.55	26.62	28.00	23.54	23.55	23.62	25.00	
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	26.25	26.20	26.20	28.00	17.25	17.20	17.20	19.00	
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	24.09	24.08	24.03	26.00	18.09	18.08	18.03	20.00	
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	22.01	22.00	22.01	24.00	17.75	17.74	17.75	19.74	
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	20.39	20.41	20.40	22.00	17.39	17.41	17.40	19.00	

Band GSM1900	Burst Av	erage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-A	/erage Pov	ver (dBm)	Tune-up	
TX Channel	512	661	810	Limit	512	661	810	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.15	28.99	28.89	30.50	20.15	19.99	19.89	21.50	
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.17	29.01	28.90	30.50	20.17	20.01	19.90	21.50	
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	27.61	27.43	27.42	29.00	21.61	21.43	21.42	23.00	
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	25.78	25.53	25.51	27.00	21.52	21.27	21.25	22.74	
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	23.49	23.26	23.28	25.00	20.49	20.26	20.28	22.00	
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	25.20	25.11	25.00	27.00	16.20	16.11	16.00	18.00	
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	24.18	23.86	23.91	25.00	18.18	17.86	17.91	19.00	
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	22.36	22.03	22.08	23.00	18.10	17.77	17.82	18.74	
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	20.27	19.96	20.03	21.00	17.27	16.96	17.03	18.00	

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#### <WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
- 3. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

#### **HSDPA Setup Configuration:**

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - i. Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each
  - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
  - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
  - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
  - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
  - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βο	βd	βd (SF)	βс/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

- Note 1:  $\triangle_{ACK}$ ,  $\triangle_{NACK}$  and  $\triangle_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .
- Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\triangle$ ACK and  $\triangle$ NACK = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ , and  $\triangle$ CQI = 24/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 24/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .
- Note 3: CM = 1 for  $\beta_{\text{e}}/\beta_{\text{d}}$  =12/15,  $\beta_{\text{hs}}/\beta_{\text{e}}$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HSDPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.
- Note 4: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_d/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_0$  = 11/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.

**Setup Configuration** 

#### **HSUPA Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \*:
  - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - ii. Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βс	βa	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	βc/βd	βнs (Note1)	βес	β <sub>ed</sub> (Note 5) (Note 6)	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 47/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_0/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{1s}/\beta_c = 24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 10/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta_d/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 14/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.
- Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 6: β<sub>ed</sub> can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

#### **Setup Configuration**

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#### DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration below
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
  - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK) iii.
  - Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters iv.
  - Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
    - a). Subtest 1:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$ b). Subtest 2:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$

    - c). Subtest 3:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
    - d). Subtest 4:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
  - Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8 vi.
  - vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
  - Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2 ix.
  - Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

#### C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

	Parameter	Unit	Value						
Nominal .	Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60						
Inter-TTI	Distance	TTľs	1						
Number of	of HARQ Processes	Proces	6						
		ses	· ·						
Information	on Bit Payload ( $N_{\it INF}$ )	Bits	120						
Number (	Code Blocks	Blocks	1						
Binary Cl	hannel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960						
Total Ava	ailable SML's in UE	SML's	19200						
Number of	of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200						
Coding R	Rate		0.15						
Number of	of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1						
Modulatio	on		QPSK						
Note 1:	The RMC is intended to be used for	or DC-HSD	PA						
	mode and both cells shall transmit	with identi	cal						
	parameters as listed in the table.								
Note 2:	Maximum number of transmission	is limited to	o 1, i.e.,						
	retransmission is not allowed. The	e redundan	cy and						
	constellation version 0 shall be use	ed.							

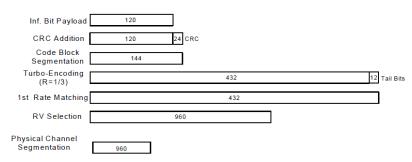


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

## **Setup Configuration**

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#### <WCDMA Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

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Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSDPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

	Ва	ind	,	WCDMA \	/	'	NCDMA I	I	'	WCDMA I\	/
	TX Cł	nannel	4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538	1312	1413	1513
	Rx Ch	nannel	4357	4407	4458	9662	9800	9938	1537	1638	1738
	Frequen	cy (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880	1907.6	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
MPR	3GPP Rel 99	22.98	23.06	23.10	22.67	22.50	22.44	22.65	22.69	22.58	
(dB)	3GFF Kei 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.00	23.08	23.11	22.68	22.52	22.47	22.68	22.71	22.59
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.04	22.06	22.21	21.81	21.68	21.52	21.80	21.76	21.66
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	22.08	22.14	22.18	21.80	21.71	21.60	21.78	21.75	21.65
0.5	3GPP Rel 6 HSDPA Subtest-3		21.62	21.69	21.75	21.27	21.24	21.14	21.20	21.17	21.05
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.61	21.66	21.70	21.27	21.22	21.08	21.22	21.16	20.96
0	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	21.96	22.06	22.15	21.79	21.60	21.42	21.75	21.68	21.58
0	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	21.99	22.04	22.09	21.78	21.66	21.58	21.73	21.68	21.60
0.5	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	21.55	21.60	21.74	21.20	21.23	21.11	21.13	21.08	20.98
0.5	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	21.55	21.63	21.61	21.23	21.14	20.98	21.16	21.07	20.92
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	21.64	21.73	21.83	21.22	21.21	21.18	21.26	21.56	21.13
2	3GPP Rel 6 HSUPA Subtest-2		20.51	20.56	20.62	20.72	20.72	20.60	20.12	20.34	20.16
1	1 3GPP Rel 6 HSUPA Subtest-3		21.08	21.15	21.18	20.37	20.28	20.16	20.00	20.01	20.02
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	21.03	21.05	21.12	20.79	20.78	20.62	20.97	21.24	21.05
0				22.10	22.11	21.84	21.76	21.47	21.77	21.78	21.69

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#### <LTE Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.



<LTE Band 4>

<lie ballu<="" th=""><th><u> </u></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></lie>	<u> </u>							
BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low	Power Middle	Power High	Tuno un limit	MPR
	01			Ch. / Freq.	Ch. / Freq.	Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	(dB)
	Cha			20050	20175	20300	(32)	(42)
00	Frequence	cy (IVIHZ)		1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	23.29	22.95	22.88		0
20	QPSK	1	49	23.11	22.88	22.83	24	0
20	QPSK	1 50	99	22.76	22.35	22.27		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.10	22.00	21.85	_	
20	QPSK	50	24	22.08	21.68	21.70	23	1
20	QPSK	50	49	21.94	21.62	21.61	_	
20	QPSK	100	0	21.92	21.81	21.68		
20	16QAM	1	0	22.29	22.34	22.26		
20	16QAM	1	49	22.21	22.07	22.16	23	1
20	16QAM	1 50	99	21.96	21.85	21.81		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.83	20.89	20.84	_	
20	16QAM	50	24	20.96	20.70	20.69	22	2
20	16QAM	50	49	20.80	20.68	20.73	_	
20	16QAM	100	0	20.91	20.61	20.67		
	Cha -			20025	20175	20325	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequenc			1717.5	1732.5	1747.5	(dBm)	(dB)
15	QPSK	1	0	22.78	23.02	22.68	_	
15	QPSK	1	37	22.92	22.59	22.59	24	0
15	QPSK	1	74	22.86	22.56	22.44		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.88	21.90	21.78		
15	QPSK	36	18	21.88	21.70	21.71	23	1
15	QPSK	36	37	21.97	21.61	21.65		·
15	QPSK	75	0	21.93	21.72	21.69		
15	16QAM	1	0	22.23	22.31	22.05		
15	16QAM	1	37	22.16	21.89	21.93	23	1
15	16QAM	1	74	22.14	21.86	21.83		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.86	20.90	20.76		
15	16QAM	36	18	20.69	20.59	20.61	22	2
15	16QAM	36	37	20.66	20.51	20.57		_
15	16QAM	75	0	20.74	20.61	20.60		
	Cha			20000	20175	20350	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequenc	cy (MHz)		1715	1732.5	1750	(dBm)	(dB)
10	QPSK	1	0	23.06	23.03	22.80		
10	QPSK	1	24	22.95	22.72	22.65	24	0
10	QPSK	1	49	22.91	22.58	22.48		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.81	21.78	21.74		
10	QPSK	25	12	21.89	21.71	21.66	23	1
10	QPSK	25	24	21.87	21.64	21.64		·
10	QPSK	50	0	21.89	21.67	21.61		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.26	22.21	21.98		
10	16QAM	1	24	22.10	21.93	21.87	23	1
10	16QAM	1	49	22.16	21.77	21.91		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.79	20.93	20.66		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.00	20.72	20.60	22	2
10	16QAM	25	24	20.97	20.55	20.58		_
10	16QAM	50	0	20.95	20.58	20.55		

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	Cha	annel		19975	20175	20375	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequen	ıcy (MHz)		1712.5	1732.5	1752.5	(dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	22.83	22.78	22.78		
5	QPSK	1	12	22.77	22.69	22.49	24	0
5	QPSK	1	24	22.82	22.58	22.34		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.76	21.67	21.65		
5	QPSK	12	6	21.79	21.68	21.67		
5	QPSK	12	11	21.81	21.60	21.61	23	1
5	QPSK	25	0	21.76	21.65	21.63		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.06	21.99	21.91		
5	16QAM	1	12	22.01	21.89	21.88	23	1
5	16QAM	1	24	22.05	21.86	21.77		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.72	20.69	20.62		
5	16QAM	12	6	20.71	20.58	20.52		
5	16QAM	12	11	20.72	20.52	20.55	- 22	2
5	16QAM	25	0	20.71	20.57	20.68		
		annel		19965	20175	20385	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequen	ncy (MHz)		1711.5	1732.5	1753.5	(dBm)	(dB)
3	QPSK	1	0	22.86	22.63	22.68		
3	QPSK	1	7	22.82	22.61	22.51	24	0
3	QPSK	1	14	22.85	22.48	22.50		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.82	21.78	21.76		
3	QPSK	8	4	21.83	21.74	21.69		
3	QPSK	8	7	21.85	21.74	21.63	23	1
3	QPSK	15	0	21.73	21.66	21.61		
3	16QAM	1	0	22.19	22.11	21.93		
3	16QAM	1	7	22.07	21.95	21.91	23	1
3	16QAM	1	14	22.17	22.00	21.91		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.65	20.59	20.86		
3	16QAM	8	4	20.66	20.80	20.69		
3	16QAM	8	7	20.69	20.75	20.73	22	2
3	16QAM	15	0	20.59	20.68	20.77		
	Cha	annel		19957	20175	20393	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Freguen	ncy (MHz)		1710.7	1732.5	1754.3	(dBm)	(dB)
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.89	22.79	22.79		
1.4	QPSK	1	2	22.80	22.71	22.60		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.63	22.77	22.48		_
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.69	22.72	22.49	24	0
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.86	22.61	22.60		
1.4	QPSK	3	2	22.76	22.61	22.76		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.79	21.69	21.73	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.03	21.95	21.92		
1.4	16QAM	1	2	21.99	21.86	21.90		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.95	21.94	21.52	_	
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.83	21.91	21.73	23	1
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.92	21.76	21.78		
1.4	16QAM	3	2	21.90	21.76	21.75		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.65	20.55	20.63	22	2

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## <LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	N	Measured Powe	er		
	Cha			20850	21100	21350	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Freguen			2510	2535	2560	(dBm)	(dB)
20	QPSK	1	0	22.50	22.58	22.39		
20	QPSK	1	49	22.29	22.43	22.37	24	0
20	QPSK	1	99	22.16	22.49	22.19		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.36	21.41	21.39		
20	QPSK	50	24	21.31	21.36	21.31	1	
20	QPSK	50	49	21.31	21.35	21.29	23	1
20	QPSK	100	0	21.42	21.43	21.32		
20	16QAM	1	0	21.82	21.63	21.63		
20	16QAM	1	49	21.55	21.56	21.51	23	1
20	16QAM	1	99	21.47	21.62	21.33		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.51	20.31	20.38		
20	16QAM	50	24	20.44	20.21	20.34	1	_
20	16QAM	50	49	20.41	20.28	20.26	22	2
20	16QAM	100	0	20.37	20.44	20.34		
	Cha	nnel		20825	21100	21375	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2507.5	2535	2562.5	(dBm)	(dB)
15	QPSK	1	0	22.53	22.40	22.32		
15	QPSK	1	37	22.27	22.25	22.07	24	0
15	QPSK	1	74	22.27	22.22	22.16		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.48	21.46	21.37		
15	QPSK	36	18	21.39	21.38	21.23	1 00	
15	QPSK	36	37	21.35	21.37	21.24	23	1
15	QPSK	75	0	21.43	21.37	21.31		
15	16QAM	1	0	21.82	21.69	21.62		
15	16QAM	1	37	21.60	21.52	21.40	23	1
15	16QAM	1	74	21.60	21.55	21.38		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.50	20.29	20.37		
15	16QAM	36	18	20.47	20.34	20.26	200	2
15	16QAM	36	37	20.36	20.40	20.19	22	2
15	16QAM	75	0	20.32	20.22	20.26		
	Cha	nnel		20800	21100	21400	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2505	2535	2565	(dBm)	(dB)
10	QPSK	1	0	22.50	22.43	22.27		
10	QPSK	1	24	22.33	22.32	22.13	24	0
10	QPSK	1	49	22.15	22.29	22.09		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.37	21.33	21.32		
10	QPSK	25	12	21.38	21.32	21.18	23	1
10	QPSK	25	24	21.36	21.38	21.18	23	,
10	QPSK	50	0	21.37	21.42	21.21		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.69	21.60	21.55		
10	16QAM	1	24	21.55	21.58	21.39	23	1
10	16QAM	1	49	21.55	21.57	21.37		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.50	20.34	20.27		
10	16QAM	25	12	20.41	20.54	20.32	22	2
10	16QAM	25	24	20.48	20.30	20.14		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.23	20.39	20.16		

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	Cha	nnel		20775	21100	21425	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2502.5	2535	2567.5	(dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	22.34	22.31	22.13		
5	QPSK	1	12	22.31	22.30	22.03	24	0
5	QPSK	1	24	22.17	22.14	22.11		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.37	21.27	21.18		
5	QPSK	12	6	21.42	21.32	21.09	23	1
5	QPSK	12	11	21.34	21.37	21.17	23	•
5	QPSK	25	0	21.37	21.23	21.23		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.62	21.92	21.42		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.60	21.62	21.39	23	1
5	16QAM	1	24	21.57	21.49	21.27		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.32	20.26	20.29		
5	16QAM	12	6	20.34	20.19	20.05	22	2
5	16QAM	12	11	20.29	20.26	20.10	22	2
5	16QAM	25	0	20.43	20.35	20.11		

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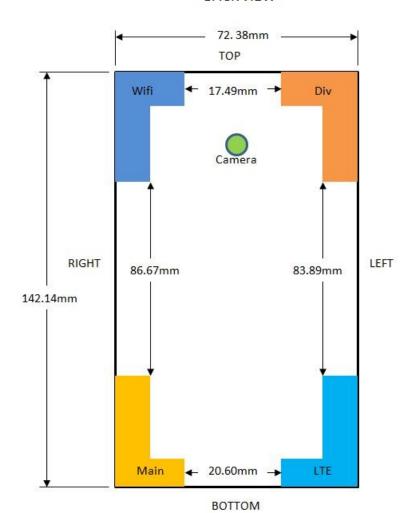
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13. Antenna Location

#### **BACK VIEW**

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Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge Left Side Antennas Back Front Top Side **Bottom Side** Right Side WWAN ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm > 25mm ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode Antennas Back Front Top Side **Bottom Side** Right Side Left Side WWAN Yes Yes No Yes Yes Yes

#### **General Note:**

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm\*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

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## 14. SAR Test Results

#### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - · ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
  - · ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- When hotspot mode is enabled, power reduction will be activated to limit the maximum power of WCDMA B4 / B2 and LTE B7.
- 4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.

#### **GSM Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.

#### **UMTS Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

#### LTE Note:

- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.

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## 14.1 Head SAR

## <GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
01	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	189	836.4	30.72	32.00	1.343	0	0.307	0.412
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	0mm	189	836.4	30.72	32.00	1.343	-0.07	0.143	0.192
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	189	836.4	30.72	32.00	1.343	-0.02	0.215	0.289
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	189	836.4	30.72	32.00	1.343	0.01	0.133	0.179
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	512	1850.2	27.61	29.00	1.377	-0.15	0.210	0.289
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	0mm	512	1850.2	27.61	29.00	1.377	-0.14	0.049	0.067
02	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	512	1850.2	27.61	29.00	1.377	0.08	0.228	0.314
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	512	1850.2	27.61	29.00	1.377	0.18	0.055	0.076

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## <WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
03	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	4233	846.6	23.11	24.00	1.227	-0.02	0.618	0.759
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	4233	846.6	23.11	24.00	1.227	-0.02	0.269	0.330
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	4233	846.6	23.11	24.00	1.227	-0.09	0.472	0.579
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	4233	846.6	23.11	24.00	1.227	0.16	0.272	0.334
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	1413	1732.6	22.71	24.00	1.346	0.05	0.339	0.456
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	1413	1732.6	22.71	24.00	1.346	-0.08	0.111	0.149
04	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	1413	1732.6	22.71	24.00	1.346	0.02	0.369	0.497
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	1413	1732.6	22.71	24.00	1.346	0.11	0.130	0.175
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	9262	1852.4	22.68	24.00	1.355	0.09	0.420	0.569
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	9262	1852.4	22.68	24.00	1.355	0.03	0.119	0.161
05	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	9262	1852.4	22.68	24.00	1.355	0.04	0.434	0.588
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	9262	1852.4	22.68	24.00	1.355	-0.05	0.114	0.154

## <LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
06	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Right Cheek	0mm	20050	1720	23.29	24.00	1.178	0.01	0.307	0.362
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Right Cheek	0mm	20050	1720	22.10	23.00	1.230	0.05	0.205	0.252
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Right Tilted	0mm	20050	1720	23.29	24.00	1.178	0.17	0.104	0.122
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Right Tilted	0mm	20050	1720	22.10	23.00	1.230	-0.06	0.071	0.087
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Left Cheek	0mm	20050	1720	23.29	24.00	1.178	-0.05	0.300	0.353
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Left Cheek	0mm	20050	1720	22.10	23.00	1.230	0.05	0.208	0.256
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Left Tilted	0mm	20050	1720	23.29	24.00	1.178	0.05	0.112	0.132
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Left Tilted	0mm	20050	1720	22.10	23.00	1.230	0.03	0.074	0.091
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Right Cheek	0mm	21100	2535	22.58	24.00	1.387	-0.15	0.116	0.161
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Right Cheek	0mm	21100	2535	21.41	23.00	1.442	-0.12	0.075	0.108
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Right Tilted	0mm	21100	2535	22.58	24.00	1.387	-0.17	0.077	0.107
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Right Tilted	0mm	21100	2535	21.41	23.00	1.442	0.06	0.047	0.068
07	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Left Cheek	0mm	21100	2535	22.58	24.00	1.387	0.17	0.146	0.202
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Left Cheek	0mm	21100	2535	21.41	23.00	1.442	0.08	0.092	0.133
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Left Tilted	0mm	21100	2535	22.58	24.00	1.387	0.03	0.032	0.044
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Left Tilted	0mm	21100	2535	21.41	23.00	1.442	0.11	0.019	0.027

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## 14.2 Hotspot SAR

## <GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
80	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	OFF	189	836.4	30.72	32.00	1.343	-0.15	0.461	0.619
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	OFF	189	836.4	30.72	32.00	1.343	-0.03	0.430	0.577
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Side	10mm	OFF	189	836.4	30.72	32.00	1.343	-0.16	0.090	0.121
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Side	10mm	OFF	189	836.4	30.72	32.00	1.343	0.07	0.296	0.397
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10mm	OFF	189	836.4	30.72	32.00	1.343	0.01	0.106	0.142
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	OFF	512	1850.2	27.61	29.00	1.377	-0.17	0.659	0.908
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	OFF	661	1880	27.43	29.00	1.435	-0.06	0.649	0.932
09	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	OFF	810	1909.8	27.42	29.00	1.439	-0.06	0.674	0.970
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	OFF	512	1850.2	27.61	29.00	1.377	0.08	0.458	0.631
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Side	10mm	OFF	512	1850.2	27.61	29.00	1.377	-0.04	0.102	0.140
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Side	10mm	OFF	512	1850.2	27.61	29.00	1.377	-0.02	0.415	0.572
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10mm	OFF	512	1850.2	27.61	29.00	1.377	0.06	0.453	0.624

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## <WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
10	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	OFF	4233	846.6	23.11	24.00	1.227	0.05	0.657	0.806
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	OFF	4132	826.4	23.00	24.00	1.259	-0.03	0.494	0.622
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	OFF	4182	836.4	23.08	24.00	1.236	-0.04	0.488	0.603
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	OFF	4233	846.6	23.11	24.00	1.227	-0.06	0.648	0.795
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	OFF	4233	846.6	23.11	24.00	1.227	-0.06	0.263	0.323
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10mm	OFF	4233	846.6	23.11	24.00	1.227	-0.04	0.646	0.793
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	OFF	4233	846.6	23.11	24.00	1.227	-0.08	0.138	0.169
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	ON	1413	1732.6		20.50	1.000	-0.02	0.835	0.835
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	ON	1312	1712.4		20.50	1.000	-0.14	0.805	0.805
11	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	ON	1513	1752.6		20.50	1.000	-0.13	0.856	0.856
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	ON	1413	1732.6		20.50	1.000	-0.1	0.520	0.520
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	ON	1413	1732.6		20.50	1.000	0.09	0.058	0.058
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10mm	ON	1413	1732.6		20.50	1.000	0.01	0.470	0.470
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	ON	1413	1732.6		20.50	1.000	0.01	0.581	0.581
12	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	ON	9262	1852.4		20.00	1.000	-0.04	0.760	0.760
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	ON	9262	1852.4		20.00	1.000	0.04	0.581	0.581
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	ON	9262	1852.4		20.00	1.000	0.05	0.123	0.123
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10mm	ON	9262	1852.4		20.00	1.000	0.13	0.452	0.452
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	ON	9262	1852.4		20.00	1.000	-0.11	0.519	0.519

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## <LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Front	10mm	OFF	20050	1720	23.29	24.00	1.178	-0.08	1.050	1.236
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Front	10mm	OFF	20175	1732.5	22.95	24.00	1.274	-0.11	0.977	1.244
13	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Front	10mm	OFF	20300	1745	22.88	24.00	1.294	-0.11	1.030	1.333
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Front	10mm	OFF	20050	1720	22.10	23.00	1.230	-0.03	0.679	0.835
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Front	10mm	OFF	20175	1732.5	22.00	23.00	1.259	-0.1	0.699	0.880
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Front	10mm	OFF	20300	1745	21.85	23.00	1.303	-0.04	0.680	0.886
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100RB	0Offset	Front	10mm	OFF	20050	1720	21.92	23.00	1.282	-0.11	0.683	0.876
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Back	10mm	OFF	20050	1720	23.29	24.00	1.178	-0.07	0.868	1.022
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Back	10mm	OFF	20175	1732.5	22.95	24.00	1.274	-0.16	0.791	1.007
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Back	10mm	OFF	20300	1745	22.88	24.00	1.294	-0.02	0.752	0.973
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Back	10mm	OFF	20050	1720	22.10	23.00	1.230	0.02	0.512	0.630
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100RB	0Offset	Back	10mm	OFF	20050	1720	21.92	23.00	1.282	-0.07	0.515	0.660
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Left Side	10mm	OFF	20050	1720	23.29	24.00	1.178	0.04	0.063	0.074
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Left Side	10mm	OFF	20050	1720	22.10	23.00	1.230	0.18	0.041	0.050
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Right Side	10mm	OFF	20050	1720	23.29	24.00	1.178	0.08	0.650	0.765
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Right Side	10mm	OFF	20050	1720	22.10	23.00	1.230	-0.04	0.437	0.538
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Bottom Side	10mm	OFF	20050	1720	23.29	24.00	1.178	0.01	0.776	0.914
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Bottom Side	10mm	OFF	20175	1732.5	22.95	24.00	1.274	0.14	0.803	1.023
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Bottom Side	10mm	OFF	20300	1745	22.88	24.00	1.294	0.05	0.770	0.997
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Bottom Side	10mm	OFF	20050	1720	22.10	23.00	1.230	-0.01	0.492	0.605
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100RB	0Offset	Bottom Side	10mm	OFF	20050	1720	21.92	23.00	1.282	-0.05	0.502	0.644
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Front	10mm	ON	21100	2535		19.00	1.000	0.04	0.512	0.512
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Front	10mm	ON	21100	2535		19.00	1.000	-0.12	0.518	0.518
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Back	10mm	ON	21100	2535		19.00	1.000	-0.12	0.606	0.606
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Back	10mm	ON	21100	2535		19.00	1.000	-0.13	0.621	0.621
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Left Side	10mm	ON	21100	2535		19.00	1.000	-0.03	0.242	0.242
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Left Side	10mm	ON	21100	2535		19.00	1.000	0.12	0.247	0.247
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Right Side	10mm	ON	21100	2535		19.00	1.000	-0.17	0.029	0.029
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Right Side	10mm	ON	21100	2535		19.00	1.000	0.15	0.026	0.026
14	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Bottom Side	10mm	ON	21100	2535		19.00	1.000	-0.1	0.748	0.748
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Bottom Side	10mm	ON	21100	2535		19.00	1.000	-0.1	0.744	0.744

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## 14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

## <GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
15	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	15mm	189	836.4	30.72	32.00	1.343	-0.04	0.363	0.487
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	15mm	189	836.4	30.72	32.00	1.343	-0.06	0.313	0.420
16	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	15mm	512	1850.2	27.61	29.00	1.377	-0.09	0.337	0.464
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	15mm	512	1850.2	27.61	29.00	1.377	-0.08	0.261	0.359

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#### <WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
17	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	15mm	4233	846.6	23.11	24.00	1.227	-0.04	0.569	0.698
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	15mm	4233	846.6	23.11	24.00	1.227	-0.04	0.544	0.668
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	15mm	1413	1732.6	22.71	24.00	1.346	0.02	0.629	0.847
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	15mm	1312	1712.4	22.68	24.00	1.355	0	0.644	0.873
18	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	15mm	1513	1752.6	22.59	24.00	1.384	-0.06	0.682	0.944
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	15mm	1413	1732.6	22.71	24.00	1.346	0.01	0.518	0.697
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	15mm	9262	1852.4	22.68	24.00	1.355	-0.04	0.617	0.836
19	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	15mm	9400	1880	22.52	24.00	1.406	0.05	0.600	0.844
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	15mm	9538	1907.6	22.47	24.00	1.422	-0.03	0.565	0.804
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	15mm	9262	1852.4	22.68	24.00	1.355	-0.15	0.477	0.646

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### <LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
20	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Front	15mm	20050	1720	23.29	24.00	1.178	0.12	0.569	0.670
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Front	15mm	20050	1720	22.10	23.00	1.230	-0.04	0.393	0.483
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Back	15mm	20050	1720	23.29	24.00	1.178	-0.11	0.458	0.539
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Back	15mm	20050	1720	22.10	23.00	1.230	-0.07	0.300	0.369
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Front	15mm	21100	2535	22.58	24.00	1.387	-0.1	0.484	0.671
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Front	15mm	21100	2535	21.41	23.00	1.442	-0.11	0.306	0.441
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Back	15mm	21100	2535	22.58	24.00	1.387	-0.1	0.793	1.100
21	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Back	15mm	20850	2510	22.50	24.00	1.413	-0.04	0.798	1.127
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Back	15mm	21350	2560	22.39	24.00	1.449	-0.17	0.722	1.046
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Back	15mm	21100	2535	21.41	23.00	1.442	-0.06	0.467	0.673
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100RB	0offset	Back	15mm	21100	2535	21.43	23.00	1.435	-0.07	0.457	0.656

## 14.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Dower		Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Front	10mm	20050	1720	23.29	24.00	1.178	-0.08	1.050	-	1.236
2nd	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Front	10mm	20050	1720	23.29	24.00	1.178	-0.09	1.020	1.03	1.201

#### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.
- 4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

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## 15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO	Cimultana and Transmission Confirmations	P	ortable Hands	et	Note
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Note
1.	GSM(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes		
2.	WCDMA(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes		
3.	LTE(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes		
4.	GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes		
5.	WCDMA((Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes		
6.	LTE((Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes		
7.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
8.	WCDMA(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
9.	LTE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
10.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering
11.	WCDMA(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering
12.	LTE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering

#### **General Note:**

- The 2.4GHz WLAN and Bluetooth conducted power and SAR testing results were referred to Sporton FCC SAR Test Report, Brand Name: Motorola, Model Name: 4247, FCC ID: IHDT56QG1, Report No: FA542019A or Appendix D and also used perform transmission simultaneous analysis.
- 2. This device supported VoIP in EGPRS, WCDMA, LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
- 3. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 4. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 5. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
  - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
  - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
  - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.

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## 15.1 Head Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3		
WWAI	N Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	2.4GHz Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		Right Cheek	0.412	0.146	0.027	0.56	0.44
	GSM850	Right Tilted	0.192	0.108	0.020	0.30	0.21
	031/1030	Left Cheek	0.289	0.494	0.087	0.78	0.38
GSM		Left Tilted	0.179	0.208	0.035	0.39	0.21
GSIVI	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.289	0.146	0.027	0.44	0.32
		Right Tilted	0.067	0.108	0.020	0.18	0.09
		Left Cheek	0.314	0.494	0.087	0.81	0.40
		Left Tilted	0.076	0.208	0.035	0.28	0.11
	WCDMA V	Right Cheek	0.759	0.146	0.027	0.91	0.79
		Right Tilted	0.330	0.108	0.020	0.44	0.35
		Left Cheek	0.579	0.494	0.087	1.07	0.67
		Left Tilted	0.334	0.208	0.035	0.54	0.37
		Right Cheek	0.456	0.146	0.027	0.60	0.48
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	WCDMA IV	Right Tilted	0.149	0.108	0.020	0.26	0.17
WCDMA		Left Cheek	0.497	0.494	0.087	0.99	0.58
		Left Tilted	0.175	0.208	0.035	0.38	0.21
		Right Cheek	0.569	0.146	0.027	0.72	0.60
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Right Tilted	0.161	0.108	0.020	0.27	0.18
	WCDMA II	Left Cheek	0.588	0.494	0.087	1.08	0.68
		Left Tilted	0.154	0.208	0.035	0.36	0.19
		Right Cheek	0.362	0.146	0.027	0.51	0.39
		Right Tilted	0.122	0.108	0.020	0.23	0.14
	LTE Band 4	Left Cheek	0.353	0.494	0.087	0.85	0.44
1.75		Left Tilted	0.132	0.208	0.035	0.34	0.17
LTE		Right Cheek	0.161	0.146	0.027	0.31	0.19
		Right Tilted	0.107	0.108	0.020	0.22	0.13
	LTE Band 7	Left Cheek	0.202	0.494	0.087	0.70	0.29
		Left Tilted	0.044	0.208	0.035	0.25	0.08



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			1	2	3		
WWAI	N Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	2.4GHz Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		Front	0.619	0.048	0.001	0.67	0.62
		Back	0.577	0.085	0.001	0.66	0.58
		Left side	0.121			0.12	0.12
	GSM850	Right side	0.397	0.089	0.020	0.49	0.42
		Top side		0.056	0.005	0.06	0.01
		Bottom side	0.142			0.14	0.14
GSM		Front	0.970	0.048	0.001	1.02	0.97
		Back	0.631	0.085	0.001	0.72	0.63
	00144000	Left side	0.140			0.14	0.14
	GSM1900	Right side	0.572	0.089	0.020	0.66	0.59
		Top side		0.056	0.005	0.06	0.01
		Bottom side	0.624			0.62	0.62
		Front	0.806	0.048	0.001	0.85	0.81
		Back	0.795	0.085	0.001	0.88	0.80
	MACODAAA M	Left side	0.323			0.32	0.32
	WCDMA V	Right side	0.793	0.089	0.020	0.88	0.81
		Top side		0.056	0.005	0.06	0.01
		Bottom side	0.169			0.17	0.17
		Front	0.856	0.048	0.001	0.90	0.86
		Back	0.520	0.085	0.001	0.61	0.52
14/05144	WCDMA IV	Left side	0.058			0.06	0.06
WCDMA		Right side	0.470	0.089	0.020	0.56	0.49
		Top side		0.056	0.005	0.06	0.01
		Bottom side	0.581			0.58	0.58
		Front	0.760	0.048	0.001	0.81	0.76
		Back	0.581	0.085	0.001	0.67	0.58
	MACODAAA II	Left side	0.123			0.12	0.12
	WCDMA II	Right side	0.452	0.089	0.020	0.54	0.47
		Top side		0.056	0.005	0.06	0.01
		Bottom side	0.519			0.52	0.52
		Front	1.333	0.048	0.001	1.38	1.33
		Back	1.022	0.085	0.001	1.11	1.02
	LTE Dood 4	Left side	0.074			0.07	0.07
	LTE Band 4	Right side	0.765	0.089	0.020	0.85	0.79
		Top side		0.056	0.005	0.06	0.01
LTE		Bottom side	1.023			1.02	1.02
LIL		Front	0.518	0.048	0.001	0.57	0.52
		Back	0.621	0.085	0.001	0.71	0.62
	LTE Pand 7	Left side	0.247			0.25	0.25
	LTE Band 7	Right side	0.029	0.089	0.020	0.12	0.05
		Top side		0.056	0.005	0.06	0.01
		Bottom side	0.748			0.75	0.75

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## 15.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

WWAI	N Band	Exposure Position	1 WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	2 2.4GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	3 2.4GHz Bluetooth 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	Front	0.487	0.023	0.001	0.51	0.49
GSM	GSIVIOSO	Back	0.420	0.053	0.001	0.47	0.42
GSIVI	00144000	Front	0.464	0.023	0.001	0.49	0.47
	GSM1900	Back	0.359	0.053	0.001	0.41	0.36
	WCDMA V	Front	0.698	0.023	0.001	0.72	0.70
		Back	0.668	0.053	0.001	0.72	0.67
WCDMA		Front	0.944	0.023	0.001	0.97	0.95
WCDIMA		Back	0.697	0.053	0.001	0.75	0.70
	VA/CDAAA II	Front	0.844	0.023	0.001	0.87	0.85
	WCDMA II	Back	0.646	0.053	0.001	0.70	0.65
	LTE Donal (	Front	0.670	0.023	0.001	0.69	0.67
1.75	LTE Band 4	Back	0.539	0.053	0.001	0.59	0.54
LTE	LTC Dond 7	Front	0.671	0.023	0.001	0.69	0.67
	LTE Band 7	Back	1.127	0.053	0.001	1.18	1.13

Test Engineer: Galen Zhang, Bevis Chang, Angelo Chang, Kurt Liu, Iran Wang, and Jerry Hu

## 16. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

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A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

<b>Uncertainty Distributions</b>	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor <sup>(a)</sup>	1/k <sup>(b)</sup>	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b)  $\kappa$  is the coverage factor

### Table 16.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)	
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %	
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %	
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %	
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %	
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %	
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %	
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %	
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %	
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %	
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	
Phantom and Setup						•		
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %	
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %	
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %	
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %	
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.2 %	
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>						± 11.0 %	± 10.8 %	
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2		
Expanded Uncertainty						± 22.0 %	± 21.5 %	

Table 16.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

## 17. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

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- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v2, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Mar 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Feb 2014
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Dec 2013.
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2014
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2013
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2014.
- [11] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Feb 2014.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" May 2013.